

## **AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS**

**CANBERRA** 

# THE LABOUR FORCE AUSTRALIA

OCTOBER 1984
(Including statistics of the labour force status of families)

PHONE INQUIRIES	for more information about these statistics—contact Mr Alan Sharp on Canberra (062) 52 6525 or any of our State offices.
	other inquiries including copies of publications—contact Information Services on Canberra (062) 52 6627 or in any of our State offices.
MAIL INQUIRIES	write to Information Services, ABS, P.O. Box 10, Belconnen, A.C.T. 2616 or any of our State offices.

### CATALOGUE NO. 6203.0

### EMBARGOED UNTIL 11.30 A.M. 29 NOVEMBER 1984

### THE LABOUR FORCE, AUSTRALIA, OCTOBER 1984

### **CONTENTS**

1 abie		Page
	Explanatory notes	1
• •	Graphs	7
	Labour force status of the civilian population aged 15 and over-	
1.	Australia	12
2.	Seasonally adjusted series	14
3.	Marital status	15
4.	States and Territories	15
<b>5</b> .	State capital cities	16
6.	Australian Capital Territory	16
7.	Aged 15 to 19 (single years), by school attendance	17
8.	Aged 20 to 24 (single years)	17
9.	Birthplace	18
10.	Born outside Australia, by birthplace and period of arrival	19
11.	Age	19
12.	Participation rates, by age and birthplace	20
	Employed persons—	
13.	Full-time and part-time workers, by age	20
14.	Hours worked	21
15.	Employment/population ratios by age and marital status	21
16.	Full-time workers who worked less than 35 hours, by reason	. 21
17.	Part-time workers, whether preferred to work more hours, by age	22
18.	Part-time workers, whether preferred to work more hours, by hours worked	22
	Unemployed persons—	
19.	States, by age	. 23
20.	Aged 15 to 19: duration of unemployment and school attendance	23
21.	Age and whether looking for full-time or part-time work	24
22.	Birthplace by age	24
23.	Duration of unemployment and age, etc.	25
24.	Industry and occupation of last full-time job and duration of unemployment	26
25.	Age and active steps taken to find work	27
	Persons not in the labour force—	
26.	Age and marital status	27
27.	Whether looking for work, etc.	27
	The second secon	21

### CONTENTS—continued

Table		Page
	Gross flows—	
28.	Estimates of labour force status and gross changes (flows) derived from matched records, September and October 1984	28
	Family status of the civilian population aged 15 and over-	
<b>29</b> .	Summary table	29
30.	Labour force status	30
	All families, by type of family—	
31.	Number of family members, and employment status	31
32.	Number of children aged 0-14 present, and labour force status	32
	Technical note—	
	Estimation procedure	33
	Reliability of the estimates	33
	Supplementary and special surveys on labour force and related topics	33

#### **EXPLANATORY NOTES**

#### Introduction

This publication contains estimates of the civilian labour force derived from the labour force survey part of the monthly population survey. Estimates of the labour force characteristics of family members and of family composition are also included.

- 2. Preliminary survey results are published in advance of this more detailed publication in *The Labour Force*, Australia, Preliminary (6202.0).
- 3. Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of specific data on demographic and labour force characteristics of the population, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force or of other subjects are carried out from time to time. Statistics from these surveys are published and are available on request. A list of survey publications on labour force and related topics is shown later in this publication.

### The population survey

4. The population survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (about 33,000 houses, flats, etc.) and non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.), and covers about two-thirds of one per cent of the population of Australia. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by carefully chosen and specially trained interviewers. The interviews are generally conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Monday between the 6th and 12th of each month. Because of operational problems arising from the Christmas and New Year holidays, interviews for the December 1983 survey commenced on Monday 5 December. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e. the survey week).

#### Scope

- 5. The labour force survey includes all persons aged 15 and over except:
  - (a) members of the permanent defence forces;
  - (b) certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations;
  - (c) overseas residents in Australia; and
  - (d) members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependents) stationed in Australia.

#### **Definitions**

- 6. The labour force category to which a person is assigned depends on his actual activity (i.e. whether working, looking for work, etc.) during the survey week. The following definitions, which conform closely to the international standard definitions specified by the International Labour Organisation (ILO), relate only to those persons within the scope of the survey.
- 7. Employed persons comprise all those aged 15 and over who, during the survey week:

- (a) worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (including employees, employers and self-employed persons); or
- (b) worked for 15 hours or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. unpaid family helpers); or
- (c) were employees who had a job but were not at work and were: on paid leave; on leave without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week; stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week; on strike or locked out; on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job; or receiving wages or salary while undertaking full-time study; or
- (d) were employers or self-employed persons who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.
- 8. The *employment/population ratio* for any group is the number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group.
- 9. Unemployed persons are those aged 15 and over who were not employed during the survey week, and
  - (a) had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the survey week and:
    - (i) were available for work in the survey week, or would have been available except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than four weeks to the end of the survey week);
    - (ii) were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the survey week and would have started in the survey week if the job had been available then;
- or (b) were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week (including the whole of the survey week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown.
- 10. Actively looking for work includes writing, telephoning or applying in person to an employer for work; answering a newspaper advertisement for a job; checking factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards; being registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service; checking or registering with any other employment agency; advertising or tendering for work; and contacting friends or relatives. The active steps were asked in the order shown in the table in this

publication showing unemployed persons classified by active steps taken, and since only one response was recorded for each person asked this particular question, the estimates do not reflect the relative importance of the steps taken to find work.

- 11. Unemployed persons looking for first job are those who had never worked full time for two weeks or more.
- 12. The unemployment rate for any group is the number unemployed expressed as a percentage of the labour force (i.e. employed plus unemployed) in the same group.
- 13. Duration of unemployment is the period from the time the person began looking for work or was laid off to the end of the survey week. Thus the survey measures current (and continuing) periods of unemployment rather than completed spells. For persons who may have begun looking for work while still employed, the duration of unemployment is defined as the period from the time the person last worked full time for two weeks or more to the end of the survey week. Periods of unemployment are recorded in complete weeks and this results in a slight understatement of duration. Average (mean) duration is the duration obtained by dividing the aggregate number of weeks a group has been unemployed by the number of persons in that group. Median duration is the duration which divides unemployed persons into two equal groups, one comprising persons whose duration of unemployment is above the median and the other, persons whose duration is below it.
- 14. Unemployed persons classified by industry and occupation. Unemployed persons who had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years are classified according to the industry and occupation of their most recent full-time job. Unemployment rates by industry and occupation are only available for February, May, August and November.
- 15. The *labour force* comprises all persons who, during the survey week, were employed or unemployed, as defined above.
- 16. The labour force participation rate for any group is the labour force expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group. Because it is not practicable to ascertain the birthplace of persons in institutions (who are classified as not in the labour force), labour force participation rates for persons classified by birthplace are calculated by using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.
- 17. Full-time workers are those who usually work 35 hours or more a week and others who, although usually part-time workers, worked 35 hours or more during the survey week. Part-time workers are those who usually work less than 35 hours a week and who did so during the survey week. When recording hours of work, fractions of an hour are disregarded.
- 18. Hours of work. The figures of aggregate hours and of average hours refer to actual hours worked during the survey week, not hours paid for. The figures may be affected by public holidays, leave, absenteeism; temporary absence from work due to sickness, injury, accident and industrial disputes; and stoppages of work due to bad weather, plant breakdown, etc. When hours of work are

recorded, fractions of an hour are disregarded and this results in slightly lower figures than would be the case if actual time worked was recorded. Persons stood down for the whole of the survey week without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment are regarded as employed and therefore are included (working no hours) in the calculation of average hours worked. Persons stood down in the survey week for reasons other than bad weather and plant breakdown and waiting to be called back to their job are regarded as unemployed and are therefore excluded from the calculations.

- 19. Persons attending school comprise those aged 15 to 20 who, during the survey week, were enrolled full time at secondary or high schools. Excluded are persons who were enrolled at universities, colleges of advanced education, technical colleges, other tertiary educational institutions, and coaching and business schools. Persons attending school are classified as in the labour force if they were employed or unemployed as defined above. Because it is not practicable to ascertain from persons in institutions (who are classified as not in the labour force) whether or not they are enrolled at secondary or high schools, such persons are excluded from estimates classified by school attendance.
- 20. Persons not in the labour force are those who, during the survey week, were not in the categories employed or unemployed, as defined above. They include persons who were keeping house (unpaid), attending an educational institution (school, university, etc.), retired, voluntarily inactive, permanently unable to work, inmates of institutions (hospitals, gaols, sanatoria, etc.), trainee teachers, members of contemplative religious orders, and persons whose only activity during the survey week was jury service or unpaid voluntary work for a charitable organisation. Specific surveys of persons not in the labour force indicate that a number want to work but are not classified as unemployed because they were not actively looking for work and/or were not available to begin work in the survey week. Included in this group are the discouraged jobseekers and other persons marginally attached to the labour force.
- 21. In the labour force survey, persons are classified as married or not married. Marital status is determined from information supplied by the respondent about the individual himself or herself and, where the person was reported as being married, about the living arrangements of persons usually resident in the household. Marital status does not therefore necessarily reflect legal status. Persons are classified as married if they are reported as being married (including de facto) and their spouse was a usual resident of the household at the time of the survey. The not-married category includes persons who have never married, or are separated, widowed or divorced, as well as those who, although reported as being married, did not have a spouse who usually lived in the household. Persons who live in a de facto relationship but do not volunteer this information when asked whether they are married are classified as not married. For discontinuities in estimates of marital status, see paragraph 34.

- 22. The determination of family relationships and composition is complex, involving many factors. The following description outlines the major principles used for this survey. A family is defined to consist of two or more related persons usually resident in the same household at the time of the survey. A family comprises a married couple or a family head (as defined in paragraph 24) together with any persons having any of the following relationships to them:
  - (a) sons or daughters of any age, if not married and with no children of their own present;
  - (b) other relatives if not accompanied by a spouse, sons or daughters, or parents of their own; or
  - (c) any children under 15 years of age who do not have a parent present.
- 23. The following points should be noted in relation to the definition of a family in the previous paragraph:
  - (a) the term relationship includes relationships by blood, marriage or adoption;
  - (b) a family, as defined, can contain no more than two married persons, and can contain two married persons only if these persons are husband and wife (referred to as married-couple families);
  - (c) other families are families other than marriedcouple families as defined above. From the definition of married and not married in paragraph 21 it can be seen that the heads of other families must, by definition, be not married. In addition to one-parent families, this category includes families in which there is no parent, for example a family head living with a brother or sister;
  - (d) persons are defined as not a member of a family if they are not related to any other member of the household in which they are living. A person is considered to be living alone if he or she is the sole member of a household. Thus, a person who is the sole occupant of a self-contained flat attached to another dwelling is considered to be living alone;
  - (e) the terms usually reside and present are synonomous, and refer to persons who were identified by the respondent as usual residents of the household at the time of the survey.
- 24. The family head of an other family is the parent in the case of a one-parent family or, in the case of other groups of related persons, it is generally defined to be the eldest person in the family. No family head is defined for a married-couple family.
- 25. The February, May, August and November issues of this publication include a table showing estimates of employed persons, obtained from the labour force survey, classified by status of worker i.e. whether they were employers, self-employed persons, wage and salary earners (employees), or unpaid family helpers (who worked 15 hours or more in the survey week).

- 26. Industry is classified according to the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC) 1978 (1201.0 and 1202.0) and occupation according to the Classification and Classified List of Occupations, Revised November 1980.
- 27. The areas determining the six State capital cities are the Statistical Divisions for those capital cities defined in Census of Population and Housing 1976, Population and Dwellings in Local Government Areas and Urban Centres (Preliminary) (2401.0-2408.0). Capital City Statistical Divisions are predominantly urban in character and the boundaries are delineated to contain the anticipated urban development of the capital cities (and associated urban centres) for a period of at least 20 years.

### Population benchmarks

28. Labour force survey estimates of persons employed, unemployed and not in the labour force are calculated in such a way as to add up to the independently estimated distribution of the population aged 15 and over by age and sex. This procedure compensates for under-enumeration in the survey, and leads to more reliable estimates. The independent population statistics (benchmarks) are the latest available estimates at the time the labour force survey is conducted, but they usually differ from the official population estimates subsequently published in Australian Demographic Statistics Quarterly (3101.0) because they are necessarily derived from incomplete information about population changes.

#### Revision of series

- 29. Survey estimates are not revised for the usually small amendments of population benchmarks arising from new data on deaths and overseas and internal migration. Revisions are made, however, after each census of population and housing, and when population estimation bases are reviewed. Survey estimates back to February 1978 have been recalculated to conform to revised population estimates which take account of results of the 1981 Census. Revised estimates back to February 1978 were published in an appendix to the February 1984 issue of this publication. The next issue of The Labour Force, Australia (6204.0) planned for release early next year, will contain more detailed cross-classifications of revised estimates back to February 1978.
- Following the change in official population estimates to a place of usual residence basis after the 1981 Census, the population benchmarks used in the estimation of labour force survey data are compiled according to place of usual residence. For an explanation of the new conceptual basis of population estimates see Population Estimates: An outline of The New Conceptual Basis of ABS Population Estimates (3216.0). To coordinate with the new benchmarks, the labour force survey questionnaire was changed in October 1982 to enable identification of each respondent's place of usual residence. The estimates shown in this publication are thus wholly according to place of usual residence. Prior to October 1982, the estimates are based on a combination of place of enumeration and place of usual residence. Persons who are away overseas from their usual residence for less than six weeks at the time of interview are generally enumerated at their usual residence when relevant information can be obtained from other usual residents

present at the time of the survey. Persons who, at the time of interview, are overseas for six weeks or more but for less than twelve months are included in the estimates on the assumption that their labour force characteristics are similar to those of the persons responding in the survey.

- 31. Until February 1978, surveys were conducted in February, May, August and November each year from 1964. From February 1978 the survey has been conducted on a monthly basis. A revised questionnaire was introduced for the February 1978 survey. The questionnaire, which had undergone little change since 1964, except for the inclusion in 1975 of additional questions on jobseeking, was revised to provide more accurate and more detailed information concerning the labour force.
- 32. Details of the changes made to the questionnaire in February 1978 and additional minor amendments made in November 1981 are contained in the March 1978 and December 1981 issues (respectively) of Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey (6232.0). As noted in paragraph 30, the questionnaire was further changed in October 1982 to enable identification of each respondent's place of usual residence. Questions enabling identification of family relationships within households were also included at that time. Details are contained in the August 1984 issue of the Information Paper (6232.0).

### Comparability of series

- 33. As noted in paragraphs 29 and 30, estimates from February 1978 have been revised to conform to revised population estimates and are thus not strictly comparable with estimates for periods prior to February 1978 which have not been revised. The appendix to the February 1984 issue of this publication contains adjustment factors enabling users to calculate the expected effect of the revisions to estimates for periods prior to February 1978.
- 34. Paragraph 21 outlines the definition of marital status now used in the labour force survey. In conjunction with the revision of estimates back to February 1978 to conform to revised population estimates, a revision to take account of the new definition of marital status was also applied. Consequently, estimates of marital status contained in this publication are not comparable with estimates published before the February 1984 issue of this publication which classified as married all respondents who reported that they were married or separated. The revision to the marital status classification was undertaken in two parts. Firstly, for all surveys from February 1978, persons who reported that they were separated, were reclassified as not married. Secondly, from June 1983 onwards, in addition to including persons reported as separated, the not-married category includes persons who although reported as married, did not, at the time of the survey, have a spouse who was a usual resident of the household.

### Survey sample

- 35. For detailed information on sample design and selection see the Technical note in *The Labour Force*, Australia, 1978 (6204.0).
- 36. The population survey sample is reselected every five years to allow data from the latest census of population and housing to be used to improve the efficiency of the population survey sample design. The latest reselection, which used data from the 1981 Census, was introduced for the October 1982 survey.

37. The sampling fraction differs for States and Territories. This is designed to enable estimates of reasonable accuracy to be produced from all States and Territories as well as for Australia. Sampling fractions for each State and Territory are as follows: New South Wales and Victoria, 1 in 200; Queensland, 1 in 140; Western Australia, South Australia, Northern Territory and Australian Capital Territory, 1 in 100; and Tasmania, 1 in 60.

### Reliability of the estimates

- 38. Estimates in this publication are subject to two sources of error:
  - (a) sampling error: since the estimates are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. More information on this topic is given in the Technical note.
  - (b) non-sampling error: inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents and interviewers and errors made in the coding and processing of data. These inaccuracies may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

### Differences between population census and population survey estimates

- 39. The results of the 1981 Census of Population and Housing show that labour force figures derived from the census differ from estimates derived from the labour force surveys.
- 40. The broad concepts underlying the measures of the labour force and its components, employment and unemployment, are similar in the census and the survey. However there are considerable differences in both the collection methodology adopted (including the detailed questions asked) and estimation procedures. Factors contributing to differences in estimates include underenumeration in the population census for which census labour force estimates have not been adjusted, the use in the labour force survey of population benchmarks derived from incomplete information about population change (see paragraph 28), the inclusion of permanent defence forces in census estimates, the personal interview approach adopted in the survey as opposed to selfenumeration of census schedules, differing questions used to determine labour force characteristics (particularly the identification of unemployed persons) and, differing methods of adjustment for non-response to the survey or census.
- 41. The labour force survey provides detailed and upto-date estimates of employment and unemployment for Australia and States, whereas the census of population and housing provides less detailed counts for small areas.
- 42. These considerations should be borne in mind if comparisons are made between population census and labour force survey estimates.

### Seasonal adjustment

- 43. Seasonally adjusted series are published in Table 2. As happens with all seasonally adjusted series, the seasonal factors are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year's original data. The latest review, in February 1984, revised the monthly series back to February 1978. Information about the method of adjustment and revised seasonally adjusted figures for all months since February 1978 were published in an appendix to the February 1984 issue of this publication.
- 44. The large increase in unemployment in 1982 and 1983 may have been accompanied by a change in the seasonal pattern. It would not be possible to quantify any such change adequately until some additional years' data are available. Particular care should therefore be exercised in interpreting current movements in these seasonally adjusted estimates.

