



1994
National Aboriginal and
Torres Strait Islander Survey
Hobart ATSI Region



NEW ISSUE

NATIONAL ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER SURVEY 1994

(Including selected statistics from the 1991 Census of Population and Housing and
the 1992 ATSiC Housing and Community Infrastructure Needs Survey)

REGIONAL STATISTICS

HOBART ATSiC REGION

TASMANIAN ABORIGINAL REGIONAL COUNCIL

Lois O'Donoghue CBE AM
Chairperson
Aboriginal and Torres Strait
Islander Commission

W. McLennan
Australian Statistician
Australian Bureau of Statistics

AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS
CANBERRA, AUSTRALIA

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PREFACE

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994: Regional Statistics, is a series of 36 publications which present a summary of the results from the 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey. A *Regional Statistics* publication has been produced for each of the ATSI Regions and the Torres Strait Area. These publications do not present community level statistics; such statistics are available from the Census of Population and Housing.

The 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey provides a wealth of information about the social, economic, and health status of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. An important use of the statistics from the Survey is to assist Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations and individuals in making their planning decisions.

The *Regional Statistics* publications result from a joint venture between the Australian Bureau of Statistics and the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission.

These publications present summary statistical information in graphical form without explanation. Each publication contains a range of statistics relating to family and culture; health; housing; education and training; employment and income; and law and justice.

The publications in this series are presented in a common format to allow information for different regions to be easily compared.

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Islander Commission

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Australian Statistician
Australian Bureau of Statistics

February 1996

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The success of the 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey would not have been possible without the contributions of:

- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people who participated in the final survey and the earlier survey trials;
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander interviewers who collected the information throughout Australia;
- members of the Survey Advisory Committee and Technical Reference Groups who provided detailed advice on the survey content and methodology; and
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations, Government departments and other organisations which assisted the ABS and advisory groups to design the survey and lay the groundwork for a successful data collection.

CAUTIONS

- Statistics can have a high level of uncertainty due to small sample sizes. This is indicated by asterisk (**) and must be recognised when interpreting figures and percentages referred to in this publication. The level of uncertainty in statistics can be derived from the standard errors table shown in Appendix C.
- Population projections, based on June 1991 experimental estimates, have been prepared by the ABS for each ATSI region using assumptions agreed to by ATSI. Sampling variation within ATSI regions can result in discrepancies between survey estimates and population projections.
- Statistics based on self-reported information or people's opinions should be interpreted cautiously.

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INQUIRIES . *for further information about statistics in this publication* , contact the National Centre for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics on (089) 43 2193 (freecall 1800 63 3216), or any ABS Office.

. *for information about other ABS statistics and services*, please refer to page 95 of this publication.

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SYMBOLS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Symbols The following symbols, where shown in columns of figures or elsewhere in tables, mean:

. . not applicable

** subject to high sampling variability

(see Appendix C for explanation of sampling variability).

All figures have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between totals and the sums of the component items.

Explanatory notes See Appendix B of ABS publication 4190.0

Related publications Other ABS publications which may be of interest include:

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Detailed Findings (4190.0).

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Australia's Indigenous Youth (4197.0)

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Better Employment Outcomes (4199.0) to be released in April 1996.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics Catalogue (1138.0).

Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products (1101.0)*. The ABS also issues the *Release Advice (1105.0)* On Tuesdays and Fridays which lists publications to be released in the next few days. Both the Catalogue and Release Advice are available from any ABS office.

Unpublished statistics As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant unpublished data available. For further information about these statistics and related publications contact:

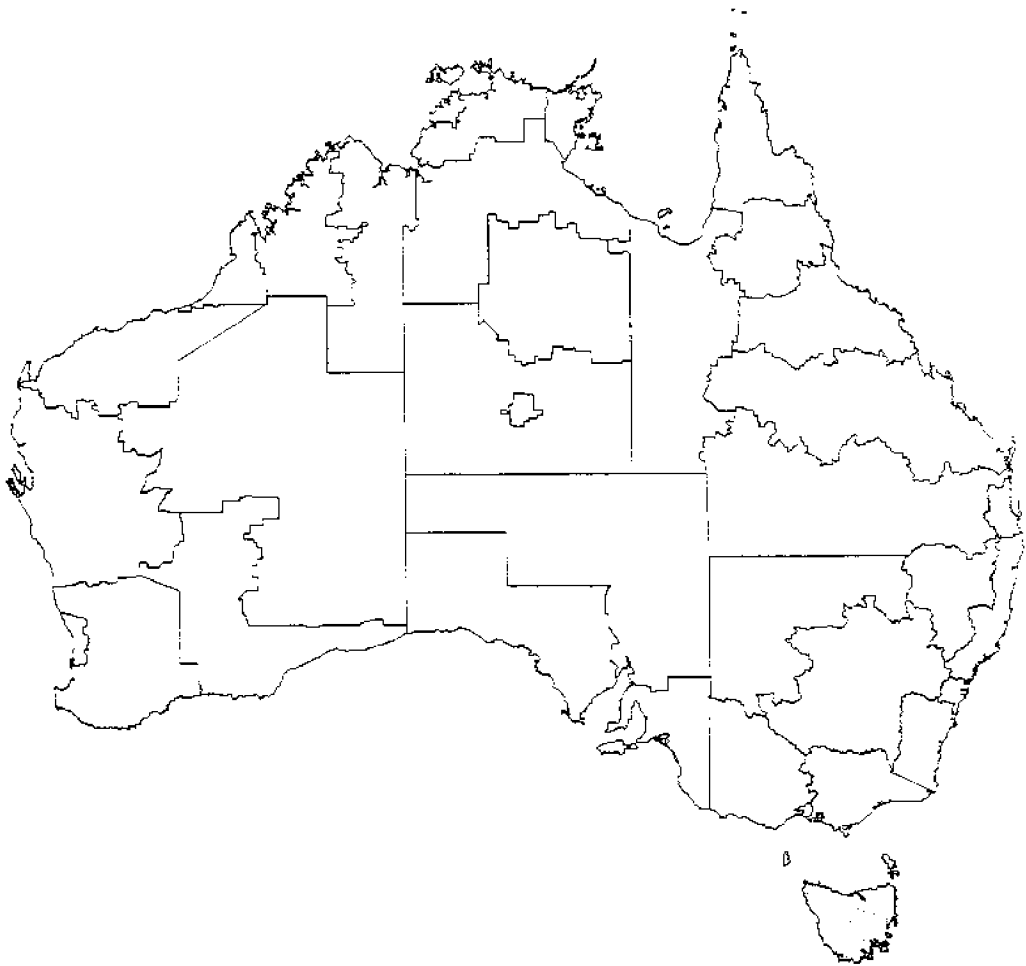
National Centre for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics
Australian Bureau of Statistics
GPO Box 3796 Darwin, NT 0801

Freecall: 1800 633 216

Fax: (089) 410 715

INTRODUCTION

Map 1 Location of Hobart ATSIC Region



Location The Hobart ATSIC Region covers an area of 68,490 square kilometres taking in all of Tasmania including Flinders and Cape Barren Islands.

Tasmanian Regional Aboriginal Council The Tasmanian Regional Aboriginal Council comprises nineteen Regional Councillors elected by the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander voters of the region to look after their interests. These Regional Councillors elect a Commissioner to represent the Tasmania Zone on the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission.

Main population centres At the time of the 1991 Census the local government areas (municipalities) with the highest proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people were Flinders (11%), Port Cygnet (9%), Esperance (7%) and Strahan (6%).

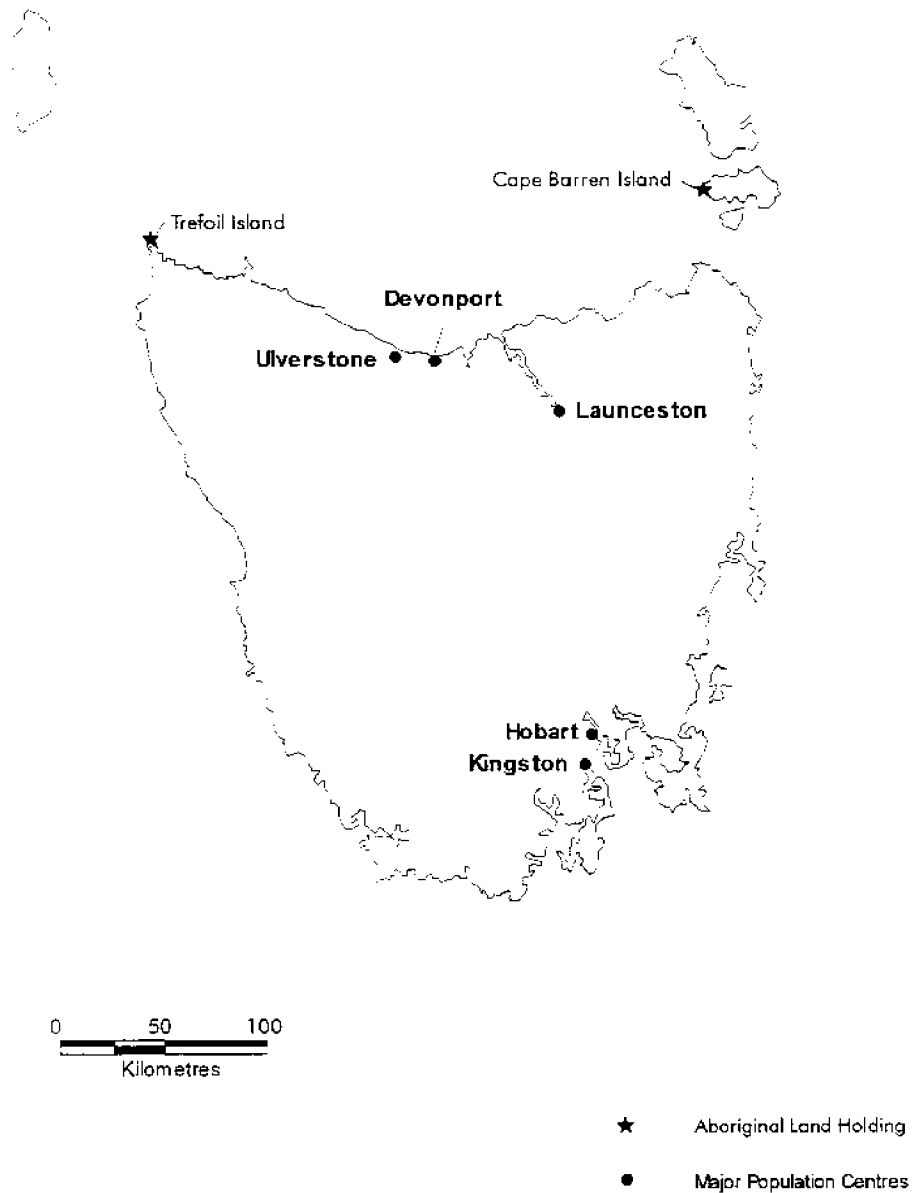
Population growth The Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population in the region was projected to be some 10,140 people at 30 June 1994. This was an increase of 7.2 per cent on the June 1991 estimate of 9,460 people.



CHAPTER ONE

FAMILY AND CULTURE

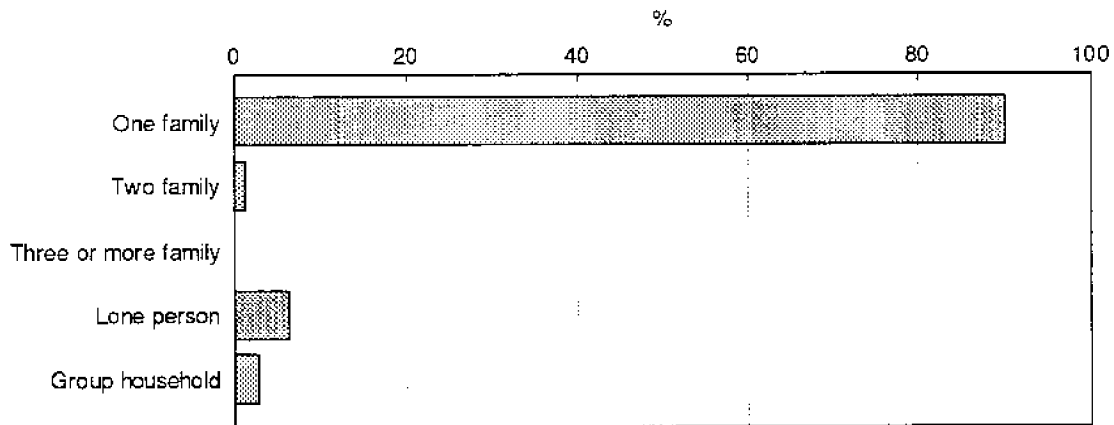
Map 2 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Land Hobart Region 1992



Source: Land Tenure Map, 1992, AUSLIG
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FIGURE 1.1 HOUSEHOLD TYPE

Households living in private dwellings



Household type

Some 4,440 households were living in the Hobart region. The various household types identified were:

- one family (3,990 households)
- two family (50** households)
- lone person (280 households)
- group household (120** households)

see page (iv) for explanation of **

Number of people in household

The number of people in these households was estimated to be:

- one or two people (1,590 households)
- three to five people (2,610 households)
- six or seven people (230 households)
- eight or more people (20** households)

FIGURE 1.2 NUMBER OF PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD

Households living in private dwellings

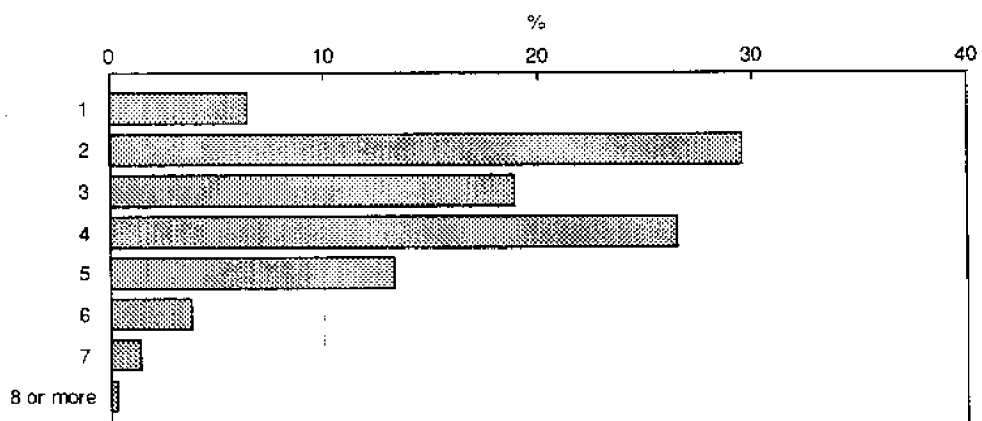
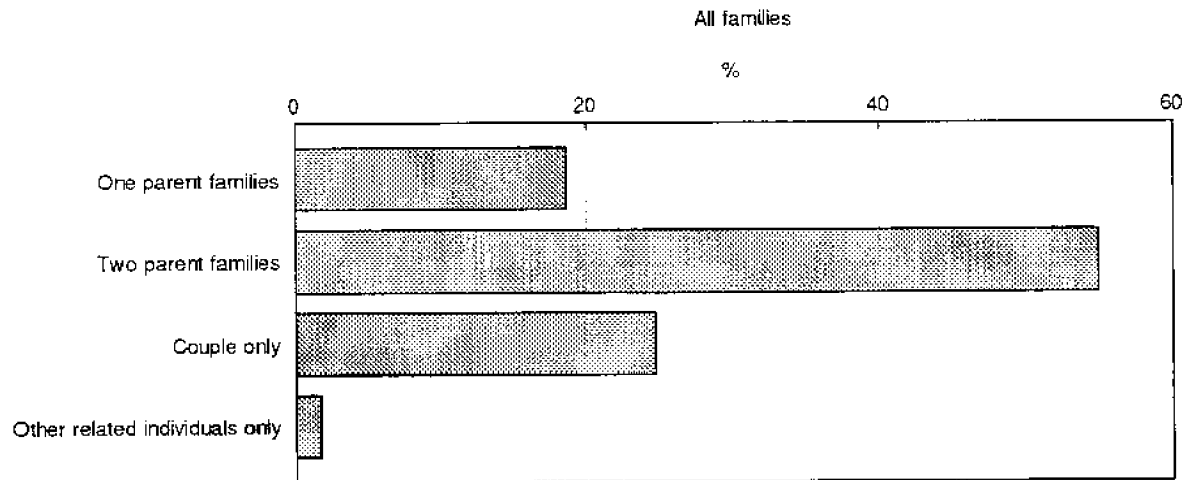


FIGURE 1.3 FAMILY TYPE



Family type

There were some 4,030 families living in the Hobart region. The various family types identified were:

- one parent families (750 families)
- two parent families (2,210 families)
- couple only (1,000 families)
- other related individuals only (70** families)

Composition of family

The composition of these families was:

- Indigenous members only (780 families)
- both Indigenous and non-Indigenous members (3,250 families)

FIGURE 1.4 COMPOSITION OF FAMILY

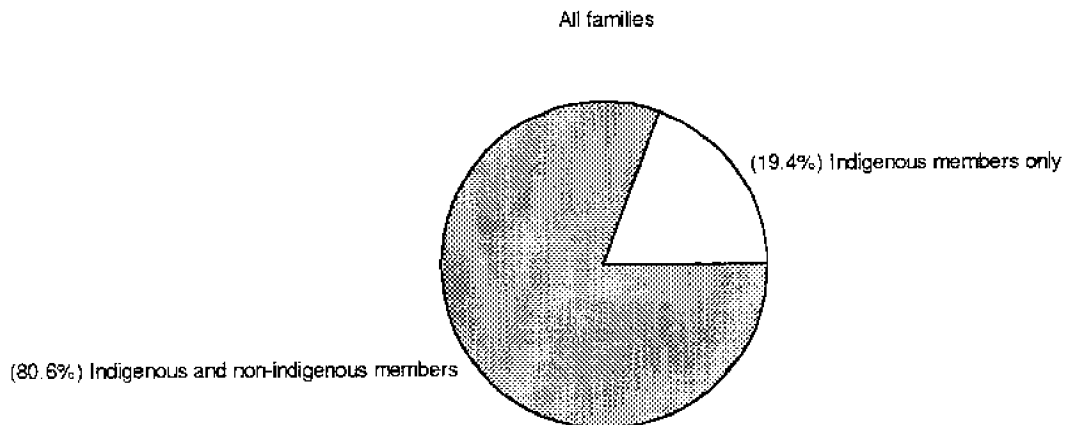
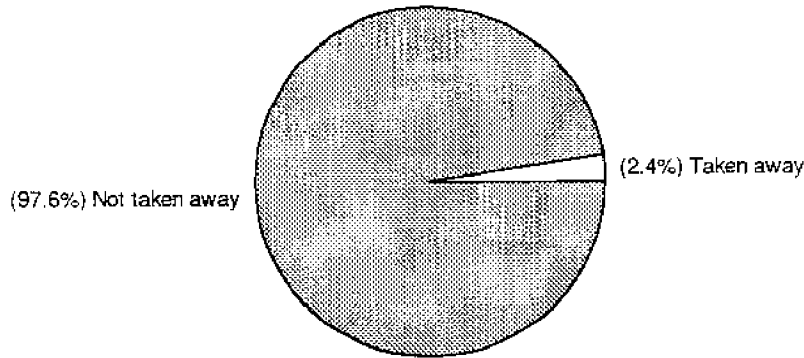


FIGURE 1.5 TAKEN AWAY FROM NATURAL FAMILY

Persons aged 25 years and over



Separation from families Some 90** people aged twenty-five years and over reported that they were taken away from their natural families.

Childcare The childcare arrangements of the 2,200 families with children aged twelve years and under were:

- formal childcare only (190 families)
- combination of formal childcare and family/friends (60** families)
- family and friends only (1,020 families)
- did not use childcare (870 families)

FIGURE 1.6 CHILDCARE ARRANGEMENTS

Families with children aged 12 years and younger

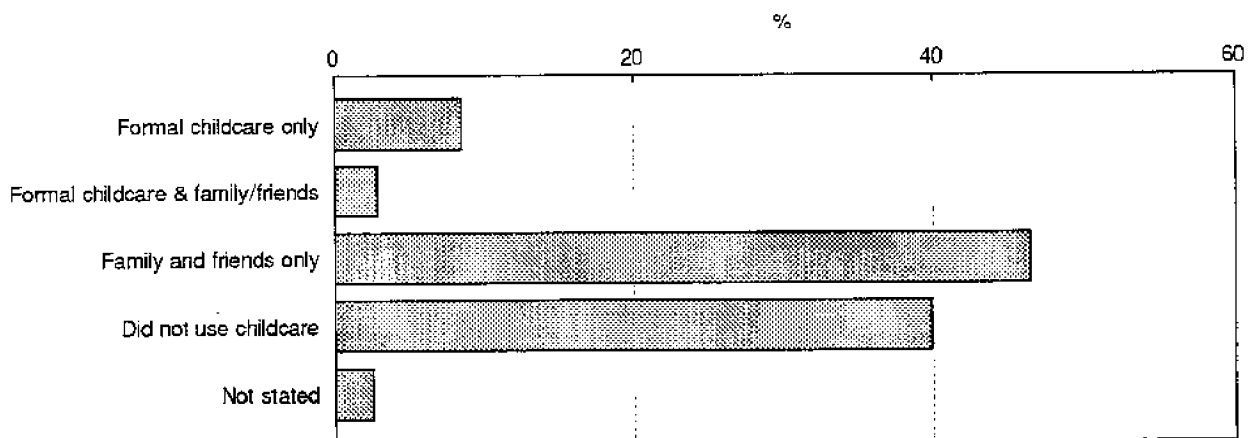
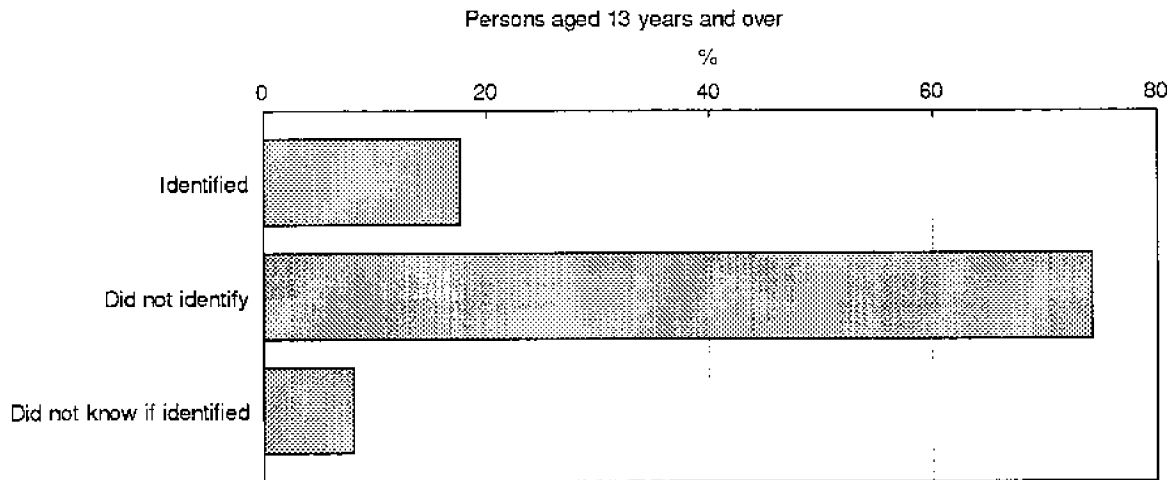


FIGURE 1.7 IDENTIFICATION WITH CLAN, TRIBAL OR LANGUAGE GROUP



Identification with clan, tribal or language group

Some 1,170 of those 6,600 people aged thirteen years and over said that they identified with a clan, tribal or language group.

Role of elders

People aged thirteen years and over stated that the role of elders was:

- important (4,380 people)
- not important (1,240 people)
- did not know (980 people)

FIGURE 1.8 ROLE OF ELDERS

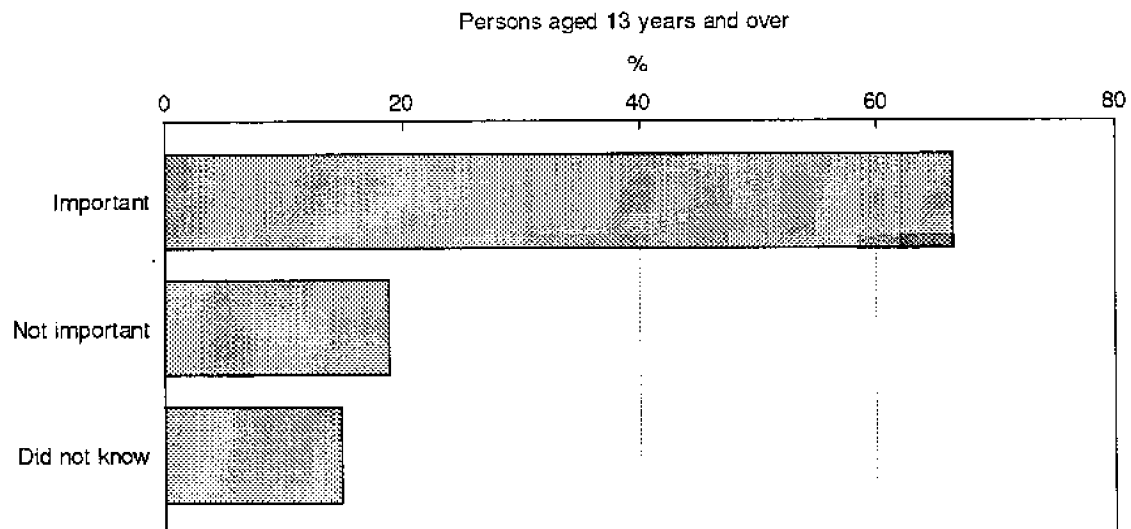
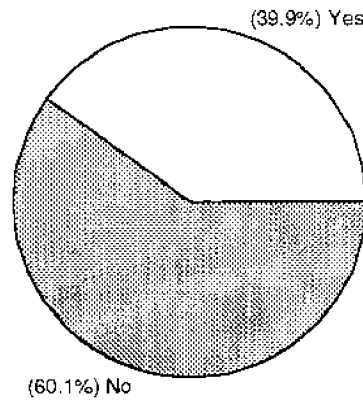


FIGURE 1.9 RECOGNITION OF HOMELANDS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Recognition of homelands

Of people aged thirteen years and over:

- 2,630 people recognised an area as their homelands
- 3,960 people did not recognise any area as their homelands

Characteristics of people who recognise homelands

Of those people who reported that they recognise an area as their homelands:

- 1,860 grew up in their homelands
- 1,200 were living on their homelands
- 2,230 said that their ancestors came from the area that they recognise as their homelands

FIGURE 1.10 CHARACTERISTICS OF PERSONS WHO RECOGNISE HOMELANDS

Persons aged 13 years and over who recognise homelands

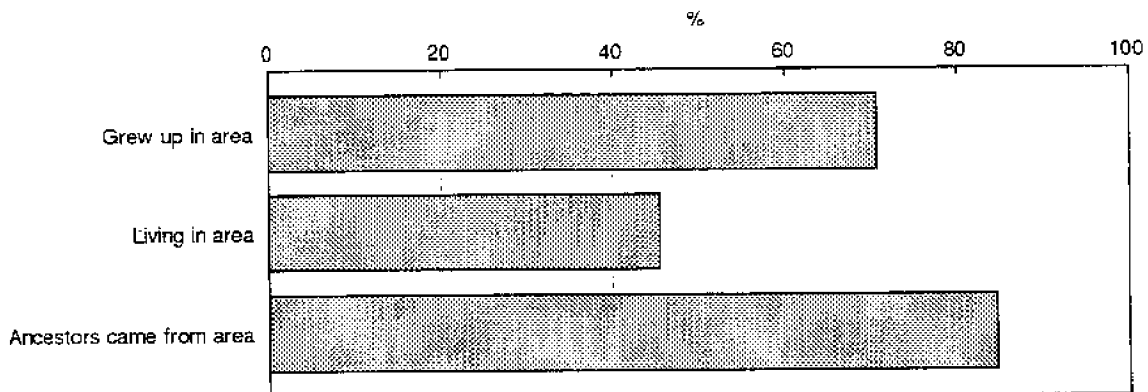
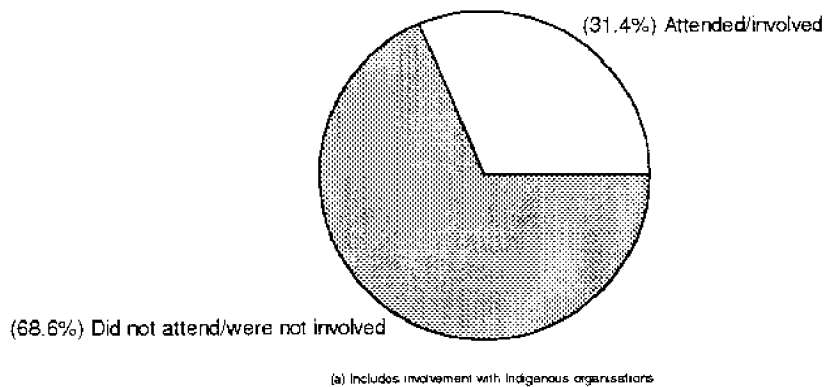


FIGURE 1.11 ATTENDANCE AT CULTURAL ACTIVITIES (a)

Persons aged 13 years and over



Attendance at cultural activities

Over the past year 2,070 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they had attended one or more Indigenous cultural activity or were involved with Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations.

