



1994
National Aboriginal and
Torres Strait Islander Survey
Wagga Wagga ATSI Region

NATIONAL ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER SURVEY 1994

(Including selected statistics from the 1991 Census of Population and Housing and
the 1992 ATSI Housing and Community Infrastructure Needs Survey)

REGIONAL STATISTICS

WAGGA WAGGA ATSI REGION

BINAAL BILLA REGIONAL COUNCIL

Lois O'Donoghue CBE AM
Chairperson
Aboriginal and Torres Strait
Islander Commission

W. McLennan
Australian Statistician
Australian Bureau of Statistics

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PREFACE

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994: Regional Statistics, is a series of 36 publications which present a summary of the results from the 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey. A *Regional Statistics* publication has been produced for each of the ATSI Regions and the Torres Strait Area. These publications do not present community level statistics; such statistics are available from the Census of Population and Housing.

The 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey provides a wealth of information about the social, economic, and health status of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. An important use of the statistics from the Survey is to assist Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations and individuals in making their planning decisions.

The *Regional Statistics* publications result from a joint venture between the Australian Bureau of Statistics and the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission.

These publications present summary statistical information in graphical form without explanation. Each publication contains a range of statistics relating to family and culture; health; housing; education and training; employment and income; and law and justice.

The publications in this series are presented in a common format to allow information for different regions to be easily compared.

Lois O'Donoghue CBE AM
Chairperson
Aboriginal and Torres Strait
Islander Commission

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February 1996

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The success of the 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey would not have been possible without the contributions of:

- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people who participated in the final survey and the earlier survey trials;
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander interviewers who collected the information throughout Australia;
- members of the Survey Advisory Committee and Technical Reference Groups who provided detailed advice on the survey content and methodology; and
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations, Government departments and other organisations which assisted the ABS and advisory groups to design the survey and lay the groundwork for a successful data collection.

CAUTIONS

- Statistics can have a high level of uncertainty due to small sample sizes. This is indicated by asterisk (**) and must be recognised when interpreting figures and percentages referred to in this publication. The level of uncertainty in statistics can be derived from the standard errors table shown in Appendix C.
- Population projections, based on June 1991 experimental estimates, have been prepared by the ABS for each ATSI region using assumptions agreed to by ATSI. Sampling variation within ATSI regions can result in discrepancies between survey estimates and population projections.
- Statistics based on self-reported information or people's opinions should be interpreted cautiously.

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INQUIRIES . *for further information about statistics in this publication* , contact the National Centre for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics on (089) 43 2193 (freecall 1800 63 3216), or any ABS Office.

. *for information about other ABS statistics and services*, please refer to page 95 of this publication.

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SYMBOLS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Symbols The following symbols, where shown in columns of figures or elsewhere in tables, mean:

. . not applicable

** subject to high sampling variability

(see Appendix C for explanation of sampling variability).

All figures have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between totals and the sums of the component items.

Explanatory notes See Appendix B of ABS publication 4190.0

Related publications Other ABS publications which may be of interest include:

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Detailed Findings (4190.0).

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Australia's Indigenous Youth (4197.0)

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Better Employment Outcomes (4199.0) to be released in April 1996.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics Catalogue (1138.0).

Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products (1101.0)*. The ABS also issues the *Release Advice (1105.0)* On Tuesdays and Fridays which lists publications to be released in the next few days. Both the Catalogue and Release Advice are available from any ABS office.

Unpublished statistics As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant unpublished data available. For further information about these statistics and related publications contact:

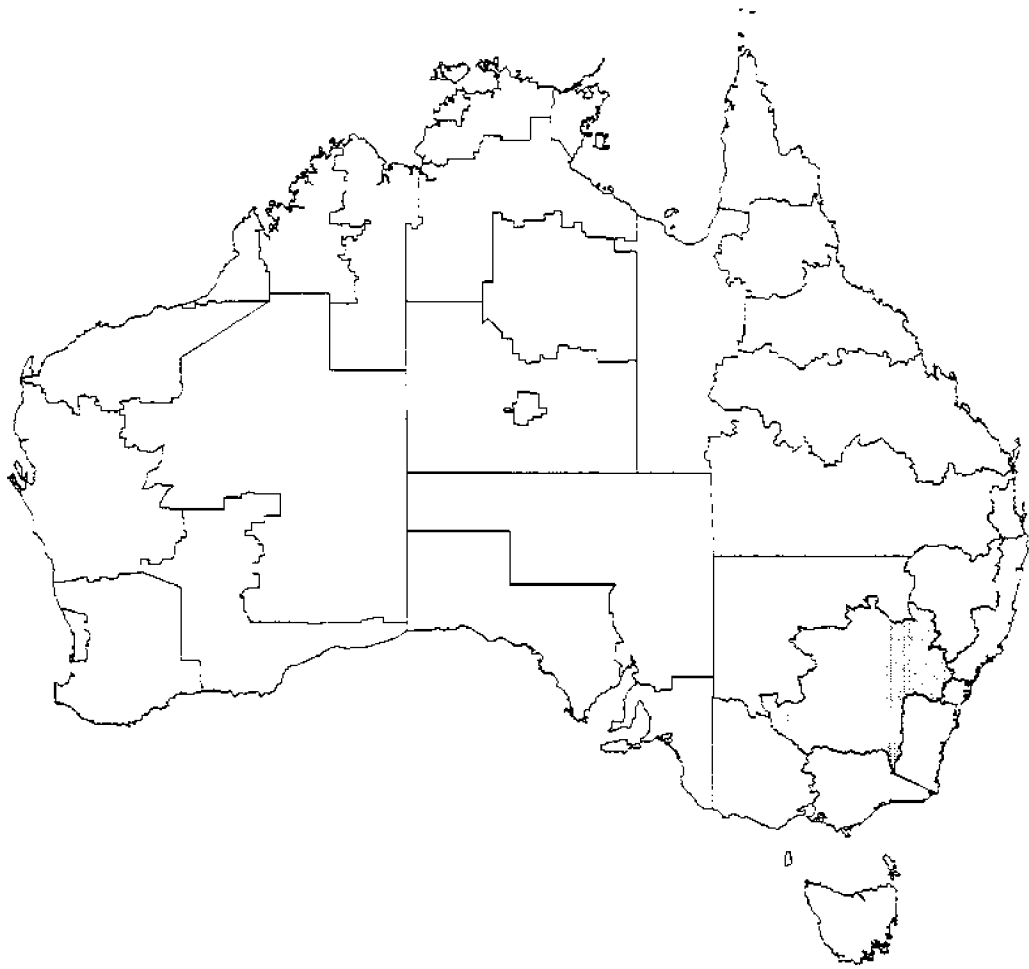
National Centre for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics
Australian Bureau of Statistics
GPO Box 3796 Darwin, NT 0801

Freecall: 1800 633 216

Fax: (089) 410 715

INTRODUCTION

Map 1 Location of Wagga Wagga ATSI Region



Location	The Wagga Wagga ATSIC Region covers an area of 272,300 square kilometres in New South Wales. It is situated in central New South Wales and extends south down to the Victorian border. The Region also shares boundaries with the Bourke, Queanbeyan, Sydney, Tamworth and Coffs Harbour Regions.
Binaal Billa Regional Council	The Binaal Billa Regional Council comprises twenty Regional Councillors elected by the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander voters of the region to look after their interests. Regional Councillors from the Binaal Billa, Murdi Paaki and South Eastern NSW/ACT Indigenous Regional Councils elect a Commissioner to represent the New South Wales West Zone to the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission.
Main population centres	The Wagga Wagga Region has the third largest population of the New South Wales regions. At the time of the 1991 Census the largest centre of Indigenous population in the region was Dubbo with some 1,890 people. Other major population centres were Wagga Wagga (900 people), Nyngan and Orange (each with 650 people) and Wellington (640 people).
Population growth	The Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population in the region was projected to be some 14,630 people at 30 June 1994. This was an increase of 6.2 per cent on the June 1991 estimate of 13,770 people.



CHAPTER ONE

FAMILY AND CULTURE

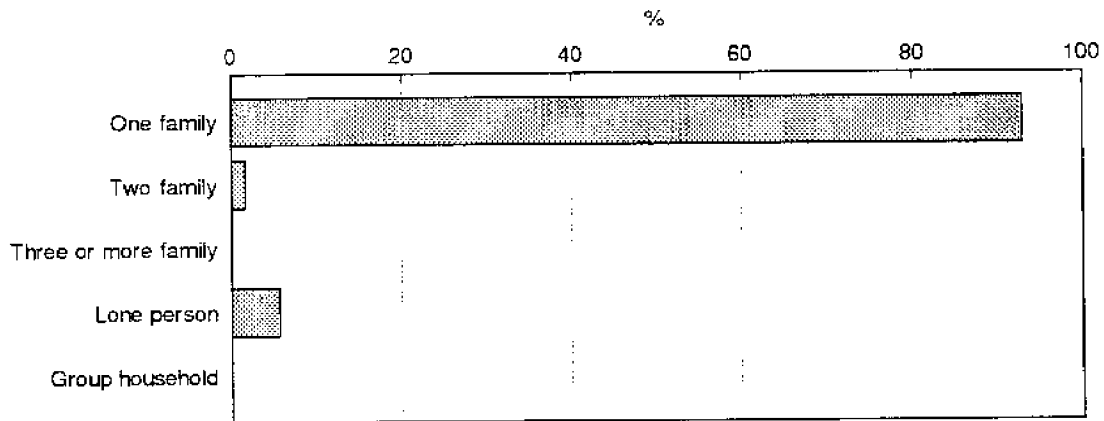
Map 2 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Land Wagga Wagga Region 1992



Source: Land Tenure Map, 1992, AUSLIG
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FIGURE 1.1 HOUSEHOLD TYPE

Households living in private dwellings



Household type

Some 5,040 households were living in the Wagga Wagga region.

The various household types identified were:

- one family (4,680 households)
- two family (80** households)
- lone person (280 households)

see page (iv) for explanation of **

Number of people in household

The number of people in these households was estimated to be:

- one or two people (1,640 households)
- three to five people (2,660 households)
- six or seven people (600 households)
- eight or more people (130 households)

FIGURE 1.2 NUMBER OF PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD

Households living in private dwellings

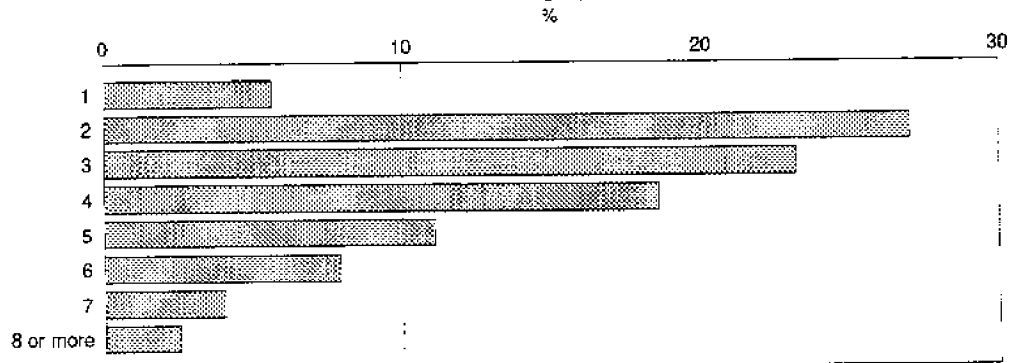
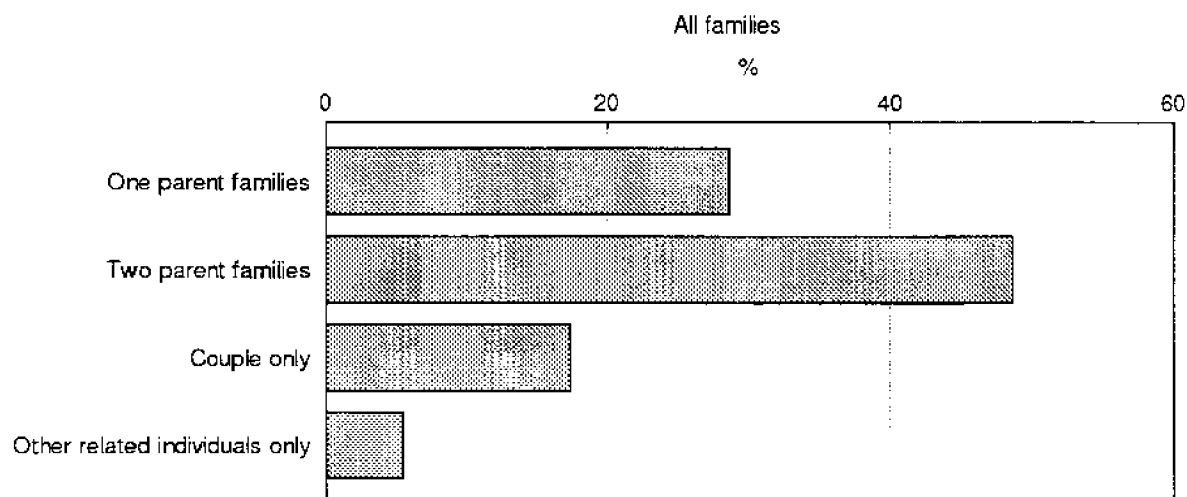


FIGURE 1.3 FAMILY TYPE



Family type

There were some 4,810 families living in the Wagga Wagga region. The various family types identified were:

- one parent families (1,380 families)
- two parent families (2,340 families)
- couple only (830 families)
- other related individuals only (260** families)

Composition of family

The composition of these families was:

- Indigenous members only (2,350 families)
- both Indigenous and non-Indigenous members (2,460 families)

FIGURE 1.4 COMPOSITION OF FAMILY

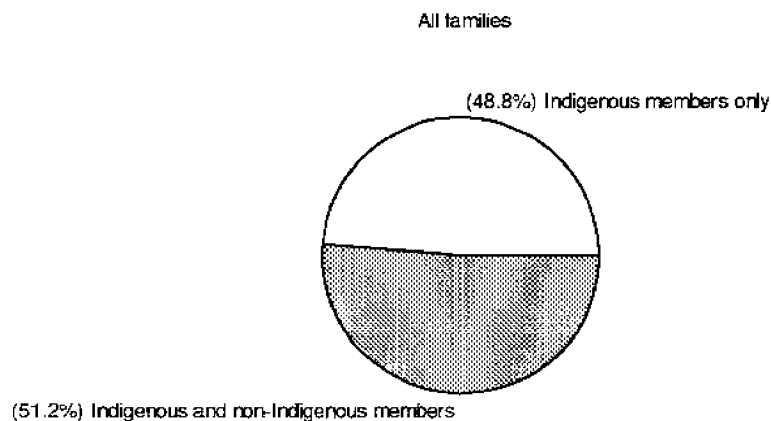
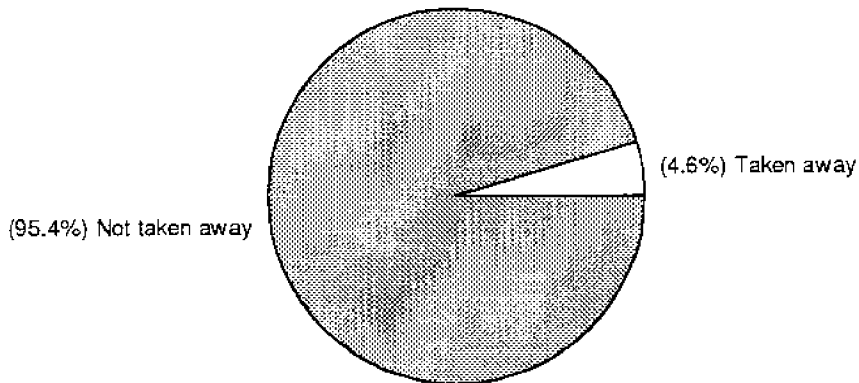


FIGURE 1.5 TAKEN AWAY FROM NATURAL FAMILY

Persons aged 25 years and over



Separation from families Some 300** people aged twenty-five years and over reported that they were taken away from their natural families.

Childcare The childcare arrangements of the 2,970 families with children aged twelve years and under were:

- family and friends only (1,830 families)
- did not use childcare (820 families)
- combination of formal childcare and family/friends (170** families)

FIGURE 1.6 CHILDCARE ARRANGEMENTS

Families with children aged 12 years and younger

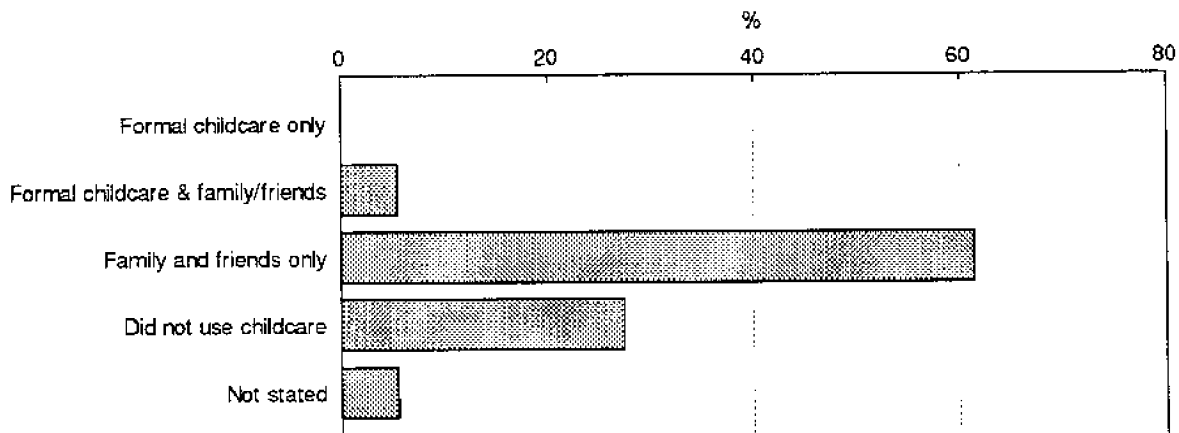
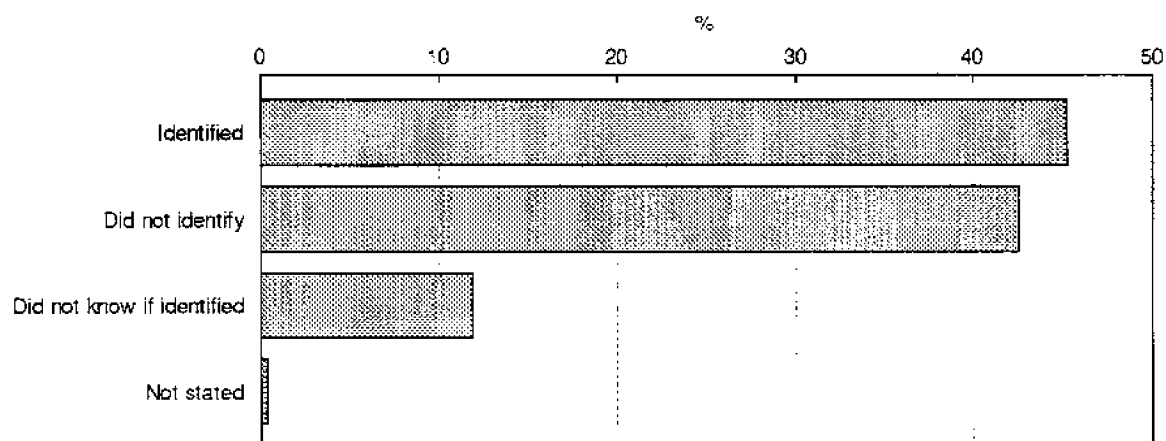


FIGURE 1.7 IDENTIFICATION WITH CLAN, TRIBAL OR LANGUAGE GROUP

Persons aged 13 years and over



Identification with clan, tribal or language group Some 4,450 of those 9,830 people aged thirteen years and over said that they identified with a clan, tribal or language group.

Role of elders People aged thirteen years and over stated that the role of elders was:

- important (7,520 people)
- not important (720 people)
- did not know (1,580 people)

FIGURE 1.8 ROLE OF ELDERS

Persons aged 13 years and over

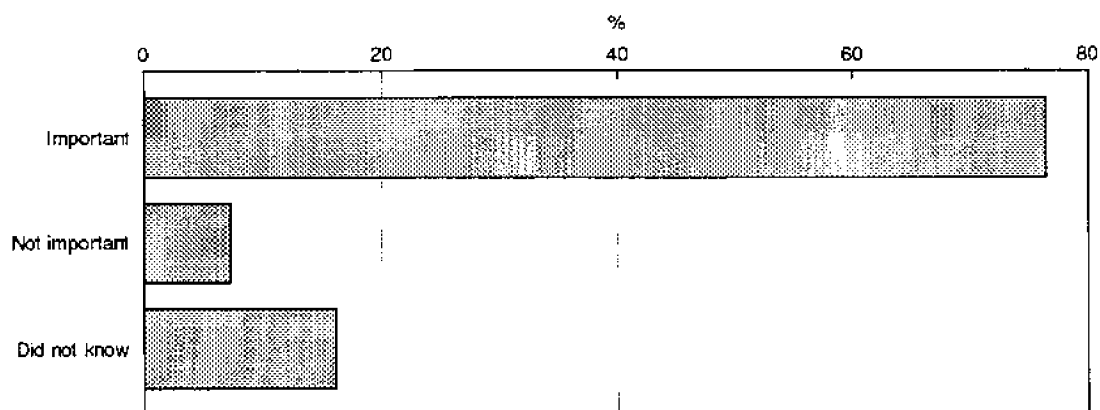
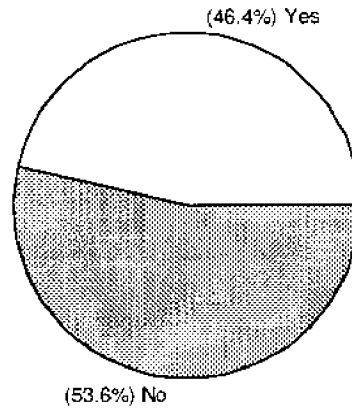


FIGURE 1.9 RECOGNITION OF HOMELANDS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Recognition of homelands

Of people aged thirteen years and over:

- 4,560 people recognised an area as their homelands
- 5,260 people did not recognise any area as their homelands

Characteristics of people who recognise homelands

Of those people who reported that they recognise an area as their homelands:

- 3,970 grew up in their homelands
- 2,040 were living on their homelands
- 4,110 said that their ancestors came from the area that they recognise as their homelands

FIGURE 1.10 CHARACTERISTICS OF PERSONS WHO RECOGNISE HOMELANDS

Persons aged 13 years and over who recognise homelands

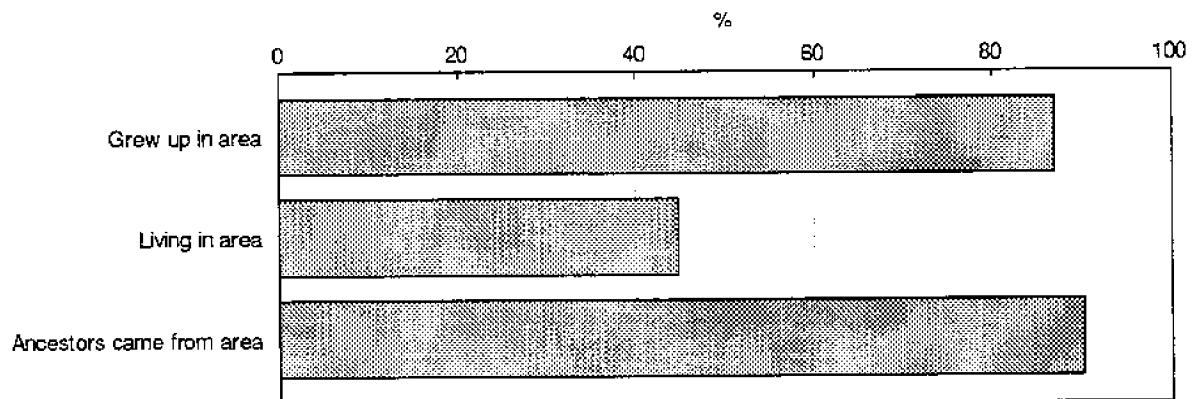
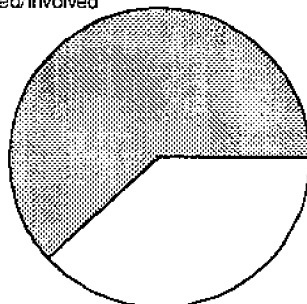


FIGURE 1.11 ATTENDANCE AT CULTURAL ACTIVITIES (a)

Persons aged 13 years and over

(61.7%) Attended/involved



(38.3%) Did not attend/were not involved

(a) Includes involvement with indigenous organisations

Attendance at cultural activities

Over the past year, 6,060 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they had attended one or more Indigenous cultural activity or were involved with Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations.

Reasons why could not attend all cultural activities

The main reasons why people could not attend all cultural activities over the past year were (in order):

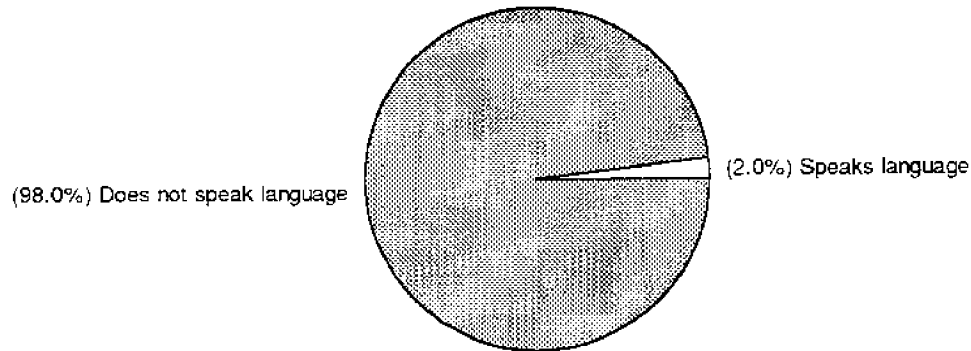
- not enough money
- too far away
- work commitments
- no transport

FIGURE 1.12 REASONS WHY COULD NOT ATTEND ALL CULTURAL ACTIVITIES

The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).

FIGURE 1.13 ABORIGINAL OR TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER LANGUAGES

Persons aged 5 years and over



Speaks an Indigenous language

Some 270** of the 12,840 people aged five years and over reported that they could speak an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander language.

