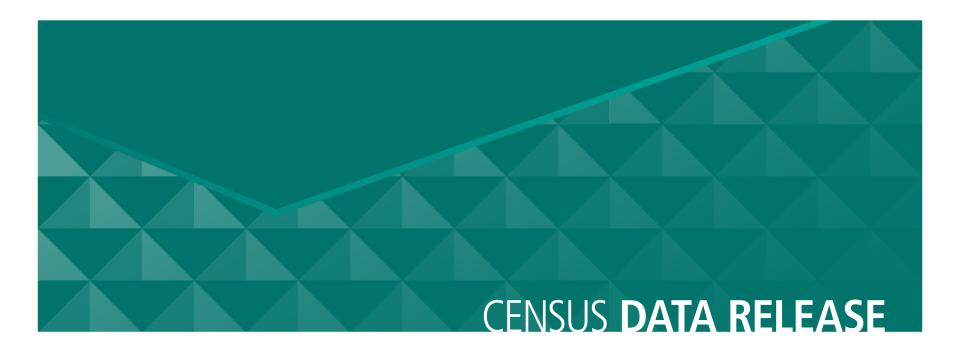


2016 Census Data Seminar



Value of the Census

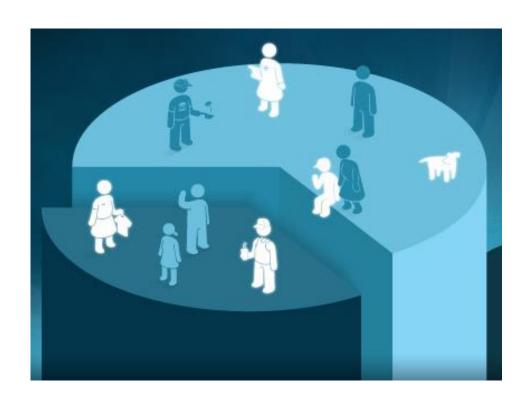


Allocation of government funds and support for elections

Government planning, administration and policy development

Use in other ABS statistics

Use by communities, businesses and researchers



The most comprehensive and detailed picture of Australia's population and housing, and how Australia is changing.

CENSUS DATA RELEASE

Census data - from forms to statistics



700 coding & processing staff

68.9 million pieces of data

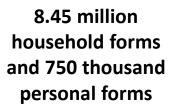
Wide range of products and services













5.3 billion transactions

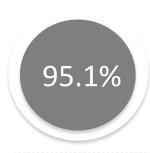


2.8 million tables of data

High Quality Census







Overall response rate



Online response rate



Net undercount

2016 Census Data Summary

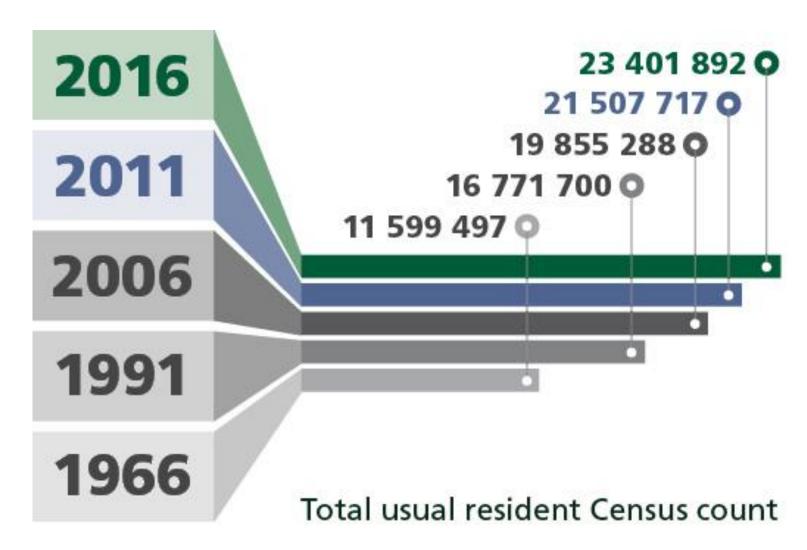
Snapshot of Australia



Your Australia

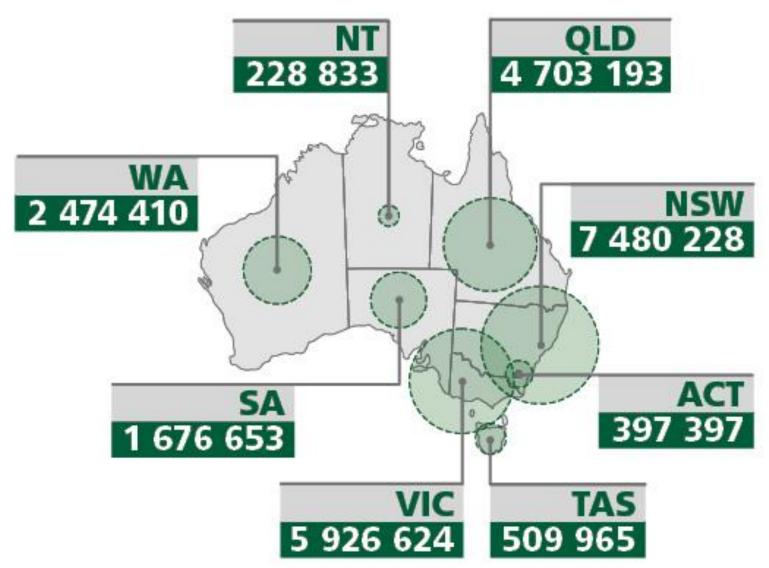
Population Growth





Where do Australians live?

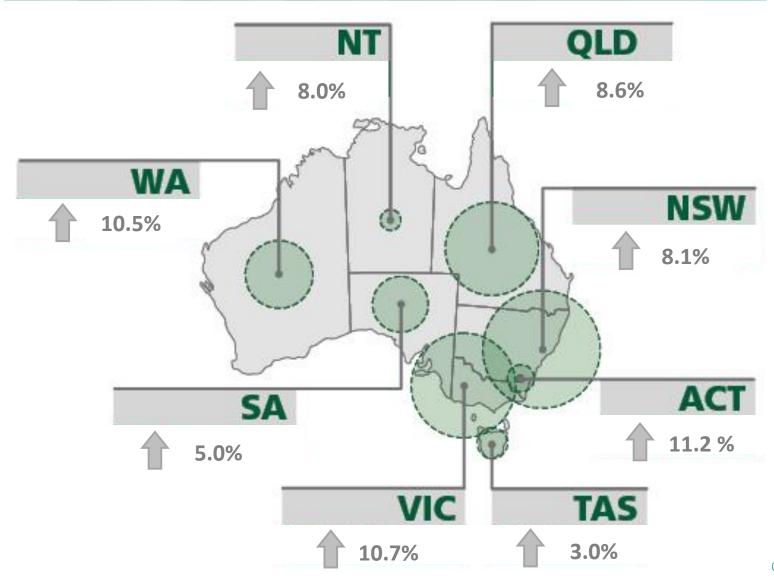




CENSUS DATA RELEASE

State growth rate

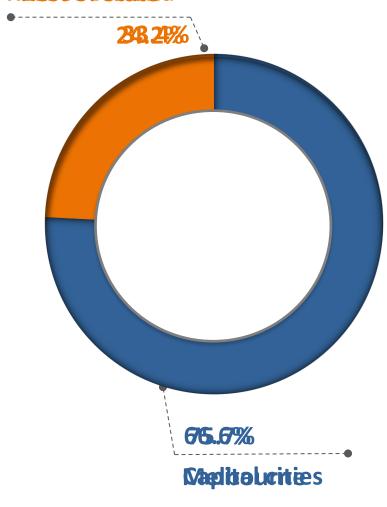




Capital cities – population



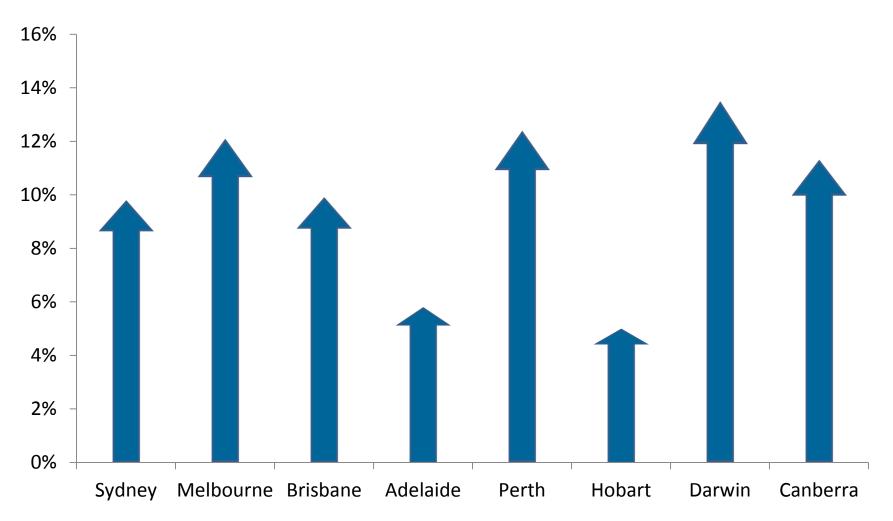
RResobf/Stateia



Capital City	2016 (millions)
Sydney	4.8
Melbourne	4.5
Brisbane	2.3
Adelaide	1.3
Perth	1.9
Hobart	0.2
Darwin	0.1
Canberra	0.4

