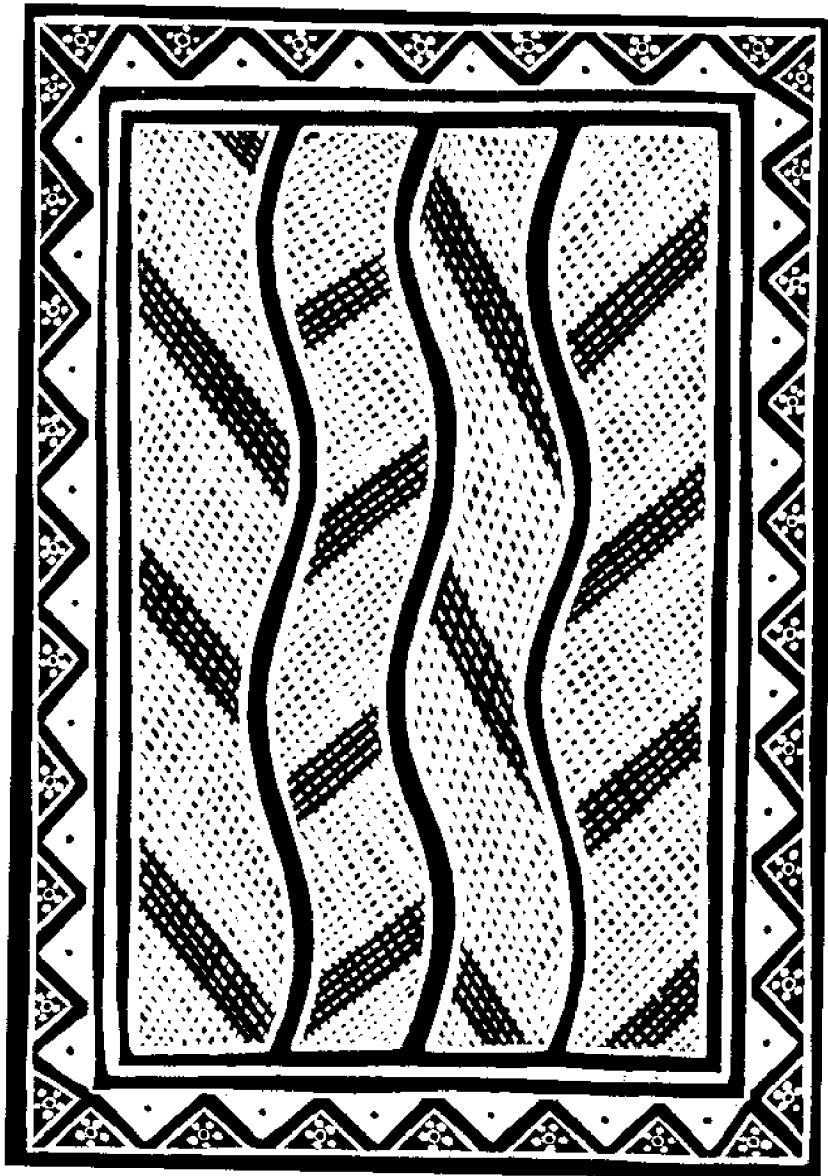




ATSIC



1994
National Aboriginal and
Torres Strait Islander Survey
Perth ATSIC Region



NEW ISSUE

NATIONAL ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER SURVEY 1994

(Including selected statistics from the 1991 Census of Population and Housing and
the 1992 ATSI Housing and Community Infrastructure Needs Survey)

REGIONAL STATISTICS

PERTH ATSI REGION

KARLKARNINY REGIONAL COUNCIL

Lois O'Donoghue CBE AM
Chairperson
Aboriginal and Torres Strait
Islander Commission

W. McLennan
Australian Statistician
Australian Bureau of Statistics

AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS
CANBERRA, AUSTRALIA

CATALOGUE NO. 4196.0.00.020

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PREFACE

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994: Regional Statistics, is a series of 36 publications which present a summary of the results from the 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey. A *Regional Statistics* publication has been produced for each of the ATSIC Regions and the Torres Strait Area. These publications do not present community level statistics; such statistics are available from the Census of Population and Housing.

The 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey provides a wealth of information about the social, economic, and health status of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. An important use of the statistics from the Survey is to assist Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations and individuals in making their planning decisions.

The *Regional Statistics* publications result from a joint venture between the Australian Bureau of Statistics and the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission.

These publications present summary statistical information in graphical form without explanation. Each publication contains a range of statistics relating to family and culture; health; housing; education and training; employment and income; and law and justice.

The publications in this series are presented in a common format to allow information for different regions to be easily compared.

Lois O'Donoghue CBE AM
Chairperson
Aboriginal and Torres Strait
Islander Commission

W. McLennan
Australian Statistician
Australian Bureau of Statistics

February 1996

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The success of the 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey would not have been possible without the contributions of:

- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people who participated in the final survey and the earlier survey trials;
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander interviewers who collected the information throughout Australia;
- members of the Survey Advisory Committee and Technical Reference Groups who provided detailed advice on the survey content and methodology; and
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations, Government departments and other organisations which assisted the ABS and advisory groups to design the survey and lay the groundwork for a successful data collection.

CAUTIONS

- Statistics can have a high level of uncertainty due to small sample sizes. This is indicated by asterisk (***) and must be recognised when interpreting figures and percentages referred to in this publication. The level of uncertainty in statistics can be derived from the standard errors table shown in Appendix C.
- Population projections, based on June 1991 experimental estimates, have been prepared by the ABS for each ATSIC region using assumptions agreed to by ATSIC. Sampling variation within ATSIC regions can result in discrepancies between survey estimates and population projections.
- Statistics based on self-reported information or people's opinions should be interpreted cautiously.

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INQUIRIES . *for further information about statistics in this publication* , contact the National Centre for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics on (089) 43 2193 (freecall 1800 63 3216), or any ABS Office.

. *for information about other ABS statistics and services*, please refer to page 95 of this publication.

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SYMBOLS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Symbols The following symbols, where shown in columns of figures or elsewhere in tables, mean:

. . not applicable

** subject to high sampling variability

(see Appendix C for explanation of sampling variability).

All figures have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between totals and the sums of the component items.

Explanatory notes See Appendix B of ABS publication 4190.0

Related publications Other ABS publications which may be of interest include:

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Detailed Findings (4190.0).

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Australia's Indigenous Youth (4197.0)

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Better Employment Outcomes (4199.0) to be released in April 1996.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics Catalogue (1138.0).

Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products* (1101.0). The ABS also issues the *Release Advice* (1105.0) On Tuesdays and Fridays which lists publications to be released in the next few days. Both the Catalogue and Release Advice are available from any ABS office.

Unpublished statistics As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant unpublished data available. For further information about these statistics and related publications contact:

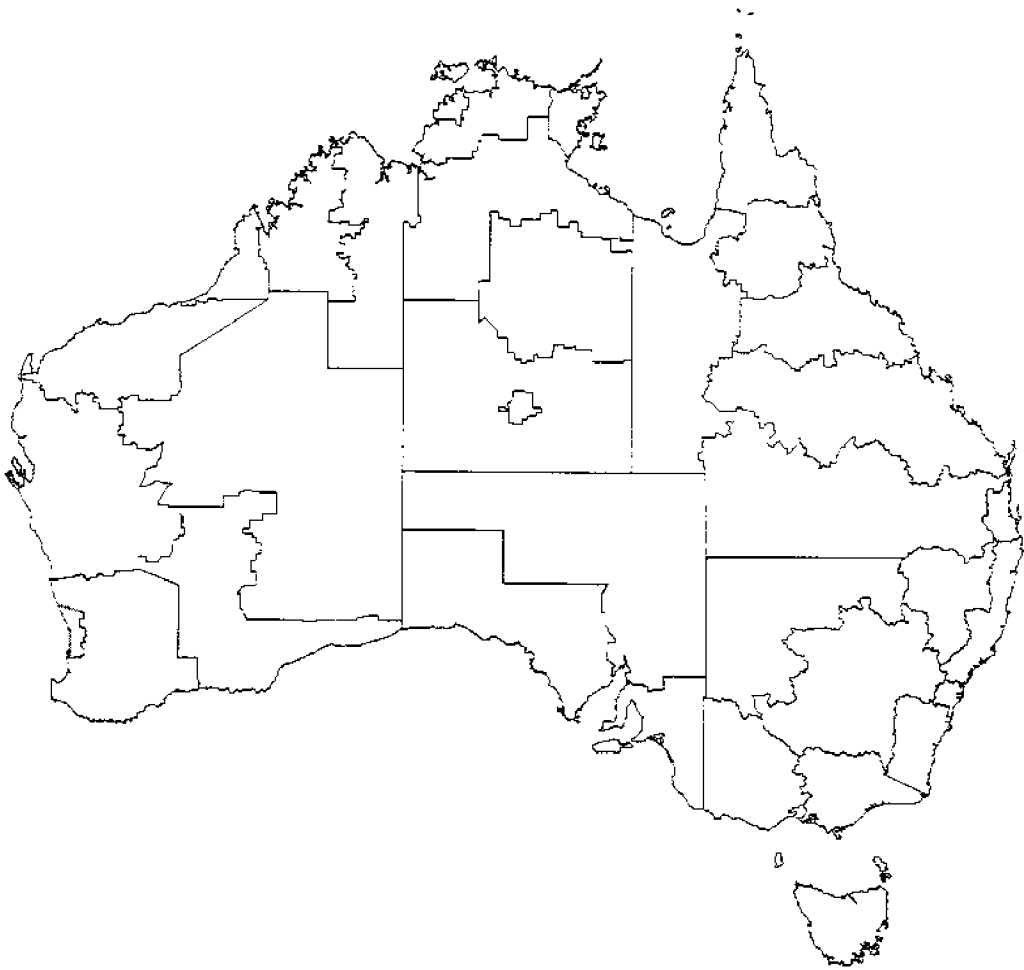
National Centre for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics
Australian Bureau of Statistics
GPO Box 3796 Darwin, NT 0801

Freecall: 1800 633 216

Fax: (089) 410 715

INTRODUCTION

Map 1 Location of Perth ATSI Region



Location The Perth ATSIC Region covers an area of 11,800 square kilometres in the south-west of Western Australia. This Region includes the Perth metropolitan area and extends north to Lancelin, east to Wooroloo and south to Dwellingup and Coolup. It is surrounded by the Narrogin region on three sides and it's coastal area fronts the Indian Ocean.

Karlkarniny Regional Council The Karlkarniny Regional Council comprise twenty Regional Councillors elected by the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander voters of the region to look after their interests. Regional Councillors from the Karlkarniny and Kaata-Wangkinyiny Regional Councils elect a Commissioner to represent the Western Australia South-West Zone on the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission.

Main population centres The Perth Region has the largest Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population of the Western Australia regions. At the time of the 1991 Census the Local Government Area (LGA) with the largest Indigenous population in the region was Swan with some 1,340 people. Other LGA's with a large Indigenous population were Wanneroo (1,300 people), Stirling - Central (1,260), Gosnells (1,090 people) and Armadale (720 people).

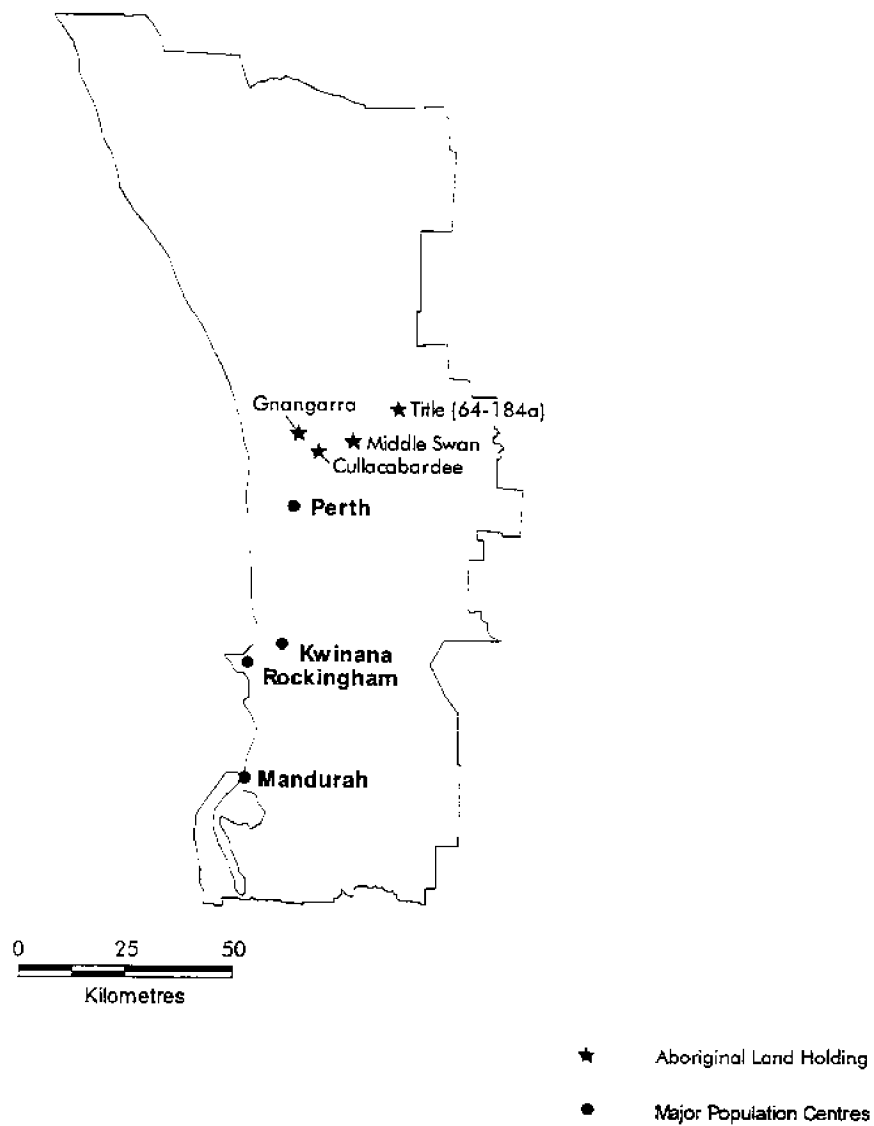
Population growth The Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population in the region was projected to be some 14,100 people at 30 June 1994. This was an increase of 11.6 per cent on the June 1991 estimate of 12,630 people.



CHAPTER ONE

FAMILY AND CULTURE

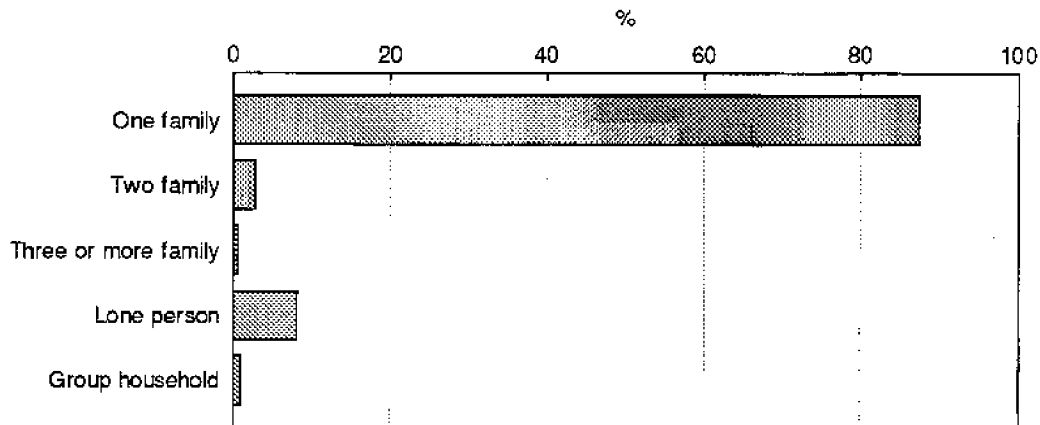
Map 2 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Land Perth Region 1992



Source: Land Tenure Map, 1992, AUSLIG
Commonwealth Copyright, all rights reserved

FIGURE 1.1 HOUSEHOLD TYPE

Households living in private dwellings



Household type

Some 4,160 households were living in the Perth region. The various household types identified were:

- one family (3,640 households)
- two family (120** households)
- three or more family (30** households)
- lone person (340** households)
- group household (40** households)

see page (iv) for explanation of **

Number of people in household

The number of people in these households was estimated to be:

- one or two people (1,100 households)
- three to five people (2,190 households)
- six or seven people (600 households)
- eight or more people (260 households)

FIGURE 1.2 NUMBER OF PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD

Households living in private dwellings

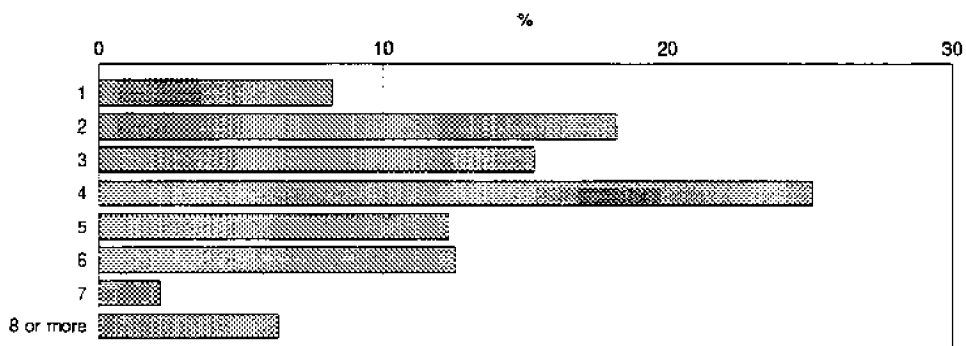
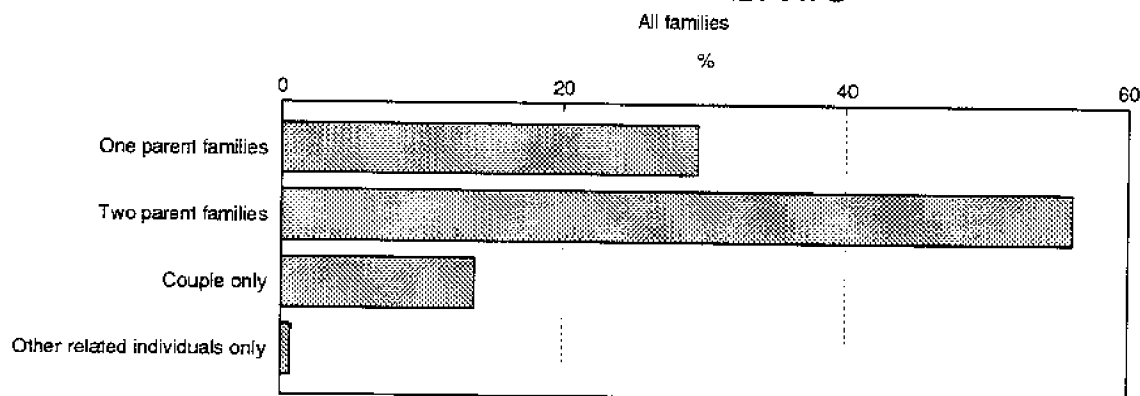


FIGURE 1.3 FAMILY TYPE



Family type

There were some 3,740 families living in the Perth region. The various family types identified were:

- one parent families (1,100 families)
- two parent families (2,100 families)
- couple only (510 families)
- other related individuals only (30** families)

Composition of family

The composition of these families was:

- Indigenous members only (2,030 families)
- both Indigenous and non-indigenous members (1,710 families)

FIGURE 1.4 COMPOSITION OF FAMILY

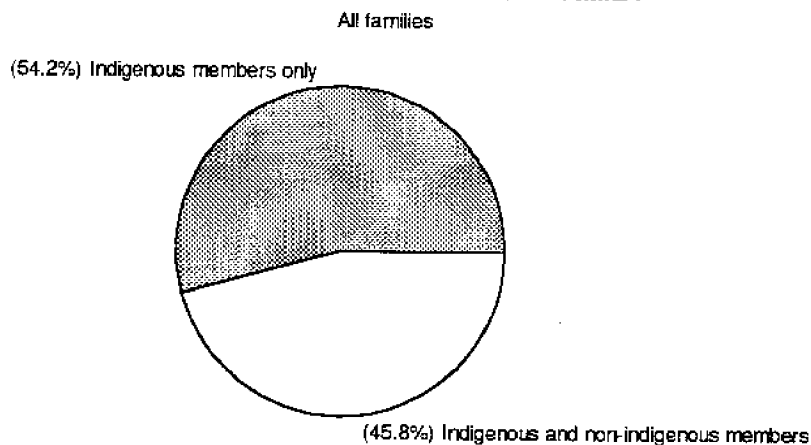
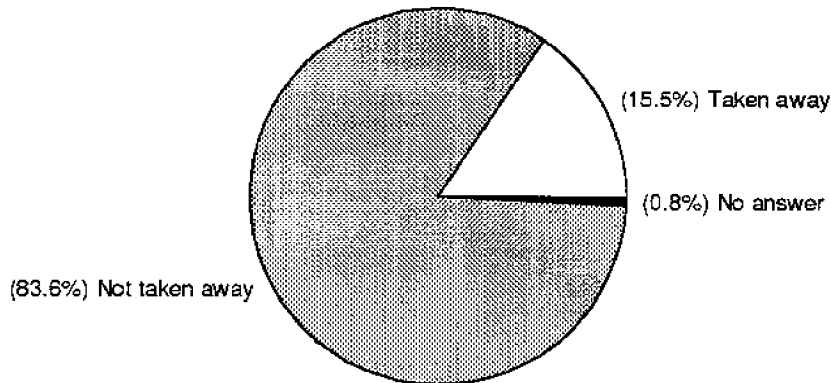


FIGURE 1.5 TAKEN AWAY FROM NATURAL FAMILY

Persons aged 25 years and over



Separation from families Some 780 people aged twenty-five years and over reported that they were taken away from their natural families.

Childcare The childcare arrangements of the 2,560 families with children aged twelve years and under were:

- formal childcare only (210** families)
- combination of formal childcare and family/friends (370 families)
- family and friends only (1,570 families)
- did not use childcare (140** families)

FIGURE 1.6 CHILDCARE ARRANGEMENTS

Families with children aged 12 years and younger

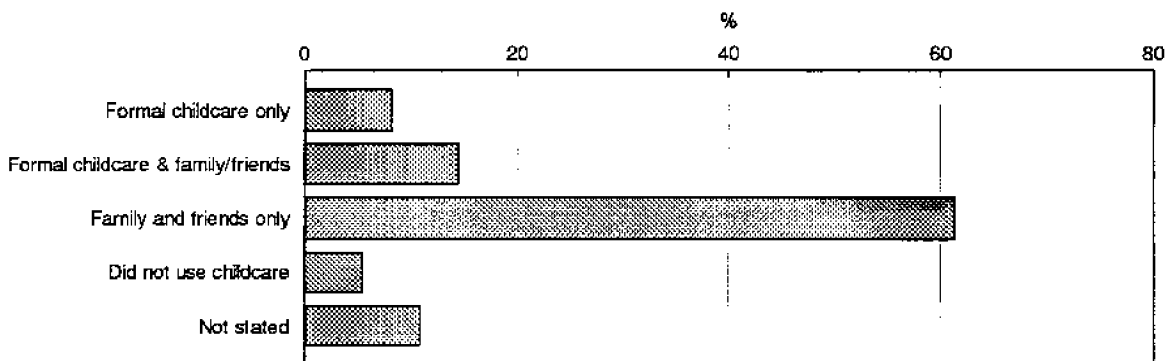
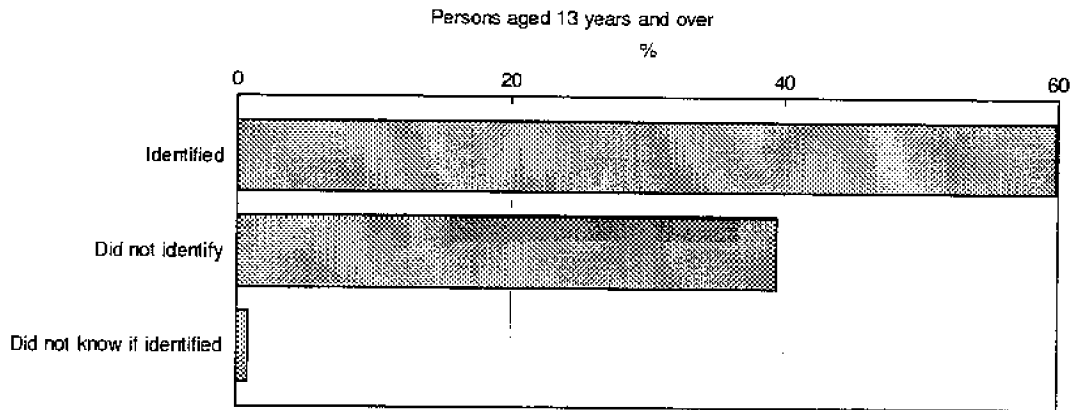


FIGURE 1.7 IDENTIFICATION WITH CLAN, TRIBAL OR LANGUAGE GROUP



Identification with clan, tribal or language group

Some 5,070 of those 8,470 people aged thirteen years and over said that they identified with a clan, tribal or language group.