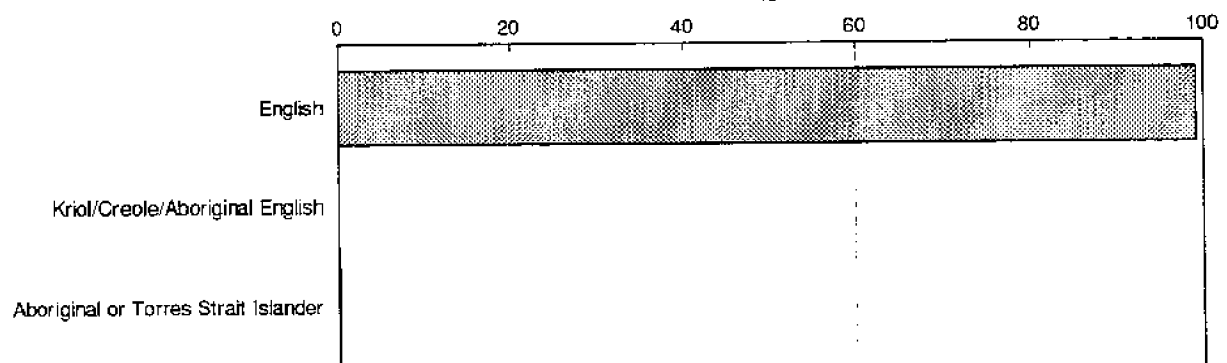
Main language spoken at home

The main language spoken at home by people aged five years and over was:

- English (13,090 people)

FIGURE 1.14 MAIN LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME

Persons aged 5 years and over
%





CHAPTER TWO

HEALTH

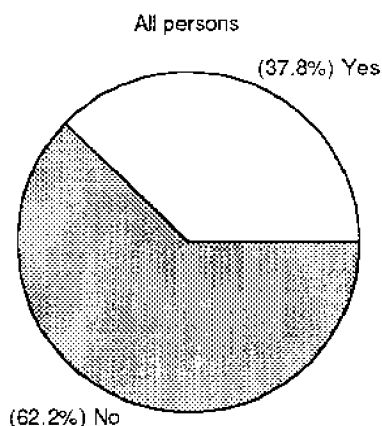
Map 3 Indigenous Health Services and Projects Funded by ATSIC Wagga Wagga Region



- ★ Medical Services and Projects
- Major Population Centres

Note: The provision of primary health care transferred from
ATSIC to the Department of Human Services and Health in 1995.
Source: National Aboriginal Health Strategy, 1994.

FIGURE 2.1 EXPERIENCED A RECENT ILLNESS

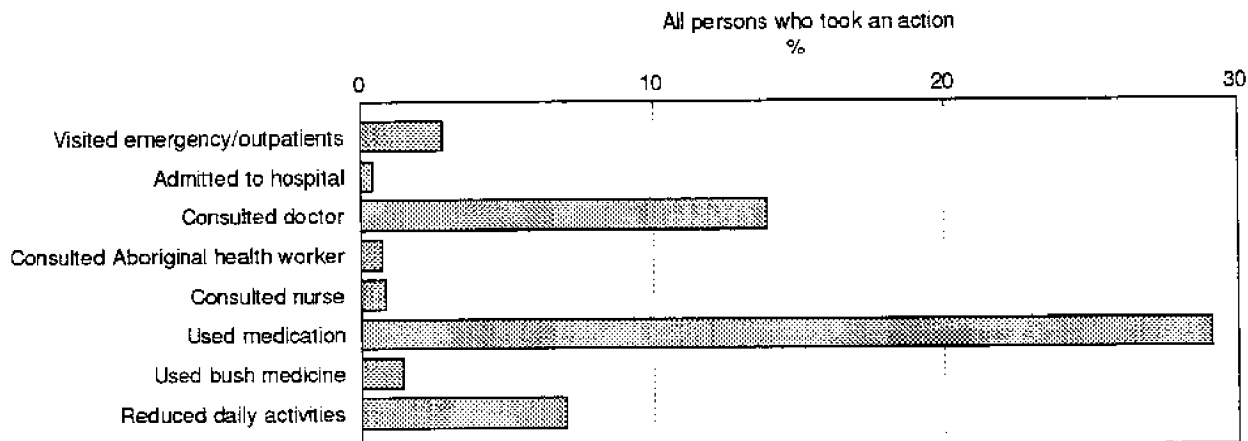


Recent illness Some 5,810 people experienced an illness in the two weeks prior to the survey.

Health related actions An estimated 5,630 people took one or more health related actions in the two weeks prior to the survey. The most common actions taken were:

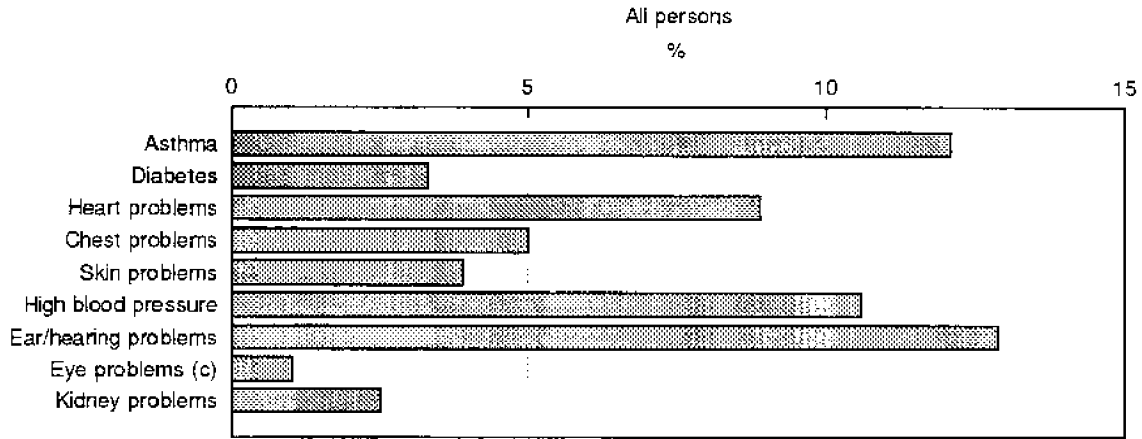
- used medication (4,480 people)
- consulted a doctor (2,140 people)
- reduced daily activities (1,080 people)
- visited emergency/outpatients clinic (430 people)
- used bush medicine (290** people)

FIGURE 2.2 TYPE OF HEALTH RELATED ACTIONS (a)



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one type of action

FIGURE 2.3 LONG TERM ILLNESS CONDITIONS (a) (b)



(a) Long term conditions are conditions which have lasted for 6 months or more (b) Persons may have indicated more than one condition (c) Excludes eye problems which can be corrected by glasses

Long term illness conditions

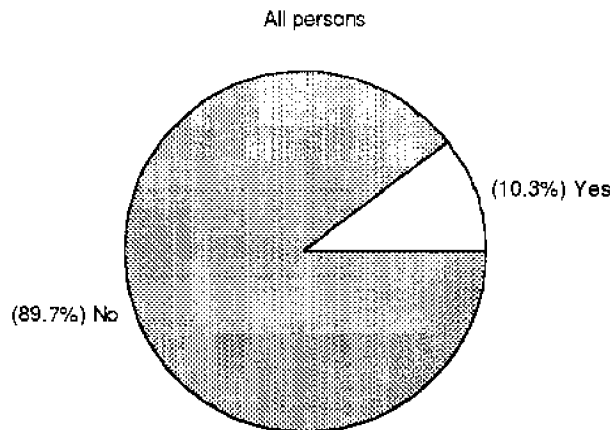
Some 5,600 people, or thirty-six per cent of the total population, reported one or more long term illness conditions. The most common conditions were:

- ear or hearing problems (1,980 people)
- asthma (1,860 people)
- high blood pressure (1,630 people)
- heart problems (1,370 people)
- chest problems (770 people)
- skin problems (610 people)

Health related travel

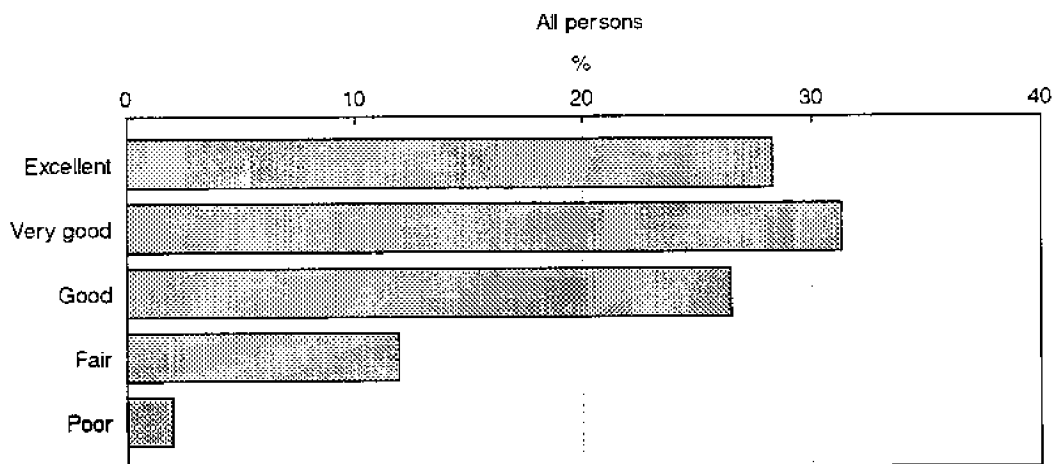
Some 1,590 people reported that during the last twelve months they had gone away from the area for treatment of a health problem.

FIGURE 2.4 GONE AWAY FOR TREATMENT (a)



(a) Refers to health related treatment during the last 12 months

FIGURE 2.5 SELF ASSESSED HEALTH STATUS



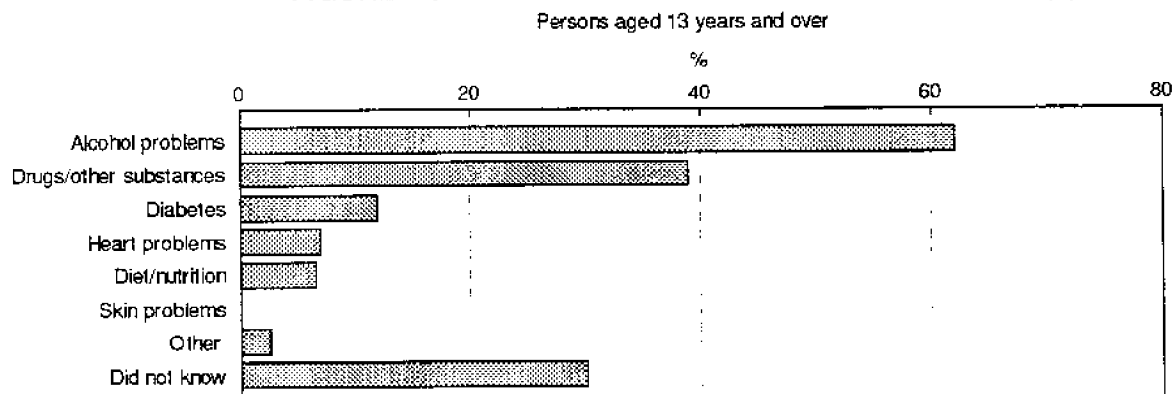
Self-assessed health status The self-assessed health status of the 15,380 people in the Wagga Wagga region was:

- excellent or very good (9,170 people)
- good or fair (5,910 people)
- poor (300** people)

Local health problems The main local health problems identified by the 9,830 people aged thirteen years and over were:

- alcohol (6,100 people)
- drugs/other substances (3,830 people)
- diabetes (1,170 people)
- heart problems (680 people)
- diet/nutrition (640 people)

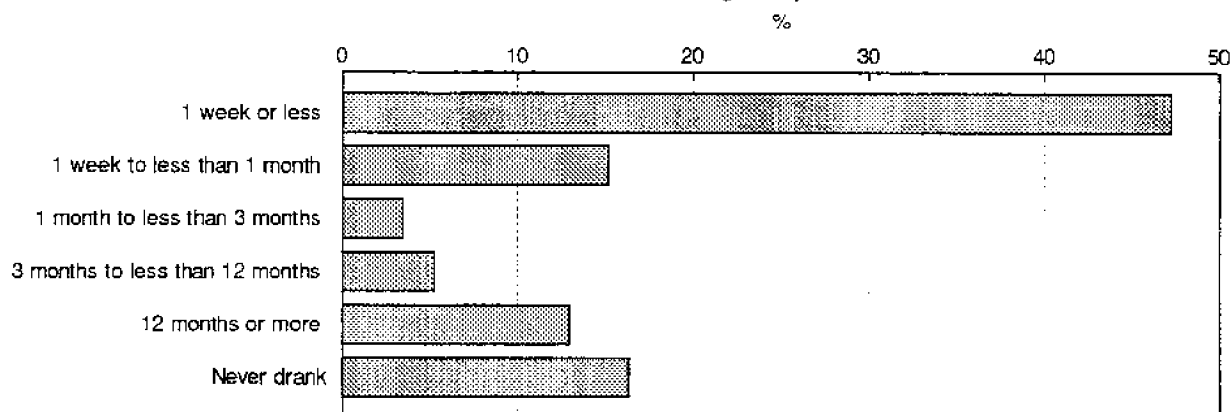
FIGURE 2.6 MAIN HEALTH PROBLEMS IN LOCAL AREA (a)



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one health problem

FIGURE 2.7 PERIOD SINCE LAST DRANK ALCOHOL

Persons aged 13 years and over



Alcohol consumption People aged thirteen years and over reported that the period since they last drank alcohol was:

- one week or less (4,640 people)
- more than one week but less than one month (1,480 people)
- one month or more but less than three months (340** people)
- three months or more but less than twelve months (510 people)
- twelve months or more (1,260 people)
- never drank (1,600 people)

Tobacco use Some 4,660 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they smoked cigarettes.

FIGURE 2.8 CIGARETTE SMOKING

Persons aged 13 years and over

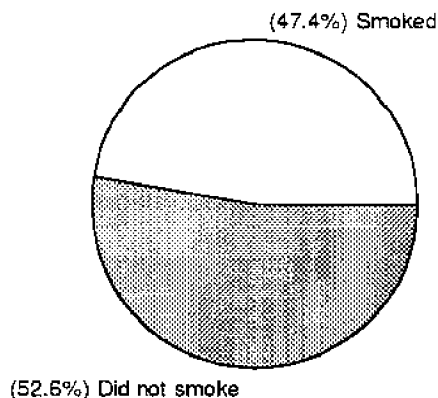
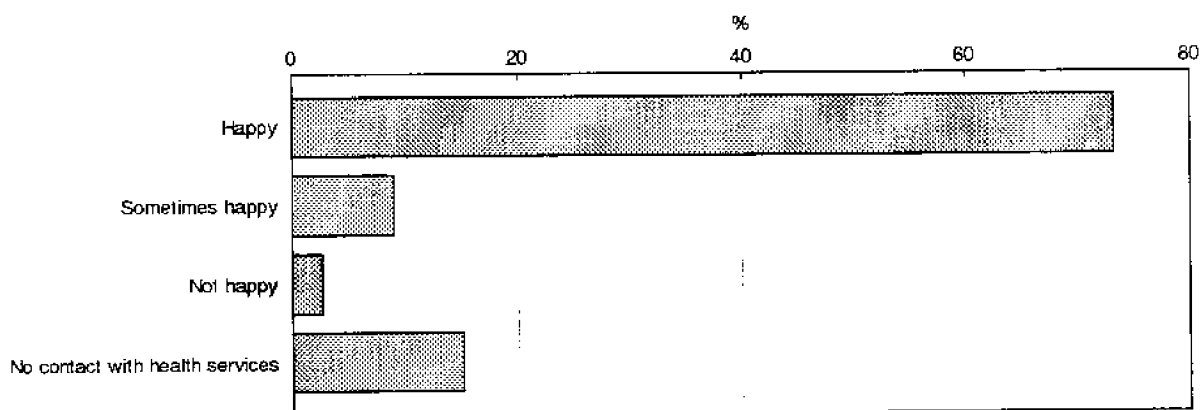


FIGURE 2.9 ATTITUDES TO LOCAL HEALTH SERVICES

Persons aged 13 years and over



Attitudes to local health services

People aged thirteen years and over said they were:

- happy with local health services (7,190 people)
- sometimes happy (890 people)
- not happy (260** people)
- no contact with local health services (1,500 people)

Involvement in health services

Some 6,600 people aged thirteen years and over thought that it was important for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people to be involved in local health services.

FIGURE 2.10 IMPORTANCE OF INDIGENOUS INVOLVEMENT IN HEALTH SERVICES

Persons aged 13 years and over

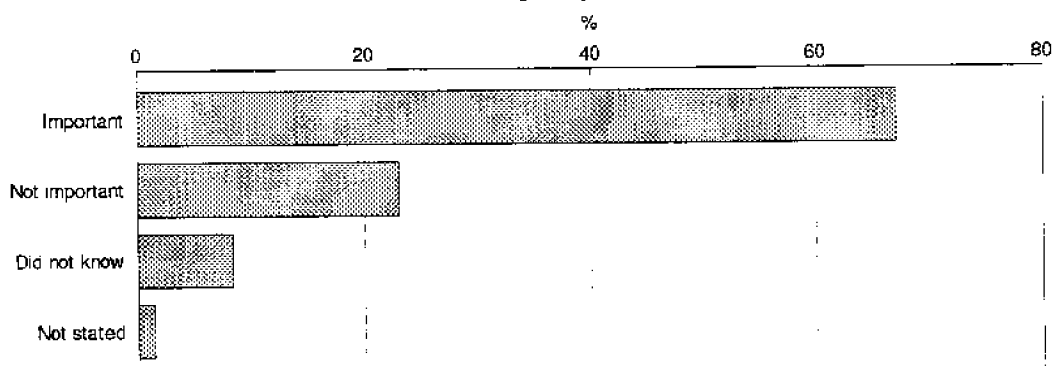
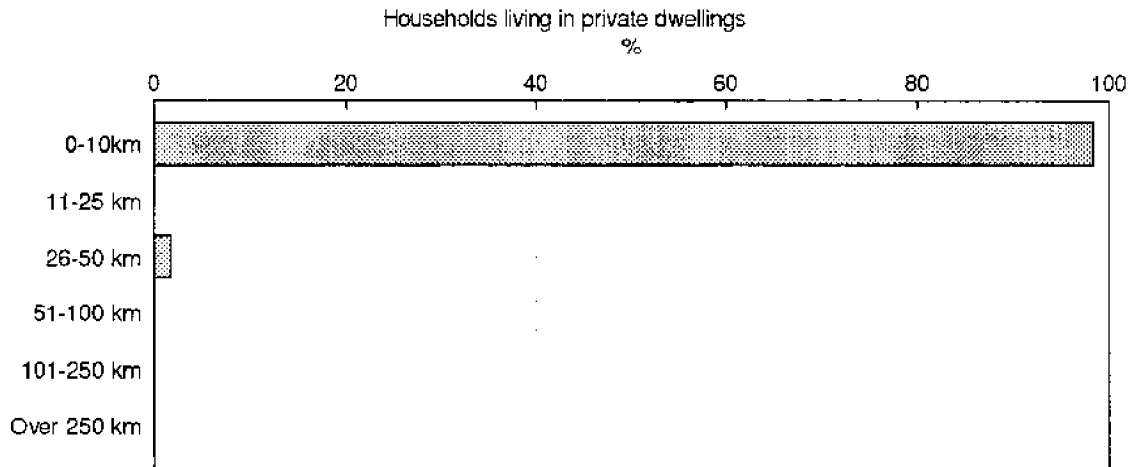


FIGURE 2.11 DISTANCE TO NEAREST COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRE



Nearest health centre

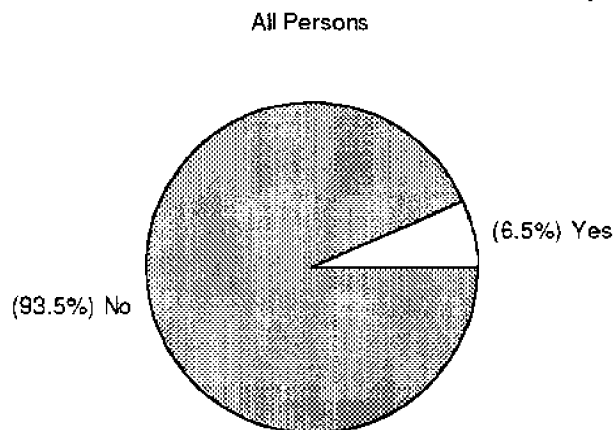
The distance that the 5,040 households had to travel to attend the nearest community health centre was estimated to be:

- less than 10 km (4,950 households)
- between 26 and 50 km (90** households)

Bush medicine

Some 1,000 people reported using bush medicine in the last six months.

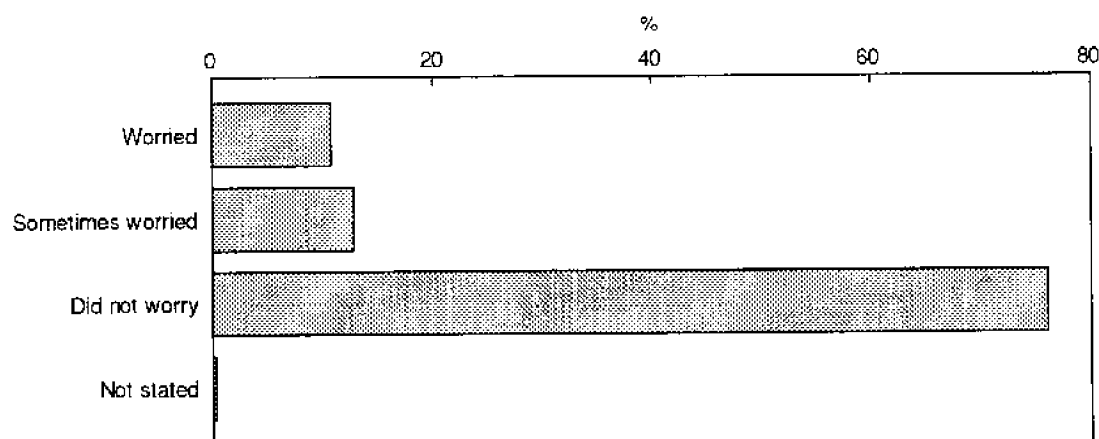
FIGURE 2.12 USED BUSH MEDICINE (a)



(a) Refers to the last six months

FIGURE 2.13 WORRIED ABOUT GOING WITHOUT FOOD

Persons aged 13 years and over



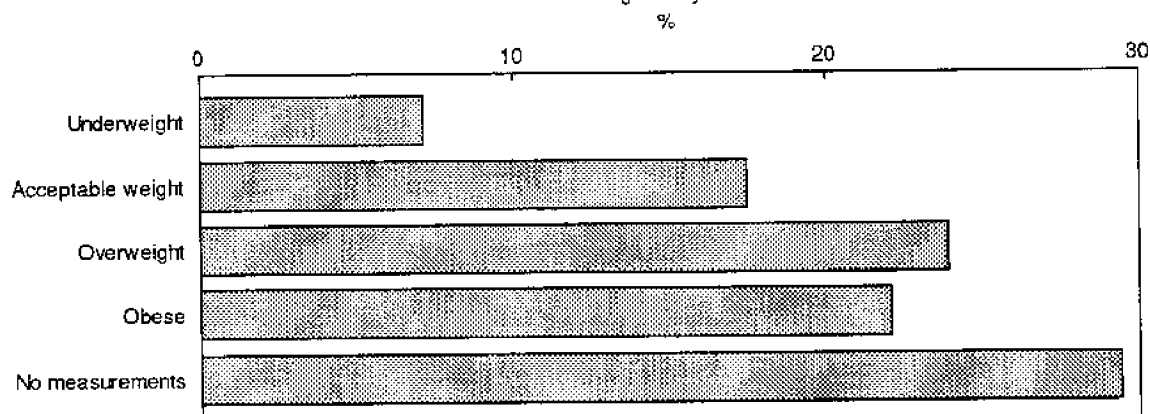
Food security Some 2,320 people aged thirteen years and over said that they worried, or sometimes worried, about going without food.

Relative weight The 8,430 people aged eighteen years and over were grouped according to their body mass index (BMI) scores. On this basis:

- 600 people were underweight
- 1,470 people were an acceptable weight
- 2,010 people were overweight
- 1,870 people were obese
- 2,480 people chose not to have their weight and height measurements taken

FIGURE 2.14 RELATIVE WEIGHT (a)

Persons aged 18 years and over



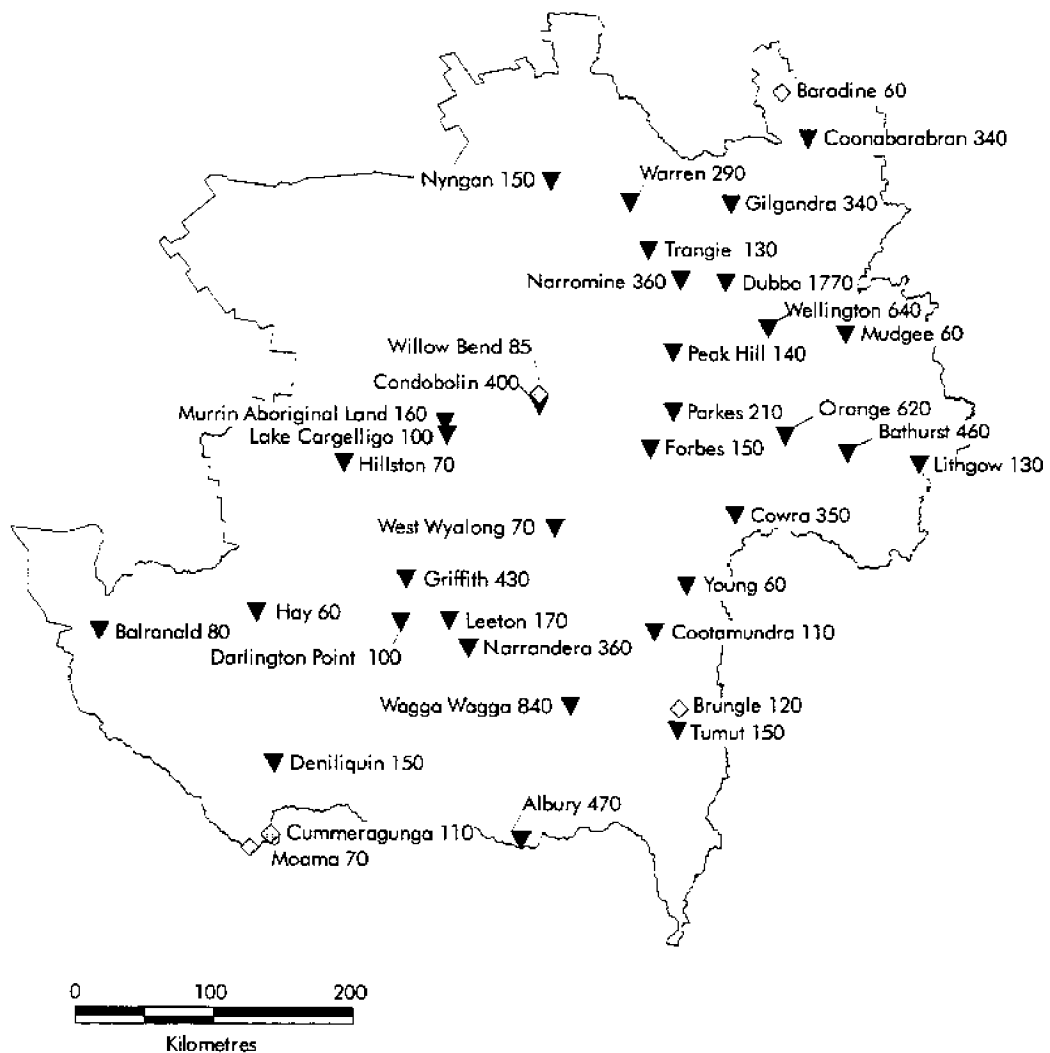
(a) Based on body mass index (BMI) score. The BMI equals a person's weight in kilograms divided by the square of the person's height in metres.



