MAY 2001 3401.0

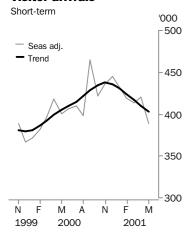


OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES

AUSTRALIA

EMBARGO: 11:30AM (CANBERRA TIME) THURS 21 JUNE 2001

Visitor arrivals



2001 PRELIMINARY M A Y % change % change on Jul 2000 to previous between May 2001 Apr 2001 and May 2001 corresponding '000s May 2001 '000 period Short-term Visitor arrivals Trend 402.7 -1.8. . Seasonally adjusted 388.5 -7.7Original 328.0 4 695.6 9.0

KEY POINTS

- There were 328,000 short-term visitor arrivals to Australia during May 2001.
- The total number of short-term visitor arrivals for the eleven months July 2000 to May 2001 amounted to 4.7 million, an increase of 9% compared to the eleven months July 1999 to May 2000 (4.3 million).
- The trend estimate for short-term visitor arrivals has been declining since November 2000.
- New Zealand (16%) was the main source country of short-term visitor arrivals to Australia during the eleven months to May 2001, 7% more than in the eleven months to May 2000.
- Japan (14%) remained the second largest source country of short-term visitor arrivals during the eleven months to May 2001.
- Short-term visitor arrivals from China during the eleven months to May 2001 showed the fastest increase (46%) over the equivalent period ending May 2000. Both Indonesia and Canada showed the second fastest increases (22%).
- In 1999–2000, residents from the Republic of Korea (South) visiting Australia for less than a year (short-term visitor arrivals) ranked tenth in terms of the number of visitors coming from an overseas country. (For more information see the special article on page 4).

■ For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information Service on 1300 135 070, or Amanda Dobson on Canberra 02 6252 5640.

NOTES

FORTHCOMING ISSUES

Final overseas arrival and departure data for August 2000 onwards are not expected to be published before October 2001. Data from passenger cards completed by persons arriving in or departing from Australia, together with other information available to Department of Immigration and Multicultural Affairs (DIMA), serve as a source for statistics on overseas arrivals and departures. DIMA is currently automating the processing of passenger cards and ABS has yet to receive relevant data.

ISSUE	EXPECTED RELEASE DATE

 June 2001
 19 July 2001

 July 2001
 21 August 2001

 August 2001
 20 September 2001

CHANGES IN THIS ISSUE

This issue of 3401.0 contains preliminary estimates of short-term visitor arrivals in August 2000 through to May 2001. There is no final data on short-term visitor arrivals, short-term resident departures and permanent and long-term movements for these months. Only tables 1 and 6 of the standard publication are included.

TREND REVISIONS

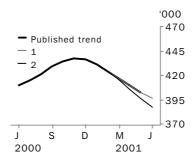
Each time new seasonally adjusted estimates become available, trend estimates of short-term arrivals are revised (see paragraphs 14 to 17 of the Explanatory Notes).

The example in the graph below shows the illustrative scenario and the consequent revisions to previous trend estimates of visitor arrivals.

The seasonally adjusted estimate for:

- 1 June visitor arrivals is 2.90% higher than May, and
- **2** June visitor arrivals is 2.90% lower than May.

VISITOR ARRIVALS



The percentage change of 2.90 was chosen because it represents the average absolute monthly percentage changes between months for visitor arrivals over the last four years.

Dennis Trewin Australian Statistician

MAIN FEATURES

SHORT-TERM MOVEMENTS

VISITOR ARRIVALS

There were an estimated 328,000 short-term visitor arrivals to Australia during May 2001 bringing the total number of visitor arrivals for the eleven months to May 2001 to 4.7 million, 9% higher than the number of overseas visitor arrivals in the eleven months to May 2000 (4.3 million).

The major source countries of short-term visitor arrivals to Australia during the eleven months to May 2001 were New Zealand (16%), Japan (14%), the United Kingdom (12%), the United States of America (10%), Singapore (5%) and Korea (3%). Comparing the eleven months to May 2001 to the corresponding period to May 2000, there were increases in the number of visitor arrivals from nine out of the ten top source countries. The number of short-term visitor arrivals from New Zealand, the main source country, increased by 7% whilst Japan and the United Kingdom, the second and third main source countries, increased by 3% and 8% respectively. The number of short-term visitor arrivals from Taiwan declined by -12%.

