

# October 1989 THE LABOUR FORCE AUSTRALIA 

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$\square$

# THE LABOUR FORCE, AUSTRALIA OCTOBER 1989 

IAN CASTLES
Australian Statistician


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## EMPLOYED PERSONS: TREND SERIES

The graphs on this page have been drawn to a semi-logarithmic scale to enable comparisons to be made of rates of change-See paragraph 51 of the Explanatory Notes, Appendix B.



MALES: PART-TIME WORKERS
Thousands


FEMALES: PART-TIME WORKERS
Thousands

| Indicates break in series. Estimates for the period prior to Aprid 1986 are based on the old definition. See paragraphs 14 and 15 of the Explanstory Notes, Appendix B.

## UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: TREND SERIES

The graphs on this page have been drawn to a semi-logarithmic scale to enable comparisons to be made of rates of chango-See paragraph 51 of the Explanatory Notes, Appendix B.


| 1989 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

MALES: LOOKING FOR FULL-TIME WORK
Thousands
FEMALES: LOOKING FOR FULL-TLME WORK

$\begin{array}{lllllllllll}1980 & 1981 & 1982 & 1983 & 1984 & 1985 & 1986 & 1987 & 1988 & 1989\end{array}$

FEMALES: LOOKING FOR PART-TIME WORK
Thousands
MALES: LOOKING FOR PART-TIME WORK
Thousands
FIVLALE. LCO

$\begin{array}{llllllllll}1980 & 1981 & 1982 & 1983 & 1984 & 1985 & 1986 & 1987 & 1988 & 1989\end{array}$


| 1980 | 1981 | 1982 | 1983 | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | 1987 | 1988 | 1989 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

[^0]
## UNEMPLOYMENT RATE: TREND SERIES

PERSONS


MALES: LOOKING FOR FULLTTME WORK


FEMALES: LOOKING FOR FLLL TIME WORK


FEMALES: LOOKING FOR PART-TIME WORK


[^1]
## PARTICIPATION RATE: TREND SERIES


(a) See paragraph 32 of the Explanatory noces, Appendix B.

I Indicates break in series. Estimates for the period prior to April 1986 are based on the old defintition. See paragraphs 14 and 15 of the Explanatory Notes, Appendix B.

TABLES


TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER - continued


TABLE 2. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

| Month | Unemployed |  |  |  |  |  | Labour force | Unemployment rate <br> -- per | Partic ipation rate |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Emoloxed |  | Looking full-time |  | Looking for parttime work | Total |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Aged  <br> $15-19$  <br> looking  <br> for  <br> first job Total <br>  -.000 .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Full-time workers | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 4.115.1 | 4,424.2 | 23.7 | 283.9 | 27.9 | 311.9 | 4,736.1 | 6.6 | 74.9 |
| Seplember | 4,125.4 | 4,442.8 | 26.0 | 280.7 | 29.7 | 310.4 | 4,753.3 | 6.5 | 75.1 |
| Oclober | 4,148.4 | 4,460.8 | 24.6 | 272.6 | 33.1 | 305.6 | 4,766.4 | 6.4 | 75.1 |
| November | 4,147.5 | $4,469.9$ | 25.4 | 261.4 | 31.7 | 293.1 | $4,762.9$ | 6.2 | 75.0 |
| December | 4,160.3 | 4,482.5 | 23.7 | 271.8 | 32.2 | 304.0 | 4,786.5 | 6.4 | 75.2 |
| 1989. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 4,164.4 | 4.494 .2 | 24.2 | 272.3 | 33.3 | 305.6 | 4,799.8 | 6.4 | 75.3 |
| February | 4,190.3 | 4,523.8 | 21.4 | 269.0 | 39.4 | 308.4 | 4,832.3 | 6.4 | 75.7 |
| March | 4,179.9 | 4,502.5 | 15.2 | 251.0 | 30.4 | 281.3 | 4,783.9 | 5.9 | 74.8 |
| April | 4,234.4 | 4,561.1 | 16.3 | 239.6 | 35.0 | 274.6 | 4,835.7 | 5.7 | 75.4 |
| May | 4,232.7 | 4.573 .3 | 15.8 | 242.2 | 35.7 | 277.9 | 4,851.3 | 5.7 | 75.6 |
| June | 4,232.3 | 4.573 .9 | 15.8 | 233.7 | 33.1 | 266.8 | 4,840.7 | 5.5 | 75.3 |
| August | 4,257.9 | 4,616.4 | 14.5 16.9 | 234.1 | 40.9 32.4 | 2756.6 | $4,868.2$ 4.883 .0 | 5.7 | 75.6 |
| September | 4,242.0 | 4,612.4 | 15.5 | 238.7 | 36.6 | 275.2 | 4,887.6 | 5.6 | 75.6 |
| October | 4,261.0 | 4,628.1 | 19.0 | 224.8 | 35.6 | 260.5 | 4,888.6 | 5.3 | 75.5 |
| MARRIED FEMALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 976.9 | 1,828.8 | n.a. | 60.9 | 33.1 | 93.9 | 1,922.7 | 4.9 | 49.9 |
| September | 984.8 | 1,845.3 | n.a. | 56.5 | 39.6 | 96.1 | 1,941.5 | 5.0 | 50.4 |
| October | 996.8 | 1,835.9 | n.a. | 58.9 | 36.5 | 95.4 | 1,931.4 | 4.9 | 50.1 |
| November | 9988.7 | 1,837.9 | n.a. | 57.4 | 38.5 | 95.9 | 1,933.8 | 5.0 | 50.1 |
| December | 1,003.6 | 1,854.6 | n.a. | 58.9 | 40.9 | 99.8 | 1,954.4 | 5.1 | 50.6 |
| 1989 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 984.3 | 1,859.8 | n.a. | 62.2 | 49.9 | 112.0 | 1,971.8 | 5.7 | 50.8 |
| February | 993.1 | 1,859.5 | n.a. | 55.6 | 39.9 | 95.5 | 1,955.0 | 4.9 | 50.4 |
| March | 994.6 | 1,846.9 | n.a. | 49.4 | 36.2 | 85.6 | 1,932.5 | 4.4 | 49.9 |
| April | 1,007.1 | 1,877.1 | n.a. | 52.3 | 39.1 | 91.4 | 1,968.5 | 4.6 | 50.8 |
| May | 1,010.6 | 1,897.8 | n.a. | 56.2 | 36.9 | 93.1 89.8 | 1.990 .9 | 4.7 4 | 51.3 50 |
| July | 1.017 .3 | 1,890.0 | n.a. | 59.1 | 34.8 | 93.9 | 1,983.9 | 4.7 | 50.9 50.7 |
| August | 1.042 .0 | 1,935.4 | n.a. | 46.5 | 36.1 | 82.6 | 2,018.0 | 4.1 | 51.4 |
| September | $1,043.9$ | 1,951.4 | n.a. | 50.5 | 38.0 | 88.5 | 2,039.9 | 4.3 | 52.1 |
| Ocwber | 1,026.0 | 1,927.5 | n.a. | 46.3 | 40.1 | 86.4 | 2,013.9 | 4.3 | 51.3 |
| ALL FEMALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 1,830.8 | 2,998.0 | 21.2 | 174.7 | 76.5 | 251.2 | 3,249.2 | 7.7 | 50.0 |
| September | 1,846.6 | 3,023.0 | 21.1 | 167.9 | 80.8 | 248.6 | 3,271.6 | 7.6 | 50.3 |
| October | 1,858.0 | 3,004.3 | 19.6 | 166.0 | 76.8 | 242.8 | 3,247.0 | 7.5 | 49.8 |
| November | 1,856.2 | 3,013.7 | 18.9 | 163.9 | 80.1 | 244.0 | 3,257.7 | 7.5 | 49.9 |
| December | 1,866.5 | 3,048.6 | 21.5 | 164.6 | 87.5 | 252.1 | 3,300.8 | 7.6 | 50.5 |
| 1989. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 1,861.1 | $3,078.8$ | 21.9 | 165.2 | 94.8 | 260.0 | 3,338.8 | 7.8 | 51.0 |
| February | 1,867.9 | 3,094.0 | 24.9 | 163.1 | 79.9 | 242.9 | 3,336.9 | 7.3 | 50.9 |
| March | 1,869.7 | 3,067.4 | 18.6 | 146.5 | 73.6 | 220.2 | 3,287.6 | 6.7 | 50.0 |
| April | 1,888.3 | 3,101.8 | 19.9 | 147.2 | 75.5 | 222.7 | 3,324.5 | 6.7 | 50.5 |
| May | 1,905.5 | 3,147.9 | 18.6 | 160.1 | 78.2 | 238.3 | 3,386.2 | 7.0 | 51.4 |
| June | 1,927.8 | 3,149.2 | 19.9 | 150.4 | 72.0 | 222.5 | 3,371.7 | 6.6 | 51.1 |
| July | 1,924.2 | 3,156.0 | 19.2 | 159.5 | 71.8 | 231.3 | 3,387.3 | 6.8 | 51.2 |
| August | 1,926.1 | 3,183.5 | 18.0 | 147.3 | 78.4 | 225.8 | 3,409.3 | 6.6 | 51.5 |
| September | $1,930.0$ $1,922.4$ | $3,201.4$ $3,177.9$ | 17.2 | 152.7 151.2 | 77.4 82.5 | 230.2 233.7 | $3,431.6$ $3,411.6$ | 6.7 6.9 | 51.7 51.4 |
|  |  | 3,17.9 |  |  |  |  | 3,411.6 |  | 51.4 |
| PERSONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 5,945.8 | 7.422.2 | 44.9 | 458.6 | 104.4 | 563.0 | 7,985.2 | 7.1 | 62.3 |
| September | 5,972.0 | 7,465.8 | 47.2 | 448.6 | 110.5 | 559.1 | 8.024 .9 | 7.0 | 62.5 |
| October | 6,006.4 | 7,465.0 | 44.2 | 438.5 | 109.9 | 548.4 | $8,013.4$ | 6.8 | 62.3 |
| November | 6,003.6 | 7.483 .6 | 44.3 | 425.3 | 111.8 | 537.1 | $8,020.7$ | 6.7 | 62.3 |
| December | 6,026.8 | 7,531.2 | 45.2 | 436.4 | 119.7 | -556.1 | 8,087.2 | 6.9 | 62.7 |
| 1989. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 6,025.4 | 7,573.0 | 46.1 | 437.5 | 128.1 | 565.6 | 8,138.6 | 6.9 | 63.0 |
| February | 6,058.2 | 7.617 .8 | 46.3 | 432.1 | 119.3 | 551.4 | 8,169.2 | 6.7 | 63.1 |
| March | 6,049.6 | 7,569.9 | 33.8 | 397.5 | 104.0 | 501.5 | 8,071.4 | 6.2 | 62.2 |
| April | 6,122.8 | 7.662 .9 | 36.2 | 386.9 | 110.4 | 497.3 | 8,160.2 | 6.1 | 62.8 |
| May | 6,138.2 | 7721.2 | 34.4 | 402.4 | 113.9 | 516.3 | 8,237.5 | 6.3 | 63.3 |
| June | 6,160.1 | 7723.2 | 35.6 | 384.1 | 105.1 | 489.3 | 8,212.4 | 6.0 | 63.0 |
| July | 6,164.6 | 7749.0 | 33.7 | 393.8 | 112.7 | 506.5 | 8,255.5 | 6.1 | 63.2 |
| August | 6.184 .0 | 7,800.0 | 35.0 | 381.5 | 110.9 | 492.3 | 8,292.3 | 5.9 | 63.4 |
| September | $6,172.0$ | 7,813.8 | 32.8 | 391.4 | 114.0 | 505.4 | 8,319.2 | 6.1 | 63.5 |
| October | 6,183.4 | 7,806.0 | 37.7 | 376.0 | 118.2 | 494.2 | 8,300.2 | 6.0 | 63.3 |

TABLE 3. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: TREND SERIES

(a) See Explanatory Notes, Paragraph 32, Appendix B.

TABLE 4. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: MARITAL STATUS, OCTOBER 1989

|  | Unemployed |  |  |  |  | Labour force | Not in labour force | Civilian population aged 15 and over | Unemployment rate | Participation rate <br> t.. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Employed |  | Looking | Looking |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Full-time workers | Total | for full- <br> time work | for part. time work .. $\qquad$ | Total |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males | 4,264.2 | 4,628.3 | 211.0 | 32.2 | 2432 | 4,871.5 | 1,599.8 | 6,471.3 | 5.0 | 75.3 |
| Married | 2,831.7 | 2,964.7 | 89.6 | 7.5 | 97.1 | 3,061.8 | 892.1 | 3,953.9 | 3.2 | 77.4 |
| Not married | 1,432.5 | 1,663.5 | 121.5 | 24.7 | 146.2 | 1,809.7 | 707.7 | 2,517.4 | 8.1 | 71.9 |
| Females | 1,930.2 | 3,189.5 | 136.7 | 77.4 | 214.1 | 3,403.7 | 3,237.5 | 6,641.1 | 63 | 51.3 |
| Married | 1,041.2 | 1,936.0 | 43.5 | 39.2 | 82.6 | 2,018.6 | 1,907.2 | 3,925.8 | 4.1 | 51.4 |
| Not married | 889.0 | 1,253.6 | 93.2 | 38.3 | 131.5 | 1,385.0 | 1,330.3 | 2,715.3 | 9.5 | 51.0 |
| Persons | 6,194.4 | 7,817.8 | 347.7 | 109.6 | 457.4 | 8,275.1 | 4,837.2 | 13,112.4 | 5.5 | 63.1 |

TABLE 5. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: STATES AND TERRITORIES, OCTOBER 1989

|  | Unemployed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| State or <br> Territory |  |  |  |  |  | Labour force | Not in labour force | Civilian population aged 15 and over |  |  |
|  | Employed |  | Looking for full. time work | Looking for parttime work$\text { .-. } 0$ | Total |  |  |  | Unemp- | Partici- |
|  | Full-time workers | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { loyment } \\ \text { rate } \\ \text {--per } \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| MALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New South Wales | 1,437.3 | 1,557.1 | 76.7 | 10.4 | 87.0 | 1,644.2 | 568.6 | 2,212.7 | 5.3 | 74.3 |
| Victoria | 1,123.3 | 1,211.8 | 39.3 | 5.9 | 45.2 | 1,257.0 | 409.1 | 1,666.1 | 3.6 | 75.4 |
| Queensland | 718.9 | 782.1 | 38.7 | 6.3 | 45.1 | 827.2 | 261.2 | 1,088.4 | 5.4 | 76.0 |
| South Australia | 352.0 | 385.3 | 23.8 | 3.1 | 26.9 | 412.1 | 144.1 | 556.2 | 6.5 | 74.1 |
| Westem Australia | 414.6 | 451.4 | 20.2 | 3.6 | 23.8 | 475.2 | 142.7 | 617.9 | 5.0 | 76.9 |
| Tasmania | 108.1 | 118.6 | 7.9 | * 0.7 | 8.6 | 127.2 | 43.5 | 170.7 | 6.8 | 74.5 |
| Northem Territory | 40.6 | 42.9 | 2.5 | - 0.5 | 3.0 | 45.9 | 11.9 | 57.8 | 6.5 | 79.5 |
| Australian Capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Territory | 69.4 | 79.1 | 2.0 | 1.6 | 3.6 | 82.7 | 18.7 | 101.4 | 4.4 | 81.6 |
| Australia | 4,264.2 | 4,6283 | 211.0 | 322 | 2432 | 4,871.5 | 1.599 .8 | 6,471.3 | 5.0 | 75.3 |


| FEMALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New South Wales | 664.3 | 1,056.3 | 41.6 | 23.2 | 64.8 | 1,121.1 | 1,162.8 | 2,283.9 | 5.8 | 49.1 |
| Victoria | 529.1 | 860.1 | 26.6 | 21.8 | 48.4 | 908.5 | 818.0 | 1,726.5 | 5.3 | 52.6 |
| Queensland | 310.6 | 523.6 | 32.2 | 13.8 | 46.0 | 569.7 | 538.3 | 1,107.9 | 8.1 | 51.4 |
| South Australia | 150.4 | 266.3 | 14.6 | 7.0 | 21.6 | 287.9 | 284.4 | 572.4 | 7.5 | 50.3 |
| Western Australia | 169.6 | 309.1 | 13.6 | 6.2 | 19.8 | 328.8 | 286.7 | 615.5 | 6.0 | 53.4 |
| Tasmania | 41.7 | 79.1 | 5:9 | 2.3 | 8.2 | 87.3 | 89.3 | 176.5 | 9.3 | 49.4 |
| Northem Territory | 22.5 | 30.2 | * 1.2 | * 0.9 | 2.1 | 32.3 | 20.7 | 53.0 | 6.6 | 61.0 |
| Australian Capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Territory | 41.9 | 64.8 | - 1.2 | 2.1 | 3.2 | 68.0 | 37.3 | 105.3 | 4.8 | 64.5 |
| Australia | $1,930.2$ | 3,189.5 | 136.7 | 77.4 | 214.1 | 3,403.7 | 3,2375 | 6,641.1 | 6.3 | 51.3 |


| PERSONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New South Wales | 2,101.6 | 2,613.4 | 118.2 | 33.6 | 151.8 | 2,765.3 | 1,731.3 | 4,496.6 | 5.5 | 61.5 |
| Victoria | 1,652.4 | 2,071.9 | 65.9 | 27.7 | 93.6 | 2,165.5 | 1,227.1 | 3,392.6 | 4.3 | 63.8 |
| Queensland | 1,029.5 | 1,305.7 | 70.9 | 20.2 | 91.1 | 1,396.8 | 799.5 | 2,196.3 | 6.5 | 63.6 |
| South Australia | 502.3 | 651.6 | 38.4 | 10.1 | 48.4 | 700.1 | 428.6 | 1,128.6 | 6.9 | 62.0 |
| Westem Australia | 584.2 | 760.5 | 33.7 | 9.8 | 43.6 | 804.0 | 429.4 | 1,233.5 | 5.4 | 65.2 |
| Tasmania | 149.9 | 197.7 | 13.8 | 3.0 | 16.8 | 214.5 | 132.8 | 347.3 | 7.8 | 61.8 |
| Northem Territory | 63.1 | 73.2 | 3.7 | * 1.5 | 5.1 | 78.3 | 32.6 | 110.8 | 6.6 | 70.6 |
| Australian Capital Territory | 111.4 | 143.8 | 3.2 | 3.7 | 6.9 | 150.7 | 56.0 | 206.7 | 4.6 | 72.9 |
| Australla | 6,194.4 | 7,817.8 | 347.7 | 109.6 | 457.4 | 8,275.1 | 4,837.2 | 13,112.4 | 5.5 | 63.1 |

TABLE 6. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: STATE CAPITAL CITIES(a), OCTOBER 1989

| Capital ciry | Unemployed |  |  |  |  | Labowr force | Not in labour force | Civilian population aged 15 and over | Unemp- <br> loyment rate <br> --per | Participation rate <br> nt -- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Employed |  | Looking | Looking |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Full-time workers | Total | for fulltime work | for parttime work $\qquad$ | Total |  |  |  |  |  |
| MALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sydney | 929.7 | 1,009.9 | 39.0 | 6.1 | 45.2 |  | 1,055.1 | 345.4 | 1,400.5 | 4.3 | 75.3 |
| Melboume | 810.9 | 871.4 | 26.1 | 4.6 | 30.7 | 902.0 | 282.0 | 1,184.0 | 3.4 | 76.2 |
| Brisbane | 323.7 | 356.2 | 15.5 | 3.9 | 19.4 | 375.6 | 114.6 | 490.2 | 5.2 | 76.6 |
| Adelaide | 253.9 | 278.7 | 14.3 | 2.3 | 16.7 | 295.3 | 108.5 | 403.8 | 5.6 | 73.1 |
| Perth | 291.6 | 317.7 | 13.2 | 3.0 | 16.2 | 333.9 | 108.5 | 442.5 | 4.9 | 75.5 |
| Hobart | 41.6 | 45.7 | 3.2 | - 0.5 | 3.7 | 49.4 | 18.8 | 68.2 | 7.5 | 72.5 |
| Total | 2,651.4 | 2,879.6 | 111.2 | 20.5 | 131.7 | 3,011.3 | 977.8 | 3,989.2 | 4.4 | 75.5 |
| FEMALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sydney | 466.1 | 723.8 | 20.6 | 13.8 | 34.4 | 758.1 | 700.9 | 1,459.0 | 4.5 | 52.0 |
| Melboume | 403.8 | 632.9 | 15.5 | 14.8 | 30.3 | 663.1 | 571.9 | 1,235.0 | 4.6 | 53.7 |
| Brisbane | 156.5 | 252.4 | 13.6 | 7.2 | 20.8 | 273.2 | 246.7 | 519.9 | 7.6 | 52.5 |
| Adelaide | 115.0 | 198.0 | 10.8 | 5.6 | 16.4 | 214.3 | 212.0 | 426.3 | 7.6 | 50.3 |
| Perth | 131.3 | 228.3 | 8.7 | 5.1 | 13.7 | 242.0 | 218.9 | 460.9 | 5.7 | 52.5 |
| Hobart | 18.3 | 34.5 | 1.8 | - 0.9 | 2.7 | 37.3 | 35.1 | 72.4 | 7.4 | 51.5 |
| Total | 1,291.1 | 2,069.8 | 70.9 | 473 | 118.3 | 2,188.1 | 1.985 .4 | 4,173.5 | 5.4 | 52.4 |
| PERSONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sydney | 1,395.8 | 1,733.7 | 59.6 | 19.9 | 79.5 | 1,813.2 | 1,046.3 | 2,859.5 | 4.4 | 63.4 |
| Melbourne | 1,214.7 | 1,504.2 | 41.6 | 19.4 | 60.9 | 1,565.2 | 853.8 | 2,419.0 | 3.9 | 64.7 |
| Brisbane | 480.2 | 608.6 | 29.0 | 11.1 | 40.1 | 648.7 | 361.3 | 1,010.1 | 6.2 | 64.2 |
| Adelaide | 368.8 | 476.7 | 25.1 | 7.9 | 33.0 | 509.7 | 320.5 | 830.2 | 6.5 | 61.4 |
| Perth | 423.0 | 546.0 | 21.9 | 8.1 | 29.9 | 576.0 | 327.4 | 903.4 | 5.2 | 63.8 |
| Hobart | 59.9 | 80.2 | 5.0 | 1.5 | 6.4 | 86.7 | 53.9 | 140.6 | 7.4 | 61.7 |
| Total | 3,942.5 | 4,949.4 | 182.2 | 67.8 | 250.0 | 5,199.4 | 2,963.3 | 8,162.7 | 4.8 | 63.7 |

(a) Consists of capital city statistical divisions. See the Glossary, Appendix A.

TABLE 7. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, OCTOBER 1989

|  | Males | Females |  | Persons |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aged } \\ & 15.19 \end{aligned}$ | Aged 20-24 | Aged25 andover | Total |
|  |  | Married | Total |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | --'000 -- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employed | 79.1 | 38.8 | 64.8 | 13.4 | 21.6 | 108.8 | 143.8 |
| Full-time workers | 69.4 | 24.2 | 41.9 | 5.2 | 16.6 | 89.6 | 111.4 |
| Patt-time workers | 9.6 | 14.6 | 22.8 | 8.2 | 5.0 | 19.2 | 32.4 |
| Unemployed | 3.6 | - 0.6 | 32 | 2.7 | * 1.3 | 2.9 | 6.9 |
| Looking for full-time work | 2.0 | - 0.3 | * 1.2 | * 0.3 | * 0.8 | 2.1 | 3.2 |
| Looking for part-lime work | 1.6 | * 0.3 | 2.1 | 2.4 | -0.5 | * 0.9 | 3.7 |
| Labour force | 82.7 | 39.4 | 68.0 | 16.1 | 22.9 | 111.7 | 150.7 |
| Not in labour force | 18.7 | 21.8 | 37.3 | 9.4 | 3.9 | 42.8 | 56.0 |
| Aged 15-19 attending school(a) | 3.8 | * 0.0 | 4.0 | 7.8 | .. | .. | 7.8 |
| Civilian population | 101.4 | 61.2 | 105.3 | 25.5 | 26.7 | 154.5 | 206.7 |
| Unemployment rate | 4.4 | $\begin{aligned} & - \text { per cent -- } \\ & 1.6 \end{aligned}$ | 4.8 | 16.5 | * 5.6 | 2.6 | 4.6 |
| Looking for full-time work | 2.8 | * 1.1 | * 2.7 | +5.5 | - 4.5 | 2.3 | 2.8 |
| Participation rate | 81.6 | 64.3 | 64.5 | 63.1 | 85.5 | 72.3 | 72.9 |
| Employment/population ratio | 78.0 | 63.3 | 61.5 | 52.6 | 80.8 | 70.4 | 69.6 |
|  |  | -- number -- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average weekly hours worked by employed persons | 35.0 |  | 26.6 | 21.1 | 31.4 | 32.5 | 31.2 |
| Average duration of unemployment (weeks) | 33.9 | - 7.4 | 18.9 | 22.0 | -9.1 | 38.8 | 26.8 |