CHAPTER THREE

HOUSING

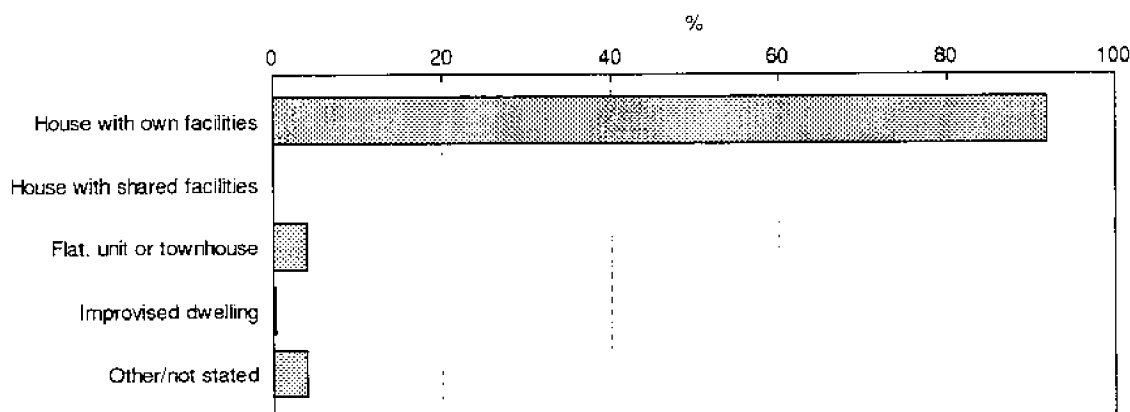
Map 4 Major Communities and Population Wagga Wagga Region



- ▼ Source: ABS 1991 Census of Population and Housing. Urban Centre/ Localities with a population greater than 50 persons and ABS Aboriginal Communities locations.
- ◇ Source: 1992 Community Housing and Infrastructure Needs Survey, Communities with a population greater than 50 persons.

FIGURE 3.1 TYPE OF DWELLING

Households living in private dwellings



Type of dwelling

The types of dwellings occupied by the 5,040 households living in the Wagga Wagga region were:

- house with own facilities (4,620 households)
- flat, unit or townhouse (200 households)
- improvised dwelling (10** households)
- other/not stated (200 households)

Nature of occupancy

The nature of occupancy of these dwellings was:

- rented (2,910 households)
- owned (900 households)
- being purchased (1,220 households)
- other arrangements (110 households)

FIGURE 3.2 NATURE OF OCCUPANCY

Households living in private dwellings

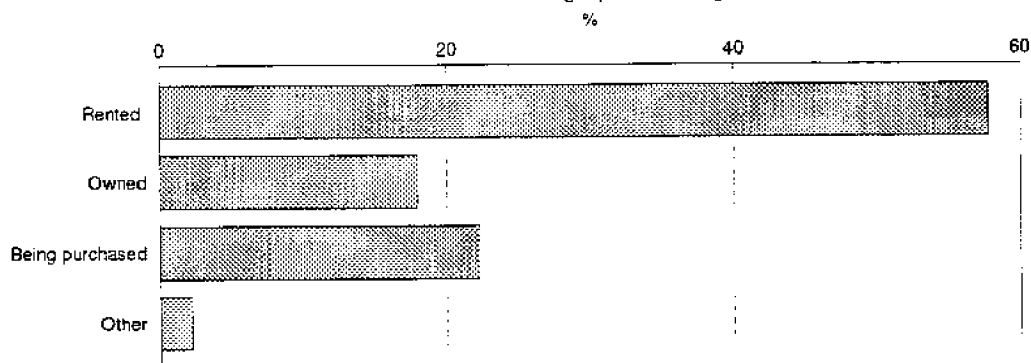
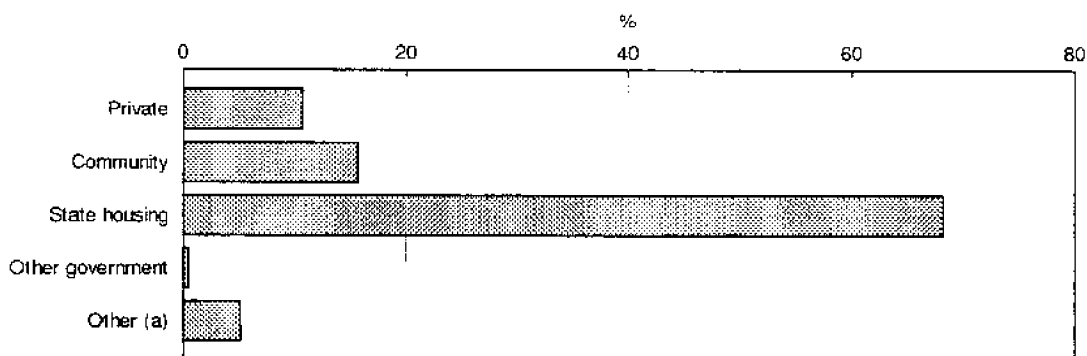


FIGURE 3.3 TYPE OF LANDLORD

Households living in rented private dwellings



(a) Includes employer provided housing and not stated

Type of landlord

The 2,910 households that were renting their dwelling reported that they were renting from:

- private landlords (310** households)
- community organisations (450** households)
- state housing authorities (1,980 households)
- other government agencies (20** households)

Weekly rent

These households reported that their weekly rent was:

- less than \$48 (230** households)
- \$48-\$77 (1,540 households)
- \$78-\$107 (810 households)
- \$108-\$137 (230** households)
- \$138-\$167 (50** households)
- \$168 and over (40** households)

FIGURE 3.4 WEEKLY RENT

Households living in rented private dwellings

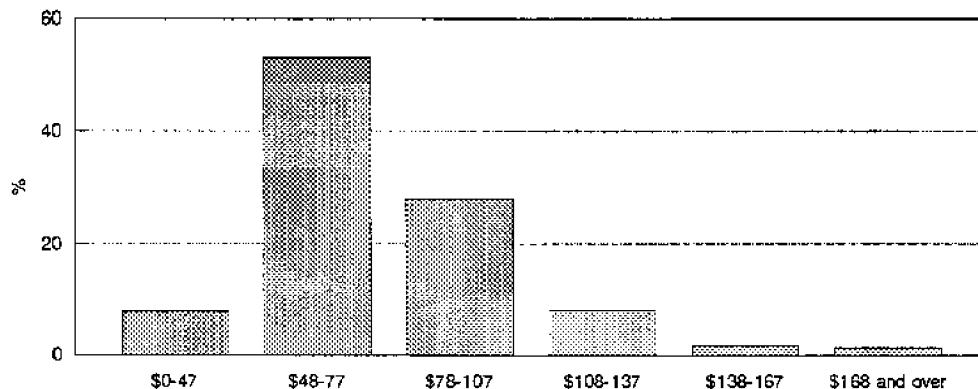
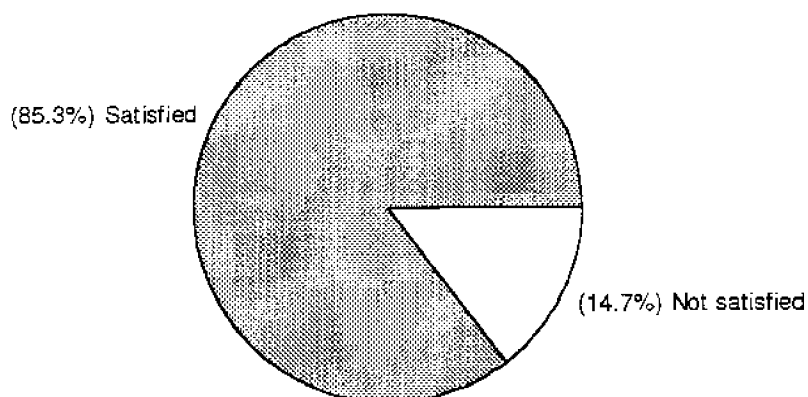


FIGURE 3.5 SATISFACTION WITH DWELLING

Households living in private dwellings



Satisfaction with dwelling

Some 4,300 households reported that their current dwelling satisfied the needs of the household.

Main problems with dwelling

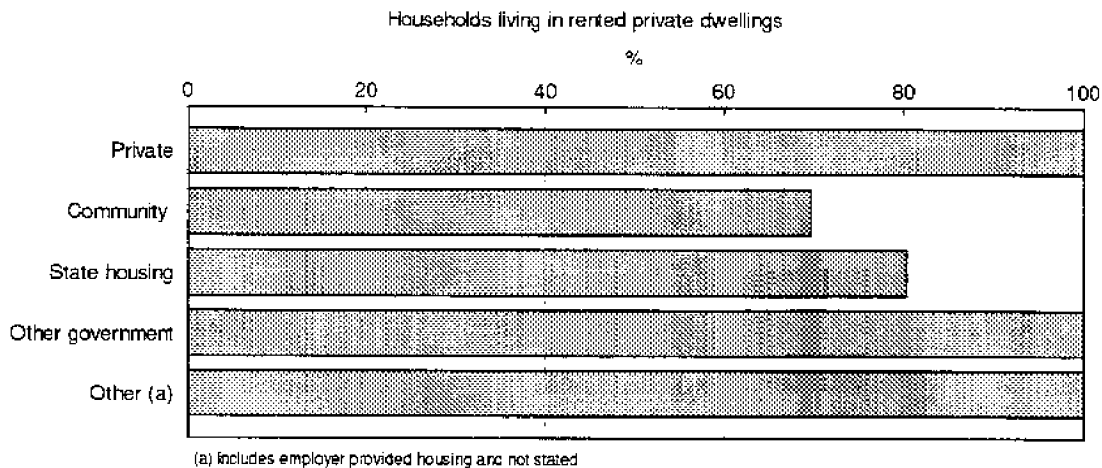
The 520 households that were not satisfied with their current dwelling reported that the main problems with the dwelling were (in order):

- needs repair
- not enough bedrooms
- not enough living area
- inadequate bathing facilities
- needs better insulation/ventilation

FIGURE 3.6 MAIN PROBLEMS WITH DWELLING

The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).

FIGURE 3.7 LEVEL OF SATISFACTION BY TYPE OF LANDLORD



Level of satisfaction by type of landlord

Of those 4,300 households that were satisfied with their current dwelling, some 2,380 were renting their accommodation from:

- private landlords (310** households)
- community organisations (320** households)
- state housing authorities (1,590 households)

Utilities not working in the last 4 weeks

Some 190** of the total 5,040 households reported utilities not working in the last four weeks. The utilities not working were (in order):

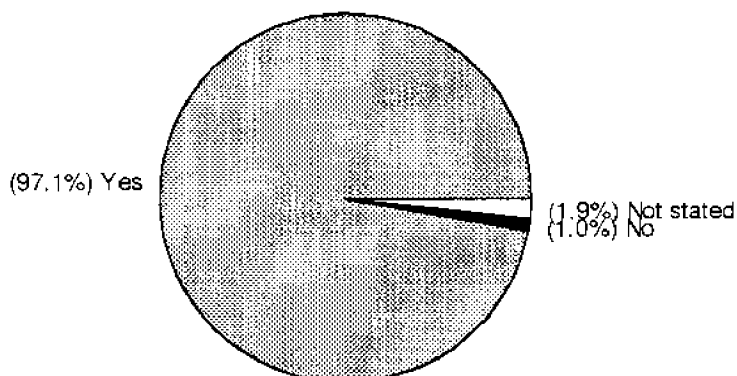
- toilet
- electricity/gas
- water

FIGURE 3.8 UTILITIES NOT WORKING IN LAST 4 WEEKS

The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).

FIGURE 3.9 DWELLING HAS BATHROOM OR SHOWER

Households living in private dwellings



Bathroom or shower

Some 4,890 households living in private dwellings had their own bathroom or shower. A further 40** households had access to a communal bathroom or shower.

Summary of dwelling characteristics

In summary, the dwelling characteristics of the 5,040 households living in private dwellings were:

- running water connected (4,890 households)
- electricity/gas connected (5,030 households)
- garbage collected (4,940 households)
- dwelling situated on sealed road (4,390 households)
- satisfied needs of household (4,300 households)
- being rented (2,910 households)

FIGURE 3.10 SUMMARY OF DWELLING CHARACTERISTICS

Households living in private dwellings

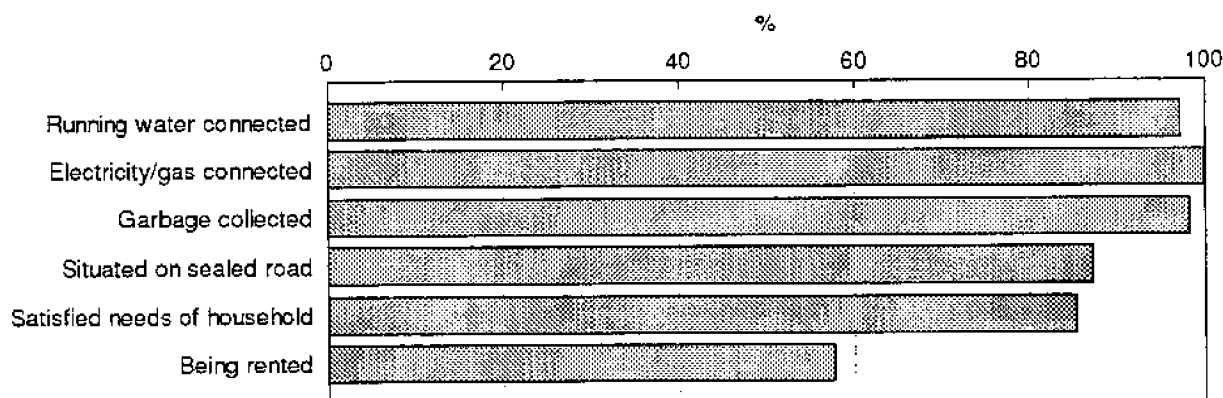
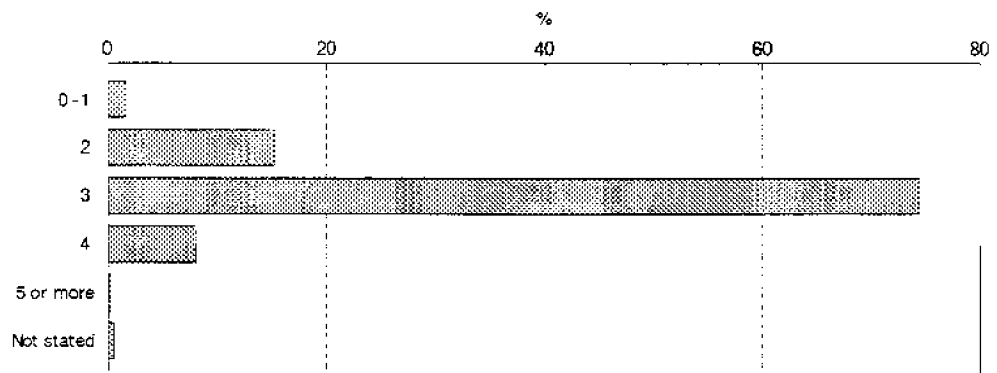


FIGURE 3.11 NUMBER OF BEDROOMS

Households living in private dwellings



Number of bedrooms

The number of bedrooms in the private dwellings occupied by Indigenous households was:

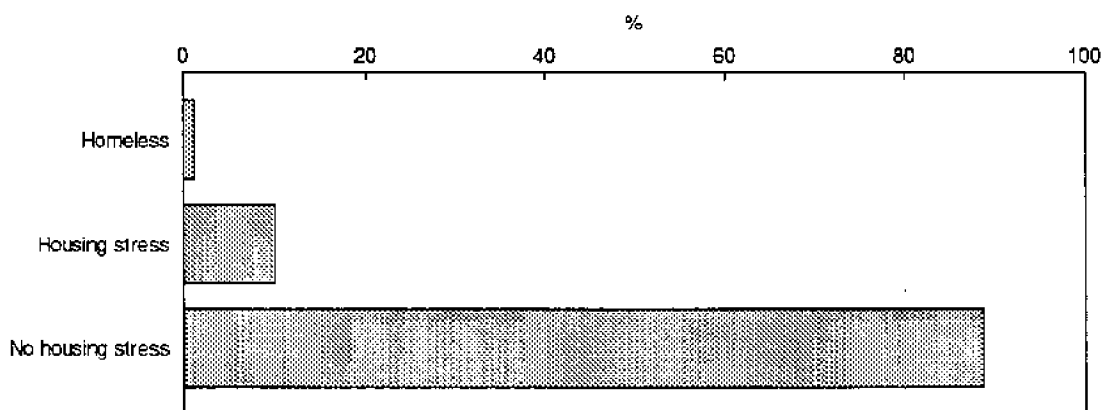
- none or one (80** households)
- two (760 households)
- three (3,750 households)
- four (410** households)
- five or more (10** households)

Housing stress

Detailed analysis of the 1991 Census of Population and Housing results for the Wagga Wagga region (Jones, R (1994) *The Housing Need of Indigenous Australians, 1991*: Canberra: Centre for Aboriginal Economic Policy Research, ANU) concluded that some 40 families were homeless and a further 320 families were in housing stress from overcrowding.

FIGURE 3.12 HOUSING STRESS

All families



Source: 1991 Census of Population and Housing; Jones, 1994.

**1992 ATSI
Housing and
Community
Infrastructure
Needs Survey**

Another source of information about the condition of community infrastructure in the Wagga Wagga Region is the final report of Stage 1 of the 1992 ATSI Housing and Community Infrastructure Needs Survey. This report identified:

- 87 per cent of discrete communities surveyed (including homelands/outstations) in which the quality of water available for human consumption complied with National Health and Medical Research Council guidelines.
- 86 per cent of discrete communities (excluding homelands/outstations) in which the sewerage system normally worked satisfactorily.
- 53 per cent of discrete communities (excluding homelands/outstations) in which the internal roads were all sealed.

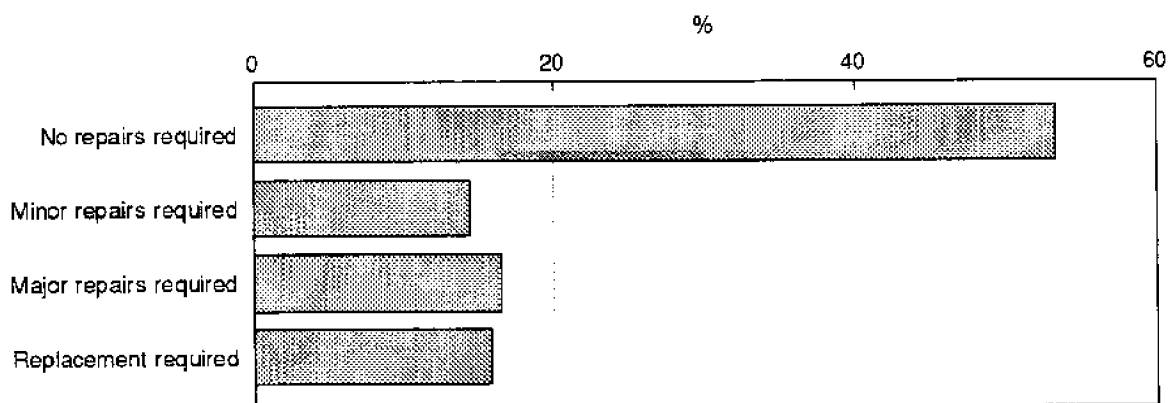
**Condition of
houses**

At the time of the Needs Survey, it was estimated that there were some 440 houses in the Wagga Wagga region owned and/or administered by Indigenous organisations. The condition of these houses was found to be:

- no repairs required (230 houses)
- minor repairs required (60 houses)
- major repairs required (70 houses)
- replacement required (70 houses)

FIGURE 3.13 CONDITION OF HOUSES (a)

Owned and/or administered by Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations



(a) Relates only to Centres surveyed

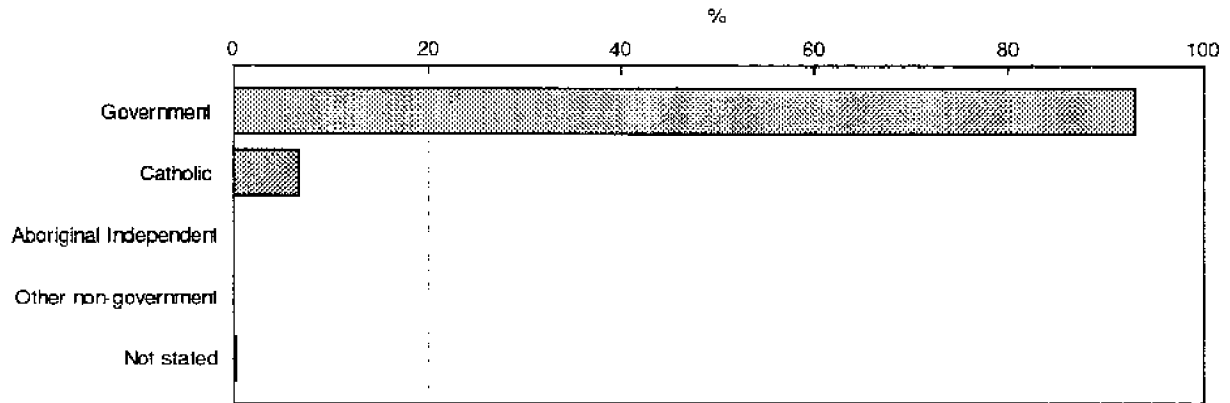


CHAPTER FOUR

EDUCATION AND TRAINING

FIGURE 4.1 TYPE OF SCHOOL ATTENDED

Primary and secondary school students



Type of school attended

The type of school attended by the 4,250 primary and secondary school students was:

- government (3,950 students)
- Catholic (290** students)

Level of school attended

The level of school these students attended was:

- primary (2,860 students)
- secondary (1,200 students)
- combined primary/secondary (190** students)

FIGURE 4.2 LEVEL OF SCHOOL ATTENDED

Primary and secondary school students

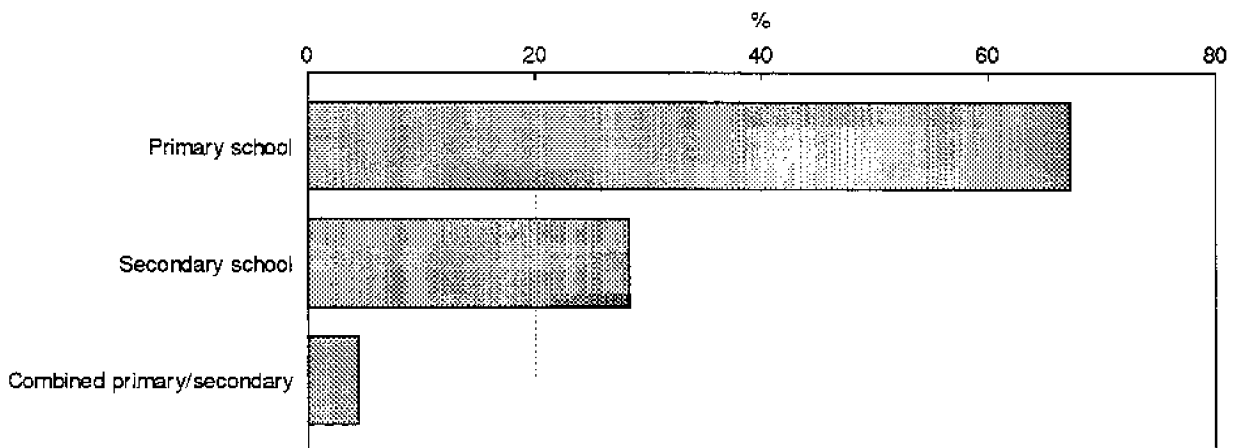
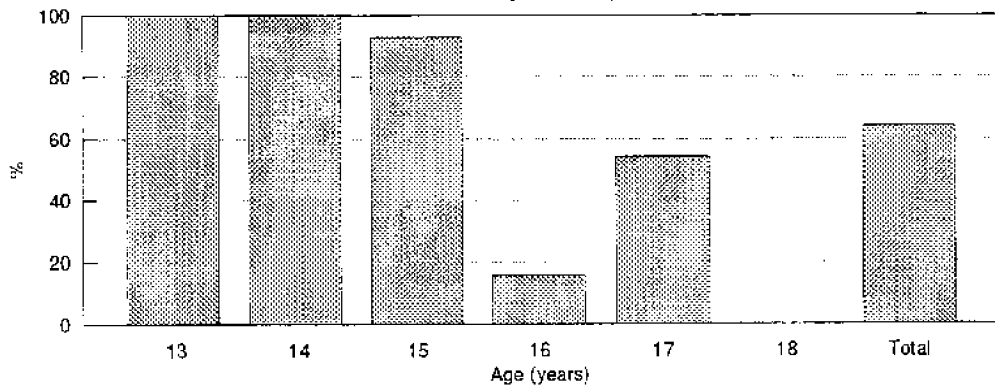


FIGURE 4.3 SCHOOL PARTICIPATION RATE (a)

Persons aged 13 to 18 years



(a) the number of enrolled school students of a particular age, expressed as a proportion of the population of the same age

School participation rates

The overall school participation rate was calculated to be slightly less more than 65 per cent. For thirteen and fourteen year olds the participation rate was 100 per cent, while for sixteen and seventeen year olds the rate had fallen to around 15 per cent and 55 per cent respectively.

