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THE LABOUR FORCE AUSTRALIA

JANUARY 1984

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THE LABOUR FORCE, AUSTRALIA, JANUARY 1984

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EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

This publication contains estimates of the civilian labour force derived from the labour force survey part of the monthly population survey.

2. Preliminary survey results are published in advance of this more detailed publication in *The Labour Force*, *Australia (Preliminary Estimates)* (6202.0).

3. Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of specific data on demographic and labour force characteristics of the population, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force or of other subjects are carried out from time to time. Statistics from these surveys are published and are available on request. A list of survey publications on labour force and related topics is shown later in this publication.

The population survey

4. The population survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (about 33,000 houses, flats, etc.) and non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.), and covers about two-thirds of one per cent of the population of Australia. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by carefully chosen and specially trained interviewers. The interviews are generally conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Monday between the 6th and 12th of each month. Because of operational problems arising from the Christmas and New year holidays, interviews for the December 1983 survey commenced on Monday 5 December. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e. the survey week).

Scope

5. The labour force survey includes all persons aged 15 and over except:

- (a) members of the permanent defence forces;
- (b) certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations;
- (c) overseas residents in Australia; and
- (d) members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia.

Definitions

6. The labour force category to which a person is assigned depends on his *actual activity* (i.e. whether working, looking for work, etc.) during the survey week. The following definitions, which conform closely to the international standard definitions specified by the International Labour Organisation (ILO), relate only to those persons within the scope of the survey. 7. *Employed persons* comprise all those aged 15 and over who, during the survey week:

- (a) worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (including employees, employers and self-employed persons); or
- (b) worked for 15 hours or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. unpaid family helpers); or
- (c) were employees who had a job but were not at work and were: on paid leave; on leave without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week; stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week; on strike or locked out; on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job; or receiving wages or salary while undertaking full-time study; or
- (d) were employers or self-employed persons who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.

8. The *employment/population ratio* for any group is the number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group.

9. Unemployed persons are those aged 15 and over who were not employed during the survey week, and

- (a) had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the survey week and:
 - (i) were available for work in the survey week, or would have been available except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than four weeks to the end of the survey week); or
 - (ii) were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the survey week and would have started in the survey week if the job had been available then;
- or (b) were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week (including the whole of the survey week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown.

10. Actively looking for work includes writing, telephoning or applying in person to an employer for work; answering a newspaper advertisement for a job; checking factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards; being registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service; checking or registering with any other employment agency; advertising or tendering for work; and contacting friends or relatives. The active steps were asked in the order shown in the table in this publication showing unemployed persons classified by active steps taken, and since only one response was recorded for each person asked this particular question, the estimates do not reflect the relative importance of the steps taken to find work.

11. Unemployed persons looking for first job are those who had never worked full time for two weeks or more.

12. The unemployment rate for any group is the number unemployed expressed as a percentage of the labour force (i.e. employed plus unemployed) in the same group.

13. Duration of unemployment is the period from the time the person began looking for work or was laid off to the end of the survey week. Thus the survey measures current (and continuing) periods of unemployment rather than completed spells. For persons who may have begun looking for work while still employed, the duration of unemployment is defined as the period from the time the person last worked full time for two weeks or more to the end of the survey week. Periods of unemployment are recorded in complete weeks and this results in a slight understatement of duration. Average (mean) duration is the duration obtained by dividing the aggregate number of weeks a group has been unemployed by the number of persons in that group. Median duration is the duration which divides unemployed persons into two equal groups, one comprising persons whose duration of unemployment is above the median and the other, persons whose duration is below it.

14. Unemployed persons classified by industry and occupation. Unemployed persons who had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years are classified according to the industry and occupation of their most recent full-time job. Unemployment rates by industry and occupation are only available for February, May, August and November.

15. The *labour force* comprises all persons who, during the survey week, were employed or unemployed, as defined above.

16. The *labour force participation rate* for any group is the labour force expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group. Because it is not practicable to ascertain the birthplace of persons in institutions (who are classified as not in the labour force), labour force participation rates for persons classified by birthplace are calculated by using population estimates which exclude those in institutions. 17. Full-time workers are those who usually work 35 hours or more a week and others who, although usually part-time workers, worked 35 hours or more during the survey week. Part-time workers are those who usually work less than 35 hours a week and who did so during the survey week. When recording hours of work, fractions of an hour are disregarded.

Hours of work. The figures of aggregate hours and 18. of average hours refer to actual hours worked during the survey week, not hours paid for. The figures may be affected by public holidays, leave, absenteeism; temporary absence from work due to sickness, injury, accident and industrial disputes; and stoppages of work due to bad weather, plant breakdown, etc. When hours of work are recorded, fractions of an hour are disregarded and this results in slightly lower figures than would be the case if actual time worked was recorded. Persons stood down for the whole of the survey week without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment are regarded as employed and therefore are included (working no hours) in the calculation of average hours worked. Persons stood down in the survey week for reasons other than bad weather and plant breakdown and waiting to be called back to their job are regarded as unemployed and are therefore excluded from the calculations.

19. Persons attending school comprise those aged 15 to 20 who, during the survey week, were enrolled full time at secondary or high schools. Excluded are persons who were enrolled at universities, colleges of advanced education, technical colleges, other tertiary educational institutions, and coaching and business schools. Persons attending school are classified as in the labour force if they were employed or unemployed as defined above. Because it is not practicable to ascertain from persons in institutions (who are classified as not in the labour force) whether or not they are enrolled at secondary or high schools, such persons are excluded from estimates classified by school attendance.

20. Persons not in the labour force are those who, during the survey week, were not in the categories employed or unemployed, as defined above. They include persons who were keeping house (unpaid), attending an educational institution (school, university, etc.), retired, voluntarily inactive, permanently unable to work, inmates of institutions (hospitals, gaols, sanatoria, etc.), trainee teachers, members of contemplative religious orders, and persons whose only activity during the survey week was jury service or unpaid voluntary work for a charitable organisation.

21. In the labour force survey, persons are classified as *married* or *not married*. The former category includes persons who are separated, while the latter category includes persons who, at the time of the survey, had never married, or were widowed, or divorced. However, the marital status to which a person is assigned depends upon the information given by the respondent, and does not necessarily reflect legal status.

22. The February, May, August and November issues of this publication include a table showing estimates of employed persons, obtained from the labour force survey, classified by *status of worker* i.e. whether they were employers, self-employed persons, wage and salary earners (employees), or unpaid family helpers (who worked 15 hours or more in the survey week).

23. Industry is classified according to the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC) 1978 (1201.0 and 1202.0) and occupation according to the Classification and Classified List of Occupations, Revised June 1981.

24. The areas determining the six State capital cities are the Statistical Divisions for those capital cities defined in Census of Population and Housing 1976, Population and Dwellings in Local Government Areas and Urban Centres (Preliminary) (2401.0-2408.0). Capital City Statistical Divisions are predominantly urban in character and the boundaries are delineated to contain the anticipated urban development of the capital cities (and associated urban centres) for a period of at least 20 years.

Population benchmarks

25. The population survey estimates are calculated in such a way as to conform to the independently estimated distribution of the population aged 15 and over by age and sex. These independent estimates (benchmarks) are necessarily derived from incomplete information about population changes (deaths, internal and overseas migration) and can differ from estimates of the population subsequently published by the ABS. For estimates of the population and other demographic statistics reference should be made to Australian Demographic Statistics Quarterly (3101.0).

Revision of series

26. Survey estimates are not revised for the usually small amendments of population benchmarks arising from new data on deaths and overseas and internal migration. Revisions are made, however, after each census of population and housing, and when population estimation bases are reviewed. Survey estimates back to August 1966 have been recalculated to conform to revised population estimates. The revised estimates take account of results of the 1966, 1971 and 1976 Censuses, including estimates of under-enumeration. Revised estimates taking account of the results of the 1981 Census will be published in the February 1984 issue of The Labour Force, Australia (Preliminary Estimates) (6202.0). More detailed estimates based on the 1981 Census will be published in the February 1984 issue of this publication (6203.0).

27. Until February 1978, surveys were conducted in February, May, August and November each year from 1964. From February 1978 the survey has been conducted on a monthly basis. A revised questionnaire was introduced for the February 1978 survey. The questionnaire, which had undergone little change since 1964, except for the inclusion in 1975 of additional questions on jobseeking, was revised to provide more accurate and more detailed information concerning the labour force. 28. Details of the changes made to the questionnaire in February 1978 and the reasons for the changes are contained in *Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey, March 1978* (6232.0). In November 1981 a number of additional minor amendments were made to the questionnaire and these are outlined in a December 1981 issue of the above information paper, 6232.0.

29. Estimates for the period August 1966 to November 1977 have been revised in order to provide a series for earlier periods as comparable as possible with the February 1978 and later estimates. For periods prior to August 1976, detailed revised estimates are available only for August of each year. For February, May and November only broad revised aggregates (as in Table 1) are available. Revised estimates have been published in *The Labour Force, Australia, 1978* (6204.0), which also contains information concerning the methods used in the revision.

Survey sample

30. For detailed information on sample design and selection see the Technical note in *The Labour Force*, *Australia*, 1978 (6204.0).

31. The population survey sample is reselected every five years to allow data from the latest census of population and housing to be used to improve the efficiency of the population survey sample design. The latest reselection, which used data from the 1981 Census, was introduced for the October 1982 survey.

32. The sampling fraction differs for States and Territories. This is designed to enable estimates of reasonable accuracy to be produced from all States and Territories as well as for Australia. Sampling fractions for each State and Territory are as follows: New South Wales and Victoria, 1 in 200; Queensland, 1 in 140; Western Australia, South Australia, Northern Territory and Australian Capital Territory, 1 in 100; and Tasmania, 1 in 60.

Reliability of the estimates

33. Estimates in this publication are subject to two sources of error:

- (a) sampling error: since the estimates are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. More information on this topic is given in the Technical note.
- (b) non-sampling error: inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents and interviewers and errors made in the coding and processing of data. These inaccuracies

may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

Differences between population census and population survey estimates

34. The results of the 1981 Census of Population and Housing show that labour force figures derived from the census differ from estimates derived from the labour force surveys.

The broad concepts underlying the measures of the 35. labour force and its components, employment and unemployment, are similar in the census and the survey. However there are considerable differences in both the collection methodology adopted (including the detailed questions asked) and estimation procedures. Factors contributing to differences in estimates include underenumeration in the population census for which census labour force estimates have not been adjusted, the use in the labour force survey of population benchmarks derived from incomplete information about population change (see paragraph 25), the inclusion of permanent defence forces in census estimates, the personal interview approach adopted in the survey as opposed to self-enumeration of census schedules, differing questions used to determine labour force characteristics (particularly the identification of unemployed persons) and, differing methods of adjustment for non-response to the survey or census.

36. The labour force survey provides detailed and upto-date estimates of employment and unemployment for Australia and States, whereas the census of population and housing provides less detailed counts for small areas.

37. These considerations should be borne in mind if comparisons are made between population census and labour force survey estimates.

Seasonal adjustment

38. Seasonally adjusted series are published in Table 2. As happens with all seasonally adjusted series, the seasonal factors are reviewed annually, the latest review being in February 1983 which revised the monthly series back to February 1978. Information about the method of adjustment and seasonally adjusted figures for all months since February 1978 are published in an appendix to the February 1983 issue of this publication.

39. The seasonal adjustment factors have been calculated on the basis of five years of monthly data. This is a relatively short series of data on which to base the calculation of seasonal factors particularly when the pattern of movement is changing from year to year. This changing pattern is most marked in the unemployment figures where large increases may be accompanied by changes in the seasonal patterns which will not become apparent until later years. As a result the current seasonal adjustment might prove to be inadequate or need to be substantially revised. Care should be exercised in interpreting current movements based on these seasonally adjusted estimates.

Gross flows

40. In order to minimise respondent burden and at the same time maintain continuity within the population survey sample, one eighth of the dwellings in the sample (except the large non-private dwellings) are replaced after each survey. Adoption of this rotation procedure, whereby about seven eighths of the sample remains unchanged from one month to the next, enables more reliable measurements of changes in the labour force characteristics of the population to be made than would be possible if a new sample were introduced each month.

41. Because a high proportion of private dwellings selected in one survey remains in the sample for the following survey, it is possible to match the characteristics of most of the persons in those dwellings from one month to the next, to record any changes that occur, and hence to produce estimates of *flows* between the different categories of the population and labour force.