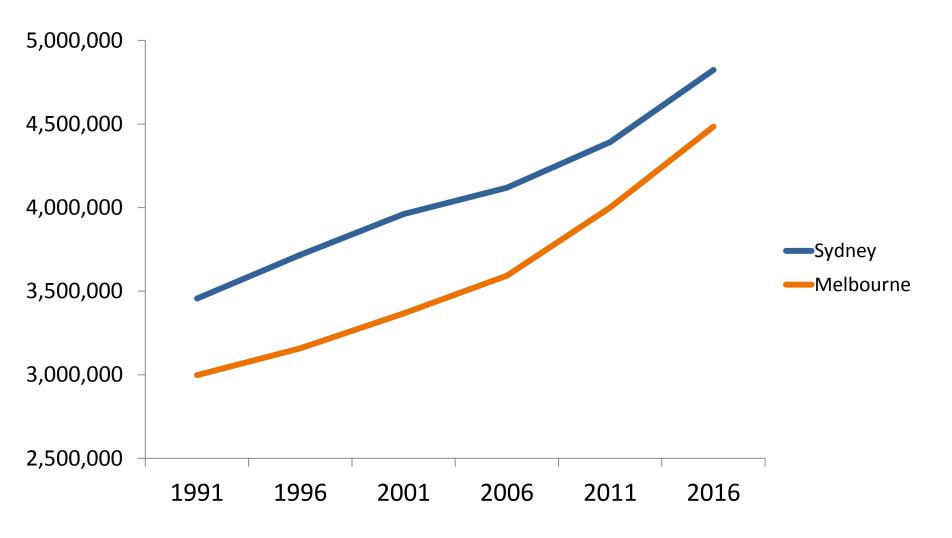
Capital city growth





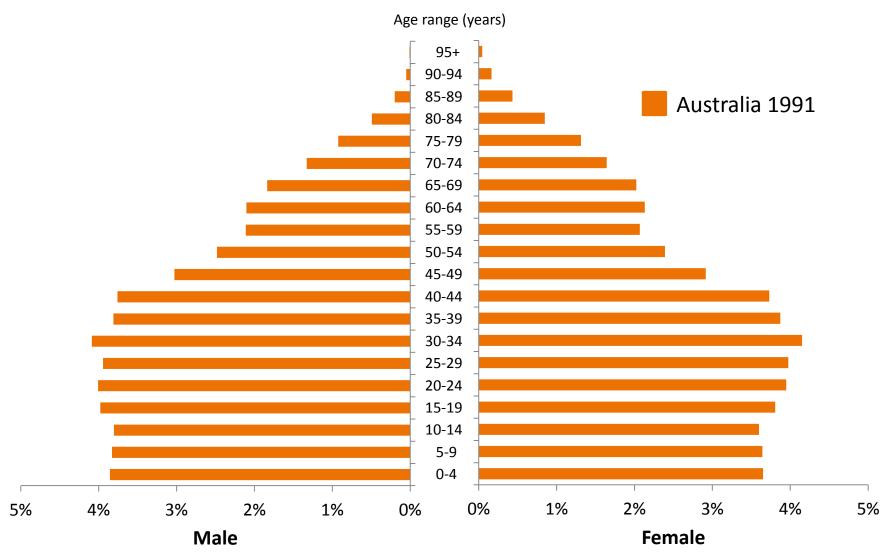
Population Growth – Melbourne and Sydney





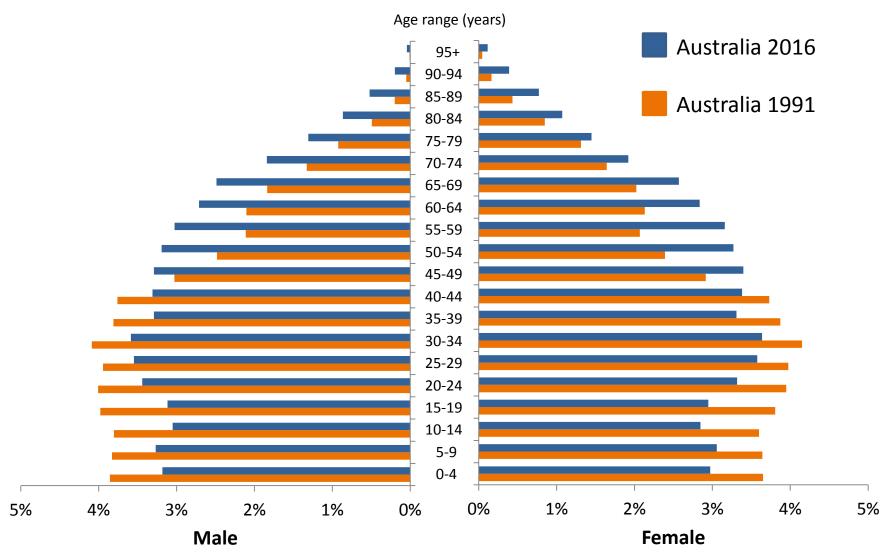
Ageing population





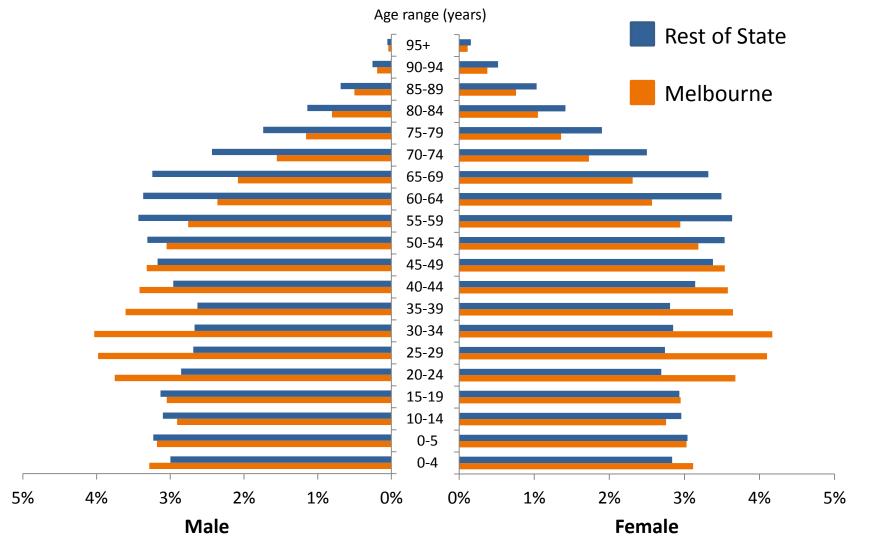
Ageing population





Age profile – Melbourne and rest of Victoria





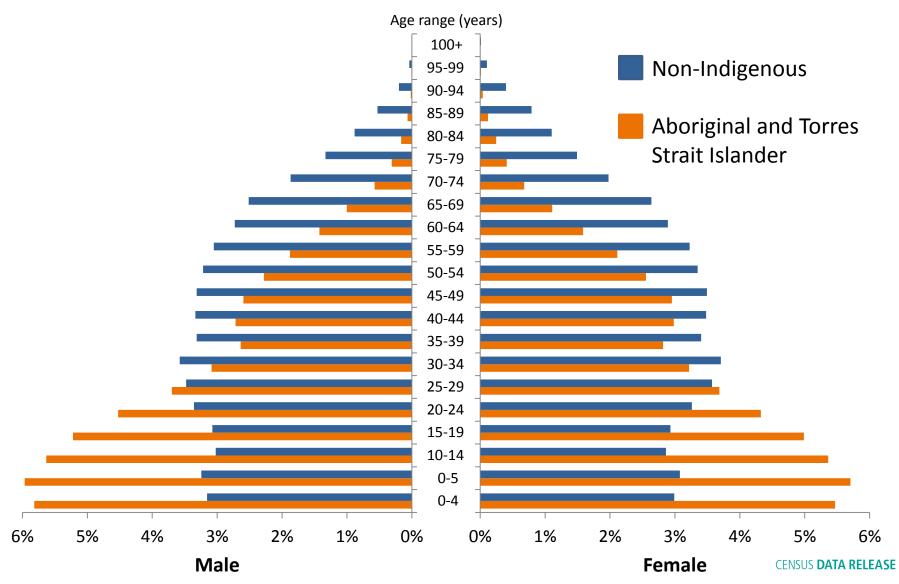
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples





Age of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples





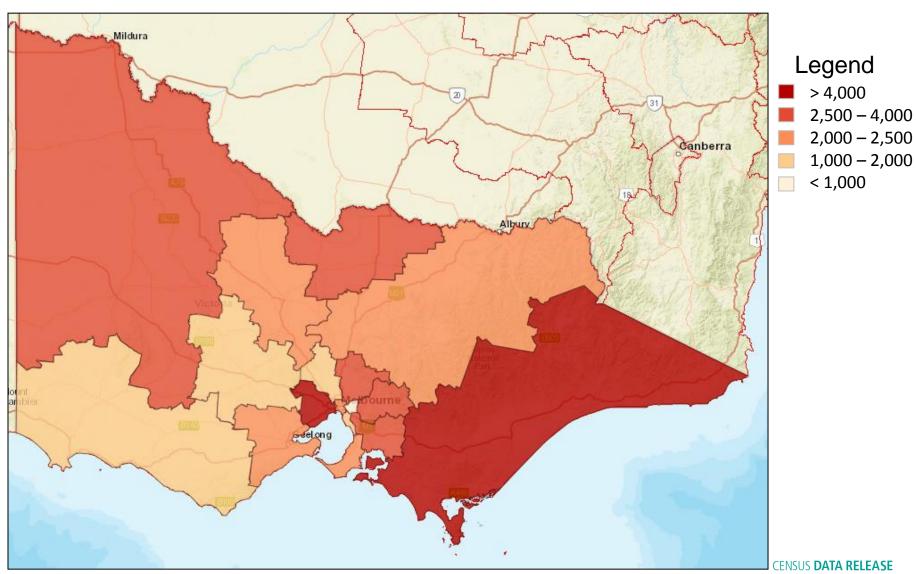
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population



	% Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Population	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population as % of total population
NSW	33.3	2.9
VIC	7.4	0.8
QLD	28.7	4.0
SA	5.3	2.0
WA	11.7	3.1
TAS	3.6	4.6
NT	9.0	25.5
ACT	1.0	1.6
Australia	100.0	2.8

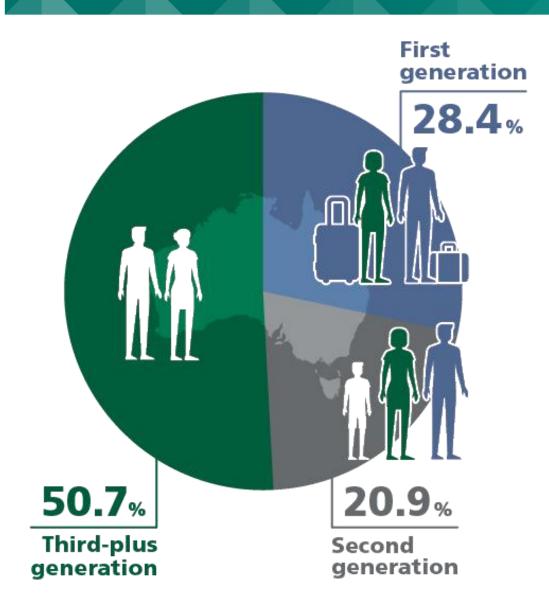
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population

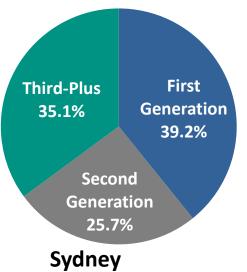


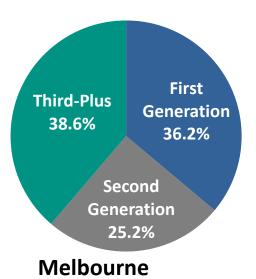


A diverse Australia





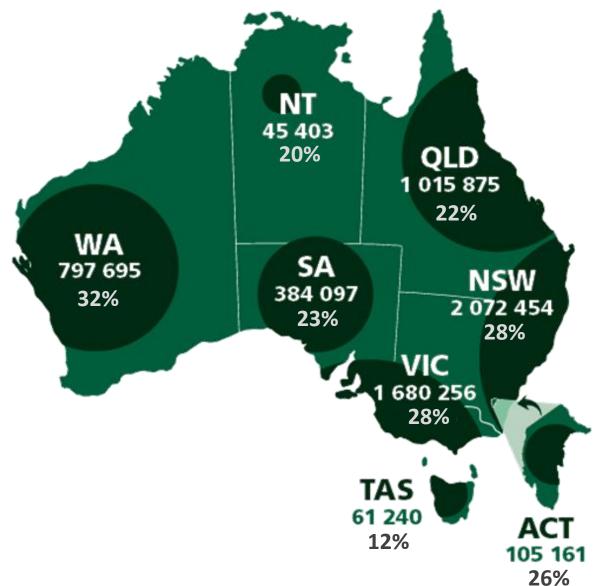




CENSUS DATA RELEASE

Where do migrants live?



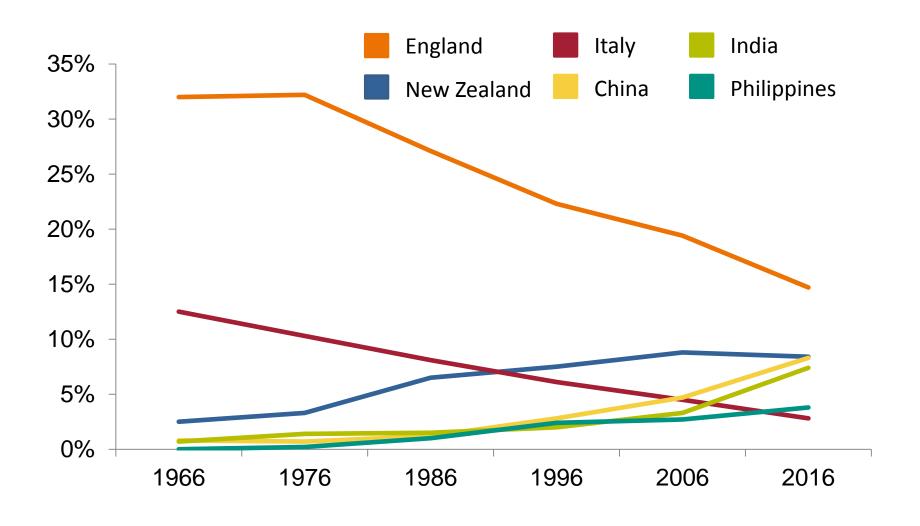


Count of people born overseas living in each state

Proportion of overseas population in each state

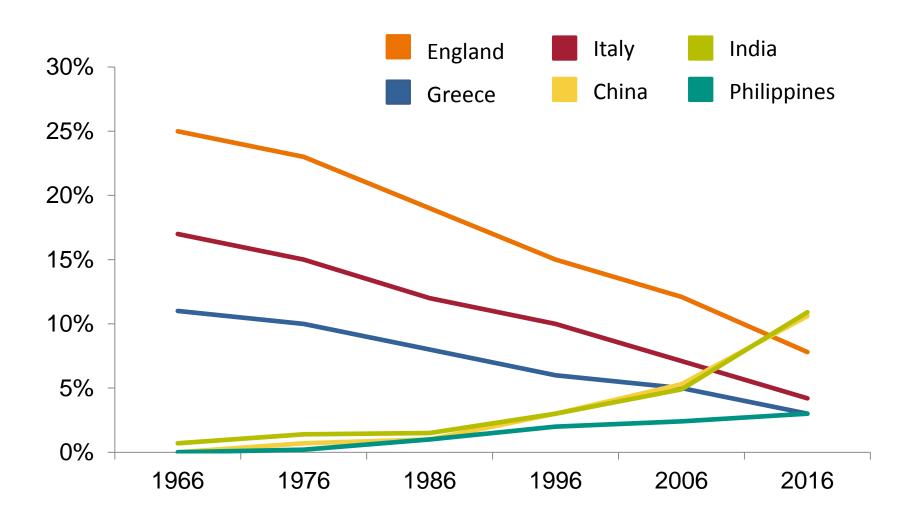
Overseas-born population – Australia 1966-2016





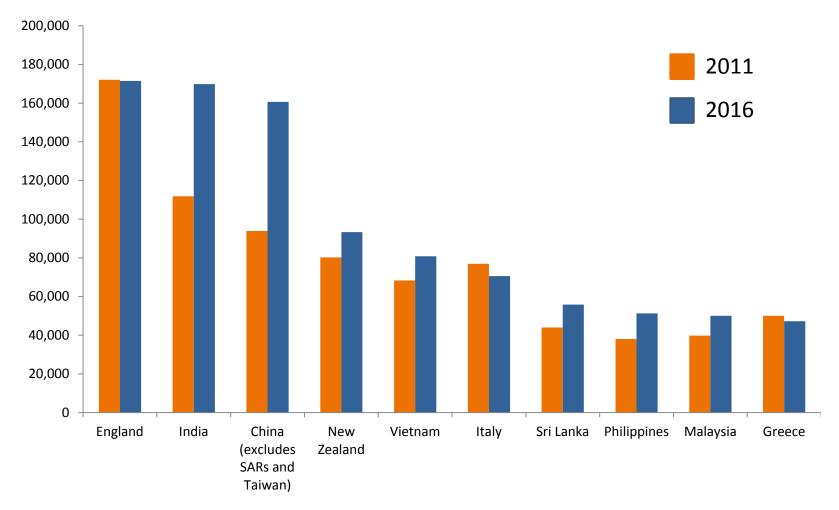
Overseas-born population – Melbourne 1966-2016





Top 10 countries of birth (excl. Australia) – Victoria





Top 10 countries of birth – Melbourne

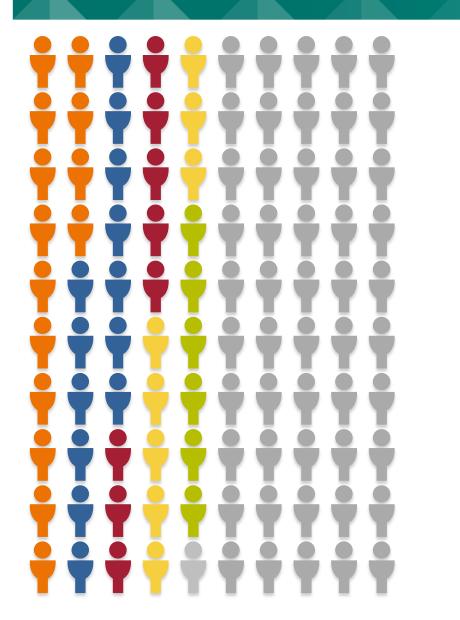


Country of birth	Melbourne	%
Australia	2,684,072	59.8
India	161,076	3.6
China	155,998	3.5
England	133,300	3.0
Vietnam	79,054	1.8
New Zealand	78,906	1.8
Italy	63,332	1.4
Sri Lanka	54,030	1.2
Malaysia	47,642	1.1
Greece	45,618	1.0

