



1994
National Aboriginal and
Torres Strait Islander Survey
Ballarat ATSIC Region



NATIONAL ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER SURVEY 1994

(Including selected statistics from the 1991 Census of Population and Housing and
the 1992 ATSI Housing and Community Infrastructure Needs Survey)

REGIONAL STATISTICS

BALLARAT ATSI REGION

TUMBUKKA REGIONAL COUNCIL

Lois O'Donoghue CBE AM
Chairperson
Aboriginal and Torres Strait
Islander Commission

W. McLennan
Australian Statistician
Australian Bureau of Statistics

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PREFACE

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994: Regional Statistics, is a series of 36 publications which present a summary of the results from the 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey. A *Regional Statistics* publication has been produced for each of the ATSI Regions and the Torres Strait Area. These publications do not present community level statistics; such statistics are available from the Census of Population and Housing.

The 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey provides a wealth of information about the social, economic, and health status of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. An important use of the statistics from the Survey is to assist Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations and individuals in making their planning decisions.

The *Regional Statistics* publications result from a joint venture between the Australian Bureau of Statistics and the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission.

These publications present summary statistical information in graphical form without explanation. Each publication contains a range of statistics relating to family and culture; health; housing; education and training; employment and income; and law and justice.

The publications in this series are presented in a common format to allow information for different regions to be easily compared.

Lois O'Donoghue CBE AM
Chairperson
Aboriginal and Torres Strait
Islander Commission

W. McLennan
Australian Statistician
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February 1996

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The success of the 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey would not have been possible without the contributions of:

- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people who participated in the final survey and the earlier survey trials;
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander interviewers who collected the information throughout Australia;
- members of the Survey Advisory Committee and Technical Reference Groups who provided detailed advice on the survey content and methodology; and
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations, Government departments and other organisations which assisted the ABS and advisory groups to design the survey and lay the groundwork for a successful data collection.

CAUTIONS

- Statistics can have a high level of uncertainty due to small sample sizes. This is indicated by asterisk (**) and must be recognised when interpreting figures and percentages referred to in this publication. The level of uncertainty in statistics can be derived from the standard errors table shown in Appendix C.
- Population projections, based on June 1991 experimental estimates, have been prepared by the ABS for each ATSI region using assumptions agreed to by ATSI. Sampling variation within ATSI regions can result in discrepancies between survey estimates and population projections.
- Statistics based on self-reported information or people's opinions should be interpreted cautiously.

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INQUIRIES . *for further information about statistics in this publication* , contact the National Centre for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics on (089) 43 2193 (freecall 1800 63 3216), or any ABS Office.

. *for information about other ABS statistics and services*, please refer to page 95 of this publication.

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SYMBOLS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Symbols The following symbols, where shown in columns of figures or elsewhere in tables, mean:

. . not applicable

** subject to high sampling variability

(see Appendix C for explanation of sampling variability).

All figures have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between totals and the sums of the component items.

Explanatory notes See Appendix B of ABS publication 4190.0

Related publications Other ABS publications which may be of interest include:

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Detailed Findings (4190.0).

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Australia's Indigenous Youth (4197.0)

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Better Employment Outcomes (4199.0) to be released in April 1996.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics Catalogue (1138.0).

Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products* (1101.0). The ABS also issues the *Release Advice* (1105.0) On Tuesdays and Fridays which lists publications to be released in the next few days. Both the Catalogue and Release Advice are available from any ABS office.

Unpublished statistics As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant unpublished data available. For further information about these statistics and related publications contact:

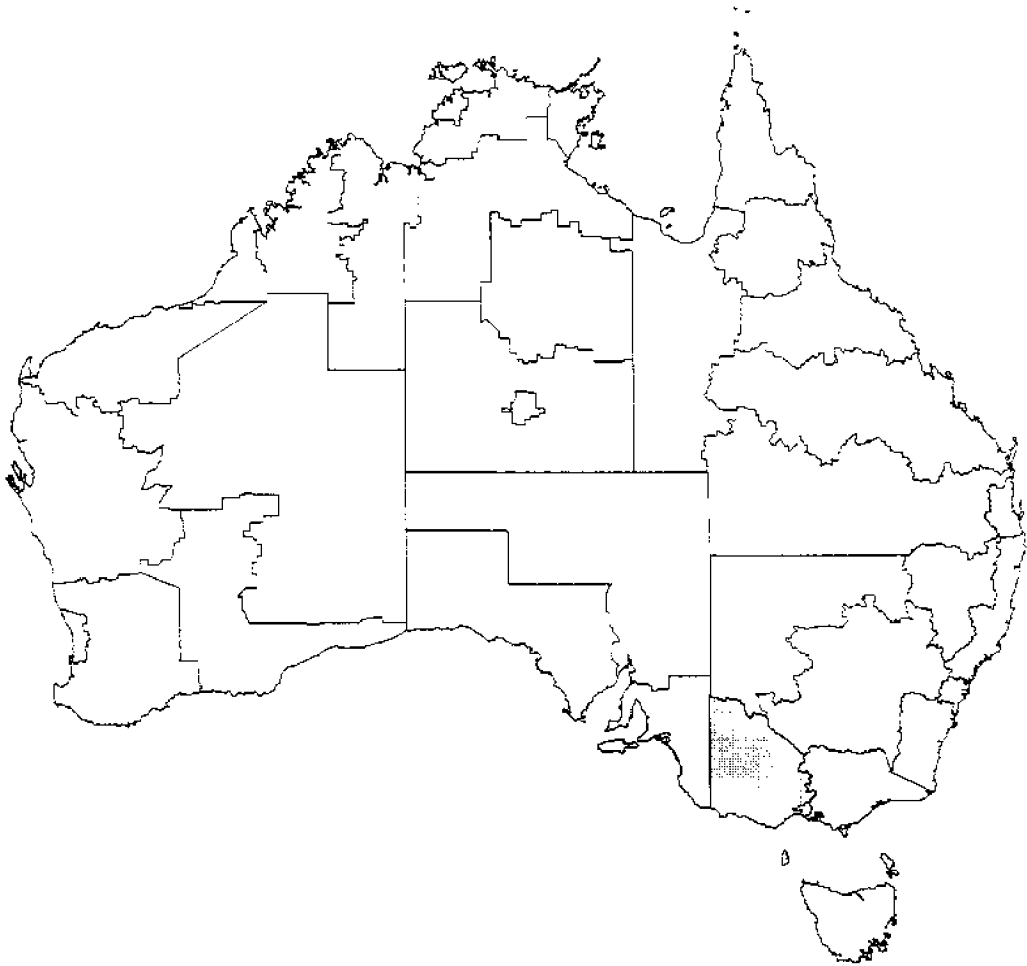
National Centre for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics
Australian Bureau of Statistics
GPO Box 3796 Darwin, NT 0801

Freecall: 1800 633 216

Fax: (089) 410 715

INTRODUCTION

Map 1 Location of Ballarat ATSI Region



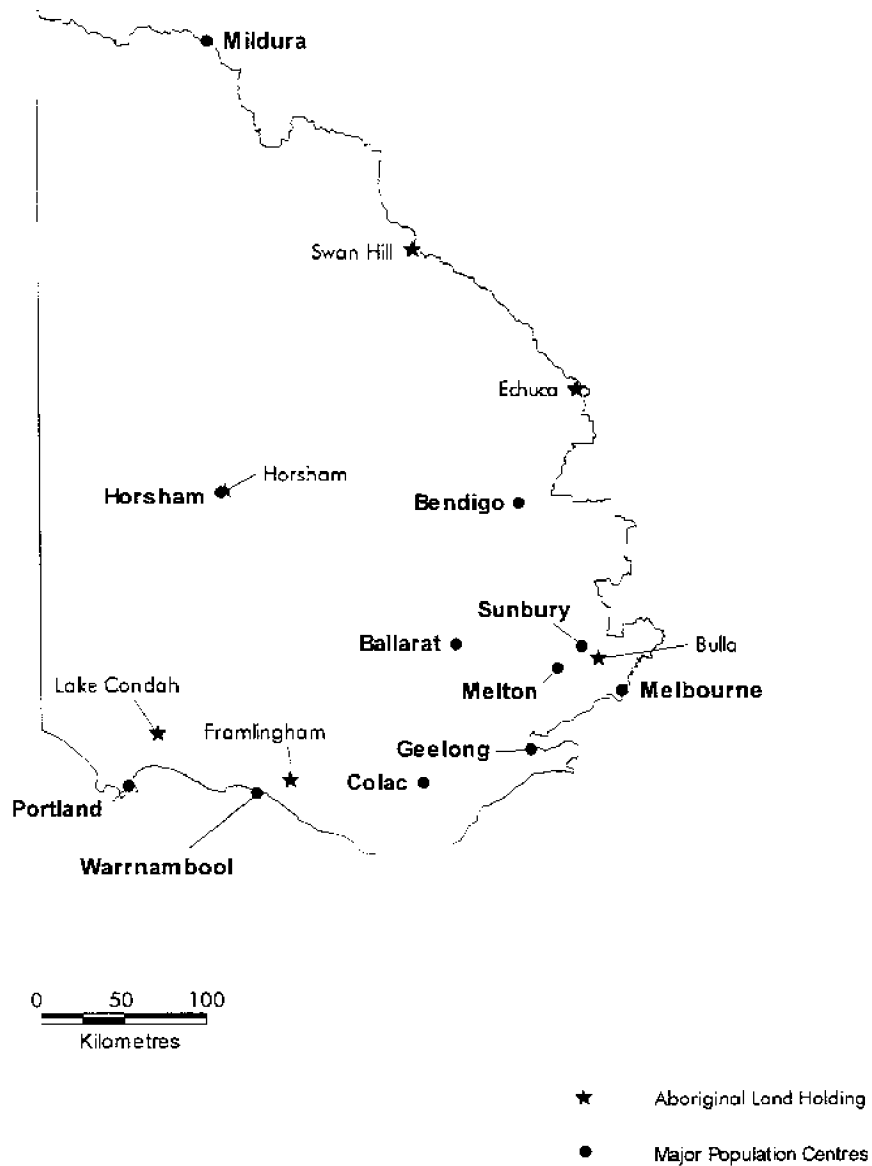
Location	The Ballarat ATSIC Region covers an area of 138,307 square kilometres in western Victoria and includes approximately half of the Melbourne metropolitan area. The Region shares boundaries with the Wangaratta Region to the east, the Adelaide Region to the west and the Bourke and Wagga Wagga Regions to the north.
Tumbukka Regional Council	The Tumbukka Regional Council comprises nineteen Regional Councillors elected by the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander voters of the region to look after their interests. Regional Councillors from the Tumbukka and Binjirru Regional Councils elect a Commissioner to represent the Victoria Zone on the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission.
Main population centres	The Ballarat Region has the slightly larger population of the two Victorian regions. At the time of the 1991 Census the largest centres of Indigenous population were Mildura City (490 people), Swan Hill (470 people) and Broadmeadows (410 people).
Population growth	The Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population in the region was projected to be some 10,040 people at 30 June 1994. This was an increase of 10.2 per cent on the June 1991 estimate of 9,110 people.



CHAPTER ONE

FAMILY AND CULTURE

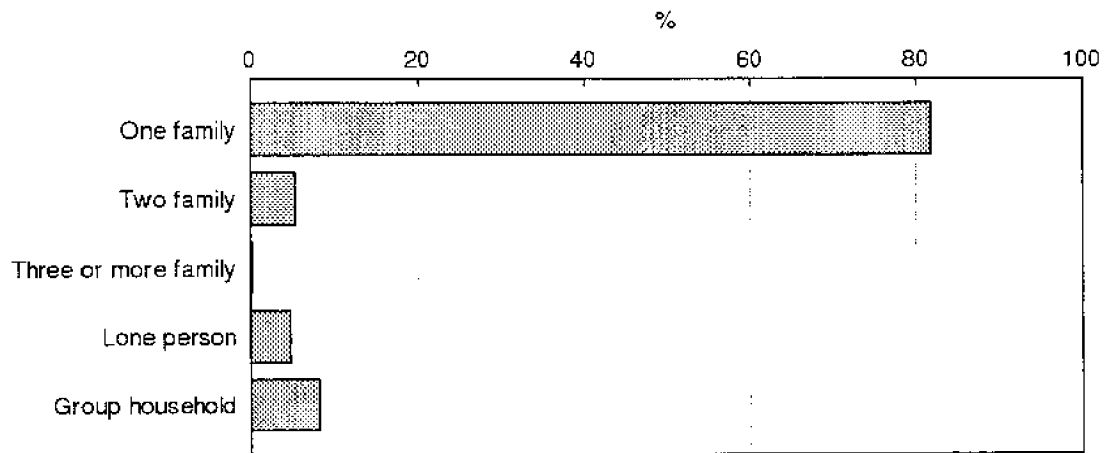
Map 2 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Land Ballarat Region 1992



Source: Land Tenure Map, 1992, AUSLIG
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FIGURE 1.1 HOUSEHOLD TYPE

Households living in private dwellings



Household type

Some 3,610 households were living in the Ballarat region. The various household types identified were:

- one family (2,950 households)
- two family (190 households)
- lone person (170** households)
- group households (290 households)

see page (iv) for explanation of **

Number of people in household

The number of people in these households was estimated to be:

- one or two people (1,240 households)
- three to five people (1,950 households)
- six or seven people (340 households)
- eight or more people (80** households)

FIGURE 1.2 NUMBER OF PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD

Households living in private dwellings

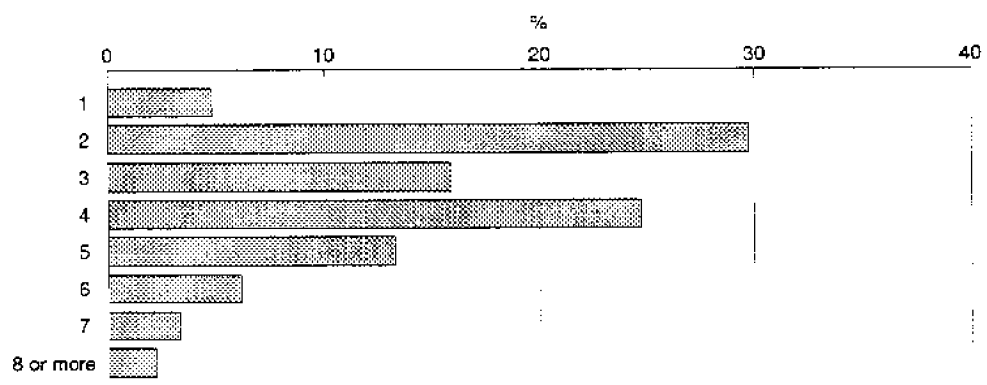
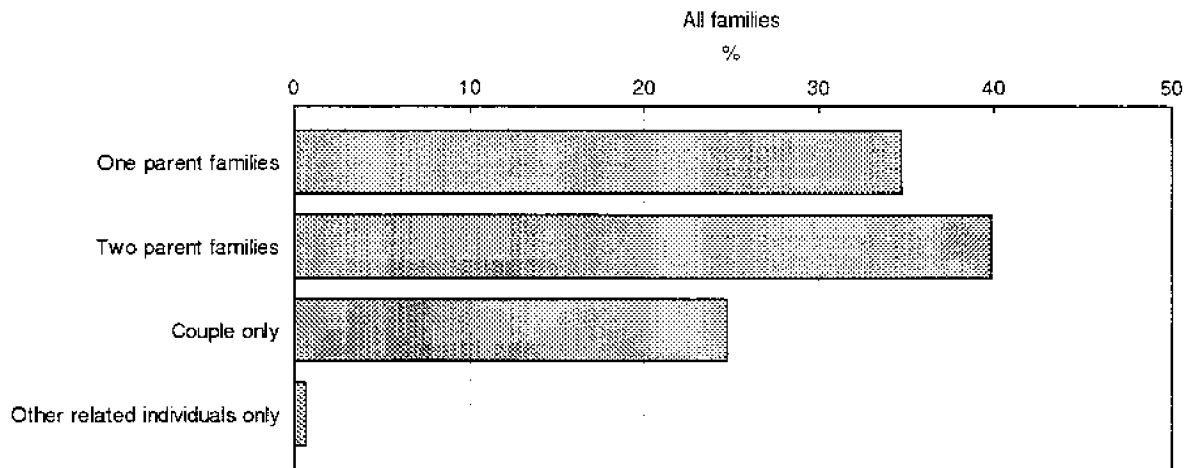


FIGURE 1.3 FAMILY TYPE



Family type

There were some 3,390 families living in the Ballarat region. The various family types identified were:

- one parent families (1,180 families)
- two parent families (1,360 families)
- couple only (850 families)
- other related individuals only (20** families)

Composition of family

The composition of these families was:

- Indigenous members only (1,150 families)
- both Indigenous and non-Indigenous members (2,260 families)

FIGURE 1.4 COMPOSITION OF FAMILY

All families

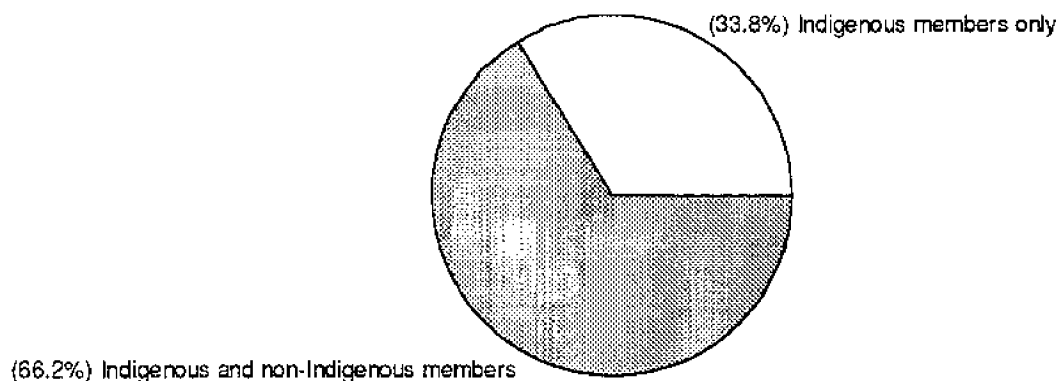
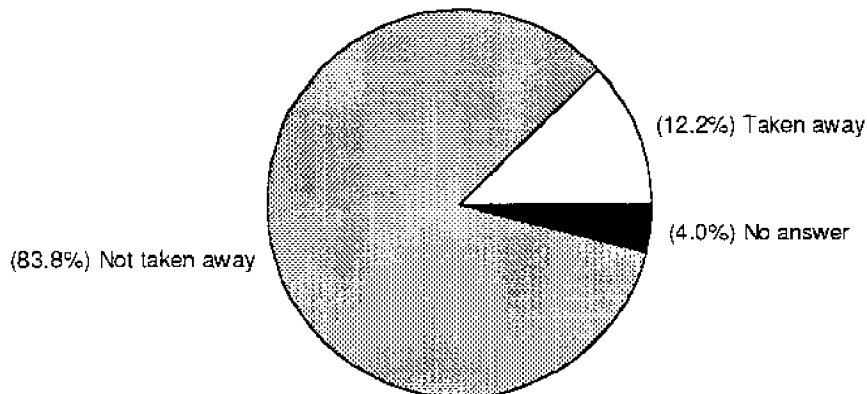


FIGURE 1.5 TAKEN AWAY FROM NATURAL FAMILY

Persons aged 25 years and over



Separation from families

Some 480 people aged twenty-five years and over reported that they were taken away from their natural families.

Childcare

The childcare arrangements of the 2,100 families with children aged twelve years and under were:

- formal childcare only (140** families)
- combination of formal childcare and family/friends (220** families)
- family and friends only (900 families)
- did not use childcare (670 families)

FIGURE 1.6 CHILDCARE ARRANGEMENTS

Families with children aged 12 years and younger

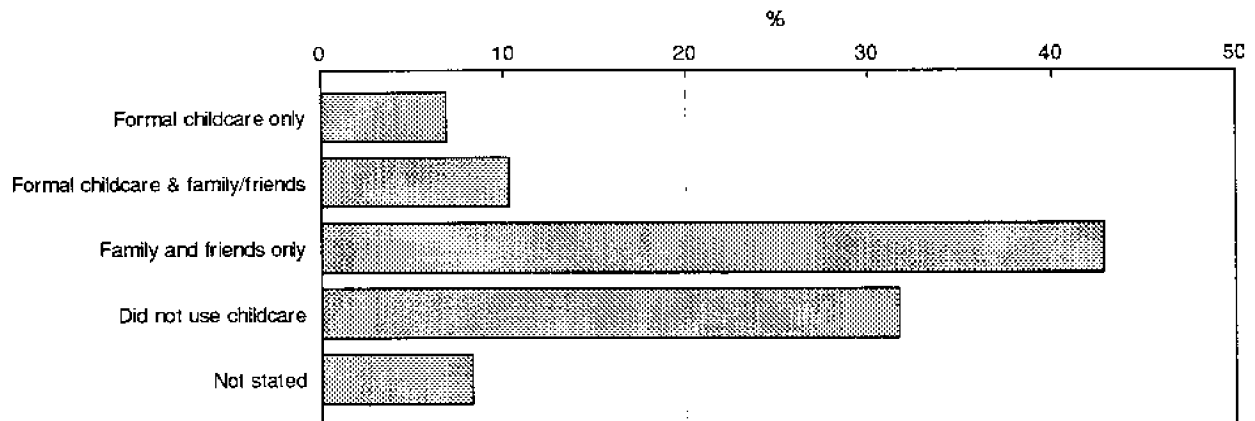
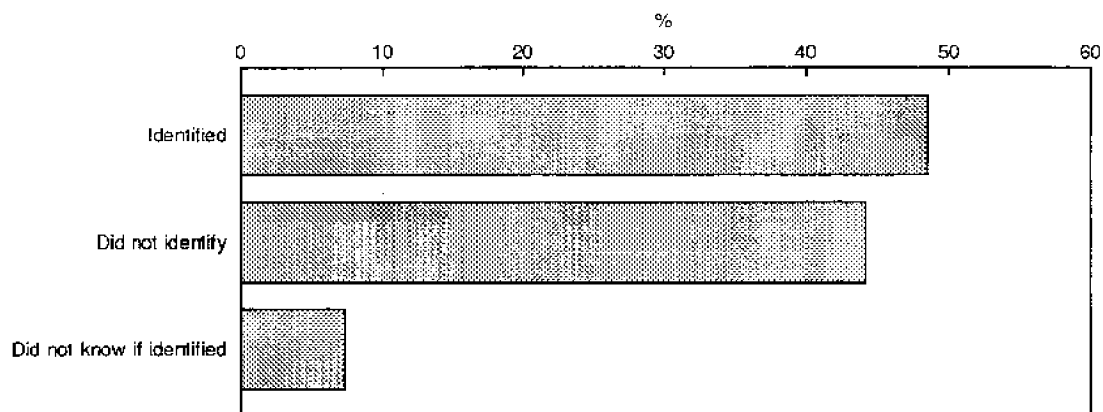


FIGURE 1.7 IDENTIFICATION WITH CLAN, TRIBAL OR LANGUAGE GROUP

Persons aged 13 years and over



Identification with clan, tribal or language group

Some 3,180 of those 6,570 people aged thirteen years and over said that they identified with a clan, tribal or language group.

Role of elders

People aged thirteen years and over stated that the role of elders was:

- important (5,650 people)
- not important (700 people)
- did not know (220** people)

FIGURE 1.8 ROLE OF ELDERS

Persons aged 13 years and over

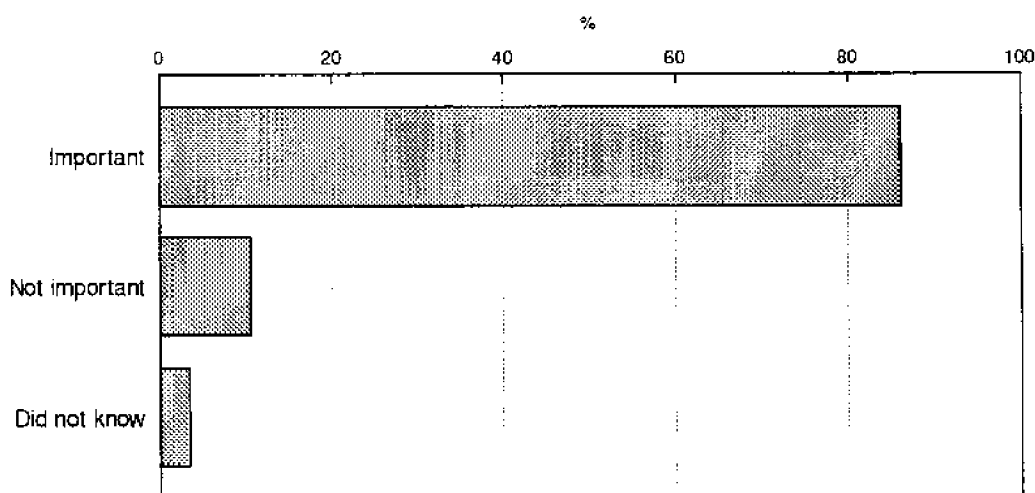
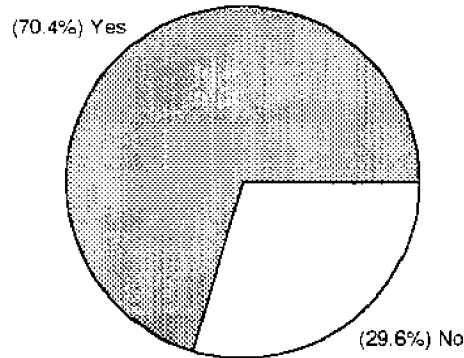


FIGURE 1.9 RECOGNITION OF HOMELANDS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Recognition of homelands

Of people aged thirteen years and over:

- 4,630 people recognised an area as their homelands
- 1,940 people did not recognise any area as their homelands

Characteristics of people who recognise homelands

Of those people who reported that they recognise an area as their homelands:

- 3,300 grew up in their homelands
- 1,230 were living on their homelands
- 4,010 said that their ancestors came from the area that they recognise as their homelands

FIGURE 1.10 CHARACTERISTICS OF PERSONS WHO RECOGNISE HOMELANDS

Persons aged 13 years and over who recognise homelands

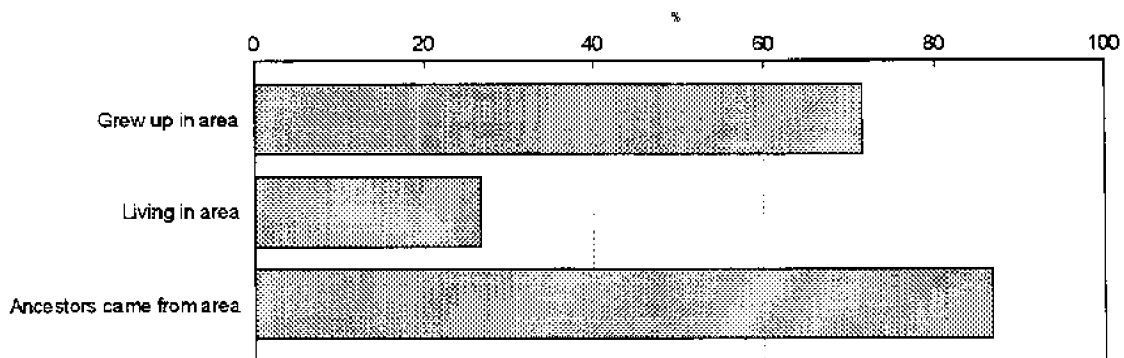
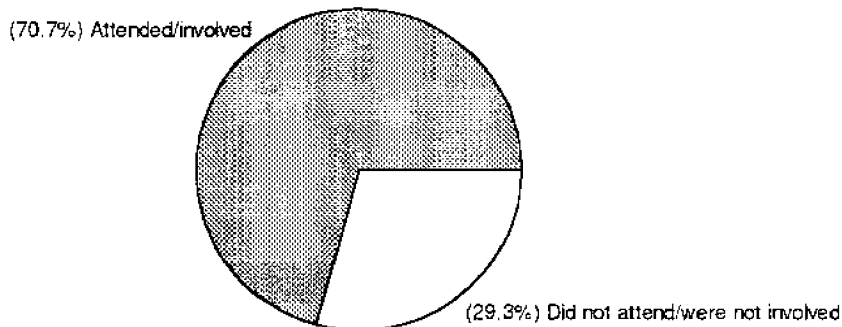


FIGURE 1.11 ATTENDANCE AT CULTURAL ACTIVITIES (a)

Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) includes involvement with Indigenous organisations

Attendance at cultural activities

Over the past year 4,640 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they had attended one or more Indigenous cultural activities or were involved with Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations.

