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VICTORIAN LABOUR FORCE STATISTICS

CONTENTS

	Page
1 Introduction	4
2 Background	4
3 Methodology and definitions	4
4 Reliability of estimates	7
5 Range of data available	11
6 Profile of the regions	11
 APPENDIX A : Victorian labour force regions with their local government area components	 26

Maps

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1 INTRODUCTION

This paper provides an overview of Victorian labour force statistics and an introduction to regional data to coincide with the release of the first issue of the quarterly publication The Labour Force, Victorian Regions (6202.2).

2 BACKGROUND

2.1 The Labour Force, Victoria (6201.2)

Victorian labour force statistics, which are derived from the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) Monthly Population Survey have been published since August 1978 in the publication The Labour Force, Victoria (6201.2) (monthly). This publication contains disaggregations of labour force characteristics (for example, age, sex, marital status, and birthplace) at a State level and in some tables a Melbourne Statistical Division (MSD)/Rest of Victoria (ROV) level. This publication will continue to be produced on a monthly basis. However, the industry and occupation tables published in the February, May, August, and November issues will no longer appear in that publication. Instead, these data and some of the MSD/ROV dissection of data will be included in The Labour Force, Victorian Regions (6202.2).

2.2 The Labour Force, Victorian Regions (6202.2)

Labour force statistics are now further disaggregated to a regional level and are published for the February, May, August, and November quarters each year in the publication The Labour Force, Victorian Regions (6202.2).

This publication contains data for eleven separate regions: seven from the Melbourne Statistical Division and four from the Rest of Victoria. The MSD regions are amalgamations of local government areas while the ex-metropolitan regions are amalgamations of statistical divisions. Subject to the need for a minimum population size of 250,000 and the Monthly Population Survey sampling constraints, the boundaries of the MSD regions approximate as closely as possible to the boundaries of the State Government Planning Regions. The names of the regions with their component local government areas can be found in Appendix A. The location of each of these regions can be seen on the maps at the end of this publication.

Data to be published for each region include civilian labour force status by age and sex, and number of employed persons by industry and occupation.

3 METHODOLOGY AND DEFINITIONS

3.1 Monthly Population Survey

Each year the ABS undertakes a programme of population surveys in which data are collected on a wide range of topics by interviews with members of a sample of households. One of these population surveys is known as the Monthly Population Survey, which has two components:

- (a) the monthly labour force survey which provides detailed information on a range of labour force data including employment, unemployment, and persons not in the labour force, and
- (b) in most months, the collection of data on a particular topic, as a supplement to the monthly labour force survey interview.

The Monthly Population Survey is conducted by ABS interviewers and is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (houses, flats, etc.) and non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, hostels, etc.). This sample is designed to produce estimates of labour force characteristics at the Australian, State and regional levels and covers about one-half of one per cent of the Victorian population.

3.2 Use of benchmarks

National and State labour force survey estimates are calculated in such a way as to add up to the independently estimated distribution of the population aged 15 years and over by age and sex. This use of benchmarks in estimation compensates for underenumeration in the survey and leads to more reliable estimates. Since regular independent estimates of the population are not available at the regional level the State benchmarks were used to produce regional estimates. This methodology assumes a common pattern of underenumeration at the regional level and also ensures that regional estimates add to State totals.

3.3 Scope of survey

All persons aged 15 years and over are included in the survey except: members of the permanent defence forces; certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations; overseas visitors holidaying in Australia; and members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia.

3.4 Definitions

The labour force category to which a person is assigned depends on his or her actual activity (i.e. whether working, looking for work, etc.) during the survey week. The definitions conform closely to the standard definitions recommended by the International Labour Organisation.

Employed persons comprise all those aged 15 years and over who, during the survey week:

- (a) worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission, or payment in kind in a job or business or on a farm (including employees, employers, and self-employed persons); or
- (b) worked for 15 hours or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. unpaid family helper); or
- (c) were employees who had a job but were not at work and were: on paid leave; on leave without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week; stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment for less than four weeks, up to the end of the survey week; on strike or locked out; on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job; or receiving wages or salary while undertaking full-time study; or
- (d) were employers or self-employed persons who had a job, business, or farm, but were not at work.

Unemployed persons are those 15 years and over who were not employed during the survey week and:

- (a) had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the survey week and were:
 - (i) available for work in the survey week, or would have been available except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than four weeks to the end of the survey week); or
 - (ii) waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the survey week and would have started in the survey week if the job had been available then; or
- (b) were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week (including the whole of the survey week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown.

The labour force comprises all persons who, during the survey week, were employed or unemployed, as defined above.

Persons not in the labour force are those aged 15 years and over who, during the survey week, were not in the categories 'employed' or 'unemployed'.

The unemployment rate is the number of unemployed in each group as a percentage of the labour force in the same group.

The participation rate is the labour force in each group as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 years and over in the same group.

Full-time workers are those who usually work 35 hours a week or more and others who, although usually part-time workers, worked 35 hours or more during the survey week.

Part-time workers are those who usually work less than 35 hours a week and who did so during the survey week. When recording hours of work, fractions of an hour are disregarded.

Hours of work. The figures of aggregate hours and average hours refer to actual hours worked during the survey week, not hours paid for. The figures may be affected by public holidays, leave, absenteeism; temporary absence from work due to sickness, injury, accident, or industrial disputes; and stoppages of work due to bad weather, plant breakdown, etc. When hours of work are recorded, fractions of an hour are disregarded and this results in slightly lower figures than would be the case if actual time worked was recorded. Persons stood down for the whole of the survey week without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment are regarded as employed and therefore are included (working no hours) in the calculation of average hours worked. Persons stood down in the survey week for reasons other than bad weather and plant breakdown and waiting to be called back to their job are regarded as unemployed and are therefore excluded from the calculations.

Marital status. In the labour force survey, persons are classified as married or not married. Marital status is determined from information supplied by the respondent about the individual himself or herself and, where the person was reported as being married, about the living arrangements of persons usually resident in the household. Marital status does not therefore necessarily reflect legal status. Persons are classified as 'married' if they are reported as being married (including de facto) and their spouse was a usual resident of the household at the time of the survey. The 'not married' category includes

persons who have never married, or are separated, widowed or divorced, as well as those who, although reported as being married, did not have a spouse who usually lived in the household. Persons who live in a de facto relationship but do not volunteer this information when asked whether they are married are classified as 'not married'.

Average (mean) duration of unemployment is the duration obtained by dividing the aggregate number of weeks a group has been unemployed by the number of persons in that group.

Median duration of unemployment is the duration which divides unemployed persons into two equal groups: one, comprising persons whose duration of unemployment is above the median, and the other, persons whose duration is below it.

Classification of industry and occupation. Industry is classified according to the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC), 1978 and occupation according to the Classification and Classified List of Occupations, Revised June 1981.

