

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION (ASGC)

## ASGC AMENDMENT ADVICE NO. 2.1(2)

This Amendment Advice contains ASGC updating instructions, together with new and replacement pages to be included in ASGC Edition 2.1.

Each issue of replacement pages, covered by a particular Amendment Advice, creates, in effect, a new edition of the ASGC, which is identified by an edition number and the effective date of replacement pages. Appendix 1 specifies the content (and effective date) of each edition, while Appendix 2 specifies the spatial unit changes between editions.

This set of pages will update ASGC edition 2.1 to edition 2.3 status. It should be noted that ASGC edition 2.2 (effective 1 July 1992) replacement pages were not issued separately but are included as part of ASGC edition 2.3. Spatial unit changes between editions 2.1 and 2.2, and editions 2.2 and 2.3 can be referenced in Appendix 2.

The complete replacement of chapters 1 - 6 will allow that part of edition 2.1 of the ASGC to be kept intact for easy reference to the spatial units and codes used in the 1991 Census of Population and Housing.

### UPDATING INSTRUCTIONS

Remove existing pages	Insert replacement/new pages	Remove existing pages	Insert replacement/new pages
Title page iii - vi	Title page iii - vi	<u>APPENDIX 3:</u>	
<u>CHAPTERS 1 - 6:</u>		-	3 - 6
1 - 242	1 - 126	<u>APPENDIX 4:</u>	
<u>APPENDIX 1:</u>			
1	1 - 6		
<u>APPENDIX 2:</u>			
-	43 - 53		

NOTE: It is advisable to retain the removed pages for future reference (eg under cover of this sheet in the back of the ASGC manual) for a few years.

The reason: ABS statistical publications are likely to quote the relevant ASGC edition used which can vary between publications and will vary over time. Accordingly, there may be occasions when users may wish to refer to ASGC pages relevant to previous editions.



**AUSTRALIAN STANDARD  
GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION  
(ASGC)**

**IAN CASTLES**  
Australian Statistician

**EDITION 2.3, EFFECTIVE: 1.7.93**

**AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS, CANBERRA**

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## PREFACE

The Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) has been prepared by the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) for use in the collection, compilation and publication of its statistics. The ABS encourages other organisations to use this Classification in their own statistical work in order to improve the comparability and usefulness of statistics generally.

The ASGC was first published in 1985. This original ASGC was kept up-to-date by the issue of replacement pages, generally once or twice a year on an 'as needed' basis. The last issue of replacement pages in that series was Edition 9.

Following a major review of statistical geography which was completed in 1990, a revised ASGC was issued to contain details of spatial units and codes used for the collection and publication of data for the 1991 Census of Population and Housing. This revised ASGC, Edition 2.1, was to be used as the base copy to incorporate replacement pages for the following ASGC editions.

However, as a result of a change in the design of the manual, Chapters 1-6 of Edition 2.3 are presented as a complete replacement. This also has the advantage that it allows Edition 2.1 to be kept intact and provides ready access to the codes and spatial units used for the 1991 Census of Population and Housing. It should be noted that replacement pages to update Edition 2.1 to 2.2 were not issued but all changes are included in this edition and details can be referenced in Appendix 2.

A major feature of Edition 2.3 is the inclusion of the external territories of Cocos (Keeling) Islands, and Christmas Island within the scope of the ASGC. Together with Jervis Bay Territory, which was previously included with the Australian Capital Territory, they have been grouped under Other Territories. The statistical treatment of these territories is outlined in Chapter 1.14.

Any inquiries about the Classification, or suggestions for changes, should be directed to the Assistant Director, Area Classification, ABS, P.O. Box 10, BELCONNEN, ACT 2616.

**IAN CASTLES**  
Australian Statistician

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## ABBREVIATIONS

The following abbreviations are used in this Manual:

### Spatial Unit Type

CD	— Census Collection District
Legal LGA	— Legal Local Government Area
MSR	— Major Statistical Region
S/T	— State/Territory
SD	— Statistical Division
S Dist.	— Statistical District
SLA	— Statistical Local Area
SR	— Statistical Region
SRS	— Statistical Region Sector
SSD	— Statistical Subdivision
UC/L	— Urban Centre/Locality

### Legal LGA Type

(B)	— Borough
(C)	— City
(CGC)	— Community Government Council
(DC)	— District Council
(M)	— Municipality
(S)	— Shire
(RC)	— Rural City
(T)	— Town

### States/Territories

NSW	— New South Wales
VIC	— Victoria
<del>QLD</del>	— Queensland
SA	— South Australia
WA	— Western Australia
TAS	— Tasmania
NT	— Northern Territory
ACT	— Australian Capital Territory
OT	— Other Territories

### Miscellaneous

BSD	— Brisbane Statistical Division
Pt	— Part
Res.	— Reservoir



## CHAPTER 1 : NATURE, PURPOSE AND PRINCIPLES OF THE CLASSIFICATION

### Nature of the Classification

The ASGC is a system for the classification of statistical units by geographical areas.

2. Common types of statistical units so classified are households in population censuses and surveys, and establishment locations (eg individual farms, mines, factories and shops) in economic censuses and surveys. Once these units have been classified by assigning ASGC codes, statistics collected about them can be compiled and published (subject to normal confidentiality restraints) for ASGC geographical areas.
3. Each geographical area (or spatial unit) in the classification (such as the Adelaide Statistical Division) constitutes a particular 'category' of the classification, and all spatial units of a particular type which together cover a defined area (eg all Statistical Divisions in Australia) constitute a particular 'hierarchic level' of the classification.

### Purpose and Principles of the Classification

4. The main purpose of the ASGC is to enable spatially classified statistics to be produced on a useful and comparable basis, in a cost effective manner.
5. In order to serve this purpose a geographical classification such as the ASGC should satisfy a number of requirements or principles. These provide that:
  - (a) the categories (or spatial units) of the classification must be useful, ie represent geographical areas for which statistical information is required by users of statistics;
  - (b) the categories within each hierarchic level of the classification must be —
    - of a particular defined type,
    - clearly delimited with precisely drawn boundaries,
    - uniquely identified by codes and names, and
    - mutually exclusive and jointly exhaustive of the total area covered by the hierarchic level;
  - (c) all the hierarchic levels which constitute a particular classification structure must —
    - cover the same defined geographical area (eg 'Australia' in the case of all the hierarchic levels of the Main structure of the ASGC, or all the incorporated areas of Australia in the case of all the hierarchic levels of the Legal LGA structure of the ASGC), and
    - form a chain of linked levels in which the categories in adjoining levels relate to each other by aggregation or disaggregation (ie in the sense that each broader level spatial unit must be coextensive with one or more lower level spatial units), and

(d) all the structures of an integrated multi-structured classification must link up at one or more of their levels, ie share a common set of categories at these levels.

6. The ASGC has been constructed in accordance with these principles as described below.

7. With regard to the first of these principles, ie usefulness, it is worth noting that the categories (or spatial units) now incorporated in the ASGC were used by the ABS for many years prior to the construction of the ASGC. Their usefulness was well established over those years and has also been reconfirmed by two user surveys. The first survey was conducted in 1982 and inquired into statistical user needs for spatial units. The second was conducted in 1988 and reviewed the existing spatial units and their delimitation criteria.

8. Apart from confirming a strong user demand for the types of spatial unit now incorporated in the ASGC, the main findings of the surveys indicated —

- a demand for a facility that permits existing statistics to be produced for a variety of different, customer-specified, spatial units,
- a need for stability in spatial unit boundaries over time (especially in the case of Census Collection Districts and Statistical Local Areas), and
- a need to improve the delimitation of some particular spatial units, eg to make some of them more homogeneous in terms of land use or urban and rural characteristics.

9. The first two needs identified in the preceding paragraph cannot be met quickly or cheaply. The first suggests the development of a costly positional geocoding system which would permit statistics to be assembled automatically for any user-defined area having a geographically referenced boundary. The second suggests the possible need to introduce a new type of spatial unit, such as the Australian Map Grid square, which would remain stable over time. This arises because the existing ASGC spatial units, being tied to changing LGA boundaries and physical features, are inherently unstable over time. Accordingly, further consideration needs to be given to these issues.

10. The need to improve the delimitation of particular ASGC spatial units has been accepted as a general aim and was addressed in the Review of Statistical Geography in 1988. It will continue to be addressed in periodic and ad hoc reviews of ASGC spatial units which will be undertaken within the context of ongoing ASGC maintenance.

11. In view of the strong user demand for the present ASGC spatial units, it is considered that they satisfy the first principle, usefulness, listed in paragraph 5(a) in spite of their relative lack of stability over time. The fact that the ASGC does not yet incorporate all the spatial units and facilities desired by users does not affect the validity of the present ASGC categories nor does it inhibit the incorporation of new spatial unit types to the ASGC if justified in terms of user needs.

12. The other principles outlined in paragraph 5 are all concerned with the architecture and specification of the classification and have been rigorously observed in the construction of the ASGC. As a result, the ASGC facilitates efficient coding, compilation and publication of geographically classified statistics on a spatially comparable basis.

### Definition of Australia

13. For ASGC purposes, the ABS uses the definition of Australia as set out in Section 17(a) of the *Acts Interpretation Act 1901 – 1973* (Cwlth) as amended. This defines 'Australia' or the 'Commonwealth' as meaning 'the Commonwealth of Australia and, when used in a geographical sense, includes the Territory of Christmas Island and the Territory of Cocos (Keeling) Islands, but does not include any other external Territory'.

14. The States and Territories of Australia which are presently within the scope of the ASGC are New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia, Tasmania, Northern Territory, Australian Capital Territory, Jervis Bay Territory, Territory of Christmas Island and Territory of Cocos (Keeling) Islands.

15. Prior to 1 July 1993, the external territories of Australia were not within the scope of the ASGC, although the Territories of Christmas Island and Cocos (Keeling) Islands have been within the scope of the Census of Population and Housing since the 1986 Census. However following the recent incorporation of the Indian Ocean territories into geographic Australia, these two territories have been included in the ASGC, effective from 1 July 1993. Other external territories remain excluded from statistical counts for Australia in accordance with international statistical standards.

16. In addition, the treatment of Jervis Bay Territory in the ASGC has been changed. Previously, because of its relative insignificance compared with other States/Territories and the consequent confidentiality of many series, and also because of its past administrative association with the Australian Capital Territory, Jervis Bay Territory has been included with the Australian Capital Territory for statistical purposes. From 1 July 1993 Jervis Bay Territory forms part of an 'Other Territories' category, along with the Territory of Christmas Island and the Territory of Cocos (Keeling) Islands.

17. Although included as part of the ASGC, all three of these territories are, for the present, regarded as out-of-scope for ABS censuses and surveys with the exception of the Census of Population and Housing and population estimates.

### Order of the States/Territories

18. The order that has been adopted in the ASGC is one which has been widely used as a standard for very many years not only in the ABS but in other organizations that have been guided by ABS practice. That order is as follows:

State	Code	State/Territory	Code
NSW	1	TAS	6
VIC	2	NT	7
QLD	3	ACT	8
SA	4	OTHER TERRITORIES	9
WA	5		

The ordering of States and Territories was reviewed several years ago when Western Australia displaced South Australia as the fourth most populous State. The Commonwealth Table of Precedence adopted a revised protocol listing, such that any textual material having protocol significance should list Western Australia before South Australia. For the ASGC

however, and hence in statistical tables based on the ASGC, the order as shown above will continue to be followed. Maintaining this order will ensure historical continuity, reduce the possibility of errors in handling and interpreting data, and avoid additional costs associated with changing data processing systems.

### **The ASGC in ABS Statistical Geography**

19. The ASGC is the principal classification used by the ABS and other organisations for the compilation and provision of geographically classified statistics.

20. The statistics produced by the ABS according to the ASGC are not all classified at the most detailed, ie the Census Collection District, level of the ASGC — that level is used almost exclusively for Population Census statistics. Other statistics, including most economic data, are generally classified at the Statistical Local Area level. Most economic statistics would generally be confidential at the Census Collection District level, particularly if cross-classified by industry and other characteristics. This means that generally only Population Census statistics can be produced for all ASGC structures for all of their hierarchic levels. Most other statistics can, at best, only be provided according to the 'Main', 'Legal LGA', 'Statistical District' or 'Statistical Region' structures of the ASGC down to the Statistical Local Area level, with confidentiality and other considerations permitting.

21. Another important aspect of the ASGC is that it cannot incorporate all the spatial unit types for which geographically classified statistics are required by users. The ABS uses numerous other geographical classifications and individual spatial units for the provision of statistics. The spatial unit types covered by these other classifications divide into two broad classes as follows:

- (a) ABS defined spatial unit types which have been devised for use in a particular State or Territory and which are relevant only to that State or Territory. Such spatial unit types have been excluded from the ASGC because they are relevant only to a particular State or Territory and have not been formulated in accordance with standard Australia-wide spatial unit definitions.
- (b) Non-ABS spatial unit types, other than Legal LGAs and States/Territories, which have been adopted for use by the ABS for the dissemination of statistics. These cannot, in general, be exactly aligned with any configuration of ASGC spatial units. This fact and/or their special purpose nature in many cases precludes them from incorporation in the ASGC. Examples of spatial unit types in this class are—

- Postcode Areas
- Commonwealth Electoral Divisions
- State Electoral Divisions
- Victorian Parishes and Counties
- South Australian Hundreds and Counties

- New South Wales Health Regions
- Queensland Rainfall Stations and Regions
- Australian Map Grid Squares in Western Australia.

22. The extent to which the spatial units in the ASGC can be linked and aggregated to equal or approximate spatial units in the other types of geographical classifications, mentioned in (a) and (b) above, varies considerably as illustrated by the following examples—

- Postcode Areas can only be approximated by aggregations of ASGC Census Collection Districts.
- Victorian Parishes cannot be represented, with any acceptable degree of approximation, by aggregations of any ASGC spatial units.

23. This means that dual or multiple geographical coding must be undertaken by the ABS where the statistics are required to be produced not only according to the ASGC, but also according to other geographical classifications and spatial units.

## CHAPTER 2 : STRUCTURE OF THE CLASSIFICATION

### Structures of the ASGC

The ASGC has been developed as a multi-structured hierarchic classification. This means that it is a classification in which the spatial units at the lower levels of the classification (eg Census Collection Districts or CDs) are aggregated upwards in several parallel streams into larger and larger spatial units at progressively higher hierarchic levels of the classification.

2. The spatial unit structure descriptions indicate that the ASGC comprises more than one hierarchy of units. For example, in one hierarchy CDs aggregate to Statistical Local Areas (SLAs) which aggregate to Statistical Subdivisions (SSDs) etc, and in another, CDs aggregate to SLAs which aggregate to Statistical Region Sectors (SRSs) etc. The seven hierarchic structures comprising the ASGC are shown in the following table (for abbreviations see page vi).

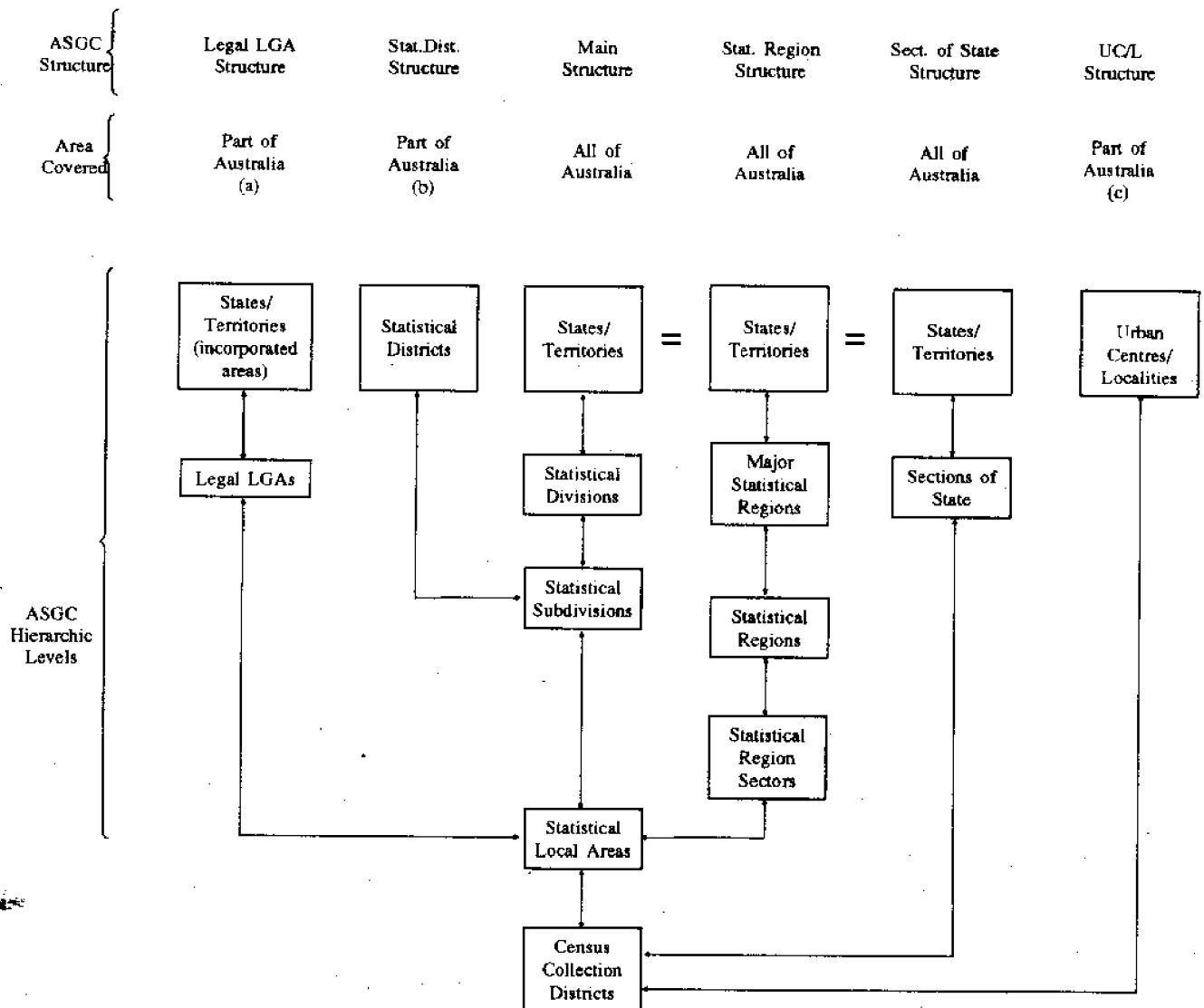
<i>ASGC Structure</i>	<i>Hierarchic levels</i>	<i>Total area</i>
Main	5 CDs, SLAs, SSDs, SDs, S/Ts	Australia
Statistical District	4 CDs, SLAs, SSDs, S Dists	Part of Australia
Legal LGA	4 CDs, SLAs, Legal LGAs, S/Ts(a)	Part of Australia
Statistical Region	6 CDs, SLAs, SRSs, SRs, MSRs, S/Ts	Australia
Urban Centre/Locality	2 CDs, UC/Ls	Part of Australia
Section of State	3 CDs, Sections of State, S/Ts	Australia

(a) Incorporated areas only.

3. The ASGC Structural Chart on page 7 depicts the ASGC in its entirety in terms of all its various structures, all the hierarchic levels in them and the relationships between them. Each of these structures is described in more detail in the following paragraphs.

4. In practice, the number of levels in the structures varies over time. This is because Census Collection Districts are defined only for those times at which a Census of Population and Housing is held. Accordingly, full ASGC structures can only exist at those times. At all other times the structures omit the Census Collection District level. These, and other 'in practice' variations (such as the inclusion in population census related ASGC editions only, of the Section of State and the Urban Centre/Locality structures), will be reflected in individual ASGC Manual editions which will present the structures relevant at that time.

# ASGC STRUCTURAL CHART



## NOTES/SYMBOLS

(a) The incorporated part of Australia.

(b) The part of Australia covered by all Statistical Districts.

(c) The part of Australia covered by all Urban Centres/Localities.

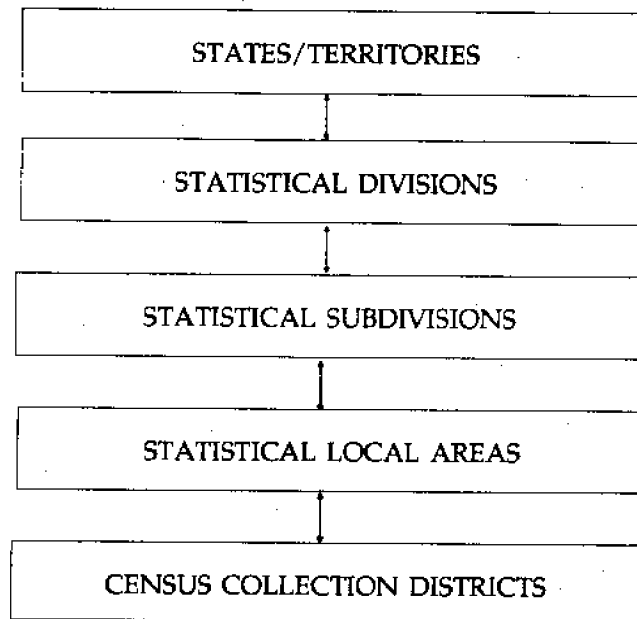
= means equality between adjoining levels.

↔ means that the spatial units in adjoining hierarchic levels are related to each other by aggregation or disaggregation.

### Main Structure

5. The complete Main structure of the ASGC is depicted in paragraph 11 below. In this structure Census Collection Districts (CDs), the smallest spatial units in the ASGC, collectively cover all of Australia and add, without gaps or overlaps, to Statistical Local Areas. Collectively, these cover the same geographical area and add, without gaps or overlaps, to Statistical Subdivisions. Similar relationships apply to the remainder of the hierarchy, ie between Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Divisions and between Statistical Divisions and States/Territories.
6. Census Collection Districts are defined only for those times at which a Census of Population and Housing is held. Accordingly, the full Main structure can only exist at those times. At all other times the Main structure of the ASGC consists of the top four hierarchic levels, ie the Statistical Local Areas, Statistical Subdivisions, Statistical Divisions and States/Territories. This situation will be reflected in the ASGC Manual which will present the Main structure relevant at that time. The current Main structure of the ASGC down to the Statistical Local Area level is set out in the Detailed Main structure in Chapter 6 of this Manual. In population census related ASGC editions, the Census Collection District level of this structure can be obtained from the separate Census Collection District listing, also in Chapter 6.
7. Statistical Local Areas (SLAs) consist of one or more CDs at the time when CDs are current — at all other times SLAs are, in effect, the smallest spatial unit in the ASGC. They can be local government areas, or parts thereof, or any unincorporated area. They cover, in aggregate, the whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps. They are used, in general, as the smallest type of spatial unit for the geographic classification of establishment locations and for the compilation and publication of economic, social and demographic statistics other than those collected in population censuses.
8. Statistical Subdivisions (SSDs) consist of one or more SLAs and cover, in aggregate, the whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps. They are used as intermediate level, general purpose, regional type spatial units.
9. Statistical Divisions (SDs) consist of one or more SSDs and cover, in aggregate, the whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps. They are used as large, general purpose, regional type spatial units.
10. States and Territories (S/Ts) in most cases consist of two or more SDs, and cover the whole of Australia (as defined for statistical purposes) without gaps or overlaps. They encompass the geographic areas of the Australian States, mainland Territories (including Jervis Bay Territory) and the Indian Ocean Territories of Christmas Island and Cocos (Keeling) Islands.
11. The complete Main structure of the ASGC can be depicted as follows:





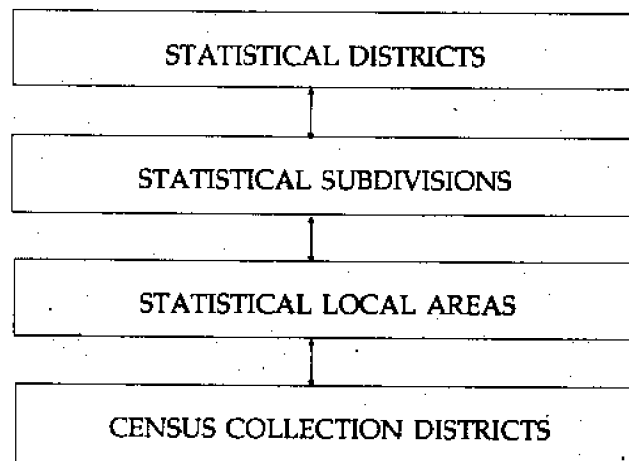
In this structure the spatial units in adjoining levels are related to each other by aggregation or disaggregation and within each level, cover all of Australia.

#### Statistical District Structure

12. Statistical Districts represent the more important, predominantly urban areas of Australia which are not contained wholly within one Legal LGA or within a capital city SD. Because of their nature they can and, in some cases, do straddle Statistical Division and State/Territory boundaries. An example is the 'Gold Coast-Tweed' Statistical District which encompasses an urban area which lies partly in the State of Queensland and partly in the State of New South Wales. For this reason and the fact that the total area covered by Statistical Districts relates only to part of Australia, they cannot be incorporated in the Main structure.

13. Each Statistical District in the ASGC consists of either one or more Statistical Subdivisions as illustrated in the Statistical District structure in Chapter 6. Each of these Subdivisions consists of Statistical Local Areas which, in turn, consist of Census Collection Districts at population census times.

14. The complete Statistical District structure of the ASGC can be depicted as follows:



In this structure the Census Collection Districts and higher level spatial units are confined to those which fall within Statistical Districts and relate to each other by aggregation or disaggregation as shown above.

15. Although this structure consists of the four hierarchic levels depicted above, only the spatial units in the top three levels are normally used for the presentation of statistics according to the Statistical District structure. The current Statistical District structure of the ASGC down to Statistical Local Area level is set out in the Statistical District structure in Chapter 6 of this Manual. In population census related ASGC editions the Census Collection District level of this structure can be obtained from the separate Census Collection District listing, also in Chapter 6.

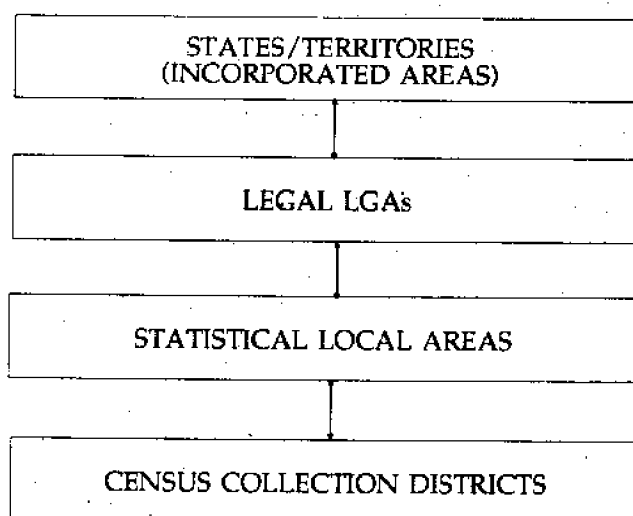
#### Legal Local Government Area Structure

16. Each Legal Local Government Area (Legal LGA) in the ASGC represents the whole, undivided geographical area of responsibility of an incorporated Local Government Council or an incorporated Community Government Council which has been determined to be of sufficient size and significance to warrant recognition as a separate Legal LGA. Legal LGAs cannot be included in the Main structure for two reasons:

- (a) some (eg Albert Shire in Queensland) have boundaries that cut across Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Divisions thereby preventing them from being fitted into the Main structure; and
- (b) the total area covered by them relates only to a part of Australia, whereas the total area covered by the Main structure categories relates to the whole of Australia.

17. Each Legal LGA in the ASGC consists of one or more particular Statistical Local Areas which, in turn, consist of Census Collection Districts at population census times. Legal LGAs can be aggregated to State/Territory totals although the areas represented by these totals only cover the 'incorporated' parts of the State/Territory concerned.

18. The complete Legal LGA structure of the ASGC can be depicted as follows:



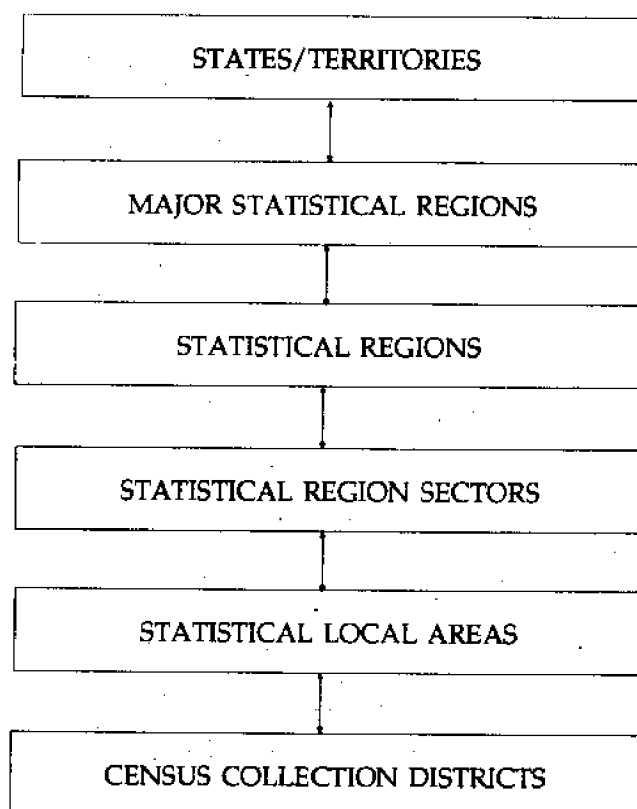
In this structure the Census Collection Districts and the Statistical Local Areas are confined to those which fall within Legal LGAs and relate to each other by aggregation and disaggregation.