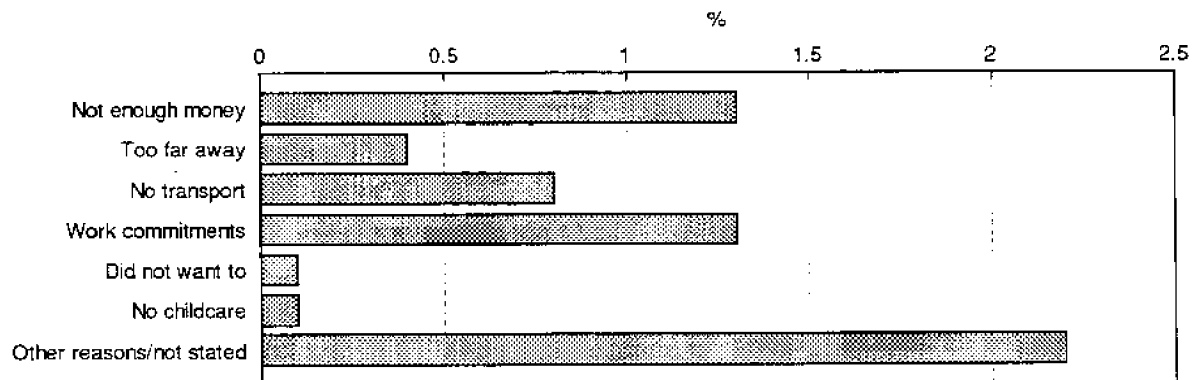
Reasons why could not attend all cultural activities

The main reasons why people could not attend all cultural activities over the past year were:

- work commitments (90** people)
- not enough money (80** people)
- no transport (50** people)
- other reasons (150 people)

FIGURE 1.12 REASONS WHY COULD NOT ATTEND ALL CULTURAL ACTIVITIES (a)

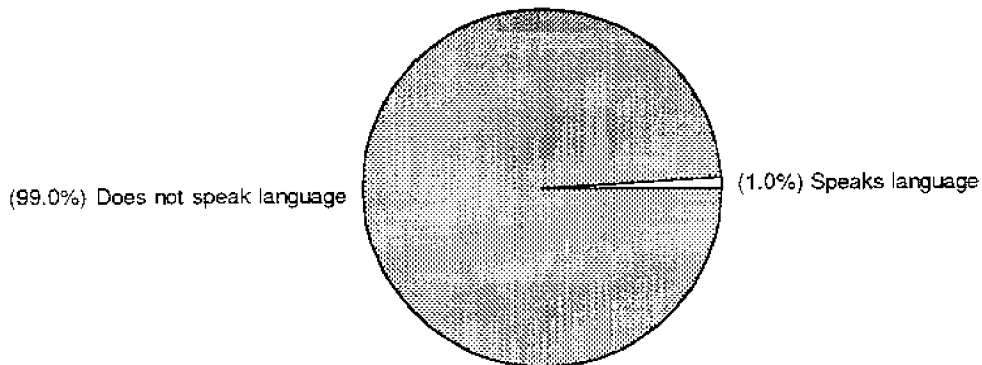
Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) Persons may have given more than one reason for not being able to attend

FIGURE 1.13 ABORIGINAL OR TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER LANGUAGES

Persons aged 5 years and over



Speaks an Indigenous language

Some 80** of the 8,670 people aged five years and over reported that they could speak an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander language.

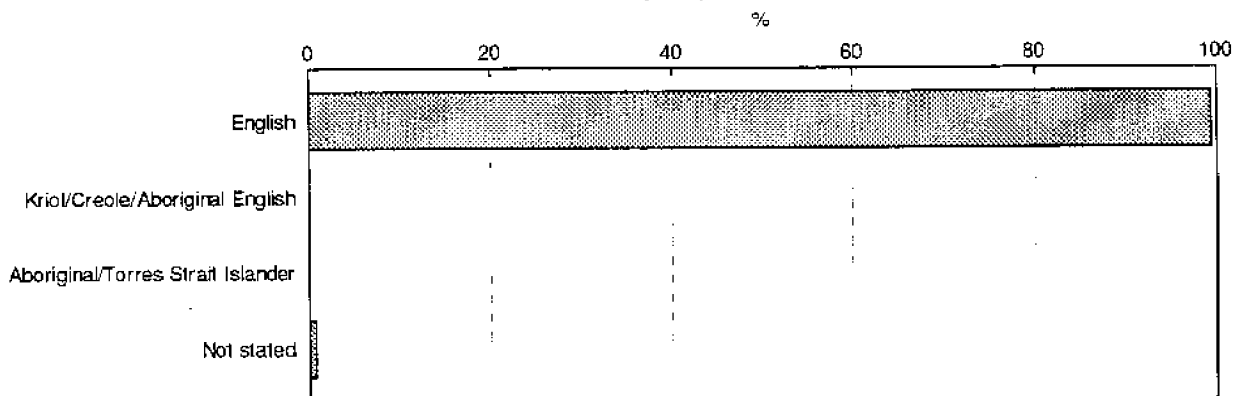
Main language spoken at home

The main language spoken at home by people aged five years and over was:

- English (8,610 people)

FIGURE 1.14 MAIN LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME

Persons aged 5 years and over

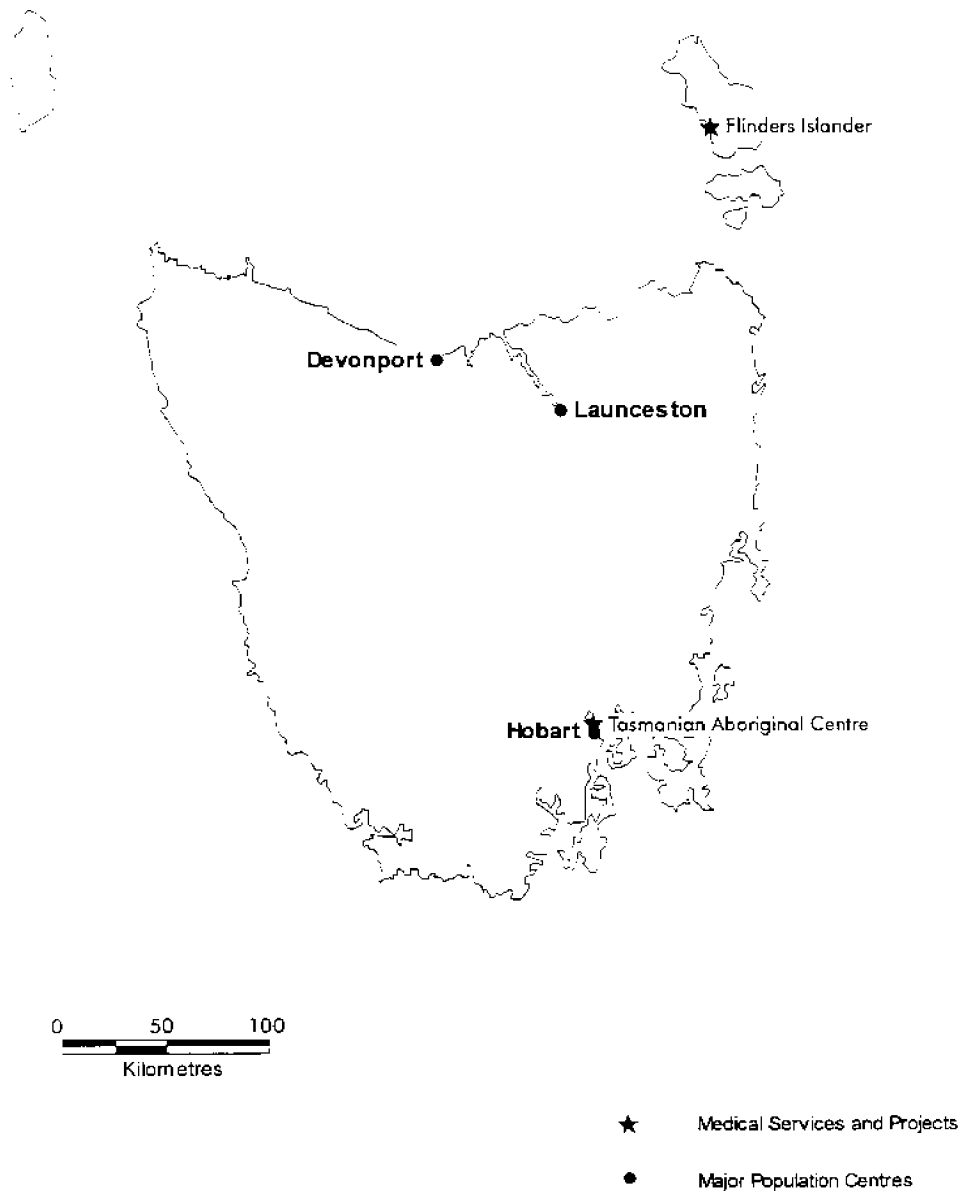




CHAPTER TWO

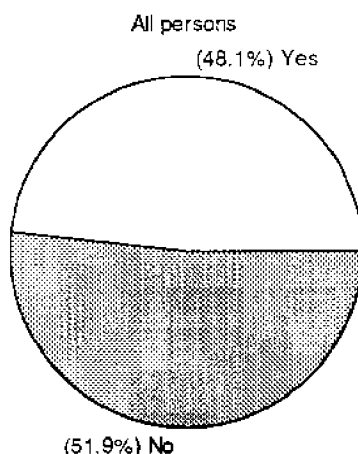
HEALTH

Map 3 Indigenous Health Services and Projects Funded by ATSIC Hobart Region



Note: The provision of primary health care transferred from
ATSIC to the Department of Human Services and Health in 1995.
Source: National Aboriginal Health Strategy, 1994.

FIGURE 2.1 EXPERIENCED A RECENT ILLNESS

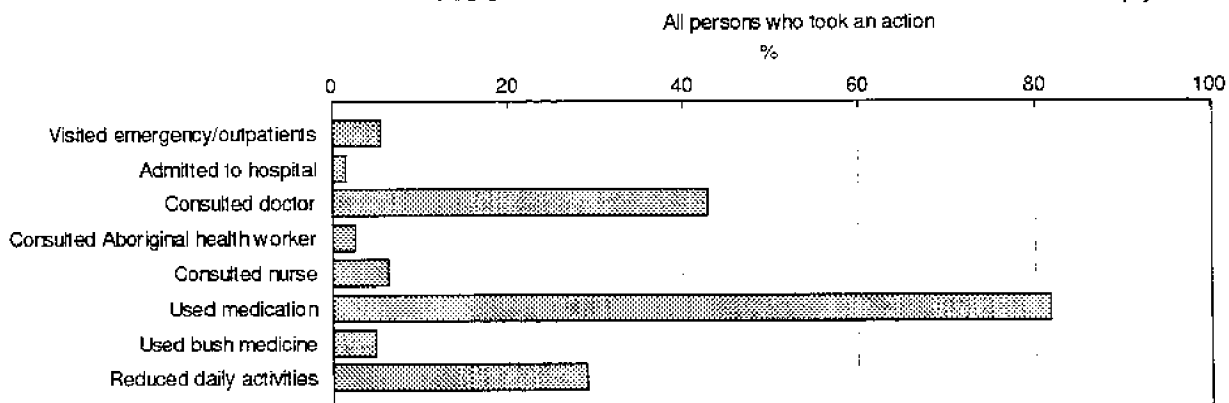


Recent illness Some 4,870 people experienced an illness in the two weeks prior to the survey.

Health related actions An estimated 5,090 people took one or more health related actions in the two weeks prior to the survey. The most common actions taken were:

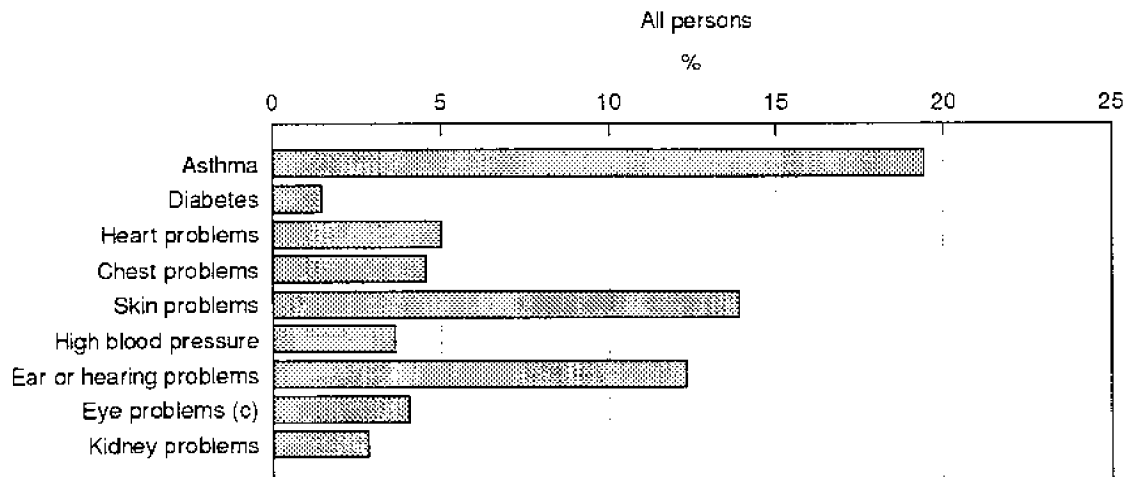
- used medication (4,160 people)
- consulted a doctor (2,180 people)
- reduced daily activities (1,480 people)
- consulted a nurse (330 people)
- visited emergency/outpatients clinic (280 people)
- used bush medicine (250 people)

FIGURE 2.2 TYPE OF HEALTH RELATED ACTIONS (a)



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one type of action

FIGURE 2.3 LONG TERM ILLNESS CONDITIONS (a) (b)



(a) Long term conditions are conditions which have lasted for 6 months or more (b) Persons may have indicated more than one condition (c) Excludes eye problems which can be corrected by glasses

Long term illness conditions

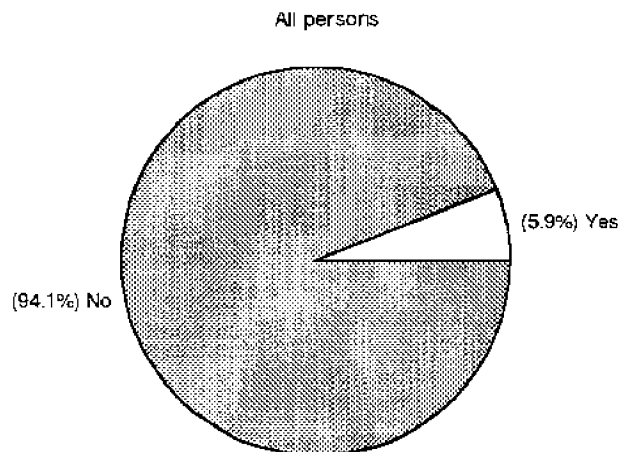
Some 4,210 people, or twenty-three per cent of the total population, reported one or more long term illness conditions. The most common conditions were:

- asthma (1,960 people)
- skin problems (1,400 people)
- ear or hearing problems (1,250 people)
- heart problems (510 people)
- chest problems (500 people)
- eye problems (400 people)

Health related travel

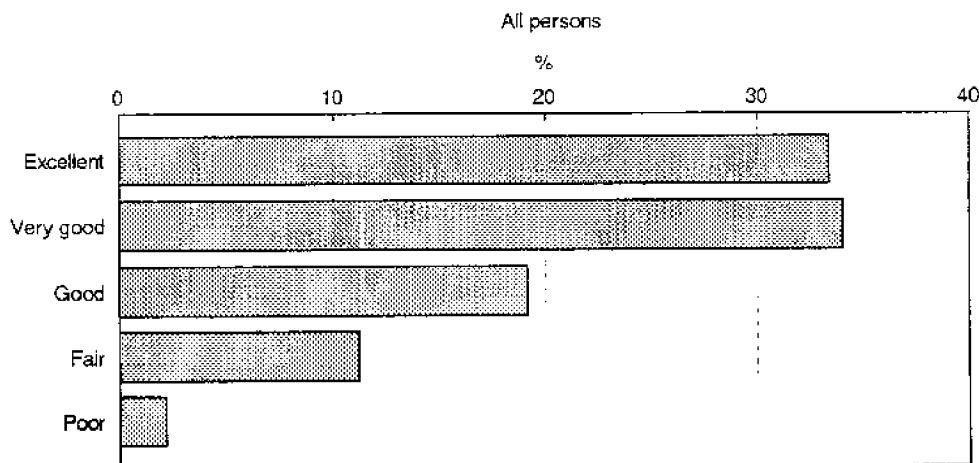
Some 600 people reported that during the last twelve months they had gone away from the area for treatment of a health problem.

FIGURE 2.4 GONE AWAY FOR TREATMENT (a)



(a) Refers to health related treatment during the last 12 months

FIGURE 2.5 SELF ASSESSED HEALTH STATUS



Self-assessed health status The self-assessed health status of the 10,110 people in the Hobart region was:

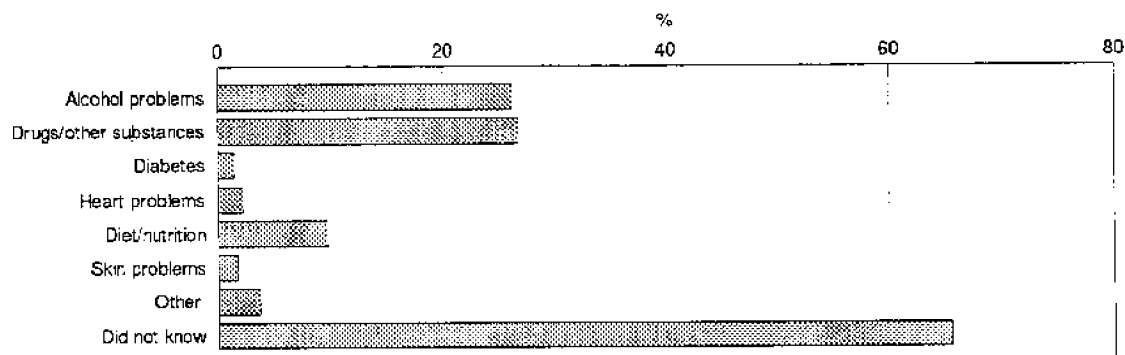
- excellent or very good (6,820 people)
- good or fair (3,080 people)
- poor (220 people)

Local health problems The 6,600 people aged thirteen years and over thought the main health problems in the Hobart region were:

- alcohol (1,730 people)
- drugs/other substances (1,770 people)
- diet/nutrition (630 people)
- heart problems (140 people)
- other (240 people)

FIGURE 2.6 MAIN HEALTH PROBLEMS IN LOCAL AREA (a)

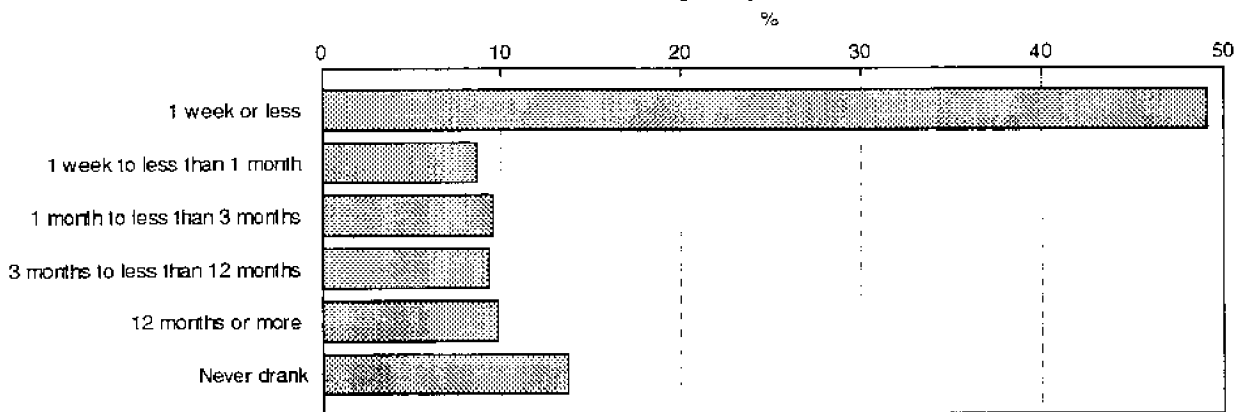
Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one health problem

FIGURE 2.7 PERIOD SINCE LAST DRANK ALCOHOL

Person aged 13 years and over



Alcohol consumption

People aged 13 years and over reported that the period since they last drank alcohol was:

- one week or less (3,240 people)
- more than one week but less than one month (570 people)
- one month or more but less than three months (630 people)
- three months or more but less than twelve months (620 people)
- twelve months or more (650 people)
- never drank (910 people)

Tobacco use

Some 3,030 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they smoked cigarettes.

FIGURE 2.8 CIGARETTE SMOKING

Persons aged 13 years and over

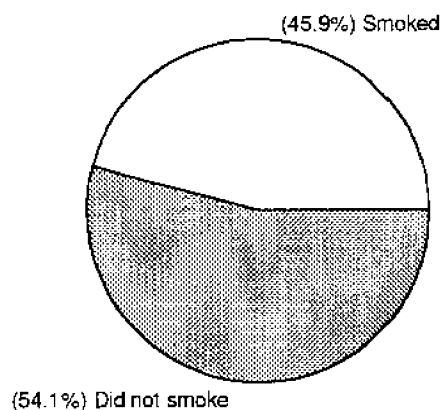
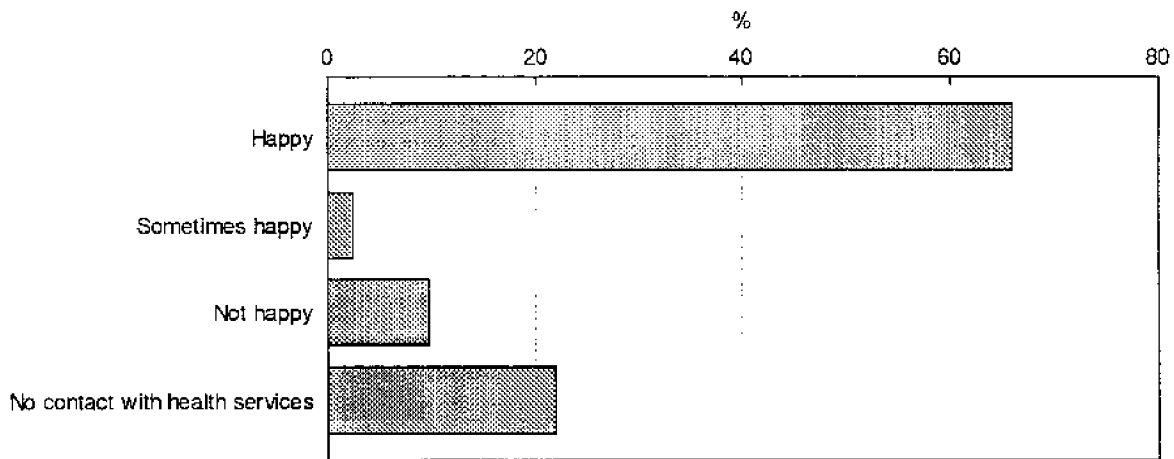


FIGURE 2.9 ATTITUDES TO LOCAL HEALTH SERVICES

Persons aged 13 years and over



Attitudes to local health services

People aged thirteen years and over said they were:

- happy with local health services (4,360 people)
- sometimes happy (150 people)
- not happy (640 people)

Involvement in health services

Some 4,000 people aged thirteen years and over thought that it was important for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people to be involved in local health services.

FIGURE 2.10 IMPORTANCE OF INDIGENOUS INVOLEMENT IN HEALTH SERVICES

Persons aged 13 years and over

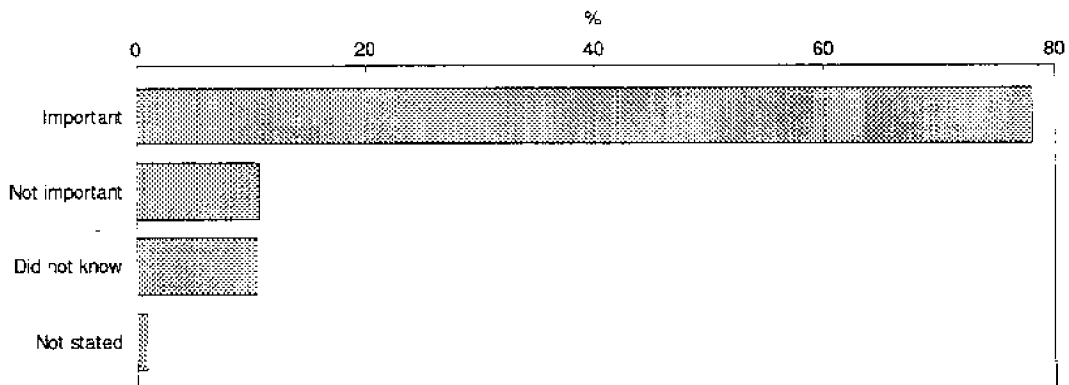
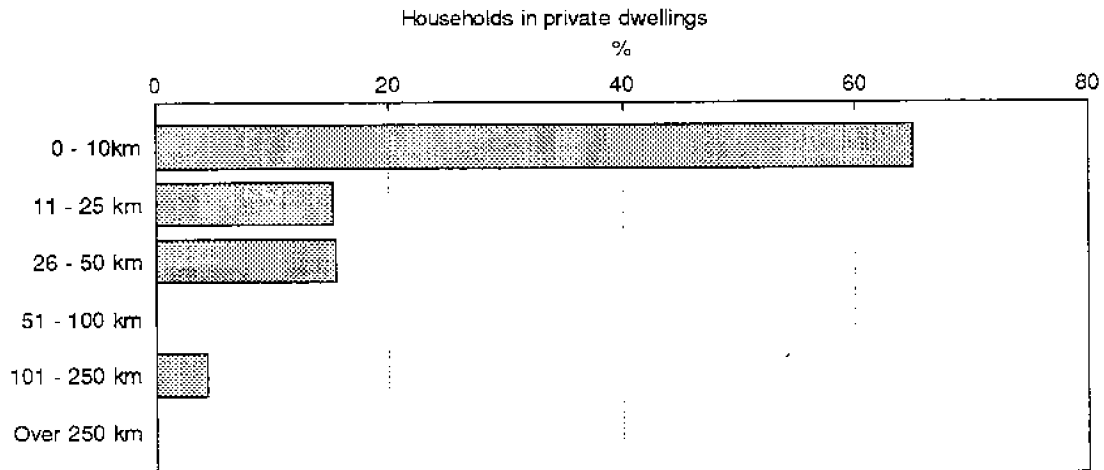


FIGURE 2.11 DISTANCE TO NEAREST COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRE



Nearest health centre

The distance that the 4,440 households had to travel to attend the nearest community health centre was estimated to be:

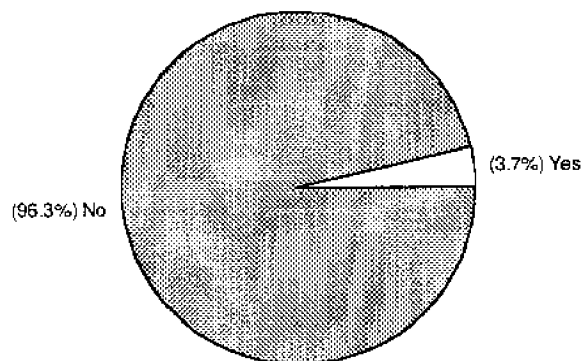
- less than 10 km (2,890 households)
- between 11 and 25 km (670 households)
- between 26 and 50 km (690 households)
- between 101 and 250 km (200 households)

Bush medicine

Some 380 people reported using bush medicine in the last six months.