Country of birth	Rest of Victoria	%
Australia	1,157,012	80.7
England	37,880	2.6
New Zealand	14,131	1.0
India	8,592	0.6
Netherlands	7,171	0.5
Italy	7,145	0.5
Philippines	6,085	0.4
Germany	6,066	0.4
Scotland	5,917	0.4
China	4,519	0.3

Recent arrivals (2007 - 2016)









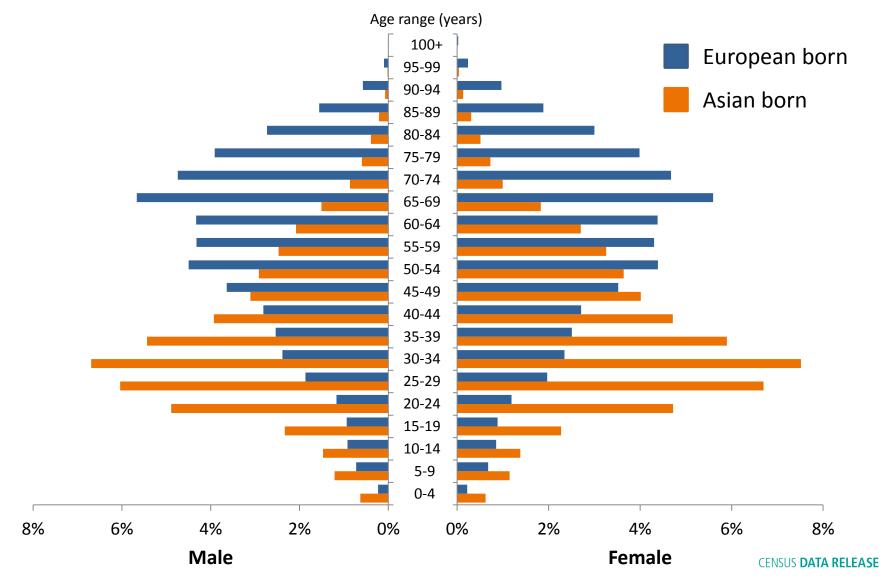






Age diversity of migrants





Ancestry





English

36.1%

Australian

33.5%

Irish 11.0%

Chinese 5.6%

Scottish 9.3%

Language spoken at home



72.7% Hello English only 你好2.5% Mandarin

Arabic 1.4%

dicoban 1.2%

1.2% Cantonese

Top 10 Languages spoken in Melbourne Homes

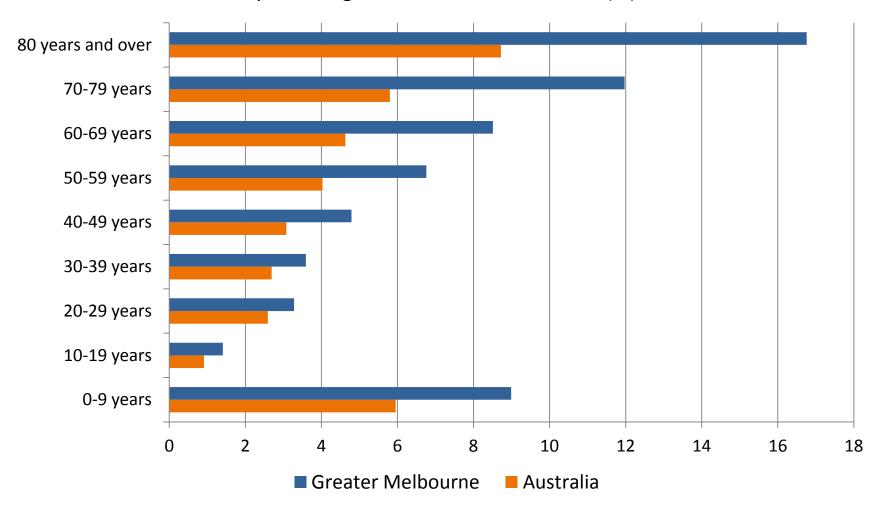


Language spoken at home	2006 %	2016 %
English only	68.1	60.4
Mandarin	1.7	4.4
Greek	3.2	2.5
Vietnamese	2.0	2.4
Italian	3.3	2.4
Cantonese	1.8	1.8
Arabic	1.5	1.8
Punjabi	0.2	1.2
Hindi	0.5	1.2
Sinhalese	0.5	0.9

English proficiency by Age – Melbourne



Speaks English Not at All or Not Well (%)



Older Australians with limited English – Melbourne

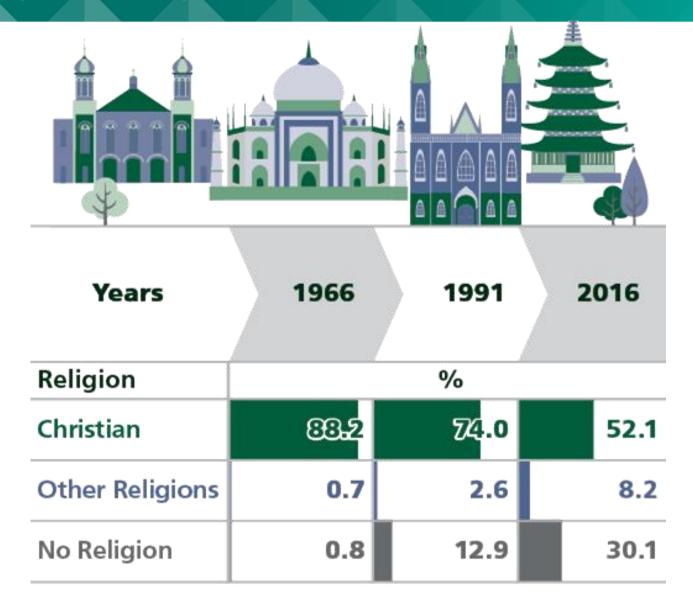


 55,238 people over the age of 70 with limited English (Melbourne)

Top 5 Languages		
Greek	23.9%	
Italian	21.0%	
Mandarin	7.6%	
Cantonese	6.9%	
Vietnamese	5.6%	

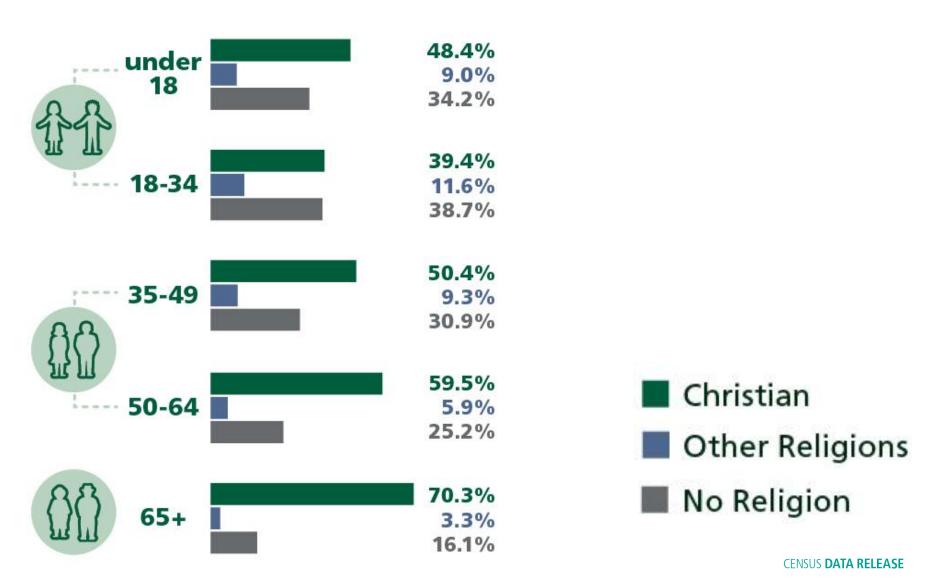
Religion – change over time





Religion and age





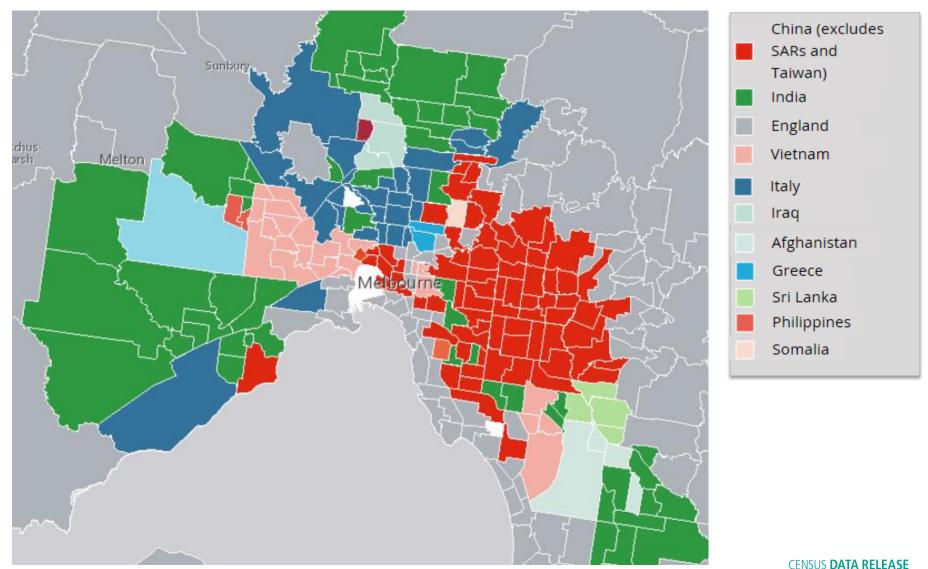
Religion – major affiliations



Religious Affiliation	Australia (% of population)	Melbourne (% of population)
Christian	52.1	46.2
Catholic	22.6	23.4
Anglican	13.3	7.6
Uniting Church	3.7	2.3
Presbyterian and Reformed	2.3	1.6
Eastern Orthodox	2.1	4.3
Other Religions	8.2	13.2
Islam	2.6	4.2
Buddhism	2.4	3.8
Hinduism	1.9	2.9
Sikhism	0.5	1.1
Judaism	0.4	0.9
No Religion	30.1	31.5

