PHONE INQUIRIES
for more information about these statistics - contact Mr Godfrey Laurie on Canberra (062) 526565 or any of our State offices.
other inquiries including copies of publications - contact Information Services on Canberra ( 062 ) 526627 or in any of our State offices.
write to Information Services, $A B S$, P.0. Box 10 , Be1connen, A.C.T. 2616 or any of our State offices.

PART 1. LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES

## EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction
This publication is generally released in the third week following completion of interviews in the monthly population survey (see paragraph 2). Part 1 contains preliminary estimates of the civilian labour force derived from the labour force survey part of the monthly population survey. Revised and more detailed estimates will be published in "The Labour Force, Australia" (6203.0).

The population survey
2. The population survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (about 30,000 houses, f1ats, etc.) and non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.) and covers about two-thirds of one per cent of the population of Australia. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by carefully chosen and specially trained interviewers. The interviews are generally conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Monday between the $6 t h$ and $12 t h$ of each month. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e. the survey week).

## Scope

3. The labour force survey includes all persons aged 15 and over except: members of the permanent defence forces; certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations; overseas residents in Australia; and members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia.
4. The labour force category to which a person is assigned depends on his actual activity (i.e. whether working, looking for work, etc.) during the survey week. The following definitions, which conform closely to the international standard definitions specified by the International Labour Organisation (ILO), relate only to those persons within the scope of the survey.
5. Employed persons comprise all those aged 15 and over who, during the survey week:
(a) worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (inc1uding employees, employers and self-employed persons); or
(b) worked for 15 hours or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. unpaid family helpers); or
(c) were employees who had a job but were not at work and were: on paid leave; on leave without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week; stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week; on strike or locked out; on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job; or receiving wages or salary while undertaking full-time study; or
(d) were employers or selfemployed persons who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.
6. Unemployed persons are those aged 15 and over who were not employed during the survey week, and:
(a) had actively looked for fulltime or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the survey week and:
(i) were available for work in the survey week, or would have been available except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than four weeks to the end of the survey week); or
(ii) were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the survey week and would have started in the survey week if the job had been available then;
or (b) were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week (including the whole of the survey week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown.
7. Unemployed persons looking for first job are those who had never worked full time for two weeks or more.
8. The unemployment rate for any group is the number unemployed expressed as a percentage of the labour force in the same group.
9. The labour force comprises all persons who, during the survey week, were employed or unemployed, as defined above.
10. The labour force participation rate for any group is the labour force expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group.
11. Ful1-time workers are those who usually work 35 hours or more a week and others who, although usually part-time workers, worked 35 hours or more during the survey week. Part-time workers are those who usually work less than 35 hours a week and who did so during the survey week. When recording hours of work, fractions of an hour are disregarded.
12. Persons not in the labour force are those who, during the survey week, were not in the categories "employed" or "unemployed".

Earlier estimates
13. Estimates back to August 1966 on a basis comparable with those in this publication are published in "The Labour Force, Australia" (6204.0) beginning with the 1978 issue.

## Comparability of series

14. Labour force surveys for February 1978 and subsequent months have been conducted during a two-week period, whereas formerly the period was four weeks. The change of timing may affect the level of the figures for any month, but particularly for months during which the labour force status of the population may be changing rapidly.

## Reliability of the estimates

15. Since the survey estimates are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwelifngs they, and the movements derived from them, are subject to sampling variability; that is,
they may differ by chance from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors.
16. Because of the introduction of the new sample of dwellings in October 1982, there was not the usually high proportion of dwellings common to each of two consecutive surveys and the standard errors of movements between September and October are therefore higher than normal. For details see the October 1982 issue of this publication.
17. Standard errors of estimates for the latest month and of estimates of movements since the previous month are shown in the tables. Standard errors of other estimates and other movements may be determined by using information in the Technical note in "The Labour Force, Australia" (6203.0).
18. Very small estimates have not been included because they are subject to high relative standard errors. Although figures for these small components can in some cases be derived by subtraction, they should not be regarded as reliable.
19. Examples of the calculation and use of standard errors are given below:
(a) The estimate of 417,500 unemployed males looking for fulltime work in February 1983 has a standard error of about 6,700. Therefore there are about two chances in three that the number that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey will be within the range 410,800 to 424,200 and about nineteen chances in twenty that the number will be within the range 404,100 to 430,900.
(b) The estimate of movement in the number of unemployed males looking for full-time work from January 1983 to February 1983 is an increase of 8,300 . The standard error of this monthly movement is about 5,400. Therefore there are about two chances in three that if all dwellings had been included in the surveys the movement would have been within the range $+2,900$ to $+13,700$ and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range $-2,500$ to $+19,100$ 。

