

CHAPTER IV.—ASSOCIATIONS.

§ 1. Labour Organizations.

1. **General.**—In Report No. 2 an outline was given of the method adopted to ascertain the number of members of labour organizations in Australia, and tabulated results up to the end of 1912 were included. From the beginning of 1913 quarterly returns were obtained from a considerable number of trade unions, both as to membership and unemployment, and these were supplemented at the end of each year by special inquiries as to the membership of those unions which, owing to the nature of the callings and industries covered, were unable to furnish quarterly unemployment returns. The following pages show the general situation in regard to the trades union movement in Australia at the present time, and also its development since the year 1921. The recognition of the fact that the affairs of single unions are not disclosed in the published results has assisted in securing complete information, and thanks are again tendered to the secretaries of Trade Unions for their cordial co-operation in this matter.

The figures published in this chapter cover the years 1921 to 1925, and reference should be made to previous reports for particulars in respect of the years 1912 to 1920.

2. **Trade Unions and Branches—Number and Membership, 1921 to 1925.**—The following table gives particulars of the number of separate unions and branches with the number of members at the end of the years 1921 to 1925.

Trade Unions—Branches and Membership, 1921 to 1925.

Year.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qland.	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N'thern Territory.	Total.	Aust.
NO OF SEPARATE UNIONS.									
1921 ..	213	159	118	108	116	79	3	796	α382
1922 ..	217	169	118	106	117	83	3	813	α387
1923 ..	204	160	119	110	115	87	2	797	α383
1924 ..	202	158	117	109	117	84	4	791	α376
1925 ..	188	154	107	101	114	75	4	743	α382
NO OF BRANCHES.									
1921 ..	925	466	344	150	173	83	..	2,141	62,555
1922 ..	858	452	340	144	189	69	..	2,058	62,484
1923 ..	763	383	285	78	170	59	..	1,743	62,157
1924 ..	726	386	271	84	149	60	..	1,670	62,091
1925 ..	715	367	287	85	162	45	..	1,651	62,012
NO. OF MEMBERS.									
1921 ..	285,658	195,971	103,786	55,701	45,334	15,842	737	703,009	703,009
1922 ..	284,689	206,231	100,039	55,298	41,495	14,346	70	702,038	702,038
1923 ..	267,209	200,049	109,153	60,788	42,319	14,065	72	699,743	699,743
1924 ..	274,831	217,044	112,238	65,612	43,270	15,516	444	729,155	729,155
1925 ..	309,002	220,941	127,736	73,611	48,855	15,130	443	795,722	795,722
PERCENTAGE INCREASE IN MEMBERSHIP <i>d</i>									
1922 ..	α0.3	5.1	α2.7	α0.9	α9.7	α9.4	90.5	..	..
1923 ..	α6.1	α0.1	8.1	10.1	2.2	α2.0	2.8	α0.5	α0.5
1924 ..	2.8	5.3	2.8	8.3	2.2	3.1	516.0	5.8	5.8
1925 ..	12.4	1.8	13.8	11.9	12.9	α2.5	0.9	9.1	9.1

(a) Allowing for Inter-State duplication. The figures represent the number of distinct organizations and Inter-State groups of organizations. They do not represent the total number of organizations which are practically independent and self-governing (see remarks below). (b) Includes not only branches of separate State unions and sub-branches in each State of Inter-State unions, but also head State branches of Inter-State unions. (c) Decrease. (d) On preceding year.

In the table just given, under the heading "Number of Separate Unions," each union represented in a State is counted once only, regardless of the number of branches in that State. In the total number of separate unions in each State (see last column but one), it is obvious that there will be duplication in the case of inter-State and similar unions, since each such union is counted once in each State in which it is represented by a branch. The figures in the last column, therefore, have been obtained by making an adjustment to allow for this duplication.

Except in the last column, "Number of Branches" indicates the number of branches of State head offices, which may, of course, themselves be branches of an inter-State or larger organization. State branches of inter-State or federated unions, as well as sub-branches within a State, are included under the heading "branches" in the last column. The schemes of organization of these inter-State or federated unions vary greatly in character, and the number of separate unions does not, therefore, fairly represent the number of practically independent organizations in Australia. In some of the unions the State organizations are bound together under a system of unification with centralized control, while in others the State units are practically independent and self-governing, the federal bond being loose and existing for one or two specified purposes only. Moreover, a reduction in the number of unions is not necessarily an indication that no new unions have been formed, for while fresh unions have come into being others have died out or have amalgamated.

3. Trade Unions—Industrial Groups, 1921 to 1925.—The following table gives the number and membership of trade unions in Australia in industrial groups at the end of the years 1921 to 1925. In Report No. 11 attention was drawn to the fact that the number of unions classified in Group XIV. (Miscellaneous), increased considerably during the period under review, and a correspondingly large increase occurred in the membership of the group. During recent years many associations of employees of public and semi-public bodies have been organized, and such unions are now included in the tabulations. Public Service, municipal, banking and insurance associations, which were not previously recognized, are now registered under the provisions of Commonwealth and State Industrial Arbitration Acts, and are therefore classified as industrial bodies. The inclusion of these organizations is responsible, to a great extent, for the increase in Group XIV.

Trade Unions—Industrial Groups—Australia, 1921 to 1925.

Industrial Groups.	1921.	1922.	1923.	1924.	1925.
NUMBER OF UNIONS.					
I. Wood, Furniture, etc.	19	19	18	18	18 (4) ^a
II. Engineering, Metal Works, etc.	75	69	70	69	68 (21)
III. Food, Drink, Tobacco, etc.	66	68	64	65	65 (39)
IV. Clothing, Hats, Boots, etc.	25	25	24	24	22 (10)
V. Books, Printing, etc.	18	17	14	14	14 (10)
VI. Other Manufacturing	85	84	79	78	78 (36)
VII. Building	57	54	52	51	51 (31)
VIII. Mining, Quarrying, etc.	19	19	16	16	15 (12)
IX. Railway and Tramway Services	49	52	51	51	50 (33)
X. Other Land Transport	20	20	14	13	13 (8)
XI. Shipping, etc.	70	74	94	91	56 (31)
XII. Pastoral, Agricultural, etc.	9	10	8	8	8 (3)
XIII. Domestic, Hotels etc.	24	26	26	23	22 (16)
XIV. Miscellaneous	280	278	267	270	263 (128)
Total	796	813	797	791	743 (382) ^a

(a) Allowing for inter-State duplication.

Trade Unions—Industrial Groups—Australia, 1921 to 1925—continued.

Industrial Groups.	1921.	1922.	1923.	1924.	1925.
NUMBER OF MEMBERS.					
I. Wood, Furniture, etc.	25,541	23,682	24,466	23,850	32,270
II. Engineering, Metal Works, etc.	57,012	53,637	59,032	68,243	72,750
III. Food, Drink, Tobacco, etc.	51,698	54,497	58,663	56,402	58,326
IV. Clothing, Hats, Boots, etc.	42,069	44,540	45,842	46,521	44,632
V. Books, Printing, etc.	15,059	16,341	16,249	15,856	16,532
VI. Other Manufacturing	38,873	37,942	38,554	40,376	41,689
VII. Building	42,244	42,177	40,231	51,810	55,314
VIII. Mining, Quarrying, etc.	30,967	38,082	37,068	40,994	44,403
IX. Railway and Tramway Services	88,731	92,152	89,405	90,365	108,037
X. Other Land Transport	16,944	20,376	18,384	17,785	18,219
XI. Shipping, etc.	40,840	41,610	35,006	37,823	39,309
XII. Pastoral, Agricultural, etc.	47,893	45,538	36,584	46,081	48,157
XIII. Domestic, Hotels, etc.	20,442	21,130	20,713	22,861	24,251
XIV. Miscellaneous	175,696	174,484	172,550	171,168	101,824
Total	703,009	702,938	690,743	729,155	795,722

4. Trade Unions—Numbers and Percentages of Male and Female Members.—(i.) States, 1925. The census of 1921 gives the percentage of male and female employees (*i.e.*, persons "in receipt of wages or salary," and persons "unemployed"), 20 years of age and over, on the total male and female population, and by applying these percentages to the estimated total male and female population in 1925, an estimate of the number of adult employees of each sex in that year is obtained.