Characteristics of schooling

Students in the Wagga Wagga region reported that they were:

- taught about Indigenous culture (1,250 students)
- not taught about culture but want to be (2,550 students)
- taught by an Indigenous teacher (140** students)
- taught by an Indigenous education worker (650 students)
- taught by a community member (240** students)
- taught Indigenous languages (60** students)

FIGURE 4.4 CHARACTERISTICS OF SCHOOLING

Primary and secondary school students

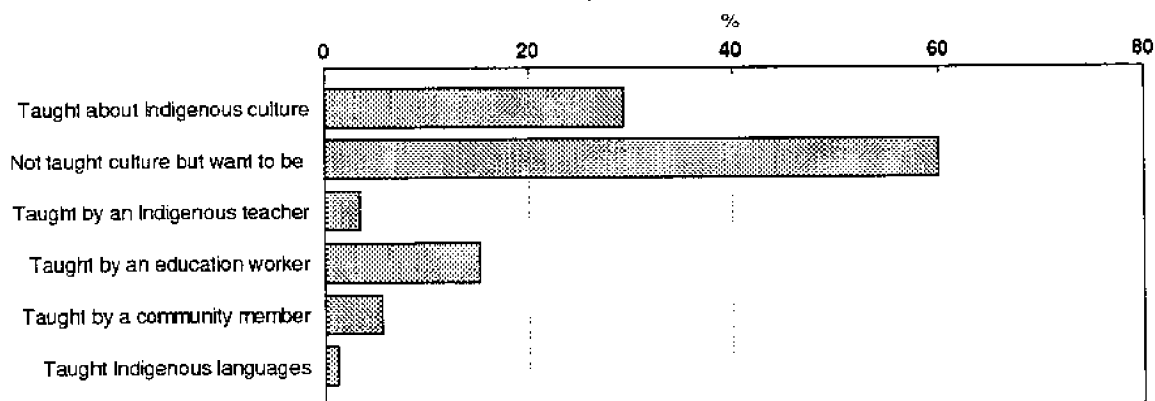
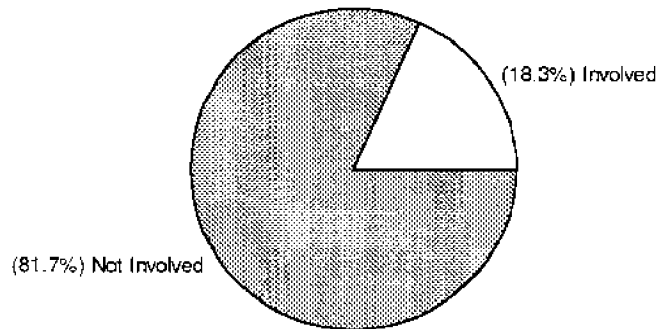


FIGURE 4.5 INVOLVEMENT IN DECISION MAKING AT CHILDREN'S SCHOOL

Persons with children attending primary or secondary school



Involvement in decision making

Some 510 of the 2,810 people with children attending primary or secondary school felt that they were involved in decision making at their children's school.

Preference for children to attend community school

Parents' preference for sending their children to an Aboriginal community controlled school was:

- yes (1,390 parents)
- no (880 parents)
- did not know (540 parents)

FIGURE 4.6 PREFERENCE FOR CHILDREN TO ATTEND COMMUNITY SCHOOL

Persons with children attending primary or secondary school

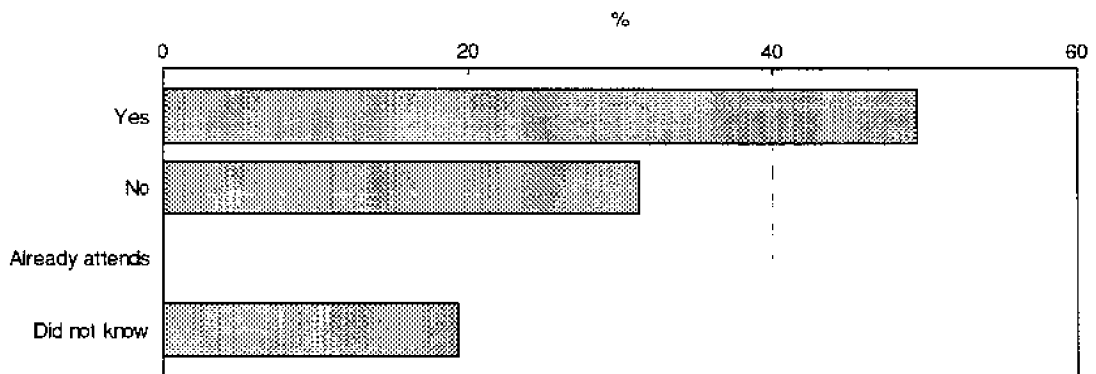
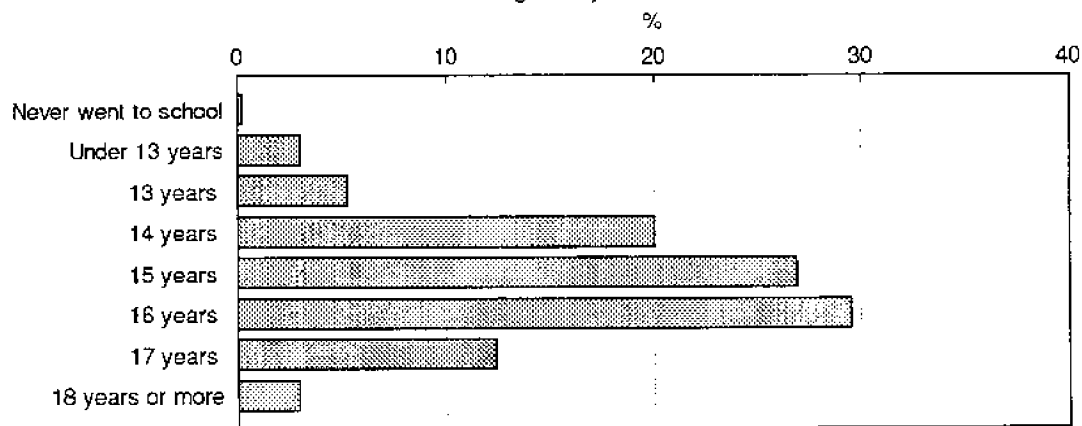


FIGURE 4.7 AGE LEFT SCHOOL

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school



Age left school The 8,830 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school reported that the age they left school was:

- 13 years or less (720 people)
- 14 years (1,770 people)
- 15 or 16 years (4,980 people)
- 17 years or more (1,350 people)

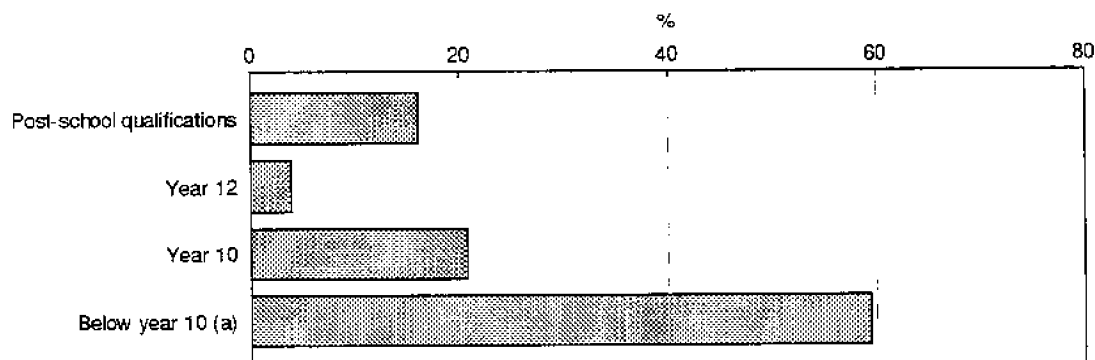
Some 20** people reported that they had never attended school.

Highest level of educational attainment The highest level of education attained by people aged fifteen years and over who had left school was:

- post-school qualifications (1,420 people)
- year 12 school certificate (340** people)
- year 10 school certificate (1,830 people)
- below year 10 (5,250 people)

FIGURE 4.8 HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

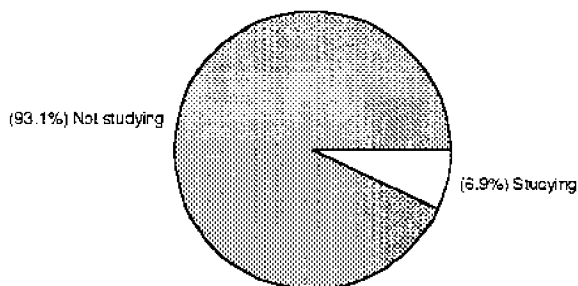
Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school



(a) Includes persons with no formal education

FIGURE 4.9 POST-SCHOOL STUDY

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school



Post-school study Some 610 of those 8830 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school were studying for a qualification.

Main difficulty in undertaking further study or training Some 3,270 of those 3,960 people who had left school and wanted to do further study felt they would have problems attending study or training courses. The main difficulties were expected to be:

- lack of english proficiency (780 people)
- financial problems (660 people)
- lack of transport or travel problems (480 people)
- no childcare available (380** people)

FIGURE 4.10 MAIN DIFFICULTY IN UNDERTAKING FURTHER STUDY/TRAINING

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school and felt that they would have difficulty undertaking further study/trainin

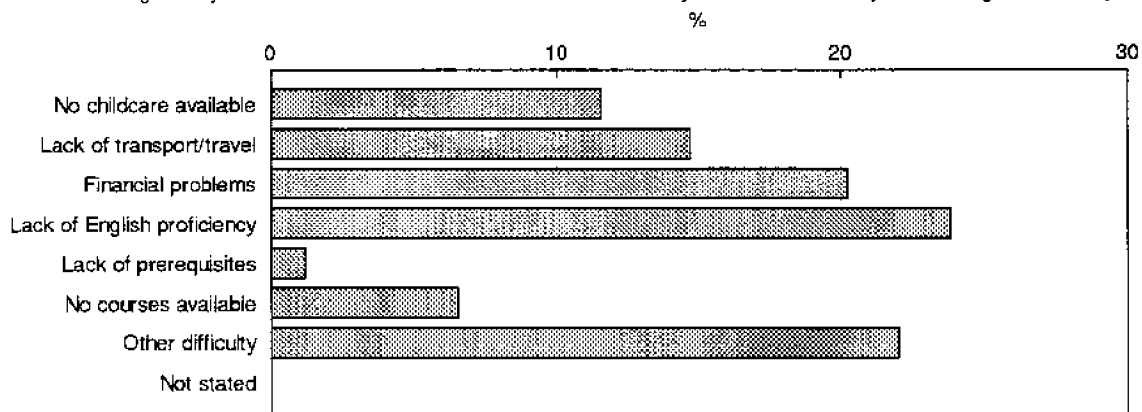
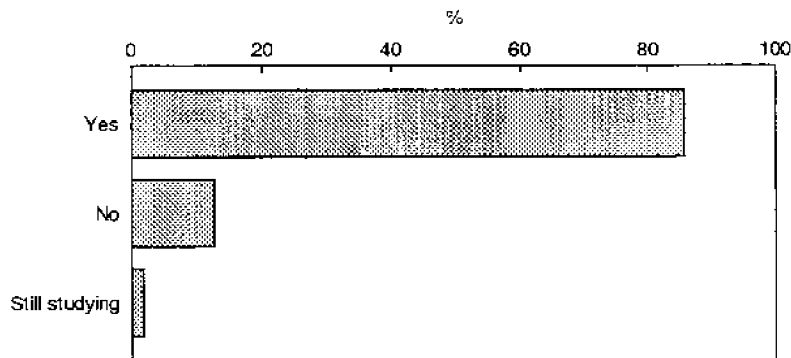


FIGURE 4.11 COMPLETION OF TRAINING COURSE IN LAST 12 MONTHS (a)

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school and attended a training course in the last 12 months



(a) Refers to main training course if more than one course was attended

Completion of training course attended in last 12 months Some 800 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school reported that they had attended at least one training course in the last twelve months which they (in order):

- completed (680 people)
- were still studying (10** people)
- did not complete (100** people)

Use made of information gained from recent training course These people reported that the information they gained from the course was used (in order):

- for work
- for personal development
- to get a job

FIGURE 4.12 USE MADE OF INFORMATION GAINED FROM RECENT TRAINING COURSE

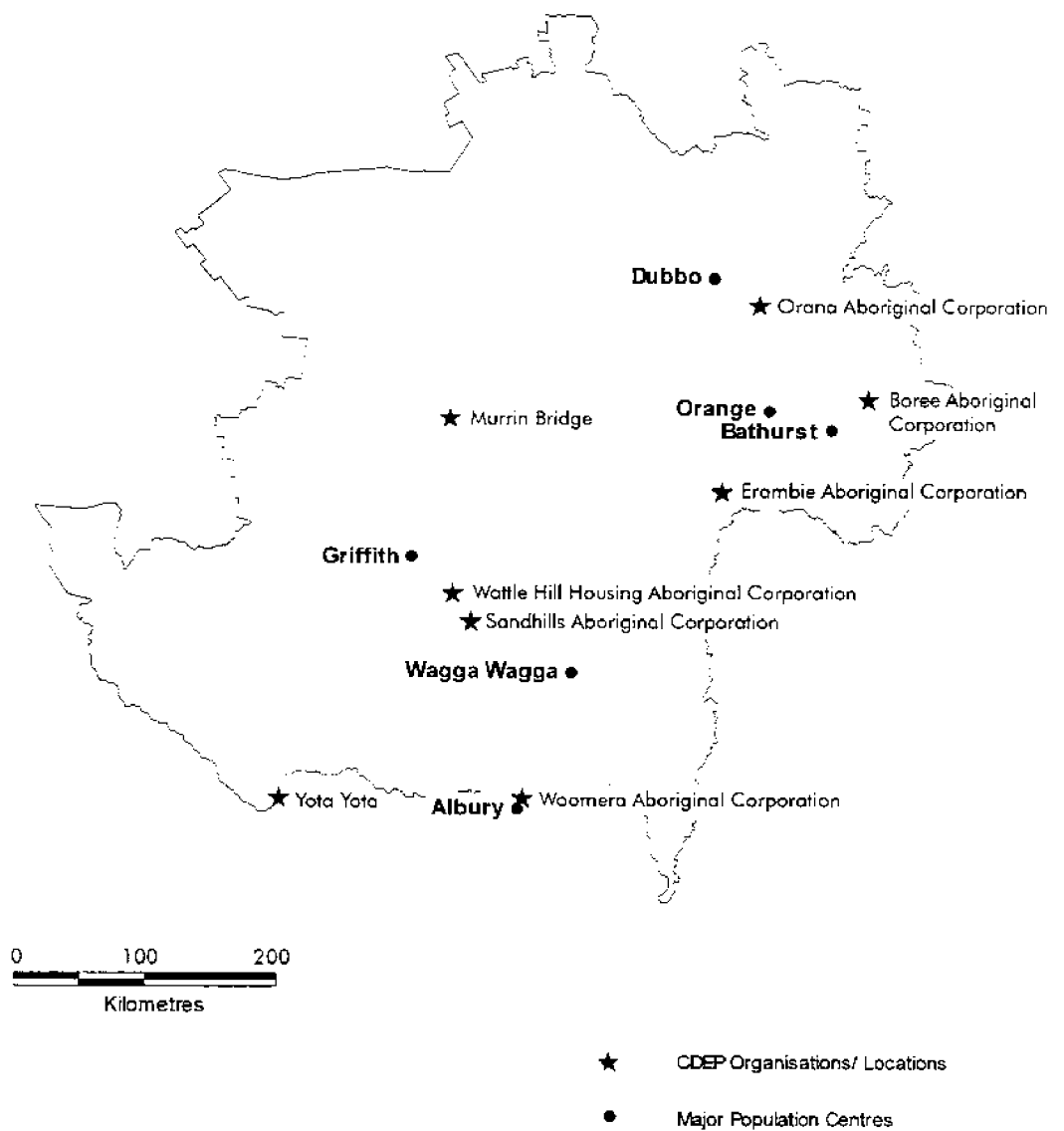
The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).



CHAPTER FIVE

EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

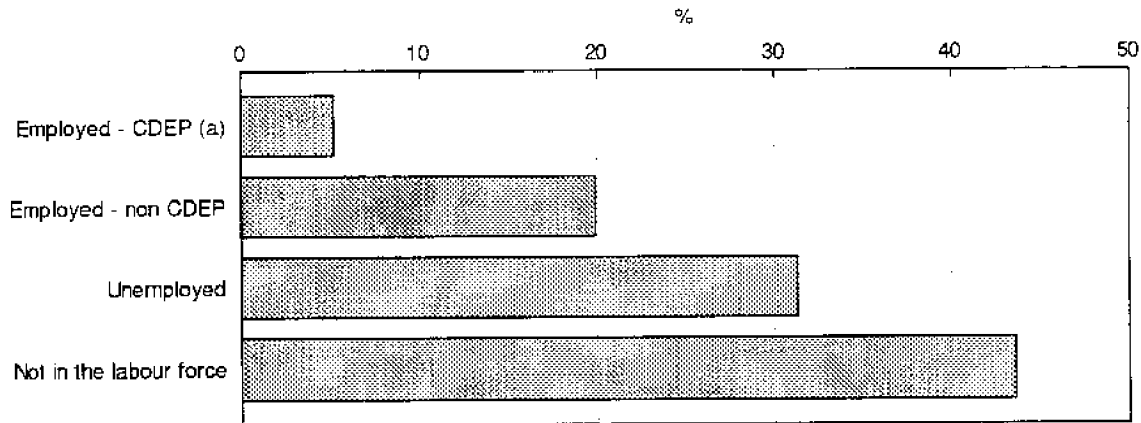
Map 5 Community Development Employment Projects Wagga Wagga Region



Source: Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission, 1994.

FIGURE 5.1 LABOUR FORCE STATUS

Persons aged 15 years and over



(a) Community Development Employment Projects

Labour force status

There were some 9,330 people aged fifteen years and over in the Wagga Wagga region. The labour force status of these people was:

- employed (2,340 people)
- unemployed (2,920 people)
- not in labour force (4,070 people)

Nature of jobs

Some 490 of the 2,340 employed people reported that they were working in a Community Development Employment Project (CDEP) scheme.

Type of employment

Those employed people reported that their type of employment was:

- full-time (1,670 people)
- part-time (670 people)

FIGURE 5.2 TYPE OF EMPLOYMENT

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

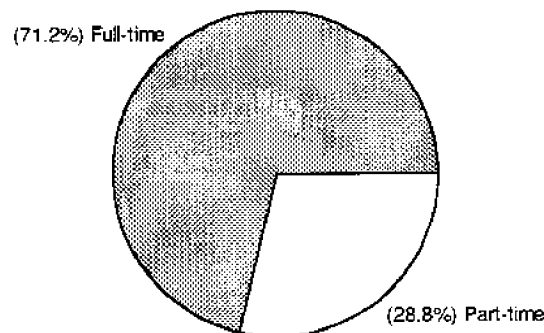
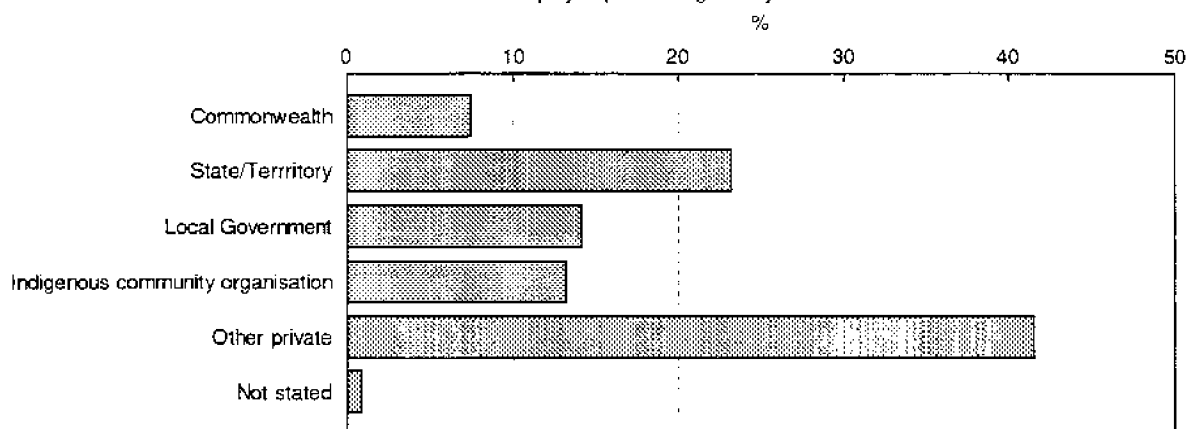


FIGURE 5.3 SECTOR OF EMPLOYMENT

Employed persons aged 15 years and over



Sector of employment

The 2,340 employed people reported that their employer was:

- Commonwealth government (170** people)
- State/Territory government (540 people)
- local government (330** people)
- Indigenous community organisation (310** people)
- other private organisation (970 people)

Number of hours a week usually worked

Employed people reported that the number of hours a week they usually worked was:

- 15 or less (170** people)
- 16-24 (250** people)
- 25-34 (260** people)
- 35 or more (1,670 people)

FIGURE 5.4 NUMBER OF HOURS A WEEK USUALLY WORKED

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

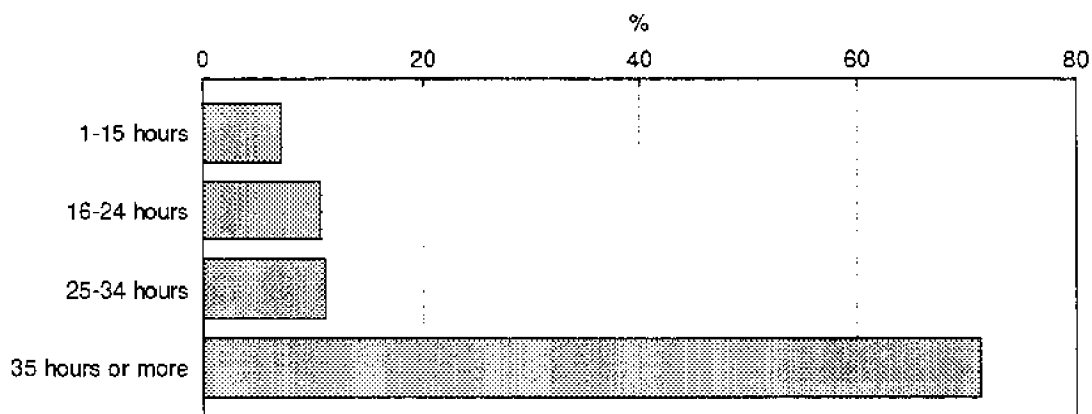
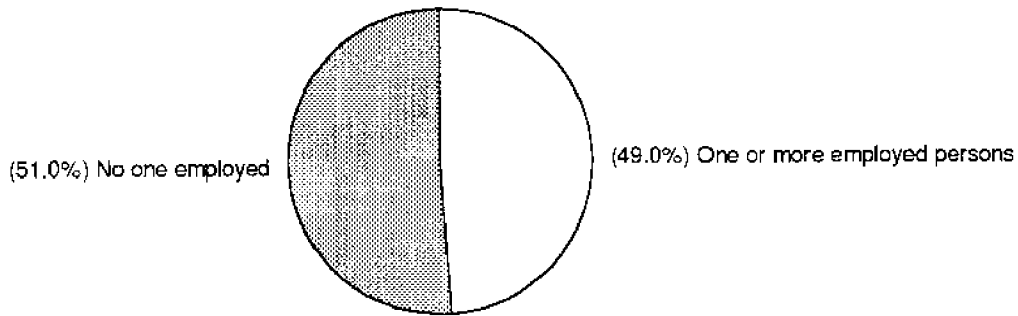


FIGURE 5.5 NUMBER OF EMPLOYED PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD

Households living in private dwellings



Number of employed persons in household

It was estimated that there was some 2,570 households in which no one was working. For the remaining 2,470 households one or more people reported that they were working.