4 RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES

4.1 Standard error

The figures contained in Victorian labour force publications are estimates based on a sample of 7,500 households in Victoria. These estimates may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all households in Victoria had been sampled. One measure of the reliability of an estimate is known as its 'standard error'.

There are about two chances in three (a 67 per cent chance) that an estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all households had been included in the survey. There are about nineteen chances in twenty (a 95 per cent chance) that the difference will be less than two standard errors.

Estimates below 4,000 are excluded from Victorian labour force publications (and are replaced with an *) because they are subject to high standard errors relative to the size of the estimate. Although figures for these small components can in some cases be derived by subtraction they should not be regarded as reliable.

4.2 Standard errors of estimates

Standard errors of estimates are given (for each region) at the end of this section. Readers should note that the standard errors for Melbourne Statistical Division and Rest of Victoria are approximately the same as for Victoria as a whole. An example of the calculation and use of standard errors is given below:

In October 1984 there were an estimated 203,100 persons employed full-time in the Western Melbourne labour force region. Referring to Table A an estimate of 200,000 has a standard error of 5,800 in the Western Melbourne labour force region.

There are therefore two chances in three that the number that would have been produced if all households had been included in the survey lies between $203,100 - 5,800 = 197,300$ and $203,100 + 5,800 = 208,900$. There are nineteen chances in twenty that the number lies between $203,100 - (2 \times 5,800) = 191,500$ and $203,100 + (2 \times 5,800) = 214,700$.

4.3 Standard errors of estimates of month to month movements

The movement in the level of an estimate from month to month is also subject to error. The standard error of this movement is dependent on the size of the estimates rather than the size of the movement. Standard errors of estimates of month to month movements are given (for each region) at the end of this section. An example of the calculation and use of standard errors of estimates of month to month movements is given below:

In November 1984 there were an estimated 202,400 persons employed full-time in the Inner Eastern Melbourne labour force region, an increase of 5,200 on the October 1984 estimate of 197,200. Referring to Table B an estimate of 200,000 has a month to month movement standard error of 3,000 in the Inner Eastern Melbourne labour force region.

There are therefore two chances in three that the month to month movement that would have been produced if all households had been included in the sample lies between $5,200 - 3,000 = 2,200$ and $5,200 + 3,000 = 8,200$. There are nineteen chances in twenty that the number lies between $5,200 - (2 \times 3,000) = -800$ and $5,200 + (2 \times 3,000) = 11,200$.

The smaller the population in a region the smaller the sample in that region and therefore the survey estimates will be less reliable. This means that the ABS is only able to publish broad level regional statistics. Users of the regional data will find difficulties in monitoring month to month changes in the statistics because any such changes in employment and unemployment could generally be explained by the size of the standard errors for the region. Regional labour force statistics should mainly be seen as providing regularly updated information on the levels of employment and unemployment within a region.

4.4 Relative standard error

A standard error expressed as a percentage of the estimate is known as a 'relative standard error'. For example, if an estimate of unemployment of 5,000 persons has a standard error of 1,000 then that estimate has a relative standard error of $\frac{1,000}{5,000} \times 100 = 20\%$.

The reliability of an estimated percentage or rate (for example, unemployment rate), calculated using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon the size of both the numerator and denominator. However, the relative standard error of the estimated percentage or rate will generally be slightly lower than the relative standard error of the estimate of the numerator.

For example, an unemployment rate is calculated by dividing the number of unemployed in a group by the number in the labour force in the same group. Continuing the above example, if the number of unemployed was 5,000 and the estimated number in the labour force was 50,000 the unemployment rate would be $\frac{5,000}{50,000} \times 100 = 10\%$. The standard error of this estimate will be approximately $20\% \times 10\% = 2\%$.

There are therefore approximately two chances in three that the unemployment rate that would have been produced if all households had been included in the sample lies between 8% and 12%. There are approximately nineteen chances in twenty that the rate lies between 6% and 14%.

4.5 Other information

The standard errors of estimates relating to agricultural employment are generally somewhat higher than the standard errors of other estimates of the same magnitude.

The relative standard errors of aggregate hours worked, average hours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment are obtained by first finding the relative standard error of the estimate of the total number of persons contributing to the estimate and then multiplying the figure so obtained by the following factors:

Aggregate hours worked:1.2
Average hours worked:0.5
Average duration of unemployment:1.5
Median duration of unemployment:2.0.

For example, if the 5,000 unemployed in the previous example have an average duration of unemployment of 15 weeks, then the relative standard error of this estimate is approximately $1.5 \times 20\% = 30\%$. The standard error of this estimate is then approximately 30% of 15 weeks = 4.5 weeks.

The error introduced by using a sample of households rather than surveying every household is known as 'sampling error'. Other types of error may affect the reliability of estimates such as errors in reporting by respondents, errors made in recording and coding the data, and errors made in processing. Errors of this kind are referred to as 'non-sampling errors' and may occur in any enumeration whether it be a full count or a sample. The ABS makes every effort to reduce such errors.

For more information on sample design, estimation procedure, and reliability of the estimates for current and earlier surveys, reference should be made to the 'Technical Note' in The Labour Force, Australia, 1978 (6204.0).

TABLE A. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES
('000)

VICTORIA, MELBOURNE STATISTICAL DIVISION, AND REST OF VICTORIA													
Size of estimate	4.0	4.5	5.0	6.0	10.0	20.0	50.0	100.0	200.0	300.0	500.0	1,000.0	2,000.0
Standard error	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.5	2.0	2.9	3.7	4.8	5.5	6.5	8.1	9.9
VICTORIAN LABOUR FORCE REGIONS													
Size of estimate	4.0	5.0	6.0	8.0	10.0	20.0	30.0	40.0	50.0	100.0	200.0		
Standard error													
Melbourne Statistical Division -													
Western Melbourne	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.9	2.4	2.7	3.0	4.2	5.8		
Inner Melbourne	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.8	2.2	2.5	2.8	3.9	..		
North Eastern Melbourne	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.9	2.4	2.7	3.0	4.2	..		
Inner Eastern Melbourne	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.9	2.3	2.7	2.9	4.1	5.6		
Southern Melbourne	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.5	2.2	2.6	3.0	3.3	4.6	6.4		
Outer Eastern Melbourne	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.5	2.1	2.5	2.9	3.2	4.4	..		
Mornington Peninsula	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	2.0	2.5	2.8	3.1	4.3	6.0		
Rest of Victoria -													
South Western Victoria	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.9	2.3	2.7	3.0	4.1	..		
North Western Victoria	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.9	2.3	2.6	2.9	4.0	..		
Northern Victoria	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.9	2.3	2.7	3.0	4.1	..		
Eastern Victoria	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.4	2.0	2.4	2.8	3.1	4.3	..		