[^2]TABLE 8. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

| Month | Males |  |  |  |  | Females |  |  |  |  | Persons |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Employed | $\begin{gathered} \text { Unemp- } \\ \text { loyed } \\ \ldots \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Labour force | Unemp. loyment rate $\qquad$ - per | Partic. ipation rate cent -. | Employed | $\begin{gathered} \text { Unemp. } \\ \text { loyed } \\ \ldots .000-- \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Labour force | Unemployment rate - per | Partic. ipation rate cent -: | Employed | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Unemp- } \\ \text { loyed } \\ \text { _- '000 .. } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Labour force | Unemployment rate -. per | Partic ipation rate ent. |
| NEW SOUTH WALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 1,504.1 | 114.2 | 1,618.3 | 7.1 | 74.3 | 1,024.6 | 82.1 | 1,106.7 | 7.4 | 49.2 | 2,528.7 | 196.3 | 2,725.1 | 7.2 | 61.6 |
| September | 1,498.5 | 113.6 | 1,612.0 | 7.0 | 74.0 | 1,019.7 | 80.7 | 1,100.5 | 7.3 | 48.9 | 2,518.2 | 194.3 | 2,712.5 | 7.2 | 61.2 |
| Ociober | 1,510.0 | 109.7 | 1,619.7 | 6.8 | 74.2 | 1,023.1 | 79.1 | 1,102.3 | 7.2 | 48.9 | 2,533.1 | 188.9 | 2,722.0 | 6.9 | 61.4 |
| November | 1,508.8 | 103.5 | 1,612.3 | 6.4 | 73.8 | 1,014.0 | 81.9 | 1,095.9 | 7.5 | 48.6 | 2,522.8 | 185.4 | 2,708.2 | 6.8 | 61.0 |
| December | 1,506.4 | 110.2 | 1,616.7 | 6.8 | 73.9 | 1,014.6 | 83.1 | 1,097.7 | 7.6 | 48.6 | 2,521.1 | 193.4 | 2,714.4 | 7.1 | 61.0 |
| 1989. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 1,505.3 | 113.0 | 1,618.3 | 7.0 | 73.9 | 1,026.4 | 82.1 | 1,108.6 | 7.4 | 49.0 | 2,531.7 | 195.1 | 2,726.8 | 7.2 | 61.2 |
| February | 1,515.7 | 106.5 | 1,622.1 | 6.6 | 73.9 | 1,032.2 | 74.5 | 1,106.7 | 6.7 | 48.8 | 2,547.8 | 181.0 | 2,728.8 | 6.6 | 61.2 |
| March | 1,505.6 | 101.9 | 1,607.5 | 6.3 | 73.2 | 1,020.9 | 77.4 | 1,098.4 | 7.0 | 48.4 | 2,526.6 | 179.3 | 2,705.8 | 6.6 | 60.6 |
| April | 1,527.3 | 95.9 | 1,623.2 | 5.9 | 73.8 | 1,032.3 | 78.0 | 1,110.3 | 7.0 | 48.9 | 2,559.6 | 173.9 | 2,733.6 | 6.4 | 61.1 |
| May | 1,536.2 | 101.5 | 1,637.7 | 6.2 | 74.4 | 1,051.1 | 84.5 | 1,135.6 | 7.4 | 49.9 | 2,587.3 | 186.0 | 2,773.3 | 6.7 | 62.0 |
| June | 1,538.1 | 96.7 | 1,634.8 | 5.9 | 74.2 | 1,045.1 | 76.2 | 1,121.3 | 6.8 | 49.2 | 2,583.2 | 173.0 | 2,756.1 | 6.3 | 61.5 |
| July | 1,554.7 | 97.4 | 1,652.1 | 5.9 | 74.9 | 1,049.1 | 82.5 | 1,131.7 | 7.3 | 49.7 | 2,603.8 | 180.0 | 2,783.8 | 6.5 | 62.1 |
| August | 1,564.1 | 91.1 | 1,655.2 | 5.5 | 74.9 | 1,050.5 | 78.5 | 1,129.0 | 7.0 | 49.5 | 2,614.6 | 169.6 | 2,784.2 | 6.1 | 62.0 |
| September | 1,554.5 | 100.9 | 1,655.4 | 6.1 | 74.8 | 1,060.1 | 72.9 | 1,133.0 | 6.4 | 49.6 | 2,614.6 | 173.9 | 2,788.4 | 6.2 | 62.0 |
| October | 1,557.9 | 92.9 | 1,650.9 | 5.6 | 74.6 | 1,055.1 | 69.4 | 1,124.5 | 6.2 | 49.2 | 2,613.0 | 162.3 | 2,775.3 | 5.8 | 61.7 |
| VICTORIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 1,145.2 | 59.5 | 1,204.8 | 4.9 | 73.7 | 794.6 | 63.4 | 858.0 | 7.4 | 50.6 | 1,939.8 | 123.0 | 2,062.8 | 6.0 | 61.9 |
| September | 1,161.0 | 57.6 | 1,218.5 | 4.7 | 74.4 | 807.3 | 59.6 | 866.9 | 6.9 | 51.1 | 1,968.2 | 117.2 | 2,085.4 | 5.6 | 62.6 |
| October | 1,164.8 | 61.0 | 1,225.8 | 5.0 | 74.8 | 797.1 | 55.9 | 853.0 | 6.6 | 50.2 | 1,961.8 | 117.0 | 2,078.8 | 5.6 | 62.3 |
| November | 1,170.2 | 55.1 | 1,225.2 | 4.5 | 74.6 | 815.8 | 53.6 | 869.4 | 6.2 | 51.1 | 1,985.9 | 108.7 | 2,094.6 | 5.2 | 62.6 |
| December | 1,171.9 | 58.6 | 1,230.4 | 4.8 | 74.8 | 826.5 | 55.9 | 882.4 | 6.3 | 51.8 | 1,998.4 | 114.5 | 2,112.9 | 5.4 | 63.1 |
| 1989. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 1,167.6 | 58.9 | 1,226.5 | 4.8 | 74.5 | 822.3 | 57.7 | 880.0 | 6.6 | 51.6 | 1,989.9 | 116.5 | 2,106.4 | 5.5 | 62.8 |
| February | 1,185.6 | 63.4 | 1,249.0 | 5.1 | 75.7 | 833.0 | 60.1 | 893.1 | 6.7 | 52.3 | 2,018.7 | 123.5 | 2,142.1 | 5.8 | 63.8 |
| March | 1,183.4 | 57.4 | 1,240.8 | 4.6 | 75.1 | 827.0 | 49.5 | 876.4 | 5.6 | 51.2 | 2,010.4 | 106.9 | 2,117.2 | 5.0 | 63.0 |
| April | 1,208.1 | 55.0 | 1,263.1 | 4.4 | 76.4 | 828.1 | 52.1 | 880.2 | 5.9 | 51.4 | 2,036.2 | 107.1 | 2,143.3 | 5.0 | 63.6 |
| May | 1,209.9 | 50.8 | 1,260.8 | 4.0 | 76.1 | 845.7 | 57.6 | 903.3 | 6.4 | 52.6 | 2,055.6 | 108.5 | 2,164.1 | 5.0 | 64.2 |
| June | 1,207.2 | 44.7 | 1,251.9 | 3.6 | 75.5 | 847.4 | 55.4 | 902.7 | 6.1 | 52.5 | 2,054.5 | 100.1 | 2,154.6 | 4.6 | 63.8 |
| July | 1,206.3 | 51.8 | 1,258.1 | 4.1 | 75.8 | 843.3 | 50.9 | 894.3 | 5.7 | 52.0 | 2,049.7 | 102.7 | 2,152.4 | 4.8 | 63.7 |
| August | 1,200.2 | 51.8 | 1,252.0 | 4.1 | 75.3 | 859.3 | 48.1 | 907.4 | 5.3 | 52.7 | 2,059.6 | 99.8 | 2,159.4 | 4.6 | 63.8 |
| September | 1,202.8 | 56.6 | 1,259.4 | 4.5 | 75.7 | 868.8 | 49.9 | 918.7 | 5.4 | 53.3 | 2,071.6 | 106.4 | 2,178.1 | 4.9 | 64.3 |
| October | 1,215.3 | 47.2 | 1,262.5 | 3.7 | 75.8 | 856.7 | 52.8 | 909.5 | 5.8 | 52.7 | 2,072.0 | 100.0 | 2,172.0 | 4.6 | 64.0 |

TABLE 8. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES -continued

| Month | Males |  |  |  |  | Females |  |  |  |  | Persons |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Employed | $\begin{gathered} \text { Unemp- } \\ \text { loyed } \\ \therefore 0000 .- \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Labour force | Unemployment rate - per | Participation rate cent -- | Employed | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Unemp- } \\ \text { loyed } \\ \ldots .000 \ldots \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Labour force | Unemployment rate -- per | Partic. ipation rate cent .. | Employed | $\begin{gathered} \text { Unemp. } \\ \text { loyed } \\ -.000 \ldots \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Labour force | Unemployment rate --per | Participation rate <br> cent -. |
| QUEENSLAND |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 730.1 | 57.1 | 787.2 | 7.3 | 75.5 | 474.1 | 43.3 | 517.4 | 8.4 | 48.7 | 1,204.2 | 100.4 | 1,304.6 | 7.7 | 61.9 |
| September | 737.7 | 60.8 | 798.5 | 7.6 | 76.3 | 478.0 | 47.9 | 525.8 | 9.1 | 49.3 | 1,215.7 | 108.7 | 1,324.4 | 8.2 | 62.7 |
| Ocrober | 744.0 | 53.6 | 797.6 | 6.7 | 76.0 | 480.0 | 46.3 | 526.3 | 8.8 | 49.2 | 1,224.0 | 99.9 | 1,323.9 | 7.5 | 62.5 |
| November | 747.7 | 55.0 | 802.6 | 6.8 | 76.3 | 473.9 | 45.4 | 519.3 | 8.7 | 48.4 | 1,221.6 | 100.3 | 1,321.9 | 7.6 | 62.2 |
| December | 750.5 | 55.8 | 806.2 | 6.9 | 76.4 | 490.5 | 46.3 | 536.7 | 8.6 | 49.9 | 1,240.9 | 1020 | 1,343.0 | 7.6 | 63.0 |
| 1989. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 754.7 | 55.8 | 810.6 | 6.9 | 76.6 | 502.1 | 49.3 | 551.4 | 8.9 | 51.1 | 1,256.8 | 105.1 | 1,361.9 | 7.7 | 63.7 |
| February | 756.5 | 57.2 | 813.8 | 7.0 | 76.7 | 499.4 | 44.1 | 543.5 | 8.1 | 50.3 | 1,256.0 | 101.3 | 1,357.3 | 7.5 | 63.3 |
| March | 752.6 | 50.7 | 803.3 | 6.3 | 75.5 | 498.7 | 39.5 | 538.3 | 7.3 | 49.6 | 1,251.4 | 90.3 | 1,341.6 | 6.7 | 62.4 |
| April | 754.5 | 52.4 | 806.9 | 6.5 | 75.5 | 503.6 | 43.6 | 547.2 | 8.0 | 50.3 | 1,258.1 | 96.0 | 1,354.1 | 7.1 | 62.8 |
| May | 762.6 | 49.8 | 812.4 | 6.1 | 75.8 | 513.2 | 43.8 | 557.1 | 7.9 | 51.0 | 1,275.8 | 93.7 | 1,369.5 | 6.8 | 63.3 |
| June | 762.6 | 51.2 | 813.7 | 6.3 | 75.7 | 517.7 | 41.0 | 558.7 | 7.3 | 51.0 | 1,280.3 | 92.2 | 1,372.5 | 6.7 | 63.2 |
| July | 764.0 | 50.4 | 814.4 | 6.2 | 75.5 | 517.8 | 42.3 | 560.1 | 7.5 | 51.0 | 1,281.8 | 92.7 | 1,374.5 | 6.7 | 63.2 |
| August | 767.3 | 51.1 | 818.3 | 6.2 | 75.6 | 519.0 | 45.2 | 564.2 | 8.0 | 51.2 | 1,286.3 | 96.2 | 1,382.5 | 7.0 | 63.3 |
| Seplember | 775.0 | 49.5 | 824.4 | 6.0 | 76.0 | 515.3 | 48.3 | 563.6 | 8.6 | 51.0 | 1,290.3 | 97.7 | 1,388.0 | 7.0 | 63.4 |
| Oatober | 783.4 | 48.4 | 831.8 | 5.8 | 76.4 | 521.4 | 51.6 | 573.1 | 9.0 | 51.7 | 1,304.8 | 100.0 | 1,404.9 | 7.1 | 64.0 |
| SOUTH AUSTRALIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 370.2 | 33.1 | 403.2 | 8.2 | 73.7 | 257.0 | 25.1 | 282.0 | 8.9 | 50.0 | 627.1 | 58.1 | 685.2 | 8.5 | 61.6 |
| September | 372.1 | 32.3 | 404.3 | 8.0 | 73.8 | 256.8 | 24.0 | 280.9 | 8.6 | 49.7 | 628.9 | 56.3 | 685.2 | 8.2 | 61.6 |
| October | 375.3 | 32.0 | 407.4 | 7.9 | 74.3 | 258.4 | 23.2 | 281.6 | 8.2 | 49.8 | 633.7 | 55.3 | 689.0 | 8.0 | 61.9 |
| November | 380.3 | 31.0 | 411.3 | 7.5 | 74.9 | 258.3 | 22.7 | 281.0 | 8.1 | 49.6 | 638.5 | 53.8 | 692.3 | 7.8 | 62.1 |
| December | 375.6 | 32.1 | 407.7 | 7.9 | 74.2 | 260.1 | 22.2 | 282.4 | 7.9 | 49.8 | 635.7 | 54.3 | 690.1 | 7.9 | 61.8 |
| 1989. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 378.1 | 33.0 | 411.1 | 8.0 | 74.7 | 263.4 | 23.8 | 287.1 | 8.3 | 50.6 | 641.5 | 56.7 | 698.3 | 8.1 | 62.5 |
| February | 378.8 | 32.4 | 411.2 | 7.9 | 74.6 | 263.8 | 24.0 | 287.8 | 8.3 | 50.7 | 642.5 | 56.4 | 698.9 | 8.1 | 62.5 |
| March | 379.4 | 30.0 | 409.4 | 7.3 | 74.2 | 267.8 | 18.5 | 286.2 | 6.4 | 50.3 | 647.2 | 48.5 | 695.6 | 7.0 | 62.1 |
| April | 381.6 | 32.2 | 413.8 | 7.8 | 74.9 | 266.2 | 19.9 | 286.1 | 6.9 | 50.2 | 647.8 | 52.1 | 699.9 | 7.4 | 62.4 |
| May | 380.7 | 34.8 | 415.5 | 8.4 | 75.1 | 266.0 | 22.4 | 288.4 | 7.8 | 50.6 | 646.7 | 57.1 | 703.8 | 8.1 | 62.6 |
| June | 382.1 | 30.2 | 412.3 | 7.3 | 74.4 | 265.1 | 22.0 | 287.1 | 7.7 | 50.3 | 647.3 | 52.2 | 699.4 | 7.5 | 62.2 |
| July | 383.3 | 32.3 | 415.5 | 7.8 | 74.9 | 267.2 | 21.4 | 288.6 | 7.4 | 50.5 | 650.4 | 53.7 | 704.1 | 7.6 | 62.6 |
| August | 389.7 | 27.6 | 417.4 | 6.6 | 75.2 | 275.6 | 19.0 | 294.6 | 6.5 | 51.6 | 665.3 | 46.7 | 712.0 | 6.6 | 63.2 |
| September | 389.6 | 24.9 | 414.5 | 6.0 | 74.6 | 272.8 | 19.2 | 292.0 | 6.6 | 51.1 | 662.4 | 44.1 | 706.5 | 6.2 | 62.7 |
| October | 385.4 | 27.7 | 413.1 | 6.7 | 74.3 | 268.7 | 22.0 | 290.7 | 7.6 | 50.8 | 654.1 | 49.7 | 703.8 | 7.1 | 62.4 |

TABLE 8. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES - continued

| Month | Males |  |  |  |  | Females |  |  |  |  | Persons |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Employed | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Unemp- } \\ \text { loyed } \\ .-000 . . \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Labour force | Unemployment rate $- \text { per }$ $\qquad$ | Partic. ipation rate cent -- | Employed | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Unemp } \\ \text { loyed } \\ \ldots \text {. } 000 \text {.- } \\ \hline \hline \end{array}$ | Labour force | Unemployment rate .. per | Participation rate <br> cent .. | Employed | $\begin{gathered} \text { Unemp- } \\ \text { loyed } \\ .-000 .- \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Labour force | Unemployment rate - per | Partic ipation rate ent.: |
| WESTERN AUSTRALIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 434.2 | 29.0 | 463.2 | 6.3 | 77.8 | 284.2 | 23.7 | 308.0 | 7.7 | 52.0 | 718.4 | 52.7 | 771.1 | 6.8 | 64.9 |
| September | 437.6 | 29.6 | 467.2 | 6.3 | 78.3 | 289.5 | 22.9 | 312.4 | 7.3 | 52.6 | 727.1 | 52.5 | 779.6 | 6.7 | 65.5 |
| October | 439.7 | 29.2 | 468.9 | 6.2 | 78.4 | 287.1 | 22.9 | 310.0 | 7.4 | 52.0 | 726.8 | 52.1 | 778.9 | 6.7 | 65.2 |
| November | 441.1 | 28.9 | 470.1 | 6.2 | 78.3 | 288.8 | 25.7 | 314.5 | 8.2 | 52.6 | 729.9 | 54.6 | 784.5 | 7.0 | 65.5 |
| December | 444.1 | 28.4 | 472.5 | 6.0 | 78.5 | 289.3 | 24.6 | 313.9 | 7.8 | 52.4 | 733.4 | 53.0 | 786.4 | 6.7 | 65.5 |
| 1989. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 445.8 | 27.2 | 473.0 | 5.8 | 78.4 | 300.1 | 23.1 | 323.2 | 7.2 | 53.8 | 745.9 | 50.4 | 796.2 | 6.3 | 66.1 |
| February | 447.9 | 25.6 | 473.5 | 5.4 | 78.2 | 301.7 | 20.7 | 322.3 | 6.4 | 53.5 | 749.6 | 46.3 | 795.8 | 5.8 | 65.9 |
| March | 446.6 | 25.0 | 471.6 | 5.3 | 77.7 | 293.2 | 20.7 | 313.9 | 6.6 | 51.9 | 739.8 | 45.6 | 785.5 | 5.8 | 64.8 |
| April | 448.0 | 22.7 | 470.7 | 4.8 | 77.4 | 301.4 | 19.9 | 321.2 | 6.2 | 53.0 | 749.4 | 42.6 | 792.0 | 5.4 | 65.2 |
| May | 447.9 | 22.9 | 470.9 | 4.9 | 77.2 | 299.8 | 19.4 | 319.3 | 6.1 | 52.5 | 747.7 | 42.4 | 790.1 | 5.4 | 64.9 |
| June | 441.4 | 26.1 | 467.5 | 5.6 | 76.5 | 300.2 | 19.3 | 319.5 | 6.0 | 52.4 | 741.6 | 45.4 | 786.9 | 5.8 | 64.5 |
| July | 449.7 | 23.8 | 473.5 | 5.0 | 77.2 | 297.4 | 19.9 | 317.3 | 6.3 | 51.9 | 747.1 | 43.7 | 790.8 | 5.5 | 64.6 |
| August | 450.5 | 25.5 | 476.0 | 5.4 | 77.4 | 307.4 | 21.0 | 328.3 | 6.4 | 53.6 | 757.9 | 46.5 | 804.4 | 5.8 | 65.5 |
| September | 449.8 | 28.5 | 478.3 | 6.0 | 77.6 | 303.5 | 25.4 | 329.0 | 7.7 | 53.6 | 753.3 | 53.9 | 807.3 | 6.7 | 65.6 |
| October | 451.3 | 26.7 | 478.0 | 5.6 | 77.4 | 307.0 | 22.7 | 329.7 | 6.9 | 53.6 | 758.3 | 49.4 | 807.7 | 6.1 | 65.5 |
| TASMANIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 116.3 | 11.2 | 127.5 | 8.8 | 75.5 | 74.8 | 8.2 | 83.0 | 9.8 | 47.5 | 191.1 | 19.4 | 210.5 | 9.2 | 61.3 |
| Seplember | 116.3 | 12.0 | 128.2 | 9.3 | 75.9 | 74.1 | 8.5 | 82.6 | 10.3 | 47.3 | 190.4 | 20.5 | 210.8 | 9.7 | 61.3 |
| October | 116.2 | 11.6 | 127.8 | 9.1 | 75.6 | 72.5 | 9.1 | 81.5 | 11.1 | 46.6 | 188.7 | 20.7 | 209.4 | 9.9 | 60.9 |
| November | 116.2 | 12.1 | 128.3 | 9.4 | 75.8 | 71.6 | 8.5 | 80.0 | 10.6 | 45.7 | 187.8 | 20.5 | 208.3 | 9.8 | 60.5 |
| December | 115.3 | 11.7 | 127.0 | 9.2 | 75.0 | 71.4 | 8.8 | 80.3 | 11.0 | 45.8 | 186.7 | 20.6 | 207.3 | 9.9 | 60.2 |
| 1989. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 113.5 | 10.6 | 124.1 | 8.5 | 73.3 | 70.0 | 11.2 | 81.2 | 13.8 | 46.3 | 183.5 | 21.8 | 205.3 | 10.6 | 59.6 |
| February | 113.3 | 12.0 | 125.3 | 9.6 | 73.9 | 70.2 | 10.2 | 80.4 | 12.6 | 45.8 | 183.5 | 22.2 | 205.7 | 10.8 | 59.7 |
| March | 114.0 | 11.1 | 125.2 | 8.9 | 73.8 | 68.3 | 8.3 | 76.7 | 10.9 | 43.7 | 182.3 | 19.5 | 201.8 | 9.7 | 58.5 |
| April | 114.4 | 10.9 | 125.3 | 8.7 | 73.8 | 71.8 | 7.9 | 79.7 | 9.9 | 45.4 | 186.2 | 18.8 | 205.0 | 9.2 | 59.4 |
| May | 115.2 | 10.9 | 126.1 | 8.6 | 74.3 | 74.5 | 7.3 | 81.8 | 8.9 | 46.6 | 189.8 | 18.2 | 208.0 | 8.7 | 60.2 |
| June | 113.9 | 11.9 | 125.8 | 9.5 | 74.0 | 76.0 | 8.0 | 83.9 | 9.5 | 47.7 | 189.9 | 19.9 | 209.8 | 9.5 | 60.7 |
| July | 115.0 | 10.4 | 125.5 | 8.3 | 73.7 | 76.9 | 8.8 | 85.7 | 10.3 | 48.7 | 191.9 | 19.2 | 211.1 | 9.1 | 61.0 |
| August | 116.8 | 10.9 | 127.7 | 8.6 | 75.0 | 78.7 | 7.6 | 86.3 | 8.8 | 49.0 | 195.5 | 18.6 | 214.1 | 8.7 | 61.8 |
| September | 117.8 | 10.9 | 128.6 | 8.5 | 75.4 | 79.4 | 8.9 | 88.4 | 10.1 | 50.1 | 197.2 | 19.8 | 217.0 | 9.1 | 62.6 |
| October | 119.7 | 8.9 | 128.6 | 6.9 | 75.3 | 79.6 | 8.4 | 88.0 | 9.5 | 49.9 | 199.3 | 17.3 | 216.6 | 8.0 | 62.4 |

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: TREND SERIES

| Month | Males |  |  |  |  | Females |  |  |  |  | Persons |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Employed | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Unemp- } \\ \text { loyed } \\ \hline .000 .- \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Labour force | Unemp. loymens rate .. per | Participation rate cent .. | Employed | $\begin{gathered} \text { Unemp- } \\ \text { loyed } \\ \ldots .000-- \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Labour force | Unemployment rate $\qquad$ - per | Partic. ipation rate cent - | Employed | Unemp. loyed $. .000 . .$ | Labour force | Unemployment rate -- per | Participation rate <br> cent -- |
| NEW SOUTH WALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 1,501.8 | 112.9 | 1,614.6 | 7.0 | 74.2 | 1,016.8 | 81.1 | 1,097.9 | 7.4 | 48.8 | 2,518.5 | 194.0 | 2,712.5 | 7.2 | 61.3 |
| September | 1,503.9 | 111.2 | 1,615.0 | 6.9 | 74.1 | 1,018.1 | 80.5 | 1,098.7 | 7.3 | 48.8 | 2,522.0 | 191.7 | 2,713.7 | 7.1 | 61.3 |
| Octaber | 1,505.5 | 110.4 | 1,615.8 | 6.8 | 74.0 | 1,019.3 | 80.6 | 1,099.9 | 7.3 | 48.8 | 2,524.7 | 191.0 | 2,715.7 | 7.0 | 61.2 |
| November | 1,506.2 | 109.7 | 1,615.9 | 6.8 | 73.9 | 1,019.7 | 80.8 | 1,100.5 | 7.3 | 48.8 | 2,525.9 | 190.5 | 2,716.4 | 7.0 | 61.1 |
| December | 1,506.9 | 108.8 | 1,615.6 | 6.7 | 73.8 | 1,020.2 | 80.5 | 1,100.7 | 7.3 | 48.7 | 2,527.1 | 189.3 | 2,716.3 | 7.0 | 61.1 |
| 1989. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 1,508.3 | 107.3 | 1,615.7 | 6.6 | 73.7 | 1,022.0 | 79.8 | 1,101.9 | 7.2 | 48.7 | 2,530.4 | 187.1 | 2,717.5 | 6.9 | 61.0 |
| February | 1,511.2 | 105.6 | 1,616.8 | 6.5 | 73.7 | 1,025.7 | 79.1 | 1,104.8 | 7.2 | 48.7 | 2,536.9 | 184.6 | 2,721.5 | 6.8 | 61.0 |
| March | 1,516.5 | 103.2 | 1,619.7 | 6.4 | 73.7 | 1,030.6 | 78.9 | 1,109.5 | 7.1 | 48.9 | 2,547.1 | 182.1 | 2,729.2 | 6.7 | 61.1 |
| April t | 1,524.3 | 100.7 | 1,625.0 | 6.2 | 73.9 | 1,035.9 | 79.3 | 1,115.2 | 7.1 | 49.1 | 2,560.2 | 180.0 | 2,740.2 | 6.6 | 61.3 |
| May r | 1,533.6 | 98.5 | 1,632.1 | 6.0 | 74.1 | 1,041.1 | 79.7 | 1,120.8 | 7.1 | 49.3 | 2,574.7 | 178.2 | 2,752.9 | 6.5 | 61.5 |
| June r | 1,542.4 | 97.1 | 1,639.5 | 5.9 | 74.4 | 1,045.7 | 79.7 | 1,125.4 | 7.1 | 49.4 | 2,588.1 | 176.8 | 2,764.9 | 6.4 | 61.7 |
| July r | 1,549.8 | 96.5 | 1,646.2 | 5.9 | 74.6 | 1,049.8 | 78.7 | 1,128.5 | 7.0 | 49.5 | 2,599.6 | 175.2 | 2,774.8 | 6.3 | 61.9 |
| August r | 1,555.4 | 95.9 | 1,651.3 | 5.8 | 74.7 | 1,053.2 | 77.0 | 1,130.1 | 6.8 | 49.5 | 2,608.6 | 172.9 | 2,781.5 | 6.2 | 61.9 |
| September 9 | 1,559.7 | 95.4 | 1,655.1 | 5.8 | 74.8 | 1,055.9 | 74.9 | 1,130.8 | 6.6 | 49.5 | 2,615.6 | 170.3 | 2,785.9 | 6.1 | 62.0 |
| October | 1,561.7 | 95.1 | 1,656.8 | 5.7 | 74.9 | 1,057.2 | 72.8 | 1,130.1 | 6.4 | 49.5 | 2,618.9 | 168.0 | 2,786.9 | 6.0 | 62.0 |
| VICTORIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 1,161.8 | 59.9 | 1,221.7 | 4.9 | 74.7 | 791.8 | 59.7 | 851.5 | 7.0 | 50.2 | 1,953.6 | 119.5 | 2,073.2 | 5.8 | 62.3 |
| September | 1,162.8 | 58.5 | 1,221.3 | 4.8 | 74.6 | 799.2 | 58.1 | 857.3 | 6.8 | 50.5 | 1,962.0 | 116.6 | 2,078.6 | 5.6 | 62.3 |
| October | 1,164.3 | 58.1 | 1,222.4 | 4.8 | 74.6 | 807.1 | 57.1 | 864.2 | 6.6 | 50.9 | 1,971.4 | 115.2 | 2,086.6 | 5.5 | 62.5 |
| November | 1,166.6 | 58.5 | 1,225.1 | 4.8 | 74.6 | 814.2 | 56.6 | 870.8 | 6.5 | 51.2 | 1,980.8 | 115.1 | 2,095.9 | 5.5 | 62.7 |
| December | 1,170.3 | 59.2 | 1,229.5 | 4.8 | 74.8 | 820.0 | 56.1 | 876.0 | 6.4 | 51.4 | 1,990.3 | 115.2 | 2,105.5 | 5.5 | 62.9 |
| 1989 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 1,176.0 | 59.4 | 1,235.4 | 4.8 | 75.0 | 824.5 | 55.6 | 880.1 | 6.3 | 51.6 | 2,000.5 | 115.0 | 2,115.5 | 5.4 | 63.1 |
| February | 1,183.5 | 58.6 | 1,242.1 | 4.7 | 75.3 | 828.1 | 55.3 | 883.5 | 6.3 | 51.7 | 2,011.6 | 113.9 | 2,125.5 | 5.4 | 63.3 |
| March | 1,191.7 | 56.7 | 1,248.4 | 4.5 | 75.6 | 831.4 | 55.2 | 886.6 | 6.2 | 51.8 | 2,023.1 | 111.9 | 2,135.0 | 5.2 | 63.5 |
| April r | 1,198.9 | 54.4 | 1,253.3 | 4.3 | 75.8 | 835.1 | 54.6 | 889.7 | 6.1 | 51.9 | 2,034.0 | 109.0 | 2,142.9 | 5.1 | 63.6 |
| May r | 1.203 .8 | 52.3 | 1,256.0 | 4.2 | 75.9 | 839.7 | 53.7 | 893.4 | 6.0 | 52.1 | 2,043.4 | 106.0 | 2,149.4 | 4.9 | 63.7 |
| June r | 1,206.0 | 50.9 | 1,256.9 | 4.1 | 75.8 | 845.3 | 52.8 | 898.1 | 5.9 | 52.3 | 2,051.4 | 103.7 | 2,155.1 | 4.8 | 63.8 |
| July r | 1,206.5 | 50.5 | 1,257.1 | 4.0 | 75.7 | 850.9 | 52.0 | 903.0 | 5.8 | 52.5 | 2,057.4 | 102.6 | 2,160.0 | 4.7 | 63.9 |
| August r | 1,206.7 | 50.7 | 1,257.4 | 4.0 | 75.6 | 856.0 | 51.3 | 907.2 | 5.7 | 52.7 | 2,062.7 | 102.0 | 2,164.7 | 4.7 | 63.9 |
| September r | 1,207.2 | 51.0 | 1,258.2 | 4.1 | 75.6 | 860.2 | 50.8 | 911.0 | 5.6 | 52.8 | 2,067.4 | 101.8 | 2,169.2 | 4.7 | 64.0 |
| October | 1,207.0 | 51.2 | 1,258.2 | 4.1 | 75.5 | 863.2 | 50.2 | 913.4 | 5.5 | 52.9 | 2,070.2 | 101.4 | 2,171.6 | 4.7 | 64.0 |

