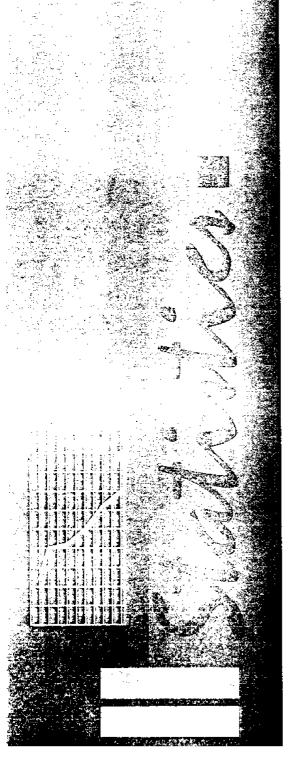


1996-97

EMBARGOED UNTIL 11:30 AM MON 11 NOVEMBER 1996

Government Financial Estimates

Australia



NOTES

TERMINOLOGY

By convention, the consolidated total of transactions of general government and public trading enterprises is referred to as government throughout this publication (e.g. the term *Commonwealth Government* refers to the consolidated total of Commonwealth general government and public trading enterprises). It would be more precise to label this total 'non-financial public sector', as it excludes transactions of Government-owned financial institutions. See *Scope* in the Explanatory Notes for further explanation.

SYMBOLS AND OTHER USAGES

Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

n.a. not available p preliminary ... not applicable

- nil or less than half the final digit shown

INQUIRIES

For further information about statistics in this publication and related unpublished statistics, contact Graeme Richards on (06) 252 5069 or Frances Pollard on (06) 252 5834 or any ABS State Office.

For information about other ABS statistics and services, please refer to the back of this publication.

W. McLennan Australian Statistician

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ANALYSIS OF RESULTS

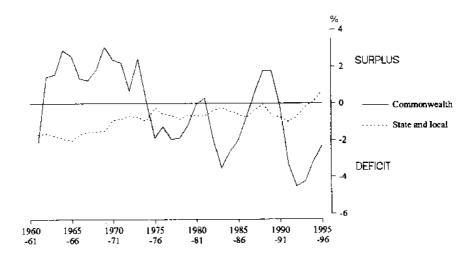
DEFICIT/SURPLUS

The deficit adjusted for net advances (hereafter referred to as the adjusted deficit) for all levels of government combined is expected to rise 4.3% from \$6,957 million in 1995-96 to \$7,258 million in 1996-97. This increase reflects an expected drop of \$1,441 million in the general government sector deficit from \$7,865 million in 1995-96 to \$6,424 million in 1996-97, offset by a movement in the public trading enterprise sector deficit from a surplus of \$906 million in 1995-96 to a deficit of \$754 million in 1996-97.

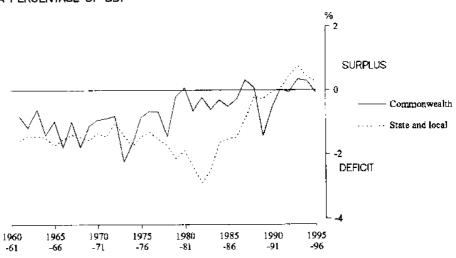
The increase in the total adjusted deficit expected in 1996-97 is due to the combined effect of a drop in the Commonwealth government's adjusted deficit of \$3,100 million from \$11,405 million to \$8,305 million and a lower adjusted surplus for State, Territory and local governments which is expected to fall from \$4,489 million in 1995-96 to \$961 million in 1996-97.

The adjusted deficit for all levels of government combined was 1.4% of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in 1995-96.

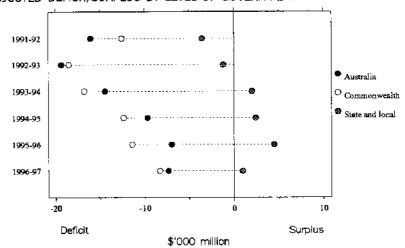
GENERAL GOVERNMENT ADJUSTED DEFICIT/SURPLUS AS A PERCENTAGE OF GDP



PUBLIC TRADING ENTERPRISES ADJUSTED DEFICIT/SURPLUS AS A PERCENTAGE OF GDP



ADJUSTED DEFICIT/SURPLUS BY LEVEL OF GOVERNMENT

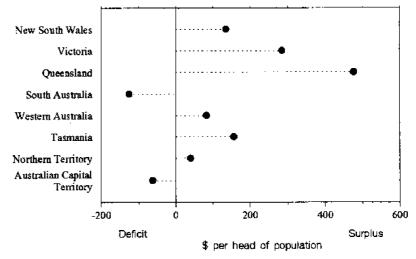


The Commonwealth Government adjusted deficit is expected to fall from \$11,405 million in 1995–96 to \$8,305 million in 1996–97, reflecting a drop in the general government adjusted deficit from \$11,054 million to \$7,752 million and an increase in the adjusted deficit for public trading enterprises from \$351 million in 1995–96 to \$561 million in 1996–97. The expected decrease in the adjusted deficit for the Commonwealth Government is due to the impact of agreed fiscal contributions by State and Territory Governments and lower growth in expenditure relative to revenue. Total revenue for the Commonwealth is expected to increase 6.2% and total outlays by 3.0%.

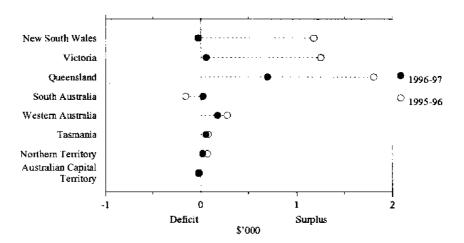
The adjusted surplus for combined State, Territory and local governments is expected to fall from \$4,489 million in 1995–96 to \$961 million in 1996–97. This projected reduction reflects a drop in the general government sector adjusted surplus from \$3,223 million in 1995–96 to \$1,240 million in 1996–97, due mainly to higher growth in expenditure (up 5.8%) relative to revenue (up 3.1%). The slower growth in revenue is due to expected lower growth in taxation (up 3.7%) and the effect of State fiscal contributions reducing the rate of increase in grants received from the Commonwealth (up 1.8%). The public trading enterprise sector is expected to move from an adjusted surplus in 1995–96 of \$1,267 million to an adjusted deficit of \$193 million in 1996–97, due mainly to a 34.9% increase in income transferred to the general government sector.

The following graph provides a comparison of adjusted deficit/surplus per head of population for each State and Territory for 1995–96.

STATE AND TERRITORY GOVERNMENT ADJUSTED DEFICIT/SURPLUS, 1995-96(a)



(a) Based on 31 December population figures published in Australian Demographic Statistics, March Quarter 1996 (3101.0).



Note: One black dot denotes the same or very close values for 1995-96 and 1996-97

OUTLAYS

Total outlays for all levels of government combined are expected to rise 8.6% from \$174,213 million in 1995-96 to \$189,254 million in 1996-97. The expected increase from 1995-96 to 1996-97 is mainly caused by low capital outlays in 1995-96 (see Capital Outlays below).

Current outlays

Current outlays for all levels of government combined, are expected to rise 4.4% from \$167,162 million in 1995-96 to \$174,483 million in 1996-97. This increase reflects a 4.6% increase in general government current outlays from \$162,493 million in 1995-96 to \$169,948 million in 1996-97, and a 10.1% rise in current outlays for public trading enterprises from \$11,426 million in 1995-96 to \$12,576 million in 1996-97.

Commonwealth general government current outlays are expected to rise 3.8% from \$128,423 million in 1995-96 to \$133,276 million in 1996-97 while State, Territory and local general government current outlays are expected to rise by 5.1% from \$67,083 million in 1995-96 to \$70,507 million in 1996-97.

Capital outlays

Capital outlays are expected to rise 109.5% from \$7,050 million in 1995-96 to \$14,771 million in 1996-97. The low capital outlays figure in 1995-96 is due to substantial equity asset sales in that year. Equity asset sales in 1995-96 amounted to \$12,769 million for all levels of government combined. This is expected to decrease to \$6,521 million in 1996-97.

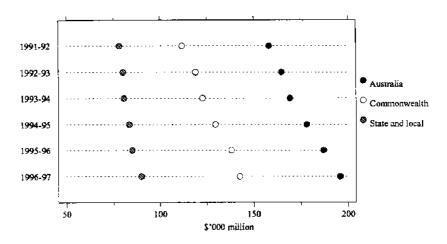
Sales of equity assets are included as negative outlays (in the net advances paid category) resulting in substantially reduced capital outlays in 1995-96. For this reason the following analysis focuses on outlays adjusted to exclude net advances paid (hereafter referred to as adjusted outlays). Adjusted capital outlays are expected to rise 7.4% from \$19,819 million in 1995-96 to \$21,292 million in 1996-97.

Commonwealth Government adjusted capital outlays are expected to fall 3.7% from \$8,440 million in 1995-96 to \$8,124 million in 1996-97.

State, Territory and local government adjusted capital outlays are expected to increase 10.1% from \$14,408 million in 1995-96 to \$15,858 million in 1996-97.

This increase reflects a rise in general government sector adjusted capital outlays from \$10,251 million in 1995–96 to \$11,346 million in 1996–97, plus an increase in the public trading enterprises sector from \$6,141 million in 1995–96 to \$6,441 million in 1996–97.

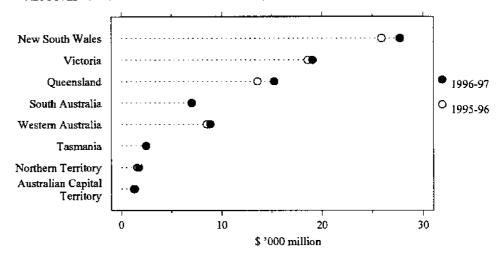
ADJUSTED OUTLAYS BY LEVEL OF GOVERNMENT



Note: Outlays are not additive across sectors.

During 1996-97 adjusted outlays in all States and Territories are expected to rise.

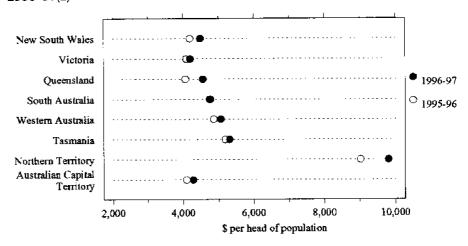
ADJUSTED OUTLAYS FOR STATE AND TERRITORY GOVERNMENTS



Note: One black dot denotes the same or very close values for 1995-96 and 1996-97.

A comparison of State and Territory adjusted outlays per head of population for 1995-96 is provided in the following graph. High outlays relative to the population size in the Northern Territory are the result of higher government costs involved in providing services in that Territory.

ADJUSTED OUTLAYS FOR STATE AND TERRITORY GOVERNMENTS 1995-96 AND 1996-97(a)

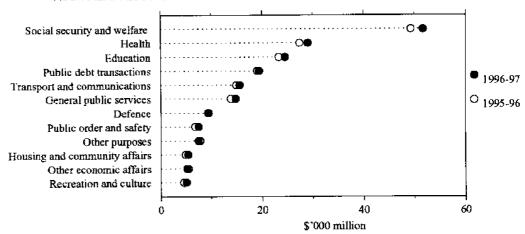


(a) Based on 31 December population figures published in Australian Demographic Statistics, March Quarter 1996 (3101.0).

Outlays by purpose

The graph below shows the main purposes served by government adjusted outlays for 1995-96 and 1996-97. For all levels of government combined, expenditure on Social security and welfare is expected to rise from \$49,245 million in 1995-96 to \$51,708 million in 1996-97 and to account for 27.3% of total adjusted outlays. Health and education combined is expected to increase from \$51,346 million in 1995-96 to \$54,252 million in 1996-97 and to account for 28.7% of total outlays.

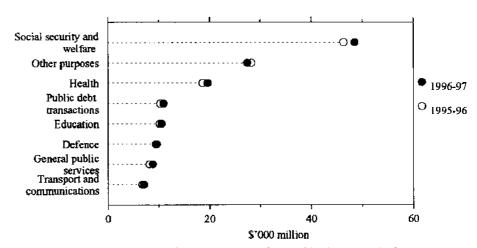
AUSTRALIA: ADJUSTED OUTLAYS BY PURPOSE



Note: One black dot denotes the same or very close values for 1995-96 and 1996-97.

Outlays on Social security and welfare are expected to account for 35.3% of total Commonwealth outlays in 1996-97. Public debt transactions accounted for 7.4% of Commonwealth adjusted outlays in 1995-96 compared to an expected 7.7% in 1996-97.

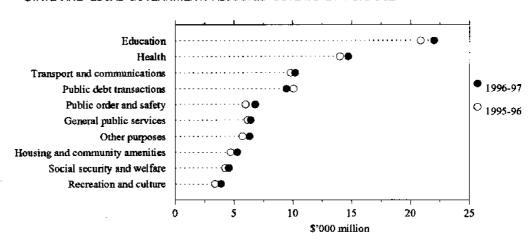
COMMONWEALTH GOVERNMENT: ADJUSTED OUTLAYS BY PURPOSE



Note: includes specific purpose grants to State and local governments. One black dot denotes the same or very close values for 1995-96 and 1996-97.

State, Territory and local government adjusted outlays on education are expected to rise 5.4% in 1996-97 and are forecast to account for 25.2% of all State, Territory and local government adjusted outlays. Public debt transactions accounted for 11.9% of State, Territory and local government adjusted outlays in 1995-96 compared to an expected 10.6% in 1996-97.

STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENT: ADJUSTED OUTLAYS BY PURPOSE



Note: One black dot denotes the same or very close values for 1995-96 and 1996-97

General government own purpose outlays

General government outlays presented in the main tables of this publication for the Commonwealth Government and State and Territory Governments include payments made to or on behalf of other governments and public trading enterprises. A measure of own purpose outlays by general government sectors can be obtained by netting off payments to, or on behalf of, public trading enterprises or other governments from total outlays. Data for own purpose outlays from 1991-92 to 1996-97 are derived for Commonwealth and State and Territory general governments in the table below. Own purpose outlays exclude outlays which are carried out for, or on behalf of, other sectors. The outlays excluded are:

- current and capital grants paid to other governments;
- net advances paid to other governments;
- subsidies paid to public trading enterprises;
- capital grants paid to public trading enterprises;
- net advances paid to public trading enterprises;
- interest paid on borrowing undertaken on behalf of other governments; and
- interest paid on borrowing undertaken on behalf of public trading enterprises.

However, since interest paid on borrowing undertaken on behalf of other governments and public trading enterprises is not available directly, interest received on advances to them is used as a proxy measure.

OWN PURPOSE GENERAL GOVERNMENT OUTLAYS

	1991–92	1992-93	1993–94	19 94 -95	1995–96	1996-97(a)
Sector	\$m	\$ <u>m</u>	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
Commonwealth	73 138	77 803	82 191	89 227	95 743	96 215
State and Territory	57 978	57 912	58 599	61 415	55 610	69 482
New South Wales	19 451	18 712	20 854	21 213	1 3 858(b)	23 559
Victoria	13 556	14 618	13 187	14 701	15 488	16 556
Queensland	8 572	9 105	9 240	9 364	10 820	11 963
South Australia	6 947	5 767	5 724	5 99 6	5 261	5 866
Western Australia	5 591	5 630	5 78 6	5 863	5 743	6 657
Tasmania	1 665	1 793	1 728	1 973	2 000	2 073
Northern Territory	1 249	1 338	1 358	1 430	1 512	1 619
Australian Capital T	erritory 1 021	1 081	1 057	1 113	1 104	1 218

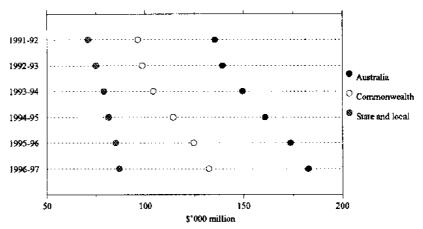
⁽a) Forward Estimate. For further details refer to page 16.

Due to the effects of the transfer of roads from the State government sector to the local government sector. This transfer resulted in an increase of \$8,021 million in grants to the local government sector (these are excluded from the table) and a corresponding increase in sales of land and secondhand fixed assets, which are included.

REVENUE

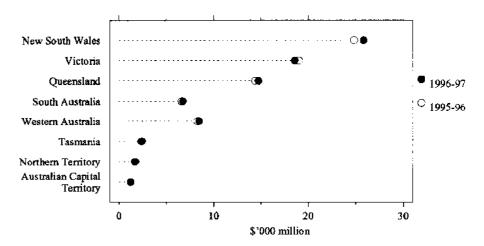
Total government revenue for Australia is expected to increase 5.2% from \$173,550 million in 1995-96 to \$182,654 million in 1996-97, reflecting a 6.2% increase in general government revenue from \$166,985 million to \$177,300 million and a 0.8% rise in public trading enterprise revenue from \$15,310 million to \$15,439 million.

REVENUE BY LEVEL OF GOVERNMENT



Commonwealth general government revenue is expected to rise 6.6% from \$122,512 million in 1995-96 to \$130,655 million in 1996-97, reflecting a 7.1% increase in taxation revenue.

STATE AND TERRITORY GOVERNMENT REVENUE

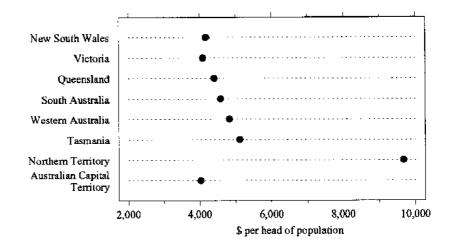


Note: One black dot denotes the same or very close values for 1995-96 and 1996-97.

All State and Territory Governments except Victoria have forecast increases in revenue during 1996-97. The expected drop in Victoria is due to a projected 33.5% fall in the net operating surplus of public trading enterprises, caused by the privatisation of a number of enterprises within the electricity industry in that State.

The following graph shows revenue and grants per head of population for 1995-96 for each State and Territory Government. The high revenue relative to the population of the Northern Territory is due to Commonwealth Government grants to cover the higher cost of providing government services in the Territory.

STATE AND TERRITORY GOVERNMENT REVENUE AND GRANTS, 1995-96(a)



(a) Based on 31 December population figures published in Australian Demographic Statistics, March Quarter 1996 (3101.0).

NET ASSET SALES AND ADVANCES

Over recent years, governments have been rationalising their holdings of assets such as land, buildings, equipment and equity held in public trading and financial enterprises. Some governments have also provided capital support in the form of cash injections to their financial enterprises.

In government finance statistics, the gross proceeds from the sale of such assets are offset against outlays, which initially results in lower outlays and a lower deficit.

The ultimate impact on the deficit depends on the actual disposition of the proceeds — deficits in later years may be increased if productive assets have been sold and the proceeds used to finance current outlays.

Conversely, injections of cash to increase government equity in an enterprise will increase the deficit in the current period but may result in revenue flows (e.g. dividends, taxes or tax equivalents, etc.) which will reduce the deficit in later periods.

The following tables set out net asset sales or acquisitions for the general government and public trading enterprises' sectors in each jurisdiction for the period 1991–92 to 1995–96, and expected net asset sales or acquisitions for 1996–97. Net asset sales are shown under three categories:

- sales of second-hand fixed assets;
- sales of land and intangible assets; and
- net advances paid (i.e. sales of equity, repayment of advances and government policy lending).

The first two categories include the normal activity of disposal of surplus government assets. These estimates can also be used to assess whether major sales of physical assets and land have occurred in a period. The third category covers major equity sales or capital injections, and redemptions of State debt to the Commonwealth Government. This can substantially impact on capital outlays (and the deficit) in the period in which they occur and can have significant effects on government revenue in later periods.

The estimates of net advances paid in these tables have been used to adjust the deficit/surplus for the Commonwealth Government and State and Territory Governments. The deficit adjusted for net advances can be used to provide a guide to the size and movement of the structural deficit for each jurisdiction. Further information on the calculation and use of deficit measures is provided in the appendix to the explanatory notes on page 72.

GENERAL GOVERNMENT NET ASSET SALÉS AND ADVANCES

	1991–92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995–96	1996-97(a)
Sector	, \$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m_
Commonwealth						
Second-hand fixed assets	112	186	432	512	377	348
Land and intangible assets	-46	11	198	76 1 490	20	- 81
Net advances paid	2 056	2 504 2 701	3 412	1 480 2 0 69	5 186 5 583	5 921 6 188
Total	2 122	2 701	4 042	∠ 009	5 565	0.199
otal State and Territory	255	EAE	447	nne	6 995	1 465
Second-hand fixed assets	355 183	505 364	417 437	22 6 468	0 995 2 015	1 165 67
Land and intangible assets Net advances paid	-1 742	1 095	2 282	1 861	7 528	2 324
Total	-1 204	1 964	3 136	2 554	16 538	3 556
lew South Wales						
Second-hand fixed assets	155	243	3 5	-42	6 359	332
Land and intangible assets	59	134	–35	379	1 823	52
Net advances paid	313	1 399	345	547	1 736	227
Total	527	1 776	345	884	9 919	612
/ictoria						
Second-hand fixed assets	34	42	31	16	61	.85
Land and intangible assets		31	275	54	31	-111
Net advances paid	104	74	1 147	361	3 683	1 433
Total	139	147	1 453	431	3 775	1 407
Queensland						
Second-hand fixed assets	33	71	132	161	155	205
Land and intangible assets	11	121	83	52	160 127	34 -1
Net advances paid	130 175	123 314	32 24 7	321 534	127 1 8 8	239
Total	1/3	314	241	334	100	239
South Australia	52	60	97	15	129	164
Second-hand fixed assets		68 -27	9	-53	-10	-1
Land and intangible assets Net advances paid	2 -2 057	601	411	-53 456	1 083	3 48
Total	-2 003 -2 003	-560	516	418	1 203	511
Vestern Australia						
Second-hand fixed assets	55	4 5	75	27	205	2 7 8
Land and intangible assets	47	31	55	1	-29	57
Net advances paid	-139	27	115	42	1 049	188
Total	-37	103	<i>24</i> 6	71	1 225	523
iasmania						
Second-hand fixed assets	29	9	35	33	41	55
Land and intangible assets	-	-3	-4	-3	-2	-4
Net advances paid	16	31	183	100	63	75
Total	45	37	214	130	103	126
Northern Territory	_	0.0	40	4.4	40	Ć2.
Second-hand fixed assets	-5	28	10	14	18	23
Land and intangible assets	100	4 30	5 36	9 20	13 28	10 19
Net advances paid Total	-109 -114	62	50	43	59	51
Luctralian Capital Tarritans						
Australian Capital Territory Second-hand fixed assets	1	_	2	2	27	22
Land and intangible assets	63	73	49	28	28	30
Net advances paid	_	11	14	14	12	34
Total	64	84	65	44	67	87
Total Commonwealth, State	and					
Territory		801	940	720	7 372	1 513
Second-hand fixed assets	467 137	691 375	849 635	738 544	2 035	-14
Land and intangible assets	137 2 439	930	4 380	1 324	2 030 8 586	5 071
Net advances paid Total	-2 439 -1 83 5	1 996	5 864	2 606	17 993	6 570
		1 JJU	J JUT	2 300		5 5.0

• 1 11

PUBLIC TRADING ENTERPRISES NET ASSET SALES AND ADVANCES

	1991-92	1992–93	1993-94	1994–95	1995 –96	1996-97(a)
ector	\$m	\$ <u>m</u>	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
ommonwealth						***
Second-hand fixed assets	492	304	413	262	173	265
Land and intangible assets	-12 -27	-14 2	51 3	16	-50 	-7 —
Net advances paid Total	453	292	466	278	123	258
otal State and Territory						
Second-hand fixed assets	384	1 183	1 443	550	851	1 284
Land and intangible assets	-100	-51	265	203	157	218
Net advances paid Total	238 522	208 1 340	180 1 888	−14 738	10 253 11 531	2 322 3 82 3
ew South Wales						
Second-hand fixed assets	204	108	214	193	206	350
Land and intangible assets	-53	-9	152	86	141	128
Net advances paid	24	2	_ 1			_
Total	175	101	368	279	348	478
ictoria Second-hand fixed assets	123	957	209	-72	119	199
Land and intangible assets	20	-1	49	45	49	39
Net advances paid	64	8 5	78	48	10 468	2 300
Total	208	1041	336	20	10 636	2 538
ueensland	60	4.4	745	40	7 /	195
Second-hand fixed assets	-90 -31	-44 -45	745 1 4	49 -16	74 -9	195 32
Land and intangible assets Net advances paid	-31 113	109	88 88	-10 -62	- 5 33	10
Total	-8	20	847	-29	98	236
outh Australia						
Second-hand fixed assets	64	75	118	189	197	129
Land and intangible assets	2	3	. 3	42	4	2
Net advances paid Total	31 97	6 84	11 132	-16 215	-4 197	3 1 35
estern Australia						
Second-hand fixed assets	41	54	104	156	226	301
Land and intangible assets	-28	3	55	46	-32	17
Net advances paid	1		5	18	29	1
Total	14	57	154	220	223	319
esmania Second-hand fixed assets	-2	-1	24	3	4	3
Land and intangible assets	1	1	2	2	4	-1
Net advances paid	5	6	4	5	2	- 5
Total	4	5	31	10	10	9
orthern Territory		5.4			40	0.7
Second-hand fixed assets	26	21	14	9	10	27
Land and intangible assets Net advances paid	_	-2 -4	_ -2	_ -6	<u> </u>	 _5
Total	26	15	11	3	10	22
ustralian Capital Territory					_	
Second-hand fixed assets	17	12	15	22	15	80
Land and intangible assets	-12	-1	-10	-1 -2	— –5	- 1 9
Net advances paid Total		5 16	4 9	-2 19	_5 9	9 87
otal Commonwealth, State Territory	and					
Second-hand fixed assets	876	1 487	1 856	812	1 024	1 549
Land and intangible assets	-112	-65	316	219	107	211
Net advances paid	72	111	-68	-213	4 848	101
Total	836	1 533	2 104	818	5 977	1 861

INTEREST TRANSACTIONS

The convention in government finance statistics is to record interest flows on a gross rather than a net basis except for interest relating to borrowing by central borrowing authories on behalf of public trading enterprises. Thus, interest payments and interest received are reported as separate flows.