TABLE B. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF MONTH TO MONTH MOVEMENTS
('000)

VICTORIA, MELBOURNE STATISTICAL DIVISION, AND REST OF VICTORIA													
Size of larger estimate	4.0	4.5	5.0	6.0	10.0	20.0	50.0	100.0	200.0	300.0	500.0	1,000.0	2,000.0
Standard error	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.6	2.3	2.9	3.7	4.2	5.1	6.5	8.3
VICTORIAN LABOUR FORCE REGIONS													
Size of larger estimate	4.0	5.0	6.0	8.0	10.0	20.0	30.0	40.0	50.0	100.0	200.0		
Standard error													
Melbourne Statistical Division -													
Western Melbourne	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.4	3.2		
Inner Melbourne	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.2	1.5	1.6	1.8	2.3	..		
North Eastern Melbourne	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.7	2.2	..		
Inner Eastern Melbourne	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.3	3.0		
Southern Melbourne	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.4	1.7	1.8	2.0	2.6	3.5		
Outer Eastern Melbourne	0.8	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.8	..		
Mornington Peninsula	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	2.5	3.2		
Rest of Victoria -													
South Western Victoria	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.7	2.2	..		
North Western Victoria	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.8	2.4	..		
Northern Victoria	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.4	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.6	..		
Eastern Victoria	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.2	1.4	1.5	1.7	2.2	..		

5 RANGE OF DATA AVAILABLE

Regional labour force data covering the period from October 1982 to August 1984 are available from the ABS. Other unpublished data from labour force surveys on aspects of the Victorian labour force are held by the Victorian Office of the ABS, and may be available on request.

Users may also wish to refer to the following publications:

Labour Statistics, Australia (6101.0) (annual)
 The Labour Force, Victoria (6201.2) (monthly)
 The Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (6202.0) (monthly)
 The Labour Force, Victorian Regions (6202.2) (quarterly)
 The Labour Force, Australia (6203.0) (monthly)
 The Labour Force, Australia (6204.0) (annual)
 Persons Not in the Labour Force, Australia (6220.0) (twice yearly)
 Job Vacancies, Australia (6231.0) (quarterly)
 Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey, Australia, December 1981 (6232.0) (irregular)
 Unemployment, Underemployment and Related Statistics, Australia, February 1978 to February 1980 (6236.0) (irregular)
 Information Paper: Review of ABS Employment Statistics, July 1981 (6239.0)
 Employed Wage and Salary Earners, Australia (6248.0) (quarterly)
 Information Paper: New statistical series: Employment, Average Weekly Earnings, Job Vacancies and Overtime (6256.0)
 Information Paper: Release of Regional Labour Force Statistics (6262.0)
 Overtime, Australia (6330.0) (quarterly)

6 PROFILE OF THE REGIONS

Set out in the following pages is a broad profile for Victoria, Melbourne Statistical Division, Rest of Victoria, and each of the eleven regions at the 1981 Census of Population and Housing. These are derived from aggregations of the standard 7-page printouts for each component local government area (LGA) or statistical division. The 7-page printouts for individual LGAs and statistical divisions are available on request from the Victorian Office of the ABS.

ABS CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING,
INNER MELBOURNE, 1981

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop %		Males	Females	Persons	Prop %		
Summary of persons					7. Birthplace of overseas born						
Total persons	169433	175085	344518	100.0	UK and Ireland	9963	9064	19027	15.6		
Visitors to Australia	1507	1115	2622	0.8	Austria	439	372	811	0.7		
Australian born	99214	110645	209859	60.9	Czechoslovakia	465	367	832	0.7		
Overseas born	63354	58838	122192	35.5	Germany (GDR and GFR)	1337	1339	2676	2.2		
Aboriginal TSI	320	337	657	0.2	Greece	9130	8974	18104	14.8		
Australian citizens aged 18 years and over	100912	110654	211566	61.4	Hungary	852	715	1567	1.3		
Marital status					8. Age						
Never married	29311	28354	57665	16.7					Total		
Aged less than 15 years	57702	49566	107268	31.1	Males	Females	Persons	Prop %			
Aged 15 years and over	64979	62752	127731	37.1	0-4	719	697	9454	9116	18570	5.4
Now married	5318	5760	11078	3.2	5-9	1594	1533	9280	8989	18269	5.3
Separated not divorced	7466	8850	16316	4.7	10-14	2395	2285	10577	10249	20826	6.0
Divorced	4657	19803	24460	7.1	15-19	3621	3468	12955	14083	27038	7.8
Widowed					20-24	5683	5922	19584	21844	41428	12.0
Total	169433	175085	344518	100.0	25-29	6425	6297	18071	17927	35998	10.4
Attendance at an educational institution					9. Family type						
Not attending	107273	114638	221911	77.4			Male Head	Female Head	Total Families	No. of Persons	
Attending full time	11862	11870	23732	8.3	Head only		28569	32302	60871	60871	
Attending part time	7424	6009	13433	4.7	Head and dependants	754	5949	6703	17688		
Not stated	13563	14214	27777	9.7	Head and spouse	22116	2774	24890	49780		
Total	140122	146731	286853	100.0	Head, spouse and dependants	20913	1322	22235	882		
Qualifications - Highest level obtained					10. Nature of occupancy of private dwellings						
Qualified with									No. of Households	No. of Persons	
Doctoral, Masters degree	1949	759	2708	0.9	Owner			36119	90696		
Graduate diploma, Bachelor degree	10490	7991	18481	6.4	Purchaser			19516	53558		
Diploma	4237	5546	9783	3.4	Owner/purchaser undefined			2295	5672		
Trade certificate	14656	2336	16992	5.9	Tenant - house authority			10202	29307		
Other certificate	5251	10153	15404	5.4	Tenant - other			52655	110581		
Inadequately described	185	485	670	0.2	NEI			4839	12516		
Total	36761	27271	64032	22.3	Not stated			7920	15929		
No qualifications	82868	97623	180491	62.9	Total			133546	318259		
Still at school	4493	4530	9023	3.1	8. Age						
Not stated	15993	17308	33301	11.6					Total		
Total	140122	146731	286853	100.0	Males	Females	Persons	Prop %			
Age left school					9. Family type						
12 years or less	9415	11107	20522	7.2			Male Head	Female Head	Total Families	No. of Persons	
13	4906	5287	10193	3.6	Head only		28569	32302	60871	60871	
14	21453	24648	46101	16.1	Head and dependants	754	5949	6703	17688		
15	18589	20176	38765	13.5	Head and spouse	22116	2774	24890	49780		
16	18697	21081	39778	13.9	Head, spouse and dependants	20913	1322	22235	882		
17	21039	24927	45966	16.0	Head and other adults	2457	5364	7821	171		
18	16933	14404	31337	10.9	Head, other adults and dependants	261	1264	1525	5892		
19+	9585	5255	14840	5.2	Head, spouse and other adults	6479	382	6861	23105		
Did not attend	1856	3068	4924	1.7	Head, spouse, other adults and dependants	5763	204	5967	30275		
Still attending	5564	5333	10897	3.8	Total	87312	49561	136873	293036		
Not stated	12085	11445	23530	8.2	10. Nature of occupancy of private dwellings						
Total	140122	146731	286853	100.0					No. of Households	No. of Persons	
Income of individuals (\$)					9. Family type						
None	9268	21849	31117	10.8					Total Families	No. of Persons	
Less than 1,000	1591	3593	5184	1.8	Non family members	na	na	na	na	51482	
1,000-2,000	2195	3432	5627	2.0	Grand total						
2,001-3,000	12460	14355	26815	9.3	Males	Females	Persons	Prop %			
3,001-4,000	10498	20071	30569	10.7	0-4	719	697	9454	9116	18570	5.4
4,001-6,000	7869	14185	22054	7.7	5-9	1594	1533	9280	8989	18269	5.3
6,001-8,000	9854	13459	23313	8.1	10-14	2395	2285	10577	10249	20826	6.0
8,001-10,000	15216	12254	27470	9.6	15-19	3621	3468	12955	14083	27038	7.8
10,001-12,000	19088	11275	30363	10.6	20-24	5683	5922	19584	21844	41428	12.0
12,001-15,000	17014	10893	27907	9.7	25-29	6425	6297	18071	17927	35998	10.4
15,001-18,000	9285	4770	14055	4.9	30-34	6989	6493	15030	14158	29188	8.5
18,001-22,000	6098	2339	8437	2.9	35-39	5938	5116	11271	9832	21103	6.1
22,001-26,000	3089	836	3925	1.4	40-44	5774	4959	9777	8546	18319	5.3
Over 26,000	5537	984	6521	2.3	45-49	525	4408	908	8011	17093	5.0
Not stated	11060	12436	23496	8.2	50-54	5207	3983	10038	8780	18818	5.5
Total	140122	146731	286853	100.0	55-59	4490	3604	9575	8977	18552	5.4
									8. Age		
									Total		
									Total		