19. Although this structure consists of the four hierarchic levels depicted above, only the spatial units in the top two or three levels would normally be used for the presentation of statistics according to the Legal LGA structure. The current Legal LGA structure of the ASGC down to the Statistical Local Area level is set out, in detail, in the Alphabetic List of Legal LGAs and Statistical Local Areas within States/Territories in Chapter 6 of this Manual. In population census related ASGC editions the Census Collection District (CD) level of this structure can be obtained from the separate Census Collection District listing, also in Chapter 6.

### Statistical Region Structure

20. The Statistical Region (SR) structure has been used since 1986 primarily for the production of standard statistical outputs from population censuses and labour force surveys. The Statistical Regions in this structure equate, in some cases, with Statistical Subdivisions and, in others, with parts or aggregations of Statistical Subdivisions or Divisions and cannot therefore be incorporated in the Main structure of the ASGC.

21. The complete Statistical Region structure consists of six hierarchic levels as follows:



In this structure the spatial units in adjoining levels are related to each other by aggregation and disaggregation and, within each level, cover all of Australia.

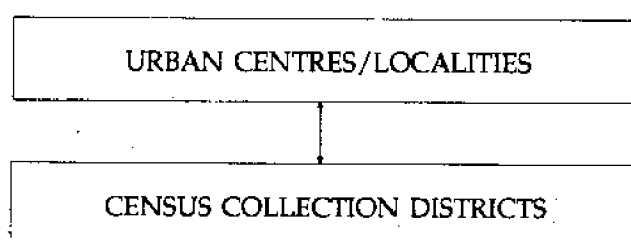
22. Although this structure consists of the six hierarchic levels depicted above, only the spatial units in the top five levels would normally be used for the presentation of statistics according to the Statistical Region structure. The current Statistical Region structure of the ASGC down to the Statistical Local Area level is set out in the Detailed Statistical Region structure in Chapter 6 of this Manual. In population census related ASGC editions, the Census Collection District level of this structure can be obtained from the separate Census Collection District listing, also in Chapter 6.

### Urban Centre/Locality Structure

23. Each Urban Centre consists of either one particular non-rural CD or an aggregation of two or more contiguous non-rural CDs with the same Section of State code. Each bounded Locality consists of either one particular rural CD or an aggregation of two or more contiguous rural CDs with the same Section of State code. Urban Centres/Localities (UC/Ls) are defined only for those times at which a Census of Population and Housing is held and cannot be incorporated in the Main structure of the ASGC for the following reasons:

- (a) their boundaries are generally inconsistent with the boundaries of Statistical Local Areas and higher level Main structure spatial units; and
- (b) the total area covered by them relates only to a part of Australia, whereas the total area covered by the Main structure categories relates to the whole of Australia.

24. The complete Urban Centre/Locality structure of the ASGC can be depicted as follows:



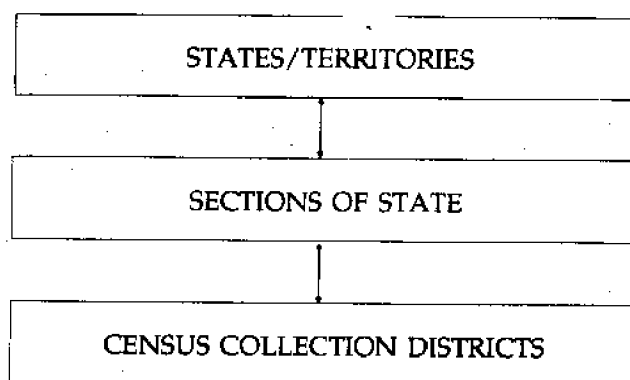
In this structure, Census Collection Districts are confined to those which fall within Urban Centres and Localities and relate to them by aggregation and disaggregation.

25. This structure is only relevant at those times when a Census of Population and Housing is held and is therefore included in Chapter 6 of Edition 2.1. Listings of component Census Collection Districts of Urban Centres and Localities are available on microfiche.

### Section of State Structure

26. Within each State/Territory each Section of State represents an aggregation of non-contiguous geographical areas with particular urban characteristics, with the rural balance constituting another Section of State. There is also a separate Section of State to designate the combined Off-Shore and Migratory category. Collectively, they cover all of Australia. Sections of State are defined only for those times at which a Census of Population and Housing is held and cannot be incorporated in the Main structure of the ASGC because they do not conform to or align with any of the broader spatial unit types in the Main structure.

27. The complete Section of State structure of the ASGC can be depicted as follows:



In this structure Census Collection Districts (CDs), which collectively cover all of Australia, add without gaps or overlaps, to Sections of State which, in turn, add to States/Territories. Because this structure is only relevant at those times when a Census of Population and Housing is held, it is included in the Census related ASGC, ie Edition 2.1. However the CD composition of Sections of State may be obtained from the CD Conversion List (Catalogue No. 2918.0) which is available on floppy disk and microfiche through Information Services in Central and State offices of the ABS.

## CHAPTER 3 : THE SPATIAL UNITS OF THE CLASSIFICATION

The spatial unit types which have been incorporated in the ASGC and the criteria relevant to their delimitation are outlined in this chapter.

### Census Collection District (CD)

2. The CD is the smallest spatial unit type in the ASGC. It has been designed for use in the Census of Population and Housing as the basic collection, coding, processing, tabulation and publication unit. Its use in other statistics is limited at present to the compilation and release of building approval statistics for selected user defined areas. CDs are defined for each population census and are current only at census time, ie at the effective date of the relevant census related ASGC edition.
3. The basic concept of a CD is that of a ten day field workload area for a census collector. It also serves as the smallest area building block in the ASGC for the aggregation of CD statistics to higher level ASGC spatial units.
4. In urban areas CDs average about 300 dwellings, while in rural areas the number of dwellings per CD reduces as population densities decrease. For the 1991 Census of Population and Housing 31,410 CDs were delimited throughout Australia. This figure included 9 CDs covering Australia's external territories of Cocos (Keeling) Islands and Christmas Island.
5. The criteria according to which CDs for the 1991 Census were delimited are as follows:
  - (a) CDs should be consistent with both the collector's workload requirements and their role as a useful spatial unit and building block capable of aggregation into broader level ASGC spatial units;
  - (b) the area and population delimited by a CD boundary must not be so great that one collector cannot deliver and collect census forms within about ten days;
  - (c) the chosen CD boundaries should, if possible, be readily identifiable on the ground, be defined in terms of permanent features, follow the centre of a road or river if these features are used and should delimit CDs which conform to existing and proposed land uses. The use of major roads as CD boundaries in rural areas should be avoided where possible, ie to minimise splitting of identifiable rural localities;
  - (d) CDs should conform where possible to existing/gazetted suburb boundaries. CDs must not cross SLA boundaries and, as a consequence, any other ASGC spatial unit boundary;
  - (e) CDs should not be designed in such a way as to make them confidential for publication of data. Accordingly, a CD should contain, where possible, at least 100 persons at the next census. (Any CD found at the next census to have less than 100 persons will be combined with another CD for output, ie publication purposes); and

(f) CDs in aggregate must cover the whole of Australia without omission or duplication.

6. More detailed rules and procedures for delimiting CDs are contained in the ABS Collection District Design and Geographical Data Base Update Manual.

### **Statistical Local Area (SLA)**

7. The SLA is a Legal LGA based (or equivalent) spatial unit which serves as the smallest spatial unit for the coding, compilation and publication of economic, social and demographic statistics (other than those collected in population censuses). It is the key intermediate level spatial unit for the compilation and publication of population census statistics.

8. SLAs must consist of one or more Census Collection Districts at the time when CDs are current and must cover, in aggregate, the whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps. They are the largest spatial units of which the Legal LGAs, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Region Sectors are composed.

9. Within that part of Australia which is covered by incorporated Local Government Councils, SLAs are based on whole LGAs or parts thereof. Where an area is covered by an incorporated Community Government Council (which currently only occurs in the Northern Territory), it will be delimited as an SLA if it is of sufficient size and statistical significance. In the remainder of Australia, SLAs are unincorporated areas.

10. The criteria according to which SLAs are delimited are as follows:

(a) A Local Government Council Area is adopted as an SLA if it meets the following criteria:

(i) fits wholly within a Statistical Subdivision, and

(ii) is broadly similar in size, economic and statistical significance to equivalent Legal LGAs elsewhere in Australia.

(b) A Community Government Council Area is adopted as an SLA (and Legal LGA) if it meets the following criteria:

(i) is broadly similar in size and statistical significance to the other SLAs in the Northern Territory, and

(ii) there is a significant user need for separate statistics.

(c) A Legal LGA which does not satisfy the conditions in (a)(i) and/or (ii) above must, in general, be split into parts which do satisfy these conditions. Each such part must then be treated as an SLA. The circumstances in which Legal LGAs are split are:

(i) where the boundaries of one or more Statistical Subdivisions cut across a Legal LGA, the Legal LGA must be split into two or more parts — each corresponding to that which falls within the relevant Statistical Subdivision, and

(ii) where, on a consensus of subjective assessments, a particular Legal LGA is substantially different from other equivalent Legal LGAs in terms of size and economic significance or in terms of user needs for statistics, the Legal LGA can be split into

two or more parts — each corresponding to one or more suburbs in the case of predominantly urban LGAs. (The number of Legal LGAs split so far on this basis is small and includes the City of Brisbane as the major example.)

- (d) All unincorporated on-shore areas and off-shore islands within a Statistical Subdivision of an Australian State must be treated as one SLA unless a part of such an unincorporated area is considered economically significant. In these instances separate SLAs can be formed, eg for each unincorporated off-shore island (or designated group of unincorporated off-shore islands) which, on the basis of a consensus of subjective assessments, is considered to be economically significant. Each such SLA is included in the State or Territory which has jurisdiction over it (eg Lord Howe Island in NSW).
- (e) Oil rigs and other man-made platforms are formed into a set of seven 'off-shore' areas, one per State and the Northern Territory. Each State and Territory set of off-shore areas is then treated as a separate SLA of the relevant State or Territory.
- (f) In the Northern Territory the unincorporated area within each Statistical Subdivision is either adopted as a single SLA (eg as in the case of Daly) or split into two or more SLAs to separately distinguish an economically significant town (eg Nhulunbuy), island (eg Groote Eylandt) or administrative region. For the 1991 Census, the ASGC classified the major part of the Northern Territory as unincorporated. The incorporated part includes the areas covered by the Legal LGAs of Darwin, Alice Springs, Jabiru, Tennant Creek, Katherine, Litchfield and the Community Government Council of Coomalie. (Coomalie has been gazetted under the NT Local Government Act as a Community Government Council and satisfies the criteria to be accepted as an SLA within the ASGC.)
- (g) In the Australian Capital Territory, which is entirely unincorporated, each Statistical Subdivision within the 'Canberra Statistical Division' is split into two or more SLAs to separately distinguish each suburb, locality and predominantly non-urban ACT district (or balance thereof). Within the 'Australian Capital Territory — Balance Statistical Division', one SLA represents the remainder of the ACT.

#### **Statistical Subdivision (SSD)**

- 11. The SSD is the smaller of two statistical 'general purpose' regional type spatial units in the ASGC - the other is the Statistical Division.
- 12. SSDs must consist of one or more Statistical Local Areas (SLAs) and must cover, in aggregate, the whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps. They are the largest spatial units of which the Statistical Divisions and Statistical Districts are composed.
- 13. The criteria according to which SSDs are delimited are basically the same as for Statistical Divisions. This means that:
  - (a) SSDs which are mainly non-urban, ie outside State Capital City Statistical Divisions or outside Statistical Districts are, in general, delimited in accordance with the Statistical Division criteria in paragraphs 16 and 17 (b) ; and
  - (b) SSDs which are mainly urban, ie within State Capital City Statistical Divisions or within Statistical Districts, and represent dissections of these Divisions or Districts are,



in general, delimited only in accordance with the more broadly stated Statistical Division criteria in paragraph 16 below.

In addition, the following conditions apply:

- (i) each Statistical District that falls entirely within a State or Territory must consist of one or more whole SSDs,
- (ii) each Statistical District that straddles a State/Territory boundary must consist of one or more whole SSDs on either side of the boundary, and
- (iii) a Statistical Division which contains an SSD that is also a Statistical District (or part of a Statistical District) must have at least one other SSD constituting the remainder of the Statistical Division, even though that second SSD may not have a predominant town or cluster of towns that wields a unifying social and economic influence over the region.

#### **Statistical Division (SD)**

14. The SD is the larger of two statistical 'general purpose' regional type spatial units in the ASGC - the smaller one is the Statistical Subdivision (SSD).

15. SDs must consist of one or more Statistical Subdivisions and must cover, in aggregate, the whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps. They must not cross State or Territory boundaries and are the largest spatial units of which the Australian States, the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory are composed. However, in 'Other Territories', Jervis Bay Territory and the Territories of Christmas Island and Cocos (Keeling) Islands, together form one Statistical Division.

16. The currently applicable basis for delimiting SDs was determined by the 31st and 33rd Conferences of Statisticians of Australia in 1969 and 1973. Resolution 2 of the 1973

Conference states:

- (a) that Statistical Divisions should ideally be delimited in all States on the basis of socio-economic criteria and should where possible embrace contiguous whole legal local government areas;
- (b) that the boundaries of the Statistical Divisions so delimited should be changed only at infrequent intervals, for example, at periods of 15 to 20 years; and
- (c) that, if practicable, such revisions in Statistical Division boundaries should be determined in time for use in the next Census of Population and Housing.

17. Elaborations of this general basis for delimiting SDs are supplied by the Resolutions of the 31st Conference of Statisticians (1969) which are mainly concerned with delimiting urban centres, and the guidelines incorporated in the ABS Collection District Design and Geographic Data Base Update Manual. These provide:

- (a) that delimitation of State Capital City SDs is to be based on Resolution 3 of the 31st Conference as subsequently amended by general agreement in 1975. This amended Resolution, which also applies to Statistical Districts, states:

that around each urban centre with a population of at least 25,000 a further boundary encompassing a Statistical District or Capital City Statistical Division, shall be defined after consultation with planners, to contain the anticipated development of the urban centre and associated smaller urban centres for a period of at least twenty years. It shall consist of whole local government areas if possible. Where suitable municipal, city or town boundaries contain the urban centre they may be used as Statistical District boundaries. This fixed boundary (as distinct from the urban boundary which is moving) will delimit an area which, for general statistical purposes, is free from the practical problems imposed by the moving boundary, but which nevertheless represents the city in a wider sense. This procedure cannot be applied to separate urban centres within Statistical Districts or within Capital City Statistical Divisions; and

- (b) that in delimiting other SDs, paragraph 16 above should be interpreted to mean that an SD should be a relatively homogeneous region characterised by identifiable social and economic links between the inhabitants and between the economic units within the region, under the unifying influence of one or more major towns or cities.

18. In accordance with the foregoing, Statistical Divisions have been delimited within the individual States and Territories as follows:

- (a) In NEW SOUTH WALES, proclaimed NSW Government Regions coincide with Statistical Divisions with one exception: the proclaimed NSW Government Region of North Coast consists of the SDs of Richmond-Tweed and Mid-North Coast. The boundaries of these Regions have been delimited on the basis that the degree of economic and social intercourse within each Region should be maximised. Statistical and other data used in delimiting the boundaries have included available information about transport patterns, the intensity of trunk telephone calls to and from major cities and towns, the pattern of retail shopping and the marketing of fresh goods, circulation areas of some provincial newspapers and coverage of principal radio stations.
- (b) In VICTORIA, the Statistical Divisions correspond with the State Planning Regions adopted by the Victorian Government in October 1981 except in the Port Phillip Region and, because of consequential effects, the Central Highlands and Loddon-Campaspe Regions. The Victorian Government's Port Phillip Region is comprised of the Melbourne Statistical Division, the Shires of Bass and Phillip Island, the remaining part of the Shire of Upper Yarra, the Borough of Wonthaggi and French Island all of which are in the Gippsland Statistical Division, and the Shires of Bacchus Marsh and Gisborne which are in the Central Highlands and Loddon-Campaspe Statistical Divisions respectively.

The Planning Regions are the largest units of a three tier system consisting of Regions, Subregions and Legal LGAs. Subregions, in all but exceptional cases, are aggregates of whole Legal LGAs, and Regions are always aggregates of Subregions. The boundaries of these Regions and Subregions have been delimited by taking account of the following:

- (i) comparisons with other ways of dividing the State, including the previous Central Planning Authority regions, and various areas used for the presentation of statistics,
- (ii) natural physical systems, such as climatic, river, geological, topographic and geographic systems.

- (iii) regional communication systems, and
- (iv) various functional socio-economic factors such as patterns of travel, shopping and employment, newspaper circulation, regional zoning of sporting, social and community welfare organisations and library and hospital regions.
- (c) In QUEENSLAND, formal State Planning Regions have been abolished and SDs accord with the general considerations and criteria outlined in paragraphs 14 to 17 above. Nevertheless, they are also used on an informal basis for State Government planning purposes, where relevant.
- (d) In SOUTH AUSTRALIA, State Planning Regions, as proposed by the Committee on Uniform Regional Boundaries for Government Departments (CURB), were adopted by the South Australian Government in 1976. CURB Regions are based on two distinct, but complementary, sets of criteria. The first set is oriented towards defining the region as a structural entity on the basis of such factors as:

- population distribution, density and change,
- production data,
- dominant occupations in industrial and rural sectors,
- socio-economic, ethnic and social factors, and
- existing political boundaries (eg local government), etc.

while the second set of criteria is oriented towards defining the region as a functional entity on the basis of the following type of factors:

- government department service areas,
- newspaper circulation,
- telephone traffic,
- retail trading patterns, and
- traffic flows, etc.

South Australian Statistical Divisions and Subdivisions are based on, but are not always congruent with, the CURB Regions. Even though the Statistical Divisions are not, in every case, identical with CURB Regions, in all cases they are directly convertible to these Regions. For instance, the Adelaide and Outer Adelaide Statistical Divisions comprise four CURB Regions, and statistical information for these four CURB Regions can be obtained by aggregating Statistical Subdivisions within the Adelaide and Outer Adelaide Statistical Divisions.

- (e) In WESTERN AUSTRALIA, State Planning Regions and Subregions, as proposed by the State Statistical Coordination Committee, were adopted by the Western Australian Government in January 1976. The Western Australian SDs and SSDs coincide with them. These Regions and Subregions have been devised in accordance with the following criteria:
  - (i) the Perth Metropolitan Region and the Subregions within it should be delimited in such a way that—
    - they are consistent with the overall concepts and planning details proposed in the Town Planning Department's 'Corridor Plan for Perth',
    - they must take cognizance of Legal LGAs, and
    - they should be built up from smaller units such as CDs; and
  - (ii) delimitation of the rural regions and subregions should take cognizance of:
    - the concept of 'community of economic and social interest',
    - the character of natural resources,
    - area dispersion of population and industry and the size of towns,
    - road and railway systems, and
    - production and marketing practices, etc.
- (f) In TASMANIA, the SDs accord with the general considerations and criteria outlined in paragraphs 14 to 17 above and are also considered to be satisfactory for the purpose of State Government planning.
- (g) In the NORTHERN TERRITORY, SDs are based on Territory Government Administrative Regions, and are consistent with the general considerations and criteria for their delimitation as described in paragraphs 14 to 17 above.
- (h) In the AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, SDs accord with the general considerations and criteria for their delimitation as described in paragraphs 14 to 17 above.

- (i) In OTHER TERRITORIES, the SD has been delimited to represent the aggregated area of Jervis Bay Territory, and the Indian Ocean Territories of Christmas Island and Cocos (Keeling) Islands.

#### **State/Territory (S/T)**

19. The State/Territory is the largest type of spatial unit in the ASGC. There are six States and five Territories recognised in the ASGC as being within Australia, viz New South Wales, Victoria, Queensland, South Australia, Western Australia, Tasmania, Northern Territory, Australian Capital Territory, Jervis Bay Territory and the external Territories of Christmas Island and Cocos (Keeling) Islands. They are political entities with fixed boundaries and, with the exception of the last three mentioned territories, the total area of each (including their off-shore islands) is used for statistical purposes as a separate spatial unit in the ASGC. Jervis Bay Territory and the Territories of Christmas Island and Cocos (Keeling) Islands are included as one spatial unit at the S/T level, ie 'Other Territories'.

#### **Statistical District (S Dist.)**

20. In a broad sense Statistical Districts are the more important, predominantly urban areas of Australia which are not contained wholly within one Legal LGA or within a Capital City Statistical Division. There are at present 21 Statistical Districts in Australia and each is composed of one or more Statistical Subdivisions. Whilst the majority are contained wholly within one State/Territory, Statistical Districts can and, in three instances, actually do cross State/Territory boundaries.

21. The criteria for delimiting Statistical Districts are the same as for Capital City Statistical Divisions described in paragraph 17(a), but apply to population clusters (ie an urban centre, or two or more urban centres in close proximity) with a population of 25,000 or more. Like in the case of a State Capital City Statistical Division, the boundary of a Statistical District should contain the anticipated urban development of the centre for a period of at least twenty years and can cut across Legal LGAs which consist of urban and rural parts - see paragraph 31 below for urban centre criteria. A Statistical District may also be delimited in the case of an urban centre with less than 25,000 population where the ABS determines that there is a demand for intercensal population estimates for the area and that existing Legal LGA or SLA boundaries are obviously inadequate for this purpose.

#### **Legal Local Government Area (Legal LGA)**

22. The Legal Local Government Area is a type of spatial unit which represents the whole undivided geographical area of responsibility of either:

- an incorporated Local Government Council, or
- an incorporated Community Government Council (CGC) where the CGC is of sufficient size and statistical significance.

Currently only Coomalie in the Northern Territory has met the criteria in respect of CGCs. There are over 810 Legal LGAs in Australia which collectively cover only a part of Australia. (The major areas not covered by Legal LGAs are the large northern parts of South Australia, most of the Northern Territory and all of the Australian Capital Territory.)

23. The number of Legal LGAs and their boundaries vary over time. Their creation and delimitation is the responsibility of the respective State/Territory Governments and is governed by the provision of the Local Government Act within the particular State/Territory.

24. The various types of Legal LGAs in each State and the Northern Territory are:

- NEW SOUTH WALES: Cities\*, Municipalities and Shires
- VICTORIA: Cities, Rural Cities, Towns, Boroughs and Shires
- QUEENSLAND: Cities, Towns and Shires
- SOUTH AUSTRALIA: Cities\*, Municipalities and District Councils
- WESTERN AUSTRALIA: Cities, Towns and Shires
- TASMANIA: Cities\* and Municipalities
- NORTHERN TERRITORY: Cities, Towns, Shires and CGCs.

(NOTE: \* Municipalities proclaimed as Cities)

#### **Statistical Region Sector (SRS)**

25. Statistical Region Sectors cover, in aggregate, the whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps and consist of one or more SLAs although, in practice, most SRSs (ie all those outside Brisbane and Moreton SDs) can be expressed in terms of one or more adjoining SSDs. Further, most SRSs equate with Statistical Regions (SRs). Those SRSs which are subdivisions of SRs are used primarily for the production and presentation of selected population census and labour force statistics. Some of these SRSs are also used to present a wider range of statistics according to regional features, eg the Brisbane City rings and sectors, which could not be incorporated in ASGC Main structure spatial units.

#### **Statistical Region (SR)**

26. Statistical Regions consist of one or more SRSs and cover, in aggregate, the whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps. They were designed as sufficiently large regional type spatial units suitable for the presentation of population census statistics standard output. The minimum population size of such regions is approximately 147,000.

27. Statistical Regions are also used as the basis for the dissemination of regional labour force statistics. The minimum size of regions for this purpose however is dependent on Labour Force Survey sample sizes for each State. In New South Wales and Victoria the minimum population size is 250,000 although it is less in other States. It is therefore sometimes necessary in the dissemination of labour force statistics either to aggregate Statistical Regions into larger spatial units or to use subdivisions of Statistical Regions, ie SRSs.

### Major Statistical Region (MSR)

28. Major Statistical Regions consist of one or more SRs and cover, in aggregate, the whole of Australia without gaps or overlaps. They do not cross State or Territory boundaries and serve the same purpose as Statistical Regions, though at a broader spatial level (ie Capital City SD versus Balance of State). However, in Tasmania, Northern Territory, Australian Capital Territory, and 'Other Territories', population size limitations mean that the State/Territory cannot be dissected into two MSRs. In these instances, the State/Territory each equates with one MSR.

### Urban Centre/Locality (UC/L)

29. Broadly an Urban Centre is a population cluster of 1,000 or more people. A Locality is a population cluster of between 200 to 999 people. People living in Urban Centres are classified as urban for statistical purposes while those in Localities are classified as rural. Each Urban Centre and Locality is bounded (ie a boundary for it is clearly defined) and composed of one or more whole Census Collection Districts (CDs). UC/Ls are defined for each population census and are current only at census time.

30. The criteria for delimiting or bounding Urban Centres and Localities are based on those developed in 1965 by Dr G.J.R. Linge of the Australian National University. The criteria as currently in force, ie as adopted and subsequently amended by the Conference of Statisticians of Australia in 1965 and 1969 and the Review of ABS Statistical Geography of 1988, are set out below.

31. Each *URBAN CENTRE WITH A POPULATION OF 25,000 OR MORE* is to consist of a cluster of contiguous urban CDs and other urban areas. CDs and other areas classified as urban include the following:

- (a) All contiguous CDs which have a population density of 200 or more persons per square kilometre shall be classified as urban. Consequently State, Statistical Division, Legal LGA and other administrative boundaries shall be disregarded in determining whether a CD should be included within the urban centre.
- (b) A CD consisting mainly of land used for factories, airports, small sports areas, cemeteries, hostels, institutions, prisons, military camps or certain research stations shall be classified as urban if contiguous with CDs which are themselves urban.
- (c) Any CD which consists mainly of land used for large sporting areas, large parks, explosives handling and munitions areas, or holding yards associated with meatworks and abattoirs shall be classified as urban only if it is bordered on three sides by CDs which are themselves urban.
- (d) Any area which is completely surrounded by CDs which are urban must itself be classified as urban.
- (e) Where an Urban Centre of 25,000 or more population is separated from another urban area by a gap in actual development of less than three kilometres (by the shortest railway station or road distance), the gap shall be bridged by classifying a connecting CD as urban, and therefore treating the urban areas as one. If the gap is three or more kilometres (and whether or not it is comprised mainly of reserved land or a natural

barrier) the urban areas shall remain separate. (Dr Linge recommended that the outlying urban area should have a population of at least 1,000.)

- (f) Any area included in an urban centre in 1971 or thereafter under the provisions of these criteria shall continue to be so included, unless the population of the urban centre falls below 25,000, in which case these criteria will cease to apply.
- (g) If a CD was incorrectly included (for whatever reason) in a Linge area at a previous Census, then it should be excluded at the next Census unless it now meets the criteria.
- (h) Large peripheral CDs in growth areas shall be fragmented; and insofar as the availability of visible boundary features allows, the fragments so created shall be as near square-shaped as possible, contain at least 100 persons at the next Census and be of such a size that they will contain a collector's workload when fully developed. For the purpose of delimiting Urban Centres such fragments shall be regarded as CDs.

32. Each *URBAN CENTRE WITH A POPULATION OF BETWEEN 1,000 AND 24,999* is to be delimited as follows:

- (a) The Urban Centre shall be delimited subjectively (by the inspection of aerial photographs, by field inspection and/or by consideration of any other information that is available) - guidelines for this purpose are described in paragraph 36 below.
- (b) All contiguous urban growth is to be included (which, in small urban areas, would not necessarily occur if the density criterion was applied), together with any close but non-contiguous development which could be clearly regarded as part of the urban centre. However, cognizance shall be taken of the criteria outlined in paragraph 33 above particularly in urban centres which contain a population of between 20,000 and 24,999.

33. *LOCALITIES* are to be delimited as follows:

- (a) All population clusters of less than 1,000 population and whose population is expected to reach 200 by the next census are to be examined as regards the drawing of a boundary around the area encompassing the cluster.
- (b) The following criteria must be satisfied before a boundary is drawn around a Locality. It must:
  - contain a non-farm population of at least 200 people but not more than 999 by the next Census;
  - have a minimum of 40 occupied non-farm dwellings with a discernible urban street pattern; and
  - have a discernible nucleus of population.
- (c) If there is some doubt that a Locality will reach the minimum population of 200 people then a boundary should still be drawn around the Locality.



- (d) Where, in the case of defence camps, construction camps, etc it is anticipated that the cluster will not exist at two consecutive censuses, these camps should not be bounded.
- (e) The Localities shall be delimited subjectively, by the use of the latest available aerial photographs, by field inspection and/or by consideration of any other information that is available.