Role of elders

People aged thirteen years and over stated that the role of elders was:

- important (7,130 people)
- not important (650 people)
- did not know (690 people)

FIGURE 1.8 ROLE OF ELDERS

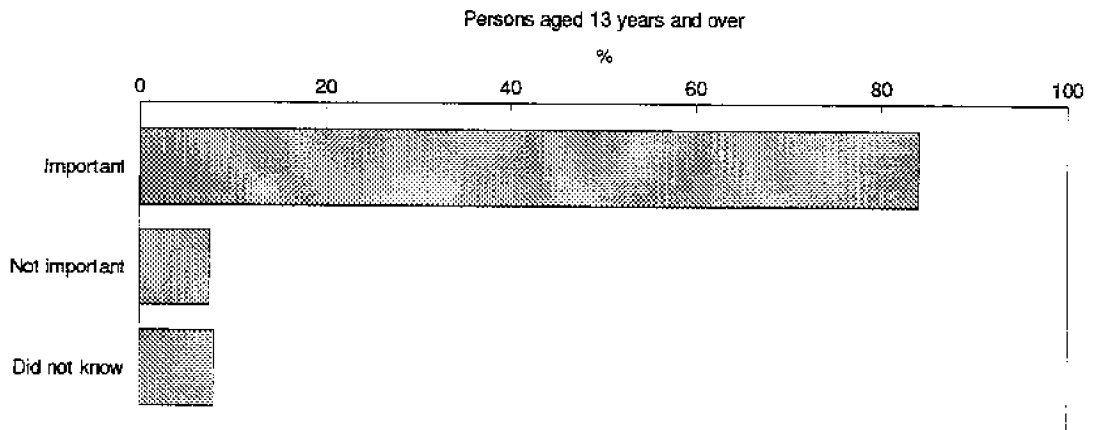
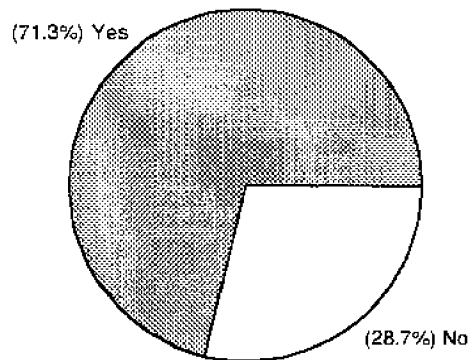


FIGURE 1.9 RECOGNITION OF HOMELANDS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Recognition of homelands

Of people aged thirteen years and over:

- 6,040 people recognised an area as their homelands
- 2,440 people did not recognise any area as their homelands

Characteristics of people who recognise homelands

Of those people who reported that they recognise an area as their homelands:

- 4,390 grew up in their homelands
- 690 were living on their homelands
- 4,700 said that their ancestors came from the area that they recognise as their homelands

FIGURE 1.10 CHARACTERISTICS OF PERSONS WHO RECOGNISE HOMELANDS

Persons aged 13 years and over who recognise homelands

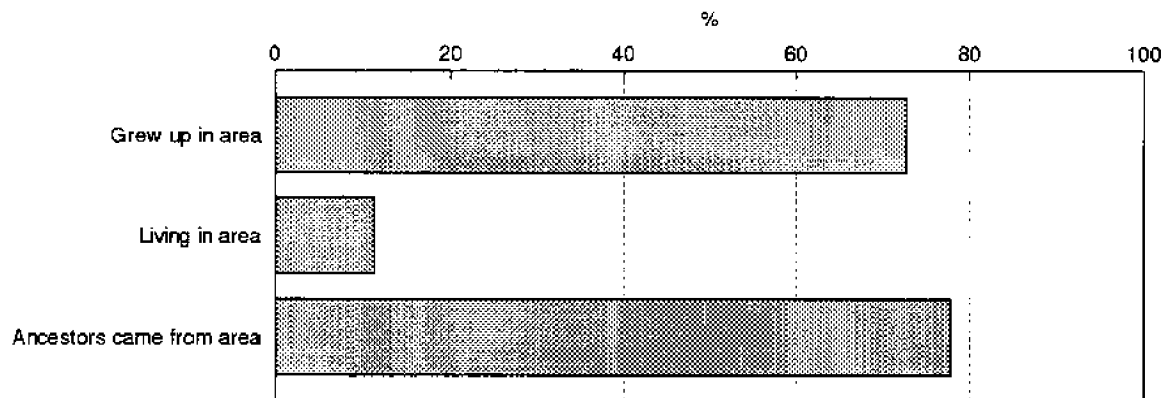
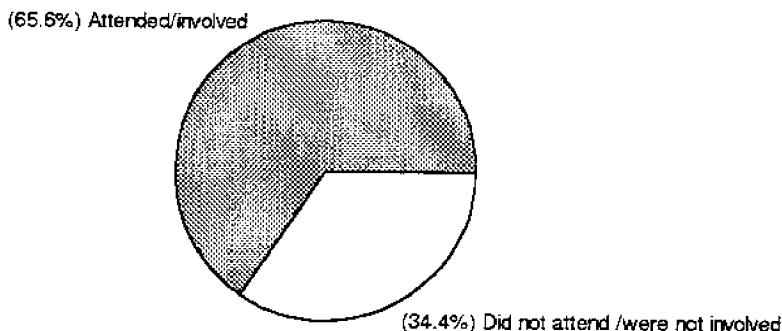


FIGURE 1.11 ATTENDANCE AT CULTURAL ACTIVITIES (a)

Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) includes involvement with Indigenous organisations

Attendance at cultural activities

Over the past year 5,520 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they had attended one or more Indigenous cultural activities or were involved with Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations.

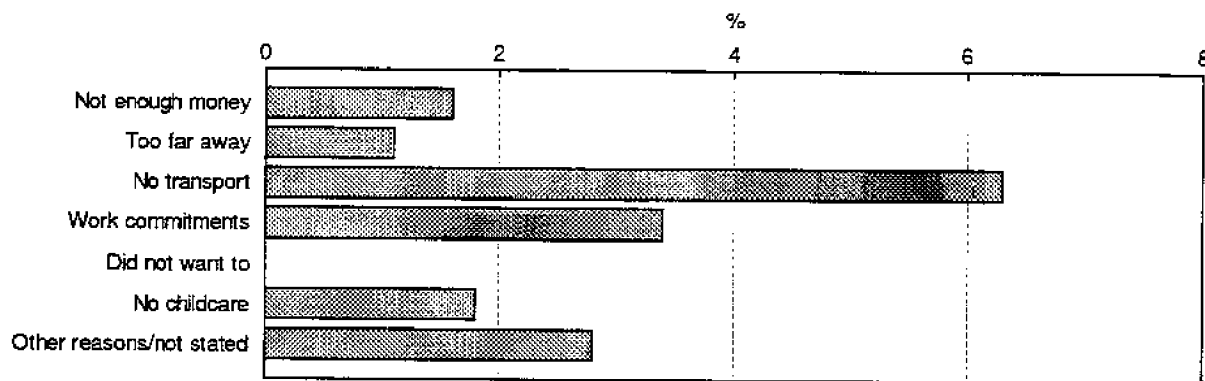
Reasons why could not attend all cultural activities

The main reasons why people could not attend all cultural activities over the past year were:

- no transport (530 people)
- work commitments (290** people)
- no childcare (160** people)
- not enough money (130** people)

FIGURE 1.12 REASONS WHY COULD NOT ATTEND ALL CULTURAL ACTIVITIES (a)

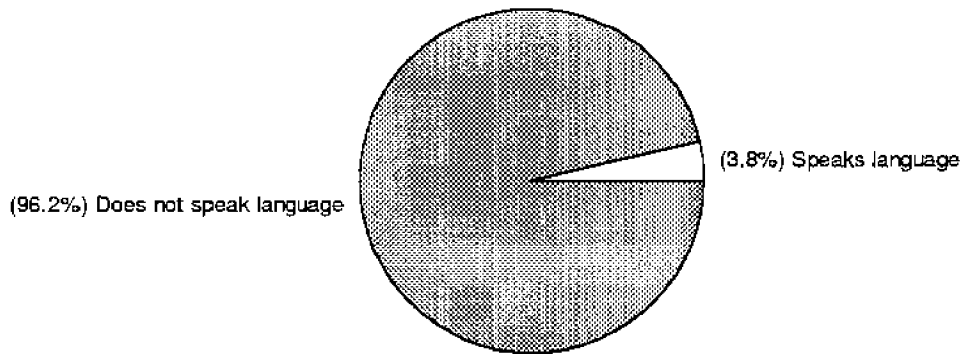
Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) Persons may have given more than one reason for not being able to attend

FIGURE 1.13 ABORIGINAL OR TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER LANGUAGES

Persons aged 5 years and over



Speaks an Indigenous language

Some 420 of the 11,140 people aged five years and over reported that they could speak an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander language.

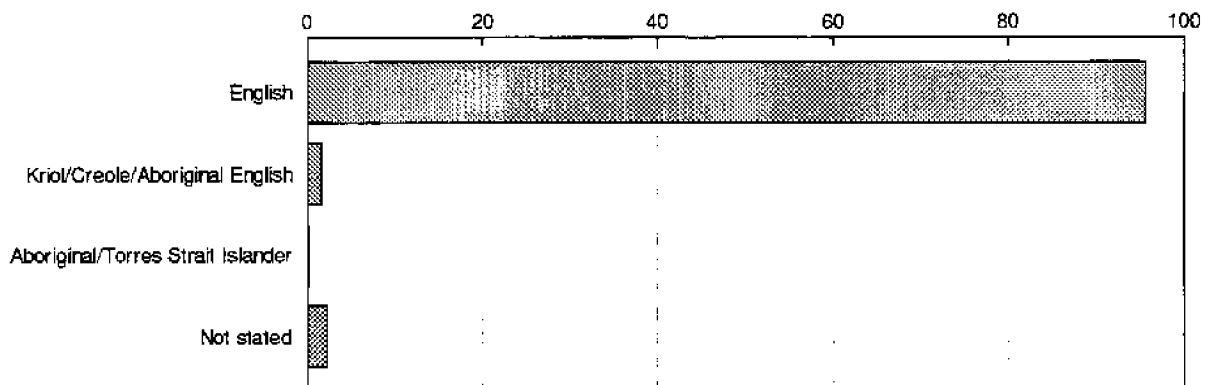
Main language spoken at home

The main language spoken at home by people aged five years and over was:

- English (10,660 people)
- Kriol/Creole or Aboriginal English (190** people)
- Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander language (20** people)

FIGURE 1.14 MAIN LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME

Persons aged 5 years and over
%

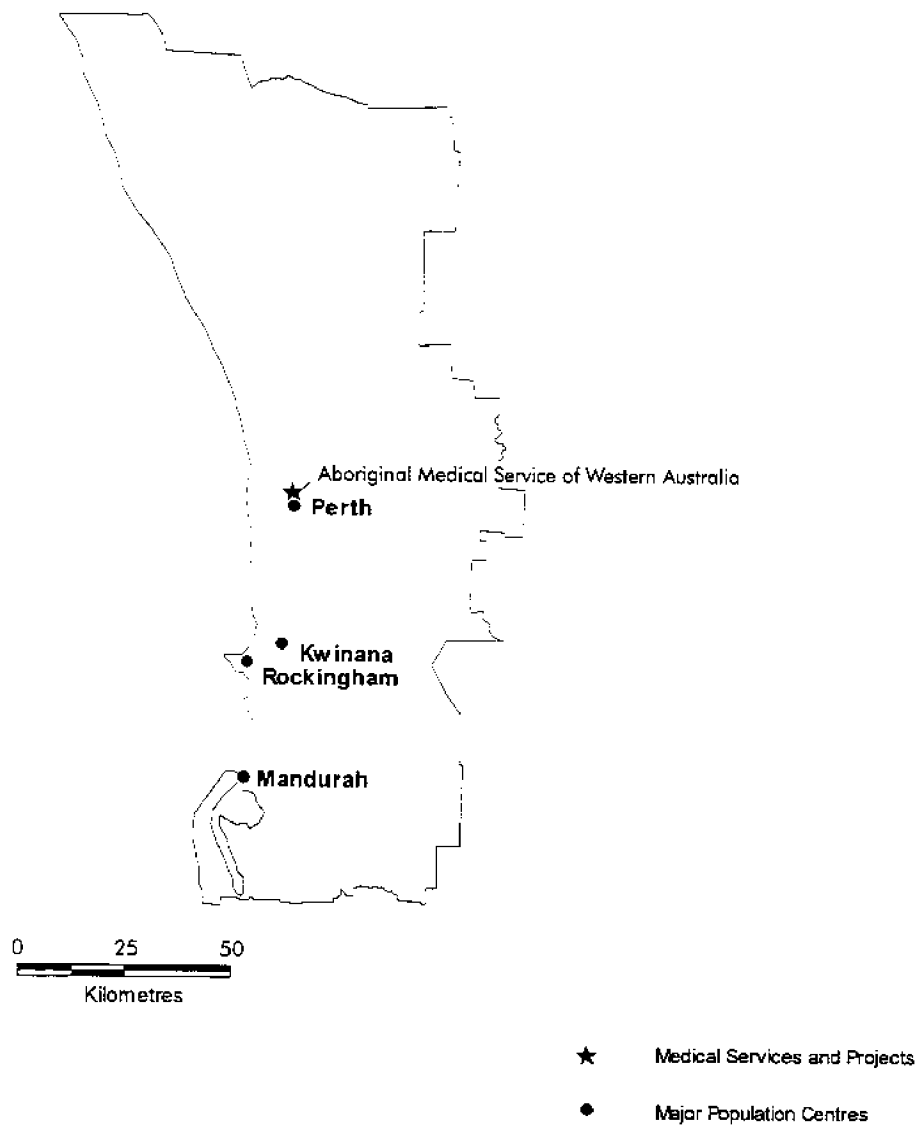




CHAPTER TWO

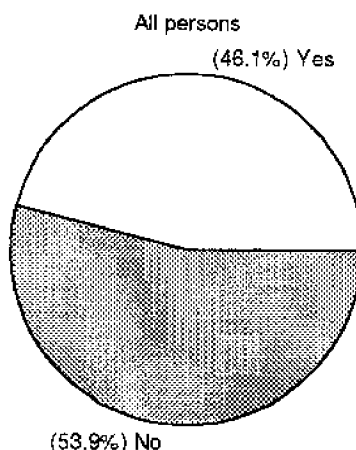
HEALTH

Map 3 Indigenous Health Services and Projects Funded by ATSIC Perth Region



Note: The provision of primary health care transferred from
ATSIC to the Department of Human Services and Health in 1995.
Source: National Aboriginal Health Strategy, 1994.

FIGURE 2.1 EXPERIENCED A RECENT ILLNESS

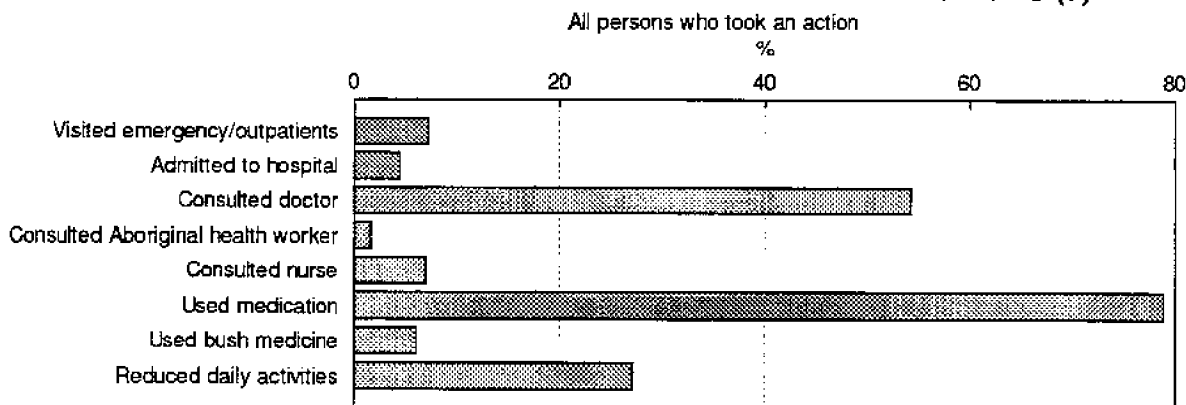


Recent illness Some 6,130 people experienced an illness in the two weeks prior to the survey.

Health related actions An estimated 6,340 people took one or more health related actions in the two weeks prior to the survey. The most common actions taken were:

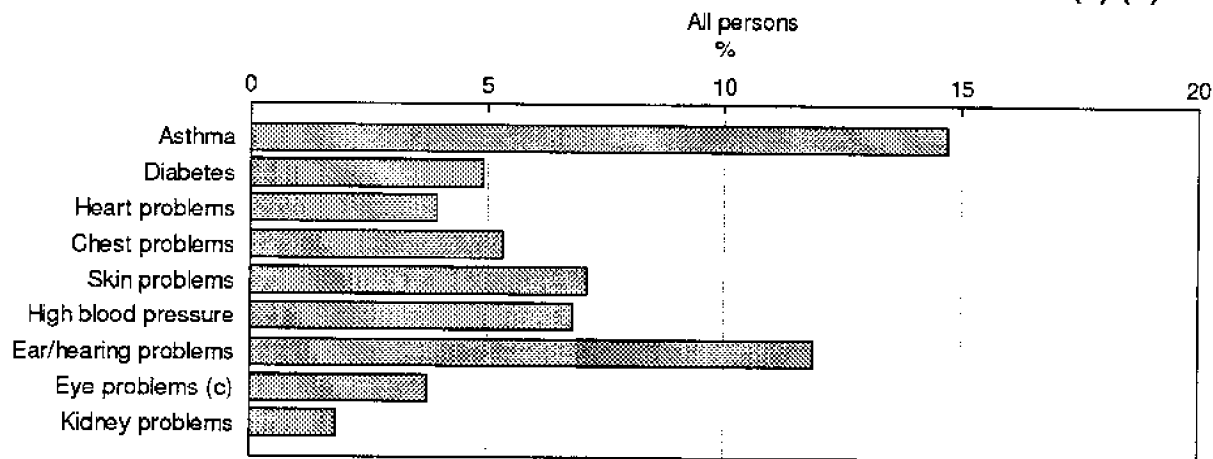
- used medication (5,010 people)
- consulted a doctor (3,440 people)
- reduced daily activities (1,720 people)
- visited emergency/outpatients clinic (460** people)
- consulted a nurse (450** people)

FIGURE 2.2 TYPE OF HEALTH RELATED ACTIONS (a)



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one type of action

FIGURE 2.3 LONG TERM ILLNESS CONDITIONS (a) (b)



(a) Long term conditions are conditions which have lasted for 6 months or more (b) Persons may have indicated more than one condition (c) Excludes eye problems which can be corrected by glasses

Long term illness conditions

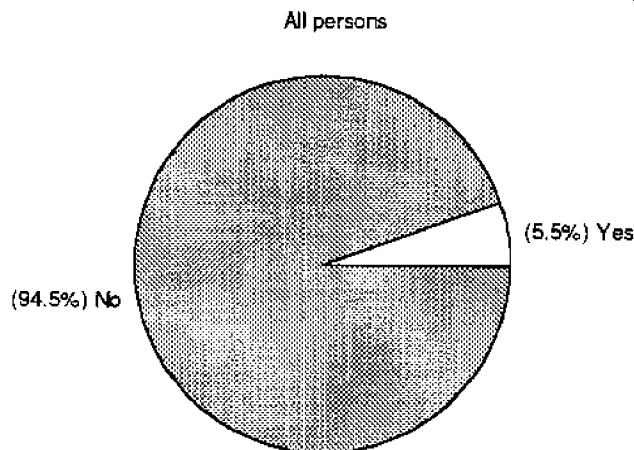
Some 5,180 people, or thirty-nine per cent of the total population, reported one or more long term illness conditions. The most common conditions were:

- asthma (1,960 people)
- ear or hearing problems (1,580 people)
- skin problems (940 people)
- high blood pressure (900 people)
- chest problems (710 people)
- diabetes (660 people)

Health related travel

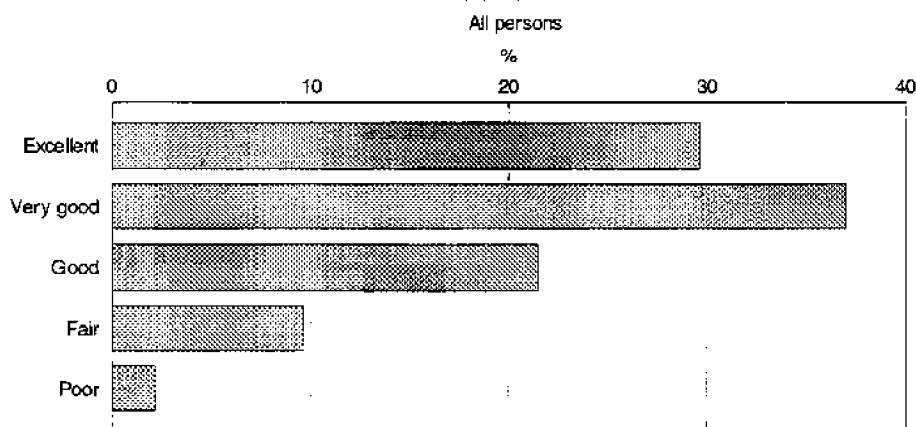
Some 730 people reported that during the last twelve months they had gone away from the area for treatment of a health problem.

FIGURE 2.4 GONE AWAY FOR TREATMENT (a)



(a) Refers to health related treatment during the last 12 months

FIGURE 2.5 SELF ASSESSED HEALTH STATUS



Self-assessed health status The self-assessed health status of the 13,300 people in the Perth region was:

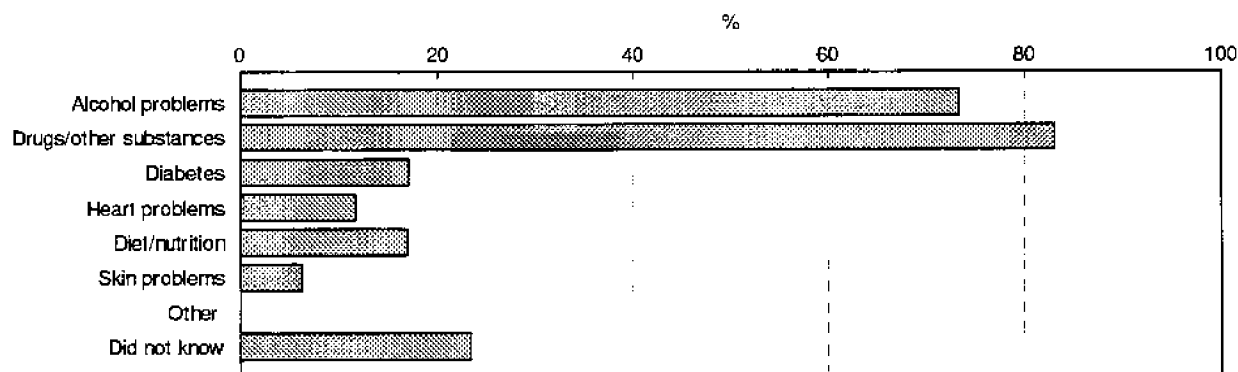
- excellent or very good (8,860 people)
- good or fair (4,150 people)
- poor (290** people)

Local health problems The main local health problems identified by the 8,470 people aged thirteen years and over in the Perth region were:

- drugs/other substances (7,030 people)
- alcohol (6,200 people)
- diabetes (1,450 people)
- diet/nutrition (1,440 people)
- heart problems (990 people)

FIGURE 2.6 MAIN HEALTH PROBLEMS IN LOCAL AREA (a)

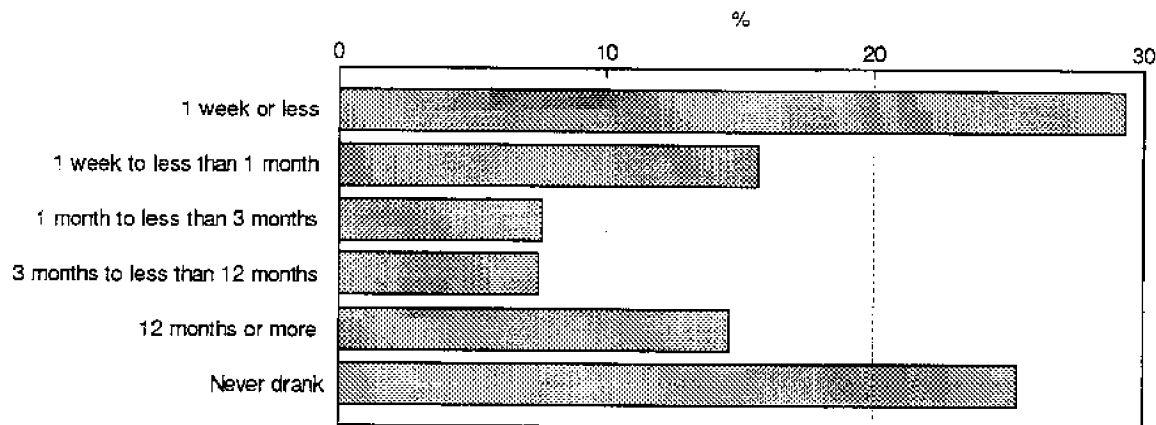
Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one health problem

FIGURE 2.7 PERIOD SINCE LAST DRANK ALCOHOL

Persons aged 13 years and over



Alcohol consumption People aged thirteen years and over reported that the period since they last drank alcohol was:

- one week or less (2,480 people)
- more than one week but less than one month (1,330 people)
- one month or more but less than three months (640 people)
- three months or more but less than twelve months (640 people)
- twelve months or more (1,240 people)
- never drank (2,140 people)

Tobacco use Some 4,220 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they smoked cigarettes.

FIGURE 2.8 CIGARETTE SMOKING

Persons aged 13 years and over

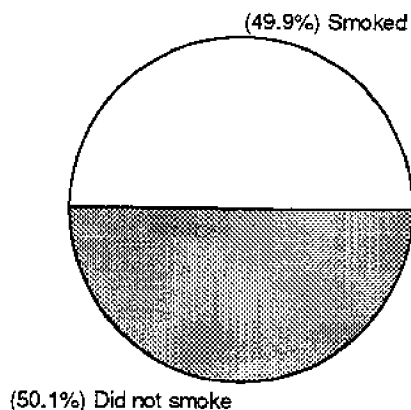
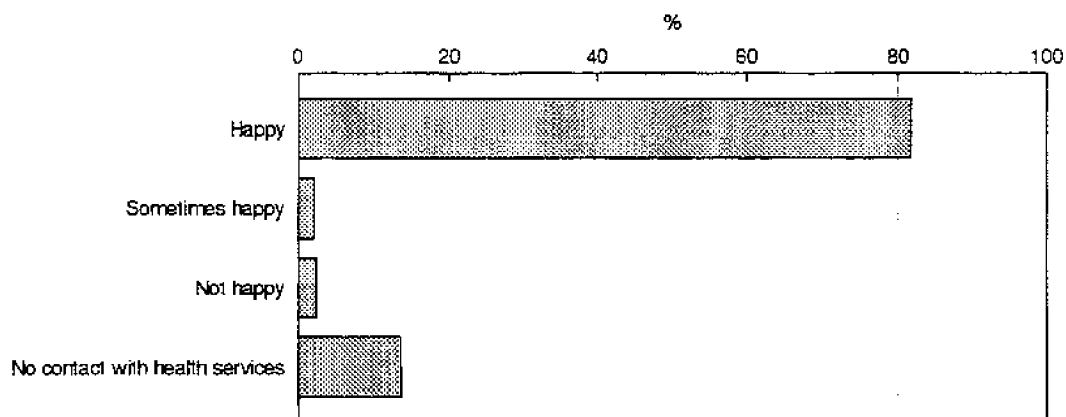


FIGURE 2.9 ATTITUDES TO LOCAL HEALTH SERVICES

Persons aged 13 years and over



Attitudes to local health services

People aged thirteen years and over said they were:

- happy with local health services (6,920 people)
- sometimes happy (190** people)
- not happy (210** people)

Involvement in health services

Some 5,940 people aged thirteen years and over thought that it was important for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people to be involved in local health services.