The following table shows separately for males and females and for each State (a) the number of members of trade unions, (b) the estimated number of employees of each sex 20 years of age and over in all professions, trades, and occupations, and (c) the percentage of the former (a) on the latter (b) at the end of the year 1925. The estimated number of employees includes all persons (over the age specified) in receipt of wages or salary, as well as those unemployed, and therefore embraces a large number of adults who are not eligible for membership of any trade union (such as certain persons employed in professional occupations) as well as others who, while eligible for membership so far as the nature of their trade or occupation is concerned, do not reside in a locality which is covered by any union devoted to their particular trade or occupation. Moreover, the age at which persons are eligible for membership varies in different unions. The Census results are classified in quinquennial age groups, and age 20 years is taken as approximating to the age of admission to membership.

Trade Unions—Number and Percentage of Male and Female Members, 1925.

Particulars.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	Nthn. Territory.	Total.
MALES.								
Estimated Total No. of Employees 20 years of age and over	475,480	322,360	174,841	108,393	80,274	37,362	1,353	1,206,592
No. of Members of Unions	279,673	182,518	113,573	66,295	43,407	13,400	443	699,309
Percentage of Members on Estimated Total No. Employees	58.8	56.5	65.0	61.2	54.1	36.1	32.7	58.3
FEMALES.								
Estimated Total No. of Employees 20 years of age and over	105,416	90,487	36,730	23,910	15,053	8,318	109	286,053
No. of Members of Unions	29,329	38,423	14,102	7,916	5,448	1,040	5	96,323
Percentage of Members on Estimated Total No. Employees	28.1	39.8	38.6	30.6	36.2	10.7	4.6	33.7

(ii.) *Australia*.—Similar particulars for Australia for the five years 1921 to 1925 are given in the next table.

Trade Unions—Number and Percentages of Male and Female Members—Australia, 1921 to 1925.

Particulars.	1921.	1922.	1923.	1924.	1925.
MALES.					
Estimated Total No. of Employees 20 years of age and over	1,007,070	1,124,543	1,149,530	1,175,740	1,200,592
No. of Members of Unions	622,403	616,836	608,820	640,774	699,399
Percentage of Members on Estimated Total Number of Employees	56.7	54.9	53.0	54.5	58.3
FEMALES.					
Estimated Total No. of Employees 20 years of age and over	264,456	269,967	275,081	280,664	286,053
No. of Members of Unions	80,516	86,052	90,923	88,381	96,323
Percentage of Members on Estimated Total Number of Employees	30.4	31.9	33.1	31.5	33.7

5. Trade Unions—Classification according to Number of Members, 1921 to 1925.—The following table shows the number and membership of all trade unions in Australia for the years 1921 to 1925 inclusive, classified according to size. In this table inter-State unions are, of course, counted once only:—

Trade Unions—Classification according to Number of Members—Australia, 1921 to 1925.

Classification.	10,000 and over.	5000 and under 10,000.	2000 and under 5000.	1000 and under 2000.	500 and under 1000.	300 and under 500.	200 and under 300.	100 and under 200.	50 and under 100.	Under 50.	Total.
NUMBER OF UNIONS.											
1921 ..	15	15	37	41	55	26	30	57	53	53	382
1922 ..	16	14	44	42	42	30	33	53	50	57	387
1923 ..	17	13	41	42	51	36	27	55	47	54	383
1924 ..	19	13	41	43	47	35	28	50	53	47	376
1925 ..	21	10	39	48	49	29	32	49	57	48	382½
MEMBERSHIP.											
1921 ..	337,683	115,364	120,331	58,775	39,729	10,442	7,213	8,076	3,722	1,674	703,009
1922 ..	338,680	104,299	133,492	57,115	30,834	12,019	8,150	7,002	3,987	1,751	702,938
1923 ..	341,167	100,122	131,796	55,379	37,634	14,152	6,231	8,057	3,432	1,773	699,743
1924 ..	379,009	95,892	127,120	59,847	33,303	14,517	6,978	7,993	3,857	1,429	729,155
1925 ..	449,878	77,816	130,924	69,778	34,720	12,067	7,871	7,065	4,183	1,421	795,722
PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL MEMBERSHIP.											
1921 ..	48.0	16.4	17.1	8.4	5.7	1.5	1.0	1.2	0.5	0.2	100.0
1922 ..	48.2	14.8	19.7	8.1	4.4	1.7	1.2	1.1	0.6	0.2	100.0
1923 ..	49.8	14.3	18.8	7.9	5.4	2.0	0.9	1.1	0.5	0.3	100.0
1924 ..	52.0	13.2	17.4	8.2	4.6	2.0	0.9	1.0	0.5	0.2	100.0
1925 ..	56.5	9.8	16.4	8.8	4.4	1.5	1.0	0.9	0.5	0.2	100.0

(a) See footnote (a) on page 122

In the last part of the preceding table the percentage which the membership in each group bears to the total membership of all groups is given for the years 1921 to 1925. The tendency towards closer organization is evidenced by the fact that though membership of trade unions has increased since 1912 by 84 per cent., the number and membership of unions having less than 2,000 members have considerably decreased.

6. **Inter-State or Federated Trade Unions.**—The following table gives particulars regarding number and membership of inter-State or federated trade unions having branches in two or more States. The figures include inter-State unions registered under the Commonwealth Conciliation and Arbitration Act, as well as federated unions which are not so registered:—

Inter-State or Federated Trade Unions—Number and Membership, 1921 to 1925.

PARTICULARS.	UNIONS OPERATING IN—					TOTAL.	
	2 States.	3 States.	4 States.	5 States.	all States.		
Number of Unions	1921 ..	17	10	15	10	40	101
	1922 ..	19	13	16	15	42	105
	1923 ..	20	13	16	19	39	107
	1924 ..	19	13	13	21	39	105
	1925 ..	19	16	9	23	37	104
Number of Members	1921 ..	20,787	42,127	60,413	137,585	307,435	508,350
	1922 ..	25,291	45,202	65,006	137,351	289,251	502,101
	1923 ..	23,698	38,604	80,970	134,057	285,035	502,474
	1924 ..	21,831	35,037	77,665	148,834	294,681	578,048
	1925 ..	22,250	49,234	72,977	171,908	326,624	642,993

(a) Certain unions in this group have, in addition to branches in each of the six States, a branch in the Northern Territory.

The number of organizations operating in two or more States has increased from 72 in 1912 to 104 in 1925, and the percentage of the membership of such organizations on the total membership of all organizations has risen from 65 per cent. to 81 per cent. during the same period.

7. **Central Labour Organizations.**—In each of the capital cities, as well as in a number of other industrial centres, delegate organizations, consisting of representatives from a group of trade unions, have been established. Their revenue is raised by means of a per capita tax on the members of each affiliated union. In the majority of the towns where such central organizations exist, most of the local unions are affiliated with the central organization, which is usually known as the Labour or Trades Hall Council, or the Labour Federation. In Western Australia a unified system of organization extends over the industrial centres throughout the State, and there is a provincial branch of the Australian Labour Party, having a central council and executive, and metropolitan and branch district councils, to which the local bodies are affiliated. The central council, on which all district councils are represented, meets periodically. In the other States, however, the organization is not so close, and though provision usually exists in the rules of the central council in the capital city of each State for the organization of district councils, or for the representation on the central council of the local councils in the smaller industrial centres of the State, the councils in each State are, as a matter of fact, independent bodies. The table hereunder gives the number of metropolitan and district or local labour councils, together with the number of unions and branches of unions affiliated therewith, in each State at the end of the years 1921 to 1925.

Central Labour Organizations—Number, and Unions Affiliated, 1921 to 1925.