34. Guidelines for the drawing of subjectively determined Urban Centre and Locality boundaries are set out below:

- (a) Wide rather than narrow boundaries are to be used to ensure inclusion of urban or built up areas, ie it is preferable to include some rural rather than exclude some urban areas. However, this guideline should be interpreted in the light of those following below.
- (b) Continuity of urban development is the main criterion, ie boundaries are not to be thrown very wide just to include some small non-contiguous area or urban development. (The Linge criterion of 3 kilometres may be of assistance in this respect in larger Urban Centres of say greater than 10,000-15,000 population.)
- (c) Where the subjective boundaries decided upon are contained within a municipal boundary and the 'remainder' so left is small and/or of small population, the municipal boundary is to be used.
- (d) For previously bounded statistical cities, statistical towns or localities the boundaries are not to be changed lightly, ie comparability is to be maintained with the past unless there are significant exclusions (either due to faulty boundaries at the previous Census or subsequent development).
- (e) Cognizance is to be taken of 'approved plans' with regard to urban land usage.
- (f) Topographic boundaries must be used wherever possible where consistent with the above guidelines.

#### Section of State

35. Within a State or Territory each Section of State represents an aggregation of non-contiguous geographical areas of a particular urban type, with the rural balance constituting another Section of State. There is also a separate Section of State to designate the Migratory category. The Sections of State within each State and Territory are the following:

- (a) Major Urban : All urban centres with a population of 100,000 and over.
- (b) Other Urban : All urban centres with a population of 1,000 to 99,999.
- (c) Bounded Locality : All localities with a population of 200 to 999.
- (d) Rural Balance : The remainder of the State/Territory.
- (e) Migratory : Off-Shore Areas and Migratory.

They are defined for each population census and are current only at census time, ie at the effective date of the relevant census related ASGC edition.

36. Urban Centres which are bisected by a State/Territory boundary have each portion included in the relevant State's or Territory's Section of State.

**Off-Shore Area and 'Migratory' Categories**

37. Off-shore oil rigs, drilling platforms and the like are treated collectively within each State and the Northern Territory as an off-shore area which is, for population census purposes, combined with the respective State/Territory 'migratory' categories as explained below.

38. The 'migratory' categories relate only to the Census of Population and Housing where it is not possible to code every person to an ASGC spatial unit below State or Territory level. The persons that cannot be so coded are those enumerated on board vessels in and between Australian ports (ie in Shipping CDs), or on board long distance trains, buses or aircraft. Such persons are classified as migratory and attributed to a State or Territory.

39. For the 1991 Census of Population and Housing, Australian residents temporarily in Antarctica were within the scope of the Census and were included in the 'Migratory' category for Tasmania.

40. To facilitate the recording of migratory populations in the Census, the ASGC provides within each State and the Northern Territory a migratory category at the CD level, even though such a category is not a spatial unit in the conventional sense. This migratory CD is then combined with the off-shore area CDs to form one Statistical Local Area, Statistical Subdivision and Statistical Division within each State and the Northern Territory.

## CHAPTER 4 : THE SPATIAL UNIT CODE SYSTEM

This chapter describes the system of nominal geocodes<sup>(1)</sup> which identify and represent ASGC spatial units.

2. The ASGC code system consists of several standard sets of numeric codes — one for each group of spatial units of a particular type, eg Australian States and Territories. The standard code sets are supplemented by a special purpose code set which is described in paragraphs 6-9 below.

### Standard ASGC Codes

3. The codes in some standard sets can be used independently, eg the codes for Statistical Districts or States and Territories, while those in others need to be used in association with codes from other sets, eg SLA codes which need to be used together with State and Territory codes for unambiguous Australia-wide identification of SLAs.

4. The reasons for adopting such a system of codes were partly historical (to minimise the costs of conversion of pre-ASGC codes to ASGC codes) and partly practical (to minimise spatial unit code sizes and to provide flexibility of choice in presenting spatial unit hierarchies for statistical output purposes).

5. A separate standard ASGC code set exists for each of the following:

#### (a) Census Collection Districts (CDs)

The Census Collection District is the smallest geographical area used in the collection of Census data and is the area enumerated by one Census Collector. These are identified by a unique six digit code within each State and Territory. The first two digits identify Census Divisions (these closely follow Federal electoral boundaries), the next two digits identify Census Subdivisions (ie Census Field Group Leader Workload Areas) and the last two digits identify CDs within a Census Subdivision and are allocated sequentially from 01 within each Subdivision<sup>(2)</sup>. For complete Australia-wide identification the six digit code needs to be used in conjunction with the one digit State/Territory code.

#### (b) Statistical Local Areas (SLAs)

These are identified by unique four digit numeric codes within a State/Territory. They have the following features:

- (i) Within each State/Territory SLA codes are in the range 0001-9990 (excluding those ending with 99). (Codes ending with 99 and those within the range 9991-9999 have been reserved for special purposes.)

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(1) Nominal geocodes, as distinct from positional geocodes, merely identify spatial units by one or more symbols, eg numeric or alphanumeric codes. Positional geocodes identify their actual location on maps.

(2) Census Subdivisions and Census Divisions are geographic regions used in the Census of Population and Housing field enumeration system. They are not part of the ASGC and differ completely from ASGC Statistical Subdivisions and Divisions.

(ii) The arrangement of SLA codes within each State/Territory is in ascending numerical order for alphabetically listed Legal LGAs/SLAs. Gaps have been provided between the codes of SLAs to provide space for future expansion or change.

(iii) The fourth, ie last, digit of the SLA code is used as an indicator for the following characteristics:

- 0 indicates that the SLA equates with a Legal LGA,
- 1-8 indicates that the SLA is a part of a Legal LGA, and
- 9 indicates that the SLA represents either an unincorporated area, an off-shore/migratory category or an undefined category.

For unique Australia-wide identification each SLA needs to be identified by its own four digit code plus the code of the relevant State/Territory.

(c) Statistical Subdivisions (SSDs)

These are identified by unique two digit numeric codes within Statistical Divisions. Gaps between codes of adjoining SSDs provide space for future expansion or change. The ordering of SSDs within Statistical Divisions follows traditional practice. For unique Australia-wide identification each SSD needs to be identified by its own two digit code plus the codes of the relevant Statistical Division and State/Territory.

(d) Statistical Divisions (SDs)

These are identified by unique two digit numeric codes within States/Territories. Gaps between codes of adjoining SDs provide space for future expansion or change. The ordering of SDs within States/Territories follows traditional practice. For unique Australia-wide identification each SD needs to be identified by its own two digit code plus the code of the relevant State/Territory.

(e) States/Territories (S/Ts)

These are identified by unique one digit numeric codes within Australia.

(f) Urban Centres/Localities (UC/Ls)

These are identified by unique five digit numeric codes within States/Territories. The arrangement of UC/L codes within each State/Territory is in ascending numerical order for alphabetically listed UC/Ls. In allocating codes to UC/Ls, gaps have been provided to allow space for future expansion or change. For unique Australia-wide identification each UC/L needs to be identified by its own five digit code plus the code of the relevant State/Territory.

(g) Statistical Districts (S Dists)

These are identified by unique four digit numeric codes within Australia. The first two digits indicate the State, Territory or States within which the Statistical District falls. The majority of the Statistical Districts are contained wholly within one State/Territory (S/T) and this is indicated by a zero (0) as the second digit, with the first digit indicating the State or Territory. In cases where Statistical Districts cross S/T

boundaries, the first digit indicates the major S/T and the second digit the minor S/T. The last two digits have been allocated in ascending numerical order to traditionally arranged Statistical Districts with gaps between codes to provide for future expansion or change.

(h) Legal Local Government Areas (Legal LGAs)

These are identified by unique four digit numeric codes within States/Territories. The Legal LGA codes were determined in conjunction with SLA codes and are strongly integrated with them. They have the following features:

- (i) they are identical with SLA codes in all cases where there is a strict one to one correspondence between Legal LGAs and SLAs; and
- (ii) their first three digits are identical with the first three digits of SLA codes in almost all those cases where Legal LGAs consist of two or three SLAs.

The incorporation of the Legal LGA code in the SLA code as described above permits almost all SLAs to be linked with their respective Legal LGAs. The only exceptions occur in Queensland and the Northern Territory in the case of the following Legal LGAs:

QLD: Albert, Brisbane, Logan, Pine Rivers, Redland, Caboolture, Gold Coast, Moreton, Thuringowa and Townsville; and

NT: Darwin and Palmerston.

In these 12 cases the number of component SLAs of each of the Legal LGAs is too large for their codes to incorporate the links. However, the link can still be provided by reference to the Legal LGA structure in Chapter 6.

For unique Australia-wide identification each Legal LGA needs to be identified by its own four digit code plus the code of the relevant State/Territory.

(i) Sections of State

These are identified by unique one digit numeric codes within States/Territories and need, for Australia-wide identification, to be associated with the code of the relevant State/Territory.

**Special Purpose ASGC Codes**

6. For certain statistical operations it is necessary to make provisions for the geographical classification of statistical information in cases where only incomplete location information is available. For example, a particular Population Census Schedule might provide insufficient location information to enable other information collected on the Schedule to be coded to an SLA or even a Statistical Subdivision. This usually occurs as a result of questions relating to usual residence 1 year ago and 5 years ago. There are many instances in such cases where only the Capital City or State name is given. Another example occurs within the Crime and Justice Statistics in the case of people with 'no fixed address' or 'no fixed abode'. To enable such vaguely specified information to be coded within the Main structure of the ASGC a

system of special undefined spatial categories and codes has been devised for input processing purposes.

7. In this system the two digit codes of 88 (in the case of SSDs and SDs) and 98 (in the case of SRs) and unique four digit SLA codes within States/Territories ending in 99 designate the undefined categories which are intended for the following uses:

- (a) Information required to be coded at the SLA level but only codable at SSD level should be coded to the undefined SLA within the defined SSD.
- (b) Information required to be coded at the SLA level but only codable at SD level should be coded to the undefined SLA of the undefined SSD within the defined SD.
- (c) Information required to be coded at the SLA level but only codable at the State/Territory level should be coded to the undefined SLA (9899) of the undefined SSD in the undefined SD within the defined State/Territory.
- (d) Information required to be coded at the SLA level but only codable at the Australia level should be coded to the undefined SLA (9099) of the undefined SSD in the undefined SD of the undefined State in Australia. The undefined State is designated by the code 0. This is applicable in cases where usual residence information is *not stated*.
- (e) An SLA code of 9199 is to be used in 'usual residence' and similarly worded coding where the information is *not applicable* (eg children who were not alive 5 years ago).
- (f) An SLA code of 9299 is to be used in 'usual residence' and similarly worded coding where the information relates to overseas.
- (g) An additional code of 9399 is to be used to represent the aggregation of the 'unincorporated' SLAs for each State and the Northern Territory. It is to be used as a defacto Legal LGA to enable State/Territory totals to be produced for some Population Census Legal LGA output.
- (h) An SLA code of 9499 is to be used to designate 'no fixed place of abode' for use in children in care, prison and other social statistics.

AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

8. The undefined spatial unit codes within the Statistical Division of Sydney are as follows:

<i>ASGC Code</i>				
<i>S</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>SSD</i>	<i>SLA</i>	<i>ASGC Spatial unit name</i>
1				New South Wales
	05			Sydney
		05	0199	Inner Sydney Inner Sydney Undefined
		10	0399	Eastern Suburbs Eastern Suburbs Undefined
		15	0599	St George-Sutherland St George-Sutherland Undefined
		20	0799	Canterbury-Bankstown Canterbury-Bankstown Undefined
		25	0999	Fairfield-Liverpool Fairfield-Liverpool Undefined
		30	1199	Outer South Western Sydney Outer South Western Sydney Undefined
		35	1399	Inner Western Sydney Inner Western Sydney Undefined
		40	1599	Central Western Sydney Central Western Sydney Undefined
		45	1799	Outer Western Sydney Outer Western Sydney Undefined
		50	1999	Blacktown-Baulkham Hills Blacktown-Baulkham Hills Undefined
		55	2199	Lower Northern Sydney Lower Northern Sydney Undefined
		60	2399	Hornsby-Ku-ring-gai Hornsby-Ku-ring-gai Undefined
		65	2599	Northern Beaches Northern Beaches Undefined
		70	2799	Gosford-Wyong Gosford-Wyong Undefined

NOTE: (i) The first two digits of the undefined SLA code are normally in the range 00 to 89 (usually with a gap of 1) in Main ASGC structure order with the last two digits always being 99; and

(ii) The undefined SLA code for each Capital City is 0099.

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In addition the undefined Statistical Division for each State/Territory is:

S/T	SD	SSD	SLA	
1	88	88	9899	NSW UNDEFINED
2	88	88	9899	VIC UNDEFINED
3	88	88	9899	QLD UNDEFINED
4	88	88	9899	SA UNDEFINED
5	88	88	9899	WA UNDEFINED
6	88	88	9899	TAS UNDEFINED
7	88	88	9899	NT UNDEFINED
8	88	88	9899	ACT UNDEFINED
9	88	88	9899	OTHER TERRITORIES UNDEFINED

while the undefined State/Territory would be designated by S/T code 0 as follows:

S/T	SD	SSD	SLA	
0	88	88	9099	STATE/TERRITORY UNDEFINED (ie Australia) or for Population Census purposes NOT STATED
0-9	88	88	9199	NOT APPLICABLE
0-9	88	88	9299	OVERSEAS
0-9	88	88	9399	DEFACTO LEGAL LGA for Population Census purposes
0-9	88	88	9499	NO FIXED PLACE OF ABODE

The undefined Statistical Region would be designated as follows:

S/T	SR	SLA	
1-5	98	0099	CAPITAL CITY UNDEFINED
6-8	04	0099	
1-5	98	9899	STATE/TERRITORY UNDEFINED
6-9	04	9899	



9. Codes 00000 and 99999 prefixed by the relevant State/Territory codes are used by Population Census to designate Rural Balance and Off-Shore and Migratory categories respectively in the recording of Urban Centres/Localities.

**Spatial Unit Code Changes between ASGC Editions**

10. The main causes of spatial unit code changes between ASGC editions are:

- (a) spatial unit name changes — especially in the case of Legal LGAs and SLAs,
- (b) some spatial unit area changes — eg where one spatial unit is split into two or more new ones,
- (c) consequential changes — ie where one change forces another, and
- (d) general code structure revisions.

11. Because not all code changes reflect real spatial unit changes and because not all spatial unit changes are reflected by code changes it is not possible to rely on codes alone to precisely identify spatial units. It is therefore important to always quote (in publications or tabulations) the particular ASGC edition as well as the codes and names of the spatial units according to which statistics are compiled, disseminated or published.

## CHAPTER 5 : MAINTENANCE OF THE CLASSIFICATION AND ITS USE IN PUBLICATIONS

### Maintenance of the ASGC Manual

The ASGC Manual has been kept up-to-date by the issue of replacement pages — generally once a year. The original ASGC effective from 5 July 1984 was Edition 1. Each issue of replacement pages formed a new edition of the Manual, ie Edition 2, Edition 3 and so on with Edition 9 being the last edition to be produced in that series.

2. The revised ASGC effective 1 January 1991 contained delimitation criteria and spatial units for the 1991 Census of Population and Housing. It formed the base copy which is now being updated through the provision of replacement pages. A new numbering system was introduced with the revised ASGC becoming Edition 2.1. The replacement pages relative to this revised ASGC will form Editions 2.2, 2.3 and so on.

3. The spatial unit and other changes for which the ASGC Manual is updated are essentially of two kinds:

- (a) Externally controlled spatial unit changes. These changes relate to administrative or political areas which have been adopted as spatial units in the ASGC. The ABS has no influence or control over changes to such spatial units which have to be made to the ASGC Manual virtually as they occur. The most usual changes of this type are changes to Legal LGAs which are determined by the Local and State/Territory Governments involved. These changes can range from Legal LGA boundary variations to the creation or amalgamation of whole Legal LGAs and usually require consequential changes to related ASGC spatial units such as SLAs.
- (b) All other changes. These cover changes to statistical type spatial units, such as Census Collection Districts and Statistical Districts, to the principles and criteria which govern their delimitation, and to all the explanatory and other material in the ASGC Manual. Although changes of this type are, on occasions, triggered by changes to administrative or political areas described in (a) above, they usually flow from ad hoc or systematic reviews and tend to be implemented in the ASGC Manual in time for particular statistical collections such as the Census of Population and Housing or the Retail Census.

### Maintenance of ASGC Related Material

4. The ASGC Manual presents the classification primarily as a statistical standard according to which spatially (ie geographically) classified statistics are to be produced. For purposes of applying the ASGC in statistical work additional and more specialised ASGC related material is needed which has to be maintained in accordance with the ASGC. Some of the more important types of this material are briefly described below.

#### *ASGC Output Selectors*

5. Output selectors enable extraction of a variety of classification subsets from particular classifications. The classification subsets obtained by processing output selectors conform in all respects with the standard ASGC structures from which they are derived and may in some cases incorporate combinations of ASGC categories and allow for the provision of

statistical totals. These output selectors are used primarily for creating stubs in statistical tabulations and tables.

6. ASGC output selectors are stored in the ABS Classification System and are updated with each edition of the ASGC. Selectors are accessible to authorised users of that system. Examples of the ASGC structures which can be identified on the ABS Classification System by their classification name or output selector name are listed below.

<i>DD Classification name</i>	<i>Output selector name</i>
ASGC-DETAILED-MAIN-STRUCTURE	CGC-STATES-OF-AUSTRALIA-MY CGC-STAT-DIVISIONS-MY CGC-STAT-SUBDIVISIONS-MY CGC-STAT-LOCAL-AREAS-MY
ASGC-STAT-DISTRICT-STRUCTURE	CGC-STAT-DISTRICTS-MY CGC-STAT-DIST-SUBDIV-MY CGC-STAT-DIST-SLAS-MY
ALPHA-LIST-OF-LGA-SLA-BY-STATE	CGC-ALPHA-ORDER-AUST-MY CGC-LOCAL-GOVT-AREAS-MY CGC-ALPHA-LIST-BY-STATE-MY
ASGC-DETAILED-REGION-STRUCTURE	CGC-STATES-MY CGC-MAJOR-STAT-REGIONS-MY CGC-STATISTICAL-REGIONS-MY CGC-STAT-REGION-SECTORS-MY CGC-SLA-IN-STAT-REGIONS-MY

'M' indicates the month and 'Y' the year of the effective version. The complete list of classifications and output selectors maintained by Classification and Geography Section is shown in Appendix 3.

7. The ABS Classification System is a generalised software facility on the mainframe computer which is designed to store classification data such as the ASGC. Once a classification is on the system it can be used in a variety of ways, by many different ABS project groups. The system allows, for example, the selection of a subset of a standard classification, selection and formatting of labels, automatic totalling at the various hierarchic levels of the classification and the choice of ordering for the labels.

8. As all ASGC structures are now on the Classification System, authorised users of the system are encouraged to create their own subsets of the ASGC structures for their specialised needs using their own output selectors.

9. A 'time stamping' facility on the ABS Classification System further enhances classification maintenance by recording for each individual ASGC spatial unit the period during which it is operative in terms of a starting and finishing date. This facility enables ASGC subsets and full ASGC structures to be identified and/or produced for any given date and ASGC spatial unit changes over any specified period, eg between two different operative versions of the ASGC, to be identified and listed. Any publication containing statistics classified in accordance with a particular version of the ASGC could specify that particular version in terms of its operative date and list the spatial unit changes which have taken place between that version of the ASGC and any other.

10. Original ASGC spatial unit records carry, as the starting date of their operative period, the ASGC introduction date, ie 5 July 1984 (840705) and 31 December 1999 (991231) as the ending date of their operative period. When changes to ASGC spatial unit records are made, the superseded record will have the ending date brought forward to the day before the effective date of the new record as printed on the ASGC replacement pages. For Edition 2 of the ASGC Manual, changes were effective from 29 July 1985. This was the date for conversion to ASGC codes of the ABS Business Register from which a large number of ABS collections select their framework. The effective date for the 3rd (1986 Census of Population and Housing) edition was 1 January 1986, while for the 1991 Census edition of the ASGC the effective date was 1 January 1991. Listings of effective and/or implementation dates are referenced in Appendixes 1 and 2 of this and previous editions.

*Area Coding Reference Data (including the National Localities Index (NLI))*

11. Area coding reference data consist essentially of localities and streets/localities tables or indexes which specify the appropriate spatial unit code or codes for each locality and, where necessary, for street addresses within localities.

12. The ABS has in the last few years developed the National Localities Index (NLI) which lists all localities in Australia. 'Locality', for the purpose of the NLI, is defined as a place where people do, or may possibly, reside or conduct a business. The localities are each designated a postcode and their full ASGC code (ie State/Territory, Statistical Division, Statistical Subdivision and Statistical Local Area). The NLI is augmented by a streets index that allows any address to be coded to an SLA where the locality is split between two or more SLAs.

13. Area coding reference data can also cover various keys and conversion tables which specify for one set of spatial unit codes (eg SLA codes) the codes of related spatial units (eg of Statistical Districts) to facilitate data conversion in cases where only one spatial unit code has been assigned to the data.

14. The localities and streets/localities tables and indexes are needed for the purpose of determining and assigning spatial unit codes for addresses and are nowadays held mainly on computer media for accessing in automatic coding operations or for producing manuscripts for printing of hard copy indexes used in manual coding processes.

*Maps*

15. Maps depicting spatial unit boundaries and other features are needed generally for the following purposes:

- (a) precise delimitation of spatial units, eg for precise specification of area coding reference data or for use by field staff in collecting statistical information;
- (b) collection and geographic coding of Census of Population and Housing data. The maps used for this purpose are referred to as Census Field Maps and depict Census Collection Districts which are updated for each Census; and
- (c) presentation of statistical information. For this purpose a wide variety of maps are produced and published. The maps either accompany statistical tables or incorporate statistical information as map features eg social atlases.

*Geographic Base Files and Similar Data Stores and Systems*

16. There are computer files and systems which incorporate spatial unit information for use in automated statistical processing. The largest of these is the Geographic Data Base (GDB) which was developed for the 1986 Census of Population and Housing and enhanced for the 1991 Census. It incorporates most of the ASGC spatial unit specifications (such as their codes, hierarchic links and, in the case of the CDs, their digitised boundary points) as well as those of other spatial units for which Census output is produced (such as electoral districts). It also has the capacity to store user defined spatial units.

**Coordination of ASGC Maintenance**

17. Maintenance of ASGC related material is shared by a number of projects within ABS Central and State Offices. It is coordinated by Classification and Geography Section which also has responsibility for maintaining the ASGC Manual and the ASGC output selectors on the ABS Classification System, as well as providing assistance to users.

18. Examples of major ASGC and related maintenance functions, handled outside Classification and Geography Section or shared with it, include the following:

- (a) delimitation of CDs, urban centres and other Population Census specific spatial units in accordance with ASGC criteria and the specification of Population Census maps — these tasks are carried out in ABS Central and State Offices and are the responsibility of Population Census Branch;
- (b) maintenance of area coding reference data on the ABS Business Register — this task is carried out in ABS Central and State Offices and is the responsibility of the Business Register Section; and
- (c) conduct of spatial unit reviews and preparation of proposals to vary existing statistical type spatial units and/or spatial unit criteria — these tasks are undertaken, in most cases, by ABS State Office projects concerned with the provision of geographically classified statistics. Under existing coordination arrangements the results of all such work flow to Classification and Geography Section for assessment (in conjunction with other ASGC users) and coordinated implementation.

**Use of the ASGC in Publication of Statistics**

19. The ASGC has been constructed to enable spatially classified statistics to be produced on a spatially comparable basis. Production and publication of spatially comparable statistics requires that the ASGC be consistently applied in statistical work.

20. Accordingly it is recommended that in publishing statistics according to the ASGC:

## AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

- (a) where possible each table should relate to one particular ASGC structure only, which should ideally be presented in full and be identified in the table heading or a table footnote;
- (b) ASGC spatial unit names should be shown in table stubs or column headings and should conform with those in the ASGC or authorised ASGC subsets;
- (c) omission of one or more hierarchic levels in a particular ASGC structure is permitted (eg omission of the entire CD level and/or the entire SSD level within the Main structure of the ASGC) provided the omissions are noted and explained in the publication;
- (d) ASGC spatial units can be combined (eg where statistics for one or more of them are confidential) provided the combinations are confined to spatial units which are:
  - within one ASGC structure,
  - at one hierarchic level, and
  - within the spatial unit at the next hierarchic level to which they are directly related;for example, two or more SLAs within an SSD or two or more SSDs within an SD in the Main structure of the ASGC;
- (e) where statistics are required for spatial units from two different ASGC structures, eg Legal LGAs and SDs, it is permissible, in certain circumstances, to publish the statistics in one table using a cross-classification of the spatial units. Care should be taken to ensure that the spatial units being cross-classified cover the same total area. For example, in some States and the Northern Territory Legal LGAs cover only part of the S/T (the remainder of the S/T being unincorporated), while SDs cover the whole of the S/T. A cross-classification of LGAs within SDs would be inappropriate in these circumstances if a S/T total were required. In this case the Detailed Main structure or the Detailed Statistical Region structure would be more appropriate; and
- (f) each file, document or publication containing statistics classified according to the ASGC should specify the applicable ASGC edition.

21. There may, of course, be circumstances where it is not possible to conform with these recommendations. In these cases application of the recommendations may be relaxed with Classification and Geography Section agreement.

### ASGC Related Products

22. Classification and Geography Section have developed additional products which users of the ASGC may find helpful. These products, which are available on floppy disk, are listed below.

- *Conversion Listing : Census 86 SLA Codes/Census 91 SLA Codes*

A concordance incorporating all area/code changes to SLAs between the 1986 and 1991 Censuses of Population and Housing.

- *Listing of Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) Labels and Codes*

These listings are available for all structures and all editions of the ASGC.

- *National Localities Index (NLI)*

This Index has been designed as a comprehensive general purpose coding aid for assigning postcodes and ASGC codes (ie S/T, SD, SSD and SLA) to addresses and/or localities within Australia.

For NLI purposes the definition of 'locality' is intentionally broad to ensure that the Index is comprehensive. A 'locality' has therefore been defined as a place where people do, or may possibly, reside or conduct a business.

This Index is available by State and Territory or for the whole of Australia. It can be supplied with or without street data. Street data is necessary if there is a requirement to code all addresses, including those in localities that are split between two or more SLAs. The effective date of the first version of the NLI is 1 January 1991 and it is being updated regularly in line with ASGC editions.

- *Customised Concordances*

Concordances between ASGC spatial units, postcodes and other geographical units can be tailored to the individual user's special requirements.

For further information on any of these products you should contact the Assistant Director, Area Classification, Australian Bureau of Statistics, Canberra — telephone (06) 252 5888 or facsimile (06) 252 7788.

## CHAPTER 6 : THE CLASSIFICATION

### Summary

This chapter presents the current ASGC structures in their full detail.

2. The currently applicable ASGC structures presented in this chapter are:

- MAIN STRUCTURE. This is presented in two versions:
  - BROAD MAIN STRUCTURE (ie down to the SSD level)
  - DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE (ie down to the SLA level).
- STATISTICAL DISTRICT STRUCTURE.
- LEGAL LGA STRUCTURE.

In this structure, which is more commonly referred to as the ALPHABETIC LIST OF LEGAL LGAs AND STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS WITHIN STATES/TERRITORIES, Legal LGAs are ordered alphabetically within States/Territories, and Statistical Local Areas (SLAs) are ordered alphabetically within Legal LGAs.

- STATISTICAL REGION STRUCTURE. This is presented in two versions:
  - BROAD STATISTICAL REGION STRUCTURE (ie down to the SR level)
  - DETAILED STATISTICAL REGION STRUCTURE (ie down to the SLA level).

### Number of ASGC Spatial Units

3. The number of ASGC spatial units (ie categories) in these structures as at 1 July 1993 is set out below.

<i>Spatial unit</i>	<i>NSW</i>	<i>VIC</i>	<i>QLD</i>	<i>SA</i>	<i>WA</i>	<i>TAS</i>	<i>NT</i>	<i>ACT</i>	<i>OT</i>	<i>AUST</i>
States/Territories	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9
Statistical Divisions	13	12	12	8	10	5	3	2	1	66
Statistical Subdivisions	43	50	30	21	26	9	11	7	1	198
Statistical Local Areas	188	238	428	131	147	44	59	103	3	1,341
Legal LGAs	177	210	134	119	139	29	8	—	—	816
Statistical Districts(a)	4	6	8	—	—	2	—	1	—	21
Major Statistical Regions	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	14
Statistical Regions	23	14	11	6	7	1	1	1	1	65
Statistical Region Sectors	25	14	30	6	7	3	2	2	1	90

(a) Counted in predominant State/Territory.