Whether work commitments allowed cultural obligations to be met

The 2,340 employed people reported that their work commitments meant that they:

- could meet cultural obligations (640 people)
- could not meet cultural obligations (480 people)

There were 1,220 people who reported that they did not have cultural obligations

FIGURE 5.6 WHETHER WORK COMMITMENTS ALLOWED CULTURAL OBLIGATIONS TO BE MET

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

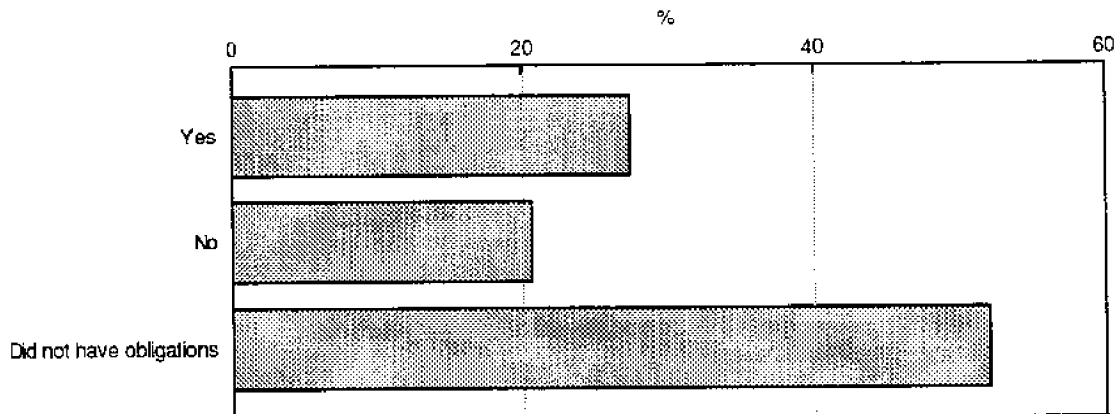
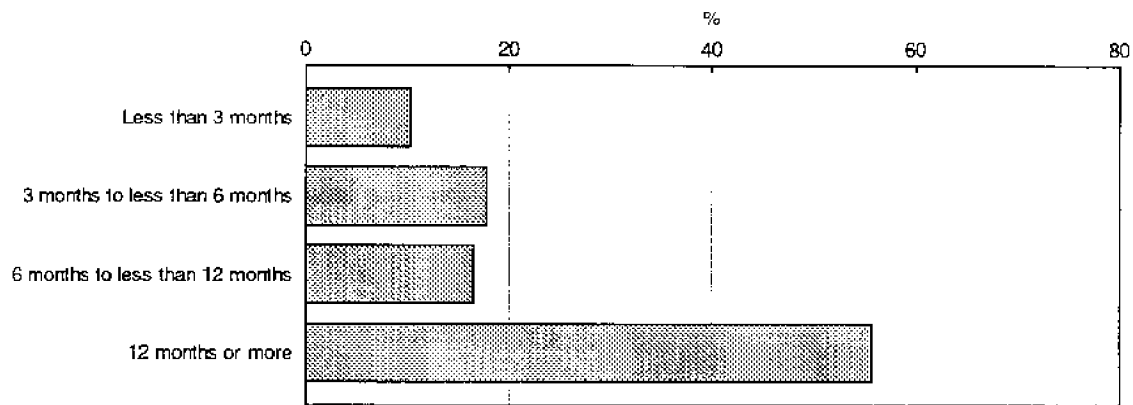


FIGURE 5.7 LENGTH OF TIME UNEMPLOYED

Unemployed persons aged 15 years and over



Length of time unemployed

The 2,920 unemployed people reported that the length of time they had been unemployed was:

- less than 3 months (300** people)
- 3 months to less than 6 months (520 people)
- 6 months to less than 12 months (480 people)
- 12 months or more (1,620 people)

Main difficulty in finding a job

The main difficulty that these unemployed people experienced in finding a job was:

- no jobs at all (940 people)
- insufficient education, training or skills (740 people)
- no jobs in local area or line of work (560 people)
- transport problems or too far to travel (370** people)

FIGURE 5.8 MAIN DIFFICULTY IN FINDING A JOB

Unemployed persons aged 15 years and over

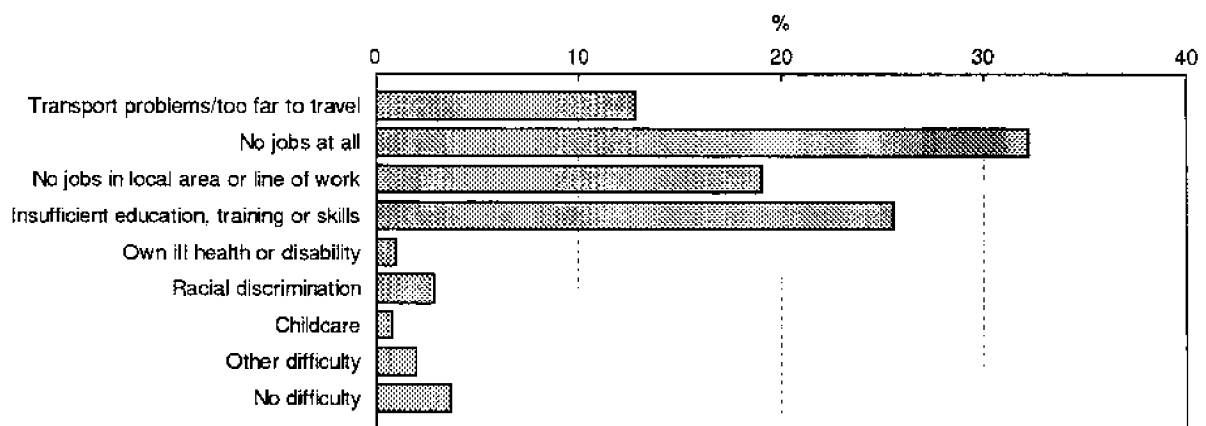
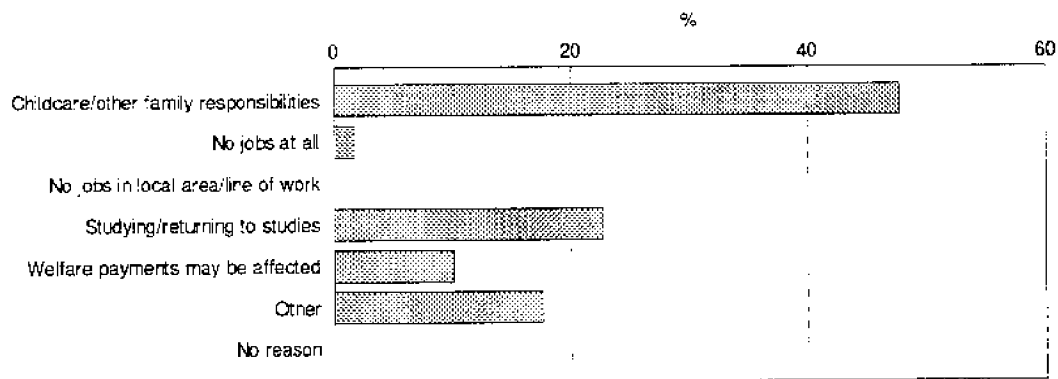


FIGURE 5.9 MAIN REASON NOT LOOKING FOR WORK

Persons aged 15 years and over not in the labour force but who wanted a job



Persons not in the labour force who wanted a job

Some 1,290 of those 4,070 people not in the labour force, that is, not working and not looking for work, said they wanted a job. The main reason for not looking for work was:

- childcare and other family responsibilities (620 people)
- studying or returning to study (290** people)
- welfare payments may be affected (130** people)

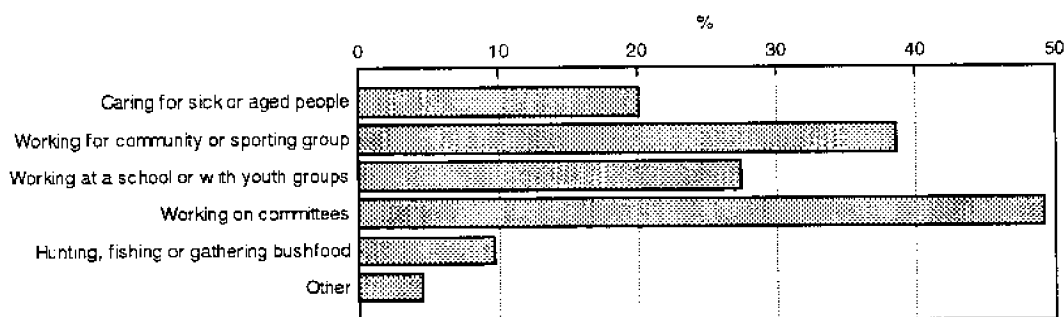
Voluntary work

Some 2,160 people aged fifteen years and older said that they were engaged in voluntary work. The type of voluntary work undertaken was:

- caring for sick or aged people (440 people)
- working for community or sporting organisation (830 people)
- working at a school or with youth groups (590 people)
- working on committees (1,060 people)
- hunting, fishing or gathering bush food (210** people)

FIGURE 5.10 TYPE OF VOLUNTARY WORK UNDERTAKEN (a)

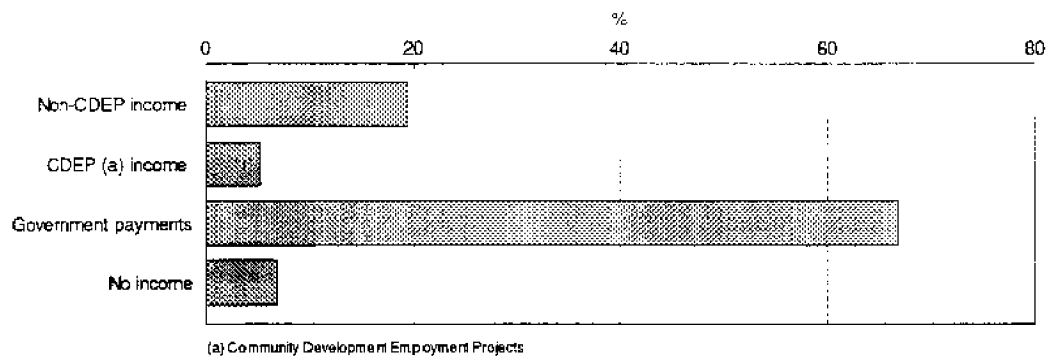
Persons aged 15 years and over who undertook voluntary work



(a) Persons may have given more than one answer

FIGURE 5.11 MAIN SOURCE OF INCOME

Persons aged 15 years and over



Main source of income The 9,330 people aged fifteen years and over reported that their main source of income was:

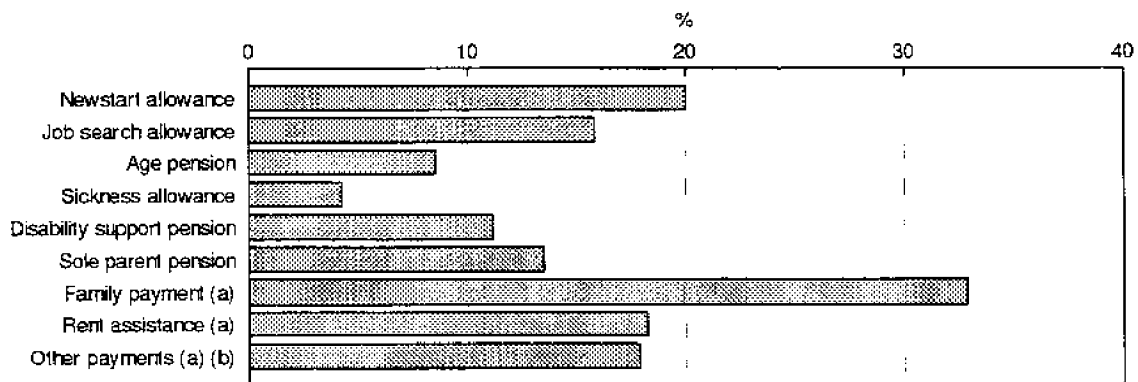
- non-CDEP employment (1,820 people)
- CDEP employment (490 people)
- government payments (6,230 people)
- no income (650 people)

Government payments received It was estimated that some 7,170 people aged fifteen years and over received government allowances, pensions and other payments. The main types of payments received were:

- family payment (2,360 people)
- Newstart allowance (1,440 people)
- rent assistance (1,330 people)
- Abstudy (1,270 people)
- Jobsearch allowance (1,130 people)
- sole parent pension (970 people)

FIGURE 5.12 TYPE OF GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS RECEIVED

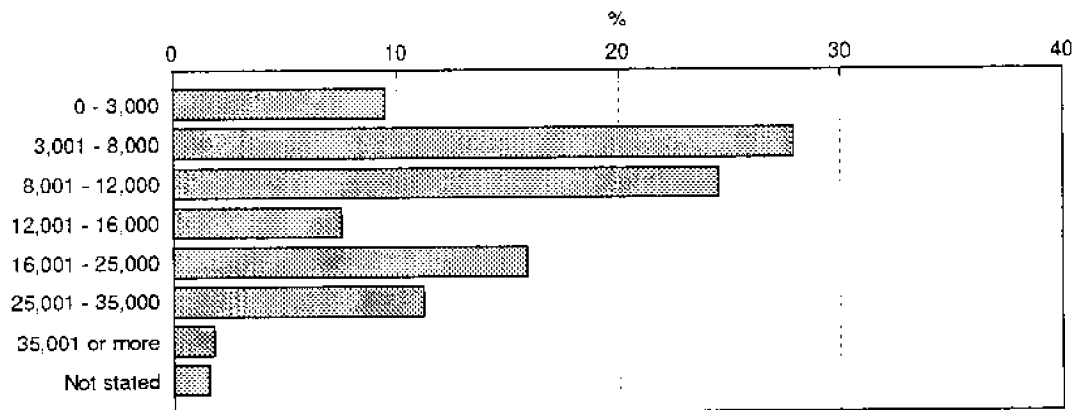
Persons aged 15 years and over who received government payments



(a) Persons may have received an allowance or pension in addition to one or more of these payments (b) includes Abstudy

FIGURE 5.13 ANNUAL PERSONAL INCOME (\$)

Persons aged 15 years and over



Personal income The 9,330 people aged fifteen years and older reported that their annual personal income (\$) was:

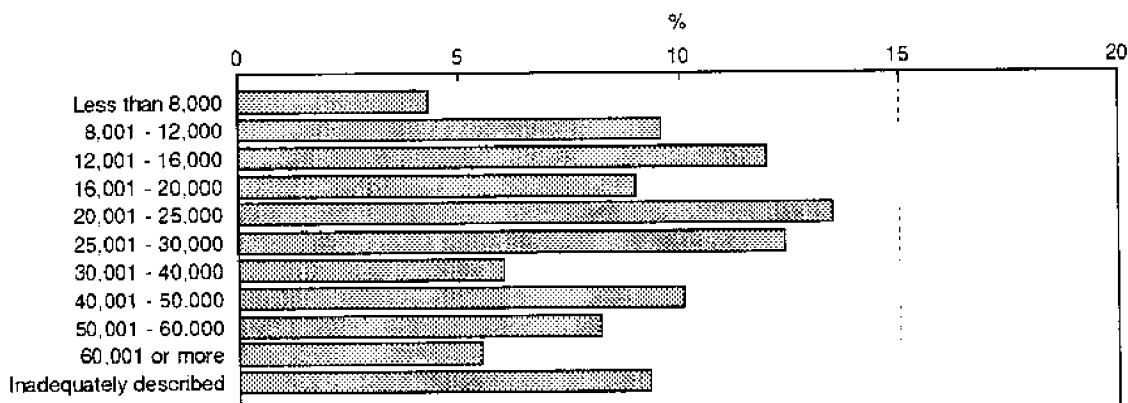
- less than 3,000 (890 people)
- 3,001 - 8,000 (2,600 people)
- 8,001 - 12,000 (2,290 people)
- 12,001 - 16,000 (700 people)
- 16,001 - 25,000 (1,480 people)
- 25,001 - 35,000 (1,050 people)
- 35,001 or more (170** people)

Household income The annual income (\$) of the 5,040 households was estimated to be:

- less than 12,000 (700 h'holds)
- 12,001 - 16,000 (610 h'holds)
- 16,001 - 20,000 (460 h'holds)
- 20,001 - 25,000 (680 h'holds)
- 25,001 - 30,000 (620 h'holds)
- 30,001 - 40,000 (300** h'holds)
- 40,001 - 50,000 (510 h'holds)
- 50,001 - 60,000 (410** h'holds)
- 60,001 or more (280** h'holds)
- Inadequately described (470 h'holds)

FIGURE 5.14 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME (\$)

Households living in private dwellings



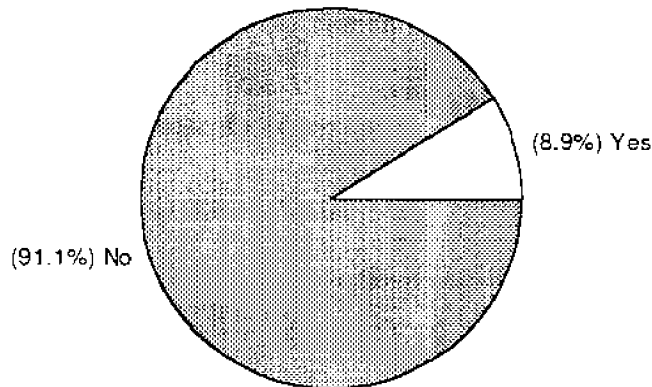


CHAPTER SIX

LAW AND JUSTICE

FIGURE 6.1 NEEDED LEGAL SERVICES IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Needed legal services

Some 870 of the 9,830 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they needed to use legal services in the last twelve months.

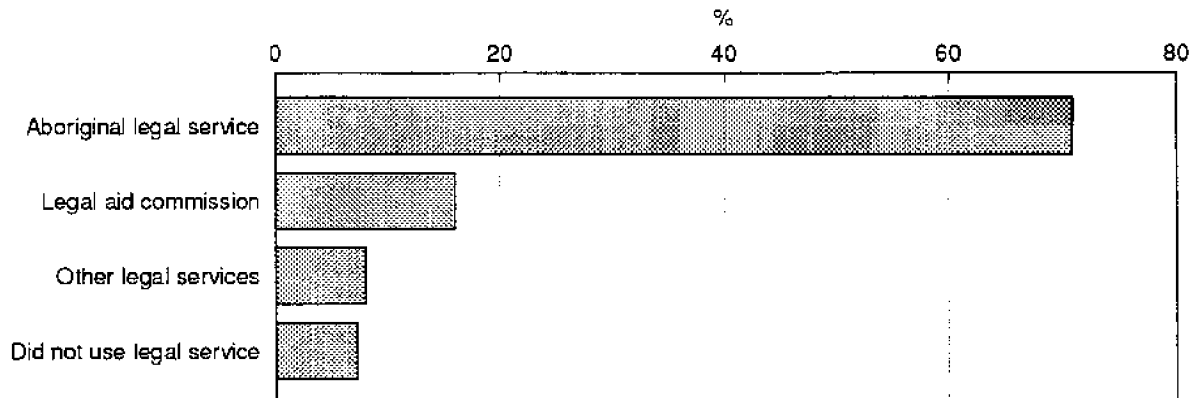
Types of legal services used

Of the 870 people who reported that they needed to use legal services, some 60** people indicated that they did not use a legal service. The main types of legal services used were:

- Aboriginal legal service (620 people)
- legal aid commission (140** people)
- other legal services (70** people)

FIGURE 6.2 TYPES OF LEGAL SERVICES USED (a)

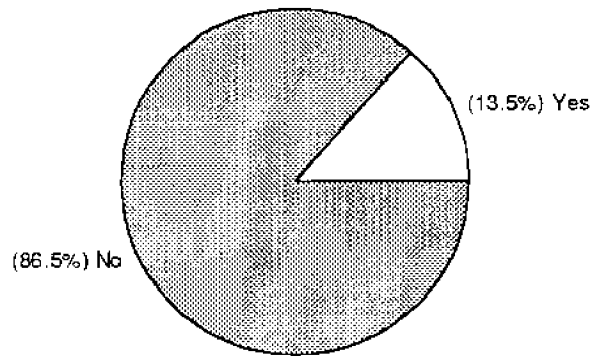
Persons aged 13 years and over who needed legal services in the last 12 months



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one type of legal service.

FIGURE 6.3 PHYSICALLY ATTACKED OR VERBALLY THREATENED (a)

Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) During the last 12 months

Personal safety

Some 1,320 people aged thirteen years and over reported being physically attacked or verbally threatened in the last twelve months.

Reasons for not reporting last incident to police

Some 550 of those people who said they were physically attacked or verbally threatened did not report their last attack to the police.

The main reasons for not doing so were (in order):

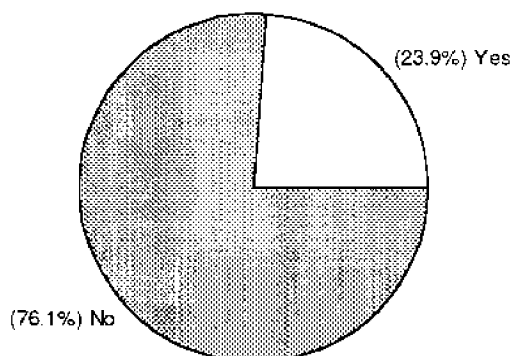
- solved it themselves/perpetrator known to them
- not serious enough
- fears/dislikes police

FIGURE 6.4 REASONS FOR NOT REPORTING LAST INCIDENT TO POLICE

The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).

FIGURE 6.5 ARRESTED IN THE LAST 5 YEARS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Arrested in last 5 years

Some 2,350 people aged thirteen years and over said that they had been arrested in the last five years. The number of times they reported they had been arrested was:

- one (1,150 people)
- two (380** people)
- three (260** people)
- four or more (560** people)

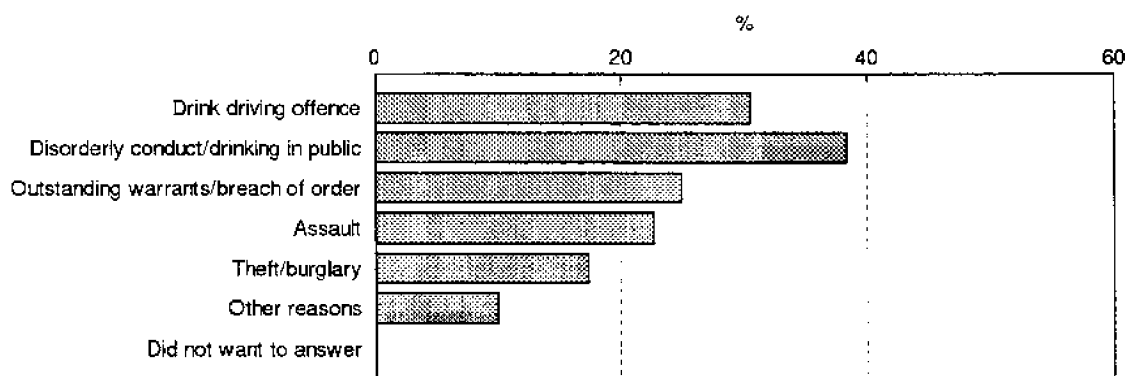
Reasons for last arrest

Those people who had been arrested reported that the main reasons for their last arrest were:

- disorderly conduct/drinking in a public place (900 people)
- drink driving offences (720 people)
- outstanding warrants/breach of order (590 people)

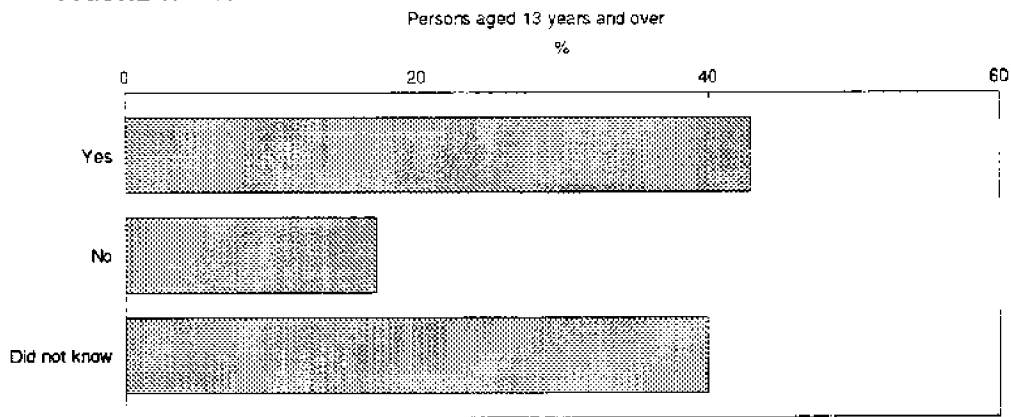
FIGURE 6.6 REASONS FOR LAST ARREST (a)

Persons aged 13 years and over who had been arrested in the last 5 years



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one reason

FIGURE 6.7 FAMILY VIOLENCE WAS A COMMON PROBLEM IN THE LOCAL AREA



Whether family violence was a common problem

When asked if they thought family violence was a common problem in the Wagga Wagga Region:

- 4,220 people aged 13 years and over said yes
- 1,690 people said no
- 3,920 people said they did not know

Whether police did a good job dealing with family violence

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with family violence:

- 2,040 people aged 13 years and over said yes
- 1,590 people said no
- 1,250 people said police sometimes did a good job
- 4,950 people said that they did not know

FIGURE 6.8 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH FAMILY VIOLENCE

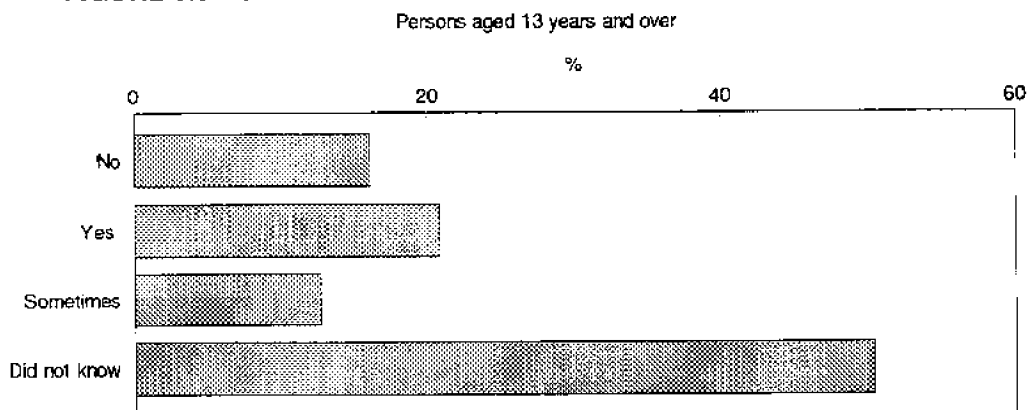
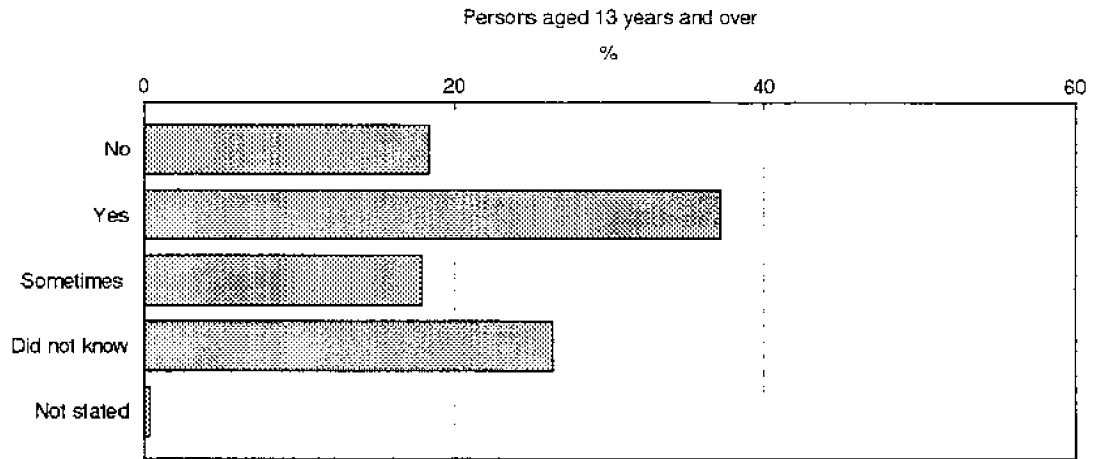


FIGURE 6.9 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH CRIME



Perceptions of police dealing with crime

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with crime:

- 1,810 people aged 13 years and over said no
- 3,640 people said yes
- 1,760 people said sometimes
- 2,580 people said they did not know

Perceptions of police dealing with violence

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with violence:

- 1,790 people aged 13 years and over said no
- 3,250 people said yes
- 1,860 people said sometimes
- 2,930 people said they did not know