Particulars	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N. Ter.	Total.
No. of Councils	1921 ..	3	5	3	3	9	1	24
	1922 ..	3	5	4	3	9	2	27
	1923 ..	3	6	4	3	9	2	28
	1924 ..	3	5	4	3	9	2	27
	1925 ..	2	6	4	2	9	2	26
No. of Unions and Branches Affiliated	1921 ..	120	187	49	74	161	27	644
	1922 ..	97	182	74	79	179	33	647
	1923 ..	84	182	73	73	174	35	624
	1924 ..	93	185	81	76	189	41	663
	1925 ..	88	190	83	62	209	52	667

The figures regarding number of unions do not necessarily represent separate unions, since the branches of a large union may be affiliated with the local trades councils in the several towns in which they are represented.

Between the trade union and the central organization of unions may be classed certain State or district councils organized on trade lines and composed of delegates from separate unions the interests of the members of which are closely connected by reason of the occupations of their members, such, for example, as delegate councils of bakers, bread carters and mill employees, or of unions connected directly or indirectly with the iron, steel or brass trades, or with the building trades.

8. Unions Registered under Commonwealth Conciliation and Arbitration Act.—Under Part V. of the Commonwealth Conciliation and Arbitration Act any association of not less than 100 employees in any industry may be registered.* The following table gives particulars of registered unions at the end of the year 1925. Registered unions include both inter-State associations and associations operating within one State only.

Unions Registered under Commonwealth Conciliation and Arbitration Act—Industrial Groups, 1925.

Industrial Group.	No of Unions	Mem-ber-ship.	Industrial Group.	No. of Unions.	Mem-ber-ship.
I. Wood, Furniture, etc. . .	3	30,194	IX. Railway & Tramway Services	6	67,605
II. Engineering, Metal Works, etc.	16	70,347	X. Other Land Transport . .	8	11,611
III. Food, Drink, Tobacco, etc.	13	41,396	XI. Shipping, etc.	8	35,238
IV. Clothing, Hats, Boots, etc.	4	42,859	XII. Pastoral, Agricultural, etc.	1	108,198
V. Books, Printing, etc. . .	2	13,562	XIII. Domestic, Hotels, etc. . .	3	15,604
VI. Other Manufacturing . .	17	37,916	XIV. Miscellaneous	41	105,773
VII. Building	6	48,105			
VIII. Mining, Quarrying, etc. . .	1	27,534	TOTAL	124	656,032

The figures in the above table are not comparable with those given in the table in sub-paragraph 6 hereof regarding all inter-State and federated unions. A few federated unions included in the table in sub-paragraph 6 are not registered under the Commonwealth Act, while, on the other hand, a number of purely State organizations registered under the Act are, of course, not included.

§ 2. Employers' Associations.

1. General.—Recent investigations show that the spirit of association is no less manifest in the case of employers than in the case of workers. Associations for trade purposes merely are not included in the present chapter, which deals with those associations only whose members are united for their own protection, and for representation in cases before Arbitration Courts, Wages Boards and other wage-fixing tribunals. Associations of employers and employees are recognized under the Commonwealth Conciliation and Arbitration Act as well as under several State Acts, and such organizations may be registered.

* Under the Arbitration (Public Service) Act an association of less than 100 employees may be registered as an organization, provided that its members comprise at least three-fifths of all persons engaged in that industry in the Service.

2. **Employers' Associations in each State.**—The following table gives particulars of the number of employers' associations in each State at the end of the years 1922 and 1925 :—

Employers' Associations—States, 1922 to 1925.

Year.	N.S.W.	Vic.	Q'land.	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	Northern Territory.	Total.
NO. OF ASSOCIATIONS.								
1922 ..	115	167	60	46	62	17	..	467
1923 ..	137	132	85	48	54	24	..	480
1924 ..	127	135	80	49	53	25	..	469
1925 ..	133	141	78	52	51	25	..	480
NO. OF BRANCHES.								
1922 ..	135	71	39	..	12	5	..	262
1923 ..	102	49	54	..	12	8	..	225
1924 ..	79	41	70	..	12	8	..	210
1925 ..	480	621	194	1	17	2	..	1,315
MEMBERSHIP.								
1922 ..	18,187	18,963	7,648	2,888	1,713	2,307	..	51,706
1923 ..	27,027	19,813	12,918	5,101	2,477	2,751	..	70,087
1924 ..	28,667	21,095	17,060	5,746	2,646	2,716	..	77,930
1925 ..	38,931	34,274	17,831	6,346	3,369	2,599	..	103,350

The decrease in 1924 in the number of associations is partly explained by the exclusion of certain associations which have been found to be not strictly employers' associations, while, in some cases, associations have become either inactive or defunct. On the other hand, the inclusion of additional associations accounts for the increased membership.

The large increase shown for "No. of Branches" for the year 1925 is wholly due to the inclusion of associations representing agricultural interests, while the increase in total membership is partly attributable to a more complete collection of statistics relating to these organizations.

3. **Employers' Associations in Industrial Groups.**—The figures in the table hereunder refer to Australia at the end of the years 1924 and 1925.

Employers' Associations—Industrial Groups—Australia, 1924 and 1925.

Class.	Number of Associations.		Number of Branches.		Membership.	
	1924.	1925.	1924.	1925.	1924.	1925.
I. (Wood, Furniture, etc.) ..	23	20	2	2	1,398	1,384
II. (Engineering, etc.) ..	14	14	12	11	3,435	3,456
III. (Food, Drink, etc.) ..	101	100	40	25	15,556	17,865
IV. (Clothing, Hats, etc.) ..	20	22	..	9	4,462	2,882
V. (Books, Printing, etc.) ..	35	34	..	3	3,509	3,310
VI. (Other Manufacturing) ..	49	49	2	1	3,142	3,234
VII. (Building) ..	28	27	10	12	2,754	2,983
VIII. (Mining, Quarrying, etc.) ..	13	13	1	..	344	320
X. (Other Land Transport) ..	14	18	..	1	2,240	3,009
XI. (Shipping, etc.) ..	16	16	2	2	310	256
XII. (Pastoral, Agricultural, etc.) ..	25	30	139	1,243	22,280	46,487
XIII. (Domestic, Hotels, etc.) ..	18	17	..	..	3,696	1,727
XIV. (Miscellaneous) ..	113	120	2	6	14,804	16,487
Total ..	469	480	210	1,315	77,930	103,350

The female membership of these associations was 3,119 for 1924, and 4,924 for 1925.

The organization of employers is relatively strongest in the pastoral and agricultural industries and in the manufacture and distribution of articles of food and drink. In the former case there has been considerable growth in organization among small farmers, and in the latter the number of small shops purveying foodstuffs of which the proprietors are members of grocers', butchers', and other similar associations accounts for the large membership.

4. **Employers' Associations in Membership Groups.**—The following table gives information in membership groups for Australia for the years 1922 to 1925.

Employers' Associations—Membership Groups—Australia, 1922 to 1925.

Membership Groups.	1000 and over.	500 and under 1000.	300 and under 500.	200 and under 300.	100 and under 200.	50 and under 100.	Under 50.	Total.
No. OF ASSOCIATIONS.								
1922	10	11	11	21	38	69	307	467
1923	14	18	21	16	46	71	294	480
1924	16	19	21	19	48	68	278	469
1925	18	21	20	23	50	69	279	480
MEMBERSHIP.								
1922	19,514	7,221	3,970	5,230	5,745	4,591	5,435	51,706
1923	25,982	13,732	8,044	4,784	6,065	4,931	5,649	70,087
1924	34,937	13,909	7,995	4,527	6,749	4,493	5,320	77,930
1925	58,259	15,176	7,436	5,393	7,171	4,624	5,291	103,350
PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL MEMBERSHIP.								
1922	38	14	8	10	11	9	10	100
1923	37	20	11	7	10	7	8	100
1924	44	18	10	6	9	6	7	100
1925	56	15	7	6	7	5	5	100

5. **Federations of Employers' Associations.**—In addition to the associations in various industries, there are Central Associations in each State, to which many of these separate organizations are affiliated. Examples of this kind of association are provided in the Chamber of Manufactures, Chamber of Commerce, and Employers' Federation in each State. Further, these State Associations are, in some cases, organized on a Federal basis, e.g., there is an Associated Chamber of Manufactures, an Associated Chamber of Commerce, and a Central Employers' Association, to which State branches are affiliated.