### **Gross flows**

- 45. In order to minimise respondent burden and at the same time maintain continuity within the population survey sample, one eighth of the dwellings in the sample (except the large non-private dwellings) are replaced after each survey. Adoption of this rotation procedure, whereby about seven eighths of the sample remains unchanged from one month to the next, enables more reliable measurements of changes in the labour force characteristics of the population to be made than would be possible if a new sample were introduced each month.
- 46. Because a high proportion of private dwellings selected in one survey remains in the sample for the following survey, it is possible to match the characteristics of most of the persons in those dwellings from one month to the next, to record any changes that occur, and hence to produce estimates of *flows* between the different categories of the population and labour force.
- 47. The procedures used to select persons in non-private dwellings preclude the possibility of matching any of them who may be included in successive surveys. For this and other reasons, including the mobility of the population and non-response in either or both surveys, about 10 per cent of persons in those dwellings which are included in the sample in successive months cannot be matched. Those who can be matched represent about 80 per cent of all persons in the survey.
- 48. Changes in the characteristics of this latter group are shown in the gross flows table. About one half of the remaining (unmatched) 20 per cent of persons in the survey are likely to have characteristics similar to those in the matched group, but the characteristics of the other half are likely to be somewhat different.
- 49. Gross flow estimates relate only to those persons in private dwellings for whom information was obtained in successive surveys. The expansion factors used in calculating the estimates were those applying to the second of each pair of months.

- 50. Although it is not possible to provide gross flow estimates for all persons in the survey it is considered that the estimates derived from matched records will be a useful guide to the magnitude of the movements between categories which underlie the changes in monthly levels. When comparing flows for different periods it is important to take into account the population represented by the matched sample, as shown in the last line of the table.
- 51. While every effort is made to reduce non-sampling errors to a minimum, any such errors affecting labour force status will tend to accumulate in the gross flow statistics rather than to cancel out. The estimates are also subject to sampling variability, as explained in the Technical note. For these reasons the estimates of flows should be used with caution. The standard errors may be obtained from Table A of the Technical note.
- 52. Estimates of total flows into or out of the employed category may be less than the sum of the estimates for employed full time and employed part time as the estimates for the latter two categories include movements between these two categories.

### Labour force status and other characteristics of families

- 53. As a part of survey procedures, family relationships are determined each month, enabling both the estimation of persons cross-classified by their family status and the estimation of families. This publication contains tables showing the labour force status and family status of individuals and families classified by family type, number of family members, number of children aged 0-14 present and the labour force status of persons within families.
- 54. Because of the coverage rules of the population survey which associate persons with particular dwellings so that each person has an equal chance of selection in the survey, persons who usually live with other members of their family may, at the time of the survey, be enumerated as not living with all the usual members of their family. This situation is more likely for persons who are enumerated as visitors to other private dwellings or as persons staying in non-private dwellings (hotels, caravan parks, hospitals, etc.). The determination of family structure and family characteristics in such cases is most difficult. Thus, family information was not obtained for the following persons:
  - (a) all persons enumerated in non-private dwellings (including hotels, motels, hospitals and other institutions); and
  - (b) persons enumerated as visitors to (rather than usual residents of) private dwellings.
- 55. In addition, in those private dwellings where it was not possible to obtain information relating to all the usual residents, no family information was recorded. Thus the family characteristics of persons living in families which include a member of the permanent defence forces, who is outside the scope of the population

survey, are not determined because family information could not be obtained from each usual resident. Similarly families which at the time of the survey have one or more of their members away from the usual residence, are also excluded from family determination. A summary of those persons for whom family information was obtained as well as those usual residents of private dwellings for whom complete family information could not be obtained, and those persons specifically excluded from the family determination procedures is contained in the family tables. Generally, family status is determined for more than 90 per cent of all civilians aged 15 and over.

56. Additional and more detailed family information can be found in the annual publication Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families (6224.0) of which July 1983 in the most recent release. Users should note that in the more detailed family estimates released annually, the classifications with and without dependent children present are used to describe types of individuals or families. Dependent children comprise all family members aged 0-14 and all family members aged 15 to 20 who are full-time students. The family data contained in this publication are classified by with or without children aged 0-14 present rather than by with or without dependent children present.

#### Additional data

57. Estimates for employed persons classified by industry, occupation and status of worker are available each February, May, August and November, and the following tables are published in issues of this publication for those months.

Employed persons—
Industry and occupation—
Full-time and part-time workers
Status of worker
Age and birthplace
Hours worked
Industry by occupation
Industry subdivisions
Major and minor occupation groups

58. Other unpublished data from labour force surveys, including more detailed cross-classifications of revised estimates back to February 1978, are available on request.

### Related publications

59. Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which relate to the labour force and are available on request:

The Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (6202.0)—issued monthly

The Labour Force, New South Wales (6201.1)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, Victoria (6201.2)—issued monthly The Labour Force, Queensland (6201.3)—issued quarterly The Labour Force, South Australia (6201.4)—issued quarterly

Tasmania's Labour Force, 1976 to 1982—paper issued by ABS Tasmanian Office, November 1982

Labour Statistics, Australia, 1982 (6101.0)

Job Vacancies, Australia (6231.0)—issued quarterly

Information Paper: Questionnaires used in the Labour Force Survey, August 1984 (6232.0)

Employed Wage and Salary Earners, Australia (6248.0)—issued quarterly

Overtime, Australia (6330.0)—issued quarterly

Persons not in the Labour Force, Australia (6220.0)—issued twice-yearly

Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families (6224.0)—issued annually

Information Paper: New Statistical Series: Employment, Average Weekly Earnings, Job Vacancies and Overtime (6256.0)

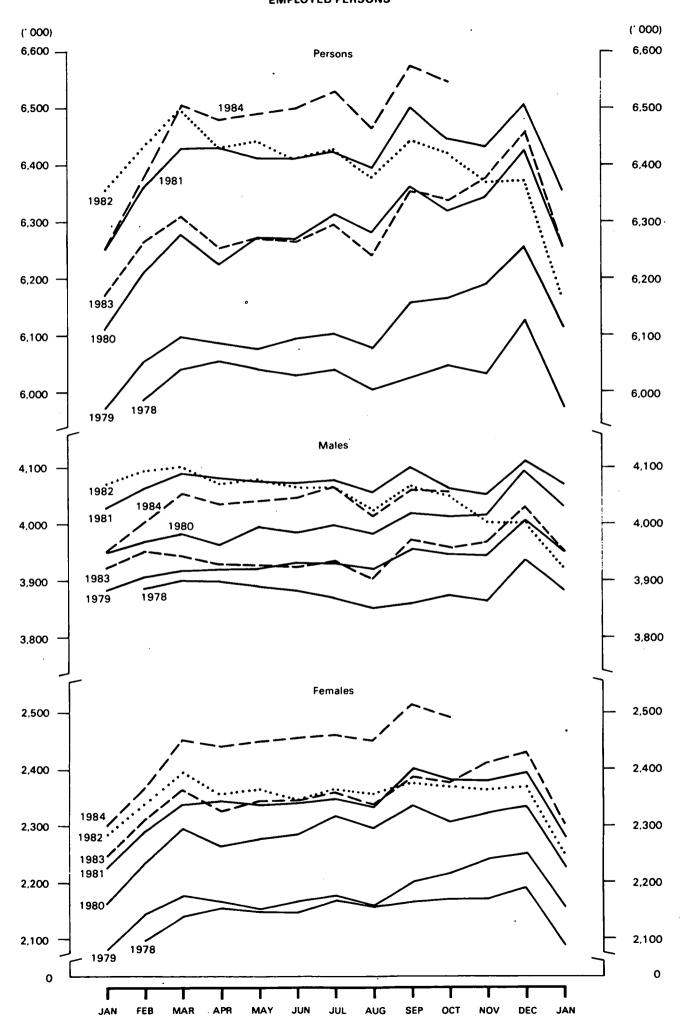
Social Indicators No. 3 1980 (4101.0)

60. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the Catalogue of Publications, Australia (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a Publications Advice (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

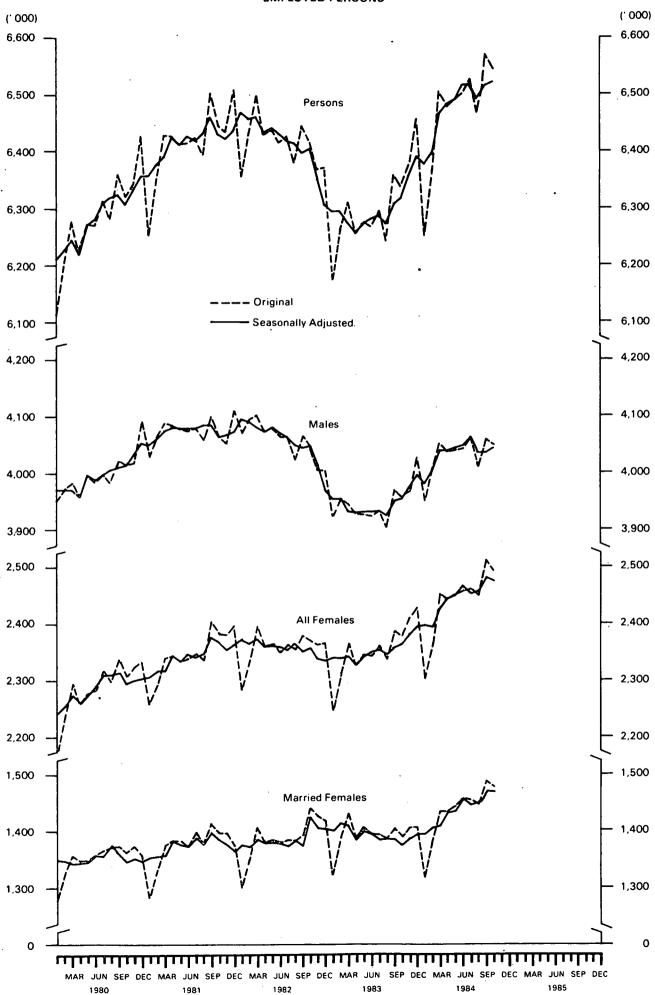
### Symbols and other usages

- subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See paragraph 6 of the Technical note
- n.a. not available
- .. not applicable
- n.e.c. not elsewhere classified
- 61. Figures have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