FIGURE 2.10 IMPORTANCE OF INDIGENOUS INVOLVEMENT IN HEALTH SERVICES

Persons aged 13 years and over

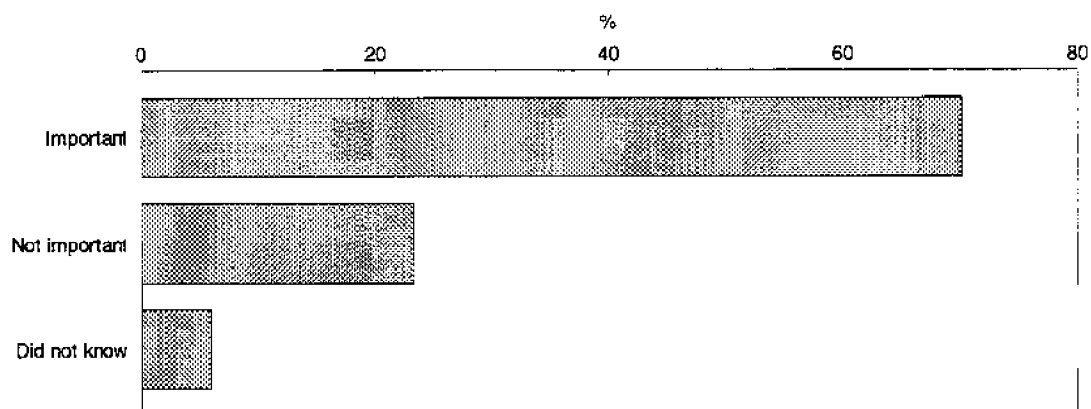
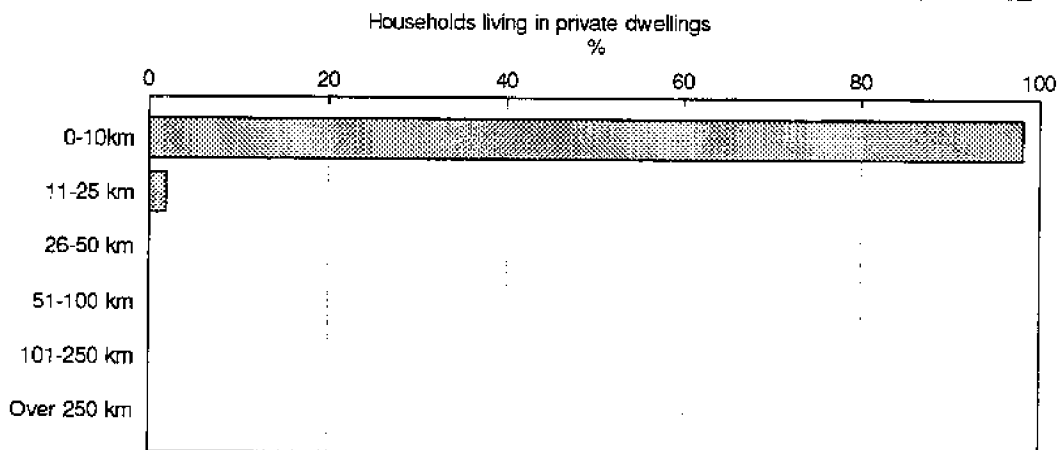


FIGURE 2.11 DISTANCE TO NEAREST COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRE



Nearest health centre

The distance that the 4,160 households had to travel to attend the nearest community health centre was estimated to be:

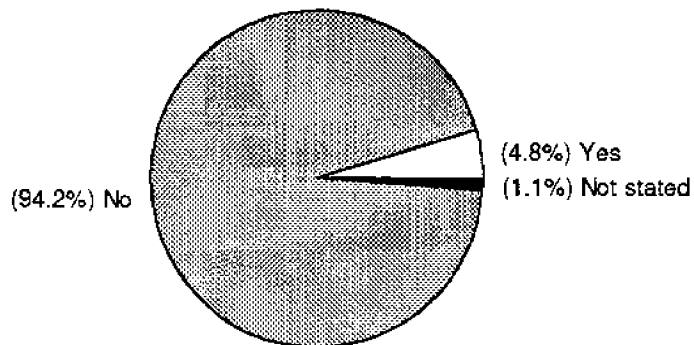
- less than 10 km (4,080 households)
- between 11 and 25 km (80** households)

Bush medicine

Some 640 people reported using bush medicine in the last six months.

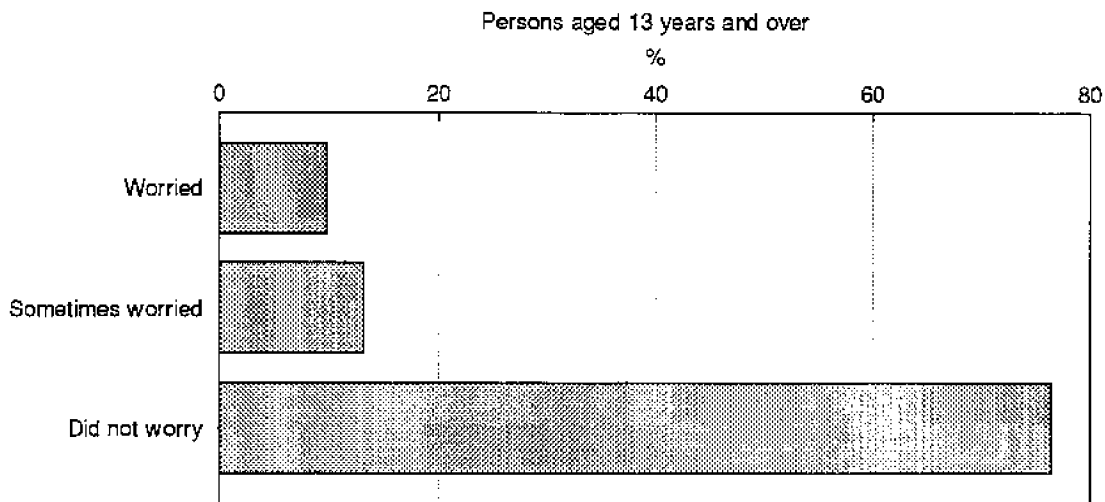
FIGURE 2.12 USED BUSH MEDICINE (a)

All Persons



(a) Refers to the last six months

FIGURE 2.13 WORRIED ABOUT GOING WITHOUT FOOD

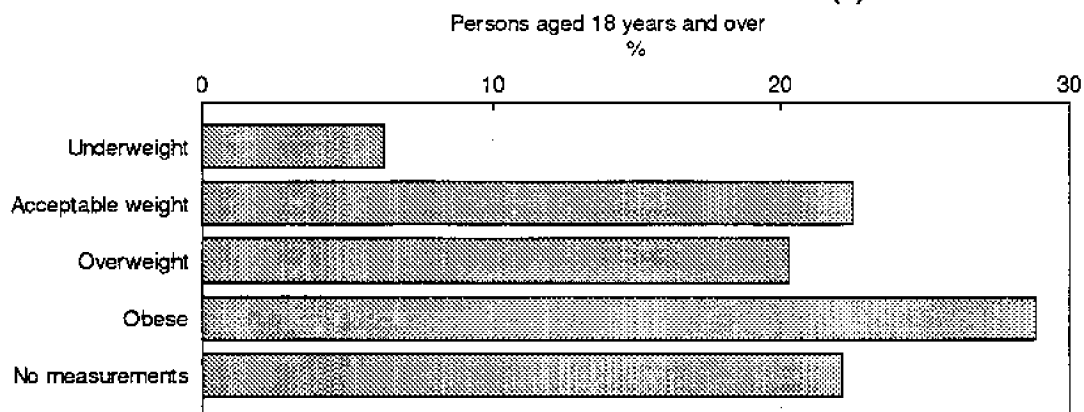


Food security Some 1,940 people aged thirteen years and over said that they worried, or sometimes worried, about going without food.

Relative weight The 7,060 people aged eighteen years and over were grouped according to their body mass index (BMI) scores. On this basis:

- 440** people were underweight
- 1,590 people were an acceptable weight
- 1,430 people were overweight
- 2,030 people were obese
- 1,560 people chose not to have their weight and height measurements taken

FIGURE 2.14 RELATIVE WEIGHT (a)



(a) Based on body mass index (BMI) score. The BMI equals a person's weight in kilograms divided by the square of the person's height in metres.



CHAPTER THREE

HOUSING

Map 4 Major Communities and Population Perth Region

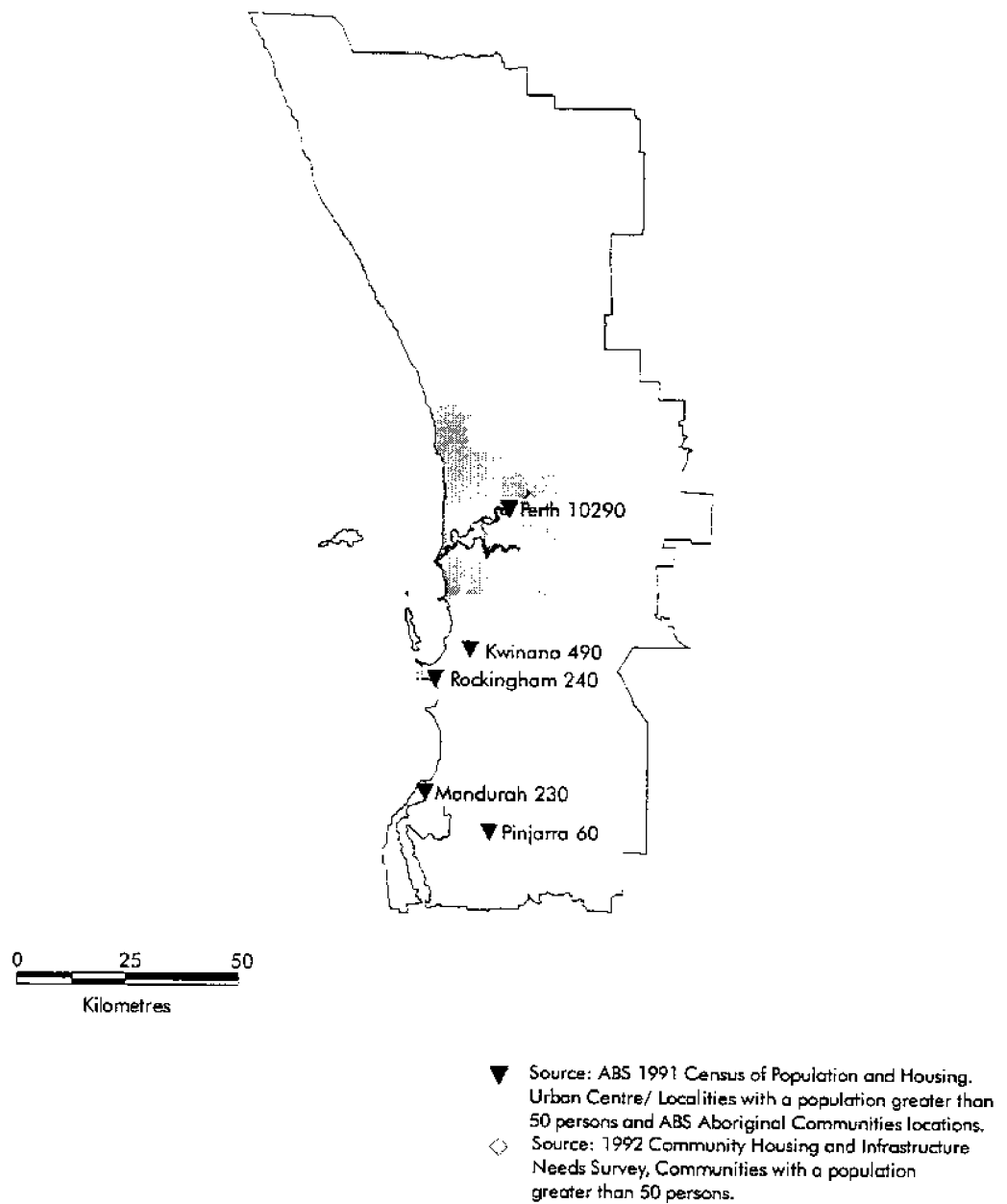
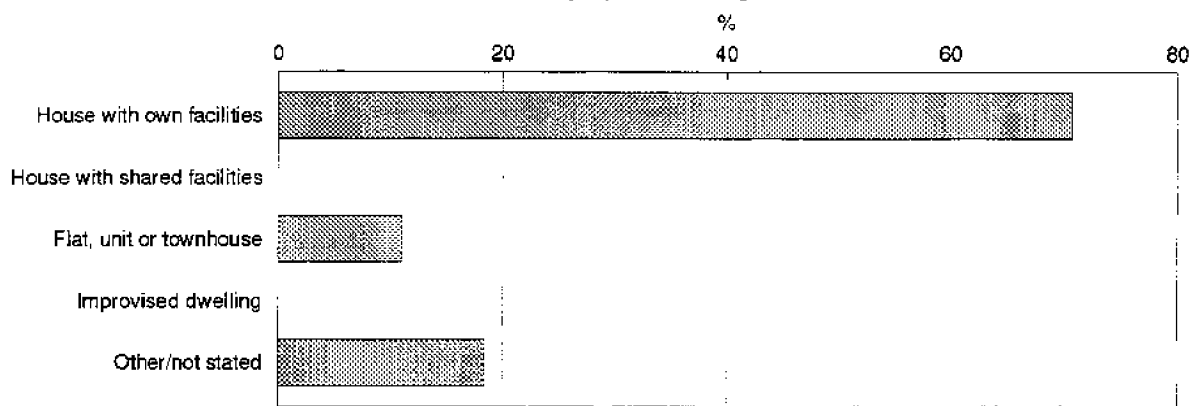


FIGURE 3.1 TYPE OF DWELLING

Households living in private dwellings



Type of dwelling

The types of dwellings occupied by the 4,160 households living in the Perth region were:

- house with own facilities (2, 940 households)
- flat, unit or townhouse (460 households)
- other dwelling/not stated (760 households)

Nature of occupancy

The nature of occupancy of these dwellings was:

- rented (2,420 households)
- owned (440** households)
- being purchased (1,150 households)

FIGURE 3.2 NATURE OF OCCUPANCY

Households living in private dwellings

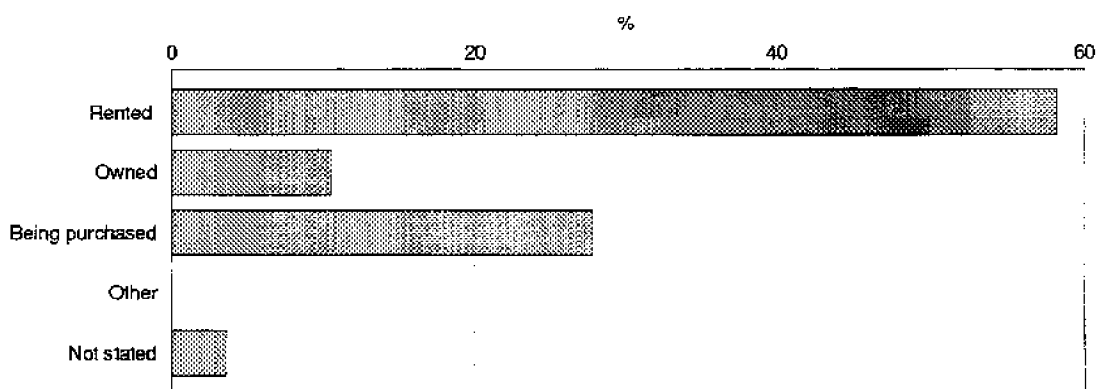
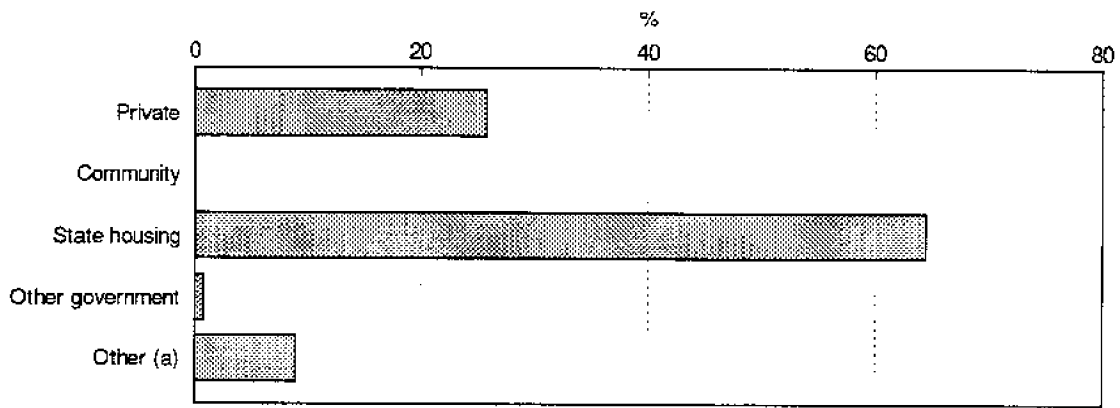


FIGURE 3.3 TYPE OF LANDLORD

Households living in rented private dwellings



(a) Includes employer provided housing and not stated

Type of landlord

The 2,420 households that were renting their dwelling reported that they were renting from:

- private landlords (620 households)
- state housing authorities (1,560 households)
- other government agencies (20** households)

Weekly rent

These households reported that their weekly rent was:

- less than \$48 (600 households)
- \$48-\$77 (780 households)
- \$78-\$107 (420** households)
- \$108-\$137 (480 households)
- \$138-\$167 (60** households)
- \$168 and over (80** households)

FIGURE 3.4 WEEKLY RENT

Households living in rented private dwellings

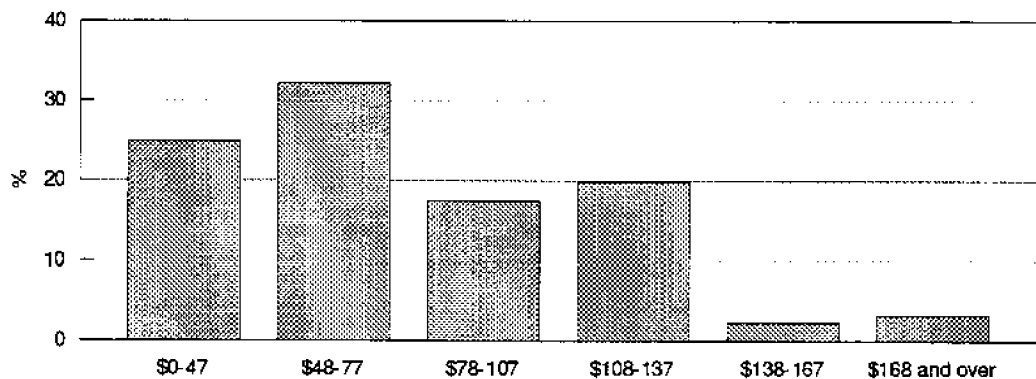
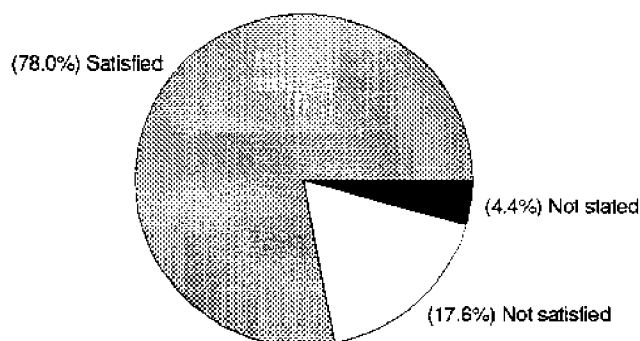


FIGURE 3.5 SATISFACTION WITH DWELLING

Households living in private dwellings



Satisfaction with dwelling

Some 3,240 households reported that their current dwelling satisfied the needs of the household.

Main problems with dwelling

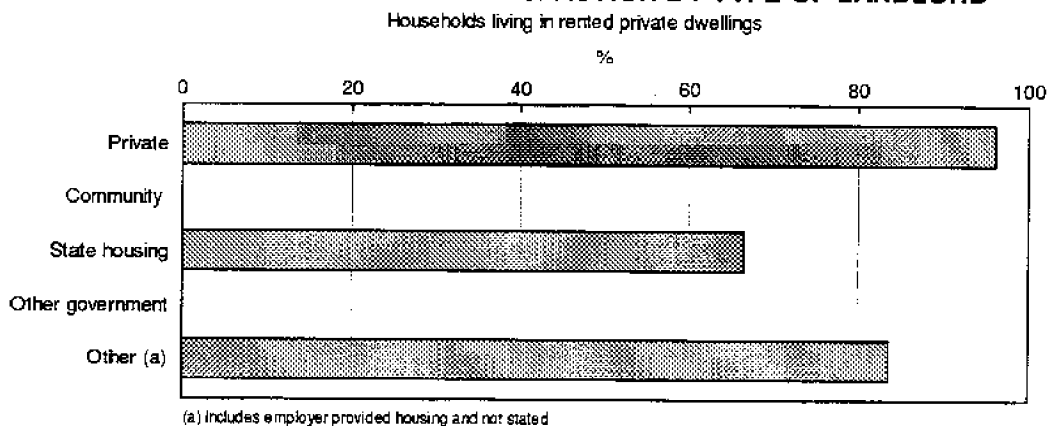
The 730 households that were not satisfied with their current dwelling reported that the main problems with the dwelling were (in order):

- needs repair
- not enough bedrooms
- not enough living area
- needs better insulation/ventilation

FIGURE 3.6 MAIN PROBLEMS WITH DWELLING

The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).

FIGURE 3.7 LEVEL OF SATISFACTION BY TYPE OF LANDLORD



Level of satisfaction by type of landlord

Of those 3,240 households that were satisfied with their current dwelling, some 1,820 were renting their accommodation from:

- private landlords (600 households)
- state housing authorities (1,040 households)

Utilities not working in last 4 weeks

Some 310 of the 4,160 households reported a utility not working in the last four weeks. The utilities not working were (in order):

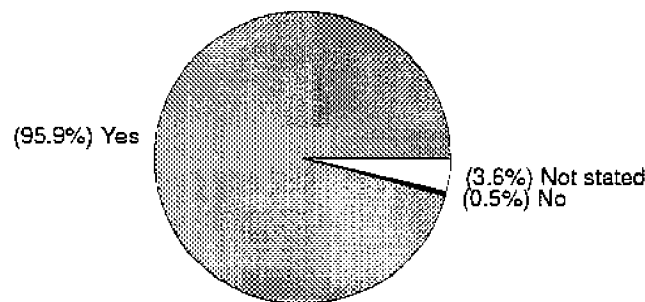
- electricity/gas
- toilet

FIGURE 3.8 UTILITIES NOT WORKING IN LAST 4 WEEKS

The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).

FIGURE 3.9 DWELLING HAS BATHROOM OR SHOWER

Households living in private dwellings



Bathroom or shower

Some 3,990 households living in private dwellings had their own bathroom or shower. A further 20** households had access to a communal bathroom or shower.

Summary of dwelling characteristics

In summary, the dwelling characteristics of the 4,160 households living in private dwellings were:

- running water connected (4,010 households)
- electricity/gas connected (4,010 households)
- garbage collected (4,160 households)
- dwelling situated on sealed road (3,390 households)
- satisfied needs of household (3,240 households)
- being rented (2,420 households)

FIGURE 3.10 SUMMARY OF DWELLING CHARACTERISTICS

Households living in private dwellings

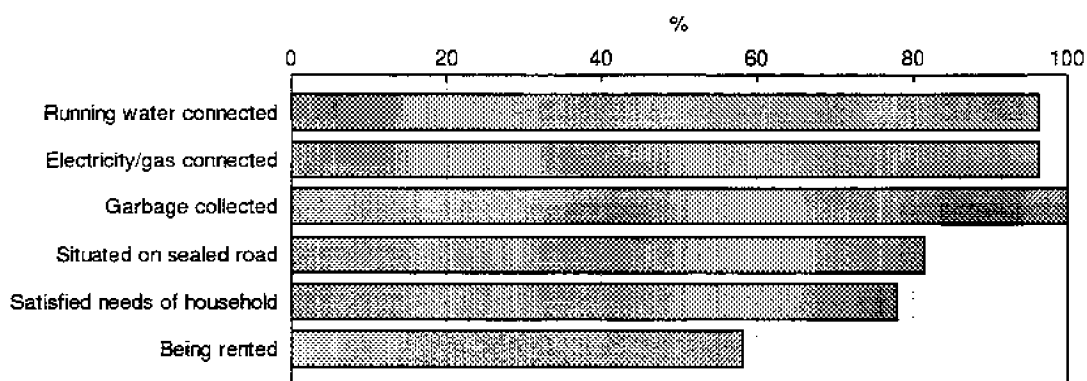
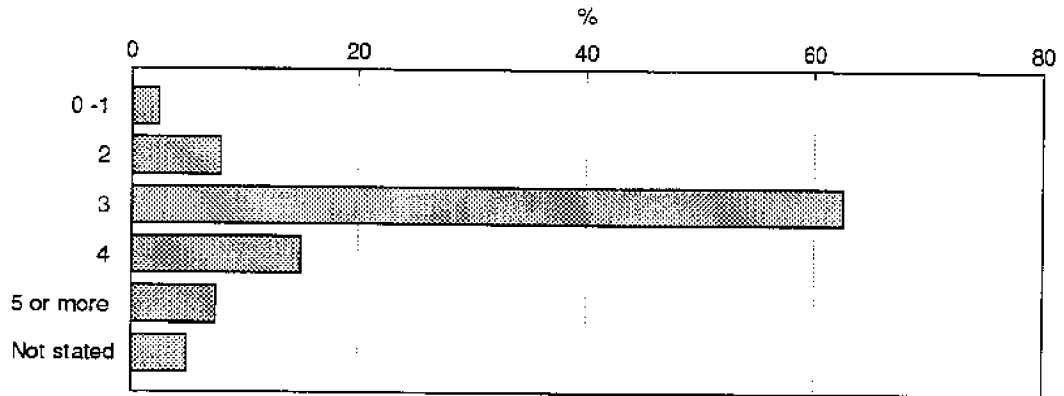


FIGURE 3.11 NUMBER OF BEDROOMS

Households living in private dwellings



Number of bedrooms

The number of bedrooms in the private dwellings was:

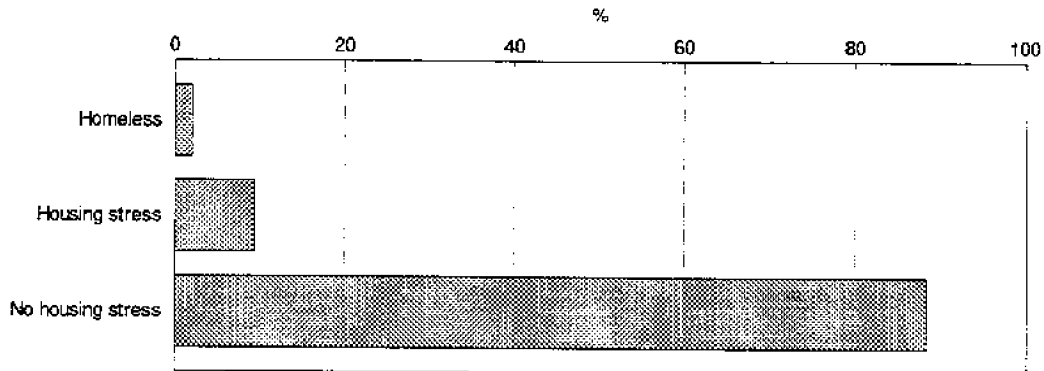
- none or one (100** households)
- two (330** households)
- three (2,600 households)
- four (620 households)
- five or more (310** households)

Housing stress

Detailed analysis of the 1991 Census of Population and Housing results for the Perth region (Jones, R (1994) *The Housing Need of Indigenous Australians, 1991*. Canberra: Centre for Aboriginal Economic Policy Research, ANU) concluded that some 50 families were homeless and a further 240 families were in housing stress from overcrowding.

FIGURE 3.12 HOUSING STRESS

All families



Source: 1991 Census of Population and Housing; Jones, 1994.

**1992 ATSI
Housing and
Community
Infrastructure
Needs Survey**

Another source of information about the condition of community infrastructure in the Perth Region is the final report of Stage 1 of the 1992 ATSI Housing and Community Infrastructure Needs Survey. This report identified:

- 100 per cent of discrete communities surveyed (including homelands/outstations) in which the quality of water available for human consumption complied with National Health and Medical Research Council guidelines.
- 100 per cent of discrete communities (excluding homelands/outstations) in which the sewerage system normally worked satisfactorily.
- None of the discrete communities (excluding homelands/outstations) had internal roads which were sealed.