FIGURE 6.10 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH VIOLENCE

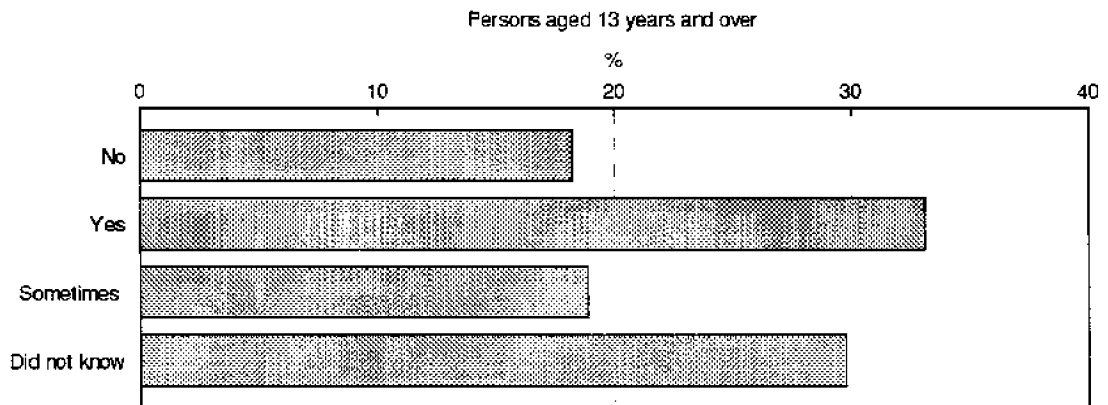
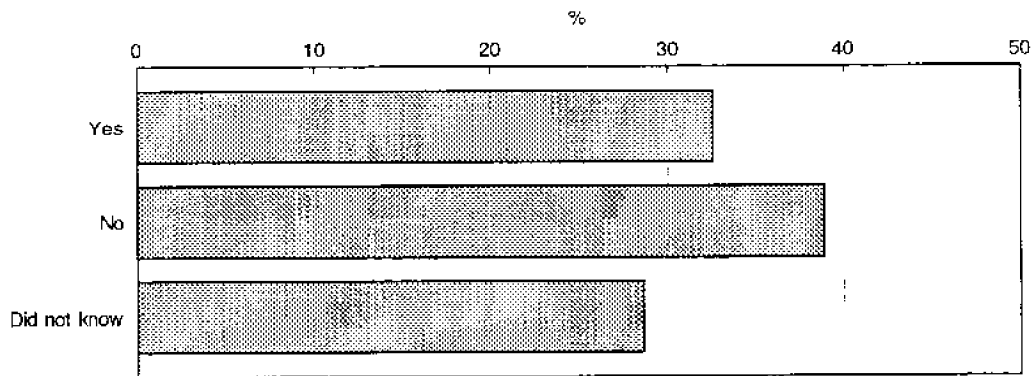


FIGURE 6.11 INDIGENOUS POLICE IN LOCAL AREA

Persons aged 13 years and over



Whether there were Indigenous police in local area

People aged thirteen years and over were asked whether there were Indigenous people working in their local area as police aides, police liaison officers or police officers. The responses were:

- yes (3,200 people)
- no (3,820 people)
- did not know (2,810 people)

Whether local Indigenous police did a good job

The views of the 3,200 people on whether Indigenous police aides, police liaison officers and police officers did a good job were:

- yes (1,710 people)
- no (480 people)
- sometimes (190** people)
- did not know (740 people)

FIGURE 6.12 LOCAL INDIGENOUS POLICE DID A GOOD JOB

Persons aged 13 years and over who reported that there were Indigenous police in the local area

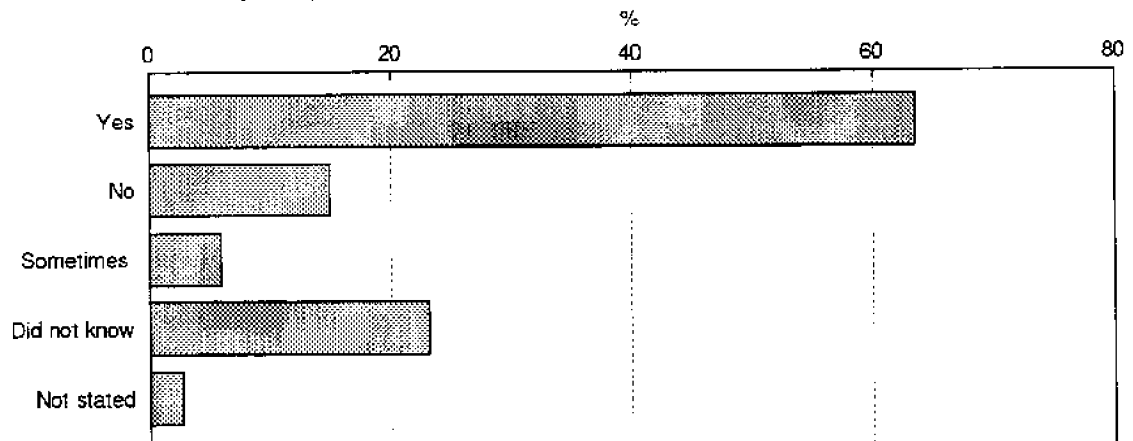
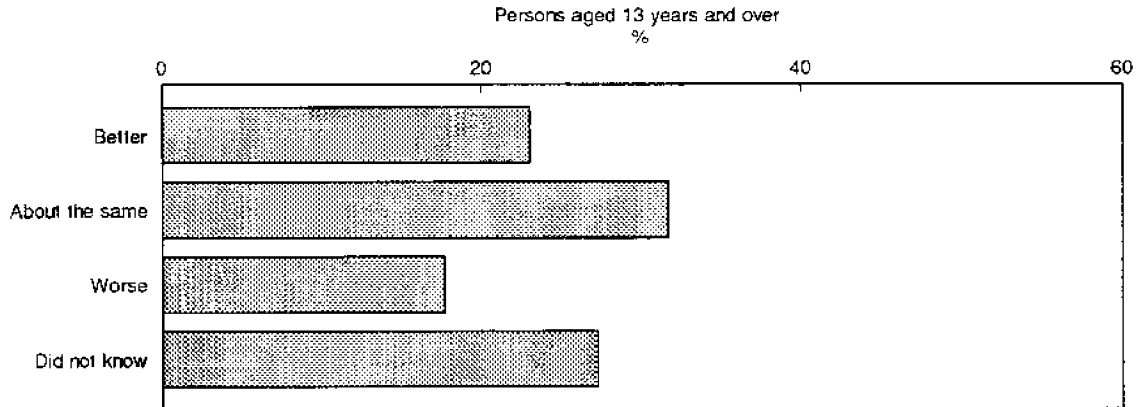


FIGURE 6.13 PERCEPTION OF CURRENT RELATIONS WITH POLICE (a)



(a) Compared to 5 years ago

Perceptions of current relations with police compared to 5 years ago

People aged thirteen years and over stated that current relations with police compared to five years ago were:

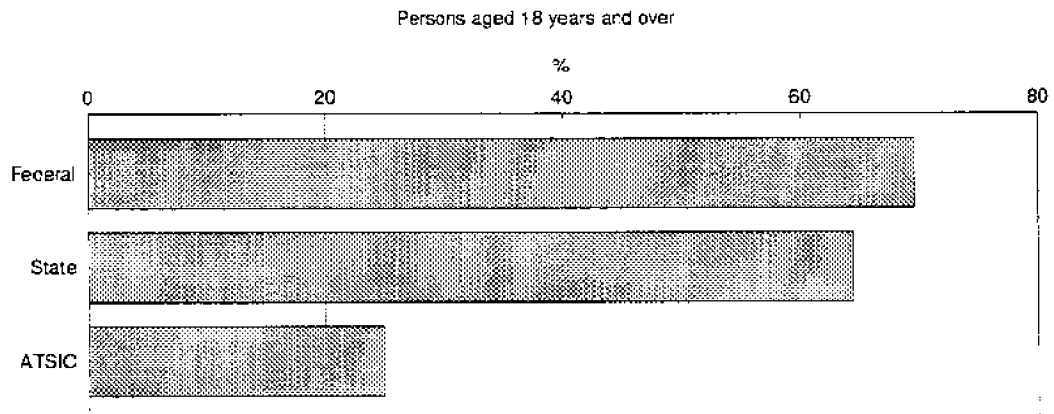
- better (2,270 people)
- about the same (3,120 people)
- worse (1,740 people)
- did not know (2,680 people)

Whether voted in last elections

The reported voting patterns of the 8,430 people aged eighteen years and over were:

- 5,870 people voted in the last Federal election
- 5,430 people voted in the last State election
- 2,110 people voted in the last ATSI election

FIGURE 6.14 VOTED IN LAST ELECTIONS



APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: FAMILIES

Area	Family Type			Family Members		Total Families ('000)
	One parent families	Couple only families	Two parent families	All Indigenous	Indigenous and non-Indigenous	
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	
Queanbeyan	32.2	**9.5	52.2	55.1	44.9	2.1
Bourke	27.2	14.5	52.8	91.3	**8.7	1.7
Coffs Harbour	31.6	12.0	52.7	55.4	44.6	5.4
Sydney	26.5	19.2	50.8	36.7	63.3	7.8
Tamworth	32.6	14.5	47.4	86.3	13.7	2.6
Wagga Wagga	28.6	17.3	48.7	48.8	51.2	4.8
Wangaratta	25.1	**11.1	58.9	31.6	68.4	2.9
Ballarat	34.7	24.8	39.8	33.8	66.2	3.4
Brisbane	31.6	14.1	48.7	36.2	63.8	5.9
Cairns	28.8	10.6	53.7	71.4	28.6	3.5
Mt Isa	26.7	**11.0	61.6	89.8	**10.2	1.4
Cooktown	31.1	15.6	50.8	96.1	**3.9	1.7
Rockhampton	15.1	20.8	60.7	43.1	56.9	2.9
Roma	25.9	**6.7	67.4	51.1	48.9	1.9
Townsville	25.9	**10.3	63.1	61.5	38.5	3.0
Torres Strait area	21.8	20.7	56.7	93.0	7.0	1.7
Adelaide	46.6	**9.9	40.5	52.7	47.3	3.2
Ceduna	27.8	22.0	46.5	82.0	18.0	0.5
Port Augusta	24.0	12.9	57.7	82.7	17.3	1.5
Perth	29.5	13.7	56.1	54.2	45.8	3.7
Broome	40.1	15.5	44.4	80.6	19.4	1.0
Kununurra	23.9	18.6	55.6	93.0	**7.0	1.0
Warburton	25.4	15.1	55.4	100.0	**0.0	0.7
Narrogin	23.2	**3.9	68.5	76.9	23.1	1.4
South Hedland	32.8	10.2	54.8	58.6	41.4	1.4
Derby	33.6	16.5	49.9	95.1	**4.9	1.1
Kalgoortie	23.4	15.0	59.1	75.2	24.8	0.6
Geraldton	36.4	18.6	41.1	90.6	9.4	1.3
Hobart	18.6	24.7	54.9	19.4	80.6	4.0
Alice Springs	40.3	**12.4	38.3	89.2	**10.8	1.0
Jabiru	24.1	18.0	56.9	98.9	**1.1	1.8
Katherine	25.1	16.8	57.3	93.4	6.6	1.8
Aputula	26.0	17.0	55.1	97.8	**2.2	1.7
Nhulunbuy	23.2	**13.2	63.7	94.9	**5.1	1.4
Tennant Creek	17.8	18.8	62.2	100.0	**0.0	0.8
Darwin	30.9	21.5	44.8	64.0	36.0	1.9
Australia	28.5	15.4	52.8	60.2	39.8	84.9

APPENDIX A: CULTURE

Persons aged 13 years and over							
Area	Identified with a clan (a)	Recognised an area as homelands	See elders as being important	Attended cultural activities	Recognise homelands		
					Total	Currently live in their homelands	Total
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	50.2	69.6	74.5	57.2	4.6	51.5	3.2
Bourke	57.1	70.9	86.2	76.0	4.9	81.5	3.5
Coffs Harbour	60.3	81.7	92.1	80.8	11.8	44.8	9.6
Sydney	41.9	70.1	82.8	62.8	15.6	31.8	10.9
Tamworth	38.5	70.0	75.1	65.4	6.7	76.3	4.7
Wagga Wagga	45.2	46.4	76.5	61.7	9.8	44.8	4.6
Wangaratta	41.0	69.8	73.4	49.4	6.0	40.0	4.2
Ballarat	48.5	70.4	86.0	70.7	6.6	26.6	4.6
Brisbane	43.1	65.6	72.1	62.8	12.3	**8.8	8.1
Cairns	72.2	84.6	86.1	80.2	7.7	37.7	6.5
Mt Isa	84.7	90.8	96.3	81.6	4.6	62.6	4.2
Cooktown	95.3	96.0	89.2	90.9	4.5	54.1	4.3
Rockhampton	27.5	48.8	79.5	63.5	5.4	53.1	2.7
Roma	24.0	53.9	77.7	58.3	4.6	45.8	2.5
Townsville	57.9	78.2	82.8	73.5	8.5	27.4	6.7
Torres Strait area	71.4	93.0	81.6	81.9	4.3	70.1	4.0
Adelaide	60.2	77.5	86.1	68.2	6.9	21.9	5.3
Ceduna	80.3	86.4	92.6	92.0	1.1	45.9	0.9
Port Augusta	77.9	84.2	88.0	83.4	4.0	32.4	3.3
Perth	59.9	71.3	84.1	65.2	8.5	11.4	6.0
Broome	80.3	84.6	91.3	93.8	2.3	41.9	2.0
Kununurra	95.2	95.0	92.8	96.3	2.9	56.1	2.8
Warburton	84.5	90.3	94.1	92.8	1.8	59.6	1.7
Narrogin	50.2	85.6	82.7	78.0	3.6	55.0	3.1
South Hedland	50.9	63.5	85.0	72.8	3.1	27.1	2.0
Derby	84.7	87.9	89.5	85.7	3.0	34.4	2.6
Kalgoorlie	54.9	69.1	82.4	81.9	1.7	49.2	1.2
Geraldton	33.9	45.5	83.4	94.2	3.2	40.7	1.5
Hobart	17.7	39.9	66.4	31.4	6.6	45.5	2.6
Alice Springs	86.2	88.4	92.7	83.2	3.6	23.6	3.2
Jabiru	99.2	97.9	95.3	91.2	5.5	37.4	5.4
Katherine	90.1	91.7	95.6	86.6	4.6	23.1	4.2
Aputula	100.0	98.6	98.2	96.1	5.0	69.8	4.9
Nhulunbuy	97.6	99.5	98.2	79.1	4.5	78.3	4.5
Tennant Creek	94.8	98.5	81.2	97.6	2.2	34.6	2.2
Darwin	75.5	83.4	94.5	68.5	5.5	22.1	4.6
Australia	59.8	75.2	84.4	72.1	197.5	41.0	148.1

(a) or persons who identified with a tribal or language group.

APPENDIX A: HEALTH

Area	All persons			Persons aged 13 years and over		
	Experienced illness			Smokers	Perceived alcohol to be main local health problem	Total
	Recent (2 wks prior to survey)	Specified long term (6 mths or over)	Total			
(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	(%)	('000)	
Queanbeyan	44.8	42.4	6.7	46.4	46.1	4.6
Bourke	20.1	23.3	7.2	60.7	63.6	4.9
Coffs Harbour	47.7	43.8	18.8	48.9	71.4	11.8
Sydney	55.1	42.4	24.1	48.6	52.4	15.6
Tamworth	31.5	29.8	10.2	54.9	60.0	6.7
Wagga Wagga	37.8	36.4	15.4	47.4	62.0	9.8
Wangaratta	53.0	45.4	9.4	52.5	36.6	6.0
Ballarat	54.6	46.6	9.8	59.7	39.8	6.6
Brisbane	51.2	45.1	18.6	50.8	28.1	12.3
Cairns	35.2	25.7	12.6	48.2	84.6	7.7
Mt Isa	28.1	25.7	6.8	51.3	68.4	4.6
Cooktown	31.4	32.7	6.5	60.5	85.7	4.5
Rockhampton	31.7	31.4	9.2	48.5	63.0	5.4
Roma	33.6	38.6	7.0	53.3	48.7	4.6
Townsville	42.9	34.1	12.8	36.9	50.6	8.5
Torres Strait area	24.1	18.6	6.4	40.9	79.1	4.3
Adelaide	40.5	36.9	10.7	56.3	51.4	6.9
Ceduna	41.6	36.9	1.8	53.6	78.7	1.1
Port Augusta	50.2	38.8	6.0	53.5	64.9	4.0
Perth	46.1	38.9	13.3	49.9	73.2	8.5
Broome	19.6	26.4	3.6	53.8	96.3	2.3
Kununurra	49.8	24.7	4.2	45.9	61.7	2.9
Warburton	32.7	23.2	2.8	40.2	57.4	1.8
Narrogin	34.4	28.8	6.2	48.1	67.4	3.6
South Hedland	34.8	34.4	4.8	44.4	88.9	3.1
Derby	33.3	23.9	4.4	45.0	81.6	3.0
Kalgoorlie	27.8	31.6	2.8	52.5	76.7	1.7
Geraldton	34.0	33.4	5.0	45.4	79.3	3.2
Hobart	48.1	41.7	10.1	45.9	26.2	6.6
Alice Springs	40.5	23.7	4.7	28.9	74.4	3.6
Jabiru	33.0	23.2	8.5	61.4	55.9	5.5
Katherine	50.5	29.3	7.3	41.2	46.7	4.6
Aputula	35.4	23.8	7.1	41.4	58.0	5.0
Nhulunbuy	42.2	29.4	6.9	59.2	30.9	4.5
Tennant Creek	19.8	15.0	3.6	32.8	90.0	2.2
Darwin	37.4	34.3	8.0	49.7	66.2	5.5
Australia	41.2	34.8	303.3	49.7	58.8	197.5

APPENDIX A: HOUSING

Area	Home ownership rate	Community owned dwellings	Running water connected	Electricity connected	Dwelling situated on sealed road	Satisfied with current dwelling	Total households
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	**9.9	**9.5	94.6	94.6	59.7	83.0	2.8
Bourke	**18.5	45.2	92.9	94.6	84.4	68.9	1.6
Coffs Harbour	30.6	24.5	97.0	97.3	88.2	75.5	5.5
Sydney	34.0	**2.3	98.8	98.7	96.5	70.2	9.7
Tamworth	**14.2	20.9	95.2	99.0	81.4	88.2	3.3
Wagga Wagga	40.1	**15.6	97.1	99.8	87.1	85.3	5.0
Wangaratta	**41.1	**12.5	99.8	99.8	96.8	83.2	3.1
Ballarat	**30.0	**6.6	99.7	99.8	85.2	84.7	3.6
Brisbane	34.9	**11.1	96.4	97.0	93.9	93.0	6.4
Cairns	**15.3	**17.0	97.1	97.8	85.3	88.2	3.0
Mt Isa	**2.5	64.4	97.0	99.7	30.6	77.7	1.2
Cooktown	**0.8	86.4	74.0	74.0	52.5	28.1	1.3
Rockhampton	**16.0	**16.5	100.0	100.0	95.1	87.6	3.1
Roma	**34.5	**14.8	100.0	100.0	88.9	96.2	2.0
Townsville	**16.1	**16.4	97.5	99.1	95.0	79.6	2.8
Torres Strait area	**17.5	**54.1	88.4	90.4	39.6	64.7	1.5
Adelaide	**19.9	**13.3	99.7	99.7	91.7	88.1	3.4
Ceduna	**5.3	**28.5	97.9	97.9	88.7	74.4	0.4
Port Augusta	**16.9	**26.0	98.2	93.1	72.1	71.3	1.5
Perth	**38.2	**0.0	96.4	96.4	81.5	78.0	4.2
Broome	**4.5	**4.5	93.4	93.4	68.6	44.6	0.9
Kununurra	**5.4	**59.1	69.4	72.6	31.2	35.5	0.7
Warburton	**0.0	**87.8	93.6	94.6	**13.6	77.4	0.5
Narrogin	**24.4	**7.3	98.7	93.0	76.2	79.0	1.7
South Hedland	**6.5	**6.6	99.2	99.2	90.7	92.7	1.5
Derby	**0.0	**65.8	72.3	73.3	31.2	30.9	0.9
Kalgoorlie	**8.2	**5.8	99.3	98.5	92.1	75.3	0.6
Geraldton	**15.6	**6.3	100.0	100.0	83.9	94.1	1.3
Hobart	52.3	**3.0	98.8	99.6	83.4	90.6	4.4
Alice Springs	**18.4	**18.7	93.6	94.7	83.8	79.9	1.1
Jabiru	**0.8	78.5	89.1	87.6	45.1	21.6	1.1
Katherine	**14.0	67.8	90.3	90.2	54.9	45.5	1.2
Aputula	**0.0	**69.8	79.3	74.1	53.6	27.2	1.3
Nhulunbuy	**0.0	74.3	97.5	97.5	38.3	35.3	1.0
Tennant Creek	**2.7	89.9	95.9	87.5	65.5	53.9	0.7
Darwin	**22.7	**16.8	94.9	98.1	87.3	84.0	1.9
Australia	24.9	20.9	96.1	96.4	81.6	77.3	86.4

APPENDIX A: PRIMARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

Area	Persons aged 5-18 years		Primary and secondary school students			
	Attending school	Total	Taught an Indigenous language at school	Taught Indigenous culture at school	Taught by an Indigenous teacher	Total
	(%)	('000)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	76.0	2.1	6.3	57.4	11.0	1.6
Bourke	78.0	2.8	20.1	60.0	34.9	2.2
Coffs Harbour	89.0	6.5	15.2	48.6	12.6	5.9
Sydney	89.8	7.0	**6.0	44.0	**4.8	6.5
Tamworth	93.1	3.3	**7.9	60.0	13.9	3.1
Wagga Wagga	85.3	4.9	**1.3	29.4	**3.4	4.2
Wangaratta	80.1	2.9	**2.2	33.9	**1.4	2.3
Ballarat	87.2	3.0	**4.1	39.4	**4.6	2.7
Brisbane	84.6	6.6	**0.5	32.7	**1.1	5.7
Cairns	82.1	4.4	30.4	78.5	8.1	3.6
Mt Isa	80.1	2.0	24.8	64.4	**2.0	1.6
Cooktown	75.9	1.6	33.1	77.8	40.1	1.2
Rockhampton	83.3	2.4	**1.5	31.6	**2.6	2.0
Roma	74.3	2.8	**0.0	38.7	**0.9	2.1
Townsville	79.5	5.0	**1.6	41.5	**2.9	4.0
Torres Strait area	81.4	1.8	56.3	91.2	52.6	1.5
Adelaide	84.1	3.5	17.5	49.1	**7.9	2.9
Ceduna	83.8	0.6	60.7	85.4	**6.4	0.5
Port Augusta	78.6	1.9	54.7	76.0	23.9	1.5
Perth	79.3	4.5	**4.3	49.4	**8.3	3.6
Broome	83.2	1.2	48.5	58.4	11.6	1.0
Kununurra	71.3	1.3	52.7	71.3	**1.2	1.0
Warburton	75.8	0.8	59.4	68.3	**14.3	0.6
Narrogin	84.5	2.7	**5.9	42.5	**5.7	2.3
South Hedland	84.3	1.8	9.6	43.2	**0.0	1.5
Derby	74.9	1.4	45.0	66.4	**5.0	1.0
Kalgoorlie	82.7	1.0	9.8	36.1	**4.6	0.8
Geraldton	73.6	1.5	**6.7	32.0	**1.2	1.1
Hobart	81.3	3.5	**2.4	39.0	**1.6	2.9
Alice Springs	88.9	1.9	22.5	66.9	13.6	1.7
Jabiru	75.8	2.7	85.5	94.4	82.1	2.1
Katherine	74.9	2.5	28.8	48.1	11.8	1.9
Aputula	61.2	2.1	49.6	85.9	40.6	1.3
Nhulunbuy	76.1	2.5	90.9	97.0	89.7	1.9
Tennant Creek	71.2	1.1	86.5	91.1	94.8	0.8
Darwin	81.7	2.7	**7.2	42.1	**9.7	2.2
Australia	81.7	100.3	18.3	52.2	13.7	82.9

APPENDIX A: HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Area	Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school				Total (^{'000})
	With	Without post-school educational qualifications			
	post-school qualification (%)	Year 12 Certificate (a) (%)	Year 10 Certificate (a) (%)	Below Year 10 (b) (%)	
Queanbeyan	16.4	11.5	30.8	41.3	3.9
Bourke	13.2	**3.2	18.5	65.1	4.2
Coffs Harbour	27.3	4.8	25.1	42.8	9.7
Sydney	24.7	9.1	23.3	42.9	14.0
Tamworth	18.0	**2.2	25.3	54.5	5.7
Wagga Wagga	16.0	**3.8	20.7	59.5	8.8
Wangaratta	24.9	6.5	22.9	45.7	5.2
Ballarat	23.2	13.6	16.9	46.3	5.9
Brisbane	28.6	11.5	28.8	31.1	9.7
Cairns	12.9	17.3	34.6	35.2	6.7
Mt Isa	4.3	6.0	28.8	60.9	4.3
Cooktown	14.4	3.5	24.9	57.2	4.3
Rockhampton	13.3	14.2	33.4	39.0	5.0
Roma	**10.4	**9.5	30.4	49.7	3.5
Townsville	20.7	11.6	37.4	30.3	6.8
Torres Strait area	9.9	15.8	26.5	47.8	4.0
Adelaide	27.3	**6.9	39.5	26.3	6.0
Ceduna	22.4	**4.5	22.7	50.5	1.0
Port Augusta	16.9	**1.8	26.1	55.2	3.6
Perth	13.0	**3.0	44.3	39.7	7.5
Broome	20.1	4.9	46.8	28.2	2.0
Kununurra	7.4	6.1	29.5	56.9	2.7
Warburton	11.1	**3.5	20.3	65.1	1.7
Narrogin	14.6	7.5	39.9	38.0	3.0
South Hedland	19.5	7.3	30.6	42.6	2.6
Derby	8.5	5.2	25.5	60.8	2.6
Kalgoorlie	11.6	**2.9	48.2	37.3	1.5
Geraldton	9.7	5.9	30.7	53.8	3.0
Hobart	23.2	3.4	41.8	31.6	5.6
Alice Springs	17.3	6.5	25.4	50.8	2.5
Jabiru	4.0	4.4	28.2	63.3	5.0
Katherine	7.5	3.1	24.2	65.3	4.1
Aputula	4.2	**0.2	8.4	87.2	4.7
Nhulunbuy	**5.1	14.7	31.9	48.2	3.8
Tennant Creek	9.1	3.9	22.1	64.9	2.1
Darwin	19.0	7.0	32.3	41.7	4.5
Australia	17.1	7.4	28.6	46.9	171.4

(a) Includes persons who attained Yr 10 or Yr 12 Certificate at TAFE. (b) Includes persons with no formal education.