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: TREND SERIES -continued

| Monsh | Males |  |  |  |  | Females |  |  |  |  | Persons |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Employed | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Unemp- } \\ \text { loyed } \\ -0.000 . . \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Labour force | Unemployment rate <br> -- per | Participation rate <br> cent -. | Employed | $\begin{gathered} \text { Unemp- } \\ \text { loyed } \\ . .000 . . \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Labour force | Unemployment rate - per $\qquad$ | Participation rate <br> cent -- | Employed | $\begin{gathered} \text { Unemp- } \\ \text { loyed } \\ -000 \ldots \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Labour force | Unemployment rate - per | Partic. ipation rate cent.. |
| QUEENSLAND |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 733.7 | 56.8 | 790.4 | 7.2 | 75.8 | 473.0 | 44.8 | 517.8 | 8.7 | 48.7 | 1,206.6 | 101.6 | 1,308.2 | 7.8 | 62.1 |
| September | 737.9 | 56.5 | 794.3 | 7.1 | 75.9 | 475.8 | 45.1 | 520.9 | 8.7 | 48.9 | 1,213.6 | 101.6 | 1,315.3 | 7.7 | 62.3 |
| October | 742.6 | 56.4 | 799.0 | 7.1 | 76.1 | 479.5 | 45.9 | 525.4 | 8.7 | 49.2 | 1,222.1 | 102.3 | 1,324.4 | 7.7 | 62.5 |
| November | 747.1 | 56.2 | 803.2 | 7.0 | 76.3 | 484.0 | 46.4 | 530.4 | 8.8 | 49.5 | 1,231.0 | 1026 | 1,333.6 | 7.7 | 62.8 |
| December | 750.5 | 55.7 | 806.2 | 6.9 | 76.4 | 488.8 | 46.4 | 535.1 | 8.7 | 49.8 | 1,239.3 | 102.1 | 1,341.4 | 7.6 | 63.0 |
| 1989. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 752.9 | 55.1 | 808.0 | 6.8 | 76.3 | 493.7 | 45.6 | 539.3 | 8.5 | 50.0 | 1,246.6 | 100.7 | 1,347.3 | 7.5 | 63.0 |
| February | 754.6 | 54.2 | 808.7 | 6.7 | 76.2 | 498.6 | 44.5 | 543.0 | 8.2 | 50.2 | 1,253.1 | 98.7 | 1,351.8 | 7.3 | 63.1 |
| March | 755.8 | 53.2 | 809.0 | 6.6 | 76.0 | 503.3 | 43.3 | 546.6 | 7.9 | 50.4 | 1,259.1 | 96.5 | 1,355.6 | 7.1 | 63.1 |
| April r | 757.2 | 52.2 | 809.4 | 6.4 | 75.8 | 507.5 | 42.4 | 549.9 | 7.7 | 50.5 | 1,264.7 | 94.5 | 1,359.3 | 7.0 | 63.0 |
| May r | 759.3 | 51.3 | 810.5 | 6.3 | 75.6 | 511.0 | 42.1 | 553.1 | 7.6 | 50.7 | 1,270.3 | 93.3 | 1,363.6 | 6.8 | 63.0 |
| Juner | 762.2 | 50.7 | 812.9 | 6.2 | 75.6 | 514.1 | 42.7 | 556.7 | 7.7 | 50.8 | 1,276.3 | 93.4 | 1,369.7 | 6.8 | 63.1 |
| July r | 766.0 | 50.4 | 816.4 | 6.2 | 75.7 | 516.7 | 44.0 | 560.7 | 7.8 | 51.1 | 1,282.7 | 94.4 | 1,377.1 | 6.9 | 63.3 |
| August r | 770.1 | 50.0 | 820.1 | 6.1 | 75.8 | 518.5 | 45.6 | 564.1 | 8.1 | 51.2 | 1,288.6 | 95.6 | 1,384.2 | 6.9 | 63.4 |
| September r | 774.2 | 49.7 | 823.9 | 6.0 | 75.9 | 519.8 | 47.3 | 567.1 | 8.3 | 51.3 | 1,293.9 | 97.1 | 1,391.0 | 7.0 | 63.5 |
| October | 777.8 | 49.3 | 827.0 | 6.0 | 76.0 | 520.3 | 48.8 | 569.1 | 8.6 | 51.4 | 1,298.1 | 98.1 | 1,396.2 | 7.0 | 63.6 |
| SOUTH AUSTRALIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 370.7 | 33.7 | 404.5 | 8.3 | 73.9 | 255.9 | 24.1 | 280.0 | 8.6 | 49.6 | 626.6 | 57.8 | 684.4 | 8.4 | 61.6 |
| September | 373.2 | 32.8 | 405.9 | 8.1 | 74.1 | 256.7 | 23.8 | 280.5 | 8.5 | 49.7 | 629.9 | 56.6 | 686.5 | 8.2 | 61.7 |
| October | 375.2 | 32.1 | 407.3 | 7.9 | 74.3 | 257.9 | 23.6 | 281.5 | 8.4 | 49.8 | 633.0 | 55.8 | 688.8 | 8.1 | 61.8 |
| November | 376.6 | 31.8 | 408.5 | 7.8 | 74.4 | 259.3 | 23.3 | 282.6 | 8.2 | 49.9 | 636.0 | 55.1 | 691.1 | 8.0 | 62.0 |
| December | 377.7 | 31.8 | 409.4 | 7.8 | 74.5 | 261.0 | 22.9 | 283.9 | 8.0 | 50.1 | 638.7 | 54.6 | 693.3 | 7.9 | 62.1 |
| 1989. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 378.4 | 31.9 | 410.3 | 7.8 | 74.6 | 262.8 | 22.3 | 285.1 | 7.8 | 50.2 | 641.2 | 54.2 | 695.4 | 7.8 | 62.2 |
| February | 379.0 | 32.1 | 411.0 | 7.8 | 74.6 | 264.2 | 21.8 | 286.0 | 7.6 | 50.3 | 643.1 | 53.9 | 697.1 | 7.7 | 62.3 |
| March | 379.4 | 32.3 | 411.8 | 7.9 | 74.6 | 265.2 | 21.5 | 286.7 | 7.5 | 50.4 | 644.6 | 53.9 | 698.5 | 7.7 | 62.3 |
| April r | 380.3 | 32.4 | 412.7 | 7.8 | 74.7 | 266.0 | 21.2 | 287.2 | 7.4 | 50.4 | 646.3 | 53.6 | 700.0 | 7.7 | 62.4 |
| May r | 381.7 | 32.0 | 413.7 | 7.7 | 74.8 | 266.9 | 21.0 | 287.9 | 7.3 | 50.5 | 648.6 | 53.0 | 701.6 | 7.6 | 62.5 |
| June r | 383.3 | 31.2 | 414.5 | 7.5 | 74.8 | 267.9 | 20.8 | 288.7 | 7.2 | 50.6 | 651.2 | 52.0 | 703.3 | 7.4 | 62.5 |
| July r | 384.9 | 30.1 | 415.0 | 7.2 | 74.8 | 269.1 | 20.8 | 289.9 | 7.2 | 50.8 | 654.0 | 50.8 | 704.8 | 7.2 | 62.6 |
| August t | 386.3 | 28.8 | 415.1 | 6.9 | 74.8 | 270.3 | 20.6 | 290.9 | 7.1 | 50.9 | 656.6 | 49.4 | 706.1 | 7.0 | 62.7 |
| September r | 387.5 | 27.6 | 415.1 | 6.7 | 74.7 | 271.2 | 20.6 | 291.8 | 7.1 | 51.1 | 658.7 | 48.2 | 706.9 | 6.8 | 62.7 |
| October | 388.3 | 26.5 | 414.7 | 6.4 | 74.6 | 272.0 | 20.4 | 292.4 | 7.0 | 51.1 | 660.2 | 46.9 | 707.1 | 6.6 | 62.7 |

TABLE 9. CIVILLAN LABOUR FORCE, STATES: TREND SERIES -continued

| Month | Males |  |  |  |  | Females |  |  |  |  | Persons |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Employed | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Unemp- } \\ & \text { loyed } \end{aligned}$ $\therefore \quad 000^{\circ}-.$ | Labour force | Unemployment rate -- per | Partic. ipation rate cent .. | Employed | Unemployed $-000 \ldots$ | Labour force | Unemployment rate -- per | Paric. ipation rate cent -- | Employed | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Unemp- } \\ \text { loyed } \\ \ldots .000 . . \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Labour force | Unemployment rate --per | Participation rate <br> cent -. |
| WESTERN AUSTRALIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 434.5 | 29.8 | 464.2 | 6.4 | 78.0 | 283.4 | 23.9 | 307.2 | 7.8 | 51.8 | 717.8 | 53.6 | 771.4 | 7.0 | 65.0 |
| Seplember | 437.1 | 29.2 | 466.3 | 6.3 | 78.2 | 285.6 | 23.8 | 309.4 | 7.7 | 52.1 | 722.8 | 53.0 | 775.7 | 6.8 | 65.1 |
| October | 439.7 | 28.9 | 468.5 | 6.2 | 78.3 | 288.2 | 23.9 | 312.0 | 7.7 | 52.4 | 727.8 | 52.8 | 780.6 | 6.8 | 65.4 |
| November | 441.9 | 28.6 | 470.5 | 6.1 | 78.4 | 290.7 | 23.9 | 314.6 | 7.6 | 52.6 | 732.6 | 52.5 | 785.1 | 6.7 | 65.6 |
| December | 444.0 | 28.0 | 472.0 | 5.9 | 78.4 | 293.2 | 23.6 | 316.8 | 7.4 | 52.9 | 737.3 | 51.5 | 788.8 | 6.5 | 65.7 |
| 1989. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 445.7 | 26.9 | 472.6 | 5.7 | 78.3 | 295.6 | 22.8 | 318.4 | 7.2 | 53.0 | 741.3 | 49.8 | 791.0 | 6.3 | 65.7 |
| February | 446.6 | 25.7 | 472.4 | 5.4 | 78.1 | 297.4 | 21.8 | 319.2 | 6.8 | 52.9 | 744.0 | 47.5 | 791.5 | 6.0 | 65.5 |
| March | 447.0 | 24.7 | 471.6 | 5.2 | 77.7 | 298.6 | 20.6 | 319.2 | 6.5 | 52.8 | 745.6 | 45.3 | 790.9 | 5.7 | 65.3 |
| April r | 446.9 | 24.0 | 470.9 | 5.1 | 77.4 | 299.3 | 19.8 | 319.0 | 6.2 | 52.6 | 746.2 | 43.8 | 789.9 | 5.5 | 65.0 |
| May r | 446.9 | 23.9 | 470.8 | 5.1 | 77.2 | 299.7 | 19.6 | 319.2 | 6.1 | 52.5 | 746.5 | 43.5 | 790.0 | 5.5 | 64.9 |
| June r | 447.2 | 24.4 | 471.5 | 5.2 | 77.1 | 300.4 | 20.0 | 320.4 | 6.2 | 52.6 | 747.6 | 44.3 | 791.9 | 5.6 | 64.9 |
| July r | 447.9 | 25.1 | 473.0 | 5.3 | 77.2 | 301.7 | 20.7 | 322.4 | 6.4 | 52.8 | 749.6 | 45.8 | 795.4 | 5.8 | 65.0 |
| August r | 448.9 | 25.9 | 474.8 | 5.5 | 77.2 | 303.2 | 21.6 | 324.8 | 6.7 | 53.0 | 752.1 | 47.5 | 799.6 | 5.9 | 65.1 |
| September r | 449.9 | 26.6 | 476.5 | 5.6 | 77.3 | 304.7 | 22.5 | 327.1 | 6.9 | 53.3 | 754.6 | 49.1 | 803.6 | 6.1 | 65.3 |
| Octaber | 450.7 | 27.3 | 478.0 | 5.7 | 77.4 | 305.6 | 23.3 | 328.9 | 7.1 | 53.4 | 756.3 | 50.6 | 806.9 | 6.3 | 65.4 |
| TASMANLA |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1988 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 116.2 | 11.4 | 127.6 | 8.9 | 75.6 | 74.6 | 8.2 | 82.8 | 9.9 | 47.4 | 190.7 | 19.6 | 210.3 | 9.3 | 61.2 |
| September | 116.2 | 11.6 | 127.8 | 9.1 | 75.6 | 73.8 | 8.5 | 82.2 | 10.3 | 47.0 | 189.9 | 20.1 | 210.0 | 9.6 | 61.1 |
| October | 116.1 | 11.7 | 127.8 | 9.2 | 75.6 | 72.8 | 8.8 | 81.6 | 10.8 | 46.7 | 188.9 | 20.6 | 209.4 | 9.8 | 60.9 |
| November | 115.8 | 11.7 | 127.5 | 9.2 | 75.4 | 71.8 | 9.2 | 81.0 | 11.4 | 46.3 | 187.5 | 21.0 | 208.5 | 10.1 | 60.6 |
| December | 115.3 | 11.6 | 126.9 | 9.1 | 75.0 | 70.8 | 9.5 | 80.3 | 11.9 | 45.8 | 186.1 | 21.1 | 207.2 | 10.2 | 60.2 |
| 1989. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 114.8 | 11.5 | 126.3 | 9.1 | 74.6 | 70.1 | 9.6 | 79.7 | 12.0 | 45.5 | 184.9 | 21.0 | 206.0 | 10.2 | 59.8 |
| February | 114.4 | 11.3 | 125.7 | 9.0 | 74.2 | 70.0 | 9.3 | 79.4 | 11.8 | 45.2 | 184.4 | 20.7 | 205.1 | 10.1 | 59.5 |
| March | 114.1 | 11.2 | 125.4 | 9.0 | 73.9 | 70.6 | 8.9 | 79.5 | 11.2 | 45.3 | 184.8 | 20.1 | 204.9 | 9.8 | 59.4 |
| April r | 114.1 | 11.2 | 125.3 | 8.9 | 73.8 | 71.9 | 8.4 | 80.3 | 10.5 | 45.7 | 186.0 | 19.6 | 205.6 | 9.5 | 59.5 |
| May r | 114.4 | 11.2 | 125.5 | 8.9 | 73.9 | 73.6 | 8.0 | 81.6 | 9.9 | 46.5 | 187.9 | 19.2 | 207.2 | 9.3 | 59.9 |
| June r | 114.9 | 11.1 | 126.0 | 8.8 | 74.1 | 75.4 | 7.9 | 83.3 | 9.5 | 47.4 | 190.3 | 19.0 | 209.4 | 9.1 | 60.5 |
| July r | 115.7 | 10.9 | 126.6 | 8.6 | 74.4 | 77.0 | 8.1 | 85.1 | 9.5 | 48.3 | 192.7 | 19.0 | 211.7 | 9.0 | 61.2 |
| August r | 116.6 | 10.6 | 127.3 | 8.3 | 74.7 | 78.3 | 8.2 | 86.5 | 9.5 | 49.1 | 194.9 | 18.9 | 213.8 | 8.8 | 61.7 |
| September r | 117.6 | 10.3 | 127.9 | 8.1 | 75.0 | 79.3 | 8.4 | 87.7 | 9.6 | 49.8 | 196.9 | 18.7 | 215.6 | 8.7 | 62.2 |
| October | 118.4 | 10.0 | 128.4 | 7.8 | 75.2 | 80.0 | 8.5 | 88.5 | 9.7 | 50.1 | 198.4 | 18.6 | 217.0 | 8.6 | 62.5 |

TABLE 10. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, BY AGE OCTOBER 1989

| Age group | Number ('000) |  |  |  |  | Perticipation rate (per cent) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Eemales |  |  | Persons | Males | Females |  |  | Persons |
|  |  | Married | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Not } \\ & \text { married } \end{aligned}$ | Toial |  |  | Married | Not married | Total |  |
| 15-64 | 4,795.1 | 2,005 2 | 1,374.1 | 3,379.3 | 8,174.4 | 84.5 | 57.6 | 66.0 | 60.7 | 72.7 |
| 15-19 | 436.6 | 17.9 | 384.7 | 402.6 | 839.2 | 61.1 | 66.2 | 58.2 | 58.5 | 59.8 |
| 20-24 | 598.7 | 140.2 | 370.5 | 510.7 | 1,109.4 | 89.2 | 64.8 | 83.9 | 77.6 | 83.5 |
| 25-34 | 1,309.8 | 611.4 | 293.3 | 904.7 | 2,214.6 | 94.6 | 60.7 | 78.5 | 65.5 | 80.1 |
| 35-44 | 1,187.9 | 704.9 | 175.9 | 880.8 | 2,068.7 | 93.5 | 69.4 | 74.2 | 70.3 | 82.0 |
| 45-54 | 801.5 | 406.5 | 103.3 | 509.8 | 1,311.3 | 89.0 | 59.3 | 60.0 | 59.4 | 74.6 |
| 55-59 | 280.2 | 84.7 | 31.3 | 116.0 | 396.1 | 75.8 | 30.9 | 36.9 | 32.3 | 54.4 |
| 60-64 | 180.4 | 39.6 | 15.1 | 54.7 | 235.1 | 49.6 | 15.4 | 13.6 | 14.9 | 32.1 |
| 65 and over | 76.3 | 13.4 | 10.9 | 24.4 | 100.7 | 9.6 | 3.0 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 5.4 |
| Total | 4,871.5 | 2,018.6 | 1,385.0 | 3,403.7 | 8,275.1 | 75.3 | 51.4 | 51.0 | 51.3 | 63.1 |

TABLE 11. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 TO 19: FULL-TIME ATTENDANCE
AT SCHOOL OR A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, OCTOBER 1989

|  | Fmployed Unemployed |  |  |  |  | Civilian popula- |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Labow force | Not in labour force |  | Unemployment rate | Participation rate$\qquad$ |
|  | Full-time |  | Looking for fulltime work | Looking for parttime work .. 000 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ATTENDING NEITHER SCHOOL NOR A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION FULL TIME (a) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males | 246.8 | 262.1 | 29.2 | - 0.6 | 29.8 | 292.0 | 15.2 | 307.2 | 10.2 | 95.0 |
| Females | 171.9 | 204.5 | 28.9 | * 2.6 | 31.5 | 235.9 | 30.0 | 265.9 | 13.3 | 88.7 |
| Persons | 418.7 | 466.6 | 58.1 | * 32 | 613 | 527.9 | 452 | 573.1 | 11.6 | 92.1 |
| Left school - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Before 1987 | 123.9 | 136.4 | 16.3 | * 2.1 | 18.3 | 154.8 | 16.3 | 171.1 | 11.8 | 90.5 |
| 1987 | 126.5 | 141.6 | 12.6 | * 0.5 | 13.2 | 154.7 | 8.0 | 162.7 | 8.5 | 95.1 |
| 1988 to survey date | 168.2 | 188.6 | 29.2 | * 0.6 | 29.8 | 218.4 | 16.2 | 234.6 | 13.6 | 93.1 |
| Age - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 7.0 | 8.5 | 4.7 | * 0.4 | 5.1 | 13.6 | * 2.7 | 16.3 | 37.5 | 83.5 |
| 16 | 35.4 | 39.5 | 9.2 | * 0.0 | 9.2 | 48.6 | 3.9 | 52.6 | 18.8 | 92.5 |
| 17 | 82.4 | 89.8 | 10.6 | * 0.5 | 11.2 | 100.9 | 8.9 | 109.8 | 11.1 | 91.9 |
| 18 | 137.7 | 154.7 | 17.1 | - 0.5 | 17.6 | 172.2 | 12.7 | 184.9 | 10.2 | 93.2 |
| 19 | 156.2 | 174.2 | 16.5 | - 1.8 | 18.3 | 192.5 | 17.0 | 209.5 | 9.5 | 91.9 |
| ATTENDING A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION FULL TIME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males | 5.0 | 29.0 | * 2.1 | * 2.8 | 4.9 | 33.9 | 32.0 | 65.9 | 14.5 | 51.4 |
| Females | * 2.2 | 31.1 | * 0.9 | 4.2 | 5.1 | 36.2 | 34.6 | 70.8 | 14.1 | 51.1 |
| Persons | 7.2 | 60.0 | * 3.0 | 7.0 | 10.0 | 70.1 | 66.6 | 136.7 | 14.3 | 51.3 |
| Left school - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Before 1987 | * 2.5 | 5.4 | * 0.0 | * 0.4 | * 0.4 | 5.8 | 4.4 | 10.2 | * 6.6 | 56.8 |
| 1987 | * 2.7 | 22.1 | * 0.9 | * 1.4 | - 2.3 | 24.4 | 19.1 | 43.5 | * 9.4 | 56.1 |
| 1988 to survey date | * 2.0 | 32.5 | * 2.1 | 5.2 | 7.3 | 39.9 | 43.1 | 83.0 | 18.4 | 48.0 |
| Age - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 and 16 | * 0.2 | - 1.2 | * 1.1 | * 0.0 | * 1.1 | * 2.3 | * 1.9 | 4.1 | * 46.9 | * 0.6 |
| 17 | * 1.2 | 5.1 | * 0.4 | * 0.8 | - 1.2 | 6.2 | 7.9 | 14.1 | - 18.8 | 44.1 |
| 18 | * 2.6 | 24.4 | * 1.1 | * 3.4 | 4.4 | 28.8 | 25.5 | 54.3 | 15.3 | 53.1 |
| 19 | - 3.3 | 29.4 | * 0.5 | * 2.9 | * 3.4 | 32.7 | 31.4 | 64.1 | * 10.3 | 51.1 |
| ATTENDING SCHOOL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males | 6.2 | 90.9 | 4.5 | 15.4 | 19.9 | 110.7 | 231.3 | 342.0 | 17.9 | 32.4 |
| Females | * 1.5 | 108.8 | 3.7 | 18.0 | 21.7 | 130.5 | 220.6 | 351.1 | 16.6 | 37.2 |
| Persons | 7.8 | 199.7 | 8.2 | 33.4 | 41.5 | 241.2 | 451.9 | 693.1 | 172 | 34.8 |
| Age - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | * 2.3 | 58.2 | * 1.9 | 18.4 | 20.2 | 78.4 | 168.7 | 247.1 | 25.8 | 31.7 |
| 16 | 3.8 | 72.5 | - 1.8 | 9.4 | 11.2 | 83.7 | 134.5 | 218.2 | 13.3 | 38.3 |
| 17 | - 1.5 | 54.4 | + 2.6 | 4.6 | 7.2 | 61.6 | 101.6 | 163.3 | 11.7 | 37.8 |
| 18 and 19 | * 0.2 | 14.5 | * 1.9 | -1.0 | - 2.9 | 17.5 | 47.1 | 64.5 | * 16.8 | 27.1 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males | 258.1 | 382.0 | 35.7 | 18.9 | 54.6 | 436.6 | 278.5 | 715.1 | 12.5 | 61.1 |
| Females | 175.5 | 344.4 | 33.5 | 24.7 | 58.2 | 402.6 | 285.2 | 687.8 | 14.5 | 58.5 |
| Persons | 433.6 | 726.3 | 69.3 | 43.6 | 112.8 | 839.2 | 563.7 | 1,402.9 | 13.4 | 59.8 |
| Age - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | 9.3 | 66.7 | 6.6 | 18.7 | 25.3 | 92.0 | 171.6 | 263.6 | 27.5 | 34.9 |
| 16 | 39.3 | 113.2 | 12.0 | 9.4 | 21.4 | 134.6 | 140.1 | 274.7 | 15.9 | 49.0 |
| 17 | 85.0 | 149.2 | 13.6 | 5.9 | 19.5 | 168.8 | 118.4 | 287.2 | 11.6 | 58.8 |
| 18 | 140.5 | 191.8 | 19.6 | 4.7 | 24.3 | 216.0 | 78.2 | 294.2 | 11.2 | 73.4 |
| 19 | 159.4 | 205.5 | 17.4 | 4.9 | 22.3 | 227.8 | 55.4 | 283.2 | 9.8 | 80.4 |

(a) The components of the 'Left school' category in the ' Not in labour force' column do not add to the total because institutionalised persons are not asked the 'school attendance' question.