42. The procedures used to select persons in nonprivate dwellings preclude the possibility of matching any of them who may be included in successive surveys. For this and other reasons, including the mobility of the population and non-response in either or both surveys, about 10 per cent of persons in those dwellings which are included in the sample in successive months cannot be matched. Those who can be matched represent about 80 per cent of all persons in the survey.

43. Changes in the characteristics of this latter group are shown in the gross flows table. About one half of the remaining (unmatched) 20 per cent of persons in the survey are likely to have characteristics similar to those in the matched group, but the characteristics of the other half are likely to be somewhat different.

44. Gross flow estimates relate only to those persons in private dwellings for whom information was obtained in successive surveys. The expansion factors used in calculating the estimates were those applying to the second of each pair of months.

45. Although it is not possible to provide gross flow estimates for all persons in the survey it is considered that the estimates derived from matched records will be a useful guide to the magnitude of the movements between categories which underlie the changes in monthly levels. When comparing flows for different periods it is important to take into account the population represented by the matched sample, as shown in the last line of the table. 46. While every effort is made to reduce non-sampling errors to a minimum, any such errors affecting labour force status will tend to accumulate in the gross flow statistics rather than to cancel out. The estimates are also subject to sampling variability, as explained in the Technical note. For these reasons the estimates of flows should be used with caution. The standard errors may be obtained from Table A of the Technical note.

47. Estimates of total flows into or out of the employed category may be less than the sum of the estimates for employed full time and employed part time as the estimates for the latter two categories include movements between these two categories.

Additional data

48. Estimates for employed persons classified by industry, occupation and status of worker are available each February, May, August and November, and the following tables are published in issues of this publication for those months.

> Employed persons— Industry and occupation— Full-time and part-time workers Status of worker Age and birthplace Hours worked Industry by occupation Industry subdivisions Major and minor occupation groups

49. Other unpublished data from labour force surveys may be available on request.

Related publications

50. Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which relate to the labour force and are available on request:

The Labour Force, Australia (Preliminary Estimates) (6202.0)—issued monthly

The Labour Force, New South Wales (6201.1)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, Victoria (6201.2)—issued monthly

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The Labour Force, Queensland (6201.3)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, South Australia (6201.4)—issued quarterly

Labour Statistics, Australia, 1982 (6101.0)

Job Vacancies, Australia (6231.0)—issued quarterly

Information Paper: Questionnaires used in the Labour Force Survey, December 1981 (6232.0)

Information Paper: Review of ABS Employment Statistics (6239.0)

Overtime, Australia (6330.0)-issued quarterly

Supplementary and special survey publications on labour force and related topics are listed after the Technical note.

51. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications, Australia* (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a *Publications Advice* (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

Symbols and other usages

- subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See paragraph 6 of the Technical note
- n.a. not available
- .. not applicable
- n.e.c. not elsewhere classified

52. Figures have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

R. J. CAMERON Australian Statistician





EMPLOYED PERSONS





UNEMPLOYED FEMALES





UNEMPLOYMENT RATES



TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION ACED 15 AND OVER

			Unemployed								
			Looking for full-time w	rotk							
	Employed		Aged 15-19	!	Looking for			Not in	Civilian popula- tion	Unemp-	Partici-
Nonth	Full-time	Total	first lob	Total	time vork	Total	Labour force	labour force	aged 15 and over	loyment rate	pation rate
noutu					1000						
				-	000						
					MALES						
1982 -											
December	3,766.6	4,007.7	46.5	378.4	26.3	404.7	4,412.4	1,227.0	5,639.4	9.2	78.2
1983 -											
January	3,706.0	3,929.8	51.3	409.2	22.3	431.5	4,361.3	1,290.0	5,651.3	9.9	77.2
February	3,730.2	3,959.2	45.0	418.2	23.1	441.3	4,400.0	1,201./	5,673.0	. 9.9	77.3
Herch April	3,700.2	3,951.9	28.3	407.2	23.4	430.6	4.364.9	1,315.6	5,680.5	9.9	76.8
May	3,686.8	3,932.7	28.3	413.4	22.6	436.0	4,368.7	1,320.5	5,689.2	10.0	76.8
June	3,689.7	3,930.4	24.5	408.2	16.6	424.8	4,355.2	1,342.8	5,698.0	9.8	76.4
July	3,703.5	3,939.5	28.1	407.5	21.9	429.4	4,368.9	1,337.9	5,706.8	9.8	75 9
August	3,670.3	3,910.8	26.6	409.5	20.Z	429.7	4,340.5	1,3/3.1	5,725.7	9.9	77.1
September	3,748.0	3,9/9.0	30.8	385.0	16.2	401.2	4.368.8	1.365.8	5.734.6	9,2	76.2
November	3,728.9	3,976.9	30.5	366.3	20.3	386.7	4,363.6	1,380.0	5,743.6	8.9	76.0
December	3,792.4	4,039.1	57.3	392.2	28.4	420.6	4,459.7	1,292.9	5,752.6	9.4	77.5
1984 -					•		-				.
January	3,725.5	3,959.4	52.8	424.4	28.6	453.0	4,412.4	1,349.3	5,761.8	10.3	76.6
Standard error of -											
January 1984											
estimates	13.6	13.9	3.0	6.8	2.3	6.9	14.3	10.0	••	0.2	0.2
Dec 83 to Jan 84 movements	9.6	9.7	2.9	5.4	2.2	5.5	10.0	7.4	••	0.1	0.2
				на	RRIED FE	MALES	·				
1982 -											
December	802.3	1,460.2	.*	64.0	34.6	98.6	1,558.8	2,086.1	3,644.9	6.3	42.8
1983 -											
January	792.3	1,370.9	٠	60.2	24.5	84.7	1,455.5	2,192.3	3,647.8	5.8	39.9
February	780.5	1,430.3		78.7	48.0	126.7	1,556.9	2,105.0	3,001.9	8.1	42.5
March	797.7	1,4/2.4		74 3	40.4	14/14	1 545.2	2,000.0	3,661.9	7.7	42.2
Mav	797.5	1.447.9			44.7	122.4	1,570.3	2,114.2	3,684.5	7.8	42.6
June	791.4	1,443.1		77.9	40.4	118.4	1,561.4	2,136.4	3,697.9	7.6	42.2
July	803.8	1,446.2	*	71.7	46.0	117.7	1,563.9	2,123.5	3,687.3	7.5	42.4
August	788.4	1,435.5		73.1	30.8	109.9	1,242.4	2,152.9	3,09/.0	8.0	42.9
October	802.7	1.440.4		66.6	45.9	112.5	1.552.9	2,127.3	3,680.3	7.2	42.2
November	807.5	1,461.8		62.8	38.0	100.7	1,562.5	2,117.2	3,679.7	6.4	42.5
December	817.6	1,459.8	٩	62.8	34.3	97.2	1,557.0	2,129.2	3,686.2	6.2	42.2
1984 -											
January	808.6	1,372.7	•	63.0	28.9	91.9	1,464.6	2,228.3	3,693.0	6.3	39.7
Chardend enner of -											
January 1984											
estimates	8.4	10.0	0.2	3.2	2.3	3.8	10.3	11.7	••	0.3	0.3
Dec 83 to Jan 84 movements	6.5	7.6	0.4	3.0	2.4	3.4	7.7	8.4	••	0.2	0.2

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER (continued)

			Unemployed								
	*		Looking for full-time w	ork							
	Employed		Aged 15-19	1	Looking for			Not in	Civilian popula- tion	Unemp-	Partici-
Monch	Full-time workers	Total	first job	Total	time work	Total	Labour force	labour force	aged 15 and over	loyment rate	pation rate
				-	' 000 -					- pe	r cent -
					ALL PEMA	LES					
1982 - December	1,492.0	2,349.1	47.6	206.8	62.4	269.2	2,618.4	3,157.0	5,775.4	10.3	45.3
1983 -		2 224 4	49.6	716 7	43.0	260 2	7 495.1	3.290.9	5.786.0	10.4	43.1
January . February	1,465.3	2,295.8	45.5	234.7	71.3	305.9	2.601.7	3,194.9	5,796.6	11.8	44.9
Harch	1,482.9	2,348.9	37.8	223.8	72.6	296.4	2,645.3	3,161.6	5,806.9	11.2	45.6
April	1,478.4	2,308.9	31.9	203.2	73.3	276.6	2,585.4	3,229.1	5,814.5	10.7	44.5
Hay	1,491.4	2,328.9	32.7	212.6	70.0	282.5	2,611.4	3,212.0	5 832.3	10.3	44.4
June	1,477.6	2,324.3	30.1	203.8	65.2	255.3	2,590.5	3.240.8	5,841.2	9.8	44.5
July	1 475.9	2,345.0	28.1	195.7	58.7	254.4	2.576.3	3,273.8	5,850.0	9.9	44.0
Sentember	1.534.7	2.370.3	33.2	207.0	76.4	283.4	2,653.7	3,206.5	5,860.2	10.7	45.3
October	1,516.1	2,363.1	27.4	181.5	68.9	250.4	2,613.5	3,256.0	5,869.6	9.6	44.2
November	1,524.4	2,396.9	26.9	175.0	61.7	236.8	2,633.6	3,245.2	5,878.8	9.0	44.0
December	1,551.9	2,415.3	51.9	207.9	59.6	267.5	2,682.8	3,205.4	3,000.1	10.0	45.0
1984 -											
January	1,528.4	2,292.8	47.4	210.9	53.7	264.5	2,557.3	3,340.3	5,897.6	10.3	43.4
Standard error of -											
January 1984 estimates	10.4	11.8	- 2.9	5.2	3.0	5.7	12.2	13.2	••	0.2	0.2
Dec 83 to Jan 84 movements	7.7	8.6	2.8	4.4	2.9	4.7	8.8	9.3	••	0.2	0.2
•					PERSON		-				
•						-					
1982 - December	5 258.6	6.356.9	94.1	585.2	88.8	674.0	7,030.8	4,384.0	11,414.8	9.6	61.6
December	5,25000						•				
1983 -						401 7	A 854 A	4 580.9	11 437.3	10.1	59.9
January	5,181.7	6,104./	99.9	652.9	94.4	747.3	7.002.2	4,456.6	11,458.9	10.7	61.1
March	5,183.0	6.300.8	72.0	636.0	95.6	731.6	7,032.4	4,447.5	11,479.9	10.4	61.3
April	5,161.6	6,243.2	60.2	610.4	96.7	707.2	6,950.3	4,544.7	11,495.0	10.2	60.5
Hay	5,178.2	6,261.6	61.0	626.0	92.6	718.6	6,980.1	4,532.5	11,512.7	10.3	60.2
June	5,167.3	6,254.7	54.6	612.0	/9.0	691.I	6 969 3	4,384.0	11,550.5	9.8	60.4
July	5,208.7	6,284.5	54.8	597.7	78.9	684.1	6.916.7	4.648.8	11.565.6	9.9	59.8
September	5, 282.7	6.350.0	64.0	617.6	101.1	718.7	7,068.7	4,517.2	11,585.9	10.2	61.0
October	5,239.4	6,330.8	60.4	566.5	85.1	651.6	6,982.3	4,621.8	11,604.2	9.3	60.2
November	5,253.3	6,373.8	57.4	541.4	82.1	623.4	6,997.2	4,625.2	11,622.4	8.9	61.4
December	5,344.3	6,454.4	109.2	600.1	88.0	688.1	7,142.5	4,498.3	11,640.7	9.0	
1984 -											
January	5,254.0	6,252.2	100.1	635.2	82.3	717.6	6,969.7	4,689.7	11,659.4	10.3	59.8
Standard error of -											
January 1984 estimates	15.0	15.8	3.9	7.8	3.6	8.1	16.2	14.6		0.1	0.1
Dec 55 to Jan 84 Devenents	10.4	10.9	3.5	6.0	3.3	6.3	11.1	10.1	••	0.1	0.1