The affiliation of these associations is, however, of a very loose nature when compared with that of the Federated Trade Unions. Whereas in the latter case the central body has complete control of its State branches, in the case of the Employers' Associations each State body enjoys complete independence, the central body acting in a more or less advisory capacity only.

The following table gives particulars for years 1923 to 1925, so far as can be ascertained, of inter-State or federated associations having branches in two or more States :—

Inter-State or Federated Employers' Associations, 1923 to 1925.

YEAR.	ASSOCIATIONS OPERATING IN—					TOTAL.
	2 States.	3 States.	4 States.	5 States.	6 States.	
NO. OF ASSOCIATIONS.						
1923	4	4	4	5	12	29
1924	2	6	6	11	9	34
1925	3	5	4	10	8	30
MEMBERSHIP.						
1923	679	2,028	465	16,521	26,832	46,525
1924	427	595	329	29,612	26,523	57,986
1925	3,899	535	634	20,549	25,778	51,395

Of the total membership of 103,350 of these associations, 49.7 per cent are organized on an inter-State basis.

§ 3. International Comparisons.

1. **The International Labour Conference, 1925.**—In Chapter XVII. of Labour Report No. 14, information was given with regard to the clauses in the Peace Treaty referring to labour conditions. Provision was made in the Treaty for the holding of International Labour Conferences and the institution of the International Labour Office. In the report referred to, information was given regarding the activities of the Labour Office and the reports of the five Annual Labour Conferences, which had then been held. A short summary of the proceedings at the Sixth Conference was given in Labour Report No. 15.

Australia was represented at the Seventh Conference by The Right Honourable Sir Joseph Cook, P.C., G.C.M.G., High Commissioner, Government delegate; A. J. McNeil, Esq., Employers' delegate; G. Lawson, Esq., Employees' delegate.

The Agenda included the following items :—(i) Workmen's Compensation. (ii) Equality of treatment for national and foreign workers as regards workmen's compensation for accidents. (iii) Weekly suspension of work for twenty-four hours in glass-manufacturing processes where tank furnaces are used. (iv) Night work in bakeries.

Workmen's compensation appeared on the Agenda for the first time, but the other items, (ii) to (iv) inclusive, were placed on the Agenda for the second year in succession for the purpose of a final vote on the proposals provisionally adopted on the various subjects by the 1924 Conference.

On the final reading of the provisionally adopted convention for a weekly suspension of work for twenty-four hours in glass-manufacturing processes where tank furnaces are used, the Conference rejected it. Recommendations or conventions concerning each of the other items were adopted. Resolutions were also adopted concerning the following subjects :—(i) the standardization of working conditions of mines; (ii) apprenticeship and vocational and technical education; (iii) the study of the conditions of work of agricultural labourers; (iv) an inquiry into conditions of labour in Asiatic countries; and (v) the employment of children in China.

2. **Unemployment.**—In the following table the percentage of unemployment in various countries is shown for each month of the year 1925. The figures are obtained chiefly from the *International Labour Review* published by the International Labour Office:—

Unemployment in various countries during 1925.

Country.	Percentage Unemployed During Month of—												Average for Year.
	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	
Australia ..	..	..	9.3	..	..	10.2	..	..	7.9	..	..	8.1	8.8
Belgium (d) ..	2.0	1.7	1.5	1.6	1.2	1.0	1.1	0.9	0.8	0.7	..	2.3	1.4
Canada ..	10.2	9.5	8.5	8.7	7.0	6.1	5.2	4.4	5.7	5.1	5.7	7.9	7.0
Denmark ..	16.3	16.6	15.1	13.5	12.1	9.0	8.3	9.2	10.5	12.7	13.3	31.1	14.4
Germany ..	8.1	7.3	5.8	4.4	3.6	3.5	3.7	4.3	4.5	5.5	10.7	19.4	6.8
Great Britain ..	9.0	9.4	9.0	9.4	10.1	12.3	11.2	11.4	11.3	11.3	11.0	11.0	10.5
Holland ..	15.1	12.2	9.4	7.7	6.9	6.0	8.3	8.5	7.7	8.1	6	16.0	9.7
Hungary ..	20.2	20.3	20.5	20.2	19.0	19.0	17.9	15.2	14.3	13.4	15.6	16.4	17.7
Norway ..	11.9	12.0	11.1	10.2	9.5	8.9	8.3	10.1	13.5	16.4	6	23.1	12.6
Sweden ..	14.0	13.7	12.0	10.9	8.2	8.2	7.6	7.7	8.5	10.0	6	19.4	11.0
Switzerland (e) ..	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.2	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.6	2.1	2.3	1.5

(a) Provisional figures. (b) Not yet available. (c) Average for eleven months. (d) Unemployment insurance societies. (e) Per cent. of workers in 1920.

3. **Trade Unionism in other Countries.**—The following table gives the membership of Trade Unions in the principal countries, and the percentage of such membership on total population. The information has been obtained from various sources, but chiefly from the *Year Book of the International Federation of Trade Unions*.

Trade Unions—Membership, 31st December, 1923.

Country.	Population. (a)	Total No. of Organized Workers.	No. of Organized Workers per 1,000 Inhabitants	Country.	Population. (a)	Total No. of Organized Workers.	No. of Organized Workers per 1,000 Inhabitants.
Austria ..	6,526,661	1,117,192	171	Canada ..	8,788,483	255,299	29
Germany ..	59,852,682	9,193,359	153	Poland ..	27,178,690	769,811	28
Great Britain ..	40,560,588	5,405,000	133	Nemel ..	150,000	4,097	27
Australia ..	5,749,807	699,743	120	Estonia ..	1,110,538	36,000	27
Czecho-Slovakia ..	13,611,349	1,504,923	111	Hungary ..	8,119,432	191,542	24
Belgium ..	7,539,568	744,998	99	Spain ..	21,658,222	452,936	21
Denmark ..	3,267,331	302,904	93	Latvia ..	1,596,131	23,658	15
Switzerland ..	3,880,320	298,901	77	Argentina ..	8,698,516	120,000	14
New Zealand ..	1,099,449	80,000	73	Finland ..	3,402,593	47,633	14
Holland ..	7,085,913	544,900	73	Bulgaria ..	4,953,400	49,803	10
Sweden ..	5,987,520	400,022	67	Portugal ..	6,032,991	50,000	8
Mexico ..	13,886,948	800,000	58	Jugo-Slavia ..	12,017,323	59,692	5
Italy ..	38,835,941	2,234,520	51	Peru ..	5,550,000	25,000	5
Luxemburg ..	260,767	12,600	47	Roumania ..	17,393,149	78,206	4
Iceland ..	94,690	4,000	42	South Africa ..	8,000,000	35,000	4
Chilo ..	3,754,951	150,000	40	Brazil ..	30,635,605	100,000	3
France ..	39,209,766	1,395,847	36	Japan ..	57,655,000	125,551	2
Cuba ..	2,889,004	100,000	35	British India ..	319,929,583	300,000	1
Russia ..	131,299,007	4,556,000	35	Dutch East Indies ..	49,350,834	60,000	1
Norway ..	2,649,775	90,497	34	Egypt ..	13,000,000	12,000	0.9
U.S.A. (b) ..	106,138,806	3,600,000	34	China ..	436,094,953	300,000	0.7
Ireland ..	4,390,219	139,000	32				

(a) The population figures are taken principally from Hubner's *Geographische-statistische Tabellen 1924*, and are exclusive of colonies or dependencies.

(b) Continental America and Hawaii.

4. Employers' Associations in Great Britain.—The principal Employers' Association in Great Britain is the Federation of British Industries. This Federation is composed of 188 local associations, covering over 2,000 firms and companies.

There are, moreover, other general associations of employers, such as The National Union of Manufacturers, The Association of British Chambers of Commerce, and The National Chamber of Trade, but information concerning their membership is not available.

5. International Statistics of Co-operative Societies.—In the People's Year Book for 1922 (the official publication of the co-operative movement in the United Kingdom), statistics are given of the collective membership and trade of the Consumers' Co-operative Societies of the representative Co-operative Unions in the year 1920.