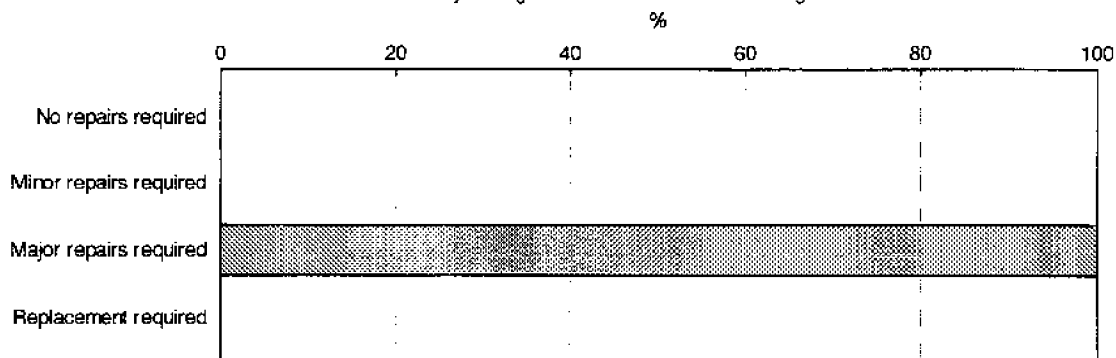
**Condition
of houses**

At the time of the Needs Survey, it was estimated that there was 1 house in the Perth region owned and/or administered by Indigenous organisations. The condition of this house was found to be:

- major repairs required (1 house)

FIGURE 3.13 CONDITION OF HOUSES (a)

Owned and/or administered by Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations



(a) Relates only to Centres surveyed

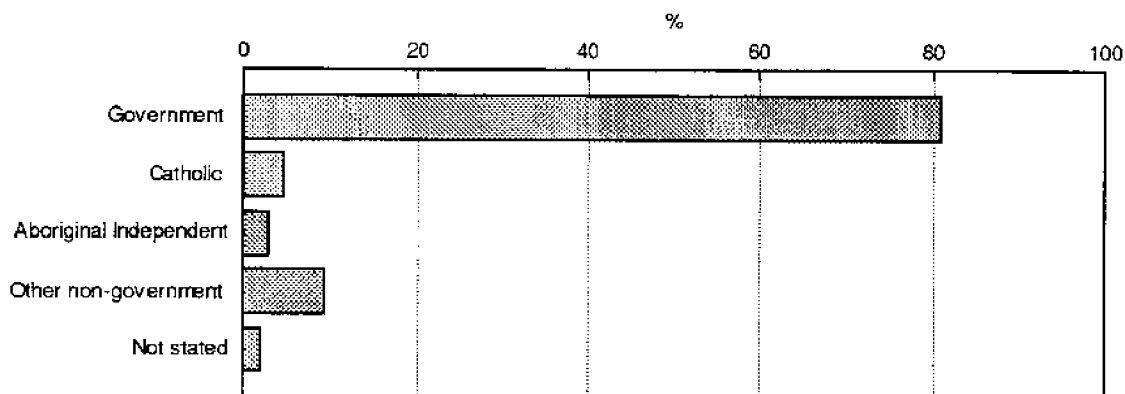


CHAPTER FOUR

EDUCATION AND TRAINING

FIGURE 4.1 TYPE OF SCHOOL ATTENDED

Primary and secondary school students



Type of school attended

The type of school attended by the 3,570 primary and secondary school students was:

- government (2,900 students)
- Catholic (170** students)
- Aboriginal Independent (110** students)
- other non-government (330** students)

Level of school attended

The level of school these students attended was:

- primary (2,410 students)
- secondary (1,140 students)
- combined primary/secondary (20** students)

FIGURE 4.2 LEVEL OF SCHOOL ATTENDED

Primary and secondary school students

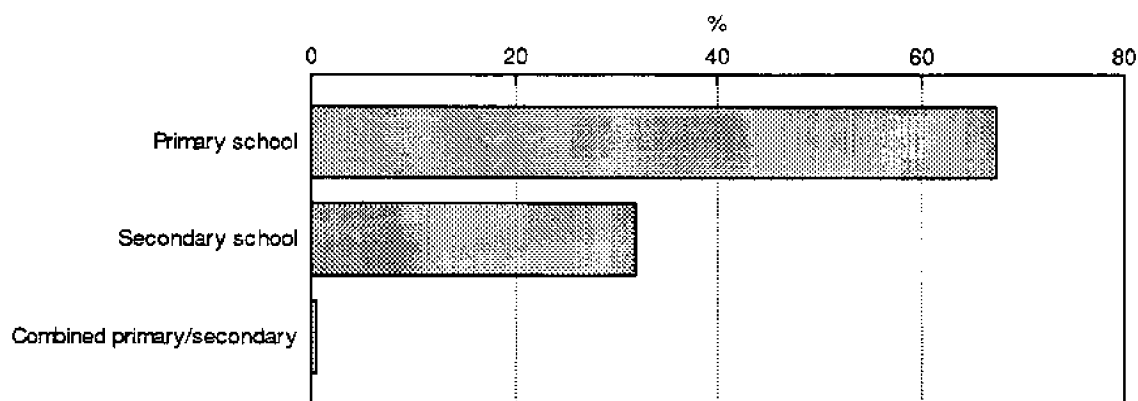
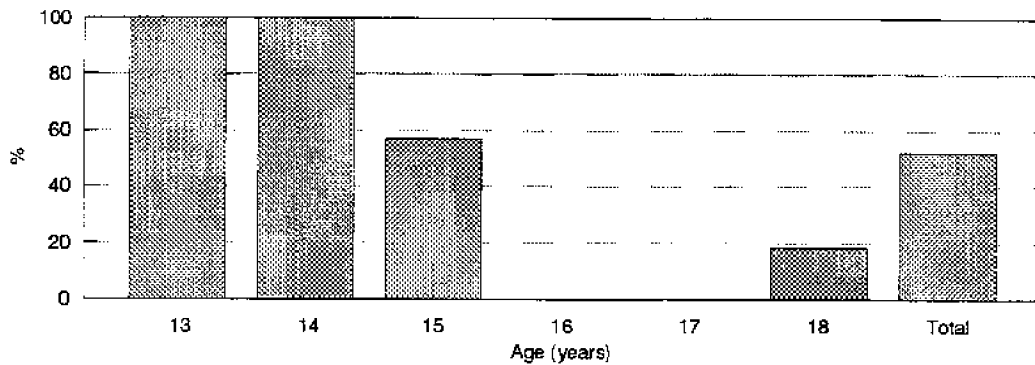


FIGURE 4.3 SCHOOL PARTICIPATION RATE (a)

Persons aged 13 to 18 years



(a) the number of enrolled school students of a particular age, expressed as a proportion of the population of the same age.

School participation rates The overall school participation rate was calculated to be slightly more than 50 per cent. For thirteen and fourteen year olds the participation rate was 100 per cent, while for eighteen year olds the rate had fallen to around 20 per cent.

Characteristics of schooling Students in the Perth region reported that they were:

- taught about Indigenous culture (1,770 students)
- not taught about culture but want to be (1,380 students)
- taught by an Indigenous teacher (300** students)
- taught by an Indigenous education worker (670 students)
- taught by a community member (190** students)
- taught Indigenous languages (160** students)

FIGURE 4.4 CHARACTERISTICS OF SCHOOLING

Primary and secondary school students

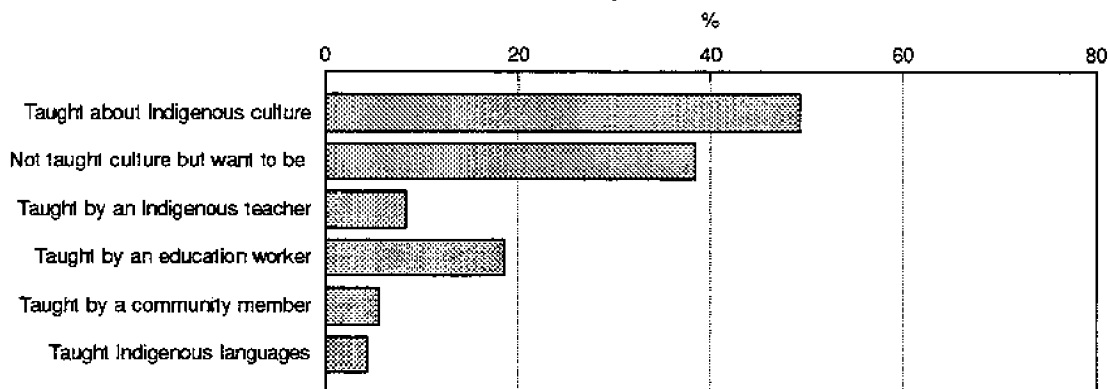
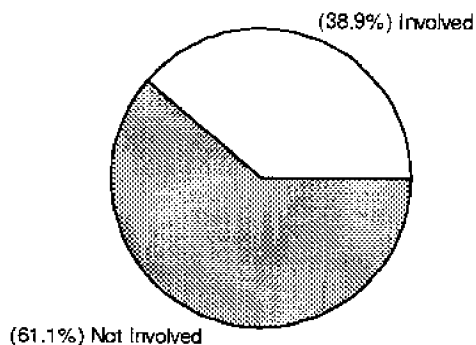


FIGURE 4.5 INVOLVEMENT IN DECISION MAKING AT CHILDREN'S SCHOOL

Persons with children attending primary or secondary school



Involvement in decision making

Some 970 of the 2,490 people with children attending primary or secondary school felt that they were involved in decision making at their children's school.

Preference for children to attend community school

Parents' preference for sending their children to an Aboriginal community controlled school was:

- yes (170** parents)
- no (1,990 parents)
- already attends (140** parents)

FIGURE 4.6 PREFERENCE FOR CHILDREN TO ATTEND COMMUNITY SCHOOL

Persons with children attending primary or secondary school

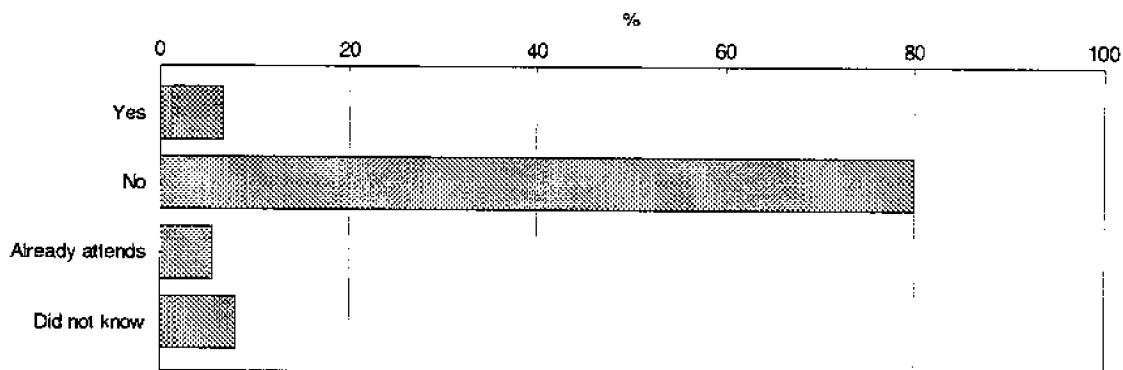
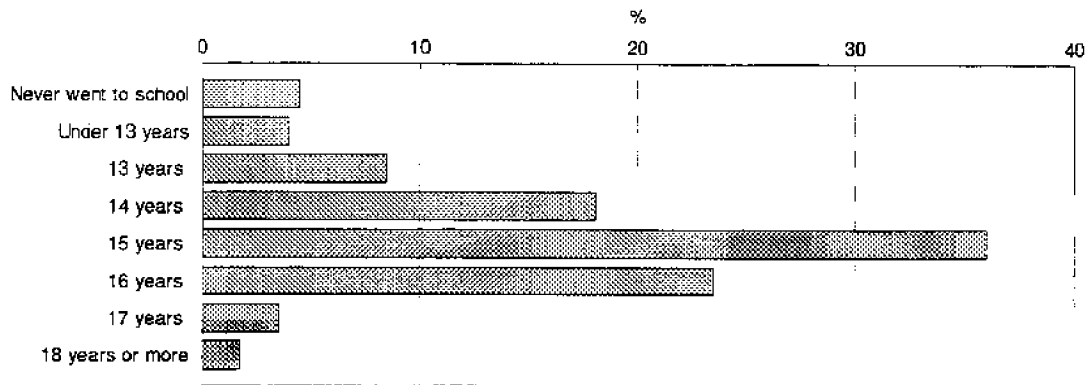


FIGURE 4.7 AGE LEFT SCHOOL

Persons aged 15 years and over who have left school



Age left school

The 7,520 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school reported that the age they left school was:

- 13 years or less (940** people)
- 14 years (1,370 people)
- 15 or 16 years (4,480 people)
- 17 years or more (390** people)

Some 330** people reported that they had never attended school.

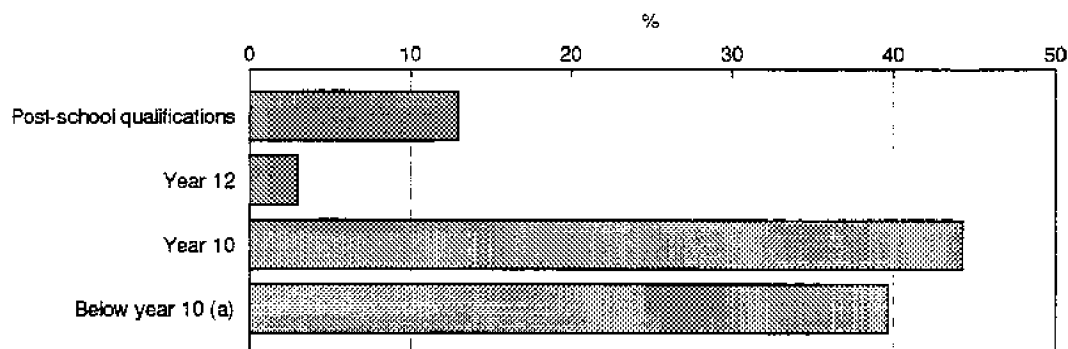
Highest level of educational attainment

The highest level of education attained by people age fifteen years and over who had left school was:

- post-school qualifications (980 people)
- year 12 school certificate (230** people)
- year 10 school certificate (3,330 people)
- below year 10 (2,990 people)

FIGURE 4.8 HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

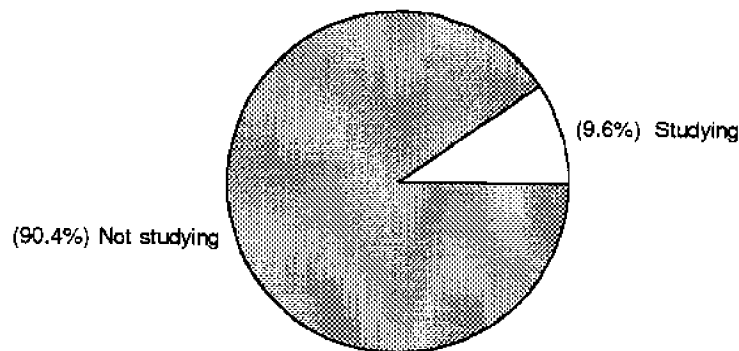
Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school



(a) includes persons with no formal education

FIGURE 4.9 POST-SCHOOL STUDY

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school



Post-school study Some 720 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school were studying for a qualification.

Main difficulty in undertaking further study or training Some 2,370 of those 3,670 people who had left school and wanted to do further study felt they would have problems attending study or training courses. The main difficulties were expected to be:

- lack of transport or travel problems (910 people)
- lack of pre-requisites (430** people)
- no childcare available (340** people)
- lack of English proficiency (260** people)

FIGURE 4.10 MAIN DIFFICULTY IN UNDERTAKING FURTHER STUDY/TRAINING

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school and felt they would have difficulty undertaking further study/training

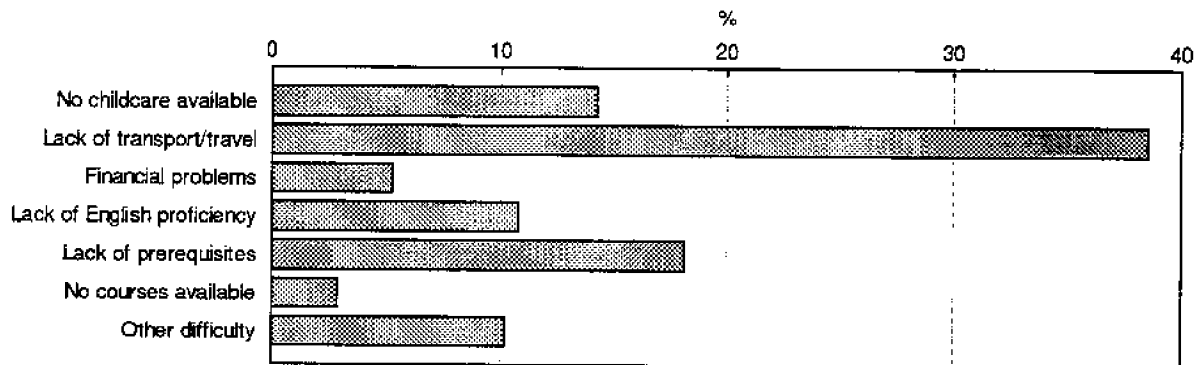
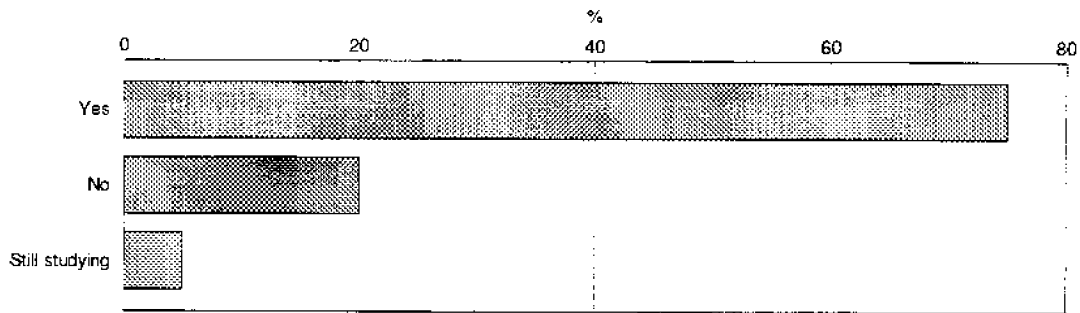


FIGURE 4.11 COMPLETION OF TRAINING COURSE IN LAST 12 MONTHS (a)

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school and attended a training course in the last 12 months



(a) Refers to main training course if more than one course was attended

Completion of training course attended in last 12 months

Some 820 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school reported that they had attended at least one training course in the last 12 months which they:

- completed (610 people)
- did not complete (160** people)
- were still studying (40** people)

Use made of information gained from recent training course

These people reported that the information they gained from the course was used (in order):

- for personal development
- for work
- to get a job
- as a hobby

FIGURE 4.12 USE MADE OF INFORMATION GAINED FROM RECENT TRAINING COURSE

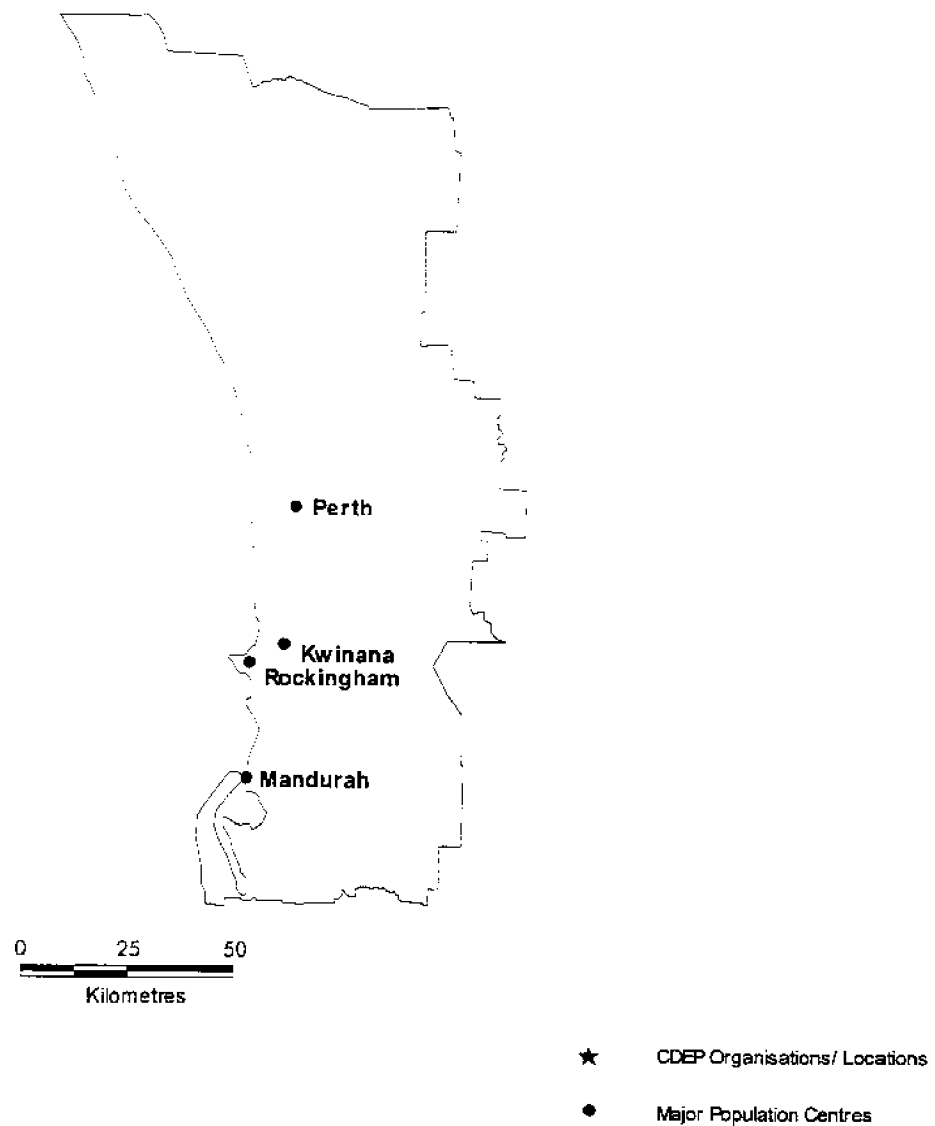
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CHAPTER FIVE

EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

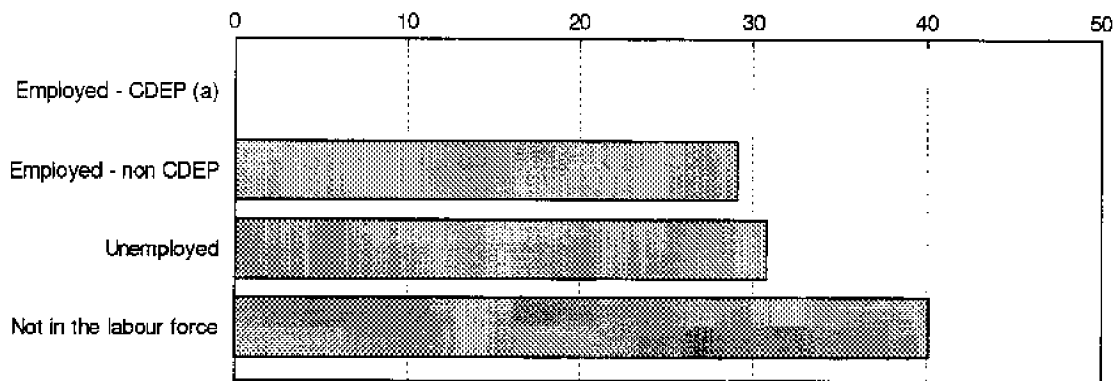
Map 5 Community Development Employment Projects Perth Region



Source: Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission, 1994.

FIGURE 5.1 LABOUR FORCE STATUS

Persons aged 15 years and over
%



(a) Community Development Employment Projects

Labour force status

There were some 7,800 people aged fifteen years and over in the Perth region. The labour force status of these people was:

- employed (2,270 people)
- unemployed (2,400 people)
- not in labour force (3,130 people)

Nature of jobs

None of the 2,270 employed people reported that they were working in a Community Development Employment Project (CDEP) scheme.

Type of employment

Those employed people reported that their type of employment was:

- full-time (1,470 people)
- part-time (760 people)

FIGURE 5.2 TYPE OF EMPLOYMENT

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

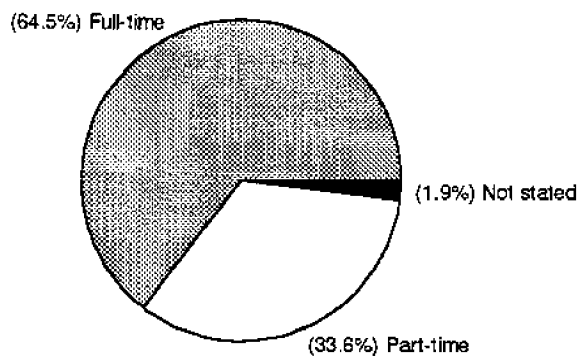
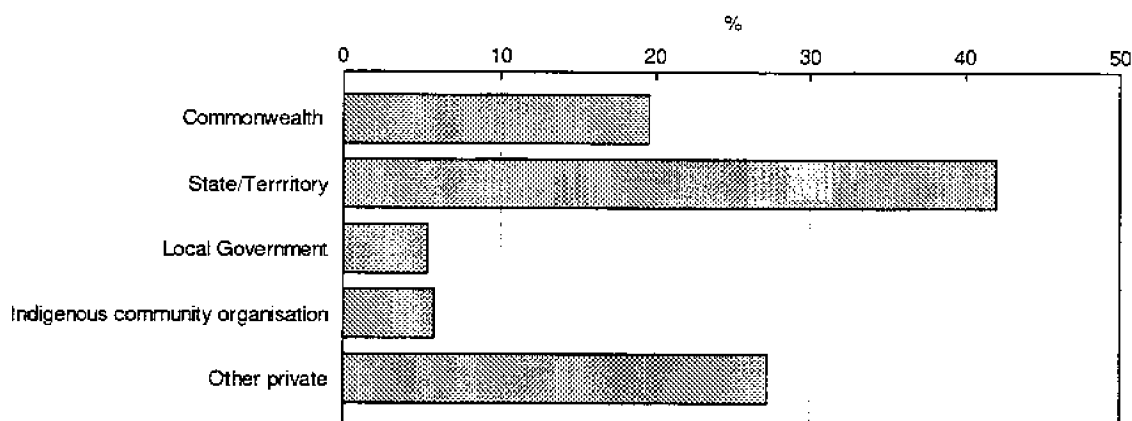


FIGURE 5.3 SECTOR OF EMPLOYMENT

Employed persons aged 15 years and over



Sector of employment

The 2,270 employed people reported that their employer was:

- Commonwealth government (450** people)
- State/Territory government (950 people)
- local government (120** people)
- Indigenous community organisation (130** people)
- other private organisation (620 people)

Number of hours a week usually worked

Employed people reported that the number of hours a week they usually worked was:

- 15 or fewer (460 people)
- 16-24 (70** people)
- 25-34 (230** people)
- 35 or more (1,470 people)

FIGURE 5.4 NUMBER OF HOURS A WEEK USUALLY WORKED

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

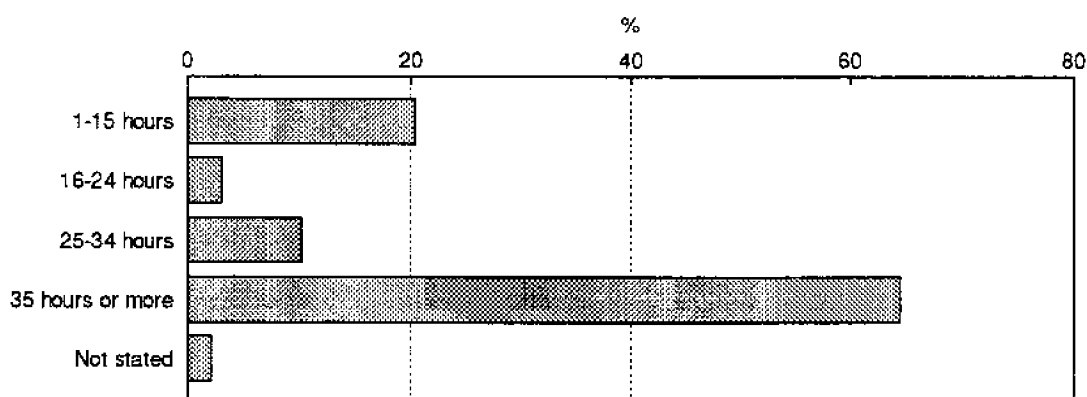
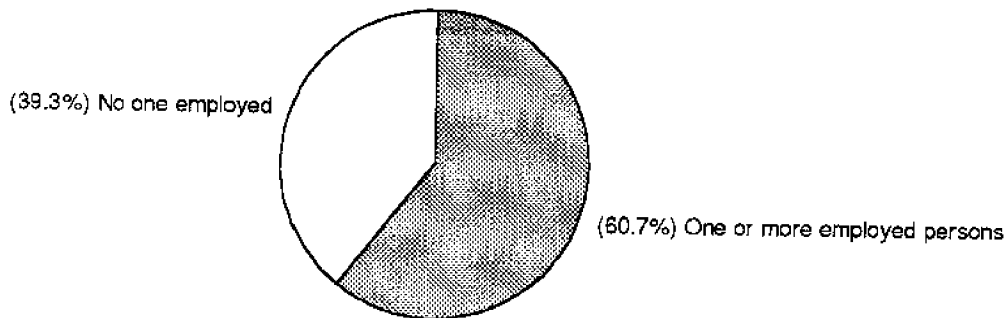


FIGURE 5.5 NUMBER OF EMPLOYED PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD
Households living in private dwellings



Number of employed persons in household

It was estimated that there were 1,630 households in which no one was working. For the remaining 2,520 households one or more people reported that they were working.