Reasons why could not attend all cultural activities

The main reasons why people could not attend all cultural activities over the past year were (in order):

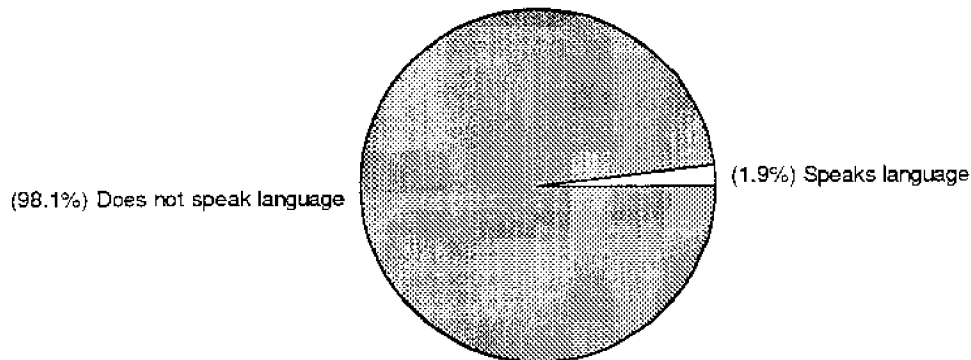
- no transport
- not enough money
- work commitments
- too far away

FIGURE 1.12 REASONS WHY COULD NOT ATTEND ALL CULTURAL ACTIVITIES

The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).

FIGURE 1.13 ABORIGINAL OR TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER LANGUAGES

Persons aged 5 years and over



Speaks an Indigenous language

Some 160** of the 8,520 people aged five years and over reported that they could speak an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander language.

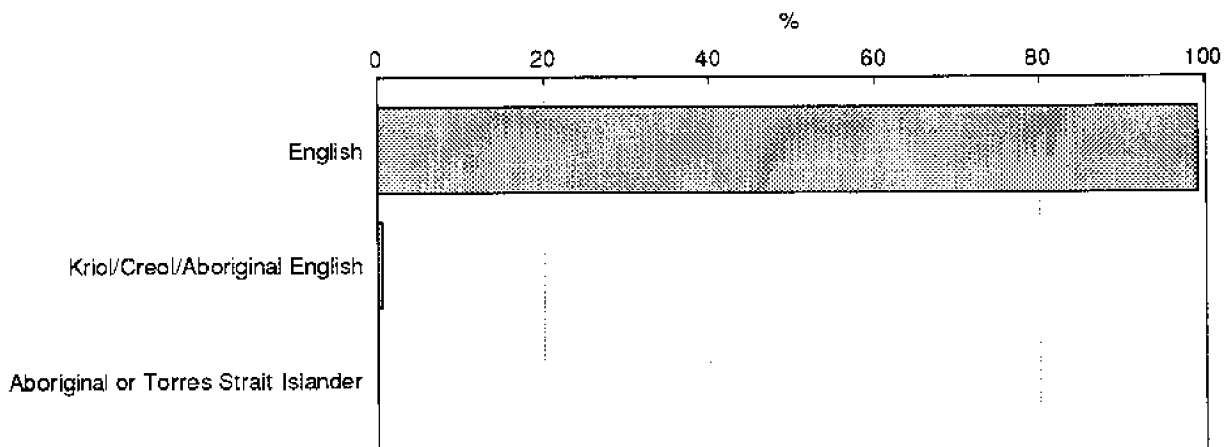
Main language spoken at home

The main language spoken at home by people aged five years and over was:

- English (8,440 people)
- Kriol/Creole or Aboriginal English (50** people)

FIGURE 1.14 MAIN LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME

Persons aged 5 years and over



CHAPTER TWO

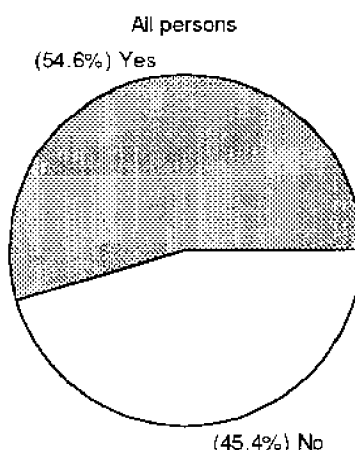
HEALTH

Map 3 Indigenous Health Services and Projects Funded by ATSIC Ballarat Region



Note: The provision of primary health care transferred from
ATSIC to the Department of Human Services and Health in 1995.
Source: National Aboriginal Health Strategy, 1994.

FIGURE 2.1 EXPERIENCED A RECENT ILLNESS

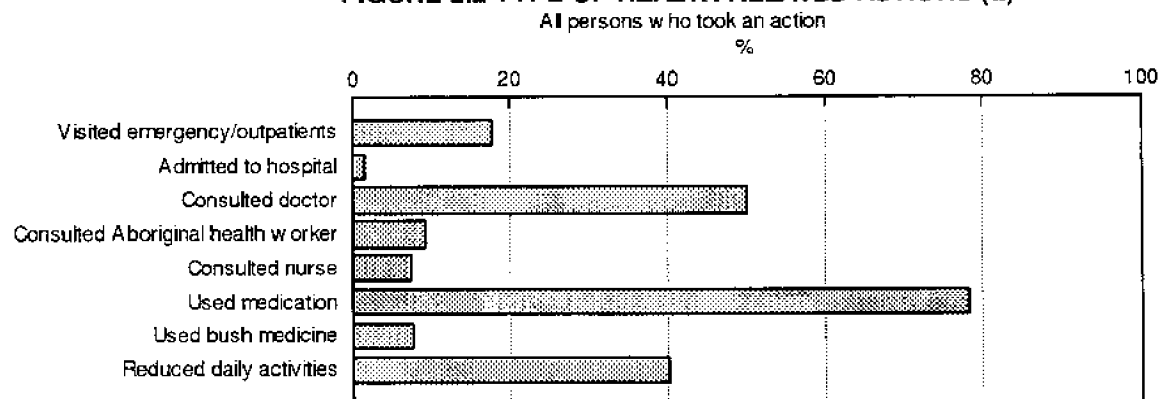


Recent illness Some 5,360 people experienced an illness in the two weeks prior to the survey.

Health related actions An estimated 5,270 people took one or more health related actions in the two weeks prior to the survey. The most common actions taken were:

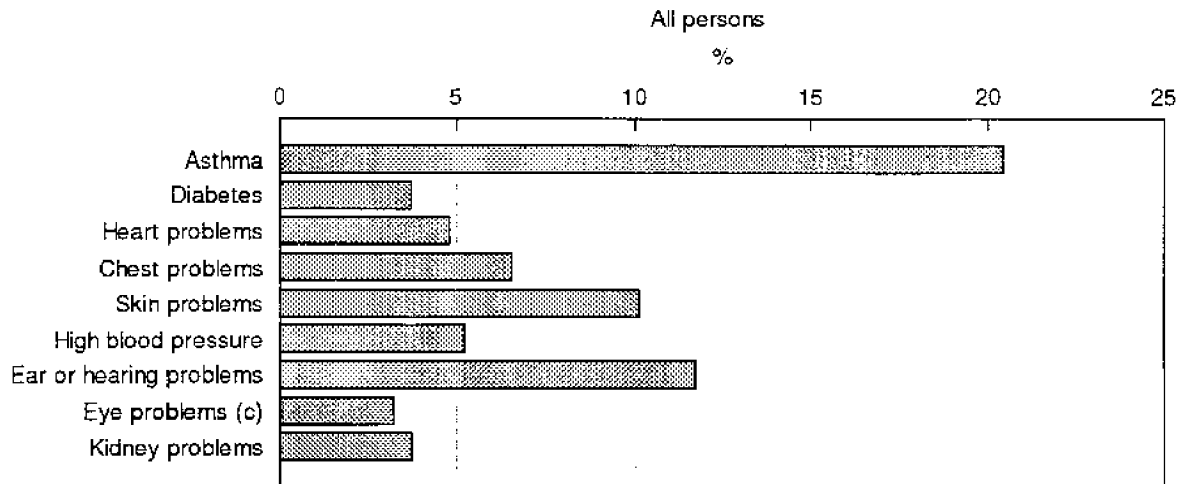
- used medication (4,130 people)
- consulted a doctor (2,650 people)
- reduced daily activities (2,120 people)
- visited emergency/outpatients clinic (940 people)
- consulted an Aboriginal health worker (490 people)

FIGURE 2.2 TYPE OF HEALTH RELATED ACTIONS (a)



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one type of action

FIGURE 2.3 LONG TERM ILLNESS CONDITIONS (a) (b)



(a) Long term conditions are conditions which have lasted for 6 months or more (b) Persons may have indicated more than one condition (c) Excludes eye problems which can be corrected by glasses

Long term illness conditions

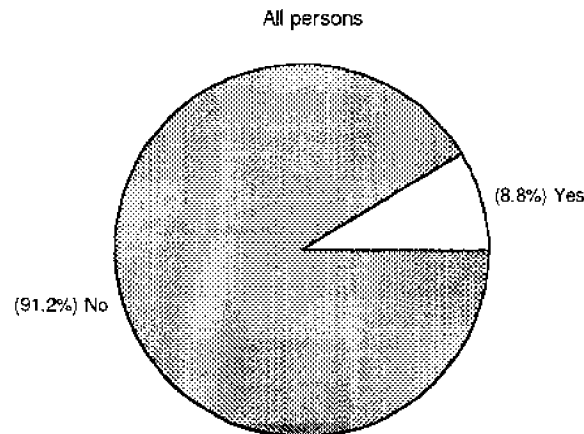
Some 4,580 people, or forty-seven per cent of the total population, reported one or more long term illness conditions. The most common conditions were:

- asthma (2,000 people)
- ear or hearing problems (1,150 people)
- skin problems (1,000 people)
- chest problems (640 people)
- high blood pressure (510 people)
- heart problems (470 people)

Health related travel

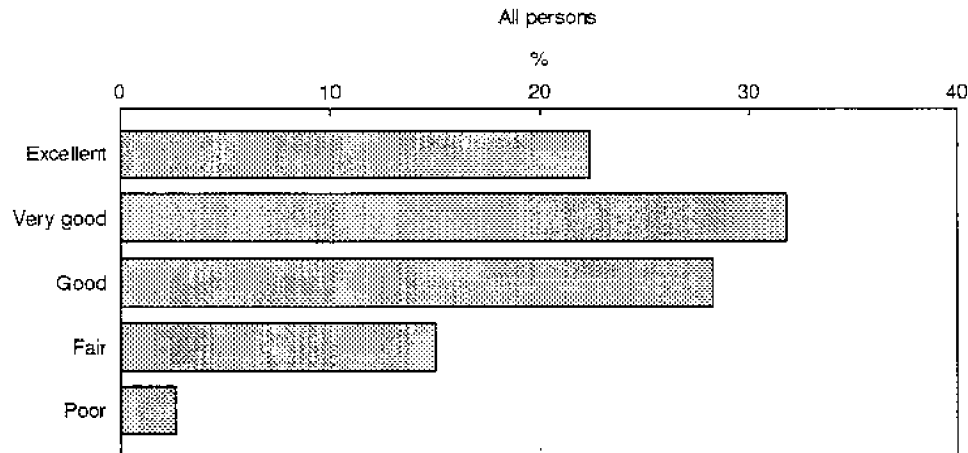
Some 860 people reported that during the last twelve months they had gone away from the area for treatment of a health problem.

FIGURE 2.4 GONE AWAY FOR TREATMENT (a)



(a) Refers to health related treatment during the last 12 months

FIGURE 2.5 SELF ASSESSED HEALTH STATUS



Self-assessed health status

The self-assessed health status of the 9,830 people in the Ballarat region was:

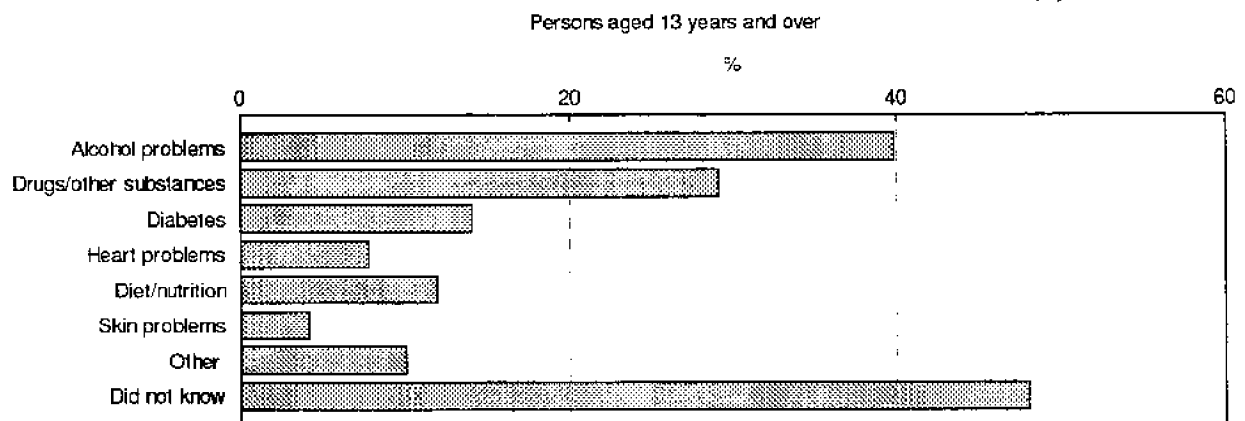
- excellent or very good (5,330 people)
- good or fair (4,250 people)
- poor (250** people)

Local health problems

The main local health problems identified by the 6,570 people aged thirteen years and over in the Ballarat region were:

- alcohol (2,610 people)
- drugs/other substances (1,910 people)
- diabetes (920 people)
- diet/nutrition (780 people)
- heart problems (510 people)

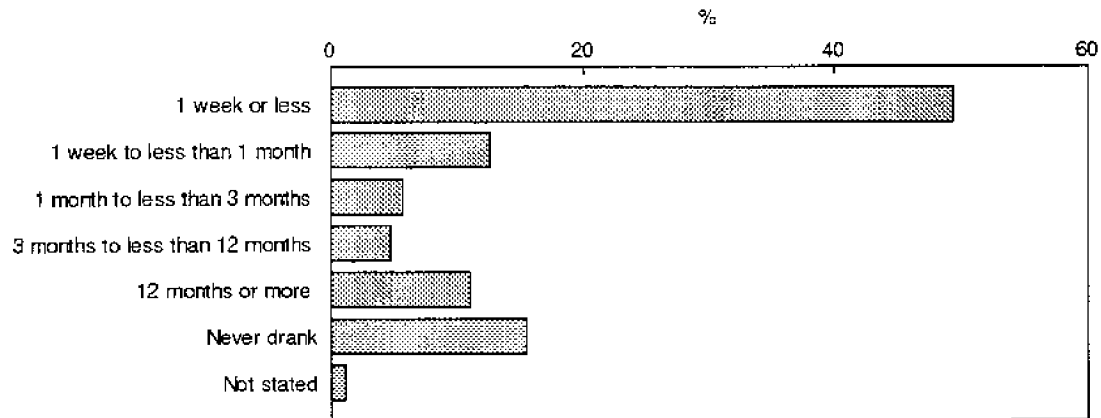
FIGURE 2.6 MAIN HEALTH PROBLEMS IN LOCAL AREA (a)



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one health problem

FIGURE 2.7 PERIOD SINCE LAST DRANK ALCOHOL

Person aged 13 years and over



Alcohol consumption People aged thirteen years and over reported that the period since they last drank alcohol was:

- one week or less (3,240 people)
- more than one week but less than one month (830 people)
- one month or more but less than three months (380 people)
- three months or more but less than twelve months (310 people)
- twelve months or more (720 people)
- never drank (1,020 people)

Tobacco use Some 3,920 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they smoked cigarettes.

FIGURE 2.8 CIGARETTE SMOKING

Persons aged 13 years and over

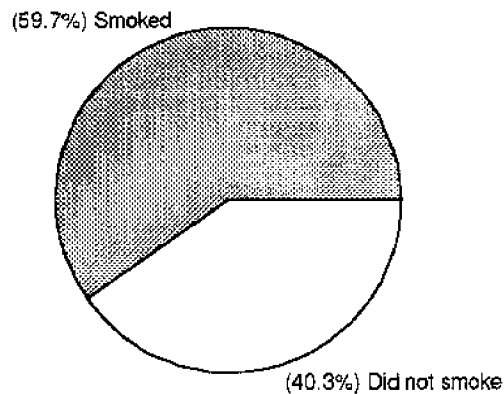
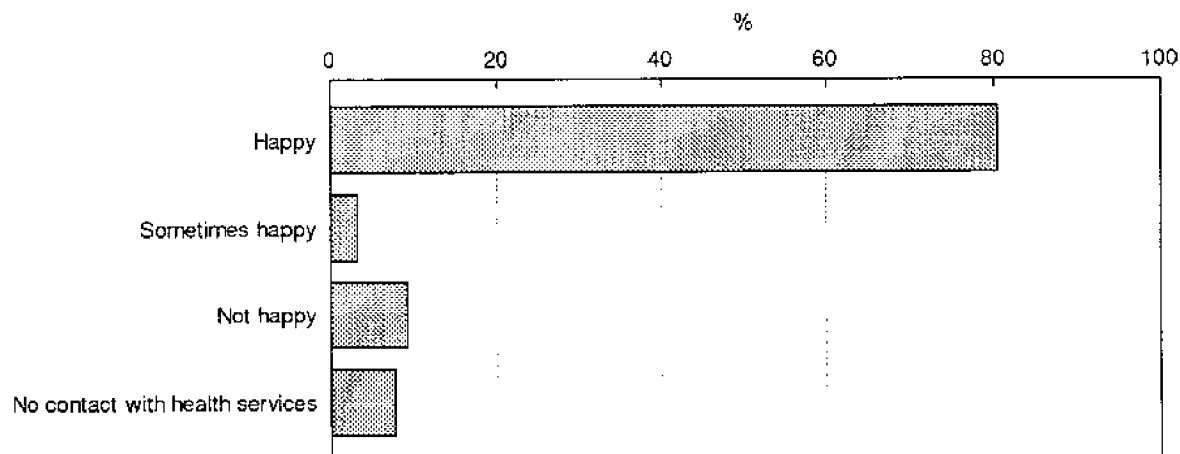


FIGURE 2.9 ATTITUDES TO LOCAL HEALTH SERVICES

Persons aged 13 years and over



Attitudes to local health services

People aged thirteen years and over said they were:

- happy with local health services (5,280 people)
- sometimes happy (190** people)
- not happy (600 people)

Involvement in health services

Some 5,130 people aged thirteen years and over thought that it was important for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people to be involved in local health services.

FIGURE 2.10 IMPORTANCE OF INDIGENOUS INVOLVEMENT IN HEALTH SERVICES

Persons aged 13 years and over

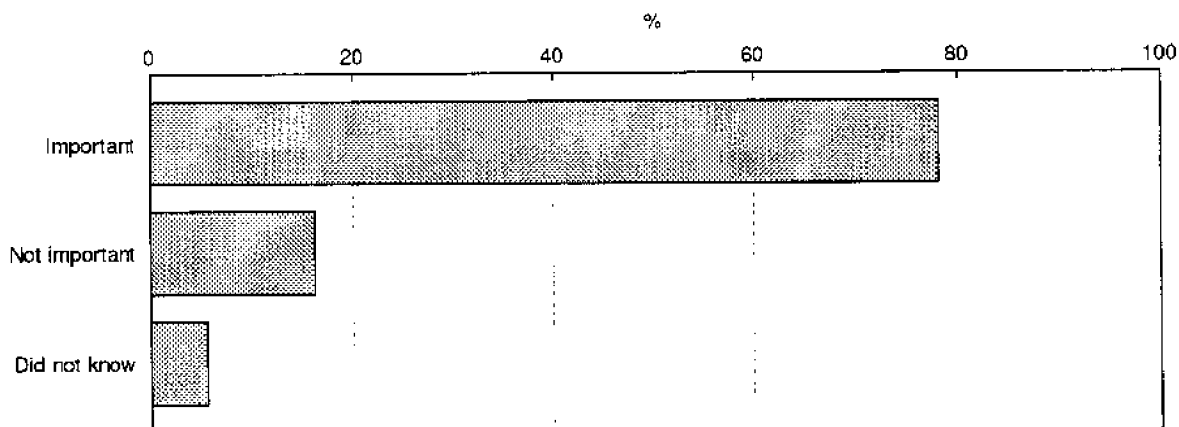
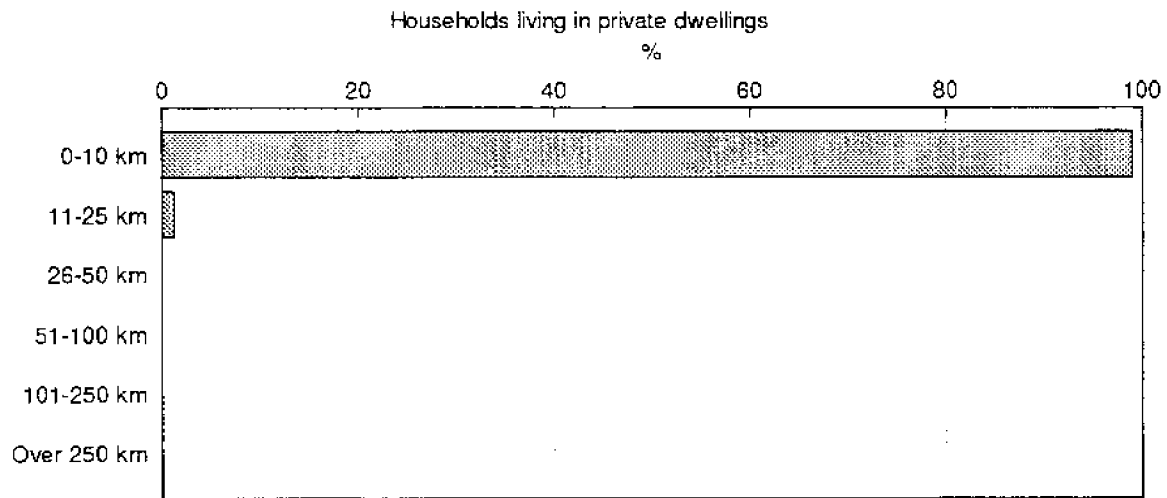


FIGURE 2.11 DISTANCE TO NEAREST COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRE



Nearest health centre

The distance that the 3,610 households had to travel to attend the nearest community health centre was estimated to be:

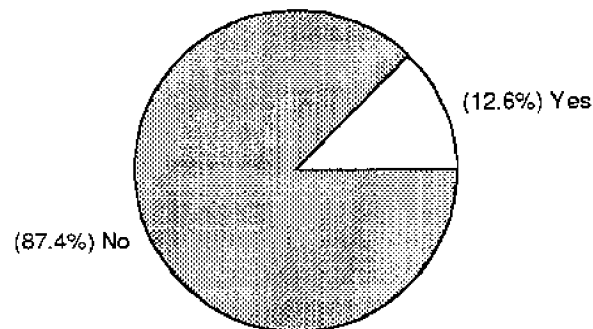
- less than 10 km (3,570 households)
- between 11 and 25 km (40** households)

Bush medicine

Some 1,240 people reported using bush medicine in the last six months.

FIGURE 2.12 USED BUSH MEDICINE (a)

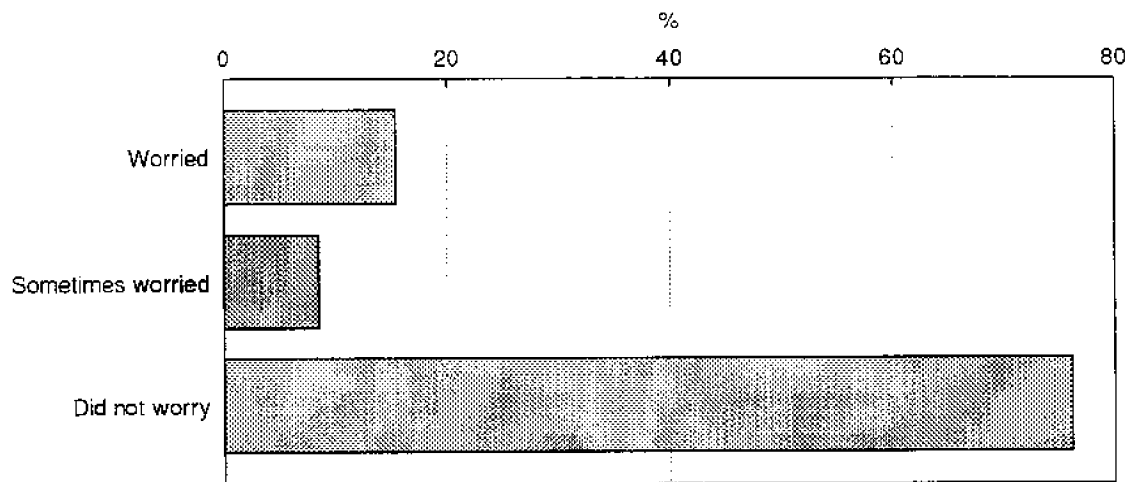
All Persons



(a) Refers to the last six months

FIGURE 2.13 WORRIED ABOUT GOING WITHOUT FOOD

Persons aged 13 years and over



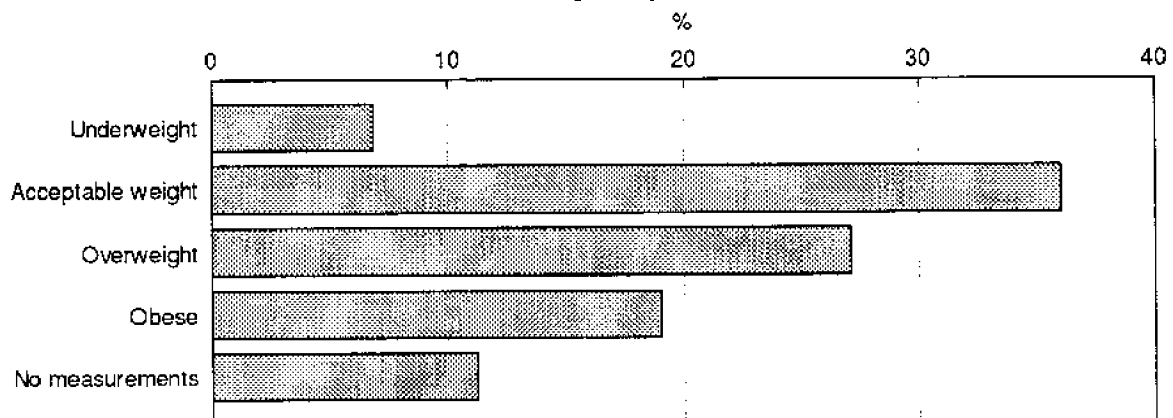
Food security Some 1,560 people aged thirteen years and over said that they worried, or sometimes worried, about going without food.