APPENDIX A: LABOUR FORCE STATUS

Area	Persons aged 15 years and over						
	In the labour force		Not in the labour force	Total	Employed persons		
	Employed	Unemployed			Worked 35 hours or more	Able to meet cultural obligations	Total
(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	(%)	('000)	
Queanbeyan	40.6	30.2	29.2	4.3	72.3	38.7	1.7
Bourke	33.8	24.5	41.7	4.4	36.5	46.0	1.5
Coffs Harbour	28.9	30.3	40.8	10.9	53.4	38.1	3.2
Sydney	43.5	20.9	35.5	15.0	78.4	30.6	6.5
Tamworth	25.8	29.6	44.6	6.2	67.7	46.5	1.6
Wagga Wagga	25.1	31.3	43.6	9.3	71.2	27.3	2.3
Wangaratta	39.1	21.8	39.1	5.6	74.6	42.2	2.2
Ballarat	41.8	26.6	31.6	6.1	70.1	38.4	2.6
Brisbane	40.8	19.3	39.8	11.3	68.7	26.5	4.6
Cairns	38.1	19.0	42.9	7.2	39.2	29.9	2.7
Mt Isa	35.2	24.6	40.3	4.4	69.5	83.2	1.5
Cooktown	68.6	3.9	33.4	4.4	27.3	81.8	2.8
Rockhampton	39.5	23.9	36.5	5.1	77.7	53.9	2.0
Roma	23.1	34.8	42.1	4.1	64.6	42.1	1.0
Townsville	39.2	16.2	44.6	7.9	63.1	52.1	3.1
Torres Strait area	35.8	20.0	44.2	4.1	44.0	40.4	1.5
Adelaide	29.5	23.4	47.0	6.5	78.4	**22.6	1.9
Ceduna	47.6	22.6	29.8	1.0	39.1	67.1	0.5
Port Augusta	29.9	29.4	40.7	3.8	51.3	58.9	1.1
Perth	29.1	30.8	40.1	7.8	64.5	27.5	2.3
Broome	44.1	19.1	36.8	2.2	51.3	78.2	1.0
Kununurra	70.2	6.3	23.5	2.8	27.3	58.2	2.0
Warburton	34.6	15.0	50.4	1.8	20.7	75.3	0.6
Narrogin	25.9	19.7	54.3	3.2	62.7	35.4	0.8
South Hedland	38.9	20.2	41.0	3.0	69.5	50.4	1.1
Derby	49.0	8.5	42.6	2.8	13.2	91.1	1.4
Kalgoorlie	18.6	35.1	46.3	1.6	72.9	20.7	0.3
Geraldton	29.8	27.5	42.6	3.2	57.6	18.9	0.9
Hobart	44.8	17.8	41.4	6.1	70.3	17.0	2.7
Alice Springs	44.8	10.9	37.4	2.9	56.4	41.1	1.3
Jabiru	26.7	31.1	44.3	5.4	32.3	77.8	1.4
Katherine	25.7	16.8	42.2	4.3	48.4	81.1	1.1
Aputula	25.0	5.5	69.5	4.8	25.6	94.9	1.2
Nhulunbuy	42.9	15.8	41.3	4.0	63.9	92.7	1.7
Tennant Creek	50.2	22.1	40.6	2.1	34.3	59.7	0.8
Darwin	28.8	23.7	47.5	4.9	64.9	44.8	1.4
Australia	36.0	22.4	41.6	181.5	58.8	46.3	66.0

APPENDIX A: INCOME

Persons aged 15 years and over							
Area	Main source of income (a)			Annual income		Total (^{'000})	
	CDEP (%)	Other earned income (%)	Government payments (%)	No income (%)	\$12,000 or less (%)		\$25,000 or more (%)
Queanbeyan	**0.0	39.5	50.5	8.8	55.3	13.8	4.3
Bourke	18.3	12.7	56.8	8.8	67.0	5.6	4.4
Coffs Harbour	**2.4	24.8	61.7	10.6	58.1	10.9	10.9
Sydney	**2.5	37.6	42.8	13.0	48.8	20.4	15.0
Tamworth	**3.2	19.5	61.2	14.6	53.5	9.6	6.2
Wagga Wagga	5.2	19.5	66.8	6.9	62.0	13.0	9.3
Wangaratta	**3.6	32.5	50.1	13.8	58.9	18.8	5.6
Ballarat	**2.8	32.7	52.4	11.9	46.9	14.6	6.1
Brisbane	**0.0	35.7	45.9	16.6	52.7	15.0	11.3
Cairns	12.5	20.7	56.0	9.8	55.9	7.3	7.2
Mt Isa	13.8	21.3	56.3	8.3	60.7	11.0	4.4
Cooktown	50.8	5.4	29.8	9.1	54.5	7.0	4.4
Rockhampton	**4.9	33.1	54.7	**5.4	47.4	14.6	5.1
Roma	**2.2	19.0	62.2	9.6	61.9	**9.2	4.1
Townsville	11.4	23.7	47.1	15.1	58.9	13.0	7.9
Torres Strait area	15.3	19.7	51.7	12.1	58.2	7.1	4.1
Adelaide	**3.5	23.6	62.9	8.1	61.1	12.2	6.5
Ceduna	22.5	19.9	50.4	**4.4	59.5	13.2	1.0
Port Augusta	6.7	17.6	63.2	6.7	64.8	9.6	3.8
Perth	**0.0	25.3	66.7	7.2	59.1	10.9	7.8
Broome	22.9	18.2	47.9	10.3	59.6	13.7	2.2
Kununurra	57.6	7.4	26.3	7.5	71.9	3.8	2.8
Warburton	18.4	10.0	55.0	13.7	73.9	**2.6	1.8
Narrogin	**3.0	19.0	67.1	9.8	62.0	6.7	3.2
South Hedland	**0.3	35.2	47.6	12.9	56.5	19.2	3.0
Derby	35.8	10.9	46.0	7.3	79.1	**4.1	2.8
Kalgoorlie	**1.1	16.2	71.4	11.0	59.3	9.9	1.6
Geraldton	3.0	23.7	65.0	8.3	59.5	9.3	3.2
Hobart	**0.2	41.4	47.5	10.3	53.6	14.2	6.1
Alice Springs	15.4	27.7	49.9	5.4	58.8	18.0	2.9
Jabiru	10.0	13.8	65.5	10.3	80.5	3.0	5.4
Katherine	8.8	10.7	68.3	10.3	69.9	4.9	4.3
Aputula	10.3	10.4	68.1	10.6	76.0	3.0	4.8
Nhulunbuy	19.4	19.6	42.1	18.5	67.3	7.3	4.0
Tennant Creek	23.4	10.8	59.0	3.4	66.5	5.9	2.1
Darwin	**1.4	26.5	61.6	9.6	61.1	9.9	4.9
Australia	8.5	24.1	54.9	10.7	59.4	11.3	181.5

(a) Excludes persons who did not state their main source of income.

APPENDIX A: LAW AND JUSTICE

Area	Persons aged 13 years and over			18 years and over			Total ('000)
	Arrested in last 5 years (%)	Relations with police perceived better than 5 years ago (%)	Family violence perceived as a problem in local area (%)	Voted in last federal election (%)	Voted in last ATSIC election (%)		
Queanbeyan	20.4	21.4	36.2	4.6	74.4	38.8	3.5
Bourke	19.6	13.4	67.0	4.9	69.5	46.7	3.8
Coffs Harbour	23.1	18.5	42.7	11.8	53.0	24.2	9.3
Sydney	18.2	22.9	25.8	15.6	78.3	19.6	13.4
Tamworth	22.4	14.4	54.6	6.7	39.5	21.3	5.6
Wagga Wagga	23.9	23.1	42.9	9.8	69.6	25.0	8.4
Wangaratta	19.4	27.2	42.6	6.0	70.2	28.8	4.9
Ballarat	24.0	15.3	34.2	6.6	67.0	31.3	5.6
Brisbane	13.8	9.8	21.0	12.3	65.0	18.8	9.6
Cairns	13.4	13.3	53.6	7.7	68.7	44.9	6.4
Mt Isa	7.2	36.3	79.3	4.6	85.1	81.5	4.1
Cooktown	27.3	23.6	77.4	4.5	39.6	66.2	4.2
Rockhampton	14.6	17.9	27.2	5.4	85.7	31.2	4.9
Roma	25.4	27.6	42.9	4.6	75.0	36.9	3.4
Townsville	12.4	18.2	57.9	8.5	72.6	50.8	6.5
Torres Strait area	**1.8	21.7	47.1	4.3	81.8	47.3	3.9
Adelaide	27.6	20.6	39.8	6.9	57.1	19.9	5.7
Ceduna	32.4	27.3	58.4	1.1	52.1	53.0	0.9
Port Augusta	27.0	29.6	62.7	4.0	61.6	41.9	3.5
Perth	27.0	20.5	40.5	8.5	51.0	36.0	7.1
Broome	25.0	12.8	81.8	2.3	58.2	55.3	2.0
Kununurra	34.5	29.4	70.5	2.9	70.4	60.1	2.5
Warburton	22.9	29.3	34.6	1.8	52.8	58.6	1.6
Narrogin	25.3	32.1	31.9	3.6	79.1	56.7	2.7
South Hedland	17.9	12.8	71.6	3.1	64.5	38.4	2.5
Derby	16.4	14.4	71.1	3.0	74.6	69.7	2.4
Kalgoorlie	21.7	19.7	65.1	1.7	60.1	62.4	1.5
Geraldton	18.6	18.9	61.2	3.2	56.0	39.1	2.8
Hobart	12.4	15.4	12.4	6.6	87.2	19.8	5.4
Alice Springs	16.9	17.6	48.8	3.6	68.2	62.3	2.4
Jabiru	19.1	29.7	35.0	5.5	73.0	72.8	4.8
Katherine	22.2	48.4	68.4	4.6	71.7	44.1	3.9
Aputula	25.5	26.6	33.2	5.0	54.4	66.5	4.4
Nhulunbuy	18.1	18.4	46.9	4.5	76.8	70.3	3.6
Tennant Creek	3.6	63.1	65.2	2.2	86.2	81.8	2.0
Darwin	19.0	27.2	50.4	5.5	52.8	33.6	4.4
Australia	20.4	21.5	45.1	197.5	66.2	39.4	163.8

APPENDIX B: INDIGENOUS POPULATION PROJECTIONS
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Populations, June 30 1994

Age (Years)	Wagga Wagga ATSI Region			New South Wales			Australia		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
	0-4	1,169	1,130	2,299	6,194	5,836	12,031	22,844	21,680	44,524
5-9	1,014	981	1,995	6,878	5,159	10,501	20,229	19,317	39,546
10-14	877	838	1,715	4,631	4,333	8,963	17,755	16,796	34,552
15-19	780	794	1,574	4,102	3,943	8,046	15,826	15,078	30,904
20-24	675	659	1,334	4,229	4,078	8,306	16,103	15,448	31,551
25-29	642	611	1,253	3,682	3,598	7,281	14,038	13,793	27,831
30-34	536	521	1,057	3,156	3,141	6,299	11,777	11,805	23,582
35-39	433	433	866	2,486	2,520	5,005	9,268	9,472	18,740
40-44	367	348	715	1,946	2,058	4,003	7,171	7,683	14,854
45-49	272	289	561	1,458	1,589	3,047	5,135	5,604	10,739
50-54	172	222	394	1,075	1,122	2,197	3,900	4,113	8,013
55-59	141	161	302	808	858	1,667	2,797	3,132	5,929
60-64	117	114	231	565	651	1,216	2,185	2,545	4,730
65-69	74	84	158	359	466	825	1,461	1,796	3,257
70-74	39	48	87	219	274	494	919	1,161	2,080
75 and over	37	54	91	210	345	555	998	1,431	2,429
Total	7,345	7,287	14,632	40,464	39,974	80,437	152,406	150,855	303,261

Note: Population projections for ATSI Regions have been prepared by ABS using assumptions agreed to by ATSI. As these regional projections were prepared at a later date using more up-to-date assumptions than the State population projections presented in this attachment, minor discrepancies can exist between these State totals and the sums of component Regions.

CAUTION: For ATSI Regions discrepancies may occur between survey estimates and population projections.

APPENDIX C: STANDARD ERRORS

Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. The estimates in the survey are subject to sampling variability. One measure of the likely difference between survey estimates and true values is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that the sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all the dwellings had been included.

Another measure of the likely difference is the relative standard error which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling.

The size of the standard error of an estimate of a number of persons increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger is the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.

As the standard errors in the following table show, very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable purposes. Estimates and percentages with larger relative standard errors have been included and are preceded by two asterisks if it is greater than 25 per cent (e.g., **2.5), indicating they are subject to high standard errors and should be used with caution.

Standard Errors for Persons, Families and Households ATSIC Regions and Torres Strait Area

Size of Estimate	Queanbeyan	Bourke	Coffs Harbour	Sydney	Tamworth	Wagga Wagga	Ballarat	Wangaratta	Brisbane	Cairns	Cooktown	Mount Isa
50	32	27	30	42	39	32	30	27	39	30	19	23
100	42	34	42	72	48	54	44	41	66	45	26	33
200	52	42	60	109	60	78	61	62	104	62	35	43
300	58	48	73	131	67	93	72	78	130	72	42	47
500	64	56	95	157	78	109	85	101	167	84	53	50
700	68	62	112	171	87	116	92	119	192	92	61	50
1,000	71	70	135	181	96	121	99	141	219	98	72	58
1,500	73	79	165	186	109	122	105	169	247	103	86	69
2,000	74	86	191	213	118	135	107	190	264	105	98	78
2,500	74	93	213	236	126	146	108	208	276	106	109	85
3,000	77	98	234	256	134	156	109	223	285	106	118	92
4,000	82	107	270	293	145	173	120	248	295	116	134	104
5,000	86	115	302	325	155	187	129	268	301	124	..	114
7,000	..	..	357	380	172	210	145	301	304	138	..	..
10,000	..	..	428	448	..	238	..	..	349	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	541	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

**Appendix C: Standard Errors for Persons, Families and Households
 ATSIC Regions and Torres Strait Area — continued**

Size of Estimate	Rock-hampton	Roma	Townsville	Torres Strait area	Adelaide	Ceduna	Port Augusta	Perth	Broome	Kununurra	Warburton	Narragin
50	30	36	37	17	36	15	22	34	15	16	17	25
100	44	58	51	25	60	22	30	49	21	22	25	33
200	65	80	71	37	88	32	42	73	30	29	38	43
300	82	91	85	47	102	40	50	91	37	35	49	50
500	110	99	108	63	115	53	64	120	47	43	67	61
700	133	101	126	76	119	65	75	145	56	50	82	70
1,000	162	117	149	93	144	79	88	177	67	58	102	80
1,500	204	138	180	118	180	..	107	221	82	70	130	94
2,000	240	156	206	139	210	..	122	260	95	79	155	105
2,500	272	171	228	157	237	..	135	294	106	87	..	114
3,000	301	184	248	175	261	..	147	325	..	94	..	123
4,000	354	208	284	206	305	..	168	381	..	..	..	137
5,000	402	228	315	..	345	..	..	431	..	..	..	..
7,000	..	..	368	..	413	..	..	519	..	..	..	..
10,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Size of Estimate	South Hedland	Derby	Kalgoorlie	Geraldton	Hobart	Alice Springs	Jabiru	Katherine	Aputula	Nhulunbuy	Tennant Creek	Darwin
50	15	23	13	19	20	22	18	16	28	22	13	28
100	18	29	19	23	29	31	28	22	36	39	19	39
200	23	33	30	28	42	43	44	32	43	61	27	53
300	26	34	38	31	53	52	58	42	47	75	33	63
500	30	40	52	36	70	66	80	61	50	90	43	80
700	33	44	64	39	84	77	100	80	52	99	51	93
1,000	37	49	80	44	101	91	127	109	52	105	62	109
1,500	42	56	102	49	126	111	165	160	57	109	76	131
2,000	46	62	..	53	148	127	199	213	62	126	88	149
2,500	49	66	..	56	167	141	230	269	65	141	99	165
3,000	52	70	..	59	184	154	260	327	68	155	..	179
4,000	..	..	..	..	215	..	313	452	73	179	..	204
5,000	..	..	..	..	243	..	363	586	77	200	..	225
7,000	..	..	..	..	292	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

GLOSSARY

Aboriginal	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Aboriginal origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Aboriginal community controlled school	Where Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people make decisions on the curricula, teachers employed, school budget and school policy.
Aboriginal English	Includes Broken English, Pidgin English and Kriol/Creoles.
Aboriginal Independent School	A school run solely by Aboriginal people, who make decisions on school policy, staffing, curricula, and school budget.
Aboriginal Legal Service	Established to assist Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people with legal matters.
Aboriginality	Where a person identifies as being of Aboriginal or non-Aboriginal origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Actions taken	Refers to specific actions persons took with regard to their health in the two weeks prior to interview.
ATSIC Regions & Torres Strait Area	Refers to 36 defined geographic areas, each represented by an ATSIC Regional Council or the Torres Strait Regional Authority.
Attack	Where a person has suffered physical force from another person(s), for example, pushed, hit, kicked or speared.
CDEP	See Community Development Employment Projects.
Clan, tribal or language group	Refers to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander groups within Australia.

Combined primary & secondary school	A school which teaches students at both primary and secondary levels.
Community landlord	Refers to dwellings owned by community organisations, predominantly Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations. It includes housing associations, land councils and community councils.
Community Development Employment Projects	The Community Development Employment Projects (CDEP), operate through grants from ATSIC to Indigenous community organisations to enable individuals to undertake community managed activities in return for wages.
Couple only family	Two persons who are in a registered or de facto marriage without children present in the household.
Crime	Includes crimes relating to drugs, thefts, vandalism as well as violence.
Cultural activities	Includes funerals, ceremonies, Indigenous festivals and carnivals and involvement with Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations.
Cultural obligations	Refers to attending Indigenous cultural activities such as funerals, ceremonies and festivals and extended family responsibilities.
Earned income	Income derived from wages and salaries, or from own business, trade or profession.
Education worker	A person who assists a teacher during class lessons and may give some lessons such as story telling.
Employed	Persons aged 15 years and over who in the week prior to the interview worked for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (comprising employees, employers and self-employed persons).

Family	Two or more persons who live in the same household and are related to each other by blood, marriage (including de facto marriage), fostering or adoption. For the purpose of this survey, one or more members of the family had identified as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin.
Family violence	Includes verbal threats, intimidation, fear of physical attacks and actual physical attacks, occurring between family members within a household.
Formal childcare	Refers to regulated care such as pre-school/kindergarten before and after school care program, long day care centres, family day care and other formal care.
Government payments	Includes Newstart allowance, Jobsearch, age pension, sickness allowance, disability support pension, sole parent pension, family payments, rent assistance, ABSTUDY and other Government payments.
Homelands	An area of land to which Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander people have ancestral and/or cultural links.
Household	Consists of a person living alone, or two or more related or unrelated persons who live and eat together in private residential accommodation. For the purpose of this survey, one or more members of the household had identified as being of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander origin.
Household income	Refers to the total gross income from wages and salaries and Government payments of all persons 15 years and over who usually live in the household. The total household income was not calculated if usual residents of the household were missing at the time of the interview.
Indigenous	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.

Indigenous language	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander languages. Excludes Aboriginal English and Kriol/Creoles.
Labour force	Persons aged 15 years and over who were either employed or unemployed.
Labour force status	A classification of persons 15 years and over into employed, unemployed or not in the labour force.
Language spoken	A person was considered to be able to speak a language (such as an Aboriginal language) if they could hold a conversation in that language.
Last year	12 month period prior to interview.
Long-term condition	Condition (illness, injury, or disability) which had lasted for six months or more.
Main language	Refers to the language the person is most comfortable with or speaks most fluently.
Making decisions at the school	Includes involvement in the Aboriginal Student Support and Parent Awareness Program (ASSPA) and Parents and Citizens (P&C) school meetings where decisions about fund raising and maintenance of the school are made.
Non-family household	A lone person household or a household consisting of two or more unrelated people.
Not in the labour force	Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed or unemployed as defined.
One parent family	Family that consists of one parent and that parent's child(ren) plus all other people in the household related to them, provided those people do not have a spouse or child of their own.

Other government landlord	Refers to dwellings owned by Commonwealth, State/Territory and local governments other than housing authorities and employer provided housing.
Other legal services	Includes private solicitors and barristers.
Perceived health problems	A respondents' opinions of the main health problems confronting people in their local area.
Personal income	Refers to the gross income a person received at the time of interview in the form of wages and salaries and Government payments.
Post-school study	Attendance at a course at the time of a survey to gain a qualification.
Private landlord	All privately owned dwellings rented directly or through a real estate agent.
Private dwelling	The premises occupied by a household and includes houses, flats, home units, garages, tents and improvised houses. It excludes hostels, hospitals, prisons and so on.
Private sector	Non-government organisations. The private sector has been split into 'Community organisations' and 'Other private'. Community organisations are those private organisations that have been declared to be eligible for ATSIIC funding.
Public sector	Includes all government authorities, departments, agencies and authorities created by the Commonwealth or State/Territory Parliaments. Also covered are organisations such as the Northern or Central Land Councils which were created by Commonwealth legislation and the NSW Land Council which was created by NSW legislation.
Recent illness	Conditions (illness, injury or disability) experienced in the two weeks prior to interview. It may include long-term conditions experienced in the period.

Relative weight	Weight and height measurements taken during interview have been used to derive a person's body mass. The body mass index equals a person's weight in kilograms divided by the square of the person's height in metres. The categories used are consistent with recommendations of the National Health and Medical Research Council.
School participation rate	The number of enrolled school students of a particular age, expressed as a proportion of the population of the same age.
Self-assessed health status	Refers to the overall level of health as reported by respondents 13 years and over. For persons 12 years and under information was provided by the child's parent or a responsible adult member of the household.
Specific long term condition	Where a person had one of the following conditions which had lasted for six months or more; asthma, diabetes, heart problems, chest problems, skin problems, high blood pressure, ear or hearing problems, eye or sight problems not corrected by glasses, and/or kidney problems.
State housing (landlord)	Refers to dwellings owned by State/Territory housing authorities.
Taken away from natural family	People who have been removed from their natural family as a child as part of a government policy. 'Family' may include parents and siblings and extended family members such as aunts, uncles and grandparents. Excludes people who were removed from their family for less than 6 months.
Taught Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander languages	Students who are taught to speak, read or write an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander language.
Taught about Indigenous cultures	Includes subjects which give an understanding of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander cultures, eg. history and language.
Taught by a community member	Where community members teach at least once in a month or on 10 or more occasions over the school year.

Torres Strait Islander	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Torres Strait Islander origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Training course	Includes courses which are planned to develop skills or assist in learning about a subject. Excludes courses leading to an educational qualification and on-the-job training.
Type of landlord	Refers to the legal entity to which rent is paid.
Unemployed persons	Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed during the week prior to interview, and who had actively looked for work at any time during the last four weeks prior to interview, and who were available to start work in the last week.
Usual residents	Persons who live in a particular private dwelling and regard it as their own or main home.
Verbal threats	Any verbal abuse to a person where no weapon was seen and no physical violence occurred. It includes verbal threats to harm the respondent or his/her property.
Violence	Refers to violence in the community, that is streets, hotels, schools, etc. It includes fights, bashing, rape, murder or any act which involves violence.
Voluntary work	Includes any unpaid community work such as caring for sick or aged people, working for community or sporting organisations, working at a school or with youth groups, working on committees and hunting, fishing or gathering bush food.
Year 10 Certificate	Completion of a Year 10 Certificate, Aboriginal Access Course or equivalent.
Year 12 Certificate	Completion of a Year 12 Certificate, General Certificate of Education or equivalent.

**1991 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING
ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER
COMMUNITY PROFILE**

**WAGGA WAGGA
ATSIC REGION**

Explanatory Notes

The **Aboriginal Community Profile** is available as a standard product for communities of 80 or more Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons, Statistical Local Areas of 80 or more Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons and ATSIIC regions. Also available are Section of State, Statistical Divisions and Territories. It is based on place of enumeration.

Each table title in the Aboriginal Community Profile consists of two parts. The first part lists the variables included in the table. The second part describes the table population.

Figures in proportion columns have been rounded, so discrepancies may occur between the totals and the sums of the component items.

A glossary of the terms and concepts used in the Community Profiles appears below. For more information see the 1991 Census Dictionary (Cat. No. 2901.0) and the 1991 Census Directory of Classifications (Cat. No. 2904.0).

Glossary

Caravans etc. in caravan parks includes occupied tents, cabins, camper vans etc in caravan parks, and occupied boats in marinas.

A **cenus household** is either a person living alone or people who usually reside and eat together. A household resides in a private dwelling. The household type is based on information about relationships between residents present and persons temporarily absent. The relationships of visitors to one another or to any resident are not considered.

∞ **An Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander household**, for the purpose of this publication, is one in which the reference person (person number one on the Census form) or spouse of the reference person identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. This definition excludes *Lone Person households* where the person was of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. There were just over 7,000 Lone Person Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Households in Australia in 1991.

Employed full-time means that the person worked 35 hours or more in the main job held in the week before the Census.

Employed part-time means that the person worked 0-34 hours in the main job held in the week before the Census.

A **family** is a group of related individuals in a household where at least one person is aged 15 years or more. A census household can contain up to three families. Census families do not include visitors to dwellings. If a family was at a holiday home or a non-private dwelling on census night, it was not counted as a census family.

A **primary Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander family** is one in which the reference person or spouse of the reference person in the primary family identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. In a multiple family household the family with dependent children is designated as the primary family. If there was more than one family, or no children were present, then the primary family is arbitrarily chosen.

Family income is the sum of the personal incomes of each resident family member aged 15 years or more. If any of these family members has an income 'not stated', or a spouse or offspring is temporarily absent, family income is classified as 'partial income stated' in Community Profile tables. Parental income is similar to family income except that only the income of the parent(s) is included. Parental income compares most closely with the family income variable of the 1986 Census.

Household income is the sum of the personal incomes of each resident household member aged 15 years or more. If any of these residents has an income 'not stated', or a spouse, offspring or co-tenant is temporarily absent, household income is classified as 'partial income stated' in Community Profile tables.

n.e.i. means 'not elsewhere included'.

n.f.d. means 'not further defined'.

An **occupied private dwelling** is defined as the premises occupied by a household on census night. A private dwelling is normally a house, flat, part of a house, or even a room, but can also be a house attached to, or rooms above shops or offices; an occupied caravan in a caravan park or on a residential allotment or boat in a marina; a houseboat; or a tent if it is standing on its own block of land.

An **Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander dwelling**, for the purpose of this publication, is one in which the reference person or spouse of the reference person identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. This definition excludes *Lone Person households* where the person was of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. There were just over 7,000 Lone Person Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander households in Australia in 1991.

Dependent offspring are 0-14 years of age, or are full-time students aged 15-24 years. (In the 1986 Census, 21-24 year olds were excluded from this category). Unrelated children can be classified as dependent offspring.

Other offspring are 15-24 years of age and not full-time students, or 25 years of age or more. In the 1986 Census, these 21-24 year old full-time students were classified as 'related adults'. As a result, sole parents with adult children were classified as families of related adults: in the 1991 Census, these cases are classified as one parent families.