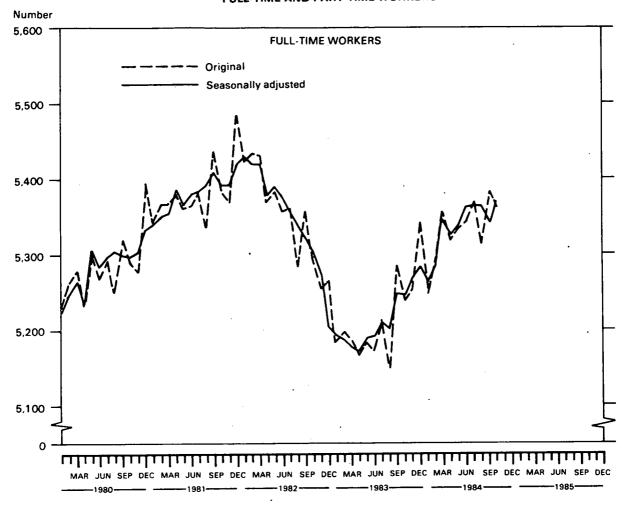
R. J. CAMERON Australian Statistician

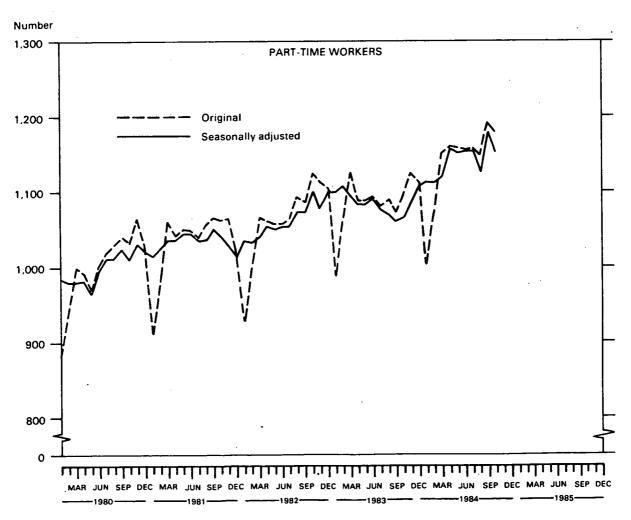


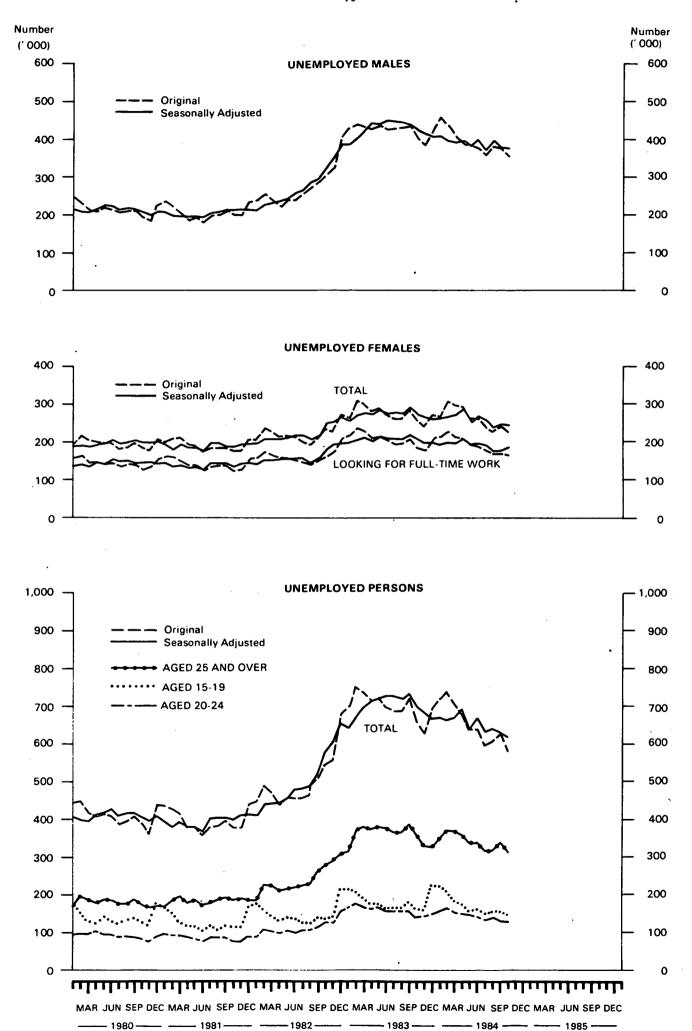


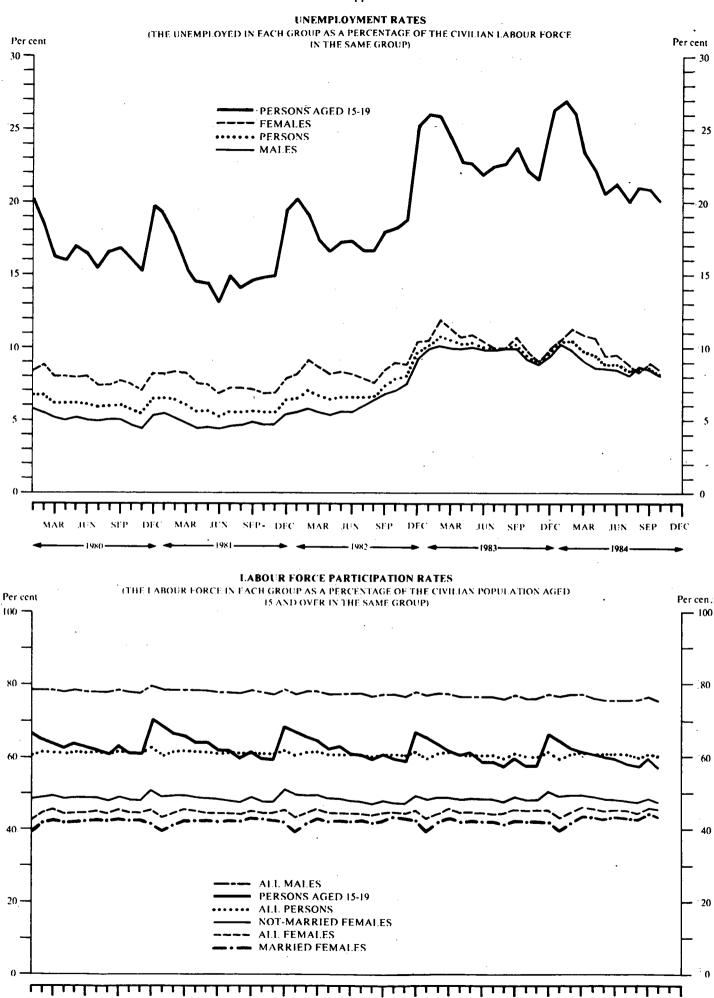


### **FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS**









SEP DEC MAR JUN SEP DEC MAR JUN SEP DEC MAR JUN SEP DEC

MAR JUN SEP DEC MAR JUN

- 1980-

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER

Unemployed

			Looking for	ork .							•
	Employed		Aged 15-19 'looking		Looking for part-				Civilian popula-		
	Pull-time		for		part- time		Labour	Not in labour	tion aged 15	Unemp-	Partici-
Month	vorkers	Total	first job	Total	work	Total	force	force	and over	loyment rate	pation rate
				•	- 1000	-				- pe	r cent -
					MALES						
1983 -											
September	3,740.1	3,971.7	30.6	410.3	24 7						
October	3,714.2	3,958.5	32.9	384.5	24.7 16.3	435.0	4,406.7 4,359.3	1,314.5 1,369.5	5,721.2	9.9	77.0
November	3,719.3	3,966.7	30.5	365.5	20.4	385.9	4,352.6	1,383.6	5,728.9 5,736.2	9.2 8.9	76.1
December	3,781.9	4,028.2	57.4	391.3	28.4	419.8	4,448.0	1,295.6	5,743.6	9.4	75.9 77.4
1984 -									•		, ,,,,,
January	3,716.3	3,949.6	53.0	424.0	28.5	452.5	4,402.1	1,350.0			
February	3,767.0	4,000.3	48.5	413.2	22.7	435.8	4,436.2	1,324.1	5,752.1 5,760.2	10.3 9.8	76.5 77.0
March April	3,809.0	4,052.3	36.8	380.0	24.7	404.7	4,457.1	1,311.3	5,768.4	9.1	77.3
Hay	3,781.2	4,036.6	33.4	364.3	21.3	385.6	4,422.2	1,353.8	5,776.0	8.7	76.6
June	3,791.4 3,797.7	4,039.3	30.3	356.5	25.7	382.2	4,421.5	1,362.2	5,783.7	8.6	76.4
July	3,807.7	4,042.1 4,064.5	29.1 27.0	349.7	25.3	375.0	4,417.2	1,374.1	5,791.3	8.5	76.3
August	3,767.3	4,012.4	30.3	339.9 359.0	17.9 22.5	357.8	4,422.3	1,375.9	5,798.2	8.1	76.3
September	3,804.2	4.059.1	29.2	349.1	27.7	381.5 376.8	4,393.9 4.435.8	1,411.5	5,805.4	8.7	75.7
October	3,798.8	4,051.0	26.4	326.1	25.0	351.2	4,402.2	1,376.5 1,417.9	5,812.3 5,820.1	8.5 8.0	76.3 75.6
•									•		
Standard error of - October 1984											
estimates	13.7	14.0	2.2	6.1	2.2						
Sept 84 to Oct 84			4	0.1	2.2	6.3	14.3	10.2	• •	0.1	0.2
movements	9.6	9.8	2.3	5.1	2.2	5 - 2	10.0	7.5		0.1	0.2
					•						
				нл	RRIED PE	MALES				,	
1983 -											
September	782.1	1,405.1	•	70.0	44.2	114.2	1,519.3	2,033.6	1		
October	766.9	1,388.1	•	59.6	42.7	102.3	1,490.4	2,048.7	3,552.9 3,539.1	7.5	42.8
November	770.0	1,407.3	*	55.8	36.1	91.9	1,499.2	2,034.5	3,533.7	6.9 6.1	42.1 42.4
December	780.2	1,406.0	•	54.9	31.9	86.8	1,492.8	2,046.0	3,538.8	5.8	42.2
1984 -									•		
January	768.9	1,318.5		53.1	26.9	80.0	1,398.5	2 146 0			
Pebruary	764.4	1,378.0	*	62.8	41.0	103.8	1,481.8	2,146.9	3,545.4 3,542.4	5.7	39.4
March .	773.1	1,433.1	*	70.6	46.2	116.8	1,549.9	1,986.7	3,536.6	7.0 7.5	41.8 43.8
April Hay	771.8	1,433.1	•	66.4	45.5	111.9	1.545.0	1,999.8	3,544.8	7.2	43.6
nay June	777.3	1,443.3	*	57.2	39.4	96.6	1,539.9	2,027.0	3,566.9	6.3	43.2
July	786.4 790.7	1,454.5	•	59.9	40.4	100.3	1,554.8	2,022.1	3,577.0	6.4	43.5
August	786.9	1,455.3	:	52.5	35.9	88.4	1,543.7	2,033.9	3,577.6	5.7	43.1
September	808.1	1,489.1		51.0 53.3	34.4 43.3	85.3	1,531.8	2,047.2	3,579.1	5.6	42.8
October	799.6	1,480.3	*	53.6	35.9	96.6 89.5	1,585.7 1,569.8	2,004.6 2,025.6	3,590.3 3,595.4	6.1 5.7	44.2 43.7
Standard error of -											
October 1984											
estimates	8.4	10.3	0.2	3.0							
Sept 84 to Oct 84			0.2	3.0	2.6	3.7	10.5	11.4	••	0.2	0.3
novements	6.5	7.6	0.6	2.8	2.6	3.4	7.7	8.2	• •	0.2	0.2
						•			••	0.2	0.2

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER (continued)

			Looking for full-time	ork							
	Employed		Aged 15-19	I	Looking				Civilian popula-		
			looking		part-			Not in	tion	Unemp-	Partici-
	Full-time		for		time		Labour	labour	aged 15	loyment	pation
Month	vorkers	Total	first job	Total	work	Total	force	force	and over	rate	rate
				-	1000	•				→ pe	r cent -
					ALL PEMAI						
				•	LL PERA	.65					
1983 -											
September	1,545.8	2,386.5	33.6	208.8	77.2	285.9	2,672.4	3,229.6	5,902.0	10.7 9.6	45.3 44.5
October November	1,526.3 1.534.0	2,377.6	27.8 27.2	183.0 176.7	69.3 62.2	252.3 238.9	2,630.0 2,649.7	3,279.5 3,267.3	5,909.4 5,917.0	9.0	44.8
December	1,560.6	2,428.2	52.4	210.1	60.2	270.2	2,698.4	3,226.1	5,924.5	10.0	45.6
1984 - January	1,533.1	2,303.0	48.2	212.9	54.0	266.9	2,569.9	3,363.2	5.933.1	10.4	43.3
February	1,528.6	2,365.7	51.7	228.6	73.7	302.3	2,668.0	3,273.6	5,941.6	11.3	44.9
Harch	1,546.3	2,451.9	37.5	212.1	84.2	296.3	2,748.2	3,201.9	5,950.1	10.8	46.2
April	1,537.8	2,442.4	32.1	207.7	83.5	291.2	2,733.5	3,224.5	5,958.1	10.7	45.9
May	1,541.8	2,451.2	29.4	192.7	62.1	254.8	2,706.1	3,260.1	5,966.1	9.4	45.4
June	1,545.4	2,456.6	30.3	189.5	69.5	259.1	2,715.7	3,258.4	5,974.1	9.5 8.8	45.5 45.1
July August	1,561.2 1,547.5	2,461.6	28.1 25.9	175.3 165.1	62.5 57.9	237.8 223.1	2,699.5 2,673.0	3,281.9 3,315.5	5,981.3 5,988.5	8.3	44.6
September	1,578.7	2,513.8	26.2	168.9	75.6	244.5	2,758.4	3,237.4	5,995.7	8.9	46.0
October	1,565.8	2,493.6	22.3	163.6	64.1	227.7	2,721.2	3,281.9	6,003.2	8.4	45.3
									•		
Standard error of ~											
October 1984											
estimates	10.5	12.1	2.1	4.7	3.3	5.4	12.4	13.1	• •	0.2	0.2
Sept 84 to Oct 84	7.7	8.7	2.2	4.1	3.1	4.6	8.9	9.3		0.2	0.1
movements	,.,	0.,	22	•••		7.0	0.,	,,,	••	0.1	···
					PERSON	s			•		
1983 -								•			
September	5,285.9	6,358.2	64.1	619.0	101.9	720.9	7,079.1	4,544.1	11,623.2	10.2	60.9
October	5,240.6	6,336.2	60.7	567.5	85.6	653.1	6,989.3	4,649.0	11,638.3	9.3	60.1
November	5,253.3	6,377.5	57.7	542.1	82.6	624.7	7,002.3	4,650.9	11,653.2	8.9	60.1
December	5,342.5	6,456.4	109.8	601.4	88.6	690.0	7,146.4	4,521.7	11,668.1	9.7	61.3
1984 -											
January	5,249.4	6,252.6	101.2	636.9	82.5	719.4	6,972.0	4,713.2	11,685.2	10.3	59.7
February	5,295.6	6,366.0	100.1	641.8	96.4	738.2	7,104.2	4,597.6	11,701.8	10.4	60.7
Harch	5,355.3	6,504.2	74.3	592.2	108.9	701.0	7,205.3	4,513.2	11,718.5	9.7	61.5
April	5,319.0	6,479.0	65.5	572.0	104.8	676.7	7,155.8	4,578.4	11,734.1	9.5	61.0
Hay	5,333.2	6,490.5	59.7 59.5	549.2 539.2	87.8 94.9	637.0 634.1	7,127.5	4,622.3	11,749.8	8.9 8.9	60.7
June July	5,343.1 5,368.9	6,498.7 6,526.1	55.1	515.2	80-4	595.7	7,132.8 7,121.8	4,632.5 4,657.8	11,765.4 11,779.5	8.4	60.6 60.5
August	5,314.8	6.462.3	56.2	524.2	80.5	604.6	7.066.9	4,727.0	11,793.9	8.6	59.9
September	5,382.9	6,572.9	55.4	518.1	103.3	621.3	7,194.2	4,613.8	11,808.0	8.6	60.9
October	5,364.6	6,544.6	48.7	489.7	89.1	578.8	7,123.4	4,699.8	11,823.2	8.1	60.2
Standard error of -											
October 1984											
estimates	15.1	16.0	2.9	7.1	3.7	7.5	16.3	14.6	••	0.1	0.1
Sept 84 to Oct 84	10 4	10.9	2.8	5.7	3.5	6.0	11.1	10.1		0.1	٠.
movements	10.4	10.9	4.8	3./	3.3	0.0	11.1	10.1	• •	0.1	0.1

TABLE 2. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

Unemployed Looking for full-time work Looking Aged 15-19 Employed Unemp-Partici-Full-time looking for part-time pation loyment rate Labour first job Total Total work force Month workers - 1000 - per cent -MALES 1983 -438.4 425.4 414.1 403.8 4,388.4 4,379.8 4,388.7 4,399.3 76.7 76.5 76.5 76.6 24.6 17.5 24.3 21.9 10.0 9.7 9.4 9.2 3,950.0 3,954.4 3,974.6 3,995.5 September 413.8 3,720.0 36.3 3,717.2 3,732.8 3,749.2 407.9 399.8 381.9 October November December 1984 -27.3 22.6 22.6 21.7 23.8 4,386.9 4,401.4 4,431.0 4,433.3 4,426.8 76.3 76.4 76.8 76.8 76.5 379.5 375.0 369.1 373.0 360.1 3,729.2 3,753.1 3,800.3 3,788.2 3,980.1 4,003.8 4,039.3 4,038.6 406.8 397.6 9.3 January 32.5 34.6 36.2 42.5 38.1 Pebruary 391.7 394.7 384.0 8.8 8.9 8.7 March April 3,800.2 4.042.8 43.6 38.5 42.6 34.7 29.7 76.8 76.5 76.3 76.0 75.9 370.0 353.6 370.7 30.3 18.4 24.5 27.4 400.3 371.9 395.2 4,448.2 4,435.6 4,430.7 9.0 8.4 8.9 4,047.9 3,806.9 June July August September October 3,796.1 3,782.7 3,801.5 4,035.5 4,036.2 4,046.1 352.1 345.9 8.6 379.6 MARRIED FEMALES 1983 -1,385.5 1,375.7 1,387.0 September October 769.9 764.9 n.a. 68.4 42.5 110.9 1.496.4 7.4 42.1 64.0 56.5 60.0 38.6 38.4 35.9 102.6 94.9 95.9 1,478.3 1,481.9 1,489.1 6.9 6.4 6.4 41.8 41.9 42.1 November December 768.0 769.6 n.a. 1984 -771.6 771.9 771.5 770.2 774.4 792.6 792.2 803.0 95.0 88.4 102.8 106.9 92.3 42.0 January February 1.393.6 g.a. 1,393.6 1,405.1 1,409.8 1,433.1 1,435.4 1,456.5 1,445.9 1,488.6 1,493.5 1,512.6 1,540.0 1,527.7 1,558.5 1,539.8 1,540.3 34.0 40.6 44.1 36.7 40.1 37.5 5.9 6.8 6.9 6.0 42.2 42.8 43.4 42.8 n.a. 54.4 62.2 March 62.8 55.6 61.9 56.4 53.2 April May June n.a. n.a. 92.3 102.0 93.9 92.4 43.6 43.0 43.0 July August September n.a. ... 6.0 795.2 797.6 1,468.1 52.2 57.6 41.6 93.8 1,562.0 6.0 October n.a. ALL FEMALES 1983 -2,358.6 2,363.0 2,382.6 42.6 37.4 36.5 35.5 73.6 65.0 68.4 291.8 271.6 265.3 2,650.4 2,634.6 2,647.9 2,655.3 44.9 44.6 44.8 September 1,528.3 218.2 11.0 10.3 1,528.9 1,536.8 1,534.6 206.6 196.9 October November 259.9 December 1984 -1,534.0 1,532.8 1,547.4 1,537.8 1,540.3 1,555.3 31.8 38.8 34.1 33.0 31.4 36.4 2,656.5 2,657.1 2,697.9 2,727.5 2,699.3 2,731.0 2,709.6 January February 2,396.5 2,393.9 2,427.6 2,443.7 65.8 65.0 72.8 78.4 44.8 44.7 45.3 45.8 45.2 45.7 45.3 45.0 45.6 45.3 260.0 9.8 198.3 197.6 205.4 263.2 270.4 283.9 10.0 March 10.4 9.3 9.7 9.5 8.9 April Hay June 2,448.2 2,466.8 2,453.1 191.3 193.7 190.1 59.8 70.4 66.5 251.1 264.1 256.5 July August September 173.6 176.5 184.3 2,697.4 2,732.2 2,721.4 1,572.5 65.5 72.1 239.0 248.6 244.4 9.1 9.0 2.477.1 October 1,568.0 30.1 60.1 PERSONS 1983 -5,248.3 5,246.1 5,269.6 5,283.8 6,308.6 6,317.4 6,357.2 6,390.9 78.9 74.4 72.2 632.0 614.5 586.7 730.2 697.0 679.4 663.7 7,038.8 7,014.4 7,036.6 7,054.6 10.4 9.9 9.7 September 98.2 82.5 60.6 October November December 92.7 60.4 9.4 60.5 1984 -6,376.6 6,397.7 6,466.9 6,482.3 6,491.1 6,514.7 6,516.8 6,493.9 January 5,263.2 5,285.9 5,347.7 5,326.0 64.3 573.7 93.1 666.8 7,043.4 9.5 60.3 666.8 660.8 662.1 678.6 635.0 664.4 628.5 73.4 70.2 75.6 573.2 566.7 578.5 87.6 95.3 100.1 7,058.5 7,128.9 7,160.9 February 9.4 9.3 9.5 8.9 9.3 8.8 8.8 8.6 60.3 March April 61.0 5,326.0 5,340.5 5,362.2 5,364.2 5,368.6 69.5 551.4 563.7 543.6 544.3 83.6 7,126.1 7,179.2 7,145.2 7,128.1 60.6 61.0 60.7 May June July 84.8 74.3

76.2 67.9 59.8

6,519.76,523.2

August September October

5,342.5

60.4

TABLE 3. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION ACED 15 AND OVER: MARITAL STATUS, OCTOBER 1984

	Employed		Unemployed					Civilian popula-		
			Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
				- 1000	-				- pe	r cent -
Males Married	3,798.8 2,608.9	4,051.0 2,712.1	326 · 1 134 · 9	25.0	351.2 138.6	4,402.2	1,417.9	5,820.1 3,618.6	8.0 4.9	75.6 78.8
Not married	1,189.9	1,338.9	191.2	21.4	212.5	1,551.5	650.0	2,201.5	13.7	70.5
Females Married Not married	1,565.8 799.6 766.1	2,493.6 1,480.3 1,013.3	163.6 53.6 110.0	64.1 35.9 28.2	227.7 89.5 138.2	2,721.2 1,569.8 1,151.5	3,281.9 2,025.6 1,256.4	6,003.2 3,595.4 2,407.8	8.4 5.7 12.0	45.3 43.7 47.8
Persons	5,364.6	6,544.6	489.7	89.1	578.8	7,123.4	4,699.8	11,823.2	8.1	60.2

TABLE 4. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: STATES AND TERRITORIES, OCTOBER 1984