Relative weight The 5,620 people aged eighteen years and over were grouped according to their body mass index (BMI) scores. On this basis:

- 380 people were underweight
- 2,020 people were an acceptable weight
- 1,520 people were overweight
- 1,070 people were obese
- 630 people chose not to have their weight and height measurements taken

FIGURE 2.14 RELATIVE WEIGHT (a)

Persons aged 18 years and over



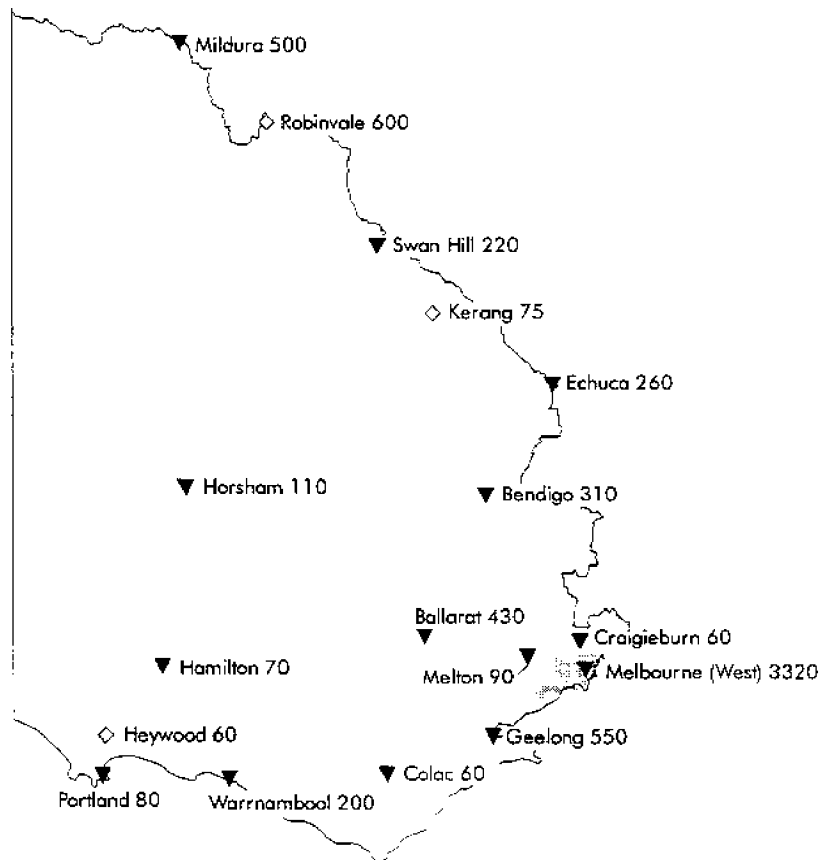
(a) Based on body mass index (BMI) score. The BMI equals a person's weight in kilograms divided by the square of the person's height in metres.



CHAPTER THREE

HOUSING

Map 4 Major Communities and Population Ballarat Region

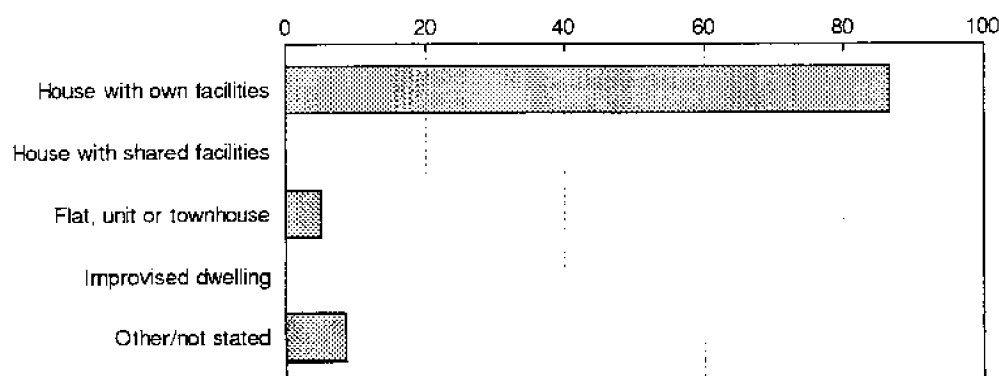


0 50 100
Kilometres

- ▼ Source: ABS 1991 Census of Population and Housing, Urban Centre/ Localities with a population greater than 50 persons and ABS Aboriginal Communities locations.
- ◇ Source: 1992 Community Housing and Infrastructure Needs Survey, Communities with a population greater than 50 persons.

FIGURE 3.1 TYPE OF DWELLING

Households living in private dwellings
%



Type of dwelling

The types of dwellings occupied by the 3,610 households living in the Ballarat region were:

- house with own facilities (3,130 households)
- flat, unit or townhouse (180 households)
- other dwelling/not stated (310 households)

Nature of occupancy

The nature of occupancy of these dwellings was:

- rented (2,380 households)
- owned (500** households)
- being purchased (590 households)
- other arrangements (130** households)

FIGURE 3.2 NATURE OF OCCUPANCY

Households living in private dwellings

%

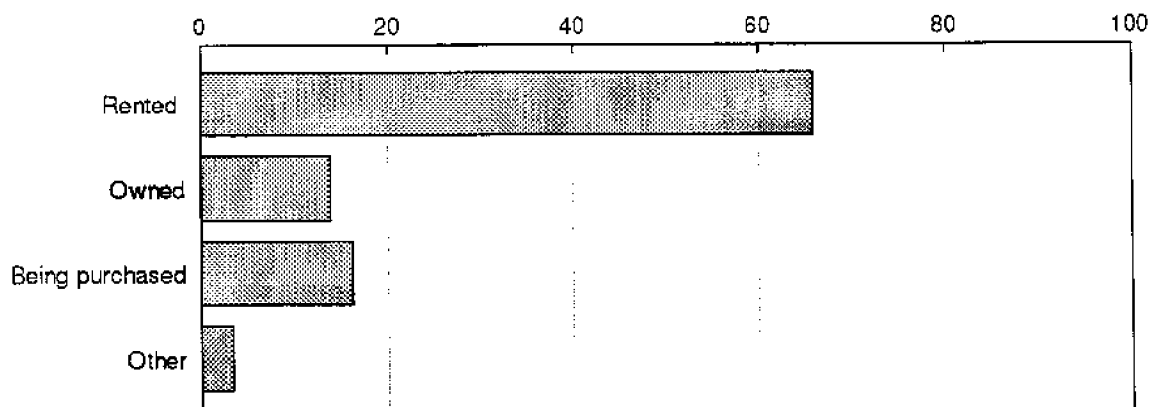
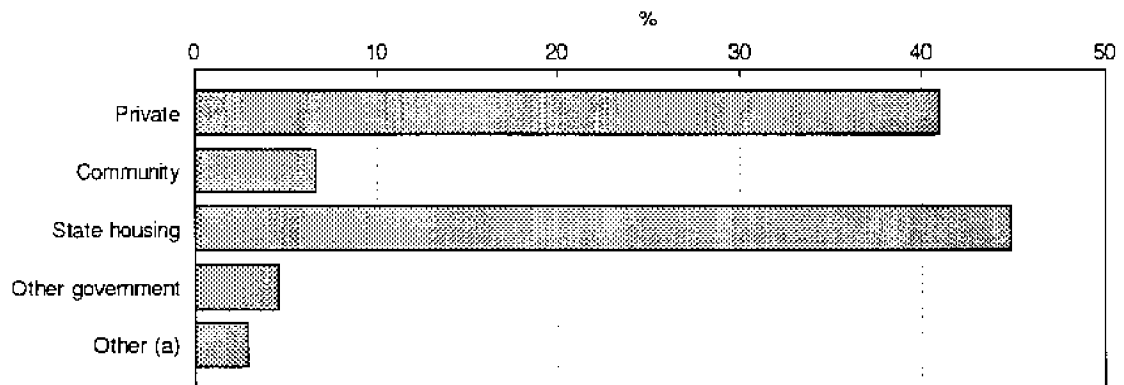


FIGURE 3.3 TYPE OF LANDLORD

Households living in rented private dwellings



(a) Includes employer provided housing and not stated

Type of landlord

The 2,380 households that were renting their dwelling reported that they were renting from:

- private landlords (980 households)
- community organisations (160** households)
- state housing authorities (1,070 households)
- other government agencies (110** households)

Weekly rent

These households reported that their weekly rent was:

- less than \$48 (310 households)
- \$48-\$77 (890 households)
- \$78-\$107 (520 households)
- \$108-\$137 (440 households)
- \$138-\$167 (190** households)
- \$168 and over (20** households)

FIGURE 3.4 WEEKLY RENT

Households living in rented private dwellings

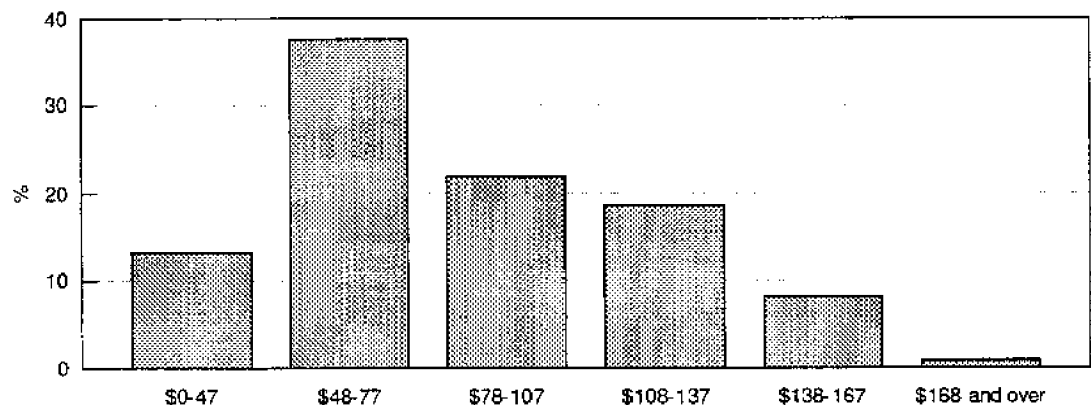
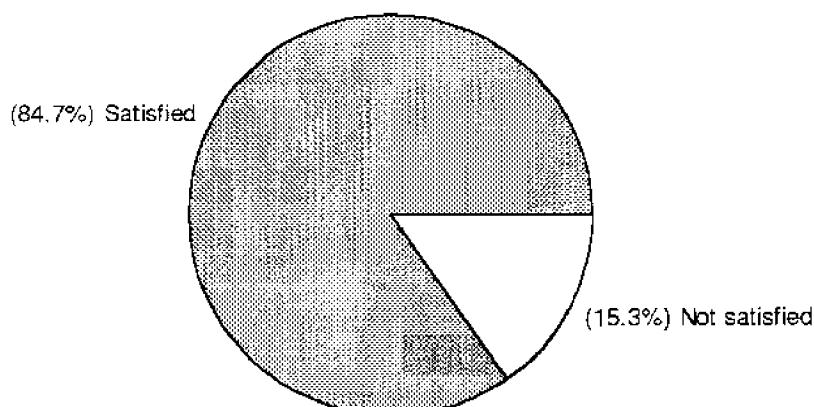


FIGURE 3.5 SATISFACTION WITH DWELLING

Households living in private dwellings



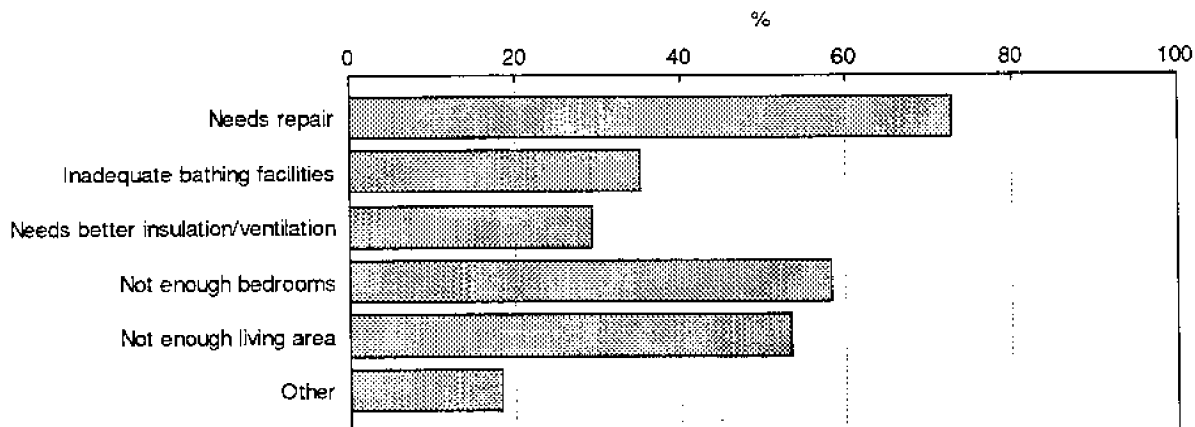
Satisfaction with dwelling Some 3,060 households reported that their current dwelling satisfied the needs of the household.

Main problems with dwelling The 550 households that were not satisfied with their current dwelling reported that the main problems with the dwelling were:

- needs repair (400 households)
- inadequate bathing facilities (190** households)
- needs better insulation/ventilation (160** households)
- not enough bedrooms (320 households)
- not enough living area (290 households)

FIGURE 3.6 MAIN PROBLEMS WITH DWELLING (a)

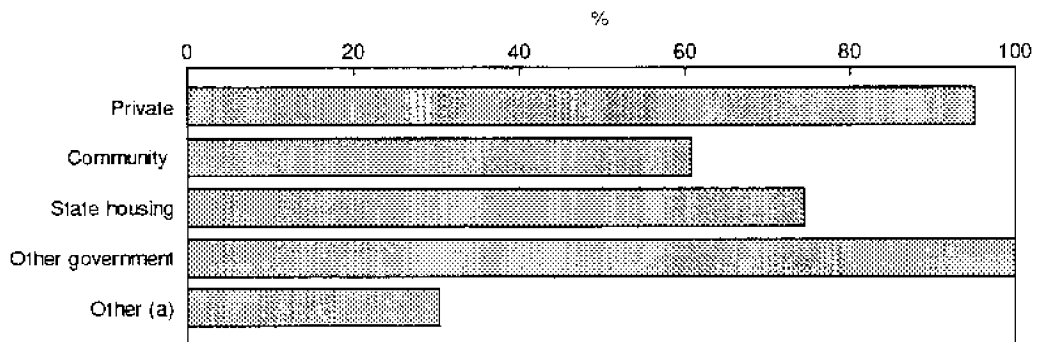
Households living in private dwellings and dissatisfied with their dwelling



(a) Households can indicate more than one problem with dwelling

FIGURE 3.7 LEVEL OF SATISFACTION BY TYPE OF LANDLORD

Households living in rented private dwellings



(a) includes employer provided housing and not stated

Level of satisfaction by type of landlord

Of those 3,060 households that were satisfied with their current dwelling, some 1,950 were renting their accommodation from:

- private landlords (930 households)
- community organisations (100** households)
- state housing authorities (800 households)
- Other government agencies (110** households)

Utilities not working in last 4 weeks

Some 490** households reported a utility not working in the last four weeks. The utilities not working were:

- toilet (260** dwellings)
- electricity/gas (70** dwellings)
- water (310 dwellings)

FIGURE 3.8 UTILITIES NOT WORKING IN LAST 4 WEEKS

Households living in private dwellings

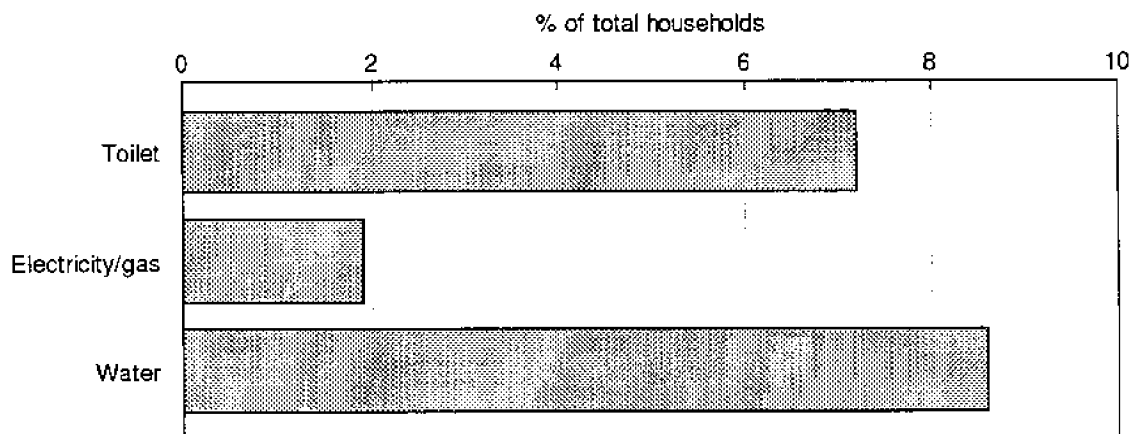
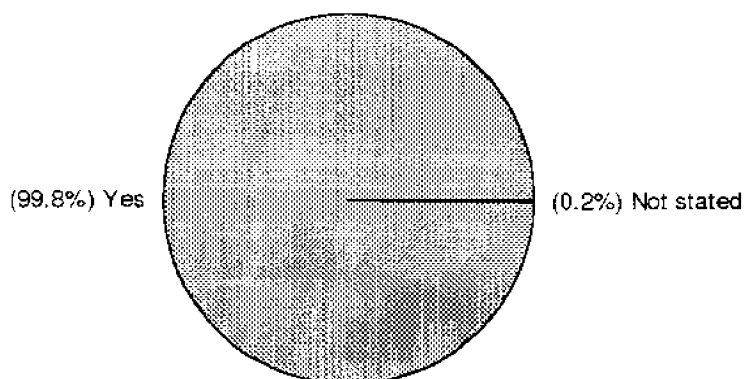


FIGURE 3.9 DWELLING HAS BATHROOM OR SHOWER

Households living in private dwellings



Bathroom or shower Some 3,600 households living in private dwellings had their own bathroom or shower.

Summary of dwelling characteristics In summary, the dwelling characteristics of the 3,610 households living in private dwellings were:

- running water connected (3,600 households)
- electricity/gas connected (3,600 households)
- garbage collected (3,490 households)
- dwelling situated on sealed road (3,080 households)
- satisfied needs of household (3,060 households)
- being rented (2,380 households)

FIGURE 3.10 SUMMARY OF DWELLING CHARACTERISTICS

Households living in private dwellings

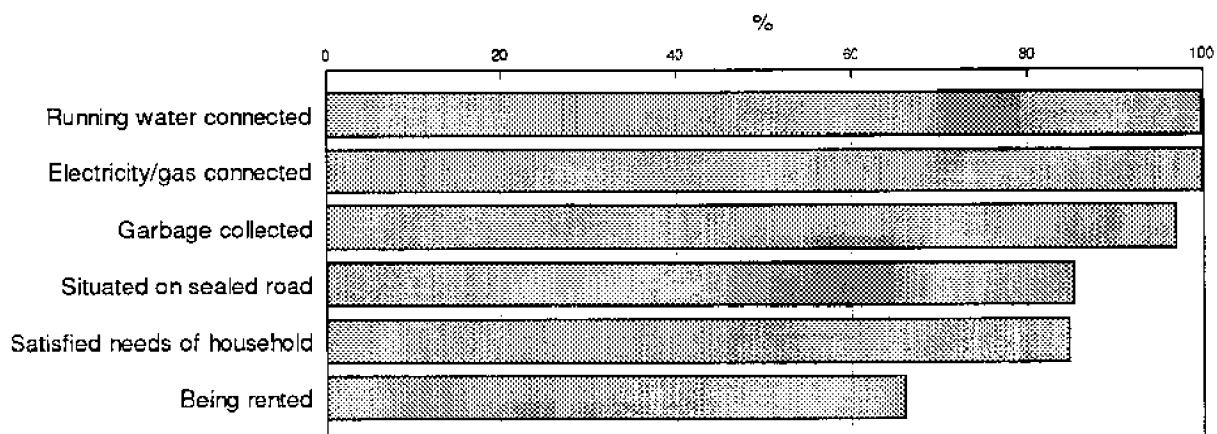
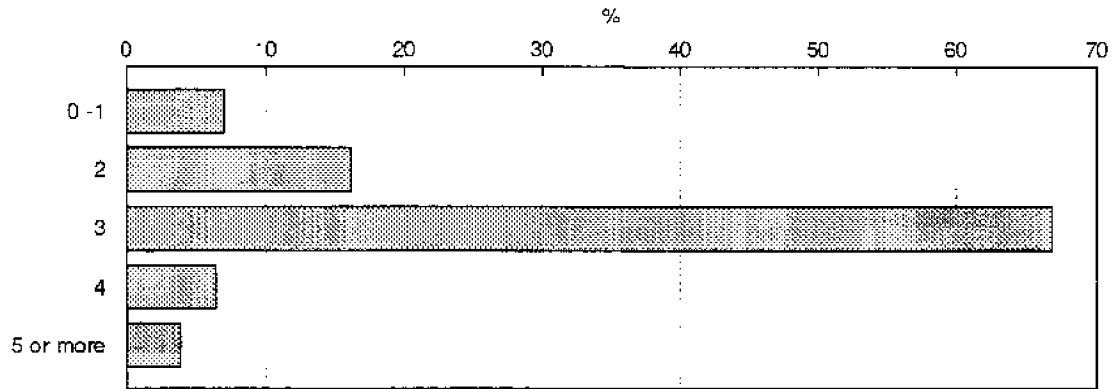


FIGURE 3.11 NUMBER OF BEDROOMS

Households living in private dwellings



Number of bedrooms

The number of bedrooms in the private dwellings was:

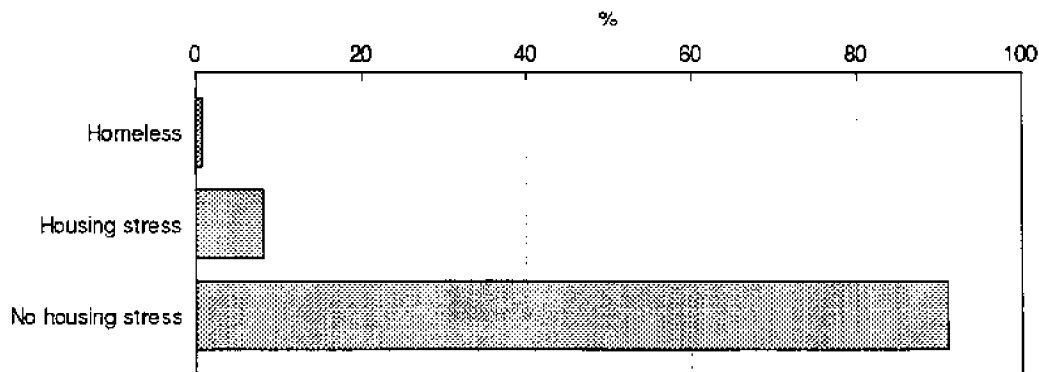
- none or one (250** households)
- two (580 households)
- three (2,410 households)
- four (230** households)
- five or more (140** households)

Housing stress

Detailed analysis of the 1991 Census of Population and Housing results for the Ballarat region (Jones, R (1994) *The Housing Need of Indigenous Australians, 1991*. Canberra: Centre for Aboriginal Economic Policy Research, ANU) concluded that some 20 families were homeless and a further 170 families were in housing stress from overcrowding.

FIGURE 3.12 HOUSING STRESS

All families



Source: 1991 Census of Population and Housing; Jones, 1994.

**1992 ATSIIC
Housing and
Community
Infrastructure
Needs Survey**

Another source of information about the condition of community infrastructure in homelands/outstations and other discrete communities is the final report of Stage 1 of the 1992 ATSIIC Housing and Community Infrastructure Needs Survey.

However, in the Ballarat Region, all of the population centres identified were located in rural urban centres and the Needs Survey did not collect detailed information about the condition of infrastructure in such centres.