The reporting of interest on a gross basis provides more information than on a net basis alone, as the latter may conceal significant movements in the component flows. However, there are occasions when use of a net figure may be more appropriate, especially where different administrative or funding arrangements between governments hinder comparison of results.

Net interest paid can be derived from the gross flows presented in these statistics. Net interest paid may be considered a more appropriate measure of the overall cost of servicing debt. Net interest paid for Commonwealth and State/Territory government, expressed as a percentage of revenue (which incorporates only the net operating surpluses of PTEs) and grants, is presented in the following table:

NET INTEREST PAID AS A PERCENTAGE OF REVENUE AND GRANTS OF COMMONWEALTH, STATE AND TERRITORY GOVERNMENTS(a)

	1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97(b)
Sector	%	%	%	%	%	%
Commonwealth Government(c)	5.3	4.9	6.0	6.8	7.0	7.3
State and Territory Governments	(c) 13.9	12.7	11.4	10.2	8.1	7.8
New South Wales	11.9	10.2	10.7	8.3	5.8	7.8
Victoria	23.2	21.6	19,0	17.2	1 5.1	12.1
Oueensland	2.4	2.4	0.5	_	-1.9	-1.5
South Australia	17.4	14.3	12.7	1 5.0	13.7	13.7
Western Australia	14.5	15.2	11.2	11.4	9.2	7.8
Tasmania	19.7	18.4	18.3	17.3	15,3	15.3
Northern Territory	10.4	12.6	12.3	10.2	8.6	8.5
Australian Capital Territory	0.9	0.7	1.3	1.0	1.6	1.8

- (a) Net interest paid equals interest payments minus interest received; revenue excludes interest received for the purposes of this calculation only.
- (b) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.
- (c) Consolidation of general government and public trading enterprises.

OPERATION OF PUBLIC TRADING ENTERPRISES (PTEs)

The concept of net operating surplus published in government finance statistics measures the imputed contribution of PTEs to government revenue. The term net denotes that the operating surplus (or deficit) is net of depreciation of fixed assets and amortization of assets acquired under finance leases.

The following table provides an alternative presentation which deducts subsidies from net operating surplus to provide a measure which can be regarded as more indicative of the commercial viability of public trading enterprises.

This presentation differs from that published in issues before 1992–93 because net interest paid has not been included in the calculation. This is because net interest paid is affected by transfers of debt to general government which have occurred in some jurisdictions in recent years.

TRADING SURPLUS/DEFICIT OF COMMONWEALTH AND STATE/TERRITORY PUBLIC TRADING ENTERPRISES

	1991-92	1992-93	1 993–94	1994–95	1995–96	1996-97(a)
Sector	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
Commonwealth	2 870	3 587	4 412	4 073	4 072	3 998
Total State and Temtory	4 553	4 723	5 842	4 923	4 476	4 541
New South Wales	1 067	1 216	1 429	1 007	699	1 262
Victoria	1 083	1 229	1 615	1 716	1 572	1 011
Oueensland	1 427	1 218	1 352	1 213	1 177	1 107
South Australia	237	287	1 54	319	275	410
Western Australia	592	620	1 084	450	481	458
Tasmania	197	192	204	213	233	245
Northern Territory	- 26	- 17	27	22	37	37
Australian Capital Territory	- 24	- 24	- 23	~ 17	2	10

REDEMPTION OF STATE AND TERRITORY DEBT TO THE COMMONWEALTH

Following the 1990 Premiers' Conference and Loan Council meeting the States and Territories agreed to progressively take over the responsibility for management of debt previously raised on their behalf by the Commonwealth. Under this arrangement, the States and Territories redeem their maturing debt by borrowing the replacement or roll-over debt on their own account. In 1995–96 Victoria and Queensland also brought forward repayment of their debt to the Commonwealth.

Commonwealth borrowings previously undertaken on behalf of the States were treated as Commonwealth outlays when advanced to the States thus raising the Commonwealth deficit (Deficit/Surplus — see Glossary on page 75). As repayments of these advances are offset within outlays, repayment by States and Territories of their debt reduces Commonwealth outlays and its deficit. The effect of refinancing of State and Territory debt is included in the net advances paid by the Commonwealth (see table on General Government Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 11) and has been excluded in calculating the adjusted deficit for the Commonwealth.

The following tables show refinancing of repayments to the Commonwealth from State and Territory Governments for the period 1991–92 to 1996–97.

Figures published on redemption of State and Territory debt in previous issues of this publication included only supplementary contribution repayments and therefore will not agree with figures in this table, which include all repayments of debt.

REFINANCING OF DEBT - STATE AND TERRITORY GOVERNMENTS(a)

	1991–92	199293	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96	1996-97(b)
Sector	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m_
Total State and Territory	2 758	2 670	1 321	2 018	4 127	959
New South Wales	911	1 171	393	673	389	458
Victoria	689	536	300	476	2 100	36
Queensland	277	312	214	238	1 087	75
South Australia	266	199	138	177	289	171
Western Australia	252	199	123	221	109	30
Tasmania	171	150	116	146	79	116
Northern Territory	92	90	28	69	64	63
Australian Capital Territory	99	16	9	17	11	11

⁽a) Based on figures published in Commonwealth Budget Paper No. 3, and on Department of Finance collection of 'Specific Purpose Payments' and other related payments.

⁽b) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.

FISCAL CONTRIBUTION BY STATES

It was agreed at the 1996 Premiers' Conference that the States would make payments to the Commonwealth in 1996-97 and the following two years to contribute to the Commonwealth government's deficit reduction programme. The following table shows the estimated contribution of each State and Territory government for the three years to 1998-99.

FISCAL CONTRIBUTION BY THE STATE AND TERRITORY GOVERNMENTS(a)

	1996-97	1997–98	1998-99
Sector	\$m	\$m	\$m
New South Wales	209,5	216.3	101.3
Victoria	153.4	158.1	73.8
Queensland	114.0	118.9	56.1
South Australia	49.9	51,2	23.8
Western Australia	59.8	62.2	29.3
Tasmania	15.9	16.3	7.6
Northern Territory	6.0	6.3	3.0
Australian Capital Territory	10.4	10.8	5.1
Total	619.0	640.0	300.0

GENERAL GOVERNMENT OUTPUT AS A PERCENTAGE OF GDP

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Despite the fact that most goods and services provided by general government bodies are not normally sold, their output is still regarded as part of production. The output of government is valued at cost and comprises total final consumption expenditure (principally wages and salaries paid to the employees of general government bodies and the cost of purchased goods and services used) plus an allowance for the consumption of fixed capital.

The table below shows the cost of general government production for the Commonwealth Government, the State, Territory and local governments, and all governments combined as a percentage of GDP.

GENERAL GOVERNMENT OUTPUT AS A PERCENTAGE OF GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT(a)

	1991-92	1992-93	1993–94	1994-95	1995–96
Sector	%	%	%	%	%
Commonwealth	5.7	5,8	5 .9	5.8	5.7
State, Territory and local	12.2	12.5	12.4	12.2	12.0
Total	17.9	18.3	18.2	18.0	17.6

⁽a) GDP(E) and consumption of fixed capital figures used in the above calculations are from National Income, Expenditure and Product, June Quarter 1996 (5206.0).

RELIABILITY AND INTERPRETATION OF FORWARD ESTIMATES

The forward estimates of government finance statistics for 1996–97 presented in this publication are a useful guide to the likely outcome of the operations of the non-financial public sector for that year. However, in using the statistics it needs to be remembered that the forward estimates may differ from the record of actual transactions in 1996–97 that will be presented in the next and subsequent issues of this publication. The differences exist because:

- forward estimates generally exclude the effects of expenditure decisions made by governments after their budgets have been brought down; and
- forward estimates (by their nature) are a measure of expected revenue and outlays and, as such, are rarely precisely realised.

The table below compares forward estimates for 1995–96 included in the previous issue of this publication with the record of actual transactions in 1995–96 provided in this issue. It is not possible to isolate the contribution of each of the factors described above to the differences evident in the table. Nevertheless, the table illustrates the magnitude of the differences which can occur and serves to emphasise the need for caution when using the forward estimates.

RFI ATIONSHIP BETWEEN STATISTICS ON FORWARD ESTIMATES AND ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS, 1995-96

Current outlays				Capital outlays		
	Forward estimates(a)	Actual transactions	change	Forward estimates(a)	Actual transactions	change
Sector	\$m	\$m	%	\$m	\$m	%%
Commonwealth	128 913	129 468	0.4	1 563	3 883	148.4
State and Territory	67 715	66 777	- 1.4	10 585	- 344	- 103.2
New South Wales	22 588	21 799	- 3,5	4 901	4 106	- 16.2
Victoria	16 897	16 413	- 2.9	1 048	-8 415	- 903.0(b
Oueensland	10 627	10 831	1.9	3 414	2 862	- 16.2
South Australia	6 342	6 274	- 1.1	- 138	- 97	29.7
Western Australia	6 666	6 953	4,3	684	621	- 9.2
Tasmania	2 244	2 173	- 3.2	274	265	- 3.3
Northern Territory	1 421	1, 420	- 0.1	212	184	- 13.2
Australian Capital Territory	1 131	1 128	- 0.3	189	131	- 30.7
State, Territory and local	71 931	70 744	-1.7	12 981	2 068	- 84. 1
Commonwealth, State, Territory and local government	167 384	167 162	- 0.1	13 678	7 050	- 48. 5

	Revenue and gr	ants received	Deficit adjusted for net advance		
	Forward estimates(a)	Actual transactions	change	Forward estimates(a)	Actual transactions
Sector	\$m	\$ m	%	\$m	\$m
Commo nwea Ith	127 769	124 688	2.4	7 485	11 405
State and Territory	77 689	78 060	0.5	120	- 3 804
New South Wales	25 245	24 834	- 1.6	596	- 834
Victoria	18 825	19 055	1.2	56	- 1 291
Queensland	13 979	14 414	3.1	- 640	- 1 592
South Australia	6 575	6 597	0.3	301	185
Western Australia	8 052	8 163	1.4	- 247	- 145
Tasmania	2 400	2 382	- 0.8	8	- 74
Northern Territory	1 603	1 645	2.6	- 6	- 72
Australian Capital Territory	1 210	1 184	- 2.1	53	19
State, Territory and local	85 052	84 982	- 0.1	- 746	- 4 489
Commonwealth, State, Territory and local government	176 399	173 550	- 1.6	6 612	6 957

⁽a) As published in the 1995-96 issue of this publication.

⁽b) A large proportion of equity assets sales which actually occured in 1995-96 were not included in the forward estimates.

	1991-92	1992–93	1993–94	1994-95	1995–96p	1996-97
ltem	\$ m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m_	(a) \$m
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Current expenditure	75 513	79 038	82 622	85 742	90 099	93 676
Less Sales of goods and services(b)	11 171	11 888	12 848	13 421	14 040	14 039
Equals Final consumption expenditure	64 342	67 150	69 775	72 321	76 059	79 636
Interest payments	11 373	11 435	12 852	14 344	14 866	1 5 416
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	3 198	2 874	2 888	2 553	2 506	2 795
Personal benefit payments	42 545	46 283	49 902	51 960	55 862	58 168
Other transfer payments	9 052	10 463	11 283	12 172	13 199	13 933
Total current outlays	130 510	138 205	146 699	153 351	162 49 3	169 948
Capital outlays	0.500		`~ ~-			
Expenditure on new fixed assets	9 503	10 192	9 751	10 055	10 463	11 655
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(c)	-690	-1 000	-1 146	-1 114	-1 560	-1 882
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	8 813	9 192	8 605	8 941	8 903	9 773
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(c)	-71	-291	-577	-453	-98	103
Capital grants	2 808	2 664	2 762	2 572	2 497	2 637
To other sectors	913	642	621	498	517	673
To public trading enterprises	1 895	2 022	2 141	2 074	1 981	1 964
Advances paid (net)	2 431	-916	-4 380	-1 305	-9 086	-7 263
To public financial enterprises	2 114	481	-1 158	-98	-262	-196
To public trading enterprises	180	-81	686	-210	-6 836	-3 063
Abroad	181	170	150	138	266	159
Other	-44	-1 486	-2 686	-1 134	-2 255	-4 163
Other capital outlays	-8	12	17	3	58	69
Total capital outlays	13 973	10 661	6 427	9 757	2 274	5 319
Total outlays	144 483	148 866	153 126	163 109	164 767	175 267
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	115 627	118 722	126 120	139 269	152 583	162 202
Interest received from public trading enterprises	1 296	1 046	938	890	612	505
Interest received from other enterprises	3 522	3 260	3 13 5	3 540	3 769	3 259
Other revenue	6 301	7 114	9 793	8 186	10 021	11 335
Total revenue	126 746	130 142	139 986	151 885	166 985	177 300
Financing and Deficit measures						
Borrowing (net)	20 789	23 635	19 59 5	12 462	-3 964	-251
Increase in provisions (net)	-1 027	-1 297	-1 161	-1 072	-997	-1 195
Other financing transactions (net)(d)	-2 006	-3 603	-5 296	-164	2 749	-576
Total financing(d)	17 737	18 723	1 3 14 0	11 224	-2 219	-2 033
Less increase in provisions (net)	-1 027	-1 297	-1 161	-1 072	-997	-1 195
Equals Deficit(d)	18 764	20 021	14 300	12 2 96	-1 22 1	-839
Of which						
Current deficit(d)	4 941	9 5 4 4	8 187	2 815	-3 189	<i>-</i> 5 856
Capital deficit(d)	13 823	10 477	6 113	9 481	1 967	5 017
Less Advances paid (net)	2 431	-9 16	-4 380	-1 305	-9 086	-7 263
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(e)	16 333	20 937	18 680	13 601	7 865	6 424

⁽a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.

⁽b) This item provides an indication of the extent of government charges levied. The charges are offset against gross expenditure in calculating final consumption expenditure and mainly comprise sales to the private sector. However, it has not been possible to exclude all inter-agency charges and some estimated data are

⁽c) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.

⁽d) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.

⁽e) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73.

ECONOMIC TRANSACTIONS OF COMMONWEALTH, STATE, TERRITORY AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS COMBINED

	1991-92	1992-93	1993–94	1994-95	1995–96p	1996–97 (a)
ltem	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a) \$m
PUBLIC TRADING ENTERPRISES						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Interest payments	8 324	7 080	6 183	5 973	5 132	4 790
To general government	1 294	1 054	937	880	611	507
To other enterprises	7 031	6 026	5 246	5 093	4 521	4 284
income transferred to general government	1 791	1 911	3 398	3 450	4 630	5 824
Other transfer payments	1 103	1 673	1 456	1 318	1 664	1 962
Total current outlays	11 218	10 664	11 037	10 741	11 426	12 576
Capital outlays	40.040	44.004	10.000	44.000	44.544	40 700
Expenditure on new fixed assets	12 019	11 394	10 929	11 823	11 514	12 700
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(b)	-917	-1 518	-1 862	-821	-1 034	-1 559
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	11 103	9 876	9 067	11 003	10 480	11 142
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(b)	123	70	-314	-219	-107	-211
Capital grants	20	84	96	86	66	27
To other sectors	20	38	45	59	56	26
To other levels of government		45	52	28	10	1
Advances paid (net)	-214	-213	-183	14	-10 523	-2 322
Other capital outlays	-367	341	-611	-559	10	-284
Total capital outlays	10 665	10 158	8 056	10 326	-74	8 352
Total outlays	21 883	20 822	19 093	21 067	11 352	20 928
Revenue	00.004	00.004	60 000	74.076	PP 074	56 107
Sales of goods and services	60 221	62 261	68 382	71 076	66 874	66 197
Plus Subsidies received	3 075	2 886	2 931	2 596	2 648	2 874
Less Operating expenditure	52 236	53 405	58 035	61 324	57 759	57 062
Equals Net operating surplus	11 060	11 741	13 278	12 348	11 763	12 009
Interest received	1 133	775	583 5.475	847	846	703
Capital grants received	1 936	2 089	2 175	2 098	1 991	1 993
Other revenue Total revenue	787 14 916	764 15 369	937 16 974	1 155 16 448	710 15 310	734 15 439
Financing and Deficit measures	170	-132	-688	-209	-6 809	-3 063
Advances received (net)	170	-132 - 424	-3 455	-3 12 2	-4 8 46	1 529
Borrowing (net)	388 7 510	7 340	-3 455 6 577	8 539	7 471	7 058
Increase in provisions (net)		7 119	7 113	7 627	7 087	7 196
For depreciation	7 450 59	221	-537	912	384	-139
Other	-1 101	-1 331	-315	-5 89	225	- <u>1</u> 34
Other financing transactions (net)(c) Total financing(c)	6 967	5 453	2 119	4 619	-3 9 58	5 4 90
Less Increase in provisions (net)	7 510	7 340	6 577	8 539	7 471	7 058
Equals Deficit(c)	-543	-1 887	-4 458	-3 920	-11 429	-1 568
Of which						
Current deficit(c)	-8 519	-9 238	-9 511	-11 122	<i>−</i> 8 7 23	−7 25 5
Capital deficit(c)	7 976	7 350	5 053	7 202	-2 707	5 687
Less Advances paid (net) Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(d)	-214 - 329	-213 -1 674	-183 -4 275	14 -3 934	-10 523 - 906	-2 322 754
(a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.						

⁽b) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.

⁽c) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.

⁽d) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73.

ONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT	\$m	\$m	\$m	¢	_	(a
ONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT			T1-1	\$m	\$m	\$r
utlays						
Current outlays						
Current expenditure	7 5 513	79 038	82 622	85 742	90 099	93 67
Less Sales of goods and services	11 171	11 888	12 848	13 421	14 040	14 03
Equals Final consumption expenditure	64 342	67 150	69 775	72 321	76 059	79 63
Interest payments	18 189	17 241	17 961	19 200	19 137	19 52
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	3 198	2 874	2 888	2 553	2 506	2 79
Personal benefit payments	42 545	46 283	49 902	51 960	55 862	58 16
Other transfer payments	9 322	11 300	11 872	12 709	13 598	14 35
Total current outlays	137 596	144 848	152 397	158 744	167 162	174 48
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	21 523	21 586	20 680	21 878	21 977	24 35
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)	-1 607	-2 518	-3 008	-1 935	-2 594	-3 44
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	1 9 916	19 068	17 672	19 943	19 383	20 91
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)	52	-221	-891	- 672	-205	-10
Capital grants to other sectors	933	681	666	556	573	69
Advances paid (net)	2 054	-1 041	-3 877	-1 079	-12 769	-6 52
Other capital outlays	-375	354	-594	-556	68	-21
Total capital outlays	22 580	18 840	12 976	18 193	7 050	14 77
Total outlays	16 0 1 75	163 688	165 373	176 937	174 213	189 25
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	114 796	117 887	125 254	138 490	151 318	160 66
Net operating surplus of public trading enterprises	11 060	11 741	13 278	12 348	11 763	12 00
Interest received	4 438	3 816	3 581	4 151	4 36 5	3 79
Other revenue	5 278	5 864	7 295	5 881	6 104	6 18
Total revenue	135 671	139 308	149 409	160 870	173 550	182 65
Inancing and Deficit measures						
Borrowing (net)	21 094	22 537	16 706	9 539	8 764	1 45
Increase in provisions (net)	6 483	6 043	5 416	7 466	6 474	5 86
For depreciation	7 450	7 119	7 113	7 62 7	7 087	7 19
Other	-967	-1 076	-1 697	-160	-614	-1 33
Other financing transactions (net)	-2 973	-4 201	<i>–</i> 6 158	-9 38	2 952	-71
Total financing	24 604	24 379	15 472	16 067	662	6 60
Less Increase in provisions (net)	6 483	6 043	5 416	7 466	6 474	5 86
Equals Deficit	18 121	18 336	10 548	8 600	-5 811	73
Of which						
Current deficit	-3 556	350	-1 340	-8 313	-11 938	-13 05
Capital deficit	21 677	17 987	11 888	16 914	6 126	13 79
Less Advances paid (net)	2 054	-1 041	-3 877	-1 079	-12 769	-6 52
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances	16 067	19 378	14 425	9 680	6 957	7 25

	1991-92	1992–93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96p	1996-97
Purpose	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a, \$m
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Current outlays						
General public services	11 016	11 623	12 687	12 611	13 209	14 016
Defence	8 615	9 012	9 251	9 164	9 395	9 543
Public order and safety	4 960	5 187	5 384	5 722	6 202	6 84
Education	18 464	19 341	20 263	20 932	21 927	22 810
Health	20 542	21 661	22 592	24 184	26 449	27 849
Social security and welfare	37 574	40 775	44 151	45 860	48 949	51 35
Housing and community amenities	1 790	1 708	1 674	1 983	1 963	2 37
Recreation and culture	2 912	2 969	3 172	3 357	3 559	3 74
Fuel and energy	76 5	908	809	1 028	1 154	1 23
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	2 974	2 672	2 764	2 863	2 987	3 04
Mining, manufacturing and construction	839	790	732	785	801	83
Transport and communications	5 271	5 716	5 657	5 543	5 640	5 77
Other economic affairs	3 201	4 712	4 579	4 830	5 205	4 96
Other purposes	18 672	17 774	18 683	19 883	19 723	20 09
Total	137 5 96	144 848	152 397	158 744	167 162	174 48
n . w.t						
Capital outlays	3 785	1 811	1 331	1 182	-75 3	1 03
General public services		-2	1 551 -14	+ 162 -17	-733 2	103
Defence	-8 674		-14 414	499	56 9	
Public order and safety	671	457				70
Education	1 990	2 150	1 833	1 708	1 995	2 36
Health	883	933	980	963	975	1 22
Social security and welfare	447	396	289	341	296	35
Housing and community amenities	2 786	2 931	2 <u>144</u>	3 308	2 839	2 84
Recreation and culture	933	1 036	7 39	100	1 035	1 38
Fuel and energy	2 603	1 706	866	2 370	-8 737	9
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-19 9	796	-276	-709	234	-9
Mining, manufacturing and construction	59	-62	-183	-246	-14	-8
Transport and communications	7 754	7 495	6 167	8 793	8 099	8 69
Other economic affairs	536	112	305	330	372	38
Other purposes	339	-919	-1 618	-430	138	-4 12
Total	22 580	18 840	12 976	18 193	7 050	14 77
Fotal outlays						
General public services	14 802	13 433	14 018	13 794	12 456	15 04
Defence	8 607	9 010	9 237	9 147	9 397	9 54
Public order and safety	5 632	5 643	5 798	6 221	6 772	7 54
Education	20 454	21 491	22 096	22 640	23 922	25 17
Health	21 425	22 594	23 572	25 147	27 424	29 07
	38 021	41 171	44 440	46 201	49 245	51 70
Social security and welfare	4 576	4 639	3 818	5 291	4 803	5 22
Housing and community amenities Recreation and culture	3 846	4 005	3 911	3 456	4 593	5 13
	3 368	2 614	1 674	3 398	-7 583	132
Fuel and energy	3 308 2 775		2 488	3 3 98 2 154	-7 583 3 220	294
Agriculture, forestry and fishing		3 469		2 15 4 539	3 220 787	
Mining, manufacturing and construction	897	728	549			74 14 47
Transport and communications	13 026	13 211	11 824	14 336	13 739	14 47
Other economic affairs	3 737	4 824	4 884	5 160	5 577	5 35
Other purposes	19 011	16 855	17 066	19 453	19 860	15 97
Total	1 6 0 175	163 688	165 373	176 937	174 213	189 25

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ECONOMIC TRANSACTIONS OF STATE, TERRITORY AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS COMBINED

	1991–92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995–96p	1996-97
Item	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a) \$m
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Current expenditure	49 936	51 716	54 165	56 725	59 955	62 617
Less Sales of goods and services(b)	7 556	7 758	8 546	9 257	9 811	9 744
Equals Final consumption expenditure	42 380	43 957	45 619	47 469	50 144	52873
Interest payments	7 846	8 057	7 918	7 740	6 800	6 367
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	2 513	2 394	2 424	2 091	1 978	2 368
Other transfer payments	_5 994	6 872	7 291	7 810	8 161	8 899
Total current outlays	58 733	61 281	63 252	65 110	67 083	70 507
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	7 822	8 951	8 365	8 728	9 130	10 347
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(c)	-578	-814	-714 - 714	602	-1 183	-1 534
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	7 244	8 137	7 651	8 126	7 947	8 813
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(c)	-117	-279	-379	-377	-78	22
Capital grants	2 183	2 322	2 519	2 286	2 325	2 444
To other sectors	358	330	407	309	350	516
To public trading enterprises	1 825	1 992	2 113	1 977	1 975	1 928
Advances paid (net)	1 734	-1 083	-2 282	-1 842	-8 028	-2 295
To public financial enterprises	2 114	· 481	-1 188	-98	-262	-61
To public trading enterprises	-174	99	-252	-199	 6 207	-2 221
Other	-206	-1 464	-842	-1 545	-1 560	-14
Other capital outlays	- 6	6	39	39	57	67
Total capital outlays	11 050	9 103	7 548	8 232	2 223	9 051
Total outlays	69 784	70 384	70 800	73 342	69 306	79 558
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	27 274	29 062	31 927	33 405	35 839	37 164
Interest received from public trading enterprises	778	718	650	721	474	419
Interest received from other enterprises	3 229	3 021	2 925	3 351	3 641	3 048
Grants received(d)	29 515	32 104	32 082	33 161	34 788	35 424
Other revenue	3 488	3 651	4 781	4 981	5 807	7 028
Total revenue	64 284	68 556	72 366	75 619	80 550	83 084
Financing and Deficit measures						
Advances received (net)	-2 751	-2 717	-1 387	-1 628	-4 032	-876
Borrowing (net)	11 222	8 176	4 680	-196	-10 338	-1 502
Increase in provisions (net)	48	-3	-25	39	8	10
Other financing transactions (net)(e)	-3 020	-3 627	-4 833	-492	3 119	-1 157
Total financing(e)	5 499	1 828	-1 566	-2 277	-11 243	-3 526
Less Increase in provisions (net)	48	-3	-25	39	8	10
Equals Deficit(e)	5 451	1 831	-1 540	-2 3 1 6	-11 251	-3 535
Of which					•	
Current deficit(e)	-1 783	-1 925	-5 044	-7 247	-10 253	-9 755
Capital deficit(e)	7 234	3 757	3 504	4 931	-999	6 220
Less Advances paid (net)	1 734	-1 083	-2 282	-1 842	-8 028	-2 295
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(f)	3 718	2 914	742	-474	-3 223	-1 240

⁽a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.