TABLE 2. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

Unemployed

			Looking for full-time work							
	Employed		Aged 15-19 looking		Looking for			Unemp-	Partici-	
Month	Full-time workers	Total	for first job	Total	part-time work	Total	Labour force	loyment rate	pation rate	
				-	1000 -			- per	cent -	
		· .		MALES						
1982 - December	3,732.1	3,971.5	26.5	360.7	18.9	379.6	4,351.1	8.7	77.2	
1983 - January	3,711.5	3,952.1	31.5	363.1	21.6	384.7	4,336.8	8.9	76.7	
February March	3,712.2 3,684.0	3,958.2	32.9 34.5	377.6 406.0	24.0 21.0	401.6 427.0	4,359.8 4,362.5	9.2 9.8	77.0	
April May	3,682.7	3,929.5	37.0	421.3	24.8	446.1 439.7	4,375.6	10.2	77.0 76.9	
June	3,698.1	3,934.9	36.2	432.3	18.3	450.6	4,385.5	10.3	77.0	
August	3,697.3	3,932.3	36.4	420.5	21.9	442.5	4,374.8	10.1	76.5	
September October	3,740.2 3,730.2	3,967.1 3,968.4	35.4 38.3	414.2	25.5	439.7	4,395.2	9.7	76.6	
November December	3,749.4 3,759.1	3,990.7 4,004.3	35.0 32.6	393.4 373.1	25.4 20.5	418.8 393.6	4,409.5 4,397.9	9.5 8.9	76.8	
1984 - January	3,732.2	3,983.8	32.5	377.2	27.6	404.8	4,388.6	9.2	76.2	
1982 -			н	ARRIED FEN	ALES					
December	792.6	1,452.8	••	70.0	37.3	107.3	1,560.1	6.9	42.8	
January	794.3	1,453.0	••	66.8	33.8	100.6	1,553.6	6.5	42.6	
March	799.0	1,455.9	••	72.2	41.1	113.3	1,569.1	7.2	42.8	
April May	781.4	1,420.6 1,440.3	••	70.4	43.1 42.2	113.6	1,560.4	7.7	42.4	
June July	795.2 809.3	1,442.4	••	81.3 73.1	38.9 49.5	120.2	1,562.6	7.7	42.3 42.3	
August	804.6	1,435.6	••	74.2	40.0	114.2	1,549.8	7.4	41.9	
October	797.7	1,423.1	••	71.5	41.9	113.4	1,536.4	7.4	41.7	
November December	802.8 807.7	1,439.7 1,452.1	••	63.0 68.4	40.8 36.9	103.8	1,543.5	6.8	41.9	
1984 - January	810.8	1,452.9	••	70.1	40.0	110.1	1,563.0	7.0	42.3	
				ALL PEHAL	.ES					
1982 - December	1.466.9	2,324.7	32.8	194.2	63.8	258.0	2,582.7	10.0	44.7	
1983 -		·								
January February	1,470.2	2,326.8	31.3 35.4	198.6	56.2	254.8	2,581.6	9.9 10.4	44.6 44.6	
March	1,480.3	2,327.8	35.7	212.3	62.5	274.8	2,602.6	10.6	44.8	
April May	1,478.4	2,305.7 2,324.0	33.0	212.7	68.4	281.2	2,605.2	10.8	44.3	
June July	1,484.3	2,328.4	35.3	210.0	61.5 70.7	271.4 273.2	2,599.8 2.611.7	10.4	44.6 44.7	
August	1,501.6	2,331.2	35.5	204.1	66.6	270.6	2,601.B	10.4	44.5	
October	1,521.3	2,343.0	35.7	204.7	62.5	267.2	2,615.8	10.2	44.6	
November December	1,528.6 1,525.9	2,371.1 2,390.0	35.8	192.3	60.8	255.6	2,645.7	9.9	44.0	
1984 - January	1,523.6	2,385.9	30.6	193.9	68.9	262.7	2,648.6	9.9	44.9	
				PERSON						
1982 -					·.	637 <i>6</i>	6 033 6	• •	20. 7	
December 1983 -	5,199.0	6,296.2	59.3	>>4.9	82./	0.160	0,3399	9.2	00.7	
January February	5,181.7 5:174.4	6,278.9	62.8 68.4	561.7	77.8	639.5	6,918.4	9.2 9.6	60.5 60.6	
Harch	5,164.3	6,263.2	70.2	618.3	83.6	701.9	6,965.1	10.1	60.7	
April . May	5,183.0	6,233.2 6,257.6	70.7	631.3	89.7	720.9	6,978.5	10.3	60.6	
June July	5,182.4 5,214.3	6,263.3 6.282.8	71.5 74.6	642.3 624.8	79.8 93.9	722.1 718.6	6,985.3 7,001.5	10.3	60.6 60.6	
August	5,198.9	6,263.5	71.9 76.8	624.6	88.5	713.1 730.4	. 6,976.6 7.041.4	10.2	60.3 60.8	
October	5,251.5	6,317.1	74.0	614.7	79.2	694.0	7,011.0	9.9	60.4	
November December	5,278.1 5,285.0	6,361.8 6,394.3	70.7 68.4	585.6 567.9	93.1 81.3	649.2	7,040.5	9.0	60.5	
1984 - January	5,255.8	6,369.7	63.1	571.1	96.5	667.5	7,037.2	9.5	60.4	

TABLE 3. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION ACED 15 AND OVER: MARITAL STATUS, JANUARY 1984

	Employed	•	Unemployed					Civilian popula-		
	Full-time workers	 Total	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
				*000	- ·				- pe	r cent -
'Hales	3.725.5	3.959.4	424.4	28.6	453.0	4,412.4	1,349.3	5,761.8	10.3	76.6
Married	2.602.4	2.707.8	176.2	4.7	180.9	2,888.7	794.2	3,682.8	6.3	78.4
Not married	1,123.2	1,251.7	248.2	23.9	272.1	1,523.8	555.2	2,079.0	17.9	73.3
Females	1.528.4	2.292.8	210.9	53.7	264.5	2,557.3	3,340.3	5,897.6	10.3	43.4
Married	808.6	1.372.7	63.0	28.9	91.9	1.464.6	2.228.3	3,693.0	6.3	39.7
Not married	719.9	920.0	147.9	24.8	172.6	1,092.7	1,112.0	2,204.7	15.8	49.6
Persons	5,254.0	6,252.2	635.2	82.3	717.6	6,969.7	4,689.7	11,659.4	10.3	59.8

TABLE 4. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: STATES AND TERRITORIES, JANUARY 1984

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	P14	•	Unemployed					Civilian			
State or Territory	Full-time workers Tota		Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate	
				- '000	-				- per cent -		
				НА	LES	•					
		1 140 1	157 0	10.2		1 578 5	A88.8	2 017.3	11.0	75.8	
Nen Ponto Astes	1,200.8	1,300.3	137.0	10.2	100.0	1,320.3	360.0	1 507 3		76.1	
Victoria	981.5	1,046.9	92.6	7.9	100.4	1,14/.4	339.0	1,307.2	10.0	77 0	
Queensland	596.9	633.6	72.8	4.8		711.2	212.9	924.0	10.7	76.3	
South Australia	322.4	345.2	39.9	•	41.7	386.9	120.5	507.4	10.0	70.5	
Western Australia	348.0	365.7	42.1	•	44.2	409.9	105.2	515.1	10.8	79.0	
Tasmania	102.7	108.4	12.5	*	13.3	121.7	37.9	159.6	10.9	/0.3	
Northern Territory Australian Capital	33.7	35.4	2.5	•	2.5	37.9	11.8	49.7	6.5	/6.3	
Territory	59.5	63.7	4.2	•	5.3	69.0	12.5	81.4	1.7	84./	
Australia	3,725.5	3,959.4	424.4	28.6	453.0	4,412.4	1,349.3	5,761.8	10.3	76.6	
				FEN	ALES						
						•					
New South Wales	547.7	798.8	80.5	18.8	99.3	898.2	1,177.0	2,075.2	11.1	43.3	
Victoria	412.1	605.2	52.1	15.0	67.1	672.3	884.2	1,556.5	10.0	43.2	
Oversland	2 30 . 6	347.1	31.0	7.7	38.7	385.8	552.7	938.5	10.0	41.1	
South Australia	122.8	203.4	18.4	5.7	24.0	227.4	293.7	521.1	10.6	43.6	
Western Australia	129.5	212.1	18.4	Å .1	22.6	234.7	275.0	509.6	9.6	46.0	
	17 4	60.4	5.7	1.6	7.2	67.7	98.9	166.6	10.7	40.6	
Northern Territers	14.9	21.0			1.8	22.7	21.6	44.3	7.8	51.3	
Australian Control											
Territory	33.4	44.7	3.1	٠	3.8	48.6	37.3	85.8	7.9	56.6	
Australis	1,528.4	2,292.8	210.9	53.7	264.5	2,557.3	3,340.3	5,897.6	10.3	43.4	
										•	
				PEI	SONS						
New South Wales	1.828.5	2.159.3	238.3	29.1	267.4	2,426.7	1,665.9	4,092.5	11.0	59.3	
Victoria	1.393.6	1.652.1	144.7	22.9	167.5	1.819.7	1.244.0	3,063.7	. 9.2	59.4	
Oueeneland	827.5	980.8	101.7	12.4	116.2	1.097.0	765.6	1.862.5	10.6	58.9	
South Australia	445.2	548.6	58.3	7.5	65.8	614.3	414.2	1,028.5	10.7	59.7	
Western Australia	A77.5	577.7	60.6	6.2	66.8	644.6	380.1	1.024.7	10.4	62.9	
Trenegie	140.1	168.8	18.2	2.3	20.5	189.4	136.8	326.2	10.8	58.1	
Northern Territory	48.6	56.4	4.1		4.2	60.6	33.3	94.0	7.0	64.5	
Territory	92.9	108.4	7.4	•	9.1	117.5	49.7	167.3	7.8	70.3	
Australia	5,254.0	6,252.2	635.2	82.3	717.6	6,969.7	4,689.7	11,659.4	10.3	59.8	

TABLE 5. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED IS AND OVER: State Capital Cities, January 1984

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	R-ala-ad	•	Unemployed					Civilian	Civilian		
Capital city	Full-time workers	Totel	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	popula- tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate	
				- '000	-				- pe	r cent -	
				н	LES				U		
Sydney Melbourne Brisbane Adelaide Perth	812.6 701.7 268.6 225.5 233.6	863.6 744.8 284.1 240.5 246.7	96.2 71.0 34.7 30.9	6.0 5.8 *	102.2 76.7 36.7 32.6	965.8 821.6 320.8 273.1 281.0	301.1 252.0 94.3 90.5 78.1	1,266.9 1,073.6 415.0 363.6 359.1	10.6 9.3 11.4 11.9 12.2	76.2 76.5 77.3 75.1 78.2	
Hobart	40.3	42:9	4.6	•	4.8	47.7	16.9	64.6	10.1	73.9	
Total	2.282.2	2,422.6	269.6	17.7	287.3	2,709.9	832.9	3,542.8	10.6	76.5	
		•		FEN	ALES						
Sydney Helbourne Brisbane Adelaide Pertb Hobart	389.9 315.7 118.4 92.8 104.9 17.9	545.2 446.6 168.9 148.7 162.4 28.5	51.5 38.5 16.2 15.0 14.0 2.5	12.3 10.6 4.1 4.6 3.3	63.8 49.1 20.3 19.6 17.4 3.2	609.0 495.7 189.2 168.3 179.8 31.7	729.1 627.7 255.8 217.7 200.3 37.6	1,338.0 1,123.3 445.0 386.0 380.0 69.3	10.5 9.9 10.8 11.6 9.7 10.0	45.5 44.1 42.5 43.6 47.3 45.8	
Total	1,039.7	1,500.3	137.7	35.6	173.3	1,673.6	2,068.0	3,741.6	10.4	44.7	
				PER	SONS						
Sydney Helbourne Brisbane Adelaide Perth Hobart	1,202.5 1,017.4 387.1 318.3 338.5 58.2	1,408.8 1,191.4 453.0 389.2 409.0 71.4	147.7 109.5 50.9 45.8 46.4 7.0	18.3 16.4 6.1 5.3	165.9 125.8 57.0 52.1 51.7 8.0	1,574.8 1,317.3 510.0 441.4 460.7 79.4	1,030.1 879.7 350.0 308.2 278.4 54.4	2,604.9 2,196.9 860.0 749.6 739.2 133.9	10.5 9.6 11.2 11.8 11.2 10.1	60.5 60.0 59.3 58.9 62.3 59.3	
Total	3,321.9	3,922.9	407.3	53.4	460.6	4,383.6	2,900.8	7,284.4	10.5	60.2	