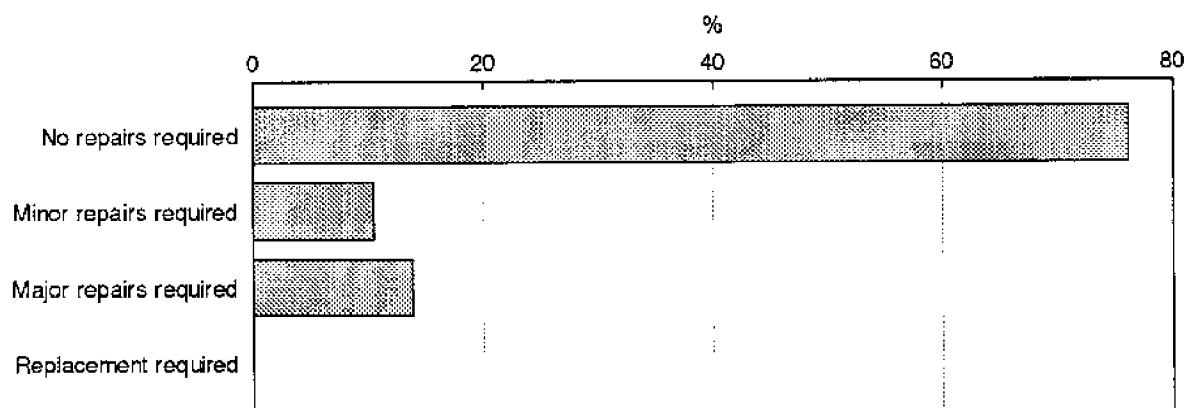
**Condition
of houses**

At the time of the Needs Survey, it was estimated that some 90 houses in the Ballarat region were owned and/or administered by Indigenous organisations. The condition of these houses was found to be:

- no repairs required (70 houses)
- minor repairs required (10 houses)
- major repairs required (10 houses)

FIGURE 3.13 CONDITION OF HOUSES (a)

Owned and/or administered by Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations



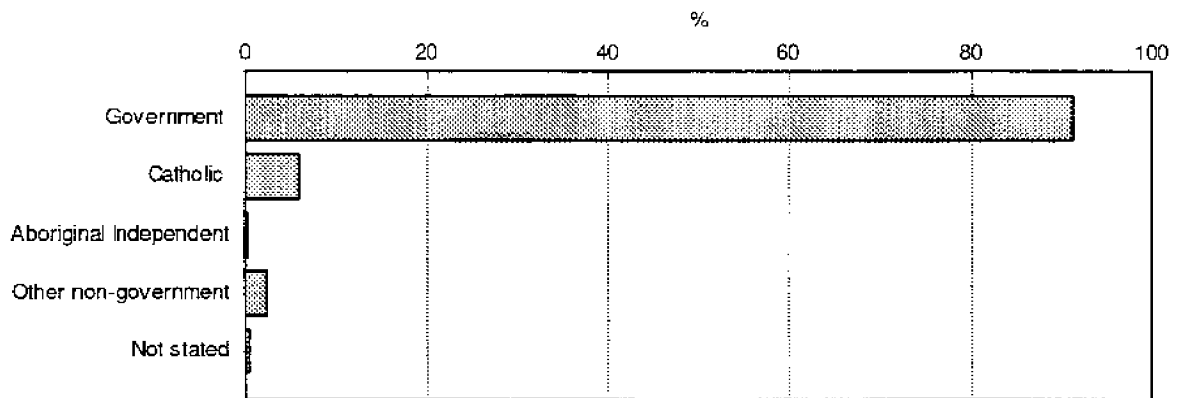
(a) Relates only to Centres surveyed

CHAPTER FOUR

EDUCATION AND TRAINING

FIGURE 4.1 TYPE OF SCHOOL ATTENDED

Primary and secondary school students



Type of school attended The type of school attended by the 2,650 primary and secondary school students was:

- government (2,420 students)
- Catholic (160** students)
- other non-government (60** students)

Level of school attended The level of school these students attended was:

- primary (1,810 students)
- secondary (850 students)

FIGURE 4.2 LEVEL OF SCHOOL ATTENDED

Primary and secondary school students

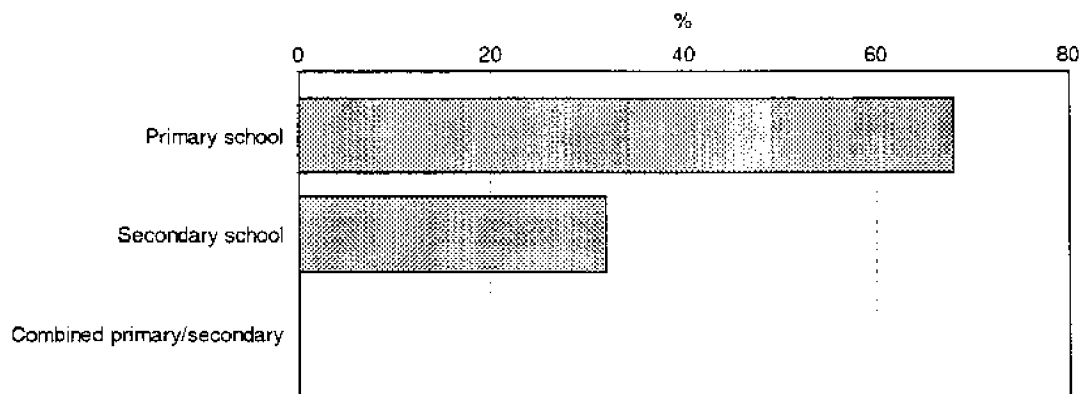
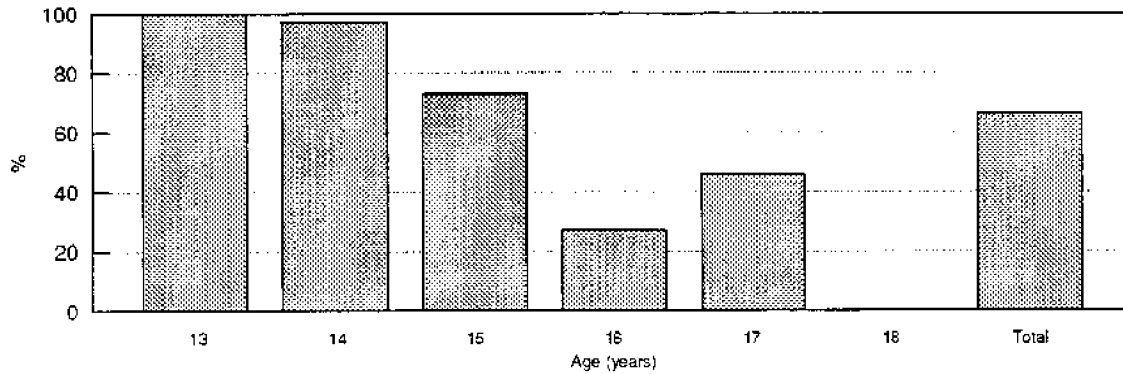


FIGURE 4.3 SCHOOL PARTICIPATION RATE (a)

Persons aged 13 to 18 years



(a) the number of enrolled school students of a particular age, expressed as a proportion of the population of the same age.

School participation rates

The overall school participation rate was calculated to be slightly less than 70 per cent. For thirteen year olds the participation rate was 100 per cent, while for sixteen and seventeen year olds the rate had fallen to around 30 per cent and 45 per cent respectively.

Characteristics of schooling

Students in the Ballarat region reported that they were:

- taught about Indigenous culture (1,050 students)
- not taught about culture but want to be (1,530 students)
- taught by an Indigenous teacher (120** students)
- taught by an Indigenous education worker (620 students)
- taught by a community member (130** students)
- taught Indigenous languages (110** students)

FIGURE 4.4 CHARACTERISTICS OF SCHOOLING

Primary and secondary school students

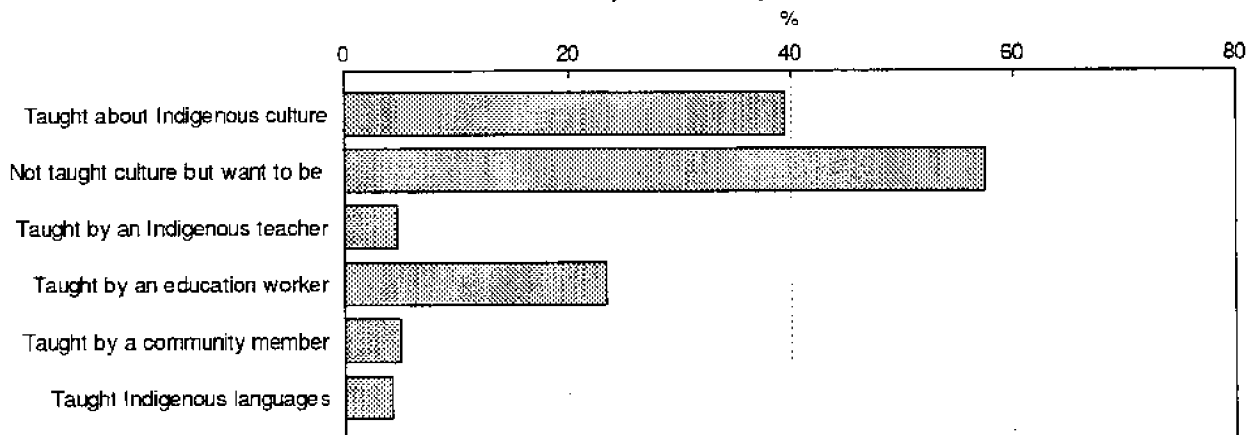
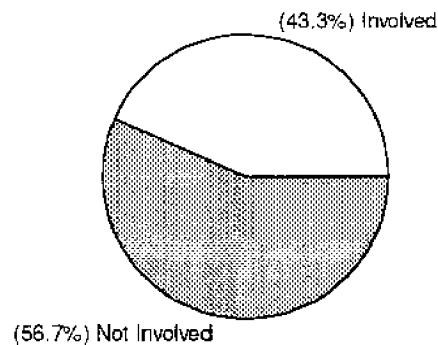


FIGURE 4.5 INVOLVEMENT IN DECISION MAKING AT CHILDREN'S SCHOOL

Persons with children attending primary or secondary school



Involvement in decision making

Some 770 of the 1,770 people with children attending primary or secondary school felt that they were involved in decision making at their children's school.

Preference for children to attend community school

Parents' preference for sending their children to an Aboriginal community controlled school was:

- yes (830 parents)
- no (600 parents)
- already attends (20** parents)

FIGURE 4.6 PREFERENCE FOR CHILDREN TO ATTEND COMMUNITY SCHOOL

Persons with children attending primary or secondary school

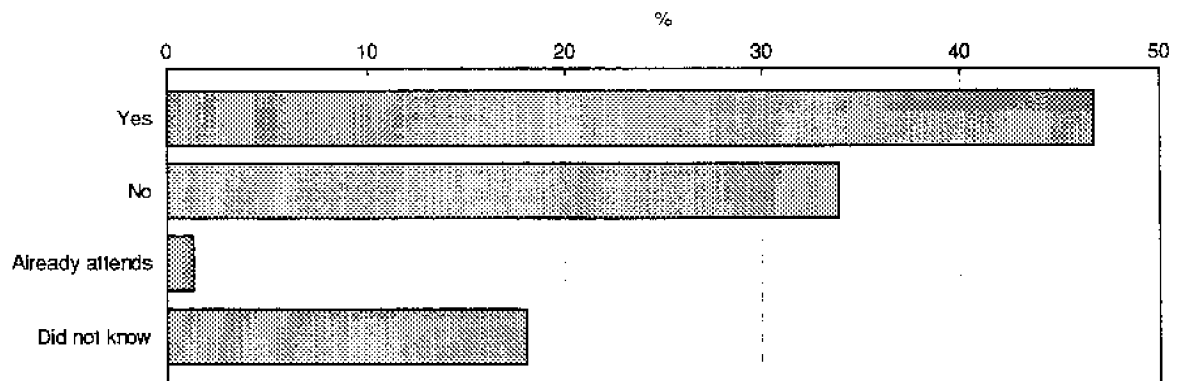
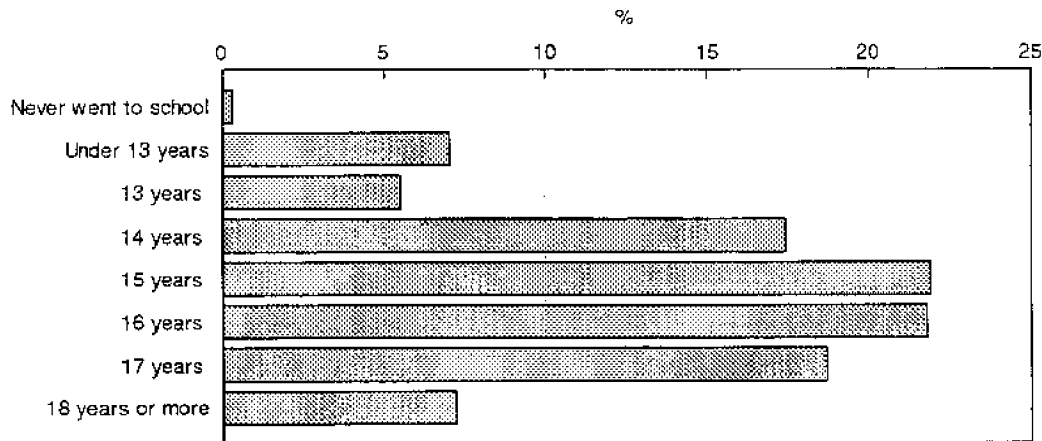


FIGURE 4.7 AGE LEFT SCHOOL

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school



Age left school

The 5,880 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school reported that the age they left school was:

- 13 years or less (730 people)
- 14 years (1,030 people)
- 15 or 16 years (2,570 people)
- 17 years or more (1520 people)

Some 20** people reported that they had never attended school.

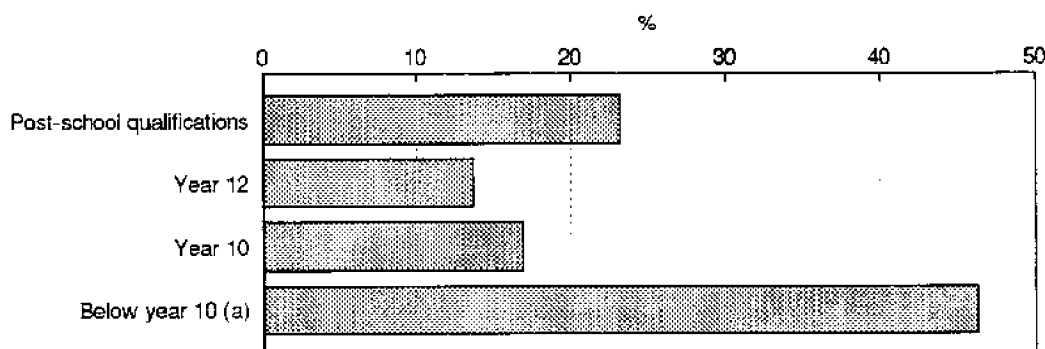
Highest level of educational attainment

The highest level of education attained by people aged fifteen years and over who had left school was:

- post-school qualifications (1,360 people)
- year 12 school certificate (800 people)
- year 10 school certificate (990 people)
- below year 10 (2,720 people)

FIGURE 4.8 HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

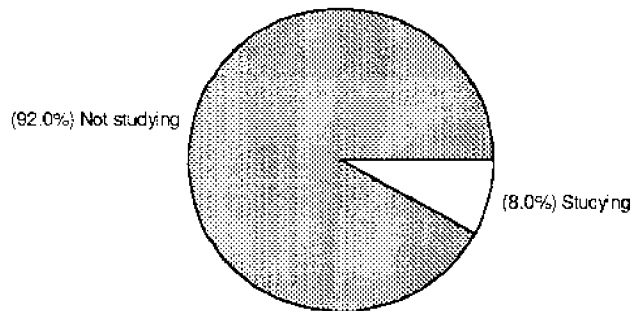
Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school



(a) includes persons with no formal education

FIGURE 4.9 POST-SCHOOL STUDY

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school



Post-school study Some 470 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school were studying for a qualification.

Main difficulty in undertaking further study or training Some 2,620 of those 3,100 people who had left school and wanted to do further study felt they would have problems attending study or training courses. The main difficulties were expected to be:

- financial problems (690 people)
- other difficulties (680 people)
- lack of transport or travel problems (430 people)
- no childcare available (330 people)

FIGURE 4.10 MAIN DIFFICULTY IN UNDERTAKING FURTHER STUDY/TRAINING

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school and felt they would have difficulty in undertaking further study/training

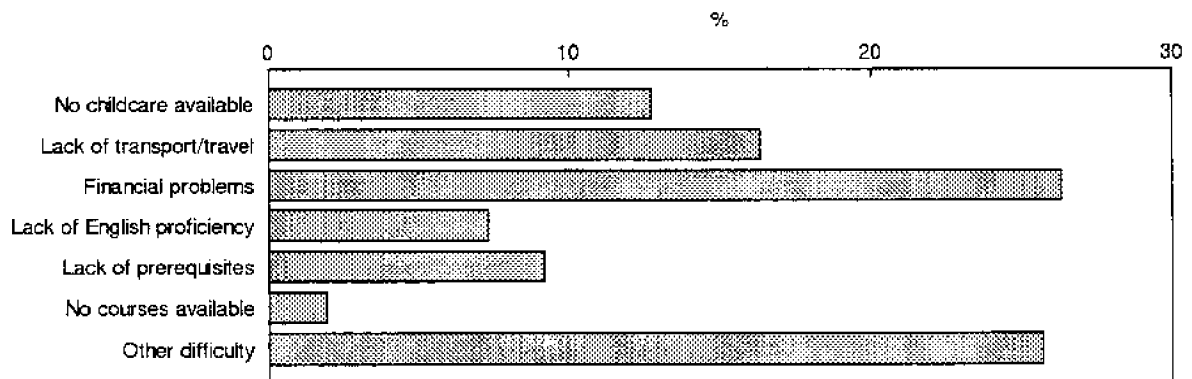
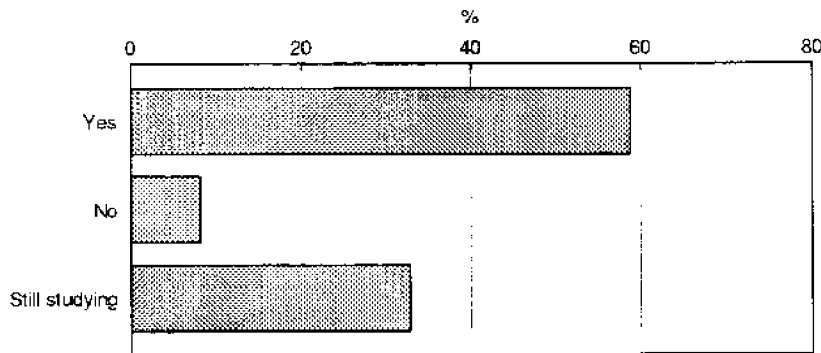


FIGURE 4.11 COMPLETION OF TRAINING COURSE IN LAST 12 MONTHS (a)

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school and attended a training course in the last 12 months



(a) Refers to main training course if more than one course was attended

Completion of training course attended in last 12 months

Some 750 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school reported that they had attended at least one training course in the last twelve months which they:

- completed (440 people)
- did not complete (60** people)
- were still studying (250** people)

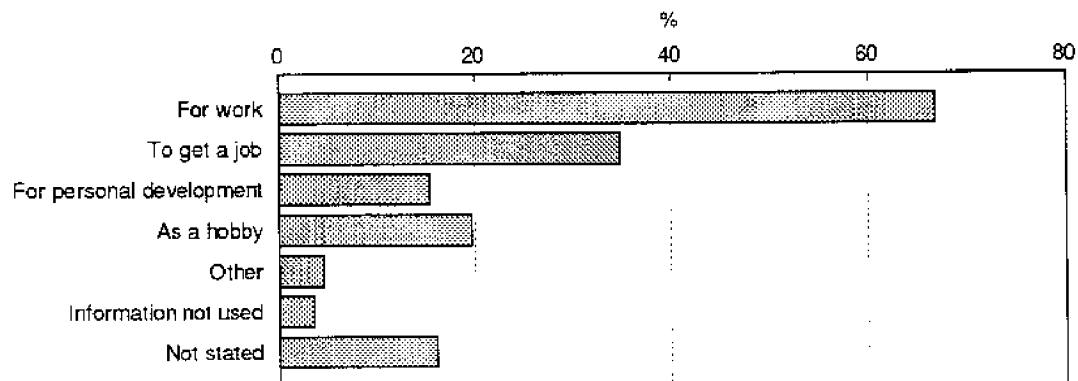
Use made of information gained from recent training course

These people reported that the information they gained from the course was used:

- for work (500 people)
- to get a job (260** people)
- as a hobby (150** people)
- for personal development (110** people)

FIGURE 4.12 USE MADE OF INFORMATION GAINED FROM RECENT TRAINING COURSE (a)

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school and attended a training course in the last 12 months



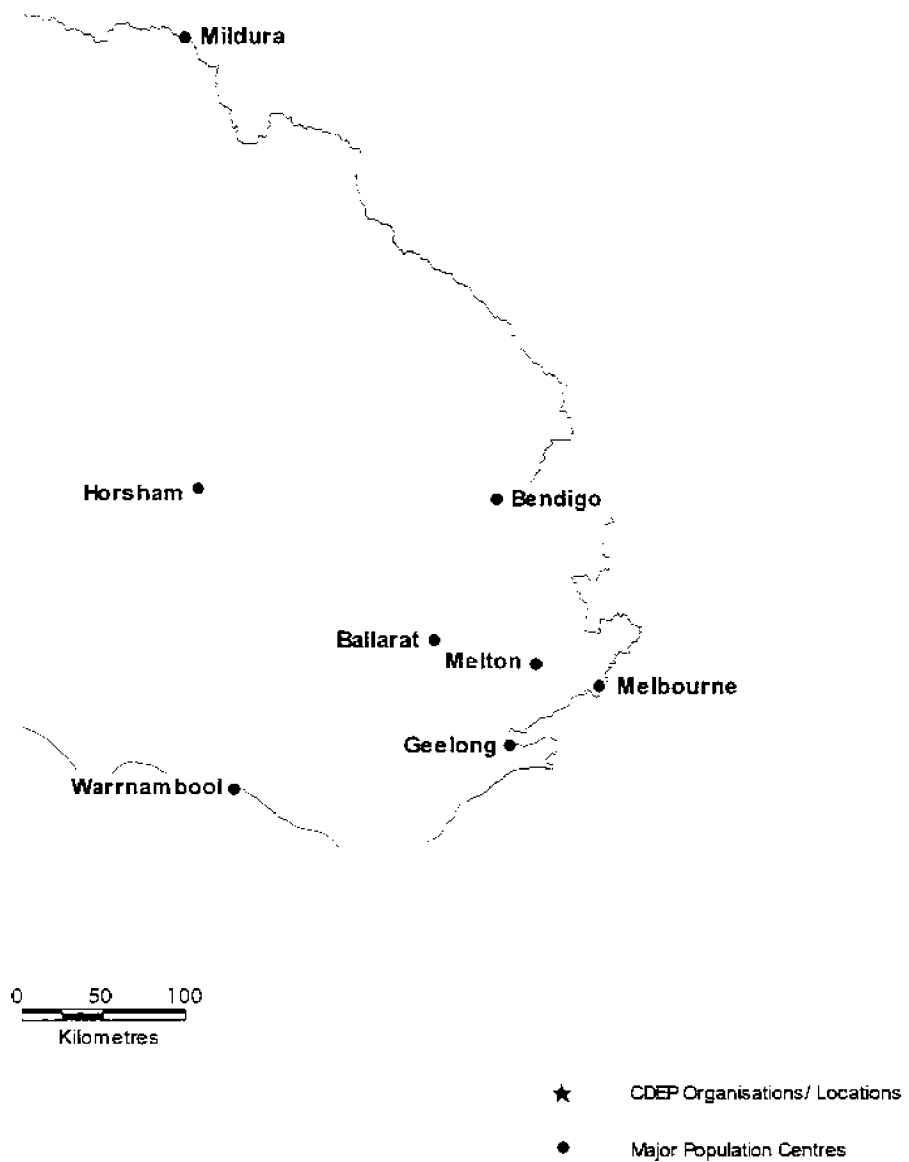
(a) Persons may have indicated more than one answer



CHAPTER FIVE

EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

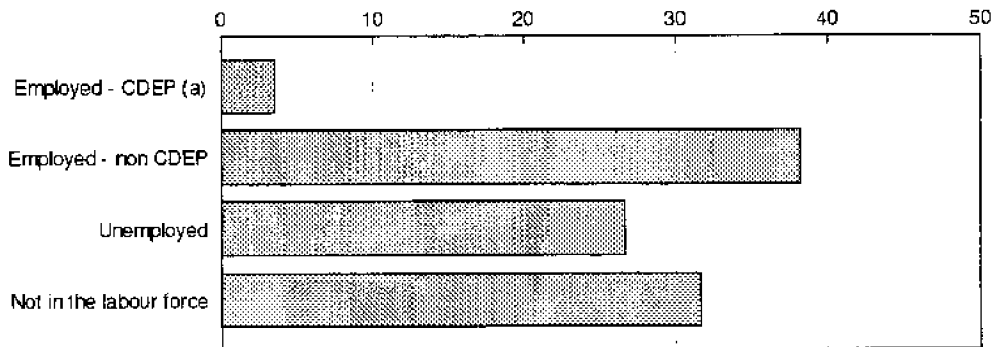
Map 5 Community Development Employment Projects Ballarat Region



Source: Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission, 1994.

FIGURE 5.1 LABOUR FORCE STATUS

Persons aged 15 years and over
%



(a) Community Development Employment Projects

Labour force status

There were some 6,140 people aged fifteen years and over in the Ballarat region. The labour force status of these people was:

- employed (2,570 people)
- unemployed (1,640 people)
- not in labour force (1,940 people)

Nature of jobs

Some 220** of the 2,570 employed people reported that they were working in a Community Development Employment Project (CDEP) scheme.

Type of employment

Those employed people reported that their type of employment was:

- full-time (1,800 people)
- part-time (650 people)

FIGURE 5.2 TYPE OF EMPLOYMENT

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

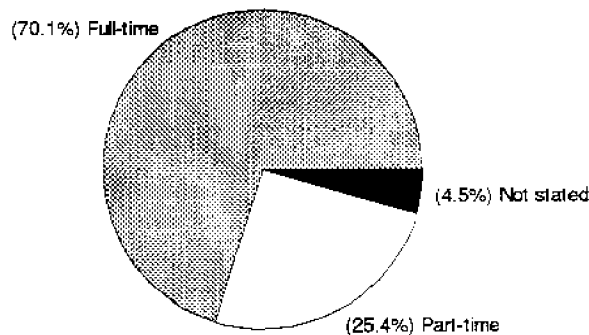
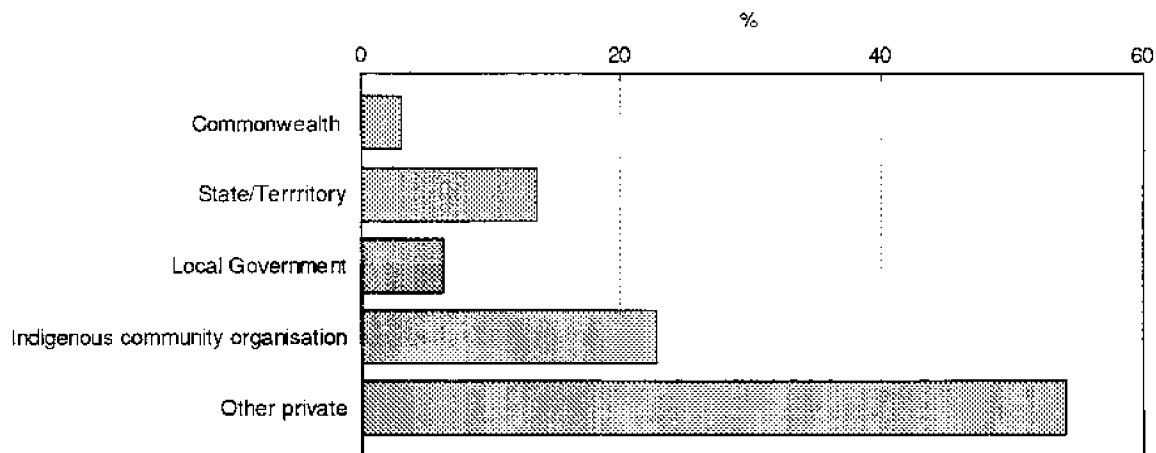


FIGURE 5.3 SECTOR OF EMPLOYMENT

Employed persons aged 15 years and over



Sector of employment

The 2,570 employed people reported that their employer was:

- Commonwealth government (80** people)
- State/Territory government (350 people)
- local government (160** people)
- Indigenous community organisation (580 people)
- other private organisation (1,390 people)

Number of hours a week usually worked

Employed people reported that the number of hours a week they usually worked was:

- 15 or fewer (430 people)
- 16-24 (120** people)
- 25-34 (100** people)
- 35 or more (1,800 people)

FIGURE 5.4 NUMBER OF HOURS A WEEK USUALLY WORKED

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

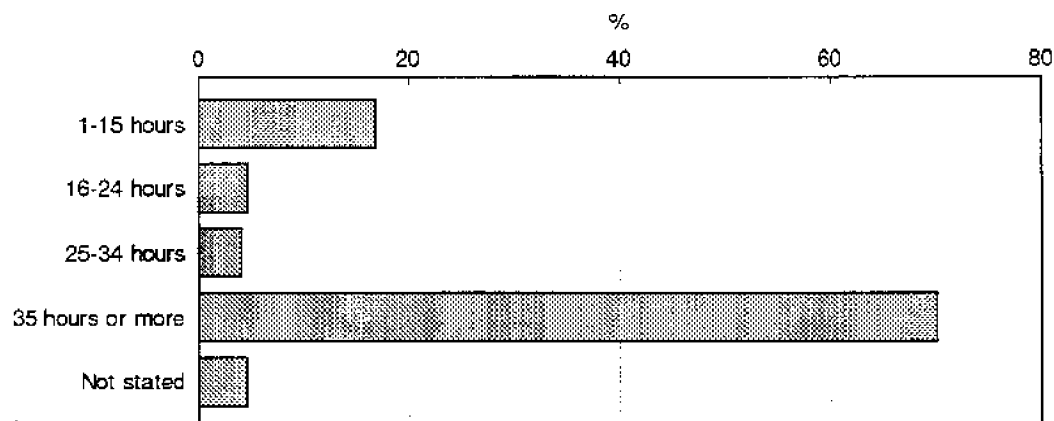
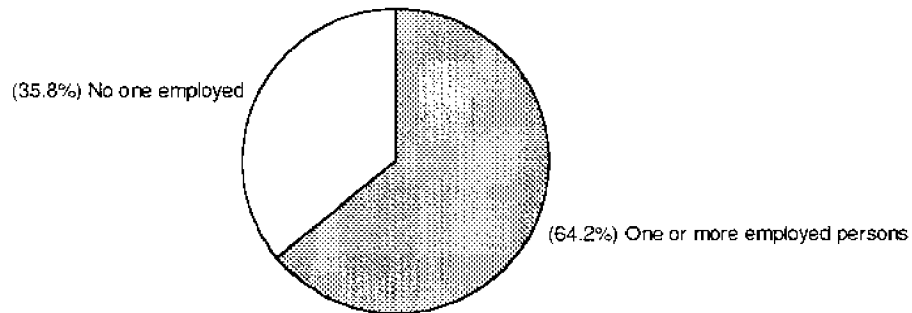


FIGURE 5.5 NUMBER OF EMPLOYED PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD

Households living in private dwellings



Number of employed persons in household

It was estimated that there were 1,290 households in which no one was working. For the remaining 2,320 households one or more people reported that they were working.