It is there shown that for 18 countries the number of distributing societies was nearly 18,000, with a membership of approximately 12,000,000, and an annual trade of about £750,000,000 in British equivalent values at par. The figures do not include Belgium and Russia, where the movement is firmly established, as the necessary information is not available. In the United Kingdom there were 1,379 Societies with a membership of 4,504,852, and an annual trade of £254,158,144.

For the year 1923 the number of Societies in the United Kingdom was 1,314 with a membership of 4,569,256, and an annual trade of £165,490,038.

During 1924 the number of Societies remained stationary, but the total membership increased to 4,702,868 and the sales to £177,077,825.

An International Co-operative Exhibition was held in Ghent during July and August of 1924, and a Congress of the International Co-operative Alliance took place during the last weeks of the Exhibition, at which there were present 500 delegates representing 28 countries.

A development of considerable importance to the agricultural co-operative movement is the formation in the United States in January, 1925, of an American Institute of Co-operation. This Institute is to be an educational institution, and has been established by the great farm organizations of the country, by the large co-operative organizations, and by the Marketing Bureaux of various States working in close collaboration with the Federal Department of Agriculture.

Amongst the objects of the Institute are the following :—

- (i) To collect and make available a body of knowledge concerning the co-operative movement in the United States and in other lands.
- (ii) To serve as a means of clarifying thought as to what the co-operative movement really is, and of bringing about more harmony and unity of action among organizations directly or indirectly connected with co-operation.
- (iii) To serve as a means of training and developing leaders and workers in respect to co-operative theory and practice.
- (iv) To serve as a means of assisting educational institutions to improve their teaching courses in co-operation.
- (v) To focus the spirit of the co-operative movement as a means of community and national development.

APPENDIX.

Section I.

Wholesale Prices, Melbourne—Averages for years 1924 and 1925.

COMMODITY.	UNIT.	1924.	1925.	COMMODITY.	UNIT.	1924.	1925.
GROUP I. METALS—		<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	GROUP V. GROCERIES, ETC.—		<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Iron—Pig—				Currants ..	lb.	0 7	0 6½
Mixed Noa.	ton	159 2	157 6	Raisins ..	doz. 1 lb.	0 6½	0 6½
Rod and Bar	"	381 8	405 0	Herrings ..	tins	7 0	7 0½
Angle and Tee	"	358 8	358 9	Salmon ..	doz. 1/4 lb.	15 0	16 6
Plate ..	"	323 4	316 3	Sardines ..	lb.	8 8	8 3½
Hoop ..	"	380 0	380 0	Tea ..	lb.	1 5½	1 6½
Galvanized	"			Coffee ..	"	2 1½	2 1½
Corrugated	"	575 10	573 11	Cocoa ..	"	1 3	1 3
Wire Fencing	"	364 6	300 0	Sugar ..	ton	782 6	781 0
Zinc—Sheet ..	"	1,190 5	1,281 3	Macaroni ..	lb.	0 5½	0 6½
Lead—Sheet ..	"	890 10	1,026 3	Tapuca ..	cwt.	30 7½	22 11
Piping ..	"	1,001 8	1,160 0	Rice ..	ton	442 11	445 0
Copper—Sheet	lb.	1 6½	1 6½	Salt—Fine ..	"	124 2	128 8
Coal (on Wharf)	ton	40 0	40 8	Rock ..	"	160 0	157 6
Tinned Plates	cwt.	34 9	33 9	Mustard ..	doz. 1 lb.		
Quicksilver ..	lb.	4 3½	4 9	tins		45 4½	45 4½
				Starch ..	lb.	0 11	0 11
GROUP II. TEXTILES				Blue ..	"	0 11½	0 11½
LEATHER, ETC.—				Matches ..	gross	5 11½	5 11½
Jute Goods—				Candles ..	lb.	0 9½	0 9½
Crabags ..	doz.	7 0½	9 1½	Kerosene ..	gallon	1 8	1 7½
Cornacks ..	"	12 6	13 2½	Tobacco ..	lb.	a	a
Wool packs ..	each	5 0½	5 8½				
Leather—				GROUP VI. MEAT—			
Factory Crop	lb.	1 5	1 5½	Beef ..	100 lb.	32 0	34 3½
Waxed Kip	"	1 10	2 0	Mutton ..	lb.	0 6	0 6½
Waxed Split	"	1 2	1 1½	Lamb ..	"	0 8	0 8½
Cotton—Raw ..	"	1 4	1 0½	Veal ..	"	0 3½	0 3½
Wool ..	"	2 2½	1 9½	Pork ..	"	0 10½	0 10
Twine—Reaper	"	a	a				
and Binder ..	"			GROUP VII.			
Tallow ..	ton	777 2	761 7	BUILDING			
				MATERIAL—			
GROUP III. AGRICULT' L PRODUCE—				Timber, Flooring			
Wheat ..	bushel	5 4½	6 0½	6 x 1 1/2 ..	100 ft. 1/2 in.	22 1	20 7
Flour ..	ton	265 10	296 2	6 x 1 ..	"	16 1	15 8
Bran ..	"	116 6	150 0	6 x 1/2 ..	"	14 1	13 6½
Pollard ..	"	138 7	170 0	6 x 1 ..	"	10 7	10 10
Oats ..	bushel	3 3½	3 1½	Weatherboards	"	11 6	11 3½
Oatmeal ..	ton	510 0	477 6	Oregon ..	1,000 ft.		
Barley—English	bushel	4 8	5 9½	sp.		232 6	221 6
Cape ..	"	4 1½	4 7½	Shelving ..	"	558 3	488 0
Maize ..	"	4 7½	4 8½	Cement ..	cask	20 6½	20 2
Hay ..	ton	180 0	183 5	White Lead ..	ton	1,215 10	1,272 11
Straw ..	"	66 3	58 3	Slates ..	1,000	a	a
Peas ..	bushel	6 4½	5 0½				
Potatoes ..	ton	87 8	184 6	GROUP VIII.			
Malt ..	bushel	0 6	8 5½	CHEMICALS—			
Chaff ..	ton	114 0	111 2	Cream of Tartar	lb.	1 2½	1 2½
Onions ..	"	239 9	293 5	Carbonate of			
				Soda ..	ton	282 6	275 0
GROUP IV. DAIRY				Saltpetre ..	"	723 9	715 0
PRODUCE—				Sulphur ..	"	235 0	235 0
Ham ..	lb.	1 9	1 8½	Caustic Soda ..	"	550 0	550 0
Bacon ..	"	1 4	1 3½	Potassium			
Cheese ..	"	1 1½	1 1	Cyanide ..	lb.	1 6½	1 6½
Butter ..	"	1 5	1 5½	Alum ..	ton	460 5	435 0
Lard ..	"	0 10½	0 8½				
Eggs ..	doz.	1 5½	1 4½				
Honey ..	lb.	0 6	0 4½				
Beeswax ..	"	1 3½	1 4½				
Condensed Milk	doz. tins	11 4½	11 5½				

a Not available.

NOTE.—In many instances these prices are the averages of certain brands which have been on the market for a great number of years, and these particular commodities and prices were therefore adopted in the scheme of computing the index-numbers for fluctuations in wholesale prices general.

Section II.

Average Retail Prices in Metropolitan and Country Towns, 1925.