	Unemployed					Civilian				
	Employed		1				·Not in	popula-	**	
State or	Full-time		Looking for full-	Looking for part-		Labour	labour	tion aged 15	Unemp- loyment	Partici- pation
Territory	workers	Total	time work	time work	Total	force	force	and over	rate	rate
•					<u>.</u>					
				- 1000	-				- pe	r cent -
				H	ALES					
New South Wales	1,313.8	1.405.4	121.8	7.4	129.1	1.534.6	495.3	2,029.9	8.4	75.6
Victoria	1,010.5	1,077.1	64.5	7.9	72.5	1,149.6	377.6	1,527.1	6.3	75.3
Queensland	601.3	640.1	57.8	4.2	62.0	702.2	230.3	932.4	8.8	75.3
South Australia	326.0	347.2	34.5	*	36.5	383.7	128.6	512.3	9.5	74.9
Western Australia	347.9	370.7	32.1	*	34.5	405.2	118.0	523.3	8.5	77.4
Taspania	103.8	108.9	11.8	*	12.1	121.0	41.1	162.1	10.0	74.7
Northern Territory	34.6	36.6	1.9	•	2.1	38.8	11.1	49.9	5.5	77.7
Australian Capital										
Territory	60.8	.64.9	*	*	2.2	67.2	15.9	83.0	3.3	80.9
Australia	3,798.8	4,051.0	326.1	25.0	351.2	4,402.2	1,417.9	5,820.1	8.0	75.6
				PE	MALES					
New South Wales	566.7	865.6	61.8	23.2	85.0	950.6	1,152.2	2,102.8	8.9	45.2
Victoria	430.8	677.3	33.4	15.6	49.0	726.3	865.5	1.591.7	6.7	45.6
Queensland	230.4	372.5	29.5	10.7	40.3	412.7	536.9	949.6	9.8	43.5
South Australia	122.1	217.5	17.8	5.0	22.7	240.2	295.5	535.7	9.5	44.8
Western Australia	131.8	226.5	14.3	6.4	20.7	247.2	274.8	522.0	8.4	47.4
Tasmania	35.0	62.1	4.1	1.9	5.9	68.0	99.3	167.3	8.7	40.6
Northern Territory		21.5	*	•	•	22.9	21.8	44.7	•	51.2
Australian Capital										
Territory	33.5	50.7	*	•	2.6	53.3	35.9	89.3	4.9	59.7
Australia	1,565.8	2,493.6	163.6	64.1	227.7	2,721.2	3,281.9	6,003.2	8.4	45.3
				PE	RSONS					•
New South Wales	1,880.6	2,271.1	183.5	30.6	214.1	2,485.2	1,647.5	4,132.7	8.6	60.1
Victoria	1,441.3	1,754.4	98.0	23.5	121.5	1,875.8	1,243.0	3,118.9	6.5	60.1
Queensland	831.7	1,012.6	87.4	14.9	102.3	1,114.9	767.2	1,882.1	9.2	59.2
South Australia	448.1	564-6	52.3	7.0	59.3	623.9	424.1	1.048.0	9.5	59.5
Western Australia	479.7	597.2	46.4	8.8	55.2	652.5	392.8	1,045.3	8.5	62.4
Tasmania	138.7	170.9	15.8	2.2	18.1	189.0	140.4	329.4	9.6	57.4
Northern Territory Australian Capital		58.1	2.9	•	3.5	61.7	32.9	94.6	5.7	65.2
Territory	94.3	115.6	3.4	•	4.8	120.5	51.8	172.3	4.0	69.9
Australia	5,364.6	6,544.6	489.7	89.1	578.8	7,123.4	4,699.8	11,823.2	8.1	60.2

TABLE 5. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: STATE CAPITAL CITIES, OCTOBER 1984

			Unemployed					Civilian popula-		
Capital city	Employed 	Total	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
			•	- 1000	-			- per cent -		
				МА	LES					
	•									
Sydney	830.9	888.1	63.7	- 5 - 4	69.1	957.2	308.6	1,265.8	7.2	75.6
Melbourne	723.0	773.2	43.9	4 - 8	48.7	821.8	268.7	1,090.6	5.9	75.4
Brisbane	270.3	291.0	26.1	•	28.4	319.3	107.9	427.3	8.9	74.7
Adelaide	229.9	245.5	25.6	*	27.4	272.9	97.1	370.0	10.0	. 73.8
Perth	234.4	251.6	24.0	*	25.9	277.5	88.2	365.7	9.3	75.9 74.5
Hobart	41.2	43.7	4.7	*	4.8	48.5	16.6	65.0	9.9	/4.3
Total	2,329.7	2,493.0	188.2	16.1	204.3	2,697.3	887.1	3,584.4	7.6	75.3
				72)	ALES					
C1	401.6	591.2	34.7	15.5	50.2	641.3	699.8	1.341.1	7.8	47.8
Sydney	337.3	511.2	20.2	10.9	31.1	542.3	605.3	1.147.6	5.7	47.3
Melbourne Brisbane	118.6	182.7	14.9	5.3	20.2	202.9	253.5	456.4	10.0	44.5
Adelaide	96.4	164.5	12.8	4.1	16.9	181.4	216.5	397.9	9.3	45.6
Perth	102.1	169.0	10.7	4.7	15.4	184.4	202.9	387.3	8.3	47.6
Robart	16.7	27.8	1.5		2.4	30.3	39.1	69.4	8.1	43.6
Total	1,072.8	1,646.3	94.8	41.4	136.2	1,782.6	2,017.1	3,799.7	7.6	46.9
				PE	RSONS					
04	1 222 5	1,479.3	98.4	20.9	119.3	1,598.6	1,008.4	2,606.9	7.5	61.3
Sydney	1,232.5 1,060.3	1,284.3		15.6		1,364.1	874.0	2,238.1	5.8	60.9
Melbourne	388.9	473.6		7.6	48.6	522.2	361.4	883.7	9.3	59.1
Brisbane	326.3	410.0		5.8	44.3	454.3	313.7	767.9	9.7	59.2
Adelaide Perth	336.5	420.6			41.3	461.9	291.1	753.0	8.9	61.3
rertn Hobart	58.0	71.5			7.2	78.7	55.7	134.4	9.2	58.6
Total	3,402.5	4,139.4	283.0	57.5	340.5	4,479.9	2,904.2	7,384.1	7.6	60.7

TABLE 6. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, OCTOBER 1984

				Persons			
		Pemales				Aged	
	Males	Married	Total	Aged 15-19	Aged 20-24	25 and over	Total
				- 1000 -			
Employed	64.9	30.4	50.7	9.0	16.7	89.9	115.6
Full-time workers	60.8	17.2	33.5	5.0	15.0	74.3	94.3
Part-time workers	4.1	13.3	17.2	4.1	•	15.5	21.3
Unemployed	2.2	*	2.6	*	•	3.0	4.8
Looking for full-time work	•	*	*	•	•	2.2	3.4
Labour force	67.2	31.8	53.3	10.2	17.5	92.8	120.5
	15.9	. 23.4	35.9	10.4	2.8	38.7	51.8
Not in labour force Aged 15-19 attending school(a)	5.2	25.4	4.1	9.4	•••	••	9.4
Civilian population	83.0	55.2	89.3	20.6	20.2	131.5	172.3
				per cent -			
	3.3	•	4.9	•		3.2	4.0
Unemployment rate Looking for full-time work	*		*	*		2.8	3.4
Participation rate	80.9	57.6	59.7	49.4	86.4	70.6	69.9
Employment/population ratio	78.2	55.1	56.8	44.0	82.7	68.3	67.1
				- number -			•
Average (mean) weekly hours worked							
by employed persons	37.3	27.6	28.1	24.8	33.0	34.2	33.3
Average (mean) duration of unemployment (weeks)	•	*	*	*	•	39.5	40.5

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes persons in institutions. See Explanatory notes.

TABLE 7. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF TRE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 TO 19: SCHOOL ATTENDANCE(a), OCTOBER 1984

	Employed .		Unemployed						Civilian popula-		
• •	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work		Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 15-19	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
				- 1000	-					- pe	r cent -
				NOT ATTEN	DING	SCHOOL					
Hales	220.4	249.6	58.9	•		62.2	311.8	41.2	352.9	19.9	88.3
Females	181.3	225.5	44.6	•		48.1	273.7	64.0	337.6	17.6	81.1
Persons	401.7	475.1	103.5	6 . 8		110.3	585.4	105.2	690.6	18.8	84.8
Left school -											
Defore 1982	134.9	150.2	31.7	•		32.7	182.9	23.8	206.7	17.9	88.5
1982	123.1	143.5	27.1	*		28.5	172.0	30.5	202.5	16.6	85.0 81.9
1983 to survey date	143.7	181.4	44.6	4.5		49.1	230.5	50.9	281.4	21.3	81.9
Age -											
15	9.0	12.8	6.6	*		6.8	19.6	5.3	24.9	34.5	78.8
16	42.2	48.8	17.3	*		17.9	66.6	10.6	77.2 133.3	26.8 20.2	86.3 89.2
17	81.3 123.9	94.9 147.0	23.6 28.2		,	24.1 31.0	118.9 178.0	14.4 32.9	210.9	17.4	84.4
18 19	145.4	171.7	27.9	) ) 5.5	6	30.6	202.3	42.0	244.3	15.1	82.8
				ATTENDI	NG SC	CHOOL					
	•	44.		13.0		19.3	65.4	233.2	298.6	29.6	21.9
Males Penales		46.1 62.2	6.4	12.7		16.5	78.7	215.1	293.8	21.0	26.8
Persons	•	108.3	10.2	25.6		35.9	144.1	448.3	592.4	24.9	24.3
Age -											
15	•	33.8	) 7.0	•		16.7	50.5	191.2	241.7	33.0	20.9
16		40.3	)	( 9.9		13.1	53.5	129.3	182.8	24.5	29.2
17 18 and 19		24.9 9.2				4 - 6	29.5 10.7	90.5 37.3	120.0 47.9	15.5	24.6 22.3
										•	
				TO	TAL						
Males	221.6	295.7	65.3	16.2		81.5	377.2	274.3	651.5		57.9
Penales .	182.1	287.7	48.5	16.2		64.6	352.3	279.1	631.4		55.8
Persons	403.7	583.4	113.7	32.4		146.1	729.5	553.4	1,283.0	20.0	56.9
Age -											
15	10.3	46.7	10.3	13.1		23.4	70.1	196.4	266.5		26.3
16	42.8	89.1	20.5 26.1	10.5	,	31.0 28.6	120.1 148.4	139.9 104.9	260.1 253.3		46.2
17 18	81.3 123.9	119.8 155.2	28.7	) 3.9	`	32.1	187.2	63.9	251.2		58.6 74.5
19	145.4	172.7	28.1	· ' •	`	31.0	203.7	48.3	252.0		80.8
						-					

<sup>(</sup>a) Excludes persons in institutions. See Explanatory notes.

TABLE 8. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 20 TO 24, OCTOBER 1984

	•								,			
	Fmalau-4		Unemployed			•		Civilian				
	Employed Full-time workers	Total	Total	Total	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	popula- tion aged 20-24	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
			- 1000 -						- pe	per cent -		
Hales	483.7	518.8	72.8	•	75.5	594.3	70.3	664.5	12.7	89.4		
Pemales Persons	344.3 828.1	425.7 944.5	42.1 114.9	7.6 10.3	49.6 125.1	475.3 1,069.6	186.8 257.1	662.1 1,326.7	10.4 11.7	71.8 80.6		
Age -										•		
20	151.4	174.2	30.2	)	( 31.4	205.5	54.1	259.6	15.3	79.2		
21	165.2	189.3	23.8	) 5.4	( 26.1	215.5	49.5	264.9	12.1	81.3		
2 1 2 2	167.6	190.4	22.2	<b>)</b>	( 24.1	214.5	53.2	267.7	11.2	80.1		
23	174.1	196.9	18.6	· ) (	21.0	217.9	50.4	268.4	9.6	81.2		
2 4	169.7	193.6	20.1	) 4.9 (	22.5	216.1	49.9	266.0	10.4	81.2		

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BY BIRTHPLACE, OCTOBER 1984

	Employed	Unemployed					
	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full- time work	Total	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate(a)
			- 1000 -			- pe	r cent -
			MALES				
Born in Australia Born outside Australia	2,795.4 1,003.4	2,993.0 1,058.0	224.7 101.5	245.0 106.1	3,238.0 1,164.2	7.6 9.1	76.9 76.6
Africa America	32.2 28.0	33.7 30.8	•	*	35 - 1 34 - 4		79.0 77.6
Asia Lebanon	118.8 15.2	129.0 16.2	23.6 6.2	24.0 6.2	153.0 22.4	15.7 27.7	74.4 78.5
Vietnam Europe	12.4 · 758.3	13.9 793.8	7.3 64.9	7.5 68.0	21.4 861.8	35.2 7.9	76.5 75.8
Germany Greece	36.4 47.4	38.9 48.3		*	42.3 52.6		82.1 76.8 O
Italy Malta	108.4 26.8	111.4	6.7	7.1	118.4	6.0	76.1 85.9
Netherlands	37.9	39.3	•	•	42.8	*	78.2
Poland UK and Ireland	17.1 373.9	17.7 392.4	30.7	32.9	19.1 425.2	7.7	57.0 76.2
Yugoslavia Oceania	51.0 66.1	54.8 70.8	6.5 8.4	6.6 9.1	61.4 '79.8	10.7 11.3	79.2 89.2
New Zealand	55.3	59.4	7.5	8.0	67.4	11.8	90.4
_			ARRIED FEMALES				
Born in Australia Born outside Australia	537.9 261.8	1,054.4 425.9	29.5 24.1	54.0 35.4	1,108.4 461.3	4.9 7.7	42.8 46.6
Africa America	11.0 10.1	15.4 15.6	•	* .	15.7 16.5	- <b>*</b>	55.6 55.3
Asia Lebanon	39.1	55.3	8.7	10.4	65.7	15.8	48.7
Vietnam	# 186.7	5.4 315.2	* 12.6	<b>±</b> 20.2	7.6 335.4	*	55.2
Europe Germany Greece	9.1 19.6	16.4 26.9	12.0 *	20.2	17.9	6.0 *	45.0 42.4
Italy	22.8	37.7	•	•	28.4 39.3	•	52.3 37.7
Halta Netherlands	4.9 4.8	8.2 11.6	*	•	8.7 12.9	*	37.9 37.4
Poland UK and Ireland	5.6 80.6	7.0 154.5	* 5.0	8.3	7.6 162.8	± 5⋅1	41.9 45.4
Yugoslavia Oceania	19.7 14.9	25.7 24.5	•	*	28.2 28.2	*	60.4 54.0
New Zealand	12.2	19.8	*	•	22.3	•	55.2
			ALL PEMALES				
Born in Australia Born outside Australia	1,162.4 403.4	1,889.8 603.8	116.8 46.9	163.4 64.3	2,053.2 668.0	· 8.0 9.6	46.1 46.4
Africa America	16.5 16.2	22.6 23.6	•	*	24.1 25.0		51.6 55.7
Asia Lebanon	63.5	84.5	14.3	16.3	100.8	16.2	48.8 31.1
Vietnam .	9.6 275.7	11.6 428.0	24.7	37.4	15.1 465.4	8.0	59.6
Germany	13.2	21.9	*	3/.4 #	24.7	•	44.2
Greece Italy	29.6	30.4 45.5	• •	•	32.1 48.1	*	48.5 37.9
Malta Netherlands	6.5 7.1	10.2 14.6	•	*	11.1 16.0	*	38.8 37.0
Poland UK and Ireland	7.2 137.9	9.1 226.5	* 13.1	# 19.2	10-1 245-8	* 7.8	37.4 45.3
Yugoslavia Oceania	23.8 31.5	30.3 45.0		* 7.7	. 34.0 52.7	* 14.6	55.3 58.8
New Zealand	25.9	36.3	*	5.5	41.7	13.1	59.9
			PERSONS	•			
Born in Australia Born outside Australia	3,957.8 1,406.8	4,882.8 1,661.8	341.4 148.3	408.4 170.4	5,291.2 1,832.2	7.7 9.3	61.1 61.9
Africa America	48.7	56.3 54.4	4.7	5.0	59.2	•	65.0
Asia	182.3	213.5	38.0	40.4	59.4 253.8	8.4 15.9	66.6 61.6
Lebanon Vietnam	18.3 22.0	20.5	8.9 10.6	9.3	29.8 36.5	31.4 30.2	57.1 68.5
Europe Germany	1,034.0	1,221.9	89.6 5.2	105.4 6.2	1,327.2 67.0	7.9 9.3	60.6 61.1
Greece Italy	70.3 138.0	78.7 156.9	5.0 8.3	6.0 9.6	84.8 166.5	7.1 5.8	62.9 59.0
Malta Netherlands	33.2 45.0	37.6 53.9	*	4.8	39.3 58.8	8.2	63.9 60.0
Poland UK and Ireland	24.3 511.9	26.8 618.9	* 43.9	* 52.1	29.1 671.0	7.8	48.2 61.0
Yugoslavia Oceania	74.8 97.6	85.1 115.8	8.9 13.8	10.2	95.3 132.5	10.7	68.6 74.0
New Zealand	81.2	95.6	11.2	13.4	109.1	12.3	75.7

<sup>(</sup>a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory notes

TABLE 10. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA: BIRTHPLACE AND PERIOD OF ARRIVAL IN AUSTRALIA, OCTOBER 1984