Whether work commitments allowed cultural obligations to be met

The 2,570 employed people reported that their work commitments meant that they:

- could meet cultural obligations (980 people)
- could not meet cultural obligations (900 people)

There were some 680 people who reported that they did not have cultural obligations

FIGURE 5.6 WHETHER WORK COMMITMENTS ALLOWED CULTURAL OBLIGATIONS TO BE MET

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

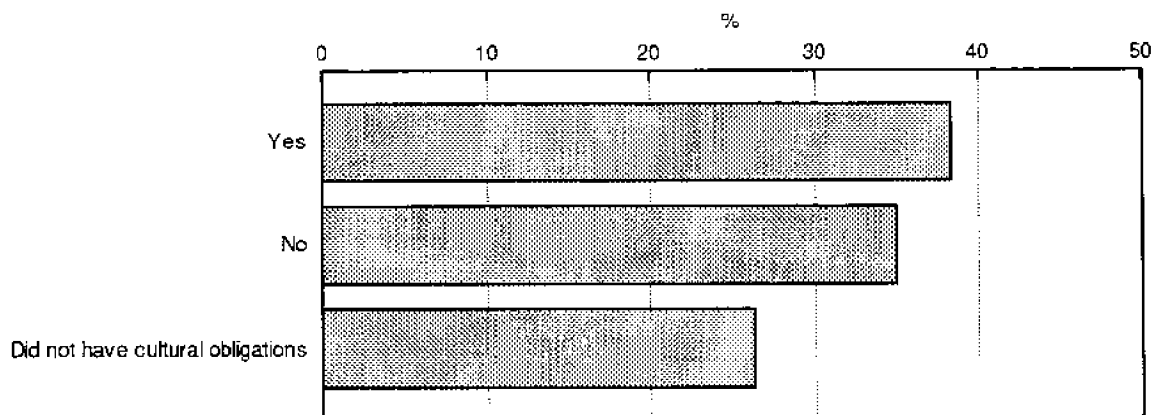
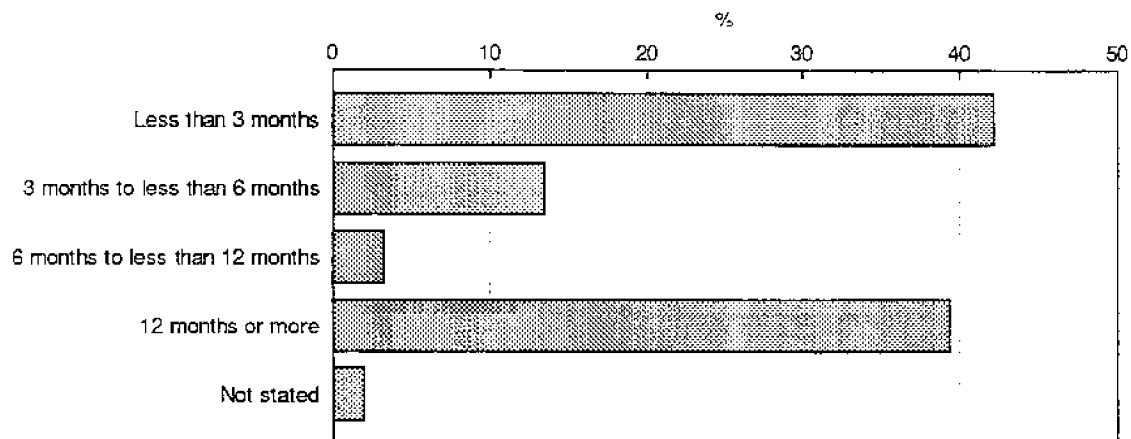


FIGURE 5.7 LENGTH OF TIME UNEMPLOYED

Unemployed persons aged 15 years and over



Length of time unemployed

The 1,640 unemployed people reported that the length of time they had been unemployed was:

- less than 3 months (690 people)
- 3 months to less than 6 months (220** people)
- 6 months to less than 12 months (50** people)
- 12 months or more (640 people)

Main difficulty in finding a job

The main difficulty that these unemployed people experienced in finding a job was:

- insufficient education, training or skills (620 people)
- no jobs in local area or line of work (290 people)
- racial discrimination (260** people)
- childcare (110** people)

FIGURE 5.8 MAIN DIFFICULTY IN FINDING A JOB

Unemployed persons aged 15 years and over

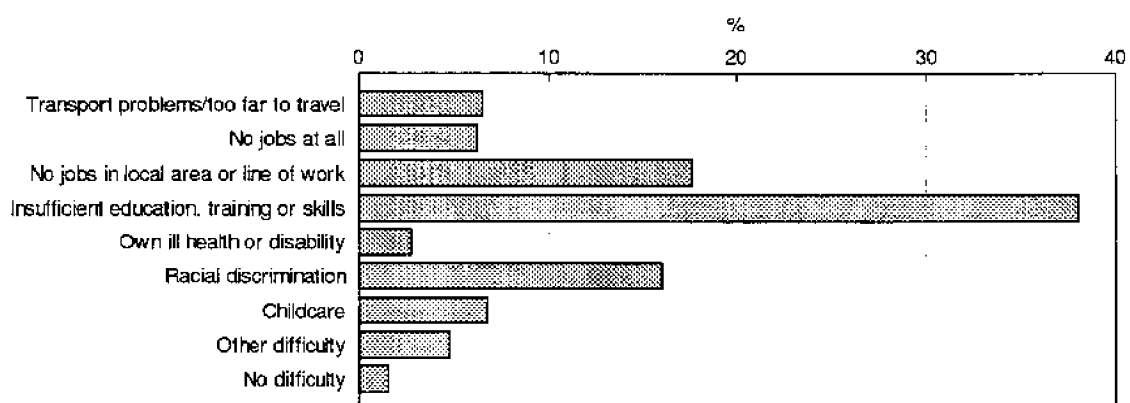
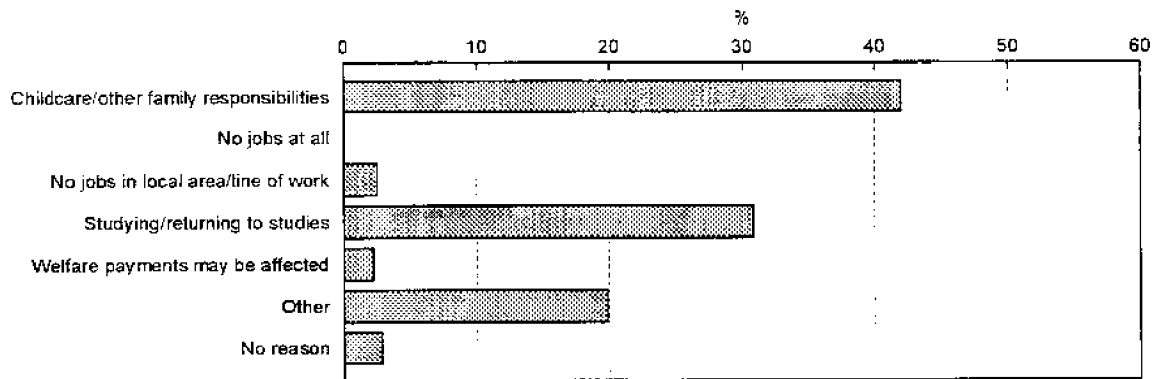


FIGURE 5.9 MAIN REASON NOT LOOKING FOR WORK

Persons aged 15 years and over not in the labour force but who wanted a job



Persons not in the labour force who want a job

Some 830 of those 1,940 people not in the labour force, that is, not working and not looking for work, said they wanted a job. The main reason for not looking for work was:

- childcare and other family responsibilities (350 people)
- studying or returning to study (260** people)
- no jobs in local area/line of work (20** people)

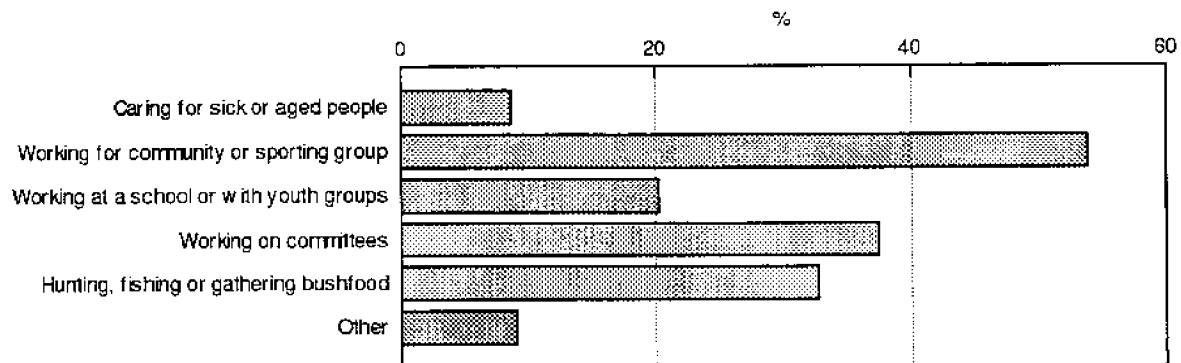
Voluntary work

Some 2,070 people aged fifteen years and older said that they were engaged in voluntary work. The type of voluntary work undertaken was:

- caring for sick or aged people (180** people)
- working for community or sporting organisation (1,110 people)
- working at a school or with youth groups (420 people)
- working on committees (780 people)
- hunting, fishing or gathering bush food (680 people)

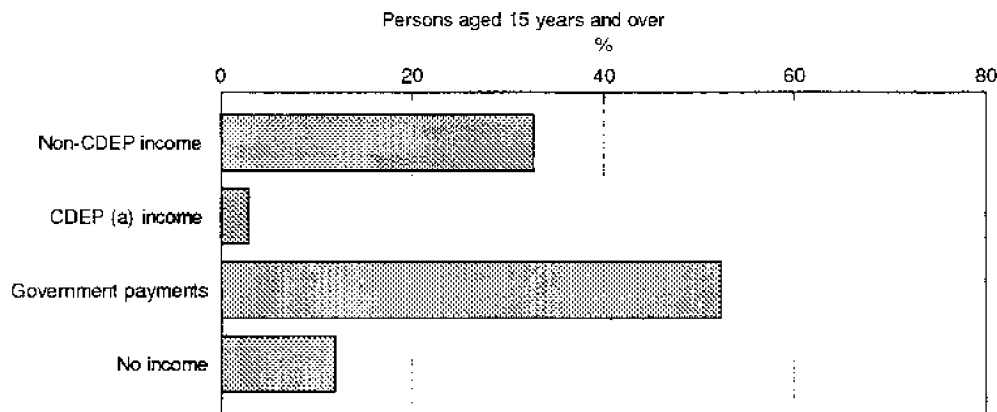
FIGURE 5.10 TYPE OF VOLUNTARY WORK UNDERTAKEN (a)

Persons aged 15 years and over who undertook voluntary work



(a) Persons may have given more than one answer

FIGURE 5.11 MAIN SOURCE OF INCOME



(a) Community Development Employment Projects

Main source of income The 6,140 people aged fifteen years and over reported that their main source of income was:

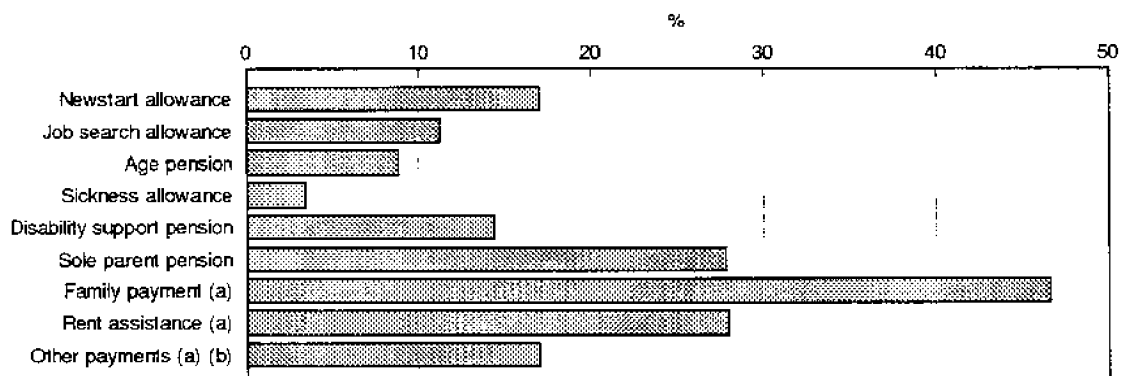
- non-CDEP employment (2,010 people)
- CDEP employment (170** people)
- government payments (3,220 people)
- no income (730 people)

Government payments received It was estimated that some 3,630 people aged fifteen years and over received government allowances, pensions and other payments. The main types of payments received were

- family payment (1,700 people)
- sole parent pension (1,010 people)
- rent assistance (1,010 people)
- Newstart allowance (620 people)
- disability support (520 people)
- Jobsearch allowance (410 people)
- age pension(320 people)
- Abstudy(310 people)

FIGURE 5.12 TYPE OF GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS RECEIVED

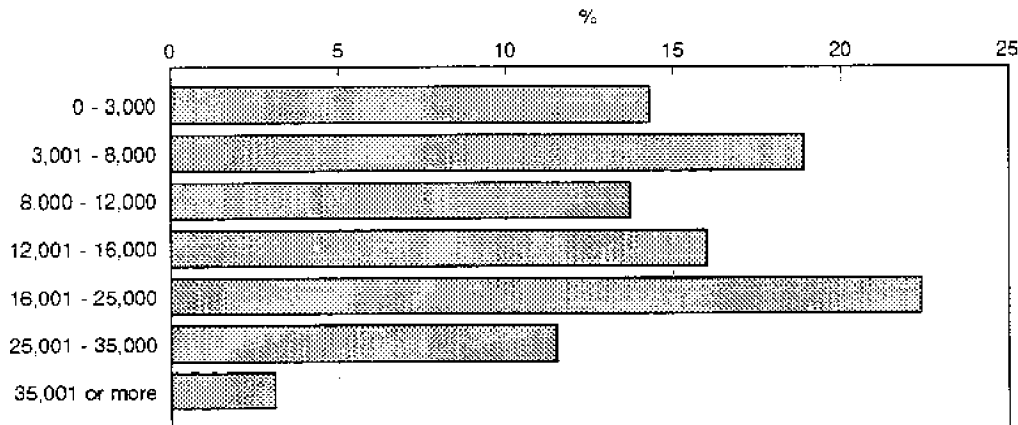
Persons aged 15 years and over who received government payments



(a) Persons may have received an allowance or pension in addition to one or more of these payments (b) Includes Abstudy

FIGURE 5.13 ANNUAL PERSONAL INCOME (\$)

Persons aged 15 years and over



Personal income The 6,140 people aged fifteen years and older reported that their annual personal income (\$) was:

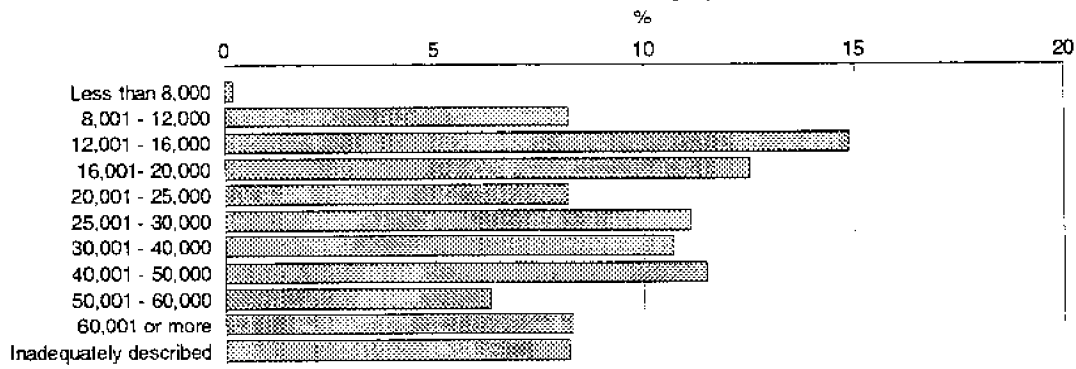
- less than 3,000 (880 people)
- 3,001 - 8,000 (1,160 people)
- 8,001 - 12,000 (840 people)
- 12,001 - 16,000 (980 people)
- 16,001 - 25,000 (1,370 people)
- 25,001 - 35,000 (710 people)
- 35,001 or more (190** people)

Household income The annual income (\$) of the 3,610 households was estimated to be:

- less than 12,000 (300 h'holds)
- 12,001 - 16,000 (540 h'holds)
- 16,001 - 20,000 (450 h'holds)
- 20,001 - 25,000 (300 h'holds)
- 25,001 - 30,000 (400 h'holds)
- 30,001 - 40,000 (390 h'holds)
- 40,001 - 50,000 (420 h'holds)
- 50,001 - 60,000 (230** h'holds)
- 60,001 or more (300 h'holds)
- Inadequately described (300 h'holds)

FIGURE 5.14 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME (\$)

Households living in private dwellings



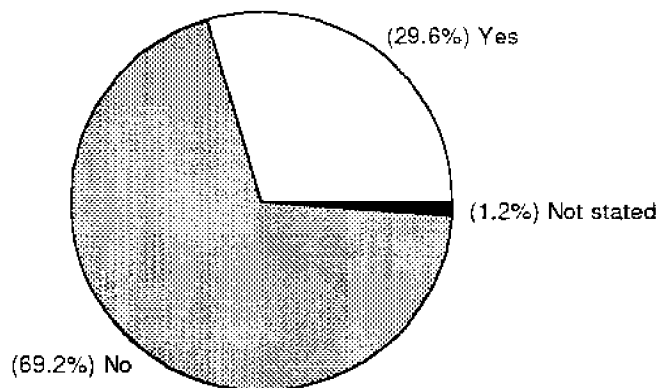


CHAPTER SIX

LAW AND JUSTICE

FIGURE 6.1 NEEDED LEGAL SERVICES IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Needed legal services

Some 1,940 of the 6,570 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they needed to use legal services in the last twelve months.

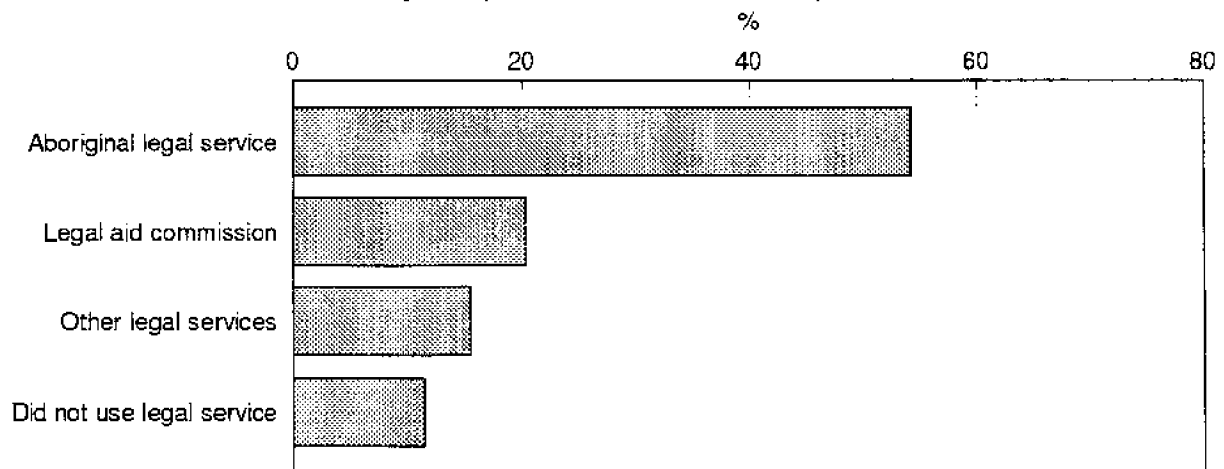
Types of legal services used

Of the 1,940 people who reported that they needed to use legal services some 220** people indicated that they did not use a legal service. The main types of legal services used were:

- Aboriginal legal service (1,060 people)
- legal aid commission (400 people)
- other legal services (300 people)

FIGURE 6.2 TYPES OF LEGAL SERVICES USED (a)

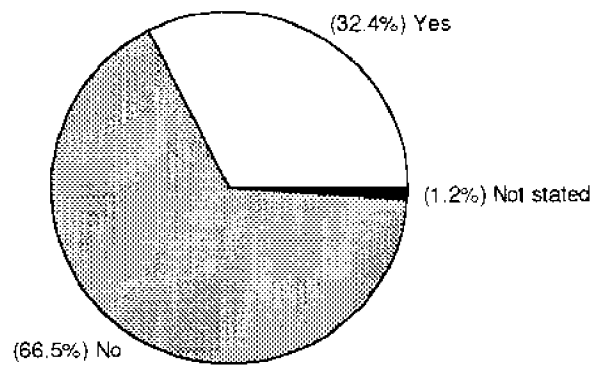
Persons aged 13 years and over who needed legal services in the last 12 months



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one type of legal service.

FIGURE 6.3 PHYSICALLY ATTACKED OR VERBALLY THREATENED (a)

Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) During the last 12 months

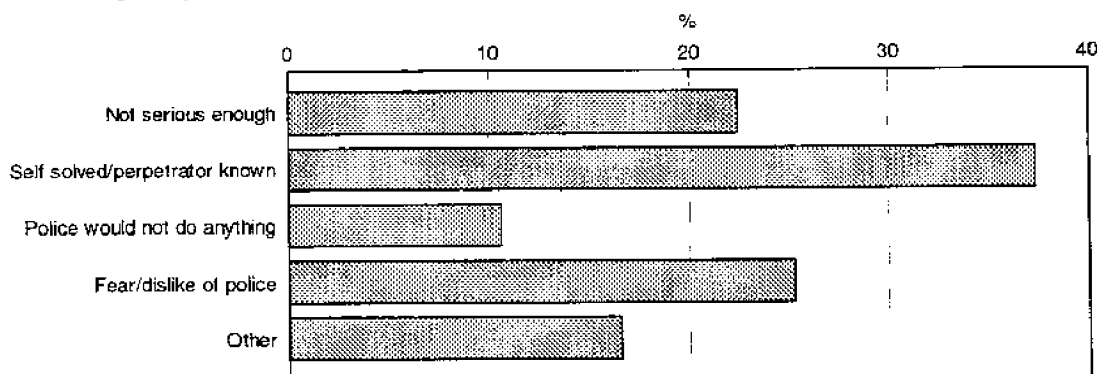
Personal safety Some 2,130 people aged thirteen years and over reported being physically attacked or verbally threatened in the last twelve months.

Reasons for not reporting last incident to police Some 1,480 of those people who said they were physically attacked or verbally threatened did not report their last attack to the police. The main reasons for not doing so were:

- solved it themselves/perpetrator known to them (550 people)
- fear/dislike of police (370 people)
- not serious enough (330 people)
- police would not do anything (160** people)

FIGURE 6.4 REASONS FOR NOT REPORTING LAST INCIDENT TO POLICE (a)

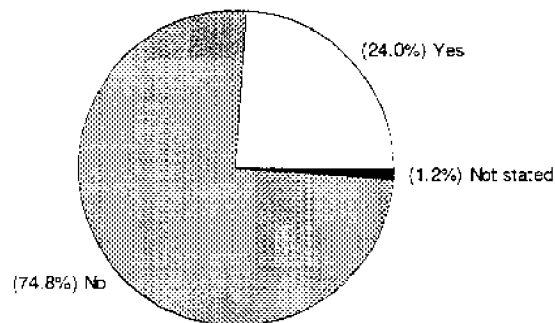
Persons aged 13 years and over who had been attacked in the last 12 months but did not report last incident to Police



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one reason

FIGURE 6.5 ARRESTED IN THE LAST 5 YEARS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Arrested in last 5 years

Some 1,580 people aged thirteen years and over said that they had been arrested in the last five years. The number of times they reported they had been arrested was:

- one (400 people)
- two (330 people)
- three (190** people)
- four or more (650 people)

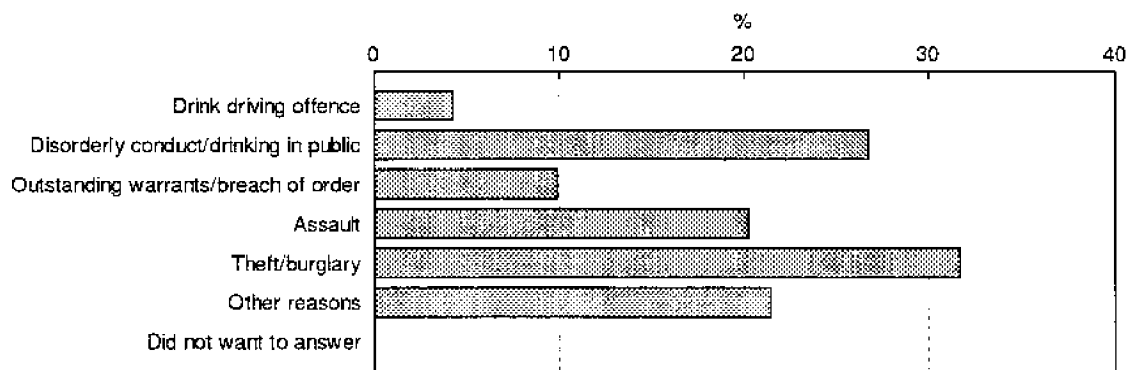
Reasons for last arrest

Those people who had been arrested reported that the main reasons for their last arrest were:

- theft/burglary (500 people)
- disorderly conduct/drinking in a public place (420 people)
- assault/assault with grievous bodily harm (320 people)

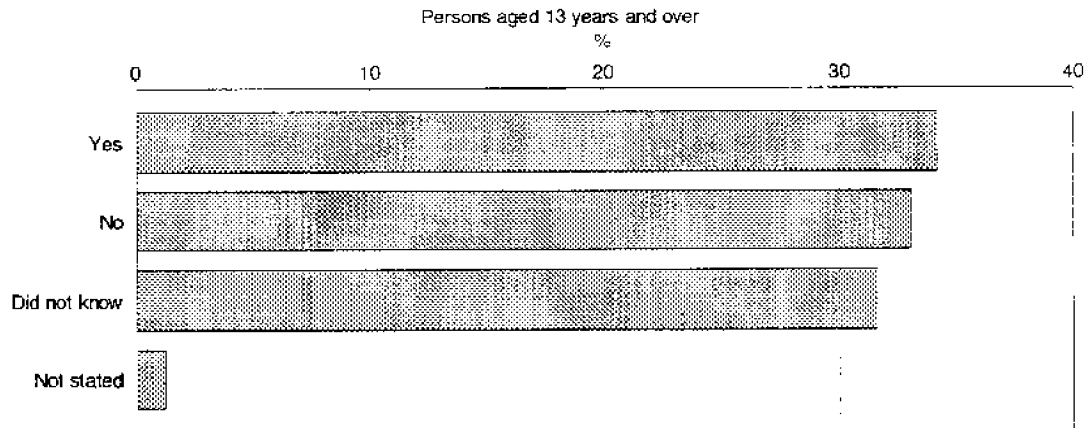
FIGURE 6.6 REASONS FOR LAST ARREST (a)