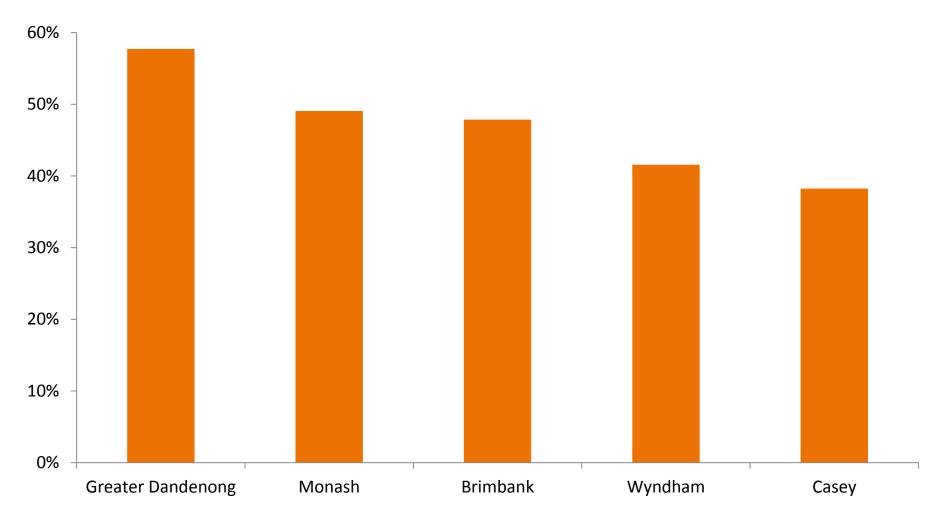
Top countries of birth by suburb – Melbourne





Top 5 overseas-born populations – Melbourne





Greater Dandenong in focus



Country of Birth	2016 Greater Dandenong population	Language spoken at home	2016 Greater Dandenong population	Religious affiliation	2016 Greater Dandenong population
Vietnam	8.7%	Vietnamese	11.2%	Catholic	19.9%
India	8.2%	Khmer	5.2%	No Religion	16.9%
Cambodia	4.5%	Punjabi	3.9%	Buddhism	14.8%
Sri Lanka	4.2%	Mandarin	3.6%	Islam	12.5%
Afghanistan	3.2%	Cantonese	3.0%	Not Stated	9.0%

Families and households



44.7%

37.8%

15.8%

were couples were couples with children

without children

were single parent families







Female single parents

81.8%



Male single parents

18.2%

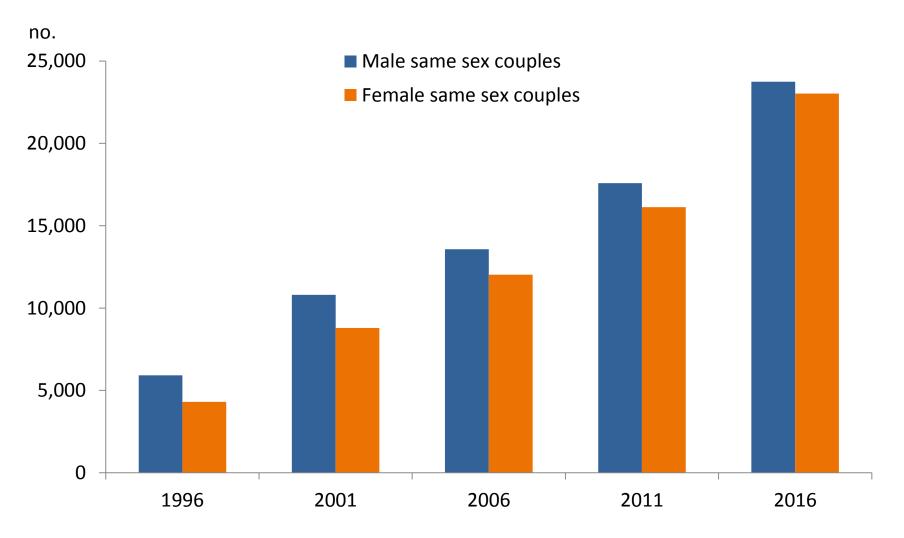




CENSUS DATA RELEASE

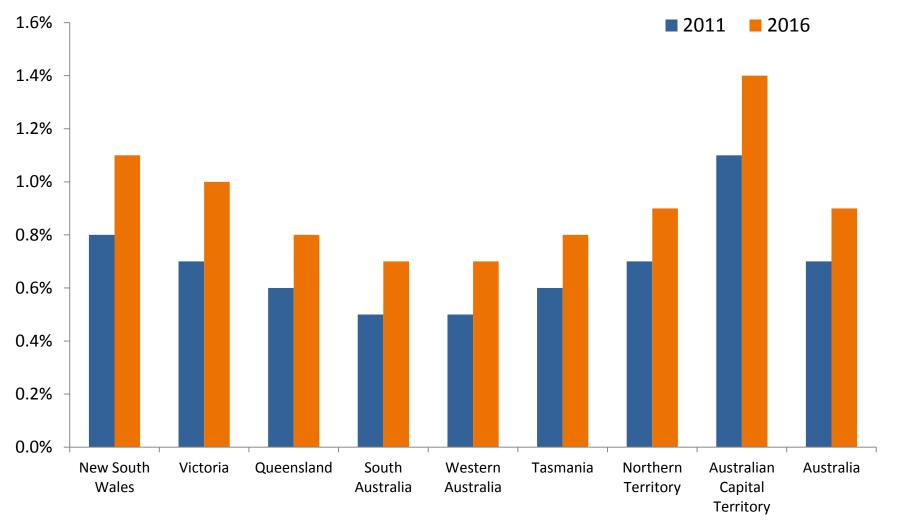
Same sex couples living together





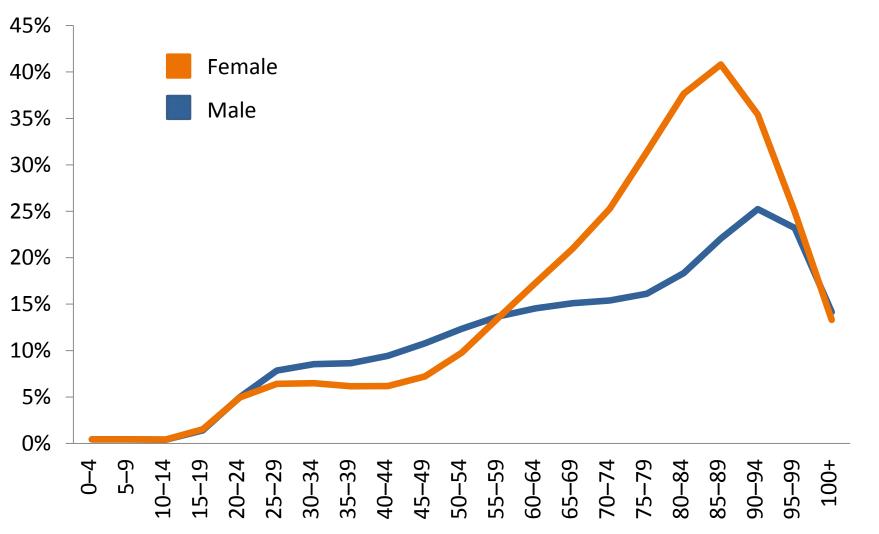
Same sex couples as a proportion of all couples