TABLE 6. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, JANUARY 1984

				Persons			
	•	Females			Aped	Aged 25 and	
. · · ·	Hales	Married	Total	15-19	20-24	over	Total
				- '000 -			
Employed	63.7	27.2	44.7	9.2	15-1	84.1	108.4
Full-time workers	59.5	19.2	33.4	5.2	13.8	73.8	92.9
Part-time workers	4.2	8.0	11.4	4.0	•	10.2	15.5
Unemployed	5.3	*	3.8	3.8	+	3.6	9.1
Looking for full-time work	4.2	•	. 3.1	2.9	*	3.0	7.4
Looking for part-time work	•	•	•	•	*	*	•
Labour force	69.0	28.5	48.6	13.0	16.9	87.7	117.5
Not in labour force	12.5	25.4	37.3	7.7	2.1	40.0	49.7
Aged 15-19 attending school(a)	3.0	*	3.0	6.1	••	••	. 6.1
Civilian population	81.4	53.9	85.8	20.6	19.0	127.7	167.3
				- per cent -			••
Unemployment rate	7.7	*	7.9	29.0	•	4.1	7.8
Looking for full-time work	6.6	•	8.6	35.3	*	3.9	7.4
Participation rate	84.7	52.8	56.6	62.9	89.0	68.7	70.3
Lmployment/population ratio	78.2	50.4	52.1	44.0	79.8	65.8	64.8
				- number -			
Average (mean) weekly hours					_		
worked by employed persons	27.9	19.8	21.7	21.4	28.7	25.2	25.3
unemployment (weeks)	51.6	۰.	35.1	20.5	*	66.4	44.7
(a) Excludes persons in institutions	. See Explanat	ory notes.		·			

TABLE 7. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 TO 19: SCHOOL ATTENDANCE(a), JANUART 1984

		Une ved	Unemployed					Civilian	11140		
	Employed		looking	looking			Not in	popula- tion	Unemp-	Partici-	
	Full-time workers	Total	for full- time work	for part- time work	Total	Labour force	labour force	aged 15-19	loyment rate	pation rate	
				- '000	-				- pe	r cent -	
			·	NOT ATTEN	DING SCHOOL						
						_					
Males	224.4	253.6	96.0	6.1	102.1	355.7	55.1	410.8	28.7	82.7	
Fensles	189.3	235.8	,,,,,	, , , 1	84.2	320.0	134 3	389.1	20.3	84.5	
Persons	413.7	489.4	173.1	13.2	180.3	6/3./	124.2	800.0	27.0	0415	
Left school -											
Before 1982	236.1	257.3	68.0	•	71.6	328.9	42.9	371.8	21.8	88.5	
1982	121.7	143.1	41.6	4.6	46.2	189.3	28.4	217.7	24.4	8/.0	
1983 to survey date	55.9	89.0	63.6	5.0	68.5	157.5	52.9	210.5	43.3	79.0	
Nov. or Dec. 1983()	5) 34.9	64.1	49.0	4.7	53.7	117.9	43.9	103.0	43.0	/2.0	
Age -											
Ĩ5	9.5	12.6	12.7)	(13.7	26.3	8.2	34.6	51.9	76.2	
16	38.0	49.5	31.5) 4.5	(32.5	82.0	17.2	99.2	39.6	82.6	
17	89.8	109.7	40.3)	(42.7	152.5	29.2	181.0	28.0	83.7	
18	122.2	144.6	48.8	· · · ·	52.9	197.5	30.1	233.0	20.0	86 7	
19	154.1	1/2.9	39.9	4.0	44.3	217.5	33.4	230.9			
				ATTENDI	NG SCHOOL						
Males	12.5	51.8	7.9	11.2	19.1	70.9	164.0	234.9	26.9	30.2	
Temales	7.1	59.8	5.3	10.7	16.0	75.8	155.1	230.9	21.1	32.8	
Persons	19.6	111.6	13.2	21.9	35.1	146.7	319.1	465.8	23.9	31.5	
Age -											
15	6.7	44.0	•	12.6	16.6	60.7	165.8	226.5	27.4	26.8	
16	. 8.3	43.5	4.9	6.0	10.9	54.4	100.2	154.5	20.0	35.2	
17)	(19.1	•		5.6	24.7	41.9	00.0	22.5	3/.1	
18 and 19) 4.6	(5.0	-	•	•	7.0	11.3	10.1		30.3	
				TO	TAL						
	736 9	305 4	103.9	17.3	121.2	426.6	219.1	645.7	28.4	66.1	
Females	196.4	295.6	87.4	17.8	100.2	395.8	224.3	620.0	25.3	63.8	
Persons	433.2	601.1	186.3	35.0	221.3	822.4	443.4	1,265.8	26.9	65.0	
Ase -											
15	16.2	56.7	16.7	13.6	30.3	87.0	174.1	261.0	34.8	33.3	
16	46.3	93.0	36.4	6.9	43.4	136.4	117.4	253.8	31.8	· 53.7	
17	93.1	128.8	43.0	5.3	48.3	177.1	71.1	248.2	27.3	71.4	
18	122.9	148.0	50.0		54.4	202.4	45.4	247.8	26.9	81.7	
19	154.7	174.5	40.2	4.8	45.0	219.5	35.5	255.0	20.5	80.l	
					(1) 1- 11-	1096				after the	

(a) Excludes persons in institutions. See Explanatory notes. (b) As the 1984 school year did not commence until after the January survey, some replies to the question on school attendance necessarily reflected intentions at the time of the survey. For this reason estimates from the February survey, when available, should be used in lieu of estimates from the January survey.

TABLE 8. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 20 TO 24, JANUARY 1984

•	Employed -	Unemployed	employed					Civilian			
	Full-time vorkers Totsl		Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work		Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 20-24	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
				- '000) –		,			- per cent -	
Males	487.2	520.8	91.7	•		95.6	616.3	58.3	674.6	15.5	91.4
Fenales	350.7	414.6	51.9	5.6		57.5	472.1	183.0	655.1	12.2	72.1
Persons	837.9	935.4	143.5	9.5		153.1	1,088.4	241.3	1,329.7	14.1	81.9
Age -						•					
20	161.2	182.0	33.9) 4.9	(36.9	219.0	44.3	263.3	16.9	83.2
21	165.7	185.3	38.6)	(40.4	225.7	42.3	267.9	17.9	84.2
22	175.7	195.4	27.2)	(29.1	224.5	45.0	269.4	13.0	83.3
23	168.7	187.9	24.9) 4.6	ć	26.2	21 * . 1	51.8	265.9	12.2	80.5
24	166.7	184.8	19.1	>	Ċ	20.5	205.3	57.9	263.2	10.0	78.0

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TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BY BIRTHPLACE, JANUARY 1984

	Replayed		Unemployed			·			
			Looking			Unemp-	Partici-		
	Full-time workers	Total	for full-	Tatal	Labour	loyment	pation		
				IOLEI	iorce	race	rate(a)		
			- '000 -			- pe	r cent -		
			MALES						
Born in Australia	2 717 4	2 801 6	30£ £						
Born outside Australia	1.008.2	1.057.8	138.9	308.5	3,210.2	9.6	11.5		
Africa	32.3	34.4	4.5	4.7	39.1	12.1	79.9		
America	29.5	33.4	4.8	5.3	38.7	13.7	85.7		
Lebanon	114.0	121.0	32.2	33.7	154.7	21.8	78.8		
Europe	774.2	807.9	89.3	92.3	900.2	10.3	76.7		
Germany	38.7	39.6		4.7	44.4	10.7	87.1		
Italv	102.1	105.3	8.9	9.4	70.1	13.4	78.9		
Malta	20.4	21.0	•	•	23.5	*	82.2		
Netherlands	37.8	39.6	•	+	43.6	*	78.4		
Poland HE and Ivaland	15.7	16.3	* 20 5	*	19.8	•	66.1		
Yugoslavia	57.3	58.7	7.1	7.3	66.1	11.1	75.8		
Oceania	58.2	61.1	7.9	8.3	69.4	11.9	83.3		
New Zesland	50.1	52.4	6.8	7.1	59.6	12.0	85.4		
		н	ARRIED FEMALES						
Born in Australia	539.5	966.2	30.4	50.0	1,016.3	4.9	38.6		
Born outside Australia	269.1	406.5	32.6	41.9	448.4	9.3	42.9		
America	8.6	13.0	*		14.6		49.1		
Asia	38.9	52.7	8.6	10.1	62.8	16.1	46.1		
Europe	192.7	301.0	20.6	27.4	328.4	8.3	41.4		
Greece	20.0	25.8			27.9	*	39.8		
Italy	23.8	36.9	•	•	38.5	٠	36.2		
Nalta Netherlande	7 5	5.6			6.1	*	29.2		
Poland	*	5.0			6.8	•	35.5		
UK and Ireland	87.5	147.9	8.6	13.3	161.2	8.3	43.0		
Oceania	19.9	25.3	*		29.7		50.1		
New Zealand	16.3	22.6	*	•	24.9	٠	52.9		
			ALL FEMALES						
Born in Australia	1,142.9	1.739.4	150.7	191.0	1.930.4	9.9	44.4		
Born outside Australia	385.5	553.3	60.2	73.6	626.9	11.7	43.6		
Africa	16.7	20.7	*	• .	21.9	*	51.4		
Asia	57.3	75.6	15.1	17.4	93.0	18.7	47.9		
Lebanon	*	4.6	. •	*	6.5	*	29.5		
Europe Germany	264.8	392.7	37.6	47.0	439.7	10.7	41.3		
Greece	22.3	28.0	•	*	31.5	•	40.4		
Italy	30.0	44.2	•	•	46.6	•	36.3		
Netherlands	9.5	16.4	-	-	1.4	*	28.9		
Poland	4.6	7.1	٠	*	9.8	*	34.4		
UK and Ireland Yugoslawis	132.6	204.1	19.2	25.1	229.2	11.0	42.9		
Oceania	33.4	43.8	*.5	5.5	49.4	14.3	53.9		
, New Zealand	28.6	37.3	*	4.9	42.2	11.6	56.3		
			PERSONS				•		
Born in Australia	3,860.3	4,641.1	436.2	499.5	5,140.6	9.7	60.5		
Born outside Australia	1,393.7	1,611.1	199.0	218.1	1,829.2	11.9	61.3		
Anerica America	49.0	55.0	5.5	5.9 7.8	61.0 61.8	9.7 12.7	66.6 69.8		
Asia	171.3	196.6	47.3	51.1	247.7	20.6	63.4		
Lebanon	15.0	17.1	6.7	7.3	24.5	29.9	52.9		
Germany	51.4	60.2	6.0	6.7	66.9	10.0	63.2		
Greece	79.7	88.7	11.5	12.9	101.6	12.7	61.0		
Halta	132.1	149.6	11.7	12.1	161.7	7.5	58.2 57.1		
Netherlands	47.3	56.0	4.7	5.1	61.1	8.4	60.1		
Poland UK and Ireland	20.3	23.4	5.6	6.1	29.6	20.7	50.7		
Yugoslavia	81.9	89.8	11.6	12.5	102.3	12.2	63.4		
Oceania	91.6	105.0	12.0	13.8	118.8	11.6	67.9		
New Zealand	78.7	89.7	10.3	12.1	101.8	11.8	70.3		

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(a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory notes.