## **Broad Main Structure**



**AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION**  
**BROAD MAIN STRUCTURE**

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions and Statistical Subdivisions

S/T	SD	Code SSD	Name	SD	Code SSD	Name
<b>1</b>			<b>NEW SOUTH WALES</b>			
	<b>05</b>		<b>Sydney</b>	<b>55</b>		<b>Murray</b>
	05		Inner Sydney	05		Albury
	10		Eastern Suburbs	10		Upper Murray (excl. Albury)
	15		St George-Sutherland	15		Central Murray
	20		Canterbury-Bankstown	20		Murray-Darling
	25		Fairfield-Liverpool			
	30		Outer South Western Sydney			
	35		Inner Western Sydney	<b>60</b>		<b>Far West</b>
	40		Central Western Sydney	10		Far West
	45		Outer Western Sydney			
	50		Blacktown-Baulkham Hills			
	55		Lower Northern Sydney	<b>85</b>		<b>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</b>
	60		Hornsby-Ku-ring-gai	01		Off-Shore Areas & Migratory
	65		Northern Beaches			
	70		Gosford-Wyong			
	<b>10</b>		<b>Hunter</b>			
	05		Newcastle			
	10		Hunter SD Bal			
	<b>15</b>		<b>Illawarra</b>			
	05		Wollongong			
	10		Illawarra SD Bal			
	<b>20</b>		<b>Richmond-Tweed</b>			
	05		Tweed Heads			
	10		Richmond-Tweed SD Bal			
	<b>25</b>		<b>Mid-North Coast</b>			
	05		Clarence			
	10		Hastings			
	<b>30</b>		<b>Northern</b>			
	10		Northern Slopes			
	15		Northern Tablelands			
	20		North Central Plain			
	<b>35</b>		<b>North Western</b>			
	05		Central Macquarie			
	10		Macquarie-Barwon			
	15		Upper Darling			
	<b>40</b>		<b>Central West</b>			
	05		Bathurst-Orange			
	10		Central Tablelands (excl. Bathurst-Orange)			
	15		Lachlan			
	<b>45</b>		<b>South Eastern</b>			
	05		Queanbeyan			
	10		Southern Tablelands (excl. Queanbeyan)			
	15		Lower South Coast			
	20		Snowy			
	<b>50</b>		<b>Murrumbidgee</b>			
	10		Central Murrumbidgee			
	15		Lower Murrumbidgee			

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## BROAD MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions and Statistical Subdivisions

S/T	SD	Code SSD	Name	SD	Code SSD	Name
<b>2</b>			<b>VICTORIA</b>			
	<b>05</b>		<b>Melbourne</b>	<b>50</b>		<b>East Gippsland</b>
		05	Central Melbourne		05	Gippsland Lakes
		10	Western Inner Melbourne		10	Mitchell-Snowy
		15	Western Outer Melbourne		15	Macalister-Avon
		20	Western Fringe Melbourne			
		25	Northern Inner Melbourne	<b>55</b>		<b>Gippsland</b>
		30	Northern Middle Melbourne		05	Latrobe Valley
		35	Northern Fringe Melbourne		10	West Gippsland
		40	Northern Outer Melbourne		15	Strzelecki
		45	Eastern Inner Melbourne		20	South Gippsland
		50	Eastern Middle Melbourne			
		55	Eastern Outer Melbourne			
		60	Eastern Fringe Melbourne	<b>85</b>		<b>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</b>
		65	Southern Inner Melbourne		01	Off-Shore Areas & Migratory
		70	Southern Outer Melbourne			
		75	South Eastern Inner Melbourne			
		80	South Eastern Outer Melbourne			
		85	Mornington Peninsula Inner			
		90	Mornington Peninsula Outer			
	<b>10</b>		<b>Barwon</b>			
		05	Geelong			
		10	East Barwon			
		15	West Barwon			
	<b>15</b>		<b>Western District</b>			
		05	Hopkins			
		10	Glenelg			
	<b>20</b>		<b>Central Highlands</b>			
		05	Ballarat			
		10	East Central Highlands			
		15	West Central Highlands			
	<b>25</b>		<b>Wimmera</b>			
		05	South Wimmera			
		10	North Wimmera			
	<b>30</b>		<b>Mallee</b>			
		05	Mildura			
		10	West Mallee			
		15	East Mallee			
	<b>35</b>		<b>Loddon-Campaspe</b>			
		05	Bendigo			
		10	Northern Loddon-Campaspe			
		15	Central Loddon-Campaspe			
		20	South Loddon-Campaspe			
	<b>40</b>		<b>Goulburn</b>			
		05	Shepparton-Mooroopna			
		10	North Goulburn			
		15	South Goulburn			
		20	South West Goulburn			
	<b>45</b>		<b>Ovens-Murray</b>			
		05	Wodonga			
		10	North Ovens-Murray			
		15	South Ovens-Murray			

**AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION**  
**BROAD MAIN STRUCTURE**  
**States/Territories, Statistical Divisions and Statistical Subdivisions**

<i>ST</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Code</i> <i>SSD</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Code</i> <i>SD</i> <i>SSD</i>	<i>Name</i>
<b>3</b>			<b>QUEENSLAND</b>		
	<b>05</b>		<b>Brisbane</b>		
		05	Brisbane City		
		10	Albert Shire Part A		
		15	Beaudesert Shire Part A		
		20	Caboolture Shire Part A		
		25	Ipswich-Moreton Shire Part A		
		30	Logan City		
		40	Pine Rivers Shire		
		45	Redcliffe City		
		50	Redland Shire		
	<b>10</b>		<b>Moreton</b>		
		05	Gold Coast City		
		10	Albert Shire Part B		
		15	Sunshine Coast		
		20	Moreton SD Bal		
	<b>15</b>		<b>Wide Bay-Burnett</b>		
		05	Bundaberg		
		10	Wide Bay-Burnett SD Bal		
	<b>20</b>		<b>Darling Downs</b>		
		05	Darling Downs		
	<b>25</b>		<b>South West</b>		
		05	South West		
	<b>30</b>		<b>Fitzroy</b>		
		05	Rockhampton		
		10	Gladstone		
		15	Fitzroy SD Bal		
	<b>35</b>		<b>Central West</b>		
		05	Central West		
	<b>40</b>		<b>Mackay</b>		
		05	Mackay		
		10	Mackay SD Bal		
	<b>45</b>		<b>Northern</b>		
		05	Townsville City		
		10	Thuringowa City Part A		
		15	Northern SD Bal		
	<b>50</b>		<b>Far North</b>		
		05	Cairns		
		10	Far North SD Bal		
	<b>55</b>		<b>North West</b>		
		05	North West		
	<b>85</b>		<b>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</b>		
		01	Off-Shore Areas & Migratory		

**AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION**  
**BROAD MAIN STRUCTURE**  
**States/Territories, Statistical Divisions and Statistical Subdivisions**

<i>S/T</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>Name</i>
<b>4</b>			<b>SOUTH AUSTRALIA</b>			
	<b>05</b>		<b>Adelaide</b>			
		05	Northern			
		10	Western			
		15	Eastern			
		20	Southern			
	<b>10</b>		<b>Outer Adelaide</b>			
		05	Barossa			
		10	Kangaroo Island			
		15	Onkaparinga			
		20	Fleurieu			
	<b>15</b>		<b>Yorke and Lower North</b>			
		05	Yorke			
		10	Lower North			
	<b>20</b>		<b>Murray Lands</b>			
		05	Riverland			
		10	Murray Mallee			
	<b>25</b>		<b>South East</b>			
		05	Upper South East			
		10	Lower South East			
	<b>30</b>		<b>Eyre</b>			
		05	Lincoln			
		10	West Coast			
	<b>35</b>		<b>Northern</b>			
		05	Whyalla			
		15	Pirie			
		20	Flinders Ranges			
		25	Far North			
	<b>85</b>		<b>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</b>			
		01	Off-Shore Areas & Migratory			

**AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION**  
**BROAD MAIN STRUCTURE**  
**States/Territories, Statistical Divisions and Statistical Subdivisions**

<i>S/T</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>Name</i>
<b>5</b>			<b>WESTERN AUSTRALIA</b>			
	<b>05</b>		<b>Perth</b>			
		05	Central Metropolitan			
		10	East Metropolitan			
		15	North Metropolitan			
		20	South West Metropolitan			
		25	South East Metropolitan			
	<b>10</b>		<b>South West</b>			
		05	Dale			
		10	Preston			
		15	Vasse			
		20	Blackwood			
	<b>15</b>		<b>Lower Great Southern</b>			
		05	Pallinup			
		10	King			
	<b>20</b>		<b>Upper Great Southern</b>			
		05	Hotham			
		10	Lakes			
	<b>25</b>		<b>Midlands</b>			
		05	Moore			
		10	Avon			
		15	Campion			
	<b>30</b>		<b>South Eastern</b>			
		05	Lefroy			
		10	Johnston			
	<b>35</b>		<b>Central</b>			
		05	Gascoyne			
		10	Carnegie			
		15	Greenough River			
	<b>40</b>		<b>Pilbara</b>			
		05	De Grey			
		10	Fortescue			
	<b>45</b>		<b>Kimberley</b>			
		05	Ord			
		10	Fitzroy			
	<b>85</b>		<b>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</b>			
		01	Off-Shore Areas & Migratory			

**AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION  
BROAD MAIN STRUCTURE**

**States/Territories, Statistical Divisions and Statistical Subdivisions**

<i>S/T</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>Name</i>
<b>6</b>			<b>TASMANIA</b>			
	<b>05</b>		<b>Greater Hobart</b>			
		05	Greater Hobart			
	<b>10</b>		<b>Southern</b>			
		05	Southern			
	<b>15</b>		<b>Northern</b>			
		05	Greater Launceston			
		10	Central North			
		15	North Eastern			
	<b>20</b>		<b>Mersey-Lyell</b>			
		05	Burnie-Devonport			
		10	North Western Rural			
		15	Lyell			
	<b>85</b>		<b>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</b>			
		01	Off-Shore Areas & Migratory			



**AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION**  
**BROAD MAIN STRUCTURE**  
**States/Territories, Statistical Divisions and Statistical Subdivisions**

<i>S/T</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Code</i> <i>SSD</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Code</i> <i>SSD</i>	<i>Name</i>
<b>7</b>			<b>NORTHERN TERRITORY</b>			
	<b>05</b>		<b>Darwin</b>			
		05	Darwin City			
		10	Palmerston-East Arm			
	<b>10</b>		<b>Northern Territory - Bal</b>			
		05	Darwin Rural Areas			
		10	Bathurst-Melville			
		15	Alligator			
		20	Daly			
		25	East Arnhem			
		30	Lower Top End NT			
		35	Barkly			
		40	Central NT			
	<b>85</b>		<b>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</b>			
		01	Off-Shore Areas & Migratory			

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## BROAD MAIN STRUCTURE

### States/Territories, Statistical Divisions and Statistical Subdivisions

<i>S/T</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>Name</i>
<b>8</b>			<b>AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY</b>			
	<b>05</b>		<b>Canberra</b>			
		05	Central Canberra			
		10	Belconnen			
		15	Woden Valley			
		20	Weston Creek			
		25	Tuggeranong			
		30	Outer Canberra			
	<b>10</b>		<b>Australian Capital Territory</b>			
			<b>- Bal</b>			
		05	Australian Capital Territory - Bal			

**AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION**  
**BROAD MAIN STRUCTURE**  
**States/Territories, Statistical Divisions and Statistical Subdivisions**

<i>S/T</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>Name</i>
<b>9</b>			<b>OTHER TERRITORIES</b>			
<b>10</b>			<b>Other Territories</b>			
		<b>05</b>	<b>Other Territories</b>			



## Detailed Main Structure



# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

S/T	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
1				<b>NEW SOUTH WALES</b>				
	05			<b>Sydney</b>	55			<b>Lower Northern Sydney</b>
		05		<i>Inner Sydney</i>		4100		Hunter's Hill (M)
		1100		Botany (M)		4700		Lane Cove (M)
		4800		Leichhardt (M)		5350		Mosman (M)
		5200		Marrickville (M)		5950		North Sydney (M)
		7070		South Sydney (C)		6700		Ryde (C)
		7201		Sydney (C) - Inner		8250		Willoughby (C)
		7202		Sydney (C) - Remainder	60			<i>Hornsby-Ku-ring-gai</i>
						4000		Hornsby (S)
	10			<i>Eastern Suburbs</i>		4500		Ku-ring-gai (M)
		6550		Randwick (C)	65			<i>Northern Beaches</i>
		8050		Waverley (M)		5150		Manly (M)
		8500		Woollahra (M)		6370		Pittwater (M)
						8000		Warringah (S)
	15			<i>St George-Sutherland</i>	70			<i>Gosford-Wyong</i>
		4150		Hurstville (C)		3100		Gosford (C)
		4450		Kogarah (M)		8550		Wyong (S)
		6650		Rockdale (M)				
		7150		Sutherland (S)	10			<b>Hunter</b>
	20			<i>Canterbury-Bankstown</i>		05		<i>Newcastle</i>
		0350		Bankstown (C)		1720		Cessnock (C)
		1550		Canterbury (M)		4650		Lake Macquarie (C)
						5050		Maitland (C)
	25			<i>Fairfield-Liverpool</i>		5901		Newcastle (C) - Inner
		2850		Fairfield (C)		5902		Newcastle (C) - Remainder
		4900		Liverpool (C)		6400		Port Stephens (S)
	30			<i>Outer South Western Sydney</i>	10			<i>Hunter SD Bal</i>
		1450		Camden (M)		2700		Dungog (S)
		1500		Campbelltown (C)		3050		Gloucester (S)
		8400		Wollondilly (S)		3400		Great Lakes (S)
						5250		Merriwa (S)
	35			<i>Inner Western Sydney</i>		5600		Murrumbidgee (S)
		0150		Ashfield (M)		5650		Muswellbrook (S)
		1300		Burwood (M)		6800		Scone (S)
		1900		Concord (M)		7000		Singleton (S)
		2550		Drummoyne (M)	15			<b>Illawarra</b>
		7100		Strathfield (M)		05		<i>Wollongong</i>
						4400		Kiama (M)
	40			<i>Central Western Sydney</i>		6900		Shellharbour (M)
		0200		Auburn (M)		8450		Wollongong (C)
		3950		Holroyd (C)				
		6250		Parramatta (C)	10			<i>Illawarra SD Bal</i>
	45			<i>Outer Western Sydney</i>		6950		Shoalhaven (C)
		0900		Blue Mountains (C)		8350		Wingecarribee (S)
		3800		Hawkesbury (C)				
		6350		Penrith (C)				
	50			<i>Blacktown-Baulkham Hills</i>				
		0500		Baulkham Hills (S)				
		0750		Blacktown (C)				

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

ST	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
1				<b>NEW SOUTH WALES</b>				
20				<b>Richmond-Tweed</b>	35			<b>North Western</b>
05				<i>Tweed Heads</i>	05			<i>Central Macquarie</i>
		7551		Tweed (S) - Pt A		1950		Coolah (S)
10				<i>Richmond-Tweed SD Bal</i>		2100		Coonabarabran (S)
		0250		Ballina (S)		2600		Dubbo (C)
		1350		Byron (S)		2950		Gilgandra (S)
		1650		Casino (M)		5400		Mudgee (S)
		4550		Kyogle (S)		5850		Narromine (S)
		4850		Lismore (C)		8150		Wellington (S)
		6600		Richmond River (S)	10			<i>Macquarie-Barwon</i>
		7552		Tweed (S) - Pt B		0950		Bogan (S)
25				<b>Mid-North Coast</b>		2150		Coonamble (S)
05				<i>Clarence</i>		7900		Walgett (S)
		0600		Bellingen (S)		7950		Warren (S)
		1800		Coffs Harbour (C)	15			<i>Upper Darling</i>
		2250		Copmanhurst (S)		1150		Bourke (S)
		3200		Grafton (C)		1200		Brewarrina (S)
		5000		Maclean (S)		1750		Cobar (S)
		5700		Nambucca (S)	40			<b>Central West</b>
		6050		Nymboida (S)	05			<i>Bathurst-Orange</i>
		7600		Ulmarra (S)		0450		Bathurst (C)
10				<i>Hastings</i>		0851		Blayney (S) - Pt A
		3350		Greater Taree (C)		1401		Cabonne (S) - Pt A
		3750		Hastings (M)		2801		Evans (S) - Pt A
		4350		Kempsey (S)		6150		Orange (C)
		8859		Lord Howe Island	10			<i>Central Tablelands (excl. Bathurst-Orange)</i>
30				<b>Northern</b>		0852		Blayney (S) - Pt B
10				<i>Northern Slopes</i>		1402		Cabonne (S) - Pt B
		0400		Barraba (S)		2802		Evans (S) - Pt B
		0700		Bingara (S)		3300		Greater Lithgow (C)
		3550		Gunnedah (S)		6100		Oberon (S)
		4201		Inverell (S) - Pt A		6750		Rylstone (S)
		5100		Manilla (S)	15			<i>Lachlan</i>
		6000		Nundle (S)		0800		Bland (S)
		6300		Parry (S)		1403		Cabonne (S) - Pt C
		6500		Quirindi (S)		2350		Cowra (S)
		7300		Tamworth (C)		2900		Forbes (S)
		8600		Yallaroi (S)		4600		Lachlan (S)
15				<i>Northern Tablelands</i>		6200		Parkes (S)
		0100		Armidale (C)		8100		Weddin (S)
		2650		Dumaresq (S)				
		3000		Glen Innes (M)				
		3650		Guyra (S)				
		4202		Inverell (S) - Pt B				
		6850		Severn (S)				
		7400		Tenterfield (S)				
		7650		Uralla (S)				
		7850		Walcha (S)				
20				<b>North Central Plain</b>				
		5300		Moree Plains (S)				
		5750		Narrabri (S)				



# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

S/T	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
1				<b>NEW SOUTH WALES</b>				
	45			<b>South Eastern</b>	15			<b>Central Murray</b>
		05		<i>Queanbeyan</i>		0650		Berrigan (S)
			6450	Queanbeyan (C)		1850		Conargo (S)
						2500		Deniliquin (M)
						4250		Jerilderie (S)
		10		<i>Southern Tablelands (excl. Queanbeyan)</i>		5500		Murray (S)
						7800		Wakool (S)
						8300		Windouran (S)
			1050	Boorowa (S)				
			2400	Crookwell (S)	20			<b>Murray-Darling</b>
			3150	Goulburn (C)		0300		Balranald (S)
			3600	Gunning (S)		8200		Wentworth (S)
			3700	Harden (S)				
			5450	Mulwaree (S)				
			7250	Tallaganda (S)				
			8650	Yarrowlumla (S)	60			<b>Far West</b>
			8700	Yass (S)				
			8750	Young (S)	10			<b>Far West</b>
						1250		Broken Hill (C)
						1700		Central Darling (S)
						8809		Unincorp. Far West
		15		<b>Lower South Coast</b>				
			0550	Bega Valley (S)				
			2750	Eurobodalla (S)	85			<b>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</b>
		20		<b>Snowy</b>	01			<b>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</b>
			1000	Bombala (S)		9779		Off-Shore Areas & Migratory
			2050	Cooma-Monaro (S)				
			7050	Snowy River (S)				
	50			<b>Murrumbidgee</b>				
		10		<i>Central Murrumbidgee</i>				
			2000	Coolamon (S)				
			2200	Cootamundra (S)				
			3500	Gundagai (S)				
			4300	Junee (S)				
			4950	Lockhart (S)				
			5800	Narrandera (S)				
			7350	Temora (S)				
			7500	Tumut (S)				
			7750	Wagga Wagga (C)				
		15		<i>Lower Murrumbidgee</i>				
			1600	Carrathool (S)				
			3450	Griffith (C)				
			3850	Hay (S)				
			4750	Leeton (S)				
			5550	Murrumbidgee (S)				
	55			<b>Murray</b>				
		05		<i>Albury</i>				
			0050	Albury (C)				
			4050	Hume (S)				
		10		<i>Upper Murray (excl. Albury)</i>				
			2300	Corowa (S)				
			2450	Culcairn (S)				
			3900	Holbrook (S)				
			7450	Tumbarumba (S)				
			7700	Urana (S)				

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

S/T	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
2				<b>VICTORIA</b>				
	05			<b>Melbourne</b>	55			<b>Eastern Outer Melbourne</b>
	05			<b>Central Melbourne</b>		2120		Croydon (C)
		1960		Collingwood (C)		3880		Knox (C)
		2760		Fitzroy (C)		5480		Nunawading (C)
		4601		Melbourne (C) - Inner		6160		Ringwood (C)
		4602		Melbourne (C) - Remainder	60			<b>Eastern Fringe Melbourne</b>
		5840		Port Melbourne (C)		3360		Healesville (S)
		5960		Pratran (C)		4240		Lillydale (S)
		6120		Richmond (C)		6760		Sherbrooke (S)
		6480		St Kilda (C)		7521		Upper Yarra (S) - Pt A
		6880		South Melbourne (C)				
	10			<b>Western Inner Melbourne</b>	65			<b>Southern Inner Melbourne</b>
		2680		Essendon (C)		1160		Brighton (C)
		2840		Footscray (C)		1600		Caulfield (C)
		8080		Williamstown (C)		4440		Malvern (C)
	15			<b>Western Outer Melbourne</b>		6560		Sandringham (C)
		0120		Altona (C)	70			<b>Southern Outer Melbourne</b>
		3680		Keilor (C)		4920		Moorabbin (C)
		7080		Sunshine (C)		4960		Mordialloc (C)
						5520		Oakleigh (C)
	20			<b>Western Fringe Melbourne</b>	75			<b>South Eastern Inner Melbourne</b>
		4640		Melton (S)		2160		Dandenong (C)
		8000		Werribee (C)		6920		Springvale (C)
	25			<b>Northern Inner Melbourne</b>	80			<b>South Eastern Outer Melbourne</b>
		1280		Brunswick (C)		0960		Berwick (C)
		1800		Coburg (C)		2040		Cranbourne (S)
	30			<b>Northern Middle Melbourne</b>		5720		Pakenham (S)
		3400		Heidelberg (C)	85			<b>Mornington Peninsula Inner</b>
		5400		Northcote (C)		1680		Chelsea (C)
		6000		Preston (C)		2880		Frankston (C)
	35			<b>Northern Fringe Melbourne</b>	90			<b>Mornington Peninsula Outer</b>
		1240		Broadmeadows (C)		2800		Flinders (S)
		1320		Bulla (S)		3280		Hastings (S)
						5000		Mornington (S)
	40			<b>Northern Outer Melbourne</b>	10			<b>Barwon</b>
		2280		Diamond Valley (S)		05		<b>Geelong</b>
		2640		Eltham (S)		0601		Bannockburn (S) - Pt A
		8040		Whittlesea (C)		0641		Barrabool (S) - Pt A
	45			<b>Eastern Inner Melbourne</b>		0801		Bellarine (RC) - Pt A
		1480		Camberwell (C)		2001		Corio (S) - Pt A
		3320		Hawthorn (C)		2920		Geelong (C)
		3800		Kew (C)		2960		Geelong West (C)
	50			<b>Eastern Middle Melbourne</b>		5360		Newtown (C)
		1080		Box Hill (C)		6801		South Barwon (C) - Pt A
		2400		Doncaster & Templestowe (C)	10			<b>East Barwon</b>
		7960		Waverley (C)		0642		Barrabool (S) - Pt B
						0802		Bellarine (RC) - Pt B
						6080		Queenscliffe (B)
						6802		South Barwon (C) - Pt B

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

S/T	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
2				<b>VICTORIA</b>				
		15		<b>West Barwon</b>		25		<b>Wimmera</b>
			0602	Bannockburn (S) - Pt B			05	<b>South Wimmera</b>
			1880	Colac (C)				0160 Arapiles (S)
			1920	Colac (S)				3480 Horsham (C)
			2002	Corio (S) - Pt B				3600 Kara Kara (S)
			4160	Leigh (S)				4040 Kowree (S)
			5640	Otway (S)				6440 St Arnaud (T)
			8160	Winchelsea (S)				6960 Stawell (C)
								7000 Stawell (S)
								8120 Wimmera (S)
		15		<b>Western District</b>				
			05	<b>Hopkins</b>			10	<b>North Wimmera</b>
				0760 Belfast (S)				2320 Dimboola (S)
				1520 Camperdown (T)				2360 Donald (S)
				3240 Hampden (S)				2480 Dunmunkle (S)
				3440 Heytesbury (S)				3560 Kaniva (S)
				5040 Mortlake (S)				4280 Lowan (S)
				5800 Port Fairy (B)				7800 Warracknabeal (S)
				7880 Warrnambool (C)				
				7920 Warrnambool (S)				
				8569 Lady Julia Percy & Towerhill				
						30		<b>Mallee</b>
			10	<b>Glenelg</b>			05	<b>Mildura</b>
				2440 Dundas (S)				4720 Mildura (C)
				3040 Glenelg (S)				4761 Mildura (S) - Pt A
				3200 Hamilton (C)				
				3460 Heywood (S)			10	<b>West Mallee</b>
				4800 Minhamite (S)				1040 Birchip (S)
				5120 Mount Rouse (S)				3640 Karkarooc (S)
				5880 Portland (C)				4762 Mildura (S) - Pt B
				7720 Wannon (S)				7600 Walpeup (S)
								8320 Wycheproof (S)
		20		<b>Central Highlands</b>				
			05	<b>Ballarat</b>			15	<b>East Mallee</b>
				0480 Ballarat (C)				3720 Kerang (B)
				0561 Ballarat (S) - Pt A				3760 Kerang (S)
				1401 Bungaree (S) - Pt A				7120 Swan Hill (C)
				1441 Buninyong (S) - Pt A				7160 Swan Hill (S)
				3161 Grenville (S) - Pt A				
				6600 Sebastopol (B)				
						35		<b>Loddon-Campaspe</b>
			10	<b>East Central Highlands</b>			05	<b>Bendigo</b>
				0360 Bacchus Marsh (S)				0920 Bendigo (C)
				0520 Ballan (S)				2520 Eaglehawk (B)
				1402 Bungaree (S) - Pt B				3521 Huntly (S) - Pt A
				1442 Buninyong (S) - Pt B				4521 Marong (RC) - Pt A
				2080 Creswick (S)				7041 Strathfieldsaye (S) - Pt A
				2200 Daylesford & Glenlyon (S)				
							10	<b>Northern Loddon-Campaspe</b>
			15	<b>West Central Highlands</b>				1640 Charlton (S)
				0200 Ararat (C)				1840 Cohuna (S)
				0240 Ararat (S)				2560 East Loddon (S)
				0280 Avoca (S)				2600 Echuca (C)
				0562 Ballarat (S) - Pt B				3080 Gordon (S)
				3162 Grenville (S) - Pt B				3960 Korong (S)
				4200 Lexton (S)				6240 Rochester (S)
				6200 Ripon (S)				
				7200 Talbot & Clunes (S)				

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

S/T	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
2				<b>VICTORIA</b>				
	15			<i>Central Loddon-Campaspe</i>	10			<i>North Ovens-Murray</i>
		1000		Bet Bet (S)		6400		Ruthergien (S)
		1560		Castlemaine (C)		7640		Wangaratta (C)
		3522		Huntly (S) - Pt B		7680		Wangaratta (S)
		4320		Mclvor (S)		8440		Yarrawonga (S)
		4400		Maldon (S)				
		4522		Marong (RC) - Pt B	15			<i>South Ovens-Murray</i>
		4560		Maryborough (C)		1120		Bright (S)
		4680		Metcalfe (S)		5160		Myrtleford (S)
		5320		Newstead (S)		5680		Oxley (S)
		7042		Strathfieldsaye (S) - Pt B		7242		Tallangatta (S) - Pt B
		7400		Tullaroop (S)		7480		Upper Murray (S)
	20			<i>South Loddon-Campaspe</i>	50			<i>East Gippsland</i>
		3000		Gisborne (S)				
		4120		Kyneton (S)	05			<i>Gippsland Lakes</i>
		5280		Newham & Woodend (S)		0400		Bairnsdale (C)
		6040		Pyalong (S)		0441		Bairnsdale (S) - Pt A
		6320		Romsey (S)		7281		Tambo (S) - Pt A
40				<b>Goulburn</b>	10			<i>Mitchell-Snowy</i>
	05			<i>Shepparton-Mooroopna</i>		0442		Bairnsdale (S) - Pt B
		6281		Rodney (S) - Pt A		5560		Ormeo (S)
		6680		Shepparton (C)		5600		Orbost (S)
		6721		Shepparton (S) - Pt A		7282		Tambo (S) - Pt B
	10			<i>North Goulburn</i>	15			<i>Macalister-Avon</i>
		1760		Cobram (S)		0320		Avon (S)
		2240		Deakin (S)		4360		Maffra (S)
		4080		Kyabram (T)		6520		Sale (C)
		5240		Nathalia (S)	55			<i>Gippsland</i>
		5440		Nurmkah (S)				
		6282		Rodney (S) - Pt B	05			<i>Latrobe Valley</i>
		6722		Shepparton (S) - Pt B		4880		Moe (C)
		7440		Tungamah (S)		5081		Morwell (C) - Pt A
		7760		Waranga (S)		5201		Narracan (S) - Pt A
	15			<i>South Goulburn</i>		7320		Traralgon (C)
		0080		Alexandra (S)		7361		Traralgon (S) - Pt A
		0840		Benalla (C)		8509		Yallourn Works Area
		0880		Benalla (S)	10			<i>West Gippsland</i>
		2720		Euroa (S)		1360		Buln Buln (S)
		3120		Goulburn (S)		5202		Narracan (S) - Pt B
		4480		Mansfield (S)		7522		Upper Yarra (S) - Pt B
		7560		Violet Town (S)		7840		Warragul (RC)
	20			<i>South West Goulburn</i>	15			<i>Strzelecki</i>
		1200		Broadford (S)		0040		Alberton (S)
		3840		Kilmore (S)		4840		Mirboo (S)
		6640		Seymour (S)		5082		Morwell (C) - Pt B
		8480		Yea (S)		6360		Rosedale (S)
45				<b>Ovens-Murray</b>		7362		Traralgon (S) - Pt B
	05			<i>Wodonga</i>				
		0720		Beechworth (S)				
		1720		Chiltern (S)				
		7241		Tallangatta (S) - Pt A				
		8200		Wodonga (RC)				
		8360		Yackandandah (S)				

**AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION**  
**DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE**  
**States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas**

<i>S/T</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>SLA</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>SLA</i>	<i>Name</i>
<b>2</b>				<b>VICTORIA</b>				
		20		<i>South Gippsland</i>				
			0680	Bass (S)				
			4000	Korumburra (S)				
			5760	Phillip Island (S)				
			6840	South Gippsland (S)				
			8240	Wonthaggi (B)				
			8280	Woorayl (S)				
			8529	French Island				
			8649	Bass Strait Islands				
		85		<b>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</b>				
			01	<i>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</i>				
			9779	Off-Shore Areas & Migratory				

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

S/T	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
3				<b>QUEENSLAND</b>				
	05			<b>Brisbane</b>				
		05		<i>Brisbane City</i>				
			1001	Acacia Ridge			1265	Hemmant-Lytton
			1004	Albion			1271	Hendra
			1007	Alderley			1274	Herston
			1012	Algester			1277	Highgate Hill
			1015	Annerley			1282	Holland Park
			1018	Anstead			1285	Holland Park West
			1023	Archerfield			1288	Inala
			1026	Ascot			1293	Indooroopilly
			1031	Ashgrove			1296	Jamboree Heights
			1034	Aspley			1301	Jindalee
			1037	Bald Hills			1304	Kangaroo Point
			1042	Balmoral			1307	Karawatha
			1045	Banyo			1312	Kedron
			1048	Bardon			1315	Kelvin Grove
			1053	Bellbowrie			1318	Kenmore
			1057	Belmont-Mackenzie			1323	Kenmore Hills
			1061	Berrinba			1326	Keperra
			1064	Boondall			1331	Kuraby
			1067	Bowen Hills			1337	Lota
			1072	Bracken Ridge			1345	Lutwyche
			1075	Bridgeman Downs			1353	McDowall
			1078	Brighton			1356	MacGregor
			1083	Brookfield (incl. Mt C'tha)			1364	Manly
			1086	Bulimba			1367	Manly West
			1091	Burbank			1372	Mansfield
			1094	Calamvale			1375	Middle Park
			1097	Camp Hill			1378	Milton
			1102	Cannon Hill			1383	Mitchelton
			1105	Capalaba West			1386	Moggill
			1108	Carindale			1391	Moorooka
			1113	Carina			1394	Moreton Island
			1116	Carina Heights			1397	Morningside
			1121	Carseldine			1402	Mount Gravatt
			1124	Chandler			1405	Mount Gravatt East
			1127	Chapel Hill			1408	Mount Ommaney
			1132	Chelmer			1413	Murarie
			1135	Chermside			1416	Nathan
			1138	Chermside West			1421	New Farm
			1143	City - Inner			1424	Newmarket
			1146	City - Remainder			1427	Newstead
			1151	Clayfield			1432	Norman Park
			1154	Coopers Plains			1435	Northgate
			1157	Cootaroo			1438	Nudgee
			1162	Corinda			1443	Nudgee Beach
			1167	Darra-Sumner			1446	Nundah
			1173	Deagon			1451	Oxley
			1176	Doolandella-Forest Lake			1454	Paddington
			1184	Durack			1456	Pailara-Heathwood-Larapinta
			1187	Dutton Park			1463	Parkinson-Drewvale
			1195	East Brisbane			1465	Pinjarra Hills
			1198	Eight Mile Plains			1467	Pinkenba-Eagle Farm
			1203	Ellen Grove			1473	Pullenvale
			1206	Enoggera			1476	Ransome
			1211	Everton Park			1481	Red Hill
			1214	Fairfield			1484	Richlands
			1217	Ferny Grove			1487	Riverhills
			1222	Fig Tree Pocket			1492	Robertson
			1228	Fortitude Valley - Inner			1495	Rochedale
			1233	Fortitude Valley - Remainder			1498	Rocklea
			1236	Geebung			1503	Runcorn
			1241	Graceville			1506	St Lucia
			1244	Grange			1511	Salisbury
			1247	Greenslopes			1514	Sandgate
			1252	Gumdale			1517	Seventeen Mile Rocks
			1255	Hamilton			1522	Sherwood
			1258	Hawthorne			1525	South Brisbane
							1528	Spring Hill
							1533	Stafford
							1536	Stafford Heights

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

S/T	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
3				<b>QUEENSLAND</b>				
				1541 Stretton	30			<i>Logan City</i>
				1547 Sunnybank				4601 Browns Plains
				1552 Sunnybank Hills				4603 Carbrook-Cornubia
				1556 Taigum-Fitzgibbon				4605 Daisy Hill-Priestdale
				1558 Taringa				4608 Greenbank - Pt B
				1563 Tarragindi				4612 Kingston
				1566 The Gap (incl. Enoggera Res.)				4615 Loganholme
				1571 Tingalpa				4618 Loganlea
				1574 Toowong				4623 Marsden
				1577 Underwood - Pt A				4631 Rochedale South
				1582 Upper Brookfield				4634 Shailer Park
				1585 Upper Kedron				4637 Slacks Creek
				1588 Upper Mount Gravatt				4642 Springwood
				1593 Virginia				4645 Tanah Merah
				1596 Wacol				4648 Underwood - Pt B
				1601 Wakerley				4654 Waterford West
				1604 Wavell Heights				4656 Woodridge
				1607 West End				4663 Logan (C) Bai
				1612 Westlake				
				1615 Willawong				
				1618 Wilston	40			<i>Pine Rivers Shire</i>
				1623 Windsor				5951 Albany Creek
				1626 Wishart				5954 Arana Hills
				1631 Woolloongabba				5957 Bray Park
				1634 Woolloowin				5962 Everton Hills
				1637 Wynnum				5965 Ferny Hills
				1642 Wynnum West				5968 Kailangur
				1645 Yeerongpilly				5973 Lawnton
				1648 Yeronga				5974 Petrie
				1653 Zillmere				5976 Strathpine
								5983 Pine Rivers (S) Bal
	10			<i>Albert Shire Part A</i>				
				0051 Beenleigh	45			<i>Redcliffe City</i>
				0053 Bethania-Waterford				6200 Redcliffe (C)
				0055 Eagleby				
				0058 Edens Landing-Holmview				
				0061 Mt Warren Park				
				0063 Windaroo-Bannockburn	50			<i>Redland Shire</i>
				0064 Albert (S) Bal in BSD				6251 Alexandra Hills
								6254 Birkdale
								6257 Capalaba
	15			<i>Beauresert Shire Part A</i>				6262 Cleveland
				0551 Greenbank - Pt A				6264 Ormiston
				0554 Beauresert (S) Bal in BSD				6265 Redland Bay
								6267 Sheldon-Mt Cotton
								6268 Thorneside
	20			<i>Caboolture Shire Part A</i>				6271 Thornlands
				2001 Caboolture (S) - Pt A				6273 Victoria Point
								6276 Wellington Point
								6283 Redland (S) Bal
	25			<i>Ipswich-Moreton Shire Part A</i>				
				3950 Ipswich (C)				
				5202 Bellbird Park				
				5203 Camira				
				5204 Carole Park				
				5207 Karalee				
				5214 Moreton (S) Bal in BSD - Nth				
				5217 Moreton (S) Bal in BSD - Sth				

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

S/T	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
3				<b>QUEENSLAND</b>				
	10			<b>Moreton</b>	15			<b>Wide Bay-Burnett</b>
		05		<i>Gold Coast City</i>		05		<i>Bundaberg</i>
		3452		Arundel		1800		Bundaberg (C)
		3453		Ashmore		3551		Gooburrum (S) - Pt A
		3454		Benowa		7551		Woongarra (S) - Pt A
		3457		Biggera Waters				
		3458		Bilinga				
		3462		Broadbeach		10		<i>Wide Bay-Burnett SD Bal</i>
		3465		Bundall		0700		Biggenden (S)
		3468		Burleigh Heads		2950		Eidsvold (S)
		3472		Coolangatta		3300		Gayndah (S)
		3473		Coombahbah		3554		Gooburrum (S) - Pt B
		3474		Currumbin		3650		Gympie (C)
		3478		Ernest-Molendinar		3750		Hervey Bay (C)
		3482		Hollywell		4000		Isis (S)
		3483		Labrador		4300		Kilkivan (S)
		3485		Main Beach-Broadwater		4350		Kingaroy (S)
		3486		Mermaid Beach		4400		Kolan (S)
		3488		Miami		4950		Maryborough (C)
		3491		Palm Beach		5100		Miriam Vale (S)
		3492		Paradise Point		5150		Monto (S)
		3493		Parkwood		5450		Mundubbera (S)
		3495		Runaway Bay		5500		Murgon (S)
		3498		Southport		5650		Nanango (S)
		3503		Surfers Paradise		5900		Perry (S)
		3506		Tugun		6850		Tiaro (S)
						7350		Widgee (S)
						7450		Wondai (S)
						7500		Woocoo (S)
						7554		Woongarra (S) - Pt B
	10			<i>Albert Shire Part B</i>	20			<b>Darling Downs</b>
		0065		Broadbeach Waters		05		<i>Darling Downs</i>
		0067		Burleigh Waters		0100		Allora (S)
		0072		Carrara-Merrimac		2150		Cambooya (S)
		0074		Currumbin Waters		2350		Chinchilla (S)
		0077		Elanora		2400		Clifton (S)
		0082		Helensvale		2550		Crow's Nest (S)
		0083		Hope Island		2650		Dalby (T)
		0086		Kerrydale-Stephens		3400		Glengallan (S)
		0088		Mermaid Waters		3600		Goondiwindi (T)
		0091		Mudgeeraba		3900		Inglewood (S)
		0093		Nerang		4200		Jondaryan (S)
		0094		Oxenford		5000		Millmerran (S)
		0096		Robina-Clear Island Waters		5550		Murilla (S)
		0097		Worongary-Tallai		6050		Pittsworth (S)
		0098		Albert (S) - Pt B Bal		6450		Rosalie (S)
						6500		Rosenthal (S)
						6600		Stanthorpe (S)
						6700		Tara (S)
						6750		Taroom (S)
						6900		Toowoomba (C)
						7100		Waggamba (S)
						7150		Wambo (S)
						7250		Warwick (C)
	15			<i>Sunshine Coast</i>				
		2131		Caloundra (C) - Pt A				
		4901		Maroochy (S) - Pt A				
		5751		Noosa (S) - Pt A				
	20			<i>Moreton SD Bal</i>				
		0557		Beaudesert (S) - Pt B				
		0800		Boonah (S)				
		2031		Caboolture (S) - Pt B				
		2134		Caloundra (C) - Pt B				
		3050		Esk (S)				
		3250		Gatton (S)				
		4250		Kilcoy (S)				
		4450		Laidley (S)				
		4904		Maroochy (S) - Pt B				
		5231		Moreton (S) - Pt B				
		5754		Noosa (S) - Pt B				



# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

S/T	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
3				<b>QUEENSLAND</b>				
	25			<b>South West</b>	40			<b>Mackay</b>
		05		<i>South West</i>		05		<i>Mackay</i>
		0300		Balonne (S)		4750		Mackay (C)
		0650		Bendemere (S)		6001		Pioneer (S) - Pt A
		0850		Booringa (S)				
		1750		Bulloo (S)		10		<i>Mackay SD Bal</i>
		1850		Bungil (S)		0600		Belyando (S)
		5600		Murweh (S)		1700		Broadsound (S)
		5800		Paroo (S)		5050		Mirani (S)
		6150		Quilpie (S)		5700		Nebo (S)
		6400		Roma (T)		6004		Pioneer (S) - Pt B
		7200		Warroo (S)		6550		Sarina (S)
						7330		Whitsunday (S)
	30			<b>Fitzroy</b>	45			<b>Northern</b>
		05		<i>Rockhampton</i>		05		<i>Townsville City</i>
		3151		Fitzroy (S) - Pt A		7001		Aitkenvale
		6350		Rockhampton (C)		7003		City
						7007		Cranbrook
		10		<i>Gladstone</i>		7012		Currajong
		2101		Calliope (S) - Pt A		7014		Douglas
		3350		Gladstone (C)		7015		Garbutt
						7018		Gulliver
		15		<i>Fitzroy SD Bal</i>		7023		Heatley
		0350		Banana (S)		7026		Hermit Park
		0500		Bauhinia (S)		7027		Hyde Park-Mysterton
		2104		Calliope (S) - Pt B		7031		Magnetic Island
		2850		Duaringa (S)		7033		Mt Louisa-Mt St John-Bohle
		3000		Emerald (S)		7034		Mundingburra
		3154		Fitzroy (S) - Pt B		7038		Murray
		4100		Jericho (S)		7041		North Ward-Castle Hill
		4550		Livingstone (S)		7044		Oonoonba-Idafia-Cluden
		5350		Mount Morgan (S)		7047		Pallarenda-Shelley Beach
		5850		Peak Downs (S)		7051		Pimlico
						7054		Railway Estate
						7058		Rosslea
						7062		Rowes Bay-Belgian Gardens
						7065		South Townsville
						7068		Stuart-Roseneath
						7071		Vincent
						7074		West End
						7078		Wulguru
						7081		Townsville (C) Bal
						10		<i>Thuringowa City Part A</i>
						6801		Kelso
						6804		Kirwan
						6807		Thuringowa (C) - Pt A Bal
						15		<i>Northern SD Bal</i>
						0950		Bowen (S)
						1900		Burdekin (S)
						2300		Charters Towers (C)
						2700		Dalrymple (S)
						3800		Hinchinbrook (S)
						6831		Thuringowa (C) - Pt B
	35			<b>Central West</b>				
		05		<i>Central West</i>				
		0150		Aramac (S)				
		0400		Barcaldine (S)				
		0450		Barcoo (S)				
		0750		Blackall (S)				
		0900		Boulia (S)				
		2750		Diamantina (S)				
		3850		Ilfracombe (S)				
		4050		Isisford (S)				
		4700		Longreach (S)				
		6650		Tambo (S)				
		7400		Winton (S)				

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

S/T	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
3				<b>QUEENSLAND</b>				
	50			<b>Far North</b>				
		05		<i>Cairns</i>				
			2050	Cairns (C)				
			5401	Mulgrave (S) - Pt A				
		10		<i>Far North SD Bal</i>				
			0200	Atherton (S)				
			0250	Aurukun (S)				
			2200	Cardwell (S)				
			2501	Cook (S) (excl. Weipa)				
			2504	Cook (S) - Weipa only				
			2600	Croydon (S)				
			2800	Douglas (S)				
			2900	Eacham (S)				
			3100	Etheridge (S)				
			3700	Herberton (S)				
			4150	Johnstone (S)				
			4850	Mareeba (S)				
			5404	Mulgrave (S) - Pt B				
			6950	Torres (S)				
	55			<b>North West</b>				
		05		<i>North West</i>				
			1950	Burke (S)				
			2250	Carpentaria (S)				
			2450	Cloncurry (S)				
			3200	Flinders (S)				
			4800	McKinlay (S)				
			5250	Mornington (S)				
			5300	Mount Isa (C)				
			6300	Richmond (S)				
			8809	Unincorp. Islands				
	85			<b>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</b>				
		01		<i>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</i>				
			9779	Off-Shore Areas & Migratory				

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

S/T	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	
4				<b>SOUTH AUSTRALIA</b>					
	05			<b>Adelaide</b>	20			<b>Fleurieu</b>	
		05		<b>Northern</b>			6230	Port Elliot & Goolwa (DC)	
			1680	Elizabeth (C)			7420	Strathalbyn (DC)	
			1821	Enfield (C) - Pt A			8050	Victor Harbor (DC)	
			2030	Gawler (M)			8750	Yankalilla (DC)	
			4900	Munno Para (C)					
			7140	Salisbury (C)	15			<b>Yorke and Lower North</b>	
			7700	Tea Tree Gully (C)			05	<b>Yorke</b>	
		10		<b>Western</b>			0840	Bute (DC)	
			1822	Enfield (C) - Pt B			1040	Central Yorke Peninsula (DC)	
			2590	Henley & Grange (C)			4270	Minlaton (DC)	
			2660	Hindmarsh (M)			5280	Northern Yorke Peninsula (DC)	
			6020	Port Adelaide (C)			6160	Port Broughton (DC)	
			7770	Thebarton (M)			8330	Wallaroo (M)	
			8470	West Torrens (C)			8400	Warooka (DC)	
			8680	Woodville (C)			8820	Yorketown (DC)	
			8899	Unincorp. Western			8969	Unincorp. Yorke	
		15		<b>Eastern</b>			10	<b>Lower North</b>	
			0070	Adelaide (C)			0510	Blyth-Snowtown (DC)	
			0700	Burnside (C)			0770	Burra Burra (DC)	
			0910	Campbelltown (C)			1120	Clare (DC)	
			1610	East Torrens (DC)			1890	Eudunda (DC)	
			3150	Kensington & Norwood (C)			6790	Riverton (DC)	
			5530	Paynham (C)			6930	Robertstown (DC)	
			6510	Prospect (C)			7000	Saddieworth & Auburn (DC)	
			7070	St Peters (M)			7280	Spalding (DC)	
			7350	Stirling (DC)			8190	Wakefield Plains (DC)	
			7980	Unley (C)					
			8260	Walkerville (M)	20			<b>Murray Lands</b>	
		20		<b>Southern</b>			05	<b>Riverland</b>	
			0560	Brighton (C)			0210	Barmera (DC)	
			2240	Glenelg (C)			0420	Berri (DC)	
			2450	Happy Valley (C)			0630	Browns Well (DC)	
			4060	Marion (C)			3780	Loxton (DC)	
			4340	Mitcham (C)			4480	Morgan (DC)	
			5250	Noarlunga (C)			5460	Paringa (DC)	
			8610	Willunga (DC)			6650	Renmark (M)	
							8120	Waikerie (DC)	
							9039	Unincorp. Riverland	
		10		<b>Outer Adelaide</b>			10	<b>Murray Mallee</b>	
			05	<b>Barossa</b>			1400	Coonahpyn Downs (DC)	
				0140	Angaston (DC)		3080	Karoonda-East Murray (DC)	
				0280	Barossa (DC)		3430	Lameroo (DC)	
				2310	Gumeracha (DC)		3990	Mannum (DC)	
				3010	Kapunda (DC)		4130	Meningie (DC)	
				3640	Light (DC)		5040	Murray Bridge (RC)	
				3920	Mallala (DC)		5600	Peake (DC)	
				4760	Mount Pleasant (DC)		5880	Pinnaroo (DC)	
				7560	Tanunda (DC)		6730	Ridley-Truro (DC)	
							9109	Unincorp. Murray Mallee	
		10		<b>Kangaroo Island</b>	25			<b>South East</b>	
				1540	Dudley (DC)				
				3290	Kingscote (DC)				
		15		<b>Onkaparinga</b>			05	<b>Upper South East</b>	
				4550	Mount Barker (DC)			3360	Lacepede (DC)
				5320	Onkaparinga (DC)			3850	Lucindale (DC)
								5110	Naracoorte (M)
								5180	Naracoorte (DC)
								6860	Robe (DC)
								7630	Tatiara (DC)

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

SIT	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
4				<b>SOUTH AUSTRALIA</b>				
			10	<i>Lower South East</i>				
				0350 Beachport (DC)				
				4200 Millicent (DC)				
				4620 Mount Gambier (C)				
				4690 Mount Gambier (DC)				
				5670 Penola (DC)				
				6370 Port MacDonnell (DC)				
			30	<b>Eyre</b>				
			05	<i>Lincoln</i>				
				1190 Cleve (DC)				
				1750 Elliston (DC)				
				1960 Franklin Harbor (DC)				
				3220 Kimba (DC)				
				3570 Le Hunte (DC)				
				3710 Lower Eyre Peninsula (DC)				
				6300 Port Lincoln (C)				
				7910 Tumby Bay (DC)				
				9179 Unincorp. Lincoln				
			10	<i>West Coast</i>				
				4970 Murat Bay (DC)				
				7490 Streaky Bay (DC)				
				9249 Unincorp. West Coast				
			35	<b>Northern</b>				
			05	<i>Whyalla</i>				
				8540 Whyalla (C)				
				9389 Unincorp. Whyalla				
			15	<i>Pirie</i>				
				1480 Crystal Brook-Redhill (DC)				
				2380 Hallett (DC)				
				2740 Jamestown (DC)				
				5390 Orreroo (DC)				
				5740 Peterborough (M)				
				5810 Peterborough (DC)				
				5950 Pirie (DC)				
				6440 Port Pirie (C)				
				6950 Rocky River (DC)				
				9459 Unincorp. Pirie				
			20	<i>Flinders Ranges</i>				
				0980 Carrieton (DC)				
				2520 Hawker (DC)				
				2940 Kanyaka-Quorn (DC)				
				4830 Mount Remarkable (DC)				
				6090 Port Augusta (C)				
				9529 Unincorp. Flinders Ranges				
			25	<i>Far North</i>				
				1330 Coober Pedy (DC)				
				6970 Roxby Downs (M)				
				9589 Unincorp. Far North				
85				<b>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</b>				
			01	<i>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</i>				
				9779 Off-Shore Areas & Migratory				

**AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION**  
**DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE**  
**States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas**

S/T	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
<b>5</b>				<b>WESTERN AUSTRALIA</b>				
	<b>05</b>			<b>Perth</b>		<b>15</b>		<b>Vasse</b>
		<b>05</b>		<i>Central Metropolitan</i>			<b>0280</b>	<b>Augusta-Margaret River (S)</b>
			1750	Claremont (T)			<b>1260</b>	<b>Busselton (S)</b>
			2170	Cottesloe (T)				
			5740	Mosman Park (T)		<b>20</b>		<i>Blackwood</i>
			6580	Nedlands (C)			<b>0770</b>	<b>Boyup Brook (S)</b>
			6930	Peppermint Grove (S)			<b>0840</b>	<b>Bridgetown-Greenbushes (S)</b>
			7071	Perth (C) - Inner			<b>5180</b>	<b>Manjimup (S)</b>
			7072	Perth (C) - North			<b>6300</b>	<b>Nannup (S)</b>
			7073	Perth (C) - Outer				
			7074	Perth (C) - South				
			7075	Perth (C) - Wembley-Coastal	<b>15</b>			<b>Lower Great Southern</b>
			7980	Subiaco (C)		<b>05</b>		<i>Pallinup</i>
							<b>1050</b>	<b>Broomehill (S)</b>
							<b>3640</b>	<b>Gnowangerup (S)</b>
							<b>4130</b>	<b>Jerramungup (S)</b>
							<b>4340</b>	<b>Katanning (S)</b>
							<b>4480</b>	<b>Kent (S)</b>
							<b>4550</b>	<b>Kojonup (S)</b>
							<b>8120</b>	<b>Tambellup (S)</b>
							<b>9380</b>	<b>Woodanilling (S)</b>
	<b>10</b>			<i>East Metropolitan</i>				
			<b>0350</b>	<b>Bassendean (T)</b>				
			<b>0420</b>	<b>Bayswater (C)</b>				
			<b>4200</b>	<b>Kalamunda (S)</b>				
			<b>6090</b>	<b>Mundaring (S)</b>				
			<b>8050</b>	<b>Swan (S)</b>				
	<b>15</b>			<i>North Metropolitan</i>		<b>10</b>		<i>King</i>
			<b>7911</b>	<b>Stirling (C) - Central</b>			<b>0070</b>	<b>Albany (T)</b>
			<b>7912</b>	<b>Stirling (C) - West</b>			<b>0140</b>	<b>Albany (S)</b>
			<b>7913</b>	<b>Stirling (C) - South-Eastern</b>			<b>2240</b>	<b>Cranbrook (S)</b>
			<b>8750</b>	<b>Wanneroo (C)</b>			<b>2730</b>	<b>Denmark (S)</b>
							<b>7210</b>	<b>Plantagenet (S)</b>
	<b>20</b>			<i>South West Metropolitan</i>		<b>20</b>		<b>Upper Great Southern</b>
			<b>1820</b>	<b>Cockburn (C)</b>				
			<b>3150</b>	<b>East Fremantle (T)</b>				
			<b>3431</b>	<b>Fremantle (C) - Inner</b>		<b>05</b>		<i>Hotham</i>
			<b>3432</b>	<b>Fremantle (C) - Remainder</b>			<b>0910</b>	<b>Brookton (S)</b>
			<b>4830</b>	<b>Kwinana (T)</b>			<b>2310</b>	<b>Cuballing (S)</b>
			<b>5320</b>	<b>Melville (C)*</b>			<b>3010</b>	<b>Dumbleyung (S)</b>
			<b>7490</b>	<b>Rockingham (C)</b>			<b>6440</b>	<b>Narrogin (T)</b>
							<b>6510</b>	<b>Narrogin (S)</b>
	<b>25</b>			<i>South East Metropolitan</i>			<b>7140</b>	<b>Pingelly (S)</b>
			<b>0210</b>	<b>Armadale (C)</b>			<b>8610</b>	<b>Wagin (S)</b>
			<b>0490</b>	<b>Belmont (C)</b>			<b>8680</b>	<b>Wandering (S)</b>
			<b>1330</b>	<b>Canning (C)</b>			<b>8890</b>	<b>West Arthur (S)</b>
			<b>3780</b>	<b>Gosnells (C)</b>			<b>9100</b>	<b>Wickepin (S)</b>
			<b>7700</b>	<b>Serpentine-Jarrahdale (S)</b>			<b>9170</b>	<b>Williams (S)</b>
			<b>7840</b>	<b>South Perth (C)</b>				
	<b>10</b>			<b>South West</b>		<b>10</b>		<i>Lakes</i>
		<b>05</b>		<i>Dale</i>			<b>2100</b>	<b>Corrigin (S)</b>
			<b>0630</b>	<b>Boddington (S)</b>			<b>4620</b>	<b>Kondinin (S)</b>
			<b>5110</b>	<b>Mandurah (C)</b>			<b>4760</b>	<b>Kulin (S)</b>
			<b>6230</b>	<b>Murray (S)</b>			<b>4900</b>	<b>Lake Grace (S)</b>
			<b>8820</b>	<b>Waroona (S)</b>	<b>25</b>			<b>Midlands</b>
	<b>10</b>			<i>Preston</i>		<b>05</b>		<i>Moore</i>
			<b>1190</b>	<b>Bunbury (C)</b>			<b>1680</b>	<b>Chittering (S)</b>
			<b>1400</b>	<b>Capel (S)</b>			<b>2590</b>	<b>Dandaragan (S)</b>
			<b>1890</b>	<b>Collie (S)</b>			<b>3570</b>	<b>Gingin (S)</b>
			<b>2660</b>	<b>Dardanup (S)</b>			<b>5600</b>	<b>Moora (S)</b>
			<b>2870</b>	<b>Donnybrook-Balingup (S)</b>			<b>8540</b>	<b>Victoria Plains (S)</b>
			<b>3990</b>	<b>Harvey (S)</b>				

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

ST	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
5				<b>WESTERN AUSTRALIA</b>				
	10			<i>Avon</i>	15			<i>Greenough River</i>
		0560		Beverley (S)		1470		Carnamah (S)
		2450		Cunderdin (S)		1610		Chapman Valley (S)
		2520		Dalwallinu (S)		2030		Coorow (S)
		2940		Dowerin (S)		3500		Geraldton (C)
		3710		Goomalling (S)		3850		Greenough (S)
		4690		Koorda (S)		4060		Irwin (S)
		6650		Northam (T)		5530		Mingenew (S)
		6720		Northam (S)		5670		Morawa (S)
		7350		Quairading (S)		6020		Mullewa (S)
		8190		Tammin (S)		6790		Northampton (S)
		8330		Toodyay (S)		7000		Perenjori (S)
		9310		Wongan-Ballidu (S)		8260		Three Springs (S)
		9450		Wyalkatchem (S)				
		9730		York (S)				
					40			<b>Pilbara</b>
	15			<i>Campion</i>	05			<i>De Grey</i>
		1120		Bruce Rock (S)		3220		East Pilbara (S)
		4410		Kellerberrin (S)		7280		Port Hedland (T)
		5460		Merredin (S)				
		5880		Mount Marshall (S)	10			<i>Fortescue</i>
		5950		Mukinbudin (S)		0250		Ashburton (S)
		6370		Narembeen (S)		7560		Roebourne (S)
		6860		Nungarin (S)				
		8400		Trayning (S)				
		9030		Westonia (S)				
		9660		Yilgarn (S)	45			<b>Kimberley</b>
					05			<i>Ord</i>
	30			<b>South Eastern</b>		3920		Halls Creek (S)
						9520		Wyndham-East Kimberley (S)
	05			<i>Lefroy</i>	10			<i>Fitzroy</i>
		1960		Coolgardie (S)		0980		Broome (S)
		4280		Kalgoorlie/Boulder (C)		2800		Derby-West Kimberley (S)
		4970		Laverton (S)				
		5040		Leonora (S)				
		5390		Menzies (S)				
					85			<b>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</b>
	10			<i>Johnston</i>	01			<i>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</i>
		3080		Dundas (S)		9779		Off-Shore Areas & Migratory
		3290		Esperance (S)				
		7420		Ravensthorpe (S)				
	35			<b>Central</b>				
	05			<i>Gascoyne</i>				
		1540		Carnarvon (S)				
		3360		Exmouth (S)				
		7770		Shark Bay (S)				
		8470		Upper Gascoyne (S)				
	10			<i>Carnegie</i>				
		2380		Cue (S)				
		5250		Meekatharra (S)				
		5810		Mount Magnet (S)				
		6160		Murchison (S)				
		6620		Ngaanyatjarraku (S)				
		7630		Sandstone (S)				
		9250		Wiluna (S)				
		9590		Yalgoo (S)				