FIGURE 2.12 USED BUSH MEDICINE (a)

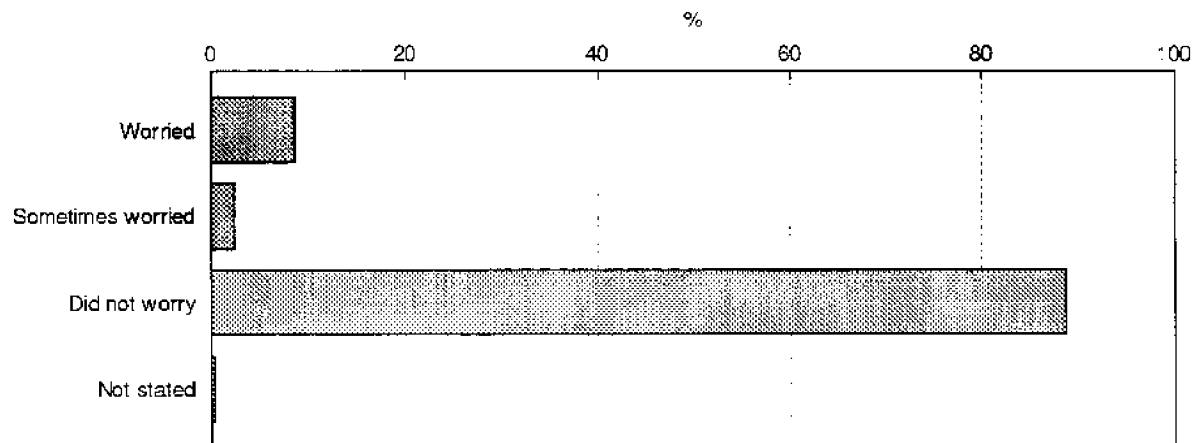
All Persons



(a) Refers to the last six months

FIGURE 2.13 WORRIED ABOUT GOING WITHOUT FOOD

Persons aged 13 years and over



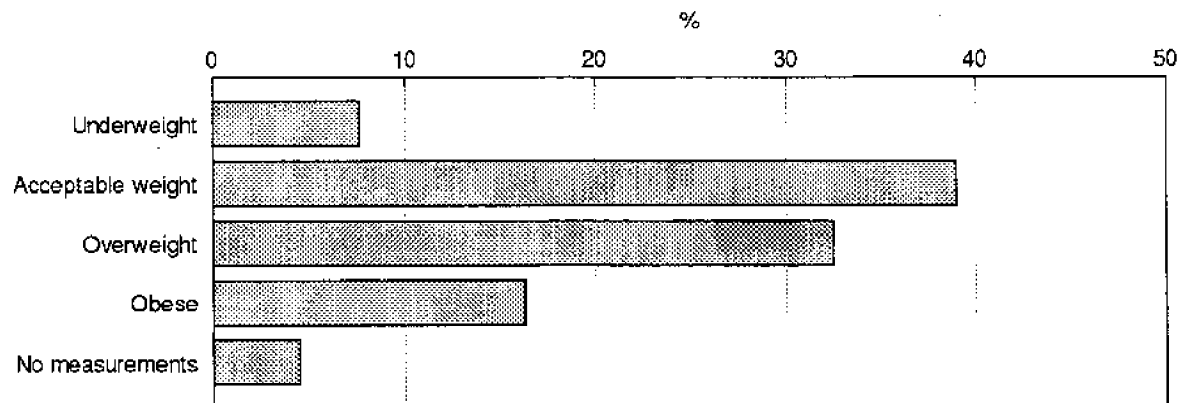
Food security Some 720 people aged thirteen years and over said that they worried, or sometimes worried, about going without food.

Relative weight The 5,350 people aged eighteen years and over were grouped according to their body mass index (BMI) scores. On this basis:

- 410 people were underweight
- 2,090 people were an acceptable weight
- 1,740 people were overweight
- 880 people were obese
- 240 people chose not to have their weight and height measurements taken

FIGURE 2.14 RELATIVE WEIGHT (a)

Persons aged 18 years and over



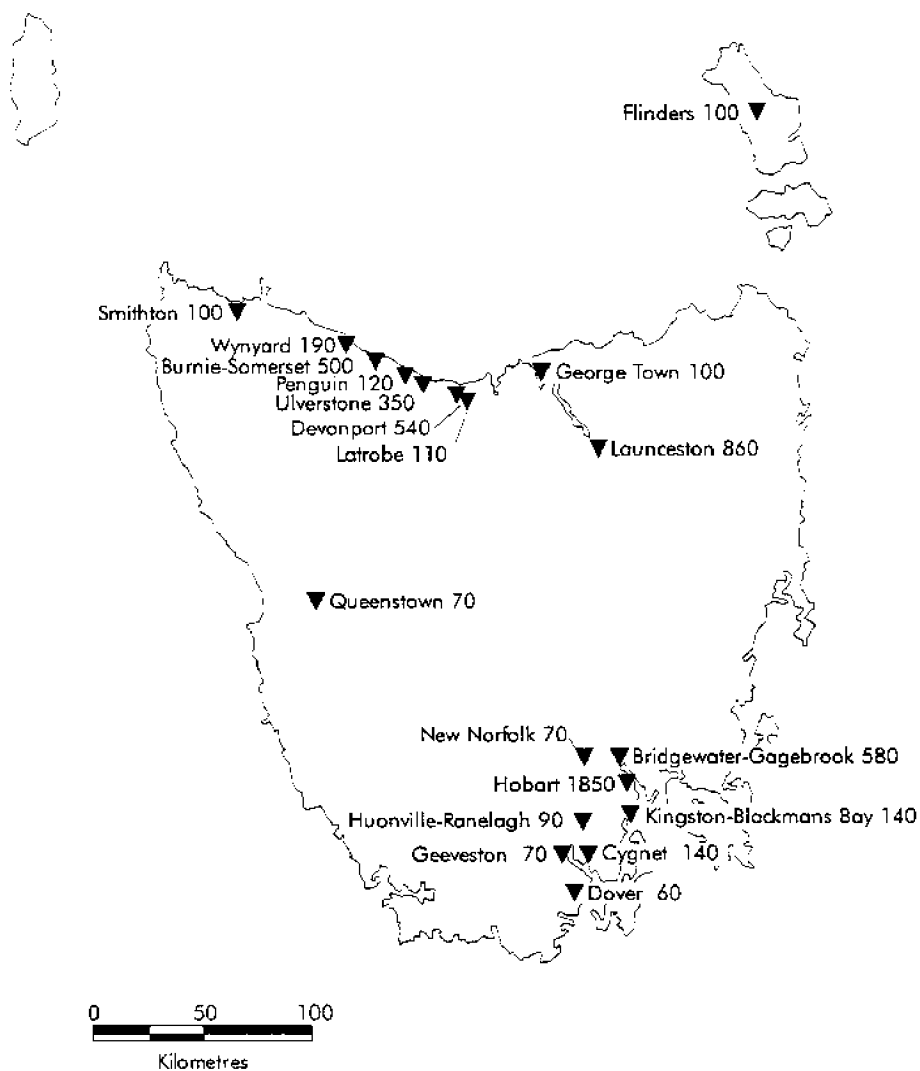
(a) Based on body mass index (BMI) score. The BMI equals a person's weight in kilograms divided by the square of their height in metres.



CHAPTER THREE

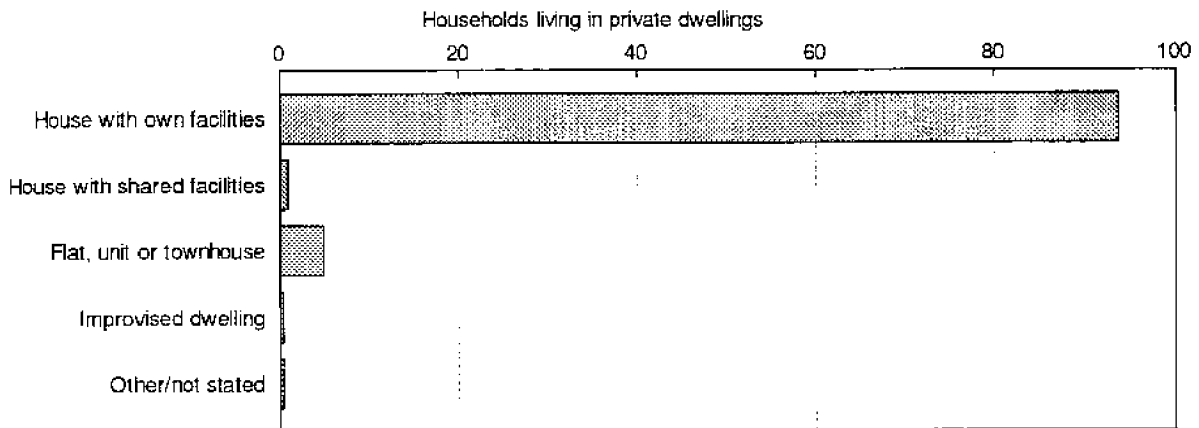
HOUSING

**Map 4 Major Communities and Population
Hobart Region**



- ▼ Source: ABS 1991 Census of Population and Housing. Urban Centre/ Localities with a population greater than 50 persons and ABS Aboriginal Communities locations.
- ◇ Source: 1992 Community Housing and Infrastructure Needs Survey, Communities with a population greater than 50 persons.

FIGURE 3.1 TYPE OF DWELLING



Type of dwelling

The types of dwellings occupied by the 4,440 households living in the Hobart region were:

- house with own facilities (4,160 households)
- flat, unit or townhouse (220 households)
- house with shared facilities (30** households)
- improvised dwelling (20** households)

Nature of occupancy

The nature of occupancy of these dwellings was:

- rented (2,060 households)
- owned (1,200 households)
- being purchased (1,120 households)
- other arrangements (60** households)

FIGURE 3.2 NATURE OF OCCUPANCY

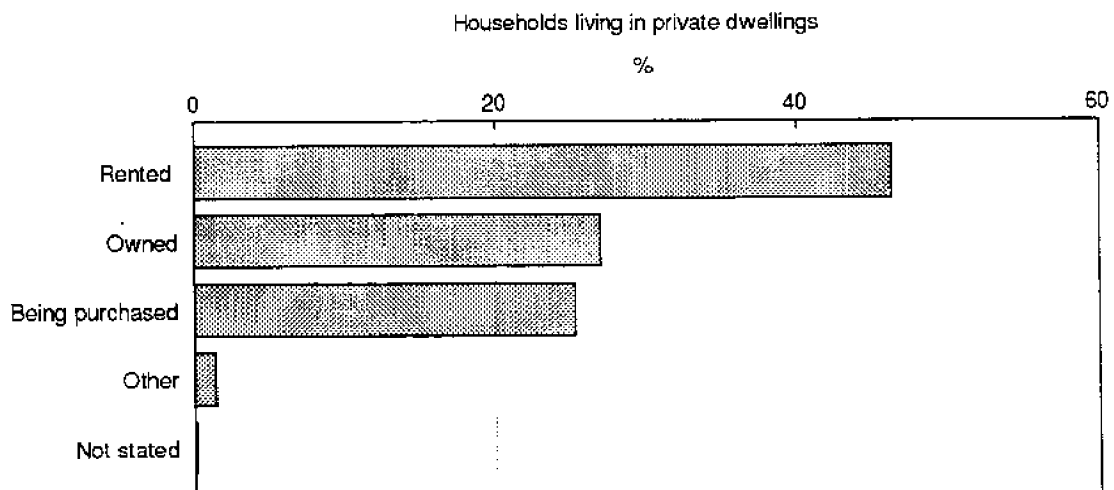
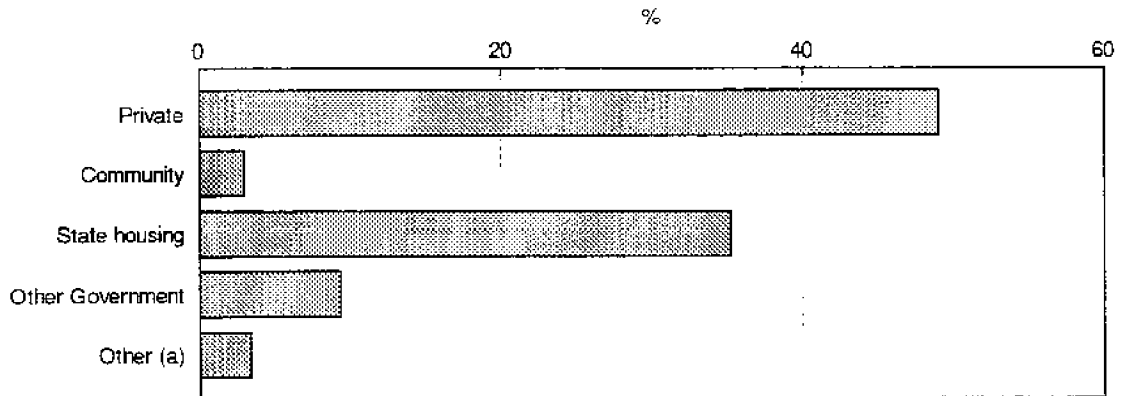


FIGURE 3.3 TYPE OF LANDLORD

Households living in rented private dwellings



(a) Includes employer provided housing and not stated

Type of landlord

The 2,060 households that were renting their dwelling reported that they were renting from:

- private landlords (1,010 households)
- community organisations (60** households)
- state housing authorities (730 households)
- other government agencies (190** households)

Weekly rent

These households reported that their weekly rent was:

- less than \$48 (370 households)
- \$48-\$77 (750 households)
- \$78-\$107 (510 households)
- \$108-\$137 (320 households)
- \$138-\$167 (80** households)
- \$168 and over (40** households)

FIGURE 3.4 WEEKLY RENT

Households living in rented private dwellings

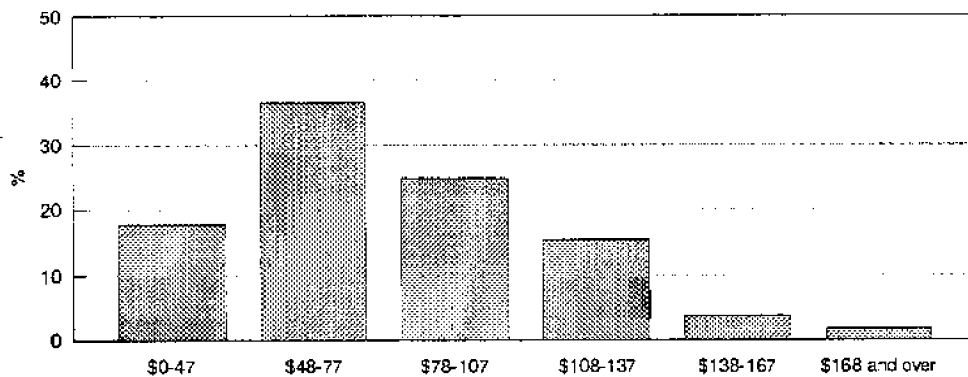
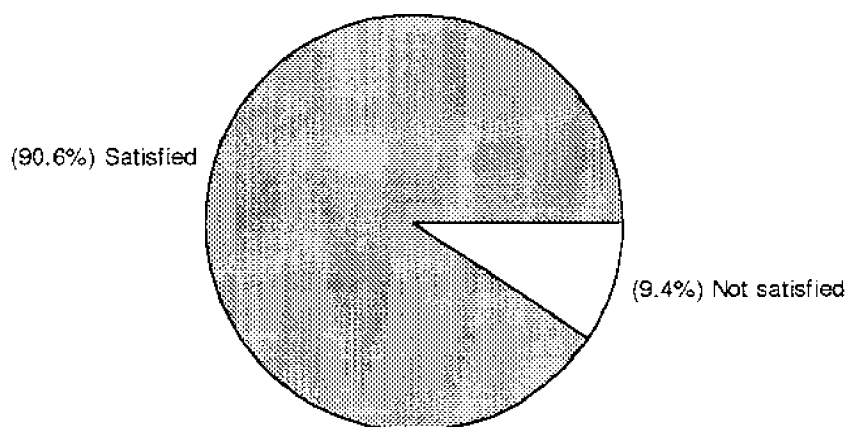


FIGURE 3.5 SATISFACTION WITH DWELLING

Households living in private dwellings



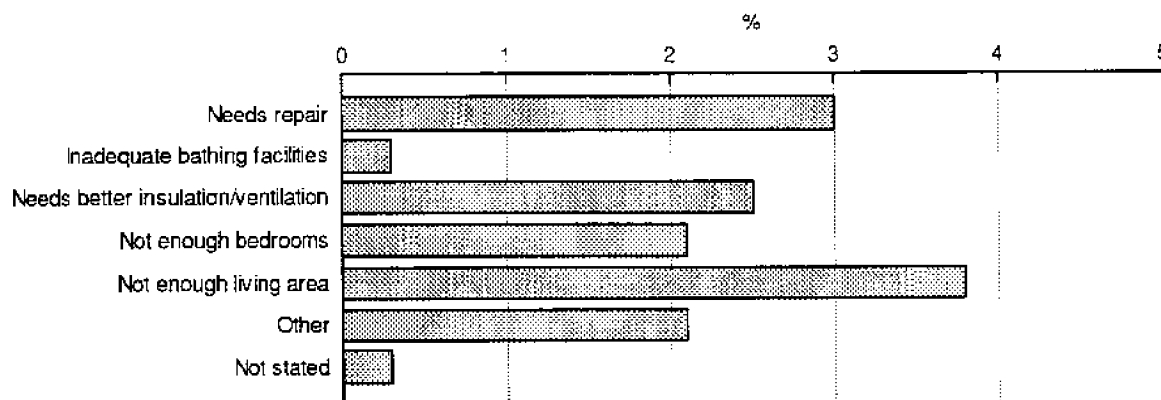
Satisfaction with dwelling Some 4,020 households reported that their current dwelling satisfied the needs of the household.

Main problems with dwelling The 420 households that were not satisfied with their current dwelling reported that the main problems with the dwelling were:

- not enough living area (170 households)
- needs repair (140** households)
- needs better insulation/ventilation (110** households)
- not enough bedrooms (100** households)
- inadequate bathing facilities (10** households)

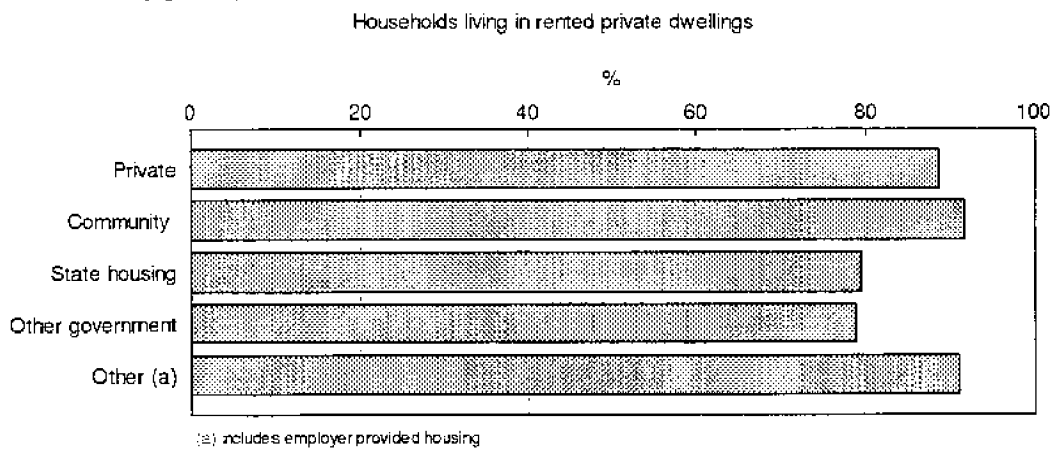
FIGURE 3.6 MAIN PROBLEMS WITH DWELLING

Households living in private dwellings and dissatisfied with their dwelling



(a) Households may have indicated more than one problem with dwelling

FIGURE 3.7 LEVEL OF SATISFACTION BY TYPE OF LANDLORD



Level of satisfaction by type of landlord:

Of those 4,020 households that were satisfied with their current dwelling, some 1,740 were renting their accommodation from:

- private landlords (900 households)
- community organisations (60** households)
- state housing authorities (580 households)
- other government agencies (150 households)

Utilities not working in last 4 weeks

Some 160** of the 4,440 households reported a utility not working in the last four weeks. The utilities not working were (in order):

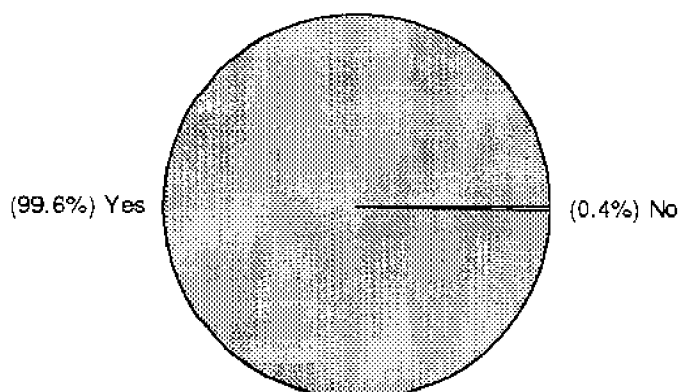
- water
- toilet
- electricity/gas

FIGURE 3.8 UTILITIES NOT WORKING IN LAST 4 WEEKS

The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).

FIGURE 3.9 DWELLING HAS BATHROOM OR SHOWER

Households living in private dwellings



Bathroom or shower

Some 4,420 households living in private dwellings had their own bathroom or shower.

Summary of dwelling characteristics

In summary, the dwelling characteristics of the 4,440 households living in private dwellings were:

- running water connected (4,390 households)
- electricity/gas connected (4,420 households)
- garbage collected (3,210 households)
- dwelling situated on sealed road (3,700 households)
- satisfied needs of household (4,020 households)
- being rented (2,060 households)

FIGURE 3.10 SUMMARY OF DWELLING CHARACTERISTICS

Households living in private dwellings

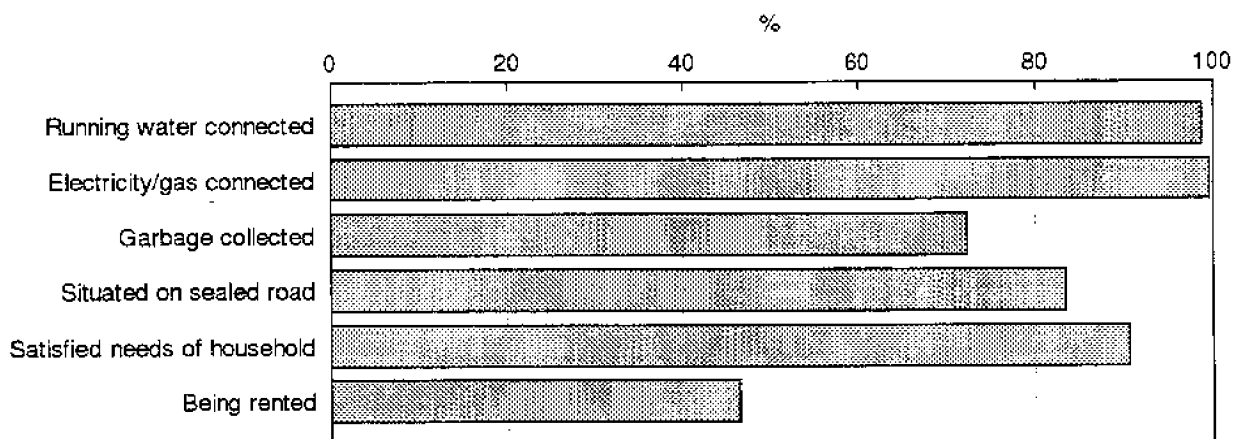
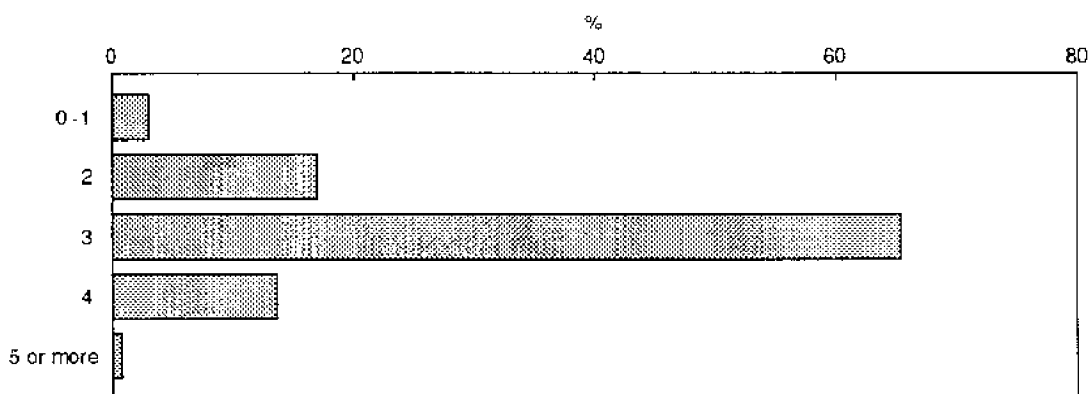


FIGURE 3.11 NUMBER OF BEDROOMS

Households living in private dwellings



Number of bedrooms

The number of bedrooms in the private dwellings was:

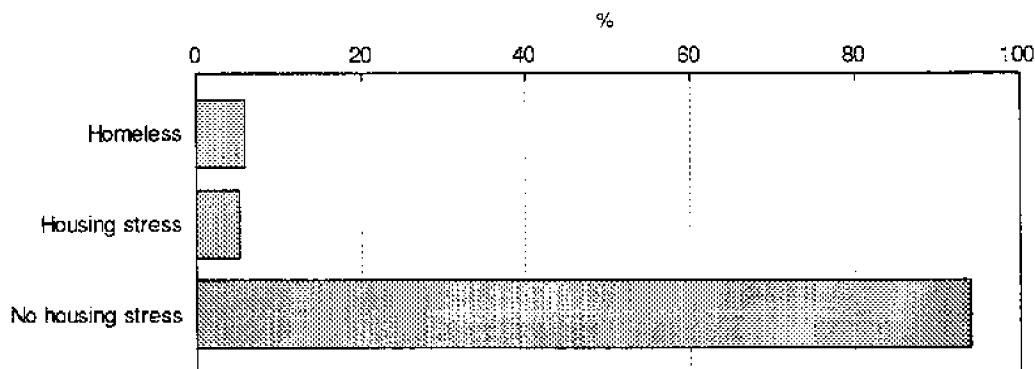
- none or one (140** households)
- two (750 households)
- three (2,910 households)
- four (600 households)
- five or more (40** households)

Housing stress

Detailed analysis of the 1991 Census of Population and Housing results for the Bourke region (Jones, R (1994) *The Housing Need of Indigenous Australians, 1991*. Canberra: Centre for Aboriginal Economic Policy Research, ANU) concluded that some 20 families were homeless and a further 150 families were in housing stress from overcrowding.

FIGURE 3.12 HOUSING STRESS

All families



Source: 1991 Census of Population and Housing; Jones, 1994.

**1992 ATSI
Housing and
Community
Infrastructure
Needs Survey**

Another source of information about the condition of community infrastructure in homelands/outstations and other discrete communities is the final report of Stage 1 of the 1992 ATSI Housing and Community Infrastructure Needs Survey.

However, in the Hobart Region, all except one of the population centres identified were located in urban centres and the Needs Survey did not collect detailed information about the condition of infrastructure in such centres.