TABLE 10. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA: BIRTHPLACE AND PERIOD OF ARRIVAL IN AUSTRALIA, JANUARY 1984

				Europe				Total			
				1. x.	Other	Oceania			Fenales		
				and	count-	Nev					
Period of arrival	Africa	America	As1a	Ireland	ries	Zealand	Total	Males	Married	Total	Persons
				EMPLOYED	(1000)						
Bafore 1971	30.3	18.0	69.9	418.2	512.2	24.3	31.1	732.6	266.7	347.1	1,079.7
1971 - 1975	11.6	18.5	42.3	96.5	51.1	11.4	15.0	145.7	63.5	89.3	235.0
1976 - 1980	5.4	12.5	55.8	43.7	27.2	34.6	37.6	106.7	50.6	75.6	182.3
1981 - 1982	6.1) (23.3	28.3	12.2	13.8	15.6	55.9	21.0	32.9	25.4
1983 to survey date	•) 5.0 (5.2	6.3	4.5	5.7	5.7	10.9	-		
				UNEMPLOYEI	('000)						
Before 1971) 4.9	4.8 (12.6	45.4	48.6	•	٠	78.7	18.4	34.6	113.3
1971 - 1975	5	ć i	8.3	10.0	11.0	•	*	23.2	7.0	13.1	36.3
1976 - 1980	•	*	13.2	5.4	6.2	5.3	6.0	19.6	7.1	13.1	32./
1981 - 1982	•	•	9.1)	(5.8		•	15.2	4.0	6.7	13.7
1983 to survey date	•	*	7.8) 4.5	(*	. •	· -	/.0	4.0	0.0	
			1	ABOUR FOR	CE ('000)						
Before 1971	32.9	19.7	82.6	463.6	560.8	26.2	33.4	811.3	285-1	381.7	1,193.0
1971 - 1975	13.9	21.5	50.6	106.5	62.1	12.8	16.7	168.9	70.4	102.4	271.3
1976 - 1980	6.0	13.8	69.1	49.1	33.4	39.9	43.6	126.3	57.7	88.7	215.0
1981 - 1982	6.4	*	32.5	31.5	18.0	16.4	18.2	71.1	26.2	39.7	110.8
1983 to survey date	•	•	13.0	1.1	7.1	6.5	6.9	24.0	8.9	14.3	39.0
			UNEMI	LOYMENT R	ATE (per	cent)					
Before 1971) 11.7	13.2 (15.3	9.8	8.7	•	•	9.7	6.4	9.1	9.5
1971 - 1975	5		16.3	9.4	17.7		*	13.8	9.9	12.8	13.4
1976 - 1980	•	•	19.2	11.1	18.6	13.3	13.7	15.5	12.3	14.8	15.2
1981 - 1982	•		28.1)	(32.1	•	•	21.4	17.7	17.3	19.9
1983 to survey date	•	•	60.2) 11.5	(*	•	•	31.1	53.8	41.7	33.0
			PARTIC	PATION RA	TE(a) (pe	er cent)					
B. (68 0			58 5	53.7	56.1	75.0	39. A	39.6	58.4
Selore 19/1	76.3	00.0	474	70.0	45 7	73.7	68.6	85.4	52.3	53.5	69.7
19/1 - 19/5	/3./	73.7	62.2	49.2	70.0	80.1	76.0	83.0	52.0	54.5	68.3
1001 - 1003	73.9	/ •	63.7	64.6	69.6	79.5	72.5	84.6	44.0	47.9	66.4
1983 to survey date			48.9	51.8	61.6	79.1	80.0	76.1	37.7	40.1	57.1
								•.			

of the labour force participation rate in th (a) See

TABLE 11. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, BY AGE, JANUARY 1984

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Number ('000)						Participation rate (per cent)						
		Females					Females					
			Not					Not		_		
Age group	Males	Married	married	Total	Persons	Males	Married	uarried	Total	Persons		
15-64	4.357.6	1.456.4	1.084.9	2,541.3	6,898.9	85.2	43.6	65.2	50.8	68.2		
15-19	426.6	12.9	382.9	395.8	822.4	65.6	53.9	64.1	63.7	64.6		
20-24	616.3	151.9	320.2	472.1	1.088.4	91.4	53.8	85.9	72.1	81.9		
25-34	1 177.2	443.3	183.3	626.6	1.798.7	95.0	44.6	74.4	50.5	72.7		
35-44	991.5	456.7	88.0	544.7	1.536.2	93.5	52.0	64.1	53.6	74.0		
	712.8	293.4	67.8	361.2	1.074.0	90.4	46.7	55.0	48.1	69.7		
43-54	791.2	73.8	28.6	102.4	395.6	77.1	25.3	35.2	27.4	52.5		
55-57	144 9	24.5	14.0	38.5	183.5	44.3	10.1	13.5	11.1	27.3		
65 and over	54.9	8.2	7.8	16.0	70.9	8.5	2.3	1.4	1.6	4.6		
Total	4,412.4	1,464.6	1,092.7	2,557.3	6,969.7	76.6	39.7	49.6	43.4	59.8		

TABLE 12. LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES(a), BY AGE AND BIRTHPLACE, JANUARY 1984 (per cent)

Age group	Born in Au	etralia		Born outsi	Born outside Australia				
	Males	Fenales	Persons	Hales	Feasles	Persons			
15-64	85.6	51.4	68.5	86.2	49.6	68.7			
15-19	66.7	64.3	65.5	62.2	60.8	61 6			
20-24	92.6	73.6	83.3	89.5	65.6	77 3			
25-34	95.9	49.9	72.8	95.1	53.0	73 9			
35-44	94.6	52.9	73.6	91.1	55.4	75.0			
45-54	90.9	46.7	68.6	90.8	51.4	73.0			
55-59	77.6	28.3	52.3	77.5	25.6	12.0			
60-64	42.2	11.4	26.1	50.7	23.0	33.7			
65 and over	10.0	2.2	5.5	6.1	1.2	31.3			
Total	77.5	44.4	60.5	77.7	43.6	61.3			
Total	77.5	44.4	60.5	77.7	43.6				

(a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory notes.

TABLE 13. EMPLOYED PERSONS: FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS, BY AGE, JANUARY 1984 ('000)

				Age	group				
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	65 and over	Total
				MALES					
Full-time workers Part-time workers	236.9 68.6	487.2 33.5	1,038.7 32.1	905.3 26.9	647.5 23.9	256.5	118.7	34.7 19.0	3,725.5 233.9
Total	305.4	\$20.8	1,070.8	932.2	671.4	272.7	132.4	53.7	3,959.4
			· 1	HARRIED FEMA	LES				
Full-time workers Part-time workers	7.7	108.4 28.7	239.7 170.0	233.2 198.2	164.8 115.9	38.5 33.6	11.9	*	808.6 564.2
Total	9.6	137.1	409.7	431.4	280.7	72.1	23.9	8.2	1,372.7
				ALL PENALE	S				
Full-time workers Part-time workers	196.4 99.3	350.7	381.9 189.2	296.1 218.5	217.0 127.1	58.6	19.6	8.2 7.9	1,528.4 764.3
Total	295.6	414.6	571.1	514.6	344.1	99.3	37.4	16.0	2,292.8
				PERSONS					
Full-time workers Part-time workers	433.2 167.8	837.9 97.5	1,420.6	1,201.5 245.3	864.5	315.1 56.9	138.3	42.9 26.9	5,254.0 998.2
Total	601.1	935.4	1,642.0	1,446.8	1,015.5	372.0	169.8	69.7	6,252.2

remales						
Hales	Married	Not merried	Total	Persons		
NUMBER EN	PLOYED ('000)					
•				1 765 3		
1,137.3	451.3	206-6	657.9	1,193.2		
156.4	213.0	94.0	307.0	403.4		
346.6	211.0	130.1	341.1	00/./		
545.7	150.1	158.7	308.8	834.4		
381.3	105.9	105.1	210.9	592.2		
534.5	120.8	148.1	268.9	803.4		
123.0	23.7	23.0	46.7	109.7		
195.3	20.6	22.3	42.9	230.2		
539.4	76.5	32.2	108.6	648.0		
3,959.4	1,372.7	920.0	2,292.8	6,252.2		
WEEKLY H	IOURS WORKED					
311.0	27.0	22.6	49.5	160.5		
107.8	21.0	20.1	41.1	149.0		
3.1	6.0	2.4	8.4	11.6		
28.0	19.7	24.5	21.6	25.7		
28.9	26.0	27.9	26.9	28.4		
13.4	10.6	. 12.2	11.0	11.6		
1204						
	20.3	31.6	30.1	36.0		
39.3	29.3	31.0	37.7	40.0		
41.0		15 2	15.5	15.8		
10.3	13.0	13.2				
	Hales NUMBER EM 1,137.3 156.4 346.6 545.7 381.3 534.5 123.0 195.3 539.4 3,959.4 WEEKLY E 111.0 107.8 3.1 28.0 28.9 13.4 39.3 41.0 16.5	Hales Harried NUMBER EMPLOYED (*000) 1,137.3 451.3 156.4 213.0 346.6 211.0 545.7 150.1 381.3 105.9 334.5 120.8 123.0 23.7 195.3 20.6 539.4 76.5 3,959.4 1,372.7 WEEKLY HOURS WORKED 111.0 27.0 107.8 21.0 3.1 6.0 28.0 19.7 28.9 26.0 13.4 10.6 39.3 29.3 41.0 39.0 16.5 15.6	Not Hales Married Not NUMBER EMPLOYED (*000) 1.137.3 451.3 206.6 156.4 213.0 94.0 346.6 211.0 130.1 545.7 150.1 158.7 381.3 105.9 105.1 123.0 23.7 23.0 148.1 123.0 148.1 123.0 23.7 23.0 195.3 20.6 22.3 39.959.4 1,372.7 920.0 VEEKLY HOURS WORKED 111.0 20.1 3.1 6.0 2.4 26.0 27.9 13.4 10.6 12.2 39.3 29.3 31.6 12.2 31.6 12.2	Not married Not married Total Hales Married Total NUMBER EMPLOYED ('000) Total 1,137.3 451.3 206.6 657.9 156.4 213.0 94.0 307.0 346.6 211.0 130.1 341.1 545.7 150.1 158.7 308.8 381.3 105.9 105.1 210.9 334.5 120.8 148.1 268.9 123.0 23.7 23.0 46.7 195.3 20.6 22.3 42.9 539.4 76.5 32.2 108.6 3,959.4 1,372.7 920.0 2,292.8 WEEKLY HOURS WORKED VEEKLY HOURS WORKED 41.1 3.1 6.0 2.4 8.4 28.0 19.7 24.5 21.6 28.9 26.0 27.9 26.9 13.4 10.6 12.2 11.0 39.3 29.3 31.6 30.3		

TABLE 15. EMPLOYED PERSONS: EMPLOYMENT/POPULATION RATIOS BY AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, JANUARY 1984 (per cent)

	Hales			Females			
		Not			Not	••••	
Age group	Harried	married	Total	Married	married	TOTAL	1614048
15-64	83.2	64.9	76.3	40.9	54.8	45.5	61.1
15-10		47.1	47.0	. 40.3	_ 47.8	47.5	47.2
13-19	93 6	75.4	77.2	48.6	74.4	63.3	70.3
20-24	90.0	79.5	. 86.7	41.2	65.5	46.1	66.4
23-34	90.0	74.0	87.9	49.1	60.6	50.7	69.7
33-44	90.4	77 7	85.1	44.7	51.4	45.8	65.9
43-34	77.9	59.6	71.7	24.7	33.4	26.6	49.4
55-59	/ 3.0	35.5	40.5	9.9	13.0	10.8	25.2
65 and over	9.0	6.2	8.3	2.3	1.4	1.8	4.5
Total	73.5	60.2	68.7	37.2	41.7	38.9	53.6

TABLE 16. FULL-TIME WORKERS WHO WORKED LESS THAN 35 HOURS, BY BEASON, JANUARY 1984 ('000)

		Fenales			
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Males	Harried	Not married	Total	Persons
Leave, holiday or flextime Own illness or injury Bad weather, plant breakdown, etc. Began or left job in the survey week	1,799.0 66.0 12.0 6.9	429.3 16.0 *	354.5 20.8	783.8 36.8 5.1	2,582.8 102.8 13.2 12.1
Stood down, on short time, insufficient work Shift work, standard work arrangements Other reasons	30.9 30.3 6.9	5.2 7.0	* 6.9 *	8.2 13.8 •	39.0 44.1 8.5
Total	1,952.0	461.2	389.2	850.5	2,802.5

TABLE 17. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY AGE, JANUARY 1984 ('000) \sim

			Age	group			
	15-19	20-24	25-34		45-54	55 and over	Total
			• ·				
		HALES					
Total	68.6	33.5	32.1	26.9	23.9	48.9	233.9
Preferred not to work more hours	44.5	18.8	18.9	17.8	15.5	42.9	158.5
Freferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the	24.1	14.7	13.1	9.0	0.4	0.0	/3.4
survey week	11.2	8.3	6.8	•		5.9	35.9
	м	ARRIED FEMAL	ES				
Total	•	28.7	170.0	198.2	115.9	49.4	564.2
Preferred not to work more hours	•	23.9	147.5	175.3	106.1	47.6	501.4
Preferred to work more hours Hed actively looked for full-time work	•	4.8	22.5	22.9	9.8	•	62.7
in the four weeks to the end of the	٠	*	4.5		٠	•	10.4
		ALL FEMALES					
Total	99.3	63.9	189.2	218.5	127.1	66.3	764.3
Preferred not to work more hours	66.8	43.7	159.8	190.8	115.4	62.1	638.6
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work	32.5	20.2	29.5	27.7	11.7	•	125.8
in the four weeks to the end of the survey week	15.8	9.0	7.3		5.5	•	37.7
		PERSONS					
Total	167.8	97.5	221.3	245.3	151.0	115.3	998.2
Preferred not to work more hours	111.3	62.5	178.7	208.6	130.9	105.1	797.0
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work to the four works to the end of the	56.6	35.0	42.6	36.8	20.1	10.2	201.2
survey week	27.0	17.2	14.1	7.4	5.7	•	73.6