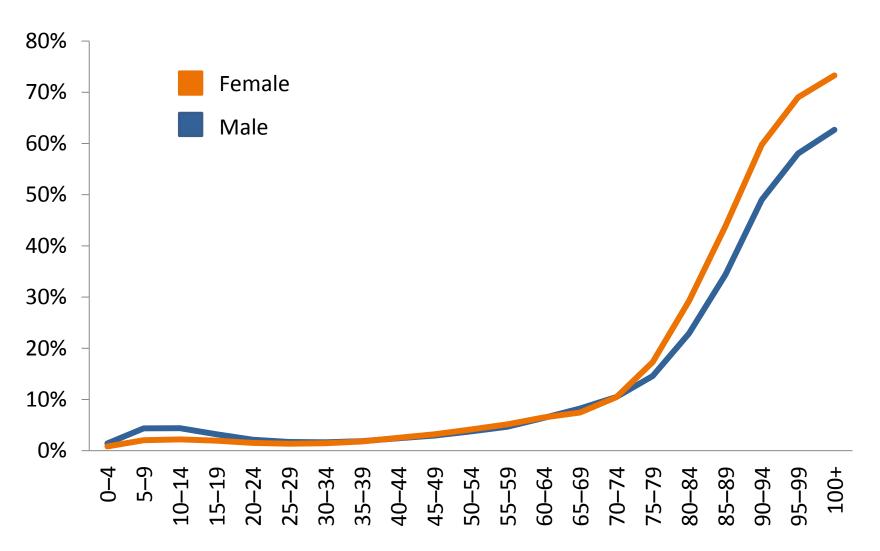
Lone person households





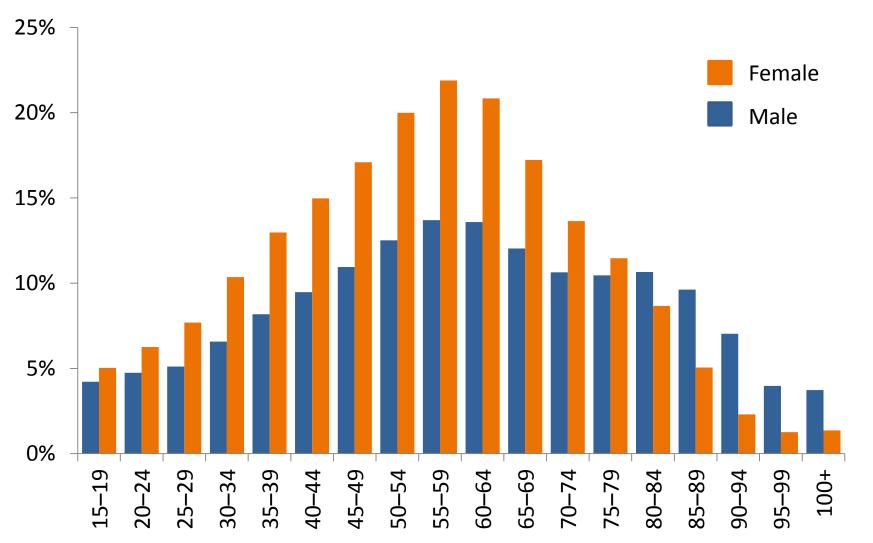
Need for assistance





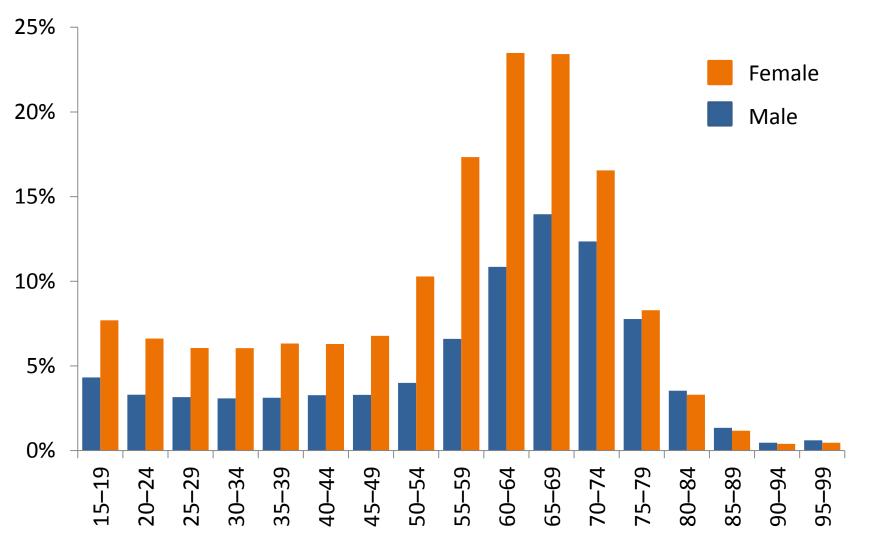
Provided unpaid care





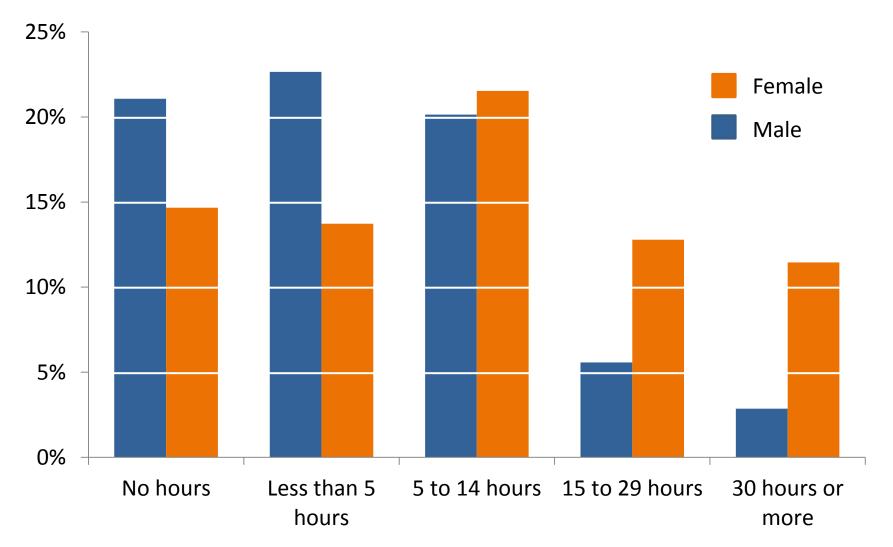
Providing unpaid care for children other than own





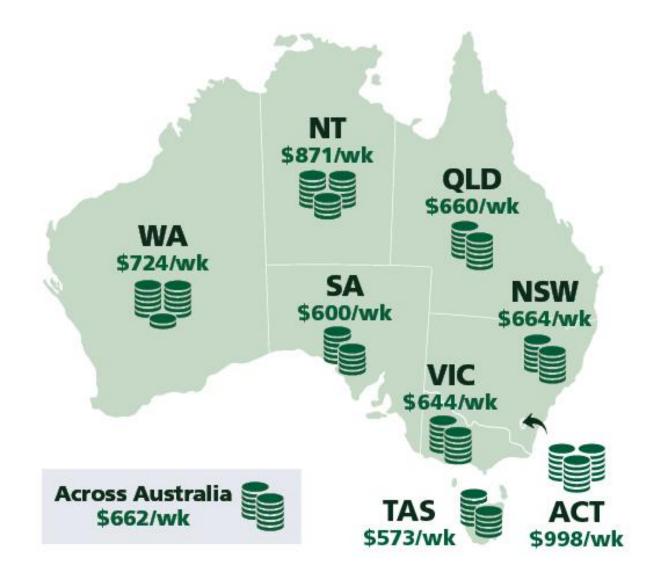
Unpaid domestic work





Median personal income





Tenure Type

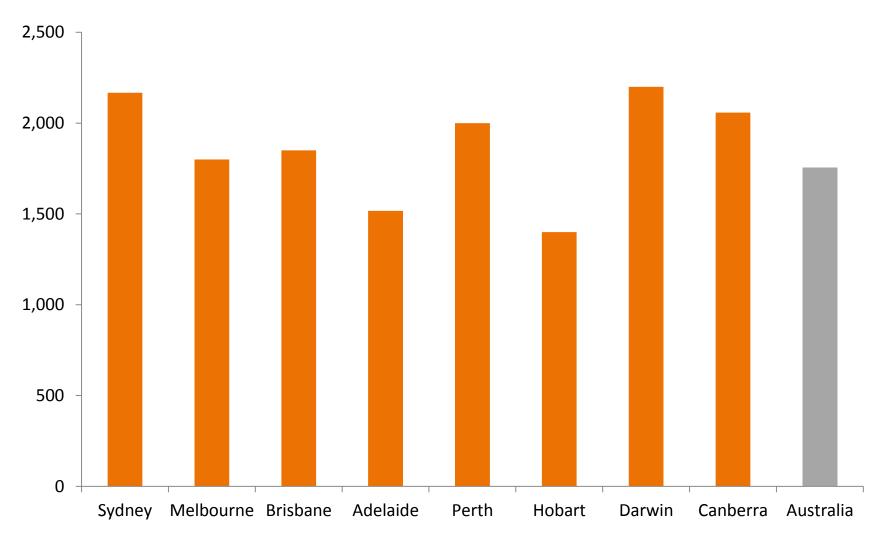


	Melbourne (%)		Australia (%)	
Tenure Type	1991	2016	1991	2016
Owned outright	40.8	30.4	41.1	31.0
Owned with a mortgage	31.1	36.0	27.5	34.5
Rented	23.9	30.0	26.9	30.9