Seasonal adjustment
20. Seasonally adjusted series are published in Tables 2 and 5. The figures in these tables have been revised since the January 1983 issue of this publication. As happens with all seasonally adjusted series, the seasonal factors are reviewed annually, the latest review being in February 1983 which revised the monthly series back to February 1978. Information about the method of adjustment and seasonally adjusted figures for all months since February 1978 will be published in an appendix to "The Labour Force, Australia, February 1983" (6203.0).
21. The seasonal adjustment factors have been calculated on the basis of five years of monthly data. This is a relatively short series of data on which to base the calculation of seasonal factors particularly when the pattern of movement is changing from year to year. This changing pattern is most marked in the unemployment figures where the large increases in recent months may be accompanied by changes in the seasonal patterns which will not become apparent until later years. As a result the current seasonal adjustment might prove to be inadequate or need to be substantially revised. Care should be exercised in interpreting current movements based on these seasonally adjusted estimates.

## Related publications

22. Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which are available on request:

23. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the "Catalogue of Publications, Australia" (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a "Publication Advice" (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publication Advice are available from any $A B S$ office.

## Symbols and other usages

> * subject to sampling variability $\quad$ too high for most practical $\quad$ uses (see paragraph 18)
> n.a. not available
> .. not applicable
> r revised since previous issue
24. Figures have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.
table 1. Labour force status of the clvilian population aged 15 and over