Of all countries, the number of short-term visitor arrivals from China showed the fastest increase (46%), followed by Indonesia and Canada (each 22%).

Of the top ten source countries for short-term visitor arrivals during the eleven months to May 2001:

748,500 short-term visitors came from New Zealand an increase of 7%, compared to the eleven months to May 2000;

676,800 came from Japan, an increase of 3%;

570,100 came from the United Kingdom, an increase of 8%;

450,200 came from the United States of America, an increase of 14%;

247,400 came from Singapore, an increase of 1%;

156,400 came from Korea, an increase of 20%;

145,200 came from Malaysia, an increase of 5%;

143,600 came from China, an increase of 46%;

141,400 came from Germany, an increase of 1%;

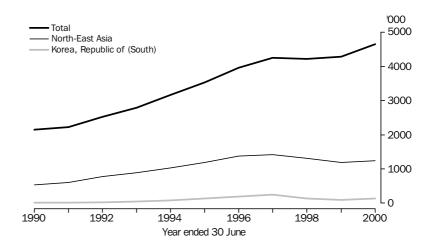
113,000 came from Taiwan, a decrease of 12%.

VISITORS FROM KOREA: THE LAST TEN YEARS

In 1999–2000, residents from the Republic of Korea (South) visiting Australia for less than a year (short-term visitor arrivals) ranked tenth in terms of the number of visitors coming from an overseas country. Over the last ten years their numbers have increased from a low of 11,900 in 1989–90 (less than 1% of all short-term visitors) to a high of 250,400 in 1996–97 (6%) only to fall to 139,300 in 1999–2000 (3%).

Over the last ten years visitor arrivals from Korea have averaged 10% of all visitors from North-East Asia, fourth behind Japan (64%) and Hong Kong and Taiwan (each 11%). North-East Asia has averaged around 31% of all short-term visitor arrivals during this period.

SHORT-TERM VISITOR ARRIVALS



SEX AND AGE

Over the last ten years, the sex ratio of short-term visitor arrivals from Korea has fluctuated from a high of 200 males per 100 females in 1989–90 to a low of 92 males in 1995–96. The sex ratio in 1999–2000 was 102 (70,400 males and 68,900 females). This is below the ratio for all short-term visitor arrivals to Australia, which in 1999–2000 was 105 males per 100 females. The high sex ratio in 1989–90 could have been contributed to by the high proportion of male visitors who arrived for business reasons. In 1995–96 the proportion of Korean males arriving for business had fallen to 9% but by 1999–2000 the proportion had risen again to 13% of all Korean male visitors.

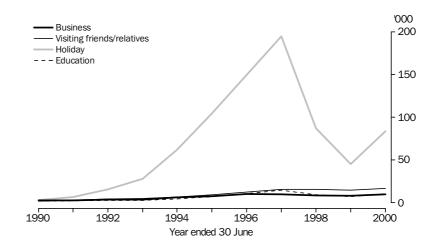
Between 1989–90 and 1996–97 the median age (the age at which half of the Korean arrivals were younger and half were older) of male visitors (41 years) tended to be younger than female visitors (45 years). By 1997–98 this trend had reversed and male visitors recorded an older median age than female visitors. In 1999–2000 the median age of male visitors from Korea was 36 years compared with 35 years for females. The peak age group has fluctuated over the ten year period, particularly for females. At the beginning of the 1990s the peak age group for males was 30–34 years while for females it was the 20–24 years. By the mid 1990s the peak age groups were 25–29 years and 55–59 years, respectively. Since 1996–97 the highest number of Korean male and female visitors were from the same age group, the 25–29 years.