ABS CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING,
SOUTHERN MELBOURNE, 1981

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop %		Males	Females	Persons	Prop %		
1. Summary of persons					7. Birthplace of overseas born						
Total persons	173122	186174	359296	100.0	UK and Ireland	12957	13473	26430	27.4		
Visitors to Australia	579	603	1182	0.3	Austria	539	520	1059	1.1		
Australian born	122549	136110	258659	72.0	Czechoslovakia	541	505	1046	1.1		
Overseas born	48559	47785	96344	26.8	Germany (GDR and GFR)	1728	1798	3526	3.7		
Aboriginal TSI	93	97	190	0.1	Greece	5844	5665	11509	11.9		
Australian citizens aged 18 years and over	111290	125630	236920	65.9	Hungary	953	888	1841	1.9		
2. Marital status					Italy	4348	3977	8325	8.6		
Never married					Malta	288	272	560	0.6		
Aged less than 15 years	34279	33008	67287	18.7	Netherlands	815	673	1488	1.5		
Aged 15 years and over	45406	38482	83888	23.3	Poland	2865	2621	5486	5.7		
Now married	81643	82013	163656	45.5	Spain	119	122	241	0.3		
Separated not divorced	3129	3848	6977	1.9	USSR	621	700	1321	1.4		
Divorced	4579	6916	11495	3.2	Yugoslavia	1868	1617	3485	3.6		
Widowed	4086	21907	25993	7.2	China	331	312	643	0.7		
Total	173122	186174	359296	100.0	Cyprus	623	606	1229	1.3		
3. Attendance at an educational institution					India	1005	1082	2087	2.2		
Not attending	111993	126126	238119	81.5	Lebanon	423	379	802	0.8		
Attending full time	11939	11384	23323	8.0	Malaysia	1059	902	1961	2.0		
Attending part time	7367	4752	12119	4.2	Sri Lanka	1137	1235	2372	2.5		
Not stated	7544	10904	18448	6.3	Turkey	727	686	1413	1.5		
Total	138843	153166	292009	100.0	Vietnam	643	468	1111	1.2		
4. Qualifications - Highest level obtained					Egypt	735	702	1437	1.5		
Qualified with					Canada	245	255	500	0.5		
Doctoral, Masters degree	1737	503	2240	0.8	USA	450	440	890	0.9		
Graduate diploma, Bachelor degree	10047	5980	16027	5.5	New Zealand	1819	1960	3779	3.9		
Diploma	7092	7388	14480	5.0	Europe NEI	1664	1564	3228	3.4		
Trade certificate	20160	3146	23306	8.0	Africa NEI	2051	2102	4153	4.3		
Other certificate	7288	11807	19095	6.5	Asia NEI	1289	1338	2627	2.7		
Inadequately described	234	700	934	0.3	America NEI	658	669	1327	1.4		
Total	46558	29524	76082	26.1	Oceania NEI	209	250	459	0.5		
No qualification	75496	102442	177938	60.9	At sea	6	3	9	0.0		
Still at school	5932	5663	11595	4.0	8. Age						
Not stated	10857	15537	26394	9.0		Overseas born	Total				
Total	138843	153166	292009	100.0		Males	Females	Persons	Prop %		
5. Age left school					0- 4	428	428	9809	9303	19112	5.3
12 years or less	4718	5908	10626	3.6	5- 9	1013	999	11267	10895	22162	6.2
13	3921	4176	8097	2.8	10-14	1625	1492	13203	12810	26013	7.2
14	21785	27396	49181	16.8	15-19	2466	2390	14806	14182	28988	8.1
15	20866	25636	46502	15.9	20-24	3628	3502	17207	16475	33682	9.4
16	24016	28757	52773	18.1	25-29	3713	3880	16404	13430	27470	7.6
17	23307	26466	49773	17.0	30-34	4922	5144	21844	12955	25599	7.1
18	17622	14133	31755	10.9	35-39	4643	4396	10550	10540	21290	5.9
19+	8658	4356	13014	4.5	40-44	4507	4113	9177	9744	18721	5.2
Did not attend	769	1186	1955	0.7	45-49	4266	3734	8980	9620	18600	5.2
Still attending	7148	6831	13979	4.8	50-54	4191	3558	10800	11540	22340	6.2
Not stated	6033	8321	14354	4.9	55-59	4023	3658	11485	12359	23844	6.6
Total	138843	153166	292009	100.0	60-64	2917	2838	9206	10548	19754	5.5
6. Income of individuals (\$)					65-69	2320	2383	7754	9805	17559	4.9
None	9251	26517	35768	12.2	70-74	1961	2137	5731	6148	13879	3.9
Less than 1,000	1421	6010	7431	2.5	75+	1936	3133	6463	13820	20283	5.6
1,000- 2,000	1829	4554	6383	2.2	Total	48559	47785	173122	186174	359296	100.0
2,001- 3,000	8381	13249	21630	7.4	9. Family type						
3,001- 4,000	7762	19869	27631	9.5		Male Head	Female Head	Total Families	No. of Persons		
4,001- 6,000	8520	16023	24543	8.4	Head only	15846	23793	39639	39639		
6,001- 8,000	8667	13293	21960	7.5	Head and dependants	715	4740	5455	14446		
8,001-10,000	12521	12145	24666	8.4	Head and spouse	30101	2421	32522	65044		
10,001-12,000	17980	12236	30216	10.3	Head, spouse and dependants	27500	1401	28901	116685		
12,001-15,000	19933	10643	30576	10.5	Head and other adults	2240	5588	7828	17216		
15,001-18,000	13558	4750	18308	6.3	Head, other adults and dependants	279	1213	1492	5753		
18,001-22,000	9604	2146	11750	4.0	Head, spouse and other adults	10687	483	11170	37578		
22,001-26,000	5017	678	5695	2.0	Head, spouse, other adults and dependants	7694	281	7975	39926		
Over 26,000	8254	942	9196	3.1	Total	95062	39920	134982	336287		
Not stated	6145	10111	16256	5.6	Non family members	na	na	na	23009		
Total	138843	153166	292009	100.0	Grand total	95062	39920	134982	359296		
10. Nature of occupancy of private dwellings							No. of Households		No. of Persons		
7. Birthplace of overseas born					Owner		50621		124419		
8. Age					Purchaser		38598		125673		
9. Family type					Owner/purchaser undefined		2797		7022		
10. Nature of occupancy of private dwellings					Tenant - house authority		927		2243		
11. Nature of occupancy of private dwellings					Tenant - other		30146		71229		
12. Nature of occupancy of private dwellings					NEI		4502		11232		
13. Nature of occupancy of private dwellings					Not stated		4279		9026		
14. Nature of occupancy of private dwellings					Total		131870		350844		