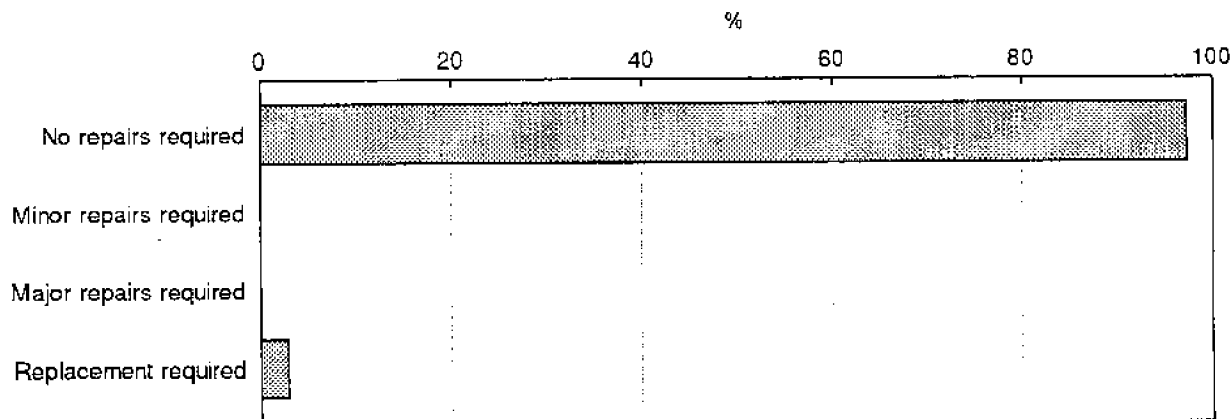
**Condition
of houses**

At the time of the Needs Survey, it was estimated that there were some 36 houses in the Hobart region owned and/or administered by Indigenous organisations. The condition of these houses was found to be:

- no repairs required (35 houses)
- replacement required (1 house)

FIGURE 3.13 CONDITION OF HOUSES (a)

Owned and/or administered by Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations



(a) Relates only to Centres surveyed

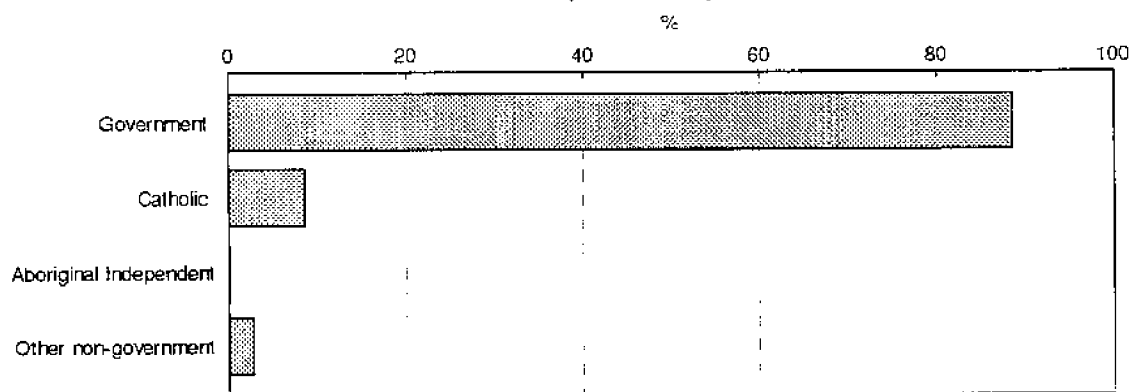


CHAPTER FOUR

EDUCATION AND TRAINING

FIGURE 4.1 TYPE OF SCHOOL ATTENDED

Primary and secondary school students



Type of school attended

The type of school attended by the 2,850 primary and secondary school students was:

- government (2,530 students)
- Catholic (240 students)
- Aboriginal Independent (10** students)
- other non-government (80** students)

Level of school attended

The level of school these students attended was:

- primary (1,650 students)
- secondary (1,180 students)
- combined primary/secondary (30** students)

FIGURE 4.2 LEVEL OF SCHOOL ATTENDED

Primary and secondary school students

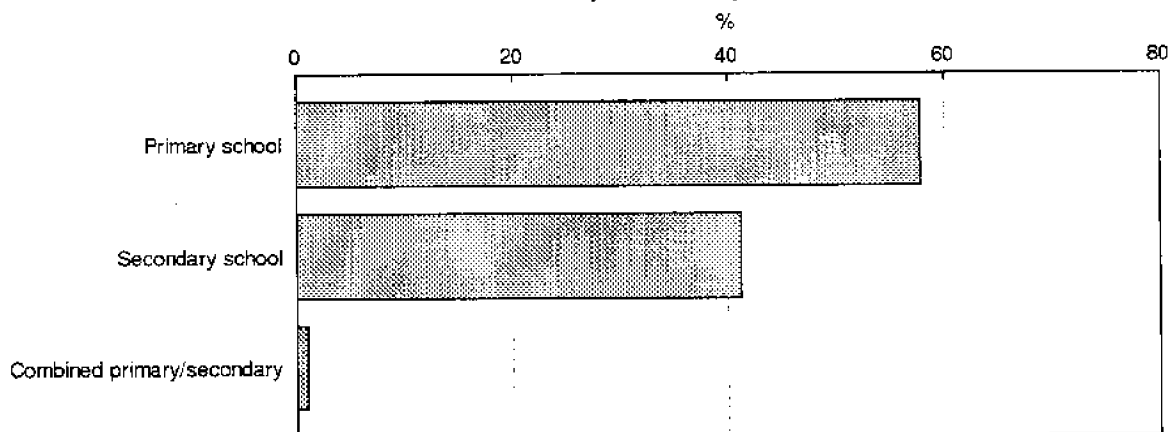


FIGURE 4.3 SCHOOL PARTICIPATION RATE (a)



(a) the number of enrolled school students of a particular age, expressed as a proportion of the population of the same age

School participation rates The overall school participation rate was calculated to be slightly less than 70 per cent. For thirteen and fourteen year olds the participation rate was 98 per cent, while for eighteen year olds the rate had fallen to around twenty-three per cent.

Characteristics of schooling Students in the Hobart region reported that they were:

- taught about Indigenous culture (1,110 students)
- not taught about culture but want to be (1,490 students)
- taught by an Indigenous teacher (50** students)
- taught by an Indigenous education worker (200 students)
- taught by a community member (40** students)
- taught Indigenous languages (70** students)

FIGURE 4.4 CHARACTERISTICS OF SCHOOLING

Primary and secondary school students

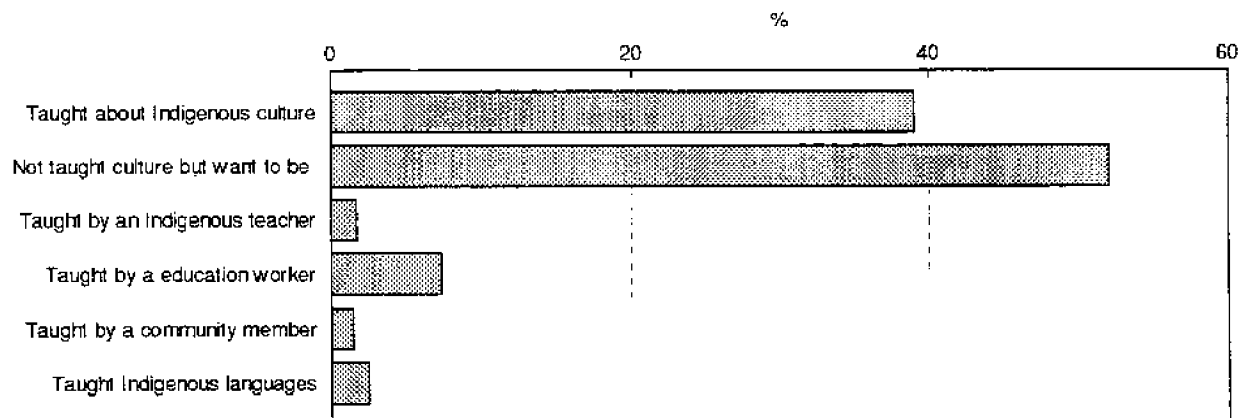
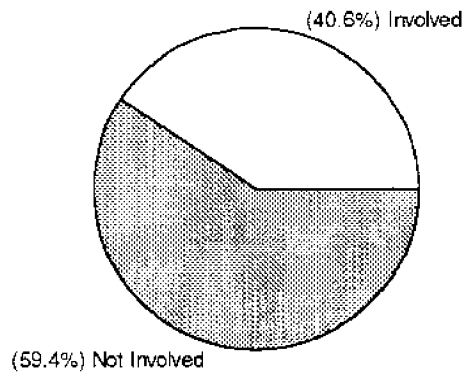


FIGURE 4.5 INVOLVEMENT IN DECISION MAKING AT CHILDREN'S SCHOOL

Persons with children attending primary or secondary school



Involvement in decision making

Some 730 of the 1,800 people with children attending primary or secondary school felt that they were involved in decision making at their children's school.

Preference for children to attend community school

Parents' preference for sending their children to an Aboriginal community controlled school was:

- yes (490 parents)
- no (1,020 parents)
- already attends (10** parents)
- did not know (300 parents)

FIGURE 4.6 PREFERENCE FOR CHILDREN TO ATTEND COMMUNITY SCHOOL

Persons with children attending primary or secondary school

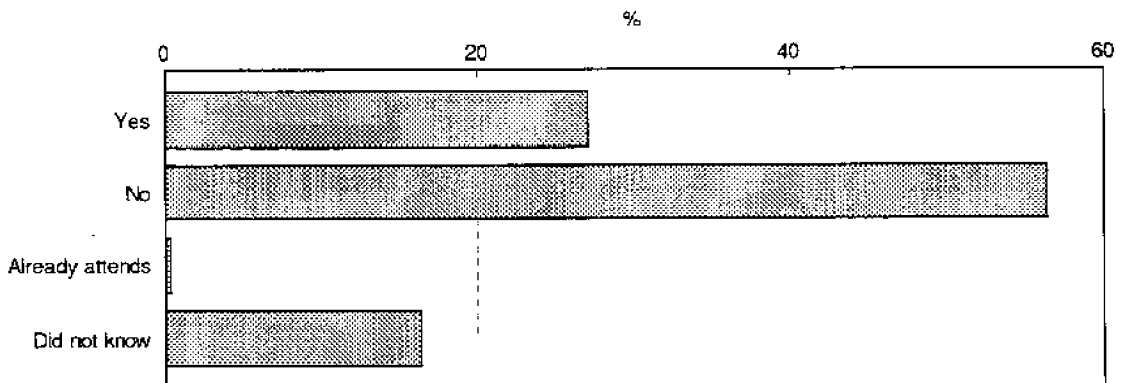
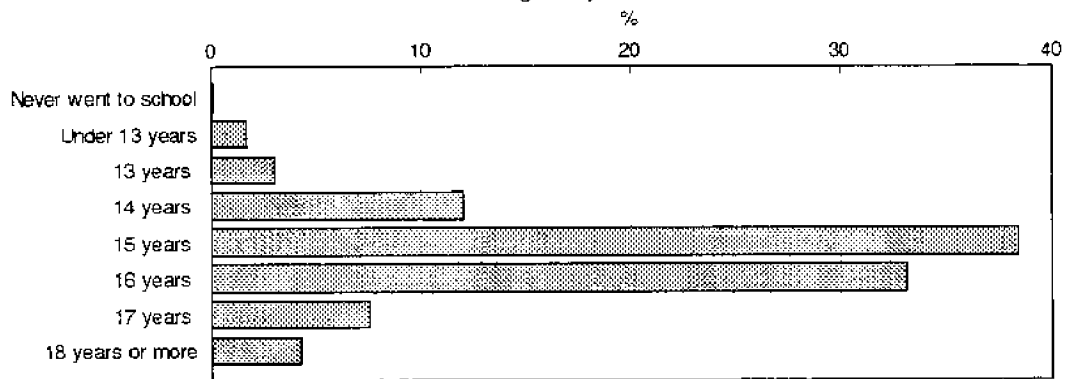


FIGURE 4.7 AGE LEFT SCHOOL

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school



Age left school

The 5,630 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school reported that the age they left school was:

- 13 years or less (260 people)
- 14 years (680 people)
- 15 or 16 years (4,120 people)
- 17 years or more (420 people)

Some 10** people reported that they had never attended school.

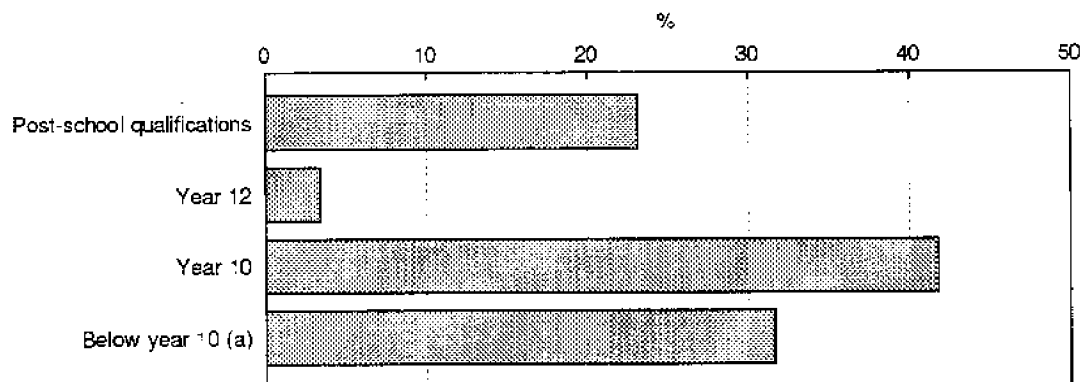
Highest level of educational attainment

The highest level of education attained by people aged fifteen years and over who had left school was:

- post-school qualifications (1,300 people)
- year 12 school certificate (190 people)
- year 10 school certificate (2,350 people)
- below year 10 (1,780 people)

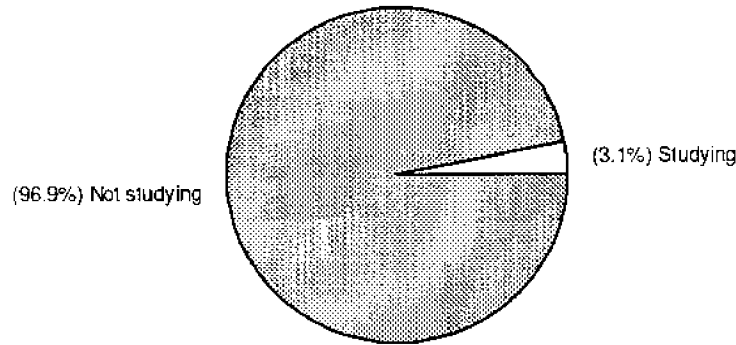
FIGURE 4.8 HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school



(a) Includes persons with no formal education

FIGURE 4.9 POST-SCHOOL STUDY
Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school



Post-school study Some 350 of those 5,620 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school were studying for a qualification.

Main difficulty in undertaking further study or training Some 1,740 of those 2,810 people who had left school and wanted to do further study felt they would have problems attending study or training courses. The main difficulties were expected to be:

- financial problems (420 people)
- lack of transport or travel problems (400 people)
- no childcare available (160 people)
- no courses available (100** people)
- lack of prerequisites (100** people)

FIGURE 4.10 MAIN DIFFICULTY IN UNDERTAKING FURTHER STUDY/TRAINING
Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school and felt that they would have difficulty in undertaking further study/training

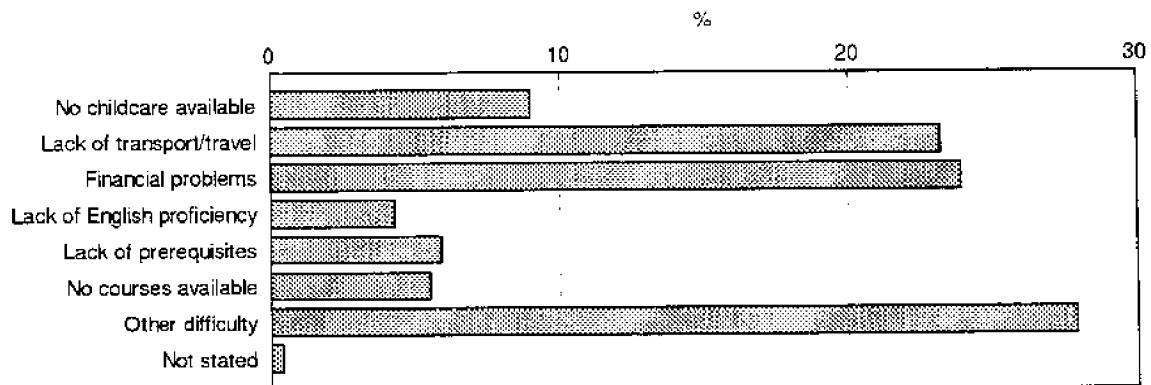
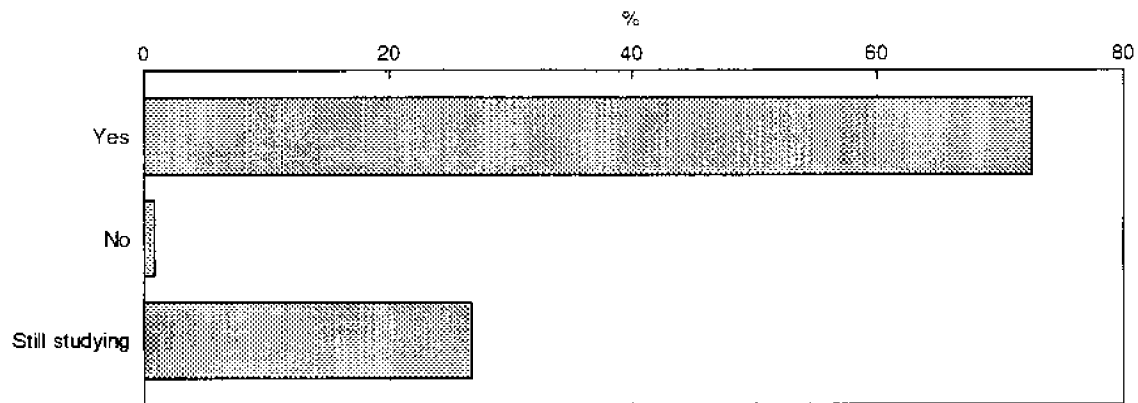


FIGURE 4.11 COMPLETION OF TRAINING IN LAST 12 MONTHS (a)

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school and attended a training course in the last 12 months



(a) Refers to main training course if more than one course was attended

Completion of training course attended in last 12 months

Some 470 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school reported that they had attended at least one training course in the last twelve months which they :

- completed (340 people)
- were still studying (130** people)

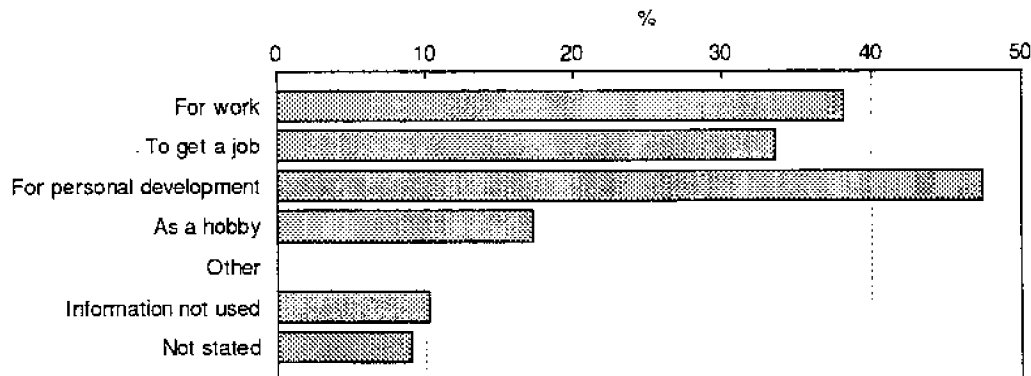
Use made of information gained from recent training course

These people reported that the information they gained from the course was mainly used:

- for personal development (230 people)
- for work (180 people)
- to get a job (160 people)
- as a hobby (80** people)

FIGURE 4.12 USE MADE OF INFORMATION GAINED FROM RECENT TRAINING COURSE (a)

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school and attended a training course in the last 12 months



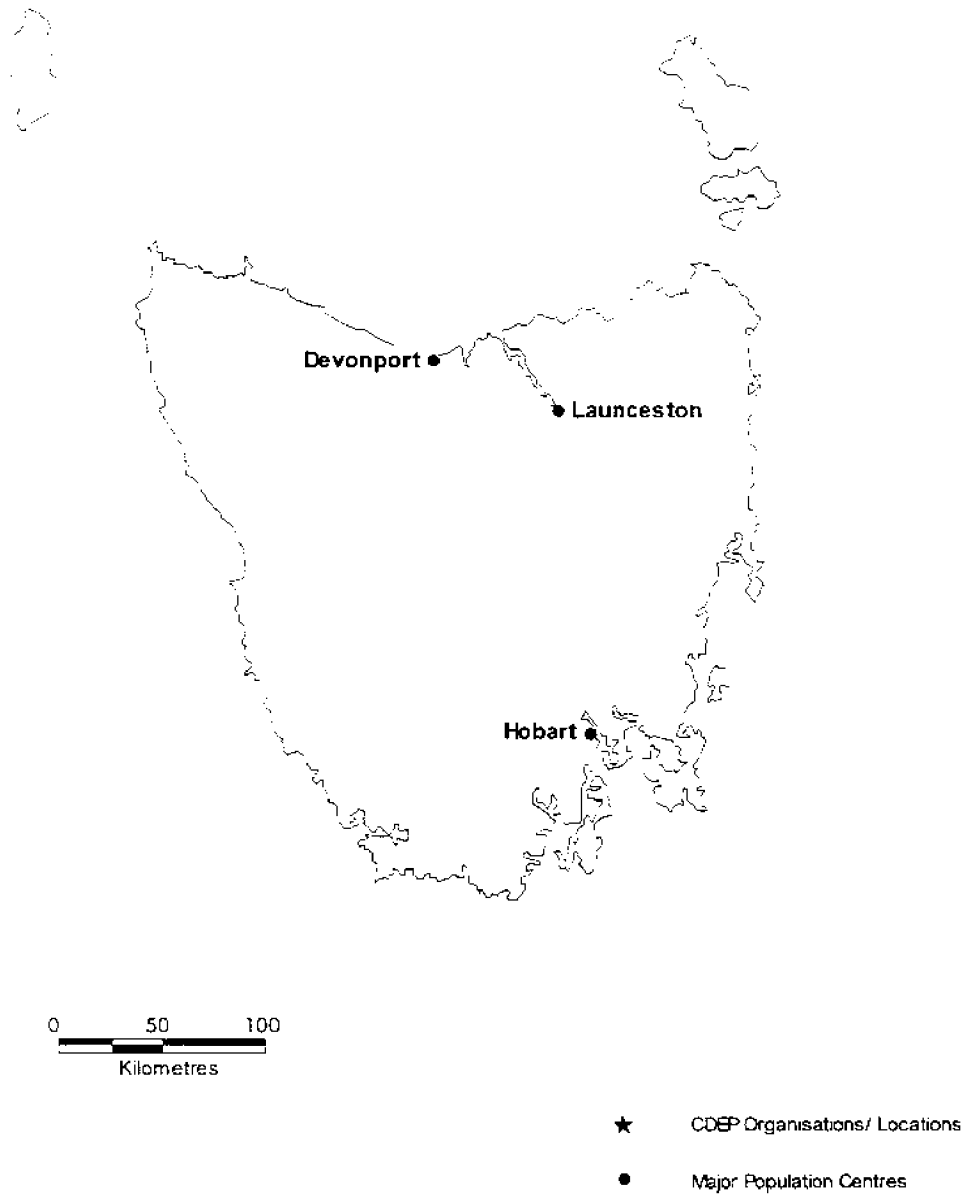
(a) Persons may have indicated more than one answer



CHAPTER FIVE

EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

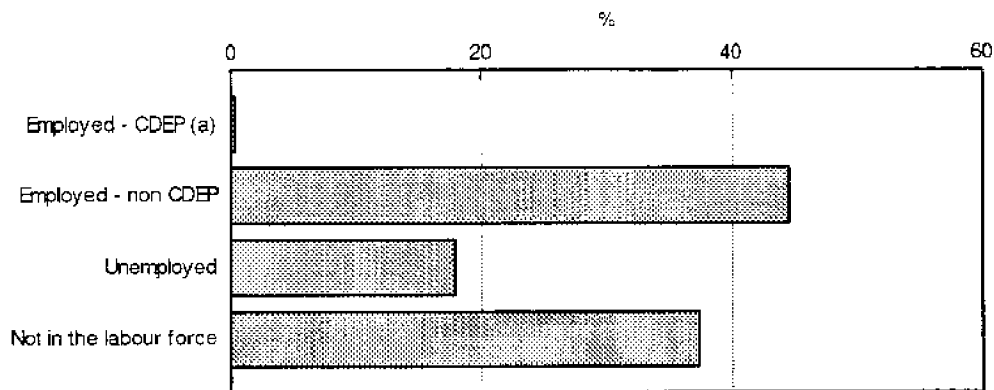
Map 5 Community Development Employment Projects Hobart Region



Source: Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission, 1994.

FIGURE 5.1 LABOUR FORCE STATUS

Persons aged 15 years and over



(a) Community Development Employment Projects

Labour force status

There were some 6,130 people aged fifteen years and over in the Hobart region. The labour force status of these people was:

- employed (2,750 people)
- unemployed (1,090 people)
- not in labour force (2,290 people)

Nature of jobs

Some 10** of the 2,750 employed people reported that they were working in a Community Development Employment Project (CDEP) scheme.

Type of employment

Those employed people reported that their type of employment was:

- full-time (1,930 people)
- part-time (810 people)

FIGURE 5.2 TYPE OF EMPLOYMENT

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

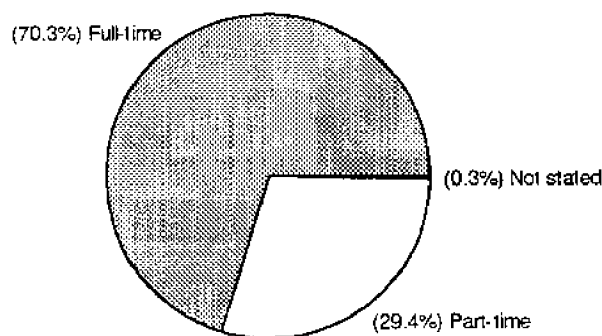
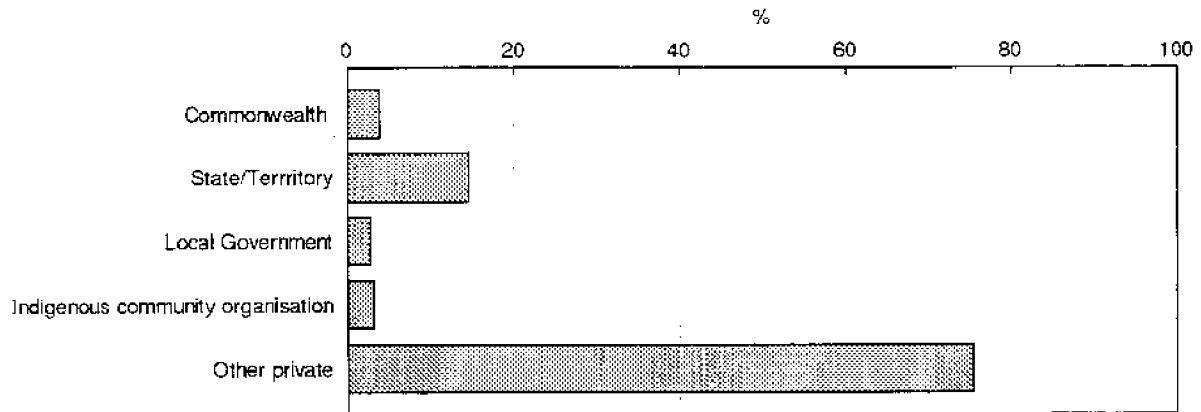


FIGURE 5.3 SECTOR OF EMPLOYMENT

Employed persons aged 15 years and over



Sector of employment

The 2,750 employed people reported that their employer was:

- Commonwealth government (100** people)
- State/Territory government (400 people)
- local government (80** people)
- Indigenous community organisation (90** people)
- other private organisation (2,070 people)

Number of hours a week usually worked

Employed people reported that the number of hours a week they usually worked was:

- 15 or less (390 people)
- 16-24 (220 people)
- 25-34 (200 people)
- 35 or more (1,930 people)

FIGURE 5.4 NUMBER OF HOURS A WEEK USUALLY WORKED

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

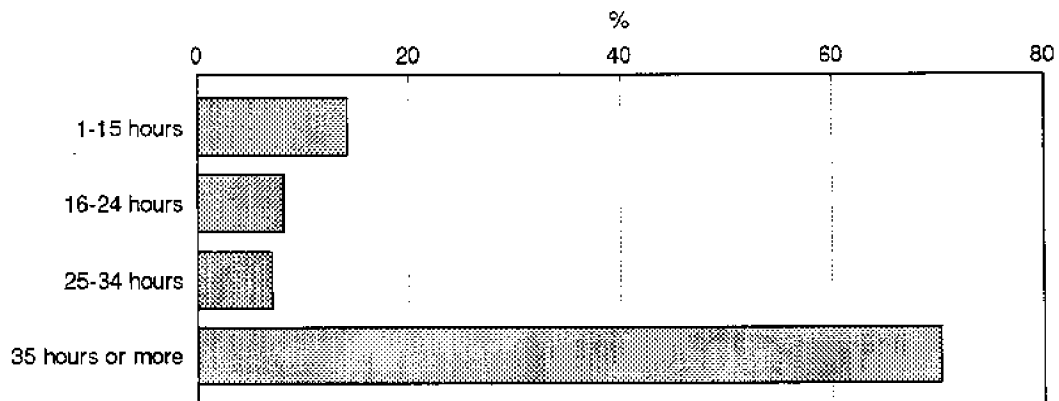
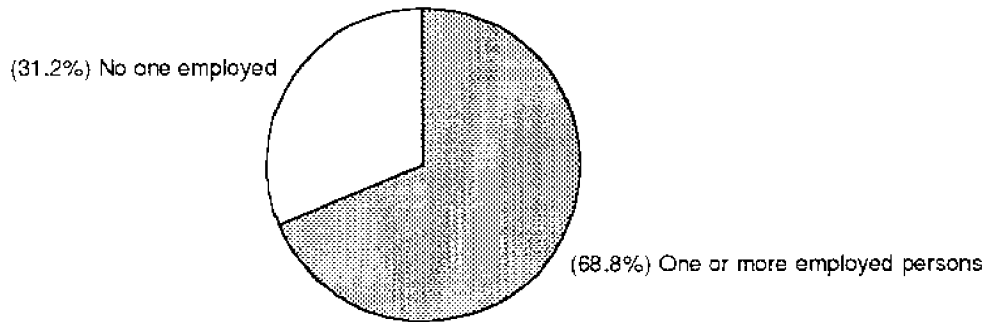


FIGURE 5.5 NUMBER OF EMPLOYED PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD

Households living in private dwellings



Number of employed persons in household

It was estimated that there was some 1,390 households in which no one was working. For the remaining 3,060 households one or more people reported that they were working.