TABLE 12. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 20-24: FULLL-TIME ATTENDANCE AT A TERTLARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION, OCTOBER 1989

|  | Unemployed |  |  |  |  |  | Not in labour force | $\begin{gathered} \text { Civilian } \\ \text { popula- } \\ \text { tion } \\ \text { aged } \\ 20-24 \end{gathered}$ | Unemployment rate <br> -- per | Participation rate <br> At -. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Emploved |  | Looking | Looking |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Full-time workers | Total | for full- <br> time work | for parttime work $\qquad$ | Total | Labour force |  |  |  |  |
|  | NOT ATTENDING A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION FULL TIME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males | 494.1 | 522.3 | 39.7 | * 2.3 | 42.1 | 564.4 | 28.0 | 592.3 | 7.5 | 95.3 |
| Fernales | 369.4 | 433.7 | 31.0 | 6.0 | 37.0 | 470.8 | 111.6 | 582.3 | 7.9 | 80.8 |
| Persons | 863.5 | 956.0 | 70.7 | 8.4 | 79.1 | 1,035.1 | 139.5 | 1,174.7 | 7.6 | 88.1 |
| Age - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | 162.5 | 177.6 | 17.3 | -1.1 | 18.4 | 195.9 | 20.1 | 216.1 | 9.4 | 90.7 |
| 21 | 173.8 | 192.1 | 13.5 | - 2.2 | 15.7 | 207.8 | 20.9 | 228.7 | 7.6 | 90.9 |
| 22 | 172.3 | 189.1 | 14.3 | * 1.9 | 16.1 | 205.2 | 29.1 | 234.3 | 7.9 | 87.6 |
| 23 | 174.7 | 193.9 | 13.3 | * 0.7 | 14.0 | 207.9 | 33.4 | 241.2 | 6.7 | 86.2 |
| 24 | 180.2 | 203.4 | 12.4 | * 2.6 | 14.9 | 218.4 | 36.0 | 254.4 | 6.8 | 85.8 |
| ATTENDING A TERTIARY EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION FULL TIME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males | 6.1 | 32.9 | * 0.5 | * 0.9 | +1.5 | 34.3 | 44.7 | 79.0 | * 4.3 | 43.5 |
| Females | * 1.7 | 35.3 | * 1.8 | * 2.8 | 4.6 | 39.9 | 35.8 | 75.7 | 11.6 | 52.8 |
| Persons | 7.9 | 682 | * 2.3 | 3.8 | 6.1 | 74.3 | 80.4 | 154.7 | 82 | 48.0 |
| Age - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | * 2.4 | 25.6 | * 0.6 | -1.1 | * 1.7 | 27.3 | 32.2 | 59.5 | - 6.4 | 45.9 |
| 21 | * 2.4 | 17.8 | * 1.1 | - 1.3 | * 2.4 | 20.2 | 19.3 | 39.5 | * 11.9 | 51.1 |
| 22 | * 1.1 | 13.0 | * 0.2 | - 0.7 | - 1.0 | 14.0 | 13.4 | 27.4 | - 6.9 | 51.1 |
| 23 | * 1.3 | 7.9 | - 0.4 | - 0.1 | * 0.5 | 8.4 | 10.8 | 19.2 | * 6.2 | 44.0 |
| 24 | * 0.8 | 3.8 | * 0.0 | - 0.5 | * 0.5 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 9.1 | * 10.9 | 47.3 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Males | 500.2 | 555.1 | 40.3 | * 3.3 | 43.6 | 598.7 | 72.6 | 671.3 | 7.3 | 89.2 |
| Females | 371.1 | 469.1 | 32.8 | 8.9 | 41.6 | 510.7 | 147.3 | 658.1 | 8.2 | 77.6 |
| Persons | 871.4 | 1,024. | 73.1 | 12.1 | 85.2 | 1,109.4 | 220.0 | 1,329.4 | 7.7 | 83.5 |
| Age - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | 164.9 | 203.2 | 17.9 | * 2.1 | 20.1 | 223.3 | 52.3 | 275.6 | 9.0 | 81.0 |
| 21 | 176.1 | 209.9 | 14.6 | 3.5 | 18.1 | 228.0 | 40.2 | 268.1 | 7.9 | 85.0 |
| 22 | 173.4 | 202.1 | 14.5 | - 2.6 | 17.1 | 219.2 | 42.5 | 261.7 | 7.8 | 83.8 |
| 23 | 176.0 | 201.8 | 13.7 | * 0.8 | 14.5 | 216.3 | 44.1 | 260.5 | 6.7 | 83.0 |
| 24 | 180.9 | 207.3 | 12.4 | + 3.1 | 15.4 | 222.7 | 40.8 | 263.5 | 6.9 | 84.5 |

TABLE 13. LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES(a), BY AGE AND BIRTHPLACE, OCTOBER 1989 (per cent)

| Age group | Born in Australia |  |  | Born outside Australia |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Females | Persons | Males | Females | Persons |
| 15-64 | 85.7 | 62.4 | 74.0 | 843 | 56.9 | 71.0 |
| 15-19 | 63.8 | 61.3 | 62.6 | 48.9 | 44.5 | 46.7 |
| 20-24 | 91.7 | 79.8 | 85.9 | 82.6 | 69.1 | 75.6 |
| 25-34 | 95.9 | 65.6 | 80.7 | 94.2 | 65.6 | 79.8 |
| 35-44 | 95.0 | 71.5 | 83.2 | 92.5 | 67.9 | 80.6 |
| 45-54 | 90.8 | 60.5 | 75.6 | 87.4 | 57.8 | 73.7 |
| 55-59 | 76.7 | 34.3 | 55.1 | 76.0 | 28.4 | 54.0 |
| 60-64 | 49.4 | 16.7 | 32.6 | 51.9 | 11.0 | 32.3 |
| 65 and over | 11.1 | 2.6 | 6.2 | 7.6 | 2.2 | 4.8 |
| Total | 77.1 | 53.5 | 65.1 | 74.3 | 48.9 | 61.9 |

(a)See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Glossary, Appendix A.

|  | Emploned Unemployed |  |  |  | Labour force | Unemployment rate- per$\qquad$ | Partici pation rate(a) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Full-time workers | Total | for full- <br> time work $\cdots \quad 000 .$ | Total |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | LES |  |  |  |  |
| Bom in Australia | 3,108.0 | 3,392.8 | 148.9 | 172.0 | 3,564.8 | 4.8 | 77.1 |
| Bom outside Australia | 1,156.3 | 1,235.4 | 62.1 | 71.2 | 1,306.7 | 5.5 | 74.3 |
| Africa | 45.3 | 46.9 | * 1.1 | +1.5 | 48.4 | - 3.2 | 78.0 |
| America | 38.4 | 42.1 | -1.3 | -1.3 | 43.4 | - 2.9 | 80.6 |
| Asia | 199.2 | 215.6 | 19.9 | 23.0 | 238.6 | 9.6 | 74.2 |
| India | 24.0 | 25.0 | - 1.1 | * 1.5 | 26.5 | - 5.8 | 83.8 |
| Lebanon | 18.5 | 19.3 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 26.2 | 26.5 | 73.3 |
| Malaysia | 19.3 | 22.4 | - 1.2 | + 1.2 | 23.6 | + 5.0 | 75.0 |
| Vietnam | 29.5 | 30.2 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 35.6 | 15.3 | 74.6 |
| Europe | 765.1 | 815.3 | 36.3 | 41.4 | 856.7 | 4.8 | 72.5 |
| Germany | 37.3 | 39.4 | * 2.0 | - 2.0 | 41.4 | * 4.7 | 82.3 |
| Greece | 51.1 | 54.3 | * 2.6 | - 2.9 | 57.2 | * 5.0 | 72.2 |
| Italy | 100.3 | 104.6 | * 2.0 | - 2.9 | 107.5 | * 2.7 | 69.5 |
| Malta | 17.8 | 18.3 | * 1.3 | - 1.5 | 19.9 | - 7.6 | 73.2 |
| Netherlands | 37.1 | 39.5 | * 0.6 | * 0.6 | 40.2 | * 1.6 | 74.8 |
| Poland | 13.4 | 14.3 | -1.0 | * 1.0 | 15.3 | * 6.5 | 41.8 |
| UK and Ireland | 378.9 | 407.1 | 19.4 | 21.9 | 429.0 | 5.1 | 74.5 |
| Yugoslavia | 66.4 | 70.4 | * 2.3 | - 2.8 | 73.2 | * 3.9 | 76.4 |
| Oceania | 108.2 | 115.5 | - 3.4 | 4.1 | 119.6 | 3.4 | 86.4 |
| New Zealand | 88.9 | 95.3 | - 2.8 | * 2.8 | 98.1 | - 2.9 | 87.0 |
|  |  | MAR | FEMALES |  |  |  |  |
| Bom in Australia | 709.8 | 1,384.9 | 27.5 | 54.2 | 1,439.1 | 3.8 | 52.1 |
| Bom outside Australia | 331.4 | 551.1 | 16.0 | 28.4 | 579.5 | 4.9 | 50.5 |
| Africa | 14.8 | 21.6 | * 0.3 | * 0.3 | 21.9 | * 1.2 | 56.4 |
| America | 11.5 | 20.7 | - 0.3 | * 0.3 | 21.0 | -1.2 | 64.3 |
| Asia | 75.3 | 104.2 | 5.9 | 9.3 | 113.5 | 8.2 | 52.6 |
| India | 8.3 | 13.4 | * 0.8 | * 0.9 | 14.3 | * 6.0 | 68.8 |
| Lebanon | - 3.2 | 5.0 | * 1.1 | * 1.8 | 6.8 | * 26.6 | 26.7 |
| Malaysia | 7.0 | 10.6 | * 0.5 | * 0.9 | 11.5 | -8.1 | 59.8 |
| Vietnam | 10.8 | 12.6 | * 1.0 | * 1.3 | 13.9 | * 9.5 | 62.2 |
| Europe | 203.9 | 360.6 | 7.7 | 15.7 | 376.3 | 4.2 | 47.8 |
| Germany | 8.5 | 15.6 | * 0.2 | * 0.5 | 16.2 | * 3.3 | 48.4 |
| Greece | 17.7 | 27.2 | - 0.0 | * 1.1 | 28.3 | * 3.8 | 50.2 |
| Italy | 22.7 | 38.7 | * 0.4 | - 1.6 | 40.2 | * 3.9 | 38.0 |
| Malta | 4.1 | 7.6 | * 0.2 | - 0.5 | 8.1 | + 6.3 | 39.9 |
| Netherlands | 5.6 | 13.9 | * 0.4 | * 0.5 | 14.5 | + 3.7 | 44.0 |
| Poland | * 3.4 | 6.5 | * 0.4 | * 0.4 | 6.9 | - 5.9 | 30.9 |
| UK and Ireland | 98.0 | 189.1 | 3.8 | + 7.3 | 196.4 | 3.7 | 50.7 |
| Yugoslavia | 24.6 | 33.4 | + 0.8 | * 1.3 | 34.7 | * 3.7 | 55.0 |
| Oceania | 25.8 | 43.9 | * 2.0 | * 2.9 | 46.8 | * 6.3 | 64.1 |
| New Zealand | 18.8 | 35.2 | - 1.5 | * 2.2 | 37.4 | * 5.9 | 65.8 |
|  |  |  | MALES |  |  |  |  |
| Bom in Australia | 1,435.6 | 2,417.3 | 102.3 | 160.8 | 2,578.2 | 6.2 | 53.5 |
| Born outside Australia | 494.6 | 772.2 | 34.4 | 53.3 | 825.5 | 6.5 | 48.9 |
| Africa | 22.3 | 30.8 | * 0.5 | * 0.7 | 31.5 | * 2.1 | 52.9 |
| America | 20.2 | 31.9 | * 0.6 | * 0.7 | 32.6 | - 2.2 | 62.1 |
| Asia | 104.3 | 143.6 | 10.6 | 15.6 | 159.2 | +9.8 | 48.5 |
| India | 10.7 | 16.7 | * 0.8 | * 0.9 | 17.6 | + 4.9 | 59.5 |
| Lebanon | 5.2 | 7.9 | - 1.4 | * 2.2 | 10.1 | * 21.6 | 29.6 |
| Malaysia | 11.6 | 16.6 | +0.9 | - 1.4 | 18.0 | + 7.9 | 59.7 |
| Vietnam | 14.4 | 17.8 | * 2.5 | - 3.0 | 20.8 | * 14.5 | 50.4 |
| Europe | 294.5 | 487.0 | 17.8 | 29.7 | 516.7 | 5.7 | 46.1 |
| Germany | 12.2 | 21.2 | * 1.4 | - 2.1 | 23.3 347 | * 9.1 | 46.3 |
| ltaly | 29.0 | 46.2 | +0.7 | * 1.9 | 34.7 48.3 | * 5.4 | 48.0 |
| Malta | 5.9 | 10.2 | - 0.2 | + 0.5 | 10.7 | +4.4 | 36.1 40.2 |
| Netherlands | 8.9 | 18.5 | * 0.4 | * 0.8 | 19.4 | -4.3 | 43.6 |
| Poland | 4.2 | 7.5 | * 0.8 | - 0.8 | 8.3 | * 9.8 | 27.1 |
| UK and Ireland | 154.2 | 267.6 | 9.2 | 15.0 | 282.6 | 5.3 | 49.1 |
| Yugoslavia | 29.4 | 39.6 | * 2.0 | + 2.5 | 42.1 | + 5.9 | 50.8 |
| Oceania | 53.4 | 78.9 | 4.8 | 6.7 | 85.5 | 7.8 | 66.4 |
| New Zealand | 40.3 | 62.8 | 3.7 | 5.4 | 68.2 | 7.8 | 68.4 |
|  |  |  | ONS |  |  |  |  |
| Bom in Australia | 4,543.6 | 5,810.2 | 251.2 | 332.8 | 6,143.0 | 5.4 | 65.1 |
| Born outside Australia | 1,650.9 | 2,007.6 | 96.5 | 124.6 | 2,132.2 | 5.8 | 61.9 |
| Africa | 67.6 | 77.7 | * 1.7 | *2.2 | 79.9 | - 2.7 | 65.7 |
| America | 58.6 | 74.0 | - 1.9 | - 2.0 | 76.0 | + 26 | 71.4 |
| Asia | 303.4 | 359.2 | 30.6 | 38.5 | 397.8 | 9.7 +5.4 | 61.2 |
| India | 34.7 | 41.7 | - 1.8 | - 2.4 | . 44.1 | * 5.4 | 72.0 |
| Lebanon | 23.6 | 27.2 | 7.4 | 9.1 | - 36.3 | 25.2 | 52.1 |
| Malaysia | 30.9 | 39.0 | - 2.1 | * 2.6 | 41.6 | * 6.3 | 67.5 |
| Vietnam | 43.9 | 48.0 | 7.8 | 8.5 | 56.5 | 15.0 | 63.4 |
| Europe | 1,059.6 | 1,302.3 | 54.1 | 71.1 | 1,373.4 | 5.2 | 59.7 |
| Germany | 49.5 | 60.7 | - 3.3 | 4.1 | 64.7 | 6.3 | 64.3 |
| Greece | 72.9 | 87.1 | * 3.3 | 4.8 | 91.9 | 5.2 | 60.6 |
| Italy | 129.2 | 150.8 | * 2.8 | 5.0 | 155.8 | 3.2 | 54.0 |
| Malta | 23.7 | 28.5 | - 1.5 | - 2.0 | 30.5 | * 6.6 | 56.9 |
| Netherlands | 46.0 | 58.1 | * 1.0 | * 1.5 | 59.5 | * 2.5 | 60.7 |
| Poland | 17.6 | 21.8 | -1.8 | -1.8 | 23.6 | - 7.7 | 35.1 |
| UK and Ireland | 533.1 | 674.7 | 28.6 | 36.9 | 711.5 | 5.2 | 61.8 |
| Yugoslavia | 95.8 | 110.0 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 115.3 | 4.6 | 64.6 |
| Oceania | 161.6 | 194.4 | 8.2 | 10.8 | 205.2 | 5.3 | 76.7 |
| New Zealand | 129.2 | 158.1 | 6.5 | 8.2 | 166.3 | 4.9 | 78.3 |

(a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Glossary, Appendix A.

TABLE 15. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA: BIRTHPLACE AND
PERIOD OF ARRIVAL IN AUSTRALIA, OCTOBER 1989
Born outside Australia

| Period of arrival | Born outside Australia |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Africa | America | Asia | Europe |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | Other countries | Ocegnia |  | Total |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | New |  |  | Feme |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Zealand | Topal | Males | Married | Total | Persons |
| EMPLOYED ('000) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Before 1971 | 25.6 | 13.4 | 73.8 | 386.7 | 466.8 | 23.8 | 32.6 | 640.5 | 274.0 | 358.5 | 999.0 |
| 1971-1975 | 11.2 | 23.3 | 44.8 | 116.4 | 69.6 | 13.1 | 18.3 | 164.5 | 78.3 | 119.2 | 283.7 |
| 1976-1980 | 10.9 | 12.4 | 66.7 | 50.3 | 34.1 | 30.8 | 34.3 | 118.4 | 60.8 | 90.3 | 208.7 |
| 1981-1985 | 14.0 | 10.6 | 86.1 | 63.5 | 34.7 | 38.4 | 44.4 | 148.3 | 75.2 | 105.1 | 253.4 |
| 1986 to survey date | 15.9 | 14.2 | 87.9 | 57.7 | 22.4 | 52.1 | 64.8 | 163.8 | 62.7 | 99.1 | 262.9 |
| UNEMPLOYED ('000) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Before 1971 | * 0.5 | * 0.4 | 4.7 | 19.2 | 17.8 | * 0.8 | * 1.1 | 28.1 | 8.2 | 15.5 | 43.7 |
| 1971-1975 | * 0.6 | - 0.8 | * 3.0 | 8.6 | 6.3 | - 1.3 | * 1.4 | 10.7 | 5.4 | 10.1 | 20.8 |
| 1976-1980 | - 0.1 | - 0.1 | 5.5 | * 2.1 | - 2.7 | - 1.8 | * 2.2 | 7.2 | * 2.2 | 5.7 | 12.9 |
| 1981-1985 | * 0.1 | * 0.0 | 10.2 | - 3.3 | * 2.3 | - 2.2 | * 2.9 | 9.6 | 6.1 | 9.2 | 18.8 |
| 1986 to survey date | * 0.8 | * 0.6 | 15.0 | 3.7 | 5.1 | - 2.0 | * 3.1 | 15.6 | 6.5 | 12.8 | 28.4 |
| LABOUR FORCE ('000) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Before 1971 | 26.2 | 13.8 | 78.5 | 405.9 | 484.6 | 24.6 | 33.7 | 668.6 | 282.2 | 374.0 | 1,042.6 |
| 1971-1975 | 11.9 | 24.1 | 47.8 | 125.0 | 75.9 | 14.3 | 19.8 | 175.2 | 83.7 | 129.3 | 304.5 |
| 1976-1980 | 11.0 | 12.6 | 72.3 | 52.4 | 36.8 | 32.6 | 36.5 | 125.5 | 63.1 | 96.0 | 221.6 |
| 1981-1985 | 14.2 | 10.6 | 96.3 | 66.8 | 37.0 | 40.7 | 47.3 | 157.9 | 81.3 | 114.3 | 272.2 |
| 1986 to survey date | 16.7 | 14.8 | 102.9 | 61.5 | 27.5 | 54.1 | 67.9 | 179.4 | 69.1 | 111.9 | 291.3 |
| UNEMPLOYMENT RATE (per cent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Before 1971 | * 2.1 | * 3.2 | 6.0 | 4.7 | 3.7 | * 3.3 | * 3.2 | 4.2 | 2.9 | 4.2 | 4.2 |
| 1971-1975 | * 5.4 | - 3.4 | * 6.3 | 6.9 | 8.3 | * 8.8 | - 7.3 | 6.1 | 6.5 | 7.8 | 6.8 |
| 1976-1980 | * 1.0 | * 0.9 | 7.7 | -4.0 | * 7.5 | - 5.6 | * 6.1 | 5.7 | * 3.6 | 5.9 | 5.8 |
| 1981-1985 | * 0.8 | * 0.0 | 10.6 | -4.9 | * 6.2 | * 5.5 | * 6.2 | 6.1 | 7.5 | 8.0 | 6.9 |
| 1986 to survey date | * 4.6 | * 4.2 | 14.6 | 6.1 | 18.6 | - 3.8 | * 4.6 | 8.7 | 9.4 | 11.5 | 9.8 |
| PARTICIPATION RATE(a) (per cent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Before 1971 | 56.6 | 65.4 | 59.6 | 54.8 | 54.5 | 58.5 | 63.2 | 68.2 | 44.0 | 41.5 | 55.4 |
| 1971-1975 | 63.5 | 77.5 | 64.5 | 76.7 | 71.8 | 72.6 | 69.9 | 84.9 | 60.7 | 60.2 | 72.3 |
| 1976-1980 | 74.3 | 68.0 | 69.0 | 72.7 | 71.1 | 82.6 | 77.1 | 83.3 | 63.6 | 60.6 | 71.6 |
| 1981-1985 | 79.6 | 76.9 | 63.2 | 72.9 | 68.1 | 86.1 | 86.1 | 80.7 | 64.3 | 60.4 | 70.7 |
| 1986 to survey date | 69.4 | 68.0 | 55.0 | 73.8 | 56.3 | 84.6 | 81.3 | 80.0 | 48.6 | 49.9 | 64.9 |

(a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Glossary, Appendix A.

TABLE 16. EMPLOYED PERSONS: FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS, BY AGE, OCTOBER 1989 ('000)

| 000) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Ase group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
|  | 15.19 | 20.24 | 25.34 | 35-44 | 45.54 | 55.59 | 60.64 | $\begin{gathered} 65 \text { and } \\ \text { over } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |  |
| MALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full-time workers | 258.1 | 500.2 | 1,204.0 | 1,121.5 | 750.6 | 242.2 | 143.7 | 43.9 | 4,264.2 |
| Part-ime workers | 123.9 | 54.9 | 45.0 | 32.2 | 27.3 | 25.6 | 24.1 | 31.0 | 364.0 |
| Total | 382.0 | 555.1 | 1,249.0 | 1.153 .7 | 777.8 | 267.8 | 167.8 | 74.9 | 4,628.3 |
| MARRIED FEMALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full-time workers | 9.8 | 95.6 | 324.6 | 338.7 | 210.0 | 41.6 | 15.5 | 5.5 | 1,041.2 |
| Part-ime workers | 3.7 | 34.5 | 256.3 | 343.3 | 184.0 | 41.2 | 23.8 | 8.0 | 894.8 |
| Total | 13.5 | 130.1 | 580.9 | 681.9 | 394.0 | 82.8 | 392 | 13.4 | 1,936.0 |
| ALL FEMALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full-time workers | 175.5 | 371.1 | 546.5 | 461.6 | 282.0 | 60.4 | 24.0 | 8.9 | 1,930.2 |
| Part-ime workers | 168.8 | 97.9 | 303.9 | 383.0 | 208.7 | 52.0 | 29.5 | 15.4 | 1,259.3 |
| Total | 344.4 | 469.1 | 850.5 | 844.6 | 490.7 | 112.4 | 53.5 | 24.4 | 3,189.5 |
| PERSONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full-ime workers | 433.6 | 871.4 | 1,750.6 | 1,583.1 | 1,032.6 | 302.6 | 167.7 | 52.9 | 6,194.4 |
| Part-rime workers | 292.7 | 152.8 | 348.9 | 415.1 | 236.0 | 77.6 | 53.7 | 46.5 | 1,623.3 |
| Total | 726.3 | 1,024.2 | 2,099.5 | 1,998.2 | 1,268.6 | 380.3 | 221.3 | 99.3 | 7,817.8 |

TABLE 17. HOURS WORKED BY EMPLOYED PERSONS, OCTOBER 1989

|  | Eemales |  |  |  | Persons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Married | Not married | Total |  |
|  | NUMBER EMPLOYED ('000) |  |  |  |  |
| Weekly Hours worked - |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | 356.6 | 213.6 | 96.2 | 309.8 | 666.4 |
| 1-15 | 209.8 | 381.0 | 214.2 | 595:2 | - 805.0 |
| 16-29 | 316.4 | 394.7 | 147.6 | 542.3 | 858.7 |
| 30-34 | 416.0 | 193.1 | 133.5 | 326.6 | 742.7 |
| 35-39 | 682.9 | 271.1 | 246.5 | 517.5 | 1,200.4 |
| 40 | 895.4 | 231.8 | 222.9 | 454.8 | 1,350.2 |
| 41-44 | 265.9 | 59.9 61.9 | 55.1 | 115.1 | 381.0 550.6 |
| 45-48 | 431.3 | 61.9 | 57.4 | 119.3 | 550.6 |
| 49 and over | 1,053.9 | 129.0 | 80.0 | 209.0 | 1,262.9 |
| Total | 4,628.3 | 1,936.0 | 1,253.6 | 3,189.5 | 7,817.8 |
| WEEKLY HOURS WORKED |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aggregate weekly hours worked (million) | 178.9 | 50.7 | 36.9 | 87.6 | 266.5 |
| By full-time workers | 173.6 | 37.6 | 32.2 | 69.8 | 243.5 |
| By part-time workers | 5.2 | 13.1 | 4.7 | 17.8 | 23.1 |
| Average weekly hours worked | 38.7 | 26.2 | 29.5 | 27.5 | 34.1 |
| By full-time workers | 40.7 | 36.1 | 36.2 | 36.2 | 39.3 |
| By part-time workers | 14.4 | 14.6 | 13.0 | 14.1 | 14.2 |
| By wage and salary earners | 37.4 | 25.9 | 29.3 | 27.3 | 33.2 |
| By other than wage and salary eamers | 45.4 | 27.5 | 34.2 | 28.5 | 39.8 |
| Average weekly hours worked by persons who worked one hour or more in the |  |  |  |  |  |
| reference week | 41.9 | 29.4 | 31.9 | 30.4 | 37.3 |
| By full-time workers By part-ime workers | 44.1 15.8 | 40.1 16.7 | 39.2 | 39.7 15.9 | 42.7 |
| By part-ime workers | 15.8 | 16.7 | 14.1 | 15.9 | 15.9 |

TABLE 18. EMPLOYED PERSONS: EMPLOYMENT/POPULATION RATIOS BY AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, OCTOBER 1989 (per cent)

| Age group | (per cent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males |  |  | Females |  |  | Persons |
|  |  | Not |  |  | Not |  |  |
|  | Married | married | Total | Married | married | Total |  |
| 15-19 | 81.3 | 53.2 | 53.4 | 49.7 | 50.1 | 50.1 | 51.8 |
| 20-24 | 90.2 | 81.3 | 82.7 | 60.2 | 76.7 | 71.3 | 77.0 |
| 25-34 | 93.6 | 84.7 | 90.2 | 57.7 | 72.2 | 61.6 | 75.9 |
| 35-44 | 93.0 | 80.9 | 90.8 | 67.1 | 68.6 | 67.4 | 79.2 |
| 45-54 | 88.8 | 74.8 | 86.4 | 57.5 | 56.2 | 57.2 | 72.2 |
| 55-59 | 74.3 | 63.7 | 72.5 | 30.2 | 34.9 | 31.3 | 52.2 |
| 60-64 | 47.3 | 41.0 | 46.2 | 15.3 | 12.8 | 14.5 | 30.2 |
| 65 and over | 10.0 | 7.8 | 9.4 | 3.0 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 5.3 |
| Total | 75.0 | 66.1 | 71.5 | 493 | 46.2 | 48.0 | 59.6 |