table 2. Civilian labour force: seasonally adjusted series

| Month |  | Unemployed |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Looking for full-time work |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Employed | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Aged } \begin{array}{r} 15-19 \\ \text { looking } \\ \text { for } \\ \text { first job } \end{array}{ }^{\text {for }} \end{array}$ | Total | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Looking } \\ \text { for } \\ \text { part-time } \\ \text { work } \end{array}$ | Total | Labour force | Unemployment rate | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Partici- } \\ \text { pation } \\ \text { rate } \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | - | '000 |  |  | - pe | cent - |
| Males |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 4,079.3 | 20.6 | 192.9 | 17.1 | 210.0 | 4,289.3 | 4.9 | 77.6 |
| February | 4,077.0 | 22.5 | 212.1 | 16.0 | 228.1 | 4,305.1 | 5.3 | 77.8 |
| March | 4,073.5 | 23.5 | 213.9 | 20.1 | 234.0 | 4,307.5 | 5.4 | 77.7 |
| April | 4,057.4 | 20.7 | 219.0 | 17.8 | 236.8 | 4,294.2 | 5.5 | 77.3 |
| May | 4,067.5 | 23.4 | 223.4 | 18.8 | 242.2 | 4,309.7 | 5.6 | 77.5 |
| June | 4,059.3 | 21.8 | 229.3 | 26.2 | 255.5 | 4,314.8 | 5.9 | 77.4 |
| July | 4,059.6 | 23.5 | 242.1 | 21.5 | 263.6 | 4,323.2 | 6.1 | 77.4 |
| August | 4,040.4 | 23.5 | 257.7 | 23.1 | 280.8 | 4,321.2 | 6.5 | 77.2 |
| September | 4,048.0 | 23.8 | 274.6 | 22.9 | 297.5 | 4,345.5 | 6.8 | 77.5 |
| October | 4,050.3 | 22.1 | 305.3 | 21.3 | 326.6 | 4,376.9 | 7.5 | 77.9 |
| November | 4,020.2 | 23.8 | 336.7 | 16.8 | 353.5 | 4,373.7 | 8.1 | 77.7 |
| December | 3,971.5 | 26.5 | 360.7 | 18.9 | 379.6 | 4,351.1 | 8.7 | 77.2 |
| 1983 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 3,952.1 | 31.5 | 363.1 | 21.6 | 384.7 | 4,336.8 | 8.9 | 76.7 |
| February | 3,958.7 | 32.9 | 377.0 | 24.0 | 401.0 | 4,359.7 | 9.2 | 77.0 |
| females |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 2,346.2 | 25.1 | 140.0 | 57.5 | 197.5 | 2,543.7 | 7.8 | 44.9 |
| February | 2,335.8 | 27.4 | 149.4 | 54.1 | 203.5 | 2,539.3 | 8.0 | 44.8 |
| March | 2,348.5 | 27.2 | 150.2 | 54.8 | 205.0 | 2,553.5 | 8.0 | 45.0 |
|  | 2,329.9 | 26.5 | 150.1 | 53.2 | 203.3 | 2,533.2 | 8.0 | 44.5 |
| May | 2,333.0 | 25.1 | 153.1 | 56.1 | 209.2 | 2,542.2 | 8.2 | 44.6 |
| June | 2,328.1 | 26.0 | 155.9 | 56.6 | 212.5 | 2,540.6 | 8.4 | 44.5 |
| July | 2,331.2 | 24.0 | 152.8 | 58.5 | 211.3 | 2,542.5 | 8.3 | 44.4 |
| August | 2,341.5 | 22.4 | 141.7 | 58.8 | 200.5 | 2,542.0 | 7.9 | 44.3 |
| September | 2,331.2 | 20.4 | 155.4 | 61.9 | 217.3 | 2,548.5 | 8.5 | 44.4 |
| October | 2,338.3 | 24.4 | 178.7 | 64.8 | 243.5 | 2,581.8 | 9.4 | 44.9 |
| November | 2,321.4 | 28.5 | 187.6 | 59.8 | 247.4 | 2,568.8 | 9.6 | 44.6 |
| December | 2,324.7 | 32.8 | -194.2 | 63.8 | 258.0 | 2,582.7 | 10.0 | 44.7 |
| 1983 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 2,326.8 | 31.3 | 198.6 | 56.2 | 254.8 | 2,581.6 | 9.9 | 44.6 |
| February | 2,319.2 | 35.3 | 205.9 | 61.8 | 267.6 | 2,586.9 | 10.3 | 44.6 |
| PERSONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1982 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 6,425.5 | 45.7 | 332.9 | 74.6 | 407.5 | 6,833.0 | 6.0 | 61.1 |
| February | 6,412.8 | 49.9 | 361.5 | 70.1 | 431.6 | 6,844.4 | 6.3 | 61.1 |
| March | 6,422.0 | 50.7 | 364.1 | 74.9 | 439.0 | 6,861.0 | 6.4 | 61.1 |
| April | 6,387.3 | 47.2 | 369.1 | 71.0 | 440.1 | 6,827.4 | 6.4 | 60.7 |
| May | 6,400.5 | 48.5 | 376.5 | 74.9 | 451.4 | 6,851.9 | 6.6 | 60.8 |
| June | 6,387.4 | 47.8 | 385.2 | 82.8 | 468.0 | 6,855.4 | 6.8 | 60.8 |
| July | 6,390.8 | 47.5 | 394.9 | 80.0 | 474.9 | 6,865.7 | 6.9 | 60.7 |
| August | 6,381.9 | 45.9 | 399.4 | 81.9 | 481.3 | 6,863.2 | 7.0 | 60.6 |
| Septerber | 6,379.2 | 44.2 | 430.0 | 84.8 | 514.8 | 6,894.0 | 7.5 | 60.7 |
| October | 6,388.6 | 46.5 | 484.0 | 86.1 | 570.1 | 6,958.7 | 8.2 | 61.2 |
| November | 6,341.6 | 52.3 | 524.3 | 76.6 | 600.9 | 6,942.5 | 8.7 | 60.9 |
| December | 6,296.2 | 59.3 | 554.9 | 82.7 | 637.6 | 6,933.8 | 9.2 | 60.7 |
| 1983 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 6,278.9 | 62.8 | 561.7 | 77.8 | 639.5 | 6,918.4 | 9.2 | 60.5 |
| February | 6,278.0 | 68.2 | 582.8 | 85.8 | 668.6 | 6,946.6 | 9.6 | 60.6 |