Description   Companies   Co				Europe	• •	Total	
Africa America   Asia   Ireland   ries   Zealand   Total   Males   Married   Total   Persons			•	II V 0+h-=	Oceania	B1	
Period of arrival Africa America Asia Ireland ries Zealand Total Males Married Total Persons  EMPLOYED (**000)  Before 1971 28.3 19.1 79.7 431.1 502.7 27.8 36.2 719.3 278.1 377.8 1,097.1 1971 - 1975 11.9 15.8 42.1 100.4 49.7 11.7 15.7 141.1 62.9 94.5 235.5					Neu	remates	
Before 1971 28.3 19.1 79.7 431.1 502.7 27.8 36.2 719.3 278.1 377.8 1,097.1 1971 - 1975 11.9 15.8 42.1 100.4 49.7 11.7 15.7 141.1 62.9 94.5 235.5	Period of arrival	Africa	America Asi			Males Married To	tal Persons
Before 1971 28.3 19.1 79.7 431.1 502.7 27.8 36.2 719.3 278.1 377.8 1,097.1 1971 - 1975 11.9 15.8 42.1 100.4 49.7 11.7 15.7 141.1 62.9 94.5 235.5					•		
1971 - 1975 11.9 15.8 42.1 100.4 49.7 11.7 15.7 141.1 62.9 94.5 235.5				EMPLOYED (1000)			
	Before 1971	28.3	19.1 79.	7 431.1 502.7	27.8 36.2	719.3 278.1 37	7.8 1,097.1
1976 - 1980 9.5 10.8 58.5 43.2 24.5 34.7 38.9 112.1 48.0 73.2 185.3	1971 - 1975		15.8 42.	1 100.4 49.7	11.7 15.7	141.1 62.9 9	4.5 235.5
	1976 - 1980				34.7 38.9		3.2 185.3
1981 - 1982 ) ( 5.0 17.4 32.7 18.4 13.8 17.2 57.5 24.8 37.0 94.5	1981 - 1982	)					
1983 to survey date ) 6.7 ( * 15.7 11.5 7.7 7.8 28.1 12.2 21.3 49.4	1983 to survey date	) 6.7	( • 15.	7 11.5 7.7	7.7 7.8	28.1 12.2 2	1.3 49.4
UNEMPLOYED (*000)				UNEMPLOYED (*000)			
Before 1971 * ) ( 6.7 34.5 37.1 * ) 5.3 ( 55.0 15.0 28.4 83.4	B-6 1071			7 24 5 27 1			
Before 1971 * ) (6.7 34.5 37.1 * ) 5.3 (55.0 15.0 28.4 83.4			, , ,	., 34.3 3/.1			
Before 1971				8 11.2 0.8	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
1976 - 1980 * ) 5.0 ( 9.7 ) 4.8 6.6 ( 4.6 5.9 15.4 5.9 9.2 24.6 1981 - 1982 * ) ( 6.2 ) () ( 9.0 * 6.9 15.9			3.0 ( 9.	7 ) 4.0 0.0			
1981 - 1982			, , ,	2 )		9.0	
1983 to survey date	1983 to survey date	•	) (10.	.0	) 3.3 3.3 (	9.7 . 4.9	8.0 17.8
LABOUR FORCE ('000)			-	LABOUR FORCE (1000	<b>)</b>		
Before 1971 29.2 19.9 86.4 465.6 539.8 30.3 39.6 774.3 293.0 406.2 1.180.5	Before 1971	29.2	19.9 86	4 465.6 539.8	30.3 39.6	774.3 293.0 40	6.2 1.180.5
1971 - 1975 11.9 16.8 49.9 111.6 56.5 12.6 17.5 158.1 68.7 106.2 264.2	1971 - 1975	11.9	16.8 49.	9 111.6 56.5	12.6 17.5	158.1 68.7 10	6.2 264.2
1976 - 1980 11.0 12.3 68.2 45.6 27.8 39.3 44.8 127.5 53.8 82.4 209.8	1976 - 1980	11.0	12.3 68.	2 45.6 27.8	. 39.3 44.8	127.5 53.8 8	2.4 209.8
1981 - 1982 ) ( 5.6 23.5 35.1 21.6 16.9 20.5 66.5 28.7 43.9 110.4	1981 - 1982	)	( 5.6 23	.5 35.1 21.6	16.9 20.5	66.5 28.7 4	3.9 110.4
1983 to survey date ) 7.1 ( 4.7 25.7 13.1 10.5 10.0 10.1 37.9 17.1 29.4 67.2	1983 to survey date	) 7•1	( 4.7 25	.7 13.1 10.5	10.0 10.1	37.9 17.1 2	9.4 67.2
UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (per cent)			UNI	EMPLOYMENT RATE (per	cent)		•
Before 1971 * ) ( 7.7 7.4 6.9 * ) 9.3 ( 7.1 5.1 7.0 7.1			) ( ,7,	.7 7.4 6.9	* ) 9.3 (	7.1 5.1	
1971 - 1975 * ) ( 15.6 10.0 12.0 * ) ( 10.8 8.4 11.0 10.9 1976 - 1980 * ) 8.4 ( 14.2 ) 6.0 13.3 ( 11.7 13.2 12.1 10.9 11.2 11.7 1981 - 1982 * ) ( 26.2 ) () ( 13.5 * 15.8 14.4 19.9 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0 19.0			) ( 15.	6 10.0 12.0			
1976 - 1980 * ). 8.4 ( 14.2 ) 6.0 13.3 ( 11.7 13.2 12.1 10.9 11.2 11.7			), 8+4 ( 14.	.2 ) 6.0 13.3	( 11.7 13.2		
1981 - 1982 * ) ( 26.2 ) () ( 13.5 * 15.8 14.4 1983 to survey date * ) ( 38.8 * * ) 19.9 18.0 ( 25.7 28.8 27.4 26.5		*	) ( 26.	.2 )	. ()		
Before 1971 * ) ( 7.7 7.4 6.9 * ) 9.3 ( 7.1 5.1 7.0 7.1 1971 - 1975 * ) ( 15.6 10.0 12.0 * ) ( 10.8 8.4 11.0 10.9 1976 - 1980 * ) 8.4 ( 14.2 ) 6.0 13.3 ( 11.7 13.2 12.1 10.9 11.2 11.7 1981 - 1982 * ) ( 26.2 ) () ( 13.5 * 15.8 14.4 1983 to survey date * ) ( 38.8 * * ) 19.9 18.0 ( 25.7 28.8 27.4 26.5	1983 to survey date		) (38	.8 * *	) 19.9 18.0 (	( 25.7 28.8 2	7.4 26.5
PARTICIPATION BATE(a) (per cent)			PART	ICIPATION RATE(a) (p	er cent)		
Before 1971 61.3 61.5 65.3 57.4 59.0 63.9 64.7 74.3 43.5 42.5 59.1	Before 1971	61.3	61.5 65	.3 57.4 59.0	63.9 64.7	74.3 43.5 4	2.5 59.1
1971 - 1975 72.6 72.3 67.3 72.8 68.4 77.8 77.8 83.8 56.9 57.8 71.0							
1976 - 1980 76.5 71.4 60.7 67.0 67.6 80.1 79.3 82.5 51.7 53.0 67.7							
1981 - 1982 ) (65.4 55.5 73.1 69.7 83.2 76.9 81.7 51.6 53.4 67.5							
1983 to survey date ) 55.9 ( 60.6 50.4 63.1 56.1 89.1 82.2 71.0 46.7 46.5 57.7							

<sup>(</sup>a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory notes

TABLE 11. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, BY AGE, OCTOBER 1984

	Number (~000)						Participation rate (per cent)					
		Females					Pemales					
			Not					Not				
Age group	Hales	Married	married	Total ·	Persons	Males	Married	married	Total	Persons		
15-64	4,339.4	1,559.0	1,140.6	2,699.5	7,039.0	84.1	48.2	61.6	53.1	68.7		
15-19	377.2	9.7	342.6	352.3	729.5	57.5	42.5	56.1	55.6	56.6		
20-24	594.3	150.9	324.4	475.3	1.069.6	89.4	57.6	81.1	71.8	80.6		
25-34	1,202.9	474.1	229.5	703.6	1,906.5	95.1	50.0	73.0	55.8	75.4		
35-44	1.023.1	520.0	114.3	634.4	1,657.4	95.0	59.6	65.4	60.5	78.0		
45-54	701.6	306.5	77.7	384.2	1.085.8	89.9	50.0	57.1	51.3	71.0		
55-59	296.3	73.0	33.9	106.9	403.2	78.1	26.5	34.7	28.7	53.6		
60-64	144.1	24.8	18.0	42.8	186.9	43.1	10.4	15.2	12.0	27.1		
65 and over	62.8	10.8	10.9	21.7	84.5	9.5	3.0	2.0	2.4	5.3		
Total	4,402.2	1,569.8	1,151.5	2,721.2	7,123.4	75.6	43.7	47.8	45.3	60.2		

TABLE 12. LABOUR PORCE PARTICIPATION RATES(a), BY AGE AND BIRTHPLACE, OCTOBER 1984 (per cent)

•	Born in Au	stralia		Born outside Australia				
Age group	Hales	Penales	Persons	Males	Females	Persons		
15-64	84.9	53.3	69.0	85.0	53.4	69.9		
15-19	60.0	57.2	58.6	54.4	51.3	53.0		
20-24	91.3	72.2	81.8	84.9	71.1	78.0		
25-34	96.1	54.5	75.4	94.4	60.1	76.9		
35-44	95.7	60.1	77.8	94.6	62.2	79.1		
45-54	91.0	51.2	70.7	89.4	51.5	72.3		
55-59	79.4	28.6	53.2	77.4	29.3	55.5		
	40.8	12.1	25.4	49.4	12.0	32.0		
60-64 65 and over	11.1	2.8	6.2	7.4	•	4.5		
Total	76.9	46.1	61.1	76.6	46.4	61.9		

<sup>(</sup>a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory notes.

TABLE 13. EMPLOYED PERSONS: FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS, BY AGE, OCTOBER 1984 ( 1900)

				Age	group				
								65 and	
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	ower	Total
				MALES					
Full-time workers	221.6	483.7	1,084.2	948.0	641.2	264.0	116.6	39.5	3,798.8
Part-time workers	74.1	35.1	37.5	26.9	22.8	16.3	17.4	22.2	252.3
Total	295.7	518.8	1,121.6	975.0	664.0	280.3	134.0	61.7	4,051.0
				ARRIED FEMA	LES				
Full-time workers	6.1	104.6	241.4	237.4	159.3	36.5	9.7	4.6	799.6
Part-time workers	*	34.3	198.3	254.4	135.6	34.9	14.7	. 6.0	680.7
Total	8.6	138.9	439.8	491.8	294.9	71.4	24.4	10.5	1,480.3
			•	ALL FEMALE	s				•
Full-time workers	182.1	344.3	424.2	315.2	208.6	60.8	20.4	10.1	1,565.8
Part-time workers	105.6	81.3	228.7	279.8	156.7	42.6	21.7	11.3	927.8
Total	287.7	425.7	653.0	595.0	365.4	103.4	42.1	21.3	2,493.6
•				PERSONS					
Full-time workers	403.7	828.1	1,508.4	1,263.2	849.8	324.7	137.0	49.6	5,364.6
Part-time workers	179.6	116.4	266.2	306.8	179.6	58.9	39.2	33.4	1,180.0
Total	583.4	944.5	1,774.6	1,570.0	1,029.4	383.6	176.2	83.0	6,544.6

TABLE 14. HOURS WORKED BY EMPLOYED PERSONS, OCTOBER 1984

		Females			
,		***************************************	Not		
	Hales	Married	not married	Total	
•		Mattieu	married	local	Persons
	Number ef	IPLOTED (*000)			•
Wackly hours worked -					
0	214.0	86.0	46.6	132.6	346.6
1-15	146.1	302.0	147.1	449.1	595.2
16-29	268.4	330.7	115.1	445.9	714.3
30-34	454.1	155.1	124.4	279.4	733.5
35-39	667.9	222.6	205.8	428.4	1,096.3
40	942.5	213.1	251.5	464.6	1,407.1
41-44	230.3	40.7	37.1	77.8	308.0
45-48	337.3	43.3	37.5	80.7	418.0
49 and over	790.6	86.9	48.1	135.0	925.6
Total .	4,051.0	1,480.3	1,013.3	2,493.6	6,544.6
	WEEKLY F	OURS WORKED			
Aggregate weekly hours worked (million)	158.0	40.7	31.4	72.1	230.0
By full-time workers	153.9	29.9	28.0	57.9	211.8
By part-time workers	4.1	10.8	3.4	14.2	18.3
Average weekly hours worked	39.0	27.5	31.0	28.9	35.2
By full-time workers	40.5	37.3	36.6	37.0	39.5
By part-time workers	16.2	15.9	13.8	° 15.3	15.5
Average weekly hours worked by persons					
who worked one hour or more in the					
survey week	41.2	29.2	32.5	30.5	37.1
By full-time workers	42.8	40.0	38.4	39.2	41.8
By part-time workers	16.7	16.7	14.3	16.1	16.2

TABLE 15. EMPLOYED PERSONS: EMPLOYMENT/POPULATION RATIOS BY AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, OCTOBER 1984 .

	Hales			Penales			
Age group	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
15-19	*	44.8	45.0	37.7	45.7	45.4	45.2
20-24	86.7	76.0	78.1	53.1	71.6	64.3	71.2
25-34	91.8	82.1	88.7	46.4	67.8	51.7	70.2
35-44	92.4	81.1	90.5	56.3	59.0	56.8	73.9
45-54	87.5	71.8	85.1	48.1	51.8	48.7	67.3
55-59	76.8	58.5	73.9	25.9	32.7	27.7	51.0
60-64	41.4	34.1	40.1	10.3	14.9	11.8	25.5
65 and over	9.7	8.3	9.3	2.9	1.9	2.3	5.2
Total	74.9	60.8	69.6	41.2	42.1	41.5	55.4

TABLE 16. FULL-TIME WORKERS WHO WORKED LESS THAN 35 HOURS, BY REASON, OCTOBER 1984

		Penales					
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Males	Harried	Not married	Total	Persons		
Leave, holiday or flextime	578.6	134.7	130.9	265.6	844.2		
Own illness or injury	122.2	37.5	31.5	69.0	191.2		
Bad weather, plant breakdown, etc.	9.9		•	03.0	10.3		
Began or left job in the survey week	10.9	•	•	5.1	15.9		
Stood down, on short time, insufficient work	28.3	6.9	•	9.8	38.2		
Shift work, standard work arrangements	57.3	6.8	14.0	20.8	78.1		
Other reasons	23.2	5.4	*	8.5	31.7		
Total	830.3	193.1	186.1	379.2	1.209.5		

TABLE 17. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY AGE, OCTOBER 1984 (~000)

	Age group							
			•••••		***	55		
•	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	and over	Total	
		MALES						
Total	74.1	35.1	37.5	26.9	22.8	55.9	252.3	
Preferred not to work more hours	51.7	24.2	24.0	18.5	16.0	47.9	182.2	
Preferred to work more hours	22.4	10.9	13.4	8.4	6.8	8.0	70.0	
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the								
survey week	11.6	7.7	8.9	5.1		6.0	39.3	
	н	ARRIED FEMAL	ES					
Total	•	34.3	198.3	254.4	135.6	55.6	680.7	
Preferred not to work more hours		28.1	177.1	224.2	123.9	52.9	607.4	
Preferred to work more hours  Had actively looked for full-time work  in the four weeks to the end of the	* *	6.2	21.2	30.2	11.6	•	73.2	
survey week	•		5.4	4.7	•	•	13.7	
		ALL FEMALES						
Total	105.6	81.3	228.7	279.8	156.7	75.6	927.8	
Preferred not to work more hours	77.7	58.1	199.7	242.4	140.1	71.5	789.6	
Preferred to work more hours	27.9	23.2	29.0	37.4	16.7		138.2	
Had actively looked for full-time work							_	
in the four weeks to the end of the								
survey week	13.0	11.3	6.5	6.4		4.6	41.8	
÷		PERSONS						
Total	179.6	116.4	266.2	306.8	179.6	131.5	1,180.0	
Preferred not to work more hours	129.4	82.3	223.8	260.9	156.0	119.4	971.8	
Preferred to work more hours	50.2	34.1	42.4	45.8	23.5	12.1	208.2	
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the					30.0		24016	
survey week	24.6	19.0	15.4	11.6	8.0		81.2	

TABLE 18. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY HOURS WORKED, OCTOBER 1984 (^000)

		Hours	Persons who did not					
	1-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21-29	30-34	work in the survey week	Total
		MALES						
Total	37.5	51.0	29.2	38.5	42.4	45.4	8.2	252.3
Preferred not to work more hours	26.9	35.1	20.0	25.7	30.7	37.6	6.2	182.2
Preferred to work more hours	10.6	15.9	9.2	12.8	11.7	7.8	<b>*</b>	70.0
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the								
survey week	5.8	10.1	5.1	8.4	5.2	•	•	39.3
	нл	RRIED FEM	IALES					
Total	77.1	117.1	99.9	145.3	136.9	71.0	33.5	680.7
Preferred not to work more hours	64.8	98.5	89.7	133.5	126.6	64.9	29.4	607.4
Preferred to work more hours  Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the	12.3	18.5	10.2	11.8	10.3	6.1	*	73.2
survey week	•	5	.1	4	.9	•		13.7
		ALL FEMAL	.ES					
Total	125.5	179.6	129.3	181.5	169.6	98.9	43.3	927.8
Preferred not to work more hours	99.0	149.1	110.9	158.2	147.3	88.0	37.0	789.6
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the	26.5	30.5	18.3	23.3	22.4	10.9	6.3	138:2
survey week	7.6	9.3	5.5	7.8	7.1	•	* .	41.8
		PERSONS	3					
Total	163.0	230.7	158.5	220.0	212.1	144.3	51.5	1,180.0
Preferred not to work more hours	125.9	184.2	130.9	183.9	178.0	125.6	43.3	971.8
Preferred to work more hours  Had actively looked for full-time work  in the four weeks to the end of the	37.1	46.4	27.6	36.1	34.1	18.7	8.3	208.2
survey week	13.5	19.4	10.6	16.2	12.3	6.3	*	81.2

TABLE 19. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: STATES, BY AGE, OCTOBER 1984

Age group	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Australia(e)
			MALES				
15-19	27.9	17.2	14.8	10.2	7.5	2.9	81.5
20-24	27.4	15.9	13.0	7.2	8.2	3.3	75.5
25-34	29.5	17.4	15.7	7.1	6.9	3.1	81.2
35 and over	44.3	21.9	18.5	11.9	11.9	2.8	113.0
Total	129.1	72.5	62.0	36.5	34.5	12.1	351.2
			PEHALES				
15-19	25.1	14.9	8.9	, .			
20-24	16.4	11.0	10.8	7.3 5.9	5.6	1.9	64.6
25-34	21.4	8.3	8.8	4.7	3.7 4.9	1.1	49.6 50.7
35 and over	22.1	14.8	11.8	4.8	6.5	1.6	62.7
•				1	0.5		02.7
Total	85.0	49.0	40.3	22.7	20.7	5.9	227.7
			PERSONS		;		
Looking for full-time wor	rk -						•
15-19	43.1	21.5	18.3	15.2	10.2	4.2	113.7
20-24	40.6	24.2	21.6	12.2	11.0	4.2	114.9
25-34	42.4	22.2	21.4	10.4	9.8	4.0	112.1
35-44	29.0	12.2	14.1	5.6	7.9	1.9	71.4
45-54 55 and over	20.0 8.3	10.0 7.9	7.5	5.1	5.2	•	49.4
77 414 0161	0.5	7.9	4.4	3.7	*	*	28.3
Total looking for							
full-time work	183.5	98.0	87.4	52.3	46.4	15.8	489.7
Total -			•				
15-19	53.0	32.1	23.7	17.5	13.1	4.8	146.1
20-24	43.8	26.9	23.8	13.2	11.9	4.3	125.1
25-34	50.9	25.7	24.5	11.8	11.8	4.5	131.9
35-44	34.5	15.7	16.8	6.9	9.9	2.5	87.4
45-54	22.4	12.6	8 - 2	5.6	5.9	1.1	56.4
55 and over	9.5	8.4	5.2	4.3	2.7	*	31.8
Total	214.1	121.5	102.3	59.3	55.2	18.1	578.8