Whether work commitments allowed cultural obligations to be met

The 2,750 employed people reported that their work commitments meant that they:

- could meet cultural obligations (470 people)
- could not meet cultural obligations (430 people)

There were 1,850 people who reported that they did not have cultural obligations

FIGURE 5.6 WHETHER WORK COMMITMENTS ALLOWED CULTURAL OBLIGATIONS TO BE MET

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

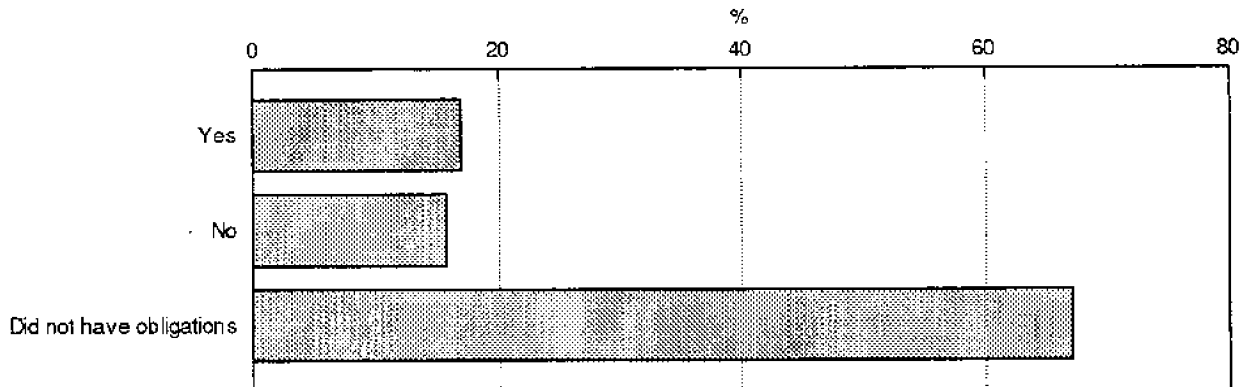
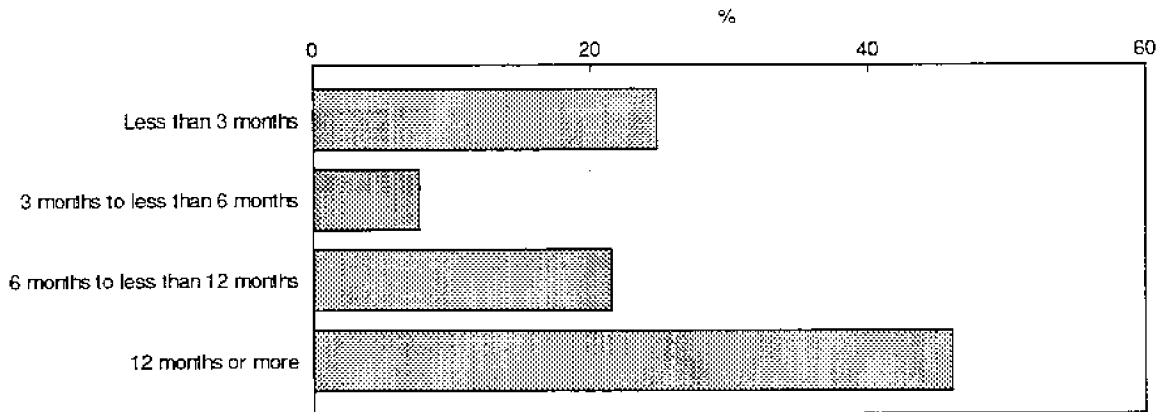


FIGURE 5.7 LENGTH OF TIME UNEMPLOYED

Unemployed persons aged 15 years and over



Length of time unemployed

The 1,090 unemployed people reported that the length of time they had been unemployed was:

- less than 3 months (270 people)
- 3 months to less than 6 months (80** people)
- 6 months to less than 12 months (240 people)
- 12 months or more (500 people)

Main difficulty in finding a job

The main difficulty that these unemployed people experienced in finding a job was:

- insufficient education, training or skills (180 people)
- no jobs in local area or line of work (180 people)
- no jobs at all (170 people)

FIGURE 5.8 MAIN DIFFICULTY IN FINDING A JOB

Unemployed persons aged 15 years and over

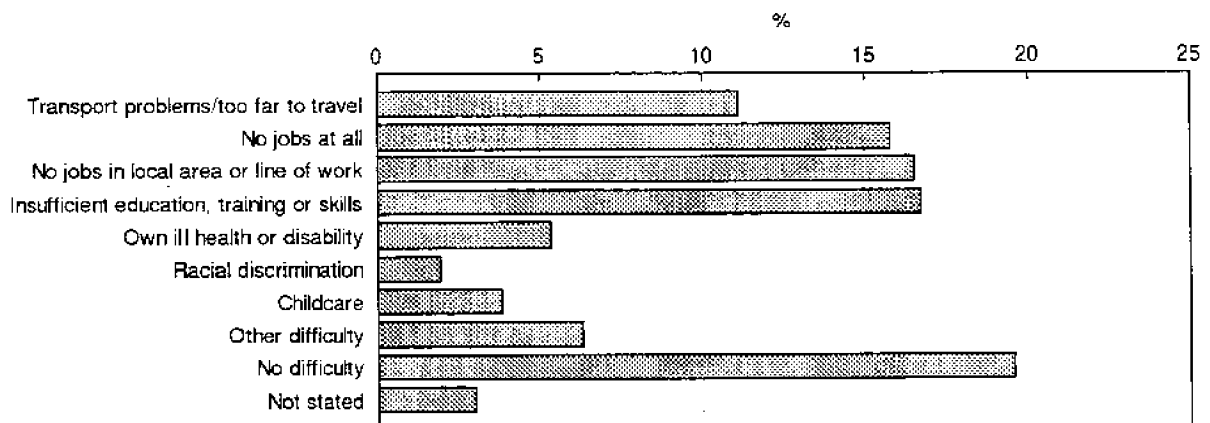
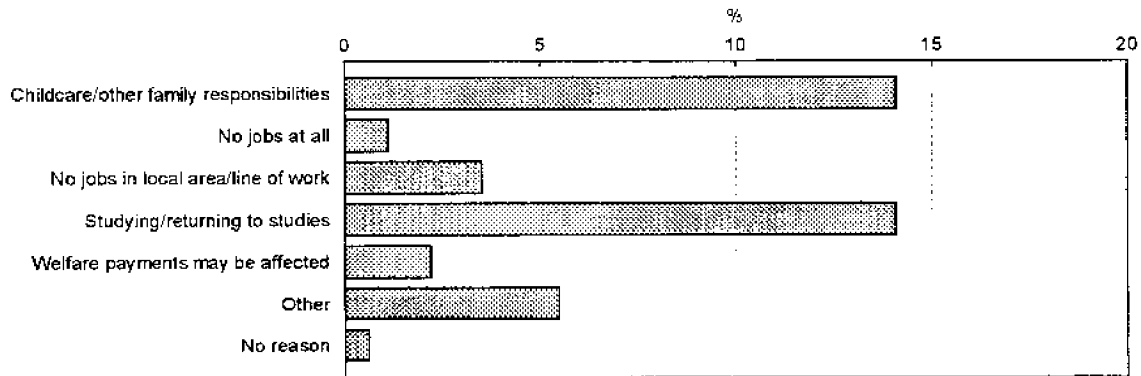


FIGURE 5.9 MAIN REASON NOT LOOKING FOR WORK

Persons aged 15 years and over not in the labour force but who wanted a job



Persons not in the labour force who wanted a job

Some 940 of those 2,290 people not in the labour force, that is not working and not looking for work, said they wanted a job. The main reason for not looking for work was:

- childcare and other family responsibilities (320 people)
- studying or returning to study (320 people)
- no jobs in local area/line of work or no jobs at all (80** people)

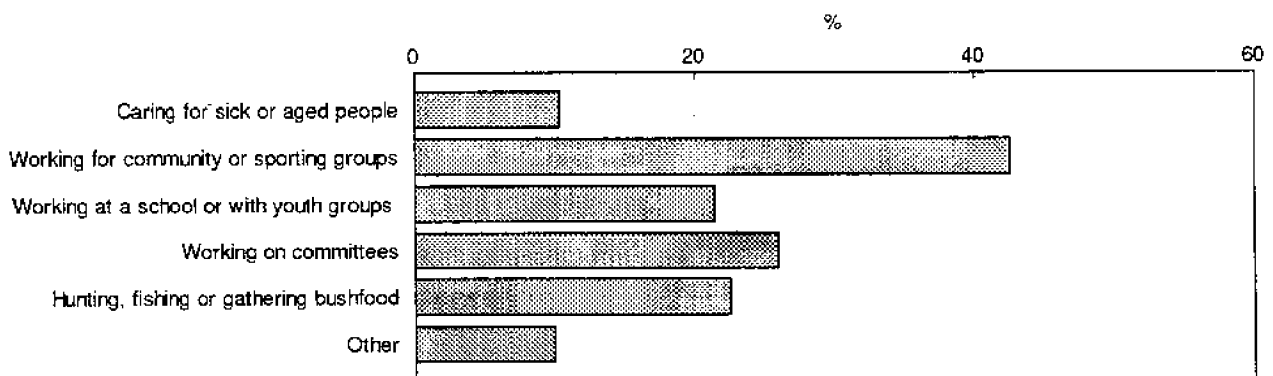
Voluntary work

Some 1,880 people aged fifteen years and older said that they were engaged in voluntary work. The type of voluntary work undertaken was:

- working for community or sporting organisation (800 people)
- working on committees (490 people)
- hunting, fishing or gathering bush food (430 people)
- working at a school or with youth groups (400 people)
- caring for sick or aged people (200 people)

FIGURE 5.10 TYPE OF VOLUNTARY WORK UNDERTAKEN (a)

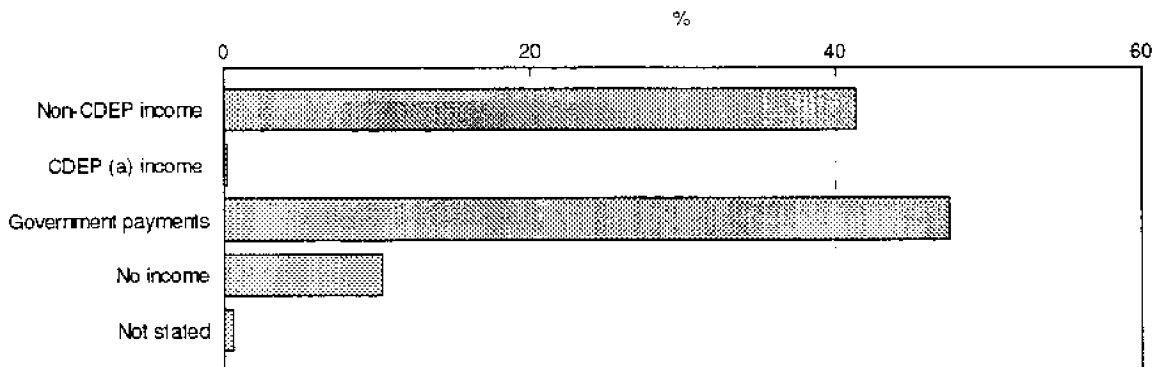
Persons aged 15 years and over who undertook voluntary work



(a) Persons may have given more than one answer

FIGURE 5.11 MAIN SOURCE OF INCOME

Persons aged 15 years and over



(a) Community Development Employment Projects

Main source of income The 6,130 people aged fifteen years and over reported that their main source of income was:

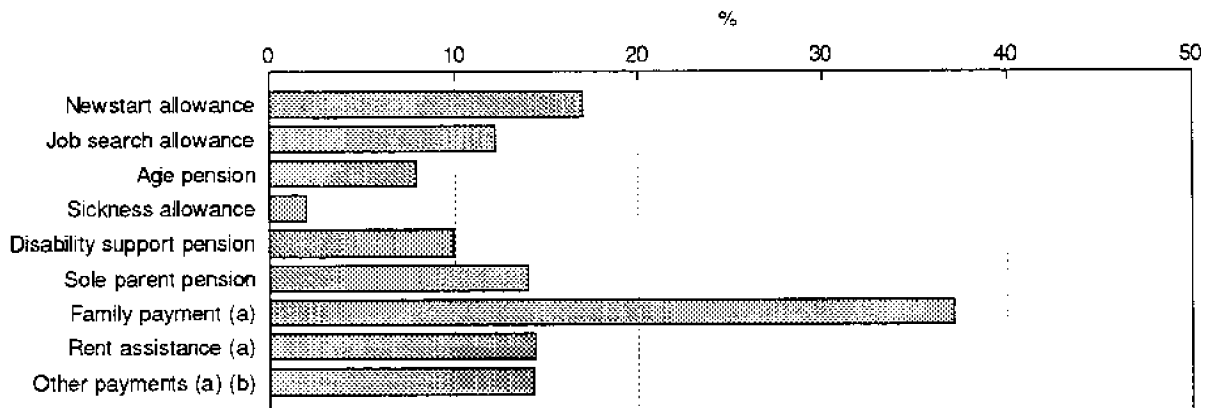
- government payments (2,910 people)
- non-CDEP employment (2,540 people)
- no income (630 people)

Government payments received It was estimated that some 3,370 people aged fifteen years and over received government allowances, pensions and other payments. The main types of payments received were:

- family payment (1,250 people)
- sole parent pension (470 people)
- Newstart allowance (570 people)
- Jobsearch allowance (410 people)
- rent assistance (480 people)
- Abstudy (410 people)

FIGURE 5.12 TYPE OF GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS RECEIVED

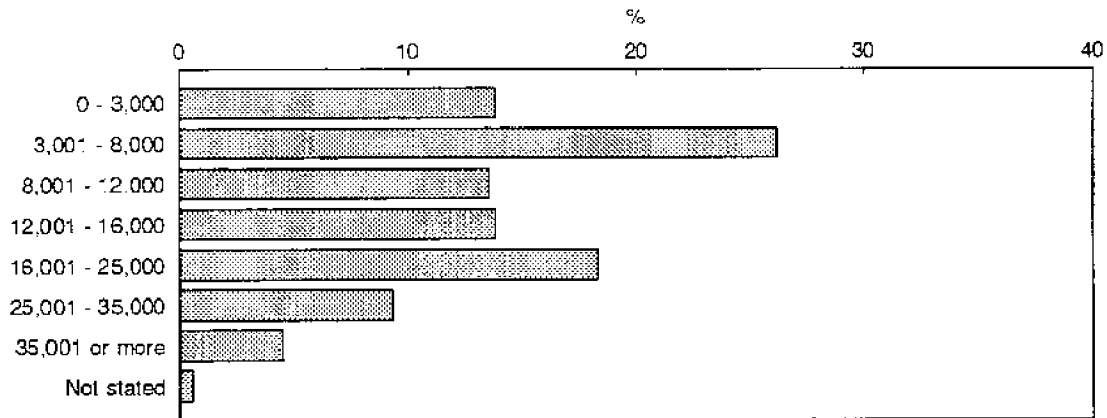
Persons aged 15 years and over who received government payments



(a) Persons may have received an allowance or pension in addition to one or more of these payments (b) Includes Abstudy

FIGURE 5.13 ANNUAL PERSONAL INCOME (\$)

Persons aged 15 years and over



Personal income The 6,130 people aged fifteen years and older reported that their annual personal income (\$) was:

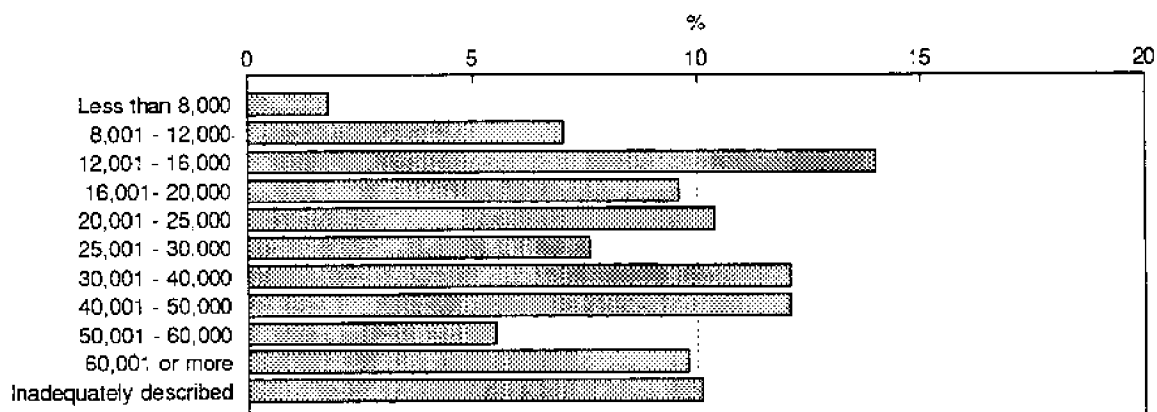
- less than 3,000 (850 people)
- 3,001 - 8,000 (1,610 people)
- 8,001 - 12,000 (830 people)
- 12,001 - 16,000 (840 people)
- 16,001 - 25,000 (1,120 people)
- 25,001 - 35,000 (570 people)
- 35,001 or more (270 people)

Household income The annual income (\$) of the 4,440 households was estimated to be:

- less than 12,000 (390 h'holds)
- 12,001 - 16,000 (620 h'holds)
- 16,001 - 20,000 (430 h'holds)
- 20,001 - 25,000 (460 h'holds)
- 25,001 - 30,000 (340 h'holds)
- 30,001 - 40,000 (540 h'holds)
- 40,001 - 50,000 (540 h'holds)
- 50,001 - 60,000 (250 h'holds)
- 60,001 or more (430 h'holds)
- Inadequately described (450 h'holds)

FIGURE 5.14 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME (\$)

Households living in private dwellings



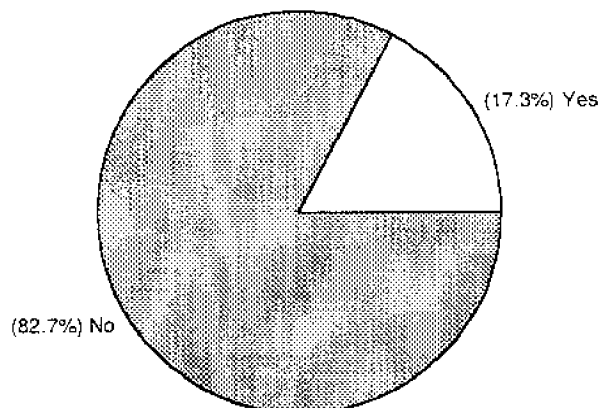


CHAPTER SIX

LAW AND JUSTICE

FIGURE 6.1 NEEDED LEGAL SERVICES IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Needed legal services

Some 1,140 of the 6,600 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they needed to use legal services in the last twelve months.

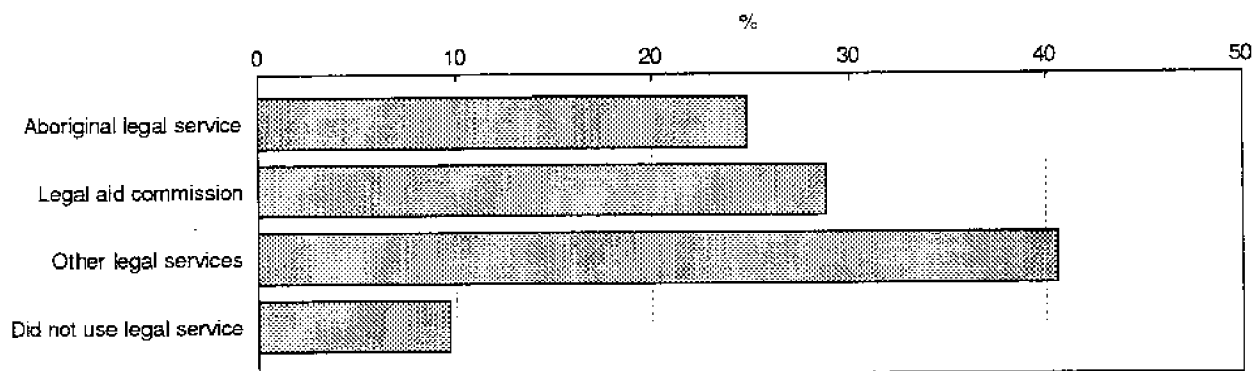
Types of legal services used

Of the 1,140 people who reported that they needed to use legal services, some 110** people indicated that they did not use a legal service. The main types of legal services used were:

- Aboriginal legal service (280 people)
- legal aid commission (330 people)
- other legal services (460 people)

FIGURE 6.2 TYPES OF LEGAL SERVICES USED (a)

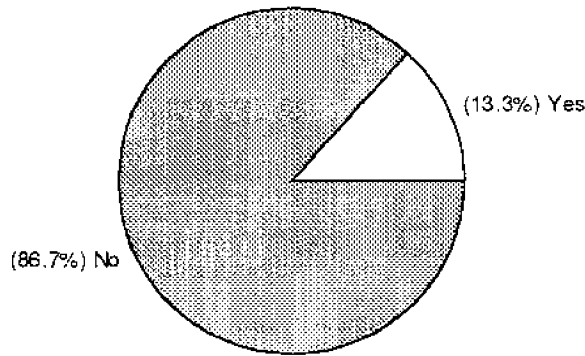
Persons aged 13 years and over who needed legal services in the last 12 months



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one type of legal service.

FIGURE 6.3 PHYSICALLY ATTACKED OR VERBALLY THREATENED (a)

Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) During the last 12 months

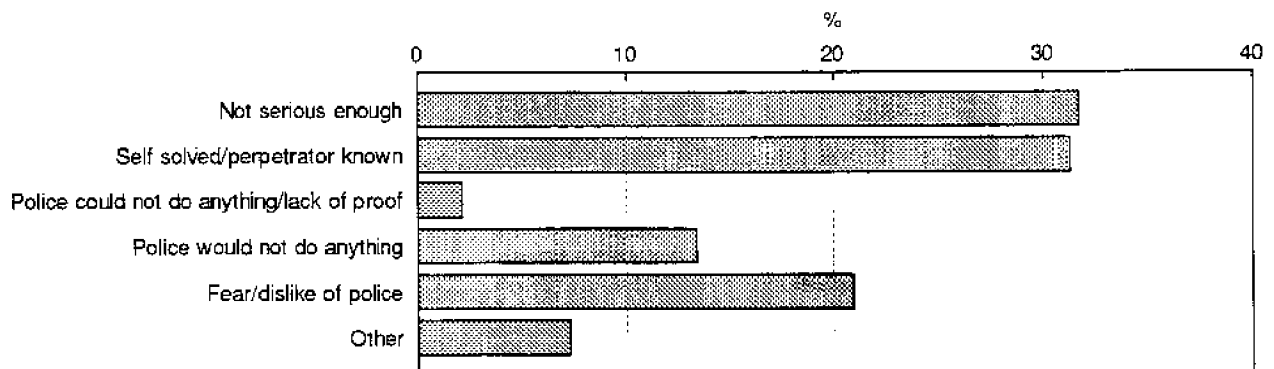
Personal safety Some 880 people aged thirteen years and over reported being physically attacked or verbally threatened in the last twelve months.

Reasons for not reporting last incident to police Some 520 of those people who said they were physically attacked or verbally threatened did not report their last attack to the police. The main reasons for not doing so were:

- not serious enough (170 people)
- solved it themselves/perpetrator known to them (160 people)
- fear/dislike of police (110** people)
- police would not do anything (70** people)

FIGURE 6.4 REASONS FOR NOT REPORTING LAST INCIDENT TO POLICE (a)

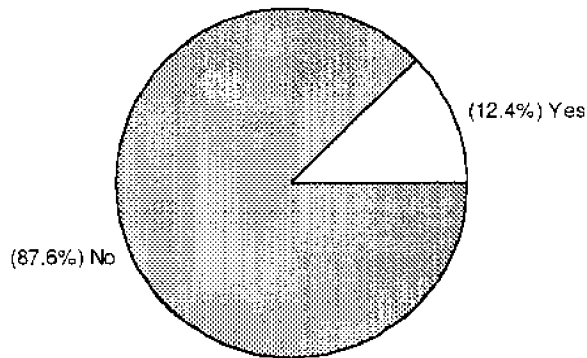
Persons aged 13 years and over who had been attacked in the last 12 months but did not report last incident to police



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one reason.

FIGURE 6.5 ARRESTED IN THE LAST 5 YEARS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Arrested in last 5 years

Some 820 people aged thirteen years and over said that they had been arrested in the last five years. The number of times they reported they had been arrested was:

- one (480 people)
- two (170 people)
- three (50** people)
- four or more (120** people)

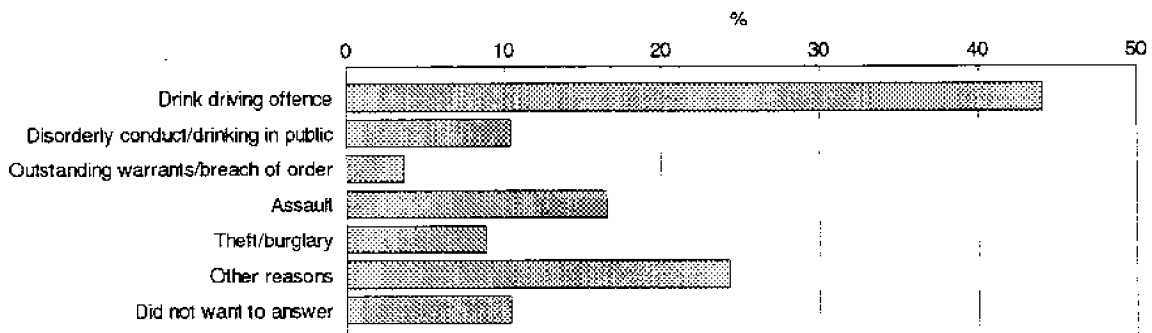
Reasons for last arrest

Those people who had been arrested reported that the main reasons for their last arrest were:

- drink driving offence (360 people)
- assault/assault with grievous bodily harm (140** people)
- disorderly conduct/drinking in a public place (90** people)
- theft/burglary (70** people)
- outstanding warrants/breach of order (30** people)

FIGURE 6.6 REASONS FOR LAST ARREST (a)

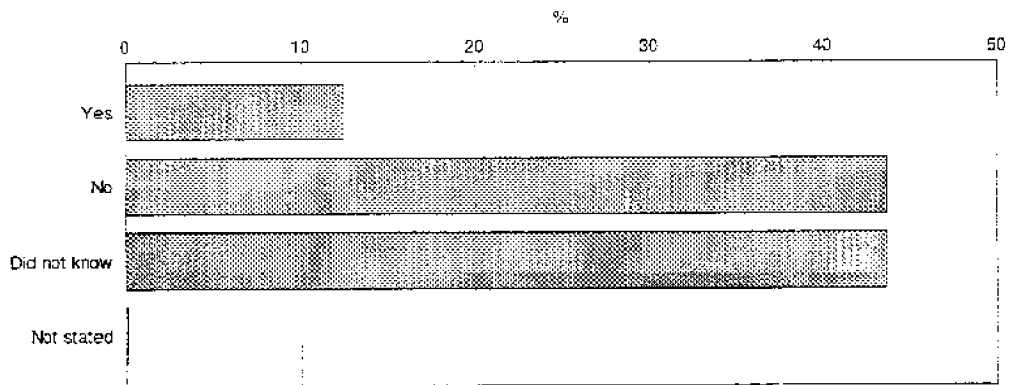
Persons aged 13 years and over who had been arrested in the last 5 years



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one reason.