⁽b) This item provides an indication of the extent of government charges levied. The charges are offset against gross expenditure in calculating final consumption expenditure and mainly comprise sales to the private sector. However, it has not been possible to exclude all inter-agency charges and some estimated data are included.

⁽c) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.

⁽d) Includes planned fiscal contributions by the States towards the Commonwealth deficit reduction program to the total value of \$619 million for 1996-97. See Fiscal Contribution by State and Territory Government table on page 15.

⁽e) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.

⁽f) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73

	1991–92	1992-93	1993–94	1994–95	1995-96p	1996–9
ltem	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a \$n
PUBLIC TRADING ENTERPRISES						
Outlays						
Current outlays					_	
Interest payments	5 737	4 980	4 302	4 303	4 035	3 7 2
To general government	776	725	648	712	473	42
To other enterprises	4 962	4 255	3 655	3 591	3 563	3 30
income transferred to general government	1 386	1 572	2 281	2 531	3 259	4 39
Other transfer payments	469	42 3	416	363	331	36
Total current outlays	7 593	6 974	6 999	7 197	7 625	8 49
Capital outlays	7.004	7.055	7.570	7 400	7.070	7.04
Expenditure on new fixed assets	7 061	7 355	7 572	7 492	7 073	7 94
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(b)	-42 5	-1 214	-1 44 9	-559	-861	-1 29
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	6 636	6 141	6 122	6 934	6 21 1 -157	6 65 -21
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(b)	111	56	-263	-203		
Capital grants	20	84	96 45	86 59	66 56	2 2
To other sectors	20	38	45 52	28	10	
To other levels of government		45 211	•	28 14	-10 52 3	-2 32
Advances paid (net)	-241	-211 -44	-180 -38	-28	-10 523 27	-2 32 -3
To public financial enterprises	-43		-35 -142	-28 42	-10 550	-2 28
Other	-198 64	-168 36	-142 -81	-168	-10 550 21	-2 2 c -2
Other capital outlays	6 590	6 10 5	5 694	6 663	-4 3 8 2	4 11
Total capital outlays	0 390	0 203	3 094			
Total outlays	14 183	13 079	12 693	13 860	3 243	12 61
Ravenue	****	07.400	44.000	40.040	40.480	20.04
Sales of goods and services	36 126	37 490	41 208	42 813	42 462	39 94
Plus Subsidies received	2 526	2 417	2 463 35 273	2 130 37 333	2 118 37 418	2 44 34 80
Less Operating expenditure	31 010	32 221		7 609	7 163	7 58
Equals Net operating surplus	7 641	7 685 505	8 398 353	491	7 105 554	45
Interest received	752 1 866	2 060	2 204	2 064	1 995	1 95
Capital grants received	771	741	903	1 102	670	69
Other revenue Total revenue	11 030	10 992	11 858	11 266	10 383	10 68
Financing and Deficit measures						
Advances received (net)	-184	-151	-255	-198	-6 180	-2 22
Borrowing (net)	291	-1 374	-2 159	-1 623	-4 667	-37
Increase in provisions (net)	3 595	4 103	3 796	4 542	4 651	4 05
For depreciation	3 616	4 256	4 215	4 618	4 381	4 20
Other	-21	-1 53	-419	-76	269	-15
Other financing transactions (net)(c)	-550	-491	<i>-</i> 547	-127	-943	46
Total financing(c)	3 152	2 087	8 35	2 594	−7 139	1 92
Less Increase in provisions (net)	3 595	4 103	3 796	4 542	4 651	4 05
Equals Deficit(c)	-443	-2 016	-2 961	-1 948	- 11 790	-2 12
Of which		_	_	_		
Current deficit(c)	-4 414	-5 342	-5 624	-5 521	-4 772	-3 61
Capital deficit(c)	3 972	3 326	2 663	3 574	-7 018	1 49
Less Advances paid (net) Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(d)	-241 - 201	-211 - 1 805	-180 -2 781	14 -1 962	-10 523 - 1 267	-2 32 1 9
	===		·	--	- +- -	
 (a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16. (b) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10. 						
(b) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10. (c) See Measures of Covernment Financing on page 67.						

⁽c) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.

⁽d) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73.

ECONOMIC TRANSACTIONS OF STATE, TERRITORY AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS COMBINED

	1991-92	1992-93	1993–94	1994–9 5	1995–96p	1996–9 (8
tem	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$1
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Dutlays						
Current outlays						
Current expenditure	49 936	51 7 16	54 165	56 725	59 955	62 61
Less Sales of goods and services	7 556	7 758	8 546	9 257	9 811	9 74
Equals Final consumption expenditure	42 380	43 957	45 619	47 469	50 144	52.87
Interest payments	12 618	12 126	11 440	11 107	10 129	9 50
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	2 513	2 394	2 424	2 091	1 978	2 36
Other transfer payments	6 461	7 294	7 707	8 171	8 492	9 26
Total current outlays	63 973	65 772	67 189	68 838	70 744	74 03
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	14 883	16 305	15 937	16 220	16 203	18 29
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)	-1 003	-2 028	-2 163	-1 160	-2 044	-2 8
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	13 880	14 278	13 773	15 059	14 159	15 46
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)	<u>-</u> 6	-224	-642	-580	-235	-1
Capital grants to other sectors	378	369	452	368	406	5.
Advances paid (net)	1 684	-1 187	-2 210	-1 627	-12 34 0	-2 3
Other capital outlays	71	42	-42	-129	78	
Total capital outlays	16 007	13 278	11 330	13 091	2 068	13 4
Total outlays	79 979	79 050	78 519	81 9 29	72 812	87 47
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	27 274	29 062	31 927	33 405	35 839	37 10
Net operating surplus of public tracing enterprises	7 641	7 685	8 398	7 609	7 163	7 5
Interest received	3 790	3 342	3 146	3 618	3 963	3 3
Other revenue	32 380	34 859	35 509	36 771	38 018	38 6
Total revenue	71 085	74 947	78 980	81 403	84 982	86 70
Inancing and Deficit measures		. 700	4 000	4.005	4.000	
Advances received (net)	-2 732	-2 70 6	-1 389	-1 625	-4 026	-8
Borrowing (net)	11 468	6 555	2 975	-1 895	-14 981	-19
Increase in provisions (net)	3 643	4 100	3 771	4 581	4 659	40
For depreciation	3 616	4 256	4 215	4 618	4 381	42
Other	27	-156	-44 5	-37	277	-1
Other financing transactions (net)	-3 484	-3 847	-5 818	-534	2 178	-5
Total financing	8 894	4 103	-461	526	-12 170	7
Less Increase in provisions (net)	3 643	4 100	3 771	4 581	4 659	4 0
Equals Deficit	5 251	2	-4 232	-4 054	-16 829	-3 3
Of which	A 475	7.004	40.000	46.775	45.054	400
Current deficit	-6 175	-7 224	-10 683	-12 775 0 700	-15 051	-133
Capital deficit	11 426	7 226	6 451	8 720	-1 778	99
Less Advances paid (net)	1 684	-1 187	-2 210	-1 627	-12 340	-23
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances	3 567	1 189	-2 022	-2 427	-4 489	-9

	1991-92	1992–93	1993–94	1994–95	1995–96p	1996–97 (a)
Purpose	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	ţa \$n
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Current outlays						
General public services	5 130	5 178	5 807	5 604	5 867	5 962
Defence	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public order and safety	4 327	4 525	4 717	5 027	5 476	6 186
Education	16 4 64	17 173	17 970	18 612	19 471	20 306
Health	10 969	11 229	11 322	11 990	13 098	13 550
Social security and welfare	2 980	3 209	3 503	3 830	4 149	4 389
Housing and community amenities	1 750	1 734	1 684	1 958	1 865	2 300
Recreation and culture	2 018	2 043	2 178	2 323	2 482	2 666
Fuel and energy	212	260	145	189	281	314
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1 221	1 209	1 264	1 313	1 320	1 42
Mining, manufacturing and construction	370	339	300	378	414	42:
Transport and communications	4 599	4 716	4 963	4 756	4 90 1	5 069
Other economic affairs	1 131	1 849	1 558	1 540	1 232	1 643
Other purposes	12 801	12 309	11 779	11 319	10 187	9 779
Total	63 9 73	65 772	67 189	68 838	70 744	74 013
Capital outlays						
General public services	2 954	1 168	730	631	-1 425	58!
Defence	_	_	_	_	_	
Public order and safety	499	370	372	458	539	654
Education	1 346	1 502	1 215	1 291	1 409	1 708
Health	736	844	1 010	1 116	920	1 180
Social security and welfare	103	162	119	109	129	186
Housing and community amenities	2 543	2 783	2 035	3 224	2 801	2 893
Recreation and culture	756	884	769	20	898	1 26
Fuel and energy	2 573	1 683	865	2 376	-8 774	:
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	231	379	198	-109	288	269
Mining, manufacturing and construction	13	-14 1	23	-169	-18	-9 4
Transport and communications	3 737	4 629	3 727	4 380	4 944	5 041
Other economic affairs	203	<i>–</i> 51	211	213	245	23
Other purposes	312	~ 9 35	56	-449	111	-4 6
Total	16 007	13 278	11 330	13 0 9 1	2 068	13 462
Total outlays						
General public services	8 084	6 346	6 537	6 234	4 442	6 546
Defence	_	_	_	_	_	
Public order and safety	4 826	4 895	5 089	5 485	6 015	6 840
Education	17 8 1 0	18 67 5	19 185	19 902	20 880	22 019
Health	11 705	12 073	12 332	13 106	14 018	14 730
Social security and welfare	3 083	3 371	3 622	3 939	4 278	4 579
Housing and community amenities	4 293	4 517	3 719	5 182	4 667	5 193
Recreation and culture	2 774	2 927	2 947	2 343	3 380	3 93:
Fuel and energy	2 785	1 943	1 010	2 564	-8 493	315
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1 452	1 588	1 462	1 204	1 608	1 694
Mining, manufacturing and construction	383	198	324	209	396	328
Transport and communications	8 336	9 345	8 691	9 136	9 846	10 119
Other economic affairs	1 334	1 798	1 769	1 753	1 477	1 879
Other purposes	13 113	11 374	11 834	10 870	10 298	9 312
Total	79 979	79 050	78 51 9	81 929	72 812	87 474

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ECONOMIC TRANSACTIONS OF STATE AND TERRITORY GOVERNMENTS

	1991–92	1992–93	1993-94	1994-95	1 995 -96p	1996-97
ltem	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a) \$m
GËNERAL GOVERNMENT						
Outlays						
Current outlays					E0.00E	
Current expenditure	43 281	44 722	46 822	49 166	52 225	54 717
Less Sales of goods and services(b)	5 282	5 355	5 891	6 489	7 069	6 9 1 7
Equals Final consumption expenditure	37 99 9 7 382	39 367 7 540	40 931 7 532	42 676 7 416	45 155 6 5 6 9	47 801 6 130
Interest payments	2 510	2 389	2 418	2 085	1 972	2 361
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises Current grants to other governments	1 296	1 334	1 346	1 407	1 476	1 536
Other transfer payments	5 971	6 862	7 278	7 790	8 141	8 8 7 5
Total current outlays	55 158	57 492	59 506	61 375	63 314	66 703
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	5 632	6 352	5 933	6 230	6 636	7 828
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(c)	-355	-505	-417	-226	-6 995	-1 165
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	5 277	5 847	5 517	6 005	-359	6 6 6 6
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(c)	-183	-364	-437	-468	-2 015	-67
Capital grants	2 374	2 573	2 795	2 5 1 0	10 617	2 804
To other sectors	357	330	403	309	350	516
To other levels of government	265	308	340	288	8 360	406
To public trading enterprises	1 752	1 935	2 051	1 913	1 907 -7 528	1 882 -2 324
Advances paid (net)	1 742	-1 095 481	-2 282 -1 188	-1 861 98	-7 528 -262	-∠ 3∠4 61
To public financial enterprises	2 114 -139	-98	-1 1 53 -2 51	-199	-202 -5 675	-2 220
To public trading enterprises Other	-234	-1 478	-843	-1 564	-1 591	-2 220 -43
Other capital outlays	6	7	38	36	54	64
Total capital outlays	9 215	6 968	5 630	6 223	769	7 140
Total outlays	64 373	64 461	66 136	67 598	64 083	73 842
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	22 572	24 093	26 787	28 144	30 416	31 631
Interest received from public trading enterprises	776	716	650	721	474	419
Interest received from other enterprises	2 827	2 697	2 640	3 054	3 410	2 8 1 9
Grants received(d)	29 402	31 807	32 046	33 078	34 702	35 333
For own use	23 940	25 938	25 805	26 348	27 715	28 103
For onpassing	5 462	5 869	6 241	6 730	6 987	7 228
Other revenue	3 354	3 586	4 496	4 726	5 477	6 683
Total revenue	58 932	62 900	66 618	69 724	74 478	76 879
Financing and Deficit measures Advances received (net)	-2 751	-2 721	-1 398	-1 639	-4 038	-879
Borrowing (net)	11 174	8 304	4 850	-1 039	-10 18 9	-1 288
Increase in provisions (net)	48	-3	-25	39	8	10
Other financing transactions (net)(e)	-3 029	-4 019	-4 909	-531	3 824	-878
Total financing(e)	5 441	1 561	-1 483	-2 126	-10 396	-3 036
Less Increase in provisions (net)	48	-3	-25	39	8	10
Equals Deficit(e)	5 393	1 564	-1 457	-2 165	-10 404	-3 046
Of which	454	242	2 000	E 220	a non	7 6 4
Current deficit(e) Capital deficit(e)	-154 5 547	-3 43 1 907	-3 292 1 835	-5 329 3 164	-8 228 -2 175	-7 64: 4 59:
Less Advances paid (net)	1 742	-1.095	-2 282	-1 861	-7 528	-2 32
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(f)	3 651	2 659	825	-304	-2 876	-72

⁽a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.

⁽b) This item provides an indication of the extent of government charges levied. The charges are offset against gross expenditure in calculating final consumption expenditure and mainly comprise sales to the private sector. However, it has not been possible to exclude all inter-agency charges and some estimated data are

⁽c See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.

⁽d) Includes planned fiscal contributions by the States towards the Commonwealth deficit reduction program to the total value of \$619 million for 1996-97. See Fiscal Contribution by State and Territory Government table on page 15.

⁽e) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.

⁽f) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73.

10 ECONOMIC TRANSACTIONS OF STATE AND TERRITORY GOVERNMENTS

	1991–92	1992–93	1993–94	1994–95	1995–96p	1996-9 (s
ttem	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$r
PUBLIC TRADING ENTERPRISES						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Interest payments	5 417	4 689	4 082	4 098	3 837	3 51
To general government	764	716	646	711	472	42
To other enterprises	4 654	3 973	3 436	3 386	3 365	3 09
Income transferred to general government	1 354	1 486	2 275	2 524	3 251	4 38
Other transfer payments	469	423	416	363	331	36
Total current outlays	7 241	6 598	6 773	6 984	7 420	8 27
Capital outlays	0.017	0.000	7.404	* 000	5 ±05	7.0
Expenditure on new fixed assets	6 317	6 626	7 104	7 000	6 568	7 37
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(b)	-384	-1 183	-1 443	-550	-851	-1 28
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	5 933	5 443	5 661	6 451	5 717	6 09
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(b)	100	51	-265	-203	-157	-21
Capital grants	20	84	96 45	86 50	66 56	3
To other sectors	20	38	45 50	59	56	2
To other levels of government		45	52	28	10	2.20
Advances paid (net)	-238 470	-208	-180	14	-10 523	-2 33
To the private sector	-179	-157	-142	44	-10 545	-2 28
Other	-60	-51	-38	-30	22	-3
Other capital outlays	55 5 870	33 5 403	-81 5 231	-168 6 190	21 -4 8 77	-2 3 56
Total capital outlays	5870	5 403	5 231	6 180	-4 8//	3 30
Total outlays	13 111	12 001	12 004	13 164	2 543	11 83
Revenue						
Sales of goods and services	32 029	33 221	39 303	41 287	40 920	38 32
Plus Subsidies received	2 488	2 379	2 431	2 096	2 082	2 40
Less Operating expenditure	27 475	28 498	33 953	36 364	36 444	33 78
Equals Net operating surplus	7 041	7 102	7 781	7 019	6 558	6 95
Interest received	669	452	323	456	518	43
Capital grants received	1 779	1 980	2 117	1 978	1 898	187
Other revenue Total revenue	597 10 086	544 10 079	710 10 931	908 10 361	458 9 432	47 9 71
Journal Latering	20 000	20 515	10 001	10 001	0 402	5
Financing and Deficit measures Advances received (net)	-1 50	-132	-255	-197	-6 178	-2 23
Borrowing (net)	319	-1 320	-2 005	-1 519	-4 610	-2 2. -33
Increase in provisions (net)	3 297	3 730	3 694	4 440	4 540	3 93
For depreciation	3 3 1 8	3 882	4 113	4 515	4 270	4 08
Other	-21	-153	-419	-76	269	-15
Other financing transactions (net)(c)	-440	-355	-361	80	-641	72
Total financing(c)	3 026	1 922	1 073	2 803	-6 889	2 1:
Less Increase in provisions (net)	3 297	3 730	3 694	4 440	4 540	3 93
Equals Deficit(c)	-271	-1.807	-2 621	-1 636	-11 429	-1 82
Of which						
Current deficit(c)	-3 784	-4 708	-5 087	-4 99 2	-4 209	-3 03
Capital deficit(c)	3 513	2 901	2 466	3 355	-7 219	1 2
Less Advances paid (net)	-238	-208 4 500	-180 2 441	14	-10 523	-2 3
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(d)	-33	-1 59 9	-2 441	-1 651	-905	50
a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.						
(b) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.						
(c) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.						

⁽c) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.

⁽d) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73

	1991-92	1992-93	1993–94	1994–95	1995–96p	1996-97
ltem	\$m	\$m	\$m	,\$m	\$m	(a) \$m
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Current expenditure	43 281	44 722	46 822	49 166	52 225	54 717
Less Sales of goods and services(b)	5 282	5 355	5 891	6 489	7 069	6 917
Equals Final consumption expenditure	37 999	39 367	40 931	42 676	45 1 55	47 801
Interest payments	11 847	11 329	10 835	10 580	9 701	9 056
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	2 510	2 389	2 418	2 085	1 972	2 361
Current grants to other governments	1 296	1 334	1 346	1 407	1 476	1 536
Other transfer payments	6 440	7 285	7 694	8 153	8 472	9 243
Total current outlays	60 092	61 703	63 226	64 902	66 777	69 996
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	11 948	12 979	13 037	13 231	13 203	15 205
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)	-738	-1 688	-1 859	-775	− 7 846	-2 449
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	11 210	11 290	11 178	12 455	5 358	12 757
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)	-83	-312	-702	-671	-2 172	-285
Capital grants	643	677	788	660	8 766	948
To other sectors	377	36 9	448	368	406	542
To other levels of government	265	308	340	292	8 360	406
Advances paid (net)	1 660	-1 197	-2 212	-1 647	-12 371	-2 425
Other capital outlays	61	39	-43	-132	75	43
Total capital outlays	13 491	10 497	9 009	10 665	-344	11 038
Total outlays	73 583	72 200	72 235	75 567	66 433	81 035
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	22 572	24 093	26 787	28 1 44	30 416	31 631
Net operating surplus of public trading enterprises	7 041	7 102	7 781	7 019	6 558	6 950
Interest received	3 305	2 965	2 831	3 288	3 695	3 064
Grants received	29 414	31 797	32 051	33 121	34 684	35 331
For own use	23 952	25 928	25 810	26 391	27 697	28 344
For onpassing	5 462	5 869	6 241	6 730	6 987	6 987
Other revenue	2 593	2 642	2 948	3 123	2 707	2 696
Total revenue	64 926	68 600	72 397	74 6 9 5	78 060	79 672
Financing and Deficit measures						
Advances received (net)	<i>−</i> 2 7 35	-2 711	-1 401	-1 637	-4 563	-878
Borrowing (net)	11 444	6 736	3 305	-1 593	-14 775	-1.656
Increase in provisions (net)	3 344	3 727	3 669	4 478	4 548	3 947
For depreciation	3 318	3 882	4 113	4 515	4 270	4 088
Other	27	-156	-44 5	-37	277	-141
Other financing transactions (net)	3 397	-4 152	-5 736	-377	3 164	-50
Total financing	8 657	3 601	-163	872	-11 627	1 363
Less Increase in provisions (net)	3 344	3 727	3 669	4 478	4 548	3 947
Equals Deficit	5 312	-126	-3 832	-3 606	-1 6 1 74	-2 584
Of which						
Current deficit	-3 920	-5 055	-8 394	-10 324	-12 460	-10 612
Capital deficit	9 232	4 928	4 562	6 718	-3 714	8 027
Less Advances paid (net)	1 660	-1 197	-2 212	-1 647	-12 371	-2 425
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances	3 653	1 071	-1 620	-1 95 9	-3 804	-160
(a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.						

12 OUTLAYS BY PURPOSE, OF STATE AND TERRITORY GOVERNMENTS

-	1991–92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995–9 6 p	1996-97 (a
Purpose	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$n
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Current outlays						
General public services	3 910	3 982	4 750	4 638	4 777	4 823
Defence	_	_		_		_
Public order and safety	4 285	4 463	4 609	4 898	5 340	6 049
Education	16 4 53	17 159	17 958	18 598	19 458	20 27
Health	10 817	11 087	11 163	1 1 820	12 934	13 36
Social security and welfare	2 757	2 955	3 212	3 491	3 830	4 13
Housing and community amenities	1 069	1 022	1 050	1 257	1 078	1 50
Recreation and culture	1 180	1 216	1 260	1 317	1 414	1 56
Fuel and energy	211	259	148	211	293	313
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1 226	1 217	1 277	1 316	1 323	1 429
Mining, manufacturing and construction	263	234	206	257	286	29:
Transport and communications	3 849	3 906	4 102	3 895	4 075	4 24
Other economic affairs	1 093	1 797	1 519	1 550	1 276	1.68
Other purposes	12 980	12 405	11 972	11 653	10 693	10 30
Total	60 092	61 703	63 226	64 902	66 777	69 99
Capital outlays						
General public services	2 627	887	314	272	-1 789	28
Defence		_	_		_	_
Public order and safety	503	376	368	457	550	66!
Education	1 342	1 496	1 211	1 287	1 405	1 70
Health	734	843	1 002	1 086	922	1 16
Social security and welfare	83	128	86	66	92	14.
•	2 063	2 237	1 468	2 607	2 199	2 16
Housing and community amenities	529	488	361	-4 20	482	84
Recreation and culture	2 226	1 362	838	2 372	-8 774	<u></u>
Fuel and energy	230	381	204	-105	291	27
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	230	-146	24	-103 -173	-20	-9.
Mining, manufacturing and construction		3 722	2 902	3 500	4 036	4 16
Transport and communications	2 907	3 / 22 -69	2 9 02 180	187	218	21
Other economic affairs	188					-49.
Other purposes	51	-1 207	52	-472	42	. –
Total	13 491	10 497	9 009	10 665	-344	11 03
Total outlays						
General public services	6 537	4 869	5 0 64	4 910	2 988	5 10
Defence	-	,				
Public order and safety	4 788	4 839	4 976	5 355	5 891	6 71
Education	17 795	18 655	19 168	19 885	20 864	21 98
Health	11 551	11 930	12 165	12 906	13 856	14 53
Social security and welfare	2 839	3 084	3 298	3 557	3 922	4 28
Housing and community amenities	3 132	3 259	2 518	3 865	3 277	3 67
Recreation and culture	1 709	1 704	1 621	897	1 895	2 41
Fuel and energy	2 437	1 621	987	2 583	-8 481	31
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1 456	1 598	1 480	1 211	1 614	1 70
Mining, manufacturing and construction	271	88	230	84	266	19
Transport and communications	6 756	7 627	7 004	7 395	8 112	8 40
Other economic affairs	1 281	1 728	1 699	1 737	1 494	1 89
	13 031	11 199	12 024	11 181	10 735	9 81
Other purposes	19 031					

	1991-92	1992-93	1993–94	199 4 -95	1995–96p	1996-97
Item	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a) \$m
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	685	480	464	462	528	426
Personal benefit payments	41 137	44 759	48 333	50 276	54 099	56 386
Current grants	28 556	30 145	31 734	33 977	36 10 6	36 850
To private sector	2 700	3 097	3 267	3 770	4 404	3 996
To State governments(c)	20 546	21 420	22 309	23 440	24 660	25 518
Onpassed through State governments	5 155	5 439	5 972	6 571	6 831	7 088
To local governments	15 5	190	185	196	211	247
Other transfer payments	1 811	2 062	2 339	2 344	2 488	2 8 96
Total current outlays	99 900	106 051	113 656	120 075	128 42 3	133 276
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	1 682	1 241	1 386	1 328	1 333	1 308
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(d)	-112	-186	-432	~512	-377	-348
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	1 570	1 055	954	81 5	956	961
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(d)	46	-11	-198	-76	-20	81
Capital grants	4 346	5 571	4 032	3 394	3 201	2 884
To other sectors	555	312	214	189	167	157
To other levels of government(c)	3 721	5 229	3 789	3 108	3 029	2 69 1
To public trading enterprises	70	30	29	97	6	36
Advances paid (net)	-2 056	-2 504	-3 412	-1 480	-5 18 6	-5 921
To public trading enterprises	354	19	-434	-1 1	-629	-843
Abroad	181	170	150	138	266	159
To other levels of government	-2 753	-2 669	-1 314	-2 017	-4 128	-953
Other	161	-24	-1 814	411	-695	-4 284
Other capital outlays	-15	6	-22	-36	1	1
Total capital outlays	3 891	4 117	1 354	2 616	- 1 048	-1 994
Total outlays	103 791	110 168	115 009	122 6 9 1	127 375	131 282
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	88 353	89 661	94 193	105 864	116 744	125 038
Interest received from public trading enterprises	504	306	243	159	129	85
Interest received from other enterprises	2 533	2 229	1 874	1 716	1 356	1 146
Other revenue	2 85 5	3 459	5 002	3 244	4 283	4 385
Total revenue	9 4 245	95 6 55	101 312	110 983	122 512	130 655
Financing and Deficit measures						
Borrowing (net)	9 597	16 219	14 831	12 782	6 205	1 280
Increase in provisions (net)	-1 074	-1 294	-1 135	-1 111	-1 005	-1 204
Other financing transactions (net)(e)	1 023	-412	1	37	-337	551
Total financing(e)	9 545	14 513	13 697	11 708	4 863	627
Less Increase in provisions (net)	-1 074	-1 294	-1 135	-1 111	-1 005	-1 204
Equals Deficit(e)	10 620	15 807	14 832	12 819	5 868	1 831
Of which						
Current deficit(e)	6 729	11 692	1 3 48 5	10 203	6 916	3 826
Capital deficit(e)	3 891	4 116	1 347	2 616	-1 048	-1 995
Less Advances paid (net)	-2 056	-2 504	-3 412	-1 480	-5 186	-5 921
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(f)	12 675	18 311	18 244	14 29 9	11 054	7 752

⁽a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.