TABLE 19. FULL-TIME WORKERS WHO WORKED LESS THAN 35 HOURS, BY REASON, OCTOBER 1989

| Reason for working less than 35 hours | Females |  |  |  | Persons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males |  | Nor |  |  |
|  |  | Married | married | Total |  |
| Leave, holiday or flextime | 680.7 | 221.4 | 174.0 | 395.4 | 1,076.0 |
| Own illness or injury | 119.7 | 35.4 | 30.8 | 66.2 | 185.9 |
| Bad weather, plant breakdown, etc. | 12.6 | * 1.0 | * 0.2 | * 1.2 | 13.7 |
| Began or left job in the reference week | 11.3 | + 2.6 | - 2.5 | 5.2 | - 16.5 |
| Stood down, on short time, insufficient work | 26.7 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 9.2 | 35.9 |
| Shift work, standard work arrangements | 62.3 | 17.9 | 13.6 | 31.6 | 93.9 |
| Other reasons | 21.5 | 4.3 | * 1.6 | 5.8 | 27.3 |
| Total | 934.8 | 287.6 | 227.0 | 514.5 | 1,449.4 |

TABLE 20. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY AGE, OCTOBER 1989
(000)

|  | Asesroup |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 55 |  |
|  | 15-19 | 20-24 | 25.34 | 35-44 | 45-54 | and over | Total |
|  | MALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 1239 | 54.9 | 450 | 32.2 | 27.3 | 80.8 | 364.0 |
| Preferred not to work more hours | 98.6 | 37.4 | 30.9 | 22.5 | 21.1 | 71.4 | 281.8 |
| Preferred to work more hours | 25.3 | 17.5 | 14.1 | 9.6 | 6.2 | 9.3 | 82.2 |
| in the four weeks to the end of the reference week | 8.9 | 9.5 | 6.9 | 5.8 | * 2.9 | 3.5 | 37.4 |
| MARRIED FEMALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 3.7 | 345 | 2563 | 3433 | 184.0 | 73.0 | 894.8 |
| Preferred not to work more hours | * 2.4 | 29.1 | 225.8 | 304.3 | 163.4 | 67.6 | 792.6 |
| Preferred to work more hours | -1.3 | 5.4 | 30.4 | 38.9 | 20.7 | 5.4 | 102.2 |
| in the four weeks to the end of the reference week | - 1.0 | * 2.9 | 6.8 | 6.4 | 3.9 | * 0.1 | 21.1 |
| ALL FEMALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 168.8 | 97.9 | 303.9 | 383.0 | 208.7 | 97.0 | 1,2593 |
| Preferred not to work more hours | 132.2 | 77.9 | 258.9 | 332.7 | 181.6 | 89.6 | 1,073.0 |
| Preferred to work more hours | 36.6 | 20.0 | 45.0 | 50.3 | 27.1 | 7.3 | 186.4 |
| reference week | 13.6 | 9.0 | 11.5 | 10.0 | 5.5 | * 0.3 | 50.0 |
| PERSONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 292.7 | 152.8 | 348.9 | 415.1 | 236.0 | 177.8 | 1,623.3 |
| Preferred not to work more hours | 230.7 | 115.3 | 289.8 | 355.2 | 202.7 | 161.1 | 1,354.8 |
| Preferred to work more hours | 62.0 | 37.5 | 59.1 | 59.9 | 33.3 | 16.7 | 268.5 |
| Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week | 22.5 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 15.8 | 8.4 | 3.8 | 87.4 |

TABLE 21. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY HOURS WORKED, OCTOBER 1989

| ('000) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Hours worked by persons who worked in the reference week |  |  |  |  |  | Persons who did not work in the referēnce week | Total |
|  | 1-5 | 6.10 | 11.15 | 16.20 | 21.29 | 30.34 |  |  |
| MALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 512 | 74.7 | 40.5 | 65.4 | 56.2 | 43.4 | 32.5 | 364.0 |
| Preferred not to work more hours | 37.6 | 58.4 | 33.5 | 50.4 | 42.4 | 34.0 | 25.5 | 281.8 |
| Preferred to work more hours. | 13.6 | 16.3 | 7.0 | 15.0 | 13.8 | 9.4 | 7.0 | 82.2 |
| Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the reference week | 5.0 | 9.5 | 3.5 | 7.9 | 5.4 | * 3.0 | * 3.2 | 37.4 |
| MARRIED FEMALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 87.1 | 150.4 | 127.3 | 167.7 | 167.8 | 84.4 | 110.1 | 894.8 |
| Preferred not to work more hours | 71.7 | 128.0 | 110.3 | 150.2 | 152.7 | 79.4 | 100.3 | 792.6 |
| Preferred to work more hours | 15.4 | 22.5 | 17.0 | 17.5 | 15.1 | 4.9 | 9.8 | 102.2 |
| in the four weeks to the end of the reference week | * 1.8 | 5.7 | 4.0 | * 3.0 | 4.4 | * 1.6 | * 0.4 | 21.1 |
| ALL FEMALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 151.1 | 240.3 | 176.9 | 216.4 | 217.7 | 116.9 | 140.0 | 1,259.3 |
| Preferred not to work more hours | 119.8 | 197.4 | 149.8 | 185.3 | 189.5 | 106.1 | 125.2 | 1,073.0 |
| Preferred to work more hours | 31.4 | 42.8 | 27.1 | 31.2 | 28.3 | 10.8 | 14.8 | 186.4 |
| in the four weeks to the end of the reference week | 5.7 | 13.1 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 8.5 | * 2.7 | * 1.3 | 50.0 |
| PERSONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 202.3 | 315.0 | 217.4 | 2818 | 274.0 | 160.3 | 172.5 | 1,623.3 |
| Preferred not to work more hours | 157.4 | 255.9 | 183.3 | 235.7 | 231.9 | 140.1 | 150.7 | 1,354.8 |
| Preferred to work more hours Had aclively looked for full-time work | 44.9 | 59.1 | 34.2 | 46.1 | 42.1 | 20.2 | 21.8 | 268.5 |
| in the four weeks to the end of the reference week | 10.7 | 22.6 | 12.8 | 17.2 | 13.9 | 5.8 | 4.5 | 87.4 |

TABLE 22. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: STATES, BY AGE, OCTOBER 1989

| Age group | New South Wales | Victoria | Oueensland MALES | South Australio | Western Australia | Tasmania | Australiala) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 15-19 | 16.8 | 13.8 | 10.7 | 4.2 | 5.4 | 1.5 | 54.6 |
| 20-24 | 17.9 | 6.0 | 7.9 | 5.2 | 3.7 | 1.9 | 43.6 |
| 25-34 | 22.8 | 11.9 | 9.4 | 7.4 | 5.7 | 1.8 | 60.8 |
| 35-44 | 11.3 | 6.6 | 5.7 | 3.6 | 4.7 | 1.5 | 34.3 |
| 45 and over | 18.2 | 6.9 | 11.4 | 6.4 | 4.3 | 2.0 | 50.0 |
| Total | 870 | 45.2 | 45.1 | 26.9 | 23.8 | 8.6 | 2432 |
| FEMALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15-19 | 13.2 | 17.0 | 11.7 | 7.2 | 4.9 | 2.3 | 58.2 |
| 20-24 | 11.8 | 8.6 | 10.2 | 4.4 | 3.8 | 1.5 | 41.6 |
| 25-34 | 20.5 | 10.0 | 10.4 | 4.7 | 5.8 | 1.8 | 54.3 |
| 35-44 | 10.4 | 8.5 | 9.0 | 3.1 | 3.3 | - 1.2 | 36.2 |
| 45 and over | 9.0 | * 4.3 | 4.6 | 2.2 | + 1.9 | 1.4 | 23.8 |
| Total | 64.8 | 48.4 | 46.0 | 21.6 | 19.8 | 82 | 214.1 |
| PERSONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Looking for full-time work - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15-19 | 19.3 | 17.1 | 14.1 | 7.5 | 7.0 | 3.1 | 69.3 |
| 20-24 | 25.8 | 12.3 | 15.5 | 8.3 | 6.4 | 3.3 | 73.1 |
| 25.34 | 35.0 | 18.3 | 16.7 | 9.7 | 9.2 | 2.7 | 93.9 |
| 35-44 | 16.1 | 11.0 | 11.7 | 5.7 | 6.9 | 2.0 | 54.7 |
| 45-54 | 13.4 | +4.6 | 7.2 | 4.3 | - 2.2 | 1.7 | 34.0 |
| 55 and over | 8.6 | * 2.6 | 5.6 | 2.9 | - 2.1 | - 0.9 | 22.8 |
| Total looking for full-time work | 118.2 | 65.9 | 70.9 | 38.4 | 33.7 | 13.8 | 347.7 |
| Total - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15-19 | 30.0 | 30.8 | 22.4 | 11.4 | 10.3 | 3.7 | 112.8 |
| 20-24 | 29.7 | 14.7 | 18.1 | 9.6 | 7.5 | 3.4 | 85.2 |
| 25.34 | 43.3 | 21.9 | 19.8 | 12.1 | 11.5 | 3.6 | 115.1 |
| 35-44 | 21.7 | 15.1 | 14.7 | 6.7 | 8.0 | 2.7 | 70.5 |
| 45-54 | 15.3 | 7.4 | 9.2 | 4.6 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 42.8 |
| 55 and over | 11.9 | * 3.8 | 6.8 | 4.0 | 3.0 | * 1.1 | 31.0 |
| Total | 151.8 | 93.6 | 91.1 | 48.4 | 43.6 | 16.8 | 457.4 |

(a) Includes the Nonthem Territory and the Australian Capital Territory

TABLE 23. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AGED 15-19: DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, OCTOBER 1989

|  | Not attending school |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Artending school | Left schood before 1988 | Left school 1988 to survey date |  |
| NUMBER ('000) |  |  |  |  |
| Duration of unemployment (weeks) - |  |  |  |  |
| Under 4 | 17.0 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 32.8 |
| 4 and under 13 | 12.5 | 7.6 | 12.3 | 32.5 |
| 13 and under 26 | 4.2 | * 3.2 | 7.1 | 14.5 |
| 26 and over | 7.9 | 15.2 | 9.9 | 33.0 |
| Total | 41.5 | 34.2 | 37.1 | 112.8 |
| DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT (weeks) |  |  |  |  |
| Average duration - |  |  |  |  |
| Males | 14.0 | 44.8 | 15.3 | 23.6 |
| Females | 11.4 | 37.4 | 18.9 | 21.8 |
| Persons | 12.7 | 40.9 | 17.1 | 22.7 |
| Looking for full-time work | 13.0 | 44.7 | 18.3 | 29.0 |
| Looking for part-lime work | 12.6 | - 15.4 | * 10.7 | 12.6 |
| Median duration - |  |  |  |  |
| Males | 4 | 13 | 12 | 10 |
| Females | 4 | 18 | 10 | 8 |
| Persons | 4 | 14 | 11 | 8 |
| Looking for full-time work | * 6 | 18 | 12 | 13 |
| Looking for part-time work | 4 | * 2 | * 5 | 4 |

TABLE 24. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY AGE AND WHETHER LOOKING FOR FULL-TIME OR PART-TIME WORK,
OCTOBER 1989

|  | Number unemployed ('000) |  |  |  |  | Unemployment rate (per cent) |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males |  | Females |  |  | Males |  | Females |  | Persons |
|  | Married | Total | grried | Total | ersons | Married | Total | Married | Total |  |
|  | LOOKING FOR FULL-TIME WORK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 89.6 | 211.0 | 435 | 136.7 | 347.7 | 3.1 | 4.7 | 4.0 | 6.6 | 5.3 |
| Aged 15-19 | * 0.8 | 35.7 | +3.5 | 33.5 | 69.3 | * 16.9 | 12.2 | 26.5 | 16.0 | 13.8 |
| Looking for first job | -0.1 | 15.0 | * 0.2 | 14.7 | 29.7 | -. | - | .. | .. | . |
| Attending school | - 0.0 | 4.5 | + 0.0 | 3.7 | 8.2 | n.a. | n.a. | n. | n. | n.a. |
| Autending a tertiary educational institution full time | - 0.0 | * 2.1 | * 0.0 | * 0.9 | * 3.0 | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | ${ }^{\text {n.a. }}$ | n.a. |
| Aged 20 and over | 88.8 | 175.3 | 40.0 | 103.2 | 278.5 | 3.0 | 4.2 | 3.7 5.9 | 5.6 | 4.6 |
| 20-24 | 6.5 | 40.3 | 6.0 | 32.8 | 73.1 | 6.6 | 7.5 | 5.9 | 8.1 | 7.7 |
| Looking for first job | - 0.5 | - 2.5 | - 0.6 | 5.6 | 8.1 93 |  |  |  | 6.1 |  |
| 25-34 | 27.2 | 58.3 | 16.9 | 35.6 | 93.9 | 3.4 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 6.15 | 5.1 |
| 35-44 | 21.9 | 32.9 | 10.7 | 21.8 | 54.7 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 4.5 | 3.3 3 |
| 45-54 | 16.6 | 22.5 | 5.7 | 11.5 | 34.0 | 2.5 | 2.9 | - 2.7 | 3.9 -16 | 3.2 |
| 55 and over | 16.6 | 21.2 | - 0.6 | * 1.6 | 22.8 | 4.4 | 4.7 | * 0.9 | - 1.6 | 4.2 |
| Aged 15-64 | 89.1 | 210.6 | 43.5 | 136.7 | 347.3 | 3.1 | 4.8 | 4.0 | 6.6 | 5.4 |
| LOOKING FOR PART-TIME WORK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 7.5 | 32.2 | 392 | 77.4 | 109.6 | 5.3 | 8.1 | 4.2 | 5.8 | 63 |
| Aged 15-19 | * 0.0 | 18.9 | * 0.9 | 24.7 | 43.6 | * 0.0 | 13.2 | - 20.1 | 12.8 | 13.0 |
| Attending school | - 0.0 | 15.4 | + 0.0 | 18.0 | 33.4 | - 0.0 | 15.4 | * 0.0 | 14.3 | 14.8 |
| Attending a tertiary educational institution full time | * 0.0 | * 2.8 | * 0.0 | 4.2 | 7.0 | * 0.0 | -10.5 | * 0.0 | 12.7 | 11.7 |
| Aged 20 and over | 7.5 | 13.4 | 38.2 | 52.7 | 66.1 | 5.4 | -5.3 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 4.7 |
| $20-24$ | * 0.4 | - 3.3 | 4.0 | 8.9 | 12.1 | - 7.5 | - 5.7 | 10.5 | 8.3 | 7.4 |
| Attending a tertiary educational institution full time | * 0.0 | * 0.9 | * 0.0 | * 2.8 | 3.8 | * 0.0 | * 3.4 | * 0.0 | * 7.8 | 5.9 |
| 25-34 | - 1.6 | * 2.5 | 13.6 | 18.6 | 21.1 | * 7.1 | * 5.2 | 5.0 | 5.8 | 5.7 |
| 35-44 | -1.1 | * 1.3 | 12.2 | 14.4 | 15.8 | * 5.2 | * 4.0 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.7 |
| 45 and over | 4.4 | 6.2 | 8.4 | 10.8 | 17.0 | 4.8 | 5.5 | 3.1 | 3.4 | 4.0 |
| Aged 15-64 | 6.8 | 31.3 | 39.2 | 77.4 | 108.7 | 5.9 | 8.6 | 4.2 | 5.9 | 6.4 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 97.1 | 243.2 | 82.6 | 214.1 | 457.4 | 3.2 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 6.3 | 5.5 |
| Aged 15-19 | * 0.8 | 54.6 | 4.5 | 58.2 | 112.8 | +15.7 | 12.5 | 24.9 | 14.5 | 13.4 |
| Autending school | * 0.0 | 19.9 | * 0.0 | 21.7 | 41.5 | * 0.0 | 17.9 | * 0.0 | 16.6 | 17.2 |
| Autending a tertiary educational institution full time | * 0.0 | 4.9 | * 0.0 | 5.1 | 10.0 | * 0.0 | 14.5 | * 0.0 | 14.1 | 14.3 |
| Aged 20 and over(a) | 96.3 | 188.6 | 78.2 | 155.9 | 344.5 | 3.1 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 5.2 | 4.6 |
| 20-24 | 6.9 | 43.6 | 10.0 | 41.6 | 85.2 | 6.6 | 7.3 | 7.2 | 8.2 | 7.7 |
| Autending a tertiary educational institution full time | * 0.0 | * 1.5 | * 0.1 | 4.6 | 6.1 | * 0.0 | * 4.3 | * 13.3 | 11.6 | 8.2 |
| 25-34 | 28.8 | 60.8 | 30.5 | 54.3 | 115.1 | 3.5 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 6.0 | 5.2 |
| 35-44 | 23.0 | 34.3 | 22.9 | 36.2 | 70.5 | 2.3 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 3.4 |
| 45-54 | 17.0 | 23.7 | 12.5 | 19.1 | 42.8 | 2.5 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 3.7 | 3.3 |
| 55-59 | 9.0 | 12.3 | * 1.8 | 3.5 | 15.9 | 3.8 | 4.4 | - 2.2 | -3.0 | 4.0 |
| 60-64 | 10.4 | 12.6 | * 0.3 | * 1.2 | 13.8 | 6.8 | 7.0 | * 0.8 | +2.2 | 5.9 |
| Aged 15-64 | 96.0 | 241.8 | 82.6 | 214.1 | 456.0 | 3.2 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 6.3 | 5.6 |

(a) Includes unemployed persons aged 65 and over, details for whom are nok shown separately.

TABLE 25. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BIRTHPLACE BY AGE, OCTOBER 1989

|  | Number unemployed ('000) |  |  | Unemployment rate (per cent) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | emales | Persons | Males | Females | Persons |
| BORN IN AUSTRALIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tolal | 172.0 | 160.8 | 332.8 | 4.8 | 62 | 5.4 |
| Looking for full-time work | 148.9 | 102.3 | 251.2 | 4.6 | 6.7 | 5.2 |
| Looking for pan-time work | 23.1 | 58.5 | 81.6 | 7.5 | 5.6 | 6.0 |
| Aged 15-19 | 47.9 | 52.5 | 100.5 | 12.0 | 14.3 | 13.1 |
| Aged 20 and over | 124.1 | 108.3 | 232.3 | 3.9 | 4.9 | 4.3 |
| 20-24 | 37.2 | 35.6 | 72.8 | 7.4 | 8.4 | 7.9 |
| 25-34 | 40.4 | 33.6 | 73.9 | 4.1 | 5.0 | 4.5 |
| 35-44 | 18.4 | 24.3 | 42.7 | 2.3 | 3.9 | 3.0 |
| 45-54 | 12.7 | 11.6 | 24.3 | 2.5 | 3.3 | 2.8 |
| 55 and over | 15.3 | * 3.3 | 18.6 | 4.3 | * 2.2 | 3.7 |
| Aged 15-64 | 171.0 | 160.8 | 331.8 | 4.9 | 6.3 | 5.5 |
| BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total | 712 | 53.3 | 124.6 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 5.8 |
| Looking for full-time work | 62.1 | 34.4 | 96.5 | 5.1 | 6.5 | 5.5 |
| Looking for part-lime work | 9.1 | 18.9 | 28.1 | 10.3 | 6.4 | 7.3 |
| Aged 15-19 | 6.7 | 57 | 12.4 | 17.5 | 16.2 | 16.9 |
| Aged 20 and over | 64.6 | 47.6 | 112.2 | 5.1 | 6.0 | 5.4 |
| 20-24 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 12.4 | 6.6 | 7.1 | 6.8 |
| 25.34 | 20.4 | 20.7 | 41.1 | 6.3 | 9.0 | 7.4 |
| 35-44 | 15.9 | 11.9 | 27.8 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.3 |
| 45-54 | 11.0 | 7.5 | 18.5 | 3.8 | - 4.6 | 4.1 |
| 55 and over | 11.0 | - 1.5 | 12.4 | 6.1 5.5 | -3.0 | 5.5 5.9 |
| Aged 15-64 | 70.9 | 53.3 | 124.2 | 5.5 | 6.5 | 5.9 |

TABLE 26. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND AGE, ETC., OCTOBER 1989

| Duration of unemployment (weeks) | Agegroup |  |  |  |  | Married | $\underset{\text { married }}{\mathrm{Not}}$ | Lookine for - |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Full-time |  | Part-time |
|  | 15.19 | 20-24 | 25.34 | 35.54 | Tolal(a) |  |  | work | work |
| MALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 2 | 6.7 | 5.0 | 4.3 | - 3.3 | 20.2 | 6.4 | 13.7 | 14.1 | 6.1 |
| 2 and under 4 | 8.7 | 6.9 | 6.1 | 4.2 | 27.5 | 7.1 | 20.4 | 20.2 | 7.3 |
| 4 and under 8 | 8.4 | 5.8 | 7.1 | 5.2 | 27.9 | 8.5 | 19.4 | 24.0 | 3.9 |
| 8 and under 13 | 8.0 | 5.7 | 6.7 | 4.0 | 25.9 | 9.1 | 16.8 | 23.6 | - 2.3 |
| 13 and under 26 | 7.6 | 4.3 | 9.9 | 6.6 | 30.8 | 10.9 | 19.9 | 27.9 | * 2.9 |
| 26 and under 39 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 5.3 | 7.9 | 25.4 | 11.1 | 14.4 | 22.7 | + 2.8 |
| 39 and under 52 | - 2.8 | - 1.6 | 5.5 | 3.8 | 16.0 | 6.8 | 9.1 | 14.9 | - 1.1 |
| 52 and under 65 | * 2.1 | - 3.1 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 14.4 | 5.8 | 8.6 | 12.2 | * 2.2 |
| 65 and under 104 | +1.5 | -1.1 | * 2.8 | 3.9 | 12.1 | 7.4 | 4.6 | 11.5 | - 0.6 |
| 104 and over | * 3.3 | 5.1 | 9.2 | 15.5 | 43.0 | 24.0 | 19.1 | 40.1 | * 3.0 |
| Total | 54.6 | 43.6 | 60.8 | 58.0 | 2432 | 97.1 | 1462 | 211.0 | 322 |
| Average duration - | 23.6 | 34.0 | 47.5 | 79.4 | 53.2 | 72.7 | 40.3 | 56.4 | 32.4 |
| Median duration - | 10 | 12 | 18 | 32 | 18 | 31 | 13 | 22 | 4 |
| FEMALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | --'00 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 2 | 8.0 | 6.5 | 5.6 | 5.2 | 25.6 | 11.2 | 14.3 | 9.8 | 15.8 |
| 2 and under 4 | 9.4 | 4.8 | 8.2 | 8.5 | 31.3 | 13.6 | 17.7 | 14.3 | 17.0 |
| 4 and under 8 | 9.2 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 4.2 | 28.3 | 9.0 | 19.3 | 18.2 | 10.1 |
| 8 and under 13 | 6.9 | 3.9 | 8.4 | 9.0 | 28.8 | 12.3 | 16.6 | 17.4 | 11.4 |
| 13 and under 26 | 6.9 | 4.4 | 6.6 | 4.9 | 22.7 | 7.2 | 15.5 | 16.6 | 6.1 |
| 26 and under 39 | 6.0 | 3.5 | 6.0 | 6.7 | 23.2 | 9.2 | 14.0 | 14.5 | 8.8 |
| 39 and under 52 | 5.1 | - 3.2 | - 2.3 | * 2.6 | 13.2 | 3.7 | 9.5 | 11.0 | - 2.3 |
| 52 and under 65 | * 2.3 | - 2.0 | - 3.1 | * 2.8 | 10.3 | 4.3 | 6.1 | 9.1 | * 1.3 |
| 65 and under 104 | * 2.1 | * 1.8 | * 1.5 | 3.7 | 9.1 | - 2.8 | 6.3 | 8.4 | - 0.7 |
| 104 and over | * 2.3 | 4.9 | 5.4 | 7.8 | 21.5 | 9.4 | 12.1 | 17.5 | 4.0 |
| Total | 58.2 | 41.6 | 54.3 | 55.3 | 214.1 | 82.6 | 131.5 | 136.7 | 77.4 |
| Average duration - | 21.8 | 37.0 | 31.5 | 45.3 | 33.8 |  |  |  |  |
| Median duration - | 8 | 12 | 10 | $\begin{array}{r}45 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 33.8 | 35.1 | 32.9 12 | 42.9 | 17.6 |
| PERSONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - 147 -000 -- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under 2 | 14.7 | 11.4 | 9.8 | 8.6 | 45.7 | 17.7 | 28.1 | 23.8 | 21.9 |
| 2 and under 4 | 18.1 | 11.7 | 14.2 | 12.7 | 58.8 | 20.7 | 38.1 | 34.5 | 24.3 |
| 4 and under 8 | 17.6 | 12.6 | 14.3 | 9.3 | 56.2 | 17.5 | 38.7 | 42.2 | 14.1 |
| 8 and under 13 | 14.8 | 9.6 | 15.2 | 12.9 | 54.7 | 21.3 | 33.4 | 41.0 | 13.6 |
| 13 and under 26 | 14.5 | 8.6 | 16.5 | 11.5 | 53.6 | 18.1 | 35.5 | 44.6 | 9.0 |
| 26 and under 39 | 11.5 | 8.6 | 11.3 | 14.6 | 48.7 | 20.3 | 28.4 | 37.1 | 11.5 |
| 39 and under 52 | 7.9 | 4.8 | 7.9 | 6.4 | 29.2 | 10.5 | 18.7 | 25.8 | * 3.4 |
| 52 and under 65 | 4.4 | 5.1 | 6.9 | 6.3 | 24.7 | 10.1 | 14.7 | 21.3 | 3.5 |
| 65 and under 104 | 3.6 | * 2.9 | 4.3 | 7.6 | 21.2 | 10.2 | 11.0 | 19.9 | * 1.3 |
| 104 and over | 5.6 | 9.9 | 14.6 | 23.3 | 64.5 | 33.3 | 31.2 | 57.6 | 6.9 |
| Total | 112.8 | 85.2 | 115.1 | 113.2 | 457.4 | 179.7 | 277.7 | 347.7 | 109.6 |
| Average duration - | 22.7 | 35.5 | - W9.9 | 62.8 | 44.1 | 55.4 | 36.8 | 51.1 | 22.0 |
| Median duration - | 8 | 12 | 13 | 26 | 13 | 20 | 13 | 20 | 5 |