[^0]table 3. labour force status of the civilian population aged 15 and over, States and territories, february 1983

| State or Territory |  |  | Unemployed |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Givilian } \\ \text { popula- } \\ \text { tion } \\ \text { aged } 15 \\ \text { and over } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Unemp- } \\ \text { loyment } \\ \text { rate } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Partici- } \\ \text { pation } \\ \text { rate } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Employed } \\ & \text { Full-time } \\ & \text { workers } \end{aligned}$ | Total | Looking <br> for full- <br> time work | Looking for parttime work | Total | Labour force | Notin labour force |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | - '000 |  |  |  |  | - per | cent - |
|  |  |  |  |  | Males |  |  |  |  |  |
| New South Wales | 1,301.4 | 1,377.7 | 156.9 | 6.7 | 163.6 | 1,541.3 | 444.1 | 1,985.4 | 10.6 | 77.6 |
| Victoria | 987.8 | 1,054.8 | 90.5 | 5.2 | 95.7 | 1,150.6 | 334.2 | 1,484.8 | 8.3 | 77.5 |
| Queensland | 582.3 | 616.5 | 71.5 | 5.2 | 76.7 | 693.2 | 209.8 | 903.0 | 11.1 | 76.8 |
| South Australia | 324.0 | 346.4 | 39.2 | 2.9 | 42.0 | 388.4 | 114.1 | 502.5 | 10.8 | 77.3 |
| Western Australia | 340.8 | 359.6 | 36.9 | * | 39.3 | 398.9 | 101.9 | 500.8 | 9.9 | 79.7 |
| Tasmania | 101.0 | 105.9 | 14.6 | * | 14.8 | 120.7 | 37.3 | 158.0 | 12.2 | 76.4 |
| Northern Territory <br> Australian Capital | 36.6 | 37.6 | 2.5 | * | 2.5 | 40.1 | 8.1 | 48.1 | 6.2 | 83.3 |
|  | 57.0 | 61.1 | 5.4 | * | 6.0 | 67.1 | 12.4 | 79.6 | 9.0 | 84.4 |
| Australia | 3,730.8 | 3,959.7 | 417.5 | 23.1 | 440.6 | 4,400.3 | 1,261.9 | 5,662.3 | 10.0 | 77.7 |

New South Wales
Victoria
Quefnsland
South Australia
Western Australia
Tasmania
Northern Territory
Australian Capital
Territory
Australia

| 528.4 | 800.4 | 88.4 | 26.3 | 114.7 | 915.1 | 1,127.3 | 2,042.4 | 12.5 | 44.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 403.4 | 621.6 | 59.6 | 16.8 | 76.4 | 698.1 | 835.5 | 1,533.6 | 10.9 | 45.5 |
| 213.9 | 339.0 | 34.8 | 12.6 | 47.4 | 386.4 | 531.2 | 917.6 | 12.3 | 42.1 |
| 119.0 | 203.7 | 20.4 | 6.5 | 26.9 | 230.6 | 284.6 | 515.2 | 11.7 | 44.8 |
| 122.3 | 205.9 | 20.7 | 5.9 | 26.6 | 232.5 | 263.2 | 495.8 | 11.4 | 46.9 |
| 37.4 | 60.1 | 6.5 | * | 7.2 | 67.2 | 97.6 | 164.8 | 10.6 | 40.8 |
| 14.3 | 21.5 | * | * | 2.4 | 23.9 | 19.4 | 43.3 | 10.2 | 55.2 |
| 27.2 | 43.6 | 2.5 | * | 4.0 | 47.7 | 36.3 | 84.0 | 8.5 | 56.8 |
| 1,465.8 | 2,295.9 | 234.5 | 71.1 | 305.6 | 2,601.5 | 3,195.1 | 5,796.6 | 11.7 | 44.9 |

New South Wales
Victoria
Queensland
South Australia
Western Australia
Tasmania
Northern Territory
Australian Capital
Territory
Australia

| $1,829.7$ | $2,178.1$ | 245.3 | 32.9 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $1,391.2$ | $1,676.5$ | 150.2 | 22.0 |
| 796.2 | 955.6 | 106.3 | 17.8 |
| 443.0 | 550.1 | 59.5 | 9.4 |
| 463.0 | 565.5 | 57.6 | 8.4 |
| 138.4 | 166.0 | 21.1 | $*$ |
| 50.8 | 59.1 | 4.1 | $*$ |
| 84.2 | 104.8 | 7.9 | 2.2 |
|  |  |  |  |
| $5,196.6$ | $6,255.6$ | 652.0 | 94.2 |