VISITORS FROM KOREA: THE LAST TEN YEARS —continued

MAIN REASON FOR JOURNEY

Between 1989–90 and 1999–2000 the main reason for Korean visitors travelling to Australia was for a holiday (60% in 1999–2000). During the ten year period the number of Korean holiday visitors rose from a low of 3,300 in 1989–90 (27% of all Korean visitors) to a peak of 194,800 people in 1996–97 (78%). The next main reasons were visiting friends/relatives (12% in 1999–2000), and business and education (each 7% in 1999–2000). In 1999–2000 male visitors exceeded female visitors for business (89%) and education (53%) while female visitors exceeded male visitors for a holiday (55%) and visiting friends/relatives (57%) as their main reason for journey.

VISITORS FROM KOREA, Main Reason For Journey



INTENDED LENGTH OF STAY

The bulk of short-term visitors from Korea intended to stay in Australia for less than two weeks (75% in 1999–2000). Over the last ten years, the median duration of intended stay fluctuated between five and ten days (7 days in 1999–2000). For those coming for education the median duration of intended stay varied greatly over the ten year period from a high of 152 days in 1989–90 to a low of 31 days in the years 1993–94 and 1999–2000. The median intended duration of stay was much more consistent for the reasons of visiting friends/relatives (21 days in 1999–2000), holiday (6 days in 1999–2000) and business (7 days in 1999–2000).

STATE OF INTENDED ADDRESS

Between 1989–90 and 1999–2000, around 93% of visitors from Korea chose New South Wales (68% in 1999–2000) or Queensland (23% in 1999–2000) as their State of intended address. For all short-term visitors coming to Australia during the ten year period these two States were also the most popular destinations and averaged 71% of visitors (43% in New South Wales and 29% in Queensland).

TABLE 1. TOTAL MOVEMENT—ARRIVALS: CATEGORY OF MOVEMENT

						Short-term a	rrivals (a)		
	_	Long-term c	arrivals	Total_		('00	0)		
<u>Period</u>	Permanent arrivals Settlers	Australian residents	Overseas visitors	permanent and long-term arrivals	Australian residents	Overseas visitors (original)	Overseas visitors (Seasonally adjusted b)	Overseas visitors (Trend estimate c)	Total arrivals (a) ('000)
Year ended 31 December -									
1998	81,070	75,320	112,000	268,380	3,143.9	4,167.2			7,579.5
1999	87,140	76,130	125,730	289,000	3,226.1	4,459.5			7,974.6
2000 p	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	4,946.2	• •	• •	n.y.a.
Year ended 30 June —									
1998	77,330	84,360	103,760	265,440	3,020.1	4,220.0			7,505.5
1999	84,140	67,910	119,890	271,950	3,191.6	4,288.0			7,751.6
2000	92,270	79,650	133,200	305,120	3,299.9	4,651.8		• •	8,255.9
2000 —									
March	7,170	5,310	8,350	20,830	230.8	411.9	396.9	392.7	663.5
April	7,800	6,080	8,440	22,320	279.6	405.6	418.4	399.2	707.5
May	7,010	4,560	7,550	19,120	256.1	319.3	400.7	405.0	594.5
June	7,310	5,520	8,150	20,980	246.4	347.9	406.2	409.8	615.3
July	8,240	6,690	19,790	34,720	330.4	429.0	409.5	414.8	794.2
August p	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	368.3	398.6	421.3	n.y.a
September p	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	406.5	465.3	428.7	n.y.a
October p	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	435.6	421.6	434.7	n.y.a
November p	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	460.9	435.3	437.8	n.y.a
December p	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	565.7	444.8	436.1	n.y.a
2001 —									
January p	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	425.9	432.4	430.9	n.y.a
February p	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	438.7	419.9	423.8	n.y.a
March p	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	434.5	413.7	416.7	n.y.a
April p	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	402.6	420.7	410.1	n.y.a
May p	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	n.y.a	328.0	388.5	402.7	n.y.a

⁽a) Figures for short-term movement are based on a sample and are subject to sampling error. See paragraphs 9 and 10 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail.

⁽b) See paragraphs 14 and 15 of the Explanatory Notes.

⁽c) See paragraphs 16 and 17 of the Explanatory Notes.