ABS CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING,
OUTER EASTERN MELBOURNE, 1981

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop %		Males	Females	Persons	Prop %		
1. Summary of persons					7. Birthplace of overseas born						
Total persons	131258	132252	263510	100.0	UK and Ireland	16492	16116	32608	54.9		
Visitors to Australia	205	289	494	0.2	Austria	349	240	589	1.0		
Australian born	99660	102454	202114	76.7	Czechoslovakia	157	107	264	0.4		
Overseas born	30610	28767	59377	22.5	Germany (GDR and GFR)	2070	1870	3940	6.6		
Aboriginal TSI	116	113	229	0.1	Greece	381	329	710	1.2		
Australian citizens aged 18 years and over	67958	71849	139807	53.1	Hungary	305	220	525	0.9		
					Italy	1743	1314	3057	5.1		
					Malta	267	212	479	0.8		
					Netherlands	2949	2573	5522	9.3		
					Poland	310	243	553	0.9		
					Spain	50	40	90	0.2		
					USSR	124	117	241	0.4		
					Yugoslavia	632	490	1122	1.9		
					China	91	98	189	0.3		
					Cyprus	65	67	132	0.2		
					India	327	334	661	1.1		
					Lebanon	41	46	87	0.1		
					Malaysia	177	187	364	0.6		
					Sri Lanka	247	246	493	0.8		
					Turkey	37	37	74	0.1		
					Vietnam	82	78	160	0.3		
					Egypt	180	141	321	0.5		
					Canada	152	135	287	0.5		
					USA	216	222	438	0.7		
					New Zealand	900	923	1823	3.1		
					Europe NEI	720	626	1346	2.3		
					Asia NEI	622	728	1350	2.3		
					Africa NEI	596	620	1216	2.0		
					America NEI	171	203	374	0.6		
					Oceania NEI	151	203	354	0.6		
					At sea	2	0	2	0		
					Total	30606	28765	59371	100.0		
2. Marital status					8. Age						
Never married						Overseas born	Total				
Aged less than 15 years	41129	38785	79914	30.3		Males	Females	Persons	Prop %		
Aged 15 years and over	22670	17805	40475	15.4	0- 4	255	223	13358	12581	25939	9.8
Now married	61773	62196	123969	47.0	5- 9	660	676	14323	13510	27833	10.6
Separated not divorced	1789	2526	4315	1.6	10-14	1349	1237	13448	12694	26142	9.9
Divorced	2373	3502	5875	2.2	15-19	1825	1820	10816	10436	21252	8.1
Widowed	1524	7438	8962	3.4	20-24	1844	1833	9212	9791	19003	7.2
Total	131258	132252	263510	100.0	25-29	2504	2737	11501	12768	24269	9.2
					30-34	4150	3892	13636	14053	27689	10.5
					35-39	3787	3288	10795	10180	20975	8.0
					40-44	331	269	7926	7201	15127	5.7
					45-49	270	226	5971	5527	11495	4.4
					50-54	244	194	5545	5151	10699	4.1
					55-59	1994	1686	4742	4626	9368	3.6
					60-64	1289	1269	3330	3782	7112	2.7
					65-69	901	1049	2576	3396	5972	2.3
					70-74	751	910	1990	2624	4614	1.8
					75+	837	1239	2087	3934	6021	2.3
					Total	30610	28767	131258	132252	263510	100.0
3. Attendance at an educational institution					9. Family type						
Not attending	75226	80132	155358	84.6		Male Head	Female Head	Total Families	No. of Persons		
Attending full time	5537	5795	11332	6.2	Head only	5751	6620	12371	12371		
Attending part time	5203	2430	7633	4.2	Head and dependants	613	3580	4193	11853		
Not stated	4163	5110	9273	5.1	Head and spouse	16095	1238	17333	34666		
Total	90129	93467	183596	100.0	Head, spouse and dependants	30709	1377	32086	1327		
					Head and other adults	825	1828	2653	55		
					Head, other adults and dependants	224	850	1074	4286		
					Head, spouse and other adults	5345	213	5558	19111		
					Head, spouse, other adults and dependants	6407	234	6641	34165		
					Total	65969	15940	81909	255330		
					Non family members	na	na	na	8180		
					Grand total	65969	15940	81909	263510		
							No. of Households		No. of Persons		
					10. Nature of occupancy of private dwellings						
					Owner		19449		53699		
					Purchaser		45851		166270		
					Owner/purchaser undefined		1392		4144		
					Tenant - house authority		306		566		
					Tenant - other		9353		26095		
					NEI		1974		5302		
					Not stated		1701		4317		
					Total		80026		260393		
4. Qualifications - Highest level obtained					6. Income of individuals (\$)						
Qualified with					None	5088	21868	26956	14.7		
Doctoral, Masters degree	571	101	672	0.4	Less than 1,000	618	7419	8037	4.4		
Graduate diploma, Bachelor degree	3714	2185	5899	3.2	1,000- 2,000	869	3118	3987	2.2		
Diploma	4027	4443	8470	4.6	2,001- 3,000	3935	6708	10643	5.8		
Trade certificate	18651	2121	20772	11.3	3,001- 4,000	3732	9099	12831	7.0		
Other certificate	5983	7602	13585	7.4	4,001- 6,000	5057	9254	14311	7.8		
Inadequately described	149	353	502	0.3	6,001- 8,000	5214	7547	12761	7.0		
Total	90129	93467	183596	100.0	8,001-10,000	6924	6449	13373	7.3		
					10,001-12,000	11853	6940	18793	10.2		
					12,001-15,000	15985	5377	21362	11.6		
					15,001-18,000	12659	2128	14787	8.1		
					18,001-22,000	8310	851	9161	5.0		
					22,001-26,000	3425	189	3614	2.0		
					Over 26,000	2893	178	3071	1.7		
					Not stated	3567	6342	9909	5.4		
					Total	90129	93467	183596	100.0		