Whether work commitments allowed cultural obligations to be met

The 2,270 employed people reported that their work commitments meant that they:

- could meet cultural obligations (620 people)
- could not meet cultural obligations (420** people)
- not stated (370** people)

There were 870 people who reported that they did not have cultural obligations.

FIGURE 5.6 WHETHER WORK COMMITMENTS ALLOWED CULTURAL OBLIGATIONS TO BE MET
Employed persons aged 15 years and over

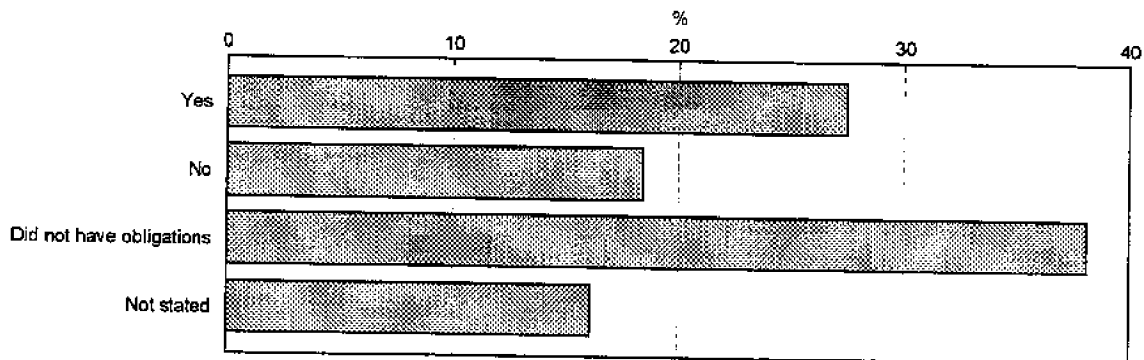
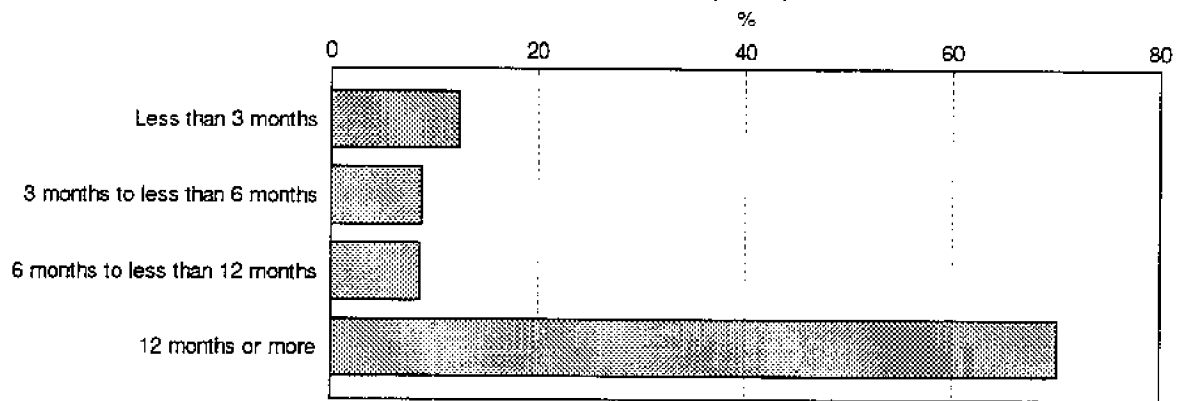


FIGURE 5.7 LENGTH OF TIME UNEMPLOYED

Unemployed persons aged 15 years and over



Length of time unemployed

The 2,400 unemployed people reported that the length of time they had been unemployed was:

- less than 3 months (290** people)
- 3 months to less than 6 months (210** people)
- 6 months to less than 12 months (210** people)
- 12 months or more (1,690 people)

Main difficulty in finding a job

The main difficulty that these unemployed people experienced in finding a job was:

- transport problems or too far to travel (910 people)
- insufficient education, training or skills (410** people)
- no jobs at all (170** people)

FIGURE 5.8 MAIN DIFFICULTY IN FINDING A JOB

Unemployed persons aged 15 years and over

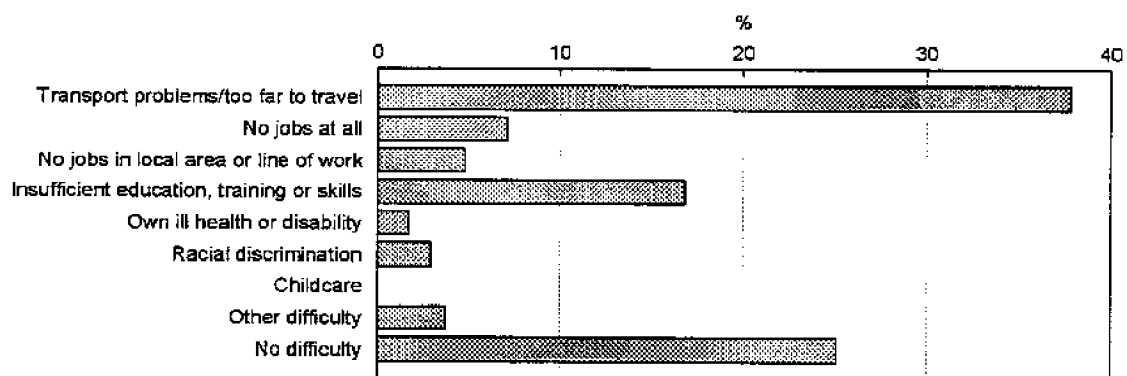


FIGURE 5.9 MAIN REASON NOT LOOKING FOR WORK

The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).

Persons not in the labour force who want a job

Some 980 of those 3,130 people not in the labour force, that is, not working and not looking for work, said they wanted a job. The main reason for not looking for work was (in order):

- childcare and other family responsibilities
- no jobs in local area/line of work or no jobs at all
- studying or returning to study

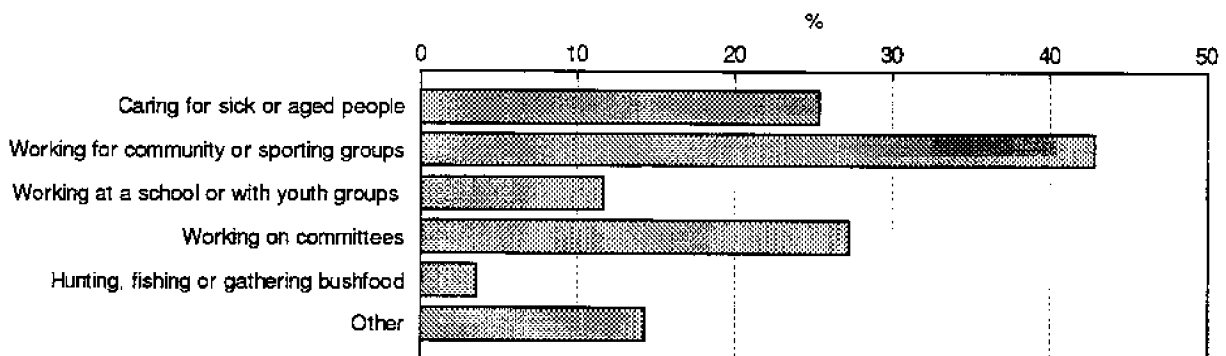
Voluntary work

Some 1,610 people aged fifteen years and older said that they were engaged in voluntary work. The type of voluntary work undertaken was:

- caring for sick or aged people (410** people)
- working for community or sporting organisation (690 people)
- working at a school or with youth groups (190** people)
- working on committees (440** people)
- hunting, fishing or gathering bushfood (60** people)

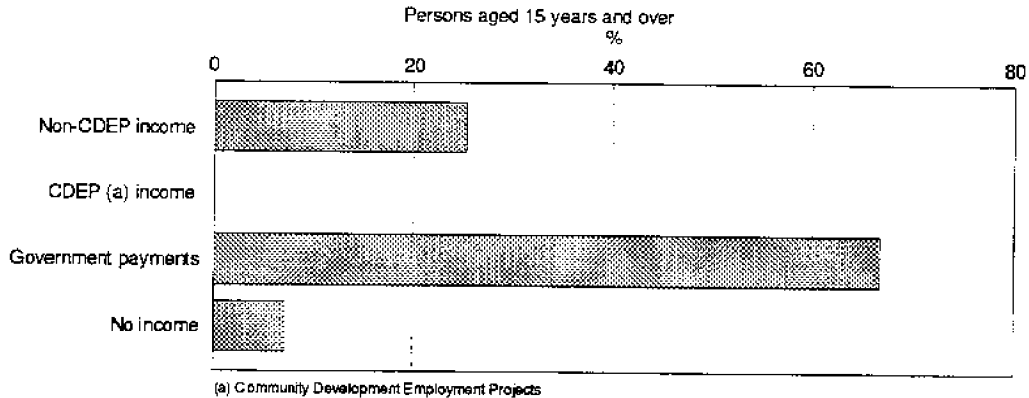
FIGURE 5.10 TYPE OF VOLUNTARY WORK UNDERTAKEN (a)

Persons aged 15 years and over who undertook voluntary work



(a) Persons may have given more than one answer

FIGURE 5.11 MAIN SOURCE OF INCOME



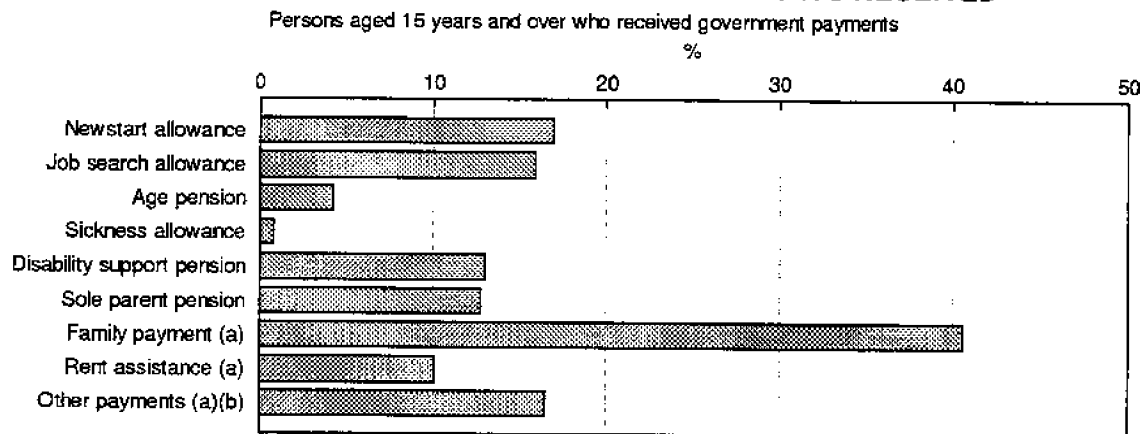
Main source of income The 7,800 people aged fifteen years and over reported that their main source of income was:

- non-CDEP employment (1,970 people)
- government payments (5,200 people)
- no income (560 people)

Government payments received It was estimated that some 6,020 people aged fifteen years and over received government allowances, pensions and other payments. The main types of payments received were:

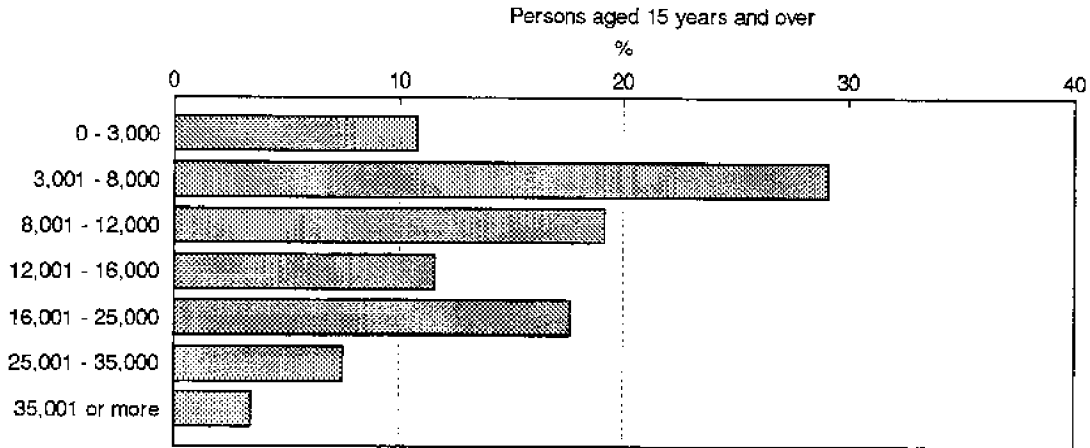
- family payment (2,440 people)
- Newstart allowance (1,020 people)
- Jobsearch allowance (950 people)
- disability support (780 people)
- sole parent pension (760 people)
- rent assistance (610 people)
- age pension (250** people)
- sickness allowance (50** people)

FIGURE 5.12 TYPE OF GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS RECEIVED



(a) Persons may have received an allowance or pension in addition to one or more of these payments (b) includes Abstudy

FIGURE 5.13 ANNUAL PERSONAL INCOME (\$)



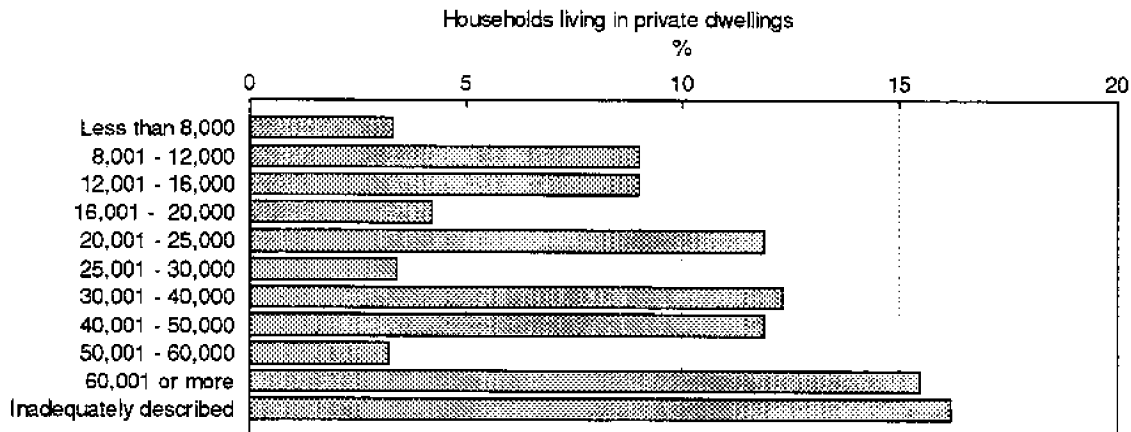
Personal income The 7,800 people aged fifteen years and older reported that their annual personal income (\$) was:

- less than 3,000 (840 people)
- 3,001 - 8,000 (2,270 people)
- 8,001 - 12,000 (1,500 people)
- 12,001 - 16,000 (900 people)
- 16,001 - 25,000 (1,380 people)
- 25,001 - 35,000 (580 people)
- 35,001 or more (260** people)

Household income The annual income (\$) of the 4,160 households was estimated to be:

- less than 12,000 (510** h'holds)
- 12,001 - 16,000 (370** h'holds)
- 16,001 - 20,000 (170** h'holds)
- 20,001 - 25,000 (500 h'holds)
- 25,001 - 30,000 (140** h'holds)
- 30,001 - 40,000 (510 h'holds)
- 40,001 - 50,000 (500 h'holds)
- 50,001 - 60,000 (140** h'holds)
- 60,001 or more (650 h'holds)
- Inadequately described (670 h'holds)

FIGURE 5.14 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME (\$)



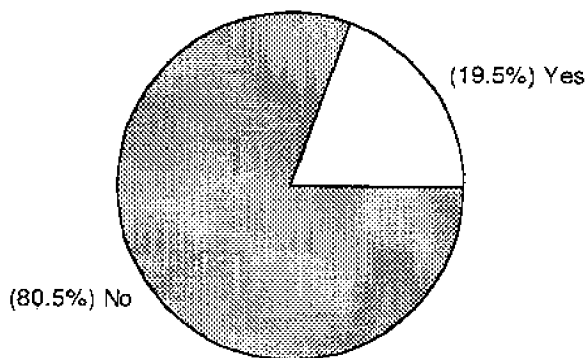


CHAPTER SIX

LAW AND JUSTICE

FIGURE 6.1 NEEDED LEGAL SERVICES IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Needed legal services

Some 1,660 of the 8,470 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they needed to use legal services in the last twelve months.

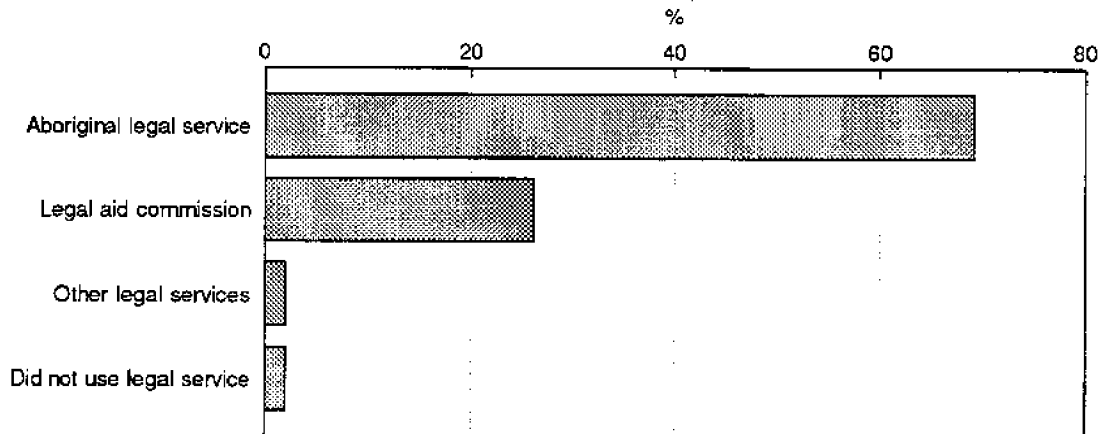
Types of legal services used

Of the 1,660 people who reported they needed to use legal services 30** people indicated that they did not use a legal service. The main types of legal services used were:

- Aboriginal legal service (1,150 people)
- legal aid commission (440** people)
- other legal services (30** people)

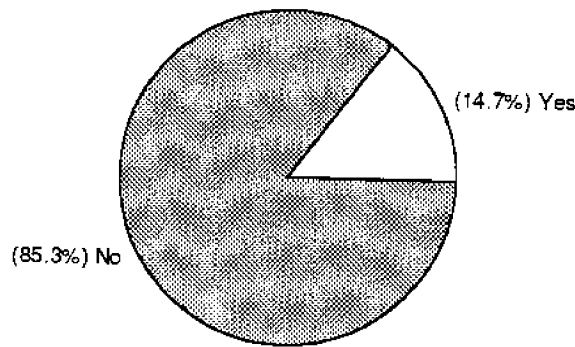
FIGURE 6.2 TYPES OF LEGAL SERVICES USED (a)

Persons aged 13 years and over who needed legal services in the last 12 months



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one type of legal service.

FIGURE 6.3 PHYSICALLY ATTACKED OR VERBALLY THREATENED (a)
Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) During the last 12 months

Personal safety

Some 1,250 people aged thirteen years and over reported being physically attacked or verbally threatened in the last twelve months.

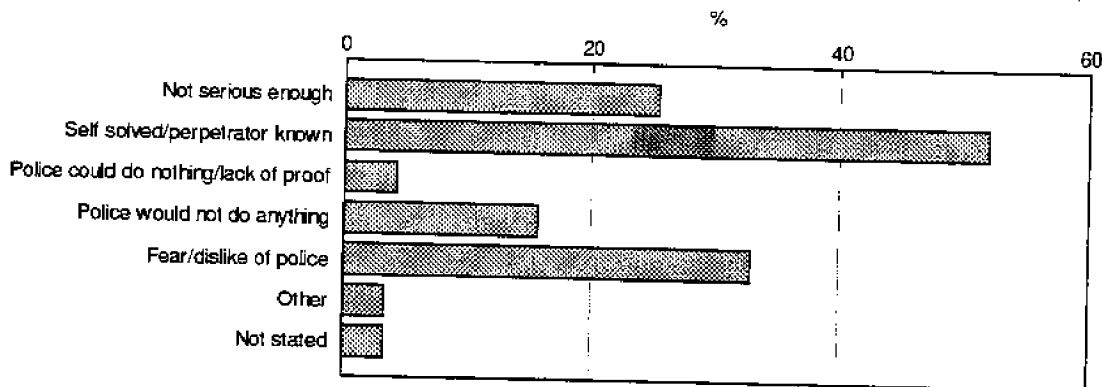
Reasons for not reporting last incident to police

Some 1,000 of those people who said they were physically attacked or verbally threatened did not report their last attack to the police. The main reasons for not doing so were:

- solved it themselves/perpetrator known to them (520 people)
- fear/dislike of police (330** people)
- not serious enough (260** people)
- police would not do anything (160** people)

FIGURE 6.4 REASONS FOR NOT REPORTING LAST INCIDENT TO POLICE (a)

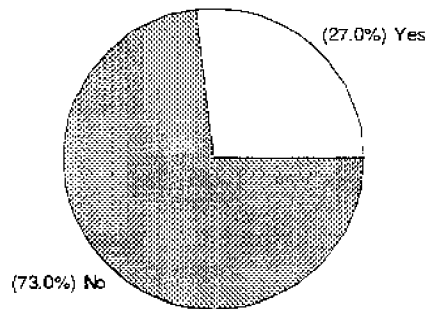
Persons aged 13 years and over who had been attacked in the last 12 months but did not report last incident to police



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one reason

FIGURE 6.5 ARRESTED IN THE LAST 5 YEARS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Arrested in last 5 years

Some 2,290 people aged thirteen years and over said that they had been arrested in the last five years. The number of times they reported they had been arrested was:

- one (870 people)
- two (410** people)
- three (350** people)
- four or more (630** people)

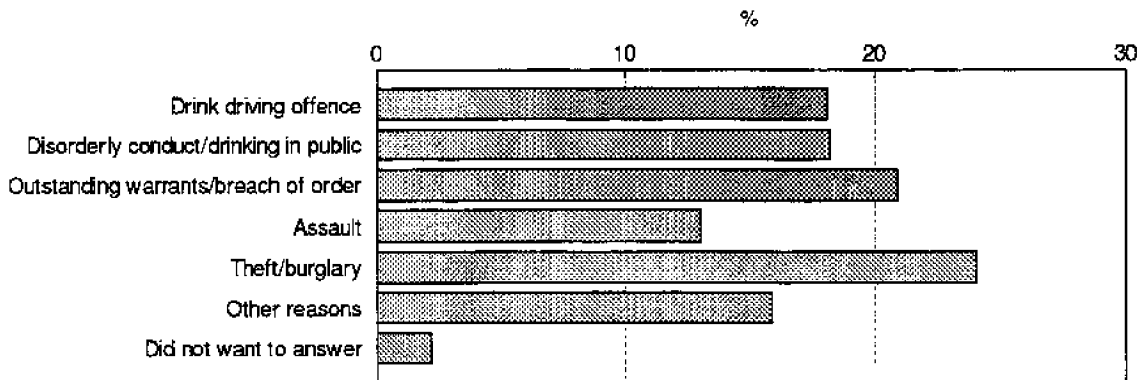
Reasons for last arrest

Those people who had been arrested reported that the main reasons for their last arrest were:

- theft/burglary (550 people)
- outstanding warrants/breach of order (480 people)
- disorderly conduct/drinking in a public place (420** people)
- drink driving offence (410** people)

FIGURE 6.6 REASONS FOR LAST ARREST(a)

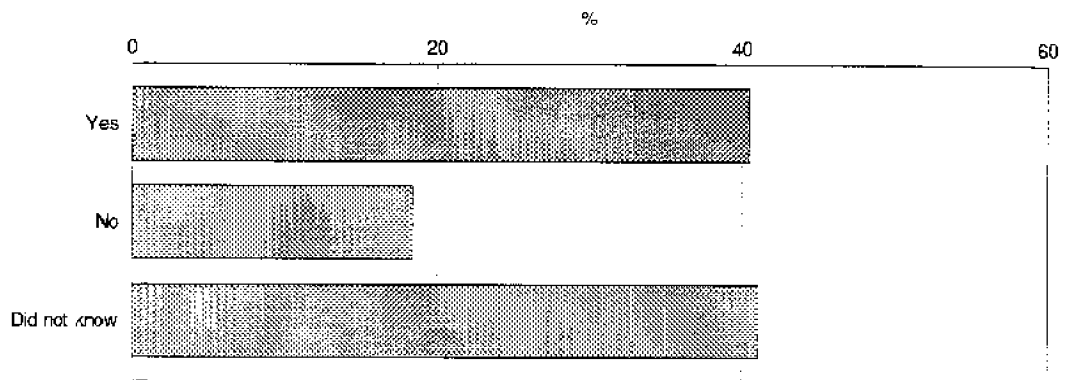
Persons aged 13 years and over who have been arrested in the last 5 years



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one reason

FIGURE 6.7 FAMILY VIOLENCE WAS A COMMON PROBLEM IN THE LOCAL AREA

Persons aged 13 years and over



Whether family violence was a common problem

When asked whether they thought family violence was a common problem in the Perth Region:

- 3,430 people aged 13 years and over said yes
- 1,550 people said no
- 3,480 people said they did not know

Whether police did a good job dealing with family violence

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with family violence:

- 1,520 people aged 13 years and over said no
- 1,840 people said yes
- 960 people said police sometimes did a good job
- 4,150 people said they did not know

FIGURE 6.8 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH FAMILY VIOLENCE