TABLE 6. SHORT-TERM MOVEMENT(a) — ARRIVALS OF OVERSEAS VISITORS COUNTRY OF RESIDENCE(b)

('000)								
	Quarter en	ded		Eleven months			Month of	
	31 Marci	h		to May			May	
Country of residence(b)	2000	2001p	% change	2000	2001p	% change	2000	2001p
OCEANIA & ANTARCTICA —								
New Zealand	154.5	164.7	6.6	702.4	748.4	6.6	60.3	60.3
Total	187.6	198.7	5.9	828.4	876.6	5.8	70.2	70.2
EUROPE & THE FORMER USSR —	<u>-</u>							
Germany	41.9	44.7	6.7	104.7	141.4	0.5	7.5	7.6
Italy	12.7	11.4	-10.2	51.4	53.3	3.6	2.5	2.2
Netherlands	15.9	16.9	6.6	53.3	60.2	12.9	2.5	2.5
Sweden	11.3	11.1	-2.0	31.5	35.4	12.2	1.1	0.9
Switzerland	13.6	14.1	3.7	45.8	46.4	1.4	2.4	2.1
United Kingdom	161.9	184.5	13.9	528.3	570.1	7.9	27.2	27.0
Total	321.7	348.8	8.4	1 073.3	1 165.0	8.5	55.8	53.0
MIDDLE EAST & NORTH AFRICA	_							
Total	11.0	14.1	28.7	49.2	57.7	17.3	2.2	2.8
SOUTHEAST ASIA —								
Indonesia	26.6	26.5	-0.6	77.7	94.8	22.1	5.4	4.9
Malaysia	39.1	37.5	-3.9	138.7	145.2	4.6	14.9	17.8
Philippines	8.6	7.1	-17.6	37.0	33.4	-9.4	3.7	2.9
Singapore	58.7	59.6	1.6	244.1	247.4	1.4	21.0	23.9
Thailand	14.9	17.0	14.4	64.5	74.5	15.5	6.4	6.6
Total	153.3	153.9	0.4	579.5	615.9	6.3	52.2	57.6
NORTHEAST ASIA —								
China	30.2	49.6	64.5	98.1	143.6	46.3	9.0	11.7
Japan	192.0	195.5	1.8	657.1	676.8	3.0	51.3	48.9
Korea	44.7	48.5	8.4	129.7	156.4	20.5	10.1	12.2
Taiwan	36.7	30.3	-17.5	128.5	113.0	-12.1	10.2	10.3
Total	346.9	371.4	7.1	1 153.3	1 238.0	7.3	90.2	91.8
THE AMERICAS —								
Canada	25.1	30.4	21.4	75.9	92.6	22.0	4.4	5.2
United States of America	118.8	127.4	7.2	393.5	450.2	14.4	30.3	31.6
Total	154.7	170.2	10.0	501.5	588.1	17.3	37.0	39.3
AFRICA (excluding North Africa) —								
South Africa	13.8	16.0	15.9	53.6	63.8	19.0	3.4	3.6
Total	17.9	21.1	17.6	67.3	84.2	25.1	4.5	4.6
Total	1 207.3	1 299.1	7.6	4 305.9	4 695.6	9.0	319.3	328.0

⁽a) Figures for short-term movement are based on a sample and are subject to sampling error. See paragraphs 9 and 10 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail.

⁽b) See paragraphs 4, 6 and 7 of the Explanatory Notes.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION

SOURCE OF THE STATISTICS

- **1** This publication contains statistics of persons arriving in, and departing from, Australia, together with the major characteristics of travellers. More detailed statistics can be made available on request (see paragraph 21).
- **2** Persons arriving in, or departing from, Australia provide information in the form of incoming and outgoing passenger cards (see Appendix 1). Incoming persons also provide information in visa applications, apart from people travelling as Australian and New Zealand citizens. These and other information available to the Department of Immigration and Multicultural Affairs (DIMA) serve as a source for statistics of overseas arrivals and departures.
- **3** In July 1998, DIMA revised the incoming and outgoing passenger cards and associated procedures as well as computer systems. Following these changes, some questions on the passenger cards were not compulsory and answers to these questions were not checked by Customs officers. The question on marital status was deleted. Data on marital status is now derived from visa applications (only for certain visa classes) and is therefore not available for Australian or New Zealand citizens. The changes also affect the data for 'Previous country of residence' which is imputed for Australian and New Zealand citizens. For more information see the May 1998 issue of this publication. Since July 1998, there have been additional minor changes to both passenger cards.
- **4** The preliminary estimates of visitor arrivals by country of residence (see Table 6, page 7) are based on data from DIMA's Travel and Immigration Processing System (TRIPS). The TRIPS system produces a limited range of data, including country of citizenship, which is used by ABS to produce preliminary estimates by country of usual residence. These preliminary estimates will be revised in the next issue of this publication, when final data is available. For more information see pages 3 and 4 of the June 1997 and the September 1998 issues of this publication.
- **5** The statistics in this publication relate to the number of movements of travellers rather than the number of travellers (i.e. multiple movements of individual persons during a given reference period are each counted separately). The statistics exclude the movements of operational air and ships' crew, of transit passengers who pass through Australia but are not cleared for entry, and of passengers on pleasure cruises commencing and finishing in Australia aboard ships not then engaged on regular voyages. Similarly, these statistics exclude those persons not travelling under standard visa conditions, such as 'boat people' and the 1999 intake of Kosovo refugees.
- **6** The classification of countries in this publication is the *Australian Standard Classification of Countries for Social Statistics* (ASCCSS). For more detailed information refer to the ABS publication *Australian Standard Classification of Countries for Social Statistics* (Cat. no. 1269.0).
- **7** The statistics on country of birth, citizenship, residence or main destination have certain limitations because of reporting on passenger cards. For instance, United Kingdom includes England, Scotland and Wales. Similarly Korea includes both the Republic of Korea and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

SCOPE

COUNTRY CLASSIFICATION

EXPLANATORY NOTES

STATE AND TERRITORY CLASSIFICATION

8 Following the 1992 amendment to the *Acts Interpretation Act* to include the Indian Ocean Territories of Christmas Island and the Cocos (Keeling) Islands as part of geographic Australia, population estimates commencing with the September quarter 1993 include estimates for these two territories. To reflect this change, another category of the State/Territory classification has been created, known as Other Territories. Other Territories includes Jervis Bay Territory, Christmas Island and the Cocos (Keeling) Islands.

ESTIMATION METHOD

- **9** Overseas arrival and departure statistics are derived from a combination of full enumeration and sampling. All permanent movements and all movements with a duration of stay of one year or more are fully enumerated. All movements with a duration of stay of less than one year are sampled. Statistics relating to these movements are therefore estimates which may differ from statistics which would have been obtained if details of all these movements had been processed.
- **10** Since January 1997 variable sample skips have been used in the selection of records to be sampled. Separate skips are applied for each country of citizenship and the skips may vary for each processing month. Over a year about 3.5% of all short term movements are selected for sampling.
- **11** The statistics in this publication have been rounded to the nearest 100 for short-term movements and to the nearest 10 for permanent and long-term movements. In tables showing both short-term and permanent and long-term movements the total movements have been rounded to the nearest 100. The sums of the components may, due to rounding, not add exactly to totals.

CORRECTIONS AND

- **12** The imprecision due to sampling errors should not be confused with errors arising from imperfections in reporting, which may occur in any data collection, whether sampled or not. Every effort is made to minimise such errors, both through careful design of the passenger cards and through checks on the information once it is received. During the edit process some items are corrected where they conflict with other known information. Missing replies to certain items such as age and country of birth are also imputed by reference to other related items.
- **13** Errors of this kind differ from discrepancies arising from the fact that certain information reflects the travellers' intentions at the time the passenger cards were completed. These intentions are, of course, subject to change. Particularly affected is the distinction between permanent and temporary movement and in the latter case, length of intended stay, country in which most time will be spent and main reason for journey.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