(a) Includes persons aged 55 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 27. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: AGE AND ACTIVE STEPS TAKEN TO FIND WORK(a), OCTOBER 1989

|  | Males | Females | Persons |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aged } \\ & 15.19 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aged } \\ 20-24 \end{gathered}$ | Aged 25 and over | Total |
| Took active steps to find work | 237.6 | 205.1 | 108.4 | 82.7 | 2515 | 442.7 |
| Wrote, phoned or applied in person to an employer | 197.3 | 169.7 | 87.9 | 71.4 | 207.7 | 367.0 |
| Answered a newspaper advertisement for a job | 4.9 | 6.3 | * 2.6 | * 0.6 | 8.2 | 11.3 |
| Checked factory or Commonwealth | 4. | 6.3 | 2.6 | 0.6 | 8.2 | 11.3 |
| Employment Service noticeboards | 18.7 | 15.6 | 8.5 | 6.7 | 19.1 | 34.3 |
| Been registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employment Service | 13.9 | 7.7 | 6.4 | * 3.2 | 12.1 | 21.6 |
| Checked registered with any other employment agency | - 0.3 | * 0.6 | * 0.1 | * 0.3 | * 0.5 | * 0.9 |
| Advertised or tendered for work | * 0.4 | * 0.6 | - 0.5 | - 0.1 | * 0.4 | - 1.0 |
| Contacted relatives or friends | * 2.0 | 4.5 | * 2.6 | * 0.4 | 3.6 | 6.6 |
| Stood down | 5.7 | 9.0 | 4.4 | * 2.5 | 7.8 | 14.7 |
| Total | 243.2 | 214.1 | 112.8 | 85.2 | 259.3 | 457.4 |

[^3]TABLE 28. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION OF LAST FULL.TIME JOB AND DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT, OCTOBER 1989
('000)

|  | Duration of unemplownent (weeks) |  |  |  |  | Total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 4 and | 13 and | 26 and | 52 and |  |  |  |
|  | Under 4 | under 13 | under 26 | varder 52 | over | Males | Eemales | Persons |
| Had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years | 55.4 | 69.0 | 38.5 | 47.0 | 26.6 | 147.5 | 89.0 | 236.5 |
| Industry division or subdivision - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing \& hunting | - 2.1 | 4.3 | * 1.3 | - 2.9 | * 1.2 | 8.9 | * 29 | 11.9 |
| Agriculture \& services to agriculture | -1.8 | - 2.8 | - 1.0 | +2.6 | * 1.2 | 6.8 | * 2.7 | 9.4 |
| Manufacturing | 10.4 | 13.7 | 9.8 | 9.1 | 7.2 | 36.5 | 13.6 | 50.1 |
| Food, beverages and tobacco | - 1.4 | -1.9 | - 1.6 | - 3.1 | * 1.5 | 6.8 | - 27 | 9.5 |
| Metal products | - 1.7 | - 2.1 | * 0.8 | - 1.8 | * 1.8 | 7.1 | * 1.1 | 8.2 |
| Other manufacturing | 7.4 | 9.7 | 7.3 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 22.6 | 9.8 | 32.4 |
| Construction | 5.8 | 7.9 | 4.1 | 3.9 | + 1.9 | 22.6 | * 1.0 | 23.6 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 13.2 | 16.3 | 7.2 | 9.6 | 5.9 | 28.5 | 23.8 | 52.3 |
| Wholesale trade | - 2.7 | - 2.9 | - 2.0 | - 3.4 | - 1.5 | 8.7 | 3.8 | 12.5 |
| Retail trade | 10.5 | 13.4 | 5.2 | 6.2 | 4.4 | 19.8 | 20.0 | 39.8 |
| Transport and storage | +2.5 | - 2.7 | * 1.1 | 3.5 | * 2.3 | 9.2 | +2.8 | 12.0 |
| Finance, property \& business services | 5.2 | 6.6 | 3.5 | - 2.8 | - 2.0 | 10.3 | 9.8 | 20.1 |
| Public administration and defence | - 0.9 | - 2.8 | - 1.4 | * 1.6 | - 1.3 | 5.9 | - 2.2 | 8.0 |
| Community services | 7.2 | 4.2 | - 2.7 | 5.7 | * 1.9 | 6.5 | 15.1 | 21.6 |
| Recreation, personal \& other services | 5.6 | 8.9 | 5.8 | 5.3 | - 2.5 | 12.0 | 16.1 | 28.1 |
| Other industries | * 2.5 | * 1.5 | -1.5 | * 2.6 | * 0.5 | 7.0 | * 1.7 | 8.7 |
| Occupation group - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Managers and administrators | * 1.6 | * 2.0 | * 1.7 | * 2.7 | * 0.9 | 6.4 | * 2.5 | 8.9 |
| Professionals | * 2.9 | - 3.4 | * 1.6 | 4.0 | * 0.8 | 7.4 | 5.2 | 12.6 |
| Para-professionals | - 2.8 | - 2.4 | - 1.0 | - 0.9 | * 1.3 | 4.8 | 3.7 | 8.4 |
| Tradespersons | 9.0 | 10.3 | 6.0 | 4.1 | * 3.3 | 27.8 | 4.9 | 32.8 |
| Clerks | 11.2 | 7.7 | 5.0 | 4.3 | * 2.2 | 6.7 | 23.7 | 30.4 |
| Salespersons and personal service workers | 9.3 | 13.4 | 5.3 | 7.8 | 3.9 | 12.2 | 27.6 | 39.8 |
| Plant and machine operators | 4.8 | 6.4 | * 3.2 | 5.5 | * 3.3 | 17.9 | 5.2 | 23.1 |
| Labourers and related workers | 13.8 | 23.3 | 14.7 | 17.8 | 11.0 | 64.4 | 16.2 | 80.5 |
| Other | 34.5 | 41.9 | 15.1 | 30.9 | 83.8 | 90.1 | 116.1 | 2062 |
| Looking for first job | 20.0 | 20.8 | 9.5 | 15.2 | 14.2 | 33.5 | 46.2 | 79.7 |
| Looking for full-time work | 6.1 | 9.7 | 5.8 | 9.4 | 11.2 | 18.3 | 23.9 | 42.2 |
| Former workers | 14.4 | 21.2 | 5.6 | 15.7 | 69.6 | 56.6 | 69.9 | 126.5 |
| Stood down | 14.7 | .. | . | - | .. | 5.7 | 9.0 | 14.7 |
| Total | 104.6 | 110.9 | 53.6 | 77.9 | 110.4 | 243.2 | 214.1 | 457.4 |

TABLE 29. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: REASON FOR LEAVING LAST FULL.TIME JOB

| Month | Reason for unemployment |  |  |  |  |  | Percent of unemployed |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Job laser | $\begin{gathered} \text { Job } \\ \text { leaver } \end{gathered}$ | Stood down .- 000 | Looking for first job | Former workers | Total | Job laser | Job leaver .- | Stood down per cent | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Looking for } \\ & \text { first job } \end{aligned}$ | Former workers |
| 1988 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August | 170.7 | 113.5 | 8.6 | 90.6 | 155.3 | 538.7 | 31.7 | 21.1 | 1.6 | 16.8 | 28.8 |
| September | 169.8 | 113.3 | 16.6 | 98.3 | 156.5 | 554.6 | 30.6 | 20.4 | 3.0 | 17.7 | 28.2 |
| October | 156.9 | 95.9 | 12.3 | 90.4 | 152.3 | 507.9 | 30.9 | 18.9 | 2.4 | 17.8 | 30.0 |
| November | 152.0 | 91.4 | 14.1 | 85.2 | 145.6 | 488.4 | 31.1 | 18.7 | 2.9 | 17.4 | 29.8 |
| Decernber | 146.5 | 109.6 | 11.7 | 147.0 | 148.6 | 563.3 | 26.0 | 19.4 | 2.1 | 26.1 | 26.4 |
| 1989 - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 172.0 | 110.6 | 19.1 | 141.7 | 149.0 | 592.4 | 29.0 | 18.7 | 3.2 | 23.9 | 25.2 |
| February | 164.7 | 126.3 | 15.1 | 128.0 | 164.0 | 598.1 | 27.5 | 21.1 | 2.5 | 21.4 | 27.4 |
| March | 150.8 | 124.3 | 15.8 | 99.8 | 155.6 | 546.3 | 27.6 | 22.8 | 2.9 | 18.3 | 28.5 |
| April | 140.0 | 111.4 | 13.2 | 94.5 | 157.0 | 516.1 | 27.1 | 21.6 | 2.6 | 18.3 | 30.4 |
| May | 148.7 | 109.6 | 14.2 | 88.0 | 158.1 | 518.5 | 28.7 | 21.1 | 2.7 | 17.0 | 30.5 |
| June | 150.0 | 98.7 | 12.7 | 77.9 | 138.2 | 477.4 | 31.4 | 20.7 | 2.7 | 16.3 | 28.9 |
| July | 146.5 | 100.2 | 16.4 | 78.6 | 141.7 | 483.4 | 30.3 | 20.7 | 3.4 | 16.3 | 29.3 |
| August | 149.9 | 104.8 | 11.1 | 79.5 | 124.1 | 469.4 | 31.9 | 22.3 | 2.4 | 16.9 | 26.4 |
| September | 155.4 | 106.5 | 18.6 | 87.2 | 133.7 | 501.3 | 31.0 | 21.2 | 3.7 | 17.4 | 26.7 |
| October | 133.4 | 103.1 | 14.7 | 79.7 | 126.5 | 457.4 | 29.2 | 22.5 | 3.2 | 17.4 | 27.7 |

TABLE 30. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS WHO HAD WORKED FULL TIME FOR TWO WEEKS OR MORE IN THE LAST TWO YEARS: REASON FOR CEASING LAST FULL-TIME JOB, INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB AND AGE, OCTOBER 1989 ('000)
Reason for ceasing last full-time job

|  | Reason for ceasing last full-time job |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Job loser |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Laid-off, retrenched |  |  | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Males | Females | Persons | Males | Females | Persons | JoblegverMales Females |  | Persons |  |
| Industry group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| and hunting | * 2.2 | * 0.4 | * 2.6 | 6.1 | * 1.9 | 8.0 | * 2.9 | - 1.0 | 3.9 | 11.9 |
| Manufacturing | 16.7 | - 3.2 | 19.9 | 23.2 | 6.7 | 29.9 | 13.3 | 6.9 | 20.2 | 50.1 |
| Construction | 11.9 | * 0.2 | 12.2 | 16.7 | * 0.6 | 17.3 | 5.9 | * 0.4 | 6.3 | 23.6 |
| Wholesale and retail | 13.2 | 7.3 | 20.5 | 17.6 | 10.5 | 28.1 | 10.9 | 13.3 | 24.2 | 52.3 |
| Transport and storage | 3.6 | * 0.7 | 4.3 | 5.2 | * 1.5 | 6.7 | 4.0 | * 1.3 | 5.3 | 12.0 |
| Public administration \& defence | * 1.0 | * 0.3 | * 1.4 | * 2.7 | * 1.4 | 4.1 | * 3.2 | - 0.8 | 4.0 | 8.0 |
| Community services | * 2.2 | * 2.0 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 6.3 | 10.4 | * 2.4 | 8.8 | 11.2 | 21.6 |
| Recreation, personal and other services | 5.4 | 4.5 | 9.9 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 14.7 | 4.6 | 8.8 | 13.4 | 28.1 |
| Other industries | 7.1 | * 1.6 | 8.8 | 10.2 | 3.9 | 14.1 | 7.1 | 7.6 | 14.7 | 28.8 |
| Occupation group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tradespersons | 13.1 | * 1.0 | 14.1 | 17.4 | - 2.2 | 19.6 | 10.4 | * 2.8 | 13.2 | 32.8 |
| Clerks | * 1.9 | 5.0 | 6.8 | * 3.0 | 9.4 | 12.4 | 3.7 | 14.2 | 18.0 | 30.4 |
| Salespersons and personal service workers | 4.5 | 8.2 | 12.7 | 6.5 | 11.3 | 17.8 | 5.7 | 16.3 | 22.0 | 39.8 |
| Plant and machine operators, and drivers | 9.3 | * 1.2 | 10.5 | 13.5 | * 2.7 | 16.2 | 4.4 | * 2.5 | 6.9 | 23.1 |
| Labourers and related workers | 29.8 | 3.5 | 33.3 | 43.9 | 10.7 | 54.6 | 20.5 | 5.4 | 25.9 | 80.5 |
| Other occupations | 4.7 | * 1.4 | 6.1 | 8.8 | 3.9 | 12.8 | 9.7 | 7.5 | 17.2 | 29.9 |
| Age group |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15-19 | 8.9 | 5.0 | 13.9 | 12.4 | 8.5 | 20.9 | 9.5 | 11.3 | 20.8 | 41.7 |
| 20-24 | 14.1 | 6.2 | 20.2 | 20.4 | 10.9 | 31.3 | 12.0 | 12.2 | 24.2 | 55.5 |
| 25-34 | 19.0 | 4.4 | 23.5 | 28.3 | 9.7 | 38.0 | 18.1 | 16.0 | 34.1 | 72.0 |
| 35-44 | 11.0 | * 2.0 | 13.1 | 15.6 | 5.8 | 21.4 | 7.9 | 6.6 | 14.5 | 36.0 |
| 45-54 | 5.1 | * 2.5 | 7.6 | 8.4 | 4.5 | 12.8 | + 3.2 | * 2.1 | 5.3 | 18.1 |
| 55 and over | 5.2 | * 0.3 | 5.4 | 8.1 | - 0.9 | 9.0 | 3.6 | * 0.5 | 4.2 | 13.2 |
| Total | 63.3 | 20.3 | 83.6 | 93.1 | 40.3 | 133.4 | 54.3 | 48.8 | 103.1 | 236.5 |

TABLE 31. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, OCTOBER 1989

| Age group | Males |  |  | Females |  |  | Persons | Proportion of population - per cent |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Married | Not married | Toral | Married $\therefore 000 \text { ـ }$ | Not married | Total |  |  |
| 15-19 | * 0.2 | 278.3 | 278.5 | 9.2 | 276.0 | 285.2 | 563.7 | 40.2 |
| 20-24 | 3.7 | 69.0 | 72.6 | 76.1 | 71.3 | 147.3 | 220.0 | 16.5 |
| 25-34 | 26.0 | 48.5 | 74.6 | 395.9 | 80.2 | 476.1 | 550.7 | 19.9 |
| 35-44 | 49.8 | 32.2 | 82.0 | 311.4 | 61.1 | 372.6 | 454.6 | 18.0 |
| 45-54 | 66.8 | 31.9 | 98.8 | 279.2 | 68.8 | 348.0 | 446.8 | 25.4 |
| 55-59 | 69.6 | 19.8 | 89.3 | 189.5 | 53.6 | 243.1 | 332.5 | 45.6 |
| 60-64 | 147.5 | 35.6 | 183.1 | 217.4 | 96.2 | 313.6 | 496.7 | 67.9 |
| 65-69 | 212.4 | 52.3 | 264.7 | 198.1 | 133.5 | 331.6 | 596.3 | 90.7 |
| 70 and over | 316.1 | 140.1 | 456.2 | 230.4 | 489.4 | 719.8 | 1,176.0 | 96.7 |
| Total | 892.1 | 707.7 | 1,599.8 | 1,907.2 | 1,330.3 | 3,237.5 | 4,837.2 | 36.9 |

TABLE 32. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: WHETHER LOOKING FOR WORK, ETC., OCTOBER 1989 ( 000 )

|  | Males |  |  | Females |  |  | Persons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Married | Not married | Total | Married | Not married | Total |  |
| Looking for work | 9.7 | 33.3 | 43.1 | 31.8 | 35.8 | 67.5 | 110.6 |
| Took active steps to find work(a) | 6.3 | 20.6 | 26.9 | 10.4 | 22.1 | 32.5 | 59.4 |
| Did not take active steps to find work | * 3.4 | 12.7 | 16.2 | 21.4 | 13.7 | 35.1 | 51.2 |
| Not looking for work | 843.6 | 604.3 | 1,447.8 | 1,852.8 | 1,177.9 | 3,030.8 | 4.478 .6 |
| Permanently unable to work | 15.7 | 10.6 | 26.3 | 6.0 | 9.8 | 15.8 | 42.1 |
| In institutions | 23.1 | 59.5 | 82.6 | 16.6 | 106.8 | 123.4 | 205.9 |
| Total | 892.1 | 707.7 | 1,599.8 | 1,907.2 | 1,330.3 | 3,237.5 | 4,837.2 |

(a) Not available to start work in the reference week for reasons other than own temporary illness or injury.

TABLE 33. ESTIMATES OF LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND GROSS CHANGES (FLOWS) DERIVED FROM MATCRED RECORDS SEPTEMBER 1989 TO OCTOBER 1989
('000)

| Labour force status in September 1989 | October 1989 | Females |  |  | Persons |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Males | Married | Total |  |
| Employed full time | Employed full time | 3,300.0 | 758.1 | 1,408.7 | 4,708.7 |
|  | Employed part time | 43.6 | 60.3 | 80.2 | 123.8 |
|  | Unemployed | 19.9 | 3.5 | 9.3 | 29.2 |
|  | Not in the labour force | 36.9 | 22.0 | 30.4 | 67.4 |
| Employed part time | Employed full time | 55.3 | 61.1 | 88.1 | 143.4 |
|  | Employed part time | 206.9 | 623.3 | 858.0 | 1,064.9 |
|  | Unemployed | 11.1 | 6.9 | 14.6 | 25.7 |
|  | Not in the labour force | 30.5 | 64.9 | 91.8 | 122.3 |
| Unemployed | Employed full time | 32.4 | 5.9 | 16.5 | 48.9 |
|  | Employed part time | 14.3 | 11.1 | 25.9 | 40.1 |
|  | Unemployed | 126.0 | 30.1 | 87.8 | 213.9 |
|  | Not in the labour force | 34.0 | 27.2 | 49.4 | 83.4 |
| Not in the labour force | Employed full time | 20.7 | 15.2 | 21.1 | 41.8 |
|  | Employed par time | 24.4 | 40.1 | 61.2 | 85.6 |
|  | Unemployed | 26.7 | 23.1 | 48.4 | 75.1 |
|  | Not in the labour force | 1,068.5 | 1,406.0 | 2,301.9 | 3,370.5 |
| Total flows into | Employed | 91.7 | 72.3 | 124.6 | 216.4 |
|  | Full time | 108.4 | 82.2 | 125.6 | 234.0 |
|  | Part time | 82.3 | 111.6 | 167.2 | 249.5 |
|  | Unemployed | 57.6 | 33.5 | 72.3 | 130.0 |
|  | Not in the labour force | 101.4 | 114.1 | 171.7 | 273.1 |
| Total flows out of | Employed | 98.4 | 97.3 | 146.2 | 244.6 |
|  | Full time | 100.4 | 85.8 | 119.9 | 220.4 |
|  | Part time | 96.8 | 132.9 | 194.5 | 291.4 |
|  | Unemployed | 80.7 | 44.3 | 91.7 | 172.4 |
|  | Not in the labour force | 71.8 | 78.4 | 130.7 | 202.4 |
| Total changes of status |  | 250.8 | 220.0 | 368.6 | 619.4 |
| Population represented by the mathed sample |  | 5,051.2 | 3,158.8 | 5,193.3 | 10,244.5 |


|  | Employed | Unemploved | Labowr force | Not in labour force | Civilian population aged 15 and over |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Males | Females | Persons |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Member of a family | 6,416.4 | 357.5 | 6,773.8 | 3,652.4 | 5,172.5 | 5,253.8 | 10,426.3 |
| Husband or wife | 4.726 .1 | 167.5 | 4,893.6 | 2,636.3 | 3,790.9 | 3,739.0 | 7.529 .9 |
| With children aged 0-14 present | 2.467 .2 | 101.2 | 2,568.5 | 2,776.7 | 1,691.3 | 1.653 .8 | 3.345 .2 |
| Wihout children aged 0-14 present | 2.258 .9 | 66.2 | 2,325.1 | 1,859.6 | 2,099.6 | 2,085.2 | 4,184.7 |
| With dependents present | $2,904.7$ | 109.8 | 3,014.4 | +901.0 | 1,977.5 | 1,938.0 | 3,915.5 |
| Without dependents present | 1,821.4 | 57.7 | 1,879.1 | 1,735.3 | 1,813.4 | 1,801.1 | 3,614.4 |
| Other family head | 277.1 | 30.8 | 307.9 | 296.6 | 108.9 | 495.6 | 604.5 |
| With children aged 0-14 present | 135.6 | 20.7 | 156.4 | 133.2 | 26.7 | 262.8 | 289.5 |
| Without children aged 0-14 present | 141.4 | 10.1 | 151.5 | 163.4 | 82.2 | 232.8 | 314.9 |
| With dependents present | 182.3 | 25.2 | 207.5 | 153.7 | 42.1 | 319.1 | 361.2 |
| Without dependents present | 94.7 | 5.6 | 100.4 | 143.0 | 66.8 | 176.5 | 243.3 |
| Full-time student aged 15-24(a) | 285.2 | 50.8 | 336.1 | 509.5 | 417.7 | 427.9 | 845.6 |
| Other child of married-couple or other family head | 1,039.2 | 97.8 | 1,137.0 | 94.2 | 764.0 | 467.3 | 1,231.3 |
| Other relative of married-couple or other family head | 88.7 | 10.6 | 99.3 | 115.7 | 91.0 | 124.0 | 215.0 |
| Not a member of a family | 1,063.0 | 67.1 | 1,130.2 | 720.4 | 900.7 | 949.9 | 1,850.6 |
| Living alone | 464.0 | 24.6 | 488.5 | 612.7 | 465.2 | 636.0 | 1,101.2 |
| Not living alone | 599.1 | 42.5 | 641.6 | 107.8 | 435.5 | 313.8 | 1749.4 |
| Usual resident of a private dwelling where family staus was determined | 7.479.4 | 424.6 | 7,904.0 | 4,372.8 | 6,073.2 | 6,203.6 | 12,276.8 |
| Usual resident of a private dwelling where family staus was not determined | 161.2 | 11.7 | 172.9 | 81.1 | 115.1 | 138.9 | 254.0 |
| Total usual residents of private dwellings | 7.640 .6 | 436.3 | 8,076.9 | 4,453.9 | 6,188.3 | 6,342.6 | 12,530.9 |
| Visitors to private dwellings | 51.2 | 7.6 | 58.8 | 57.8 | 58.4 | 58.2 | 116.6 |
| Persons enumerated in non-private dwellings | 126.0 | 13.5 | 139.4 | 325.5 | 224.6 | 240.3 | 464.9 |
| Total | 7,817.8 | 457.4 | 8,275.1 | 4,837.2 | 6,471.3 | 6,641.1 | 13,112.4 |
| PROPORTION OF TOTAL (per cent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Member of a family | 82.1 | 78.2 | 81.9 | 75.5 | 79.9 | 79.1 | 79.5 |
| Husband or wife | 60.5 | 36.6 | 59.1 | 54.5 | 58.6 | 56.3 | 57.4 |
| With children aged 0-14 present | 31.6 | 22.1 | 31.0 | 16.1 | 26.1 | 24.9 | 25.5 |
| Without children aged 0-14 present | 28.9 | 14.5 | 28.1 | 38.4 | 32.4 | 31.4 | 31.9 |
| With dependents present | 37.2 | 24.0 | 36.4 | 18.6 | 30.6 | 29.2 | 29.9 |
| Without dependents present | 23.3 | 12.6 | 22.7 | 35.9 | 28.0 | 27.1 | 27.6 |
| Other family head | 3.5 | 6.7 |  | 6.1 | 1.7 | 7.5 | 4.6 |
| With children aged 0-14 present | 1.7 | 4.5 | 1.9 | 2.8 | 0.4 | 4.0 | 2.2 |
| Without children aged 0-14 present | 1.8 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 3.4 | 1.3 | 3.5 | 2.4 |
| With dependents present | 2.3 1.2 | 5.5 1.2 | 2.5 | 3.2 3.0 | 0.7 1.0 | 4.8 | 2.8 1.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full-time student aged 15-24(a) | 3.6 | 11.1 | 4.1 | 10.5 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.4 |
| Other child of married couple or other family head | 13.3 | 21.4 | 13.7 | 1.9 | 11.8 | 7.0 | 9.4 |
| Other relative of married-couple or other family head | 1.1 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 2.4 | 1.4 | 1.9 | 1.6 |
| Not a member of a family | 13.6 | 14.7 | 13.7 | 14.9 | 13.9 | 14.3 | 14.1 |
| Living alone | 5.9 | 5.4 | 5.9 | 12.7 | 7.2 | 9.6 | 8.4 |
| Not living alone | 7.7 | 9.3 | 7.8 | 2.2 | 6.7 | 4.7 | 5.7 |
| Usual resident of a private dwelling where family status was determined | 95.7 | 92.8 | 95.5 | 90.4 | 93.8 | 93.4 | 93.6 |
| Usual resident of a private dwelling where family status was not determined | 2.1 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 1.9 |
| Total usual residents of private dwellings | 97.7 | 95.4 | 97.6 | 92.1 | 95.6 | 95.5 | 95.6 |
| Visitors to private dwellings | 0.7 | 1.7 | 0.7 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 0.9 |
| Persons enumerated in non-private dwellings | 1.6 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 6.7 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.5 |
| Total | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

[^4]