⁽b) This item provides an indication of the extent of government charges levied. The charges are offset against gross expenditure in calculating final consumption expenditure and mainly comprise sales to the private sector. However, it has not been possible to exclude all inter-agency charges and some estimated data are included.

⁽c) Includes planned fiscal contributions by the States towards the Commonwealth deficit reduction program to the total value of \$619 million for 1996-97. See table on page 15.

⁽d) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.

⁽e) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.

⁽f) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73,

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ECONOMIC TRANSACTIONS OF COMMONWEALTH GOVERNMENT

	1991–92	1992-93	1993–94	1994-95	199596p	1996-97
ltem	\$m	\$m	\$m	. \$m	\$m	(a \$n
PUBLIC TRADING ENTERPRISES						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Interest payments	2 595	2 103	1 885	1 673	1 099	1,066
To general government	504	306	243	159	129	8
To other enterprises	2 091	1 797	1 642	1 514	969	98
Income transferred to general government	405	339	1 117	919	1 371	1 42
Other transfer payments	634	1 251	1 040	955	1 333	1 59
Total current outlays	3 634	3 693	4 042	3 547	3 803	4 08
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	4 959	4 03 9	3 357	4 331	4 441	4 75
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(b)	-492	-304	-41 3	-262	-173	-26!
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	4 467	3 735	2 945	4 069	4 269	4 48
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(b)	12	14	-51	-16	50	
Capital grants to other levels of government		61	74	81	_	_
Advances paid (net)	27	-2	-3		_	_
Other capital outlays	-431	305	-530	-390	-11	-26
Total capital outlays	4 075	4 114	2 436	3 743	4 308	4 23
Total outlays	7 708	7 807	6 478	7 291	8 111	8 32:
Revenue			•			
Sales of goods and services	24 096	24 771	27 174	28 263	24 412	26 25
Plus Subsidies received	549	469	468	466	529	42
Less Operating expenditure	21 226	21 184	22 762	23 990	20 341	22 25
Equals Net operating surplus	3 419	4 056	4 880	4 739	4 601	4 42
Interest received	389	273	234	359	293	25
Capital grants received	70	30	29	97	6	30
Other revenue	15	23	34	53	40	4
Total revenue	3 894	4 382	5 178	5 24 9	4 939	4 75
Financing and Deficit measures						
Advances received (net)	354	19	-422	15	-629	-84
Borrowing (net)	109	955	-1 318	-1 497	-181	1 90
Increase in provisions (net)	3 915	3 237	2 781	3 997	2 820	3 00
For depreciation	3 834	2 863	2 898	3 009	2 706	2 99
Other	80	374	-117	988	114	1
Other financing transactions (net)(c)	-563	-786	260	-472	1 161	-503
Total financing(c)	3 815	3 425	1 300	2 042	3 171	3 56
Less Increase in provisions (net)	3 915	3 237	2 781	3 997	2 820	3 00-
Equals Deficit(c)	-100	188	-1 481	-1 955	351	56:
Of which						
Current deficit(c)	-4 104	-3 896	-3 888	-5 601	-3 951	-3 63
Capital deficit(c)	4 004	4 084	2 407	3 646	4 302	4 198
Less Advances paid (net)	27	-2	-3	_	_	_
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(d)	-127	190	-1 478	-1 954	351	561
a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.						
b) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.						
c) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.						

⁽c) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.

⁽d) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 9 and Appendix on page 73.

			1994-95	1995–96p	1996-97
\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a) \$m
25 577	27 322	28 457	29 017	30 144	31 059
3 61 5	4 130	4 301	4 164	4 229	4 296
21 962	23 192	24 156	24 853	25 915	26 763
7 839	7 210	8 273	9 678	10 257	10 935
685	480	464	462	528	426
41 137	44 759	48 333	50 276	54 099	56 386
28 556	30 145	31 734	33 977	36 106	36 850
2 700	3 097	3 267	3 770	4 404	3 996
20 5 46	21 420	22 309	23 440	24 660	25 518
5 155	5 439	5 972	6 571	6 831	7 088
155	190	185	196	211	247
1 622	2 482	2 513	2 527	2 564	2 976
101 802	108 268	115 472	<i>12</i> 1 773	129 468	134 337
	5 280	4 743	5 658	5 775	6 063
					-613
					5 450
					88
			3 377	3 195	2 848
		214	189	167	157
					2 691
				-4 557	-5 078
				-10	-261
7 54 1	8 182	4 194	6 273	3 883	3 046
109 344	116 450	11 9 667	128 046	133 351	137 383
87 530	88 830	93 328	105 092	115 486	123 524
3 419	4 056	4 880	4 739	4 601	4 424
2 923	2 502	2 109	2 076	1 649	1 400
2 466	3 142	3 919	2 378	2 952	3 008
96 338	98 531	104 235	114 285	124 688	132 357
9 706	17 174	13 513	11 284	6 023	3 187
		1 645			1 799
3 834	2 863	2 898	3 009		2 991
-994	-92 0		-123	-891	-1 192
			-43 5	824	40
13 006	17 920	15 432	13 761	8 663	5 026
2 840	1 943	1 645	2 886	1 815	1 799
10 166	15 977	13 786	10 875	6 848	3 227
_					
2 625	7 796	9 5 98	4 602	2 965	181
7 5 41	8 181	4 188	6 273	3 88 3	3 046
-2 383 12 548	-2 525 18 502	-2 981 16 767	-1 469 12 344	-4 557 11 405	-5 078 8 305
	25 577 3 615 21 962 7 839 685 41 137 28 556 2 700 20 546 5 155 1 622 101 802 6 640 -604 6 036 58 4 276 555 3 721 -2 383 -446 7 541 109 344 87 530 3 419 2 923 2 466 96 338 9 706 2 840 3 834 -994 460 13 006 2 840 10 166	25 577 27 322 3 615 4 130 21 962 23 192 7 839 7 210 685 480 41 137 44 759 28 556 30 145 2 700 3 097 20 546 21 420 5 155 5 439 155 190 1 622 2 482 101 802 108 268 6 540 5 280 -604 -490 6 036 4 790 58 3 4 276 5 603 555 312 3 721 5 290 -2 383 -2 525 -446 311 7 541 8 182 109 344 116 450 87 530 88 830 3 419 4 056 2 923 2 502 2 466 3142 96 338 98 531 9 706 17 174 2 840 1 943 3 834 2 863 -994 -920 460 -1 197 13 006 17 920 2 840 1 943 10 166 15 977	25 577	25 577 27 322 28 457 29 017 3 615 4130 4301 4164 21 962 23 192 24 156 24 853 7 839 7 210 8 273 9 678 685 480 464 462 41 137 44 759 48 333 50 276 28 556 30 145 31 734 33 977 2 700 3 097 3 267 3 770 20 546 21 420 22 309 23 440 5 155 5439 5972 6 571 155 190 185 196 1622 2482 2513 2527 101 802 108 268 115 472 121 773 101 802 108 268 115 472 121 773 101 802 108 268 124 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 124 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 124 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 125 13 2 527 101 802 108 268 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125 125	25 577 27 322 28 457 29 017 30 144 3 615 4 130 4 301 4 164 4 229 21 962 23 192 24 156 24 853 25 915 7 839 7 210 8 273 9 678 10 257 685 486 464 462 528 41 137 44 759 48 333 50 276 54 099 28 556 30 145 31 734 33 977 36 106 2 700 3 097 3 267 3 770 4 404 20 546 21 420 22 309 23 440 24 660 5 155 5 439 5 972 6 571 6 831 155 190 185 196 211 1 622 2 482 2 513 2 527 2 564 101 802 108 268 115 472 121 773 129 468 6 640 5 280 4 743 5 658 5 775 6 603 4 790 3 899 4 884 5 225 58 3 -249 -92 30 4 276 5 603 4 077 3 377 3 195 555 312 214 189 167 3 721 5 290 3 863 3 188 3 029 -2 383 -2 525 -2 981 -1 469 -4 557 -446 311 -552 -427 -10 7 541 8 182 4 194 6 273 3 883 109 344 116 450 119 667 128 046 133 351 87 530 88 830 93 328 105 092 115 486 3 419 4 056 4 880 4 739 4 601 2 923 2 502 2 109 2 076 1 649 2 466 3 142 3 919 2 378 2 952 96 338 98 531 104 235 114 285 124 688 9 706 17 174 13 513 11 284 6 023 2 840 1 943 1 645 2 886 1 815 3 834 2 863 2 898 3 009 2 706 -994 -920 -1 252 -123 -891 4 60 -1 197 261 -435 824 1 3 005 17 920 15 432 13 761 8 663

16 OUTLAYS BY PURPOSE, OF COMMONWEALTH GOVERNMENT

	1991-92	1992-93	1993–94	1994-95	1995-96p	1996-9 (t
Purpose	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$1
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
current outlays						
General public services	6 121	6 721	7 164	7 303	7 697	8 44
Defence	8 615	9 012	9 251	9 164	9 395	9 54
Public order and safety	761	796	809	842	883	1 32
Education	7 109	7 698	8 520	9 166	9 533	9 88
Health	13 563	14 641	15 969	17 128	18 570	19 59
Social security and welfare	35 226	38 390	41 794	43 219	46 112	48 3:
Housing and community amenities	90	-2	14	43	119	ç
Recreation and culture	907	946	1 006	1 052	1 089	1 09
Fuel and energy	669	690	667	842	874	9:
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1 976	1 703	1 625	1 762	1 865	1 82
Mining, manufacturing and construction	492	472	436	413	400	43
Transport and communications	1 062	1 401	1 226	1 501	1 506	1 4
Other economic affairs	2 140	2 953	3 085	3 352	4 053	3 38
Other purposes	23 072	22 847	23 906	25 986	27 371	27 99
Total	101 802	108 268	115 472	121 773	129 468	134 33
Capital outlays						
General public services	832	643	601	552	672	4
Defence	-9	-3	-15	-18	1	
Public order and safety	172	87	42	42	30	
Education	1 378	1 565	1 340	1 014	1 171	1.2
Health	179	144	80	-17	60	
Social security and welfare	412	262	219	284	229	2
Housing and community amenities	1 135	1 347	1 057	1 007	954	89
Recreation and culture	204	160	28	142	220	1:
Fuel and energy	26	19	-62	6	37	
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	-444	411	-499	-598	-62	-3
Mining, manufacturing and construction	52	78	-206	-77	5	
Transport and communications	5 401	4 794	3 547	5 311	3 977	4 4
Other economic affairs	333	163	94	116	130	1!
Other purposes	-2 129	-1 489	-2 031	-1 479	-3 540	-4 3
Total	7 541	8 182	4 194	6 273	3 883	3 0
retal outlays						
General public services	6 953	7 364	7 765	7 854	8 370	88
Defence	8 606	9 009	9 236	9 146	9 396	95
Public order and safety	933	883	851	884	913	13
Education	8 487	9 263	9 860	10 180	10 704	11 1
Health	13 741	14 785	16 0 49	17 111	18 630	19 6
Social security and welfare	35 639	38 653	42 013	43 504	46 341	48 5
Housing and community amenities	1 225	1 345	1 070	1 050	1 073	9
Recreation and culture	1 11 1	1 106	1 035	1 194	1 309	12
Fuel and energy	694	708	505	836	911	10
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	1 532	2 114	1 126	1 163	1 804	14
Mining, manufacturing and construction	5 44	551	230	336	404	4
Transport and communications	6 463	6 195	4 773	6 812	5 483	59
Other economic affairs	2 472	3 116	3 180	3 468	4 183	35
	20 943	21 358	21 875	24 508	23 831	23 6:
Other purposes	20 310					

ECONOMIC TRANSACTIONS OF NEW SOUTH WALES STATE GOVERNMENT

	1991–92	1992–93	1993-94	1994–95	1995–9 6 p	1996-97
Item	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a) \$m
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Current expenditure	14 406	14 545	15 403	16 287	17 167	18 399
Less Sales of goods and services(b)	1 877	1 633	1 780	1 694	1 840	1 936
Equals Final consumption expenditure	12 529	12 912	13 623	14 592	15 327	16 463
Interest payments	2 741 887	2 402 708	2 364 626	2 297 546	1 685 474	1 751
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises Current grants to other governments	394	402	431	404	430	386 446
Other transfer payments	2 496	2 895	2 949	3 076	2 981	3 177
Total current outlays	19 047	19 319	19 993	20 916	20 896	22 223
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	1 906	2 198	2 136	2 103	2 010	2 5 2 1
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(c)	-155	-243	-35	42	-6 359	-332
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	1 751	1 955	2 101	2 145	-4 349	2 188
Expenditure on land and intangble assets (net)(c)	-59	-134	35	-379	-1 823	-52
Capital grants	1 100	1 239	1 306	1 265	9 430	1 334
To other sectors	112	68	64	77	89	84
To other levels of government	111	152	157	132	8 198	144
To public trading enterprises	877	1 020	1 086	1 056	1 143	1 106
Advances paid (net) To public financial enterprises	-313 17	-1 399 55	-345 -12	-5 47 1	-1 736 -1	-227
To public trading enterprises	-265	-83	-123	-11	-ı -1 73 4	-201
Other	-64	-1 372	-209	-537	-1 / S 4 -1	-201 -26
Other capital outlays	5	3	17	20	27	-20 40
Total capital outlays	2 484	1 664	3 115	2 504	1 548	3 28 3
Total outlays	21 531	20 983	23 108	23 420	22 444	25 506
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	8 972	9 309	10 174	10 529	11 226	11 876
Interest received from public trading enterprises	110	89	83	82	78	67
Interest received from other enterprises	1 118	1 002	753	1 073	957	5 69
Grants received(d)	8 719	9 622	9 815	10 154	10 5 65	10 856
For own use	6 885	7 648	7 718	7 916	8 260	8 465
For onpassing	1 834	1 974	2 097	2 238	2 305	2 391
Other revenue	1 372	1 360	1 539	1 608	1 615	2 0 7 6
Total revenue	20 292	21 381	22 364	23 446	24 440	25 444
Financing and Deficit measures Advances received (net)	-935	-1 171	-394	-67 3	-389	-458
Borrowing (net)	2 565	-66	2 916	1 725	-4 984	 50
Increase in provisions (net)		-00		1,25		
Other financing transactions (net)(e)	-392	839	-1 779	-1 078	3 377	440
Total financing(e)	1 239	-398	743	-26	-1 996	62
Less Increase in provisions (net)			<u>-</u>		, 	_
Equals Deficit(e)	1 239	-398	743	-26	-1 996	62
Of which	E 4	007	4.040	4 477	0.044	0.000
Current deficit(e) Capital deficit(e)	-5 4 1 293	-207 -192	-1 013 1 756	-1 477 1 451	-2 611 615	-2 260 2 322
Less Advances paid (net)	-313	-1 399	-345	-547	-1 736	-227

⁽a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.

This item provides an indication of the extent of government charges levied. The charges are offset against gross expenditure in calculating final consumption (b) expenditure and mainly comprise sales to the private sector. However, it has not been possible to exclude all inter-agency charges and some estimated data are included.

⁽c) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.

Includes planned fiscal contributions of \$209.5m for 1996–1997 towards the Commonwealth deficit reduction program, See Fiscal Contribution by State and (d) Territory Government table on page 15.

⁽e) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67,

See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73.

	1991-92	1992 –93	1993-94	1994-95	1995–96p	1996-97 (a)
ltem	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m_	\$m
PUBLIC TRADING ENTERPRISES						
Outlays						
Current outlays				504	O4E	4.046
Interest payments	1 164	1 058	1 008	961	915	1 013
To general government	111	89	84	82	79	68
To other enterprises	1 053	969	925	879	837	945
Income transferred to general government	705	730	992	1 005	979 158	1 470 166
Other transfer payments Total current outlays	167 2 035	122 1 910	127 2 128	146 2 112	2 052	2 64
Total carrone cauchy.		<u></u>				
Capital outlays	2 213	2 354	2 634	2 625	2 373	2 52
Expenditure on new fixed assets	-204	-108	-214	-193	-206	-35i
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(b)	2 009	2 246	2 420	2 432	2 167	2 17
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	53	2 240	-152	-86	-141	-12
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(b)	55	66	75	36	27	2
Capital grants To other sectors	_	21	23	21	27	2:
To other levels of government		45	52	15		
Advances paid (net)	-24	-2	-1	_		
To the private sector	— <u>*-</u>	_		_	_	_
Other	-24	-2	-1		_	_
Other capital outlays	32	-42	-10	-11	-85	-3
Total capital outlays	2 070	2 277	2 331	2 371	1 967	2 03
Total outlays	4 106	4 187	4 458	4 483	4 019	4 68
Revenue						
Sales of goods and services	10 222	9 612	11 967	11 94 4	11 826	11 67:
Plus Subsidies received	870	712	624	5 4 5	478	36
Less Operating expenditure	9 154	8 396	10 538	10 938	11 126	10 40
Equals Net operating surplus	1 937	1 928	2 053	1 552	1 1 77	1 63
Interest received	246	165	88	183	197	16
Capital grants received	892	1 029	1 145	1 120	1 149	1 10
Other revenue	128	123	190	332	163	18
Total revenue	3 203	3 245	3 476	3 187	2 686	3 08:
Financing and Deficit measures						
Advances received (net)	-262	-115	-125	-12	-1 730	-20
Borrowing (net)	-12	-546	-172	-425	1 454	-31
Increase in provisions (net)	1 333	1 379	1 484	1 651	1 907	1 58
For depreciation	1 374	1 452	1 648	1 830	1 732	1 58
Other	-41	-73	-164	-180	175	
Other financing transactions (net)(c)	-156	224	-203	82	-298	53
Total financing(c)	903	943	983	1 296	1 333	1 60
Less Increase in provisions (net)	1 333	1 379	1 484	1 651	1 907	1 58
Equals Deficit(c)	-430	-436	-501	-355	-574	2
Of which						
Current deficit(c)	-1 483	-1 565	-1 499	-1 275	-1 231	-73
Capital deficit(c)	1 053	1 128	998	920	657	75
Less Advances paid (net)	-24	-2	-1	_		_
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(d)	-406	-434	499	-355	-574	2
(a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.						
(a) Forward estimate, For further details refer to page 15. (b) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.						
(a) See Messures of Covernment Engineering on page 87						

⁽c) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.

⁽d) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 9 and Appendix on page 73.

19 ECONOMIC TRANSACTIONS OF NEW SOUTH WALES STATE GOVERNMENT

	1991–92	1992-93	1993–94	1994–95	1995–96p	1996–97
item	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a) \$m
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Outlays						
Current outlays	44.00					
Current expenditure	14 406	14 545	15 403	16 287	17 167	18 399
Less Sales of goods and services	1877	1 633 12 912	1 780	1 694	1 840	1 936
Equals Final consumption expenditure	12 529 3 686	3 307	13 623 3 248	14 592	15 327	16 463
Interest payments Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	3 080 887	3 307 708	3 248 626	3 100 546	2 43 <u>1</u> 474	2 623 386
Current grants to other governments	394	402	431	404	430	380 446
Other transfer payments	2 662	3 017	3 077	3 221	3 138	3 342
Total current outlays	20 158	20 346	21 004	21 864	21 799	23 260
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	4 120	4 552	4 770	4 728	4 384	5 043
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)	-359	-351	-249	-151	6 565	-682
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	3 760	4 202	4 521	4 577	-2 182	4 36:
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)	-6	-125	-117	-465	-1 964	-183
Capital grants	223	241	244	234	8 313	250
To other sectors	112	89	87	98	115	10
To other levels of government	111	152	157	136	8 198	144
Advances paid (net)	-48	-1 317	-222	-536	-2	-26
Other capital outlays	37	-39	7	9	-58	13
Total capital outlays	3 967	2 961	4 433	3 819	4 106	4 416
Total outlays	24 125	23 307	25 437	25 683	25 9 0 6	27 676
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	8 972	9 309	10 174	10 52 9	11 226	11 876
Net operating surplus of public trading enterprises	1 937	1 928	2 053	1 552	1 177	1 631
Interest received	1 254	1 103	800	1 179	1 062	661
Grants received	8 728	9 579	9 818	10 207	10 574	10 856
For own use	6 894	7 605	7 721	7 969	8 269	8 465
For onpassing	1 834	1 974	2 097	2 238	2 305	2 391
Other revenue Total revenue	794 21 685	758 22 676	742 23 588	924 24 391	795 24 834	789 25 81 3
Financing and Deficit measures		•				
Advances received (net)	-910	-1 170	-395	-673	-388	451
Borrowing (net)	2 494	-1 170 -604	2 691	1 254	-3 564	-458 -267
Increase in provisions (net)	1 333	1 379	1 484	1 651	-3 504 1 907	-∠67 1 584
For depreciation	1 374	1 452	1 648	1 830	1 732	1 589
Other	-41	-73	_164	-180	175	1 568
Other financing transactions (net)	-477	1 026	-1 930	-939	3 117	1 005
Total financing	2 440	631	1 850	1 293	1 072	1 863
Less Increase in provisions (net)	1 333	1 379	1 484	1 651	1 907	1 584
Equals Deficit	1 107	-748	366	-358	-835	279
Of which				_		
Current deficit	-1 535	-1 780	-2 516	-2 742	-3 838	-2 995
Capital deficit	2 642	1 032	2 883	2 383	3 003	3 274
Less Advances paid (net)	-48 -45	-1 317	-222	-536	-2	-26
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances	1 155	56 9	588	178	-834	305

	1 991 –92	1992–93	1993–94	1994–95	1995–96p	1996-97 (a)
Purpose	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Current outlays						
General public services	1 283	1 033	1 240	1 277	1 424	1 604
Defence				—		
Public order and safety	1 480	1 558	1 602	1 744	1 863	2 081
Education	5 416	5 749	6 108	6 505	6 763	7 119
Health	3 469	3 566	3 615	3 987	4 236	4 296
Social security and welfare	1 111	1 133	1 307	1 434	1 537	1 63:
Housing and community amenities	463	413	390	454	470	499
Recreation and culture	343	331	369	394	423	464
Fuel and energy	89	.99	71	71	73	97
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	406	445	459	446	457	488
Mining, manufacturing and construction	34	38	39	42	44	3.
Transport and communications	1 455	1 397	1 362	1 316	1 314	1 234
Other economic affairs	351	1 006	854	774	485	665
Other purposes	4 258	3 578	3 588	3 420	2 710	3 050
Total	20 158	20 346	21 004	21 864	21 799	23 260
Capital outlays						
General public services	90	7	40	25	-24	78
Defence	_	_	_			_
Public order and safety	193	158	152	141	220	194
Education	431	495	398	346	316	349
Health	256	317	483	420	452	413
Social security and welfare	29	48	41	20	26	49
Housing and community amenities	871	923	632	1 144	731	702
Recreation and culture	163	233	272	-166	190	396
Fuel and energy	617	479	657	699	498	61
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	92	80	53	67	68	79
Mining, manufacturing and construction	-18	6	-		1	-10
Transport and communications	1 116	1 472	1 755	1 587	1 572	1 884
Other economic affairs	26	9	-46	51	40	3:
Other purposes	100	-1 254	-6	-514	16	-363
Total	3 967	2 961	4 433	3 819	4 106	4 416
Total outlays						
General public services	1 374	1 040	1 281	1 302	1 400	1 68:
Defence	_	_	_	_	_	-
Public order and safety	1 673	1 717	1 754	1 885	2 083	2 275
Education	5 848	6 244	6 506	6 851	7 079	7 463
Health	3 72 5	3 882	4 098	4 406	4 688	4 708
Social security and welfare	1 139	1 181	1 348	1 453	1 562	1 680
Housing and community amenities	1 334	1 336	1 023	1 599	1 202	1 201
Recreation and culture	506	565	641	228	613	861
Fuel and energy	707	578	729	770	570	712
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	498	524	512	513	5 26	567
Mining, manufacturing and construction	16	33	39	42	45	27
Transport and communications	2 571	2 868	3 116	2 904	2 886	3 11
Other economic affairs	377	1 016	808	825	525	695
Other purposes	4 358	2 324	3 583	2 905	2 726	2 687
Other purposes						

	1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995–96ρ	1996-97
ltem	\$m	\$m	\$m_	\$m	\$m_	(a) \$m
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Current expenditure	10 918	11 344	11 142	11 403	11 907	12 496
Less Sales of goods and services(b)	1 316	1 384	1 464	1 414	1 576	1 482
Equals Final consumption expenditure	9 603	9 960	9 678	9 989	10 331	11 014
Interest payments	1 829	2 146	2 307	2 080	2 124	1 808
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	968	1 011	905	564	359	273
Current grants to other governments	416	426	412	457	459	469
Other transfer payments Total current outlays	1 407 14 222	1 710 15 254	1 841 15 1 <i>44</i>	2 021 15 111	2 097 15 370	2 211 15 77 5
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	900	1 017	875	1 145	1 145	1 435
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(c)	-34	-42	-31	-16	-61	- 8 5
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	865	975	845	1 129	1 084	1 350
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(c)		-31	-275	-54	-31	111
Capital grants	380	368	378	283	332	411
To other sectors	112	75	87	69	70	110
To other levels of government	22	27	36	22	13	18
To public trading enterprises	245	266	256	192	249	283
Advances paid (net)	-104	-74	-1 147	-361	-3 683	-1 433
To public financial enterprises	-11	-145	-1 208	-4	3	-139
To public trading enterprises	65	68	70	96	-3 567	~1 4 59
Other	-158	3	-9	-453	-113	165
Other capital outlays Total capital outlays	-5 1 136	-1 1 237	-4 -204	-4 9 9 4	-2 298	-5 434
Total outlays	15 358	16 4 9 1	14 940	16 105	13 072	16 209
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	6 001	6 502	7 397	7 756	8 617	8 655
Interest received from public trading enterprises	128	106	93	95	89	82
Interest received from other enterprises	89	111	108	136	226	189
Grants received(d)	6 727	7 003	7 128	7 452	7 815	8 052
For own use	5 202	5 403	5 44 9	5 634	5 947	6 132
For onpassing	1 525	1 600	1 679	1 818	1 868	1 920
Other revenue	685	702	939	900	1 499	1 368
Total revenue	13 631	14 425	15 66 5	16 338	18 245	18 346
Financing and Deficit measures	800	F00	202	105	0.045	
Advances received (net)	-683	-589	~303	-105	-2 0 1 5	-1
Borrowing (net)	2 567	3 793	-2 229	-117	-2 423	-654
Increase in provisions (net) Other financing transactions (net)(e)	31 -188	–12 –1 126	-3 1 808	31 -43	-736	-1 484
Total financing(e)	1 728	2 066	-725	-4 3 -233	-/36 -5 173	-1 484 -2 138
Less Increase in provisions (net)	31.	-12	-3	31	_	_
Equals Deficit(e)	1 697	2 078	-723	-264	- 5 173	-2 138
Of which						
Current deficit(e)	1 388	1 820	251	-577	-2 300	-1 992
Capital deficit(e)	309	258	-973	313	-2 872	-145
Less Advances paid (net)	-104	-74	-1 147	-361	-3 683	-1 433
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(f)	1 800	2 152	424	97	-1 4 9 0	-704

⁽a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.