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory

TABLE 20. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS ACED 15-19: DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, OCTOBER 1984

		Not attending	school	
	Attending school	Left school before 1983	Left school 1983 to survey date	Total
	NUMBE	·		
Duration of unemployment (weeks) -				
Under 4	8.0	9.2	6.3	23.6
4 and under 13	13.0	11.6	11.8	36.4
13 and under 26	5.3	7.4	9.6	22.3
26 and over	9.5	33.0	21.3	63.9
Total	35.9	61.2	49.1	146.1
	AVERAGE DURATION C	P UNEMPLOYMENT (wee	ke)	
Mean duration -				
Males	18.3	41.2	24.4	30.2
Fenales	16.4	43.8	23.0	29.7
Persons	17.4	42.3	23.8	30.0
Looking for full-time work	22.9	43.4	24.1	34.0
Looking for part-time work	15.2	•	*	15.9
Hedian duration -		,		
Males	8.0	27.1	19.1	18.0
Penales	8.0	26.1	17.1	16.1
Persons	8.0	26.1	18.1	17.1
Looking for full-time work	13.1	28.1	18.1	23.0
Looking for part-time work	5.0	•	•	5.0

TABLE 21. UNEMPLOTED PERSONS, BY AGE AND WHETHER LOOKING FOR PULL-TIME OR PART-TIME WORK, OCTOBER 1984

	Number un	employed (	(2000)			Unemployment rate (per cent)					
	Males		Females			Males		Pemales			
	Married	Total	Married	Total	Persons	Married	Total	Married	Total	Persons	
			LOOKING P	OR FULL-T	INE WORK						
Total	134.9	326.1	53.6	163.6	489.7	4.9	7.9	6.3	9.5	8.4	
Aged 15-19	•	65.3	•	48.5	113.7	*	22.8	•	21.0	22.0	
Looking for first job	*	26.4	*	22.3	48.7	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	
Attending school	*	6.4	*	*	10.2	п.а.	п	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	
Aged 20 and over	134.2	260.8	52.5	115.2	376.0	4.9	6-8	6.2	7.7	7.0	
20-24	11.8	72.8	9.1	42.1	114.9	9.8	13.1	8.0	10.9	12.2	
Looking for first job	•		*	5.0	9.1	_•:		- ::			
25-34	43.8	79.1	18.8	33.0	112.1	5.4	6.8	7.2	7.2	6.9	
35-44	33.9	46.9	16.3	24.4	71.4			-6.4	7.2	5.3	
45-54	26.6	36.8	6.9	12.6	49.4	4.6	5.4	4.2	5.7	5.5	
55 and over	18.1	25.3			28.3	4.8	5.7		9.5	5.2 8.4	
Aged 15-64	134.6	325.4	53.3	163.2	488.6	5.0	8.0	6.3	9.3	7.4	
									•		
			LOOKING P	OR PART-T	INE WORK						
٥											
Total	*	25.0	35.9	64 - 1	89.1	*	9.0	5.0	6.5	7.0	
Aged 15-19	•	16.2	*	16.2	32.4	*	18.0	*	13.3	15.3	
Attending school	*	13.0	*	12.7	25.6	•	22.4	*	17.1	19.4	
Aged 20 and over	*	8.8	35.9	47.9	56.7	*	4.7	5.0	5.5	5.4	
20-24		) 4.8	( *	7.6	10.3	*	) 6.3	(	8.5	8.1	
25-34		)	( 15.6	17.6	19.8	*	) .	( 7.3	7.2	6.9	
35-44	*	*	11.9	14.9	16.1	*		4.5	5.1	5.0	
45 and over	*	*	5.5	7.8	10.6	•		2.8	3.2	3.3	
Aged 15-64	•	24.7	35.9	64 - 1	88.8	*	9.7	5.1	6.5	7.2	
				TOTAL							
Total	138.6	351.2	89.5	227.7	578.8	4.9	8.0	5.7	8.4	8.1	
Aged 15-19	*	81.5	*	64.6	146.1	*	21.6	•	18.3	20.0	
Attending school	*	19.3		16.5	35.9	•	29.6	*	21.0	24.9	
Aged 20 and over(a)	137.9	269.7	88.4	163.0	432.7	4.8	6.7	5.7	6.9	6.8	
20-24	12:1	75.5	11.9	49.6	125.1	9.7	12.7	7.9	10.4	11.7	
25-34	44.8	81.2	34.3	50.7	131.9	5.4	6 - 8	7.2	7.2	6.9	
35-44	34.7	48.1	28.3	39.3	87.4	4.0	4.7	5.4	6.2	5.3	
45-54	27.0	37.6	11.6	18-8	56.4	4.5	5.4	3.8	4.9	5.2	
55-59	10.6	16.1		•	19.6	4.2	5 - 4	•		4.9	
60-64	8.1	10.1		•	10.7	6.7	7.0	*	*	5.7 8.2	
Aged 15-64	138.0	350.1	89.2	227.3	577.3	4.9	8.1	5.7	8.4	8.2	

<sup>(</sup>a) Includes unemployed persons aged 65 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 22. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BIRTHPLACE BY AGE, OCTOBER 1984

	Number un	employed (*000)		Unemployment rate (per cent)			
	Hales	Females	Persons	Males	Pemales	Persons	
		BORN IN A	USTRALIA		•		
Total	245.0	163.4	408.4	7.6	8.0	7.7	
Looking for full-time work	224.7	116.8	341.4	7.4	9.1	7.9	
Looking for part-time work	20.4	46.6	67.0	9.3	6.0	6.8	
Aged 15-19	68.9	52.6	121.5	20.9	16.8	18.9	
Aged 20 and over	176.1	110.8	287.0	6.1	6.4	6.2	
20-24	60.8	40.1	100.9	12.2	10.2	11.3	
25-34	55.3	35.3	90.6	6.0	6.8	6.3	
35-44	25.9	23.0	48.9	3.8	5.3	4.3	
45-54	19.3	10.2	29.5	4.2	3.8	4.1	
55 and over	14.8	#	17.0	4.3	•	3.6	
Aged 15-64	244.4	163.3	407.7	7.7	8.0	7.8	
		BORN OUTSID	E AUSTRALIA				
Total	106.1	64.3	170.4	9.1	9.6	9.3	
Looking for full-time work	101.5	46.9	148.3	9.2	10.4	9.5	
Looking for part-time work	4.7	17.4	22.1	7.9	8.0	8.0	
Aged 15-19	12.6	12.1	24.7	26.2	30.0	27.9	
Aged 20 and over	93.5	52.2	145.7	8.4	8.3	8.4	
20-24	14.6	9.5	24.2	15.3	11.8	13.7	
25-34	25.9	15.3	41.2	9.2	8.3	8.9	
35-44	22.2	16.3	38.6	6.6	8.2	7.2	
45-54	18.3	8.6	26.9	7.5	7.4	7.4	
55 and over	12.5	•	14.8	7.8	*	7.2	
Aged 15-66	105.6	64.0	169.6	9.2	9.6	9.3	

TABLE 23. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND AGE, ETC., OCTOBER 1984

				Looking for -					
Duration of unemployment (weeks)	15-10	Age	25-34 8100b		T1(-)	W4-4	Not	Full-time	Part-time
- Comproved Control	13-19	20-24	23-34	35-54	iotal(a)	Married	married	Vork	work
			HAL						
					- 1000 -				
Under 2 2 and under 4	4.5 8.8 11.5	4.6 5.0 8.7	4.8	# A.5	18.1 24.5 36.6 32.5 42.4 41.7 32.5 28.7 31.1 63.0	6.0 8.1	12.1 16.4	15.2 20.3 32.0 30.3 40.6 38.7 31.1 26.7 29.6	) 7.1 )
4 and under 8	11.5	8.7	6.5	8.8	36.6	12.8	23.8	32.0	4.6
8 and under 13 13 and under 26	7.4 12.6	6.3	9.8	7.3	32.5	12.4 14.3	20.2	30.3	) 4.8
26 and under 39	9.3	11.0	10.0	9.1	41.7	14.6	27.1	38.7	,
39 and under 52 52 and under 65	12.7	6.3 9.4 11.0 5.8 4.7 6.0	6 • 7 7 · 8	5.6	32.5	8.0 13.4	20.2 28.2 27.1 24.5 15.3 13.9 31.1	31.1	) ) 4.9
65 and under 104	5.0 4.7	6.0	7.5	9.2	31.1	17.2	13.9	29.6	} •••
104 and over	4.9	14.0	13.0	21.1	63.0	31.9	31.1	61.4	*
Total	81.5				351.2		212.5	326.1	25.0
					- weeks -				
Average duration -							•		
Mean Hedian	30.2 18.0	48.2 27.0	47.9 27.1	63.1 40.0	50.2 30.0	59.5 39.1	44.1	52.1 32.0	25.1 8.0
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				••••	2002	32.70	•••
			PEMA	LES					
					- 1000 -				
Under 2	4.5 5.7 9.1 8.4 9.7 7.6 6.8 5.9		4.5	•	17-4 21-6 31-4 25-9 29-4 25-9 16-1 17-4 13-0 29-5	9.5	7.9	7.7 11.8	9.7
2 and under 4	5.7	•	5.7	5.6	21.6	9.9	11.8	11.8	9.9
4 and under 8 8 and under 13	9.1 8.4	6 • 1 4 • 7	9.5 6.3	6.3	31.4	13.6	17.8	21.5	9.9 7.5
13 and under 26	9.7	6.8	6.3	6.1	29.4	11.0	18.4	21.6	7.8
26 and under 39 39 and under 52	7.6 6.8	5.8	5.6	6.5	25.9 16.1	9.6	16.3	19.1	6.9 ) 6.5
52 and under 65	5.9		6.0	5.3	17.4	6.5	10.8	13.7	) · · · ·
65 and under 104 104 and over	*	6.1 4.7 6.8 5.8  9.0	5.4	10.2	13.0 29.5	10.9	9.1 18.7	7.7 11.8 21.5 18.4 21.6 19.1 13.3 13.7 11.7	4.7
Total	64.6		50.7	58.1	227.7				64.1
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	****	301.	3011	- veeks -	0,,,	13011	103.0	04.1
					- weeks -				
Average duration - Hean	29.7	45.5	33.3	47.1	39.6	34.8	42.8	45.0	25.9
Median	16.1	22.0	12.0	26.0	17.1	13.0	23.1	45.0 26.0	8.0
			PERS	ONS					
					- 1000 -				
Under 2	9.0	8.2 9.3 14.8 11.0 16.2 16.8	9.4	7.6	35.5	15.5	20.0	23.0	12.6
2 and under 4 4 and under 8	14.5	9.3 16.8	10.6	10.1	46.1	18.0	28.1	32.1	14.1 14.5
8 and under 13	15.8	11.0	16.1	13.5	58.4	23.3	35.1	48.7	9.7
13 and under 26 26 and under 39	22.3	16.2	16.5	14.2	71.8	25.3	46.5	62.3	9.6
39 and under 52	19.5	9.3	8.5	9.6	67.6 48.6	24.2 11.7	43.4 37.0	57.8 44.4	9.8
52 and under 65	10.9	7.3	11.3	13.9	46.1	19.9	26.1	40.5	5.6
2 and under 4 4 and under 8 8 and under 13 13 and under 26 26 and under 39 39 and under 52 52 and under 65 65 and under 104 104 and over	8.5 8.2	7.3 9.3 23.0	9.6 18.3	12.9 31.3	35.5 46.1 68.0 58.4 71.8 67.6 48.6 46.1 44.1 92.5	25.3 24.2 11.7 19.9 21.1 42.7	23.0 49.8	23.0 32.1 53.5 48.7 62.3 57.8 44.4 40.5 41.4	6.2
Total	146.1	125.1	131.9	143.9	57.8 - 8	228.1	350.7	489.7	
				.,,,,	- veeks -	22011	330.7	407.7	07.1
					- weeks -	•			
Average duration - Mean	30.0	47.1	42.3	56.6	46.0	49.8	43.6	49.7	25.7
Median	17.1	26.1	22.1	34.1	26.0	26.1	26.0	28.1	8.0

TABLE 24. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB AND DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT, OCTOBER 1984 (\*\*000)

•	Duration of unemployment (weeks)									Total		
	Under 4	4 a under		8 and under 13					65 and over		Females	
Had worked full time for two weeks							_					
or more in the last two years	46.7	4 2	. 2	39.2	49.	6 47	. 2	53.3	30.7	218.7	90.3	309.0
Industry division or subdivision -									-			
Agriculture, forestry, fishing & hunting		5.4			5.3			6.4		14.9	•	18.5
Agriculture & services to agriculture	•			6.8				5.6		12.1	*	15.6
Manufacturing	10.3		.7	8.2			. 4	12.2		56.1	19.1	75.3
Food, beverages and tobacco	•			5.5				4.6		8.9	•	13.2
Metal products									7.5	17.2	•	18.6
Other manufacturing	6.8	6	. 9	4.9	5.		.0	5.8		30.0	13.4	43.4
Construction	5.9	4	. 9	*	5.		*	6.5		33.8	•	34.9
Wholesale and retail trade	9.2	7	8.1	9.1	13.		. 3	12.8		46.5	23.0	69.6
Wholesale trade		4.6			5.8			5.8		14.2	•	17.3
Retail trade	6.4		5.9	6.8	9.		. 6	9.8			19.9	52.3
Transport and storage	. *			5.5				7.1		17.7	*	16.5
Finance, property & business services		5.7			4.7			5.3		9.0	7.4	16.4
Community services	5.0			7.6		- 7.8		4	•	8.0	16.9	24.9
Recreation, personal & other services		7.3		*	5.	0 4	. 5		7.1	14.6	13.3	27.9
Other industries	4.7			7.8		- 7.0			. 5.5	21.1	*	25.0
Occupation group -												
Professional, technical, etc.		4.7			5.4				·	6.4	8.2	14.6
Clerical	6.5		1.6	5.0	5 -	1		6.3	. •	8.9	20.7	29.6
Sales	4.6			7.1	5.	.7	*	6.9	•	16.6	15.4	32.0
Parmers, fishermen, etc.		6.8			4.	. 8 4	. 9	4.5	5 *	21.4	*	25.6
Transport and communication		5.7		*		- 4.5		4.7	7 *	17.3	•	18.6
Tradesmen, production-process workers .												
and labourers, n.e.c.	21.0	- 18	3.3	16.7	22.	6 25	. 3	24.3	16.3	125.8	18.7	144.5
Service, sport and recreation			4.9	*	5.	.8 4	. 9		8.4	12.6	19.0	31.6
Other occupations	*			5.5		4	. 7			9.8	•	12.5
Other	26.9	2 9	5.7	19.2	22	.3 20	. 4	41.4	106.0	129.1	132.7	261.8
Looking for first job	11.3		4.2	8.1			. 9	21.8			46.8	92.4
Looking for full-time work	****		7.6	4.8			. 8	18.0			31.0	62.8
Other	15.6		1.6	11.1			. 5	19.6			85.9	169.4
orner		•	0		•		•••	.,.,	. ,			
Stood down	8-1		• •	• •		••	••	•	• ••	*	4.7	8.1
Total	81 - 7	6	8.0	58.4	71	.8 67	7.6	94.	7 136.7	351.2	227.7	578.8

TABLE 25. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: AGE AND ACTIVE STEPS TAKEN TO FIND WORK(4), OCTOBER 1984

			Persons	,		
	Hales	. Pemales	Aged 15-19	Aged 20-24	Aged 25 and over	Total
Took active steps to find work Wrote, phoned or applied in person to	347.8	223.0	144.6	124.1	302.0	570.7
an employer	268.0	167.9	110.9	97.8	227.2	435.9
Answered a newspaper advertisement for a job Checked factory or Commonwealth	8.8	8.1	)	7.3	9.6	16.9
Employment Service noticeboards Been registered with the Commonwealth	43.5	27.3	16.6	15.9	38.2	70.8
Employment Service Checked or registered with any other	22.9	12.7	9.3	6.9	19.5	35.6
employment agency	•	•			• .	•
Advertised or tendered for work	•	•	*			•
Contacted relatives or friends	•	5.0	•	•	5.8	8.6
Stood down	•	4.7	•	•	5.6	8.1
Total .	351.2	227.7	146.1	125.1	307.6	578.8

<sup>(</sup>a) See Explanatory notes, paragraph 10.

TABLE 26. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, OCTOBER 1984

	Males			Penales				
Age group	Married	Not married	Total	Harried	Not married	Total	Persons	Proportion of population
				- 1000 -				- per cent -
·15-19	•	279.2	279.3	13.1	268.0	281.1	540.4	
20-24	5.2	65.1	70.3	111.0	75.8	186.8	560.4	43.4
25-34	25.1	37.3	62.4	473.5	84.8	558.3	257.1	19.4
35-44	33.5	20.2	53.7	352.8	60.6	413.4	620.7 467.1	24.6
45-54	55.1	23.8	78.9	306.9	58.5			22.0
55-59	63.2	19.9	83.1	202.2		365.4	444.3	29.0
60-64	152.1	38.3	190.4	213.0	63.9 100.3	266.1	349.2	46.4
65-69	172.0	43.8	215.7	165.5		313.3	503.7	72.9
70 and over	261.6	122.4	384.0		111.5	277.1	492.8	91.3
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	201.0	122.4	384.0	187.5	432.9	620.4	1,004.4	96.4
Total	767.9	650.0	1,417.9	2,025.6	1,256.4	3,281.9	4,699.8	39.8

TABLE 27. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: WHETHER LOOKING FOR WORK, ETC., OCTOBER 1984 (\*000)

• .	Hales			Females			
	Harried	Not married	Total	Harried	Not married	Total	Persons
Looking for work Took active steps to find work(a)	9.8 4.9	36.2 27.3	46.0 32.2	29.7	35.8	65.5	111.5
Did not take active steps to find work	4.9	8.9	13.8	8.2 21.5	20.2 15.6	28.4 37.1	60.6 50.9
Not looking for work	727.5	546.3	1,273.8	1,975.2	1,120.9	3,096.2	4,370.0
Permanently unable to work	12.2	11.3	23.5	5.8	10.4	16.2	39.7
In institutions	18.4	56.2	74.5	14.9	89.2	104.1.	178.6
Total	767.9	650.0	1,417.9	2,025.6	1,256.4	3,281.9	4,699.8

<sup>(</sup>a) Not available to start work in the survey week for reasons other than own temporary illness or injury.