Persons aged 13 years and over

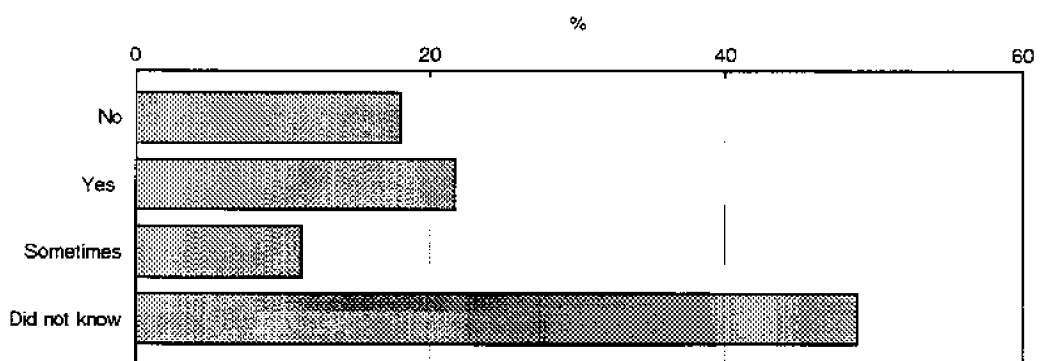
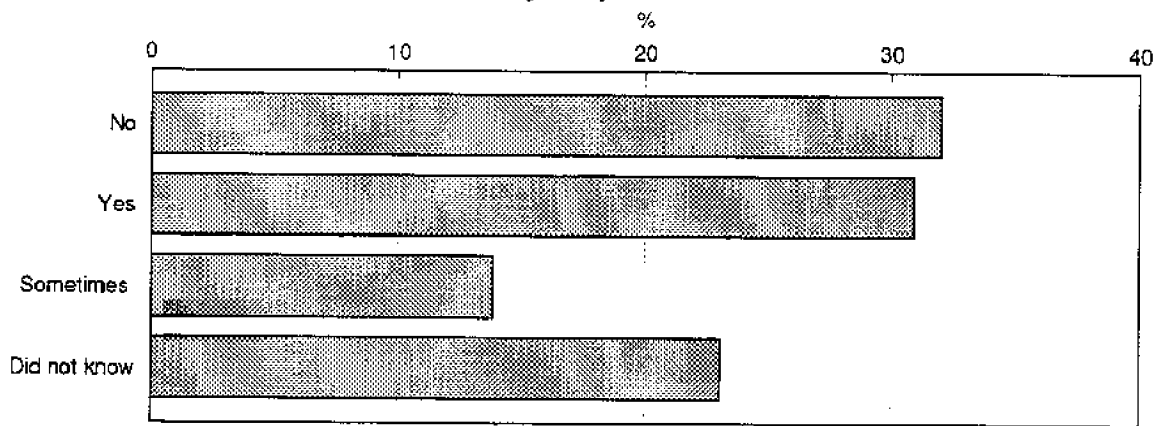


FIGURE 6.9 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH CRIME

Persons aged 13 years and over



Perceptions of police dealing with crime

When asked whether they thought police did a good job dealing with crime:

- 2,710 people aged 13 years and over said no
- 2,620 people said yes
- 1,180 people said sometimes
- 1,960 people said they did not know

Perceptions of police dealing with violence

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with violence:

- 1,670 people aged 13 years and over said no
- 2,280 people said yes
- 1,320 people said sometimes
- 3,210 people said they did not know

FIGURE 6.10 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH VIOLENCE

Persons aged 13 years and over

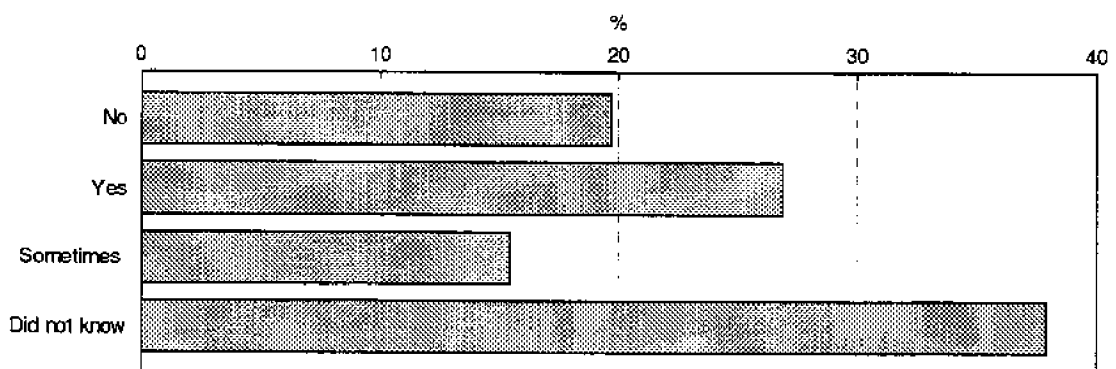
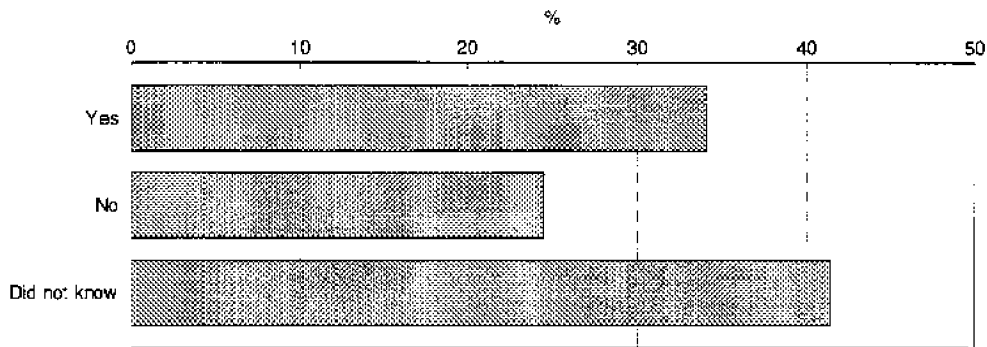


FIGURE 6.11 INDIGENOUS POLICE IN LOCAL AREA

Persons aged 13 years and over



Whether there were Indigenous police in local area

People aged thirteen years and over were asked whether there were Indigenous people working in their local area as police aides, police liaison officers or police officers. The responses were:

- yes (2,890 people)
- no (2,080 people)
- did not know (3,500 people)

Whether local Indigenous police did a good job

The views of the 2,890 people on whether Indigenous police aides, police liaison officers and police officers did a good job were:

- yes (1,710 people)
- no (260** people)
- sometimes (340** people)
- did not know (550 people)

FIGURE 6.12 LOCAL INDIGENOUS POLICE DID A GOOD JOB

Persons aged 13 years and over who reported that there were Indigenous police in the local area

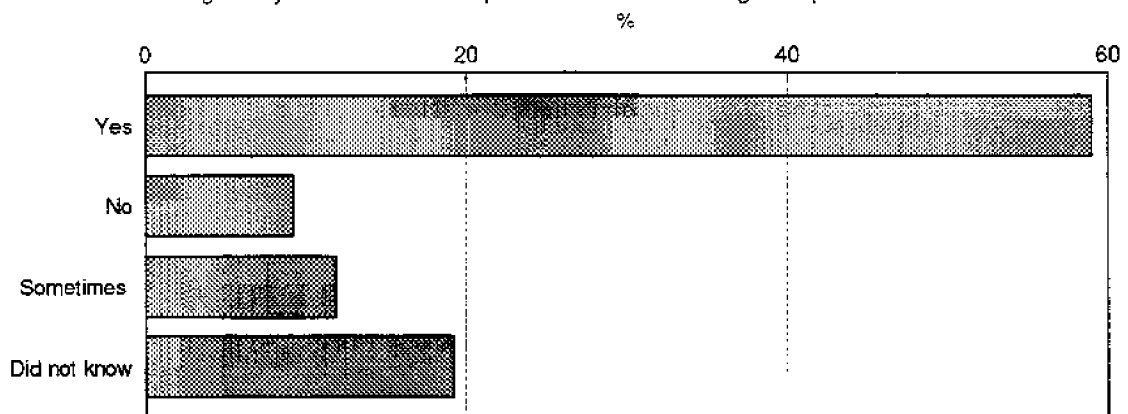
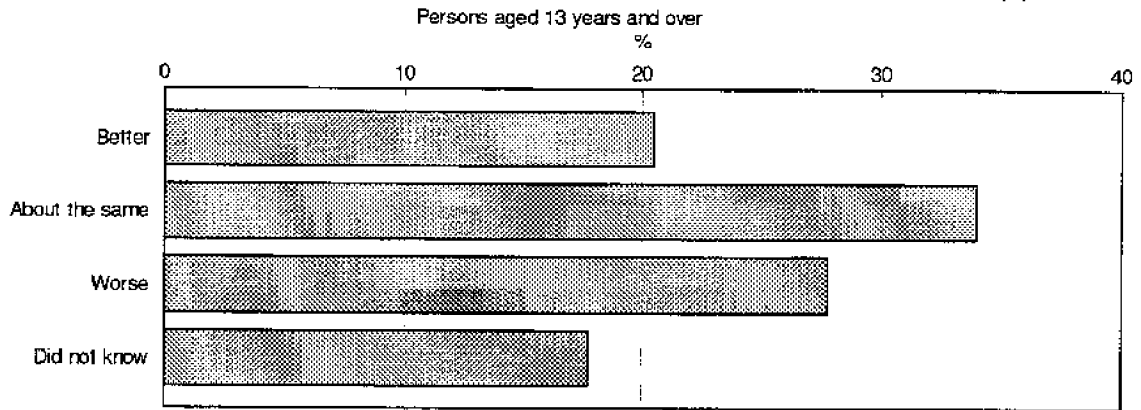


FIGURE 6.13 PERCEPTION OF CURRENT RELATIONS WITH POLICE (a)



(a) Compared to 5 years ago

Perceptions of current relations with police compared to 5 years ago

People aged thirteen years and over stated that current relations with police compared to five years ago were:

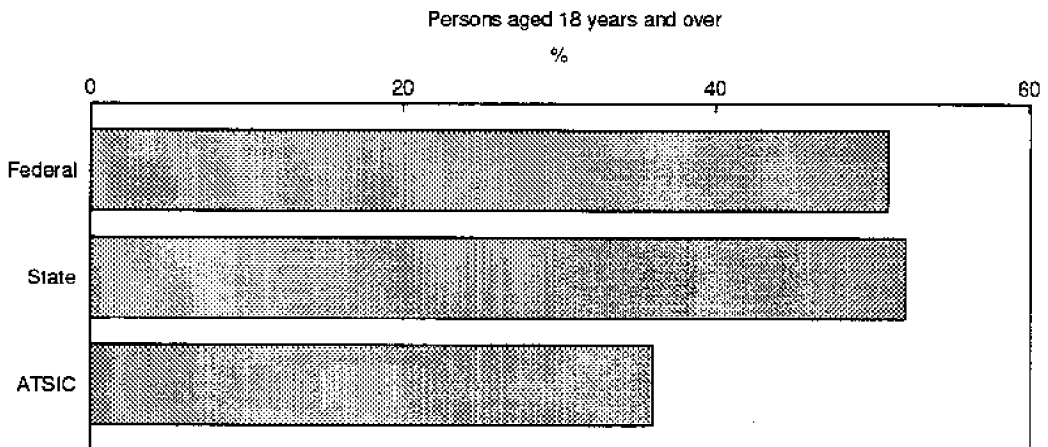
- better (1,740 people)
- about the same (2,880 people)
- worse (2,360 people)
- did not know (1,500 people)

Whether voted in last elections

The reported voting patterns of the 7,060 people aged eighteen years and over were:

- 3,600 people voted in the last Federal election
- 3,680 people voted in the last State election
- 2,540 people voted in the last ATSI election

FIGURE 6.14 VOTED IN LAST ELECTIONS



APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: FAMILIES

Area	Family Type			Family Members		Total Families (000)
	One parent families (%)	Couple only families (%)	Two parent families (%)	All Indigenous (%)	Indigenous and non-Indigenous (%)	
Queanbeyan	32.2	**9.5	52.2	55.1	44.9	2.1
Bourke	27.2	14.5	52.8	91.3	**8.7	1.7
Coffs Harbour	31.6	12.0	52.7	55.4	44.6	5.4
Sydney	26.5	19.2	50.8	36.7	63.3	7.8
Tamworth	32.6	14.5	47.4	86.3	13.7	2.6
Wagga Wagga	28.6	17.3	48.7	48.8	51.2	4.8
Wangaratta	25.1	**11.1	58.9	31.6	68.4	2.9
Ballarat	34.7	24.8	39.8	33.8	66.2	3.4
Brisbane	31.6	14.1	48.7	36.2	63.8	5.9
Cairns	28.8	10.6	53.7	71.4	28.6	3.5
Mt Isa	26.7	**11.0	61.6	89.8	**10.2	1.4
Cooktown	31.1	15.6	50.8	96.1	**3.9	1.7
Rockhampton	15.1	20.8	60.7	43.1	56.9	2.9
Roma	25.9	**6.7	67.4	51.1	48.9	1.9
Townsville	25.9	**10.3	63.1	61.5	38.5	3.0
Torres Strait area	21.8	20.7	56.7	93.0	7.0	1.7
Adelaide	46.6	**9.9	40.5	52.7	47.3	3.2
Ceduna	27.8	22.0	46.5	82.0	18.0	0.5
Port Augusta	24.0	12.9	57.7	82.7	17.3	1.5
Perth	29.5	13.7	56.1	54.2	45.8	3.7
Broome	40.1	15.5	44.4	80.6	19.4	1.0
Kununurra	23.9	18.6	55.6	93.0	**7.0	1.0
Warburton	25.4	15.1	55.4	100.0	**0.0	0.7
Narrogin	23.2	**3.9	68.5	76.9	23.1	1.4
South Hedland	32.8	10.2	54.8	58.6	41.4	1.4
Derby	33.6	16.5	49.9	95.1	**4.9	1.1
Kalgoorlie	23.4	15.0	59.1	75.2	24.8	0.6
Geraldton	36.4	18.6	41.1	90.6	9.4	1.3
Hobart	18.6	24.7	54.9	19.4	80.6	4.0
Alice Springs	40.3	**12.4	38.3	89.2	**10.8	1.0
Jabiru	24.1	18.0	56.9	98.9	**1.1	1.8
Katherine	25.1	16.8	57.3	93.4	6.6	1.8
Aputula	26.0	17.0	55.1	97.8	**2.2	1.7
Nhulunbuy	23.2	**13.2	63.7	94.9	**5.1	1.4
Tennant Creek	17.8	18.8	62.2	100.0	**0.0	0.8
Darwin	30.9	21.5	44.8	64.0	36.0	1.9
Australia	28.5	15.4	52.8	60.2	39.8	84.9

APPENDIX A: CULTURE

Persons aged 13 years and over							
Area	Identified with a clan (a)	Recognised an area as homelands	See elders as being important	Attended cultural activities	Recognise homelands		
					Total	Currently live in their homelands	Total
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	50.2	69.6	74.5	57.2	4.6	51.5	3.2
Bourke	57.1	70.9	86.2	76.0	4.9	81.5	3.5
Coffs Harbour	60.3	81.7	92.1	80.8	11.8	44.8	9.6
Sydney	41.9	70.1	82.8	62.8	15.6	31.8	10.9
Tamworth	38.5	70.0	75.1	65.4	6.7	76.3	4.7
Wagga Wagga	45.2	46.4	76.5	61.7	9.8	44.8	4.6
Wangaratta	41.0	69.8	73.4	49.4	6.0	40.0	4.2
Ballarat	48.5	70.4	86.0	70.7	6.6	26.6	4.6
Brisbane	43.1	65.6	72.1	62.8	12.3	88.8	8.1
Cairns	72.2	84.6	86.1	80.2	7.7	37.7	6.5
Mt Isa	84.7	90.8	96.3	81.6	4.6	62.6	4.2
Cooktown	95.3	96.0	89.2	90.9	4.5	54.1	4.3
Rockhampton	27.5	48.8	79.5	63.5	5.4	53.1	2.7
Roma	24.0	53.9	77.7	58.3	4.6	45.8	2.5
Townsville	57.9	78.2	82.8	73.5	8.5	27.4	6.7
Torres Strait area	71.4	93.0	81.6	81.9	4.3	70.1	4.0
Adelaide	60.2	77.5	86.1	68.2	6.9	21.9	5.3
Ceduna	80.3	86.4	92.6	92.0	1.1	45.9	0.9
Port Augusta	77.9	84.2	88.0	83.4	4.0	32.4	3.3
Perth	59.9	71.3	84.1	65.2	8.5	11.4	6.0
Broome	80.3	84.6	91.3	93.8	2.3	41.9	2.0
Kununurra	95.2	95.0	92.8	96.3	2.9	56.1	2.8
Warburton	84.5	90.3	94.1	92.8	1.8	59.6	1.7
Narrogin	50.2	85.6	82.7	78.0	3.6	55.0	3.1
South Hedland	50.9	63.5	85.0	72.8	3.1	27.1	2.0
Derby	84.7	87.9	89.5	85.7	3.0	34.4	2.6
Kalgoorlie	54.9	69.1	82.4	81.9	1.7	49.2	1.2
Geraldton	33.9	45.5	83.4	94.2	3.2	40.7	1.5
Hobart	17.7	39.9	66.4	31.4	6.6	45.5	2.6
Alice Springs	86.2	88.4	92.7	83.2	3.6	23.6	3.2
Jabiru	99.2	97.9	95.3	91.2	5.5	37.4	5.4
Katherine	90.1	91.7	95.6	86.6	4.6	23.1	4.2
Aputula	100.0	98.6	98.2	96.1	5.0	69.8	4.9
Nhulunbuy	97.6	99.5	98.2	79.1	4.5	78.3	4.5
Tennant Creek	94.8	98.5	81.2	97.6	2.2	34.6	2.2
Darwin	75.5	83.4	94.5	68.5	5.5	22.1	4.6
Australia	59.8	75.2	84.4	72.1	197.5	41.0	148.1

(a) or persons who identified with a tribal or language group.

APPENDIX A: HEALTH

Area	All persons			Persons aged 13 years and over		
	Experienced illness			Smokers	Perceived alcohol to be main local health problem	Total
	Recent (2 wks prior to survey)	Specified long term (6 mths or over)	Total			
(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	(%)	('000)	
Queanbeyan	44.8	42.4	6.7	46.4	46.1	4.6
Bourke	20.1	23.3	7.2	60.7	63.6	4.9
Coffs Harbour	47.7	43.8	18.8	48.9	71.4	11.8
Sydney	55.1	42.4	24.1	48.6	52.4	15.6
Tamworth	31.5	29.8	10.2	54.9	60.0	6.7
Wagga Wagga	37.8	36.4	15.4	47.4	62.0	9.8
Wangaratta	53.0	45.4	9.4	52.5	36.6	6.0
Ballarat	54.6	46.6	9.8	59.7	39.8	6.6
Brisbane	51.2	45.1	18.6	50.8	28.1	12.3
Cairns	35.2	25.7	12.6	48.2	84.6	7.7
Mt Isa	28.1	25.7	6.8	51.3	68.4	4.6
Cooktown	31.4	32.7	6.5	60.5	85.7	4.5
Rockhampton	31.7	31.4	9.2	48.5	63.0	5.4
Roma	33.6	38.6	7.0	53.3	48.7	4.6
Townsville	42.9	34.1	12.8	36.9	50.6	8.5
Torres Strait area	24.1	18.6	6.4	40.9	79.1	4.3
Adelaide	40.5	36.9	10.7	56.3	51.4	6.9
Ceduna	41.6	36.9	1.8	53.6	78.7	1.1
Port Augusta	50.2	38.8	6.0	53.5	64.9	4.0
Perth	46.1	38.9	13.3	49.9	73.2	8.5
Broome	19.6	26.4	3.6	53.8	96.3	2.3
Kununurra	49.8	24.7	4.2	45.9	61.7	2.9
Warburton	32.7	23.2	2.8	40.2	57.4	1.8
Narrogin	34.4	28.8	6.2	48.1	67.4	3.6
South Hedland	34.8	34.4	4.8	44.4	88.9	3.1
Derby	33.3	23.9	4.4	45.0	81.6	3.0
Kalgoorlie	27.8	31.6	2.8	52.5	76.7	1.7
Geraldton	34.0	33.4	5.0	45.4	79.3	3.2
Hobart	48.1	41.7	10.1	45.9	26.2	6.6
Alice Springs	40.5	23.7	4.7	28.9	74.4	3.6
Jabiru	33.0	23.2	8.5	61.4	55.9	5.5
Katherine	50.5	29.3	7.3	41.2	46.7	4.6
Aputula	35.4	23.8	7.1	41.4	58.0	5.0
Nhulunbuy	42.2	29.4	6.9	59.2	30.9	4.5
Tennant Creek	19.8	15.0	3.6	32.8	90.0	2.2
Darwin	37.4	34.3	8.0	49.7	66.2	5.5
Australia	41.2	34.8	303.3	49.7	58.8	197.5

APPENDIX A: HOUSING

Area	Home ownership rate	Community owned dwellings	Running water connected	Electricity connected	Dwelling situated on sealed road	Satisfied with current dwelling	Total households
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	**9.9	**9.5	94.6	94.6	59.7	83.0	2.8
Bourke	**18.5	45.2	92.9	94.6	84.4	68.9	1.6
Coffs Harbour	30.6	24.5	97.0	97.3	88.2	75.5	5.5
Sydney	34.0	**2.3	98.8	98.7	96.5	70.2	9.7
Tamworth	**14.2	20.9	95.2	99.0	81.4	88.2	3.3
Wagga Wagga	40.1	**15.6	97.1	99.8	87.1	85.3	5.0
Wangaratta	**41.1	**12.5	99.8	99.8	96.8	83.2	3.1
Ballarat	**30.0	**6.6	99.7	99.8	85.2	84.7	3.6
Brisbane	34.9	**11.1	96.4	97.0	93.9	93.0	6.4
Cairns	**15.3	**17.0	97.1	97.8	85.3	88.2	3.0
Mt Isa	**2.5	64.4	97.0	99.7	30.6	77.7	1.2
Cooktown	**0.8	86.4	74.0	74.0	52.5	28.1	1.3
Rockhampton	**16.0	**16.5	100.0	100.0	95.1	87.6	3.1
Roma	**34.5	**14.8	100.0	100.0	88.9	96.2	2.0
Townsville	**16.1	**16.4	97.5	99.1	95.0	79.6	2.8
Torres Strait area	**17.5	**54.1	88.4	90.4	39.6	64.7	1.5
Adelaide	**19.9	**13.3	99.7	99.7	91.7	88.1	3.4
Ceduna	**5.3	**28.5	97.9	97.9	88.7	74.4	0.4
Port Augusta	**16.9	**26.0	98.2	93.1	72.1	71.3	1.5
Perth	**38.2	**0.0	96.4	96.4	81.5	78.0	4.2
Broome	**4.5	**4.5	93.4	93.4	68.6	44.6	0.9
Kununurra	**5.4	**59.1	69.4	72.6	31.2	35.5	0.7
Warburton	**0.0	**87.8	93.6	94.6	**13.6	77.4	0.5
Narrogin	**24.4	**7.3	98.7	93.0	76.2	79.0	1.7
South Hedland	**6.5	**6.6	99.2	99.2	90.7	92.7	1.5
Derby	**0.0	**65.8	72.3	73.3	31.2	30.9	0.9
Kalgoorlie	**8.2	**5.8	99.3	98.5	92.1	75.3	0.6
Geraldton	**15.6	**6.3	100.0	100.0	83.9	94.1	1.3
Hobart	52.3	**3.0	98.8	99.6	83.4	90.6	4.4
Alice Springs	**18.4	**18.7	93.6	94.7	83.8	79.9	1.1
Jabiru	**0.8	78.5	89.1	87.6	45.1	21.6	1.1
Katherine	**14.0	67.8	90.3	90.2	54.9	45.5	1.2
Aputula	**0.0	**69.8	79.3	74.1	53.6	27.2	1.3
Nhulunbuy	**0.0	74.3	97.5	97.5	38.3	35.3	1.0
Tennant Creek	**2.7	89.9	95.9	87.5	65.5	53.9	0.7
Darwin	**22.7	**16.8	94.9	98.1	87.3	84.0	1.9
Australia	24.9	20.9	96.1	96.4	81.6	77.3	86.4

APPENDIX A: PRIMARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

Area	Persons aged 5-18 years		Primary and secondary school students			
	Attending school (%)	Total ('000)	Taught an Indigenous language at school (%)	Taught Indigenous culture at school (%)	Taught by an Indigenous teacher (%)	Total ('000)
Queanbeyan	76.0	2.1	6.3	57.4	11.0	1.6
Bourke	78.0	2.8	20.1	60.0	34.9	2.2
Coffs Harbour	89.0	6.5	15.2	48.6	12.6	5.9
Sydney	89.8	7.0	**6.0	44.0	**4.8	6.5
Tamworth	93.1	3.3	**7.9	60.0	13.9	3.1
Wagga Wagga	85.3	4.9	**1.3	29.4	**3.4	4.2
Wangaratta	80.1	2.9	**2.2	33.9	**1.4	2.3
Ballarat	87.2	3.0	**4.1	39.4	**4.6	2.7
Brisbane	84.6	6.6	**0.5	32.7	**1.1	5.7
Cairns	82.1	4.4	30.4	78.5	8.1	3.6
Mt Isa	80.1	2.0	24.8	64.4	**2.0	1.6
Cooktown	75.9	1.6	33.1	77.8	40.1	1.2
Rockhampton	83.3	2.4	**1.5	31.6	**2.6	2.0
Roma	74.3	2.8	**0.0	38.7	**0.9	2.1
Townsville	79.5	5.0	**1.6	41.5	**2.9	4.0
Torres Strait area	81.4	1.8	56.3	91.2	52.6	1.5
Adelaide	84.1	3.5	17.5	49.1	**7.9	2.9
Ceduna	83.8	0.6	60.7	85.4	**6.4	0.5
Port Augusta	78.6	1.9	54.7	76.0	23.9	1.5
Perth	79.3	4.5	**4.3	49.4	**8.3	3.6
Broome	83.2	1.2	48.5	58.4	11.6	1.0
Kununurra	71.3	1.3	52.7	71.3	**1.2	1.0
Warburton	75.8	0.8	59.4	68.3	**14.3	0.6
Narrogin	84.5	2.7	**5.9	42.5	**5.7	2.3
South Hedland	84.3	1.8	9.6	43.2	**0.0	1.5
Derby	74.9	1.4	45.0	66.4	**5.0	1.0
Kalgoorlie	82.7	1.0	9.8	36.1	**4.6	0.8
Geraldton	73.6	1.5	**6.7	32.0	**1.2	1.1
Hobart	81.3	3.5	**2.4	39.0	**1.6	2.9
Alice Springs	88.9	1.9	22.5	66.9	13.6	1.7
Jabiru	75.8	2.7	85.5	94.4	82.1	2.1
Katherine	74.9	2.5	28.8	48.1	11.8	1.9
Aputula	61.2	2.1	49.6	85.9	40.6	1.3
Nhulunbuy	76.1	2.5	90.9	97.0	89.7	1.9
Tennant Creek	71.2	1.1	86.5	91.1	94.8	0.8
Darwin	81.7	2.7	**7.2	42.1	**9.7	2.2
Australia	81.7	100.3	18.3	52.2	13.7	82.9

APPENDIX A: HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Area	Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school				Total (^{'000})
	With	Without post-school educational qualifications			
	post-school qualification (%)	Year 12 Certificate (a) (%)	Year 10 Certificate (a) (%)	Below Year 10 (b) (%)	
Queanbeyan	16.4	11.5	30.8	41.3	3.9
Bourke	13.2	**3.2	18.5	65.1	4.2
Coffs Harbour	27.3	4.8	25.1	42.8	9.7
Sydney	24.7	9.1	23.3	42.9	14.0
Tamworth	18.0	**2.2	25.3	54.5	5.7
Wagga Wagga	16.0	**3.8	20.7	59.5	8.8
Wangaratta	24.9	6.5	22.9	45.7	5.2
Ballarat	23.2	13.6	16.9	46.3	5.9
Brisbane	28.6	11.5	28.8	31.1	9.7
Cairns	12.9	17.3	34.6	35.2	6.7
Mt Isa	4.3	6.0	28.8	60.9	4.3
Cooktown	14.4	3.5	24.9	57.2	4.3
Rockhampton	13.3	14.2	33.4	39.0	5.0
Roma	**10.4	**9.5	30.4	49.7	3.5
Townsville	20.7	11.6	37.4	30.3	6.8
Torres Strait area	9.9	15.8	26.5	47.8	4.0
Adelaide	27.3	**6.9	39.5	26.3	6.0
Ceduna	22.4	**4.5	22.7	50.5	1.0
Port Augusta	16.9	**1.8	26.1	55.2	3.6
Perth	13.0	**3.0	44.3	39.7	7.5
Broome	20.1	4.9	46.8	28.2	2.0
Kununurra	7.4	6.1	29.5	56.9	2.7
Warburton	11.1	**3.5	20.3	65.1	1.7
Narrogin	14.6	7.5	39.9	38.0	3.0
South Hedland	19.5	7.3	30.6	42.6	2.6
Derby	8.5	5.2	25.5	60.8	2.6
Kalgoorlie	11.6	**2.9	48.2	37.3	1.5
Geraldton	9.7	5.9	30.7	53.8	3.0
Hobart	23.2	3.4	41.8	31.6	5.6
Alice Springs	17.3	6.5	25.4	50.8	2.5
Jabiru	4.0	4.4	28.2	63.3	5.0
Katherine	7.5	3.1	24.2	65.3	4.1
Aputula	4.2	**0.2	8.4	87.2	4.7
Nhulunbuy	**5.1	14.7	31.9	48.2	3.8
Tennant Creek	9.1	3.9	22.1	64.9	2.1
Darwin	19.0	7.0	32.3	41.7	4.5
Australia	17.1	7.4	28.6	46.9	171.4

(a) Includes persons who attained Yr 10 or Yr 12 Certificate at TAFE. (b) Includes persons with no formal education.