⁽b) This item provides an indication of the extent of government charges levied. The charges are offset against gross expenditure in calculating final consumption expenditure and mainly comprise sales to the private sector. However, it has not been possible to exclude all inter-agency charges and some estimated data are included.

⁽c) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.

⁽d) Includes planned fiscal contributions of \$153.4m for 1996–1997 towards the Commonwealth deficit reduction program. See Fiscal Contribution by State and Territory Government table on page 15.

⁽e) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.

⁽f) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73.

	1991–92	1992-93	1993-94	1994–95	1995-96p	1996-97 (a)
Item	\$ m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
PUBLIC TRADING ENTERPRISES						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Interest payments	2 073	1 678	1 312	1 349	1 134	75€
To general government	126	106	93	101	88	81
To other enterprises	1 946	1 572	1 219	1 249	1 045	675
income transferred to general government	431	44 4	712	581	1 234	1 091
Other transfer payments	170	156	144	74	7	23
Total current outlays	2 673	2 277	2 169	2 005	2 375	1 870
Capital outlays	4.550	4 450	4 407	4 454	4 004	
Expenditure on new fixed assets	1 553	1 458	1 487	1 451	1 221	1 244
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(b)	-123	-9 57	-209 1.070	72	-119	-199
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	1 429	500	1 278	1 524	1 102	1 045
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(b)	-20	1	-49	-4 5	-4 9	-39
Capital grants				_	_	
To other sectors	_	_	_		_	_
To other levels of government	<u>-</u> 64	<u></u> -85		-48	-10 468	-2 300
Advances paid (net)	-29	-35	-76 -40	-40 -20	-10 408 -10 504	-2 300 -2 266
To the private sector	-29 35	-30 -50	- 4 0 -38	-28	-10 504 37	-2 200 -33
Other	-23	46	-35 -55	-28 -7	-20	-33 -2
Other capital outlays Total capital outlays	1 322	371	1 096	1 425	-9 43 5	-1 296
Total outlays	3 99 5	2 648	3 264	3 429	-7 060	574
Revenue						
Sales of goods and services	7 199	7 621	10 329	10 208	8 033	6 825
Plus Subsidies received	994	1 033	930	605	362	275
Less Operating expenditure	6 116	6 392	8 714	8 492	6 461	5 815
Equals Net operating surplus	2 077	2 262	2 545	2 321	1 934	1 286
interest received	140	98	95	87	1 16	72
Capital grants received	239	267	268	191	246	277
Other revenue	202	197	214	234	93	63
Total revenue	2 658	2 824	3 121	2 833	2 389	1, 698
Financing and Deficit measures						
Advances received (net)	65	66	56	101	-4 097	-1 447
Borrowing (net)	441	-538	- 57 8	-929	-5 704	-251
Increase in provisions (net)	897	921	801	1 123	818	501
For depreciation	893	992	1 003	991	783	688
Other	5	-71	-202	132	34	-187
Other financing transactions (net)(c)	-66	-625	-145	303	-466	73
Total financing(c)	1 338	-176	143	597	-9 449	-1 124
Less Increase in provisions (net)	897	921	801	1 123	818	501
Equals Deficit(c)	440	-1 097	-6 57	-526	-10 267	-1 625
Of which						
Current deficit(c)	-45 4	-1 017	-1 328	-1 578	-492	11
Capital deficit(c)	894	-80	670	1 052	- 9 775	-1 636
Less Advances paid (net)	-64	-85	-78	-48	-10 468	-2 300
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(d)	504	-1 012	-57 9	-478	201	675
(a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.						
(b) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.						
(c) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.						
<u> </u>						

⁽d) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 9 and Appendix on page 73.

	1991-92	1992-93	1993–94	1994-95	1995–96ρ	1996-91 (a
em	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m_	\$m	\$n
ONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
outlays						
Current outlays						
Current expenditure	10 918	11 344	11 142	11 403	11 907	12 49
Less Sales of goods and services	1 316	1 384	1 464	1 414	1 576	1 48
Equals Final consumption expenditure	9 603	9 960	9 678	9 989	10 331	11 01
Interest payments	3 759	3 71 5	3 522	3 322	3 1 60	2 47
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	968	1 011	905	564	359	27
Current grants to other governments	4 16	426	412	457	459	46
Other transfer payments	1 576	1 866	1 985	2 095	2 105	2 23
Total current outlays	16 321	16 978	16 503	16 427	16 413	16 46
Capital outlays				0.500	0.000	2.53
Expenditure on new fixed assets	2 453	2 475	2 362	2 596	2 366	267
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)	-158	-1 000	-240	56	-180	-28
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	2 295	1 475	2 122	2 653	2 186	2 39
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)	-21	-30	-324	-98	-80	7
Capital grants	135	102	122	92	83	12
To other sectors	112	75 27	87	69	70	11
To other levels of government	22	27	36	23	13	5 00
Advances paid (net)	-240	-221	-1 295	-505	-10 584	-2 27
Other capital outlays	-27	-46 1 000	-59	-11	-20 2415	-
Total capital outlays	2 142	1 280	566	2 130	-8 415	31
Total outlays	18 463	18 258	17 069	18 557	7 99 8	16 77
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	6 001	6 502	7 397	7 756	8 617	8 65
Net operating surplus of public trading enterprises	2 077	2 262	2 545	2 321	1 934	1 28
Interest received	213	205	199	216	332	25
Grants received	6 727	7 003	7 128	7 452	7 815	8 09
For own use	5 202	5 403	5 449	5 634	5 947	6 13
For onpassing	1 525	1 600	1 679	1 818	1 868	1 92
Other revenue	456	451	440	552	358	34
Total revenue	15 474	16 423	17 710	18 2 9 7	19 055	18 50
inancing and Deficit measures						
Advances received (net)	-689	-583	-303	-105	-2 546	_
Borrowing (net)	3 025	3 219	-2 521	-1 157	-8 127	-9
Increase in provisions (net)	928	909	798	1 154	817	5
For depreciation	893	992	1 003	991	783	6
Other	36	-83	-205	163	34	-1
Other financing transactions (net)	-275	-1 712	1 386	369	-1 201	-1 40
Total financing	2 988	1 835	-6 41	261	11 057	-18
Less Increase in provisions (net)	928	909	798	1 154	817	5
Equals Deficit	2 060	925	-1 439	-893	-11 874	-23:
Of which	-	***			A -A -	
Current deficit	935	809	-1 077	-2 161	-2 791	-1 9
Capital deficit	1 125	116	-361	1 267	-9 083	-32
Less Advances paid (net)	-240	-221	-1 295	-505	-10 584	-2 2
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances	2 300	1 146	-144	-388	-1 291	-3

	1991-92	1992–93	1993-94	1994-95	1995–96p	1996-97
Purpose	\$m	\$m	\$m_	\$m	\$m	(a) \$m
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Current outlays						
General public services	1 250	1 664	1 701	1 631	1 358	1 471
Defence			_	_		
Public order and safety	939	990	1 004	1 037	1 117	1 295
Education	4 327	4 320	4 322	4 398	4 587	4 699
Health	2 891	2 895	2 815	2 854	3 171	3 291
Social security and welfare	629	698	688	824	905	1 0 7 5
Housing and community amenities	298	280	268	378	242	231
Recreation and culture	291	294	252	205	191	209
Fuel and energy	36	77	29	54	81	18
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	213	197	209	230	205	240
Mining, manufacturing and construction	43	42	23	43	61	81
Transport and communications	1 137	1 093	1 075	872	818	765
Other economic affairs	316	277	153	225	144	166
Other purposes	3 952	4 151	3 963	3 677	3 534	2 923
Total	16 321	16 978	16 503	16 427	16 413	16 465
Capital outlays						
General public services	16	-39	-26	160	-30	405
Defence	_	_	-		_	
Public order and safety	79	51	52	98	59	66
Education	287	295	159	159	263	338
Health	174	169	119	210	118	180
Social security and welfare	17	30	18	16	31	56
Housing and community amenities	598	493	398	561	664	749
Recreation and culture	116	149	-59	-445	124	162
Fuel and energy	517	-152	519	741	-10 252	-1 972
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	8	22	29	26	16	20
Mining, manufacturing and construction	5	-163	3	-8	23	_
Transport and communications	463	553	-659	634	573	360
Other economic affairs	3	-125	17	-43	8	-11
Other purposes	-142		- 5	6	-12	-37
Total	2 142	1 280	566	2 130	-8 415	314
Total outlays						
General public services	1 266	1 625	1 675	1 791	1 328	1 876
Defence	_	- 520		1,31	± 520	1070
Public order and safety	1 018	1 041	1 056	1 134	1 176	1 361
Education	4 614	4 615	4 481	4 557	4 850	5 037
Health	3 065	3 064	2 933	3 064	3 289	3 471
Social security and welfare	646	728	706	840	936	1 130
Housing and community amenities	896	774	667	939	906	980
Recreation and culture	407	443	193	-2 41	315	371
Fuel and energy	553	-75	548	-241 794	-10 171	-1 954
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	221	219	238	25 6	221	-⊥ 954 260
Mining, manufacturing and construction	48	-121	26	50 50	84	81
Transport and communications	1 600	1 647	417	1 506	1 391	1 126
Other economic affairs	320	152	170	182	152	155
Other purposes	3 809	4 147	3 958	3 683	3 522	2 886
Total	18 463	18 258	17 069	18 557	7 998	16 779
				,		
(a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.						

	1991–92	1992–93	1993–94	1994–95	1995–96p	1996–97 (a)
item	\$m	\$ m	\$ m	\$m	\$m	(a) \$m
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Current expenditure	6 574	7 015	7 362	7 7 64	8 616	9 222
Less Sales of goods and services(b)	806	925	1 011	1 118	1 194	1 273
Equals Final consumption expenditure	5 768 783	6 091 859	6 351 745	6 646 694	7 423 721	7 949 453
Interest payments	783 45	809 41	745 237	324	583	453 842
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises Current grants to other governments	212	222	217	229	249	273
Other transfer payments	849	935	1 022	1 120	1 256	1 495
Total current outlays	7 656	8 148	8 571	9 012	10 232	11 013
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	1 325	1 437	1 323	1 391	1 516	1 930
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(c)	-33	-71	-132	-161	-155	-205
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	1 291	1 367	1 191	1 230	1 361	1 725
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(c)	-11	-121	-83	-52	-160	<u>-</u> 3 4
Capital grants	391	456	482	605	493	710
To other sectors	46	117	66	84	10 6	221
To other levels of government	85	76	77	84	101	195
To public trading enterprises	259 -130	264 -123	339 -32	437 -321	285 127	293
Advances paid (net)	-130 -96	-123 -48	-32 -31	-321 -39	40	1 80
To public financial enterprises To public trading enterprises	-90 -24	-48 -19	-51 2	-59 -51	4 0 5	-148
Other	-10	-19 -56	-3	-231	82	-146
Other capital outlays	7	3	22	20	26	29
Total capital outlays	1 548	1 583	1 579	1 482	1 846	2 430
Total outlays	9 204	9 730	10 150	10 49 4	12 079	13 443
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	2 941	3 292	3 634	3 964	4 214	4 442
Interest received from public trading enterprises	56	37	40	122	35	24
Interest received from other enterprises	1 056	1 045	1 110	1 075	1 456	1 162
Grants received(d)	5 215	5 753	5 817	5 950	6 267	6 464
For own use	4 336	4 782	4 769	4 794	5 048	5 197
For onpassing	879	971	1 048	1 156	1 219	1 267
Other revenue	509	576	799 11 400	1 053	1 125	1 756 13 849
Total revenue	9 788	10 703	11 400	12 164	13 0 9 7	13 849
Financing and Deficit measures Advances received (net)	-273	-311	-2 9 0	-238	-1 088	-43
Borrowing (net)	923	1 978	-771	1 887	-1 508	-216
Increase in provisions (net)	_		· · · · <u>-</u>			
Other financing transactions (net)(e)	-1 234	-2 640	-188	-3 319	1 577	-147
Total financing(e)	-5 84	-973	-1 250	-1 670	-1 018	-407
Less Increase in provisions (net)		_	-		_	_
Equals Deficit(e)	-584	-9 73	-1 250	-1 670	-1 018	-4 07
Of which						
Current deficit(e)	-1 471	-1 722	-2 160	-2 604	-2 303	-2 404
Capital deficit(e)	887	749	910	934	1 285	1 997
Less Advances paid (net)	-130	-123	-32	-321	127	1
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(f)	-453	-8 51	-1 217	-1, 349	-1 146	-407

⁽a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.

⁽b) This item provides an indication of the extent of government charges levied. The charges are offset against gross expenditure in calculating final consumption expenditure and mainly comprise sales to the private sector. However, it has not been possible to exclude all inter-agency charges and some estimated data are

⁽c) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.

⁽d) Includes planned fiscal contributions of \$114.0m for 1996–1997 towards the Commonwealth deficit reduction program. See Fiscal Contribution by State and Territory Government table on page 15.

⁽e) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.

⁽f) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73.

	1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994–95	1995–96p	19969
tem	\$m	\$ m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a \$r
PUBLIC TRADING ENTERPRISES						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Interest payments	693	567	530	581	622	60
To general government	56	38	39	122	35	2
To other enterprises	637	529	491	460	587	57
Income transferred to general government	59	80	350	505	607	1 14
Other transfer payments	40	46	61	50	59	5
Total current outlays	791	692	941	1 137	1 287	1 80
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	1 209	1 227	1 472	1 616	1 436	1 76
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(b)	90	44	-745	-49	-74	-19
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	1 299	1 271	727	1 566	1 361	1 56
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(b)	31	45	-14	16	9	-3
Capital grants	18	17	19	45	32	-
To other sectors	18	17	19	33	23	-
To other levels of government	_	_	_	12	9	-
Advances paid (net)	-113	-109	-88	62	-33	-1
To the private sector	-113	-109	-89	62	-33	-1
Other	_		1		_	_
Other capital outlays	-24	40	74	-32	-54	-3
Total capital outlays	1 211	1 265	718	1 657	1 315	1 4 9
Total outlays	2 002	1 957	1 659	2 794	2 602	3 30
Revenue						
Sales of goods and services	6 755	7 342	7 962	8 648	8 7 11	8 86
Plus Subsidies received	21	15	232	298	701	92
Less Operating expenditure	5 328	6 123	6 610	7 436	7 534	7 75
Equals Net operating surplus	1 448	1 233	1 584	1 511	1 878	2 03
Interest received	108	82	63	82	94	7
Capital grants received	272	296	340	438	285	29
Other revenue	114	63	74	80	58	4
Total revenue	1 943	1 675	2 060	2 111	2 315	2 44
Inancing and Deficit measures						
Advances received (net)	-37	-19	2	-53	5	-14
Borrowing (net)	-173	-392	-1 048	94	-165	12
Increase in provisions (net)	335	619	662	760	7 81	88
For depreciation	345	622	654	725	7 72	82
Other	-10	-3	8	35	9	6
Other financing transactions (net)(c)	-65	75	-17	-118	-335	
Total financing(c)	60	283	-4 01	683	287	85
Less Increase in provisions (net)	335	619	662	760	781	88
Equals Deficit(c)	-275	-336	-1 063	- 77	-495	-2
Of which						
Current deficit(c)	-1 102	-1 244	-1 368	-1 217	-1 467	-1 18
Capital deficit(c)	827	908	305	1 141	973	1 15
Less Advances paid (net) Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(d)	-113 - 162	-109 -228	-88 -9 75	62 -139	-33 -461	-1 -1
Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.						
b) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.						
· -						
 See Measures of Government Financing on page 67. See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix 						

ECONOMIC TRANSACTIONS OF QUEENSLAND STATE GOVERNMENT

	1991-92	1992–93	1993–94	1994–95	1995–96p	1996-9 (t
em	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m_	\$r
ONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
utlays						
Current outlays			7.555		0.040	0.00
Current expenditure	6 574	7 015	7 362	7 764	8 616	9 22 1 27
Less Sales of goods and services	806	925	1 011	1 118	1 194	7 94
Equals Final consumption expenditure	5 768	6 091	6 351	6 646	7 423	98
Interest payments	1 406	1 352	1 218	1 113	1 261	
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	4 5	41	237	324	583	84 27
Current grants to other governments	212	222	217	229	249 1 315	1 55
Other transfer payments	889	981	1 083	1 170	10 831	11 60
Total current outlays	8 320	8 68 7	9 105	9 482	10.921	11 00
Capital outlays			p 705	0.000	0.054	2 64
Expenditure on new fixed assets	2 534	2 665	2 795	3 006	2 951	3 69
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)	57	-27	-877	-211	-22 9	-44
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	2 591	2 638	1 918	2 796	2 722 -151	3 2!
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)	19	-76	-9 7	-36		4:
Capital grants	150	210	162	201	231	2:
To other sectors	65	133	85 77	117	129	2. 1
To other levels of government	85	76	77	84	101	
Advances paid (net)	-219	-212	-123	-208	89	1:
Other capital outlays	-17	43	96	-13 2 741	28 2 862	3 7
Total capital outlays	2 523	2 603	1 955	2 / 41	2 802	37
Total outlays	10 844	11 290	11 060	12 222	13 693	15 38
Revenue						4.4.
Taxes, fees and fines	2 941	3 292	3 634	3 964	4 214	4 4
Net operating surplus of public trading enterprises	1 448	1 233	1 584	1 511	1 878	20
Interest received	1 162	1 092	1 156	1 117	1 504	11
Grants received	5 215	5 783	5 817	5 938	6 244	64
For own use	4 336	4 812	4 769	4 782	5 025	5 1
For onpassing	879	971	1 048	1 156	1 219	12
Other revenue	56 5	559	539	628	575	6
Total revenue	11 331	11 960	1.2 730	13 158	14 414	14 7
Inancing and Deficit measures					4 007	
Advances received (net)	-273	-311	-291	-238	-1 087	-
Borrowing (net)	742	1 579	-1 819	1 987	-1 654	-
increase in provisions (net)	335	619	662	760	781	8
For depreciation	345	622	654	725	772	8
Other	-10	-3	8	35	9	
Other financing transactions (net)	-1 292	-2 557	-221	-3 445	1 238	-1
Total financing	-487	-670	-1 669	-935	-721	6
Less Increase in provisions (net)	335	619	662	760	781	8
Equals Deficit	-822	-1 289	-2 331	-1 695	-1 503	-2
Of which						
Current deficit	-2 573	-2 967	-3 544	-3 821	-3 769	-3 5
Capital deficit	1 750	1 679	1 213	2 126	2 266	33
Less Advances paid (net)	-219	-212	-123	-208	89	1.
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances	-603	~1 077	-2 208	-1 487	-1 5 9 2	-3

	1991–92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995–96p	1 99 6–9 (8
Purpose	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$r
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Current outlays						
General public services	429	371	359	234	333	34
Defence		_	_			_
Public order and safety	726	732	740	794	887	1 04
Education	2 754	2 899	3 096	3 159	3 465	3 52
Health	1 528	1 643	1 681	1 845	2 073	2 20
Social security and welfare	312	386	434	480	547	61
Housing and community amenities	25	31	46	51	61	18
Recreation and culture	170	201	212	245	295	31
Fuel and energy	20	19	9	50	90	
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	264	243				10
Mining, manufacturing and construction	20 4 44	243 47	247 49	330 57	330	38
					69	5
Transport and communications	379	438	668	754	968	1 28
Other economic affairs	103	169	205	219	284	38
Other purposes	1 565	1 510	1 358	1 263	1 427	1 17
Total	8 320	8 687	9 105	9 482	10 831	11 60
Capital outlays						
General public services	167	174	155	80	84	7
Defence					_	,
Public order and safety	103	58	65	105	146	24
Education	287	321	259	303	305	50
Health	113	119	170	183	185	32
Social security and welfare	25	25	20	16	28	32
Housing and community amenities	205	241				
Recreation and culture	162		153	323	181	26
	626	43	76	101	74	17
Fuel and energy		559	-215	492	404	59
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	38	127	144	-34	60	17
Mining, manufacturing and construction	20	1 5	- 7	-208	-30	2
Transport and communications	679	858	1 022	1 187	1 204	1 29
Other economic affairs	17	18	69	148	173	16
Other purposes	82	45	45	44	46	-9
Total	2 523	2 603	1 955	2 741	2 862	3 77
otal outlays						
General public services	595	545	515	314	417	42
Defence	_	_		_		-
Public order and safety	829	790	805	899	1 034	1 29
Education	3 042	3 219	3 355	3 462	3 770	4 03
Health	1 642	1 762	1 852	2 029	2 259	2 52
Social security and welfare	337	411	454	495	576	64
Housing and community amenities	230	272	199	374	242	44
Recreation and culture	332	244	287	346	369	48
Fuel and energy	645	578	-206	543	49 4	69
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	302	370	390	296	390	55
Mining, manufacturing and construction	64	61	42	-1 5 2	40	7
Fransport and communications	1 058	1 296	1690	1 941	2 172	2 58
Other economic affairs	119	187	275	367	457	2 5 6
Other purposes	1 647	1 555	1 403	1 307	1 47 4	1 07
	10 844	11 290	11 060	12 222	13 693	15 38
Total						

	1991-92	1992-93	1993–94	1994–95	1995–96p	1996-97
Item	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m_	(a) \$m
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Current expenditure	3 7 80	3 885	4 576	4 675	4 720	4 647
Less Sales of goods and services(b)	414	424	506	55 3	650	593
Equals Final consumption expenditure	3 366	3 461	4 070	4 122	4 069	4 054
Interest payments	980	1 036	1 267	1 389	1 108	1 024
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	224	246	285	277	255	266
Current grants to other governments	90 405	91 425	94 503	94 509	99 538	101
Other transfer payments Total current outlays	5 06 5	5 258	6 219	6 391	6 069	617 6 062
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	442	490	508	478	591	640
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(c)	-52	-68	-97	-1 5	-129	-164
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	390	421	411	463	462	476
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(c)	-2	27	-9	53	10	1
Capital grants	99	102	100	83	63	68
To other sectors	10	12	24	49	29	35
To other levels of government	11	17	17	13	11	12
To public trading enterprises	79	73	59	22	23	21
Advances paid (net)	2 057	601	-411 -71	-456	-1 083	-348
To public financial enterprises	2 069 11	621	71 -53	-56	-2	-1
To public trading enterprises Other	-23	1 -22	-53 -428	-67 -333	–197 –885	-83
Other capital outlays	-23 -1	-22 1	-420	-555	~000	-264
Total capital outlays	2 543	1 152	92	143	-5 48	197
Total outlays	7 608	6 409	6 311	6 534	5 521	6 259
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	1 596	1 754	1 876	1 945	2 100	2 216
Interest received from public trading enterprises	239	210	181	196	93	91
Interest received from other enterprises	259	359	627	573	450	337
Grants received(d)	2 827	3 283	3 166	3 305	3 310	3 330
For own use	2 380	2 803	2 6 52	2 757	2 747	2 747
For onpassing	447	480	514	548	563	583
Other revenue	179	312	596	482	475	459
Total revenue	5 101	5 919	6 446	6 501	6 428	6 432
Financing and Deficit measures						
Advances received (net)	-235	-193	-122	-218	-107	-170
Borrowing (net)	3 847	4 089	4 155	-4 370	-1 745	-433
Increase in provisions (net)	10	2 406	-31	4.604		
Other financing transactions (net)(e) Total financing(e)	-1 115 2 507	3 406 491	-4 138 -135	4 621 33	945 –907	431 -173
Less Increase in provisions (net)	10	1	-31	_	_	_
Equals Deficit(e)	2 498	489	-105	33	-907	-173
Of which						
Current deficit(e)	182	-106	159	237	-140	-236
Capital deficit(e)	2 316	596	-264	-204	-767	63
Less Advances paid (net)	2 057	601	-4 11	-456	-1 083	-348
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(f)	441	-111	306	489	176	176

⁽a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.

This item provides an indication of the extent of government charges levied. The charges are offset against gross expenditure in calculating final consumption (b) expenditure and mainly comprise sales to the private sector. However, it has not been possible to exclude all inter-agency charges and some estimated data are

⁽c) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.

⁽d) Includes planned fiscal contributions of \$49.9m for 1996–1997 towards the Commonwealth deficit reduction program. See Fiscal Contribution by State and Territory Government table on page 15.

⁽e) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.

See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73.