ABS CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING,
EASTERN VICTORIA, 1981

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop %		Males	Females	Persons	Prop %		
1. Summary of persons					7. Birthplace of overseas born						
Total persons	115487	109723	225210	100.0	UK and Ireland	7075	6809	13884	45.0		
Visitors to Australia	228	184	412	0.2	Austria	151	118	269	0.9		
Australian born	97672	94401	192073	85.3	Czechoslovakia	78	37	115	0.4		
Overseas born	16506	14331	30837	13.7	Germany (GDR and GFR)	1025	953	1978	6.4		
Aboriginal TSI	435	434	869	0.4	Greece	236	200	436	1.4		
Australian citizens aged 18 years and over	68886	67038	135924	60.4	Hungary	104	64	168	0.5		
					Italy	1751	1327	3078	10.0		
					Malta	493	388	881	2.9		
					Netherlands	1813	1504	3317	10.8		
					Poland	397	290	687	2.2		
					Spain	120	48	168	0.5		
					USSR	141	148	289	0.9		
					Yugoslavia	508	271	779	2.5		
					China	20	23	43	0.1		
					Cyprus	110	92	202	0.7		
					India	81	69	150	0.5		
					Lebanon	9	8	17	0.1		
					Malaysia	101	90	191	0.6		
					Sri Lanka	47	57	104	0.3		
					Turkey	23	10	33	0.1		
					Vietnam	27	19	46	0.1		
					Egypt	48	31	79	0.3		
					Canada	92	67	159	0.5		
					USA	198	136	334	1.1		
					New Zealand	842	697	1539	5.0		
					Europe NEI	490	309	799	2.6		
					Asia NEI	180	236	416	1.3		
					Africa NEI	136	130	266	0.9		
					America NEI	115	80	195	0.6		
					Oceania NEI	91	120	211	0.7		
					At sea	2	0	2	0.0		
					Total	16504	14331	30835	100.0		
2. Marital status					8. Age						
Never married											
Aged less than 15 years	32658	30335	62993	28.0		Overseas born		Total			
Aged 15 years and over	24530	15656	40186	17.8		Males	Females	Persons	Prop %		
Now married	52410	51612	104022	46.2	0-4	141	122	10066	9567	19633	8.7
Separated not divorced	1698	1729	3427	1.5	5-9	308	257	11070	10176	21246	9.4
Divorced	2086	2150	4236	1.9	10-14	424	397	11522	10592	22114	9.8
Widowed	2105	8241	10346	4.6	15-19	575	479	10131	9149	19280	8.6
Total	115487	109723	225210	100.0	20-24	732	768	9298	8786	18084	8.0
					25-29	1236	1170	9591	8957	18548	8.2
					30-34	2020	1723	9428	8641	18069	8.0
					35-39	1741	1425	7499	6871	14370	6.4
					40-44	1546	1254	6190	5595	11785	5.2
					45-49	1290	1057	5386	4982	10368	4.6
					50-54	1484	1165	5816	5487	11303	5.0
					55-59	1525	1318	5610	5318	10928	4.9
					60-64	1125	997	4458	4645	9103	4.0
					65-69	913	806	3861	3992	7853	3.5
					70-74	735	583	2772	2933	5705	2.5
					75+	711	810	2789	4032	6821	3.0
					Total	16506	14331	115487	109723	225210	100.0
3. Attendance at an educational institution					9. Family type						
Not attending	69722	67775	137497	84.8		Male Head	Female Head	Total Families	No. of Persons		
Attending full time	3993	4434	8427	5.2	Head only	7183	7119	14302	14302		
Attending part time	3336	1290	4626	2.9	Head and dependants	568	2758	3326	9520		
Not stated	5778	5889	11667	7.2	Head and spouse	15214	1071	16285	32570		
Total	82829	79388	162217	100.0	Head, spouse and dependants	22218	932	23150	98436		
					Head and other adults	1022	1717	2739	6130		
					Head, other adults and dependants	177	619	796	3228		
					Head, spouse and other adults	5257	180	5437	18401		
					Head, spouse, other adults and dependants	5194	178	5372	28273		
					Total	56833	14574	71407	210860		
					Non family members	na	na	na	14350		
					Grand total	56833	14574	71407	225210		
4. Qualifications - Highest level obtained					10. Nature of occupancy of private dwellings						
Qualified with											
Doctoral, Masters degree	259	52	311	0.2	Owner		25445		70414		
Graduate diploma, Bachelor degree	2379	1375	3754	2.3	Purchaser		22183		82472		
Diploma	2576	3479	6055	3.7	Owner/purchaser undefined		1603		4650		
Trade certificate	15484	1333	16817	10.4	Tenant - house authority		2859		8765		
Other certificate	3148	5495	8643	5.3	Tenant - other		11316		32256		
Inadequately described	135	165	300	0.2	NEI		4401		13084		
Total	23981	11899	35880	22.1	Not stated		2043		4707		
No qualifications	48792	56870	105662	65.1	Total		69850		216348		
Still at school	3044	3202	6246	3.9							
Not stated	7012	7417	14429	8.9							
Total	82829	79388	162217	100.0							
5. Age left school					6. Income of individuals (\$)						
12 years or less	1711	1415	3126	1.9	None	4228	17742	21970	13.5		
13	3107	2443	5550	3.4	Less than 1,000	735	5846	6581	4.1		
14	18982	18505	37487	23.1	1,000-2,000	931	3073	4004	2.5		
15	16947	17210	34157	21.1	2,001-3,000	5225	7907	13132	8.1		
16	16509	16011	32520	20.0	3,001-4,000	5323	9569	14892	9.2		
17	10618	10952	21570	13.3	4,001-6,000	6580	8586	15166	9.3		
18	4979	4115	9094	5.6	6,001-8,000	6282	5953	12235	7.5		
19+	2346	1055	3401	2.1	8,001-10,000	7946	4570	12516	7.7		
Did not attend	293	313	606	0.4	10,001-12,000	10585	3804	14389	8.9		
Still attending	3650	3907	7557	4.7	12,001-15,000	11757	2919	14676	9.0		
Not stated	3687	3462	7149	4.4	15,001-18,000	8702	1469	10171	6.3		
Total	82829	79388	162217	100.0	18,001-22,000	5159	611	5770	3.6		
					22,001-26,000	2503	216	2719	1.7		
					Over 26,000	2930	377	3307	2.0		
					Not stated	3943	6746	10689	6.6		
					Total	82829	79388	162217	100.0		