TABLE 28: ESTIMATES OF LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND GROSS CHANCES (PLOWS) DERIVED FROM MATCHED RECORDS SEPTEMBER 1984 AND OCTOBER 1984 (\*\*000)

bour force status in -					
September 1984	October 1984	Hales	Married	Total	Persons
Employed full time	Employed full time	2,972.3	595.0	1,152.9	4,125.2
• •	Employed part time	37.6	40.8	57.1	94.7
	Unemployed	24.7	*	9.0	33.7
	Not in the labour force	32.7	19.6	28.9	61.5
Employed part time	Employed full time	42.3	42.7	58.5	100.6
	Employed part time	129.8	459.8	616.5	746.3
	Unemployed	9.4	5.7	11.1	20.
	Not in the labour force	22.3	51.3	71.8	94.
Unemployed	Employed full time	30.9		16.2	47.1
	Employed part time	16.3	10.7	19.5	35.9
	Unemployed	206.2	33.7	105.2	311.4
	Not in the labour force	35.0	27.3	50.9	85.9
Not in the labour force	Employed full time	13.7	14.9	20.4	34.
	Employed part time	14.0	49.7	67.1	81.1
	Unemployed	28.9	25.6	48.2	77.
	Not in the labour force	940.8	1,517.6	2,364.3	3,305.
Total flows into	Employed	74.9	79.6	123.2	198.1
	Full time	86.9	61.9	95.1	182.0
	Part time	67.9	101.2	143.7	211.0
	Unemployed	62.9	34.1	68.3	131.
	Not in the labour force	89.9	98.1	151.6	241.
Total flows out of	Employed	89.0	79.4	120.7	209.
	Pull time	95.0	63.2	94.9	189.
	Part time	73.9	99.7	141.4	215.
	Unemployed	82.2	42.3	86.7	168.
	Not in the labour force	56.6	90.1	135.7	192.
Total changes of status		227.8	211.8	343.1	570.9
pulation represented by the	matched sample	4,556.7	2,901.4	4,697.7	9,254.4

TABLE 29. FAMILY STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: SUMMARY TABLE, OCTOBER 1984

• •				Not in	Civilian popu	population aged 15 and over		
	Employed	Unemployed	Labour force	labour förce	Males	Pemales	Persons	
		NUMBER (	<sup>-</sup> 000) .					
Member of a family	5,384.7	457.9	5.842.5	3,640.7	4,723.4	4.759.8	9,483.2	
Husband or wife	4,039.2	216.5	4,255.7	2,632.2	3,473.7	3,414.2	6,887.9	
With children aged 0-14 present	2,285.6	145.0	2,430.6	953.2	1,719.7	1,664.0	3.343.8	
Without children aged 0-14 present	1,753.6	71.5	1,825.1	1,679.0	1,754.0	1,750.1	3,504.1	
Not-married family head	204.7	28.1	232.8	309.8	100.8	441.8	542.6	
With children aged 0-14 present	101.5	18.0	119.4	. 149.5	29.4	239.5	268.9	
Without children aged 0-14 present	103.2	10.1	113.4	- 160.4	71.4	202.4	273.7	
Child(a) of family head	1,066.4	199.1	1,265.5	567.6	1,053.9	779.2	1,833.1	
Other relative of family head	74.3	14.2	88.6	131.1	95.0	124.6	219.7	
Not a member of a family	862.0	86.6	948.6	624.6	737.6	835.6	1,573.1	
Living alone	385.3	30.4	415.7	526.0	384.6	557.1	941.7	
Not living alone	476.7	56.2	532.9	98.6	353.0	278.4	631.4	
Usual resident of a private dwelling								
where family status was determined	6,246.6	544.5	6,791.1	4,265.3	5,461.0	5,595.4	11,056.4	
Usual resident of a private dwelling								
where family status was not determined	139.6	12.8	152.4	86.6	101.0	137.9	238.9	
Total usual residents of private dwellings	6 206 2							
Visitors to private dwellings	6,386.2 44.5	557.3	6,943.5	4,351.8	5,562.0	5,733.3	11,295.3	
Persons enumerated in non-private	44.5	6.6	51.1	53.7	48.0	56.8	104.7	
dwellings	112.0	15.0		204.2				
dwellings	113.9	15.0	128.9	294.3	210.1	213.1	423.2	
Total	6,544.6	578.8	7,123.4	4,699.8	5,820.1	6,003.2	11,823.2	
	P	ROPORTION OF TO	TAL (per cent	:)				
Member of a family	82.3	79.1	82.0	77.5	81.2	79.3	80.2	
Husband or wife	61.7	37.4	59.7	56.0	59.7	56.9	58.2	
With children aged 0-14 present	34.9	25.0	34.1	20.3	29.5	27.7	28.6	
Without children aged 0-14 present	26.8	12.4	25.6	35.7	30.1	29.2	29.6	
Not-married family head	3.1	4.8	3.3	6.6	1.7	7.4	4.6	
With children aged 0-14 present	1.6	3.1	1.7	3.2	0.5	4.0	2.3	
Without children aged 0-14 present	1.6	1.7	1.6	3.4	1.2	3.4	2.3	
Child(a) of family head	16.3	34.4	17.8	12.1	18.1	13.0	15.5	
Other relative of family head	1.1	2.5	1.2	2.8	1.6	2.1	1.9	
Not a member of a family	13.2	15.0	13.3	13.3	12.7	13.9	13.3	
Living alone	5.9	5.3	5.8	11.2	6.6	9.3	8.0	
Not living alone	7.3	9.7	7.5	2.1	6.1	4.6	5.3	
Usual resident of a private dwelling								
where family status was determined	95.4	94.1	95.3	90.8	93.8	93.2	93.5	
Usual resident of a private dwelling								
where family status was not determined	2.1	2.2	2.1	1.8	1.7	2.3	2.0	
Total usual residents of private								
dwellings	97.6	96.3	97.5	92.6	95.6	95.5	95.5	
Visitors to private dwellings	0.7	1.1	0.7	1.1	0.8	0.9	0.9	
Persons enumerated in non-private								
dwellings	1.7	2.6	1.8	6.3	3.6	3.6	3.6	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

<sup>(</sup>a) Aged 15 and over.

TABLE 30. FAMILY STATUS AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF PERSONS AGED 15 AND OVER(a), OCTOBER 1984

				Unemploy						
	Employed			Looking				Civilian		
	Ful1-	Part-		for full-				populat- ion aged		Partici-
	time Workers	time vorkers	Total	time work	Total	Labour force	labour force	15 and over	loyment rate	pation rate
					- '000 -				- per	cent -
			MALES							
Member of a family	3,176.2	199.0	3,375.2	251.2	272.9	3,648.1	1,075.3	4,723.4	7.5	77.2
Husband	2,524.7	101.1	2,625.8	128.7		2,758.1		3,473.7	4 - 8	79.4
With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present	1,517.8	37.1 64.0	1,554.9	86.8 41.8		1,643.5	639.4	1,719.7 1,754.0	5.4 3.9	95.6 63.5
Not-married family head With children aged 0-14 present	58.5 19.2	5.3	63.8 20.8	6.4	6.8	70.6	30.2	100.8	9.7	70.1
Without children aged 0-14 present	39.4	•	43.0	*		23.8 46.8	5.6 24.6	29.4 71.4	*	81.0 65.6
Child(b) of family head	550.5	88.4	638.8	106.5	123.4	762.3	291.7	1,053.9	16.2	.72.3
Other relative of family head	42.6	•	46.8	9.6	10.3	57.1	37.9	95.0	18.1	60.1
Not a member of a family	466.3	41.6	507.9	54.6	57.0	564.9	172.7	737.6	10.1	76.6
Living alone Not living alone	219.3 247.0	18.3 23.3	237.6 270.3	20.2 34.4	21.3 35.7	258.9 306.0	125.7 47.0	384.6 353.0	8.2 11.7	67.3 86.7
Total	3,642.6	240.6	3,883.1	305.8	329.8	4,213.0	1,248.0	5,461.0	7.8	77.1
			FEMALES						•	
Hember of a family	1,180.1	829.3	2,009.4	126.4	185.0	2,194.4	2,565.4	4,759.8	8.4	46.1
Wife	758.4	655.0	1,413.4	50.1		1,497.6	1,916.6	3,414.2	5.6	43.9
With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present	309.6 448.8	421.1 233.9	730.7 682.6	· 28.3	56.4 27.9	787.1 710.5	877.0 1,039.6	1,664.0	7.2 3.9	47.3
. Not-married family head	89.4	51.6	140.9	12.6	21.2	162.2	279.7	441.8	13.1	36.7
With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present	46.1 43.2	34.5 17.0	80.7 60.3	7.5 5.1	14.9	95.6 66.6	143.9 135.8	239.5 202.4	15.6 9.5	39.9 32.9
Child(b) of family head	310.7	116.9	427.6	60.1	75.7	503.2	275.9	779.2	15.0	64.6
Other relative of family head	21.6	5.9	27.6	•		31.5	93.2	124.6	•	25.2
Not a member of a family	294.5	59.5	354.1	27.4	29.6	383.7	451.9	835.6	7.7	45.9
Living alone	120.0	27.7	147.7	7.6.	9.1	156.8	400.3	557.1	5.8	28.2
Not living alone	174.5	31.8	206.3	19.7	20.5	226.9	51.6	278.4	9.0	81.5
· Total	1,474.6	000.9	2,363.5	153.8	. 214.6	2,578.2	3,017.2	5,393.4	8.3	46.1
	•		PERSONS							
Member of a family	4,356.3	1,028.3	5,384.7	377.6	457.9	5,842.5	3,640.7	9,483.2	7.8	61.6
Husband or wife	3,283.1	756.1	4,039.2	178.8		4,255.7	2,632.2	6,887.9	5.1	61.8
With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present	1,827.4 1,455.7	458.2 297.9		115.2 63.6	145.0	2,430.6 1,825.1	953.2	3,383.8 3,504.1	6.0 3.9	71.8 52.1
Not-married family head	147.9	56.8	264.7	19.0	28.1	232.8	309.8	542.6	12.1	42.9
With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present	65.3 82.6	36.2 20.7	101.5 103.2	10.3 8.7	18.0 10.1	119.4 113.4	149.5 160.4	268.9 273.7	15.0 8.9	44.4 41.4
Child(b) of family head	861.1	205.3	1,066.4	166.6	199.1	1,265.5	567.6	1,833.1	15.7	69.0
Other relative of family head	64.2	10.1	74.3	13.2	14.2	88.6	131.1	219.7	16.1	40.3
Not a member of a family	760.9	101.1	862.0	82.0	86.6	948.6	624.6	1,573.1	9.1	60.3
Living alone	339.3	46.0	385.3	27.8	30.4	415.7	526.0	941.7	7.3	44.1
Not living alone	421.5	55.2	476.7	54.1	56.2	532.9	98.6	631.4	10.5	84.4
Total	5,117.2	1,129.4	6,246.6	459.6	544.5	6,791.1	4,265.3	11,056.4	8.0	61.4

<sup>(</sup>a) Civilians who were residents of private dwellings where family status was determined. See Explanatory notes. (b) Aged 15 and over.

TABLE 31. ALL PAHILIES(a): TYPE OF FAHILY, NUMBER OF PAHILY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS(b), OCTOBER 1984 (\*000 families)

None em					One employed			Two or more employed			Total		
Number of family members(c)	None unemp- loyed	One or more unemp- loyed	Total	None unemp- loyed	One or more unemp- loyed	Total	None unemp- loyed	One or more unemp- loyed	Total	None unemp- loyed	One or more unemp- loyed	Total	
				MARRIED	-COUPLE P	AMILIES							
Two Three Pour Five	478.7 36.3 19.3 8.2	23.2 31.2 33.9 17.2	502.0 67.6 53.2 25.4	242.1 252.7 317.5 171.3	18.0 29.9 42.4 22.9	260.1 282.5 359.9 194.1	389.7 331.0 493.3 243.2	13.6 33.3 24.6	389.7 344.7 526.6 267.8	1,110.6 620.0 830.1 422.6	41.2 74.7 109.7 64.7	1,151.8 694.8 939.8 487.3	
Six or more	5 - 4	12.6	18.0	60.9	7.6	68.5	95.9	17.5	113.4	162.2	37.7	199.9	
Total	547.9	118.2	666.1	1,044.5	120.7	1,165.2	1,553.1	89.1	1,642.2	3,145.5	328.0	3,473.6	
w.			01	HER PAHIL	IES WITH	A MALE HE	AD						
Two Three Four or more	10.1	4.7 *	14.8 4.8	22.8 9.8	6.3	29.1 11.9 4.6	21.5 8.2	••	21.5 9.9	54.4 20.7 6.6	11.0 5.9 2.1	65.4 26.6 8.8	
Total	13.6	7.2	20.8	35.9	9.6	45.5	32.2	•	34.4	81.7	19.1	100.8	
			ОТН	ER FAMILI	ES WITH A	FEMALE R	IEAD						
Two Three Four Five or more	92.2 46.0 19.6 7.7	17.5 8.8 ) ) 6.4	109.8 54.7 ( 23.8 ( 9.9	101.5 36.0 13.0	5.4 7.9	106.8 ( 40.4 ( 16.4 5.6	28.2 21.8 11.4 4.8	) 5.5 ) *	28.2 ( 25.8 ( 13.1 7.3	221.9 103.8 44.0 16.9	22.9 17.1 9.3 5.9	244.8 120.9 53.3 22.8	
Total	165.5	32.8	198.2	154.9	14.4	169.3	66.2	8.0	74.3	386.6	55.2	441.8	
				OTHER P	AMILIES:	TOTAL							
Two Three Four Five Six or more	102.3 48.7 19.9 6.1	22.3 10.9 4.6	124.6 59.5 24.5 7.6	124.2 45.8 15.6	11.6 6.5 4.6 ( *	135.9 52.3 20.3 5.4	49.7 30.0 13.2 )	5.6 ) () 4.7	49.7 35.7 ( 15.3 ( 5.8	276.3 124.5 48.7 14.4	33.9 23.0 11.3 )	310.2 147.5 60.0 ( 18.8 ( 6.1	
Total	179.1	40.0	219.0	190.8	24.0	214.9	98.4	10.3	108.7	468.3	74.3	542.6	
				- <b>A</b> 1	LL PANILI	ES							
Two Three Four Five Six or more	581.1 85.0 39.2 14.2 7.5	45.5 42.1 38.5 18.7 13.3	626.6 127.1 77.7 32.9 20.8	366.4 298.5 333.1 175.5 61.8	29.6 36.4 47.1 24.0 7.7	396.0 324.9 380.2 199.5 69.5	439.4 361.0 506.5 247.3 97.3	19.3 35.4 26.4 18.4	380.3 541.9 273.6	1,386.9 744.5 878.8 437.0	97.8 121.0 69.1	1,462.0 842.3 999.8 506.0	
Total	727.0	158.2		1,235.3		1,380.1			115.6	166.6	39.4 402.3	206.0 4,016.1	

 <sup>(</sup>a) See Explanatory notes for details of exclusions to family tables.
 (b) Employment status refers to persons aged 15 and over only.
 (c) Of any age.