FIGURE 6.7 FAMILY VIOLENCE WAS A COMMON PROBLEM IN THE LOCAL AREA

Persons aged 13 years and over



Whether family violence was a common problem

When asked if they thought family violence was a common problem in the Hobart Region:

- 820 people aged 13 years and over said yes
- 2,880 people said no
- 2,880 people said they did not know

Whether police did a good job dealing with family violence

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with family violence:

- 1,420 people aged 13 years and over said yes
- 1,250 people said no
- 270 people said police sometimes did a good job
- 3,660 people said that they did not know

FIGURE 6.8 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH FAMILY VIOLENCE

Persons aged 13 years and over

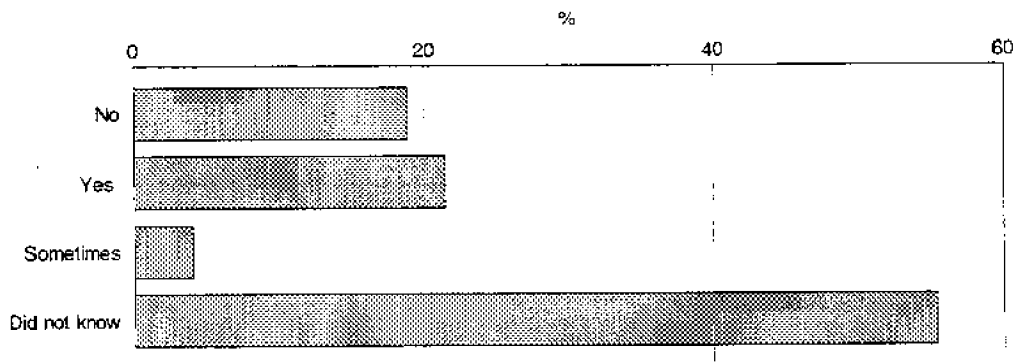
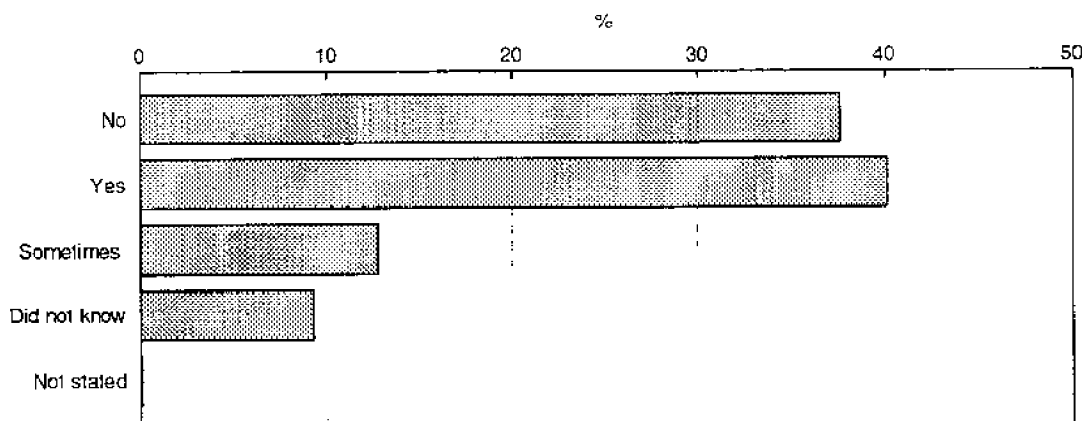


FIGURE 6.9 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH CRIME

Persons aged 13 years and over



Perceptions of police dealing with crime

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with crime:

- 2,480 people aged 13 years and over said no
- 2,650 people said yes
- 850 people said sometimes
- 620 people said they did not know

Perceptions of police dealing with violence

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with violence:

- 1,560 people aged 13 years and over said no
- 2,800 people said yes
- 570 people said sometimes
- 1,680 people said they did not know

FIGURE 6.10 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH VIOLENCE

Persons aged 13 years and over

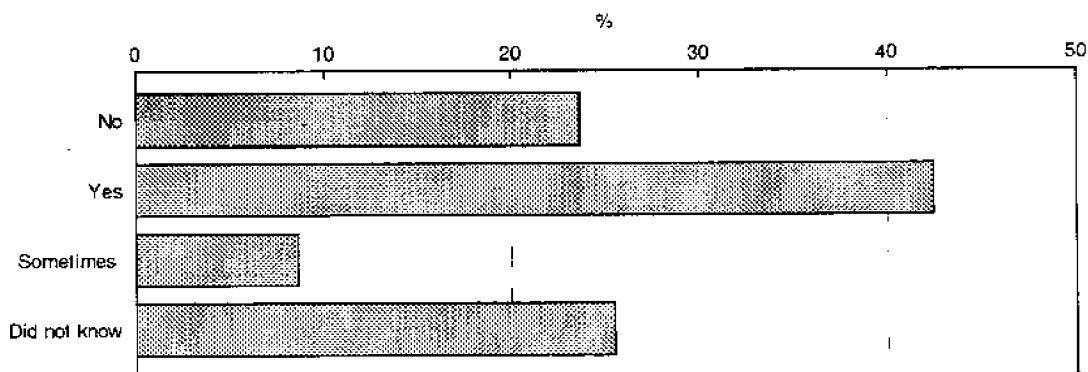
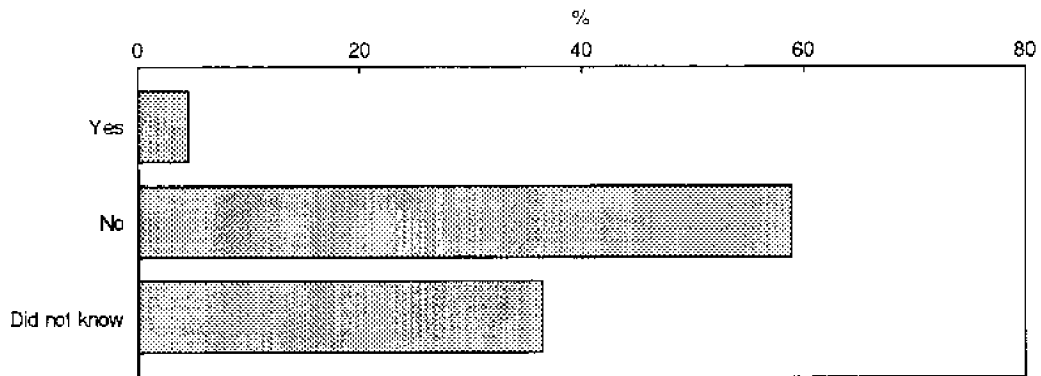


FIGURE 6.11 INDIGENOUS POLICE IN LOCAL AREA

Persons aged 13 years and over



Whether there were Indigenous police in local area

People aged thirteen years and over were asked whether there were Indigenous people working in their local area as police aides, police liaison officers or police officers. The responses were:

- yes (290 people)
- no (4,000 people)
- did not know (2,410 people)

Whether local Indigenous police did a good job

The views of the 290 people on whether Indigenous police aides, police liaison officers and police officers did a good job were:

- yes (180 people)
- no (40** people)
- sometimes (60** people)
- did not know (20** people)

FIGURE 6.12 LOCAL INDIGENOUS POLICE DID A GOOD JOB

Persons aged 13 years and over who reported that there were Indigenous police in the local area

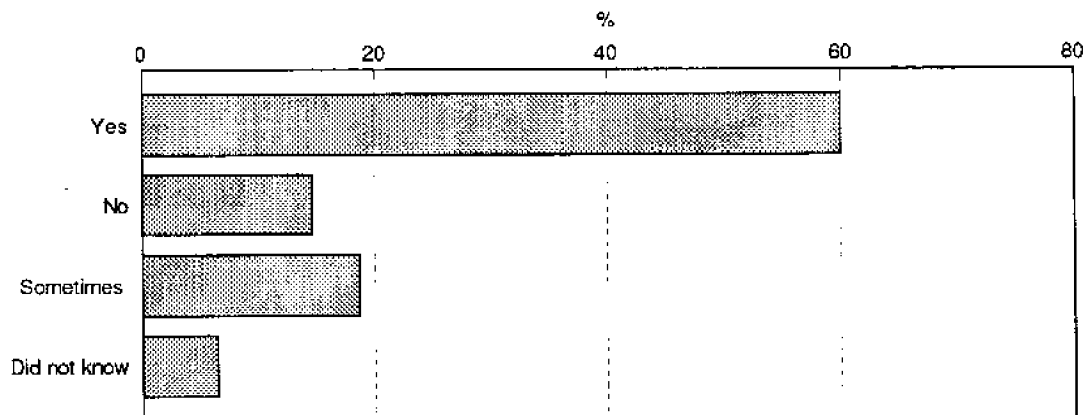
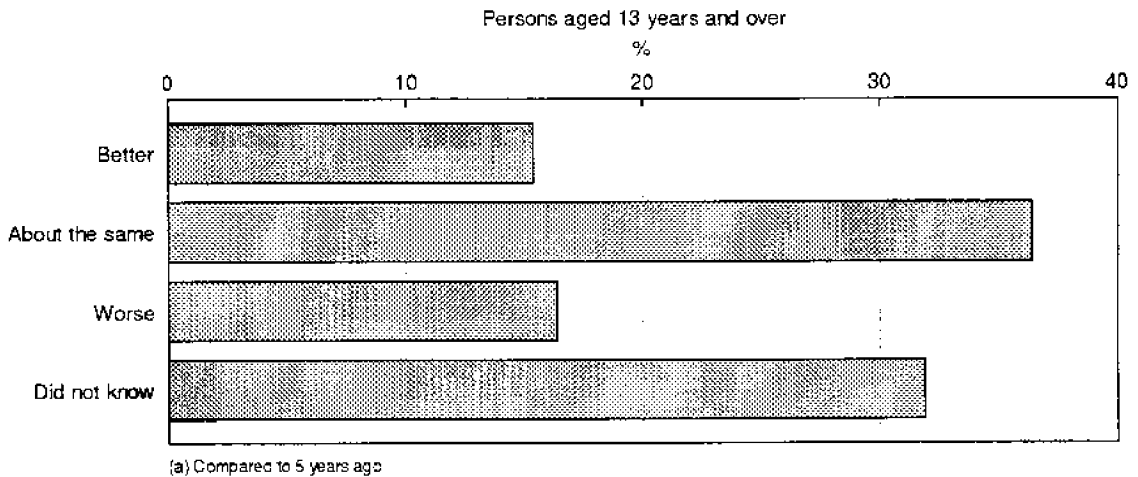


FIGURE 6.13 PERCEPTION OF CURRENT RELATIONS WITH POLICE (a)



Perceptions of current relations with police compared to 5 years ago

People aged thirteen years and over stated that current relations with police compared to five years ago were:

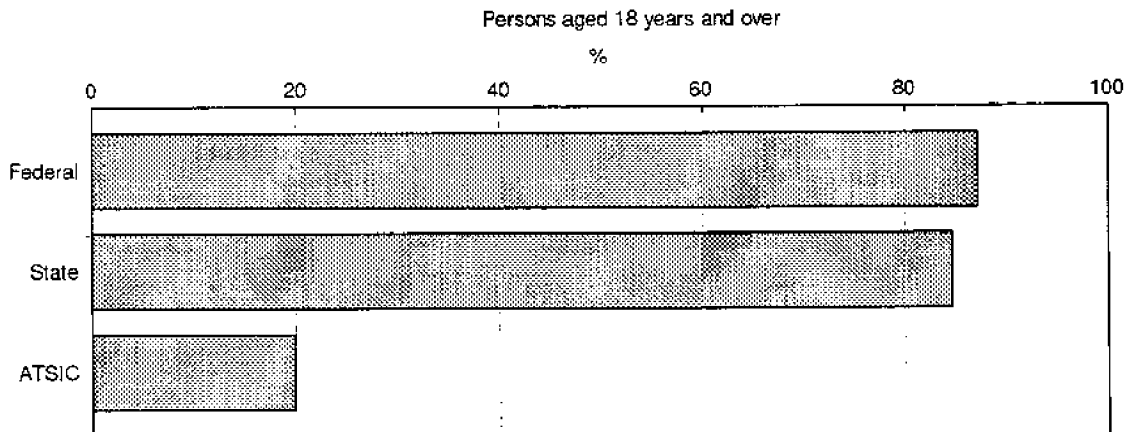
- better (1,020 people)
- about the same (2,400 people)
- worse (1,080 people)
- did not know (2,100 people)

Whether voted in last elections

The reported voting patterns of the 5,350 people aged eighteen years and over were:

- 4,670 people voted in the last Federal election
- 4,530 people voted in the last State election
- 1,060 people voted in the last ATSIC election

FIGURE 6.14 VOTED IN LAST ELECTIONS



APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: FAMILIES

Area	Family Type			Family Members		Total Families (^{'000})
	One parent families (%)	Couple only families (%)	Two parent families (%)	All Indigenous (%)	Indigenous and non-Indigenous (%)	
Queanbeyan	32.2	**9.5	52.2	55.1	44.9	2.1
Bourke	27.2	14.5	52.8	91.3	**8.7	1.7
Coffs Harbour	31.6	12.0	52.7	55.4	44.6	5.4
Sydney	26.5	19.2	50.8	36.7	63.3	7.8
Tamworth	32.6	14.5	47.4	86.3	13.7	2.6
Wagga Wagga	28.6	17.3	48.7	48.8	51.2	4.8
Wangaratta	25.1	**11.1	58.9	31.6	68.4	2.9
Ballarat	34.7	24.8	39.8	33.8	66.2	3.4
Brisbane	31.6	14.1	48.7	36.2	63.8	5.9
Cairns	28.8	10.6	53.7	71.4	28.6	3.5
Mt Isa	26.7	**11.0	61.6	89.8	**10.2	1.4
Cooktown	31.1	15.6	50.8	96.1	**3.9	1.7
Rockhampton	15.1	20.8	60.7	43.1	56.9	2.9
Roma	25.9	**6.7	67.4	51.1	48.9	1.9
Townsville	25.9	**10.3	63.1	61.5	38.5	3.0
Torres Strait area	21.8	20.7	56.7	93.0	7.0	1.7
Adelaide	46.6	**9.9	40.5	52.7	47.3	3.2
Ceduna	27.8	22.0	46.5	82.0	18.0	0.5
Port Augusta	24.0	12.9	57.7	82.7	17.3	1.5
Perth	29.5	13.7	56.1	54.2	45.8	3.7
Broome	40.1	15.5	44.4	80.6	19.4	1.0
Kununurra	23.9	18.6	55.6	93.0	**7.0	1.0
Warburton	25.4	15.1	55.4	100.0	**0.0	0.7
Narrogin	23.2	**3.9	68.5	76.9	23.1	1.4
South Hedland	32.8	10.2	54.8	58.6	41.4	1.4
Derby	33.6	16.5	49.9	95.1	**4.9	1.1
Kalgoorlie	23.4	15.0	59.1	75.2	24.8	0.6
Geraldton	36.4	18.6	41.1	90.6	9.4	1.3
Hobart	18.6	24.7	54.9	19.4	80.6	4.0
Alice Springs	40.3	**12.4	38.3	89.2	**10.8	1.0
Jabiru	24.1	18.0	56.9	98.9	**1.1	1.8
Katherine	25.1	16.8	57.3	93.4	6.6	1.8
Aputula	26.0	17.0	55.1	97.8	**2.2	1.7
Nhulunbuy	23.2	**13.2	63.7	94.9	**5.1	1.4
Tennant Creek	17.8	18.8	62.2	100.0	**0.0	0.8
Darwin	30.9	21.5	44.8	64.0	36.0	1.9
Australia	28.5	15.4	52.8	60.2	39.8	84.9

APPENDIX A: CULTURE

Persons aged 13 years and over							
Area	Identified with a clan (a)	Recognised an area as homelands	See elders as being important	Attended cultural activities	Recognise homelands		
					Total	Currently live in their homelands	Total
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	50.2	69.6	74.5	57.2	4.6	51.5	3.2
Bourke	57.1	70.9	86.2	76.0	4.9	81.5	3.5
Coffs Harbour	60.3	81.7	92.1	80.8	11.8	44.8	9.6
Sydney	41.9	70.1	82.8	62.8	15.6	31.8	10.9
Tamworth	38.5	70.0	75.1	65.4	6.7	76.3	4.7
Wagga Wagga	45.2	46.4	76.5	61.7	9.8	44.8	4.6
Wangaratta	41.0	69.8	73.4	49.4	6.0	40.0	4.2
Ballarat	48.5	70.4	86.0	70.7	6.6	26.6	4.6
Brisbane	43.1	65.6	72.1	62.8	12.3	**8.8	8.1
Cairns	72.2	84.6	86.1	80.2	7.7	37.7	6.5
Mt Isa	84.7	90.8	96.3	81.6	4.6	62.6	4.2
Cooktown	95.3	96.0	89.2	90.9	4.5	54.1	4.3
Rockhampton	27.5	48.8	79.5	63.5	5.4	53.1	2.7
Roma	24.0	53.9	77.7	58.3	4.6	45.8	2.5
Townsville	57.9	78.2	82.8	73.5	8.5	27.4	6.7
Torres Strait area	71.4	93.0	81.6	81.9	4.3	70.1	4.0
Adelaide	60.2	77.5	86.1	68.2	6.9	21.9	5.3
Ceduna	80.3	86.4	92.6	92.0	1.1	45.9	0.9
Port Augusta	77.9	84.2	88.0	83.4	4.0	32.4	3.3
Perth	59.9	71.3	84.1	65.2	8.5	11.4	6.0
Broome	80.3	84.6	91.3	93.8	2.3	41.9	2.0
Kununurra	95.2	95.0	92.8	96.3	2.9	56.1	2.8
Warburton	84.5	90.3	94.1	92.8	1.8	59.6	1.7
Narrogin	50.2	85.6	82.7	78.0	3.6	55.0	3.1
South Hedland	50.9	63.5	85.0	72.8	3.1	27.1	2.0
Derby	84.7	87.9	89.5	85.7	3.0	34.4	2.6
Kalgoorlie	54.9	69.1	82.4	81.9	1.7	49.2	1.2
Geraldton	33.9	45.5	83.4	94.2	3.2	40.7	1.5
Hobart	17.7	39.9	66.4	31.4	6.6	45.5	2.6
Alice Springs	86.2	88.4	92.7	83.2	3.6	23.6	3.2
Jabiru	99.2	97.9	95.3	91.2	5.5	37.4	5.4
Katherine	90.1	91.7	95.6	86.6	4.6	23.1	4.2
Aputula	100.0	98.6	98.2	96.1	5.0	69.8	4.9
Nhulunbuy	97.6	99.5	98.2	79.1	4.5	78.3	4.5
Tennant Creek	94.8	98.5	81.2	97.6	2.2	34.6	2.2
Darwin	75.5	83.4	94.5	68.5	5.5	22.1	4.6
Australia	59.8	75.2	84.4	72.1	197.5	41.0	148.1

(a) or persons who identified with a tribal or language group.

APPENDIX A: HEALTH

Area	All persons			Persons aged 13 years and over		
	Experienced illness			Smokers	Perceived alcohol to be main local health problem	Total
	Recent (2 wks prior to survey)	Specified long term (6 mths or over)	Total			
(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	(%)	('000)	
Queanbeyan	44.8	42.4	6.7	46.4	46.1	4.6
Bourke	20.1	23.3	7.2	60.7	63.6	4.9
Coffs Harbour	47.7	43.8	18.8	48.9	71.4	11.8
Sydney	55.1	42.4	24.1	48.6	52.4	15.6
Tamworth	31.5	29.8	10.2	54.9	60.0	6.7
Wagga Wagga	37.8	36.4	15.4	47.4	62.0	9.8
Wangaratta	53.0	45.4	9.4	52.5	36.6	6.0
Ballarat	54.6	46.6	9.8	59.7	39.8	6.6
Brisbane	51.2	45.1	18.6	50.8	28.1	12.3
Cairns	35.2	25.7	12.6	48.2	84.6	7.7
Mt Isa	28.1	25.7	6.8	51.3	68.4	4.6
Cooktown	31.4	32.7	6.5	60.5	85.7	4.5
Rockhampton	31.7	31.4	9.2	48.5	63.0	5.4
Roma	33.6	38.6	7.0	53.3	48.7	4.6
Townsville	42.9	34.1	12.8	36.9	50.6	8.5
Torres Strait area	24.1	18.6	6.4	40.9	79.1	4.3
Adelaide	40.5	36.9	10.7	56.3	51.4	6.9
Ceduna	41.6	36.9	1.8	53.6	78.7	1.1
Port Augusta	50.2	38.8	6.0	53.5	64.9	4.0
Perth	46.1	38.9	13.3	49.9	73.2	8.5
Broome	19.6	26.4	3.6	53.8	96.3	2.3
Kununurra	49.8	24.7	4.2	45.9	61.7	2.9
Warburton	32.7	23.2	2.8	40.2	57.4	1.8
Narrogin	34.4	28.8	6.2	48.1	67.4	3.6
South Hedland	34.8	34.4	4.8	44.4	88.9	3.1
Derby	33.3	23.9	4.4	45.0	81.6	3.0
Kalgoorlie	27.8	31.6	2.8	52.5	76.7	1.7
Geraldton	34.0	33.4	5.0	45.4	79.3	3.2
Hobart	48.1	41.7	10.1	45.9	26.2	6.6
Alice Springs	40.5	23.7	4.7	28.9	74.4	3.6
Jabiru	33.0	23.2	8.5	61.4	55.9	5.5
Katherine	50.5	29.3	7.3	41.2	46.7	4.6
Aputula	35.4	23.8	7.1	41.4	58.0	5.0
Nhulunbuy	42.2	29.4	6.9	59.2	30.9	4.5
Tennant Creek	19.8	15.0	3.6	32.8	90.0	2.2
Darwin	37.4	34.3	8.0	49.7	66.2	5.5
Australia	41.2	34.8	303.3	49.7	58.8	197.5

APPENDIX A: HOUSING

Area	Home ownership rate	Community owned dwellings	Running water connected	Electricity connected	Dwelling situated on sealed road	Satisfied with current dwelling	Total households
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	**9.9	**9.5	94.6	94.6	59.7	83.0	2.8
Bourke	**18.5	45.2	92.9	94.6	84.4	68.9	1.6
Coffs Harbour	30.6	24.5	97.0	97.3	88.2	75.5	5.5
Sydney	34.0	**2.3	98.8	98.7	96.5	70.2	9.7
Tamworth	**14.2	20.9	95.2	99.0	81.4	88.2	3.3
Wagga Wagga	40.1	**15.6	97.1	99.8	87.1	85.3	5.0
Wangaratta	**41.1	**12.5	99.8	99.8	96.8	83.2	3.1
Ballarat	**30.0	**6.6	99.7	99.8	85.2	84.7	3.6
Brisbane	34.9	**11.1	96.4	97.0	93.9	93.0	6.4
Cairns	**15.3	**17.0	97.1	97.8	85.3	88.2	3.0
Mt Isa	**2.5	64.4	97.0	99.7	30.6	77.7	1.2
Cooktown	**0.8	86.4	74.0	74.0	52.5	28.1	1.3
Rockhampton	**16.0	**16.5	100.0	100.0	95.1	87.6	3.1
Roma	**34.5	**14.8	100.0	100.0	88.9	96.2	2.0
Townsville	**16.1	**16.4	97.5	99.1	95.0	79.6	2.8
Torres Strait area	**17.5	**54.1	88.4	90.4	39.6	64.7	1.5
Adelaide	**19.9	**13.3	99.7	99.7	91.7	88.1	3.4
Ceduna	**5.3	**28.5	97.9	97.9	88.7	74.4	0.4
Port Augusta	**16.9	**26.0	98.2	93.1	72.1	71.3	1.5
Perth	**38.2	**0.0	96.4	96.4	81.5	78.0	4.2
Broome	**4.5	**4.5	93.4	93.4	68.6	44.6	0.9
Kununurra	**5.4	**59.1	69.4	72.6	31.2	35.5	0.7
Warburton	**0.0	**87.8	93.6	94.6	**13.6	77.4	0.5
Narrogin	**24.4	**7.3	98.7	93.0	76.2	79.0	1.7
South Hedland	**6.5	**6.6	99.2	99.2	90.7	92.7	1.5
Derby	**0.0	**65.8	72.3	73.3	31.2	30.9	0.9
Kalgoorlie	**8.2	**5.8	99.3	98.5	92.1	75.3	0.6
Geraldton	**15.6	**6.3	100.0	100.0	83.9	94.1	1.3
Hobart	52.3	**3.0	98.8	99.6	83.4	90.6	4.4
Alice Springs	**18.4	**18.7	93.6	94.7	83.8	79.9	1.1
Jabiru	**0.8	78.5	89.1	87.6	45.1	21.6	1.1
Katherine	**14.0	67.8	90.3	90.2	54.9	45.5	1.2
Aputula	**0.0	**69.8	79.3	74.1	53.6	27.2	1.3
Nhulunbuy	**0.0	74.3	97.5	97.5	38.3	35.3	1.0
Tennant Creek	**2.7	89.9	95.9	87.5	65.5	53.9	0.7
Darwin	**22.7	**16.8	94.9	98.1	87.3	84.0	1.9
Australia	24.9	20.9	96.1	96.4	81.6	77.3	86.4

APPENDIX A: PRIMARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

Area	Persons aged 5-18 years		Primary and secondary school students			
	Attending school (%)	Total ('000)	Taught an Indigenous language at school (%)	Taught Indigenous culture at school (%)	Taught by an Indigenous teacher (%)	Total ('000)
Queanbeyan	76.0	2.1	6.3	57.4	11.0	1.6
Bourke	78.0	2.8	20.1	60.0	34.9	2.2
Coffs Harbour	89.0	6.5	15.2	48.6	12.6	5.9
Sydney	89.8	7.0	**6.0	44.0	**4.8	6.5
Tamworth	93.1	3.3	**7.9	60.0	13.9	3.1
Wagga Wagga	85.3	4.9	**1.3	29.4	**3.4	4.2
Wangaratta	80.1	2.9	**2.2	33.9	**1.4	2.3
Ballarat	87.2	3.0	**4.1	39.4	**4.6	2.7
Brisbane	84.6	6.6	**0.5	32.7	**1.1	5.7
Cairns	82.1	4.4	30.4	78.5	8.1	3.6
Mt Isa	80.1	2.0	24.8	64.4	**2.0	1.6
Cooktown	75.9	1.6	33.1	77.8	40.1	1.2
Rockhampton	83.3	2.4	**1.5	31.6	**2.6	2.0
Roma	74.3	2.8	**0.0	38.7	**0.9	2.1
Townsville	79.5	5.0	**1.6	41.5	**2.9	4.0
Torres Strait area	81.4	1.8	56.3	91.2	52.6	1.5
Adelaide	84.1	3.5	17.5	49.1	**7.9	2.9
Ceduna	83.8	0.6	60.7	85.4	**6.4	0.5
Port Augusta	78.6	1.9	54.7	76.0	23.9	1.5
Perth	79.3	4.5	**4.3	49.4	**8.3	3.6
Broome	83.2	1.2	48.5	58.4	11.6	1.0
Kununurra	71.3	1.3	52.7	71.3	**1.2	1.0
Warburton	75.8	0.8	59.4	68.3	**14.3	0.6
Narrogin	84.5	2.7	**5.9	42.5	**5.7	2.3
South Hedland	84.3	1.8	9.6	43.2	**0.0	1.5
Derby	74.9	1.4	45.0	66.4	**5.0	1.0
Kalgoorlie	82.7	1.0	9.8	36.1	**4.6	0.8
Geraldton	73.6	1.5	**6.7	32.0	**1.2	1.1
Hobart	81.3	3.5	**2.4	39.0	**1.6	2.9
Alice Springs	88.9	1.9	22.5	66.9	13.6	1.7
Jabiru	75.8	2.7	85.5	94.4	82.1	2.1
Katherine	74.9	2.5	28.8	48.1	11.8	1.9
Aputula	61.2	2.1	49.6	85.9	40.6	1.3
Nhulunbuy	76.1	2.5	90.9	97.0	89.7	1.9
Tennant Creek	71.2	1.1	86.5	91.1	94.8	0.8
Darwin	81.7	2.7	**7.2	42.1	**9.7	2.2
Australia	81.7	100.3	18.3	52.2	13.7	82.9

APPENDIX A: HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Area	Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school				Total (^{'000})
	With	Without post-school educational qualifications			
	post-school qualification (%)	Year 12 Certificate (a) (%)	Year 10 Certificate (a) (%)	Below Year 10 (b) (%)	
Queanbeyan	16.4	11.5	30.8	41.3	3.9
Bourke	13.2	**3.2	18.5	65.1	4.2
Coffs Harbour	27.3	4.8	25.1	42.8	9.7
Sydney	24.7	9.1	23.3	42.9	14.0
Tamworth	18.0	**2.2	25.3	54.5	5.7
Wagga Wagga	16.0	**3.8	20.7	59.5	8.8
Wangaratta	24.9	6.5	22.9	45.7	5.2
Ballarat	23.2	13.6	16.9	46.3	5.9
Brisbane	28.6	11.5	28.8	31.1	9.7
Cairns	12.9	17.3	34.6	35.2	6.7
Mt Isa	4.3	6.0	28.8	60.9	4.3
Cooktown	14.4	3.5	24.9	57.2	4.3
Rockhampton	13.3	14.2	33.4	39.0	5.0
Roma	**10.4	**9.5	30.4	49.7	3.5
Townsville	20.7	11.6	37.4	30.3	6.8
Torres Strait area	9.9	15.8	26.5	47.8	4.0
Adelaide	27.3	**6.9	39.5	26.3	6.0
Ceduna	22.4	**4.5	22.7	50.5	1.0
Port Augusta	16.9	**1.8	26.1	55.2	3.6
Perth	13.0	**3.0	44.3	39.7	7.5
Broome	20.1	4.9	46.8	28.2	2.0
Kununurra	7.4	6.1	29.5	56.9	2.7
Warburton	11.1	**3.5	20.3	65.1	1.7
Narrogin	14.6	7.5	39.9	38.0	3.0
South Hedland	19.5	7.3	30.6	42.6	2.6
Derby	8.5	5.2	25.5	60.8	2.6
Kalgoorlie	11.6	**2.9	48.2	37.3	1.5
Geraldton	9.7	5.9	30.7	53.8	3.0
Hobart	23.2	3.4	41.8	31.6	5.6
Alice Springs	17.3	6.5	25.4	50.8	2.5
Jabiru	4.0	4.4	28.2	63.3	5.0
Katherine	7.5	3.1	24.2	65.3	4.1
Aputula	4.2	**0.2	8.4	87.2	4.7
Nhulunbuy	**5.1	14.7	31.9	48.2	3.8
Tennant Creek	9.1	3.9	22.1	64.9	2.1
Darwin	19.0	7.0	32.3	41.7	4.5
Australia	17.1	7.4	28.6	46.9	171.4

(a) Includes persons who attained Yr 10 or Yr 12 Certificate at TAFE. (b) Includes persons with no formal education.