	1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994–95	1995–96p	1996-97 (a)
Item	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$rr
PUBLIC TRADING ENTERPRISES						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Interest payments	442	390	319	309	292	294
To general government	238	209	1 81	196	93	91
To other enterprises	205	181	138	112	199	203
Income transferred to general government	75	128	147	329	298	322
Other transfer payments	30	27	15	16	17	19
Total current outlays	546	545	481	654	608	635
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	456	489	381	377	324	352
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(b)	-64	-75	-118	-189	-197	-129
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	392	414	264	188	126	223
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(b)	-2	-3	-3	-42	-4	-2
Capital grants			_	_	_	
To other sectors		_	_	_	_	_
To other levels of government			_	_	_	_
Advances paid (net)	-31	-6	-11	16	4	-3
To the private sector	-31	-6	-11	16	4	-3
Other	_	_	_			
Other capital outlays	34	105	-86	-180	1 51	3
Total capital outlays	394	509	16 3	-18	277	221
Total outlays	941	1 054	644	636	885	856
Revenue	0.007	B 255	0.770			
Sales of goods and services	2 897	3 055	2 770	2 959	3 010	2 749
Plus Subsidies received	223	247	285	276	250	261
Less Operating expenditure	2 659	2 768	2 6 1 6	2 640	2 735	2 339
Equals Net operating surplus	460	534	439	595	525	671
Interest received	49	33	19	23	19	18
Capital grants received	79	73	59	22	23	21
Other revenue	45	27	_55	44	29	_30
Total revenue	633	667	573	683	596	740
Financing and Deficit measures						
Advances received (net)	11	2	-53	-6 7	-194	-83
Borrowing (net)	-11	-35 252	-150	-203	-11	-81
Increase in provisions (net)	290	353	286	291	279	281
For depreciation	311	327	296	285	295	293
Other	-22	26	<u>-9</u>	6	-16	-12
Other financing transactions (net)(c)	18	67	-13	-69	216	-1
Total financing(c)	308	387	7 2	-47	289	115
Less Increase in provisions (net)	290	353	286	291	279	281
Equals Deficit(c)	18	34	-215	-339	11	-166
Of which	OE S	070	005	055	646	0.5
Current deficit(c) Capital deficit(c)	-253 271	-376 410	-2 6 5 50	–255 –84	-219 230	-335 169
Less Advances paid (net)	-31	-6				
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(d)	49	40	-11 -204	16 -354	4 7	-3 - 162
(a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.						
(b) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.						
(c) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.						
1.4						

⁽d) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73.

	1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994–95	1995–96p	1996-97
ltem	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a. \$n
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Current expenditure	3 780	3 88 5	4 576	4 675	4 720	4 641
Less Sales of goods and services	414	424	506	553	650	5 9 3
Equals Final consumption expenditure	3 366	3 461	4 070	4 122	4 069	4 054
Interest payments	1 170	1 204	1 393	1 488	1 296	1 219
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	224	246	285	277	255	266
Current grants to other governments	90	91	94	94	99	10:
Other transfer payments	434	451	518	525	555	636
Total current outlays	5 285	5 45 3	6 360	6 505	6 274	6 27
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	899	978	889	855	915	99;
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)	-116	-143	-215	204	-326	-293
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	782	835	675	651	589	699
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)	-4	24	-12	11	6	-:
Capital grants	21	29	41	62	40	4
To other sectors	10	12	24	49	29	38
To other levels of government	11	17	17	13	11	1:
Advances paid (net)	2 015	593	-369	-374	-883	-269
Other capital outlays	33	106	-87	-180	151	
Total capital outlays	2 848	1 587	249	170	-97	479
Total outlays	8 133	7 040	6 609	6 675	6 177	6 750
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	1 596	1 754	1 876	1 945	2 100	2 216
Net operating surplus of public trading enterprises	460	534	439	595	525	67:
Interest received	294	380	635	582	457	347
Grants received	2 827	3 283	3 166	3 305	3 310	3 330
For own use	2 380	2 803	2 652	2 757	2 747	2 74
For onpassing	447	480	514	548	563	583
Other revenue	149	211	503	197	204	166
Total revenue	5 326	6 162	6 620	6 623	6 597	6 73
Financing and Deficit measures						
Advances received (net)	-235	-193	-122	-218	-107	-170
Borrowing (net)	3 836	4 054	4 006	-4 573	-1 756	-51
Increase in provisions (net)	299	355	256	291	279	28:
For depreciation	311	327	296	285	295	293
Other	-12	28	-40	6	-16	-1:
Other financing transactions (net)	-1 093	-3 338	-4 150	4 552	1 165	430
Total financing	2 807	878	-11	52	-420	21
Less Increase in provisions (net)	299	355	256	291	279	28:
Equals Deficit	2 508	523	-267	-239	-699	-254
Of which	en.	404	100	40	057	67.
Current deficit Capital deficit	−69 2 577	-481 1 004	-106 -160	-18 -221	-357 -341	-570 31!
Less Advances paid (net)	2 015	593	-369	-374	-883	-269
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances	492	-70	102	135	-003 185	-20: 14

imose		1992-93	1993-94	1994– 95	1995–96ρ	1996–9 (a
Purpose	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$r
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Current cutlays						
General public services	212	208	614	619	620	41
Defence	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public order and safety	360	38 9	414	430	4 52	50.
Education	1 475	1 517	1 655	1 643	1 587	1 69
Health	1 023	1 029	1 077	1 128	1 151	1 23
Social security and welfare	235	247	276	277	281	29.
Housing and community amenities	112	155	181	156	127	18
Recreation and culture	138	127	148	158	166	16
Fuel and energy	21	20	7	8	10	10
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	81	77	104	80	67	7.
Mining, manufacturing and construction	24	19	29	33	32	4
Transport and communications	293	303	327	334	321	27
Other economic affairs	79 1 231	94 1 268	72 1 45 5	89 1 550	99 1 361	10. 1 28
Other purposes	5 285	5 453	6 360	6 505	6 274	6 27
Total	5 200	5 455	0 300	0 303	0 2/4	0 27
Capital outlays						
General public services	2 101	607	116	-61	-874	-23!
Defence	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public order and safety	68	48	40	26	35	5
Education	94	113	120	123	172	174
Health	53	62	77	113	61	11
Social security and welfare	9	15	8	11	1	1
Housing and community amenities	70	198	107	138	128	14
Recreation and culture	48	24	18	34	28	5
Fuel and energy	198	192	-353	72	100	11!
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	66	138	47	-15 9	140	
Mining, manufacturing and construction	-4	5	14	2 9	-10	-12
Fransport and communications	140	184	149	-158	142	16:
Other economic affairs	_	-3	_	3	-22	!
Other purposes	5	4			_3	:
Total	2 848	1 587	249	170	-9 7	479
Total outlays						
General public services	2 314	815	730	558	-253	18:
Defence	_	_		_		_
Public order and safety	428	437	454	456	486	55
Education	1 569	1 630	1 775	1 765	1 759	1 86
Health	1 076	1 091	1 154	1 241	1 212	1 35
Social security and welfare	244	262	284	288	282	29
Housing and community amenities	182	354	287	294	256	32
Recreation and culture	186	151	166	192	194	21:
Fuel and energy	219	211	-345 57	79 7 0	110	13:
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	147	214	57	-79	207	7:
Mining, manufacturing and construction	20	24	44	62 175	21	-79
Transport and communications Other according affairs	433 9 0	486 01	476 72	175 93	462 78	43:
Other economic affairs Other purposes	80 1 236	91 1 272	1 455	1 551	1 364	11: 1 29:
	± ∠ JQ	1 414	T +00	7.537	* 20+	6 75

	1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995–96p	1996-97 (a)
ltem	\$m_	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a) \$m
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Current expenditure	4 535	4 679	4 967	5 508	6 099	6 092
Less Sales of goods and services(b)	625	725	815	1 349	1 407	1 236
Equals Final consumption expenditure	3 910	3 954	4 152	4 160	4 692	4 857
Interest payments	574	622	519	546	518	525
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	201	235	248	268	202	468
Current grants to other governments	137	137	137	171	182	184
Other transfer payments	456	512	551	614	768	819
Total current outlays	5 278	5 46 0	5 6 07	5 759	6 361	6 852
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	624	695	645	655	930	807
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(c)	- 5 5	-4 5	-75	-27	-205	-278
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	569	650	570	627	725	529
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(c)	-47	-31	-55	-1	29	-57
Capital grants	251	275	358	158	163	175
To other sectors	57	39	143	13	15	13
To other levels of government	28	34	49	29	32	37
To public trading enterprises	166	203	166	116	116	125
Advances paid (net)	139	-27	-11 5	-42	-1 049	-188
To public financial enterprises	143	6	-2	_	-295	_
To public trading enterprises	-15	-22	-116	-32	-100	-195
Other	11	-11	3	-11	-653	7
Other capital outlays		1	4	_		
Total capital outlays	912	867	761	742	-132	458
Total outlays	6 190	6 327	6 367	6 501	6 229	7 310
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	1 925	2 010	2 376	2 529	2 777	2 897
Interest received from public trading enterprises	81	112	98	96	55	35
Interest received from other enterprises	189	119	138	186	273	375
Grants received(d)	3 071	3 217	3 295	3 364	3 735	3 587
For own use	2 531	2 643	2 682	2 703	3 026	2 855
For onpassing	540	574	613	661	709	732
Other revenue	484	515	479	520	592	746
Total revenue	5 749	5 9 73	6 386	6 684	7 432	7 639
Financing and Deficit measures						ن ش
Advances received (net)	-252	-199	-133	-180	-285	-20
Borrowing (net)	1 172	598	65	91	382	-312
Increase in provisions (net)	_	_				_
Other financing transactions (net)(e)	-479	–4 6	49	-95	-1 300	
Total financing(e)	441	354	-19	-183	-1 203	330
Less Increase in provisions (net)		_	-	_		
Equals Deficit(e)	441	354	-19	-183	-1 203	-330
Of which			440	A34	004	
Current deficit(e)	-88	-72	-449	-673	-624	-557
Capital deficit(e)	528	426	430	490	<i>–</i> 579	227
Less Advances paid (net)	139	-27	-115	-42	-1 049	-188
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(f)	301	381	96	-141	-154	-:

⁽a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.

⁽b) This item provides an indication of the extent of government charges levied. The charges are offset against gross expenditure in calculating final consumption expenditure and mainly comprise sales to the private sector. However, it has not been possible to exclude all inter-agency charges and some estimated data are included.

⁽c) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.

⁽d) Includes planned fiscal contributions of \$59.8m for 1996–1997 towards the Commonwealth deficit reduction program. See Fiscal Contribution by State and Territory Government table on page 15.

⁽e) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.

⁽f) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73.

1991 –92 1992 –93 1993–94 1994 –95 1995–96p 1	1994 –95 19	1993–94	19929 3	1991–92	
\$m \$m \$m \$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	ltem
					PUBLIC TRADING ENTERPRISES
					Outtays
					Current outlays
679 663 601 600 591	600	501	663	679	Interest payments
71 113 95 69 53	69	95	113	71	To general government
609 550 506 531 538	531	506	550	609	To other enterprises
al government 50 68 27 43 63	43	27	68	50	Income transferred to general government
59 67 64 71 84	71	64	67	59	Other transfer payments
789 798 692 7 1 5 7 38	715	692	798	789	Total current outlays
					Capital outlays
sets 603 815 703 645 957	645	703	81 5	603	Expenditure on new fixed assets
	-156	-104	-54	-41	Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(b)
penditure 561 761 600 489 731	489	600	761	561	Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure
Ingible assets (net)(b) 28 -3 -55 -46 32	-46	-55	-3	28	Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(b)
1 — — — — — —	_	_	_	1	Capital grants
1			_	1	To other sectors
ent <u> </u>	_	-	_	_	To other levels of government
-1 - 5 -18 -29	-18	5	_	-1	Advances paid (net)
-1 $-$ 4 -17 -14	-17	4	_	-1	To the private sector
1 -15	-1	_	_		Other
35 –20 –8 63 29	63	-8	-20	35	Other capital outlays
624 738 541 488 764	488	541	738	624	Total capital outlays
1 413 1 536 1 233 1 203 1 501	1 203	1 233	1 536	1 413	Total outlays
					Revenue
3 618 4 159 4 788 5 981 7 753					Sales of goods and services
201 233 245 265 196					Plus Subsidies received
3 026 3 539 4 196 5 531 7 272		_			Less Operating expenditure
793 853 837 715 677					Equals Net operating surplus
77 38 32 53 62					Interest received
166 204 159 114 109					Capital grants received
105 130 174 213 110					Other revenue
1 141 1 225 1 202 1 095 957	1 095	1 202	1 225	1 141	Total revenue
					inancing and Deficit measures
-1 5 -24 -116 -28 -73		_			Advances received (net)
1 73					Borrowing (net)
261 251 286 387 528					Increase in provisions (net)
267 293 318 459 484					For depreciation
- 6 -42 -31 -73 44				-	Other
					Other financing transactions (net)(c)
272 311 31 107 544	107	31	311	272	Total financing(c)
					Less Increase in provisions (net)
10 61 - 255 -279 16	-2 7 9	-255	61	10	Equals Deficit(c)
747 240 400 447	4.7	400	0.40	242	Of which
-343 -348 -466 -447 -538 354 409 211 168 554					Current deficit(c) Capital deficit(c)
			_	_1	Less Advances paid (net)
advances(d) 11 61 -260 -262 45			61,		
sils refer to page 16.					Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.
· ·					· ·
					· -
-1 — 5 —18 —29 advances(d) 11 61 —260 —262 45 sils refer to page 16. es on page 9, ancing on page 67.	168 -18	211 5	409 —	354 -1 11	Current deficit(c) Capital deficit(c) Less Advances paid (net) Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(d) a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16. b) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 9.

⁽c) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73.

	1991–92	1992–93	1993-94	1994–95	1995–96p	1996–9 (٤
item	\$ m	\$ <u>m</u> _	\$m	\$m_	\$m	\$r
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Current expenditure	4 535	4 679	4 967	5 508	6 099	6 09
Less Sales of goods and services	625	72 5	815	1 349	1 407	1, 23
Equals Final consumption expenditure	3 910	3 954	4 152	4 160	4 692	4 85
Interest payments	1 152	1 153	1 008	1 042	1 025	1 03
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	201	235	248	268	202	46
Current grants to other governments	137	137	137	171	182	18
Other transfer payments	515	579	615	685	852	92
Total current outlays	5 915	6 058	6 160	6 326	6 953	7 45
Capital outlays	4 007	4 540	4 240	1 200	4.007	2 00
Expenditure on new fixed assets	1 227	1 510	1 348	1 300 -184	1 887 -431	∠ 00 -57
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)	-96 4 4 3 0	-99	-179	1 116	-431 1 456	1 42
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	1 130	1 411	1 169 -110	1 1 1 1 0 -47	1 450	
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)	-20 85	-34 72	-110 192	43	47	_, 5
Capital grants	58	39	1 4 3	13	15	1
To other sectors		39 34	49 49	29	32	3
To other levels of government	28 154	-5	49 5	-27	-972	•
Advances paid (net)	35	_5 _19	-5	63	30	3
Other capital outlays	1 3 8 5	1 42 5	1 251	1 147	621	1 44
Total capital outlays						
Total outlays	7 300	7 483	7 411	7 473	7 574	8 90
Revenue	4.005	0.040	0.070	0.500	0.777	0.00
Taxes, fees and fines	1 925	2 010	2 376	2 529	2 777	2 89
Net operating surplus of public trading enterprises	793	853	837	715	677	93
Interest received	236	138	153	204	304	39
Grants received	3 071	3 217	3 295	3 364 2 703	3 735 3 0 4 0	3 58 2 87
For own use	2 531	2 643	2 682	2 703 661	3 040 695	70
For onpassing	540 530	574	613 626	714	669	66
Other revenue Total revenue	538 6 562	580 6 798	7 286	7 527	8 163	8 4
- to a set B - C - M						
Financing and Deficit measures Advances received (net)	-254	-197	-135	-179	-280	
Advances received (net)	1 345	-197 774	-45	-11 9	234	20
Borrowing (net) Increase in provisions (net)	261	251	286	387	528	44
For depreciation	267	293	318	459	484	4
Other	_6	-4 2	-31	-73	44	
Other financing transactions (net)	-615	- 14 3	18	-225	-1 072	19
Total financing	738	684	125	-53	-589	4
Less Increase in provisions (net)	261	251	286	387	528	40
Equals Deficit	477	434	-162	440	-1 117	_
Of which						
Current deficit	-420	-424	-912	-1 129	-1 190	-10
Capital deficit	897	858	750	689	7 3	10
Less Advances paid (net)	154	- 5	5	-27	-972	
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances	323	439	-167	-413	-145	-5

	1991–92	1992–93	1993-94	1994–95	1995–96p	1996-9
Purpose	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a \$n
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Current outlays						
General public services	418	348	446	477	615	586
Defence	_		_	_	_	
Public order and safety	471	472	515	535	64 5	70
Education	1 491	1 619	1 654	1 728	1 831	1 948
Health	1 162	1 172	1 214	1 196	1 407	1 42
Social security and welfare	327	334	323	279	34 6	30
Housing and community amenities	47	46	55	92	56	22
Recreation and culture	93	109	126	133	139	20:
Fuel and energy	8	10	12	14	24	60
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	157	149	158	116	155	13
Mining, manufacturing and construction	41	38	45	58	58	5:
Transport and communications	350	409	405	402	421	46
Other economic affairs	125	128	128	126	147	239
Other purposes	1 226	1 224	1 079	1 168	1 110	1 11:
Total	5 915	6 058	6 160	6 326	6 9 53	7 45
Capital outlays						_
General public services	188	62	13	6	-9 53	-0 -
Defence		_		_		
Public order and safety	47	38	26	38	45	74
Education	1 6 9	182	192	253	259	22
Health	71	75	87	107	44	78
Social security and welfare	6	_15	3	5	5	
Housing and community amenities	233	341	254	354	404	263
Recreation and culture	15	20	19	22	26	1:
Fuel and energy	133	145	107	240	357	50
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	15	5	15	-10	-3	-18
Mining, manufacturing and construction	9	4	11	-1	4	
Transport and communications	367	495	347	133	431	370
Other economic affairs	130	42	162	12	7	1:
Other purposes	1		13	-11	-7	
Total	1 385	1 425	1 251	1 147	621	1 44
Total outlays	607	410	460	483	220	48
General public services Defence	607	410	460	463	-338	40
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	541	573	<u> </u>	- 78:
Public order and safety	1 661	1 801	1 846	1 981	2 090	2 17
Education Health	1 233	1 248	1 302	1 303	1 452	1 50
	333	349	326	284	351	30
Social security and welfare	281	387	309	446	460	48
Housing and community amenities Recreation and culture	108	128	309 145	156	165	21
Fuel and energy	140	155	119	253	381	56
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	172	155 154	173	106	151	11
Mining, manufacturing and construction	50	43	56	57	62	5
Transport and communications	717	904	752	535	852	84
Other economic affairs	255	170	290	139	154	25
Other economic analis Other purposes	1 226	1 223	1 091	1 157	1 103	1 11
	1 440		- 001	7 473	7 574	

ECONOMIC TRANSACTIONS OF TASMANIA STATE GOVERNMENT

	1991–92	1992–93	1993–94	1994-95	1995-96p	1996-97
item	\$m	\$ m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a) \$m
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Current expenditure	1 290	1 374	1 443	1 488	1 561	1 601
Less Sales of goods and services(b)	83	111	120	119	135	116
Equals Final consumption expenditure	1 207 307	1 263 327	1 323 393	1 369 384	1 426 331	1 484 328
Interest payments Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	307 45	327 45	393 45	43	40	ა∠ი 38
Current grants to other governments	34	4 0	42 42	41	45	50 50
Other transfer payments	121	135	141	164	175	193
Total current outlays	1 715	1 811	1 944	2 002	2 017	2 093
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	129	165	144	150	182	158
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(c)	-29	-9	-35	-33	-41	-55
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	100	156	109	117	141	102
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(c)	_	3	4	3	2	4
Capital grants	71	53	80	23	37	43
To other sectors						4
To other levels of government	7	2	_3	2	4	1
To public trading enterprises	63	50	77	21	32	39
Advances paid (net)	- 1 6	-31	-183	-100	-63	-75
To public financial enterprises			40	454		_
To public trading enterprises	-21 5	-13	-13	-104 4	-45	-81
Other	5	-18	-170	4	-18	6
Other capital outlays Total capital outlays	155	181	9	44	116	75
Total outlays	1 869	1 99 2	1 954	2 045	2 134	2 169
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	540	560	598	645	657	688
Interest received from public trading enterprises	74	72	71	67	55	47
Interest received from other enterprises	85	109	1 66	162	138	129
Grants received(d)	1 077	1 151	1 123	1 133	1 235	1 238
For own use	940	1 000	959	959	1 057	1 052
For onpassing	137	151	164	174	178	186
Other revenue	72	81	86	101	107	132
Total revenue	1 847	1 974	2 044	2 107	2 19 3	2 234
Financing and Deficit measures	4.05	4.40	1.00	4.40	00	446
Advances received (net)	-185 201	-149	-120 050	-142 -253	-82 -60	-116
Borrowing (net) Increase in provisions (net)	301	43	959	-253	-60	182
Other financing transactions (net)(e)	 -93	124	-929	333	83	-131
Total financing(e)	22	18	-90	-62	-59	-65
Less Increase in provisions (net)		_	_	_	_	_
Equals Deficit(e)	22	18	-90	-6 2	-59	-65
Of which						
Current deficit(e)	37	13	21	-37	-84	64
Capital deficit(e)	-15	4	-111	-25	25	-2
Less Advances paid (net)	-16	-31	-183	-100	-63	-75
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(f)	39	49	93	37	4	9

⁽a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.

⁽b) This item provides an indication of the extent of government charges levied. The charges are offset against gross expenditure in calculating final consumption expenditure and mainly comprise sales to the private sector. However, it has not been possible to exclude all inter-agency charges and some estimated data are included.

⁽c) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.

⁽d) Includes planned fiscal contributions of \$15.9m for 1996–1997 towards the Commonwealth deficit reduction program. See Fiscal Contribution by State and Ferritory Government table on page 15.

⁽e) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.

⁽f) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73.

	1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995–96ρ	1996-97
ltem	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a) \$m
PUBLIC TRADING ENTERPRISES						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Interest payments	249	240	226	220	213	209
To general government	73	71	70	67	55	48
To other enterprises	176	169	156	153	158	162
income transferred to general government	17	18	23	29	34	58
Other transfer payments	_	_	_		_	_
Total current outlays	266	258	249	249	247	268
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	156	145	297	108	141	158
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(b)	2	1	-24	-3	-4	-3
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	159	147	273	106	137	154
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(b)	-1	-1	-2	-2	-4	-1
Capital grants	1	1	2	2	6	4
To other sectors	1	1	2	2	5	3
To other levels of government		-		1	1	1
Advances paid (net)	-5	-6	-4	-5	-2	- 5
To the private sector	- 5	-6	-4	- 5	-2	-5
Other	_					_
Other capital outlays	-1	-5	_3	-1	_1	
Total capital outlays	152	136	271	100	136	153
Total outlays	419	394	520	348	383	421
Revenue	-					
Sales of goods and services	647	707	736	768	783	806
Plus Subsidies received	40	40	43	44	37	34
Less Operating expenditure	450	515	532	555	550	561
Equals Net operating surplus	237	232	247	257	270	279
Interest received	22	15	11	10	9	11
Capital grants received Other revenue	69 4	53 4	77 5	23 5	29 5	40 8
Total revenue	332	304	340	294	313	338
Financing and Deficit measures						
Advances received (net)	-22	-13	-13	-109	-51	- 8 2
Borrowing (net)	15	16	56	29	-41	47
Increase in provisions (net)	101	131	99	135	150	146
For depreciation	55	122	123	135	12 7	134
Other	46	9	-24	1	23	12
Other financing transactions (net)(c)	-8	–4 5	39	-1	13	-29
Total financing(c)	87	90	180	54	70	82
Less Increase in provisions (net)	101	131	99	135	150	146
Equals Deficit(c)	-15	-41	82	-81	-80	-63
Of which						
Current deficit(c)	-94	-120	-108	-153	-182	-168
Capital deficit(c)	79	79	190	72	102	105
Less Advances paid (net) Equais Deficit adjusted for net advances(d)	-5 -9	-6 - 35	-4 86	-5 -76	-2 - 78	–5 –59
 (a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16. (b) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10. (c) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67. (d) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix 	con page 73.					