278.2
172.2
124.1
68.9
65.9
21.9
4.9
10.1
746.3
$2,456.3$
$1,848.6$
$1,079.6$
619.1
631.5
187.9
64.0
114.8
$7,001.9$

| $1,571.4$ | $4,027.8$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $1,169.7$ | $3,018.3$ |
| 741.0 | $1,820.6$ |
| 398.6 | $1,017.7$ |
| 365.1 | 996.6 |
| 134.9 | 322.8 |
| 27.4 | 91.4 |
| 48.8 | 163.6 |
|  |  |
| $4,457.0$ | $11,458.9$ |

61.0
61.2
59.3
60.8
63.4
58.2
70.0
70.2
61.1
table 4. unemployed persons, australia

table 5. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: SEASONALi,y AdJUStED SERIES

table 6. UNEmployed persons, states and territories


## PART 2. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT

## EXPLANATORY NOTES

This part contains details of the numbers of employees of government bodies. More information will be published in The Labour Force, Australia (6203.0). Figures for months prior to May 1980 were published in Civilian Employees, Australia (6213.0).
2. Government employees comprise not only administrative employees but also all other employees of government bodies (Commonwealth, State, local and semi-government) on services such as railways, road and air transport, banks, postal and telecommunications, etc. Generally, Commonwealth government employees are included in the figures if they are on the payroll on the last working day of the month, whereas for State and local government the reporting date is usually the last day of the last pay period ending in the month.
3. Data shown for defence forces include all permanent defence personnel in Australia and overseas. Other government employees based overseas are excluded, as are employees of foreign governments in Australia.

## Comparability of labour force survey estimates and government employment figures

4. The government employment figures shown in Table 7 are not strictly comparable with the labour force survey estimates included in Part 1 of this publication and in other ABS publications. Persons in the survey are allocated to an appropriate labour force category according to their activity during the survey week. If they had more than one job in that week only the job in which they usually worked the greater number of hours is considered. The government employment figures are derived from payroll data, and although some returns are adjusted to exclude some part-time employees considered to have full-time jobs elsewhere, some persons will be included even though their government job is not their main one. Other reasons for difference are that the survey estimates are subject to sampling variability, and the reference periods of the two collections are different.

## Inquiries

5. For information about these statistics contact Mr Terry Sharp on Canberra (062) 526655.

TABLE 7. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES-AUSTRALIA(a) (Excluding Agriculture and services to agriculture) (' 000 )