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

S/T	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
6				<b>TASMANIA</b>				
	05			<b>Greater Hobart</b>	10			<b>North Western Rural</b>
		05		<i>Greater Hobart</i>			0612	Burnie (C) - Pt B
			0410	Brighton (M)			0812	Central Coast (M) - Pt B
			1410	Clarence (C)			1210	Circular Head (M)
			2610	Glenorchy (C)			3210	Kentish (M)
			2811	Hobart (C) - Inner			3410	King Island (M)
			2812	Hobart (C) - Remainder			3812	Latrobe (M) - Pt B
			3611	Kingborough (M) - Pt A			5412	Waratah/Wynyard (M) - Pt B
			4411	New Norfolk (M) - Pt A				
			4811	Sorell (M) - Pt A	15			<b>Lyell</b>
							5610	West Coast (M)
	10			<b>Southern</b>	85			<b>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</b>
		05		<i>Southern</i>			01	<i>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</i>
			1010	Central Highlands (M)			9779	Off-Shore Areas & Migratory
			2410	Glamorgan/Spring Bay (M)				
			3010	Huon Valley (M)				
			3612	Kingborough (M) - Pt B				
			4412	New Norfolk (M) - Pt B				
			4812	Sorell (M) - Pt B				
			5010	Southern Midlands (M)				
			5210	Tasman (M)				
	15			<b>Northern</b>				
		05		<i>Greater Launceston</i>				
			2211	George Town (M) - Pt A				
			4011	Launceston (C) - Inner				
			4012	Launceston (C) - Pt B				
			4211	Meander Valley (M) - Pt A				
			4611	Northern Midlands (M) - Pt A				
			5811	West Tamar (M) - Pt A				
		10		<i>Central North</i>				
			2212	George Town (M) - Pt B				
			4013	Launceston (C) - Pt C				
			4212	Meander Valley (M) - Pt B				
			4612	Northern Midlands (M) - Pt B				
			5812	West Tamar (M) - Pt B				
		15		<i>North Eastern</i>				
			0210	Break O'Day (M)				
			1810	Dorset (M)				
			2010	Flinders (M)				
	20			<b>Mersey-Lyell</b>				
		05		<i>Burnie-Devonport</i>				
			0611	Burnie (C) - Pt A				
			0811	Central Coast (M) - Pt A				
			1610	Devonport (C)				
			3811	Latrobe (M) - Pt A				
			5411	Waratah/Wynyard (M) - Pt A				

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

S/T	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
7				<b>NORTHERN TERRITORY</b>				
	05			<b>Darwin</b>	25			<b>East Arnhem</b>
		05		<i>Darwin City</i>		1209		East Arnhem - Bal
			1004	Alawa		1609		Groote Eylandt
			1008	Anula		2409		Nhulunbuy
			1014	Brinkin				
			1018	City - Inner	30			<b>Lower Top End NT</b>
			1024	Coconut Grove		1409		Elsey - Bal
			1028	Fannie Bay		1809		Gulf
			1034	Jingili		2200		Katherine (T)
			1038	Karama		4409		Victoria
			1044	Larrakeyah				
			1048	Leanyer	35			<b>Barkly</b>
			1052	Lee Point-Leanyer Swamp		3409		Tableland
			1054	Ludmilla		3800		Tennant Creek (T)
			1058	Malak		4009		Tennant Creek - Bal
			1064	Marrara				
			1068	Millner				
			1074	Moil	40			<b>Central NT</b>
			1078	Nakara		0200		Alice Springs (T)
			1084	Narrows		3009		Petermann
			1088	Nightcliff		3209		Sandover - Bal
			1094	Parap		3609		Tanami
			1098	Rapid Creek				
			1104	Stuart Park				
			1108	The Gardens				
			1114	Tiwi	85			<b>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</b>
			1118	Wagaman				
			1124	Wanguri	01			<b>Off-Shore Areas &amp; Migratory</b>
			1128	Winnellie		9779		Off-Shore Areas & Migratory
			1134	Wulagi				
			1138	City - Remainder				
	10			<b>Palmerston-East Arm</b>				
			1169	East Arm				
			2804	Driver				
			2808	Gray				
			2814	Moulden				
			2818	Woodroffe				
			2824	Palmerston (T) Bal				
	10			<b>Northern Territory - Bal</b>				
		05		<i>Darwin Rural Areas</i>				
			0700	Coomalie (CGC)				
			0759	Cox-Finiss				
			2304	Litchfield (S) - Pt A				
			2308	Litchfield (S) - Pt B				
	10			<b>Bathurst-Melville</b>				
			0609	Bathurst-Melville				
	15			<b>Alligator</b>				
			2000	Jabiru (T)				
			3309	South Alligator				
			4809	West Arnhem				
	20			<b>Daly</b>				
			0809	Daly				



### DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

S/T	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
8				<b>AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY</b>				
	05			<b>Canberra</b>	15			<b>Woden Valley</b>
	05			<b>Central Canberra</b>		1269		Chifley
		0089		Acton		1719		Curtin
		0189		Ainslie		2439		Farrer
		0369		Barton		3069		Garran
		0639		Braddon		4239		Hughes
		0909		Campbell		4419		Isaacs
		1449		City		5319		Lyons
		1809		Deakin		5859		Mawson
		1889		Dickson		6489		O'Malley
		1989		Downer		6849		Pearce
		2169		Duntroon		6939		Phillip
		2789		Forrest		8109		Torrens
		2979		Fyshwick				
		3429		Griffith	20			<b>Weston Creek</b>
		3609		Hackett		1089		Chapman
		4959		Kingston		2079		Duffy
		5229		Lyneham		2529		Fisher
		6219		Narrabundah		4059		Holder
		6389		O'Connor		7389		Rivett
		6759		Parkes		7749		Stirling
		7119		Red Hill		8469		Waramanga
		7209		Reid		8739		Weston
		7479		Russell		8829		Weston Creek - SSD Bal
		8289		Turner				
		8559		Watson				
		8919		Yarralumla	25			<b>Tuggeranong</b>
	10			<b>Belconnen</b>		0339		Banks
		0279		Aranda		0609		Bonython
		0459		Belconnen Town Centre		0819		Calwell
		0549		Belconnen - SSD Bal		1359		Chisholm
		0729		Bruce		1549		Conder
		1179		Charnwood		2349		Fadden
		1629		Cook		3159		Gilmore
		2259		Evatt		3289		Gordon
		2619		Florey		3339		Gowrie
		2709		Flynn		3379		Greenway
		2889		Fraser		4509		Isabella Plains
		3249		Giralang		4869		Kambah
		3879		Hawker		5489		Macarthur
		3969		Higgins		6129		Monash
		4149		Holt		6579		Oxley
		4779		Kaleen		7289		Richardson
		5139		Latham		8019		Theodore
		5409		McKellar		8189		Tuggeranong - SSD Bal
		5589		Macgregor		8379		Wanniassa
		5679		Macquarie	30			<b>Outer Canberra</b>
		5949		Melba		3529		Gungahlin - Bal
		6669		Page		3689		Hall
		7569		Scullin		3789		Harman
		7659		Spence		4329		Hume
		8649		Weetangera		4589		Jerrabomberra
						5049		Kowen
						5769		Majura
						6039		Mitchell
						6309		Oaks Estate
						6719		Palmerston
						7029		Pialligo
						7839		Stromlo
						7929		Symonston

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

<i>ST</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>SLA</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>SLA</i>	<i>Name</i>
8				AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY				
	10			Australian Capital Territory - Bal				
		05		Australian Capital Territory - Bal				
		9009		Remainder of ACT				

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## DETAILED MAIN STRUCTURE

States/Territories, Statistical Divisions, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

S/T	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name	SD	Code SSD	SLA	Name
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9

### OTHER TERRITORIES

10

#### Other Territories

05

#### Other Territories

1009	Jervis Bay Territory
2009	Territory of Christmas Island
3009	Territory of Cocos (Keeling) Islands



## Statistical District Structure



**AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION**  
**STATISTICAL DISTRICT STRUCTURE**  
Statistical Districts, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

<i>S Dist.</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>SLA</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>S Dist.</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>SLA</i>	<i>Name</i>
<b>1003</b>			<b>NEWCASTLE (NSW)</b>	<b>2030</b>			<b>BENDIGO (VIC)</b>
	05		<i>Newcastle</i>		05		<i>Bendigo</i>
	1720		Cessnock (C)		0920		Bendigo (C)
	4650		Lake Macquarie (C)		2520		Eaglehawk (B)
	5050		Maitland (C)		3521		Huntly (S) - Pt A
	5901		Newcastle (C) - Inner		4521		Marong (RC) - Pt A
	5902		Newcastle (C) - Remainder		7041		Strathfieldsaye (S) - Pt A
	6400		Port Stephens (S)				
<b>1006</b>			<b>WOLLONGONG (NSW)</b>	<b>2033</b>			<b>SHEPPARTON-MOOROPNA (VIC)</b>
	05		<i>Wollongong</i>		05		<i>Shepparton-Mooroopna</i>
	4400		Kiama (M)		6281		Rodney (S) - Pt A
	6900		Shellharbour (M)		6680		Shepparton (C)
	8450		Wollongong (C)		6721		Shepparton (S) - Pt A
<b>1012</b>			<b>BATHURST-ORANGE (NSW)</b>	<b>2039</b>			<b>LATROBE VALLEY (VIC)</b>
	05		<i>Bathurst-Orange</i>		05		<i>Latrobe Valley</i>
	0450		Bathurst (C)		4880		Moe (C)
	0851		Blayney (S) - Pt A		5081		Morwell (C) - Pt A
	1401		Cabonne (S) - Pt A		5201		Narracan (S) - Pt A
	2801		Evans (S) - Pt A		7320		Traralgon (C)
	6150		Orange (C)		7361		Traralgon (S) - Pt A
					8509		Yallourn Works Area
<b>1218</b>			<b>ALBURY-WODONGA (NSW/VIC)</b>	<b>2042</b>			<b>MILDURA (VIC)</b>
	05		<i>Albury</i>		05		<i>Mildura</i>
	0050		Albury (C)		4720		Mildura (C)
	4050		Hume (S)		4761		Mildura (S) - Pt A
	05		<i>Wodonga</i>	<b>3139</b>			<b>GOLD COAST-TWEED (QLD/NSW)</b>
	0720		Beechworth (S)		05		<i>Gold Coast City</i>
	1720		Chiltern (S)		3452		Arundel
	7241		Tallangatta (S) - Pt A		3453		Ashmore
	8200		Wodonga (RC)		3454		Benowa
	8360		Yackandandah (S)		3457		Biggera Waters
					3458		Bilinga
<b>2024</b>			<b>GEELONG (VIC)</b>		3462		Broadbeach
	05		<i>Geelong</i>		3465		Bundall
	0601		Bannockburn (S) - Pt A		3468		Burleigh Heads
	0641		Barrabool (S) - Pt A		3472		Coolangatta
	0801		Bellarine (RC) - Pt A		3473		Coombah
	2001		Corio (S) - Pt A		3474		Currumbin
	2920		Geelong (C)		3478		Ernest-Moiendinar
	2960		Geelong West (C)		3482		Hollywell
	5360		Newtown (C)		3483		Labrador
	6801		South Barwon (C) - Pt A		3485		Main Beach-Broadwater
					3486		Mermaid Beach
					3488		Miami
					3491		Palm Beach
<b>2027</b>			<b>BALLARAT (VIC)</b>		3492		Paradise Point
	05		<i>Ballarat</i>		3493		Parkwood
	0480		Ballarat (C)		3495		Runaway Bay
	0561		Ballarat (S) - Pt A		3498		Southport
	1401		Bungaree (S) - Pt A		3503		Surfers Paradise
	1441		Buninyong (S) - Pt A		3506		Tugun
	3161		Grenville (S) - Pt A				
	6600		Sebastopol (B)				

**AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION**  
**STATISTICAL DISTRICT STRUCTURE**  
Statistical Districts, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

<i>S Dist.</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>SLA</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>S Dist.</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>SLA</i>	<i>Name</i>
	10		<i>Albert Shire Part B</i>	3057			<b>TOWNSVILLE (QLD)</b>
	0065		Broadbeach Waters		05		<i>Townsville City</i>
	0067		Burleigh Waters		7001		Aitkenvale
	0072		Carrara-Merrimac		7003		City
	0074		Curumbin Waters		7007		Cranbrook
	0077		Elanora		7012		Currajong
	0082		Helensvale		7014		Douglas
	0083		Hope Island		7015		Garbutt
	0086		Kerrydale-Stephens		7018		Gulliver
	0088		Mermaid Waters		7023		Heatley
	0091		Mudgeeraba		7026		Hermit Park
	0093		Nerang		7027		Hyde Park-Mysterton
	0094		Oxenford		7031		Magnetic Island
	0096		Robina-Clear Island Waters		7033		Mt Louisa-Mt St John-Bohle
	0097		Worongary-Tallai		7034		Mundingburra
	0098		Albert (S) - Pt B Bal		7038		Murray
	05		<i>Tweed Heads</i>		7041		North Ward-Castle Hill
	7551		Tweed (S) - Pt A		7044		Oonoonba-Idalia-Cluden
3042			<b>SUNSHINE COAST (QLD)</b>		7047		Pallarenda-Shelley Beach
	15		<i>Sunshine Coast</i>		7051		Pimlico
	2131		Caloundra (C) - Pt A		7054		Railway Estate
	4901		Maroochy (S) - Pt A		7058		Rosslea
	5751		Noosa (S) - Pt A		7062		Rowes Bay-Belgian Gardens
3045			<b>BUNDABERG (QLD)</b>		7065		South Townsville
	05		<i>Bundaberg</i>		7068		Stuart-Roseneath
	1800		Bundaberg (C)		7071		Vincent
	3551		Gooburrum (S) - Pt A		7074		West End
	7551		Woongarra (S) - Pt A		7078		Wulguru
					7081		Townsville (C) Bal
3048			<b>ROCKHAMPTON (QLD)</b>	3061			<b>CAIRNS (QLD)</b>
	05		<i>Rockhampton</i>		05		<i>Cairns</i>
	3151		Fitzroy (S) - Pt A		2050		Cairns (C)
	6350		Rockhampton (C)		5401		Mulgrave (S) - Pt A
3051			<b>GLADSTONE (QLD)</b>	6090			<b>LAUNCESTON (TAS)</b>
	10		<i>Gladstone</i>		05		<i>Greater Launceston</i>
	2101		Calliope (S) - Pt A		2211		George Town (M) - Pt A
	3350		Gladstone (C)		4011		Launceston (C) - Inner
3054			<b>MACKAY (QLD)</b>		4012		Launceston (C) - Pt B
	05		<i>Mackay</i>		4211		Meander Valley (M) - Pt A
	4750		Mackay (C)		4611		Northern Midlands (M) - Pt A
	6001		Pioneer (S) - Pt A	6093			West Tamar (M) - Pt A
							<b>BURNIE-DEVONPORT (TAS)</b>
					05		<i>Burnie-Devonport</i>
					0611		Burnie (C) - Pt A
					0811		Central Coast (M) - Pt A
					1610		Devonport (C)
					3811		Latrobe (M) - Pt A
					5411		Waratah/Wynyard (M) - Pt A



**AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION**  
**STATISTICAL DISTRICT STRUCTURE**  
Statistical Districts, Statistical Subdivisions and Statistical Local Areas

<i>S Dist.</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>SLA</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>S Dist.</i>	<i>Code SSD</i>	<i>SLA</i>	<i>Name</i>
8196			<b>CANBERRA-QUEANBEYAN (ACT/NSW)</b>	20			<i>Weston Creek</i>
	05		<i>Central Canberra</i>		1089		Chapman
		0089	Acton		2079		Duffy
		0189	Ainslie		2529		Fisher
		0369	Barton		4059		Holder
		0639	Braddon		7389		Rivett
		0909	Campbell		7749		Stirling
		1449	City		8469		Waramanga
		1809	Deakin		8739		Weston
		1889	Dickson		8829		Weston Creek - SSD Bal
		1989	Downer	25			<i>Tuggeranong</i>
		2169	Duntroon		0339		Banks
		2789	Forrest		0609		Bonython
		2979	Fyshwick		0819		Calwell
		3429	Griffith		1359		Chisholm
		3609	Hackett		1549		Conder
		4959	Kingston		2349		Fadden
		5229	Lyneham		3159		Gilmore
		6219	Narrabundah		3289		Gordon
		6389	O'Connor		3339		Gowrie
		6759	Parkes		3379		Greenway
		7119	Red Hill		4509		Isabella Plains
		7209	Reid		4869		Kambah
		7479	Russell		5489		Macarthur
		8289	Turner		6129		Monash
		8559	Watson		6579		Oxley
		8919	Yarralumla		7289		Richardson
	10		<i>Belconnen</i>		8019		Theodore
		0279	Aranda		8189		Tuggeranong - SSD Bal
		0459	Belconnen Town Centre		8379		Wanniassa
		0549	Belconnen - SSD Bal	30			<i>Outer Canberra</i>
		0729	Bruce		3529		Gungahlin - Bal
		1179	Charnwood		3689		Hall
		1629	Cook		3789		Harman
		2259	Evatt		4329		Hume
		2619	Florey		4589		Jerrabomberra
		2709	Flynn		5049		Kowen
		2889	Fraser		5769		Majura
		3249	Giralang		6039		Mitchell
		3879	Hawker		6309		Oaks Estate
		3969	Higgins		6719		Palmerston
		4149	Holt		7029		Pialligo
		4779	Kaleen		7839		Stromlo
		5139	Latham		7929		Symonston
		5409	McKellar	05			<i>Queanbeyan</i>
		5589	Macgregor		6450		Queanbeyan (C)
		5679	Macquarie				
		5949	Melba				
		6669	Page				
		7569	Scullin				
		7659	Spence				
		8649	Weetangera				
	15		<i>Woden Valley</i>				
		1269	Chifley				
		1719	Curtin				
		2439	Farrer				
		3069	Garran				
		4239	Hughes				
		4419	Isaacs				
		5319	Lyons				
		5859	Mawson				
		6489	O'Malley				
		6849	Pearce				
		6939	Phillip				
		8109	Torrens				



## **Alphabetic List of Legal LGAs and Statistical Local Areas**



AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

**Alphabetic List of Legal LGAs and Statistical Local Areas within States/Territories**

Code					Name	Code					Name
S/T	SD	SSD	LGA	SLA		S/T	SD	SSD	LGA	SLA	
<b>NEW SOUTH WALES</b>											
1	55	05	0050	0050	Albury (C)	1	40	15	2350	2350	Cowra (S)
1	30	15	0100	0100	Armidale (C)	1	45	10	2400	2400	Crookwell (S)
1	05	35	0150	0150	Ashfield (M)	1	55	10	2450	2450	Culcairn (S)
1	05	40	0200	0200	Auburn (M)	1	55	15	2500	2500	Deniliquin (M)
1	20	10	0250	0250	Ballina (S)	1	05	35	2550	2550	Drummoyne (M)
1	55	20	0300	0300	Balranald (S)	1	35	05	2600	2600	Dubbo (C)
1	05	20	0350	0350	Bankstown (C)	1	30	15	2650	2650	Dumaresq (S)
1	30	10	0400	0400	Barraba (S)	1	10	10	2700	2700	Dungog (S)
1	40	05	0450	0450	Bathurst (C)	1	45	15	2750	2750	Eurobodalla (S)
1	05	50	0500	0500	Baulkham Hills (S)	1			2800		Evans (S)
1	45	15	0550	0550	Bega Valley (S)	1	40	05		2801	Evans (S) - Pt A
1	25	05	0600	0600	Bellingen (S)	1	40	10		2802	Evans (S) - Pt B
1	55	15	0650	0650	Berrigan (S)	1	05	25	2850	2850	Fairfield (C)
1	30	10	0700	0700	Bingara (S)	1	40	15	2900	2900	Forbes (S)
1	05	50	0750	0750	Blacktown (C)	1	35	05	2950	2950	Gilgandra (S)
1	40	15	0800	0800	Bland (S)	1	30	15	3000	3000	Glen Innes (M)
1			0850		Blayney (S)	1	10	10	3050	3050	Gloucester (S)
1	40	05		0851	Blayney (S) - Pt A	1	05	70	3100	3100	Gosford (C)
1	40	10		0852	Blayney (S) - Pt B	1	45	10	3150	3150	Goulburn (C)
1	05	45	0900	0900	Blue Mountains (C)	1	25	05	3200	3200	Grafton (C)
1	35	10	0950	0950	Bogan (S)	1	40	10	3300	3300	Greater Lithgow (C)
1	45	20	1000	1000	Bombala (S)	1	25	10	3350	3350	Greater Taree (C)
1	45	10	1050	1050	Boorowa (S)	1	10	10	3400	3400	Great Lakes (S)
1	05	05	1100	1100	Botany (M)	1	50	15	3450	3450	Griffith (C)
1	35	15	1150	1150	Bourke (S)	1	50	10	3500	3500	Gundagai (S)
1	35	15	1200	1200	Brewarrina (S)	1	30	10	3550	3550	Gunnedah (S)
1	60	10	1250	1250	Broken Hill (C)	1	45	10	3600	3600	Gunning (S)
1	05	35	1300	1300	Burwood (M)	1	30	15	3650	3650	Guyra (S)
1	20	10	1350	1350	Byron (S)	1	45	10	3700	3700	Harden (S)
1			1400		Cabonne (S)	1	25	10	3750	3750	Hastings (M)
1	40	05		1401	Cabonne (S) - Pt A	1	05	45	3800	3800	Hawkesbury (C)
1	40	10		1402	Cabonne (S) - Pt B	1	50	15	3850	3850	Hay (S)
1	40	15		1403	Cabonne (S) - Pt C	1	55	10	3900	3900	Holbrook (S)
1	05	30	1450	1450	Camden (M)	1	05	40	3950	3950	Holroyd (C)
1	05	30	1500	1500	Campbelltown (C)	1	05	60	4000	4000	Hornsby (S)
1	05	20	1550	1550	Canterbury (M)	1	55	05	4050	4050	Hume (S)
1	50	15	1600	1600	Carrathool (S)	1	05	55	4100	4100	Hunter's Hill (M)
1	20	10	1650	1650	Casino (M)	1	05	15	4150	4150	Hurstville (C)
1	60	10	1700	1700	Central Darling (S)	1			4200		Inverell (S)
1	10	05	1720	1720	Cessnock (C)	1	30	10		4201	Inverell (S) - Pt A
1	35	15	1750	1750	Cobar (S)	1	30	15		4202	Inverell (S) - Pt B
1	25	05	1800	1800	Coffs Harbour (C)	1	55	15	4250	4250	Jerilderie (S)
1	55	15	1850	1850	Conargo (S)	1	50	10	4300	4300	Junee (S)
1	05	35	1900	1900	Concord (M)	1	25	10	4350	4350	Kempsey (S)
1	35	05	1950	1950	Coolah (S)	1	15	05	4400	4400	Kiama (M)
1	50	10	2000	2000	Coolamon (S)	1	05	15	4450	4450	Kogarah (M)
1	45	20	2050	2050	Cooma-Monaro (S)	1	05	60	4500	4500	Ku-ring-gai (M)
1	35	05	2100	2100	Coonabarabran (S)	1	20	10	4550	4550	Kyogle (S)
1	35	10	2150	2150	Coonamble (S)	1	40	15	4600	4600	Lachlan (S)
1	50	10	2200	2200	Cootamundra (S)	1	10	05	4650	4650	Lake Macquarie (C)
1	25	05	2250	2250	Copmanhurst (S)	1	05	55	4700	4700	Lane Cove (M)
1	55	10	2300	2300	Corowa (S)	1	50	15	4750	4750	Lecton (S)

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### NEW SOUTH WALES

1	05	05	4800	4800	Leichhardt (M)
1	20	10	4850	4850	Lismore (C)
1	05	25	4900	4900	Liverpool (C)
1	50	10	4950	4950	Lockhart (S)
1	25	05	5000	5000	Maclean (S)
1	10	05	5050	5050	Maitland (C)
1	30	10	5100	5100	Manilla (S)
1	05	65	5150	5150	Manly (M)
1	05	05	5200	5200	Marrickville (M)
1	10	10	5250	5250	Merriwa (S)
1	30	20	5300	5300	Moree Plains (S)
1	05	55	5350	5350	Mosman (M)
1	35	05	5400	5400	Mudgee (S)
1	45	10	5450	5450	Mulwaree (S)
1	55	15	5500	5500	Murray (S)
1	50	15	5550	5550	Murrumbidgee (S)
1	10	10	5600	5600	Murrumbidgee (S)
1	10	10	5650	5650	Muswellbrook (S)
1	25	05	5700	5700	Nambucca (S)
1	30	20	5750	5750	Narrabri (S)
1	50	10	5800	5800	Narrandera (S)
1	35	05	5850	5850	Narromine (S)
1			5900		Newcastle (C)
1	10	05		5901	Newcastle (C) - Inner
1	10	05		5902	Newcastle (C) - Remainder
1	05	55	5950	5950	North Sydney (M)
1	30	10	6000	6000	Nundle (S)
1	25	05	6050	6050	Nymboida (S)
1	40	10	6100	6100	Oberon (S)
1	40	05	6150	6150	Orange (C)
1	40	15	6200	6200	Parkes (S)
1	05	40	6250	6250	Parramatta (C)
1	30	10	6300	6300	Parry (S)
1	05	45	6350	6350	Penrith (C)
1	05	65	6370	6370	Pittwater (M)
1	10	05	6400	6400	Port Stephens (S)
1	45	05	6450	6450	Queanbeyan (C)
1	30	10	6500	6500	Quirindi (S)
1	05	10	6550	6550	Randwick (C)
1	20	10	6600	6600	Richmond River (S)
1	05	15	6650	6650	Rockdale (M)
1	05	55	6700	6700	Ryde (C)
1	40	10	6750	6750	Rylstone (S)
1	10	10	6800	6800	Scone (S)
1	30	15	6850	6850	Severn (S)
1	15	05	6900	6900	Shellharbour (M)
1	15	10	6950	6950	Shoalhaven (C)
1	10	10	7000	7000	Singleton (S)
1	45	20	7050	7050	Snowy River (S)
1	05	05	7070	7070	South Sydney (C)
1	05	35	7100	7100	Strathfield (M)
1	05	15	7150	7150	Sutherland (S)

1			7200		Sydney (C)
1	05	05		7201	Sydney (C) - Inner
1	05	05		7202	Sydney (C) - Remainder
1	45	10	7250	7250	Tallaganda (S)
1	30	10	7300	7300	Tamworth (C)
1	50	10	7350	7350	Temora (S)
1	30	15	7400	7400	Tenterfield (S)
1	55	10	7450	7450	Tumbarumba (S)
1	50	10	7500	7500	Tumut (S)
1			7550		Tweed (S)
1	20	05		7551	Tweed (S) - Pt A
1	20	10		7552	Tweed (S) - Pt B
1	25	05	7600	7600	Ullmarra (S)
1	30	15	7650	7650	Uralla (S)
1	55	10	7700	7700	Urana (S)
1	50	10	7750	7750	Wagga Wagga (C)
1	55	15	7800	7800	Wakool (S)
1	30	15	7850	7850	Walcha (S)
1	35	10	7900	7900	Walgett (S)
1	35	10	7950	7950	Warren (S)
1	05	65	8000	8000	Warringham (S)
1	05	10	8050	8050	Waverley (M)
1	40	15	8100	8100	Weddin (S)
1	35	05	8150	8150	Wellington (S)
1	55	20	8200	8200	Wentworth (S)
1	05	55	8250	8250	Willoughby (C)
1	55	15	8300	8300	Windouran (S)
1	15	10	8350	8350	Wingecarribee (S)
1	05	30	8400	8400	Wollondilly (S)
1	15	05	8450	8450	Wollongong (C)
1	05	10	8500	8500	Woolahra (M)
1	05	70	8550	8550	Wyong (S)
1	30	10	8600	8600	Yallaroi (S)
1	45	10	8650	8650	Yarrowlumla (S)
1	45	10	8700	8700	Yass (S)
1	45	10	8750	8750	Young (S)
1	60	10		8809	Unincorp. Far West
1	25	10		8859	Lord Howe Island
1	85	01		9779	Off-Shore Areas & Migratory