Housing costs – mortgage repayment



\$ per month



Mortgage repayments and household income

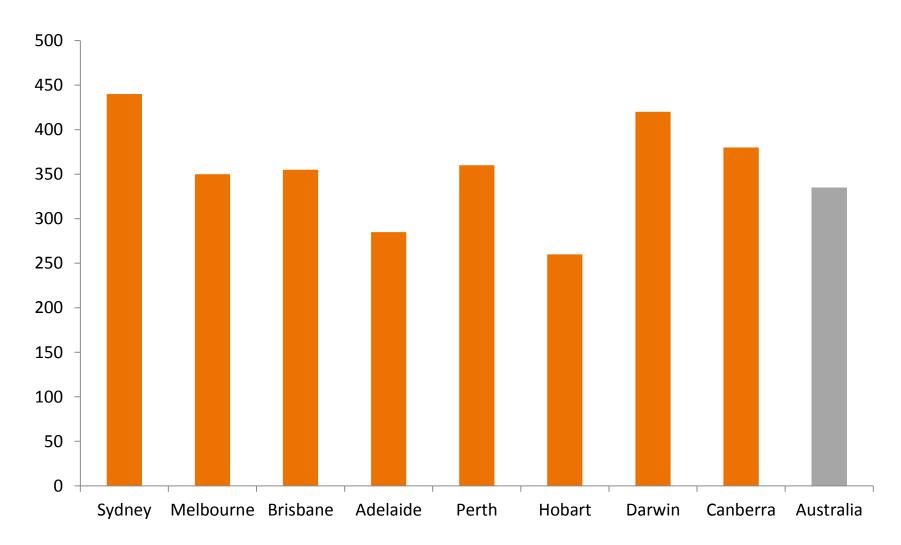




Housing costs – rent



\$ per week



Rent and household income





Housing affordability – rent Victoria



Victorian Suburb	% of Households with rent payments greater than 30% of household income	Median weekly rent \$
Carlton	54.7	385
Melbourne	39.7	456
North Melbourne	34.2	385
Clayton	33.1	360
Notting Hill	31.1	346
Box Hill	30.5	350
Parkville	27.1	400
West Melbourne	26.2	450
Southbank	26.0	511
Docklands	25.2	501
Victoria	10.4	325

Housing affordability – mortgage Victoria



Victorian suburb	% of Households with mortgage repayments greater than 30% of household income	Median monthly mortgage \$
Wollert	23.0	2,000
Plumpton	21.6	2,000
Roxburgh Park	20.9	1,650
Cranbourne West	19.7	1,733
Burnside Heights	19.6	2,000
Cairnlea	19.0	1,850
Derrimut	18.8	2,000
Lynbrook	18.4	1,950
Lyndhurst	18.0	2,100
Clyde North	17.8	2,006
Victoria	7.5	1,728



Accessing Census Data

Accessing Census data















QuickStats

Community Profiles

DataPacks

TableBuilder Basic & Pro

Australian Census Longitudinal Dataset

Analytical Products

Analytical products



AVERAGE PEOPLE PER DWELLING

DWELLING TENURE

31.0%

34.5%

30.9%

nere Australians live

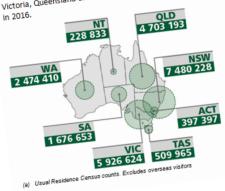
2016 Census counted 23.4 million people living in stralia, an increase of 8.8% since the 2011 Census. stralia's population has more than doubled in the 50 ars since the 1966 Census, which counted 11.6 million ople. The Census does not count Australians who were verseas at the time of the Census. 23 401 892 0



Total usual resident Census count 1966

(a) Usual Residence Census counts. Excludes overseas visitors, includes

The majority of Australians continue to live in the eastern mainland states. Almost 80% lived in New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland and the Australian Capital Territory

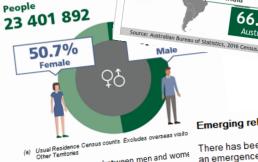


Cacu mer cannig of TTIM

In 2016, more than two-thirds of all Austr capital city. The number of people living increased by more than one million peo between 2011 and 2016.

Age and Sex

The 1981 Census was the first to cou than men in Australia. Women have outnumber men since, making up in 2016.



The gap in median age between men and wome lessened slightly in 2016. The median age of fer remained 38 years, while the median age of ma increased from 36 years in 2011 to 37 years in

The increase of median age reflects Australia's population. Median age of all Australians incre years, after remaining 37 years since the 2006

This is also highlighted by the increase in the $\ensuremath{\Gamma}$ of the population aged 65 years and over, fror 2011 to 16% in 2016. Of those aged 65 years (54% were female.

The proportion of the population that was fer increased in higher age ranges. Of those aged and over, 63% were female.

PEOPLE

23 401 892

TOP 5 COUNTRIES OF BIRTH

3.9%

England

There has been a downward trend in the proportion of people identifying with Christianity in the last 10 years. There also does not **Emerging religions** an emergence in any particular Christian denomination in that time. However the case is different for the major non-Christian religion

18.7% 65.6% 15.7%

Reflecting recent trends in migration, the proportion of people reporting a religion other than Christianity in the Census increased 2006 to 8.2% in 2016. Although the increase spreads across most non-Christian religions, it was mainly driven by Hinduism (0.7% 1.9% in 2016), Islam (1.7% to 2.6%) and Sikhism (0.1% to 0.5%). The increase in the proportion of Hinduism and Sikhism is as a re increase in the number of migrants born in India.

Islam, Buddhism, Hinduism & Sikhism as a proportion of the total population, 2006 to 2016

AUSTRALIA

AGE

MEDIAN WEEKLY HOUSEHOLD INCOME

\$1 234 \$1 438

China

New Zealand

% of the total population



Accessing Census data



Census



DATA BY GEOGRAPHY



Advanced Search by Geography

State Suburbs, Postal Areas, Electoral Divisions, Indigenous Geographies etc



CENSUS STORIES

Data in Pictures

Overview of Australia, States, Territories and Capital Cities

Stories from the 2016 Census

Articles and overviews on a wide range of topics using 2016 Census data

Australia Revealed

Who we are, how we live and where we come from

The 'Typical' Australian

The first insights from the 2016 Census

Census Data in Use

How others use Census data



DATA BY PRODUCTS

Which Census Product is Best for You?

Comparison table of a selection of available products

QuickStats

Three search options providing summary Census data for a selected area

Community Profiles

Provides an Excel spread sheet of detailed Census data for a selected area

DataPacks

Allows you to manipulate Census data in your own systems. 2016 Census data available July 12, 2017

TableBuilder

Enables you to create tables, graphs and maps of Census data. 2016 Census data available July 4, 2017

Customised Data Services

Let us customise data to meet your specific needs

More Census Products

Socio-Economic Indexes for Areas, Census Sample Files, Longitudinal Dataset, Mesh Block Counts



UNDERSTANDING THE CENSUS

Understanding Census Data

How we collect, store and quality assure your data

2016 Census Overview

What happened, What's next

Privacy, Confidentiality & Security

How we uphold our legal obligations

2016 Census Dictionary

Glossary terms, Classifications

Historical Census Data

2011, 2006, 2001, 1996, 1991 and beyond

QuickStats



ABS Home > Census > Quickstats

2016 Census QuickStats

ode 801 (9	ralian Capital Territory SA4) Community Profile for Australian Capital Territory		+ ANBERR
Ů	People Male Female Median age	385,035 189,479% 195,556% 35	CANBERRA Queanbeyan
	Families Average children per family for families with children for all families	101,959 1.8	ACT
	All private dwellings Average people per household Median weekly household income Median monthly mortgage repayments Median weekly rent Average motor vehicles per dwelling	163,182 2.5 \$2,070 \$2,058 \$380 1.8	© 2017 MapData Services Pt eSri

People	includes demographics & education cultural & language diversity employment	>
Families	includes family composition weekly incomes employment status of couple families	>
Dwellings	includes dwelling structure household composition mortgage & rent number of motor vehicles internet connection	>
Aboriginal and To	orres Strait Islander people includes selected people & dwelling characteristics	>

Community Profiles



2016 Census Community Profiles

Australia | Australian Capital Territory | Statistical Area Level 4

Australian Capital Territory

Code 801 (SA4)

View the Quickstat for Australian Capital Territory

To download a compressed Excel Community Profile spreadsheet of this area, select one of the following profile types. Median and average values may be affected by confidentiality in small areas.

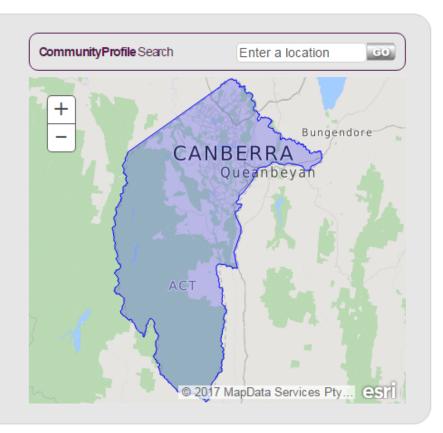
General Community Profile

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Peoples Profile

145KB

Time Series Profile

243KB

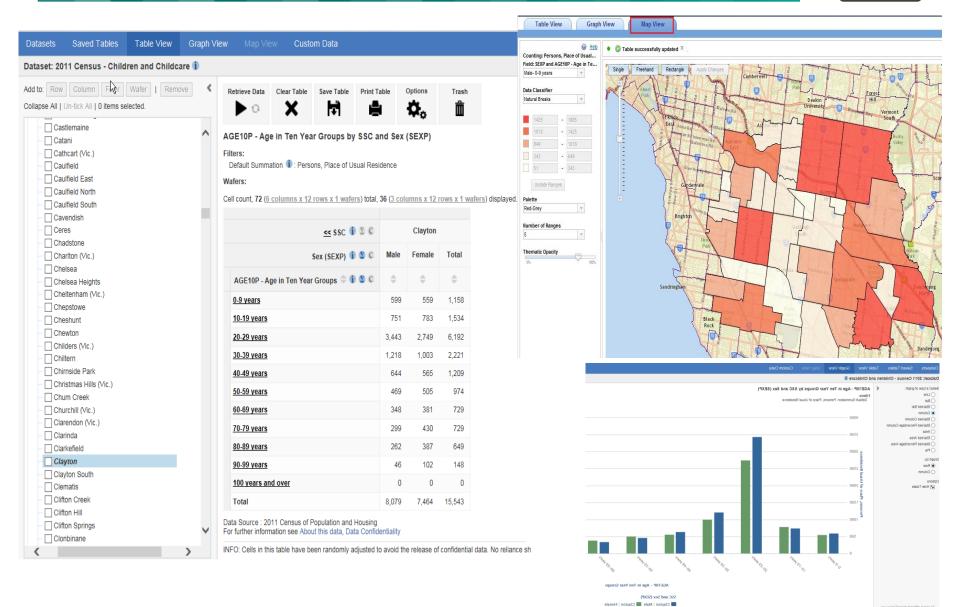


LATEST ISSUE Released at 11:30 AM (AEST) 27/06/2017

Small random adjustments have been made to all cell values to protect the confidentiality of data. These adjustments may cause the sum of rows or columns to differ by small amounts from the table totals. For further information, go to the User Guide for Community Profiles.