	1991–92	1992–93	1993-94	1994-9 5	1995–96p	1996-9
tem	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a \$r
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Dutlays						
Current outlays						
Current expenditure	1 290	1 374	1 443	1 488	1 561	1 60
Less Sales of goods and services	83	111	120	119	135	11
Equals Final consumption expenditure	1 207	1 263	1 323	1 369	1 426	1 48
Interest payments	480	493	547	534	487	48
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	45	4 5	45 40	43	40 45	3
Current grants to other governments	34 121	40 135	42 141	41 164	45 175	5 19
Other transfer payments Total current outlays	1 888	1 978	2 098	2 151	2 173	2 25
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	286	310	442	259	323	31
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)	-27	-7	-59	-36	-45	-5
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	259	303	382	223	278	25
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)	-1	2	2	_	-2	
Capital grants	9	3	5	4	10	
To other sectors	1	1	2	2	5	
To other levels of government	7	2	3	2	4	
Advances paid (net)	-1	-24	-175	-1	-20	
Other capital outlays	-1	-5	3	-1	<u>-1</u>	
Total capital outlays	265	279	217	225	265	26
Total outlays	2 152	2 256	2 315	2 377	2 438	2 51
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	540	5 6 0	598	645	657	68
Net operating surplus of public trading enterprises	237	232	247	257	270	27
Interest received	104	122	175	168	145	13
Grants received	1 080	1 154	1 124	1 135	1 231	1 23
For own use	943	1 003	960 164	961 174	1 053 178	1 05 18
For onpassing	137 57	151 65	63	76	78	70
Other revenue Total revenue	2 017	2 134	2 207	2 280	2 382	2 42
Financing and Deficit measures						
Advances received (net)	-185	-149	-120	-141	-81	-11
Borrowing (net)	317	60	1 015	-224	-102	22
Increase in provisions (net)	101	131	99	135	1 50	14
For depreciation	55	122	123	135	127	13
Other	46	9	-24	1	23	:
Other financing transactions (net)	-98	82	-88 6	326	88	-16
Total financing	135	123	108	96	56	ę
Less Increase in provisions (net)	101	131	99	135	150	14
Equals Deficit	34	-8	9	-39	-94	- 5
Of which	-	40.5	00	400	200	-
Current deficit Capital deficit	-54 89	-104 96	-82 91	-189 150	-266 172	23 1 8
Less Advances paid (net)	-1	-24	-175	-1	-20	
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances	35	16	184	-38	-7 4	– €

OUTLAYS BY PURPOSE, OF TASMANIA STATE GOVERNMENT

	1991-92	1992–93	1993-94	1994-95	1995–96p	1996-
Purpose	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m_	\$m	
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Current outlays						
General public services	135	126	151	172	166	14
Defence	_					_
Public order and safety	110	110	114	118	124	1.
Education	432	477	515	535	567	6
Health	328	361	329	341	374	3
Social security and welfare	53	56	89	105	118	1
Housing and community amenities	29	35	37	38	32	_
Recreation and culture	45	52	47	50	55 55	
Fuel and energy	_	_			55	
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	68	- 66	65	69	— 68	
Mining, manufacturing and construction	8	9	6			
Fransport and communications	93	85	90	10 92	8	
Other economic affairs	55 55			_	99	
Other purposes		57 545	52	55 55	55	_
Total	532 1 888	545 1 978	603	567	507	5
T COM	1 990	T 219	2 098	2 151	2 173	2 2
apital outlays						
General public services	6	3	-41	-10	-12	_
Defence		_	_	_	_	
Public order and safety	6	13	12	16	16	
Education	25	28	23	33	40	
Health	15	36	16	16	26	
Social security and welfare	-4	-5	-4	-6	-2	
Housing and community amenities	43	11	-90	35	27	
Recreation and culture	9	13	11	12	9	
Fuel and energy	107	91	73	58	92	1
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	7	6	8	5	9	
Mining, manufacturing and construction	, -4	-2	3		-8 -8	
Transport and communications	52	-2 89	208	62	_	
Other economic affairs	3	-2			63	
Other purposes	-1	-∠ -1	 -1	3	5	
Total	265	279	217	1 225	265	2
	200	213	211	223	205	2
otal outlays General public services	141	1.00	100	4.04	454	
Defence	7.47	129	109	161	154	1
Public order and safety	117	123	4.00	404		_
Education	457	505	126	134	140	1
Health			539	568	607	6
	344	398	344	357	399	3
Social security and welfare Housing and community amounties	49 71	51	85 53	100	116	1
Housing and community amenities	71 55	46	-53 -53	73	59	
Recreation and culture	55	64	58	62	64	
Fuel and energy	107	91	74	58	92	1
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	<i>7</i> 5	71	74	74	78	
Mining, manufacturing and construction	3	6	g	10	_	
Transport and communications	145	173	298	154	162	1.
Other economic affairs	57	55	52	58	60	
Other purposes	530	543	601	567	506	5:
Total	2 152	2 256	2 315	2 377	2 438	25

	1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	199596p	1996-97
ltem	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a) \$m
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Current expenditure	919	972	999	1 091	1 167	1 220
Less Sales of goods and services(b)	74	72	70	118	138	14
Equals Final consumption expenditure	844	899	929	973	1 029	1 079
Interest payments	170	224	214	211	205	209
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	72	42	11	8	6	3:
Current grants to other governments	13	16	14	12	13	13
Other transfer payments	111	121	133	140	167	179
Total current outlays	1 210	1 302	1 301	1 344	1 419	1 499
Capital outlays	=		470		450	4 10
Expenditure on new fixed assets	167	183	170	164	152	199
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(c)	5	-28	-10	-14 450	-18	-23
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	172	155	160	150	134	179
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(c)	-1	-4	-5	<u>-9</u>	-13	-19
Capital grants	37	39	48	45	59	4!
To other sectors	12	12	14	13	36	4
To other levels of government	1		3	5	1	_
To public trading enterprises	24	27	32	27	22	_
Advances paid (net)	109	-30	-36	-20	-28	-1
To public financial enterprises	-7	-9	-5	_	-1	_
To public trading enterprises	110	-20	-4	-16	-25	-1:
Other	6	-2	-26	-3	-3	
Other capital outlays Total capital outlays	318	160	 168	166	152	19
Total outlays	1 527	1 462	1 468	1 510	1 572	1 69
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	168	182	210	236	276	30
Interest received from public trading enterprises	55	57	5 3	44	43	4
Interest received from other enterprises	55	52	41	64	66	5
Grants received(d)	1 099	1 123	1 128	1 149	1 228	1 24
For own use	1 055	1 062	1 063	1 080	1 155	1 17
For onpassing	44	61	65	69	73	7
Other revenue	34	20	34	42	34	7
Total revenue	1 410	1 433	1 465	1 534	1 648	1 72
Financing and Deficit measures						_
Advances received (net)	-90	-89	-26	-68	-63	-6
Borrowing (net)	202	133	95	79	79	3
Increase in provisions (net)	_		_	_	_	-
Other financing transactions (net)(e)	5	-16	-65	-36	-92	_
Total financing(e)	117	29	3	-24	-76	-3
Less Increase in provisions (net)	_	_		_	_	_
Equals Deficit(e)	117	29	3	. –24	-76	-3
Of which	=-		4.5	444		
Current deficit(e)	-53	22	-40	-114	-14 5	-12
Capital deficit(e)	170	7	43	90	69	9
Less Advances paid (net) Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(f)	109 8	-30 59	-36 39	-20 - 5	–28 – 48	-1 -1

⁽a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.

⁽b) This item provides an indication of the extent of government charges levied. The charges are offset against gross expenditure in calculating final consumption expenditure and mainly comprise sales to the private sector. However, it has not been possible to exclude all inter-agency charges and some estimated data are included.

⁽c) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.

⁽d) Includes planned fiscal contributions of \$6.0m for 1996–1997 towards the Commonwealth deficit reduction program. See Fiscal Contribution by State and Territory Government table on page 15.

⁽e) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.

⁽f) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73.

	1991–92	1992–93	1 9 93–94	1994-95	199596p	1996-97
ltem	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$ m	\$m	(a, \$m
PUBLIC TRADING ENTERPRISES						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Interest payments	81	57	54	48	44	45
To general government	55	57	53	44	43	45
To other enterprises	26	1	1	4	-	
income transferred to general government	_		-	10	6	25
Other transfer payments	1	2	1	_1		_
Total current outlays	81	59	54	58	50	7:
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	56	60	53	85	38	61
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(b)	-26	-21	-14	-9	-10	-27
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	30	39	40	76	28	34
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(b)	-	2	_	_		_
Capital grants	_	_	1	1	_	_
To other sectors			1	1	_	_
To other levels of government	_	_	_	_	_	_
Advances paid (net)	_	4	2	6	_	
To the private sector	-	4	2	6	_	Ę
Other					_	-
Other capital outlays	1					_
Total capital outlays	31	45	43	83	28	39
Total outlays	112	105	97	141	78	110
evenue						
Sales of goods and services	297	313	324	348	368	387
Plus Subsidies received	72	38	11	8	6	33
Less Operating expenditure	322	330	297	325	332	350
Equals Net operating surplus	46	21	38	30	43	70
Interest received	2	4	1	3	5	•
Capital grants received	24	27	32	28	22	_
Other revenue	-	_	_		_	_
Total revenue	71	52	71	62	69	76
nancing and Deficit measures						
Advances received (net)	111	-20	-4	-16	-24	-13
Borrowing (net)	-108			43	15	25
Increase in provisions (net)	38	37	34	48	34	34
For depreciation	38	37	33	48	33	33
Other		1	1	_	_	2
Other financing transactions (net)(c)		36	<u>-2</u>	5	-15	-13
Total financing(c)	41	53	27	80	10	34
Less Increase in provisions (net)	38	37	34	48	34	34
Equals Deficit(c)	3	16	-7	32	-24	1
Of which						
Current deficit(c)	-5	-3	-19	-23	-30	-39
Capital deficit(c)	7	19	12	55	7	39
Less Advances paid (net)		4	2	6	_	5
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(d)	3	11	9	26	-24	-4
a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.						
See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.						
See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.						
	x on page 73.					

92-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96p	1996-97 (a)
\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$177
972	999	1 091	1 167	1 220
72	70	118	138	145
899	929	973	1 029	1 075
224	214	213 8	205 6	205 31
42 16	11 14	12	13	13
123	133	140	167	176
1 304	1 301	1 346	1 420	1 499
243	223	249	190	260
-49	-23	-23	-28	-50
194	200	226	163	210
-2	-5	-9	-13	-10
12	18	18	37	45
12	15	13	36	45
	3	5	1 -3	
-6	-29	3	-3	Ĺ
 198	183	238	184	25:
1 502	1 484	1 584	1 603	1 750
4.00	040	one	070	70.0
182	210 38	236	276 43	30: 70
21 54	36 41	30 65	43 70	64
1 123	1 128	1 149	1 228	1 246
1 062	1 063	1 080	1 155	1 17
61	65	69	73	7:
19	34	32	28	3.
1 400	1 451	1 512	1 645	1 71
-89	-26	-68	-63	-6
133	94	122	93	5
37	34	48	34	3.
37	33	48	33	3.
1	1	20	106	:
21 102	68 34	-29 72	-106 -42	3:
37	34	48	34	3.
65		24	75	_
nn	–5 9	-137	-175	-15
20 45	-59 59	-137 162	100	-15: 15:
– 6	-29	3	(3	į
	30			_
	45 -6 71	-6 -29	-6 -29 3	-6 -29 33

	19 91–92	1992-93	1993–94	1994–95	1995–96p	1996-97
Purpose	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a) \$m
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Current outlays						
General public services	88	115	124	138	162	172
Defence	_			_	_	_
Public order and safety	110	117	119	127	139	150
Education	266	276	286	299	312	320
Health	195	191	223	237	268	277
Social security and welfare	35	48	36	37	39	40
Housing and community amenities	63	30	36	28	29	52
Recreation and culture	45	46	50	60	74	82
Fuel and energy	37	36	20	14	14	20
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	37	41	35	45	41	39
Mining, manufacturing and construction	43	15	14	1 5	14	15
Transport and communications	44	86	76	58	72	71
Other economic affairs	55	52	44	47	50	58
Other purposes	219	250	239	240	205	205
Total	1 236	1 304	1 301	1 346	1 420	1 499
Capital outlays						
General public services	47	58	32	33	21	29
Defence			_		_	
Public order and safety	5	5	11	17	12	10
Education	25	33	37	38	25	48
Health	7	9	12	8	18	22
Social security and welfare	<u>.</u>	_	_	1	_	1
Housing and community amenities	48	29	19	21	24	22
Recreation and culture	6	7	14	14	24	20
Fuel and energy	14	12	13	40	7	21
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	3	4	2	-1	i	1
Mining, manufacturing and construction	_	1	<u>-</u>			
Transport and communications	45	46	61	49	49	74
Other economic affairs	7	-9	-23	15	4	5
Other purposes	7	4	7	2	-3	-2
Total	214	198	183	238	184	-∠ 251
Total outlays General public services	135	173	15 5	171	100	004
Defence	133	1/3	122	171	183	201
Public order and safety	115	122	130	145	<u> </u>	160
Education	291	309	324	337	337	160
Health	201	200	234			368
Social security and welfare	201 35	200 48	∠34 36	245	287	299
Housing and community amenities				38	40	41
· ·	111	5 9	55	50	53	74
Recreation and culture Fuel and energy	51 51	53	64 33	74 54	97	102
		48 45	33	54	21	41
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	40 43	45	36 15	44 15	42	40
Mining, manufacturing and construction	43	16	15	15	15	15
Transport and communications	8 9	131	137	108	121	146
Other economic affairs	62	44	21	62	54	63
Other purposes	225	254	246	242	202	202
Totai	1 450	1 502	1 484	1 584	1 603	1 750

						(a)
item	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m
GENERAL GOVERNMENT						
Outlays						
Current outlays		005	000	0.40	000	1 040
Current expenditure	859 87	908	930	949 124	988 129	1 040 136
Less Sales of goods and services(b)	772	81 827	124 805	825	859	904
Equals Final consumption expenditure	73	55	58	52 52	53	65
Interest payments	67	61	61	56	53	57
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises	<u> </u>		_			<u> </u>
Current grants to other governments Other transfer payments	127	129	138	147	159	188
Total current cutlays	1 039	1 072	1 063	1 080	1 124	1 215
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	139	158	131	145	109	138
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(c)	-1	_	-2	-2	-27	-22
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	138	168	129	143	83	116
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(c)	-63	-73	-49	-28	-28	-30
Capital grants	45	41	42	47	41	19
To other sectors	7	8	5	4	5	4
To other levels of government	_		_	_		
To public trading enterprises	38	33	37	43	37	15
Advances paid (net)	_	-11	-14	-14	-12 	-34
To public financial enterprises			_			24
To public trading enterprises	_	-11	-14	-14	-12	-34
Other			_	_	_	
Other capital outlays Total capital outlays	120	125	109	148	84	70
Total outlays	1 160	1 1 96	1 172	1 228	1 207	1 285
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	429	483	522	540	548	556
interest received from public trading enterprises	34	33	31	30	26	29
Interest received from other enterprises	40	32	31	25	20	24
Grants received(d)	668	65 5	574	572	546	558
For own use	612	597	513	506	474	482
For onpassing	56	58	61	66	72	76
Other revenue	19	20	25	21	30	75
Total revenue	1 189	1 222	1 182	1 189	1 171	1 241
Financing and Deficit measures		^^	_	4.5	4.4	.a. z
Advances received (net)	-99 41	-20	-9	-16	- <u>11</u>	-11
Borrowing (net)	41	-3 7	9 8	53 8	58 8	28
Increase in provisions (net) Other financing transactions (net)(e)	7 20	-11	8 -18	5	–18	10 17
Other financing transactions (net/(e) Total financing(e)	-30	-11 -26	-10 -10	39	37	44
Less Increase in provisions (net)	7	7	8	8	8	10
Equals Deficit(e)	-37	-33	-18	32	28	34
Of which			.		**	_
Current deficit(e)	-95 -53	- 9 2	61	-83	-20	-7
Capital deficit(e)	58	59	43	115	49	43
Less Advances paid (net)		-11	-14	-14	-12	-34

⁽a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.

⁽b) This item provides an indication of the extent of government charges levied. The charges are offset against gross expenditure in calculating final consumption expenditure and mainly comprise sales to the private sector. However, it has not been possible to exclude all inter-agency charges and some estimated data are included.

⁽c) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.

⁽d) Includes planned fiscal contributions of \$10.4m for 1996-1997 towards the Commonwealth deficit reduction program. See Fiscal Contribution by State and Territory Government table on page 15.

⁽e) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.

See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73.

	1991–92	1992–93	1993–94	1994-95	1995-96p	1996-97
ltern	\$m	\$m_	\$m_	\$ m	\$m	(a) \$m
PUBLIC TRADING ENTERPRISES						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Interest payments	37	35	32	30	27	31
To general government	34	33	30	30	27	31
To other enterprises	2	2	2	_		_
Income transferred to general government	19	20	25	21	30	64
Other transfer payments	3	_3	3	_4	_6	1
Total current outlays	59	58	60	55	63	96
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	70	78	76	92	79	84
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)(b)	~1 7	-12	-1 5	-22	-15	-80
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	53	56	61	70	64	5
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)(b)	12	1	10	1	_	1
Capital grants		_	_	2	1	
To other sectors		_	_	2	1	_
To other levels of government	_		_	_		
Advances paid (net)		-5	-4	2	5	-9
To the private sector	_	– 5	4	2	5	-9
Other			_		_	_
Other capital outlays		-1	2			_
Total capital outlays	65	62	68	75	71	- 3
Total outlays	124	119	128	130	134	93
Revenue						
Sales of goods and services	3 9 6	4 1 2	428	431	436	444
Plus Subsidies received	67	61	61	56	53	57
Less Operating expenditure	420	436	450	448	434	434
Equals Net operating surplus	43	37	38	39	55	67
Interest received	25	17	14	1 5	16	22
Capital grants received	38	33	37	42	37	15
Other revenue Total revenue	 106	87		 96	407	_
(ord) toxoline	2.00	Θ/	03	30	107	104
Financing and Deficit measures	4	40	40			
Advances received (net)	-1 -5	-10	-12	-14	-14	-36
Borrowing (net)		-2 20	-8 43	45	-4 40	
Increase in provisions (net) For depreciation	41 35	39 38	43 40	45	43	46
Other	35 6		-	42	43	46
Other financing transactions (net)(c)	- 1 7	1	3	3	_	_
Total financing dansactions (net/(c)	18	5 3 2	15 39	2 34	2 27	-20 -11
Less Increase in provisions (net)	4.4	20	40	4.5	40	
Equals Deficit(c)	41 -23	39 -7	43 -4	45 -11	43 –1 6	46 -57
Of which						
Current deficit(c)	-50	-36	-36	-4 4	-50	-39
Capital deficit(c)	-30 27	-30 29	31	33	-30 3 4	-39 -17
Less Advances paid (net)	_	-5	-4	2	5	-9
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances(d)	-23	-2	-1	-13	-21	-48
(a) Forward estimate. For further details refer to page 16.						
(b) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10.						
(c) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.						

 ⁽c) See Measures of Government Financing on page 67.
 (d) See Net Asset Sales and Advances on page 10 and Appendix on page 73.

	1 99 1–92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995–96p	1996-97
ltem	\$m	\$m_	\$m	\$m	, \$m	(<i>a)</i> \$m
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Outlays						
Current outlays						
Current expenditure	859	908	930	949	988	1 040
Less Sales of goods and services	87	81	124	124	129	136
Equals Final consumption expenditure	772	827	805	825	859	904
Interest payments	72	56	59	51	52	65
Subsidies paid to public trading enterprises Current grants to other governments	67 —	61	61 —	56 —	53	57
Other transfer payments	130	132	142	151	165	190
Total current outlays	1 042	1 076	1 067	1 083	1 128	1 216
Capital outlays						
Expenditure on new fixed assets	209	246	207	237	188	223
Plus Expenditure on secondhand assets (net)	-18	-12	-17	-24	-4 1	-102
Equals Gross fixed capital expenditure	19 1	234	190	213	147	121
Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)	-51	-72	-39	-27	-28	-29
Capital grants	7	8	5	6	6	4
To other sectors	7	8	5	6	6	4
To other levels of government		_		_	-	
Advances paid (net)	******	-5	-4	2	5	-9
Other capital outrays		-1	2			_
Total capital outlays	147	164	154	194	131	87
Total outlays	1 189	1 240	1 221	1 278	1 259	1 303
Revenue						
Taxes, fees and fines	429	483	522	540	548	556
Net operating surplus of public trading enterprises	43	37	38	39	55	67
Interest received	62	48	44	39	34	44
Grants received	668 613	655 597	574 513	572	546	558
For own use	612 56	597 58	513 61	506	474	482
For onpassing Other revenue	50	56	01	66	7 2	76 9
Total revenue	1 201	1 224	1 178	1 191	1 184	1 235
Financing and Deficit measures						
Advances received (net)	-99	-20	-9	-16	-11	-11
Borrowing (net)	36	-5	1	53	54	28
Increase in provisions (net)	48	46	5 1	53	51	55
For depreciation	35	38	40	42	43	46
Other	13	8	11	11	8	10
Other financing transactions (net)	2	-5	-1	-3	-19	4
Total financing	-12	16	43	87	75	69
Less Increase in provisions (net)	48	46	51	53	51	55
Equals Deficit	-60	-30	-8	34	24	13
Of which						
Current deficit	-146	-128	-96	-127	-72	-4 5
Capital deficit	86	98	88	161	96	58
Less Advances paid (net)	_	-5	-4	2	5	_9
Equals Deficit adjusted for net advances	-6 0	-25	–5	32	19	22

	1991-92	1992-93	1993-94	1994-95	1995-96p	1996-97
Purpose	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	\$m	(a) \$m
CONSOLIDATED GOVERNMENT						
Current outlays						
General public services	94	116	115	90	99	90
Defence		_		_		
Public order and safety	89	96	99	113	114	126
Education	290	302	321	332	346	374
Health	220	229	209	232	253	252
Social security and welfare	56	53	60	55	57	60
Housing and community amenities	33	33	36	59	60	99
Recreation and culture	53	57	57	71	71	66
Fuel and energy		_	_	_	_	3
Agriculture, forestry and fishing		_			_	_
Mining, manufacturing and construction	27	26	_	_		_
Transport and communications	98	96	99	65	63	66
Other economic affairs	10	12	11	14	12	16
Other purposes	72	56	59	51	52	65
Total	1 042	1 076	1 067	1 083	1 128	1 216
Capital outlays						
General public services	11	15	24	39	-3	44
Defence	_	_	_	_	_	_
Public order and safety	1	4	10	15	17	7
Education	23	29	22	31	26	36
Health	45	56	38	30	16	17
Social security and welfare	_	_	_	4	2	
Housing and community amenities	-6	_	-5	31	40	-3
Recreation and culture	12	-1	10	9	7	16
Fuel and energy	15	34	35	32	21	18
Agriculture, forestry and fishing		_	_	_		_
Mining, manufacturing and construction		1	_	_	_	
Transport and communications	46	26	19	6	2	-47
Other economic affairs	1	_	_	-2	2	_
Other purposes	_	_	_	_	-	_
Total	147	164	154	194	131	87
Total outlays						
General public services	106	132	140	129	97	134
Defence		_	_	_	_	_
Public order and safety	91	100	109	128	131	132
Education	313	331	343	363	372	409
Health	265	285	247	262	270	269
Social security and welfare	5 6	53	60	59	59	60
Housing and community amenities	27	32	31	90	100	97
Recreation and culture	65	56	67	79	78	82
Fuel and energy	15	34	35	32	22	19
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	_		_	_	_	_
Mining, manufacturing and construction	27	27		_	_	_
Transport and communications	144	122	119	71	65	19
Other economic affairs	11	13	11	13	14	16
Other purposes	72	56	59	51	52	65
Total	1 189	1 240	1 221	1 278	1 259	1 303

EXPLANATORY NOTES

INTRODUCTION

- 1 The system of government finance statistics (GFS) is designed to provide statistics about all public sector authorities such as government departments, statutory authorities and local government authorities in Australia except those regarded as financial institutions (e.g. government banks and insurance offices). The system is based on international standards set out in the International Monetary Fund's A Manual of Government Finance Statistics (IMF) and the United Nations' A System of National Accounts (SNA). The statistics show, for the non-financial public sector:
- consolidated transactions of the various public authorities presented so that their economic impact can be assessed;
- the roles of the different levels of government in the undertaking and financing of their expenditure programs; and
- the transactions of individual State, Territory and local governments, so that they may be used to indicate the comparative standing of each government in relation to its expenditure, its sources of revenue, and its financing transactions.
- 2 This publication contains forward estimates of outlays and revenue in respect of the Commonwealth Government, State, Territory and local governments and their public trading enterprises for 1996–97. Actual outlays and revenue for the years 1991–92 to 1995–96 are also presented. The figures for 1995–96 are preliminary.
- 3 All preliminary and forward annual data are based on a full enumeration of units using collected data supplemented by clerical estimates where data are not available. However, data for local governments has been fully enumerated for the years 1991–92 to 1994–95, and have been estimated for the years 1995–96 and 1996–97. This allows for the presentation of consolidated accounts for State, Territory and local governments and for all levels of government.
- 4 Summary tables presenting data classified by institutional sector (see Scope and Concepts and Definitions below) in respect of State and Territory Governments, State, Territory and local governments combined, and all levels of government combined are provided. Separate tables classified by institutional sector are also provided showing data for the Commonwealth Government, each State Government, the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory.
- 5 This publication gives details of outlays, revenue and financing of the non-financial public sector in Australia. This sector comprises units which are owned and/or controlled by the Commonwealth Government, State, Territory and local governments. These units are grouped into two institutional sectors as follows:
- public trading enterprises undertakings which aim at covering most
 of their expenses by revenue from sales of goods and services (note
 that major commodity marketing authorities established under
 Commonwealth or State legislation are included as public trading
 enterprises in the statistics shown in this publication); and
- general government all of the agencies of government not classified as either public trading or financial enterprises, i.e. all government departments, offices and other bodies engaged in providing services free of charge or at prices significantly below their cost of production; central borrowing authorities of State Governments are also classified as general government.

SCOPE

6 Public financial enterprises (bodies primarily engaged in financial transactions in the market involving both the incurring of liabilities and the acquisition of financial assets) are excluded from the scope of government finance statistics and included with private financial institutions in a separate sector. This is because they have a separate and distinct role in the economy. Home lending schemes are also classified as public financial enterprises.

CONCEPTS AND DEFINITIONS

- 7 To assist users in understanding the statistics presented in this and related publications, a separate manual, Government Finance Statistics, Australia: Concepts, Sources and Methods (5514.0) has been produced. This manual replaces the Classifications Manual for Government Finance Statistics, Australia (1217.0; last issue 1989).
- **8** The figures presented here are essentially a reclassification of the conventional accounts of public authorities that appear in budget documents or annual reports. The classification schemes used to reclassify the transactions in the conventional accounts into a government finance statistics presentation are:
- the Economic Transactions Framework (ETF), which categorises outlays, revenue and grants received and financing transactions according to their economic character to facilitate study of the macro-economic effect of government activity on the economy and to provide the basic building blocks for grouping transactions to be incorporated into the Australian National Accounts;
- the Government Purpose Classification (GPC), which is used to group outlays with similar functions to facilitate study of the broad purposes of public sector spending and assessment of the effectiveness of outlays in meeting government policy objectives; and
- the Institutional Sector Classification (INST), which classifies units into the general government or public trading enterprise sectors.

SOURCES OF DATA

- **9** The statistics shown in this publication are based on information given in, or underlying, the published accounting statements and reports of governments and their authorities plus additional dissections of reported transactions and balances.
- 10 For the Commonwealth Government and State and Territory Governments, the sources for final data are:
- public accounts and ledger systems of State and Territory Treasuries and the Commonwealth Department of Finance;
- annual reports of departments and authorities;
- budget papers; and
- reports of Auditors-General.
- 11 For the preliminary and forward estimates the data sources vary as follows:
- Commonwealth, State and Territory general government budget units
 — the various Commonwealth, State and Territory Governments' budgets which were brought down between May and September 1996; and
- Commonwealth, State and Territory general government non-budget units and public trading enterprises — special questionnaires.