TABLE 18. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY HOURS WORKED, JANUARY 1984 ('000)

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		Hours worke	worked by d in the	persons survey we	who rek		Persons who did not	
	1-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21-29	30-34	survey week	Total
		HALES						
otal	22.9	36.7	29.2	40.4	38.5	22.2	44.1	233.9
Preferred not to work more hours	15.7	23.7	17.8	24.3	26.9	16.3	33.8	158.5
Preferred to work more hours	7.2	13.0	11.4	16.1	11.6	5.8	10.3	75.4
Had actively looked for full-time work								
in the four weeks to the end of the								
survey week	•	8.3	5.4	8.3	5.5	•	*	35.9
	на	RRIED FEM	ALES					
otal	54.1	76.7	65.2	81.7	67.6	38.4	180.5	564.2
Preferred not to work more hours	44.7	66.0	57.5	72.2	63.0	34.6	163.5	501.4
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work In the four weeks to the end of the	9.5	10.7	7.7	9.5	4.6	*	17.0	62.7
survey week		5.1 -		*	*	*	•	10.4
	•	ALL PEMAL	. E S					
1	76 7	116.0	47 7				220 4	764 3
otal Desferred act to werk such being	50.0	110.0	31 5	113.2	73.0	32.3	103 3	638 6
Preferred to york more hours	16.8	72.0	16.2	23.3	11 0	7 0	27.4	125.8
Had actively looked for full-time work	10.0	23.2	10.1	21.5	13.0	/.,	27.4	125.0
survey week	5.6	8.3	6.4	7.8		6.0	٠.	37.7
		PERSONS	. .					
							·	
otal	99.6	152.7	116.9	155.6	134.3	74.5	264.7	998.2
Preferred not to work more hours	75.6	110.5	89.3	118.2	109.7	60.8	227.0	797.0
rreterred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weaks to the and of the	£4.U	30.2	27.0	3/.4	24.0	13.8	37.0	201.2
survey week	9.5	16.5	11.7	16.1	9.8		6.2	73.6

TABLE 19. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: STATES, BY AGE, JANUARY 1984 ('000)

Age group	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Taspanis	Australia(a)
			MALES				
15-19	43.1	26.8	20.9	9.7	13.2	4.6	121.2
20-24	35.6	20.8	16.6	10.0	8.5	2.9	95.6
25-34	38.3	22.8	17.0	10.0	8.9	2.7	101.3
35 and over	51.0	30.1	23.0	12.0	13.7	3.1	134.9
Total	168.0	100.4	77.5	41.7	44.2	13.3	453.0
			FEMALES	•			
15-19	33.6	27.3	15.3	10.0	8.9	3.4	100.2
20-24	20.1	15.7	8.7	5.3	4.8	*	57.5
25-24	25.3	11.5	7.2	4.5	4.1	. 1.5	55.4
35 and over	20.3	12.5	7.5	4.2	4.7	•	51.5
Total	99.3	67.1	38.7	24.0	22.6	7.2	264.5
			PERSONS				
Looking for full-time we	ork -						
15-19	66.7	42.8	30.2	16.3	19.6	7.2	186.3
20-24	52.8	33.9	24.0	14.5	12.3	3.8	143.3
25-34	56.7	31.6	21.6	13.0	11.6	3.0	140.0
35-44	28.7	16.9	14.3	5.5	9.6	1.0	51 6
45-54	19.3	12.0	7.3	4.4	5.8	*	34.8
JJ ANG OVER	1401		••••				
Total looking for					60.6	18 7	615.2
full-time work	238.3	144.7	103.7	30.3	80.0	1012	00000
Total -							
15-19	76.7	54.1	36.1	19.7	22.1	8.0	221.3
20-24	55.7	36.5	25.3	15.4	13.3	4.2	153.1
25-34	63.7	34.3	24.2	14.4	13.0	4.2	8.021
35-44	33.5	19.3	15.9	6.6	10.6	1./	07.4
45-54	22.5	14.4	7.8	4.7	0.1	1.9	30.3
55 and over	. 15.2	8.9	6.8	4.9			
Total	267.4	167.5	116.2	65.8	66.8	20.5	717.6

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TABLE 20. UNEMPLOTED PERSONS AGED 15-99: DURATION OF UNEMPLOTMENT AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, JANUARY 1984

		Not attending	school	
	Attending school	Left school before 1983	Left school 1983 to survey date	Total
•	NUMBI	ER ('000)		
Duration of unemployment (weeks) -				
Under 4	7.5	13.8	11.3	32.6
4 and under 13	20.9	30.4	43.4	94.8
13 and under 26) 6.6 (14.7	6.4	23.6
26 and over) (58.8	. 7.4	70.3
Total	35.1	117.7	68.5	221.3
	AVERAGE DURATION (OF UNEMPLOYMENT (wee	ko)	
Mean duration -				
Males	9.7	35.9	10.7	24.4
7emalos	10.2	36-5	9.2	23.2
Persons	9.9	36.2	10.0	23.9
Looking for full-time work	10.1	37.6	10.2	26.3
Looking for part-time work	9.8	17.2	•	11.2
Median duration -				
Hales	6.0	26.0	6.0	9.0
Fensles	5.0	22.0	6.0	8.0
Persons	6.0	25.1	6.0	8.1
Looking for full-time work	6.0	26.1	6.0	10.1
Looking for part-time work	5.0	•	•	5.0
· · ·	•			

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TABLE 21. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY AGE AND WHETHER LOOKING FOR FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME WORK, JANUARY 1984

	Number un	iumber unemployed ('000)				Unemployment rate (per cent)				
	Males		Females			Males		Females		
	Married	Total	Married	Total	Persons	Married	Total	Harried	Total	Persons
		•	LOOKING F	DR FULL-T	INE WORK					
Total	176.2	424.4	63.0	210.9	635.2	6.3	10.2	7.2	12.1	10.8
Aged 15-19		103.9	•	82.4	186.3	*	30.5	•	29.6	30.1
Looking for first job	· •	52.8	*	47.4	100.1	••	• • •	••	••	
Attending school	•	7.9	•	5.3	13.2		G.a.	B	B.4.	
Aged 20 and over	174.0	320.5	60.2	128.5	448.9	6.3	8.4	7.0	8.8	8.5
20-24	16.9	91.7	11.7	51.9	143.5	12.4	15.8	9.8	12.9	14.6
Looking for first job	•	8.7	•	8.2	16.9			••	••	••
25-34	54.3	99.7	21.9	40.9	140.6	6.8	8.8	8.4	9.7	9.0
35-44	43.6	57.5	16.9	20.9	78.4	5.2	6.0	6.8	6.6	6.1
45-54	32.5	39.6	8.5	12.1	51.6	5.3	5.8	4.9	5.3	5.6
55 and over	26.6	32.1			34.8	6.9	7.3		· •	6.6
Acad 15-64	176.0	423.9	63.0	210.9	634.7	6.4	10.3	7.3	12.2	10.9
							,			
			LOOKING F	OR PART-T	IME WORK					
Total	4.7	28.6	28.9	53.7	82.3	4.3	10.9	4.9	6.6	7.6
Aged 15-19	*	17.3	· •	17.8	35.0	*	20.1	*	15.2	17.3
Attending school	*	11.2	•	10.7	21.9	•	22.2	*	16.8	19.2
Aged 20 and over	4.7	11.4	28.5	35.9	47.3	4.3	6.4	4.8	5.1	5.4
20-24	*) 5.6	(+	5.6	9.5	*) 7.8	(* ·	8.1	8.9
25-34	1 ▲.	3	Č 11.6	14.5	16.2	· *	j	6.4	7.1	6.8
35-44	· *) 5.8	6 8.4	9.2	11.0	*) 5.5	· (4.1	4.1	4.3
45 and over	*	5	6 5.3	6.6	10.6	*	Ś	(3.1	3.3	3.8
Aged 15-64	4.5	28.0	28.9	53.7	81.7	4.8	11.5	4.9	6.6	7.8
·				TOTAL						
Total	180.9	453.0	91.9	264.5	717.6	6.3	-10.3	6.3	10.3	10.3
Aged 15-19	*	121.2		100.7	221.3	*	28.4		25.3	26.9
Attending school	· · ·	19.1	•	16.0	35.1	*	26.9	*	21.1	23.9
Aged 20 and over(a)#	178.7	331.8	88.7	164.4	496.2	6.2	8.3	6.1	7.6	8.1
20-24	17.2	95.6	14.B	\$7.5	153.1	12.1	15.5	9.8	12.2	14.1
25-36	55.1	101.3	33.5.	55.4	156.8	6.7	8.6	7.6	8.8	8.7
35-44	45.0	59.3	25.3	30.1	89. A	5.2	-6.0	5.5	5.5	5.8
45_5A	11 5	41 4	13.3	17 1	58 5	5.2	5.0	4.3	Á. 7	5.4
4 J- J4 5 5- 50	33.3	20 4	14.7	17.1	20.2	5.5	7.0			6.0
53-33 60-64	10.0	19 4	-		23.0	0.5	,			7.5
	10./	12.0	<u> </u>	344 6	13./	0.3		4 7	10 4	10 4
vReg 13-04	180.3	421*8	31.9	204.3	/10.4	0.3	10.4	0.3	10.4	10.4

(a) Includes unemployed persons aged 65 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

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TABLE 22. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BIRTHPLACE BY AGE, JANUARY 1984

	Number un	employed ('000)		Unemploym	ent rate (per ce	at)
	Hales	Females	Persons	Males	Fenales	Persons
		BORN IN A	USTRALIA			
Total	308.5	191.0	499.5	9.6	9.9	9.7
Looking for full-time work	285.5	150.7	436.2	9.5	11.6	10.2
Looking for part-time work	23.0	40.3	63.3	11.1	6.3	7.5
Aged 15-19	101.1	86.7	187.7	27.6	25.2	26.4
Aged 20 and over	207.5	104.3	311.8	7.3	6.6	7.0
20-24	72.3	44.0	116.3	14.0	11.1	12.7
25-34	66.2	34.5	100.6	7.5	7.4	7.4
35-44	32.6	14.5	47.1	5.0	3.9	4.6
45-54	19.3	8.9	28.2	4.3	3.8	4.1
55 and over	17.1	•	19.5	5.1	*	4.3
Aged 15-64	307.8	191.0	498.8	9.7	10.0	9.8
		BORN OUTSID	E AUSTRALIA			
Total	144.5	73.6	218.1	12.0	11.7	11.9
Looking for full-time work	138.9	60.2	199.0	12.1	13.5	12.5
Looking for part-time work	5.6	13.4	19.0	10.1	7.4	8.0
Aged 15-19	20.1	13.5	33.6	33.4	26.2	30.1
Aged 20 and over	124.4	60.1	184.4	10.9	10.4	10.7
20-24	23.3	13.5	36.8	23.5	17.9	21.1
25-34	35.2	21.0	56.1	12.3	12.9	12.6
35-44	26.7	15.6	42.3	7.8	9.0	8.2
4 5 - 5 4	22.1	8.2	30.3	8.5	6.6	7.9
55 and over	17.1	*	19.0	10.8	*	9.6
Aged 15-64	144.0	73.6	217.6	12.1	11.8	12.0