Persons aged 13 years and over who had been arrested in the last 5 years



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one reason

FIGURE 6.7 FAMILY VIOLENCE WAS A COMMON PROBLEM IN THE LOCAL AREA



Whether family violence was a common problem

When asked whether they thought family violence was a common problem in the Ballarat

- 2,250 people aged 13 years and over said yes
- 2,170 people said no
- 2,080 people said they did not know

Whether police did a good job dealing with family violence

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with family violence:

- 1,880 people aged 13 years and over said no
- 1,760 people said yes
- 270** people said police sometimes did a good job
- 2,580 people said they did not know

FIGURE 6.8 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH FAMILY VIOLENCE

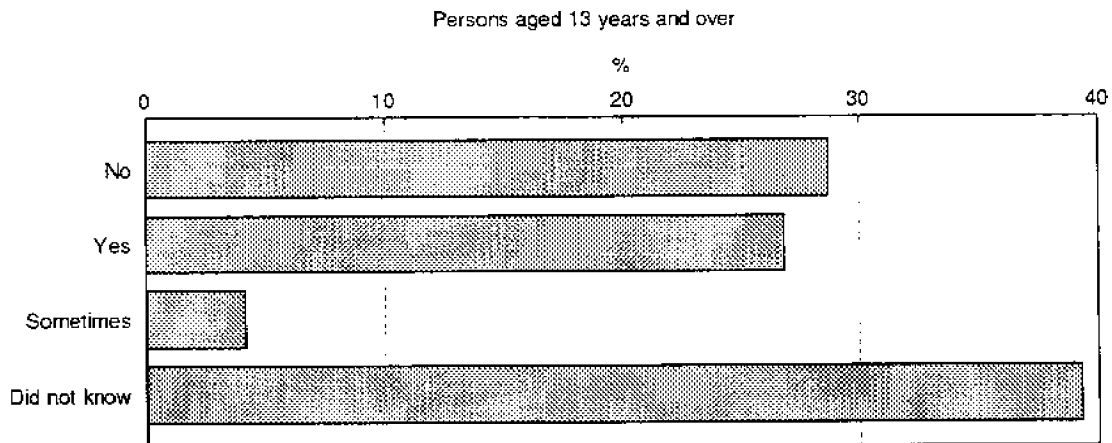
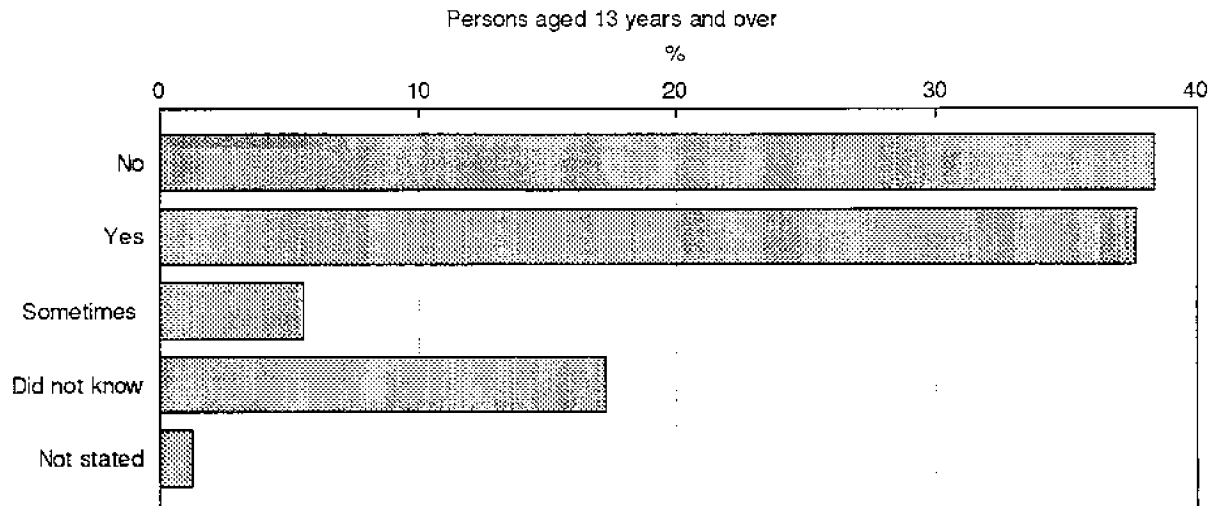


FIGURE 6.9 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH CRIME



Perceptions of police dealing with crime

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with crime:

- 2,520 people aged 13 years and over said no
- 2,480 people said yes
- 360 people said sometimes
- 1,130 people said they did not know

Perceptions of police dealing with violence

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with violence:

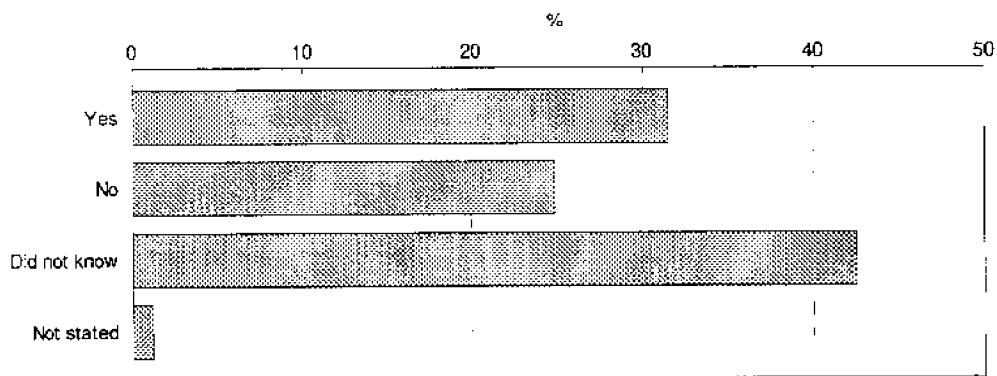
- 1,930 people aged 13 years and over said no
- 2,690 people said yes
- 190** people said sometimes
- 1,680 people said they did not know

FIGURE 6.10 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH VIOLENCE



FIGURE 6.11 INDIGENOUS POLICE IN LOCAL AREA

Persons aged 13 years and over



Whether there were Indigenous police in local area

People aged thirteen years and over were asked whether there were Indigenous people working in their local area as police aides, police liaison officers or police officers. The responses were:

- yes (2,070 people)
- no (1,640 people)
- did not know (2,790 people)

Whether local Indigenous police did a good job

The views of the 2,070 people on whether Indigenous police aides, police liaison officers and police officers did a good job were:

- yes (1,030 people)
- no (590 people)
- sometimes (170** people)
- did not know (280** people)

FIGURE 6.12 LOCAL INDIGENOUS POLICE DID A GOOD JOB

Persons aged 13 years and over who reported that there were Indigenous police in the local area

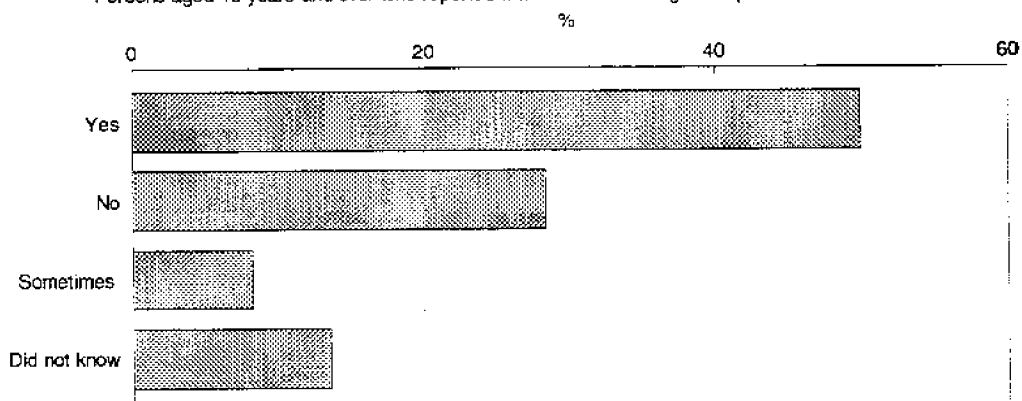
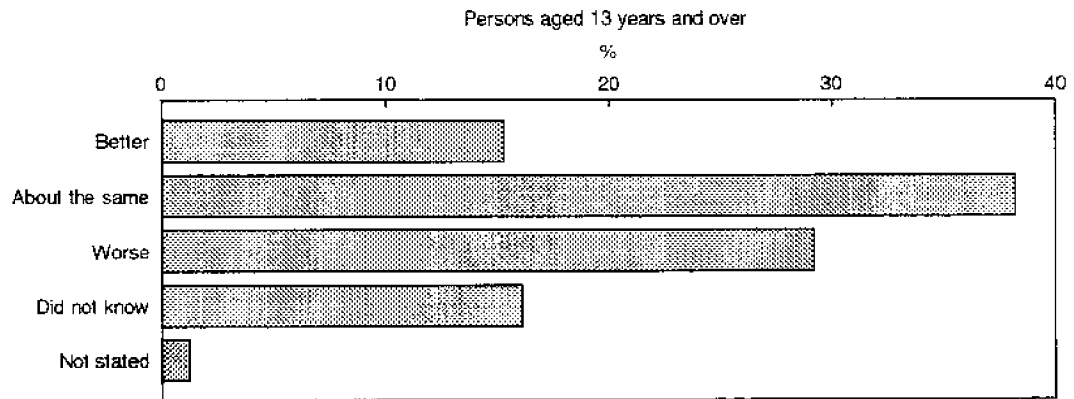


FIGURE 6.13 PERCEPTION OF CURRENT RELATIONS WITH POLICE (a)



(a) Compared to 5 years ago

Perceptions of current relations with police compared to 5 years ago

People aged thirteen years and over stated that current relations with police compared to five years ago were:

- better (1,010 people)
- about the same (2,510 people)
- worse (1,920 people)
- did not know (1,060 people)

Whether voted in last elections

The reported voting patterns of the 5,620 people aged eighteen years and over were:

- 3,760 people voted in the last Federal election
- 3,270 people voted in the last State election
- 1,760 people voted in the last ATSIC election

FIGURE 6.14 VOTED IN LAST ELECTIONS



APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: FAMILIES

Area	Family Type			Family Members		Total Families (^{'000})
	One parent families (%)	Couple only families (%)	Two parent families (%)	All Indigenous (%)	Indigenous and non-Indigenous (%)	
Queanbeyan	32.2	**9.5	52.2	55.1	44.9	2.1
Bourke	27.2	14.5	52.8	91.3	**8.7	1.7
Coffs Harbour	31.6	12.0	52.7	55.4	44.6	5.4
Sydney	26.5	19.2	50.8	36.7	63.3	7.8
Tamworth	32.6	14.5	47.4	86.3	13.7	2.6
Wagga Wagga	28.6	17.3	48.7	48.8	51.2	4.8
Wangaratta	25.1	**11.1	58.9	31.6	68.4	2.9
Ballarat	34.7	24.8	39.8	33.8	66.2	3.4
Brisbane	31.6	14.1	48.7	36.2	63.8	5.9
Cairns	28.8	10.6	53.7	71.4	28.6	3.5
Mt Isa	26.7	**11.0	61.6	89.8	**10.2	1.4
Cooktown	31.1	15.6	50.8	96.1	**3.9	1.7
Rockhampton	15.1	20.8	60.7	43.1	56.9	2.9
Roma	25.9	**6.7	67.4	51.1	48.9	1.9
Townsville	25.9	**10.3	63.1	61.5	38.5	3.0
Torres Strait area	21.8	20.7	56.7	93.0	7.0	1.7
Adelaide	46.6	**9.9	40.5	52.7	47.3	3.2
Ceduna	27.8	22.0	46.5	82.0	18.0	0.5
Port Augusta	24.0	12.9	57.7	82.7	17.3	1.5
Perth	29.5	13.7	56.1	54.2	45.8	3.7
Broome	40.1	15.5	44.4	80.6	19.4	1.0
Kununurra	23.9	18.6	55.6	93.0	**7.0	1.0
Warburton	25.4	15.1	55.4	100.0	**0.0	0.7
Narrogin	23.2	**3.9	68.5	76.9	23.1	1.4
South Hedland	32.8	10.2	54.8	58.6	41.4	1.4
Derby	33.6	16.5	49.9	95.1	**4.9	1.1
Kalgoorlie	23.4	15.0	59.1	75.2	24.8	0.6
Geraldton	36.4	18.6	41.1	90.6	9.4	1.3
Hobart	18.6	24.7	54.9	19.4	80.6	4.0
Alice Springs	40.3	**12.4	38.3	89.2	**10.8	1.0
Jabiru	24.1	18.0	56.9	98.9	**1.1	1.8
Katherine	25.1	16.8	57.3	93.4	6.6	1.8
Aputula	26.0	17.0	55.1	97.8	**2.2	1.7
Nhulunbuy	23.2	**13.2	63.7	94.9	**5.1	1.4
Tennant Creek	17.8	18.8	62.2	100.0	**0.0	0.8
Darwin	30.9	21.5	44.8	64.0	36.0	1.9
Australia	28.5	15.4	52.8	60.2	39.8	84.9

APPENDIX A: CULTURE

Area	Persons aged 13 years and over						
	Identified with a clan (a)	Recognised an area as homelands	See elders as being important	Attended cultural activities	Recognise homelands		
					Total	Currently live in their homelands	Total
(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	('000)	
Queanbeyan	50.2	69.6	74.5	57.2	4.6	51.5	3.2
Bourke	57.1	70.9	86.2	76.0	4.9	81.5	3.5
Coffs Harbour	60.3	81.7	92.1	80.8	11.8	44.8	9.6
Sydney	41.9	70.1	82.8	62.8	15.6	31.8	10.9
Tamworth	38.5	70.0	75.1	65.4	6.7	76.3	4.7
Wagga Wagga	45.2	46.4	76.5	61.7	9.8	44.8	4.6
Wangaratta	41.0	69.8	73.4	49.4	6.0	40.0	4.2
Ballarat	48.5	70.4	86.0	70.7	6.6	26.6	4.6
Brisbane	43.1	65.6	72.1	62.8	12.3	**8.8	8.1
Cairns	72.2	84.6	86.1	80.2	7.7	37.7	6.5
Mt Isa	84.7	90.8	96.3	81.6	4.6	62.6	4.2
Cooktown	95.3	96.0	89.2	90.9	4.5	54.1	4.3
Rockhampton	27.5	48.8	79.5	63.5	5.4	53.1	2.7
Roma	24.0	53.9	77.7	58.3	4.6	45.8	2.5
Townsville	57.9	78.2	82.8	73.5	8.5	27.4	6.7
Torres Strait area	71.4	93.0	81.6	81.9	4.3	70.1	4.0
Adelaide	60.2	77.5	86.1	68.2	6.9	21.9	5.3
Ceduna	80.3	86.4	92.6	92.0	1.1	45.9	0.9
Port Augusta	77.9	84.2	88.0	83.4	4.0	32.4	3.3
Perth	59.9	71.3	84.1	65.2	8.5	11.4	6.0
Broome	80.3	84.6	91.3	93.8	2.3	41.9	2.0
Kununurra	95.2	95.0	92.8	96.3	2.9	56.1	2.8
Warburton	84.5	90.3	94.1	92.8	1.8	59.6	1.7
Narrogin	50.2	85.6	82.7	78.0	3.6	55.0	3.1
South Hedland	50.9	63.5	85.0	72.8	3.1	27.1	2.0
Derby	84.7	87.9	89.5	85.7	3.0	34.4	2.6
Kalgoorlie	54.9	69.1	82.4	81.9	1.7	49.2	1.2
Geraldton	33.9	45.5	83.4	94.2	3.2	40.7	1.5
Hobart	17.7	39.9	66.4	31.4	6.6	45.5	2.6
Alice Springs	86.2	88.4	92.7	83.2	3.6	23.6	3.2
Jabiru	99.2	97.9	95.3	91.2	5.5	37.4	5.4
Katherine	90.1	91.7	95.6	86.6	4.6	23.1	4.2
Aputula	100.0	98.6	98.2	96.1	5.0	69.8	4.9
Nhulunbuy	97.6	99.5	98.2	79.1	4.5	78.3	4.5
Tennant Creek	94.8	98.5	81.2	97.6	2.2	34.6	2.2
Darwin	75.5	83.4	94.5	68.5	5.5	22.1	4.6
Australia	59.8	75.2	84.4	72.1	197.5	41.0	148.1

(a) or persons who identified with a tribal or language group.

APPENDIX A: HEALTH

Area	All persons			Persons aged 13 years and over		
	Experienced illness			Smokers	Perceived alcohol to be main local health problem	Total
	Recent (2 wks prior to survey)	Specified long term (6 mths or over)	Total			
(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	(%)	('000)	
Queanbeyan	44.8	42.4	6.7	46.4	46.1	4.6
Bourke	20.1	23.3	7.2	60.7	63.6	4.9
Coffs Harbour	47.7	43.8	18.8	48.9	71.4	11.8
Sydney	55.1	42.4	24.1	48.6	52.4	15.6
Tamworth	31.5	29.8	10.2	54.9	60.0	6.7
Wagga Wagga	37.8	36.4	15.4	47.4	62.0	9.8
Wangaratta	53.0	45.4	9.4	52.5	36.6	6.0
Ballarat	54.6	46.6	9.8	59.7	39.8	6.6
Brisbane	51.2	45.1	18.6	50.8	28.1	12.3
Cairns	35.2	25.7	12.6	48.2	84.6	7.7
Mt Isa	28.1	25.7	6.8	51.3	68.4	4.6
Cooktown	31.4	32.7	6.5	60.5	85.7	4.5
Rockhampton	31.7	31.4	9.2	48.5	63.0	5.4
Roma	33.6	38.6	7.0	53.3	48.7	4.6
Townsville	42.9	34.1	12.8	36.9	50.6	8.5
Torres Strait area	24.1	18.6	6.4	40.9	79.1	4.3
Adelaide	40.5	36.9	10.7	56.3	51.4	6.9
Ceduna	41.6	36.9	1.8	53.6	78.7	1.1
Port Augusta	50.2	38.8	6.0	53.5	64.9	4.0
Perth	46.1	38.9	13.3	49.9	73.2	8.5
Broome	19.6	26.4	3.6	53.8	96.3	2.3
Kununurra	49.8	24.7	4.2	45.9	61.7	2.9
Warburton	32.7	23.2	2.8	40.2	57.4	1.8
Narrogin	34.4	28.8	6.2	48.1	67.4	3.6
South Hedland	34.8	34.4	4.8	44.4	88.9	3.1
Derby	33.3	23.9	4.4	45.0	81.6	3.0
Kalgoorlie	27.8	31.6	2.8	52.5	76.7	1.7
Geraldton	34.0	33.4	5.0	45.4	79.3	3.2
Hobart	48.1	41.7	10.1	45.9	26.2	6.6
Alice Springs	40.5	23.7	4.7	28.9	74.4	3.6
Jabiru	33.0	23.2	8.5	61.4	55.9	5.5
Katherine	50.5	29.3	7.3	41.2	46.7	4.6
Aputula	35.4	23.8	7.1	41.4	58.0	5.0
Nhulunbuy	42.2	29.4	6.9	59.2	30.9	4.5
Tennant Creek	19.8	15.0	3.6	32.8	90.0	2.2
Darwin	37.4	34.3	8.0	49.7	66.2	5.5
Australia	41.2	34.8	303.3	49.7	58.8	197.5

APPENDIX A: HOUSING

Area	Home ownership rate	Community owned dwellings	Running water connected	Electricity connected	Dwelling situated on sealed road	Satisfied with current dwelling	Total households
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	**9.9	**9.5	94.6	94.6	59.7	83.0	2.8
Bourke	**18.5	45.2	92.9	94.6	84.4	68.9	1.6
Coffs Harbour	30.6	24.5	97.0	97.3	88.2	75.5	5.5
Sydney	34.0	**2.3	98.8	98.7	96.5	70.2	9.7
Tamworth	**14.2	20.9	95.2	99.0	81.4	88.2	3.3
Wagga Wagga	40.1	**15.6	97.1	99.8	87.1	85.3	5.0
Wangaratta	**41.1	**12.5	99.8	99.8	96.8	83.2	3.1
Ballarat	**30.0	**6.6	99.7	99.8	85.2	84.7	3.6
Brisbane	34.9	**11.1	96.4	97.0	93.9	93.0	6.4
Cairns	**15.3	**17.0	97.1	97.8	85.3	88.2	3.0
Mt Isa	**2.5	64.4	97.0	99.7	30.6	77.7	1.2
Cooktown	**0.8	86.4	74.0	74.0	52.5	28.1	1.3
Rockhampton	**16.0	**16.5	100.0	100.0	95.1	87.6	3.1
Roma	**34.5	**14.8	100.0	100.0	88.9	96.2	2.0
Townsville	**16.1	**16.4	97.5	99.1	95.0	79.6	2.8
Torres Strait area	**17.5	**54.1	88.4	90.4	39.6	64.7	1.5
Adelaide	**19.9	**13.3	99.7	99.7	91.7	88.1	3.4
Ceduna	**5.3	**28.5	97.9	97.9	88.7	74.4	0.4
Port Augusta	**16.9	**26.0	98.2	93.1	72.1	71.3	1.5
Perth	**38.2	**0.0	96.4	96.4	81.5	78.0	4.2
Broome	**4.5	**4.5	93.4	93.4	68.6	44.6	0.9
Kununurra	**5.4	**59.1	69.4	72.6	31.2	35.5	0.7
Warburton	**0.0	**87.8	93.6	94.6	**13.6	77.4	0.5
Narrogin	**24.4	**7.3	98.7	93.0	76.2	79.0	1.7
South Hedland	**6.5	**6.6	99.2	99.2	90.7	92.7	1.5
Derby	**0.0	**65.8	72.3	73.3	31.2	30.9	0.9
Kalgoorlie	**8.2	**5.8	99.3	98.5	92.1	75.3	0.6
Geraldton	**15.6	**6.3	100.0	100.0	83.9	94.1	1.3
Hobart	52.3	**3.0	98.8	99.6	83.4	90.6	4.4
Alice Springs	**18.4	**18.7	93.6	94.7	83.8	79.9	1.1
Jabiru	**0.8	78.5	89.1	87.6	45.1	21.6	1.1
Katherine	**14.0	67.8	90.3	90.2	54.9	45.5	1.2
Aputula	**0.0	**69.8	79.3	74.1	53.6	27.2	1.3
Nhulunbuy	**0.0	74.3	97.5	97.5	38.3	35.3	1.0
Tennant Creek	**2.7	89.9	95.9	87.5	65.5	53.9	0.7
Darwin	**22.7	**16.8	94.9	98.1	87.3	84.0	1.9
Australia	24.9	20.9	96.1	96.4	81.6	77.3	86.4

APPENDIX A: PRIMARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

Area	Persons aged 5-18 years		Primary and secondary school students			
	Attending school	Total	Taught an Indigenous language at school	Taught Indigenous culture at school	Taught by an Indigenous teacher	Total
	(%)	('000)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	76.0	2.1	6.3	57.4	11.0	1.6
Bourke	78.0	2.8	20.1	60.0	34.9	2.2
Coffs Harbour	89.0	6.5	15.2	48.6	12.6	5.9
Sydney	89.8	7.0	**6.0	44.0	**4.8	6.5
Tamworth	93.1	3.3	**7.9	60.0	13.9	3.1
Wagga Wagga	85.3	4.9	**1.3	29.4	**3.4	4.2
Wangaratta	80.1	2.9	**2.2	33.9	**1.4	2.3
Ballarat	87.2	3.0	**4.1	39.4	**4.6	2.7
Brisbane	84.6	6.6	**0.5	32.7	**1.1	5.7
Cairns	82.1	4.4	30.4	78.5	8.1	3.6
Mt Isa	80.1	2.0	24.8	64.4	**2.0	1.6
Cooktown	75.9	1.6	33.1	77.8	40.1	1.2
Rockhampton	83.3	2.4	**1.5	31.6	**2.6	2.0
Roma	74.3	2.8	**0.0	38.7	**0.9	2.1
Townsville	79.5	5.0	**1.6	41.5	**2.9	4.0
Torres Strait area	81.4	1.8	56.3	91.2	52.6	1.5
Adelaide	84.1	3.5	17.5	49.1	**7.9	2.9
Ceduna	83.8	0.6	60.7	85.4	**6.4	0.5
Port Augusta	78.6	1.9	54.7	76.0	23.9	1.5
Perth	79.3	4.5	**4.3	49.4	**8.3	3.6
Broome	83.2	1.2	48.5	58.4	11.6	1.0
Kununurra	71.3	1.3	52.7	71.3	**1.2	1.0
Warburton	75.8	0.8	59.4	68.3	**14.3	0.6
Narrogin	84.5	2.7	**5.9	42.5	**5.7	2.3
South Hedland	84.3	1.8	9.6	43.2	**0.0	1.5
Derby	74.9	1.4	45.0	66.4	**5.0	1.0
Kalgoorlie	82.7	1.0	9.8	36.1	**4.6	0.8
Geraldton	73.6	1.5	**6.7	32.0	**1.2	1.1
Hobart	81.3	3.5	**2.4	39.0	**1.6	2.9
Alice Springs	88.9	1.9	22.5	66.9	13.6	1.7
Jabiru	75.8	2.7	85.5	94.4	82.1	2.1
Katherine	74.9	2.5	28.8	48.1	11.8	1.9
Aputula	61.2	2.1	49.6	85.9	40.6	1.3
Nhulunbuy	76.1	2.5	90.9	97.0	89.7	1.9
Tennant Creek	71.2	1.1	86.5	91.1	94.8	0.8
Darwin	81.7	2.7	**7.2	42.1	**9.7	2.2
Australia	81.7	100.3	18.3	52.2	13.7	82.9

APPENDIX A: HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Area	Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school				Total (^{'000})
	With	Without post-school educational qualifications			
	post-school qualification (%)	Year 12 Certificate (a) (%)	Year 10 Certificate (a) (%)	Below Year 10 (b) (%)	
Queanbeyan	16.4	11.5	30.8	41.3	3.9
Bourke	13.2	**3.2	18.5	65.1	4.2
Coffs Harbour	27.3	4.8	25.1	42.8	9.7
Sydney	24.7	9.1	23.3	42.9	14.0
Tamworth	18.0	**2.2	25.3	54.5	5.7
Wagga Wagga	16.0	**3.8	20.7	59.5	8.8
Wangaratta	24.9	6.5	22.9	45.7	5.2
Ballarat	23.2	13.6	16.9	46.3	5.9
Brisbane	28.6	11.5	28.8	31.1	9.7
Cairns	12.9	17.3	34.6	35.2	6.7
Mt Isa	4.3	6.0	28.8	60.9	4.3
Cooktown	14.4	3.5	24.9	57.2	4.3
Rockhampton	13.3	14.2	33.4	39.0	5.0
Roma	**10.4	**9.5	30.4	49.7	3.5
Townsville	20.7	11.6	37.4	30.3	6.8
Torres Strait area	9.9	15.8	26.5	47.8	4.0
Adelaide	27.3	**6.9	39.5	26.3	6.0
Ceduna	22.4	**4.5	22.7	50.5	1.0
Port Augusta	16.9	**1.8	26.1	55.2	3.6
Perth	13.0	**3.0	44.3	39.7	7.5
Broome	20.1	4.9	46.8	28.2	2.0
Kununurra	7.4	6.1	29.5	56.9	2.7
Warburton	11.1	**3.5	20.3	65.1	1.7
Narrogin	14.6	7.5	39.9	38.0	3.0
South Hedland	19.5	7.3	30.6	42.6	2.6
Derby	8.5	5.2	25.5	60.8	2.6
Kalgoorlie	11.6	**2.9	48.2	37.3	1.5
Geraldton	9.7	5.9	30.7	53.8	3.0
Hobart	23.2	3.4	41.8	31.6	5.6
Alice Springs	17.3	6.5	25.4	50.8	2.5
Jabiru	4.0	4.4	28.2	63.3	5.0
Katherine	7.5	3.1	24.2	65.3	4.1
Aputula	4.2	**0.2	8.4	87.2	4.7
Nhulunbuy	**5.1	14.7	31.9	48.2	3.8
Tennant Creek	9.1	3.9	22.1	64.9	2.1
Darwin	19.0	7.0	32.3	41.7	4.5
Australia	17.1	7.4	28.6	46.9	171.4

(a) Includes persons who attained Yr 10 or Yr 12 Certificate at TAFE. (b) Includes persons with no formal education.