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VICTORIA											
2	55	15	0040	0040	Alberton (S)	2	35	15	1560	1560	Castlemaine (C)
2	40	15	0080	0080	Alexandra (S)	2	05	65	1600	1600	Caulfield (C)
2	05	15	0120	0120	Altona (C)	2	35	10	1640	1640	Charlton (S)
2	25	05	0160	0160	Arapiles (S)	2	05	85	1680	1680	Chelsea (C)
2	20	15	0200	0200	Ararat (C)	2	45	05	1720	1720	Chiltern (S)
2	20	15	0240	0240	Ararat (S)	2	40	10	1760	1760	Cobram (S)
2	20	15	0280	0280	Avoca (S)	2	05	25	1800	1800	Coburg (C)
2	50	15	0320	0320	Avon (S)	2	35	10	1840	1840	Cohuna (S)
2	20	10	0360	0360	Bacchus Marsh (S)	2	10	15	1880	1880	Colac (C)
2	50	05	0400	0400	Bairnsdale (C)	2	10	15	1920	1920	Colac (S)
2			0440		Bairnsdale (S)	2	05	05	1960	1960	Collingwood (C)
2	50	05		0441	Bairnsdale (S) - Pt A	2			2000		Corio (S)
2	50	10		0442	Bairnsdale (S) - Pt B	2	10	05		2001	Corio (S) - Pt A
2	20	05	0480	0480	Ballaarat (C)	2	10	15		2002	Corio (S) - Pt B
2	20	10	0520	0520	Ballan (S)	2	05	80	2040	2040	Cranbourne (S)
2			0560		Ballarat (S)	2	20	10	2080	2080	Creswick (S)
2	20	05		0561	Ballarat (S) - Pt A	2	05	55	2120	2120	Croydon (C)
2	20	15		0562	Ballarat (S) - Pt B	2	05	75	2160	2160	Dandenong (C)
2			0600		Bannockburn (S)	2	20	10	2200	2200	Daylesford & Glenlyon (S)
2	10	05		0601	Bannockburn (S) - Pt A	2	40	10	2240	2240	Deakin (S)
2	10	15		0602	Bannockburn (S) - Pt B	2	05	40	2280	2280	Diamond Valley (S)
2			0640		Barrabool (S)	2	25	10	2320	2320	Dimboola (S)
2	10	05		0641	Barrabool (S) - Pt A	2	25	10	2360	2360	Donald (S)
2	10	10		0642	Barrabool (S) - Pt B	2	05	50	2400	2400	Doncaster & Templestowe (C)
2	55	20	0680	0680	Bass (S)	2	15	10	2440	2440	Dundas (S)
2	45	05	0720	0720	Beechworth (S)	2	25	10	2480	2480	Dunmunkle (S)
2	15	05	0760	0760	Belfast (S)	2	35	05	2520	2520	Eaglehawk (B)
2			0800		Bellarine (RC)	2	35	10	2560	2560	East Loddon (S)
2	10	05		0801	Bellarine (RC) - Pt A	2	35	10	2600	2600	Echuca (C)
2	10	10		0802	Bellarine (RC) - Pt B	2	05	40	2640	2640	Eltham (S)
2	40	15	0840	0840	Benalla (C)	2	05	10	2680	2680	Essendon (C)
2	40	15	0880	0880	Benalla (S)	2	40	15	2720	2720	Euroa (S)
2	35	05	0920	0920	Bendigo (C)	2	05	05	2760	2760	Fitzroy (C)
2	05	80	0960	0960	Berwick (C)	2	05	90	2800	2800	Flinders (S)
2	35	15	1000	1000	Bet Bet (S)	2	05	10	2840	2840	Footscray (C)
2	30	10	1040	1040	Birchip (S)	2	05	85	2880	2880	Frankston (C)
2	05	50	1080	1080	Box Hill (C)	2	10	05	2920	2920	Geelong (C)
2	45	15	1120	1120	Bright (S)	2	10	05	2960	2960	Geelong West (C)
2	05	65	1160	1160	Brighton (C)	2	35	20	3000	3000	Gisborne (S)
2	40	20	1200	1200	Broadford (S)	2	15	10	3040	3040	Glenelg (S)
2	05	35	1240	1240	Broadmeadows (C)	2	35	10	3080	3080	Gordon (S)
2	05	25	1280	1280	Brunswick (C)	2	40	15	3120	3120	Goulburn (S)
2	05	35	1320	1320	Bulla (S)	2			3160		Grenville (S)
2	55	10	1360	1360	Buln Buln (S)	2	20	05		3161	Grenville (S) - Pt A
2			1400		Bungaree (S)	2	20	15		3162	Grenville (S) - Pt B
2	20	05		1401	Bungaree (S) - Pt A	2	15	10	3200	3200	Hamilton (C)
2	20	10		1402	Bungaree (S) - Pt B	2	15	05	3240	3240	Hampden (S)
2			1440		Buninyong (S)	2	05	90	3280	3280	Hastings (S)
2	20	05		1441	Buninyong (S) - Pt A	2	05	45	3320	3320	Hawthorn (C)
2	20	10		1442	Buninyong (S) - Pt B	2	05	60	3360	3360	Healesville (S)
2	05	45	1480	1480	Camberwell (C)	2	05	30	3400	3400	Heidelberg (C)
2	15	05	1520	1520	Camperdown (T)	2	15	05	3440	3440	Heytesbury (S)

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VICTORIA											
2	15	10	3460	3460	Heywood (S)	2	45	15	5160	5160	Myrtleford (S)
2	25	05	3480	3480	Horsham (C)	2			5200		Narracan (S)
2			3520		Huntly (S)	2	55	05		5201	Narracan (S) - Pt A
2	35	05		3521	Huntly (S) - Pt A	2	55	10		5202	Narracan (S) - Pt B
2	35	15		3522	Huntly (S) - Pt B	2	40	10	5240	5240	Nathalia (S)
2	25	10	3560	3560	Kaniva (S)	2	35	20	5280	5280	Newham & Woodend (S)
2	25	05	3600	3600	Kara Kara (S)	2	35	15	5320	5320	Newstead (S)
2	30	10	3640	3640	Karkarooc (S)	2	10	05	5360	5360	Newtown (C)
2	05	15	3680	3680	Keilor (C)	2	05	30	5400	5400	Northcote (C)
2	30	15	3720	3720	Kerang (B)	2	40	10	5440	5440	Numurkah (S)
2	30	15	3760	3760	Kerang (S)	2	05	55	5480	5480	Nunawading (C)
2	05	45	3800	3800	Kew (C)	2	05	70	5520	5520	Oakleigh (C)
2	40	20	3840	3840	Kilmore (S)	2	50	10	5560	5560	Omeo (S)
2	05	55	3880	3880	Knox (C)	2	50	10	5600	5600	Orbost (S)
2	35	10	3960	3960	Korong (S)	2	10	15	5640	5640	Otway (S)
2	55	20	4000	4000	Korumburra (S)	2	45	15	5680	5680	Oxley (S)
2	25	05	4040	4040	Kowree (S)	2	05	80	5720	5720	Pakenham (S)
2	40	10	4080	4080	Kyabram (T)	2	55	20	5760	5760	Phillip Island (S)
2	35	20	4120	4120	Kyneton (S)	2	15	05	5800	5800	Port Fairy (B)
2	10	15	4160	4160	Leigh (S)	2	05	05	5840	5840	Port Melbourne (C)
2	20	15	4200	4200	Lexton (S)	2	15	10	5880	5880	Portland (C)
2	05	60	4240	4240	Lillydale (S)	2	05	05	5960	5960	Prahran (C)
2	25	10	4280	4280	Lowan (S)	2	05	30	6000	6000	Preston (C)
2	35	15	4320	4320	Melvor (S)	2	35	20	6040	6040	Pyalong (S)
2	50	15	4360	4360	Maffra (S)	2	10	10	6080	6080	Queenscliffe (B)
2	35	15	4400	4400	Maldon (S)	2	05	05	6120	6120	Richmond (C)
2	05	65	4440	4440	Malvern (C)	2	05	55	6160	6160	Ringwood (C)
2	40	15	4480	4480	Mansfield (S)	2	20	15	6200	6200	Ripon (S)
2			4520		Marong (RC)	2	35	10	6240	6240	Rochester (S)
2	35	05		4521	Marong (RC) - Pt A	2			6280		Rodney (S)
2	35	15		4522	Marong (RC) - Pt B	2	40	05		6281	Rodney (S) - Pt A
2	35	15	4560	4560	Maryborough (C)	2	40	10		6282	Rodney (S) - Pt B
2			4600		Melbourne (C)	2	35	20	6320	6320	Romsey (S)
2	05	05		4601	Melbourne (C) - Inner	2	55	15	6360	6360	Rosedale (S)
2	05	05		4602	Melbourne (C) - Remainder	2	45	10	6400	6400	Rutherglen (S)
2	05	20	4640	4640	Melton (S)	2	25	05	6440	6440	St Arnaud (T)
2	35	15	4680	4680	Metcalf (S)	2	05	05	6480	6480	St Kilda (C)
2	30	05	4720	4720	Mildura (C)	2	50	15	6520	6520	Sale (C)
2			4760		Mildura (S)	2	05	65	6560	6560	Sandringham (C)
2	30	05		4761	Mildura (S) - Pt A	2	20	05	6600	6600	Sebastopol (B)
2	30	10		4762	Mildura (S) - Pt B	2	40	20	6640	6640	Seymour (S)
2	15	10	4800	4800	Minhamite (S)	2	40	05	6680	6680	Shepparton (C)
2	55	15	4840	4840	Mirboo (S)	2			6720		Shepparton (S)
2	55	05	4880	4880	Moe (C)	2	40	05		6721	Shepparton (S) - Pt A
2	05	70	4920	4920	Moorabbin (C)	2	40	10		6722	Shepparton (S) - Pt B
2	05	70	4960	4960	Mordialloc (C)	2	05	60	6760	6760	Sherbrooke (S)
2	05	90	5000	5000	Mornington (S)	2			6800		South Barwon (C)
2	15	05	5040	5040	Mortlake (S)	2	10	05		6801	South Barwon (C) - Pt A
2			5080		Morwell (C)	2	10	10		6802	South Barwon (C) - Pt B
2	55	05		5081	Morwell (C) - Pt A	2	55	20	6840	6840	South Gippsland (S)
2	55	15		5082	Morwell (C) - Pt B	2	05	05	6880	6880	South Melbourne (C)
2	15	10	5120	5120	Mount Rouse (S)	2	05	75	6920	6920	Springvale (C)



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### VICTORIA

2	25	05	6960	6960	Stawell (C)	2	55	05	8509	Yallourn Works Area
2	25	05	7000	7000	Stawell (S)	2	55	20	8529	French Island
2			7040		Strathfieldsaye (S)	2	15	05	8569	Lady Julia Percy & Towerhill
2	35	05		7041	Strathfieldsaye (S) - Pt A	2	55	20	8649	Bass Strait Islands
2	35	15		7042	Strathfieldsaye (S) - Pt B	2	85	01	9779	Off-Shore Areas & Migratory
2	05	15	7080	7080	Sunshine (C)					
2	30	15	7120	7120	Swan Hill (C)					
2	30	15	7160	7160	Swan Hill (S)					
2	20	15	7200	7200	Talbot & Clunes (S)					
2			7240		Tallangatta (S)					
2	45	05		7241	Tallangatta (S) - Pt A					
2	45	15		7242	Tallangatta (S) - Pt B					
2			7280		Tambo (S)					
2	50	05		7281	Tambo (S) - Pt A					
2	50	10		7282	Tambo (S) - Pt B					
2	55	05	7320	7320	Traralgon (C)					
2			7360		Traralgon (S)					
2	55	05		7361	Traralgon (S) - Pt A					
2	55	15		7362	Traralgon (S) - Pt B					
2	35	15	7400	7400	Tullaroop (S)					
2	40	10	7440	7440	Tungamah (S)					
2	45	15	7480	7480	Upper Murray (S)					
2			7520		Upper Yarra (S)					
2	05	60		7521	Upper Yarra (S) - Pt A					
2	55	10		7522	Upper Yarra (S) - Pt B					
2	40	15	7560	7560	Violet Town (S)					
2	30	10	7600	7600	Walpeup (S)					
2	45	10	7640	7640	Wangaratta (C)					
2	45	10	7680	7680	Wangaratta (S)					
2	15	10	7720	7720	Wannon (S)					
2	40	10	7760	7760	Waranga (S)					
2	25	10	7800	7800	Warracknabeal (S)					
2	55	10	7840	7840	Warragul (RC)					
2	15	05	7880	7880	Warrnambool (C)					
2	15	05	7920	7920	Warrnambool (S)					
2	05	50	7960	7960	Waverley (C)					
2	05	20	8000	8000	Werribee (C)					
2	05	40	8040	8040	Whittlesea (C)					
2	05	10	8080	8080	Williamstown (C)					
2	25	05	8120	8120	Wimmera (S)					
2	10	15	8160	8160	Winchelsea (S)					
2	45	05	8200	8200	Wodonga (RC)					
2	55	20	8240	8240	Wonthaggi (B)					
2	55	20	8280	8280	Woorayl (S)					
2	30	10	8320	8320	Wycheproof (S)					
2	45	05	8360	8360	Yackandandah (S)					
2	45	10	8440	8440	Yarrawonga (S)					
2	40	20	8480	8480	Yea (S)					

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### QUEENSLAND

3		0050		Albert (S)	3	05	05	1026	Ascot
3	05	10	0051	Beenleigh	3	05	05	1031	Ashgrove
3	05	10	0053	Bethania-Waterford	3	05	05	1034	Aspley
3	05	10	0055	Eagleby	3	05	05	1037	Bald Hills
3	05	10	0058	Edens Landing-Holmview	3	05	05	1042	Balmoral
3	05	10	0061	Mt Warren Park	3	05	05	1045	Banyo
3	05	10	0063	Windaroo-Bannockburn	3	05	05	1048	Bardon
3	05	10	0064	Albert (S) Bal in BSD	3	05	05	1053	Bellbowrie
3	10	10	0065	Broadbeach Waters	3	05	05	1057	Belmont-Mackenzie
3	10	10	0067	Burleigh Waters	3	05	05	1061	Berrinba
3	10	10	0072	Carrara-Merrimac	3	05	05	1064	Boondall
3	10	10	0074	Curumbin Waters	3	05	05	1067	Bowen Hills
3	10	10	0077	Elanora	3	05	05	1072	Bracken Ridge
3	10	10	0082	Helensvale	3	05	05	1075	Bridgeman Downs
3	10	10	0083	Hope Island	3	05	05	1078	Brighton
3	10	10	0086	Kerrydale-Stephens	3	05	05	1083	Brookfield (incl. Mt C'tha)
3	10	10	0088	Mermaid Waters	3	05	05	1086	Bulimba
3	10	10	0091	Mudgeeraba	3	05	05	1091	Burbank
3	10	10	0093	Nerang	3	05	05	1094	Calamvale
3	10	10	0094	Oxenford	3	05	05	1097	Camp Hill
3	10	10	0096	Robina-Clear Island Waters	3	05	05	1102	Cannon Hill
3	10	10	0097	Worongary-Tallai	3	05	05	1105	Capalaba West
3	10	10	0098	Albert (S) - Pt B Bal	3	05	05	1108	Carindale
3	20	05	0100	Allora (S)	3	05	05	1113	Carina
3	35	05	0150	Aramac (S)	3	05	05	1116	Carina Heights
3	50	10	0200	Atherton (S)	3	05	05	1121	Carseldine
3	50	10	0250	Aurukun (S)	3	05	05	1124	Chandler
3	25	05	0300	Balonne (S)	3	05	05	1127	Chapel Hill
3	30	15	0350	Banana (S)	3	05	05	1132	Chelmer
3	35	05	0400	Barcaldine (S)	3	05	05	1135	Chermside
3	35	05	0450	Barcoo (S)	3	05	05	1138	Chermside West
3	30	15	0500	Bauhinia (S)	3	05	05	1143	City - Inner
3		0550		Beaudesert (S)	3	05	05	1146	City - Remainder
3	05	15	0551	Greenbank - Pt A	3	05	05	1151	Clayfield
3	05	15	0554	Beaudesert (S) Bal in BSD	3	05	05	1154	Coopers Plains
3	10	20	0557	Beaudesert (S) - Pt B	3	05	05	1157	Coorparoo
3	40	10	0600	Belyando (S)	3	05	05	1162	Corinda
3	25	05	0650	Bendmere (S)	3	05	05	1167	Darra-Sumner
3	15	10	0700	Biggenden (S)	3	05	05	1173	Deagon
3	35	05	0750	Blackall (S)	3	05	05	1176	Doolandella-Forest Lake
3	10	20	0800	Boonah (S)	3	05	05	1184	Durack
3	25	05	0850	Booringa (S)	3	05	05	1187	Dutton Park
3	35	05	0900	Boulia (S)	3	05	05	1195	East Brisbane
3	45	15	0950	Bowen (S)	3	05	05	1198	Eight Mile Plains
3		1000		Brisbane (C)	3	05	05	1203	Ellen Grove
3	05	05	1001	Acacia Ridge	3	05	05	1206	Enoggera
3	05	05	1004	Albion	3	05	05	1211	Everton Park
3	05	05	1007	Alderley	3	05	05	1214	Fairfield
3	05	05	1012	Algester	3	05	05	1217	Ferny Grove
3	05	05	1015	Annerley	3	05	05	1222	Fig Tree Pocket
3	05	05	1018	Anstead	3	05	05	1228	Fortitude Valley - Inner
3	05	05	1023	Archerfield	3	05	05	1233	Fortitude Valley - Remainder

AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

**Alphabetic List of Legal LGAs and Statistical Local Areas within States/Territories**

Code					Name	Code					Name
S/T	SD	SSD	LGA	SLA		S/T	SD	SSD	LGA	SLA	
QUEENSLAND											
3	05	05		1236	Geebung	3	05	05		1446	Nundah
3	05	05		1241	Graceville	3	05	05		1451	Oxley
3	05	05		1244	Grange	3	05	05		1454	Paddington
3	05	05		1247	Greenslopes	3	05	05		1456	Pallara-Heathwood-Larapinta
3	05	05		1252	Gumdale	3	05	05		1463	Parkinson-Drewvale
3	05	05		1255	Hamilton	3	05	05		1465	Pinjarra Hills
3	05	05		1258	Hawthorne	3	05	05		1467	Pinkenba-Eagle Farm
3	05	05		1265	Hemmant-Lytton	3	05	05		1473	Pullenvale
3	05	05		1271	Hendra	3	05	05		1476	Ransome
3	05	05		1274	Herston	3	05	05		1481	Red Hill
3	05	05		1277	Highgate Hill	3	05	05		1484	Richlands
3	05	05		1282	Holland Park	3	05	05		1487	Riverhills
3	05	05		1285	Holland Park West	3	05	05		1492	Robertson
3	05	05		1288	Inala	3	05	05		1495	Rochedale
3	05	05		1293	Indooroopilly	3	05	05		1498	Rocklea
3	05	05		1296	Jamboree Heights	3	05	05		1503	Runcorn
3	05	05		1301	Jindalee	3	05	05		1506	St Lucia
3	05	05		1304	Kangaroo Point	3	05	05		1511	Salisbury
3	05	05		1307	Karawatha	3	05	05		1514	Sandgate
3	05	05		1312	Kedron	3	05	05		1517	Seventeen Mile Rocks
3	05	05		1315	Kelvin Grove	3	05	05		1522	Sherwood
3	05	05		1318	Kenmore	3	05	05		1525	South Brisbane
3	05	05		1323	Kenmore Hills	3	05	05		1528	Spring Hill
3	05	05		1326	Keperra	3	05	05		1533	Stafford
3	05	05		1331	Kuraby	3	05	05		1536	Stafford Heights
3	05	05		1337	Lota	3	05	05		1541	Stretton
3	05	05		1345	Lutwyche	3	05	05		1547	Sunnybank
3	05	05		1353	McDowall	3	05	05		1552	Sunnybank Hills
3	05	05		1356	MacGregor	3	05	05		1556	Taigum-Fitzgibbon
3	05	05		1364	Manly	3	05	05		1558	Taringa
3	05	05		1367	Manly West	3	05	05		1563	Tarragindi
3	05	05		1372	Mansfield	3	05	05		1566	The Gap (incl. Enoggera Res.)
3	05	05		1375	Middle Park	3	05	05		1571	Tingalpa
3	05	05		1378	Milton	3	05	05		1574	Toowong
3	05	05		1383	Mitchelton	3	05	05		1577	Underwood - Pt A
3	05	05		1386	Moggill	3	05	05		1582	Upper Brookfield
3	05	05		1391	Moorooka	3	05	05		1585	Upper Kedron
3	05	05		1394	Moreton Island	3	05	05		1588	Upper Mount Gravatt
3	05	05		1397	Morningside	3	05	05		1593	Virginia
3	05	05		1402	Mount Gravatt	3	05	05		1596	Wacol
3	05	05		1405	Mount Gravatt East	3	05	05		1601	Wakerley
3	05	05		1408	Mount Ommaney	3	05	05		1604	Wavell Heights
3	05	05		1413	Murarie	3	05	05		1607	West End
3	05	05		1416	Nathan	3	05	05		1612	Westlake
3	05	05		1421	New Farm	3	05	05		1615	Willawong
3	05	05		1424	Newmarket	3	05	05		1618	Wilston
3	05	05		1427	Newstead	3	05	05		1623	Windsor
3	05	05		1432	Norman Park	3	05	05		1626	Wishart
3	05	05		1435	Northgate	3	05	05		1631	Woolloongabba
3	05	05		1438	Nudgee	3	05	05		1634	Wooloowin
3	05	05		1443	Nudgee Beach	3	05	05		1637	Wynnum

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## Alphabetic List of Legal LGAs and Statistical Local Areas within States/Territories

Code  
S/T SD SSD LGA SLA

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Name

### QUEENSLAND

3	05	05		1642	Wynnum West
3	05	05		1645	Yeerongpilly
3	05	05		1648	Yeronga
3	05	05		1653	Zillmere
3	40	10	1700	1700	Broadsound (S)
3	25	05	1750	1750	Bulloo (S)
3	15	05	1800	1800	Bundaberg (C)
3	25	05	1850	1850	Bungil (S)
3	45	15	1900	1900	Burdekin (S)
3	55	05	1950	1950	Burke (S)
3			2000		Caboolture (S)
3	05	20		2001	Caboolture (S) - Pt A
3	10	20		2031	Caboolture (S) - Pt B
3	50	05	2050	2050	Cairns (C)
3			2100		Calliope (S)
3	30	10		2101	Calliope (S) - Pt A
3	30	15		2104	Calliope (S) - Pt B
3			2130		Caloundra (C)
3	10	15		2131	Caloundra (C) - Pt A
3	10	20		2134	Caloundra (C) - Pt B
3	20	05	2150	2150	Cambooya (S)
3	50	10	2200	2200	Cardwell (S)
3	55	05	2250	2250	Carpentaria (S)
3	45	15	2300	2300	Charters Towers (C)
3	20	05	2350	2350	Chinchilla (S)
3	20	05	2400	2400	Clifton (S)
3	55	05	2450	2450	Cloncurry (S)
3			2500		Cook (S)
3	50	10		2501	Cook (S) (excl. Weipa)
3	50	10		2504	Cook (S) - Weipa only
3	20	05	2550	2550	Crow's Nest (S)
3	50	10	2600	2600	Croydon (S)
3	20	05	2650	2650	Dalby (T)
3	45	15	2700	2700	Dairydale (S)
3	35	05	2750	2750	Diamantina (S)
3	50	10	2800	2800	Douglas (S)
3	30	15	2850	2850	Duaringa (S)
3	50	10	2900	2900	Eacham (S)
3	15	10	2950	2950	Eidsvold (S)
3	30	15	3000	3000	Emerald (S)
3	10	20	3050	3050	Esk (S)
3	50	10	3100	3100	Etheridge (S)
3			3150		Fitzroy (S)
3	30	05		3151	Fitzroy (S) - Pt A
3	30	15		3154	Fitzroy (S) - Pt B
3	55	05	3200	3200	Flinders (S)
3	10	20	3250	3250	Gatton (S)
3	15	10	3300	3300	Gayndah (S)
3	30	10	3350	3350	Gladstone (C)
3	20	05	3400	3400	Glengallan (S)

3			3450		Gold Coast (C)
3	10	05		3452	Arundel
3	10	05		3453	Ashmore
3	10	05		3454	Benowa
3	10	05		3457	Biggera Waters
3	10	05		3458	Bilinga
3	10	05		3462	Broadbeach
3	10	05		3465	Bundall
3	10	05		3468	Burleigh Heads
3	10	05		3472	Coolangatta
3	10	05		3473	Coombah
3	10	05		3474	Currumbin
3	10	05		3478	Ernest-Molendinar
3	10	05		3482	Hollywell
3	10	05		3483	Labrador
3	10	05		3485	Main Beach-Broadwater
3	10	05		3486	Mermaid Beach
3	10	05		3488	Miami
3	10	05		3491	Palm Beach
3	10	05		3492	Paradise Point
3	10	05		3493	Parkwood
3	10	05		3495	Runaway Bay
3	10	05		3498	Southport
3	10	05		3503	Surfers Paradise
3	10	05		3506	Tugun
3			3550		Gooburrum (S)
3	15	05		3551	Gooburrum (S) - Pt A
3	15	10		3554	Gooburrum (S) - Pt B
3	20	05	3600	3600	Goondiwindi (T)
3	15	10	3650	3650	Gympie (C)
3	50	10	3700	3700	Herberton (S)
3	15	10	3750	3750	Hervey Bay (C)
3	45	15	3800	3800	Hinchinbrook (S)
3	35	05	3850	3850	Ilfracombe (S)
3	20	05	3900	3900	Inglewood (S)
3	05	25	3950	3950	Ipswich (C)
3	15	10	4000	4000	Isis (S)
3	35	05	4050	4050	Isisford (S)
3	30	15	4100	4100	Jericho (S)
3	50	10	4150	4150	Johnstone (S)
3	20	05	4200	4200	Jondaryan (S)
3	10	20	4250	4250	Kilcoy (S)
3	15	10	4300	4300	Kilkivan (S)
3	15	10	4350	4350	Kingaroy (S)
3	15	10	4400	4400	Kolan (S)
3	10	20	4450	4450	Laidley (S)
3	30	15	4550	4550	Livingstone (S)

AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

**Alphabetic List of Legal LGAs and Statistical Local Areas within States/Territories**

Code				Name	Code				Name
S/T	SD	SSD	LGA	SLA	S/T	SD	SSD	LGA	SLA
<b>QUEENSLAND</b>									
3			4600	Logan (C)	3			5750	Noosa (S)
3	05	30	4601	Browns Plains	3	10	15	5751	Noosa (S) - Pt A
3	05	30	4603	Carbrook-Cornubia	3	10	20	5754	Noosa (S) - Pt B
3	05	30	4605	Daisy Hill-Priestdale	3	25	05	5800	5800 Paroo (S)
3	05	30	4608	Greenbank - Pt B	3	30	15	5850	5850 Peak Downs (S)
3	05	30	4612	Kingston	3	15	10	5900	5900 Perry (S)
3	05	30	4615	Loganholme	3			5950	Pine Rivers (S)
3	05	30	4618	Loganlea	3	05	40	5951	Albany Creek
3	05	30	4623	Marsden	3	05	40	5954	Arana Hills
3	05	30	4631	Rochedale South	3	05	40	5957	Bray Park
3	05	30	4634	Shailer Park	3	05	40	5962	Everton Hills
3	05	30	4637	Slacks Creek	3	05	40	5965	Ferny Hills
3	05	30	4642	Springwood	3	05	40	5968	Kallangur
3	05	30	4645	Tanah Merah	3	05	40	5973	Lawnton
3	05	30	4648	Underwood - Pt B	3	05	40	5974	Petrie
3	05	30	4654	Waterford West	3	05	40	5976	Strathpine
3	05	30	4656	Woodridge	3	05	40	5983	Pine Rivers (S) Bal
3	05	30	4663	Logan (C) Bal	3			6000	Pioneer (S)
3	35	05	4700	4700 Longreach (S)	3	40	05	6001	Pioneer (S) - Pt A
3	40	05	4750	4750 Mackay (C)	3	40	10	6004	Pioneer (S) - Pt B
3	55	05	4800	4800 McKinlay (S)	3	20	05	6050	6050 Pittsworth (S)
3	50	10	4850	4850 Mareeba (S)	3	25	05	6150	6150 Quilpie (S)
3			4900	Maroochy (S)	3	05	45	6200	6200 Redcliffe (C)
3	10	15	4901	Maroochy (S) - Pt A	3			6250	Redland (S)
3	10	20	4904	Maroochy (S) - Pt B	3	05	50	6251	Alexandra Hills
3	15	10	4950	4950 Maryborough (C)	3	05	50	6254	Birkdale
3	20	05	5000	5000 Millmerran (S)	3	05	50	6257	Capalaba
3	40	10	5050	5050 Mirani (S)	3	05	50	6262	Cleveland
3	15	10	5100	5100 Miriam Vale (S)	3	05	50	6264	Ormiston
3	15	10	5150	5150 Monto (S)	3	05	50	6265	Redland Bay
3			5200	Moreton (S)	3	05	50	6267	Sheldon-Mt Cotton
3	05	25	5202	Bellbird Park	3	05	50	6268	Thorneside
3	05	25	5203	Camira	3	05	50	6271	Thornlands
3	05	25	5204	Carole Park	3	05	50	6273	Victoria Point
3	05	25	5207	Karalee	3	05	50	6276	Wellington Point
3	05	25	5214	Moreton (S) Bal in BSD - Nth	3	05	50	6283	Redland (S) Bal
3	05	25	5217	Moreton (S) Bal in BSD - Sth	3	55	05	6300	6300 Richmond (S)
3	10	20	5231	Moreton (S) - Pt B	3	30	05	6350	6350 Rockhampton (C)
3	55	05	5250	5250 Mornington (S)	3	25	05	6400	6400 Roma (T)
3	55	05	5300	5300 Mount Isa (C)	3	20	05	6450	6450 Rosalie (S)
3	30	15	5350	5350 Mount Morgan (S)	3	20	05	6500	6500 Rosenthal (S)
3			5400	Mulgrave (S)	3	40	10	6550	6550 Sarina (S)
3	50	05	5401	Mulgrave (S) - Pt A	3	20	05	6600	6600 Stanthorpe (S)
3	50	10	5404	Mulgrave (S) - Pt B	3	35	05	6650	6650 Tambo (S)
3	15	10	5450	5450 Mundubbera (S)	3	20	05	6700	6700 Tara (S)
3	15	10	5500	5500 Murgon (S)	3	20	05	6750	6750 Taroom (S)
3	20	05	5550	5550 Murilla (S)	3			6800	Thuringowa (C)
3	25	05	5600	5600 Murweh (S)	3	45	10	6801	Kelso
3	15	10	5650	5650 Nanango (S)	3	45	10	6804	Kirwan
3	40	10	5700	5700 Nebo (S)	3	45	10	6807	Thuringowa (C) - Pt A Bal
					3	45	15	6831	Thuringowa (C) - Pt B