The census count based on **place of enumeration** is a count of every person who spent census night in Australia. People are counted where they are on census night, which may not be where they usually live. In determining family and household type visitors to dwellings are excluded and usual residents who are temporarily absent are included. (See *temporarily absent*).

The **table population** is a description of what the table is counting. For example, tables containing marital status usually have a table population of persons aged 15 years or more. It appears under the table title.

Temporarily absent spouses, offspring and co-tenants are considered when determining household and family types. Other persons temporarily absent are not considered.

Data Quality

The Census is subject to a number of inaccuracies resulting from errors by respondents or mistakes in collection or processing of the data. Some of these are overcome or 'repaired' by careful processing procedures and quality control measures applied to the processing itself. The effect of those that remain is generally slight, although it may be more important for small groups in the population. The main kinds of error to keep in mind are:

Partial non-response: In some cases where an answer was not provided to a question an answer was imputed (often from other information on the form). In other cases a 'not stated' code was allocated.

Processing error: While such errors can occur in any processing system, careful quality control measures are used to keep errors to an acceptable level.

Random adjustment: Cells containing small values are randomly adjusted to avoid releasing information about particular individuals, families, or households. The effect of random adjustment is statistically insignificant.

Respondent error: Because processing procedures cannot detect or repair all errors made by persons in completing the form, some remain in final data.

Undercount: Although the census aims to count each person once, there are some people who are missed and others are counted more than once. The data are not adjusted for the net undercount which is estimated to be 1.9% for Australia in the 1991 Census.

Further information on data quality will be provided progressively in Census Update and in 1991 Census data quality working papers.

Section of State Data: Data for the Migratory section of each state/territory has been combined with the Other Rural section to avoid the release of confidential data. The number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in migratory sections was small.

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ATSIIC region: Wagga Wagga
Area = 272297.69 sq km

A01 SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons
Aboriginal persons	5934	6146	12080
Torres Strait Islanders	353	343	696
Total	6287	6489	12776
Aged 15 years or more	3534	3848	7382
Speaks English only and aged 5 years or more	5016	5333	10349
Speaks language other than English(a) and aged 5 years or more	43	51	94
Aged 18 years or more	3137	3397	6534
Unemployed(b)	987	581	1568
Employed(b)	1329	869	2198
In the labour force(b)	2316	1450	3766
Not in the labour force(b)	1108	2217	3325
Enumerated in private dwellings:			
In caravans etc. in caravan parks(c)	88	90	178
In other private dwellings	5869	6240	12109
Total	5957	6330	12287
Enumerated in non-private dwellings	330	159	489
Enumerated in a migratory or offshore collection district	0	0	0

A02 AGE, BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
0	220	227	447	3.5
1	201	184	385	3.0
2	209	223	432	3.4
3	210	195	405	3.2
4	203	209	412	3.2
5	192	177	369	2.9
6	175	160	335	2.6
7	193	173	366	2.9
8	167	147	314	2.5
9	178	153	331	2.6
10	166	180	346	2.7
11	145	163	308	2.4
12	175	158	333	2.6
13	159	160	319	2.5
14	160	132	292	2.3
15	130	169	299	2.3
16	133	139	272	2.1
17	134	143	277	2.2
18	129	138	267	2.1
19	119	131	250	2.0
20-24	592	613	1205	9.4
25-29	513	542	1055	8.3
30-34	412	456	868	6.8
35-39	354	375	729	5.7
40-44	303	313	616	4.8
45-49	200	244	444	3.5
50-54	162	193	355	2.8
55-59	132	121	253	2.0
60-64	92	111	203	1.6
65 years or more	129	160	289	2.3
Total	6287	6489	12776	100.0

(a) Includes 'other language indicated but not stated' and 'inadequately described'.

(b) Applicable to persons aged 15 years or more.

(c) Includes occupied boats in marinas.

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A03 STATE AND STATISTICAL LOCAL AREA OF USUAL RESIDENCE ON CENSUS NIGHT BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Counted at home	5831	6087	11918	93.3
Visitors from -				
Same statistical local area	214	161	375	2.9
Different statistical local area in:				
New South Wales	197	198	395	3.1
Victoria	15	9	24	0.2
Queensland	8	15	23	0.2
South Australia	5	3	8	0.1
Western Australia	3	5	8	0.1
Tasmania	0	3	3	0.0
Northern Territory	6	3	9	0.1
Aust Capital Territory	8	6	14	0.1
Total	242	242	484	3.8
Overseas	0	0	0	0.0
Total	456	403	859	6.7
Total	6287	6490	12777	100.0

A04 STATE AND STATISTICAL LOCAL AREA OF USUAL RESIDENCE 5 YEARS AGO BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 5 years or more counted at home(a) on census night

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Same address 5 years ago	2202	2344	4546	45.6
Different address 5 years ago				
Same statistical local area	1166	1326	2492	25.0
Different statistical local area in:				
New South Wales	937	1007	1944	19.5
Victoria	70	72	142	1.4
Queensland	69	73	142	1.4
South Australia	12	8	20	0.2
Western Australia	9	8	17	0.2
Tasmania	5	4	9	0.1
Northern Territory	6	5	11	0.1
Aust Capital Territory	16	17	33	0.3
Total	1124	1194	2318	23.3
Overseas	6	3	9	0.1
Not stated(b)	24	20	44	0.4
Total	2320	2543	4863	48.8
Not stated(c)	327	226	553	5.6
Total	4849	5113	9962	100.0

(a) Excludes visitors, and usual residents who were absent on census night.
(b) Comprises persons who stated that they lived at a different address five years ago but did not state that address.
(c) Comprises persons who did not state whether they lived at a different address five years ago.

A05 TYPE OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION ATTENDING (FULL-TIME/PART-TIME) BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Pre School	206	201	407	3.2
Infant/Primary	1078	1055	2133	16.7
Secondary	594	585	1179	9.2
TAFE college:				
Full-time	42	87	129	1.0
Part-time	88	94	182	1.4
Not stated	4	3	7	0.1
Total	134	184	318	2.5
CAE/University:				
Full-time	23	31	54	0.4
Part-time	20	54	74	0.6
Not stated	0	0	0	0.0
Total	43	85	128	1.0
Other	31	13	44	0.3
Not attending	3601	3876	7477	58.5
Not stated	600	492	1092	8.5
Total	6287	6491	12778	100.0

A06 AGE LEFT SCHOOL BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Under 15 years of age	558	511	1069	14.5
15 years	977	1130	2087	28.3
16 years	736	933	1669	22.6
17 years	293	370	663	9.0
18 years	146	167	313	4.2
19 years or more	59	43	102	1.4
Still at school	239	272	511	6.9
Did not go to school	49	47	96	1.3
Not stated	477	395	872	11.8
Total	3534	3848	7382	100.0

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A07 QUALIFICATION (HIGHEST) LEVEL, BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Higher degree	0	0	0	0.0
Post graduate diploma	0	6	6	0.1
Bachelor degree	7	11	18	0.2
Undergraduate diploma	13	46	59	0.8
Associate diploma	13	22	35	0.5
Skilled vocational	289	36	325	4.4
Basic vocational	52	123	175	2.4
Inadequately described	14	24	38	0.5
Not qualified	2463	3109	5772	78.2
Not stated	480	471	951	12.9
Total	3531	3848	7379	100.0

A08 QUALIFICATION (HIGHEST) FIELD BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Business & administration	16	125	141	1.9
Health	7	86	93	1.3
Education	15	34	49	0.7
Society and culture	14	36	50	0.7
Natural and physical sciences	5	5	10	0.1
Engineering	154	6	160	2.2
Architecture & building	101	5	106	1.4
Agriculture & related fields	42	7	49	0.7
Miscellaneous fields	74	33	107	1.4
Inadequately described	14	15	29	0.4
Not qualified	2663	3109	5772	78.2
Not stated	429	387	816	11.1
Total	3534	3848	7382	100.0

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A09 AGE BY MARITAL STATUS BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Never married		Married		Separated not divorced		Divorced		Widowed		Total	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
15-24 years	1141	1175	80	133	8	13	3	9	5	3	1237	1333
25-34 years	556	507	309	358	31	86	21	39	8	8	925	998
35-44 years	181	158	366	351	45	83	55	73	10	23	657	688
45-54 years	74	49	215	237	24	50	38	41	11	60	362	437
55-64 years	46	18	115	111	9	15	28	20	26	68	224	232
65 years or more	20	10	66	43	8	11	7	3	28	94	129	161
Total	2018	1917	1151	1233	125	258	152	185	88	256	3534	3849

A10 RELIGION BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Christian:				
Anglican	2515	2501	5036	39.4
Baptist	95	115	210	1.6
Catholic	1693	1869	3562	27.9
Churches of Christ(a)	27	33	60	0.5
Jehovah's Witness	27	33	60	0.5
Lutheran	15	4	19	0.1
Orthodox	6	3	9	0.1
Pentecostal	94	132	226	1.8
Presbyterian(b)	302	351	653	5.1
Salvation Army	51	56	107	0.8
Uniting Church	284	324	608	4.8
Other	125	142	267	2.1
Total	5254	5563	10817	84.7
Non-Christian	15	8	23	0.2
Inadequately described	11	3	14	0.1
No religion(c)	564	492	1056	8.3
Not stated	443	423	866	6.8
Total	6287	6489	12776	100.0

(a) Comprises Churches of Christ and Churches of Christ Non-denominational.
(b) Comprises Presbyterian as described and Reformed.
(c) Includes Humanist/Materialist.

A11 AGE BY LABOUR FORCE STATUS (PART-TIME/FULL-TIME) BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Part-time	Employed Full-time(a)	Not stated(b)	Total employed	Unemployed looking for:		Total unemployed	Total labour force	Not in labour force	Not stated(c)	Total
					Full-time work	Part-time work					
MALES											
15-19 years	41	73	21	135	151	26	177	312	315	18	645
20-24 years	37	142	11	190	209	35	244	434	138	20	592
25-34 years	93	320	23	436	282	35	317	753	148	24	925
35-44 years	58	258	27	343	128	27	155	498	141	18	657
45-54 years	32	111	12	155	54	10	64	219	127	16	362
55-64 years	10	45	7	62	22	30	52	118	118	14	224
65 years or more	0	5	3	8	0	0	0	8	121	0	129
Total	271	954	104	1329	846	141	987	2316	1108	110	3534
FEMALES											
15-19 years	35	51	5	91	124	39	163	254	449	17	720
20-24 years	55	78	7	140	101	38	139	279	315	19	613
25-34 years	145	114	16	275	85	54	139	414	528	56	998
35-44 years	107	103	22	232	64	28	92	324	328	36	688
45-54 years	50	45	10	105	20	16	36	141	257	39	437
55-64 years	13	7	3	23	6	3	9	32	187	13	232
65 years or more	0	0	3	3	0	3	3	6	153	0	159
Total	405	398	66	869	400	181	581	1450	2217	180	3847
PERSONS											
15-19 years	76	124	26	226	275	65	340	566	764	35	1365
20-24 years	92	220	18	330	310	73	383	713	453	39	1205
25-34 years	238	434	39	711	367	89	456	1167	676	80	1923
35-44 years	165	361	49	575	192	55	247	822	469	34	1345
45-54 years	82	156	22	260	74	26	100	360	384	55	799
55-64 years	23	52	10	85	28	11	39	124	305	27	456
65 years or more	0	5	6	11	0	3	3	14	274	0	288
Total	676	1352	170	2198	1246	322	1568	3766	3325	290	7381

A12 STATUS OF WORKER BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males		Females		Persons	Prop%
	Employed	Not stated	Employed	Not stated		
Wage or salary earner	1200	805	2005	91.3		
Self employed	91	39	130	5.9		
Employer	31	18	49	2.2		
Unpaid helper	5	7	12	0.5		
Total	1327	869	2196	100.0		

(a) Full-time is defined as having worked 35 hours or more in the main job held last week.

(b) Comprises employed persons who did not state their hours worked.

(c) Comprises persons who did not state their labour force status.

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A13 INDUSTRY BY AGE, BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	MALES					Total	Prop%
	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years		
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	17	17	60	51	20	173	7.9
Mining	0	3	6	5	0	17	0.8
Manufacturing	14	38	65	34	13	169	7.7
Electricity, gas & water	0	0	12	12	11	40	1.8
Construction	8	11	34	34	9	110	5.0
Wholesale & retail trade	28	33	36	30	14	149	6.8
Transport & storage	3	8	26	26	15	78	3.5
Communication	0	3	7	8	3	21	1.0
Finance, property & busin serv	3	3	11	11	0	29	1.3
Public admin & defence	11	16	45	35	25	141	6.4
Community services	10	21	62	49	20	167	7.6
Recruit, personal & other serv	8	8	14	7	6	47	2.1
Not classifiable	0	0	3	3	0	6	0.3
Not stated	33	27	48	39	18	177	8.0
Total	135	188	437	344	154	1324	60.1
	FEMALES						
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	0	5	8	9	4	26	1.2
Mining	0	3	0	3	0	6	0.3
Manufacturing	9	11	12	10	3	45	2.0
Electricity, gas & water	0	0	3	0	3	6	0.3
Construction	0	0	4	0	0	4	0.2
Wholesale & retail trade	24	22	29	22	6	103	4.7
Transport & storage	0	3	5	4	0	12	0.5
Communication	0	0	3	3	0	9	0.4
Finance, property & busin serv	5	9	17	10	3	44	2.0
Public admin & defence	13	14	20	9	5	61	2.8
Community services	20	38	112	106	54	343	15.6
Recruit, personal & other serv	7	17	34	28	10	99	4.5
Not classifiable	3	3	0	3	0	9	0.4
Not stated	11	17	29	28	18	111	5.0
Total	92	142	276	235	106	878	39.9
	PERSONS						
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	17	22	68	60	24	199	9.0
Mining	0	6	6	8	0	23	1.0
Manufacturing	23	49	77	44	16	214	9.7
Electricity, gas & water	0	0	15	12	14	46	2.1
Construction	8	11	45	34	9	114	5.2
Wholesale & retail trade	52	55	65	52	20	252	11.4
Transport & storage	3	11	31	30	15	90	4.1
Communication	0	3	10	11	3	30	1.4
Finance, property & busin serv	8	12	29	21	3	73	3.3
Public admin & defence	24	30	65	44	30	202	9.2
Community services	30	59	174	155	74	510	23.2
Recruit, personal & other serv	15	25	48	35	16	146	6.6
Not classifiable	3	3	3	6	0	15	0.7
Not stated	44	44	77	67	36	288	13.1
Total	227	330	713	579	260	2202	100.0

A14 OCCUPATION BY AGE BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total	Prop%
MALES									
Managers & administrators	4	3	21	21	16	3	0	68	3.1
Professionals	0	7	16	17	7	0	0	47	2.2
Para-professionals	0	5	24	17	10	3	0	59	2.7
Tradespersons	33	43	104	74	22	13	0	289	13.2
Clerks	0	9	18	12	0	0	0	39	1.8
Sales & personal service workers	4	14	11	6	5	3	0	43	2.0
Plant & machine operators & drivers	8	14	65	67	35	13	0	202	9.2
Labourers & related workers	55	77	139	101	44	17	0	433	19.8
Inadequately described	3	4	5	4	4	0	0	20	0.9
Not stated	24	15	33	24	12	9	0	117	5.4
Total	131	191	436	343	155	61	0	1317	60.2
FEMALES									
Managers & administrators	3	3	10	12	3	0	0	31	1.4
Professionals	3	9	30	14	7	4	0	67	3.1
Para-professionals	0	3	19	23	8	0	0	53	2.4
Tradespersons	9	4	7	11	7	3	0	41	1.9
Clerks	25	45	75	41	14	3	3	206	9.4
Sales & personal service workers	26	36	55	43	11	3	0	174	8.0
Plant & machine operators & drivers	0	0	7	6	4	0	0	17	0.8
Labourers & related workers	10	23	45	55	35	7	0	175	8.0
Inadequately described	5	0	3	4	0	0	0	12	0.5
Not stated	10	14	24	23	15	4	3	93	4.3
Total	91	137	275	232	104	24	6	869	39.8
PERSONS									
Managers & administrators	7	6	31	33	19	3	0	99	4.5
Professionals	3	16	46	31	14	4	0	114	5.2
Para-professionals	0	8	43	40	18	3	0	112	5.1
Tradespersons	42	47	111	85	29	16	0	330	15.1
Clerks	25	54	93	53	14	3	3	245	11.2
Sales & personal service workers	30	50	66	49	16	6	0	217	9.9
Plant & machine operators & drivers	8	14	72	73	39	13	0	219	10.0
Labourers & related workers	65	100	184	156	79	24	0	608	27.8
Inadequately described	8	4	8	8	4	0	0	32	1.5
Not stated	34	29	57	47	27	13	3	210	9.6
Total	222	328	711	575	259	85	6	2186	100.0

A15 INDUSTRY SECTOR BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Commonwealth government	83	75	158	7.2
State/Territory government	232	217	449	20.4
Local government	114	17	131	6.0
Private sector	735	456	1191	54.2
Not stated	163	104	267	12.2
Total	1327	869	2196	100.0

A16 HOURS WORKED BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
0 hours	50	38	88	4.0
1-15 hours	76	155	231	10.5
16-24 hours	65	103	168	7.7
25-34 hours	80	109	189	8.6
35-39 hours	322	158	480	21.9
40 hours or more	632	242	874	39.8
Not stated	102	64	166	7.6
Total	1327	869	2196	100.0

A17 ANNUAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	345	485	830	11.2
\$3,001-\$5,000	230	260	490	6.6
\$5,001-\$8,000	888	766	1654	22.4
\$8,001-\$12,000	313	751	1064	14.4
\$12,001-\$16,000	338	442	780	10.6
\$16,001-\$20,000	426	271	697	9.4
\$20,001-\$25,000	309	132	441	6.0
\$25,001-\$30,000	161	75	236	3.2
\$30,001-\$40,000	98	42	140	1.9
Over \$40,000	34	13	47	0.6
Not stated	392	611	1003	13.6
Total	3534	3848	7382	100.0

A18 ANNUAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME BY AGE

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Persons aged 15 years or more

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total
\$0-\$3,000	324	140	190	103	46	18	9	830
\$3,001-\$5,000	267	60	62	38	30	27	6	490
\$5,001-\$8,000	189	333	313	234	242	200	143	1654
\$8,001-\$12,000	145	197	268	194	112	74	74	1064
\$12,001-\$16,000	64	153	274	162	79	34	14	780
\$16,001-\$20,000	21	117	273	182	75	25	4	697
\$20,001-\$25,000	9	57	167	130	57	21	0	441
\$25,001-\$30,000	3	23	101	76	26	5	3	237
\$30,001-\$40,000	3	11	52	56	14	4	3	143
Over \$40,000	3	3	15	19	8	0	3	51
Not stated	341	112	208	151	110	47	34	1003
Total	1369	1206	1923	1345	799	455	293	7390

A19 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME
Classifiable Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander family households(a)

	H'holds	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	21	0.7
\$3,001-\$5,000	12	0.4
\$5,001-\$8,000	75	2.3
\$8,001-\$12,000	216	6.7
\$12,001-\$16,000	376	11.7
\$16,001-\$20,000	329	10.3
\$20,001-\$25,000	328	10.2
\$25,001-\$30,000	275	8.6
\$30,001-\$40,000	312	9.7
\$40,001-\$50,000	225	7.0
\$50,001-\$60,000	100	3.1
Over \$60,000	66	2.1
Partial income stated(b)	689	21.5
No incomes stated(c)	178	5.6
Total	3202	100.0

(a) Excludes those dwellings which were temporarily unoccupied at the time of the census but the collector had ascertained that it was normally occupied, lone person households, group households and households which contained only persons under 15 years of age.

(b) Comprises households where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse, offspring, or co-tenant was temporarily absent.

(c) Comprises households where no members present stated an income.

A20 ANNUAL FAMILY INCOME
Primary Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander families

Families	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	26
\$3,001-\$5,000	17
\$5,001-\$8,000	77
\$8,001-\$12,000	230
\$12,001-\$16,000	396
\$16,001-\$20,000	341
\$20,001-\$25,000	322
\$25,001-\$30,000	270
\$30,001-\$40,000	299
\$40,001-\$50,000	214
\$50,001-\$60,000	96
Over \$60,000	57
Partial income stated(a)	668
No incomes stated(b)	179
Total	3192

A21 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander family households

Occupied dwellings	Prop%
Separate house	2855
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc	85
Flat or apartment:	
In a 1, 2 or 3 storey block	153
In a 4 or more storey	0
Attached to house	5
Total	158
Caravan etc in caravan park, houseboat etc	45
Caravan not in caravan park, houseboat etc	15
Improvised home, campers out	4
House or flat attached to shop, office etc	21
Not stated	19
Total	3202

A22 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons in private dwellings of any type

	Persons	Prop%
Separate house	10962	89.2
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc	313	2.5
Flat or apartment:		
In a 1, 2 or 3 storey block	575	4.7
In a 4 or more storey	0	0.0
Attached to house	22	0.2
Total	597	4.9
Caravan etc in caravan park, houseboat etc	178	1.4
Caravan not in caravan park, houseboat etc	72	0.6
Improvised home, campers out	19	0.2
House or flat attached to shop, office etc	69	0.6
Not stated	77	0.6
Total	12287	100.0

A23 NATURE OF OCCUPANCY BY LANDLORD TYPE BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families

	Caravans etc in caravan parks(a)	Other occupied private dwellings	Total	Prop%
Owned	6	435	441	13.8
Being purchased	3	553	556	17.3
Rented:				
Housing commission/authority	0	1069	1069	31.5
Other government agency	0	136	136	4.2
Other	36	812	848	26.5
Not stated	0	61	61	1.9
Total	36	2018	2054	64.1
Other(b)	3	151	154	4.8
Total	48	3157	3205	100.0

(a) Comprises families where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse or offspring was temporarily absent.

(b) Comprises families where no members present stated an income.

(a) Nature of occupancy and landlord type were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.
(b) Comprises 'other/adequately described' and 'not stated'.

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Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Community Profile Catalogue No. 2722.0**

ATSIAC region: Wagga Wagga
Area = 272297.69 SQ KM

A24 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING BY NATURE OF OCCUPANCY
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families

	Being purchased			Rented	Other(a)	Total
	Owned					
Separate house	423	544	1753	135	2855	
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, town house etc	0	3	79	3	85	
Flat or apartment	3	0	153	3	159	
Caravan etc in caravan park(b)	6	0	36	0	42	
Other	6	5	20	9	40	
Not stated	3	3	13	3	22	
Total	441	555	2054	153	3203	

A25 NUMBER OF BEDROOMS BY NUMBER OF PERSONS USUALLY RESIDENT(c)
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families (excludes caravans etc in caravan parks)

	Number of persons usually resident						6 or more	Total
	1	2	3	4	5			
0-1 bedrooms	0	41	18	8	3	4	74	
2 bedrooms	0	224	151	100	38	28	541	
3 bedrooms	0	311	431	489	313	216	1760	
4 bedrooms	0	62	80	133	144	217	636	
5 or more bedrooms	0	7	7	10	14	41	79	
Not stated	0	17	7	16	7	20	67	
Total	0	662	694	756	519	526	3157	

A26 MONTHLY HOUSING LOAN REPAYMENT BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families and which are being purchased

	C'vans etc in c'van parks(d)		Other occupied private dwellings		Total	Prop%
	Prop%		Prop %			
\$0-\$200	3	50.0	39	7.1	42	7.5
\$201-\$300	0	0.0	93	16.8	93	16.6
\$301-\$400	0	0.0	133	24.1	133	23.8
\$401-\$475	0	0.0	75	13.6	75	13.4
Over \$475	3	50.0	192	34.7	195	34.9
Not stated	0	0.0	21	3.8	21	3.8
Total	6	100.0	553	100.0	559	100.0

- (a) Comprises other/inadequately described' and 'not stated'.
- (b) Nature of occupancy and landlord type were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.
- (c) Spouses, offspring, and co-tenants (in group households) who were temporarily absent on census night are included. A maximum of 3 temporary absentees can be counted in each household.
- (d) Monthly housing loan repayments were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

A27 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY MONTHLY HOUSING LOAN REPAYMENT
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families and which are being purchased (excludes caravans etc in caravan parks and not classifiable households(b))

Annual household income	Monthly housing loan repayment					Not stated	Total
	\$0-\$200	\$201-\$300	\$301-\$400	\$401-\$475	Over \$475		
\$0-\$3,000	0	0	3	0	0	3	6
\$3,001-\$5,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$5,001-\$8,000	3	0	3	0	3	0	9
\$8,001-\$12,000	0	3	0	0	3	0	6
\$12,001-\$16,000	0	5	5	0	4	0	14
\$16,001-\$25,000	3	15	17	13	21	4	73
\$25,001-\$40,000	16	19	33	23	49	3	143
\$40,001-\$60,000	7	19	29	19	60	3	137
Over \$60,000	3	4	4	3	13	0	27
Partial income stated(b)	9	26	40	15	34	3	127
No incomes stated(c)	0	3	3	3	5	8	22
Total	41	94	137	76	192	24	564

A28 WEEKLY RENT BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied rented Aboriginal and Torres Strait private dwellings containing families

	C'vans etc in c'van parks(d)		Other occupied private dwellings		Total	Prop%
	Prop%		Prop%			
\$0-\$47	0	0.0	486	24.1	486	23.7
\$48-\$77	11	33.3	789	39.1	800	39.0
\$78-\$107	19	57.6	369	18.3	388	18.9
\$108-\$137	3	9.1	192	9.5	195	9.5
\$138-\$167	0	0.0	82	4.1	82	4.0
\$168-\$197	0	0.0	16	0.8	16	0.8
Over \$197	0	0.0	13	0.6	13	0.6
Not stated	0	0.0	71	3.5	71	3.5
Total	33	100.0	2018	100.0	2051	100.0

- (a) Not classifiable households are those dwellings which were temporarily unoccupied at the time of the census, but the collector had ascertained that it was normally occupied, or the household contained only persons aged under 15 years.
- (b) Comprises households where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse, offspring, or co-tenant was temporary absent.
- (c) Comprises households where no members present stated an income.
- (d) Weekly rent was not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

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A29 LANDLORD TYPE BY WEEKLY RENT
 Occupied rented Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families (excludes caravans
 etc in caravan parks)

	\$0- \$77	\$78- \$107	\$108- \$137	Weekly rent		Over \$197	Not stated	Total
				\$138- \$197	\$197+			
Housing commission/authority	675	159	110	37	5	23		1009
Other govt agency	101	21	4	6	0	4		136
Other	473	184	76	52	8	19		812
Not stated	26	5	0	3	0	25		59
Total	1275	369	190	98	13	71		2016

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