Items.	Bread.	Flour.	Tea.	Coffee.	Sugar.	Rice.	Sago.	Jain.	Ost-meal.	Rais- ins.	Curr- rants.	Starch.
Unit of Quantity ..	2 lbs.	25 lbs.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.
	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.
NEW SOUTH WALES—												
Sydney ..	5.6	62.6	27.7	26.0	4.6	3.4	4.0	8.7	3.7	8.6	8.9	9.5
Newcastle ..	5.7	62.2	27.6	26.2	4.9	3.8	4.5	8.0	4.3	9.7	8.7	10.0
Broken Hill ..	6.4	60.7	32.0	29.0	5.2	5.5	5.9	8.2	4.3	9.6	8.4	11.1
Goulburn ..	5.7	61.4	29.2	25.5	5.0	4.0	4.3	8.8	4.2	11.4	9.1	12.0
Bathurst ..	5.5	59.7	27.0	27.6	4.7	3.9	4.7	8.9	4.4	10.4	8.8	11.1
Weighted Average ..	5.6	62.5	27.9	26.7	4.7	3.6	4.1	8.6	3.8	8.8	8.8	9.7
VICTORIA—												
Melbourne ..	5.4	61.3	28.2	26.4	4.5	3.3	3.5	7.7	3.4	9.4	8.8	10.5
Ballarat ..	6.0	57.7	25.3	24.1	4.9	3.4	3.8	8.1	3.2	9.0	8.9	11.3
Bendigo ..	6.4	63.1	24.6	22.9	5.0	3.8	4.1	7.6	3.9	7.9	8.6	10.5
Geelong ..	6.0	58.0	25.1	25.3	4.5	3.1	4.0	7.3	3.3	8.8	8.7	9.7
Warrnambool ..	6.5	57.6	25.3	25.5	5.0	3.4	3.8	7.7	3.9	9.8	8.4	10.2
Weighted Average ..	5.5	61.0	27.8	27.0	4.5	3.3	3.6	7.7	3.4	9.4	8.7	10.5
QUEENSLAND—												
Brisbane ..	5.6	60.9	27.9	25.1	4.5	3.1	3.4	8.1	3.3	9.9	8.8	9.9
Toowoomba ..	5.9	73.5	29.8	26.9	4.8	3.5	3.0	8.6	3.8	9.3	9.2	11.0
Rockhampton ..	6.0	70.7	27.9	26.5	4.8	3.0	3.5	8.8	4.1	10.2	8.4	10.9
Charter Towers ..	6.3	70.7	30.4	30.5	5.3	4.0	5.1	9.8	4.4	14.0	10.7	12.9
Warwick ..	5.9	77.2	29.0	24.0	5.0	3.7	4.2	8.6	4.3	10.8	9.6	11.6
Weighted Average ..	5.7	70.4	28.1	27.9	4.6	3.1	3.5	8.2	3.6	10.0	9.0	10.2
SOUTH AUSTRALIA—												
Adelaide ..	5.7	62.2	27.5	28.0	4.5	3.8	4.1	7.9	3.5	7.5	6.9	9.2
Kadina, etc. ..	5.7	56.2	28.0	32.5	4.8	4.5	5.0	7.0	4.3	9.8	7.5	10.7
Port Pirie ..	5.4	64.9	29.4	29.6	4.7	4.3	4.8	7.7	4.5	9.8	7.5	9.9
Mt. Gambier ..	5.7	60.3	30.2	31.6	4.5	4.1	4.9	7.3	3.9	9.2	8.2	10.5
Peterborough ..	5.8	69.3	30.1	33.5	5.0	4.6	4.9	8.0	4.4	9.8	7.4	11.2
Weighted Average ..	5.7	62.1	27.7	28.4	4.5	3.9	4.2	7.9	3.6	7.7	7.0	9.3
WESTERN AUSTRALIA—												
Perth ..	6.0	53.4	25.0	22.8	5.0	3.0	3.4	7.7	3.7	5.7	5.0	9.3
Kalgoorlie ..	6.5	64.2	28.5	27.5	5.5	4.3	5.2	8.6	4.0	7.2	7.8	12.3
Northam ..	6.0	62.0	28.1	24.0	5.4	3.2	4.0	8.5	4.0	6.2	6.2	11.0
Bunbury ..	6.0	66.4	23.9	24.7	5.8	3.8	4.1	9.2	4.1	8.0	7.9	10.9
Geraldton ..	6.6	64.0	29.3	20.9	5.0	4.0	4.6	8.9	4.7	8.5	8.3	12.0
Weighted Average ..	6.1	59.4	25.5	23.3	5.0	3.2	3.6	7.9	3.8	6.0	6.2	9.7
TASMANIA—												
Hobart ..	5.5	59.4	26.7	23.0	4.5	3.7	4.3	7.6	3.7	9.7	9.4	10.3
Launceston ..	4.9	56.9	24.7	23.3	4.5	3.3	3.8	7.4	3.3	9.1	9.1	10.3
Burnie ..	5.3	50.0	23.7	25.0	4.5	3.7	4.1	8.4	3.9	9.0	7.9	10.2
Devonport ..	6.0	57.1	29.4	26.4	4.5	3.9	4.4	8.6	3.9	10.8	8.2	10.8
Queenstown ..	6.0	63.5	30.3	26.8	4.9	4.2	4.8	8.9	4.6	13.1	9.8	11.8
Weighted Average ..	5.4	56.7	26.5	23.5	4.5	3.6	4.2	7.7	3.7	8.7	8.2	10.4
Weighted Average, Australia ..	5.6	62.4	27.6	26.8	4.6	3.4	3.8	8.1	3.6	8.8	8.5	10.0

SECTION II.—continued.

Average Retail Prices in Metropolitan and Country Towns, 1925—continued.

Items.	Blue.	Candles	Soap.	Pota- toes.	Onions	Kero- sene.	Milk.	Butter	Cheese	Eggs.	Bacon, Middle	Bacon, Shoulder.
Unit of Quantity	dz. sq.	per lb.	per lb.	14 lbs.	per lb.	gal/ton.	quart.	per lb.	per lb.	per dz.	per lb.	per lb.
	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.
NEW SOUTH WALES—												
Sydney ..	15.7	11.4	5.3	29.0	3.7	23.7	7.8	20.3	14.2	25.7	19.4	12.7
Newcastle ..	16.3	12.1	5.2	25.5	3.6	25.4	7.0	20.3	13.7	24.8	18.8	14.8
Broken Hill ..	13.2	12.4	5.3	29.1	3.2	33.1	10.0	23.5	15.5	22.3	20.0	17.4
Goulburn ..	18.0	12.4	5.7	23.4	3.0	27.2	7.7	20.1	13.6	24.1	17.5	14.2
Bathurst ..	17.4	12.2	6.1	22.1	3.0	27.8	8.0	20.7	14.9	23.4	18.3	12.3
Weighted Average ..	15.7	11.5	5.3	28.6	3.7	24.2	7.8	20.4	14.2	25.5	19.3	13.0
VICTORIA—												
Bielbourne ..	13.0	11.5	5.4	21.0	2.8	25.0	7.3	19.9	16.8	23.5	22.6	14.9
Ballarat ..	12.3	11.4	5.6	17.3	2.5	30.4	8.0	19.9	13.8	18.9	21.8	14.3
Bendigo ..	13.5	11.9	5.2	20.8	2.9	30.1	7.0	20.4	13.1	18.0	19.9	13.8
Geelong ..	12.8	10.4	5.2	18.0	2.0	25.8	6.9	18.8	13.3	19.2	21.1	15.4
Warrnambool ..	12.0	9.8	5.1	15.6	2.5	25.9	6.0	20.2	14.4	16.2	21.3	14.2
Weighted Average ..	13.0	11.5	5.4	20.6	2.8	25.4	7.3	19.9	16.4	22.9	22.4	14.9
QUEENSLAND—												
Brisbane ..	12.0	10.7	4.9	23.5	3.1	24.8	7.2	20.6	14.4	24.2	16.5	10.3
Toowoomba ..	11.9	10.2	5.1	23.3	3.4	26.6	6.4	20.9	14.4	18.2	15.9	11.1
Rockhampton ..	15.2	10.3	4.8	23.9	3.4	22.2	7.7	19.2	14.1	23.1	17.0	12.9
Charlton Towers ..	17.0	13.6	5.4	35.5	4.5	24.7	7.6	22.9	18.3	23.6	18.8	13.9
Warwick ..	10.3	11.8	5.5	24.8	3.2	20.3	6.0	21.5	15.0	18.1	16.0	11.4
Weighted Average ..	12.5	10.8	5.0	23.5	3.2	24.8	7.2	20.6	14.5	23.7	16.6	10.8
SOUTH AUSTRALIA—												
Adelaide ..	12.7	11.2	5.3	22.9	2.7	23.8	7.9	21.1	13.8	19.8	20.6	14.3
Kadina, etc. ..	13.2	12.0	5.3	27.1	3.3	25.2	7.3	19.8	14.8	14.9	20.7	18.6
Port Pirie ..	12.3	12.9	5.5	26.5	3.2	26.6	8.0	21.3	14.3	18.3	21.1	17.5
Mt. Gambier ..	12.3	12.0	5.4	16.7	2.8	25.9	6.3	17.0	13.4	15.0	19.9	16.2
Peterborough ..	12.1	13.2	6.7	27.7	3.4	28.7	0.7	20.4	14.9	15.6	21.7	20.0
Weighted Average ..	12.7	11.3	5.3	23.3	2.8	24.0	7.6	21.0	13.9	19.4	20.6	14.7
WESTERN AUSTRALIA—												
Perth ..	16.0	11.1	4.5	22.6	3.0	21.4	8.6	21.1	14.3	23.3	20.0	12.2
Kalgoorlie ..	18.4	12.3	6.5	20.6	3.8	35.2	9.7	23.9	15.8	27.6	21.4	15.6
Northam ..	16.4	12.0	4.2	24.7	3.1	22.7	7.6	22.5	14.9	19.7	20.2	14.7
Bunbury ..	17.4	12.0	5.3	23.0	3.5	23.2	7.8	22.2	15.9	22.7	20.4	14.0
Geraldton ..	18.2	12.4	4.7	27.6	3.9	24.7	7.0	23.6	16.9	23.6	21.6	15.1
Weighted Average ..	16.4	11.3	4.7	23.2	3.1	23.0	8.7	21.5	14.6	23.6	20.2	12.7
TASMANIA—												
Hobart ..	12.1	10.6	5.1	21.1	3.3	27.2	6.9	20.3	13.7	20.7	17.6	10.8
Launceston ..	11.4	10.1	5.1	20.6	3.0	24.7	6.9	20.1	13.2	19.1	18.3	11.0
Burnie ..	12.3	10.9	5.8	22.4	3.0	25.9	6.0	19.2	14.6	18.3	17.6	14.1
Devonport ..	13.9	11.4	6.1	20.9	3.3	28.8	6.4	19.3	14.1	16.9	18.4	13.4
Queenstown ..	14.6	12.1	6.6	27.9	3.6	31.3	8.1	21.6	15.4	25.0	18.6	13.9
Weighted Average ..	12.1	10.6	5.2	21.2	3.2	26.6	6.9	20.2	13.7	20.1	17.8	11.2
Weighted Average, Australia ..	14.2	11.4	5.3	24.9	3.2	24.6	7.6	20.4	14.9	23.6	20.2	13.5