[^5]TABLE 36. ALL FAMILIES(a): TYPE OF FAMILY, NUMBER OF FAMILY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS(b), OCTOBER 1989
('000 famillies)

| Number of family members(c) | None employed |  |  | One employed |  |  | Two or more employed |  |  | Total |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | One or more uremployed | Total | None илетрloyed | One or more unemployed | Total | None unemployed | One or more unemployed | Total | None uremployed | One or more unemployed | Total |
| MARRIED-COUPLE FAMIIIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two | 570.6 | 21.3 | 591.8 | 231.3 | 18.9. | 250.2 | 529.6 |  | 529.6 | 1,331.5 | 40.2 | 1,371.7 |
| Three | 34.3 | 20.1 | 54.4 | 233.9 | 24.6 | 258.5 | 417.1 | 13.6 | 430.7 | 685.4 | 58.3 | 743.7 |
| Four | 20.2 | 20.0 | 40.2 | 245.9 | 29.1 | 275.1 | 636.0 | 31.8 | 667.7 | 902.0 | 80.9 | 982.9 |
| Five | 9.8 | 9.1 | 18.9 | 132.4 | 14.4 | 146.8 | 275.6 | 20.5 | 296.1 | 417.8 | 44.0 | 461.8 |
| Six or more | 6.6 | 8.4 | 15.0 | 56.1 | 4.9 | 60.9 | 106.9 | 13.7 | 120.5 | 169.5 | 27.0 | 196.5 |
| Total | 641.5 | 78.8 | 720.3 | 899.7 | 91.9 | 991.6 | 1,965.1 | 79.6 | 2,044.7 | 3,506.2 | 250.4 | 3,756.6 |
| OTHER FAMILIES WITH A MALE HEAD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two | 11.1 | * 3.3 | 14.4 | 24.2 | * 2.8 | 27.0 | 32.9 |  | 32.9 | 68.2 | 6.0 | 74.2 |
| Three | * 1.8 | * 0.5 | - 2.3 | 6.9 | * 2.1 | 9.1 | 12.5 | * 0.6 | 13.1 | 21.2 | * 3.2 | 24.5 |
| Four or more | * 0.9 | * 0.4 | * 1.3 | 4.7 | * 0.9 | 5.6 | * 1.3 | * 1.7 | * 3.0 | 7.0 | - 3.0 | 9.9 |
| Total | 13.9 | 42 | 18.0 | 35.8 | 5.8 | 41.6 | 46.7 | * 2.3 | 49.0 | 96.4 | 12.2 | 108.7 |
| OTHER FAMILIES WITH A FEMALE HEAD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two | 89.6 | 20.8 | 110.3 | 120.2 | 7.1 | 127.4 | 39.4 |  | 39.4 | 249.2 | 27.9 | 277.1 |
| Three | 42.1 | 8.3 | 50.4 | 55.6 | 6.3 | 62.0 | 33.9 | * 2.7 | 36.6 | 131.7 | 17.3 | 149.0 |
| Four | 14.4 | 3.7 | 18.1 | 12.2 | * 2.0 | 14.2 | 14.8 | * 1.8 | 16.5 | 41.4 | 7.5 | 48.9 |
| Five or more | 8.1 | * 2.2 | 10.3 | 4.2 | * 1.2 | 5.4 | 4.9 | * 0.1 | 5.0 | 17.2 | 3.6 | 20.7 |
| Total | 1542 | 35.0 | 189.2 | 192.2 | 16.7 | 208.9 | 93.1 | 4.6 | 97.6 | 4395 | 56.3 | 495.8 |
| OTHER FAMIIIES: TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two | 100.6 | 24.0 | 124.7 | 144.5 | 9.9 | 154.3 | 72.3 |  | 72.3 | 317.4 | 33.9 | 351.4 |
| Three | 44.0 | 8.8 | 52.8 | 62.6 | 8.5 | 71.0 | 46.4 | * 3.3 | 49.7 | 153.0 | 20.6 | 173.5 |
| Four | 15.4 | 4.1 | 19.5 | 15.6 | * 2.7 | 18.3 | 15.9 | - 2.6 | 18.5 | 46.9 | 9.4 | 56.3 |
| Five | 5.9 | * 1.2 | 7.1 | 3.8 | - 0.9 | 4.7 | 4.7 | - 0.5 | 5.2 | 14.4 | * 2.6 | 17.0 |
| Six or more | * 2.2 | * 1.0 | * 3.2 | * 1.6 | * 0.5 | * 2.2 | * 0.4 | * 0.4 | * 0.8 | 4.3 | * 2.0 | 6.2 |
| Total | 168.1 | 39.1 | 207.2 | 228.1 | 22.5 | 250.6 | 139.8 | 6.9 | 146.6 | 535.9 | 68.5 | 604.4 |
| ALL FAMILIES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Two | 671.2 | 45.3 | 716.5 | 375.7 | 28.8 | 404.6 | 602.0 |  | 602.0 | 1,648.9 | 74.1 | 1,723.1 |
| Three | 78.3 | 28.9 | 107.2 | 296.5 | 33.1 | 329.6 | 463.5 | 16.9 | 480.5 | 838.3 | 78.9 | 917.2 |
| Four | 35.6 | 24.1 | 59.6 | 261.5 | 31.8 | 293.4 | 651.8 | 34.4 | 686.2 | 948.9 | 90.3 | 1,039.2 |
| Five | 15.7 | 10.3 | 26.0 | 136.3 | 15.3 | 151.5 | 280.3 | 21.0 | 301.3 | 432.2 | 46.6 | 478.9 |
| Six or more | 8.8 | 9.4 | 18.2 | 57.7 | 5.4 | 63.1 | 107.3 | 14.1 | 121.4 | 173.8 | 28.9 | 202.7 |
| Total | 809.6 | 118.0 | 927.6 | 1,127.7 | 114.4 | 1,242.2 | 2,104.8 | 86.5 | 2,191.3 | 4,042.2 | 318.9 | 4,361.0 |

[^6]TABLE 37. ALL FAMILIES(a): TYPE OF FAMILY, NUMBER OF CHILDREN AGED 0-14 PRESENT, NUMBER OF DEPENDENTS PRESENT, AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS(B), OCTOBER 1989
('000 families)

|  | Number of children aged 0.14 present |  |  | Number of dependents present |  |  | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | None | One | Two or more | None | One | Two or more |  |
| NO FAMILY MEMBER EMPLOYED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Married-couple families | 632.7 | 28.6 | 59.1 | 622.0 | 31.1 | 67.3 | 720.3 |
| One or both spouses unemployed(c) | 24.3 | 12.9 | 29.8 | 22.8 | 11.6 | 32.6 | 67.0 |
| Husband unemployed, wife unemployed | 4.1 | * 2.6 | 4.6 | 4.1 | * 1.9 | 5.3 | 11.3 |
| Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force | 18.0 | 8.9 | 24.4 | 16.5 | 8.9 | 25.8 | 51.3 |
| Neither spouse unemployed | 608.4 | 15.7 | 29.2 | 599.1 | 19.5 | 34.7 | 653.3 |
| Other families | 69.8 | 71.3 | 66.2 | 54.7 | 79.7 | 72.8 | 207.2 |
| Family head unemployed | 4.6 | 11.1 | 7.7 | - 1.8 | 13.0 | 8.5 | 23.3 |
| Male head unemployed | * 1.3 | * 0.2 | + 0.1 | * 0.7 | * 0.8 | - 0.1 | * 1.6 |
| Female head unemployed | - 3.4 | 10.8 | 7.5 | * 1.1 | 12.2 | 8.4 | 21.7 |
| Family head not unemployed | 65.1 | 60.2 | 58.5 | 52.9 | 66.7 | 64.3 | 183.9 |
| Male head not in the labour force | 11.6 | * 2.6 | * 2.3 | 9.8 | 4.2 | * 2.4 | 16.4 |
| Female head no in the labour force | 53.6 | 57.6 | 56.3 | 43.1 | 62.5 | 61.9 | 167.5 |
| All families | 7025 | 99.8 | 1253 | 676.7 | 110.7 | 140.1 | 927.6 |
| ONE OR MORE FAMILY MEMBERS EMPLOYED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Married-couple families | 1.455 .7 | 596.3 | 984.3 | 1,182.9 | 616.6 | 1,236.7 | 3,036.3 |
| One or both spouses unemployed(c) | 36.6 | 18.4 | 31.5 | 30.6 | 17.1 | 38.9 | 86.6 |
| Husband employed, wife unemployed | 21.2 | 13.6 | 25.0 | 18.9 | 11.4 | 29.5 | 59.8 |
| Husband unemployed, wife employed | 8.0 | * 3.2 | 4.2 | 6.7 | * 3.4 | 5.2 | 15.3 |
| Husband unemployed, wife unernployed | * 1.1 | * 0.6 | * 0.2 | - 0.3 | - 0.8 | * 0.8 | -1.9 |
| Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force | 6.4 | * 1.0 | * 1.9 | 4.7 | - 1.5 | * 3.2 | 9.3 |
| Neither spouse unemployed | 1.419.0 | 577.9 | 952.8 | 1,152.3 | 599.5 | 1,197.9 | 2,949.7 |
| Husband employed, wife employed | 894.9 | 354.7 | 533.3 | 719.5 | 352.0 | 711.5 | 1,782.9 |
| Husband employed, wife not in the labour force | 383.2 | 206.3 | 405.9 | 310.7 | 220.4 | 464.3 | 995.5 |
| Husband not in the labour force, wife employed | 51.6 | 9.7 | 10.3 | 43.8 | 14.1 | 13.6 | 71.5 |
| Husband not in the labour force, wife not in the labour force | 89.4 | 7.2 | * 3.2 | 78.3 | 13.0 | 8.5 | 99.8 |
| Other families | 245.4 | 94.5 | 57.3 | 189.8 | 118.2 | 89.2 | 397.2 |
| Family head unemployed |  | $\begin{aligned} & * 1.8 \\ & * 0.2 \end{aligned}$ | * 0.4 | 3.9 $* 0.6$ |  |  | 7.6 .1 .9 |
| Male head unemployed Female head unemployed | $\begin{aligned} & 1.7 \\ & 3.8 \end{aligned}$ | * 0.2 | * 0.0 | + 0.6 | 0.9 +1.5 | +0.4 | * 1.9 |
| Family head not unemployed | 239.9 | 92.8 | 56.9 | 185.9 | 115.8 | 87.9 | 389.6 |
| Male head employed | 53.5 | 11.8 | 8.2 | 42.2 | 19.4 | 11.8 | 73.5 |
| Female head employed | 87.6 | 70.5 | 45.0 | 52.8 | 82.9 | 67.4 | 203.1 |
| Male head not in the labour force | 14.2 | +0.9 | * 0.2 | 13.7 | * 1.1 | * 0.4 | 15.3 |
| Female head not in the labour force | 84.6 | 9.6 | 3.5 | 77.1 | 12.4 | 8.2 | 97.7 |
| All families | 1,701.1 | 690.9 | 1.041 .6 | 1,372.8 | 734.9 | 1,325.9 | 3,433.5 |
| TOTAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Married-couple families | 2,088.4 | 624.9 | 1,043.3 | 1,804.9 | 647.7 | 1,304.0 | 3,756.6 |
| One or both spouses unemployed(c) | 00.9 | 31.3 | 61.3 | 53.4 | 28.7 | 71.5 | 153.6 |
| Husband employed, wife unemployed | 21.2 | 13.6 | 25.0 | 18.9 | 11.4 | 29.5 | 59.8 |
| Husband unemployed, wife employed | 8.0 | * 3.2 | 4.2 | 6.7 | - 3.4 | 5.2 | 15.3 |
| Husband unemployed, wife unemployed | 5.2 | * 3.2 | 4.8 | 4.4 | - 2.7 | 6.1 | 13.2 |
| Husband uncmployed, wife not in the labour fonce | 24.3 | 10.0 | 26.3 | 21.2 | 10.4 | 29.0 | 60.6 |
| Neither spouse unemployed | 2,027.4 | 593.6 | 982.0 | 1,751.5 | 619.0 | 1,232.5 | 3,603.0 |
| Husband employed, wife employed | 894.9 | 354.7 | 533.3 | 719.5 | 352.0 | 711.5 | 1,782.9 |
| Husband employed, wife not in the labour force | 383.2 | 206.3 | 405.9 | 310.7 | 220.4 | 464.3 | 995.5 |
| Husband not in the labour force, wife employed | 51.6 | 9.7 | 10.3 | 43.8 | 14.1 | 13.6 | 71.5 |
| Husband not in the labour force, wife not in the labour force | 697.8 | 22.9 | 32.4 | 677.4 | 32.5 | 43.2 | 753.1 |
| Other families | 315.2 | 165.8 | 123.5 | 244.6 | 197.9 | 162.0 | 604.4 |
| Family head unemployed |  | 12.8 | 8.0 | 5.7 | 15.4 | 9.8 | 31.0 |
| Male head unemployed | * 2.9 | +0.5 | * 0.1 | * 1.3 | -1.7 | * 0.5 | 37.5 |
| Female head unemployed | 7.2 | 12.4 | 7.9 | 4.5 | 13.7 | 9.3 | 27.4 |
| Family head not unemployed | 305.0 | 153.0 | 115.5 | 238.8 | 182.5 | 152.2 | 573.5 |
| Male head employed | 53.5 | 11.8 | 8.2 | 42.2 | 19.4 | 11.8 | 73.5 |
| Female head employed | 87.6 | 70.5 | 45.0 | 52.8 | 82.9 | 67.4 | 203.1 |
| Male head not in the labour force | 25.7 | 3.5 | +2.5 | 23.6 | 5.3 | - 2.8 | 31.7 |
| Female head not in the labour force | 138.2 | 67.2 | 59.8 | 120.2 | 74.9 | 70.1 | 265.2 |
| All families | 2,403.5 | 790.7 | 1,1668 | 2,049.5 | 845.6 | 1,466.0 | 4,361.0 |

[^7]
## APPENDIX A

## GLOSSARY

Actively looking for work: Includes writing, telephoning or applying in person to an employer for work; answering a newspaper advertisement for a job; checking factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards; being registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service; checking or registering with any other employment agency; advertising or tendering for work; and contacting friends or relatives.
Aggregate hours worked: The total number of hours a group of employed persons has actually worked during the reference week, not necessarily hours paid for.
Attending school: Persons aged 15 to 19 who, during the reference week, were enrolled full-time at secondary or high schools.
Attending tertiary educational institution full time: Persons aged 15 to 24 who, during the reference week, were enrolled full time at universities, colleges of advanced education, technical colleges, colleges of technical and further education and theological colleges.
Average hours worked: Aggregate hours worked by a group divided by the number of persons in that group.
Average duration of unemployment: For a group of unemployed persons, the aggregate duration of unemployment divided by the number of persons in the group.
Dependents. All family members under 15 years of age; all family members aged 15 to 19 attending school or aged 15 to 24 attending a tertiary educational institution full time, except those classified as husbands,wives, sole parents or other family heads.
Duration of unemployment: The period from the time a person began looking for work or was stood down, to the end of the reference week. Thus the survey measures current (and continuing) periods of unemployment rather than completed spells. For persons who may have begun looking for work while still employed, the duration of unemployment is defined as the period from the time the person last worked full time for two weeks or more to the end of the reference week.
Employed: Persons aged 15 and over who, during the reference week:
(a) worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (comprising employees, employers and self-employed persons); or
(b) worked for one hour or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. unpaid family helpers); or
(c) were employees who had a job but were not at work and were: on paid leave; on leave without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week; stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment for less than four
weeks up to the end of the reference week; on strike or locked out; on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job; or receiving wages or salary while undertaking fulltime study; or
(d) were employers, self-employed persons or unpaid family helpers who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.
Employment/population ratio: For any group, the number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group.
Employment status: Persons in the labour force classified according to whether they are employed or unemployed.
Family: Two or more related persons (relationship includes relationships by blood, marriage or adoption) usually resident in the same household at the time of the survey. A family comprises a married couple or a family head as defined, together with any persons having any of the following relationships to them:
(a) sons or daughters of any age, if not married and with no children of their own present;
(b) other relatives if not accompanied by a spouse, sons or daughters, or parents of their own; or
(c) any children under 15 years of age who do not have a parent present.
Family head: The parent in the case of a one-parent family or, in the case of other groups of related persons, generally defined to be the eldest person in the family. No family head is defined for a married-couple family.
Former workers: Unemployed persons who have previously worked full time for two weeks or more but not in the past two years.
Full-time workers. Employed persons who usually worked 35 hours or more a week (in all jobs) and others who, although usually working less than 35 hours a week, worked 35 hours or more during the reference week.
Industry: Classified according to the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC) 1983 (1201.0 and 1202.0).

Job leavers. Unemployed persons who have worked full time for two weeks or more in the past two years and left that job voluntarily, that is, because of unsatisfactory work arrangements/pay/hours; the job was seasonal, temporary or a holiday job and they left that job to retum to studies; their last job was running their own business and they closed down or sold that business for reasons other than financial difficulties; or any other reasons.
Job losers: Unemployed persons who have worked full time for two weeks or more in the past two years and left that job involuntarily, that is; were laid off or retrenched from that job; left that job because of their own ill-health or injury; the job was seasonal, temporary or a holiday job and they did not leave that job to return to studies; or their
last job was running their own business and the business closed down because of financial difficulties.
Labour force: For any group, persons who were employed or unemployed, as defined.
Labour force status: A classification of the civilian population aged 15 and over into employed, unemployed or not in the labour force, as defined. The definitions conform closely to the international standard definitions adopted by the International Conferences of Labour Statisticians.
Living alone: A person who is the sole member of a household.
Marital status: Persons are classified as married (husband and wife) if they are reported as being married (including de facto) and their spouse was a usual resident of the household at the time of the survey. The not-married category comprises persons who have never married, or are separated, widowed or divorced, as well as those who, although reported as being married, did not have a spouse who usually lived in the household.
Married-couple families: Families in which there are two married persons and these persons are husband and wife. See Marital status.
Median duration of unemployment: The duration which divides unemployed persons into two equal groups, one comprising persons whose duration of unemployment is above the median and the other, persons whose duration is below it.
Not a member of a family: A person who is not related to any other member of the household in which they are living.
Not in the labour force: Persons who were not in the categories employed or unemployed, as defined. They include persons who were keeping house (unpaid), retired, voluntarily inactive, permanently unable to work, persons in institutions (hospitals, gaols, sanatoriums, etc.), trainee teachers, members of contemplative religious orders, and persons whose only activity during the reference week was jury service or unpaid voluntary work for a charitable organisation.
Occupation: Classified according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO) 1986 (1222.0).
Other families. One-parent families and families in which there is no parent, for example a family head living with a brother or sister.
Participation rate: For any group, the labour force expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group. Participation rates for persons classified by birhplace are calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions. Participation rates for persons classified by school or tertiary educational institution attendance are calculated using population estimates which include those in institutions.
Part-time workers: Employed persons who usually worked less than 35 hours a week and who did so during the reference week.

State capital cities. The areas determining the six State capital cities are the Statistical Divisions for those capital cities defined in the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) Manual, Edition 3 (1216.0).
Seasonally adjusted series. A time series of estimates with the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation removed. See paragraphs 28 to 31 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail.
Status of worker: Employed persons classified by whether they were employers, self-employed persons, wage and salary earners (employees), or unpaid family helpers.
Trend series: A smoothed seasonally adjusted series of estimates. See paragraphs 32 to 34 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail.
Unemployed: Persons aged 15 and over who were not employed during the reference week, and:
(a) had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the reference week and:
(i) were available for work in the reference week, or would have been available except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than four weeks to the end of the reference week); or
(ii) were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the reference week and would have started in the reference week if the job had been available then; or
(b) were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week (including the whole of the reference week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown.
Unemployed persons classified by industry and occupation: Unemployed persons who had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years are classified according to the industry and occupation of their most recent full-time job.
Unemployed looking for first full-time job: Unemployed persons looking for full-time work who had never worked full time for two weeks or more.
Unemployed looking for first job: Unemployed persons who had never worked full time for two weeks or more.
Unemployed looking for full-time work. Unemployed persons who actively looked for full-time work or were to resume a full-time job, from which they had been stood down.
Unemployed looking for part-time work: Unemployed persons who had actively looked for part-ime work only, or were to resume a part-time job, from which they had been stood down.
Unemployment rate: For any group, the number of unemployed persons expressed as a percentage of the labour force in the same group.

## APPENDIX B

## EXPLANATORY NOTES

## Introduction

This publication contains estimates of the civilian labour force derived from the labour force survey part of the monthly population survey. Estimates of the labour force characteristics of family members and of family composition are also included.
2. Estimates of the civilian labour force are available for about fifty regions across Australia and are shown in various publications produced by State offices of the ABS. For details, see the list of related publications provided in paragraph 52.
3. Preliminary survey results are published in advance of this more detailed publication in The Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (6202.0).
4. Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of specific data on demographic and labour force characteristics of the population, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force or of other subjects are carried out from time to time. Statistics from these surveys are published and are available on request. A list of survey publications on labour force and related topics is shown later in this publication.

## The population survey

5. The population survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (about 31,000 houses, flats, etc.) and a list sample of non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.), and covers about three-fifths of one per cent of the population of Australia. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by carefully chosen and specially trained interviewers. The interviews are generally conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Monday between the 6th and 12th of each month. To avoid a clash with the Christmas period, the December 1988 survey interviews commenced on Monday 5th December 1988. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e. the reference week).

## Scope

6. The labour force survey includes all persons aged 15 and over except:
(a) members of the permanent defence forces;
(b) certain diplomatic personnel of overseas govemments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations;
(c) overseas residents in Australia; and
(d) members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependents) stationed in Australia.

## Coverage

7. In the labour force survey, coverage rules are applied which aim to ensure that each person is associated with only one dwelling, and hence has only one chance of selection. The coverage rules are, necessarily, a balance between theoretical and operational considerations. Never-
theless, the chance of a person being enumerated at two separate dwellings in the one survey is considered to be negligible. See paragraph 45 for information about the effect of the coverage rules on family statistics.
8. Persons who are away overseas from their usual residence for less than six weeks at the time of interview are generally enumerated at their usual residence when relevant information can be obtained from other usual residents present at the time of the survey. Persons who, at the time of interview, are overseas for six weeks or more but for less than twelve months are included in the estimates on the assumption that their labour force characteristics are similar to those of the persons responding in the survey.

## Population benchmarks

9. Labour force survey estimates of persons employed, unemployed and not in the labour force are calculated in such a way as to add up to the independently estimated distribution of the population aged 15 and over by age and sex. This procedure compensates for under-enumeration in the survey, and leads to more reliable estimates. The independent population statistics (benchmarks) are the latest available estimates at the time the labour force survey is conducted, but they usually differ from the official population estimates subsequently published in Australian Demographic Statistics (3101.0) because they are derived from incomplete information about population changes.

## Revision of series

10. Survey estimates are not revised for the usually small amendments of population benchmarks arising from new data on deaths and overseas and internal migration. Revisions are made, however, after each census of population and housing, and when population estimation bases are reviewed. These revisions affect unadjusted, seasonally adjusted and trend estimates. The last such revision was made in February 1989 to take account of the results of the 1986 Census of Population and Housing, which affected all the monthly estimates from January 1984 to January 1989. For details, see Information Paper: Revised Labour Force Survey Estimates: January 1984 to January 1989 (6276.0).
11. Following the change in official population estimates to a place of usual residence basis after the 1981 census, the population benchmarks used in the estimation of labour force survey data are compiled according to place of usual residence. For an explanation of the conceptual basis of population estimates see Information Paper: Population Estimates: An Outline of The New Conceptual Basis of ABS Population Estimates (3216.0). To coordinate with the new benchmarks, the labour force survey questionnaire was changed in October 1982 to enable identification of each respondent's place of usual residence. The estimates shown in this publication are based entirely on place of usual residence. Prior to October 1982, the estimates are based on a combination of place of enumeration and place of usual residence.
12. Until February 1978, surveys were conducted in February, May, August and November each year from 1964. From February 1978 the survey has been conducted on a monthly basis.
13. The questionnaire used in the survey for the collection of labour force data has been revised a number of times, the latest occasion being for the April 1986 survey. Details of these changes have been published in Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey (6232.0) in March 1978, December 1981, August 1984 and June 1986.
14. The latest revision to the questionnaire, in April 1986, follows the extension of the definition of employed persons to include persons who worked without pay between 1 and 14 hours per week in a family business or on a farm (i.e. unpaid family helpers). This new definition aligns the Australian labour force concepts with a set of changed intemational definitions adopted by the 13th International Conference of Labour Statisticians in October 1982.
15. Previously, such persons who worked 1 to 14 hours, or who had such a job but were not at work, were defined as either unemployed or not in the labour force, depending on whether they were actively looking for work. In order to assist users to assess the impact of the change, estimates for March 1986 based on the new definition were shown in footnotes to Tables 1 and 2 of the February, March and April 1987 issues of this publication.
16. A revised procedure for weighting families estimates, as presented in this publication, was also introduced in April 1986. Additional tables were included in the April 1986 issue of this publication to show the impact of this new procedure. Paragraph 47 contains more details.

## Comparability of series

17. As noted in paragraphs 10 and 11 , estimates from January 1984 have been revised to conform to revised population estimates following the 1986 Census of Population and Housing, and are thus not strictly comparable with estimates for periods prior to January 1984 which have not been revised.
18. A revision of estimates to take account of the new definition of marital status was applied back to February 1978. Consequently, estimates of marital status contained in this publication are not comparable with estimates published before the February 1984 issue which classified as married all respondents who reported that they were married or separated. The revision to the marital status classification was undertaken in two parts. First, for all surveys from February 1978, persons who reported that they were separated, were reclassified as not married. Second, from June 1983 onwards, the not-married category was expanded to also include persons who, although reported as married, did not have a spouse who was a usual resident of the household at the time of the survey. See the Glossary for the definition of marital status now used in the labour force survey.
19. Comparability with estimates produced from the quarterly survey of employment and earnings is affected by the use of a different survey methodology and defini-
tions. The labour force survey provides estimates of people in jobs whereas the survey of employment and earnings provides an estimate of the number of jobs held by wage and salary earners. A more detailed description of the differences between these two series is provided in Information Paper: Comparison of Employment Estimates from the Labour Force Survey and the Survey of Employment and Earnings (6263.0).

## Survey sample redesign

20. The LFS sample has been redesigned and reselected using information collected in the 1986 Census of Population and Housing. The new sample was phased in over the period September to December 1987. For details, see Information Paper: Labour Force Survey - Sample Design (6269.0).
21. The sampling fraction differs for States and Territories. This enables estimates of reasonable accuracy to be produced for all States and Territories as well as for Australia. Sampling fractions for each State and Territory are as follows: New South Wales and Victoria, 1 in 230; Queensland, 1 in 160; Western Australia, South Australia, Northem Territory and Australian Capital Territory, 1 in 115; and Tasmania, 1 in 70.

## Change in collection methodology

22. For the April to October 1989 surveys information will be collected by telephone interview where practicable, from approximately ten per cent of survey respondents. At the end of this period,consideration will be given to changing to telephone interviewing as the principal method of obtaining data.

## Reliability of the estimates

23. Estimates in this publication are subject to two sources of error:
(a) sampling error: since the estimates are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. More information on this topic is given in the Technical Note; and
(b) non-sampling error: inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents and interviewers and errors made in coding and processing data. These inaccuracies may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

## Differences between population census and

 population survey estimates24. The results of the 1986 Census of Population and Housing show that labour force figures derived from the census differ from estimates derived from the labour force surveys.
25. The broad concepts underlying the measures of the labour force and its components, employment and unemployment, are similar in the census and the surveys.

However there are considerable differences in both the collection methodology adopted (including the detailed questions asked) and estimation procedures. Factors contributing to differences in estimates include under-enumeration in the population census for which census labour force estimates have not been adjusted, the use in the labour force survey of population benchmarks derived from incomplete information about population change (see paragraph 9), the inclusion of permanent defence forces in census estimates, the personal interview approach adopted in the survey as opposed to selfenumeration of census schedules, differing questions used to determine labour force characteristics (particularly the identification of unemployed persons) and differing methods of adjustment for non-response to the survey or census.
26. The labour force survey provides detailed and up-todate estimates of employment and unemployment for Australia, States and regions, whereas the census of population and housing provides counts for small areas but in less detail than is available from the survey.
27. These considerations should be borne in mind if comparisons are made between population census and labour force survey estimates.

## Seasonal adjustment

28. Seasonally adjusted series are published in Tables 2 and 8. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series can be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment does not remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. Influences that are volatile can still make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variation.
29. As happens with all seasonally adjusted series, the seasonal factors are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year's original data. The latest review, in February 1989, revised the Australian and State seasonally adjusted and trend monthly series back to February 1978. Information about the method of adjustment and revised seasonally adjusted and trend estimates for all months since January 1983 for Australia and the States were published in the appendix of the February 1989 issue of this publication.
30. It is possible that the seasonality of employment, unemployment and the labour force participation has been affected by the changed pattern of school holidays in some States.
31. The impact of these changes on seasonally adjusted estimates of labour force characteristics cannot be assessed at this stage.