SEASONAL ADJUSTMENT AND TREND ESTIMATES

- **14** Original and seasonally adjusted short-term overseas visitor arrivals are shown in Table 1. In the seasonally adjusted series, account has been taken of normal seasonal factors and trading day effects (arising from the varying numbers of Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays etc. in the month) and the effect of movement in the date of Easter which may, in successive years, affect figures for different months.
- 15 Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series may be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment procedures do not aim to remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month, such as the effect of major sporting and cultural events, changes in airfares and the fluctuation of \$A relative to other currencies. Irregular influences that are highly volatile can make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variation.
- **16** The trend estimates for short-term overseas visitor arrivals are shown in Table 1. These trend estimates are derived by applying a 13–term Henderson-weighted moving average to all months of the respective seasonally adjusted series except the first and last six months. Trend series are created for the last six months by applying surrogates of the Henderson weighted moving average to the seasonally adjusted series.
- **17** While this technique enables smoothed data for the latest period to be produced, it does result in revisions to the smoothed series, principally of recent months, as additional observations become available. There may also be revisions as a result of the re-estimation of the seasonal factors. For further information, see *A Guide to Interpreting Time Series—Monitoring 'Trends', an Overview* (Cat. no. 1348.0).

RELATED PUBLICATIONS

- **18** Users of these statistics may also wish to refer to the following ABS publications:
- Australian Demographic Statistics (Cat. no. 3101.0)—issued quarterly
- Migration, Australia (Cat. no. 3412.0)—issued annually
- *Tourism Indicators*, *Australia* (Cat. no. 8634.0)—issued quarterly.
- **19** Related statistics are also published by the Department of Immigration and Multicultural Affairs, the Department of Transport and Regional Services and the Bureau of Tourism Research.
- **20** Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products, Australia* (Cat. no. 1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a *Release Advice* (Cat. no. 1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. Both are available from any ABS office or the ABS website.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

ADDITIONAL STATISTICS AVAILABLE 21 As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, other relevant unpublished data are available for the following variables:

Citizenship (Nationality)

Country of birth

Age (Date of birth)

Sex

Marital status (not available for Australia or New Zealand citizens)

Category of travel

Permanent migrant

Previous/future country of residence

State of intended address/lived

Overseas visitor

Intended/actual length of stay

Main reason for journey

Country of residence

State of intended address/in which most time spent

Australian residents

Intended/actual length of stay overseas

Country spent/intend to spend most time abroad

State or Territory of intended address/State or Territory lived

Occupation (not available for short-term movements)

Country of embarkation/disembarkation

Airport/Port of arrival/departure

Arrival/departure date

Intention to live in Australia for next 12 months (not available for short-term movements)

22 This publication draws extensively on information provided by the Department of Immigration and Multicultural Affairs. This continued cooperation is very much appreciated: without it, the statistics published would not be available. Information received by the ABS is treated in strict confidence as required by the Census and Statistics Act 1905.

SYMBOLS AND OTHER USAGES

nil or rounded to zero

not applicable preliminary not available n.a. not further defined n.f.d. not yet available n.y.a.

revised

GLOSSARY

Australian resident

Australian residence is self-defined as reported by travellers when completing Incoming and Outgoing Passenger Cards.

Category of movement

Overseas Arrivals and Departures are classified according to length of stay (in Australia or overseas), recorded in months and days by travellers on passenger cards. There are three main *categories of movement*:

- permanent movements
- long-term movements
- short-term movements.

A significant number of travellers (i.e. overseas visitors to Australia on arrival and Australian residents going abroad) state exactly 12 months or one year as their intended period of stay. Many of them stay for less than that period and on their departure from, or return to, Australia are therefore classified as short-term. Accordingly in an attempt to maintain consistency between arrivals and departures, movements of travellers who report their actual or intended period of stay as being one year exactly are randomly allocated to long-term or short-term, in proportion to the number of movements of travellers who report their actual length of stay as up to one month more, or one month less, than one year.

Country of residence

Country of residence refers to the country in which travellers regard themselves as living or as last having lived.

Intended length of stay

On arrival in Australia, all overseas visitors are asked to state their 'Intended length of stay in Australia'. On departure from Australia, all Australian residents are asked to state their 'Intended length of stay overseas'.

Long-term arrivals

Long-term arrivals comprise:

- overseas visitors who intend to stay in Australia for 12 months or more (but not permanently); and
- Australian residents returning after an absence of 12 months or more overseas.