TABLE 32. ALL FAMILIES(a): TYPE OF FAMILY, NUMBER OF CHILDREN AGED 0-14 PRESENT, AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS(b), OCTOBER 1984 ("000 families)

			aged 0~14 present		
	None	One	Two or more	Total	
NO PAHILY MEMBER	EMPLOYED				
Harried-couple families	547.9	40.4	77.8	666.1	
One or both spouses unemployed(c)	28.7	23.0	51.0	102.8	
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	6.4 20.9	* 18.6	7.3 42.6	17.2 82.1	
Neither spouse unemployed	519.2	17-4	26.7	563.3	
Other families	71.3	75.4	72.3	219.0	
Family head unemployed  Male head unemployed	4.9	10.2	6 - 1	21.2 4.5	
Female head unemployed	•	8.5	5.0	16.8	
Family head not unemployed Male head not in the labour force Female head not in the labour force	66.4 11.5 54.9	65.2 * 62.9	66.2 * 63.7	197.8 16.3 181.5	
All families	619.3 .	115.8	150.1	885.1	
ONE OR MORE FAMILY MEM	BERS EMPLOYED				
Married-couple families	1,205.8	578.6	1,022.9	2,807.4	
One or both spouses unemployed(c) Husband employed, wife unemployed	35.7	20.6	40.7	97.0	
Husband unemployed, wife employed Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	18.7	12.4	32.2 7.1	63.4	
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	5 • 2	*	•	9.0	
Neither spouse unemployed Husband employed, wife employed	1,170.1	558.1	982.2	2,710.4	
Husband employed, wife not in the labour force	639.1 412.8	278.3 264.0	443.9 524.0	1,361.4	
Husband not in the labour force, wife employed Husband not in the labour force, wife not in the labour force	44.5 73.7	8.3 7.4	10.9	63.7 84.5	
Other families	202.4	78.0	43.2	323.6	
Family head unemployed  Male head unemployed	5.2		•	6.8	
Female head unemployed	•		:	4.5	
Family head not unemployed  Hale head employed	197.2	77.1	42.5	316.8	
Female head employed	43.0	12.8 51.4	8 · 1 29 · 3	63.8 140.9	
Male head not in the labour force Female head not in the labour force	13.0 80.9	# 12.5	4.7	13.8 98.2	
All families	1,408.2	656.7	1,066.1	3,131.0	
				•	
TOTAL					
Married-couple families	1,753.9	619.0	1,100.7	3,473.6	
One or both spouses unemployed(c) Husband employed, wife unemployed	64.4 18.7	43.6 12.4	91.8 32.2	199.8 63.4	
Husband unemployed, wife employed Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	10.1 7.5	4.9	7.1 7.5	22.1 19.0	
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	26.1	21.1	43.9	91.1	
Neither spouse unemployed  Husband employed, wife employed	1,689.3 639.1	575.4 278.3	1,008.9 443.9	3,273.7 1,361.4	
Husband employed, wife not in the labour force Husband not in the labour force, wife employed	412.8	264.0	524.0	1,200.8	
Husband not in the labour force, wife not in the labour force	592.9	8.3 24.8	10.9 30.0	63.7 647.8	
Other families	273.7	153.4	115.5	542.6	
Family head unemployed  Male head unemployed  Female head unemployed	10.1 * 6.3	*11:2 * 9.2	6.8 * 5.7	28.1 6.8 21.2	
Family head not unemployed	263.6	142.2	108.7		
Male head employed Female head employed	43.0 .60.3	12.8 51.4	8 · 1 29 · 3	63.8 140.9	
Male head not in the labour force Female head not in the labour force	24.6 135.8	75.5	68.4	30.2 279.7	
All families	2,027.5	772.4	1,216.2	4,016.1	
•				,	

<sup>(</sup>a) See Explanatory notes for exclusions to family tables.
(b) Labour force status refers to persons aged 15 and over only.
(c) Includes a small number of families with husband not in the labour force and

### **TECHNICAL NOTE**

For more information on sample design, estimation procedure and reliability of the estimates, for current and earlier surveys, reference should be made to the Technical note in *The Labour Force, Australia, 1978* (6204.0).

### Estimation procedure

2. The labour force estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a complex ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex, rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself.

### Reliability of the estimates

- Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the surveys. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. The standard error can also be expressed as a percentage of the estimate, and this is known as the relative standard error.
- 4. Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this publication. Standard errors of estimates for the latest month and of estimates of movements since the previous month are shown in Table 1. Standard errors of other estimates and other monthly movements should be determined by using Tables A and B.
- 5. The size of the standard error increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.
- 6. As the standard errors in Table A show, the smaller the estimate the higher is the relative standard error. Very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. In the tables in this publication, estimates below the levels shown in Table C, and percentages based on such estimates, have not been included but are indicated with a '\*'. Although figures for these small components can in some cases be derived by subtraction, they should not be regarded as reliable. See paragraph 9 concerning higher publication cut-off points for some estimates.
- 7. The movement in the level of an estimate is also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of the movement depends on the levels of the estimates from which the movement is obtained rather than the size of the movement. An indication of the magnitude of standard errors of monthly movements is given in Table B. The estimates of standard error of monthly movements apply only to estimates of movements between

two consecutive months. Movements between corresponding months of consecutive quarters (quarterly movements), corresponding months of consecutive years (annual movements) and other non-consecutive months, will generally be subject to somewhat greater sampling variability than is indicated in Table B. Standard errors of quarterly movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table B by 1.4. Standard errors of all annual movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table A or Table B to calculate standard errors of movements, refer to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived.

- 8. Examples of the calculation and use of standard errors are given below:
  - (a) From Table A it will be seen that the estimate of 326,100 unemployed males looking for full-time work October 1984 has a standard error of about 6,100. Therefore there are about two chances in three that the number that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 320,000 to 332,200 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 313,900 to 338,300.

Published estimate

313,900 320,000 326,100 332,200 338,300

2 chances in 3 that, if all dwellings included, the value is in this range

19 chances in 20 that, if all dwellings included,

the value is in this range

(b) The estimate of movement in the number of unemployed males looking for full-time work from September to October 1984 is a decrease of 23,000. Table B relates the standard error of the monthly movement to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived. In this case the September 1984 estimate (349,100) is the larger. From Table B it will be seen that the standard error of the monthly movement is about 5,100. Therefore there are about two chances in three that if all dwellings had been included in the surveys the movement would have been within the range -28,100 to -17,900 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range -33,200 to -12,800

Estimated movement

-33,200 -28,100 -23,000 -17,900 -12,800

2 chances in 3 that, if all dwellings included, the movement is in this range

19 chances in 20 that, if all dwellings included, the movement is in this range

9. The relative standard errors of estimates of aggregate hours worked, average hours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment are obtained by first finding the relative standard error of the estimate of the total number of persons contributing to the estimate (see Table A) and then multiplying the figure so obtained by the following relevant factors:

Aggregate hours worked: 1.2 Average hours worked: 0.5

Average duration of unemployment: 1.5 Median duration of unemployment: 2.0

Publication cut-off points for these and other labour force estimates (see paragraph 6) are shown in Table C on the next page. Because of these higher relative standard errors, estimates of aggregate hours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment have higher cut-off points for publication (see paragraph 6) than other estimates as shown in Table A.

10. An example of the calculation of standard errors by the use of these factors is as follows:

In October 1984 the estimate of median duration of unemployment for unemployed males was 30.0 weeks (from Table 23) and the number unemployed was estimated as 351,200. From Table A it can be estimated that this figure (351,200) has a standard error of about 6,300 and therefore a relative standard error of about 1.8 per cent. The relative standard error of the estimate of median duration of unemployment is calculated by multiplying this figure (1.8) by the appropriate factor shown in the previous paragraph (in this case 2.0): 1.8 x 2.0 = 3.6 per cent. The standard error of this estimate of

median duration of unemployment is therefore 3.6 per cent of 30.0, i.e. 1.1. Therefore there are about two chances in three that the median duration of unemployment for unemployed males that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 28.9 to 31.1 weeks and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 27.8 to 32.2 weeks.

- 11. The standard errors of estimates relating to agricultural employment are generally somewhat higher than the standard errors of other estimates of the same magnitude. Standard errors for capital cities are approximately the same as those for corresponding States.
- 12. The reliability of an estimated percentage or rate, computed by using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the numerator and the size of the denominator. However, the relative standard error of the estimated percentage will generally be slightly lower than the relative standard error of the estimate of the numerator. The relative standard errors of the numerators can be obtained from Table A.
- 13. The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents, errors made in collection such as in recording and coding of data, and errors made in processing the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the non-sampling error, and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

TABLE A. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES

Size of estimate	N. S. W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N. T.	A.C.T.	Austr	alia
				— numbe	r —				of	per cent estimate
1,000 1,500 1,800 2,000 2,500 3,000 3,500 4,000 4,500 5,000 6,000 10,000 20,000 50,000 100,000 300,000 500,000 1,000,000	1,000 1,100 1,200 1,500 2,000 3,900 5,000 5,800 6,900 8,500	1,000 1,100 1,200 1,400 1,900 2,700 3,500 4,400 5,000 5,800 7,000	740 780 820 860 930 1,200 1,500 2,200 2,800 3,600 4,100 4,800 5,900	510 550 590 620 650 680 730 900 1,200 1,600 2,100 2,600 2,900 3,300	540 590 630 660 700 730 790 970 1,300 1,700 2,200 2,700 3,000 3,500	250 300 330 340 380 410 430 460 480 500 530 640 810 1,100 1,300 1,500	440 470 510 550 590 620 650 680 740 910 1,200 1,700	440 480 510 540 560 590 610 650 750 910 1,100 1,300	970 1,000 1,100 1,400 2,000 2,900 3,900 5,100 6,000 7,200 9,100	21.6 20.0 18.0 10.0 5.8 3.9 2.6 2.0 1.0
2,000,000 5,000,000	10,000	8,400	2,000		•				11,000 15,000	0.6 0.3

TABLE B. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF MONTHLY MOVEMENTS

Size of larger estimate	N. S. W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	<i>N. T</i> .	A.C.T.	Australia
1,000	<del></del>					210			
1,500						250			
1,800						260	370		
2,000						270	380	370	
2,500				490	520	290	420	390	
3,000				520	560	310	460	410	•
3,500			730	540	590	330	490	430	
4,000			760	570	610	340	520	450	
4,500	1,100	1,100	790	590	640	360	550	460	1,100
5,000	1,100	1,100	820	610	660	370	570	480	1,200
6,000	1,200	1,200	880	650	700	390	620	500	1,200
10,000	1,400	1,400	1,000	760	830	460	760	570	1,500
20,000	1,800	1,700	1,300	930	1,000	550	1,000	670	2,000
50,000	2,500	2,300	1,700	1,200	1,300	690	1,400	790	2,700
100,000	3,200	2,800	2,100	1,400	1,600	810	1,.00	880	3,400
200,000	3,900	3,300	2,500	1,700	1,900	920		000	4,300
300,000	4,400	3,700	2,800	1,900	2,100				4,900
500,000	5,100	4,200	3,200	2,100	2,300				5,700
1,000,000	6,100	4,900	3,800	_,,,,,	_,				6,800
2,000,000	7,200	5,600	-,						8,200
5,000,000	•	- •							10,000

TABLE C. PUBLICATION CUT-OFF POINTS FOR LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES(a)

•	N. S. W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N. T.	A.C.T.	Aust.
Estimates classified by—					\				
Aggregate hours worked	5,400	5,400	4,200	3,000	3,000	1,200	2,200	2,400	5,400
Average hours worked	2,300	2,300	1,800	1,300	1,300	500	900	1,000	2,300
Average (mean) duration of				•				-,	_,,,,,,,
unemployment	6,800	6,800	5,300	3,800	3,800	1,500	2,700	3,000	6,800
Median duration of unemployment	9,000	9,000	7,000	5,000	5,000	2,000	3,600	4,000	9,000
All other estimates	4,500	4,500	3,500	2,500	2,500	1,000	1,800	2,000	4,500

<sup>(</sup>a) See paragraphs 6 and 9, pages 33 and 34.

### SUPPLEMENTARY AND SPECIAL SURVEYS RELATING TO THE LABOUR FORCE

Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of data on demographic and labour force characteristics, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force are carried out from time to time. The results of these surveys on labour force and related topics are published separately as shown below.

Title of Publication	Catalogue No.
Alternative Working Arrangements, Australia, March-May 1982	6341.0
Annual and Long Service Leave Taken, Australia, May 1983 to April 1984, Preliminary	6331.0
Assisted and Unassisted Migrants, August 1972; March 1980	3406.0
Career Paths of Persons with Trade Qualifications, Australia, September to November 1982	6243.0
Characteristics of Migrants Aged 18 Years and Over at Time of Arrival and who Arrived After 1960.	02.15.0
Australia, March 1984, Preliminary	6249.0
Child Care—May 1969, 1973, 1977; June 1980	4402.0
Educational Experience and Intentions Survey, Australia, 1979	4212.0
Employed Married Women in the Labour Force, November 1979 (Queensland)	6203.3
Employment Benefits, February-May 1979, August 1983	6334.0
Preliminary, August 1984	6332.0
Employment Status of Teenagers, August 1978(a)	6234.0
Evening and Night Work, November 1976	6329.0
Frequency of Pay, August 1974, 1976 and 1977	6320.0
Income and Housing Survey, 1981-82—	
Income of Individuals	6502.0
Income Distribution, Australia: Income Units	6523.0
Job Tenure. Annually. Latest issue August 1976	6211.0
Journey to Work and Journey to School, May 1970; August 1974	9205.0
Labour Force Experience. Annually. Latest issue February 1983	6206.0
Preliminary, February 1984	6205.0
Labour Force Status and Educational Attainment, Australia. Annually. Latest issue February 1984	6235.0
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families. Annually. Latest issue July 1982	6224.0
Labour Mobility. Annually. Latest issue February 1984	6209.0
Methods of Obtaining Jobs, July 1982	6245.0
Migrants in the Labour Force, 1972 to 1976(a)	6230.0
Multiple Jobholding. Two-yearly. Latest issue August 1983	6216.0
Persons Retired from Full-time Work, Australia, September 1983	6238.0
Persons Aged 15 to 64 Years: Employment Status and Period Since Leaving School, May 1976	6225.0
Persons Not in the Labour Force, Australia. Twice-yearly. Latest issue March 1984	6220.0
Persons Looking for Work, Characteristics of. Annually. Latest issue July 1983	6222.0
Post School Qualifications of Tradesmen and Other Employed Persons, New South Wales, November 1979	6202.1
School Leavers, 1970 to 1974: Their Employment Status and Education Experience in May 1975	6226.0
Superannuation, Australia, February 1974; September to November 1982	6319.0
Survey of Persons Registered with the CES as Unemployed, March 1977	6229.0
The Labour Force: Country of Birth and Period of Residence, February 1972	6207.0
Trade Union Members, November 1976, March-May 1982	6325.0
Transition From Education to Work (Including leavers from schools, universities, and other educational	
institutions). Annually. Latest issue May 1983	6227.0
Preliminary, May 1984	6241.0
Weekly Earnings of Employees (Distribution). Annually. Latest issue August 1983	6310.0
Preliminary, August 1984	6309.0
Work Patterns of Employees, November 1976	6328.0
Working Conditions, February-May 1979	6335.0
Working Hours Arrangements, Australia, February-May 1981	6338.0
Supplementary Tables  (a) Estimates derived from labour force current. For more properties to the color of th	6339.0

### **CORRIGENDUM**

### THE LABOUR FORCE, AUSTRALIA, SEPTEMBER 1984 CATALOGUE NO. 6203.0 ISSUED 5 NOVEMBER 1984

In Table 32 of the above publication, estimates in the section headed "one or more family members employed" are incorrect (they are for the category "one family member employed"). Corrected estimates are shown in the following table:

TABLE 32. ALL FAMILIES(a): TYPE OF FAMILY, NUMBER OF CHILDREN AGED 0-14 PRESENT, AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS(b), SEPTEMBER 1984 ("000 families)

	Number of children aged 0-14 present				
	None	One	Two or more	Total	
. NO FAMILY ME	MBER EMPLOYED				
Married-couple families	537.2	37.5	75.2	649.9	
One or both spouses unemployed(c)	32.2	22.1	49.3	103.5	
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	7.7	•	7.6 40.6	18.3	
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	22.6	18.3		81.5	
Neither spouse unemployed	505.1	15.4	25.9	546.4	
Other families	69.7	74.7	75.0	219.4	
Family head unemployed	5.9	10.4	6.0	22.3	
Male head unemployed Female head unemployed	•	7.9	5.4	. 6.0 16.3	
Family head not unemployed	63.8	64.3	69.1	197.2	
Male head not in the labour force	12.6	•	•	18.0	
Female head not in the labour force	51.2	61.7	66.3	179.2	
All families	606.9	112.2	150.2	869.3	
ONE OR HORE FAMIL	Y MEMBERS EMPLOY	E D			
Married-couple families	1,212.2	572.8	1,016.3	2,801.2	
One or both spouses unemployed(c)	40.1	25.5	40.5	106.2	
Husband employed, wife unemployed	18.1	17.4	32.1	67.6	
Husband unemployed, wife employed Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	13.3	4.8	5.6	23.8 12.1	
Neither spouse unemployed	1,172.1	547.2	975.8	2,695.1	
Husband employed, wife employed Husband employed, wife not in the labour force	648.3 408.2	273.8 260.8	445.4 519.1	1,367.5 1,188.1	
Husband not in the labour force, wife employed Husband not in the labour force, wife not in the labour force	41.1 74.4	6.5	8.3	55.9 83.6	
Other families	202.1	77.9	40.2	320.2	
Family head unemployed	5.8	•	•	7.4	
Hale head unemployed Female head unemployed	:		:	5.0	
Family head not unemployed	196.2	76.6	39.9	312.8	
Hale head employed Female head employed	39.8 61.9	11.0 53.8	7.7 26.9	58.5 142.6	
Male head not in the labour force	11.8	*		13.1 98.5	
Female head not in the labour force All families	82.7	11.0 650.6	4.8	3,121.4	
		••••	.,	.,	
10	TAL	•			
Married-couple families	1,749.5	610.2	1,091.4	3,451.1	
One or both spouses unemployed(c)	72.3	47.6	89.8	209.7	
Husband employed, wife unemployed Husband unemployed, wife employed	18.1 13.3	17.4 4.8	32.1 5.6	67.6 23.8	
Husband unemployed, wife unemployed Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	8.6 29.8	21.2	8.1 42.7	20.3 93.6	
	1,677.1	562.6	1,001.7	3.241.4	
Neither spouse unemployed Eusband employed, wife employed	648.3	273.8	445.4	1,367.5	
Hushand employed, wife not in the labour force Husband not in the labour force, wife employed	408.2 41.1	260.8 6.5	519.1 8.3	1,188.1	
Husband not in the labour force, wife not in the labour force	579.5	21.4	29.0	629.9	
Other families	271.8	152.6	115.2	539.6	
Family head unemployed	11.7	11.7	6.3	29.7	
Male head unemployed Female head unemployed	5.1 6.6	8.9	5.7	8.5 21.2	
Family head not unemployed	260.1	140.9	109.0	509.9	
Hale head employed	39.8	11.0	7.7	58.5	
Female head employed Male head not in the labour force	61.9 24.4	53.8 3.5	26.9	142.6	
Female head not in the labour force	133.9	72.6	71.2	277.7	
All families	2,021.2	762.8	1,206.7	3,990.7	

<sup>(</sup>a) See Explanatory notes for exclusions to family tables.

<sup>(</sup>b) Labour force status refers to persons aged 15 and over only.
(c) Includes a small number of families with husband not in the labour force and wife unemployed