								Looking fo	r •
Dunables of		A g e	group				Not	Full-time	Part-time
unemployment (weeks)	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-54	Total(a)	Harried	married	work	work
			HAL	ES	- '000 -				
					- 000 -				•
Under 2	5.1	4.7	6	.8	17.2	5.7	20.5	27.5	5.6
4 and under 8	33.3	15.2	12.4	7.0	70.9	18.2	52.8	61.7	9.2
8 and under 13	18.2	9.9	10.6	8.8	52.8	18.6	30.1	48.7	ý 5.2
13 and under 20 26 and under 39	12.7	13.1	12.9	13.4	57.3	22.3	35.0	55.3) .
39 and under 52	6.0	6.1	6.7	7.4	28.5	13.3	15.1	53.4	5.8
52 and under 65	12.3	12.0	15.5	9.8	32.0	16.5	15.5	.31.2	5
104 and over	6.1	10.4	12.4	19.7	56.4	30.4	25.9	54.9)
Total	121.2	95.6	101.3	100.7	453.0	180.9	272.1	424.4	28.6
					- vecks -				
Average duration -	•••	· 3= 4	47 3		A1.0	50.4	34.7	42.5	17.7
Hean Hedian	9.0	26.0	27.0	36.0	26.0	32.2	17.1	26.1	6.0
			PEN	LES	- '000 -			•	
					- 000 -		_		
Under 2	6.1	•	6.4	*	20.3	9.7	10.7	12.6	9.6
2 and under 4	10.2	4.6	6.7	4.9 6.0	54.1	12.5	41.7	41.5	12.6
4 and under 0 8 and under 13	13.9	6.3	5.9	*	31.2	8.7	22.5	25.6	5.6
13 and under 26	11.0	8.3	8.1	6.3	34.0	14.2	19.8	20.4) 5.0
26 and under 39 39 and under 52	4.7	5.8	4.5	•	11.2	•	7.1	10.6	· · · ·
52 and under 65	9.6	4.6	5.6	4.6	24.8	7.7	17.1	20.3	•• • •
65 and under 104 104 and over	5.6	5.7 8.2	5.7	6.5	26.6	9.2	17.4	24.8	•
Total	100.2	57.5	55.4	47.2	264.5	91.9	172.6	210.9	53.7
					- veeks -				
Average Averation -									
Kean	23.2	41.7	35.6	41.6	33.4	33.3	33.4	36.9	19.4
Hedian	8.0	17.0	13.0	22.1	14.1		••••	••••	
			PER	SONS					
	·				- '000 -				
Under 2	11.2	8.6	10.8	5.8	37.6	15.4	22.2	27.0	10.6
2 and under 4	21.4	11.8	13.9	11.2	59.8	23.8	36-0	44.7	21.8
4 and under 8	62.7	25.6	20.4	13.0	84.0	27.3	56.7	74.6	9.4
13 and under 15	23.6	18.8	18.7	20.3	84.1	34.2	49.9	76.9	7.2
26 and under 39	20.1	18.9	17.2	20.0	82.0	32.5	22.2	38.8	*
39 and under 52 52 and under 65	21.9	16.6	21.1	16.4	79.5	31.1	48.4	73.7	5.8
65 and under 104	5.9	9.9	10.7	12.4	42.9	20.9	22.0	79.7) 5.2
104 and over	11.7	18.5	10.1	20.2					47.1
Total	221.3	153.1	156.8	147.9	717.6	272.8	***./	635.2	62.3
					- weeks -				
Average duration - Nean	23.9	39.6	39.9	50.2	38.2	44.7	34.2	40.7	18.8
Nedlan	8.1	21.1	24.0	28.1	18.1	26.1	14.0	23.1	6.0

TABLE 23. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND AGE, ETC., JANUARY 1984

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TABLE 24. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB AND DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT, JANUARY 1984 ('000)

	Duratio	n of unem	ployment	(weeks)						
	Under 4	4 and under 8	8 and under 13	13 and under 26	26 and under 39	39 and under 65	65 and over	Total Males	Females	Persons
Hed worked full time for two weeks										
or more in the last two years	52.9	53.5	50.2	61.2	59.0	82.5	33.3	290.8	101.8	392.6
Industry division or subdivision -										
Agriculture and services to										
agriculture		5.7		5.7		5.1	. *	15.6	•	17.4
Manufacturing	11.6	12.7	11.4	15.8	13.9	28.2	13.6	88.7	18.5	107.2
Food, beverages and tobacco		5.3		7.7	*	4.9	*	17.9	+	22.4
Hetal products	. 🍝		4.5		4.7	6.7	*	20.1	*	21.6
Other manufacturing	7.3	7.7	5.2	10.3	8.4	16.6	7.8	50.7	12.5	63.2
Construction	8.3	7.1	5.9	6.3	8.5	10.0	5.0	49.2	* -	51.1
Wholesale and retail trade	10.4	11.5	14.6	14.9	14.0	16.4	5.5	57.0	30.3	87.2
Transport and storage		4.9			6.5		5.2	15.9	+	16.6
Finance, property and business										
services ·		5.3		5.8		5.7	*	10.7	7.3	18.0
Community services	5.8	5.2		4.9		7.4	+	10.3	17.9	28.2
Recreation, personal and other										
services	*	6.5	5.4	5.0	6.6	7.0	*	20.8	15.8	36.6
Other industries	4.7	4.6		5.7	5.0		*	22.7	7.5	30.2
Occupation group -										
Professional, technical, etc.	4.6	4.7		5.9		6.3	*	11.5	11.4	22.9
Clerical	7.7	5.4	5.1	7.0	5.0	5.6	•	10.4	27.5	37.9
Sales	5.7	5.2	6.7	7.6	6.0	6.0	*	20.2	18.6	38.8
Farmers, fishermen, etc.		7.9		5.7	*	7.1	•	24.4	*	26.2
Transport and communication Tradesmen, production-process workers		5.0		6.2		8.3	•	18.6	•	21.8
and labourars . n.e.c.		24.3		28.0	28 3	46 4	20.6	176.6	16.7	193.1
Service enert and versession		24.3		20.0	4 5	7 4	10.0	19 1	20 6	40 0
Other occupations		4.7			4.6	*		10.0		11.9
Other	31.8	71.6	33.8	22.9	23.0	36.7	92.5	157.6	154.6	312.3
Looking for first job	21.3	55.9	23.1	11.5	11.8	19.9	13.8	81.3	76.1	157.3
Looking for full-time work	14.2	41.7	18.5	9.5	10.1	19.1	12.6	65.4	60.1	125.5
Other	10.5	15.7	10.6	11.4	11.2	16.8	78.7	76.4	78.6	155.0
Stood down	12.7	••	••	••	••	••	••	4.6	8.1	12.7
Total	97.4	125.0	84.0	84.1	82.0	119.2	125.8	453.0	264.5	717.6

TABLE 25. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: AGE AND ACTIVE STEPS TAKEN TO FIND WORK, JANUARY 1984 ('000)

• •	Males	A Males Fenales 15		Aged 20-24	Aged 25 and over	Total
Took active steps to find work	448.4	256.4	219.3	151.2	334.4	704.9
Wrote, phoned or applied in person to an employer	326.9	183.7	164.7	110.6	235.2	510.5
Answered a newspaper advertisement for a job	12.1	9.3	5.3	4.6	11.5	21.4
Checked factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards	63.8	37.5	29.6	22.3	49.3	101.2
Been registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service	39.5	19.6	16.0	12.2	31.0	59.2
Checked or registered with any other employment agency	、 •	• (•	•	*	* . *
Contacted relatives or friends) 5.2	4.6 (. •	•	5.0	8.7
Stood down	4.6	8.1	•	•	8.7	12.7
Total	453.0	264.5	221.3	153.1	343.1	717.6

TABLE 26. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, JANUARY 1984

	Hales		÷	Females						
Age group	Married	Not Married married		Married	Not married	Total	Persons	Proportion of population		
		- '000 -								
15-19		223.7	223.9	11.0	214.9	225.9	449.8	35.4		
20-24	7.2	51.1	58.3	130.3	52.7	183.0	241.3	18.1		
25-34	30.1	32.2	62.3	550.3	63.0	613.3	675.7	27.3		
35-44	44.8	24.0	68.8	421.7	49.3	471.1	539.9	26.0		
45-54	54.5	21.4	76.0	334.8	55.5	390.3	466.3	30.3		
55-59	68.4	18.9	87.3	218.0	52.7	270.8	358.1	47.5		
60-64	152.3	29.8	182.0	217.0	90.1	307.2	489.2	72.7		
65-69	176.2	37.3	213.5	163.0	112.9	276.0	489.5	91.9		
70 and over	260.4	116.8	377.2	182.0	420.7	602.8	980.0	97.3		
Total	794.2	555.2	1,349.3	2,228.3	1,112.0	3,340.3	4,689.7	40.2		
		-								

TABLE 27. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: WHETHER LOOKING FOR WORK, ETC., JANUARY 1984 ('000)

	Males			Females			
	Married	Not married	Total	Harried	Not narried	Total	Persons
Looking for work Took active steps to find work(s)	12.2 5.9	21.7 11.7	33.8 · 17.6	37.3 10.2	23.7 11.5	61.0 21.7	94.9 39.3
Did not take active steps to find work	6.3	9.9	16.2	27.1	12.3	39.3	\$5.5
Not looking for work	745.5	473.1	1,218.6	2,168.5	977.9	3,146.5	4,365.1
Permanently unable to work	17.1	8.8	25.8	6.7	13.4	20.1	46.0
In institutions	19.4	51.6	71.1	15.8	97.0	112.7	183.8
Total	794.2	555.2	1,349.3	2,228.3	1,112.0	3,340.3	4,689.7

TABLE	28:	ESTIMATES	OF.	LABOUR	FORCE	STATUS	AND	GROSS	CHANGES	(FLOWS)	DERIVED	FROM	MATCHED	RECORDS
					DE	CEMBER	1983	AND J.	ANUARY I	984				•
								10001						

	26										
TABLE 28: ESTIMATES OF LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND GROSS CHANGES (FLOWS) DERIVED FROM MATCHED RECORDS December 1983 and January 1984 ('000)											
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Females								
Labour force status in - December 1983	January 1984	Hales	Married	• Total	Persons						
Employed full time	Employed full time Employed part time Unemployed	2,800.2 42.5 34.9	561.9 39.1	1,075.5 53.3 13.1	3,875.7 95.8 48.0						
Employed pert time	Employed full time Employed part time Unemployed	41.8 104.5 14.3	44.6 365.3 7.4	66.5 482.0 17.1	108.2 586.5 31.3						
Unemployed	Buployed full time Employed part time Unemployed	29.0 29.4 11.4 244.0	4.6 7.6 38.3	117.6 14.1 18.2 121.2	43.5 29.6 365.3						
Not in the labour force	Employed full time Employed part time Unemployed Not in the labour force	41.2 32.3 19.9 37.4 869.6	17.8 43.4 20.8 1,599.6	27.3 58.3 48.3 2,310.5	96.3 59.6 78.2 85.7 3,180.1						
Total flows into	Employed Full time Part time Unemployed Not in the labour force	92.9 103.4 73.7 86.6 127.8	73.3 67.0 90.2 32.2 153.7	117.9 107.9 129.8 78.5 221.6	210.8 211.3 203.5 165.0						
Total flows out of	Employed Full time Part time Unemployed Not in the labour force	135.8 135.0 85.0 82.0 89.5	136.0 76.5 143.3 41.3 82.0	196.4 115.0 201.1 87.6 134.0	332.2 250.0 286.2 169.6 223.5						
Total changes of status		307.3	259.3	418.0	725.2						
Population represented by the	matched sample	4,409.8	2,908.1	4,526.9	8,936.7						

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TECHNICAL NOTE

For more information on sample design, estimation procedure and reliability of the estimates, for current and earlier surveys, reference should be made to the Technical note in *The Labour Force, Australia, 1978* (6204.0).

Estimation procedure

2. The labour force estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a complex ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex, rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself.

Reliability of the estimates

Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a 3. sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. Since the estimates in this section are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the surveys. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. The standard error can also be expressed as a percentage of the estimate, and this is known as the relative standard error.

4. Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this section. Standard errors of estimates for the latest month and of estimates of movements since the previous month are shown in Table 1. Standard errors of other estimates and other monthly movements should be determined by using Tables A and B on pages 28 and 29.

5. The size of the standard error increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.

6. As the standard errors in Table A show, the smaller the estimate the higher is the relative standard error. Very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. In the tables in this section, estimates below the levels shown in Table C, and percentages based on such estimates, have not been included. Although figures for these small components can in some cases be derived by subtraction, they should not be regarded as reliable. See paragraph 9 concerning higher publication cut-off points for some estimates.