|  | Civilian employees |  |  |  |  | Defence forces(b) | Total <br> Government |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Month | Commonwealth | State | Northern <br> Territory | Local | Total |  |  |
| MALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1981- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November | 276.3 | 579.3 | 7.7 | 102.7 | 965.9 | 68.0 | 1,033.9 |
| December | 276.9 | 578.8 | 7.7 | 103.1 | 966.5 | 67.8 | 1,034.3 |
| 1982 - 276.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 276.6 | 576.6 | 7.7 | 103.4 | 964.3 | 68.3 | 1,032.6 |
| February | 276.2 | 579.3 | 7.7 | 103.8 | 966.9 | 68.8 | 1,035.7 |
| March | 276.1 | 581.0 579 | 7.7 | 104.2 | 968.9 | 68.8 68.7 | $1,037.7$ $1,036.0$ |
| April | 275.6 | 579.9 581.8 | 7.7 | 104.1 104.1 | 967.3 968.7 | 68.7 68.6 | $1,036.0$ $1,037.3$ |
| May June | 274.7 | 581.8 582.3 | 7.6 | 104.5 | 969.0 | 68.5 | 1,037.5 |
| July | 273.9 | 581.2 | 7.5 | 104.2 | 966.8 | 68.5 | 1,035.3 |
| August | 274.4 | 580.9 | 7.5 | 104.2 | 967.0 | 68.4 | 1,035.4 |
| September | 275.0 | 580.5 | 7.5 | 104.1 | 967.2 | 68.3 | 1,035.5 |
| October | 275.5 | 580.0 | 7.6 | 104.2 | 967.2 | 68.4 | 1,035.6 |
| November | 276.2 | 579.6 | 7.6 | 104.3 | 967.7 | 68.3 | 1,036.0 |
| December | 277.1 | 577,8 | 7.5 | 104.4 | 966.9 | 68.1 | 1,035.0 |
|  | FEMALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November | 128.1 | 418.8 | 6.6 | 28.5 | 581.9 | 4.6 | 586.5 |
| December | 128.2 | 414.4 | 6.6 | 28.3 | 577.6 | 4.5 | 582.1 |
| 1982- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 128.2 | 405.9 | 6.5 | 27.8 | 568.5 | 4.5 | 573.0 |
| February | 127.9 128.4 | 419.8 423.7 | 6.5 | 28.8 28.8 | 583.1 587.6 | 4.5 4.6 | 587.6 592.2 |
| March | 128.4 | 423.7 424.3 | 6.6 6.6 | 28.8 28.9 | 587.6 588.5 | 4.6 4.7 | 592.2 593.2 |
| May | 128.5 | 421.8 | 6.6 | 28.8 | 585.8 589.9 | 4.7 | 590.5 |
| June | 127.4 | 426.9 | 6.6 | 28.9 | 589.9 | 4.7 | 594.6 |
| July | 128.2 | 426.1 | 6.5 | 29.0 28.9 | 589.8 591.4 | 4.7 | 594.5 |
| August | 128.7 129.6 | 427.5 428.2 | 6.3 6.3 | 28.9 29.2 | 591.4 593.4 | 4.7 4.7 | 596.1 598.1 |
| September October | 129.6 130.0 | 428.2 | 6.3 6.4 | 29.2 29.4 | 593.4 594.5 | 4.7 | 598.1 599.2 |
| November | 130.9 | 427.6 | 6.3 | 29.6 | 594.3 | 4.7 | 599.0 |
| December | 131.5 | 422.1 | 6.1 | 29.3 | 589.1 | 4.6 | 593.7 |
|  | PERSONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November | 404.4 | 998.0 | 14.4 | 131.1 | 1,547.9 | 72.6 | 1,620.5 |
| December | 405.1 | 993.2 | 14.3 | 131.4 | 1,544.1 | 72.3 | 1,616.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 404.8 | 982.5 | 14.2 | 131.2 132.6 | $1,532.8$ $1,550.0$ | 72.7 73.3 | 1,605.5 |
| February | 404.1 | 999.1 | 14.2 | 132.6 133.0 | $1,550.0$ $1,556.5$ | 73.3 73.4 | $1,623.3$ $1,629.9$ |
| March | 404.5 | 1,004.7 | 14.2 | 133.0 | 1,556.5 | 73.4 | 1,629.9 |
| April | 404.3 | $1,004.3$ | 14.2 | 133.0 | 1,555.8 | 73.4 | 1,629.2 |
| May | 403.7 | 1,003.6 | 14.2 | 133.0 | 1,554.5 | 73.3 | 1,627.8 |
| June | 402.1 | 1,009.3 | 14.2 | 133.4 | 1,558.9 | 73.2 | 1,632.1 |
| July | 402.1 | 1,007.2 | 14.1 | 133.2 | 1,556.6 | 73.2 | 1,629.8 |
| August | 403.1 | 1,008.4 | 13.8 | 133.1 | 1,558.4 | 73.1 | 1,631.5 |
| September | 404.6 | 1.008 .8 | 13.9 | 133.3 | 1,560.5 | 73.0 | 1,633.5 |
| October | 405.5 | 1,008.8 | 13.9 | 133.6 | 1,561.7 | 73.1 | 1,634.8 |
| November | 407.0 | 1,007.3 | 13.9 | 133.9 | 1,562.1 | 73.0 | 1,635.1 |
| December | 408.6 | 999.9 | 13.7 | 133.8 | 1,556.0 | 72.7 | 1,628.7 |

December (a) Figures for States and Territories will be published in The Labour Force, Australia (6203.0). (b) Permanent defence forces in Australia and overseas.
© Commonwealth of Australia 1983
Printed by C. J. Thompson, Commonwealth Government Printer, Canberra


[^0]:    NOTE: Series revised since previous issue - see paras 20 and 21 , page 3.