Long-term departures

Long-term departures comprise:

- Australian residents who intend to stay abroad for 12 months or more (but not permanently); and
- overseas visitors departing who stayed 12 months or more in Australia.

Main destination

Australian residents travelling overseas are asked on departure for the name of the country in which they intend to spend most time.

GLOSSARY

Main reason for journey

On arrival in, or departure from, Australia all overseas visitors and Australian residents are asked to state their main reason for journey. From September 1994, all statistics relating to *main reason for journey* have been published using the following categories:

- convention/conference
- business
- visiting friends/relatives
- holiday
- employment
- education
- other

In tabulations of data collected before September 1994, the 'Other' category includes 'In transit' and the 'Holiday' category includes both 'Student vacation' and 'Accompanying business visitor'.

State/Territory of address/lived

Overseas visitors are asked on arrival in Australia for their State of intended address. On departure from Australia overseas visitors are asked the State where they spent most time.

Australian residents are asked on departure for the State in which they live/lived. Residents returning to Australia are asked for their State of intended address.

Overseas Arrivals and Departures (OAD)

Overseas Arrivals and Departures refer to the arrival or departure of Australian residents or overseas visitors, through Australian airports (or sea ports), which have been recorded on Incoming or Outgoing Passenger Cards. Statistics on Overseas Arrivals and Departures relate to the number of movements of travellers rather than the number of travellers (i.e. the multiple movements of individual persons during a given reference period are all counted).

Permanent arrivals

Permanent arrivals (settlers) comprise:

travellers who hold migrant visas (regardless of stated intended period of stay);

- New Zealand citizens who indicate an intention to settle; and
- those who are otherwise eligible to settle (e.g. overseas born children of Australian citizens).

This definition of settlers is used by the Department of Immigration and Multicultural Affairs. Prior to 1985 the definition of settlers used by the ABS was the stated intention of the traveller only. Numerically the effect of the change in definition is insignificant. The change was made to avoid the confusion caused by minor differences between data on settlers published separately by the ABS and the Department of Immigration and Multicultural Affairs.

Permanent departures

Permanent departures are Australian residents (including former settlers) who on departure state that they intend to settle permanently in another country.

Short-term arrivals

Short-term arrivals comprise:

- overseas visitors whose intended stay in Australia is less than 12 months; and
- Australian residents returning after an absence of less than 12 months overseas.

Short-term departures

Short-term departures comprise:

- Australian residents who intend to stay abroad for less than 12 months; and
- overseas visitors departing who stayed less than 12 months in Australia.

STANDARD ERRORS

RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES

- **1** Estimates based on a sample are subject to sampling variability i.e. they may differ from those that would be obtained from full enumeration.
- **2** The sampling error associated with any estimate can be estimated from the sample results and one measure so derived is the standard error. Given an estimate and the standard error on that estimate, there are about two chances in three that the sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained from full enumeration, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. The relative standard error is the standard error on the estimate expressed as a percentage of the estimate.
- **3** It would be impractical to publish estimates of standard errors for all figures in individual tables. However, the following tables of standard errors and relative standard errors give an indication of the magnitude of the sampling error associated with any estimate of a particular size for short-term and total movement.

APPROXIMATE STANDARD ERRORS ON ESTIMATES FOR STRATIFIED SAMPLE

				OR DEPARTURE	TOTAL ARRIVALS OR DEPARTURES	
Estimated	OF AUSTR	Relative	OF OVERS	Relative	DEPARTO	Relative
number of	Standard	standard	Standard	standard	Standard	standard
persons	error	error	error	error	error	error
	no.	%	no.	%	no.	%
10 000	550	6	490	5	550	6
5 000	450	9	330	7	410	8
2 000	280	14	230	11	250	13
1 000	200	20	150	15	170	17
750	180	24	140	19	150	20
500	130	26	110	22	125	25
400	120	30	100	25	115	29
300	110	36	84	28	97	32
200	90	45	70	35	80	40
100	63	63	49	49	56	56

- **4** An example of the use of this table is as follows. If the estimate of the number of Australian resident departures for short-term visits abroad is 500, then the standard error on this estimate is 130 i.e. there are two chances in three that the actual number of Australian resident departures for short-term visits abroad will lie between 370 and 630 and nineteen chances in twenty that it will lie between 240 and 760.
- **5** The larger the size of an estimate the smaller the relative standard error. For any estimate of greater than 10,000 the relative standard error will be less than 6%.