APPENDIX A: LABOUR FORCE STATUS

Area	Persons aged 15 years and over						
	In the labour force			Total ('000)	Employed persons		
	Employed (%)	Unemployed (%)	Not in the labour force (%)		Worked 35 hours or more (%)	Able to meet cultural obligations (%)	Total ('000)
Queanbeyan	40.6	30.2	29.2	4.3	72.3	38.7	1.7
Bourke	33.8	24.5	41.7	4.4	36.5	46.0	1.5
Coffs Harbour	28.9	30.3	40.8	10.9	53.4	38.1	3.2
Sydney	43.5	20.9	35.5	15.0	78.4	30.6	6.5
Tamworth	25.8	29.6	44.6	6.2	67.7	46.5	1.6
Wagga Wagga	25.1	31.3	43.6	9.3	71.2	27.3	2.3
Wangaratta	39.1	21.8	39.1	5.6	74.6	42.2	2.2
Ballarat	41.8	26.6	31.6	6.1	70.1	38.4	2.6
Brisbane	40.8	19.3	39.8	11.3	68.7	26.5	4.6
Cairns	38.1	19.0	42.9	7.2	39.2	29.9	2.7
Mt Isa	35.2	24.6	40.3	4.4	69.5	83.2	1.5
Cooktown	68.6	3.9	33.4	4.4	27.3	81.8	2.8
Rockhampton	39.5	23.9	36.5	5.1	77.7	53.9	2.0
Roma	23.1	34.8	42.1	4.1	64.6	42.1	1.0
Townsville	39.2	16.2	44.6	7.9	63.1	52.1	3.1
Torres Strait area	35.8	20.0	44.2	4.1	44.0	40.4	1.5
Adelaide	29.5	23.4	47.0	6.5	78.4	**22.6	1.9
Ceduna	47.6	22.6	29.8	1.0	39.1	67.1	0.5
Port Augusta	29.9	29.4	40.7	3.8	51.3	58.9	1.1
Perth	29.1	30.8	40.1	7.8	64.5	27.5	2.3
Broome	44.1	19.1	36.8	2.2	51.3	78.2	1.0
Kununurra	70.2	6.3	23.5	2.8	27.3	58.2	2.0
Warburton	34.6	15.0	50.4	1.8	20.7	75.3	0.6
Narrogin	25.9	19.7	54.3	3.2	62.7	35.4	0.8
South Hedland	38.9	20.2	41.0	3.0	69.5	50.4	1.1
Derby	49.0	8.5	42.6	2.8	13.2	91.1	1.4
Kalgoorlie	18.6	35.1	46.3	1.6	72.9	20.7	0.3
Geraldton	29.8	27.5	42.6	3.2	57.6	18.9	0.9
Hobart	44.8	17.8	41.4	6.1	70.3	17.0	2.7
Alice Springs	44.8	10.9	37.4	2.9	56.4	41.1	1.3
Jabiru	26.7	31.1	44.3	5.4	32.3	77.8	1.4
Katherine	25.7	16.8	42.2	4.3	48.4	81.1	1.1
Aputula	25.0	5.5	69.5	4.8	25.6	94.9	1.2
Nhulunbuy	42.9	15.8	41.3	4.0	63.9	92.7	1.7
Tennant Creek	50.2	22.1	40.6	2.1	34.3	59.7	0.8
Darwin	28.8	23.7	47.5	4.9	64.9	44.8	1.4
Australia	36.0	22.4	41.6	181.5	58.8	46.3	66.0

APPENDIX A: INCOME

Area	Persons aged 15 years and over						Total (^{'000})
	Main source of income (a)				Annual income		
	CDEP (%)	Other earned income (%)	Government payments (%)	No income (%)	\$12,000 or less (%)	\$25,000 or more (%)	
Queanbeyan	**0.0	39.5	50.5	8.8	55.3	13.8	4.3
Bourke	18.3	12.7	56.8	8.8	67.0	5.6	4.4
Coffs Harbour	**2.4	24.8	61.7	10.6	58.1	10.9	10.9
Sydney	**2.5	37.6	42.8	13.0	48.8	20.4	15.0
Tamworth	**3.2	19.5	61.2	14.6	53.5	9.6	6.2
Wagga Wagga	5.2	19.5	66.8	6.9	62.0	13.0	9.3
Wangaratta	**3.6	32.5	50.1	13.8	58.9	18.8	5.6
Ballarat	**2.8	32.7	52.4	11.9	46.9	14.6	6.1
Brisbane	**0.0	35.7	45.9	16.6	52.7	15.0	11.3
Cairns	12.5	20.7	56.0	9.8	55.9	7.3	7.2
Mt Isa	13.8	21.3	56.3	8.3	60.7	11.0	4.4
Cooktown	50.8	5.4	29.8	9.1	54.5	7.0	4.4
Rockhampton	**4.9	33.1	54.7	**5.4	47.4	14.6	5.1
Roma	**2.2	19.0	62.2	9.6	61.9	**9.2	4.1
Townsville	11.4	23.7	47.1	15.1	58.9	13.0	7.9
Torres Strait area	15.3	19.7	51.7	12.1	58.2	7.1	4.1
Adelaide	**3.5	23.6	62.9	8.1	61.1	12.2	6.5
Ceduna	22.5	19.9	50.4	**4.4	59.5	13.2	1.0
Port Augusta	6.7	17.6	63.2	6.7	64.8	9.6	3.8
Perth	**0.0	25.3	66.7	7.2	59.1	10.9	7.8
Broome	22.9	18.2	47.9	10.3	59.6	13.7	2.2
Kununurra	57.6	7.4	26.3	7.5	71.9	3.8	2.8
Warburton	18.4	10.0	55.0	13.7	73.9	**2.6	1.8
Narrogin	**3.0	19.0	67.1	9.8	62.0	6.7	3.2
South Hedland	**0.3	35.2	47.6	12.9	56.5	19.2	3.0
Derby	35.8	10.9	46.0	7.3	79.1	**4.1	2.8
Kalgoorlie	**1.1	16.2	71.4	11.0	59.3	9.9	1.6
Geraldton	3.0	23.7	65.0	8.3	59.5	9.3	3.2
Hobart	**0.2	41.4	47.5	10.3	53.6	14.2	6.1
Alice Springs	15.4	27.7	49.9	5.4	58.8	18.0	2.9
Jabiru	10.0	13.8	65.5	10.3	80.5	3.0	5.4
Katherine	8.8	10.7	68.3	10.3	69.9	4.9	4.3
Aputula	10.3	10.4	68.1	10.6	76.0	3.0	4.8
Nhulunbuy	19.4	19.6	42.1	18.5	67.3	7.3	4.0
Tennant Creek	23.4	10.8	59.0	3.4	66.5	5.9	2.1
Darwin	**1.4	26.5	61.6	9.6	61.1	9.9	4.9
Australia	8.5	24.1	54.9	10.7	59.4	11.3	181.5

(a) Excludes persons who did not state their main source of income.

APPENDIX A: LAW AND JUSTICE

Area	Persons aged 13 years and over			18 years and over			Total (^{'000})
	Arrested in last 5 years (%)	Relations with police perceived better than 5 years ago (%)	Family violence perceived as a problem in local area (%)	Voted in last federal election (%)	Voted in last ATSI election (%)		
Queanbeyan	20.4	21.4	36.2	4.6	74.4	38.8	3.5
Bourke	19.6	13.4	67.0	4.9	69.5	46.7	3.8
Coffs Harbour	23.1	18.5	42.7	11.8	53.0	24.2	9.3
Sydney	18.2	22.9	25.8	15.6	78.3	19.6	13.4
Tamworth	22.4	14.4	54.6	6.7	39.5	21.3	5.6
Wagga Wagga	23.9	23.1	42.9	9.8	69.6	25.0	8.4
Wangaratta	19.4	27.2	42.6	6.0	70.2	28.8	4.9
Ballarat	24.0	15.3	34.2	6.6	67.0	31.3	5.6
Brisbane	13.8	9.8	21.0	12.3	65.0	18.8	9.6
Cairns	13.4	13.3	53.6	7.7	68.7	44.9	6.4
Mt Isa	7.2	36.3	79.3	4.6	85.1	81.5	4.1
Cooktown	27.3	23.6	77.4	4.5	39.6	66.2	4.2
Rockhampton	14.6	17.9	27.2	5.4	85.7	31.2	4.9
Roma	25.4	27.6	42.9	4.6	75.0	36.9	3.4
Townsville	12.4	18.2	57.9	8.5	72.6	50.8	6.5
Torres Strait area	**1.8	21.7	47.1	4.3	81.8	47.3	3.9
Adelaide	27.6	20.6	39.8	6.9	57.1	19.9	5.7
Ceduna	32.4	27.3	58.4	1.1	52.1	53.0	0.9
Port Augusta	27.0	29.6	62.7	4.0	61.6	41.9	3.5
Perth	27.0	20.5	40.5	8.5	51.0	36.0	7.1
Broome	25.0	12.8	81.8	2.3	58.2	55.3	2.0
Kununurra	34.5	29.4	70.5	2.9	70.4	60.1	2.5
Warburton	22.9	29.3	34.6	1.8	52.8	58.6	1.6
Narrogin	25.3	32.1	31.9	3.6	79.1	56.7	2.7
South Hedland	17.9	12.8	71.6	3.1	64.5	38.4	2.5
Derby	16.4	14.4	71.1	3.0	74.6	69.7	2.4
Kalgoorlie	21.7	19.7	65.1	1.7	60.1	62.4	1.5
Geraldton	18.6	18.9	61.2	3.2	56.0	39.1	2.8
Hobart	12.4	15.4	12.4	6.6	87.2	19.8	5.4
Alice Springs	16.9	17.6	48.8	3.6	68.2	62.3	2.4
Jabiru	19.1	29.7	35.0	5.5	73.0	72.8	4.8
Katherine	22.2	48.4	68.4	4.6	71.7	44.1	3.9
Aputula	25.5	26.6	33.2	5.0	54.4	66.5	4.4
Nhulunbuy	18.1	18.4	46.9	4.5	76.8	70.3	3.6
Tennant Creek	3.6	63.1	65.2	2.2	86.2	81.8	2.0
Darwin	19.0	27.2	50.4	5.5	52.8	33.6	4.4
Australia	20.4	21.5	45.1	197.5	66.2	39.4	163.8

**APPENDIX B: INDIGENOUS POPULATION PROJECTIONS
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Populations, June 30 1994**

Age (Years)	Hobart ATSI Region			Tasmania			Australia		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
0-4	733	676	1,409	751	689	1,440	22,844	21,680	44,524
5-9	662	623	1,285	656	610	1,266	20,229	19,317	39,546
10-14	650	634	1,284	646	628	1,273	17,755	16,796	34,552
15-19	604	584	1,188	598	577	1,175	15,826	15,078	30,904
20-24	538	519	1,057	545	525	1,070	16,103	15,448	31,551
25-29	400	390	790	400	389	789	14,038	13,793	27,831
30-34	385	381	766	377	371	748	11,777	11,805	23,582
35-39	337	338	675	333	335	667	9,268	9,472	18,740
40-44	261	249	510	255	248	503	7,171	7,683	14,854
45-49	201	181	382	200	180	379	5,135	5,604	10,739
50-54	134	122	256	132	121	253	3,900	4,113	8,013
55-59	98	91	189	98	90	188	2,797	3,132	5,929
60-64	77	63	140	76	63	139	2,185	2,545	4,730
65-69	41	51	92	40	52	93	1,461	1,796	3,257
70-74	32	38	70	33	40	73	919	1,161	2,080
75 and over	19	28	47	23	31	54	998	1,431	2,429
Total	5,172	4,968	10,140	5,162	4,951	10,113	152,406	150,855	303,261

Note: Population projections for ATSI Regions have been prepared by ABS using assumptions agreed to by ATSI. As these regional projections were prepared at a later date using more up-to-date assumptions than the State population projections presented in this attachment, minor discrepancies can exist between these State totals and the sums of component Regions.

CAUTION: For ATSI Regions discrepancies may occur between survey estimates and population projections.

APPENDIX C: STANDARD ERRORS

Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. The estimates in the survey are subject to sampling variability. One measure of the likely difference between survey estimates and true values is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that the sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all the dwellings had been included.

Another measure of the likely difference is the relative standard error which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling.

The size of the standard error of an estimate of a number of persons increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger is the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.

As the standard errors in the following table show, very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable purposes. Estimates and percentages with larger relative standard errors have been included and are preceded by two asterisks if it is greater than 25 per cent (e.g., **2.5), indicating they are subject to high standard errors and should be used with caution.

Standard Errors for Persons, Families and Households ATSIC Regions and Torres Strait Area

Size of Estimate	Queanbeyan	Bourke	Coffs Harbour	Sydney	Tamworth	Wagga Wagga	Ballarat	Wangaratta	Brisbane	Cairns	Cooktown	Mount Isa
50	32	27	30	42	39	32	30	27	39	30	19	23
100	42	34	42	72	48	54	44	41	66	45	26	33
200	52	42	60	109	60	78	61	62	104	62	35	43
300	58	48	73	131	67	93	72	78	130	72	42	47
500	64	56	95	157	78	109	85	101	167	84	53	50
700	68	62	112	171	87	116	92	119	192	92	61	50
1,000	71	70	135	181	96	121	99	141	219	98	72	58
1,500	73	79	165	186	109	122	105	169	247	103	86	69
2,000	74	86	191	213	118	135	107	190	264	105	98	78
2,500	74	93	213	236	126	146	108	208	276	106	109	85
3,000	77	98	234	256	134	156	109	223	285	106	118	92
4,000	82	107	270	293	145	173	120	248	295	116	134	104
5,000	86	115	302	325	155	187	129	268	301	124	..	114
7,000	..	..	357	380	172	210	145	301	304	138	..	..
10,000	..	..	428	448	..	238	..	..	349	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	541	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Appendix C: Standard Errors for Persons, Families and Households
ATSIC Regions and Torres Strait Area — continued

Size of Estimate	Rock-hampton	Roma	Townsville	Torres Strait area	Adelaide	Ceduna	Port Augusta	Perth	Broome	Kununurra	Warburton	Narragin
50	30	36	37	17	36	15	22	34	15	16	17	25
100	44	58	51	25	60	22	30	49	21	22	25	33
200	65	80	71	37	88	32	42	73	30	29	38	43
300	82	91	85	47	102	40	50	91	37	35	49	50
500	110	99	108	63	115	53	64	120	47	43	67	61
700	133	101	126	76	119	65	75	145	56	50	82	70
1,000	162	117	149	93	144	79	88	177	67	58	102	80
1,500	204	138	180	118	180	..	107	221	82	70	130	94
2,000	240	156	206	139	210	..	122	260	95	79	155	105
2,500	272	171	228	157	237	..	135	294	106	87	..	114
3,000	301	184	248	175	261	..	147	325	..	94	..	123
4,000	354	208	284	206	305	..	168	381	..	..	..	137
5,000	402	228	315	..	345	..	..	431	..	..	..	..
7,000	..	..	368	..	413	..	..	519	..	..	..	..
10,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Size of Estimate	South Hedland	Derby	Kalgoorlie	Geraldton	Hobart	Alice Springs	Jabiru	Katherine	Aputula	Nhulunbuy	Tennant Creek	Darwin
50	15	23	13	19	20	22	18	16	28	22	13	28
100	18	29	19	23	29	31	28	22	36	39	19	39
200	23	33	30	28	42	43	44	32	43	61	27	53
300	26	34	38	31	53	52	58	42	47	75	33	63
500	30	40	52	36	70	66	80	61	50	90	43	80
700	33	44	64	39	84	77	100	80	52	99	51	93
1,000	37	49	80	44	101	91	127	109	52	105	62	109
1,500	42	56	102	49	126	111	165	160	57	109	76	131
2,000	46	62	..	53	148	127	199	213	62	126	88	149
2,500	49	66	..	56	167	141	230	269	65	141	99	165
3,000	52	70	..	59	184	154	260	327	68	155	..	179
4,000	..	..	..	..	215	..	313	452	73	179	..	204
5,000	..	..	..	..	243	..	363	586	77	200	..	225
7,000	..	..	..	..	292	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

GLOSSARY

Aboriginal	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Aboriginal origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Aboriginal community controlled school	Where Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people make decisions on the curricula, teachers employed, school budget and school policy.
Aboriginal English	Includes Broken English, Pidgin English and Kriol/Creoles.
Aboriginal Independent School	A school run solely by Aboriginal people, who make decisions on school policy, staffing, curricula, and school budget.
Aboriginal Legal Service	Established to assist Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people with legal matters.
Aboriginality	Where a person identifies as being of Aboriginal or non-Aboriginal origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Actions taken	Refers to specific actions persons took with regard to their health in the two weeks prior to interview.
ATSIC Regions & Torres Strait Area	Refers to 36 defined geographic areas, each represented by an ATSIC Regional Council or the Torres Strait Regional Authority.
Attack	Where a person has suffered physical force from another person(s), for example, pushed, hit, kicked or speared.
CDEP	See Community Development Employment Projects.
Clan, tribal or language group	Refers to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander groups within Australia.

Combined primary & secondary school	A school which teaches students at both primary and secondary levels.
Community landlord	Refers to dwellings owned by community organisations, predominantly Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations. It includes housing associations, land councils and community councils.
Community Development Employment Projects	The Community Development Employment Projects (CDEP), operate through grants from ATSIC to Indigenous community organisations to enable individuals to undertake community managed activities in return for wages.
Couple only family	Two persons who are in a registered or de facto marriage without children present in the household.
Crime	Includes crimes relating to drugs, thefts, vandalism as well as violence.
Cultural activities	Includes funerals, ceremonies, Indigenous festivals and carnivals and involvement with Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations.
Cultural obligations	Refers to attending Indigenous cultural activities such as funerals, ceremonies and festivals and extended family responsibilities.
Earned income	Income derived from wages and salaries, or from own business, trade or profession.
Education worker	A person who assists a teacher during class lessons and may give some lessons such as story telling.
Employed	Persons aged 15 years and over who in the week prior to the interview worked for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (comprising employees, employers and self-employed persons).

Family	Two or more persons who live in the same household and are related to each other by blood, marriage (including de facto marriage), fostering or adoption. For the purpose of this survey, one or more members of the family had identified as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin.
Family violence	Includes verbal threats, intimidation, fear of physical attacks and actual physical attacks, occurring between family members within a household.
Formal childcare	Refers to regulated care such as pre-school/kindergarten before and after school care program, long day care centres, family day care and other formal care.
Government payments	Includes Newstart allowance, Jobsearch, age pension, sickness allowance, disability support pension, sole parent pension, family payments, rent assistance, ABSTUDY and other Government payments.
Homelands	An area of land to which Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander people have ancestral and/or cultural links.
Household	Consists of a person living alone, or two or more related or unrelated persons who live and eat together in private residential accommodation. For the purpose of this survey, one or more members of the household had identified as being of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander origin.
Household income	Refers to the total gross income from wages and salaries and Government payments of all persons 15 years and over who usually live in the household. The total household income was not calculated if usual residents of the household were missing at the time of the interview.
Indigenous	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.

Indigenous language	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander languages. Excludes Aboriginal English and Kriol/Creoles.
Labour force	Persons aged 15 years and over who were either employed or unemployed.
Labour force status	A classification of persons 15 years and over into employed, unemployed or not in the labour force.
Language spoken	A person was considered to be able to speak a language (such as an Aboriginal language) if they could hold a conversation in that language.
Last year	12 month period prior to interview.
Long-term condition	Condition (illness, injury, or disability) which had lasted for six months or more.
Main language	Refers to the language the person is most comfortable with or speaks most fluently.
Making decisions at the school	Includes involvement in the Aboriginal Student Support and Parent Awareness Program (ASSPA) and Parents and Citizens (P&C) school meetings where decisions about fund raising and maintenance of the school are made.
Non-family household	A lone person household or a household consisting of two or more unrelated people.
Not in the labour force	Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed or unemployed as defined.
One parent family	Family that consists of one parent and that parent's child(ren) plus all other people in the household related to them, provided those people do not have a spouse or child of their own.

Other government landlord	Refers to dwellings owned by Commonwealth, State/Territory and local governments other than housing authorities and employer provided housing.
Other legal services	Includes private solicitors and barristers.
Perceived health problems	A respondents' opinions of the main health problems confronting people in their local area.
Personal income	Refers to the gross income a person received at the time of interview in the form of wages and salaries and Government payments.
Post-school study	Attendance at a course at the time of a survey to gain a qualification.
Private landlord	All privately owned dwellings rented directly or through a real estate agent.
Private dwelling	The premises occupied by a household and includes houses, flats, home units, garages, tents and improvised houses. It excludes hostels, hospitals, prisons and so on.
Private sector	Non-government organisations. The private sector has been split into 'Community organisations' and 'Other private'. Community organisations are those private organisations that have been declared to be eligible for ATSI funding.
Public sector	Includes all government authorities, departments, agencies and authorities created by the Commonwealth or State/Territory Parliaments. Also covered are organisations such as the Northern or Central Land Councils which were created by Commonwealth legislation and the NSW Land Council which was created by NSW legislation.
Recent illness	Conditions (illness, injury or disability) experienced in the two weeks prior to interview. It may include long-term conditions experienced in the period.

Relative weight	Weight and height measurements taken during interview have been used to derive a person's body mass. The body mass index equals a person's weight in kilograms divided by the square of the person's height in metres. The categories used are consistent with recommendations of the National Health and Medical Research Council.
School participation rate	The number of enrolled school students of a particular age, expressed as a proportion of the population of the same age.
Self-assessed health status	Refers to the overall level of health as reported by respondents 13 years and over. For persons 12 years and under information was provided by the child's parent or a responsible adult member of the household.
Specific long term condition	Where a person had one of the following conditions which had lasted for six months or more; asthma, diabetes, heart problems, chest problems, skin problems, high blood pressure, ear or hearing problems, eye or sight problems not corrected by glasses, and/or kidney problems.
State housing (landlord)	Refers to dwellings owned by State/Territory housing authorities.
Taken away from natural family	People who have been removed from their natural family as a child as part of a government policy. 'Family' may include parents and siblings and extended family members such as aunts, uncles and grandparents. Excludes people who were removed from their family for less than 6 months.
Taught Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander languages	Students who are taught to speak, read or write an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander language.
Taught about Indigenous cultures	Includes subjects which give an understanding of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander cultures, eg. history and language.
Taught by a community member	Where community members teach at least once in a month or on 10 or more occasions over the school year.

Torres Strait Islander	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Torres Strait Islander origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Training course	Includes courses which are planned to develop skills or assist in learning about a subject. Excludes courses leading to an educational qualification and on-the-job training.
Type of landlord	Refers to the legal entity to which rent is paid.
Unemployed persons	Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed during the week prior to interview, and who had actively looked for work at any time during the last four weeks prior to interview, and who were available to start work in the last week.
Usual residents	Persons who live in a particular private dwelling and regard it as their own or main home.
Verbal threats	Any verbal abuse to a person where no weapon was seen and no physical violence occurred. It includes verbal threats to harm the respondent or his/her property.
Violence	Refers to violence in the community, that is streets, hotels, schools, etc. It includes fights, bashing, rape, murder or any act which involves violence.
Voluntary work	Includes any unpaid community work such as caring for sick or aged people, working for community or sporting organisations, working at a school or with youth groups, working on committees and hunting, fishing or gathering bush food.
Year 10 Certificate	Completion of a Year 10 Certificate, Aboriginal Access Course or equivalent.
Year 12 Certificate	Completion of a Year 12 Certificate, General Certificate of Education or equivalent.

**1991 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING
ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER
COMMUNITY PROFILE**

**HOBART
ATSIC REGION**

Explanatory Notes

The **Aboriginal Community Profile** is available as a standard product for communities of 80 or more Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons, Statistical Local Areas of 80 or more Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons and ATSI regions. Also available are Section of State, Statistical Divisions and Territories. It is based on place of enumeration.

Each table title in the Aboriginal Community Profile consists of two parts. The first part lists the variables included in the table. The second part describes the table population.

Figures in proportion columns have been rounded, so discrepancies may occur between the totals and the sums of the component items.

A glossary of the terms and concepts used in the Community Profiles appears below. For more information see the 1991 Census Dictionary (Cat. No. 2901.0) and the 1991 Census Directory of Classifications (Cat. No. 2904.0).

Glossary

Caravans etc. in caravan parks includes occupied tents, cabins, camper vans etc in caravan parks, and occupied boats in marinas.

A **cenus household** is either a person living alone or people who usually reside and eat together. A household resides in a private dwelling. The household type is based on information about relationships between residents present and persons temporarily absent. The relationships of visitors to one another or to any resident are not considered.

Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander household, for the purpose of this publication, is one in which the reference person (person number one on the Census form) or spouse of the reference person identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. This definition excludes *Lone Person households* where the person was of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. There were just over 7,000 Lone Person Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Households in Australia in 1991.

Employed full-time means that the person worked 35 hours or more in the main job held in the week before the Census.

Employed part-time means that the person worked 0-34 hours in the main job held in the week before the Census.