APPENDIX A: VICTORIAN LABOUR FORCE REGIONS WITH THEIR LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA COMPONENTS

MELBOURNE STATISTICAL DIVISION

Western Melbourne	Altona (C), Broadmeadows (C), Bulla (S), Essendon (C), Footscray (C), Keilor (C), Melton (S), Sunshine (C), Werribee (S), Williamstown (C)
Inner Melbourne	Brunswick (C), Coburg (C), Collingwood (C), Fitzroy (C), Melbourne (C), Port Melbourne (C), Prahran (C), Richmond (C), South Melbourne (C), St Kilda (C)
North Eastern Melbourne	Diamond Valley (S), Eltham (S), Heidelberg (C), Northcote (C), Preston (C), Whittlesea (S)
Inner Eastern Melbourne	Box Hill (C), Camberwell (C), Doncaster and Templestowe (C), Hawthorn (C), Kew (C), Nunawading (C), Waverley (C)
Southern Melbourne	Brighton (C), Caulfield (C), Malvern (C), Moorabbin (C), Mordialloc (C), Oakleigh (C), Sandringham (C)
Outer Eastern Melbourne	Croydon (C), Healesville (S) (p) (a), Knox (C), Lillydale (S), Ringwood (C), Sherbrooke (S)
Mornington Peninsula	Berwick (C), Chelsea (C), Cranbourne (S) (p) (a), Dandenong (C), Flinders (S), Frankston (C), Hastings (S), Mornington (S), Pakenham (S) (p) (a), Springvale (C)

REST OF VICTORIA

South Western Victoria

Barwon Statistical Division

Bannockburn (S)
 Barrabool (S)
 Bellarine (S)
 Colac (C)
 Colac (S)
 Corio (S)
 Geelong (C)
 Geelong West (C)
 Leigh (S)
 Newtown (C)
 Otway (S)
 Queenscliffe (B)
 South Barwon (C)
 Winchelsea (S)

South Western Statistical Division

Belfast (S)
 Camperdown (T)
 Dundas (S)
 Glenelg (S)
 Hamilton (C)
 Hampden (S)
 Heytesbury (S)
 Koroit (B)
 Minhamite (S)
 Mortlake (S)
 Mount Rouse (S)
 Port Fairy (B)
 Portland (S)
 Portland (T)
 Wannon (S)
 Warrnambool (C)
 Warrnambool (S)
 Not incorporated (Lady Julia Percy Island and Tower Hill Lake Reserve)

 REST OF VICTORIA - continued

North Western Victoria

Central Highlands Statistical Division	Wimmera Statistical Division	Northern Mallee Statistical Division
Ararat (C)	Arapiles (S)	Kerang (B)
Ararat (S)	Birchip (S)	Kerang (S)
Avoca (S)	Dimboola (S)	Mildura (C)
Bacchus Marsh (S)	Donald (S)	Muldura (S)
Ballaarat (C)	Dunmunkle (S)	Swan Hill (C)
Ballan (S)	Horsham (C)	Swan Hill (S)
Ballarat (S)	Kaniva (S)	Walpeup (S)
Bungaree (S)	Karkaroc (S)	Wycheproof (S)
Buninyong (S)	Kowree (S)	
Creswick (S)	Lowan (S)	
Daylesford and Glenlyon (S)	Stawell (S)	
Grenville (S)	Stawell (T)	
Lexton (S)	Warracknabeal (S)	
Ripon (S)	Wimmera (S)	
Sebastopol (B)		
Talbot and Clunes (S)		

Northern Victoria

Loddon-Campaspe Statistical Division	Goulburn Statistical Division	North Eastern Statistical Division
Bendigo (C)	Alexandra (S)	Beechworth (S)
Bet Bet (S)	Benalla (C)	Bright (S)
Castlemaine (C)	Benalla (S)	Chiltern (S)
Charlton (S)	Broadford (S)	Myrtleford (S)
Cohuna (S)	Cobram (S)	Oxley (S)
Eaglehawk (B)	Deakin (S)	Rutherglen (S)
East Loddon (S)	Euroa (S)	Tallangatta (S)
Echuca (C)	Goulburn (S)	Upper Murray (S)
Gisborne (S)	Kilmore (S)	Wangaratta (C)
Gordon (S)	Kyabram (T)	Wangaratta (S)
Huntly (S)	Mansfield (S)	Wodonga (Rural City)
Kara Kara (S)	Nathalia (S)	Yackandandah (S)
Korong (S)	Numurkah (S)	Yarrawonga (S)
Kyneton (S)	Rodney (S)	
McIvor (S)	Seymour (S)	
Maldon (S)	Shepparton (C)	
Marong (S)	Shepparton (S)	
Maryborough (C)	Tungamah (S)	
Metcalf (S)	Violet Town (S)	
Newham and Woodend (S)	Waranga (S)	
Newstead (S)	Yea (S)	
Pyalong (S)		
Rochester (S)		
Romsey (S)		
St Arnaud (T)		
Strathfieldsaye (S)		
Tullaroop (S)		