APPENDIX A: LABOUR FORCE STATUS

Area	Persons aged 15 years and over						
	In the labour force			Total (^{'000})	Employed persons		
	Employed (%)	Unemployed (%)	Not in the labour force (%)		Worked 35 hours or more (%)	Able to meet cultural obligations (%)	Total (^{'000})
Queanbeyan	40.6	30.2	29.2	4.3	72.3	38.7	1.7
Bourke	33.8	24.5	41.7	4.4	36.5	46.0	1.5
Coffs Harbour	28.9	30.3	40.8	10.9	53.4	38.1	3.2
Sydney	43.5	20.9	35.5	15.0	78.4	30.6	6.5
Tamworth	25.8	29.6	44.6	6.2	67.7	46.5	1.6
Wagga Wagga	25.1	31.3	43.6	9.3	71.2	27.3	2.3
Wangaratta	39.1	21.8	39.1	5.6	74.6	42.2	2.2
Ballarat	41.8	26.6	31.6	6.1	70.1	38.4	2.6
Brisbane	40.8	19.3	39.8	11.3	68.7	26.5	4.6
Cairns	38.1	19.0	42.9	7.2	39.2	29.9	2.7
Mt Isa	35.2	24.6	40.3	4.4	69.5	83.2	1.5
Cooktown	68.6	3.9	33.4	4.4	27.3	81.8	2.8
Rockhampton	39.5	23.9	36.5	5.1	77.7	53.9	2.0
Roma	23.1	34.8	42.1	4.1	64.6	42.1	1.0
Townsville	39.2	16.2	44.6	7.9	63.1	52.1	3.1
Torres Strait area	35.8	20.0	44.2	4.1	44.0	40.4	1.5
Adelaide	29.5	23.4	47.0	6.5	78.4	**22.6	1.9
Ceduna	47.6	22.6	29.8	1.0	39.1	67.1	0.5
Port Augusta	29.9	29.4	40.7	3.8	51.3	58.9	1.1
Perth	29.1	30.8	40.1	7.8	64.5	27.5	2.3
Broome	44.1	19.1	36.8	2.2	51.3	78.2	1.0
Kununurra	70.2	6.3	23.5	2.8	27.3	58.2	2.0
Warburton	34.6	15.0	50.4	1.8	20.7	75.3	0.6
Narrogin	25.9	19.7	54.3	3.2	62.7	35.4	0.8
South Hedland	38.9	20.2	41.0	3.0	69.5	50.4	1.1
Derby	49.0	8.5	42.6	2.8	13.2	91.1	1.4
Kalgoorlie	18.6	35.1	46.3	1.6	72.9	20.7	0.3
Geraldton	29.8	27.5	42.6	3.2	57.6	18.9	0.9
Hobart	44.8	17.8	41.4	6.1	70.3	17.0	2.7
Alice Springs	44.8	10.9	37.4	2.9	56.4	41.1	1.3
Jabiru	26.7	31.1	44.3	5.4	32.3	77.8	1.4
Katherine	25.7	16.8	42.2	4.3	48.4	81.1	1.1
Aputula	25.0	5.5	69.5	4.8	25.6	94.9	1.2
Nhulunbuy	42.9	15.8	41.3	4.0	63.9	92.7	1.7
Tennant Creek	50.2	22.1	40.6	2.1	34.3	59.7	0.8
Darwin	28.8	23.7	47.5	4.9	64.9	44.8	1.4
Australia	36.0	22.4	41.6	181.5	58.8	46.3	66.0

APPENDIX A: INCOME

Area	Persons aged 15 years and over						Total (^{'000})
	Main source of income (a)			Annual income			
	CDEP (%)	Other earned income (%)	Government payments (%)	No income (%)	\$12,000 or less (%)	\$25,000 or more (%)	
Queanbeyan	**0.0	39.5	50.5	8.8	55.3	13.8	4.3
Bourke	18.3	12.7	56.8	8.8	67.0	5.6	4.4
Coffs Harbour	**2.4	24.8	61.7	10.6	58.1	10.9	10.9
Sydney	**2.5	37.6	42.8	13.0	48.8	20.4	15.0
Tamworth	**3.2	19.5	61.2	14.6	53.5	9.6	6.2
Wagga Wagga	5.2	19.5	66.8	6.9	62.0	13.0	9.3
Wangaratta	**3.6	32.5	50.1	13.8	58.9	18.8	5.6
Ballarat	**2.8	32.7	52.4	11.9	46.9	14.6	6.1
Brisbane	**0.0	35.7	45.9	16.6	52.7	15.0	11.3
Cairns	12.5	20.7	56.0	9.8	55.9	7.3	7.2
Mt Isa	13.8	21.3	56.3	8.3	60.7	11.0	4.4
Cooktown	50.8	5.4	29.8	9.1	54.5	7.0	4.4
Rockhampton	**4.9	33.1	54.7	**5.4	47.4	14.6	5.1
Roma	**2.2	19.0	62.2	9.6	61.9	**9.2	4.1
Townsville	11.4	23.7	47.1	15.1	58.9	13.0	7.9
Torres Strait area	15.3	19.7	51.7	12.1	58.2	7.1	4.1
Adelaide	**3.5	23.6	62.9	8.1	61.1	12.2	6.5
Ceduna	22.5	19.9	50.4	**4.4	59.5	13.2	1.0
Port Augusta	6.7	17.6	63.2	6.7	64.8	9.6	3.8
Perth	**0.0	25.3	66.7	7.2	59.1	10.9	7.8
Broome	22.9	18.2	47.9	10.3	59.6	13.7	2.2
Kununurra	57.6	7.4	26.3	7.5	71.9	3.8	2.8
Warburton	18.4	10.0	55.0	13.7	73.9	**2.6	1.8
Narrogin	**3.0	19.0	67.1	9.8	62.0	6.7	3.2
South Hedland	**0.3	35.2	47.6	12.9	56.5	19.2	3.0
Derby	35.8	10.9	46.0	7.3	79.1	**4.1	2.8
Kalgoorlie	**1.1	16.2	71.4	11.0	59.3	9.9	1.6
Geraldton	3.0	23.7	65.0	8.3	59.5	9.3	3.2
Hobart	**0.2	41.4	47.5	10.3	53.6	14.2	6.1
Alice Springs	15.4	27.7	49.9	5.4	58.8	18.0	2.9
Jabiru	10.0	13.8	65.5	10.3	80.5	3.0	5.4
Katherine	8.8	10.7	68.3	10.3	69.9	4.9	4.3
Aputula	10.3	10.4	68.1	10.6	76.0	3.0	4.8
Nhulunbuy	19.4	19.6	42.1	18.5	67.3	7.3	4.0
Tennant Creek	23.4	10.8	59.0	3.4	66.5	5.9	2.1
Darwin	**1.4	26.5	61.6	9.6	61.1	9.9	4.9
Australia	8.5	24.1	54.9	10.7	59.4	11.3	181.5

(a) Excludes persons who did not state their main source of income.

APPENDIX A: LAW AND JUSTICE

Area	Persons aged 13 years and over			18 years and over			
	Arrested in last 5 years (%)	Relations with police perceived better than 5 years ago (%)	Family violence perceived as a problem in local area (%)	Total (^{'000})	Voted in last federal election (%)	Voted in last ATSI election (%)	Total (^{'000})
Queanbeyan	20.4	21.4	36.2	4.6	74.4	38.8	3.5
Bourke	19.6	13.4	67.0	4.9	69.5	46.7	3.8
Coffs Harbour	23.1	18.5	42.7	11.8	53.0	24.2	9.3
Sydney	18.2	22.9	25.8	15.6	78.3	19.6	13.4
Tamworth	22.4	14.4	54.6	6.7	39.5	21.3	5.6
Wagga Wagga	23.9	23.1	42.9	9.8	69.6	25.0	8.4
Wangaratta	19.4	27.2	42.6	6.0	70.2	28.8	4.9
Ballarat	24.0	15.3	34.2	6.6	67.0	31.3	5.6
Brisbane	13.8	9.8	21.0	12.3	65.0	18.8	9.6
Cairns	13.4	13.3	53.6	7.7	68.7	44.9	6.4
Mt Isa	7.2	36.3	79.3	4.6	85.1	81.5	4.1
Cooktown	27.3	23.6	77.4	4.5	39.6	66.2	4.2
Rockhampton	14.6	17.9	27.2	5.4	85.7	31.2	4.9
Roma	25.4	27.6	42.9	4.6	75.0	36.9	3.4
Townsville	12.4	18.2	57.9	8.5	72.6	50.8	6.5
Torres Strait area	**1.8	21.7	47.1	4.3	81.8	47.3	3.9
Adelaide	27.6	20.6	39.8	6.9	57.1	19.9	5.7
Ceduna	32.4	27.3	58.4	1.1	52.1	53.0	0.9
Port Augusta	27.0	29.6	62.7	4.0	61.6	41.9	3.5
Perth	27.0	20.5	40.5	8.5	51.0	36.0	7.1
Broome	25.0	12.8	81.8	2.3	58.2	55.3	2.0
Kununurra	34.5	29.4	70.5	2.9	70.4	60.1	2.5
Warburton	22.9	29.3	34.6	1.8	52.8	58.6	1.6
Narrogin	25.3	32.1	31.9	3.6	79.1	56.7	2.7
South Hedland	17.9	12.8	71.6	3.1	64.5	38.4	2.5
Derby	16.4	14.4	71.1	3.0	74.6	69.7	2.4
Kalgoorlie	21.7	19.7	65.1	1.7	60.1	62.4	1.5
Geraldton	18.6	18.9	61.2	3.2	56.0	39.1	2.8
Hobart	12.4	15.4	12.4	6.6	87.2	19.8	5.4
Alice Springs	16.9	17.6	48.8	3.6	68.2	62.3	2.4
Jabiru	19.1	29.7	35.0	5.5	73.0	72.8	4.8
Katherine	22.2	48.4	68.4	4.6	71.7	44.1	3.9
Aputula	25.5	26.6	33.2	5.0	54.4	66.5	4.4
Nhulunbuy	18.1	18.4	46.9	4.5	76.8	70.3	3.6
Tennant Creek	3.6	63.1	65.2	2.2	86.2	81.8	2.0
Darwin	19.0	27.2	50.4	5.5	52.8	33.6	4.4
Australia	20.4	21.5	45.1	197.5	66.2	39.4	163.8

APPENDIX B: INDIGENOUS POPULATION PROJECTIONS
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Populations, June 30 1994

Age (Years)	Perth ATSI Region			Western Australia			Australia		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
0-4	1,176	1,113	2,289	3,682	3,425	7,106	22,844	21,680	44,524
5-9	969	936	1,905	3,287	3,130	6,417	20,229	19,317	39,546
10-14	821	785	1,606	2,786	2,657	5,443	17,755	16,796	34,552
15-19	774	736	1,510	2,431	2,380	4,811	15,826	15,078	30,904
20-24	797	780	1,577	2,426	2,272	4,698	16,103	15,448	31,551
25-29	670	681	1,351	2,250	2,220	4,469	14,038	13,793	27,831
30-34	488	533	1,021	1,784	1,801	3,585	11,777	11,805	23,582
35-39	404	483	887	1,372	1,424	2,795	9,268	9,472	18,740
40-44	277	349	626	1,073	1,152	2,226	7,171	7,683	14,854
45-49	196	238	434	716	794	1,509	5,135	5,604	10,739
50-54	139	158	297	585	591	1,455	3,900	4,113	8,013
55-59	79	123	202	428	462	890	2,797	3,132	5,929
60-64	72	95	167	365	413	778	2,185	2,545	4,730
65-69	44	63	107	250	267	519	1,461	1,796	3,257
70-74	22	31	53	157	186	342	919	1,161	2,080
75 and over	23	46	69	206	280	485	998	1,431	2,429
Total	6,951	7,150	14,101	23,798	23,453	47,251	152,406	150,855	303,261

Note: Population projections for ATSI Regions have been prepared by ABS using assumptions agreed to by ATSI. As these regional projections were prepared at a later date using more up-to-date assumptions than the State population projections presented in this attachment, minor discrepancies can exist between these State totals and the sums of component Regions.

CAUTION: For ATSI Regions discrepancies may occur between survey estimates and population projections.

APPENDIX C: STANDARD ERRORS

Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. The estimates in the survey are subject to sampling variability. One measure of the likely difference between survey estimates and true values is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that the sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all the dwellings had been included.

Another measure of the likely difference is the relative standard error which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling.

The size of the standard error of an estimate of a number of persons increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger is the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.

As the standard errors in the following table show, very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable purposes. Estimates and percentages with larger relative standard errors have been included and are preceded by two asterisks if it is greater than 25 per cent (e.g., **2.5), indicating they are subject to high standard errors and should be used with caution.

Standard Errors for Persons, Families and Households ATSIC Regions and Torres Strait Area

Size of Estimate	Queanbeyan	Bourke	Coffs Harbour	Sydney	Tamworth	Wagga Wagga	Ballarat	Wangaratta	Brisbane	Cairns	Cooktown	Mount Isa
50	32	27	30	42	39	32	30	27	39	30	19	23
100	42	34	42	72	48	54	44	41	66	45	26	33
200	52	42	60	109	60	78	61	62	104	62	35	43
300	58	48	73	131	67	93	72	78	130	72	42	47
500	64	56	95	157	78	109	85	101	167	84	53	50
700	68	62	112	171	87	116	92	119	192	92	61	50
1,000	71	70	135	181	96	121	99	141	219	98	72	58
1,500	73	79	165	186	109	122	105	169	247	103	86	69
2,000	74	86	191	213	118	135	107	190	264	105	98	78
2,500	74	93	213	236	126	146	108	208	276	106	109	85
3,000	77	98	234	256	134	156	109	223	285	106	118	92
4,000	82	107	270	293	145	173	120	248	295	116	134	104
5,000	86	115	302	325	155	187	129	268	301	124	..	114
7,000	..	..	357	380	172	210	145	301	304	138	..	..
10,000	..	..	428	448	..	238	..	..	349	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	541	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Appendix C: Standard Errors for Persons, Families and Households
ATSIC Regions and Torres Strait Area — continued

Size of Estimate	Rock-hampton	Roma	Townsville	Torres Strait area	Adelaide	Ceduna	Port Augusta	Perth	Broome	Kununurra	Warburton	Narragin
50	30	36	37	17	36	15	22	34	15	16	17	25
100	44	58	51	25	60	22	30	49	21	22	25	33
200	65	80	71	37	88	32	42	73	30	29	38	43
300	82	91	85	47	102	40	50	91	37	35	49	50
500	110	99	108	63	115	53	64	120	47	43	67	61
700	133	101	126	76	119	65	75	145	56	50	82	70
1,000	162	117	149	93	144	79	88	177	67	58	102	80
1,500	204	138	180	118	180	..	107	221	82	70	130	94
2,000	240	156	206	139	210	..	122	260	95	79	155	105
2,500	272	171	228	157	237	..	135	294	106	87	..	114
3,000	301	184	248	175	261	..	147	325	..	94	..	123
4,000	354	208	284	206	305	..	168	381	..	..	..	137
5,000	402	228	315	..	345	..	..	431	..	..	..	..
7,000	..	..	368	..	413	..	..	519	..	..	..	..
10,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Size of Estimate	South Hedland	Derby	Kalgoorlie	Geraldton	Hobart	Alice Springs	Jabiru	Katherine	Aputula	Nhulunbuy	Tennant Creek	Darwin
50	15	23	13	19	20	22	18	16	28	22	13	28
100	18	29	19	23	29	31	28	22	36	39	19	39
200	23	33	30	28	42	43	44	32	43	61	27	53
300	26	34	38	31	53	52	58	42	47	75	33	63
500	30	40	52	36	70	66	80	61	50	90	43	80
700	33	44	64	39	84	77	100	80	52	99	51	93
1,000	37	49	80	44	101	91	127	109	52	105	62	109
1,500	42	56	102	49	126	111	165	160	57	109	76	131
2,000	46	62	..	53	148	127	199	213	62	126	88	149
2,500	49	66	..	56	167	141	230	269	65	141	99	165
3,000	52	70	..	59	184	154	260	327	68	155	..	179
4,000	..	..	..	..	215	..	313	452	73	179	..	204
5,000	..	..	..	..	243	..	363	586	77	200	..	225
7,000	..	..	..	..	292	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

GLOSSARY

Aboriginal	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Aboriginal origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Aboriginal community controlled school	Where Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people make decisions on the curricula, teachers employed, school budget and school policy.
Aboriginal English	Includes Broken English, Pidgin English and Kriol/Creoles.
Aboriginal Independent School	A school run solely by Aboriginal people, who make decisions on school policy, staffing, curricula, and school budget.
Aboriginal Legal Service	Established to assist Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people with legal matters.
Aboriginality	Where a person identifies as being of Aboriginal or non-Aboriginal origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Actions taken	Refers to specific actions persons took with regard to their health in the two weeks prior to interview.
ATSIC Regions & Torres Strait Area	Refers to 36 defined geographic areas, each represented by an ATSIC Regional Council or the Torres Strait Regional Authority.
Attack	Where a person has suffered physical force from another person(s), for example, pushed, hit, kicked or speared.
CDEP	See Community Development Employment Projects.
Clan, tribal or language group	Refers to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander groups within Australia.

Combined primary & secondary school	A school which teaches students at both primary and secondary levels.
Community landlord	Refers to dwellings owned by community organisations, predominantly Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations. It includes housing associations, land councils and community councils.
Community Development Employment Projects	The Community Development Employment Projects (CDEP), operate through grants from ATSIC to Indigenous community organisations to enable individuals to undertake community managed activities in return for wages.
Couple only family	Two persons who are in a registered or de facto marriage without children present in the household.
Crime	Includes crimes relating to drugs, thefts, vandalism as well as violence.
Cultural activities	Includes funerals, ceremonies, Indigenous festivals and carnivals and involvement with Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations.
Cultural obligations	Refers to attending Indigenous cultural activities such as funerals, ceremonies and festivals and extended family responsibilities.
Earned income	Income derived from wages and salaries, or from own business, trade or profession.
Education worker	A person who assists a teacher during class lessons and may give some lessons such as story telling.
Employed	Persons aged 15 years and over who in the week prior to the interview worked for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (comprising employees, employers and self-employed persons).

Family	Two or more persons who live in the same household and are related to each other by blood, marriage (including de facto marriage), fostering or adoption. For the purpose of this survey, one or more members of the family had identified as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin.
Family violence	Includes verbal threats, intimidation, fear of physical attacks and actual physical attacks, occurring between family members within a household.
Formal childcare	Refers to regulated care such as pre-school/kindergarten before and after school care program, long day care centres, family day care and other formal care.
Government payments	Includes Newstart allowance, Jobsearch, age pension, sickness allowance, disability support pension, sole parent pension, family payments, rent assistance, ABSTUDY and other Government payments.
Homelands	An area of land to which Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander people have ancestral and/or cultural links.
Household	Consists of a person living alone, or two or more related or unrelated persons who live and eat together in private residential accommodation. For the purpose of this survey, one or more members of the household had identified as being of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander origin.
Household income	Refers to the total gross income from wages and salaries and Government payments of all persons 15 years and over who usually live in the household. The total household income was not calculated if usual residents of the household were missing at the time of the interview.
Indigenous	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.

Indigenous language	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander languages. Excludes Aboriginal English and Kriol/Creoles.
Labour force	Persons aged 15 years and over who were either employed or unemployed.
Labour force status	A classification of persons 15 years and over into employed, unemployed or not in the labour force.
Language spoken	A person was considered to be able to speak a language (such as an Aboriginal language) if they could hold a conversation in that language.
Last year	12 month period prior to interview.
Long-term condition	Condition (illness, injury, or disability) which had lasted for six months or more.
Main language	Refers to the language the person is most comfortable with or speaks most fluently.
Making decisions at the school	Includes involvement in the Aboriginal Student Support and Parent Awareness Program (ASSPA) and Parents and Citizens (P&C) school meetings where decisions about fund raising and maintenance of the school are made.
Non-family household	A lone person household or a household consisting of two or more unrelated people.
Not in the labour force	Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed or unemployed as defined.
One parent family	Family that consists of one parent and that parent's child(ren) plus all other people in the household related to them, provided those people do not have a spouse or child of their own.

Other government landlord	Refers to dwellings owned by Commonwealth, State/Territory and local governments other than housing authorities and employer provided housing.
Other legal services	Includes private solicitors and barristers.
Perceived health problems	A respondents' opinions of the main health problems confronting people in their local area.
Personal income	Refers to the gross income a person received at the time of interview in the form of wages and salaries and Government payments.
Post-school study	Attendance at a course at the time of a survey to gain a qualification.
Private landlord	All privately owned dwellings rented directly or through a real estate agent.
Private dwelling	The premises occupied by a household and includes houses, flats, home units, garages, tents and improvised houses. It excludes hostels, hospitals, prisons and so on.
Private sector	Non-government organisations. The private sector has been split into 'Community organisations' and 'Other private'. Community organisations are those private organisations that have been declared to be eligible for ATSIIC funding.
Public sector	Includes all government authorities, departments, agencies and authorities created by the Commonwealth or State/Territory Parliaments. Also covered are organisations such as the Northern or Central Land Councils which were created by Commonwealth legislation and the NSW Land Council which was created by NSW legislation.
Recent illness	Conditions (illness, injury or disability) experienced in the two weeks prior to interview. It may include long-term conditions experienced in the period.

Relative weight	Weight and height measurements taken during interview have been used to derive a person's body mass. The body mass index equals a person's weight in kilograms divided by the square of the person's height in metres. The categories used are consistent with recommendations of the National Health and Medical Research Council.
School participation rate	The number of enrolled school students of a particular age, expressed as a proportion of the population of the same age.
Self-assessed health status	Refers to the overall level of health as reported by respondents 13 years and over. For persons 12 years and under information was provided by the child's parent or a responsible adult member of the household.
Specific long term condition	Where a person had one of the following conditions which had lasted for six months or more; asthma, diabetes, heart problems, chest problems, skin problems, high blood pressure, ear or hearing problems, eye or sight problems not corrected by glasses, and/or kidney problems.
State housing (landlord)	Refers to dwellings owned by State/Territory housing authorities.
Taken away from natural family	People who have been removed from their natural family as a child as part of a government policy. 'Family' may include parents and siblings and extended family members such as aunts, uncles and grandparents. Excludes people who were removed from their family for less than 6 months.
Taught Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander languages	Students who are taught to speak, read or write an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander language.
Taught about Indigenous cultures	Includes subjects which give an understanding of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander cultures, eg. history and language.
Taught by a community member	Where community members teach at least once in a month or on 10 or more occasions over the school year.

Torres Strait Islander	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Torres Strait Islander origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Training course	Includes courses which are planned to develop skills or assist in learning about a subject. Excludes courses leading to an educational qualification and on-the-job training.
Type of landlord	Refers to the legal entity to which rent is paid.
Unemployed persons	Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed during the week prior to interview, and who had actively looked for work at any time during the last four weeks prior to interview, and who were available to start work in the last week.
Usual residents	Persons who live in a particular private dwelling and regard it as their own or main home.
Verbal threats	Any verbal abuse to a person where no weapon was seen and no physical violence occurred. It includes verbal threats to harm the respondent or his/her property.
Violence	Refers to violence in the community, that is streets, hotels, schools, etc. It includes fights, bashing, rape, murder or any act which involves violence.
Voluntary work	Includes any unpaid community work such as caring for sick or aged people, working for community or sporting organisations, working at a school or with youth groups, working on committees and hunting, fishing or gathering bush food.
Year 10 Certificate	Completion of a Year 10 Certificate, Aboriginal Access Course or equivalent.
Year 12 Certificate	Completion of a Year 12 Certificate, General Certificate of Education or equivalent.

**1991 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING
ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER
COMMUNITY PROFILE**

**PERTH
ATSIC REGION**

Explanatory Notes

The **Aboriginal Community Profile** is available as a standard product for communities of 80 or more Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons, Statistical Local Areas of 80 or more Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons and ATSIIC regions. Also available are Section of State, Statistical Divisions and Territories. It is based on place of enumeration.

Each table title in the Aboriginal Community Profile consists of two parts. The first part lists the variables included in the table. The second part describes the table population.

Figures in proportion columns have been rounded, so discrepancies may occur between the totals and the sums of the component items.

A glossary of the terms and concepts used in the Community Profiles appears below. For more information see the 1991 Census Dictionary (Cat. No. 2901.0) and the 1991 Census Directory of Classifications (Cat. No. 2904.0).

Glossary

Caravans etc. in caravan parks includes occupied tents, cabins, camper vans etc in caravan parks, and occupied boats in marinas.

A **ceusus household** is either a person living alone or people who usually reside and eat together. A household resides in a private dwelling. The household type is based on information about relationships between residents present and persons temporarily absent. The relationships of visitors to one another or to any resident are not considered.

Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander household, for the purpose of this publication, is one in which the reference person (person number one on the Census form) or spouse of the reference person identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. This definition excludes *Lone Person households* where the person was of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. There were just over 7,000 Lone Person Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Households in Australia in 1991.

Employed full-time means that the person worked 35 hours or more in the main job held in the week before the Census.

Employed part-time means that the person worked 0-34 hours in the main job held in the week before the Census.

A **family** is a group of related individuals in a household where at least one person is aged 15 years or more. A census household can contain up to three families. Census families do not include visitors to dwellings. If a family was at a holiday home or a non-private dwelling on census night, it was not counted as a census family.

A **primary Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander family** is one in which the reference person or spouse of the reference person in the primary family identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. In a multiple family household the family with dependent children is designated as the primary family. If there was more than one family, or no children were present, then the primary family is arbitrarily chosen.

Family income is the sum of the personal incomes of each resident family member aged 15 years or more. If any of these family members has an income 'not stated', or a spouse or offspring is temporarily absent, family income is classified as 'partial income stated' in Community Profile tables. Parental income is similar to family income except that only the income of the parent(s) is included. Parental income compares most closely with the family income variable of the 1986 Census.