TableBuilder





2016 Census –Release dates

Post Enumeration Survey results

Independent Assurance Panel report



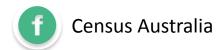


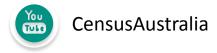


Questions?



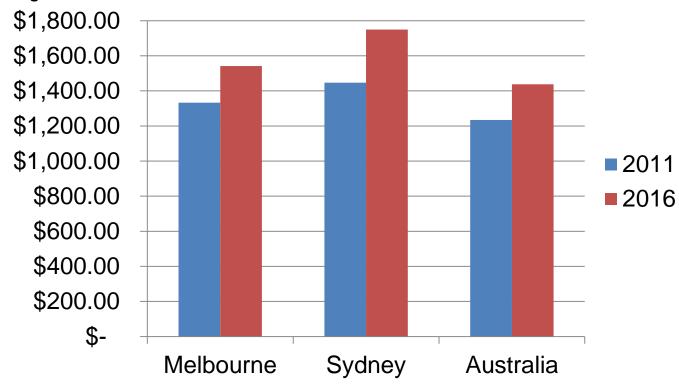






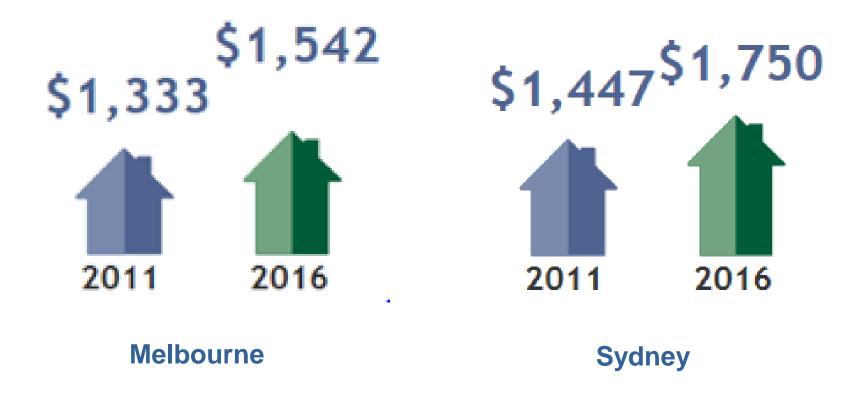


Average household income



Household Income





Population growth – Melbourne



Melbourne	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
Population	2,997,403	3,158,165	3,367,169	3,592,592	3,999,981	4,485,211
Growth from Previous Census	-	5.4%	6.6%	6.7%	11.3%	12.1%

Population growth – Sydney



Sydney	1991	1996	2001	2006	2011	2016
Population	3,455,884	3,717,417	3,961,451	4,119,190	4,391,673	4,823,991
Growth from Previous Census	-	7.6%	6.6%	4.0%	6.6%	9.8%

Housing affordability – Combined Victoria



Victoria State Suburb	Rent payments greater than 30% of household income	Mortgage repayments greater than 30% of household income	% Rent and Mortgage greater than 30% of household income
Carlton (Vic.)	54.7	2.6	57.3
Melbourne	39.7	5.3	45.0
Clayton	33.1	5.2	38.3
North Melbourne	34.2	3.7	37.9
Notting Hill	31.1	6.6	37.7
Box Hill (Vic.)	30.5	5.9	36.4
Travancore	27.7	4.6	32.3
Docklands	25.2	6.9	32.1
Wollert	8.9	23.0	31.9
Southbank	26	5.5	31.5
Whole of Victoria	10.4	7.5	17.9

Housing affordability – Combined New South Wales



NSW State Suburb	Rent payments greater than 30% of household income	Mortgage repayments greater than 30% of household income	% Rent and Mortgage greater than 30% of household income
Haymarket	47.8	5.9	53.7
Chippendale	46.5	4.8	51.3
Darlington (Sydney)	47.0	4.1	51.1
Ultimo	45.2	3.7	48.9
Rhodes	32.5	11.8	44.3
Zetland	31.8	9.8	41.6
Lakemba	33.8	7.5	41.3
Sydney	35.5	4.5	40.0
Fairfield (NSW)	33.6	6.4	40.0
Wiley Park	32.0	7.7	39.7
Whole of NSW	12.9	7.4	20.3

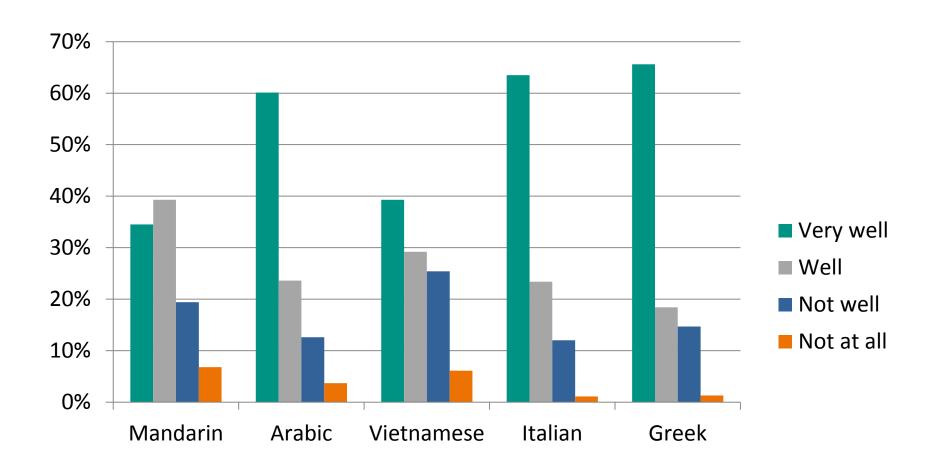
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population



Melbourne	2016	2011
Population	24,062	18,025
Median Age	24	23
Average number of people per household	3	3
Average number of persons per bedroom	1	1.2
Median weekly household income	\$1,433	\$1,178
Median weekly rent	\$321	\$270
Median monthly mortgage repayments	\$1,733	\$1,733

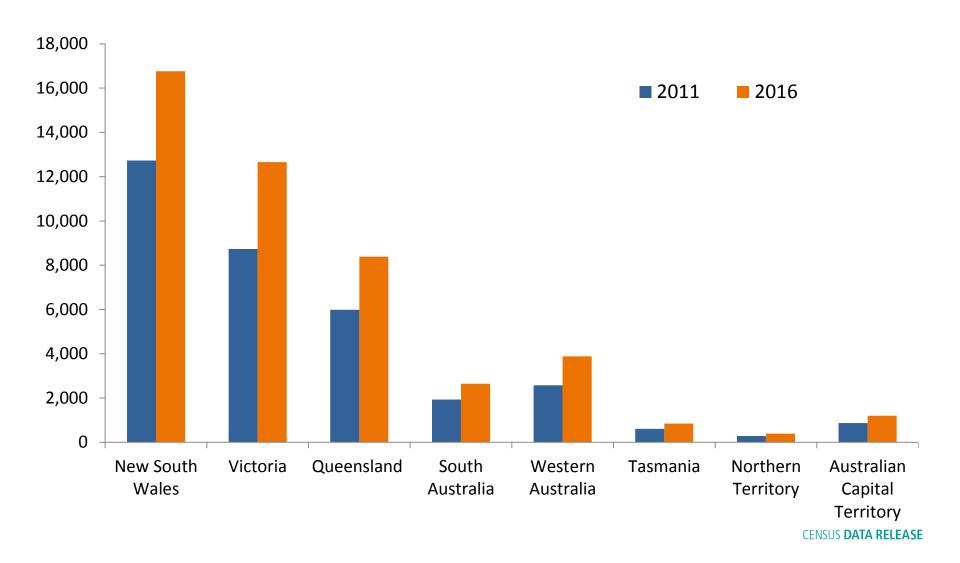
Language proficiency by selected languages spoken





Same sex couples - States and Territories





Same sex couples as a proportion of all couples



	Greater Capital City %	Balance of State %	Total %
New South Wales	1.2	0.7	1.1
Victoria	1.1	0.6	1.0
Queensland	1.1	0.6	0.8
South Australia	0.8	0.4	0.7
Western Australia	0.8	0.7	0.7
Tasmania	1	0.6	0.8
Northern Territory	0.9	1	0.9
Australian Capital Territory(a)	1.4		1.4
Australia(b)	1.1	0.6	0.9

- (a) The whole of ACT is classified as a Greater Capital City Statistical Area
- (b) Includes Other Territories

Altruistic Australia



	Unpaid childcare rate	Volunteering rate	Provided assistance rate
Melbourne	275	176	113
Victoria	274	192	116
Australia	276	190	113

Altruistic Australia



	Unpaid childcare rate	Volunteering rate	Provided assistance rate
Sydney	273	167	111
New South Wales	272	181	116
Australia	276	190	113