7. The movement in the level of an estimate is also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of the movement depends on the levels of the estimates from which the movement is obtained rather than the size of the movement. An indication of the magnitude of standard errors of monthly movements is given in Table B on page 29. The estimates of standard error of monthly movements apply only to estimates of movements between two consecutive months. Movements between corresponding months of consecutive quarters (quarterly movements), corresponding months of consecutive years (annual movements) and other non-consecutive months, will generally be subject to somewhat greater sampling variability than is indicated in Table B. Standard errors of *quarterly* movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table B (page 29) by 1.4. Standard errors of all *annual* movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table A by 1.4. When using Table A or Table B to calculate standard errors of movements, refer to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived.

8. Examples of the calculation and use of standard errors are given below:

(a) From Table A it will be seen that the estimate of 424,400 unemployed males looking for full-time work in January 1984 has a standard error of about 6,800. Therefore there are about two chances in three that the number that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 417,600 to 431,200 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 410,800 to 438,000.



19 chances in 20 that, if all dwellings included, the value is in this range

(b) The estimate of movement in the number of unemployed males looking for full-time work from December 1983 to January 1984 is an increase of 32,200. Table B relates the standard error of the monthly movement to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived. In this case the January 1984 estimate (424,400) is the larger. From Table B it will be seen that the standard error of the monthly movement is about 5,400. Therefore there are about two chances in three that if all dwellings had been included in the surveys the movement would have been within the range +26,800 to +37,600 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range +21,400 to +43,000.

Estimated



the movement is in this range

9. The relative standard errors of estimates of aggregate hours worked, average hours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment are obtained by first finding the relative standard error of the estimate of the total number of persons contributing to the estimate (see Table A) and then multiplying the figure so obtained by the following relevant factors:

> Aggregate hours worked: 1.2 Average hours worked: 0.5 Average duration of unemployment: 1.5 Median duration of unemployment: 2.0

Publication cut-off points for these and other labour force estimates (see paragraph 6) are shown in Table C on the next page. Because of these higher relative standard errors, estimates of aggregate hours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment have higher cut-off points for publication (see paragraph 6) than other estimates as shown in Table A.

10. An example of the calculation of standard errors by the use of these factors is as follows:

In January 1984 the estimate of median duration of unemployment for unemployed males was 26.0 weeks (from Table 23) and the number unemployed was estimated as 453,000. From Table A it can be estimated that this figure (453,000) has a standard error of about 6,900 and therefore a relative standard error of about 1.5 per cent. The *relative standard error* of the estimate of median duration of unemployment is calculated by multiplying this figure (1.5) by the appropriate factor shown in the previous paragraph (in this case 2.0): $1.5 \times 2.0 = 3.0$ per cent. The *standard error* of this estimate of median duration of unemployment is therefore 3.0 per cent of 26.0, i.e. 0.8. Therefore there are about two chances in three that the median duration of unemployment for unemployed males that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 25.2 to 26.8 weeks and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 24.4 to 27.6 weeks.

11. The standard errors of estimates relating to agricultural employment are generally somewhat higher than the standard errors of other estimates of the same magnitude. Standard errors for capital cities are approximately the same as those for corresponding States.

12. The reliability of an estimated percentage or rate, computed by using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the numerator and the size of the denominator. However, the relative standard error of the estimated percentage will generally be slightly lower than the relative standard error of the estimate of the numerator. The relative standard errors of the numerators can be obtained from Table A.

13. The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents, errors made in collection such as in recording and coding of data, and errors made in processing the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the *non-sampling error*, and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or only a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

TABLE A. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES

Size of estimate	N. S. W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N. T.	A.C.T.	Australia	
				— numbe	r —				o	per cent f estimate
$ \begin{array}{c} 1,500\\ 1,800\\ 2,000\\ 2,500\\ 3,000\\ 3,500\\ 4,000\\ 4,500\\ 5,000\\ 6,000\\ 10,000\\ 20,000\\ 50,000\\ 100,000\\ 500,000\\ 500,000\\ 500,000\\ 000,000\\ $	1.000 1.100 1.200 1.500 2.000 3.000 3.900 5.000 5.800 6.900 8.500 10.000	1,000 1,100 1,200 1,400 1,900 2,700 3,500 4,400 5,000 5,800 7,000 8,400	740 780 820 860 930 1,200 1,500 2,200 2,800 3,600 4,100 4,800 5,900	510 550 590 620 650 680 730 900 1,200 1,600 2,100 2,600 2,900 3,300	540 590 630 660 700 730 790 970 1,300 1,700 2,200 3,000 3,500	300 330 340 380 410 430 460 480 500 530 640 810 1,100 1,300 1,500	440 470 510 550 620 650 680 740 910 1,200 1,700	440 480 510 540 560 590 610 650 750 910 1,100 1,300	970 1,000 1,100 1,400 2,900 3,900 5,100 6,000 7,200 9,100 11,000	21.6 20.0 18.0 14.0 10.0 5.8 3.9 2.6 2.0 1.4 0.9 0.6
4,000 4,500 5,000 6,000 20,000 50,000 100,000 200,000 300,000 500,000 ,000,000 ,000,000	1,000 1,100 1,200 1,500 2,000 3,000 3,900 5,000 5,800 6,900 8,500 10,000	1,000 1,100 1,200 1,400 1,900 2,700 3,500 4,400 5,000 5,800 7,000 8,400	780 820 860 930 1,200 2,200 2,800 3,600 4,100 4,800 5,900	620 650 680 730 900 1,200 1,600 2,100 2,600 2,900 3,300	660 700 730 790 970 1,300 1,700 2,200 2,700 3,000 3,500	460 480 500 530 640 810 1,100 1,300 1,500	620 650 680 740 910 1,200 1,700	560 590 610 650 750 910 1,100 1,300		970 1,000 1,100 1,400 2,000 2,900 3,900 5,100 6,000 7,200 9,100 11,000

Size of larger estimate	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	<i>S.A</i> .	<i>W.A</i> .	Tas.	N. T.	A.C.T.	Australia
1,500 1,800 2,000 2,500 3,000 3,500 4,000 4,500 5,000 6,000 10,000 200,000 500,000 100,000 200,000 100,000 200,000 200,000	1,100 1,100 1,200 1,400 1,800 2,500 3,200 3,900 4,400 5,100 6,100 7,200	1,100 1,100 1,200 1,400 1,400 2,300 2,800 3,300 3,300 3,300 4,200 4,900 5,600	730 760 790 820 880 1,000 1,300 1,700 2,100 2,500 2,800 3,200 3,800	490 520 540 570 590 610 650 760 930 1,200 1,400 1,700 1,900 2,100	520 560 590 610 640 660 700 830 1,000 1,300 1,600 1,900 2,100 2,300	250 260 270 290 310 330 340 360 370 390 460 550 690 810 920	370 380 420 460 490 520 550 570 620 760 1,000 1,400	370 390 410 430 450 460 480 500 570 670 790 880	1,100 1,200 1,200 2,000 2,700 3,400 4,300 4,900 5,700 6,800 8,200

TABLE B. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF MONTHLY MOVEMENTS

TABLE C. PUBLICATION CUT-OFF POINTS FOR LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES(a)

	N. S. W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N. T.	A.C.T.	Ausi.
Estimates classified by-						·			
Aggregate hours worked	5,400	5,400	4,200	3,000	3,000	1,800	2,200	2,400	5,400
Average hours worked	2,300	2,300	1,800	1,300	1,300	800	900	1,000	2,300
Average (mean) duration of									
unemployment	6.800	6.800	5,300	3,800	3,800	2,300	2,700	3,000	6,800
Median duration of unemployment	9.000	9,000	7.000	5.000	5.000	3.000	3,600	4,000	9,000
All other estimates	4,500	4,500	3,500	2,500	2,500	1,500	1,800	2,000	4,500

(a) See paragraphs 6 and 9, pages 27 and 28.

SUPPLEMENTARY AND SPECIAL SURVEYS RELATING TO THE LABOUR FORCE

Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of data on demographic and labour force characteristics, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force are carried out from time to time. The results of these surveys on labour force and related topics are published separately as shown below.

For more information about these publications, contact Susan Purcell on Canberra (062) 52 6503 or any of our State offices.

Title of Publication	alogue No
Alternative Working Arrangements, Australia, March-May 1982	6241 O
Annual and Long Service Leave, August 1974; May 1979	6217.0
Assisted and Unassisted Migrants, August 1972: March 1980	2406.0
Career Paths of Persons with Trade Qualifications, Australia, September to November 1982 (Preliminary)	5400.0 6242.0
Child Care—May 1969, 1973, 1977; June 1980	4402.0
Educational Experience and Intentions Survey, Australia, 1979	4402.0
Employed Married Women in the Labour Force, November 1979 (Queensland)	4212.0
Employment Benefits, February-May 1979	6203.3
Preliminary—August 1983	6727.0
Employment Status of Teenagers, August 1978(b)	6224.0
Evening and Night Work, November 1976	6234.0
Ex-service Personnel, November 1966, 1971; October 1979	4402.0
Family Status and Employment Status of the Population, November 1974 and 1975(a)	6222.0
Frequency of Pay, August 1974, 1976 and 1977	6225.0
Income Distribution, 1968-69 (Consolidated and Revised Edition)	6505.0
Income Distribution, Australia, 1978-79:	0505.0
Individuals	6502.0
Income Units	6522.0
Unemployed Persons	6521.0
Supplementary Tables	6504.0
Job Tenure, February 1974; February 1975; August 1976	6304.0
Journey to Work and Journey to School, May 1970; August 1974	0211.0
Labour Force Experience—	9205.0
During 1968; 1972; 1974; 1975; 1976; 1978; 1979; Year ending February 1981, February 1982	
February 1983	6206.0
Labour Force Status and Educational Attainment, Australia (previously 'The Labour Force: Educational	0200.0
Attainment'), February 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, 1983	(225.0
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, November 1974, July 1979 and 1980.	0235.0
June 1981; July 1982(b)	6224.0
Labour Mobility, November 1972; February 1975, 1976, 1979, 1980, 1981, 1982, and 1983	6224.0
Methods of Obtaining Jobs, July 1982	6209.0
Migrants in the Labour Force, 1972 to 1976(c)	6245.0
Multiple Jobholding—	0230.0
November 1965; August 1966 and 1967; May 1971; August 1973, 1975, 1977, 1979, and 1981	6316.0
Non-School Study Courses, Survey of, August 1968	0210.U
Persons Ceasing Full-time Work, Australia, May 1980	A 228 O
Persons Aged 15 to 64 Years: Employment Status and Period Since Leaving School May 1976	6238.0
Persons Not in the Labour Force (including Discouraged Jobseekers)	0225.0
November 1975; May 1977; March 1979; September 1979: March 1980	
September 1980; March 1981; September 1981; March 1982	6220.0
Preliminary—September 1982; March 1983	6210.0
Persons Looking for Work, Characteristics of—	0219.0
May 1976; November 1976; May 1977; July 1978, 1979 and 1980; June 1981; July 1982; July 1983	6222.0
Post School Qualifications of Tradesmen and Other Employed Persons, New South Wales, November 1970	6222.0
School Leavers, 1970 to 1974: Their Employment Status and Education Experience in May 1975	6202.1
Superannuation, Australia, September to November 1982 (Preliminary)	6318.0
Superannuation, Survey of, February 1974	6310.0
Survey of Handicapped Persons, Australia, February-May 1981 (Preliminary)	4242.0
Survey of Persons Registered with the CES as Unemployed, March 1977	6220 0
The Labour Force: Country of Birth and Period of Residence, February 1972	6207.0
Irade Union Members, November 1976, March-May 1982	6325.0
Iransition From Education to Work (Including leavers from schools, universities, and other	0525.0
educational institutions). Conducted each year since 1964. Previously titled 'Leavers from	
Schools, Universities and other Educational Institutions'. Latest issue May 1983	6227 0
weekly Earnings of Employees (Distribution) August 1975 to August 1982 (annually)	6310.0
weekly Earnings of Employees (Distribution), Australia, August 1983 (Preliminary)	6300 0
Work Patterns of Employees, November 1976	6328.0
Working Conditions, February-May 1979	6325 0
working Hours Arrangements, Australia, February-May 1981	6332.0
Supplementary lables	6330.0
a) See also Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Familias (5224.0) (b) Sec. 1 1 1 1 1	0339.0

and 1975 (6223.0) (c) Estimates derived from labour force surveys. For more recent estimates, see the relevant tables in this publication. Commonwealth of Australia 1984

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