Household income is the sum of the personal incomes of each resident household member aged 15 years or more. If any of these residents has an income 'not stated', or a spouse, offspring or co-tenant is temporarily absent, household income is classified as 'partial income stated' in Community Profile tables.

n.e.i. means 'not elsewhere included'.

n.f.d. means 'not further defined'.

An **occupied private dwelling** is defined as the premises occupied by a household on census night. A private dwelling is normally a house, flat, part of a house, or even a room; but can also be a house attached to, or rooms above shops or offices; an occupied caravan in a caravan park or on a residential allotment or boat in a marina; a houseboat; or a tent if it is standing on its own block of land.

An **Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander dwelling**, for the purpose of this publication, is one in which the reference person or spouse of the reference person identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. This definition excludes *Lone Person households* where the person was of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. There were just over 7,000 Lone Person Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander households in Australia in 1991.

Dependent offspring are 0-14 years of age, or are full-time students aged 15-24 years. (In the 1986 Census, 21-24 year olds were excluded from this category). Unrelated children can be classified as dependent offspring.

Other offspring are 15-24 years of age and not full-time students, or 25 years of age or more. In the 1986 Census, these 21-24 year old full-time students were classified as 'related adults'. As a result, sole parents with adult children were classified as families of related adults: in the 1991 Census, these cases are classified as one parent families.

The census count based on **place of enumeration** is a count of every person who spent census night in Australia. People are counted where they are on census night, which may not be where they usually live. In determining family and household type visitors to dwellings are excluded and usual residents who are temporarily absent are included. (See *temporarily absent*).

The **table population** is a description of what the table is counting. For example, tables containing marital status usually have a table population of persons aged 15 years or more. It appears under the table title.

Temporarily absent spouses, offspring and co-tenants are considered when determining household and family types. Other persons temporarily absent are not considered.

Data Quality

The Census is subject to a number of inaccuracies resulting from errors by respondents or mistakes in collection or processing of the data. Some of these are overcount or 'repaired by careful processing procedures and quality control measures applied to the processing itself. The effect of those that remain is generally slight, although it may be more important for small groups in the population. The main kinds of error to keep in mind are:

Partial non-response: In some cases where an answer was not provided to a question an answer was imputed (often from other information on the form). In other cases a 'not stated' code was allocated.

Processing error: While such errors can occur in any processing system, careful quality control measures are used to keep errors to an acceptable level.

Random adjustment: Cells containing small values are randomly adjusted to avoid releasing information about particular individuals, families, or households. The effect of random adjustment is statistically insignificant.

Respondent error: Because processing procedures cannot detect or repair all errors made by persons in completing the form, some remain in final data.

Undercount: Although the census aims to count each person once, there are some people who are missed and others are counted more than once. The data are not adjusted for the net undercount which is estimated to be 1.9% for Australia in the 1991 Census.

Further information on data quality will be provided progressively in Census Update and in 1991 Census data quality working papers.

Section of State Data: Data for the Migratory section of each state/territory has been combined with the Other Rural section to avoid the release of confidential data. The number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in migratory sections was small.

AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS 1991 Census of Population and Housing
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Community Profile Catalogue No. 2722.0

A01 SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons
Aboriginal persons	5710	6008	11718
Torres Strait Islanders	199	182	381
Total	5909	6190	12099
Aged 15 years or more	3313	3763	7076
Speaks English only and aged 5 years or more	4513	4938	9451
Speaks language other than English(a)	190	161	351
and aged 5 years or more	2872	3361	6233
Aged 18 years or more	951	498	1449
Unemployed(b)	1101	915	2016
In the labour force(b)	2052	1413	3465
Not in the labour force(b)	1121	2171	3292
Enumerated in private dwellings:			
In caravans etc in caravan parks(c)	31	21	52
In other private dwellings	5390	5875	11265
Total	5421	5896	11317
Enumerated in non-private dwellings	475	292	767
Enumerated in a migratory or offshore collection district	13	0	13

ATSIIC region: Perth
Area = 11763.79 sq km

A02 AGE BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
0	224	203	427	3.5
1	208	194	402	3.3
2	213	193	406	3.4
3	221	173	394	3.3
4	197	189	386	3.2
5	155	175	330	2.7
6	162	177	339	2.8
7	167	137	304	2.5
8	146	159	305	2.5
9	170	144	314	2.6
10	151	133	284	2.3
11	147	136	283	2.3
12	133	155	288	2.4
13	139	133	292	2.4
14	143	126	269	2.2
15	135	125	260	2.1
16	161	140	301	2.5
17	145	137	282	2.3
18	148	121	269	2.2
19	145	161	306	2.5
20-24	629	691	1320	10.9
25-29	508	580	1088	9.0
30-34	428	491	919	7.6
35-39	304	397	701	5.8
40-44	237	278	515	4.3
45-49	149	180	329	2.7
50-54	115	142	257	2.1
55-59	75	110	185	1.5
60-64	52	85	137	1.1
65 years or more	82	125	207	1.7
Total	5909	6190	12099	100.0

(a) Includes 'other language indicated but not stated' and 'inadequately described'.
(b) Applicable to persons aged 15 years or more.
(c) Includes occupied boats in marinas.

A03 STATE AND STATISTICAL LOCAL AREA OF USUAL RESIDENCE ON CENSUS NIGHT BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Counted at home	5246	5707	10953	90.6
Visitors from -				
Same statistical local area	142	91	233	1.9
Different statistical local area in:				
New South Wales	11	7	18	0.1
Victoria	4	0	4	0.0
Queensland	0	3	3	0.0
South Australia	0	0	0	0.0
Western Australia	495	374	869	7.2
Tasmania	0	0	0	0.0
Northern Territory	6	5	11	0.1
Aust Capital Territory	0	0	0	0.0
Total	516	389	905	7.5
Overseas	3	0	3	0.0
Total	661	480	1141	9.4
Total	5907	6187	12094	100.0

A04 STATE AND STATISTICAL LOCAL AREA OF USUAL RESIDENCE 5 YEARS AGO BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 5 years or more counted at home(a) on census night

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Same address 5 years ago	1469	1591	3060	33.7
Different address 5 years ago:				
Same statistical local area	528	632	1160	12.8
Different statistical local area in:				
New South Wales	69	78	147	1.6
Victoria	35	49	84	0.9
Queensland	49	60	109	1.2
South Australia	25	30	55	0.6
Western Australia	1639	1912	3551	39.1
Tasmania	7	11	18	0.2
Northern Territory	61	58	119	1.3
Aust Capital Territory	0	7	7	0.1
Total	1885	2205	4090	45.0
Overseas	9	12	21	0.2
Not stated(b)	48	48	96	1.1
Total	2470	2897	5367	59.0
Not stated(c)	332	330	662	7.3
Total	4271	4818	9089	100.0

(a) Excludes visitors, and usual residents who were absent on census night.

(b) Comprises persons who stated that they lived at a different address five years ago but did not state that address.

(c) Comprises persons who did not state whether they lived at a different address five years ago.

A05 TYPE OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION ATTENDING (FULL-TIME/PART-TIME) BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Pre School	204	217	421	3.5
Infant/Primary	941	933	1874	15.5
Secondary	457	414	871	7.2
TAFE college:				
Full-time	89	109	198	1.6
Part-time	51	59	110	0.9
Not stated	6	0	6	0.0
Total	146	168	314	2.6
CARE/University:				
Full-time	86	100	186	1.5
Part-time	32	46	78	0.6
Not stated	0	0	0	0.0
Total	118	146	264	2.2
Other	43	43	88	0.7
Not attending	3460	3753	7213	59.6
Not stated	540	512	1052	8.7
Total	5909	6188	12097	100.0

A06 AGE LEFT SCHOOL BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Under 15 years of age	722	708	1430	20.2
15 years	952	1086	2038	28.8
16 years	619	762	1381	19.5
17 years	300	430	730	10.3
18 years	79	87	166	2.3
19 years or more	47	65	112	1.6
Still at school	186	161	347	4.9
Did not go to school	56	65	121	1.7
Not stated	352	399	751	10.6
Total	3313	3763	7076	100.0

A07 QUALIFICATION (HIGHEST) LEVEL BY SEX
 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Higher degree	3	3	6	0.1
Post graduate diploma	5	9	14	0.2
Bachelor degree	29	50	79	1.1
Undergraduate diploma	25	83	108	1.5
Associate diploma	8	11	19	0.3
Skilled vocational	254	37	291	4.1
Basic vocational	47	119	166	2.3
Inadequately described	19	17	36	0.5
Not qualified	2604	2978	5582	78.9
Not stated	319	456	775	11.0
Total	3313	3763	7076	100.0

A08 QUALIFICATION (HIGHEST) FIELD BY SEX
 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Business & administration	18	144	162	2.3
Health	7	102	109	1.5
Education	23	50	73	1.0
Society and culture	38	97	135	1.9
Natural and physical sciences	9	3	12	0.2
Engineering	169	6	175	2.5
Architecture & building	87	3	90	1.3
Agriculture & related fields	13	3	18	0.3
Miscellaneous fields	42	27	69	1.0
Inadequately described	23	5	28	0.4
Not qualified	2604	2978	5582	78.9
Not stated	278	347	625	8.8
Total	3313	3765	7078	100.0

A09 AGE BY MARITAL STATUS BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Never married		Married		Separated not divorced		Divorced		Widowed		Total	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
15-24 years	1230	1202	99	138	13	22	10	5	11	8	1363	1375
25-34 years	556	575	295	348	46	85	34	51	5	12	936	1071
35-44 years	199	211	247	278	45	79	45	85	5	22	541	675
45-54 years	64	62	138	134	37	45	20	42	5	39	264	322
55-64 years	19	30	68	70	11	24	17	19	12	52	127	195
65 years or more	10	18	33	27	9	7	8	5	22	68	82	125
Total	2078	2098	880	995	161	262	134	207	60	201	3313	3763

A10 RELIGION BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Christian:				
Anglican	928	1007	1935	16.0
Baptist	269	321	590	4.9
Catholic	1720	1953	3673	30.4
Churches of Christ(a)	102	140	242	2.0
Jehovah's Witness	96	119	215	1.8
Lutheran	12	16	28	0.2
Orthodox	14	6	20	0.2
Pentecostal	58	81	139	1.1
Presbyterian(b)	46	39	85	0.7
Salvation Army	20	26	46	0.4
Uniting Church	146	159	305	2.5
Other	181	211	392	3.2
Total	3592	4078	7670	63.4
Non-Christian	50	34	84	0.7
Inadequately described	30	24	54	0.4
No religion(c)	1516	1392	2908	24.0
Not stated	721	662	1383	11.4
Total	5909	6190	12099	100.0

(a) Comprises 'Churches of Christ' and 'Churches of Christ Non-denominational'.
(b) Comprises 'Presbyterian so described' and 'Reformed'.
(c) Includes 'Humanist/Materialist'.

A11 AGE BY LABOUR FORCE STATUS (PART-TIME/FULL-TIME) BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Part-time	Employed Full-time(a)	Not stated(b)	Total employed	Unemployed looking for:		Total unemployed	Total labour force	Not in labour force	Not stated(c)	Total
					Full-time work	Part-time work					
15-19 years	33	79	14	126	178	20	198	324	387	23	734
20-24 years	37	134	15	186	238	30	268	454	148	27	629
25-34 years	79	291	44	414	275	28	303	717	182	37	936
35-44 years	42	178	23	243	129	12	141	384	138	19	541
45-54 years	23	65	11	99	26	5	31	130	117	17	264
55-64 years	5	21	4	30	10	0	10	40	72	14	126
65 years or more	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	3	77	0	80
Total	219	771	111	1101	856	95	951	2052	1121	137	3310
MALES											
15-19 years	29	53	8	90	127	24	151	241	417	26	684
20-24 years	42	117	13	172	104	32	136	308	359	24	691
25-34 years	104	170	26	300	81	33	114	414	601	56	1071
35-44 years	75	143	16	234	50	11	61	295	345	35	675
45-54 years	32	48	9	89	19	7	26	115	180	27	322
55-64 years	10	13	3	26	5	5	10	36	151	8	195
65 years or more	0	4	0	4	0	0	0	4	118	0	122
Total	292	548	75	915	386	112	498	1413	2171	176	3760
FEMALES											
15-19 years	62	132	22	216	305	44	349	565	804	49	1418
20-24 years	79	251	28	358	342	62	404	762	507	51	1320
25-34 years	183	461	70	714	356	61	417	1131	783	93	2007
35-44 years	117	321	39	477	179	23	202	679	483	54	1216
45-54 years	55	113	20	188	45	12	57	245	297	44	586
55-64 years	15	34	7	56	15	5	20	76	223	22	321
65 years or more	0	7	0	7	0	0	0	7	195	0	202
Total	511	1319	186	2016	1242	207	1449	3465	3292	313	7070
PERSONS											

A12 STATUS OF WORKER BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Wage or salary earner	1025	856	1881	93.2
Self employed	49	31	80	4.0
Employer	21	16	37	1.8
Unpaid helper	7	13	20	1.0
Total	1102	916	2018	100.0

(a) Full-time is defined as having worked 35 hours or more in the main job held last week.

(b) Comprises employed persons who did not state their hours worked.

(c) Comprises persons who did not state their labour force status.

A13 INDUSTRY BY AGE BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total	Prop%
MALES									
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	8	0	4	8	0	0	0	20	1.0
Mining	0	4	8	3	3	0	0	18	0.9
Manufacturing	17	26	48	28	8	5	0	132	6.5
Electricity, gas & water	0	5	9	8	3	0	0	25	1.2
Construction	8	16	31	23	9	4	0	91	4.5
Wholesale & retail trade	28	24	31	11	5	3	0	102	5.0
Transport & storage	3	4	17	14	10	3	0	51	2.5
Communication	3	9	20	6	3	0	0	41	2.0
Finance, property & busins serv	5	6	28	14	5	0	0	58	2.9
Public admin & defence	10	22	49	36	13	8	0	138	6.8
Community services	17	25	85	48	22	5	0	202	10.0
Recrtin, personal & other serv	6	18	25	17	3	3	3	75	3.7
Not classifiable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Not stated	23	24	59	27	19	3	3	158	7.8
Total	128	183	414	243	103	34	6	1111	54.8
FEMALES									
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	6	0.3
Mining	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	6	0.3
Manufacturing	5	6	10	8	0	0	0	29	1.4
Electricity, gas & water	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	0.1
Construction	0	3	6	3	0	0	0	12	0.6
Wholesale & retail trade	29	21	21	20	3	3	0	97	4.8
Transport & storage	0	3	7	0	3	0	0	10	0.5
Communication	0	6	8	0	3	0	0	17	0.8
Finance, property & busins serv	6	15	19	14	8	0	0	62	3.1
Public admin & defence	13	30	53	40	9	3	0	148	7.3
Community services	16	53	101	111	47	8	3	339	16.7
Recrtin, personal & other serv	11	12	26	12	5	3	0	69	3.4
Not classifiable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Not stated	8	21	42	23	15	7	4	120	5.9
Total	88	176	302	231	90	24	7	918	45.2
PERSONS									
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	8	3	7	8	0	0	0	26	1.3
Mining	0	7	11	3	3	0	0	24	1.2
Manufacturing	22	32	58	36	8	5	0	161	7.9
Electricity, gas & water	0	5	12	8	3	0	0	28	1.4
Construction	8	19	37	26	9	4	0	103	5.1
Wholesale & retail trade	57	45	52	31	8	6	0	199	9.8
Transport & storage	3	7	24	14	10	3	0	61	3.0
Communication	3	15	28	6	6	0	0	58	2.9
Finance, property & busins serv	11	21	47	28	13	0	0	120	5.9
Public admin & defence	23	52	102	76	22	11	0	286	14.1
Community services	33	78	186	159	69	13	3	541	26.7
Recrtin, personal & other serv	17	30	51	29	8	6	3	144	7.1
Not classifiable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Not stated	31	45	101	50	34	10	7	278	13.7
Total	216	359	716	474	193	58	13	2029	100.0

A14 OCCUPATION BY AGE BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males					Total	Prop%
	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years		
Managers & administrators	0	3	18	19	4	44	2.2
Professionals	3	13	43	30	20	115	5.7
Para-professionals	13	9	40	27	7	99	4.9
Tradespersons	30	54	67	36	9	199	9.8
Clerks	10	24	43	19	0	99	4.9
Sales & personal service workers	7	6	17	4	3	37	1.8
Plant & machine operators & drivers	0	17	57	41	18	143	7.1
Labourers & related workers	38	39	67	46	21	218	10.8
Inadequately described	4	4	9	3	5	28	1.4
Not stated	22	18	53	18	11	122	6.0
Total	127	187	414	243	98	1104	54.6
	FEMALES						
Managers & administrators	0	3	10	12	5	30	1.5
Professionals	0	10	47	42	19	121	6.0
Para-professionals	8	15	25	25	12	88	4.3
Tradespersons	5	8	9	6	3	31	1.5
Clerks	23	78	106	57	10	280	13.8
Sales & personal service workers	32	29	32	39	10	147	7.3
Plant & machine operators & drivers	4	3	3	3	0	13	0.6
Labourers & related workers	5	11	31	30	18	102	5.0
Inadequately described	0	3	0	6	3	12	0.6
Not stated	9	16	35	15	11	95	4.7
Total	86	176	298	235	91	919	45.4
	PERSONS						
Managers & administrators	0	6	28	31	9	74	3.7
Professionals	3	23	90	72	39	236	11.7
Para-professionals	21	24	65	52	19	187	9.2
Tradespersons	35	62	76	42	12	230	11.4
Clerks	33	102	149	76	10	379	18.7
Sales & personal service workers	39	35	49	43	13	184	9.1
Plant & machine operators & drivers	4	20	60	44	18	156	7.7
Labourers & related workers	43	50	98	76	39	320	15.8
Inadequately described	4	7	9	9	8	40	2.0
Not stated	31	34	88	33	22	217	10.7
Total	213	363	712	478	189	2023	100.0

A15 INDUSTRY SECTOR BY SEX

Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Commonwealth government	125	124	249	12.3
State/Territory government	251	274	525	26.0
Local government	40	13	53	2.6
Private sector	553	402	955	47.3
Not stated	133	103	236	11.7
Total	1102	916	2018	100.0

A16 HOURS WORKED BY SEX

Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
0 hours	52	37	89	4.4
1-15 hours	66	113	179	8.9
16-24 hours	36	69	105	5.2
25-34 hours	66	74	140	6.9
35-39 hours	319	278	597	29.6
40 hours or more	451	270	721	35.7
Not stated	112	75	187	9.3
Total	1102	916	2018	100.0

A17 ANNUAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME BY SEX

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	290	404	694	9.8
\$3,001-\$5,000	220	216	436	6.2
\$5,001-\$8,000	834	746	1580	22.3
\$8,001-\$12,000	367	709	1076	15.2
\$12,001-\$16,000	273	449	722	10.2
\$16,001-\$20,000	333	287	620	8.8
\$20,001-\$25,000	248	239	487	6.9
\$25,001-\$30,000	158	109	267	3.8
\$30,001-\$40,000	130	79	209	3.0
Over \$40,000	69	30	99	1.4
Not stated	391	495	886	12.5
Total	3313	3763	7076	100.0

A18 ANNUAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME BY AGE
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Persons aged 15 years or more

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total
\$0-\$3,000	327	96	149	72	34	11	5	694
\$3,001-\$5,000	208	61	77	37	23	19	11	436
\$5,001-\$8,000	292	315	342	225	184	136	86	1580
\$8,001-\$12,000	145	225	297	195	110	47	57	1076
\$12,001-\$16,000	80	172	262	132	43	21	12	722
\$16,001-\$20,000	32	167	245	116	36	16	8	620
\$20,001-\$25,000	15	91	193	128	41	17	3	488
\$25,001-\$30,000	4	32	118	74	30	8	0	266
\$30,001-\$40,000	0	16	88	78	21	5	0	208
Over \$40,000	0	0	35	41	15	5	0	96
Not stated	314	143	201	118	49	37	24	886
Total	1417	1318	2007	1216	586	322	206	7072

A19 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME
Classifiable Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander family households(a)

	HHolds	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	23	0.9
\$3,001-\$5,000	10	0.4
\$5,001-\$8,000	53	2.0
\$8,001-\$12,000	150	5.7
\$12,001-\$16,000	246	9.3
\$16,001-\$20,000	246	9.3
\$20,001-\$25,000	243	9.2
\$25,001-\$30,000	224	8.5
\$30,001-\$40,000	298	11.2
\$40,001-\$50,000	215	8.1
\$50,001-\$60,000	122	4.6
Over \$60,000	129	4.9
Partial income stated(b)	578	21.8
No incomes stated(c)	112	4.2
Total	2649	100.0

(a) Excludes those dwellings which were temporarily unoccupied at the time of the census but the collector had ascertained that it was normally occupied, lone person households, group households and households which contained only persons under 15 years of age.

(b) Comprises households where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse, offspring, or co-tenant was temporarily absent.

(c) Comprises households where no members present stated an income.

A20 ANNUAL FAMILY INCOME

Primary Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander families

	Families	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	24	0.9
\$3,001-\$5,000	11	0.4
\$5,001-\$8,000	59	2.2
\$8,001-\$12,000	168	6.4
\$12,001-\$16,000	271	10.3
\$16,001-\$20,000	251	9.5
\$20,001-\$25,000	248	9.4
\$25,001-\$30,000	217	8.2
\$30,001-\$40,000	285	10.8
\$40,001-\$50,000	198	7.5
\$50,001-\$60,000	118	4.5
Over \$60,000	112	4.3
Partial income stated(a)	559	21.2
No incomes stated(b)	114	4.3
Total	2635	100.0

A21 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING

Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander family households

	Occupied dwellings	Prop%
Separate house	2100	79.2
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc	313	11.8
Flat or apartment:		
In a 1, 2 or 3 storey block	154	5.8
In a 4 or more storey	30	1.1
Attached to house	3	0.1
Total	187	7.1
Caravan etc in caravan park	16	0.6
Caravan not in caravan park, houseboat etc	0	0.0
Improvised home, campers out	3	0.1
House or flat attached to shop, office etc	3	0.1
Not stated	28	1.1
Total	2650	100.0

(a) Comprises families where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse or offspring was temporarily absent.

(b) Comprises families where no members present stated an income.

A22 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons in private dwellings of any type

	Persons	Prop%
Separate house	9129	80.7
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc	1204	10.6
Flat or apartment:		
In a 1, 2 or 3 storey block	651	5.8
In a 4 or more storey	119	1.1
Attached to house	11	0.1
Total	781	6.9
Caravan etc in caravan park	52	0.5
Caravan not in caravan park, houseboat etc	3	0.0
Improvised home, campers out	17	0.2
House or flat attached to shop, office etc	7	0.1
Not stated	126	1.1
Total	11319	100.0

A23 NATURE OF OCCUPANCY BY LANDLORD TYPE BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families

	C'vans etc in c'van parks(a)	Other occupied private dwellings	Total	Prop%
Owned	4	169	173	6.5
Rented:	0	657	657	24.8
Housing commission/authority	0	1054	1054	39.8
Other government agency	0	53	53	2.0
Other	12	577	589	22.2
Not stated	0	20	20	0.8
Total	12	1704	1716	64.8
Other(b)	0	103	103	3.9
Total	16	2633	2649	100.0

(a) Nature of occupancy and landlord type were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

(b) Comprises other/inadequately described and 'not stated'.

A24 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING BY NATURE OF OCCUPANCY
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families

	Number of persons usually resident				Total
	Owned	Being purchased	Rented	Other(a)	
Separate house	158	634	1235	73	2100
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, town house etc	9	16	278	10	313
Flat or apartment	0	5	177	5	187
Caravan etc in caravan park(b)	4	0	12	0	16
Other	3	0	4	0	7
Not stated	3	3	10	15	31
Total	177	658	1716	103	2654

A25 NUMBER OF BEDROOMS BY NUMBER OF PERSONS (USUALLY RESIDENT)(c)

	Number of persons usually resident						Total
	1	2	3	4	5	6 or more	
0-1 bedrooms	0	37	5	0	3	0	45
2 bedrooms	0	188	127	61	18	23	417
3 bedrooms	0	252	355	391	228	254	1480
4 bedrooms	0	42	71	117	106	200	536
5 or more bedrooms	0	4	6	11	13	53	87
Not stated	0	10	11	12	12	22	67
Total	0	533	575	592	380	552	2632

A26 MONTHLY HOUSING LOAN REPAYMENT BY DWELLING TYPE

	C'vans etc in c'van parks(d)			Other occupied private dwellings			Total	Prop%
	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%		
\$0-\$200	0	0.0	58	8.8	58	8.8	58	8.8
\$201-\$300	0	0.0	132	20.1	132	20.1	132	20.1
\$301-\$400	0	0.0	129	19.6	129	19.6	129	19.6
\$401-\$475	0	0.0	88	13.4	88	13.4	88	13.4
Over \$475	0	0.0	237	36.1	237	36.1	237	36.1
Not stated	0	0.0	13	2.0	13	2.0	13	2.0
Total	0	0.0	657	100.0	657	100.0	657	100.0

(a) Comprises 'other/inadequately described' and 'not stated'.

(b) Nature of occupancy and landlord type were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

(c) Spouses, offspring, and co-tenants (in group households) who were temporarily absent on census night are included. A maximum of 3 temporary absences can be counted in each household.

(d) Monthly housing loan repayments were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

A27 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY MONTHLY HOUSING LOAN REPAYMENT
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families and which are being purchased (excludes caravans etc in caravan parks and not classifiable households(a))

Annual household income	Monthly housing loan repayment			Total
	\$0-\$200	\$201-\$400	Over \$475	
\$0-\$3,000	3	0	0	3
\$3,001-\$5,000	0	0	0	0
\$5,001-\$8,000	0	3	0	3
\$8,001-\$12,000	4	0	0	4
\$12,001-\$16,000	3	8	3	14
\$16,001-\$25,000	7	19	5	31
\$25,001-\$40,000	12	25	14	51
\$40,001-\$60,000	14	23	22	59
Over \$60,000	7	5	6	18
Partial income stated(b)	8	40	29	77
No incomes stated(c)	3	3	3	9
Total	61	133	238	666

A28 WEEKLY RENT BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied rented Aboriginal and Torres Strait private dwellings containing families

	C'vans etc in c'van parks(d)		Other occupied private dwellings		Total	Prop%
	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%		
\$0-\$47	0	0.0	266	15.6	266	15.5
\$48-\$77	5	50.0	568	33.3	573	33.4
\$78-\$107	5	50.0	389	22.8	394	23.0
\$108-\$137	0	0.0	311	18.3	311	18.1
\$138-\$167	0	0.0	74	4.3	74	4.3
\$168-\$197	0	0.0	14	0.8	14	0.8
Over \$197	0	0.0	13	0.8	13	0.8
Not stated	0	0.0	69	4.0	69	4.0
Total	10	100.0	1704	100.0	1714	100.0

(a) Not classifiable households are those dwellings which were temporarily unoccupied at the time of the census, but the collector had ascertained that it was normally occupied, or the household contained only persons aged under 15 years.

(b) Comprises households where, at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse, offspring, or co-tenant was temporarily absent.

(c) Comprises households where no members present stated an income.

(d) Weekly rent was not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

A29 LANDLORD TYPE BY WEEKLY RENT
Occupied rented Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families (excludes caravans
etc in caravan parks)

	\$0- \$77	\$78- \$107	Weekly rent		Over \$197	Not stated	Total
			\$108- \$137	\$138- \$197			
Housing commission/authority	751	186	55	12	0	48	1052
Other govt agency	14	19	12	6	0	3	54
Other	67	179	239	69	11	12	577
Not stated	3	5	5	0	0	7	20
Total	835	389	311	87	11	70	1703



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