12 For local government, the main data sources are annual statements of accounts and questionnaires completed by local authorities.

MEASURES OF GOVERNMENT FINANCING

13 Three main measures of government financing are presented in this publication — financing, deficit/surplus and deficit/surplus adjusted for net advances.

Financing

- 14 Financing is a measure of the means by which governments finance net outlays or invest net surpluses. It is the difference between total outlays and revenue and grants received. Financing comprises:
- net intra-sector advances received;
- net domestic borrowing;
- net borrowing from abroad;
- net deposits received;
- increase in investments;
- increase in currency and deposits;
- increase in provisions;
- equity capital (net); and
- other funds available (net).
- 15 In this publication, data for net intra-sector advances received and increase in provisions are presented separately, net domestic borrowing and borrowing from abroad are combined to form net borrowing, and a total is presented for the other items. This total is called other financing and is calculated as a residual.

Deficit/surplus

- 16 Deficit/surplus comprises financing less increase in provisions. The deficit/surplus excludes increase in provisions because these financing transactions involve funds generated within the sector itself (e.g. depreciation charges). As such, deficit/surplus is the broadest measure of the financing requirement for each sector involving funds from outside that sector.
- 17 In this publication the deficit/surplus is subdivided into current and capital components. The capital deficit/surplus is made up of capital grants and other capital revenue less capital outlays. The current deficit/surplus is calculated by subtracting the capital deficit/surplus from the total deficit/surplus. It is notionally equal to total revenue less capital grants received and other capital revenue plus increase in provisions minus current outlays.

Deficit adjusted for net advances

18 An additional measure, the deficit adjusted for net advances (which excludes the effects of most asset sales and debt refinancing), has been provided in this publication. Further details about this measure can be found in the appendix to these explanatory notes.

Calculation as a residual

19 It should be noted that although data is provided for items comprising government's financing transactions, this information is generally less reliable than for outlay and revenue items. For this reason, the overall measures of government financing i.e. total financing transactions, deficit/surplus, adjusted deficit/surplus are calculated as a residual of outlay less revenue items. These measures, therefore, reflect any errors or omissions contained in the data items used to derive them. This should be borne in mind when interpreting or using these measures.

Relationship to other terms and measures

- 20 Another measure of public sector financing transactions is net lending, which is published in the Australian National Accounts in tables for the general government and public trading enterprise sectors. Net lending is defined as the difference between the funds available to finance gross capital accumulation (e.g. provisions for consumption of fixed capital, surplus on current transactions) and the accumulation that has taken place (e.g. gross fixed capital expenditure, increase in stocks). A negative result indicates that capital accumulation has exceeded the funds available and, therefore, the sector has had to borrow.
- 21 This measure reflects national accounting concepts and practice which differ in several important respects from those applying in government finance statistics. The most important conceptual difference is that general government expenditures and receipts are recorded on an accruals basis (i.e. when goods are actually delivered or produced or when income is earned) in the Australian National Accounts, whereas in government finance statistics they are recorded on a cash basis.
- 22 In practice, a number of specific adjustments are made in the Australian National Accounts to convert data to an approximate accruals basis but these adjustments generally do not substantially affect the comparison between the deficit and net lending measures. Also, advances are recorded as outlays of the lender (when made) or offsets to outlays (when repaid) in government finance statistics. The Australian National Accounts treat them as financing transactions. Since the deficit adjusted for net advances excludes the effect of advances, this measure is in approximate agreement with net lending for the State and Territory jurisdictions.
- 23 However, for the Commonwealth Government, a further difference arises because of the treatment of general government provisions. These are transactions carried out by general government in respect of superannuation for employees and past employees of Commonwealth public trading enterprises. In GFS these transactions add to, or reduce, the deficit depending on whether they result in a net cash outflow or inflow for the general government sector. However, they are not presently included as transactions of general government in the Australian National Accounts, and are therefore excluded from the measurement of net lending. This has caused the deficit adjusted for net advances to be approximately \$1 billion higher than net lending for the Commonwealth Government since 1991–1992.
- 24 To compile statistics about the financial activities of a particular level of government, or any other grouping of public sector units, the receipts and payments for certain types of transactions between units within the chosen grouping (sub-sector) have to be matched and eliminated to avoid double counting. The process of matching and eliminating receipts and payments within the chosen sub-sector is known as consolidation.
- 25 Only certain types of transactions (transfer payments, borrowing and lending) between units within the non-financial public sector are eliminated on consolidation. Transactions which, in the Australian National Accounts are part of the gross product or final demand (i.e. final consumption or investment), are not eliminated. This is because these national accounting aggregates are unduplicated measures, and to eliminate transactions which are components of them would result in their understatement. For example, purchases by general government of capital equipment produced by a public trading enterprise are not eliminated in the consolidation of general government with public trading enterprises. To do so would understate the net operating surplus of public trading enterprises (a component of gross product) and the gross fixed capital expenditure of general government (a component of final demand).

CONSOLIDATION

26 Consolidation is particularly important at the State government level where approximately 40% of total outlays are financed by Commonwealth government grants and advances. Similarly, an appreciable part of the expenditure undertaken by State and Territory public trading enterprises is financed by advances and grants made to them from State and Territory general government. These transactions have been eliminated in the tables in this publication where consolidation has occurred.

INTERSTATE COMPARISONS

- 27 As mentioned earlier, government financial estimates aim to standardise the definitions, classifications, and treatment of government financial transactions to facilitate comparisons between levels of government and between States and Territories within a level of government.
- 28 However, the statistics also reflect real differences between the administrative and accounting arrangements of the various governments and these differences need to be taken into account when making interstate comparisons. For example, in the Australian Capital Territory only a State level of government exists and a number of functions performed by it are undertaken by local government authorities in other jurisdictions.
- 29 Interstate comparisons of data for public trading enterprises may be significantly affected by differences between States and Territories in the mix of operations undertaken by State and Territory Governments and local governments. For example:
- water and sewerage undertakings in Victoria, Western Australia and South Australia are operated exclusively by State authorities, but are run by local governments in other jurisdictions; and
- government transport undertakings are operated exclusively by State authorities in all States except Queensland.

RELATIONSHIP TO AUSTRALIAN NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

- **30** Government final consumption in the publication Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product, 1995–96 (5204.0) is higher than in this publication because national account statistics include estimates of consumption of fixed capital (i.e. the economic equivalent of depreciation) for the general government sector.
- 31 Statistics for government final consumption expenditure, advances paid and indirect taxes and subsidies in Australian National Accounts publications contain adjustments to account for timing differences arising from different bases of recording in the public and private sectors. An explanation of these adjustments is given in Australian National Accounts: Concepts, Sources and Methods (5216.0).
- 32 In determining a government's outlays, the statistics in Government Financial Estimates, Australia (5501.0) follow IMF standards and group net advances paid with capital outlays. The assumption is that this type of acquisition of financial claims on others by general government is, like other government expenditure, actuated by motives of public policy rather than for reasons of profit or liquidity management. The advance liability is recorded as financing by the debtor entity. This differs from the treatment in the Australian National Accounts which follows the SNA standard and groups (in financing) all transactions affecting financial claims, including all lending by governments.

RELATIONSHIP TO INFORMATION PUBLISHED IN BUDGET DOCUMENTS

- 33 Following a resolution of the May, 1991 Premiers' Conference, Commonwealth Government, State and Territory Governments have, since budget year 1992–93, presented information in their budget documents on the ABS's GFS basis. The information presented in the budget documents of each jurisdiction is compiled with the advice and assistance of ABS officers and generally conforms with the standards applied by the ABS. Jurisdictions may present the information based on their interpretation of the GFS classifications, but must provide a reconciliation of this information with information reflecting the ABS decision on these issues.
- 34 The main purpose of the Premiers' Conference resolution was to introduce uniformity into the presentation of budget information so that users of the information could make valid comparisons of information presented by each jurisdiction. The compilation of information on a GFS basis by jurisdictions has enabled the ABS to use this information relating to the forward and immediate past year in preparing this publication, with the result that much more timely release of the publication has been achieved.
- 35 The application of the agreement on uniform presentation has been modified to take account of the decision by several jurisdictions to move forward the date of their budgets. The data available for inclusion in time for early budgets is less comprehensive and accurate than that available for later budgets and this has resulted in greater differences between ABS, statistics, which are based on data supplied on or about 15 September 1996, and those included in early budget presentations. However, ABS statistics remain consistent with GFS presentations included in the later budgets or, for those jurisdictions with early budgets, with post-budget GFS presentations. Variations still remain between ABS statistics and those presented by the jurisdictions because ABS analysis can identify classification treatments with which ABS disagrees and because some errors do not become apparent until ABS consolidates data for all jurisdictions and compares annual data with quarterly data used in compiling the Australian National Accounts. These differences are generally minor. Also, occasionally ABS includes in this publication data not available when jurisdiction's GFS presentations were published (e.g. major asset sales) and this can lead to major differences.

UNPUBLISHED STATISTICS

36 In some cases, the ABS can make available information which is not published. This includes data for the years 1961–62 to 1990–91 prepared on a basis consistent with the data in this publication. This information may be made available in one or more of the following forms: photocopy; computer printout; floppy disk; clerically-extracted tabulation. Generally, a charge is made for providing unpublished information. Inquiries should be made to the officer whose name appears in the Inquiries section of the publication, or to Information Services in the nearest ABS Office.

RELATED PUBLICATIONS

37 Users may wish to refer to the following publications which contain related information:

Australian National Accounts: Financial Accounts (5232.0) — issued quarterly

Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product (5204.0) — issued annually

Australian National Accounts: National Income, Expenditure and Product (5206.0) — issued quarterly

Australian National Accounts: State Accounts (5220.0) — issued annually

Australian National Accounts: State Accounts (5242.0) — issued quarterly

Classifications Manual for Government Finance Statistics, Australia (1217.0) — last issued 1989

Government Finance Statistics, Australia (5512.0) — issued annually

Government Finance Statistics — Concepts, Sources and Methods (5514.0) — issued January 1995

Public Sector Financial Assets and Liabilities, Australia (5513.0) — issued annually

Taxation Revenue, Australia (5506.0) — issued annually

APPENDIX — DEFICIT MEASURES IN GFS

INTRODUCTION

A number of different 'bottom line measures' could be used to assist in the analysis of government finance statistics. This appendix lists most of the possibilities that might be considered, together with a brief discussion of the perceived advantages and disadvantages of each.

In essence, the deficit measures the extent to which each government is increasing or decreasing its financial position with units outside of that government sector. On the cash basis which is currently used in GFS, the financial position referred to relates to net financial assets and liabilities. It excludes increases in provisions, as these are internally generated.

All of the measures described below can be calculated in at least two different ways. For example, any deficit measure may be compiled using the result of either the activity that drives the deficit (receipts and outlays) or the means used to finance the deficit (net borrowing or net use of investments). The ABS considers that, after examining the reliability of the source data, the deficit is more reliably calculated using activity data. This is the methodology used in ABS GFS publications and, although a case could be made for the publication of both measures together with a statistical discrepancy, there are no plans at present to move to this type of presentation.

FINANCING MEASURE

This measure is defined as the sum of current and capital outlays less revenue. It is not used in GFS, although it is used as the headline deficit in Commonwealth Budget Papers. The deficit measure recommended by the International Monetary Fund's *Manual of Government Finance Statistics* is more compatible with this measure than the cash-based deficit. This is due to the treatment of special arrangements that have been made in the ABS GFS system to accommodate the use of PTE provisions by general government.

CASH-BASED DEFICIT

This has traditionally been the main deficit measure used in GFS. It is defined as the sum of current and capital outlays, less revenue, less increase in provisions. It is, therefore, quite similar to the Financing Measure described above. The only difference is that the net increase in provisions, which reflects internally generated funds and some transactions undertaken on behalf of other sectors, is subtracted.

To the extent that the cash-based deficit reflects the net call on financing, it will remain an important measure for use in macro-economic analysis and the implementation of fiscal policy. However, it has been a troublesome tool when applied to the task of comparing the performance of jurisdictions as it suffers from a number of serious disadvantages. The cash-based deficit does not present a complete picture of a jurisdiction's activities as it excludes, for example, the increase in unfunded superannuation liabilities. It is also seriously distorted by events such as major asset sales and the refinancing of State debt under the National Debt Sinking Fund agreement.

With regard to asset sales, a government may finance its deficit by selling off a part of itself. Due to the fact that the sale of equity is classified as an offset to capital outlays, this receipt is shown as a reduction in the deficit rather than as a means of financing the deficit. This means that a government may achieve a balanced budget result simply by selling off its productive enterprises. Clearly, this sort of activity should be reflected in any measure of a government's financial performance.

For these reasons the ABS has decided to make the 'deficit adjusted for net advances' the main deficit measure used in GFS.

DEFICIT ADJUSTED FOR NET ADVANCES

This is defined as the cash-based deficit/surplus less net advances paid. Net advances paid comprises equity sales and repayment of past policy lending less equity injections/purchases and new policy lending.

This measure, therefore, excludes the effects of most asset sales and the refinancing of State government debt to the Commonwealth Government. However, major asset sales which do not involve the sale of equity (e.g. Loy Yang B and Gladstone Power Station or casino licenses) are not taken into account. Information is provided in the analysis of asset sales on pages 10–12 of this publication which enables users to assess significant changes in non-equity asset sales.

The deficit adjusted for net advances can be used to provide an indicator of the structural deficit, although it should be used with some caution as the ABS is unable, at this time, to remove the effects of the economic cycle from the adjusted deficit.

NET FINANCING REQUIREMENT This may be defined as the cash-based deficit less net advances received from other sub-sectors of the non-financial public sector. It is broadly equivalent to the public sector borrowing requirement, and reflects that portion of the call on financing which is met by non-government sources.

This measure has substantially the same advantages and disadvantages as the cash-based deficit. It does have one other advantage, which is that (apart from timing differences in the recording of transactions) the measure is additive across sub-sectors. That is, the sum of the NFRs for component sub-sectors equals the consolidated NFR for aggregate sectors. This is not the case for the financing measure or the cash-based deficit, as some consolidatable transfers cross the deficit boundary.

However, this measure can be distorted by payments or repayments between sectors more easily than the cash-based deficit, and its use is no longer favoured by the ABS.

'OWN' SAVING

This may be defined as the excess of current revenue over current expenditure less current grants received. It represents that portion of saving that is funded from the sector's own resources. This measure has limited usefulness in the GFS context.

OTHER CASH-BASED MEASURES Some other cash-based measures may be used to assess government activity in GFS. These measures are the Operational Deficit, the Primary Deficit and the Structural Deficit. These measures have not been given serious consideration for use in GFS as they are considered to be either too difficult to produce, not sufficiently meaningful to the majority of users, or otherwise inappropriate in the GFS context.

Operational deficit (inflation corrected deficit)

This measure is defined as the net financing requirement less that portion of interest which may be viewed as attributable to the effects of inflation. That is, it is equivalent to an NFR that has been compiled using interest calculated based on a real interest rate rather than the nominal interest rate.

Primary deficit (non-interest deficit)

This is a measure of the deficit which excludes interest payments. It may be used to assess the current policy stance of a government, as it excludes the effects of past deficits.

Structural deficit

This is the underlying deficit after removing the effects of external and extraordinary factors. These would include movements in interest rates, inflation, deviations in domestic incomes and asset sales. It represents the deficit that is likely to persist unless corrective measures are undertaken.

ACCRUAL-BASED MEASURES

The ABS is currently considering appropriate accrual-based 'bottom line' measures for use in the proposed accruals GFS presentation (for details on the proposal to shift GFS to an accruals basis see Exposure Draft: Introduction of an Accruals Basis in Government Finance Statistics, available from the ABS on request).

GLOSSARY

The major economic transaction categories used in this publication are defined below.

Advances paid (net)

Lending by public authorities with the aim of achieving government policy objectives *less* repayment of past lending.

This category includes the purchase of shares or other increases in equity in enterprises for the purposes of funding the activities of those enterprises. Conversely, sales of shares or a reduction of government equity in public or private enterprises are recorded as a reduction in advances paid. Most major asset sales involve sale of equity in government business undertakings and result in reductions in advances paid.

Advances received (net)

Borrowing, net of repayments, from other public authorities.

The bulk of this item relates to borrowings formerly carried out by the Commonwealth on behalf of State and Territory Governments and passed on to those governments as advances from the Commonwealth. The Commonwealth Government no longer borrows on behalf of other governments and State and Territory Governments are repaying past advances giving rise to negative values for advances received in recent years.

Borrowing (net)

Borrowing, net of repayments, from both domestic and overseas sources.

Capital deficit

Capital outlays *less* capital revenues and capital grants received (see *Deficit* below).

Capital grants

Unrequited payments (see definition below) intended to contribute towards the cost of capital expenditure of the recipients.

Capital outlays

Expenditure on new fixed assets *plus* net purchases of other capital assets *plus* increase in stocks *plus* transfers to other bodies to fund capital expenditure.

Current deficit

Current outlays *less* current revenues and current grants received *less* increase in provisions (see *Deficit* below).

Current expenditure

Non-capitalised expenditure on wages, salaries and supplements *plus* purchases of goods and services *plus* employer contributions to superannuation schemes.

Current grants paid

Unrequited payments (see definition below) intended to finance the current operations of the recipients, except trading enterprises where all such transfers to finance current operations are classified as subsidies or negative income transfers. This category mainly comprises grants to non-profit institutions (e.g. non-government schools), foreign governments and other general government authorities (e.g. universities).

Commonwealth current grants are split to show whether the grants are to the private or public sector. Grants to State Governments are split further to show whether they were retained by the State Government or were onpassed to other recipients.

Current outlays

Net current expenditure on goods and services *plus* current transfer payments.

Current expenditure on goods and services is expenditure by general government authorities which does not result in the creation of fixed assets or acquisition of land, buildings, intangible assets or second-hand plant and equipment. Sales of goods and services are offset against gross expenditure in calculating current outlays.

Current transfer payments include payments for property rights (e.g. interest payments) and unrequited transfers for which there is no return for payment, such as subsidies, personal benefit payments and current grants.

Deficit

The sum of all outlays less revenue less increases (decreases) in provisions.

In essence the deficit measures the extent to which each government, or its subsectors, is increasing or decreasing its debt-related financial position (i.e. net financial assets and liabilities excluding equity) with units outside that government or subsector. Increases in provisions are excluded because they are generated within the subsector.

Deficits are subdivided into current and capital deficits. The current deficit is equal to current outlays *less* current revenues *less* current grants received *less* increase in provisions. The capital deficit is made up of capital outlays *less* capital revenues and capital grants received.

Deficit adjusted for net advances

This measure is the deficit *less* net advances paid (which includes net injections/acquisitions or sales of equity as well as other government lending for policy purposes).

Expenditure on land and intangible assets (net)

Purchases *less* sales of land and intangible assets such as patents and copyrights.

Expenditure on new fixed assets

Expenditure on tangible assets which are intended to be used in the production process for longer than a year. Such assets cover construction work and equipment (including transport equipment) but exclude defence equipment (which is classified by convention as current), land, mineral deposits and expenditure on goods or buildings which are intended for sale.

Expenditure on second-hand assets (net)

Purchase of second-hand assets less sales of used capital assets.

It generally comprises the acquisition and disposal of non-residential buildings, previously rented dwellings and used plant and equipment.

A negative value indicates that sales exceed purchases.

Final consumption expenditure

General government's expenditure on provision of goods and services less the value of its output sold to others.

Financing

The sum of transactions by which governments finance their deficits or invest their surpluses. Financing represents the difference between revenue and grants and total outlays.

Grants received

Current and capital unrequited payments (see definition below) received from other units in the non-financial public sector.

This category is further sub-classified for State and Territory Governments to indicate whether grants received are used to fund those governments operations or are Commonwealth grants to be onpassed to designated government authorities (e.g. universities) or other bodies (e.g. non-government schools).

Gross Domestic Product (GDP)

The GDP measure used in this publication is the current price measure GDP(I) which is the sum of factor incomes, consumption of fixed capital (depreciation) and indirect taxes.

Gross fixed capital expenditure

Expenditure on new fixed assets *less* net sales of second-hand assets. The term *gross* in the title indicates that no depreciation allowances have been deducted in this category.

Income transferred to general government

That part of the income of public trading enterprises which is paid to their parent bodies or governments in the nature of dividends, transfers of profit or similar transactions *less* amounts received to cover current deficits other than amounts received to offset recurring losses (which are classified as subsidies — see definition below). Amounts received to cover current but non-recurring losses are included as offsets to income transferred to general government because they are regarded as negative income transfers.

Increase in provisions

Increase in public trading enterprise provisions for depreciation and increase in provisions for superannuation, long service leave and the like.

Increase in stocks

Increase (if negative, a decrease) in stocks of materials, stores, goods for sale (e.g. wool stocks) and spare parts.

Interest payments

Payments for the use of borrowed money.

Interest payments include discounts and premiums incorporated into the sale price of securities. Interest payments by PTEs to the general government sector are identified separately.

Interest received

Current receipts from government bank balances, investments and advances.

Net operating surplus

The excess of the value of a public trading enterprise's sales receipts over costs incurred in producing its output. These costs include depreciation charges and indirect taxes *less* subsidies but exclude interest, dividends, land rent, royalties and direct taxes.

Other capital outlays

This category includes capital outlays not shown elsewhere. It mainly comprises unrequited capital transfers and the net increase in stocks.

Other financing transactions

Net changes in balances of financial assets and liabilities other than borrowing, advances received and provisions.

Other revenue

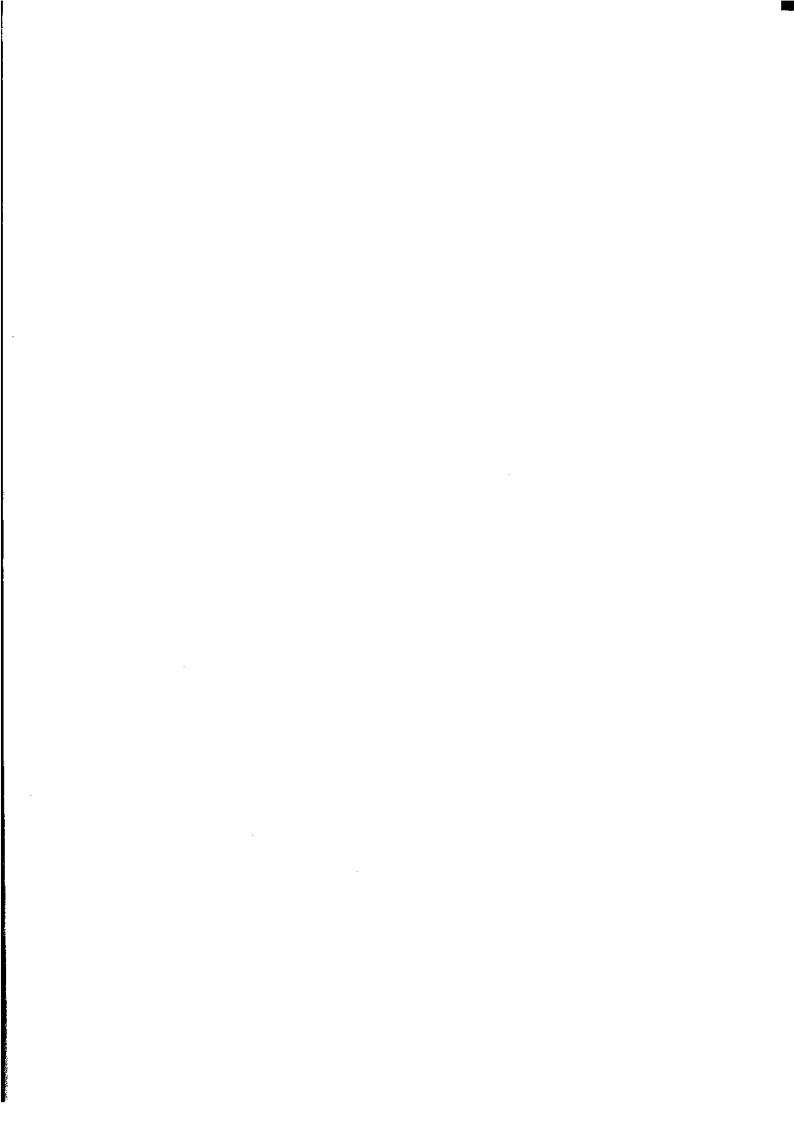
This category includes revenue not shown elsewhere. It mainly comprises dividends from public trading and financial enterprises, land rent and royalties received, dividends from investments and reimbursements for work done on behalf of private bodies.

Other transfer payments

Unrequited payments (see definition below) not already included in current outlay categories. These include land rent and royalty payments, income transfers from trading enterprises to general government and taxes and levies paid by government authorities.

Outlays

Total of current and capital outlays.



Personal benefit payments Unrequited payments (see definition below) from general government for the benefit of individuals or households. These include aged and disability pensions, medical and pharmaceutical benefits, unemployment benefits, family allowances and the like.

Revenue

The non-repayable receipts available to finance the outlays of public authorities.

Revenue consists mainly of taxes, grants, interest, royalties and dividends and the operating surpluses of public trading enterprises.

Sales of goods and services

The value of current general government output sold to other public and private bodies.

Subsidies paid to PTEs

Grants paid by general government to public trading enterprises to offset recurring losses.

Recurring losses are those losses that are a consequence of government policy to maintain prices at a level that does not cover the cost of production.

Subsidies received

Unrequited payments (see definition below) made by public authorities to public enterprises to allow them to provide goods or services at reduced cost.

Taxes, fees and fines

Taxes are compulsory levies imposed by government to raise revenue.

There is usually no clear and direct link between payment of taxes and the provision of goods and services. Fees are levies which are related to the regulation of an activity or where payment is associated with provision of goods and services but which do not correspond to the sale of goods and services. Fines are civil and criminal penalties imposed on law breakers (other than tax penalties which are included with taxes).

Unrequited payments

Payments made for which nothing is received directly in return.



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