A **family** is a group of related individuals in a household where at least one person is aged 15 years or more. A census household can contain up to three families. Census families do not include visitors to dwellings. If a family was at a holiday home or a non-private dwelling on census night, it was not counted as a census family.

A **primary Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander family** is one in which the reference person or spouse of the reference person in the primary family identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. In a multiple family household the family with dependent children is designated as the primary family. If there was more than one family, or no children were present, then the primary family is arbitrarily chosen.

Family income is the sum of the personal incomes of each resident family member aged 15 years or more. If any of these family members has an income 'not stated', or a spouse or offspring is temporarily absent, family income is classified as 'partial income stated' in Community Profile tables. Parental income is similar to family income except that only the income of the parent(s) is included. Parental income compares most closely with the family income variable of the 1986 Census.

Household income is the sum of the personal incomes of each resident household member aged 15 years or more. If any of these residents has an income 'not stated', or a spouse, offspring or co-tenant is temporarily absent, household income is classified as 'partial income stated' in Community Profile tables.

n.e.i. means 'not elsewhere included'.

n.f.d. means 'not further defined'.

An **occupied private dwelling** is defined as the premises occupied by a household on census night. A private dwelling is normally a house, flat, part of a house, or even a room; but can also be a house attached to, or rooms above shops or offices; an occupied caravan in a caravan park or on a residential allotment or boat in a marina; a houseboat; or a tent if it is standing on its own block of land.

An **Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander dwelling**, for the purpose of this publication, is one in which the reference person or spouse of the reference person identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. This definition excludes *Lone Person households* where the person was of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. There were just over 7,000 Lone Person Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander households in Australia in 1991.

Dependent offspring are 0-14 years of age, or are full-time students aged 15-24 years. (In the 1986 Census, 21-24 year olds were excluded from this category). Unrelated children can be classified as dependent offspring.

Other offspring are 15-24 years of age and not full-time students, or 25 years of age or more. In the 1986 Census, these 21-24 year old full-time students were classified as 'related adults'. As a result, sole parents with adult children were classified as families of related adults: in the 1991 Census, these cases are classified as one parent families.

The census count based on **place of enumeration** is a count of every person who spent census night in Australia. People are counted where they are on census night, which may not be where they usually live. In determining family and household type visitors to dwellings are excluded and usual residents who are temporarily absent are included. (See *temporarily absent*).

The **table population** is a description of what the table is counting. For example, tables containing marital status usually have a table population of persons aged 15 years or more. It appears under the table title.

Temporarily absent spouses, offspring and co-tenants are considered when determining household and family types. Other persons temporarily absent are not considered.

Data Quality

The Census is subject to a number of inaccuracies resulting from errors by respondents or mistakes in collection or processing of the data. Some of these are overcome or 'repaired' by careful processing procedures and quality control measures applied to the processing itself. The effect of those that remain is generally slight, although it may be more important for small groups in the population. The main kinds of error to keep in mind are:

Partial non-response: In some cases where an answer was not provided to a question an answer was imputed (often from other information on the form). In other cases a 'not stated' code was allocated.

Processing error: While such errors can occur in any processing system, careful quality control measures are used to keep errors to an acceptable level.

Random adjustment: Cells containing small values are randomly adjusted to avoid releasing information about particular individuals, families, or households. The effect of random adjustment is statistically insignificant.

Respondent error: Because processing procedures cannot detect or repair all errors made by persons in completing the form, some remain in final data.

Undercount: Although the census aims to count each person once, there are some people who are missed and others are counted more than once. The data are not adjusted for the net undercount which is estimated to be 1.9% for Australia in the 1991 Census.

Further information on data quality will be provided progressively in Census Update and in 1991 Census data quality working papers.

Section of State Data: Data for the Migratory section of each state/territory has been combined with the Other Rural section to avoid the release of confidential data. The number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in migratory sections was small.

AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS 1991 Census of Population and Housing
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Community Profile Catalogue No. 2722.0

ATSIC region: Hobart
Area = 68490.61 sq km

A01 SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS

	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons			Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Aboriginal persons	3847	3773	7620	138	118	256
Torres Strait Islanders	640	625	1265	149	123	272
Total	4487	4398	8885	126	136	262
Aged 15 years or more	2591	2609	5200	127	117	244
Speaks English only and aged 5 years or more	3727	3729	7456	131	97	228
Speaks language other than English(a) and aged 5 years or more	39	33	72	124	128	252
Aged 18 years or more	1280	2284	4564	126	126	246
Unemployed(b)	532	294	826	112	106	218
Employed(b)	1448	959	2407	132	140	272
In the labour force(b)	1980	1253	3233	127	100	227
Not in the labour force(b)	577	1296	1873	138	133	271
Enumerated in private dwellings:				105	132	237
In caravans etc in caravan parks(c)	18	9	27	126	119	245
In other private dwellings	4391	4357	8748	122	98	220
Total	4409	4366	8775	115	96	211
Enumerated in non-private dwellings	74	31	105	107	121	228
Enumerated in a migratory or offshore collection district	4	3	7	89	108	197
				106	100	206
				98	98	196
				429	436	865
				317	353	670
				335	358	693
				257	264	521
				237	216	453
				160	131	291
				111	102	213
				92	74	166
				50	51	101
				88	101	189
				4487	4398	8885
Total						100.0

(a) Includes 'other language indicated but not stated' and 'inadequately described'.
(b) Applicable to persons aged 15 years or more.
(c) Includes occupied boats in marinas.

A03 STATE AND STATISTICAL LOCAL AREA OF USUAL RESIDENCE ON CENSUS NIGHT BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Counted at home	4257	4208	8465	95.3
Visitors from -				
Same statistical local area	88	86	174	2.0
Different statistical local area in:				
New South Wales	3	4	7	0.1
Victoria	3	3	6	0.1
Queensland	7	3	10	0.1
South Australia	0	3	3	0.0
Western Australia	3	4	7	0.1
Tasmania	122	88	210	2.4
Northern Territory	0	0	0	0.0
Aust Capital Territory	0	0	0	0.0
Total	138	105	243	2.7
Overseas	3	0	3	0.0
Total	229	191	420	4.7
Total	4486	4399	8885	100.0

A04 STATE AND STATISTICAL LOCAL AREA OF USUAL RESIDENCE 5 YEARS AGO BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 5 years or more counted at home(c) on census night

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Same address 5 years ago	1855	1773	3628	50.0
Different address 5 years ago:				
Same statistical local area	688	741	1429	19.7
Different statistical local area in:				
New South Wales	42	40	82	1.1
Victoria	71	56	127	1.8
Queensland	37	40	77	1.1
South Australia	10	7	17	0.2
Western Australia	16	17	33	0.5
Tasmania	762	829	1591	21.9
Northern Territory	6	5	11	0.2
Aust Capital Territory	0	3	3	0.0
Total	944	997	1941	26.8
Overseas	3	8	11	0.2
Not stated(b)	13	20	33	0.5
Total	1648	1766	3414	47.1
Not stated(c)	109	101	210	2.9
Total	3612	3640	7252	100.0

(a) Excludes visitors, and usual residents who were absent on census night.
(b) Comprises persons who stated that they lived at a different address five years ago but did not state that address.
(c) Comprises persons who did not state whether they lived at a different address five years ago.

A05 TYPE OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION ATTENDING (FULL-TIME/PART-TIME) BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Pre School	97	74	171	1.9
Infant/Primary	787	749	1536	17.3
Secondary	448	445	893	10.1
TAFE/ college:				
Full-time	40	59	99	1.1
Part-time	68	54	122	1.4
Not stated	0	0	0	0.0
Total	108	113	221	2.5
CAE/University:				
Full-time	56	75	131	1.5
Part-time	15	25	40	0.5
Not stated	0	0	0	0.0
Total	71	100	171	1.9
Other	27	36	63	0.7
Not attending	2723	2651	5374	60.5
Not stated	226	228	454	5.1
Total	4487	4396	8883	100.0

A06 AGE LEFT SCHOOL BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Under 15 years of age	370	299	669	12.9
15 years	713	817	1530	29.4
16 years	838	780	1618	31.1
17 years	146	188	334	6.4
18 years	66	78	144	2.8
19 years or more	67	67	134	2.6
Still at school	169	174	343	6.6
Did not go to school	20	15	35	0.7
Not stated	202	191	393	7.6
Total	2591	2609	5200	100.0

A07 QUALIFICATION (HIGHEST) LEVEL BY SEX
 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Higher degree	6	3	9	0.2
Post graduate diploma	6	5	11	0.2
Bachelor degree	29	19	48	0.9
Undergraduate diploma	6	35	41	0.8
Associate diploma	16	12	28	0.5
Skilled vocational	330	42	372	7.2
Basic vocational	58	80	138	2.7
Inadequately described	6	6	12	0.2
Not qualified	1883	2170	4053	77.9
Not stated	251	237	488	9.4
Total	2591	2609	5200	100.0

A08 QUALIFICATION (HIGHEST) FIELD BY SEX
 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Business & administration	30	78	108	2.1
Health	5	50	55	1.1
Education	12	31	43	0.8
Society and culture	25	35	60	1.2
Natural and physical sciences	13	5	18	0.3
Engineering	195	17	212	4.1
Architecture & building	136	0	136	2.6
Agriculture & related fields	23	0	23	0.4
Miscellaneous fields	71	41	112	2.2
Inadequately described	7	3	10	0.2
Not qualified	1883	2170	4053	78.0
Not stated	191	177	368	7.1
Total	2591	2607	5198	100.0

A09 AGE BY MARITAL STATUS BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Never married		Married		Separated not divorced		Divorced		Widowed		Total	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
15-24 years	858	804	77	131	5	15	3	5	3	4	946	959
25-34 years	217	160	349	419	40	55	4	73	4	4	652	711
35-44 years	44	22	383	341	21	47	43	60	3	10	494	480
45-54 years	17	11	206	152	16	14	30	38	0	18	269	233
55-64 years	17	4	102	82	5	4	11	11	7	24	142	125
65 years or more	7	5	60	34	3	3	5	10	14	50	89	191
Total	1160	1006	1177	1159	90	138	134	197	31	110	2592	2610

A10 RELIGION BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Christian:	1781	1768	3549	39.9
Anglican	78	95	173	1.9
Baptist	797	847	1644	18.5
Catholic	8	19	27	0.3
Churches of Christ(a)	26	36	56	0.6
Jehovah's Witness	10	8	18	0.2
Lutheran	4	5	9	0.1
Orthodox	40	26	66	0.7
Pentecostal	66	58	124	1.4
Presbyterian(b)	51	65	116	1.3
Salvation Army	269	288	557	6.3
Uniting Church	74	98	172	1.9
Other	3198	3313	6511	73.3
Total	19	9	28	0.3
Non-Christian	12	8	20	0.2
Inadequately described	776	651	1427	16.1
No religion(c)	482	417	899	10.1
Total	4487	4398	8885	100.0

(a) Comprises 'Churches of Christ' and 'Churches of Christ Non-denominational'.
(b) Comprises 'Presbyterian so described' and 'Reformed'.
(c) Includes 'Humanist/Materialist'.

A11 AGE BY LABOUR FORCE STATUS (PART-TIME/FULL-TIME) BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Part-time	Employed Full-time(a)	Not stated(b)	Total employed	Unemployed looking for:		Total un-employed	Total labour force	Not in labour force	Not stated(c)	Total
					Full-time	Part-time					
MALES											
15-19 years	44	123	11	178	99	11	110	288	221	6	515
20-24 years	33	205	18	256	120	9	129	385	42	0	427
25-34 years	62	324	29	415	158	6	164	579	62	11	652
35-44 years	21	300	21	362	61	7	68	430	60	4	494
45-54 years	20	145	7	172	34	6	40	212	55	4	271
55-64 years	13	43	3	59	16	5	21	80	57	5	142
65 years or more	0	3	3	6	0	0	0	6	80	0	86
Total	213	1143	92	1448	488	44	532	1980	577	30	2587
FEMALES											
15-19 years	55	88	6	149	82	13	95	244	276	3	523
20-24 years	63	316	6	385	43	27	70	255	171	10	436
25-34 years	142	112	16	270	52	16	68	338	348	25	711
35-44 years	109	119	13	241	23	11	34	275	195	10	480
45-54 years	28	44	9	81	15	6	21	102	126	5	233
55-64 years	17	8	5	30	3	0	3	33	84	8	125
65 years or more	0	3	0	3	3	0	3	6	96	0	102
Total	414	490	55	959	221	73	294	1253	1296	61	2610
PERSONS											
15-19 years	99	211	17	327	181	24	205	532	497	9	1038
20-24 years	96	321	24	441	163	36	199	640	213	10	863
25-34 years	204	436	45	685	210	22	232	917	410	36	1363
35-44 years	150	419	34	603	84	18	102	705	255	14	974
45-54 years	48	189	16	253	49	12	61	314	181	9	504
55-64 years	30	51	8	89	19	5	24	113	141	13	267
65 years or more	0	6	3	9	3	0	3	12	176	0	188
Total	627	1633	147	2407	709	117	826	3233	1873	91	5197

A12 STATUS OF WORKER BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Wage or salary earner	1259	850	2109	87.6
Self employed	125	60	185	7.7
Employer	61	38	99	4.1
Unpaid helper	3	12	15	0.6
Total	1448	960	2408	100.0

(a) Full-time is defined as having worked 35 hours or more in the main job held last week.

(b) Comprises employed persons who did not state their hours worked.

(c) Comprises persons who did not state their labour force status.

A13 INDUSTRY BY AGE BY SEX

Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total	Prop%
MALES									
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	14	24	34	40	22	9	3	146	6.1
Mining	0	7	11	9	5	0	0	32	1.3
Manufacturing	33	60	96	55	37	13	0	294	12.2
Electricity, gas & water	3	3	10	10	8	3	0	37	1.5
Construction	21	20	40	37	15	0	0	133	5.5
Wholesale & retail trade	60	54	56	52	23	3	3	251	10.4
Transport & storage	0	8	23	21	8	8	0	68	2.8
Communication	0	3	6	9	4	0	0	22	0.9
Finance, property & busns serv	3	10	9	17	0	0	0	39	1.6
Public admin & defence	6	15	32	40	12	6	0	111	4.6
Community services	3	14	28	21	15	9	0	90	3.7
Recrtu, personal & other serv	9	13	18	12	6	0	0	58	2.4
Not classifiable	0	3	3	3	3	0	0	12	0.5
Not stated	24	22	50	38	15	3	3	155	6.4
Total	176	256	416	364	173	54	9	1448	60.1
FEMALES									
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	0	5	13	15	6	3	0	42	1.7
Mining	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	7	0.3
Manufacturing	11	16	22	23	10	0	0	82	3.4
Electricity, gas & water	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	6	0.2
Construction	0	0	4	5	0	3	0	12	0.5
Wholesale & retail trade	59	46	44	28	11	3	0	191	7.9
Transport & storage	0	3	4	5	0	0	3	15	0.6
Communication	0	3	3	3	0	0	0	9	0.4
Finance, property & busns serv	13	17	22	18	3	3	0	76	3.2
Public admin & defence	8	16	24	22	4	0	0	74	3.1
Community services	14	41	71	80	26	6	0	238	9.9
Recrtu, personal & other serv	26	21	27	21	10	4	0	109	4.5
Not classifiable	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0.1
Not stated	14	14	31	20	9	9	0	97	4.0
Total	145	188	272	243	79	31	3	961	39.9
PERSONS									
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	14	29	47	55	28	12	3	188	7.8
Mining	0	10	15	9	5	0	0	39	1.6
Manufacturing	44	76	118	78	47	13	0	376	15.6
Electricity, gas & water	3	6	13	10	8	3	0	43	1.8
Construction	21	20	44	42	15	3	0	145	6.0
Wholesale & retail trade	119	100	100	80	34	6	3	442	18.3
Transport & storage	0	11	27	26	8	8	3	83	3.4
Communication	0	6	9	12	4	0	0	31	1.3
Finance, property & busns serv	16	27	31	35	3	3	0	115	4.8
Public admin & defence	14	31	56	62	16	6	0	185	7.7
Community services	17	55	99	101	41	15	0	328	13.6
Recrtu, personal & other serv	35	34	45	33	16	4	0	167	6.9
Not classifiable	0	3	3	6	3	0	0	15	0.6
Not stated	38	36	81	58	24	12	3	252	10.5
Total	321	444	688	607	252	85	12	2409	100.0

A14 OCCUPATION BY AGE BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total	Prop%
MALES									
Managers & administrators	4	12	35	43	23	7	0	124	5.1
Professionals	3	9	17	15	8	3	0	55	2.3
Para-professionals	3	6	14	14	5	0	0	42	1.7
Tradespersons	79	75	96	73	28	12	0	363	15.0
Clerks	4	15	14	22	11	5	0	71	2.9
Sales & personal service workers	19	27	23	9	9	5	0	103	4.3
Plant & machine operators & drivers	6	30	95	76	45	8	0	260	10.8
Labourers & related workers	45	69	78	69	29	15	0	305	12.6
Inadequately described	0	3	6	3	3	0	0	15	0.6
Not stated	18	17	33	24	12	3	3	110	4.6
Total	181	256	415	362	173	58	3	1448	60.0
FEMALES									
Managers & administrators	0	6	17	14	7	4	0	48	2.0
Professionals	4	8	13	28	3	0	0	56	2.3
Para-professionals	0	10	16	15	9	0	0	50	2.1
Tradespersons	17	18	9	7	4	0	0	55	2.3
Clerks	30	49	70	45	10	0	3	207	8.6
Sales & personal service workers	64	58	62	38	9	3	0	234	9.7
Plant & machine operators & drivers	3	4	7	7	3	3	3	30	1.2
Labourers & related workers	18	18	52	67	30	8	3	196	8.1
Inadequately described	3	0	4	3	0	0	0	10	0.4
Not stated	9	14	20	17	7	10	3	80	3.3
Total	148	185	270	241	82	28	12	966	40.0
PERSONS									
Managers & administrators	4	18	52	57	30	11	0	172	7.1
Professionals	7	17	30	43	11	3	0	111	4.6
Para-professionals	3	16	30	29	14	0	0	92	3.8
Tradespersons	96	93	105	80	32	12	0	418	17.3
Clerks	34	64	84	67	21	5	3	278	11.5
Sales & personal service workers	83	78	89	61	18	8	0	337	14.0
Plant & machine operators & drivers	9	34	102	83	48	11	3	290	12.0
Labourers & related workers	63	87	130	136	59	23	3	501	20.8
Inadequately described	3	3	10	6	3	0	0	25	1.0
Not stated	27	31	53	41	19	13	6	190	7.9
Total	329	441	685	603	255	86	15	2414	100.0

A15 INDUSTRY SECTOR BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Commonwealth government	64	76	140	5.8
State/Territory government	165	151	316	13.1
Local government	51	16	67	2.8
Private sector	1055	642	1697	70.5
Not stated	113	75	188	7.8
Total	1448	960	2408	100.0

A16 HOURS WORKED BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
0 hours	47	39	86	3.6
1-15 hours	56	186	242	10.0
16-24 hours	50	102	152	6.3
25-34 hours	61	88	149	6.2
35-39 hours	371	212	583	24.2
40 hours or more	772	277	1049	43.6
Not stated	91	56	147	6.1
Total	1448	960	2408	100.0

A17 ANNUAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	166	411	577	11.1
\$3,001-\$5,000	126	202	328	6.3
\$5,001-\$8,000	449	483	932	17.9
\$8,001-\$12,000	234	414	648	12.5
\$12,001-\$16,000	301	289	590	11.3
\$16,001-\$20,000	313	202	515	9.9
\$20,001-\$25,000	364	145	509	9.8
\$25,001-\$30,000	202	61	263	5.1
\$30,001-\$40,000	168	38	206	4.0
Over \$40,000	72	10	82	1.6
Not stated	196	354	550	10.6
Total	2591	2609	5200	100.0

A18 ANNUAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME BY AGE
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total
\$0-\$3,000	218	76	144	82	41	14	3	578
\$3,001-\$5,000	181	39	54	27	17	6	4	328
\$5,001-\$8,000	178	167	165	108	112	98	104	937
\$8,001-\$12,000	134	117	153	100	59	42	43	648
\$12,001-\$16,000	82	117	167	138	54	22	10	590
\$16,001-\$20,000	22	143	165	118	48	13	6	515
\$20,001-\$25,000	15	102	178	128	61	22	3	509
\$25,001-\$30,000	4	34	95	83	36	11	0	263
\$30,001-\$40,000	3	10	83	79	25	6	3	209
Over \$40,000	3	3	27	31	13	6	0	83
Not stated	201	58	132	80	38	27	14	550
Total	1041	866	1363	974	504	267	190	5205

A19 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME
Classifiable Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander family households(a)

	H'holds	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	9	0.3
\$3,001-\$5,000	7	0.3
\$5,001-\$8,000	32	1.2
\$8,001-\$12,000	126	4.5
\$12,001-\$16,000	271	9.8
\$16,001-\$20,000	289	7.5
\$20,001-\$25,000	299	10.8
\$25,001-\$30,000	257	9.3
\$30,001-\$40,000	386	13.9
\$40,001-\$60,000	279	10.0
\$60,001-\$80,000	138	5.0
Over \$80,000	111	4.0
Partial income stated(b)	577	20.8
No incomes stated(c)	76	2.7
Total	2777	100.0

(a) Excludes those dwellings which were temporarily unoccupied at the time of the census but the collector had ascertained that it was normally occupied, lone person households, group households and households which contained only persons under 15 years of age.
(b) Comprises households where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse, offspring, or co-tenant was temporarily absent.
(c) Comprises households where no members present stated an income.

A20 ANNUAL FAMILY INCOME
Primary Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander families

Families	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	8
\$3,001-\$5,000	7
\$5,001-\$8,000	36
\$8,001-\$12,000	131
\$12,001-\$16,000	283
\$16,001-\$20,000	216
\$20,001-\$25,000	388
\$25,001-\$30,000	263
\$30,001-\$40,000	135
\$40,001-\$50,000	275
\$50,001-\$60,000	136
Over \$60,000	106
Partial income stated(a)	568
No incomes stated(b)	78
Total	2769
	100.0

A21 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander family households

Occupied dwellings	Prop%
Separate house	2563
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc	89
Flat or apartment:	
In a 1, 2 or 3 storey block	70
In a 4 or more storey	0
Attached to house	3
Total	73
Caravan etc in caravan park, houseboat etc	4
Caravan not in caravan park, houseboat etc	6
Improvised home, campers out	5
House or flat attached to shop, office etc	15
Not stated	21
Total	2776
	100.0

A22 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons in private dwellings of any type

	Persons	Prop%
Separate house	8052	91.8
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc	284	3.2
Flat or apartment:		
In a 1, 2 or 3 storey block	248	2.8
In a 4 or more storey	3	0.0
Attached to house	17	0.2
Total	268	3.1
Caravan etc in caravan park	27	0.3
Caravan not in caravan park, houseboat etc	16	0.2
Improvised home, campers out	18	0.2
House or flat attached to shop, office etc	45	0.5
Not stated	65	0.7
Total	8775	100.0

A23 NATURE OF OCCUPANCY BY LANDLORD TYPE BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families

	Caravans etc in caravan parks(a)	Other occupied private dwellings	Total	Prop%
Owned	0	663	663	23.9
Being purchased	0	901	901	32.5
Rented:				
Housing commission/authority	0	567	567	20.4
Other government agency	0	40	40	1.4
Other	3	492	495	17.8
Not stated	0	21	21	0.8
Total	3	1120	1123	40.5
Other(b)	0	89	89	3.2
Total	3	2773	2776	100.0

(a) Comprises families where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse or offspring was temporarily absent.

(b) Comprises families where no members present stated an income.

(a) Nature of occupancy and landlord type were not captured for caravans etc. in caravan parks in previous censuses.
(b) Comprises 'other/inadequately described' and 'not stated'.

A24 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING BY NATURE OF OCCUPANCY
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families

	Being				Total
	Owned	Rented	Other(a)	Total	
Separate house	653	879	946	85	2563
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, town house etc	3	6	80	0	89
Flat or apartment	3	0	70	0	73
Caravan etc in caravan park(b)	0	0	3	0	6
Other	0	8	13	3	24
Not stated	3	7	11	0	21
Total	665	900	1123	88	2776

A25 NUMBER OF BEDROOMS BY NUMBER OF PERSONS (USUALLY RESIDENT)(c)
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families (excludes caravans etc in caravan parks)

	Number of persons usually resident						Total
	1	2	3	4	5	6 or more	
0-1 bedrooms	0	42	16	8	0	3	69
2 bedrooms	0	230	114	46	14	4	408
3 bedrooms	0	377	463	584	355	149	1928
4 bedrooms	0	34	56	77	64	74	305
5 or more bedrooms	0	6	8	4	12	13	43
Not stated	0	8	5	5	3	0	21
Total	0	697	662	724	448	243	2774

A26 MONTHLY HOUSING LOAN REPAYMENT BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families and which are being purchased

	C'vans etc in c'van parks(d)			Other occupied private dwellings			Total	Prop%
	Prop%	Prop%	Total	Prop%	Prop%	Total		
\$0-\$200	0	0.0	138	15.3	138	15.3	138	15.3
\$201-\$300	0	0.0	146	16.2	146	16.2	146	16.2
\$301-\$400	0	0.0	178	19.8	178	19.8	178	19.8
\$401-\$475	0	0.0	105	11.7	105	11.7	105	11.7
Over \$475	0	0.0	301	33.4	301	33.4	301	33.4
Not stated	0	0.0	33	3.7	33	3.7	33	3.7
Total	0	0.0	901	100.0	901	100.0	901	100.0

(a) Comprises 'other/inadequately described' and 'not stated'.
(b) Nature of occupancy and landlord type were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.
(c) Spouses, offspring, and co-tenants (in group households) who were temporarily absent on census night are included. A maximum of 3 temporary absentees can be counted in each household.
(d) Monthly housing loan repayments were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

A27 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY MONTHLY HOUSING LOAN REPAYMENT
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families and which are being purchased (excludes caravans etc in caravan parks and not classifiable households(f))

Annual household income	Monthly housing loan repayment						Total	Not stated
	\$0-\$200	\$201-\$300	\$301-\$400	\$401-\$475	Over \$475	Total		
\$0-\$3,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$3,001-\$5,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$5,001-\$8,000	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3
\$8,001-\$12,000	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	3
\$12,001-\$16,000	10	12	9	5	4	0	0	40
\$16,001-\$25,000	17	30	35	15	30	7	7	134
\$25,001-\$40,000	34	42	51	35	85	6	6	253
\$40,001-\$60,000	32	20	33	28	106	7	7	226
Over \$60,000	34	7	7	3	24	0	0	50
Partial income stated(b)	0	28	41	18	50	5	5	176
No incomes stated(c)	0	3	0	3	0	6	6	12
Total	139	145	182	107	299	34	34	906

A28 WEEKLY RENT BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied rented Aboriginal and Torres Strait private dwellings containing families

	C'vans etc in c'van parks(d)		Other occupied private dwellings		Total	Prop%
	Prop%	Total	Prop%	Total		
\$0-\$47	3	50.0	220	223	223	19.6
\$48-\$77	0	0.0	386	386	386	34.5
\$78-\$107	3	50.0	264	267	267	23.7
\$108-\$137	0	0.0	165	165	165	14.7
\$138-\$167	0	0.0	50	50	50	4.4
\$168-\$197	0	0.0	0	0	0	0.0
Over \$197	0	0.0	8	8	8	0.7
Not stated	0	0.0	27	27	27	2.4
Total	6	100.0	1120	1126	1126	100.0

(a) Not classifiable households are those dwellings which were temporarily unoccupied at the time of the census, but the collector had ascertained that it was normally occupied, or the household contained only persons aged under 15 years.
(b) Comprises households where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse, offspring, or co-tenant was temporarily absent.
(c) Comprises households where no members present stated an income.
(d) Weekly rent was not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

A29 LANDLORD TYPE BY WEEKLY RENT
Occupied rented Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families (excludes caravans
etc in caravan parks)

	\$0- \$77	\$78- \$107	\$108- \$137	Weekly rent		Over \$197	Not stated	Total
				\$138- \$197	\$197+			
Housing commission/authority	417	101	31	8	0	10	567	
Other govt agency	26	9	3	0	3	0	41	
Other	161	148	130	41	7	5	492	
Not stated	3	6	0	0	0	12	21	
Total	607	264	164	49	10	27	1121	



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National Centre for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics
Australian Bureau of Statistics
GPO Box 3796, DARWIN NT 0801

Phone (Free call): 1800 63 3216 Fax: (089) 41 0715