## Trend estimation

32. Smoothing seasonally adjusted series produces a measure of trend by reducing the impact of the irregular component of the series. The trend estimates are derived by applying a 13 -term Henderson-weighted moving average to the respective seasonally adjusted series. These trend series are used to analyse the underlying behaviour of the series over time. Tables 3 and 9 show trend es-
timates for the past 15 months, while the appendix to the February 1989 issue shows estimates for the six States and Australia back to January 1983. Trend series graphs are shown on pages 1 to 4. Data from February 1978 are available on the ABS on-line data dissemination service, AUSSTATS. The trend series of the participation rate for married females are based on smoothed population estimates.
33. While this smoothing technique enables estimates to be produced which include the latest month, it does result in revisions to the most recent months as additional observations become available. Generally, subsequent revisions become smaller, and after three months have a negligible impact on the series. There will also be revisions as a result of the annual review of seasonal factors mentioned above in paragraph 29.
34. Users may wish to refer to the ABS Information Papers A Guide to Smoothing Time Series - Estimates of 'Trend' (1316.0), and Time Series Decomposition - An Overview (1317.0) for more detailed information on producing trend estimates by smoothing seasonally adjusted time series data.

## Month-to-month movements

35. Care should be taken in the interpretation of month-to-month movements in these estimates. Survey estimates are subject to sampling and non-sampling variability as explained in paragraph 23. Particular care should be taken in the interpretation of the recent original and seasonally adjusted monthly movements as these may have been affected by the changed pattern of school holidays in some States. Trend estimates are expected to be relatively unaffected by these changes.

## Gross flows

36. In order to minimise respondent burden and at the same time maintain continuity within the population survey sample, one eighth of the dwellings in the sample (except the large non-private dwellings) are replaced after each survey. Adoption of this rotation procedure, whereby about seven-eighths of the sample remains unchanged from one month to the next, enables more reliable measurements of changes in the labour force characteristics of the population to be made than would be possible if a new sample were introduced each month.
37. Because a high proportion of private dwellings selected in one survey remains in the sample for the following survey, it is possible to match the characteristics of most of the persons in those dweilings from one month to the next, to record any changes that occur, and hence to produce estimates of flows between the different categories of the population and labour force.
38. The procedures used to select persons in non-private dwellings preclude the possibility of matching any of them who may be included in successive surveys. For this and other reasons, including the mobility of the population and non-response in either or both surveys, about 10 per cent of persons in those dwellings which are included in the sample in successive months cannot be matched. Those who can be matched represent about 80 per cent of all persons in the survey.
39. Changes in the characteristics of this latter group are shown in the gross flows table. About one half of the remaining (unmatched) 20 per cent of persons in the survey are likely to have characteristics similar to those in the matched group, but the characteristics of the other half are likely to be somewhat different.
40. Gross flow estimates relate only to those persons in private dwellings for whom information was obtained in successive surveys. The expansion factors used in calculating the estimates were those applying to the second of each pair of months.
41. Although it is not possible to provide gross flow estimates for all persons in the survey it is considered that the estimates derived from matched records will be a useful guide to the magnitude of the movements between categories which underlie the changes in monthly levels. When comparing flows for different periods it is important to take into account the population represented by the matched sample, as shown in the last line of the table.
42. While every effort is made to reduce non-sampling errors to a minimum, any such errors affecting labour force status will tend to accumulate in the gross flow statistics rather than to cancel out. The estimates are also subject to sampling variability, as explained in the Technical Note. For these reasons the estimates of flows should be used with caution. The standard errors may be obtained from Table A of the Technical Note.
43. Estimates of total flows into or out of the employed category may be less than the sum of the estimates for employed full-time and employed part-time as the estimates for the latter two categories include movements between these two categories.

## Labour force status and other characteristics of families

44. As a part of survey procedures, family relationships are determined each month, enabling both the estimation of persons cross-classified by their family status and the estimation of families. This publication contains tables showing the labour force status and family status of individuals and families classified by family type, number of family members, the labour force status of persons within families, the number of children aged 0-14 present and, from the May 1986 issue onwards, the number of dependents present.
45. Because of the coverage rules of the population survey which associate persons with particular dwellings so that each person has an equal chance of selection in the survey, persons who usually live with other members of their family may be enumerated, at the time of the survey, as not living with all the usual members of their family. This situation is more likely for persons who are enumerated as visitors to other private dwellings or as persons staying in non-private dwellings (hotels, caravan parks, hospitals, etc.). The determination of family structure and family characteristics in such cases is most difficult. Thus, family information is not obtained for the following persons:
(a) all persons enumerated in non-private dwellings (including hotels, motels, hospitals and other institutions); and
(b) persons enumerated as visitors to (rather than usual residents of private dwellings.
46. In addition, in those private dwellings where it is not possible to obtain information relating to all the usual residents, no family information is recorded. Thus the family characteristics of persons living in families which include a member of the permanent defence forces, who is outside the scope of the population survey, are not determined because family information cannot be obtained from each usual resident. Similarly, families in which one or more members are away from the usual residence at the time of the survey are also excluded from family determination. A summary of those persons for whom family information is obtained as well as those usual residents of private dwellings for whom complete family information cannot be obtained, and those persons specifically excluded from the family determination procedures is contained in the family tables. Generally, family status is determined for more than 90 per cent of all civilians aged 15 and over.
47. Estimates of the number of families in this publication differ from those in publications prior to the April 1986 issue. This is due to the adoption of a new weighting procedure where the weight for a family is determined using an average of the weights for all family members responding to the labour force survey. Previously, the weight used to derive estimates of the number of families was determined by nomination of a proxy 'head of household' as representative of the family.
48. Revised data for March 1986 using the new weighting procedure for families and the revised definition of employed persons were shown in the April 1986 issue of this publication. Revised data for March 1986 using the new weighting procedure for families and the old definition of employed persons as well as data using the old weighting procedure for families and the new definition for employed persons are available on request.

## Additional data

49. Estimates for employed persons classified by industry, occupation and status of worker are available each February, May, August and November, and the following tables are published in issues of this publication for those months:

> Employed personsIndustry and occupationFull--ime and part-ime workers Staus of worker Age and birthplace Hours worked Industry by occupation Industry subdivisions Major and minor occupation groups.
50. In some cases, the ABS can also make available information which is not published. This information may be made available in one or more of the following forms: floppy disk, microfiche, photocopy, data tape, computer printout, manually-extracted tabulation. In general, a charge is made for providing unpublished information. Inquiries should be made to the officer whose name appears
in the Phone Inquiries section at the front of this publication, or to Information Services in the nearest ABS office.

## Semi-logarithmic graphs

51. Graphs on pages 1 and 2 have been drawn using a logarithmic vertical scale to facilitate comparisons of rates of growth in series of differing magnitude. Equal distances on the vertical scale (over equal time periods) indicate equal rates of growth for graphs on the same page.

## Related publications

52. Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which relate to the labour force and are available on request:
The Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (6202.0)-issued monthly
The Labour Force, Australia: Historical Summary, 1966 to 1984 (6204.0)
The Labour Force, New South Wales (6201.1)-issued quarterly
The Labour Force, Victoria (6202.2)-issued quarterly
Information Paper, Victorian Labour Force Statistics (6262.2)

The Labour Force, Queensland (6201.3)-issued quarterly
The Labour Force, South Australia (6201.4)-issued quarterly
Labour Force Statistics, Tasmania 1985 (6201.6)
Monthly Summary of Statistics, Tasmania (1303.6)-issued monithly

Labour Statistics. Australia, 1986 (6101.0)-issued annually
A Guide to Labour Statistics (6102.0)
Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey, June 1986 (6232.0)

Employed Wage and Salary Earners, Australia (6248.0)issued quarterly
Persons Not in the Labour Force, Australia (6220.0)-issued annually
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, Australia, June 1988 (6224.0)-issued annually
Social Indicators No. 4, 1984 (4101.0)
Information Paper: Comparison of Employment Estimates From the Labour Force Survey and the Survey of Employment and Earnings (6263.0)
A Guide to Smoothing Time Series - Estimates of 'Trend' (1316.0)

Time Series Decomposition - An Overview (1317.0)

Information Paper: Labour Force Survey - Sample Design (6269.0)
Information Paper: Labour Force Survey - Measuring Teenage Unemployment (6270.0)

Information Paper: Revised Labour Force Survey Estimates: January 1984 to January 1989 (6276.0)
53. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the Catalogue of Publications, Australia (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a Publications Advice (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

## Unpublished statistics

54. As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant unpublished data available. Inquiries should be made to Mr Bruce McClelland on Canberra (062) 526525 or any ABS State Office.

## Symbols and other usages

* subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See paragraph 6 of the Technical Note
n.a. not available not applicable
n.e.c. not elsewhere classified $r$ revised

55. Estimates have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

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## APPENDIX C

## TECHNICAL NOTE

The LFS sample has been redesigned and reselected using information collected in the 1986 Population Census. The new sample was phased in over the period September 1987 to December 1987. For details, see Information Paper - Labour Force Survey - Sample Design (6269.0). For more information on sample design estimation procedures and reliability of the estimates for surveys prior to September 1987, reference should be made to the Technical Note in The Labour Force, Australia, Historical Summary, 1966 to 1984 (6204.0).

## Estimation procedure

2. The labour force estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a complex ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex, rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself.

## Reliability of the estimates

3. Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the estimates that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the surveys. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the estimate that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. Another measure of sampling variability is the relative standard error which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate to which it refers. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling, and thus avoids the need to refer also to the size of the estimate.
4. Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this publication. Standard errors of estimates for the latest month and of estimates of movements since the previous month are shown in Table 1. Standard errors of other estimates and other monthly movements should be determined by using Tables A and B.
5. The size of the standard error increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger is the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the
standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.
6. As the standard errors in Table A show, the smaller the estimate the higher is the relative standard error. Very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. In the tables in this publication, only estimates with relative standard errors of 25 per cent or less, and percentages based on such estimates, are considered sufficiently reliable for most purposes. However, estimates and percentages with larger relative standard errors have been included and are preceded by an asterisk (e.g. *3.4) to indicate they are subject to high standard errors and should be used with caution. See paragraph 9 concerning the derivation of relative standard errors for some estimates.
7. The movement in the level of an estimate is also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of the movement depends on the levels of the estimates from which the movement is obtained rather than the size of the movement. An indication of the magnitude of standard errors of monthly movements is given in Table B. The estimates of standard error of monthly movements apply only to estimates of movements between two consecutive months. Movements between corresponding months of consecutive quarters (quarterly movements), corresponding months of consecutive years (annual movements) and other non-consecutive months, will generally be subject to somewhat greater sampling variability than is indicated in Table B. Standard errors of quarterly movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table A by 1.22 . Standard errors of quarterly movements calculated this way will not necessarily agree with those obtained by multiplying the figures in Table B by 1.5, which was the method shown in the June 1985 and previous issues of this publication. This is because Tables A and B are derived independently of each other. Standard errors of all annual movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table A by 1.3. When using Table A or Table B to calculate standard errors of movements, refer to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived.
8. Examples of the calculation and use of standard errors are given below:
(a) From Table A it will be seen that an estimate of 300,000 unemployed males looking for full-time work has a standard error of about 6,900 . Therefore there are about two chances in three that the number that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 293,100 to 306,900 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 286,200 to 313,800 .

(b) Suppose that there is an increase of 28,300 in the number of unemployed males looking for fulltime work from one month to the next.

Table $B$ relates the standard error of the monthly movement to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived. In this case, if the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived was 300,000 , from Table B it will be seen that the standard error of the monthly movement is about 5,300 . Therefore there are about two chances in three that if all dwellings had been included in the surveys the movement would have been within the range $+23,000$ to $+33,600$ and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been with the range $+17,700$ to $+38,900$

| +17,700 | Estimated movement |  |  | +38,900 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | +23,000 | +28,300 | +33,600 |  |
| $L$ | 1 | 1 | 1 | - |
|  | 2 chances in 3 that, if all dwellings were included, the movement is in this range |  |  |  |

19 chances in 20 that, if all dwellings were included, the movement is in this range
9. The relative standard errors of estimates of aggregate hours worked, average hours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment are obtained by first finding the relative standard error of the estimate of the total number of persons contributing to the estimate (see Table A) and then multiplying the figure so obtained by the following relevant factors:

> Aggregate hours worked: 1.2
> Average hours worked: 0.7
> Average duration of unemployment: 1.3
> Median duration of unemployment: 2.0

The levels at which these and other labour force estimates have a relative standard error of 25 per cent are shown in Table C.
10. An example of the calculation of standard errors by the use of these factors is as follows:

> If an estimate of median duration of unemployment for unemployed males is 19 weeks and the number unemployed is estimated as 300,000 , from Table $A$ it can be estimated that this figure ( 300,000 ) has a standard error of about 6,900 and therefore a relative standard error of about 2.3 per cent. The relative standard error of the estimate of median duration of unemployment is calculated by multiplying this figure ( 2.3 ) by the appropriate factor shown in the previous paragraph (in this case 2.0 ): $2.3 \times 2.0$ $=4.6$ per cent. The standard error of this estimate of median duration of unemployment is therefore 4.6 per cent of 19 , i.e. about 1 . Therefore there are about two chances in three that the median duration of unemployment for unemployed males that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 18 to 20 weeks and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 17 to 21 weeks.
> 11. Proportions and percentages (for example, participation rates) formed from the ratio of two estimates are also subject to sampling error. The size of the error depends on the accuracy of both the numerator and denominator. The formula for the relative standard error (RSE) of a proportion or percentage is given below

$$
\operatorname{RSE}(x / y)=\sqrt{[\operatorname{RSE}(x)]^{2}-[\operatorname{RSE}(y)]^{2}}
$$

12. Standard errors contained in Tables $A$ and $B$ are designed to provide an average standard error applicable for all monthly labour force survey estimates. Analysis of the standard errors applicable to particular survey estimates has shown that the standard errors of estimates of employment are generally equivalent to those shown in Tables $A$ and $B$, while standard errors for unemployment and not in the labour force are approximately 3 per cent and 11 per cent respectively higher than those shown in the tables. Standard errors for capital cities are approximately the same as those for corresponding States. Standard errors of estimates of numbers of families are approximately the same as those for numbers of persons. Standard errors of estimates of persons born in Australia are approximately the same as those shown in Tables A and B. For aggregate estimates of persons born outside Australia the standard errors are about 15 per cent higher. The standard errors vary for individual countries of birth, but are generally less than 10 per cent higher.
13. The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents, errors made in collection such as in recording and coding data, and errors made in processing the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the non-sampling error and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

TABLE A. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES FROM MARCE 1989(a)

| Size of estimate | N.S.W. | $V i c$. | Qld | SA. | WA. | Tas. | N.T. | A.C.T. | Australia |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | er cens timate |
| 100 |  |  | 130 | 110 | 120 | 80 | 130 | 100 | 120 | 117.6 |
| 200 | 230 | 230 | 190 | 160 | 180 | 120 | 170 | 140 | 180 | 89.0 |
| 300 | 290 | 280 | 240 | 200 | 220 | 150 | 210 | 170 | 230 | 75.2 |
| 400 | 340 | 330 | 280 | 230 | 250 | 180 | 240 | 200 | 270 | 66.6 |
| 500 | 380 | 370 | 310 | 260 | 280 | 200 | 260 | 220 | 300 | 60.5 |
| 600 | 420 | 410 | 340 | 280 | 310 | 220 | 280 | 240 | 340 | 55.9 |
| 800 | 480 | 470 | 390 | 330 | 350 | 250 | 320 | 270 | 390 | 49.2 |
| 1,000 | 540 | 530 | 440 | 370 | 390 | 280 | 360 | 300 | 450 | 44.5 |
| 1,300 | 620 | 610 | 500 | 410 | 440 | 320 | 400 | 340 | 510 | 39.6 |
| 1,500 | 660 | 650 | 530 | 440 | 470 | 340 | 430 | 360 | 560 | 37.0 |
| 1,800 | 720 | 710 | 580 | 480 | 510 | 360 | 470 | 390 | 610 | 34.0 |
| 2,000 | 760 | 750 | 610 | 510 | 540 | 380 | 490 | 410 | 650 | 32.4 |
| 2,500 | 850 | 840 | 680 | 560 | 600 | 420 | 540 | 450 | 730 | 29.2 |
| 3,000 | 920 | 910 | 740 | 610 | 650 | 450 | 590 | 490 | 800 | 26.8 |
| 3,500 | 990 | 980 | 800 | 660 | 700 | 480 | 630 | 520 | 870 | 24.9 |
| 4,000 | 1,050 | 1,050 | 850 | 700 | 740 | 510 | 670 | 550 | 930 | 23.3 |
| 4,500 | 1,100 | 1,100 | 900 | 730 | 780 | 540 | 710 | 580 | 990 | 22.0 |
| 5,000 | 1,200 | 1,150 | 940 | 770 | 820 | 560 | 750 | 600 | 1,050 | 20.9 |
| 6,000 | 1,300 | 1,250 | 1.000 | 830 | 880 | 600 | 810 | 650 | 1,150 | 19.1 |
| 10,000 | 1.600 | 1,600 | 1,300 | 1,050 | 1,100 | 730 | 1,050 | 800 | 1,500 | 14.8 |
| 20,000 | 2,200 | 2,200 | 1,750 | 1,400 | 1,500 | 920 | 1,400 | 1,050 | 2,050 | 10.4 |
| 50,000 | 3,250 | 3,250 | 2,600 | 2,050 | 2,150 | 1,200 | 2,150 | 1,500 | 3,150 | 6.3 |
| 100,000 | 4,300 | 4,300 | 3,400 | 2,650 | 2,850 | 1,500 | 3,000 | 1,900 | 4,300 | 4.3 |
| 200,000 | 5,700 | 5,600 | 4,500 | 3,450 | 3,700 | 1,750 | 4,200 | 2,450 | 5,800 | 2.9 |
| 300,000 | 6,600 | 6,600 | 5,200 | 3,950 | 4,300 | 1,900 |  | 2,800 | 6,900 | 2.3 |
| 500,000 | 8,000 | 7.900 | 6,300 | 4,750 | 5,200 | 2,100 |  | 3,300 | 8,400 | 1.7 |
| 1,000,000 | 10,300 | 10,100 | 8,100 | 6,000 | 6,600 |  |  |  | 11,100 | 1.1 |
| 2,000,000 | 13,000 | 12,800 | 10,300 | 7,500 | 8,400 |  |  |  | 14,300 | 0.7 |
| 5,000,000 | 17.600 | 17,100 | 13,900 |  |  |  |  |  | 19,700 | 0.4 |
| 10,000,000 | 21,800 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24,800 | 0.2 |

TABLE B. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF MONTHLY MOVEMENTS FROM FEBRUARY 1989 - MARCH 1989
ONWARDS(a)

| Size of larger estimate | NS.W. | Vic. | Qld | SA. | W.A. | Tas. | N.T. | A.C.T. | Australia |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 100 |  |  |  | 150 |  | 100 | 90 | 120 |  |
| 200 |  |  |  | 190 | 230 | 130 | 130 | 150 |  |
| 300 |  |  | 350 | 220 | 260 | 150 | 150 | 170 |  |
| 400 | 450 | 410 | 380 | 250 | 290 | 170 | 170 | 190 | 440 |
| 500 | 490 | 440 | 410 | 270 | 320 | 180 | 190 | 210 | 480 |
| 600 | 520 | 470 | 440 | 280 | 340 | 200 | 210 | 220 | 510 |
| 800 | 580 | 530 | 480 | 310 | 380 | 220 | 230 | 250 | 570 |
| 1,000 | 630 | 570 | 520 | 340 | 410 | 240 | 260 | 270 | 620 |
| 1,300 | 690 | 630 | 570 | 380 | 450 | 260 | 290 | 300 | 690 |
| 1.500 | 730 | 660 | 600 | 400 | 470 | 270 | 310 | 310 | 720 |
| 1,800 | 780 | 710 | 640 | 420 | 500 | 290 | 330 | 330 | 780 |
| 2,000 | 810 | 740 | 660 | 440 | 520 | 300 | 350 | 350 | 810 |
| 2,500 | 880 | 800 | 720 | 480 | 560 | 330 | 380 | 370 | 880 |
| 3,000 | 940 | 860 | 760 | 510 | 600 | 350 | 410 | 400 | 940 |
| 3,500 | 990 | 910 | 800 | 540 | 630 | 370 | 440 | 420 | 990 |
| 4,000 | 1,050 | 950 | 840 | 560 | 670 | 390 | 470 | 440 | 1,050 |
| 4,500 | 1,100 | 1,000 | 880 | 590 | 690 | 410 | 490 | 460 | 1.100 |
| 5,000 | 1,150 | 1.050 | 910 | 610 | 720 | 430 | 510 | 480 | 1,150 |
| 6,000 | 1,200 | 1,100 | 970 | 650 | 770 | 450 | 560 | 520 | 1,200 |
| 10.000 | 1,450 | 1,350 | 1,150 | 780 | 920 | 550 | 690 | 620 | 1,450 |
| 20,000 | 1.900 | 1.700 | 1,450 | 1,000 | 1.200 | 700 | 930 | 800 | 1,900 |
| 50,000 | 2,600 | 2,400 | 2,000 | 1,400 | 1.650 | 980 | 1,400 | 1,100 | 2,700 |
| 100,000 | 3,400 | 3,100 | 2,550 | 1,800 | 2.100 | 1,250 | 1,850 | 1.450 | 3,500 |
| 200,000 | 4,350 | 4,000 | 3,200 | 2,300 | 2,700 | 1,650 | 2,550 | 1,850 | 4,500 |
| 300,000 | 5,000 | 4,650 | 3,700 | 2,700 | 3,100 | 1,900 |  | 2,150 | 5,300 |
| 500,000 | 6,100 | 5,600 | 4,400 | 3,200 | 3,700 | 2,300 |  | 2.550 | 6.400 |
| 1,000,000 | 7,800 | 7.300 | 5,600 | 4,150 | 4.750 |  |  |  | 8,300 |
| 2,000,000 | 10,100 | 9,400 | 7.100 | 5,300 | 6,100 |  |  |  | 10,700 |
| 5,000,000 | 14,100 | 13,100 | 9,700 |  |  |  |  |  | 15,100 |
| 10,000,000 | 18,200 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19,600 |

TABLE C. LEVELS AT WHICH LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES HAVE A RELATIVE STANDARD ERROR OF 25 PER CENT(b) FROM MARCH 1989 (a)

|  | NS.W. | Vic. | QLd | SA. | W.A. | Tas. | N.T. | A.C.T. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Aust. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimates classified by- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aggregate hours worked | 6,300 | 6,300 | 4,200 | 2,900 | 3,300 | 1,800 | 2,700 | 2,000 |
| Average hours worked | 2,300 | 2,300 | 1,500 | 1,100 | 1,200 | 700 | 1,000 | 800 |
| Average duration of |  |  |  | 1,700 |  |  |  |  |
| unemployment | 7,300 | 7,300 | 4,900 | 3,400 | 3,800 | 2,000 | 3,200 | 2,300 |
| Median duration of unemploymem | 15,900 | 15,900 | 10,600 | 7,300 | 8,100 | 4,200 | 7,000 | 4,700 |
| All other estimates | 4,500 | 4,500 | 3,000 | 2,100 | 2,300 | 1,300 | 2,000 | 1,400 |

(a) For standard emors, atc. for carlier pariods, see previous issues of this publication. (b) See paragraph 9 of this Technical Note.

## SUPPLEMENTARY AND SPECIAL SURVEYS RELATING TO THE LABOUR FORCE

Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of data on demographic and labour force characteristics, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force are carried out from time to time. The results of these surveys on labour force and related topics are published separately as shown below.

## Title of Publication

Catalogue No.
Alternative Working Arrangements, Australia, March to May 1982, September to November 1986 ..... 6341.0
Annual and Long Service Leave Taken, Australia, May 1983 to April 1984 ..... 6317.0
Child Care, Australia-May 1969, 1973, 1977; June 1980; November 1984; June 1987 ..... 4402.0
Employment Benefits, Australia. Annually. Latest issue August 1988 ..... 6334.0
Income Distribution Survey, Australia, Persons with Earned Income, 1986 ..... 6546.0
Job Search Experience of Unemployed Persons, Australia. Two-yearly. Latest issue July 1988 ..... 6222.0
Labour Force Experience, Australia. Annually. Latest issue February 1989 ..... 6206.0
Labour Force Status and Educational Attainment, Australia. Annually. Latest issue February 1988 ..... 6235.0
Summary. February 19896240.0
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, Australia. Annually. Latest issue June 1988 ..... 6224.0
Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Migrants, Australia, March 1987 (previously:
Characteristics of Migrants Aged 18 Years and Over at Time of Arrival and who Arrived after 1960) ..... 6250.0
Labour Mobility, Australia. Annually. Latest issue February 1989 ..... 6209.0
Multiple Jobholding, Australia. Two-yearly. Latest issue August 1987 ..... 6216.0
Persons Employed at Home, Australia, April 1989 ..... 6275.0
Persons Who Intended to Retire from Full-time Work, Australia, September 1984 ..... 6258.0
Persons Not in the Labour Force, Australia. Twice-yearly. Latest issue September 1988 ..... 6220.0
Persons Who Had Re-entered the Labour Force, Australia, May 1985, May 1987 ..... 6264.0
Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force, Australia, November 1985, April 1988 ..... 6267.0
Retirement and Retirement Intentions, Australia, November 1986 (previously: Persons Retired from Full-time Work) ..... 6238.0
Successful and Unsuccessful Job Search Experience, Australia, June 1986 (previously: Methods of Obtaining Jobs) ..... 6245.0
Superannuation, Australia, February 1974; September to November 1982, November 1988 ..... 6319.0
Trade Union Members, Australia, November 1976, March-May 1982, August 1986, August 1988 ..... 6325.0
Transition From Education to Work, Australia. Annually. Latest issue May 1988 ..... 6227.0
Underemployed Workers, Australia, May 1988 ..... 6265.0
Weekly Earnings of Employees (Distribution), Australia. Annually. Latest issue August 1988 ..... 6310.0
Working Hours Arrangements, Australia, February-May 1981 ..... 6338.0
Working Hours Arrangements-Supplementary Tables, Australia, February-May 1981 ..... 6339.0

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[^0]:    I Indicates break in series. Estimates for the period prior to April 1986 are based on the old definition. See paragraphs 14 and is of the Explaratory Notes, Appendix B.

[^1]:    | Indieates break in series. Estimates for the period prior to April 1986 are based on the old definition. See paragraphs 14 and 15 of the Explanatory Nores, Appendix B.

[^2]:    (a) Excludes persons in instiutions such as hospitals, gaols, sanatoriums, etc.

[^3]:    (a) See the Glossary, Appendix A.

[^4]:    (a) Excludes persons aged 20-24 auending school. Also excludes full-time students aged 15-24 who are classified as husbands, wives or other family heads.

[^5]:    (a) Civilians who were residents of private dwellings where family status was determined. See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 44 to 46, Appendix B.
    (b) Excludes persons aged 20-24 autending school. Also excludes full-time students aged 15-24 who are classified as husbands, wives or ocher family heads.

[^6]:    (a) See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 44 to 46, Appendix B, for details of exclusions to family Lables. (b) Employment status refers to persons aged 15 and over only. (c) Of any age.

[^7]:    (a) See Explanatory Notes paragraphs 44 to 46 , Appendix B, for details of exclusions to family tables. (b) Labour force status refers to persons aged 15 and over only. (c) Includes a small number of families with husband not in the labour force and wife unemployed.