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### QUEENSLAND

3	15	10	6850	6850	Tiaro (S)
3	20	05	6900	6900	Toowoomba (C)
3	50	10	6950	6950	Torres (S)
3			7000		Townsville (C)
3	45	05		7001	Aitkenvale
3	45	05		7003	City
3	45	05		7007	Cranbrook
3	45	05		7012	Currajong
3	45	05		7014	Douglas
3	45	05		7015	Garbutt
3	45	05		7018	Gulliver
3	45	05		7023	Heatley
3	45	05		7026	Hermit Park
3	45	05		7027	Hyde Park-Mysterton
3	45	05		7031	Magnetic Island
3	45	05		7033	Mt Louisa-Mt St John-Bohle
3	45	05		7034	Mundingburra
3	45	05		7038	Murray
3	45	05		7041	North Ward-Castle Hill
3	45	05		7044	Oonoonba-Idalia-Cluden
3	45	05		7047	Pallarenda-Sheiley Beach
3	45	05		7051	Pimlico
3	45	05		7054	Railway Estate
3	45	05		7058	Rosslea
3	45	05		7062	Rowes Bay-Belgian Gardens
3	45	05		7065	South Townsville
3	45	05		7068	Stuart-Roseneath
3	45	05		7071	Vincent
3	45	05		7074	West End
3	45	05		7078	Wulguru
3	45	05		7081	Townsville (C) Bal
3	20	05	7100	7100	Waggamba (S)
3	20	05	7150	7150	Wambo (S)
3	25	05	7200	7200	Warroo (S)
3	20	05	7250	7250	Warwick (C)
3	40	10	7330	7330	Whitsunday (S)
3	15	10	7350	7350	Widgee (S)
3	35	05	7400	7400	Winton (S)
3	15	10	7450	7450	Wondai (S)
3	15	10	7500	7500	Woocoo (S)
3			7550		Woongarra (S)
3	15	05		7551	Woongarra (S) - Pt A
3	15	10		7554	Woongarra (S) - Pt B
3	55	05		8809	Unincorp. Islands
3	85	01		9779	Off-Shore Areas & Migratory

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Code					Name	Code					Name
S/T	SD	SSD	LGA	SLA		S/T	SD	SSD	LGA	SLA	
SOUTH AUSTRALIA											
4	05	15	0070	0070	Adelaide (C)	4	20	10	3990	3990	Mannum (DC)
4	10	05	0140	0140	Angaston (DC)	4	05	20	4060	4060	Marion (C)
4	20	05	0210	0210	Barmera (DC)	4	20	10	4130	4130	Meningie (DC)
4	10	05	0280	0280	Barossa (DC)	4	25	10	4200	4200	Millicent (DC)
4	25	10	0350	0350	Beachport (DC)	4	15	05	4270	4270	Minlaton (DC)
4	20	05	0420	0420	Berri (DC)	4	05	20	4340	4340	Mitcham (C)
4	15	10	0510	0510	Blyth-Snowtown (DC)	4	20	05	4480	4480	Morgan (DC)
4	05	20	0560	0560	Brighton (C)	4	10	15	4550	4550	Mount Barker (DC)
4	20	05	0630	0630	Browns Well (DC)	4	25	10	4620	4620	Mount Gambier (C)
4	05	15	0700	0700	Burnside (C)	4	25	10	4690	4690	Mount Gambier (DC)
4	15	10	0770	0770	Burra Burra (DC)	4	10	05	4760	4760	Mount Pleasant (DC)
4	15	05	0840	0840	Bute (DC)	4	35	20	4830	4830	Mount Remarkable (DC)
4	05	15	0910	0910	Campbelltown (C)	4	05	05	4900	4900	Munno Para (C)
4	35	20	0980	0980	Carrieton (DC)	4	30	10	4970	4970	Murat Bay (DC)
4	15	05	1040	1040	Central Yorke Peninsula (DC)	4	20	10	5040	5040	Murray Bridge (RC)
4	15	10	1120	1120	Clare (DC)	4	25	05	5110	5110	Naracoorte (M)
4	30	05	1190	1190	Cleve (DC)	4	25	05	5180	5180	Naracoorte (DC)
4	35	25	1330	1330	Coober Pedy (DC)	4	05	20	5250	5250	Noarlunga (C)
4	20	10	1400	1400	Coonalpyn Downs (DC)	4	15	05	5280	5280	Northern Yorke Peninsula (DC)
4	35	15	1480	1480	Crystal Brook-Redhill (DC)	4	10	15	5320	5320	Onkaparinga (DC)
4	10	10	1540	1540	Dudley (DC)	4	35	15	5390	5390	Orroroo (DC)
4	05	15	1610	1610	East Torrens (DC)	4	20	05	5460	5460	Paringa (DC)
4	05	05	1680	1680	Elizabeth (C)	4	05	15	5530	5530	Payneham (C)
4	30	05	1750	1750	Elliston (DC)	4	20	10	5600	5600	Peake (DC)
4			1820		Enfield (C)	4	25	10	5670	5670	Penola (DC)
4	05	05		1821	Enfield (C) - Pt A	4	35	15	5740	5740	Peterborough (M)
4	05	10		1822	Enfield (C) - Pt B	4	35	15	5810	5810	Peterborough (DC)
4	15	10	1890	1890	Eudunda (DC)	4	20	10	5880	5880	Pinnaroo (DC)
4	30	05	1960	1960	Franklin Harbor (DC)	4	35	15	5950	5950	Pirie (DC)
4	05	05	2030	2030	Gawler (M)	4	05	10	6020	6020	Port Adelaide (C)
4	05	20	2240	2240	Glenelg (C)	4	35	20	6090	6090	Port Augusta (C)
4	10	05	2310	2310	Gumeracha (DC)	4	15	05	6160	6160	Port Broughton (DC)
4	35	15	2380	2380	Hallett (DC)	4	10	20	6230	6230	Port Elliot & Goolwa (DC)
4	05	20	2450	2450	Happy Valley (C)	4	30	05	6300	6300	Port Lincoln (C)
4	35	20	2520	2520	Hawker (DC)	4	25	10	6370	6370	Port MacDonnell (DC)
4	05	10	2590	2590	Henley & Grange (C)	4	35	15	6440	6440	Port Pirie (C)
4	05	10	2660	2660	Hindmarsh (M)	4	05	15	6510	6510	Prospect (C)
4	35	15	2740	2740	Jamestown (DC)	4	20	05	6650	6650	Renmark (M)
4	35	20	2940	2940	Kanyaka-Quorn (DC)	4	20	10	6730	6730	Ridley-Truro (DC)
4	10	05	3010	3010	Kapunda (DC)	4	15	10	6790	6790	Riverton (DC)
4	20	10	3080	3080	Karoonda-East Murray (DC)	4	25	05	6860	6860	Robe (DC)
4	05	15	3150	3150	Kensington & Norwood (C)	4	15	10	6930	6930	Robertstown (DC)
4	30	05	3220	3220	Kimba (DC)	4	35	15	6950	6950	Rocky River (DC)
4	10	10	3290	3290	Kingscote (DC)	4	35	25	6970	6970	Roxby Downs (M)
4	25	05	3360	3360	Lacepede (DC)	4	15	10	7000	7000	Saddleworth & Auburn (DC)
4	20	10	3430	3430	Lameroo (DC)	4	05	15	7070	7070	St Peters (M)
4	30	05	3570	3570	Le Hunte (DC)	4	05	05	7140	7140	Salisbury (C)
4	10	05	3640	3640	Light (DC)	4	15	10	7280	7280	Spalding (DC)
4	30	05	3710	3710	Lower Eyre Peninsula (DC)	4	05	15	7350	7350	Stirling (DC)
4	20	05	3780	3780	Loxton (DC)	4	10	20	7420	7420	Strathalbyn (DC)
4	25	05	3850	3850	Lucindale (DC)	4	30	10	7490	7490	Streaky Bay (DC)
4	10	05	3920	3920	Mallala (DC)	4	10	05	7560	7560	Tanunda (DC)

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## Alphabetic List of Legal LGAs and Statistical Local Areas within States/Territories

Code				Name	Code				Name
S/T	SD	SSD	LGA	SLA	S/T	SD	SSD	LGA	SLA

### SOUTH AUSTRALIA

4	25	05	7630	7630	Tatiara (DC)
4	05	05	7700	7700	Tea Tree Gully (C)
4	05	10	7770	7770	Thebarton (M)
4	30	05	7910	7910	Tumby Bay (DC)
4	05	15	7980	7980	Unley (C)
4	10	20	8050	8050	Victor Harbor (DC)
4	20	05	8120	8120	Waikerie (DC)
4	15	10	8190	8190	Wakefield Plains (DC)
4	05	15	8260	8260	Walkerville (M)
4	15	05	8330	8330	Walleroo (M)
4	15	05	8400	8400	Warooka (DC)
4	05	10	8470	8470	West Torrens (C)
4	35	05	8540	8540	Whyalla (C)
4	05	20	8610	8610	Willunga (DC)
4	05	10	8680	8680	Woodville (C)
4	10	20	8750	8750	Yankalilla (DC)
4	15	05	8820	8820	Yorketown (DC)
4	05	10		8899	Unincorp. Western
4	15	05		8969	Unincorp. Yorke
4	20	05		9039	Unincorp. Riverland
4	20	10		9109	Unincorp. Murray Mallee
4	30	05		9179	Unincorp. Lincoln
4	30	10		9249	Unincorp. West Coast
4	35	05		9389	Unincorp. Whyalla
4	35	15		9459	Unincorp. Pirie
4	35	20		9529	Unincorp. Flinders Ranges
4	35	25		9589	Unincorp. Far North
4	85	01		9779	Off-Shore Areas & Migratory



# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## Alphabetic List of Legal LGAs and Statistical Local Areas within States/Territories

Code					Name	Code					Name
ST	SD	SSD	LGA	SLA		ST	SD	SSD	LGA	SLA	
<b>WESTERN AUSTRALIA</b>											
5	15	10	0070	0070	Albany (T)	5	25	05	3570	3570	Gingin (S)
5	15	10	0140	0140	Albany (S)	5	15	05	3640	3640	Gnowangerup (S)
5	05	25	0210	0210	Armadale (C)	5	25	10	3710	3710	Goomalling (S)
5	40	10	0250	0250	Ashburton (S)	5	05	25	3780	3780	Gosnells (C)
5	10	15	0280	0280	Augusta-Margaret River (S)	5	35	15	3850	3850	Greenough (S)
5	05	10	0350	0350	Bassendean (T)	5	45	05	3920	3920	Halls Creek (S)
5	05	10	0420	0420	Bayswater (C)	5	10	10	3990	3990	Harvey (S)
5	05	25	0490	0490	Belmont (C)	5	35	15	4060	4060	Irwin (S)
5	25	10	0560	0560	Beverley (S)	5	15	05	4130	4130	Jerramungup (S)
5	10	05	0630	0630	Boddington (S)	5	05	10	4200	4200	Kalamunda (S)
5	10	20	0770	0770	Boyup Brook (S)	5	30	05	4280	4280	Kalgoorlie/Boulder (C)
5	10	20	0840	0840	Bridgetown-Greenbushes (S)	5	15	05	4340	4340	Katanning (S)
5	20	05	0910	0910	Brookton (S)	5	25	15	4410	4410	Kellerberrin (S)
5	45	10	0980	0980	Broome (S)	5	15	05	4480	4480	Kent (S)
5	15	05	1050	1050	Broomehill (S)	5	15	05	4550	4550	Kojonup (S)
5	25	15	1120	1120	Bruce Rock (S)	5	20	10	4620	4620	Kondinin (S)
5	10	10	1190	1190	Bunbury (C)	5	25	10	4690	4690	Koorda (S)
5	10	15	1260	1260	Busselton (S)	5	20	10	4760	4760	Kulin (S)
5	05	25	1330	1330	Canning (C)	5	05	20	4830	4830	Kwinana (T)
5	10	10	1400	1400	Capel (S)	5	20	10	4900	4900	Lake Grace (S)
5	35	15	1470	1470	Carnamah (S)	5	30	05	4970	4970	Laverton (S)
5	35	05	1540	1540	Carnarvon (S)	5	30	05	5040	5040	Leonora (S)
5	35	15	1610	1610	Chapman Valley (S)	5	10	05	5110	5110	Mandurah (C)
5	25	05	1680	1680	Chittering (S)	5	10	20	5180	5180	Manjimup (S)
5	05	05	1750	1750	Claremont (T)	5	35	10	5250	5250	Meekatharra (S)
5	05	20	1820	1820	Cockburn (C)	5	05	20	5320	5320	Melville (C)
5	10	10	1890	1890	Collie (S)	5	30	05	5390	5390	Menzies (S)
5	30	05	1960	1960	Coolgardie (S)	5	25	15	5460	5460	Merredin (S)
5	35	15	2030	2030	Coorow (S)	5	35	15	5530	5530	Mingenew (S)
5	20	10	2100	2100	Corrigin (S)	5	25	05	5600	5600	Moora (S)
5	05	05	2170	2170	Cottesloe (T)	5	35	15	5670	5670	Morawa (S)
5	15	10	2240	2240	Cranbrook (S)	5	05	05	5740	5740	Mosman Park (T)
5	20	05	2310	2310	Cuballing (S)	5	35	10	5810	5810	Mount Magnet (S)
5	35	10	2380	2380	Cue (S)	5	25	15	5880	5880	Mount Marshall (S)
5	25	10	2450	2450	Cunderdin (S)	5	25	15	5950	5950	Mukinbudin (S)
5	25	10	2520	2520	Dalwallinu (S)	5	35	15	6020	6020	Muliewa (S)
5	25	05	2590	2590	Dandaragan (S)	5	05	10	6090	6090	Mundaring (S)
5	10	10	2660	2660	Dardanup (S)	5	35	10	6160	6160	Murchison (S)
5	15	10	2730	2730	Denmark (S)	5	10	05	6230	6230	Murray (S)
5	45	10	2800	2800	Derby-West Kimberley (S)	5	10	20	6300	6300	Nannup (S)
5	10	10	2870	2870	Donnybrook-Balingup (S)	5	25	15	6370	6370	Narembeen (S)
5	25	10	2940	2940	Dowerin (S)	5	20	05	6440	6440	Narrogin (T)
5	20	05	3010	3010	Dumbleyung (S)	5	20	05	6510	6510	Narrogin (S)
5	30	10	3080	3080	Dundas (S)	5	05	05	6580	6580	Nedlands (C)
5	05	20	3150	3150	East Fremantle (T)	5	25	10	6650	6650	Northam (T)
5	40	05	3220	3220	East Pilbara (S)	5	35	10	6620	6620	Ngaanyatjarraku (S)
5	30	10	3290	3290	Esperance (S)	5	25	10	6720	6720	Northam (S)
5	35	05	3360	3360	Exmouth (S)	5	35	15	6790	6790	Northampton (S)
5			3430		Fremantle (C)	5	25	15	6860	6860	Nungarin (S)
5	05	20		3431	Fremantle (C) - Inner	5	05	05	6930	6930	Peppermint Grove (S)
5	05	20		3432	Fremantle (C) - Remainder	5	35	15	7000	7000	Perenjori (S)
5	35	15	3500	3500	Geraldton (C)						

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## Alphabetic List of Legal LGAs and Statistical Local Areas within States/Territories

<i>Code</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>Code</i>	<i>Name</i>
S/T SD SSD LGA SLA		S/T SD SSD LGA SLA	

### WESTERN AUSTRALIA

5	7070	Perth (C)
5 05 05	7071	Perth (C) - Inner
5 05 05	7072	Perth (C) - North
5 05 05	7073	Perth (C) - Outer
5 05 05	7074	Perth (C) - South
5 05 05	7075	Perth (C) - Wembley-Coastal
5 20 05	7140 7140	Pingelly (S)
5 15 10	7210 7210	Plantagenet (S)
5 40 05	7280 7280	Port Hedland (T)
5 25 10	7350 7350	Quairading (S)
5 30 10	7420 7420	Ravensthorpe (S)
5 05 20	7490 7490	Rockingham (C)
5 40 10	7560 7560	Roebourne (S)
5 35 10	7630 7630	Sandstone (S)
5 05 25	7700 7700	Serpentine-Jarrahdale (S)
5 35 05	7770 7770	Shark Bay (S)
5 05 25	7840 7840	South Perth (C)
5	7910	Stirling (C)
5 05 15	7911	Stirling (C) - Central
5 05 15	7912	Stirling (C) - West
5 05 15	7913	Stirling (C) - South-Eastern
5 05 05	7980 7980	Subiaco (C)
5 05 10	8050 8050	Swan (S)
5 15 05	8120 8120	Tambellup (S)
5 25 10	8190 8190	Tammin (S)
5 35 15	8260 8260	Three Springs (S)
5 25 10	8330 8330	Toodyay (S)
5 25 15	8400 8400	Trayning (S)
5 35 05	8470 8470	Upper Gascoyne (S)
5 25 05	8540 8540	Victoria Plains (S)
5 20 05	8610 8610	Wagin (S)
5 20 05	8680 8680	Wandering (S)
5 05 15	8750 8750	Wanneroo (C)
5 10 05	8820 8820	Waroona (S)
5 20 05	8890 8890	West Arthur (S)
5 25 15	9030 9030	Westonia (S)
5 20 05	9100 9100	Wickepin (S)
5 20 05	9170 9170	Williams (S)
5 35 10	9250 9250	Wiluna (S)
5 25 10	9310 9310	Wongan-Ballidu (S)
5 15 05	9380 9380	Woodanilling (S)
5 25 10	9450 9450	Wyalkatchem (S)
5 45 05	9520 9520	Wyndham-East Kimberley (S)
5 35 10	9590 9590	Yalgoo (S)
5 25 15	9660 9660	Yilgarn (S)
5 25 10	9730 9730	York (S)
5 85 01	9779	Off-Shore Areas & Migratory

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

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Code					Name	Code					Name
S/T	SD	SSD	LGA	SLA		S/T	SD	SSD	LGA	SLA	
TASMANIA											
6	15	15	0210	0210	Break O'Day (M)	6	20	15	5610	5610	West Coast (M)
6	05	05	0410	0410	Brighton (M)	6			5810		West Tamar (M)
6			0610		Burnie (C)	6	15	05		5811	West Tamar (M) - Pt A
6	20	05		0611	Burnie (C) - Pt A	6	15	10		5812	West Tamar (M) - Pt B
6	20	10		0612	Burnie (C) - Pt B	6	85	01		9779	Off-Shore Areas & Migratory
6			0810		Central Coast (M)						
6	20	05		0811	Central Coast (M) - Pt A						
6	20	10		0812	Central Coast (M) - Pt B						
6	10	05	1010	1010	Central Highlands (M)						
6	20	10	1210	1210	Circular Head (M)						
6	05	05	1410	1410	Clarence (C)						
6	20	05	1610	1610	Devonport (C)						
6	15	15	1810	1810	Dorset (M)						
6	15	15	2010	2010	Flinders (M)						
6			2210		George Town (M)						
6	15	05		2211	George Town (M) - Pt A						
6	15	10		2212	George Town (M) - Pt B						
6	10	05	2410	2410	Glamorgan/Spring Bay (M)						
6	05	05	2610	2610	Glenarchy (C)						
6			2810		Hobart (C)						
6	05	05		2811	Hobart (C) - Inner						
6	05	05		2812	Hobart (C) - Remainder						
6	10	05	3010	3010	Huon Valley (M)						
6	20	10	3210	3210	Kentish (M)						
6	20	10	3410	3410	King Island (M)						
6			3610		Kingborough (M)						
6	05	05		3611	Kingborough (M) - Pt A						
6	10	05		3612	Kingborough (M) - Pt B						
6			3810		Latrobe (M)						
6	20	05		3811	Latrobe (M) - Pt A						
6	20	10		3812	Latrobe (M) - Pt B						
6			4010		Launceston (C)						
6	15	05		4011	Launceston (C) - Inner						
6	15	05		4012	Launceston (C) - Pt B						
6	15	10		4013	Launceston (C) - Pt C						
6			4210		Meander Valley (M)						
6	15	05		4211	Meander Valley (M) - Pt A						
6	15	10		4212	Meander Valley (M) - Pt B						
6			4410		New Norfolk (M)						
6	05	05		4411	New Norfolk (M) - Pt A						
6	10	05		4412	New Norfolk (M) - Pt B						
6			4610		North Midlands (M)						
6	15	05		4611	Northern Midlands (M) - Pt A						
6	15	10		4612	Northern Midlands (M) - Pt B						
6			4810		Sorell (M)						
6	05	05		4811	Sorell (M) - Pt A						
6	10	05		4812	Sorell (M) - Pt B						
6	10	05	5010	5010	Southern Midlands (M)						
6	10	05	5210	5210	Tasman (M)						
6			5410		Waratah/Wynyard (M)						
6	20	05		5411	Waratah/Wynyard (M) - Pt A						
6	20	10		5412	Waratah/Wynyard (M) - Pt B						

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Code  
S/T SD SSD LGA SLA

Name

Code  
S/T SD SSD LGA SLA

Name

### NORTHERN TERRITORY

7	10	40	0200	0200	Alice Springs (T)
7	10	10		0609	Bathurst-Melville
7	10	05	0700	0700	Coomalie (CGC)
7	10	05		0759	Cox-Finniss
7	10	20		0809	Daly
7			1000		Darwin (C)
7	05	05		1004	Alawa
7	05	05		1008	Anula
7	05	05		1014	Brinkin
7	05	05		1018	City - Inner
7	05	05		1024	Coconut Grove
7	05	05		1028	Fannie Bay
7	05	05		1034	Jingili
7	05	05		1038	Karama
7	05	05		1044	Larrakeyah
7	05	05		1048	Leanyer
7	05	05		1052	Lee Point-Leanyer Swamp
7	05	05		1054	Ludmilla
7	05	05		1058	Malak
7	05	05		1064	Marrara
7	05	05		1068	Millner
7	05	05		1074	Moil
7	05	05		1078	Nakara
7	05	05		1084	Narrows
7	05	05		1088	Nightcliff
7	05	05		1094	Parap
7	05	05		1098	Rapid Creek
7	05	05		1104	Stuart Park
7	05	05		1108	The Gardens
7	05	05		1114	Tiwi
7	05	05		1118	Wagaman
7	05	05		1124	Wanguri
7	05	05		1128	Winnellie
7	05	05		1134	Wulagi
7	05	05		1138	City - Remainder
7	05	10		1169	East Arm
7	10	25		1209	East Arnhem - Bal
7	10	30		1409	Elsey - Bal
7	10	25		1609	Groote Eylandt
7	10	30		1809	Gulf
7	10	15	2000	2000	Jabiru (T)
7	10	30	2200	2200	Katherine (T)
7			2300		Litchfield (S)
7	10	05		2304	Litchfield (S) - Pt A
7	10	05		2308	Litchfield (S) - Pt B
7	10	25		2409	Nhulunbuy
7			2800		Palmerston (T)
7	05	10		2804	Driver
7	05	10		2808	Gray
7	05	10		2814	Moulden
7	05	10		2818	Woodroffe
7	05	10		2824	Palmerston (T) - Bal

7	10	40		3009	Petermann
7	10	40		3209	Sandover - Bal
7	10	15		3309	South Alligator
7	10	35		3409	Tableland
7	10	40		3609	Tanami
7	10	35	3800	3800	Tennant Creek (T)
7	10	35		4009	Tennant Creek - Bal
7	10	30		4409	Victoria
7	10	15		4809	West Arnhem
7	85	01		9779	Off-Shore Areas & Migratory

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

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Code				Code				Code			
S/T	SD	SSD	LGA	SLA	Name	S/T	SD	SSD	LGA	SLA	Name
AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY											
8	05	05		0089	Acton	8	05	25		4509	Isabella Plains
8	05	05		0189	Ainslie	8	05	30		4589	Jerrabomberra
8	05	10		0279	Aranda	8	05	10		4779	Kaleen
8	05	25		0339	Banks	8	05	25		4869	Kambah
8	05	05		0369	Barton	8	05	05		4959	Kingston
8	05	10		0459	Belconnen Town Centre	8	05	30		5049	Kowen
8	05	10		0549	Belconnen - SSD Bal	8	05	10		5139	Latham
8	05	25		0609	Bonython	8	05	05		5229	Lynham
8	05	05		0639	Braddon	8	05	15		5319	Lyons
8	05	10		0729	Bruce	8	05	10		5409	McKellar
8	05	25		0819	Calwell	8	05	25		5489	Macarthur
8	05	05		0909	Campbell	8	05	10		5589	Macgregor
8	05	20		1089	Chapman	8	05	10		5679	Macquarie
8	05	10		1179	Chamwood	8	05	30		5769	Majura
8	05	15		1269	Chifley	8	05	15		5859	Mawson
8	05	25		1359	Chisholm	8	05	10		5949	Melba
8	05	05		1449	City	8	05	30		6039	Mitchell
8	05	25		1549	Conder	8	05	25		6129	Monash
8	05	10		1629	Cook	8	05	05		6219	Narrabundah
8	05	15		1719	Curtin	8	05	30		6309	Oaks Estate
8	05	05		1809	Deakin	8	05	05		6389	O'Connor
8	05	05		1889	Dickson	8	05	15		6489	O'Malley
8	05	05		1989	Downer	8	05	30		6719	Palmerston
8	05	20		2079	Duffy	8	05	25		6579	Oxley
8	05	05		2169	Duntroon	8	05	10		6669	Page
8	05	10		2259	Evatt	8	05	05		6759	Parkes
8	05	25		2349	Fadden	8	05	15		6849	Pearce
8	05	15		2439	Farrer	8	05	15		6939	Phillip
8	05	20		2529	Fisher	8	05	30		7029	Pialligo
8	05	10		2619	Florey	8	05	05		7119	Red Hill
8	05	10		2709	Flynn	8	05	05		7209	Reid
8	05	05		2789	Forrest	8	05	25		7289	Richardson
8	05	10		2889	Fraser	8	05	20		7389	Rivett
8	05	05		2979	Fyshwick	8	05	05		7479	Russell
8	05	15		3069	Garran	8	05	10		7569	Scullin
8	05	25		3159	Gilmore	8	05	10		7659	Spence
8	05	10		3249	Giralang	8	05	20		7749	Stirling
8	05	25		3289	Gordon	8	05	30		7839	Stromlo
8	05	25		3339	Gowrie	8	05	30		7929	Symonston
8	05	25		3379	Greenway	8	05	25		8019	Theodore
8	05	05		3429	Griffith	8	05	15		8109	Torrens
8	05	30		3529	Gungahlin - Bal	8	05	25		8189	Tuggeranong - SSD Bal
8	05	05		3609	Hackett	8	05	05		8289	Turner
8	05	30		3689	Hall	8	05	25		8379	Wanniassa
8	05	30		3789	Harman	8	05	20		8469	Waramanga
8	05	10		3879	Hawker	8	05	05		8559	Watson
8	05	10		3969	Higgins	8	05	10		8649	Weetangera
8	05	20		4059	Holder	8	05	20		8739	Weston
8	05	10		4149	Holt	8	05	20		8829	Weston Creek - SSD Bal
8	05	15		4239	Hughes	8	05	05		8919	Yarralumla
8	05	30		4329	Hume	8	10	05		9009	Remainder of ACT
8	05	15		4419	Isaacs						

# AUSTRALIAN STANDARD GEOGRAPHICAL CLASSIFICATION

## Alphabetic List of Legal LGAs and Statistical Local Areas within States/Territories

<i>Code</i>				<i>Name</i>	<i>Code</i>				<i>Name</i>
<i>S/T</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>SSD</i>	<i>LGA</i>	<i>SLA</i>	<i>S/T</i>	<i>SD</i>	<i>SSD</i>	<i>LGA</i>	<i>SLA</i>

### OTHER TERRITORIES

9	10	05	1009	Jervis Bay Territory
9	10	05	2009	Territory of Christmas Island
9	10	05	3009	Territory of Cocos (Keeling) Islands