SECTION II.—continued.

Average Retail Prices in Metropolitan and Country Towns, 1925—continued.

Items.	Ham.	Beef Fresh, Sirloin	Beef Fresh, Rib.	Beef Fresh, Flank	Beef Fresh, Shin.	Steak, Rump.	Steak, Shoulder.	Steak, Stewing.	Beef Co'ned, Round.	Beef Co'ned, Brisket with Bone.	Beef Co'ned, Brisket with- out Bone.	Mutt'n, Leg.
Unit of Quantity	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.
	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.
NEW SOUTH WALES—												
Sydney ..	23.4	9.2	6.0	5.8	3.8	13.5	5.7	4.7	6.5	3.1	5.2	8.6
Newcastle ..	22.7	8.6	7.1	6.2	4.7	11.8	6.7	5.7	7.9	3.9	6.1	10.7
Broken Hill ..	22.2	9.7	7.8	5.9	6.7	15.7	10.5	9.5	9.8	5.6	7.8	12.4
Goulburn ..	18.5	8.2	6.4	3.7	3.9	11.6	6.8	5.5	8.2	4.9	6.8	9.2
Bathurst ..	26.1	7.5	6.0	4.0	4.3	9.8	5.9	5.4	6.3	4.1	5.8	8.8
Weighted Average ..	23.3	9.1	6.9	5.8	3.9	13.4	5.9	4.9	6.7	3.3	5.4	8.9
VICTORIA—												
Melbourne ..	24.4	10.0	8.2	6.7	4.8	14.9	7.0	5.8	8.5	4.0	6.0	9.7
Ballarat ..	22.8	9.2	7.7	5.5	4.1	13.6	7.0	6.4	9.0	5.2	7.1	9.9
Bendigo ..	21.0	9.2	8.1	4.4	5.4	13.2	8.2	7.1	8.5	5.4	7.5	9.4
Geelong ..	22.6	10.1	8.5	0.2	5.3	14.6	7.9	0.7	8.7	5.7	7.0	10.0
Warrnambool ..	22.4	9.1	7.4	5.5	5.7	14.2	8.0	7.3	8.8	5.5	6.5	9.9
Weighted Average ..	24.1	9.9	8.2	6.2	4.8	14.7	7.1	5.9	8.5	4.2	6.1	9.7
QUEENSLAND—												
Brisbane ..	25.6	8.5	5.2	4.7	3.2	10.5	4.8	4.6	7.3	3.5	5.7	9.6
Toowoomba ..	24.0	6.8	4.1	3.4	2.6	7.8	3.4	3.3	5.3	3.4	4.5	8.7
Rockhampton ..	27.8	7.5	4.9	4.1	2.5	8.9	4.0	3.7	5.7	4.3	5.8	10.1
Charlton Towers ..	27.6	7.5	5.0	3.9	3.7	9.5	4.5	4.5	6.0	4.0	4.5	9.0
Warwick ..	25.0	5.9	3.6	2.4	1.9	7.2	3.4	3.0	5.3	3.3	4.3	9.9
Weighted Average ..	25.8	8.2	5.1	4.5	3.1	10.0	4.6	4.4	6.9	3.6	5.5	9.6
SOUTH AUSTRALIA—												
Adelaide ..	23.0	9.6	7.3	8.0	5.2	14.0	8.4	7.0	10.0	5.4	7.2	11.1
Kadina, etc. ..	21.6	9.1	8.0	7.1	6.2	13.3	9.0	8.2	9.3	7.2	8.6	11.0
Port Pirie ..	22.6	9.6	8.6	5.5	6.4	14.2	10.6	10.0	10.4	7.0	9.1	11.9
Mount Gambler ..	19.6	8.9	8.4	6.0	7.3	13.2	9.0	8.2	9.4	7.0	9.0	11.4
Peterborough ..	23.3	8.5	7.6	6.9	4.1	14.0	10.5	9.4	11.2	6.5	7.8	12.4
Weighted Average ..	22.9	9.6	7.4	7.8	5.3	14.5	8.6	7.7	10.0	5.5	7.3	11.1
WESTERN AUSTRALIA—												
Perth ..	22.8	10.8	9.4	9.7	7.9	15.9	10.3	9.0	9.7	6.8	8.3	12.7
Kalgoorlie ..	24.0	10.6	8.9	9.5	7.7	15.7	10.1	8.6	10.0	7.0	8.9	13.8
Northam ..	22.1	10.9	9.5	10.3	8.5	15.1	10.9	10.2	11.0	7.7	9.4	13.7
Bunbury ..	22.8	11.1	9.7	9.3	7.8	15.4	10.2	9.8	10.8	7.0	9.1	13.6
Geraldton ..	25.0	11.4	10.4	8.9	7.6	14.8	11.1	10.4	11.4	8.0	11.0	13.0
Weighted Average ..	23.0	10.8	9.4	9.7	7.9	15.8	10.3	9.1	9.9	6.9	8.5	12.9
TASMANIA—												
Hobart ..	20.2	11.0	9.2	7.0	6.6	16.1	9.3	8.9	10.1	5.7	8.4	10.5
Launceston ..	19.9	11.2	9.5	6.7	6.9	14.4	9.6	9.5	9.9	6.5	8.6	11.9
Burnie ..	17.7	10.2	9.3	7.3	7.5	12.1	9.8	9.5	10.1	7.4	9.5	12.2
Devonport ..	17.9	11.2	9.7	8.2	6.8	12.6	10.1	9.3	10.4	7.1	8.6	11.7
Queenstown ..	19.0	11.5	10.0	8.0	9.0	14.3	11.2	10.6	11.2	8.1	10.6	12.2
Weighted Average ..	19.8	11.0	9.3	6.9	6.8	15.2	9.5	9.1	10.1	6.1	8.6	11.1
Weighted Average, Australia ..	23.6	9.5	7.4	6.3	4.6	13.6	6.8	5.9	8.0	4.2	6.1	9.8

SECTION II.—continued.