APPENDIX A: LABOUR FORCE STATUS

Area	Persons aged 15 years and over						
	In the labour force				Employed persons		
	Employed	Unemployed	Not in the labour force	Total	Worked 35 hours or more	Able to meet cultural obligations	Total
	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	40.6	30.2	29.2	4.3	72.3	38.7	1.7
Bourke	33.8	24.5	41.7	4.4	36.5	46.0	1.5
Coffs Harbour	28.9	30.3	40.8	10.9	53.4	38.1	3.2
Sydney	43.5	20.9	35.5	15.0	78.4	30.6	6.5
Tamworth	25.8	29.6	44.6	6.2	67.7	46.5	1.6
Wagga Wagga	25.1	31.3	43.6	9.3	71.2	27.3	2.3
Wangaratta	39.1	21.8	39.1	5.6	74.6	42.2	2.2
Ballarat	41.8	26.6	31.6	6.1	70.1	38.4	2.6
Brisbane	40.8	19.3	39.8	11.3	68.7	26.5	4.6
Cairns	38.1	19.0	42.9	7.2	39.2	29.9	2.7
Mt Isa	35.2	24.6	40.3	4.4	69.5	83.2	1.5
Cooktown	68.6	3.9	33.4	4.4	27.3	81.8	2.8
Rockhampton	39.5	23.9	36.5	5.1	77.7	53.9	2.0
Roma	23.1	34.8	42.1	4.1	64.6	42.1	1.0
Townsville	39.2	16.2	44.6	7.9	63.1	52.1	3.1
Torres Strait area	35.8	20.0	44.2	4.1	44.0	40.4	1.5
Adelaide	29.5	23.4	47.0	6.5	78.4	**22.6	1.9
Ceduna	47.6	22.6	29.8	1.0	39.1	67.1	0.5
Port Augusta	29.9	29.4	40.7	3.8	51.3	58.9	1.1
Perth	29.1	30.8	40.1	7.8	64.5	27.5	2.3
Broome	44.1	19.1	36.8	2.2	51.3	78.2	1.0
Kununurra	70.2	6.3	23.5	2.8	27.3	58.2	2.0
Warburton	34.6	15.0	50.4	1.8	20.7	75.3	0.6
Narrogin	25.9	19.7	54.3	3.2	62.7	35.4	0.8
South Hedland	38.9	20.2	41.0	3.0	69.5	50.4	1.1
Derby	49.0	8.5	42.6	2.8	13.2	91.1	1.4
Kalgoorlie	18.6	35.1	46.3	1.6	72.9	20.7	0.3
Geraldton	29.8	27.5	42.6	3.2	57.6	18.9	0.9
Hobart	44.8	17.8	41.4	6.1	70.3	17.0	2.7
Alice Springs	44.8	10.9	37.4	2.9	56.4	41.1	1.3
Jabiru	26.7	31.1	44.3	5.4	32.3	77.8	1.4
Katherine	25.7	16.8	42.2	4.3	48.4	81.1	1.1
Aputula	25.0	5.5	69.5	4.8	25.6	94.9	1.2
Nhulunbuy	42.9	15.8	41.3	4.0	63.9	92.7	1.7
Tennant Creek	50.2	22.1	40.6	2.1	34.3	59.7	0.8
Darwin	28.8	23.7	47.5	4.9	64.9	44.8	1.4
Australia	36.0	22.4	41.6	181.5	58.8	46.3	66.0

APPENDIX A: INCOME

Area	Persons aged 15 years and over						Total (^{'000})
	Main source of income (a)			Annual income			
	CDEP (%)	Other earned income (%)	Government payments (%)	No income (%)	\$12,000 or less (%)	\$25,000 or more (%)	
Queanbeyan	**0.0	39.5	50.5	8.8	55.3	13.8	4.3
Bourke	18.3	12.7	56.8	8.8	67.0	5.6	4.4
Coffs Harbour	**2.4	24.8	61.7	10.6	58.1	10.9	10.9
Sydney	**2.5	37.6	42.8	13.0	48.8	20.4	15.0
Tamworth	**3.2	19.5	61.2	14.6	53.5	9.6	6.2
Wagga Wagga	5.2	19.5	66.8	6.9	62.0	13.0	9.3
Wangaratta	**3.6	32.5	50.1	13.8	58.9	18.8	5.6
Ballarat	**2.8	32.7	52.4	11.9	46.9	14.6	6.1
Brisbane	**0.0	35.7	45.9	16.6	52.7	15.0	11.3
Cairns	12.5	20.7	56.0	9.8	55.9	7.3	7.2
Mt Isa	13.8	21.3	56.3	8.3	60.7	11.0	4.4
Cooktown	50.8	5.4	29.8	9.1	54.5	7.0	4.4
Rockhampton	**4.9	33.1	54.7	**5.4	47.4	14.6	5.1
Roma	**2.2	19.0	62.2	9.6	61.9	**9.2	4.1
Townsville	11.4	23.7	47.1	15.1	58.9	13.0	7.9
Torres Strait area	15.3	19.7	51.7	12.1	58.2	7.1	4.1
Adelaide	**3.5	23.6	62.9	8.1	61.1	12.2	6.5
Ceduna	22.5	19.9	50.4	**4.4	59.5	13.2	1.0
Port Augusta	6.7	17.6	63.2	6.7	64.8	9.6	3.8
Perth	**0.0	25.3	66.7	7.2	59.1	10.9	7.8
Broome	22.9	18.2	47.9	10.3	59.6	13.7	2.2
Kununurra	57.6	7.4	26.3	7.5	71.9	3.8	2.8
Warburton	18.4	10.0	55.0	13.7	73.9	**2.6	1.8
Narrogin	**3.0	19.0	67.1	9.8	62.0	6.7	3.2
South Hedland	**0.3	35.2	47.6	12.9	56.5	19.2	3.0
Derby	35.8	10.9	46.0	7.3	79.1	**4.1	2.8
Kalgoorlie	**1.1	16.2	71.4	11.0	59.3	9.9	1.6
Geraldton	3.0	23.7	65.0	8.3	59.5	9.3	3.2
Hobart	**0.2	41.4	47.5	10.3	53.6	14.2	6.1
Alice Springs	15.4	27.7	49.9	5.4	58.8	18.0	2.9
Jabiru	10.0	13.8	65.5	10.3	80.5	3.0	5.4
Katherine	8.8	10.7	68.3	10.3	69.9	4.9	4.3
Aputula	10.3	10.4	68.1	10.6	76.0	3.0	4.8
Nhulunbuy	19.4	19.6	42.1	18.5	67.3	7.3	4.0
Tennant Creek	23.4	10.8	59.0	3.4	66.5	5.9	2.1
Darwin	**1.4	26.5	61.6	9.6	61.1	9.9	4.9
Australia	8.5	24.1	54.9	10.7	59.4	11.3	181.5

(a) Excludes persons who did not state their main source of income.

APPENDIX A: LAW AND JUSTICE

Area	Persons aged 13 years and over			18 years and over			
	Arrested in last 5 years (%)	Relations with police perceived better than 5 years ago (%)	Family violence perceived as a problem in local area (%)	Total ('000)	Voted in last federal election (%)	Voted in last ATSI election (%)	Total ('000)
Queanbeyan	20.4	21.4	36.2	4.6	74.4	38.8	3.5
Bourke	19.6	13.4	67.0	4.9	69.5	46.7	3.8
Coffs Harbour	23.1	18.5	42.7	11.8	53.0	24.2	9.3
Sydney	18.2	22.9	25.8	15.6	78.3	19.6	13.4
Tamworth	22.4	14.4	54.6	6.7	39.5	21.3	5.6
Wagga Wagga	23.9	23.1	42.9	9.8	69.6	25.0	8.4
Wangaratta	19.4	27.2	42.6	6.0	70.2	28.8	4.9
Ballarat	24.0	15.3	34.2	6.6	67.0	31.3	5.6
Brisbane	13.8	9.8	21.0	12.3	65.0	18.8	9.6
Cairns	13.4	13.3	53.6	7.7	68.7	44.9	6.4
Mt Isa	7.2	36.3	79.3	4.6	85.1	81.5	4.1
Cooktown	27.3	23.6	77.4	4.5	39.6	66.2	4.2
Rockhampton	14.6	17.9	27.2	5.4	85.7	31.2	4.9
Roma	25.4	27.6	42.9	4.6	75.0	36.9	3.4
Townsville	12.4	18.2	57.9	8.5	72.6	50.8	6.5
Torres Strait area	**1.8	21.7	47.1	4.3	81.8	47.3	3.9
Adelaide	27.6	20.6	39.8	6.9	57.1	19.9	5.7
Ceduna	32.4	27.3	58.4	1.1	52.1	53.0	0.9
Port Augusta	27.0	29.6	62.7	4.0	61.6	41.9	3.5
Perth	27.0	20.5	40.5	8.5	51.0	36.0	7.1
Broome	25.0	12.8	81.8	2.3	58.2	55.3	2.0
Kununurra	34.5	29.4	70.5	2.9	70.4	60.1	2.5
Warburton	22.9	29.3	34.6	1.8	52.8	58.6	1.6
Narrogin	25.3	32.1	31.9	3.6	79.1	56.7	2.7
South Hedland	17.9	12.8	71.6	3.1	64.5	38.4	2.5
Derby	16.4	14.4	71.1	3.0	74.6	69.7	2.4
Kalgoorlie	21.7	19.7	65.1	1.7	60.1	62.4	1.5
Geraldton	18.6	18.9	61.2	3.2	56.0	39.1	2.8
Hobart	12.4	15.4	12.4	6.6	87.2	19.8	5.4
Alice Springs	16.9	17.6	48.8	3.6	68.2	62.3	2.4
Jabiru	19.1	29.7	35.0	5.5	73.0	72.8	4.8
Katherine	22.2	48.4	68.4	4.6	71.7	44.1	3.9
Aputula	25.5	26.6	33.2	5.0	54.4	66.5	4.4
Nhulunbuy	18.1	18.4	46.9	4.5	76.8	70.3	3.6
Tennant Creek	3.6	63.1	65.2	2.2	86.2	81.8	2.0
Darwin	19.0	27.2	50.4	5.5	52.8	33.6	4.4
Australia	20.4	21.5	45.1	197.5	66.2	39.4	163.8

APPENDIX B: INDIGENOUS POPULATION PROJECTIONS
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Populations, June 30 1994

Age (Years)	Ballarat ATSI Region			Victoria			Australia		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
0-4	872	818	1,690	1,504	1,450	2,955	22,844	21,680	44,524
5-9	691	643	1,334	1,278	1,194	2,472	20,229	19,317	39,546
10-14	555	520	1,075	1,007	964	1,971	17,755	16,796	34,552
15-19	477	441	918	932	895	1,827	15,826	15,078	30,904
20-24	474	485	959	987	950	1,937	16,103	15,448	31,551
25-29	449	452	901	881	859	1,739	14,038	13,793	27,831
30-34	371	392	763	776	768	1,543	11,777	11,805	23,582
35-39	331	337	668	644	648	1,293	9,268	9,472	18,740
40-44	243	246	489	487	520	1,006	7,171	7,683	14,854
45-49	182	196	378	344	399	742	5,135	5,604	10,739
50-54	131	133	264	255	265	520	3,900	4,113	8,013
55-59	86	96	182	152	185	337	2,797	3,132	5,929
60-64	57	91	148	111	168	279	2,185	2,545	4,730
65-69	52	51	103	105	116	222	1,461	1,796	3,257
70-74	30	47	77	63	81	145	919	1,161	2,080
75 and over	33	55	88	70	127	197	998	1,431	2,429
Total	5,034	5,003	10,037	9,594	9,589	19,183	152,406	150,855	303,261

Note: Population projections for ATSI Regions have been prepared by ABS using assumptions agreed to by ATSI. As these regional projections were prepared at a later date using more up-to-date assumptions than the State population projections presented in this attachment, minor discrepancies can exist between these State totals and the sums of component Regions.

CAUTION: For ATSI Regions discrepancies may occur between survey estimates and population projections.

APPENDIX C: STANDARD ERRORS

Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. The estimates in the survey are subject to sampling variability. One measure of the likely difference between survey estimates and true values is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that the sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all the dwellings had been included.

Another measure of the likely difference is the relative standard error which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling.

The size of the standard error of an estimate of a number of persons increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger is the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.

As the standard errors in the following table show, very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable purposes. Estimates and percentages with larger relative standard errors have been included and are preceded by two asterisks if it is greater than 25 per cent (e.g., **2.5), indicating they are subject to high standard errors and should be used with caution.

Standard Errors for Persons, Families and Households ATSIC Regions and Torres Strait Area

Size of Estimate	Queanbeyan	Bourke	Coffs Harbour	Sydney	Tamworth	Wagga Wagga	Ballarat	Wangaratta	Brisbane	Cairns	Cooktown	Mount Isa
50	32	27	30	42	39	32	30	27	39	30	19	23
100	42	34	42	72	48	54	44	41	66	45	26	33
200	52	42	60	109	60	78	61	62	104	62	35	43
300	58	48	73	131	67	93	72	78	130	72	42	47
500	64	56	95	157	78	109	85	101	167	84	53	50
700	68	62	112	171	87	116	92	119	192	92	61	50
1,000	71	70	135	181	96	121	99	141	219	98	72	58
1,500	73	79	165	186	109	122	105	169	247	103	86	69
2,000	74	86	191	213	118	135	107	190	264	105	98	78
2,500	74	93	213	236	126	146	108	208	276	106	109	85
3,000	77	98	234	256	134	156	109	223	285	106	118	92
4,000	82	107	270	293	145	173	120	248	295	116	134	104
5,000	86	115	302	325	155	187	129	268	301	124	..	114
7,000	..	..	357	380	172	210	145	301	304	138	..	..
10,000	..	..	428	448	..	238	..	..	349	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	541	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Appendix C: Standard Errors for Persons, Families and Households
ATSIC Regions and Torres Strait Area — continued

Size of Estimate	Rock-hampton		Townsville	Torres Strait area		Adelaide	Port			Kununurra	Warburton	Narragin
	Roma			Ceduna	Augusta		Perth	Broome				
50	30	36	37	17	36	15	22	34	15	16	17	25
100	44	58	51	25	60	22	30	49	21	22	25	33
200	65	80	71	37	88	32	42	73	30	29	38	43
300	82	91	85	47	102	40	50	91	37	35	49	50
500	110	99	108	63	115	53	64	120	47	43	67	61
700	133	101	126	76	119	65	75	145	56	50	82	70
1,000	162	117	149	93	144	79	88	177	67	58	102	80
1,500	204	138	180	118	180	..	107	221	82	70	130	94
2,000	240	156	206	139	210	..	122	260	95	79	155	105
2,500	272	171	228	157	237	..	135	294	106	87	..	114
3,000	301	184	248	175	261	..	147	325	..	94	..	123
4,000	354	208	284	206	305	..	168	381	..	..	..	137
5,000	402	228	315	..	345	..	..	431	..	..	..	..
7,000	..	..	368	..	413	..	..	519	..	..	..	..
10,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Size of Estimate	South Hedland		Kalbarrie	Geraldton	Hobart	Alice Springs	Jabiru	Katherine	Nhu-		Tennant Creek	Darwin
	Derby	Aputula							unbuy			
50	15	23	13	19	20	22	18	16	28	22	13	28
100	18	29	19	23	29	31	28	22	36	39	19	39
200	23	33	30	28	42	43	44	32	43	61	27	53
300	26	34	38	31	53	52	58	42	47	75	33	63
500	30	40	52	36	70	66	80	61	50	90	43	80
700	33	44	64	39	84	77	100	80	52	99	51	93
1,000	37	49	80	44	101	91	127	109	52	105	62	109
1,500	42	56	102	49	126	111	165	160	57	109	76	131
2,000	46	62	..	53	148	127	199	213	62	126	88	149
2,500	49	66	..	56	167	141	230	269	65	141	99	165
3,000	52	70	..	59	184	154	260	327	68	155	..	179
4,000	..	..	..	..	215	..	313	452	73	179	..	204
5,000	..	..	..	..	243	..	363	586	77	200	..	225
7,000	..	..	..	..	292	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

GLOSSARY

Aboriginal	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Aboriginal origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Aboriginal community controlled school	Where Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people make decisions on the curricula, teachers employed, school budget and school policy.
Aboriginal English	Includes Broken English, Pidgin English and Kriol/Creoles.
Aboriginal Independent School	A school run solely by Aboriginal people, who make decisions on school policy, staffing, curricula, and school budget.
Aboriginal Legal Service	Established to assist Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people with legal matters.
Aboriginality	Where a person identifies as being of Aboriginal or non-Aboriginal origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Actions taken	Refers to specific actions persons took with regard to their health in the two weeks prior to interview.
ATSIC Regions & Torres Strait Area	Refers to 36 defined geographic areas, each represented by an ATSIC Regional Council or the Torres Strait Regional Authority.
Attack	Where a person has suffered physical force from another person(s), for example, pushed, hit, kicked or speared.
CDEP	See Community Development Employment Projects.
Clan, tribal or language group	Refers to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander groups within Australia.

Combined primary & secondary school	A school which teaches students at both primary and secondary levels.
Community landlord	Refers to dwellings owned by community organisations, predominantly Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations. It includes housing associations, land councils and community councils.
Community Development Employment Projects	The Community Development Employment Projects (CDEP), operate through grants from ATSIC to Indigenous community organisations to enable individuals to undertake community managed activities in return for wages.
Couple only family	Two persons who are in a registered or de facto marriage without children present in the household.
Crime	Includes crimes relating to drugs, thefts, vandalism as well as violence.
Cultural activities	Includes funerals, ceremonies, Indigenous festivals and carnivals and involvement with Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations.
Cultural obligations	Refers to attending Indigenous cultural activities such as funerals, ceremonies and festivals and extended family responsibilities.
Earned income	Income derived from wages and salaries, or from own business, trade or profession.
Education worker	A person who assists a teacher during class lessons and may give some lessons such as story telling.
Employed	Persons aged 15 years and over who in the week prior to the interview worked for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (comprising employees, employers and self-employed persons).

Family	Two or more persons who live in the same household and are related to each other by blood, marriage (including de facto marriage), fostering or adoption. For the purpose of this survey, one or more members of the family had identified as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin.
Family violence	Includes verbal threats, intimidation, fear of physical attacks and actual physical attacks, occurring between family members within a household.
Formal childcare	Refers to regulated care such as pre-school/kindergarten before and after school care program, long day care centres, family day care and other formal care.
Government payments	Includes Newstart allowance, Jobsearch, age pension, sickness allowance, disability support pension, sole parent pension, family payments, rent assistance, ABSTUDY and other Government payments.
Homelands	An area of land to which Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander people have ancestral and/or cultural links.
Household	Consists of a person living alone, or two or more related or unrelated persons who live and eat together in private residential accommodation. For the purpose of this survey, one or more members of the household had identified as being of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander origin.
Household income	Refers to the total gross income from wages and salaries and Government payments of all persons 15 years and over who usually live in the household. The total household income was not calculated if usual residents of the household were missing at the time of the interview.
Indigenous	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.

Indigenous language	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander languages. Excludes Aboriginal English and Kriol/Creoles.
Labour force	Persons aged 15 years and over who were either employed or unemployed.
Labour force status	A classification of persons 15 years and over into employed, unemployed or not in the labour force.
Language spoken	A person was considered to be able to speak a language (such as an Aboriginal language) if they could hold a conversation in that language.
Last year	12 month period prior to interiew.
Long-term condition	Condition (illness, injury, or disability) which had lasted for six months or more.
Main language	Refers to the language the person is most comfortable with or speaks most fluently.
Making decisions at the school	Includes involvement in the Aboriginal Student Support and Parent Awareness Program (ASSPA) and Parents and Citizens (P&C) school meetings where decisions about fund raising and maintenance of the school are made.
Non-family household	A lone person household or a household consisting of two or more unrelated people.
Not in the labour force	Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed or unemployed as defined.
One parent family	Family that consists of one parent and that parent's child(ren) plus all other people in the household related to them, provided those people do not have a spouse or child of their own.

Other government landlord	Refers to dwellings owned by Commonwealth, State/Territory and local governments other than housing authorities and employer provided housing.
Other legal services	Includes private solicitors and barristers.
Perceived health problems	A respondents' opinions of the main health problems confronting people in their local area.
Personal income	Refers to the gross income a person received at the time of interview in the form of wages and salaries and Government payments.
Post-school study	Attendance at a course at the time of a survey to gain a qualification.
Private landlord	All privately owned dwellings rented directly or through a real estate agent.
Private dwelling	The premises occupied by a household and includes houses, flats, home units, garages, tents and improvised houses. It excludes hostels, hospitals, prisons and so on.
Private sector	Non-government organisations. The private sector has been split into 'Community organisations' and 'Other private'. Community organisations are those private organisations that have been declared to be eligible for ATSI funding.
Public sector	Includes all government authorities, departments, agencies and authorities created by the Commonwealth or State/Territory Parliaments. Also covered are organisations such as the Northern or Central Land Councils which were created by Commonwealth legislation and the NSW Land Council which was created by NSW legislation.
Recent illness	Conditions (illness, injury or disability) experienced in the two weeks prior to interview. It may include long-term conditions experienced in the period.

Relative weight	Weight and height measurements taken during interview have been used to derive a person's body mass. The body mass index equals a person's weight in kilograms divided by the square of the person's height in metres. The categories used are consistent with recommendations of the National Health and Medical Research Council.
School participation rate	The number of enrolled school students of a particular age, expressed as a proportion of the population of the same age.
Self-assessed health status	Refers to the overall level of health as reported by respondents 13 years and over. For persons 12 years and under information was provided by the child's parent or a responsible adult member of the household.
Specific long term condition	Where a person had one of the following conditions which had lasted for six months or more; asthma, diabetes, heart problems, chest problems, skin problems, high blood pressure, ear or hearing problems, eye or sight problems not corrected by glasses, and/or kidney problems.
State housing (landlord)	Refers to dwellings owned by State/Territory housing authorities.
Taken away from natural family	People who have been removed from their natural family as a child as part of a government policy. 'Family' may include parents and siblings and extended family members such as aunts, uncles and grandparents. Excludes people who were removed from their family for less than 6 months.
Taught Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander languages	Students who are taught to speak, read or write an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander language.
Taught about Indigenous cultures	Includes subjects which give an understanding of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander cultures, eg. history and language.
Taught by a community member	Where community members teach at least once in a month or on 10 or more occasions over the school year.

Torres Strait Islander	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Torres Strait Islander origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Training course	Includes courses which are planned to develop skills or assist in learning about a subject. Excludes courses leading to an educational qualification and on-the-job training.
Type of landlord	Refers to the legal entity to which rent is paid.
Unemployed persons	Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed during the week prior to interview, and who had actively looked for work at any time during the last four weeks prior to interview, and who were available to start work in the last week.
Usual residents	Persons who live in a particular private dwelling and regard it as their own or main home.
Verbal threats	Any verbal abuse to a person where no weapon was seen and no physical violence occurred. It includes verbal threats to harm the respondent or his/her property.
Violence	Refers to violence in the community, that is streets, hotels, schools, etc. It includes fights, bashing, rape, murder or any act which involves violence.
Voluntary work	Includes any unpaid community work such as caring for sick or aged people, working for community or sporting organisations, working at a school or with youth groups, working on committees and hunting, fishing or gathering bush food.
Year 10 Certificate	Completion of a Year 10 Certificate, Aboriginal Access Course or equivalent.
Year 12 Certificate	Completion of a Year 12 Certificate, General Certificate of Education or equivalent.

**1991 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING
ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER
COMMUNITY PROFILE**

**BALLARAT
ATSIC REGION**

Explanatory Notes

The **Aboriginal Community Profile** is available as a standard product for communities of 80 or more Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons, Statistical Local Areas of 80 or more Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons and ATSIIC regions. Also available are Section of State, Statistical Divisions and Territories. It is based on place of enumeration.

Each table title in the Aboriginal Community Profile consists of two parts. The first part lists the variables included in the table. The second part describes the table population.

Figures in proportion columns have been rounded, so discrepancies may occur between the totals and the sums of the component items.

A glossary of the terms and concepts used in the Community Profiles appears below. For more information see the 1991 Census Dictionary (Cat. No. 2901.0) and the 1991 Census Directory of Classifications (Cat. No. 2904.0).

Glossary

Caravans etc. in caravan parks includes occupied tents, cabins, camper vans etc in caravan parks, and occupied boats in marinas.

A **census household** is either a person living alone or people who usually reside and eat together. A household resides in a private dwelling. The household type is based on information about relationships between residents present and persons temporarily absent. The relationships of visitors to one another or to any resident are not considered.

An **Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander household**, for the purpose of this publication, is one in which the reference person (person number one on the Census form) or spouse of the reference person identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. This definition excludes *Lone Person households* where the person was of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. There were just over 7,000 Lone Person Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Households in Australia in 1991.

Employed full-time means that the person worked 35 hours or more in the main job held in the week before the Census.

Employed part-time means that the person worked 0-34 hours in the main job held in the week before the Census.

A **family** is a group of related individuals in a household where at least one person is aged 15 years or more. A census household can contain up to three families. Census families do not include visitors to dwellings. If a family was at a holiday home or a non-private dwelling on census night, it was not counted as a census family.

A **primary Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander family** is one in which the reference person or spouse of the reference person in the primary family identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. In a multiple family household the family with dependent children is designated as the primary family. If there was more than one family, or no children were present, then the primary family is arbitrarily chosen.

Family income is the sum of the personal incomes of each resident family member aged 15 years or more. If any of these family members has an income 'not stated', or a spouse or offspring is temporarily absent, family income is classified as 'partial income stated' in Community Profile tables. Parental income is similar to family income except that only the income of the parent(s) is included. Parental income compares most closely with the family income variable of the 1986 Census.

Household income is the sum of the personal incomes of each resident household member aged 15 years or more. If any of these residents has an income 'not stated', or a spouse, offspring or co-tenant is temporarily absent, household income is classified as 'partial income stated' in Community Profile tables.

n.e.i. means 'not elsewhere included'.

n.f.d. means 'not further defined'.

An **occupied private dwelling** is defined as the premises occupied by a household on census night. A private dwelling is normally a house, flat, part of a house, or even a room; but can also be a house attached to, or rooms above shops or offices; an occupied caravan in a caravan park or on a residential allotment or boat in a marina; a houseboat; or a tent if it is standing on its own block of land.

An **Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander dwelling**, for the purpose of this publication, is one in which the reference person or spouse of the reference person identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. This definition excludes *Lone Person households* where the person was of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. There were just over 7,000 Lone Person Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander households in Australia in 1991.