 REST OF VICTORIA - continued

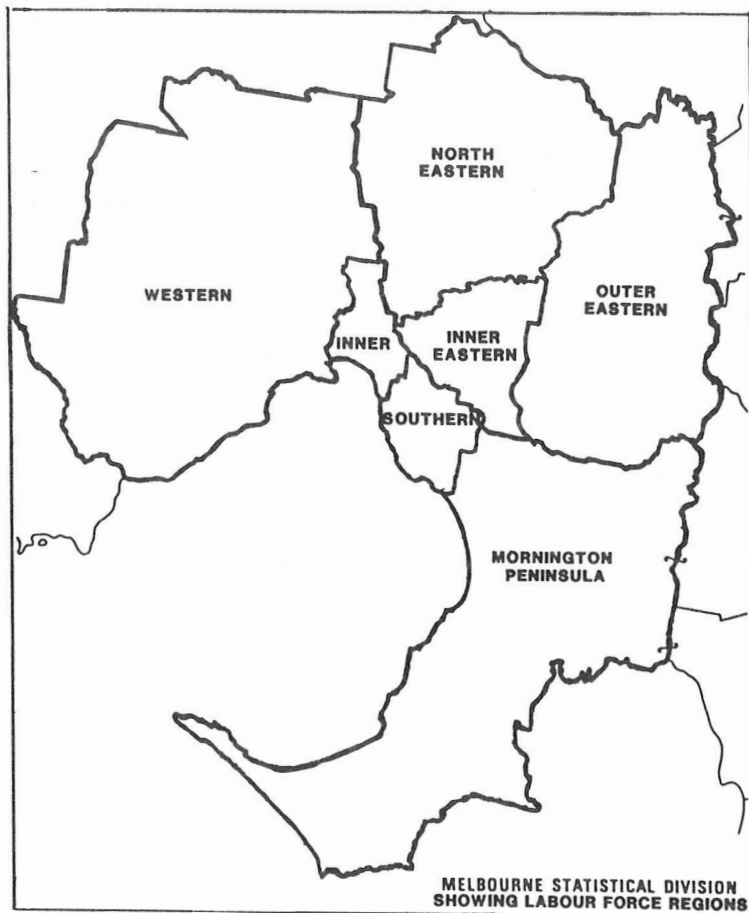
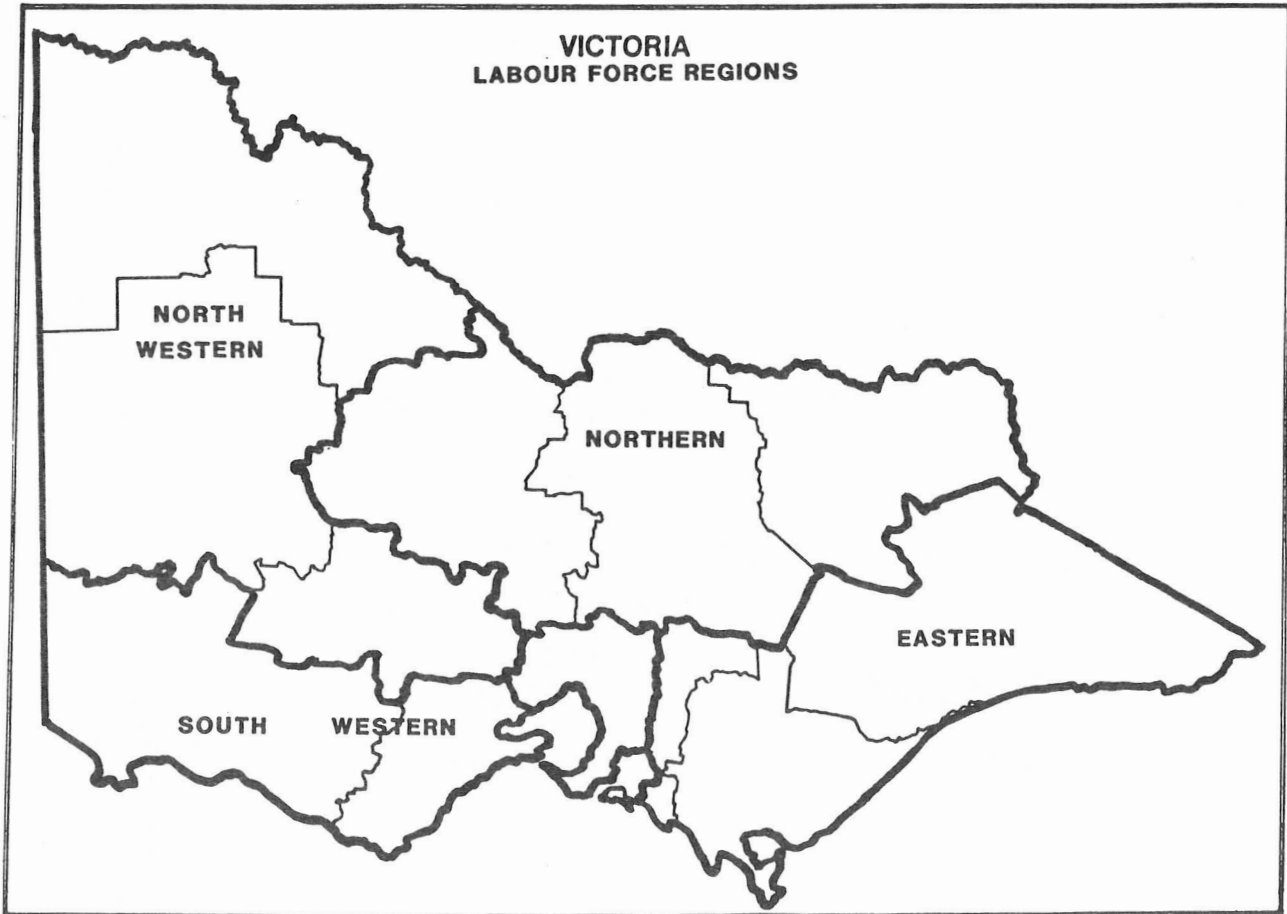
Eastern Victoria

East Gippsland Statistical Division	Central Gippsland Statistical Division	East Central Statistical Division
Avon (S)	Alberton (S)	Bass (S)
Bairnsdale (S)	Buln Buln (S)	Cranbourne (S) (p) (a)
Bairnsdale (T)	Korumburra (S)	French Island (U)
Maffra (S)	Mirboo (S)	Healesville (S) (p) (a)
Omeo (S)	Moe (C)	Pakenham (S) (p) (a)
Orbost (S)	Morwell (S)	Phillip Island (S)
Rosedale (S) (p) (b)	Narracan (S)	Upper Yarra (S)
Sale (C)	Rosedale (S) (p) (b)	Wonthaggi (B)
Tambo (S)	South Gippsland (S)	
Not incorporated (Bass Strait Islands and part of Gippsland Lakes)	Traralgon (C)	
	Traralgon (S)	
	Warragul (S)	
	Woorayl (S)	
	Yallourn Works Area	

 (C) City (B) Borough (T) Town (S) Shire (U) Unincorporated

- (a) The Shires of Cranbourne, Healesville, and Pakenham are partly in the Melbourne Statistical Division and partly in the East Central Statistical Division.
- (b) The Shire of Rosedale is mainly in the Central Gippsland Statistical Division. A small portion of the Shire (adjacent to the Gippsland Lakes) is in the East Gippsland Statistical Division.
- (p) Part only.

**VICTORIA
LABOUR FORCE REGIONS**



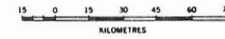
**MELBOURNE STATISTICAL DIVISION
SHOWING LABOUR FORCE REGIONS**



**MELBOURNE STATISTICAL DIVISION
SHOWING LABOUR FORCE REGIONS**



VICTORIA STATISTICAL DIVISIONS



STATISTICAL DIVISIONS BOUNDARIES **WIMMERA**
LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA BOUNDARIES **SARADDELL**
CITIES, TOWNS AND BOROUGHS
STATISTICAL DISTRICTS SHOWN IN DETAIL
ON THIS DIVISION
Local Government Areas are as at 30th June 1983