STANDARD ERRORS

RELIABILITY OF ESTIMATES continued

- $\bf 6$ The estimate of the difference between an estimate in two different periods or between different estimates from the same period is also subject to sampling error. The standard error on the difference between any two estimates which are subject to sampling error can be approximated by using the larger standard error of the estimates inflated by a factor of 1.4.
- **7** An example of the use of this procedure is as follows. Assume the estimates of the number of arrivals to Australia from Taiwan during January 1994 and January 1995 are 1,500 and 750 respectively. The difference between the 1994 and 1995 figures is 750 and the standard errors on these estimates are approximately 190 and 140. The standard error on the difference is approximately 266 (1.4 x 190), and there are nineteen chances in twenty that the estimate of the difference between the two years will lie between 218 and 1,282.

A P P E N D I X 1 — P A S S E N G E R C A R D S (a)

Incoming passenger card • A	ustralia	YOU MUST ANSWER EVERY QUESTION – IF UNSURE, $ imes $ Yes	
PLEASE COMPLETE IN ENGLISH		► Are you bringing into Australia:	
Family/surname		Goods that may be prohibited or subject to restrictions, such as	v
► Given names		medicines, steroids, firearms, weapons of any kind or illicit drugs? 2. More than 1125ml of alcohol or 250gm of tobacco products?	Yes ☐ No ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐
▶ Passport number		Nore than 1125ml of alcohol or 250gm of tobacco products? Goods obtained overseas or purchased duty or tax free in Australia	162 100
▶ Lapshort Hinlinger		with a combined total price of more than AUD\$400, including gifts?	Yes 🗌 No 🗌
	_الــالـــا	4. Goods/samples for business/commercial use?	Yes No No
Flight number or name of ship		5. AUD\$10,000 or more in Australian or foreign currency equivalent?	Yes No No
Intended address in Australia		6. Food of any type – includes dried, fresh, preserved, cooked, uncooked	Yes No No
		 anything you can eat or cook? Wooden articles, parts of plants, traditional medicines or herbs, seeds, 	res 🗀 NO 🗀
Sta	ate , , ,	bulbs, straw, nuts?	Yes 🗌 No 🗌
▶ Do you intend to live in Australia for		8. Animals, parts of animals and products in contact with animals including	
	s 🗌 No 🗌	equipment, eggs, biologicals, specimens, birds, fish, insects, coral, shells, bees, bee products, pet food?	Yes No No
▶ If you are NOT an Australian citizen:	_	9. Soil, or articles with soil attached, i.e. sporting equipment, shoes, etc?	Yes No No
Do you suffer from tuberculosis? Yes	s 🗌 No 🗆	► 10. Have you visited a farm outside Australia in the past 30 days?	Yes No
Do you have any criminal conviction/s? Yes	s 🗌 No 🗌	▶ 11. Have you been in Africa or South America in the last 6 days?	Yes No No
DECLARATION	VOLID O	GNATURE	
The information I have given is true, correct a		GNATURE DAY MONTH YEAR	TURN OVER
complete. I understand failure to answer any			THE CARD
questions may have serious consequences.			English
INCOMING CARD BACK			
INCOMING CARD – BACK			
-			
PLEASE COMPLETE IN ENGLISH PLEASE	× AND AN	SWER A OR B OR C	
In which country did you			
board this flight or ship?	ligrating ermanent i y		sident returning
	Australia	YEARS MONTHS DAYS to A	Australia
► What is your usual occupation?		➤ Your intended length of OR ► Country	y where you
		stay in Australia spent n	nost time abroad
Nationality as shown on passport		▶ Your country of residence)
- Ivacionality as shown on passport		➤ Your main reason for coming to Australia (X one only)	
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(a) Revised card used from November 1999, see paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Explanatory Notes for information on passenger card changes.

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