Dependent offspring are 0-14 years of age, or are full-time students aged 15-24 years. (In the 1986 Census, 21-24 year olds were excluded from this category). Unrelated children can be classified as dependent offspring.

Other offspring are 15-24 years of age and not full-time students, or 25 years of age or more. In the 1986 Census, these 21-24 year old full-time students were classified as 'related adults'. As a result, sole parents with adult children were classified as families of related adults: in the 1991 Census, these cases are classified as one parent families.

The census count based on **place of enumeration** is a count of every person who spent census night in Australia. People are counted where they are on census night, which may not be where they usually live. In determining family and household type visitors to dwellings are excluded and usual residents who are temporarily absent are included. (See *temporarily absent*).

The **table population** is a description of what the table is counting. For example, tables containing marital status usually have a table population of persons aged 15 years or more. It appears under the table title.

Temporarily absent spouses, offspring and co-tenants are considered when determining household and family types. Other persons temporarily absent are not considered.

Data Quality

The Census is subject to a number of inaccuracies resulting from errors by respondents or mistakes in collection or processing of the data. Some of these are overcome or 'repaired' by careful processing procedures and quality control measures applied to the processing itself. The effect of those that remain is generally slight, although it may be more important for small groups in the population. The main kinds of error to keep in mind are:

Partial non-response: In some cases where an answer was not provided to a question an answer was imputed (often from other information on the form). In other cases a 'not stated' code was allocated.

Processing error: While such errors can occur in any processing system, careful quality control measures are used to keep errors to an acceptable level.

Random adjustment: Cells containing small values are randomly adjusted to avoid releasing information about particular individuals, families, or households. The effect of random adjustment is statistically insignificant.

Respondent error: Because processing procedures cannot detect or repair all errors made by persons in completing the form, some remain in final data.

Undercount: Although the census aims to count each person once, there are some people who are missed and others are counted more than once. The data are not adjusted for the net undercount which is estimated to be 1.9% for Australia in the 1991 Census.

Further information on data quality will be provided progressively in Census Update and in 1991 Census data quality working papers.

Section of State Data: Data for the Migratory section of each state/territory has been combined with the Other Rural section to avoid the release of confidential data. The number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in migratory sections was small.

A01 SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons
Aboriginal persons	3500	3584	7084
Torres Strait Islanders	713	782	1495
Total	4213	4366	8579
Aged 15 years or more	2418	2684	5102
Speaks English only and aged 5 years or more	3260	3518	6778
Speaks language other than English(a) and aged 5 years or more	107	88	195
Aged 18 years or more	2149	2433	4582
Unemployed(b)	530	322	852
Employed(b)	1171	929	2100
In the labour force(b)	1701	1251	2952
Not in the labour force(b)	636	1333	1969
Enumerated in private dwellings:			
In caravans etc in caravan parks(c)	57	45	102
In other private dwellings	3913	4178	8091
Total	3970	4223	8193
Enumerated in non-private dwellings	243	143	386
Enumerated in a migratory or offshore collection district	0	0	0

A02 AGE BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
0	160	150	310	3.6
1	156	143	299	3.5
2	158	145	303	3.5
3	140	128	268	3.1
4	118	113	231	2.7
5	112	133	245	2.9
6	144	115	259	3.0
7	114	98	212	2.5
8	105	111	216	2.5
9	110	87	197	2.3
10	99	98	197	2.3
11	93	110	203	2.4
12	94	91	185	2.2
13	104	92	196	2.3
14	88	68	156	1.8
15	77	87	164	1.9
16	95	81	176	2.1
17	97	83	180	2.1
18	91	95	186	2.2
19	86	103	189	2.2
20-24	376	424	800	9.3
25-29	333	391	724	8.4
30-34	337	360	697	8.1
35-39	250	269	519	6.0
40-44	188	232	420	4.9
45-49	159	138	297	3.5
50-54	103	120	223	2.6
55-59	67	85	152	1.8
60-64	60	74	134	1.6
65 years or more	99	142	241	2.8
Total	4213	4366	8579	100.0

(a) Includes 'other language indicated but not stated' and 'inadequately described'.

(b) Applicable to persons aged 15 years or more.

(c) Includes occupied boats in marinas.

AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS 1991 Census of Population and Housing
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Community Profile Catalogue No. 2722.0

A03 STATE AND STATISTICAL LOCAL AREA OF USUAL RESIDENCE ON CENSUS NIGHT BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Counted at home	3936	4117	8053	93.9
Visitors from -				
Same statistical local area	72	60	132	1.5
Different statistical local area in:				
New South Wales	17	23	40	0.5
Victoria	151	136	287	3.3
Queensland	9	8	17	0.2
South Australia	8	7	15	0.2
Western Australia	4	5	9	0.1
Tasmania	4	4	8	0.1
Northern Territory	6	5	11	0.1
Aust Capital Territory	3	0	3	0.0
Total	202	188	390	4.5
Overseas	5	0	5	0.1
Total	279	248	527	6.1
Total	4215	4365	8580	100.0

A04 STATE AND STATISTICAL LOCAL AREA OF USUAL RESIDENCE 5 YEARS AGO BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 5 years or more counted at home(a) on census night

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Same address 5 years ago	1406	1554	2960	44.1
Different address 5 years ago:				
Same statistical local area	450	508	958	14.3
Different statistical local area in:				
New South Wales	127	146	273	4.1
Victoria	811	896	1707	25.5
Queensland	75	62	137	2.0
South Australia	28	34	62	0.9
Western Australia	21	16	37	0.6
Tasmania	25	25	50	0.7
Northern Territory	21	29	50	0.7
Aust Capital Territory	4	7	11	0.2
Total	1112	1215	2327	34.7
Overseas	7	7	14	0.2
Not stated(b)	28	29	57	0.9
Total	1597	1759	3356	50.1
Not stated(c)	221	168	389	5.8
Total	3224	3481	6705	100.0

(a) Excludes visitors, and usual residents who were absent on census night.

(b) Comprises persons who stated that they lived at a different address five years ago but did not state that address.

(c) Comprises persons who did not state whether they lived at a different address five years ago.

A05 TYPE OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION ATTENDING (FULL-TIME/PART-TIME) BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Pre School	117	112	229	2.7
Infant/Primary	641	625	1266	14.8
Secondary	360	364	724	8.4
TAFE college:				
Full-time	36	36	72	0.8
Part-time	61	38	99	1.2
Not stated	3	0	3	0.0
Total	100	74	174	2.0
CAB/University:				
Full-time	40	74	114	1.3
Part-time	10	32	42	0.5
Not stated	0	0	0	0.0
Total	50	106	156	1.8
Other	30	34	64	0.7
Not attending	2503	2713	5216	60.8
Not stated	413	336	749	8.7
Total	4214	4364	8578	100.0

A06 AGE LEFT SCHOOL BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Under 15 years of age	484	436	920	18.0
15 years	569	614	1183	23.2
16 years	449	525	974	19.1
17 years	284	383	667	13.1
18 years	102	151	253	5.0
19 years or more	75	81	156	3.1
Still at school	167	168	335	6.6
Did not go to school	43	35	78	1.5
Not stated	245	291	536	10.5
Total	2418	2684	5102	100.0

A07 QUALIFICATION (HIGHEST) LEVEL BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Higher degree	3	3	6	0.1
Post graduate diploma	7	6	13	0.3
Bachelor degree	18	34	52	1.0
Undergraduate diploma	14	39	53	1.0
Associate diploma	11	16	27	0.5
Skilled vocational	253	47	300	5.9
Basic vocational	42	62	104	2.0
Inadequately described	15	14	29	0.6
Not qualified	1755	2172	3927	76.9
Not stated	301	292	593	11.6
Total	2419	2685	5104	100.0

A08 QUALIFICATION (HIGHEST) FIELD BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Business & administration	16	50	66	1.3
Health	16	67	83	1.6
Education	12	35	47	0.9
Society and culture	39	57	96	1.9
Natural and physical sciences	11	8	19	0.4
Engineering	164	11	175	3.4
Architecture & building	68	3	71	1.4
Agriculture & related fields	24	0	24	0.5
Miscellaneous fields	51	32	83	1.6
Inadequately described	28	11	39	0.8
Not qualified	1755	2172	3927	77.0
Not stated	234	238	472	9.3
Total	2418	2684	5102	100.0

A09 AGE BY MARITAL STATUS BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Never married		Married		Separated not divorced		Divorced		Widowed		Total	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
15-24 years	736	744	68	106	10	11	3	5	5	7	822	873
25-34 years	330	311	272	323	28	62	35	5	5	9	670	751
35-44 years	106	82	247	271	28	52	47	10	19	19	438	501
45-54 years	42	29	151	134	23	35	36	10	20	20	262	258
55-64 years	18	3	77	64	9	12	14	9	9	5	127	159
65 years or more	23	12	42	49	4	5	6	24	67	67	99	142
Total	1255	1181	857	947	102	177	141	63	178	2418	2684	5102

A10 RELIGION BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prnp%
Christian:	875	968	1843	21.5
Anglican	49	55	104	1.2
Baptist	857	1014	1871	21.8
Catholic	59	73	132	1.5
Churches of Christ(a)	14	19	33	0.4
Jehovah's Witness	42	49	91	1.1
Lutheran	21	18	39	0.5
Orthodox	61	58	119	1.4
Pentecostal	187	210	397	4.6
Presbyterian(b)	49	66	115	1.3
Salvation Army	259	288	547	6.4
Uniting Church	83	78	161	1.9
Other	2556	2896	5452	63.6
Total	45	51	96	1.1
Non-Christian	15	9	24	0.3
Inadequately described	1052	925	1977	23.0
No religion(c)	545	485	1030	12.0
Not stated				
Total	4213	4366	8579	100.0

(a) Comprises 'Churches of Christ' and 'Churches of Christ Non-denominational'.

(b) Comprises 'Presbyterian so described' and 'Reformed'.

(c) Includes 'Humanist/Materialist'.

A11 AGE BY LABOUR FORCE STATUS (PART-TIME/FULL-TIME) BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Part-time	Employed		Total employed	Unemployed looking for:		Total unemployed	Total labour force	Not in labour force	Not stated(c)	Total
		Full-time(a)	Not stated(b)		Full-time work	Part-time work					
					MALES						
15-19 years	27	77	8	112	92	18	110	222	218	6	446
20-24 years	33	132	17	182	112	9	121	303	59	14	376
25-34 years	62	317	20	399	150	26	176	573	74	21	670
35-44 years	28	233	19	280	69	77	146	357	60	21	438
45-54 years	19	107	12	138	24	5	29	167	80	15	262
55-64 years	8	32	3	43	12	0	12	55	66	5	126
65 years or more	4	10	3	17	5	0	5	22	79	0	101
Total	181	908	82	1171	464	66	530	1701	636	82	2419
					FEMALES						
15-19 years	49	38	5	92	71	21	92	184	258	7	449
20-24 years	46	117	8	171	49	25	74	245	165	14	424
25-34 years	107	163	17	287	41	30	71	358	356	37	751
35-44 years	90	130	28	248	37	11	48	296	180	25	501
45-54 years	30	49	9	88	17	10	27	115	127	16	258
55-64 years	16	14	3	33	3	3	6	39	120	4	163
65 years or more	5	5	0	10	4	0	4	14	127	0	141
Total	343	516	70	929	222	100	322	1251	1333	103	2687
					PERSONS						
15-19 years	76	115	13	204	163	39	202	406	476	13	895
20-24 years	79	249	25	353	161	34	195	548	224	28	800
25-34 years	169	480	37	686	191	56	247	933	430	58	1421
35-44 years	118	363	47	528	106	19	125	653	240	46	939
45-54 years	49	156	21	226	41	15	56	282	207	31	520
55-64 years	24	46	6	76	15	3	18	94	186	9	289
65 years or more	9	15	3	27	9	0	9	36	206	0	242
Total	524	1424	152	2100	686	166	852	2952	1969	185	5106

A12 STATUS OF WORKER BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males		Females		Persons	Prop%
	Employed	Not stated	Employed	Not stated		
Wage or salary earner	1001	843	1844	87.9		
Self employed	112	52	164	7.8		
Employer	51	21	72	3.4		
Unpaid helper	5	12	17	0.8		
Total	1169	928	2097	100.0		

(a) Full-time is defined as having worked 35 hours or more in the main job held last week.
(b) Comprises employed persons who did not state their hours worked.
(c) Comprises persons who did not state their labour force status.

A13 INDUSTRY BY AGE BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total	Prop%
	MALES								
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	4	7	21	25	5	11	0	73	3.5
Mining	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	0.1
Manufacturing	21	34	88	41	24	3	0	211	10.0
Electricity, gas & water	0	3	8	7	0	0	0	18	0.9
Construction	10	15	22	29	3	5	3	87	4.1
Wholesale & retail trade	24	30	44	32	20	4	3	157	7.5
Transport & storage	3	14	20	20	3	4	3	95	4.5
Communication	3	6	10	9	3	0	0	31	1.5
Finance, property & busnss serv	3	4	15	11	6	0	0	39	1.9
Public admin & defence	9	11	50	18	6	3	0	97	4.6
Community services	11	25	55	42	26	4	0	163	7.7
Recrn, personal & other serv	13	9	16	11	9	3	3	64	3.0
Not classifiable	3	0	4	0	0	0	0	7	0.3
Not stated	13	22	33	34	14	4	4	124	5.9
Total	117	180	400	279	136	41	16	1169	55.5
	FEMALES								
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	0	0	13	6	3	3	0	25	1.2
Mining	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Manufacturing	7	15	29	23	12	3	0	89	4.2
Electricity, gas & water	0	3	4	0	0	0	0	3	0.1
Construction	3	0	4	0	3	0	3	13	0.6
Wholesale & retail trade	38	33	23	24	8	3	3	132	6.3
Transport & storage	0	3	4	0	0	0	3	10	0.5
Communication	0	3	3	3	0	0	0	9	0.4
Finance, property & busnss serv	0	20	17	17	6	0	0	60	2.8
Public admin & defence	4	17	34	24	4	3	0	86	4.1
Community services	19	49	110	92	32	7	0	309	14.7
Recrn, personal & other serv	14	17	19	19	10	4	3	86	4.1
Not classifiable	3	3	0	3	0	3	0	12	0.6
Not stated	6	12	29	35	12	6	3	103	4.9
Total	94	175	285	246	90	32	15	937	44.5
	PERSONS								
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	4	7	34	31	8	14	0	98	4.7
Mining	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	0.1
Manufacturing	28	49	117	64	36	6	0	300	14.2
Electricity, gas & water	0	6	8	7	0	0	0	21	1.0
Construction	13	15	26	29	6	5	6	100	4.7
Wholesale & retail trade	62	63	67	56	28	7	6	289	13.7
Transport & storage	3	17	35	20	20	4	6	105	5.0
Communication	3	9	13	12	3	0	0	40	1.9
Finance, property & busnss serv	3	24	32	28	12	0	0	99	4.7
Public admin & defence	13	28	84	42	10	6	0	183	8.7
Community services	30	74	165	134	58	11	0	472	22.4
Recrn, personal & other serv	27	26	35	30	19	7	6	150	7.1
Not classifiable	6	3	4	3	0	3	0	19	0.9
Not stated	19	34	62	69	26	10	7	227	10.8
Total	211	355	685	525	226	73	31	2106	100.0

A14 OCCUPATION BY AGE BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total	Prop%
MALES									
Managers & administrators	0	4	29	34	18	11	3	99	4.7
Professionals	3	16	36	20	12	3	0	90	4.3
Para-professionals	0	11	32	20	10	4	3	80	3.8
Tradespersons	45	47	75	56	17	6	3	249	11.9
Clerks	6	20	23	18	5	0	3	75	3.6
Sales & personal service workers	10	11	17	15	8	3	3	67	3.2
Plant & machine operators & drivers	4	21	74	40	26	6	0	171	8.1
Labourers & related workers	32	34	72	45	26	7	0	216	10.3
Inadequately described	0	0	11	4	3	0	3	21	1.0
Not stated	12	18	30	28	14	4	0	106	5.1
Total	112	182	399	280	139	44	18	1174	55.9
FEMALES									
Managers & administrators	0	5	18	16	6	3	0	48	2.3
Professionals	3	12	44	32	8	3	0	102	4.9
Para-professionals	0	10	32	21	8	8	0	79	3.8
Tradespersons	8	11	8	7	6	0	0	40	1.9
Clerks	15	70	69	44	14	3	0	215	10.2
Sales & personal service workers	47	36	40	50	13	5	3	194	9.2
Plant & machine operators & drivers	3	6	15	14	4	0	3	45	2.1
Labourers & related workers	13	12	34	31	18	5	0	113	5.4
Inadequately described	0	0	3	3	3	0	0	9	0.4
Not stated	3	9	24	30	10	4	0	80	3.8
Total	92	171	287	248	90	31	6	925	44.1
PERSONS									
Managers & administrators	0	9	47	50	24	14	3	147	7.0
Professionals	6	28	80	52	20	6	0	192	9.1
Para-professionals	0	21	64	41	18	12	3	159	7.6
Tradespersons	53	58	83	63	23	6	3	280	13.8
Clerks	21	90	92	62	19	3	3	290	13.8
Sales & personal service workers	57	47	57	65	21	8	6	261	12.4
Plant & machine operators & drivers	7	27	89	54	30	6	3	216	10.3
Labourers & related workers	45	46	106	76	44	12	0	329	15.7
Inadequately described	0	0	14	7	6	0	3	30	1.4
Not stated	15	27	54	58	24	8	0	186	8.9
Total	204	353	686	528	229	75	24	2099	100.0

A15 INDUSTRY SECTOR BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Commonwealth government	82	89	171	8.2
State/Territory government	158	168	326	15.5
Local government	46	22	68	3.2
Private sector	766	552	1318	62.9
Not stated	117	97	214	10.2
Total	1169	928	2097	100.0

A16 HOURS WORKED BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
0 hours	52	54	106	5.1
1-15 hours	50	128	178	8.5
16-24 hours	29	88	117	5.6
25-34 hours	50	73	123	5.9
35-39 hours	312	231	543	25.9
40 hours or more	596	285	881	42.0
Not stated	80	69	149	7.1
Total	1169	928	2097	100.0

A17 ANNUAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	206	346	552	10.8
\$3,001-\$5,000	145	161	306	6.0
\$5,001-\$8,000	463	487	950	18.6
\$8,001-\$12,000	222	413	635	12.4
\$12,001-\$16,000	232	313	545	10.7
\$16,001-\$20,000	253	226	479	9.4
\$20,001-\$25,000	292	168	460	9.0
\$25,001-\$30,000	154	73	227	4.4
\$30,001-\$40,000	128	71	199	3.9
Over \$40,000	56	18	74	1.5
Not stated	267	408	675	13.2
Total	2418	2684	5102	100.0

A18 ANNUAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME BY AGE
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Persons aged 15 years or more

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total
\$0-\$3,000	221	63	136	74	30	18	10	552
\$3,001-\$5,000	152	36	46	30	16	14	12	306
\$5,001-\$8,000	134	177	192	130	119	92	106	950
\$8,001-\$12,000	100	98	173	95	73	48	48	635
\$12,001-\$16,000	45	110	197	99	55	22	17	545
\$16,001-\$20,000	22	99	173	108	50	23	4	479
\$20,001-\$25,000	10	81	168	118	57	19	7	460
\$25,001-\$30,000	0	41	77	73	26	7	3	227
\$30,001-\$40,000	0	20	83	59	26	9	0	197
Over \$40,000	3	7	22	32	6	4	3	77
Not stated	207	68	154	121	62	30	33	675
Total	894	800	1421	939	520	286	243	5103

A19 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME
Classifiable Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander family households(a)

	H'holds	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	31	1.4
\$3,001-\$5,000	4	0.2
\$5,001-\$8,000	37	1.7
\$8,001-\$12,000	113	5.1
\$12,001-\$16,000	226	10.2
\$16,001-\$20,000	172	7.8
\$20,001-\$25,000	208	9.4
\$25,001-\$30,000	198	9.0
\$30,001-\$40,000	246	11.1
\$40,001-\$50,000	212	9.6
\$50,001-\$60,000	114	5.2
Over \$60,000	94	4.2
Partial income stated(b)	441	19.9
No incomes stated(c)	116	5.2
Total	2212	100.0

(a) Excludes those dwellings which were temporarily unoccupied at the time of the census but the collector had ascertained that it was normally occupied, lone person households, group households and households which contained only persons under 15 years of age.

(b) Comprises households where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse, offspring, or co-tenant was temporarily absent.

(c) Comprises households where no members present stated an income.

A20 ANNUAL FAMILY INCOME
Primary Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander families

	Families	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	31	1.4
\$3,001-\$5,000	6	0.3
\$5,001-\$8,000	42	1.9
\$8,001-\$12,000	131	5.9
\$12,001-\$16,000	245	11.1
\$16,001-\$20,000	178	8.1
\$20,001-\$25,000	199	9.0
\$25,001-\$30,000	193	8.8
\$30,001-\$40,000	236	10.7
\$40,001-\$50,000	207	9.4
\$50,001-\$60,000	104	4.7
Over \$60,000	79	3.6
Partial income stated(a)	435	19.7
No incomes stated(b)	117	5.3
Total	2203	100.0

A21 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander family households

	Occupied dwellings	Prop%
Separate house	1857	83.9
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc	100	4.5
Flat or apartment:		
In a 1, 2 or 3 storey block	147	6.6
In a 4 or more storey	31	1.4
Attached to house	6	0.3
Total	184	8.3
Caravan etc in caravan park	27	1.2
Caravan not in caravan park, houseboat etc	6	0.3
Improvised home, campers out	3	0.1
House or flat attached to shop, office etc	16	0.7
Not stated	20	0.9
Total	2213	100.0

A22 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons in private dwellings of any type

	Persons	Prop%
Separate house	6824	83.3
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc	403	4.9
Flat or apartment:		
In a 1, 2 or 3 storey block	552	6.7
In a 4 or more storey	117	1.4
Attached to house	25	0.3
Total	694	8.5
Caravan etc in caravan park	102	1.2
Caravan not in caravan park, houseboat etc	27	0.3
Improvised home, campers out	10	0.1
House or flat attached to shop, office etc	56	0.7
Not stated	77	0.9
Total	8193	100.0

A23 NATURE OF OCCUPANCY BY LANDLORD TYPE BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families

	C'vans etc in caravan parks(a)	Other occupied private dwellings	Total	Prop%
Owned	7	318	325	14.7
Being purchased	0	570	570	25.8
Rented:				
Housing commission/authority	0	600	600	27.1
Other government agency	0	49	49	2.2
Other	16	524	540	24.4
Not stated	0	28	28	1.3
Total	16	1201	1217	55.0
Other(b)	3	96	99	4.5
Total	26	2185	2211	100.0

(a) Comprises families where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse or offspring was temporarily absent.

(b) Comprises families where no members present stated an income.

(a) Nature of occupancy and landlord type were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.
(b) Comprises 'other/inadequately described' and 'not stated'.

A24 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING BY NATURE OF OCCUPANCY
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families

	Being					Total
	Owned	purchased	Rented	Other(a)	6 or more	
Separate house	300	558	920	79		1857
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, town house etc	6	5	85	4		100
Flat or apartment	3	0	171	8		182
Caravan etc in caravan park(b)	7	0	17	3		27
Other	6	0	13	4		23
Not stated	3	4	12	0		19
Total	325	567	1218	98		2208

A25 NUMBER OF BEDROOMS BY NUMBER OF PERSONS (USUALLY RESIDENT)(c)
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families (excludes caravans etc in caravan parks)

	Number of persons usually resident						Total
	1	2	3	4	5	6 or more	
0-1 bedrooms	0	39	11	0	3	0	53
2 bedrooms	0	207	133	64	18	14	436
3 bedrooms	0	243	332	408	239	145	1367
4 bedrooms	0	23	27	66	6	62	242
5 or more bedrooms	0	6	5	3	7	13	34
Not stated	0	12	16	12	9	4	53
Total	0	530	524	553	340	238	2185

A26 MONTHLY HOUSING LOAN REPAYMENT BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families and which are being purchased

	C'vans etc in c'van parks(d)		Other occupied private dwellings		Total	Prop%	Prop%
	Prop%	Total	Prop%	Total			
\$0-\$200	0	0.0	76	13.3	76	13.3	13.3
\$201-\$300	0	0.0	70	12.3	70	12.3	12.3
\$301-\$400	0	0.0	82	14.4	82	14.4	14.4
\$401-\$475	0	0.0	55	9.6	55	9.6	9.6
Over \$475	0	0.0	267	46.8	267	46.8	46.8
Not stated	0	0.0	20	3.5	20	3.5	3.5
Total	0	0.0	570	100.0	570	100.0	100.0

(a) Comprises 'other/inadequately described' and 'not stated'.
(b) Nature of occupancy and landlord type were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.
(c) Spouses, offspring, and co-tenants (in group households) who were temporarily absent on census night are included. A maximum of 3 temporary absences can be counted in each household.
(d) Monthly housing loan repayments were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

A27 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY MONTHLY HOUSING LOAN REPAYMENT
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families and which are being purchased (excludes caravans etc in caravan parks and not classifiable households(a))

Annual household income	Monthly housing loan repayment					Total
	\$0-\$200	\$201-\$300	\$301-\$400	\$401-\$475	Over \$475	
\$0-\$3,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$3,001-\$5,000	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$5,001-\$8,000	0	0	3	0	0	3
\$8,001-\$12,000	0	3	3	0	0	6
\$12,001-\$16,000	3	4	3	3	6	19
\$16,001-\$25,000	4	13	10	12	34	73
\$25,001-\$40,000	24	18	24	11	59	139
\$40,001-\$60,000	19	15	18	8	80	143
Over \$60,000	4	4	3	4	32	47
Partial incomes stated(b)	18	12	20	15	47	117
No incomes stated(c)	3	3	3	0	6	22
Total	75	72	87	53	264	569

A28 WEEKLY RENT BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied rented Aboriginal and Torres Strait private dwellings containing families

	C'vans etc in c'van parks(d)		Other occupied private dwellings		Total	Prop%	Prop%
	Prop%	Total	Prop%	Total			
\$0-\$47	0	0.0	156	13.0	156	13.0	12.8
\$48-\$77	3	18.8	365	30.4	368	30.4	30.2
\$78-\$107	8	50.0	248	20.6	256	20.6	21.0
\$108-\$137	5	31.3	216	18.0	221	18.0	18.2
\$138-\$167	0	0.0	134	11.2	134	11.2	11.0
\$168-\$197	0	0.0	25	2.1	25	2.1	2.1
Over \$197	0	0.0	18	1.5	18	1.5	1.5
Not stated	0	0.0	39	3.2	39	3.2	3.2
Total	16	100.0	1201	100.0	1217	100.0	100.0

(a) Not classifiable households are those dwellings which were temporarily unoccupied at the time of the census, but the collector had ascertained that it was normally occupied, or the household contained only persons aged under 15 years.
(b) Comprises households where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse, offspring, or co-tenant was temporarily absent.
(c) Comprises households where no members present stated an income.
(d) Weekly rent was not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

A29 LANDLORD TYPE BY WEEKLY RENT
 Occupied rented Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families (excludes caravans
 etc. in caravan parks)

	\$0- \$77	\$78- \$107	\$108- \$137	Weekly rent		Over \$197	Not stated	Total
				\$138- \$197	\$197+			
Housing commission/authority	395	104	64	17	0	0	19	599
Other govt agency	27	14	4	3	0	0	0	48
Other	91	124	145	138	15	11	11	524
Not stated	8	6	3	0	3	3	9	29
Total	521	248	216	158	18	18	39	1200

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