Average Retail Prices in Metropolitan and Country Towns, 1925—continued.

Items:	Mutton Shoulder.	Mutton, Loin.	Mutton, Neck.	Chops, Loin.	Chops, Leg.	Chops, Neck.	Pork, Leg.	Pork, Loin.	Pork, Belly.	Pork, Chops.
Unit of Quantity ..	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.	per lb.
	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.	d.
NEW SOUTH WALES—										
Sydney	6.8	10.2	6.9	11.5	10.3	8.4	13.7	14.8	11.8	14.9
Newcastle	8.2	10.5	8.4	10.8	10.9	9.4	13.6	13.6	11.1	13.7
Broken Hill	10.5	11.8	9.8	12.0	13.2	12.0	15.1	15.1	14.7	17.5
Goulburn	7.7	9.9	5.6	11.3	9.9	6.9	12.5	13.3	11.8	14.2
Bathurst	6.8	8.9	4.9	9.3	9.2	6.7	11.7	12.2	9.9	12.3
Weighted Average ..	7.0	10.2	7.1	11.4	10.4	8.5	13.7	14.6	11.6	14.6
VICTORIA—										
Melbourne	6.5	9.3	5.7	11.0	10.9	6.6	14.0	14.7	13.4	15.0
Bellarat	7.1	8.9	5.9	10.1	10.6	7.4	12.9	13.2	12.9	13.5
Bendigo	7.0	8.6	5.9	9.9	9.7	7.4	12.5	12.6	12.3	13.5
Geelong	7.2	9.8	6.9	10.3	10.3	8.4	12.8	13.5	13.4	14.1
Warrnambool .. .	6.8	9.4	6.8	10.4	10.6	8.7	11.6	11.5	10.7	11.6
Weighted Average ..	6.6	9.3	5.8	10.9	10.8	6.8	13.8	14.5	13.0	14.9
QUEENSLAND—										
Brisbane	6.8	9.5	8.8	9.9	10.0	9.4	13.0	13.3	11.5	13.7
Toowoomba	6.2	9.6	7.0	9.6	9.8	8.9	11.6	11.6	9.9	12.1
Rockhampton .. .	7.3	10.4	6.0	10.4	10.4	9.7	12.0	11.7	10.2	12.0
Charters Towers ..	6.0	9.0	5.0	9.9	9.9	8.2	12.0	12.0	11.2	12.0
Warwick	6.7	9.7	5.2	9.9	9.9	7.4	10.8	10.8	8.3	11.0
Weighted Average ..	6.7	9.6	8.2	10.0	10.0	9.3	12.7	12.9	11.1	13.3
SOUTH AUSTRALIA—										
Adelaide	9.3	10.4	7.9	11.6	12.2	9.1	14.1	14.9	14.8	15.7
Kadina, etc. .. .	9.0	10.4	8.0	11.2	11.4	9.1	11.7	11.7	11.4	11.8
Port Pirie	10.2	11.1	9.3	12.2	12.1	10.7	12.4	12.2	12.0	12.8
Mt. Gambler .. .	9.8	10.8	9.0	11.6	11.8	9.8	12.0	12.3	12.0	12.4
Peterborough .. .	10.0	11.5	10.6	12.5	12.7	11.2	13.1	13.0	12.8	13.8
Weighted Average ..	9.3	10.4	8.0	11.6	12.2	9.2	13.9	14.6	14.5	15.4
WESTERN AUSTRALIA—										
Perth	10.1	11.9	8.8	13.1	13.5	10.0	15.5	15.4	13.7	16.0
Kalgoorlie	10.9	12.8	10.5	13.5	13.8	10.9	15.2	15.0	13.2	15.5
Northam	11.9	12.5	10.7	13.8	13.7	11.5	14.2	14.1	13.4	14.3
Grainbury	11.4	13.1	9.5	13.8	14.1	11.2	13.7	13.9	13.1	14.2
Geraldton	9.9	11.4	9.9	12.7	12.8	11.4	14.4	14.4	12.3	14.4
Weighted Average ..	10.2	12.0	9.1	13.1	13.5	10.2	15.3	15.3	13.6	15.8
TASMANIA—										
Hobart	8.1	10.3	7.9	12.1	12.5	9.0	13.1	13.6	13.2	14.3
Launceston	9.4	11.5	8.5	13.3	13.1	10.1	12.5	12.7	12.5	13.6
Burnie	10.2	12.2	9.8	12.2	12.3	10.9	11.7	11.9	11.6	12.1
Devonport	9.2	11.4	8.5	12.9	12.8	10.8	11.3	11.5	11.0	12.1
Queenstown	9.7	11.9	9.7	12.2	12.2	10.7	13.0	13.7	12.7	13.7
Weighted Average ..	8.6	10.8	8.2	12.5	12.6	9.5	12.8	13.2	12.8	13.9
Weighted Average, Australia ..	7.4	10.0	7.9	11.3	10.9	8.3	13.6	14.4	12.7	14.8

Section III.

Weekly House Rents^(a) in Metropolitan and Country Towns, 1921 to 1925.

TOWN.	WEIGHTED AVERAGE PREDOMINANT WEEKLY RENTS FOR 4 AND 5 ROOMS COMBINED.				
	1921.	1922.	1923.	1924.	1925.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
NEW SOUTH WALES—					
Sydney	21 9	22 7	23 5	24 8	25 2
Newcastle	19 6	19 6	19 4	20 5	22 8
Broken Hill	12 4	12 4	11 11	12 6	13 6
Goulburn	19 5	19 6	20 8	23 7	22 8
Bathurst	13 1	13 8	14 1	16 11	18 6
Weighted Average	21 6	21 9	22 8	23 11	24 6
VICTORIA—					
Melbourne	18 0	19 6	20 8	21 2	21 7
Ballarat	10 6	11 0	12 3	12 11	13 11
Bendigo	11 4	12 8	13 5	13 3	14 8
Geelong	14 4	15 7	17 0	17 1	17 9
Warrnambool	14 10	15 4	16 2	16 6	16 5
Weighted Average	16 10	18 3	19 10	20 4	20 10
QUEENSLAND—					
Brisbane	13 10	15 2	15 6	15 7	15 8
Toowoomba	12 0	11 8	13 3	13 11	15 4
Rockhampton	10 4	10 7	10 5	10 9	13 10
Charters Towers	11 1	11 6	12 0	12 3	12 5
Warwick	12 1	11 7	13 2	14 0	14 7
Weighted Average	13 0	13 11	14 8	14 11	15 4
SOUTH AUSTRALIA—					
Adelaide	17 10	18 6	19 6	20 9	21 2
Kadina, etc.	12 4	13 7	14 4	13 4	11 8
Port Pirie	13 4	13 5	13 4	13 6	14 1
Mount Gambier	10 10	10 10	10 10	10 11	11 1
Peterborough	12 5	12 6	13 7	14 4	17 1
Weighted Average	17 0	17 8	18 11	20 0	20 4
WESTERN AUSTRALIA—					
Perth	16 3	16 11	17 5	17 8	18 0
Kalgoorlie	12 8	12 8	12 8	12 4	12 1
Northam .. .. .	..	..	15 1	17 11	18 11
Bunbury	14 1	15 0	15 6	15 7	15 9
Geraldton	17 1	16 10	18 2	18 2	18 10
Weighted Average	15 4	15 11	16 10	17 1	17 5
TASMANIA—					
Hobart	19 5	18 8	20 3	21 5	22 2
Lunceston	14 9	15 10	16 9	17 1	17 9
Burnie .. .. .	..	..	17 1	17 6	18 0
Devonport .. .. .	..	..	16 8	17 2	16 9
Queenstown	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11	10 11
Weighted Average	16 2	15 11	18 7	19 6	20 1
Weighted Average, Australia	17 10	18 9	20 1	20 10	21 5

(a) The rents are shown to the nearest penny.

Section IV.

Minimum Rates of Wage for Adult Male Workers in the Main Occupations in the Capital City of each State for a Full Week's Work, at 31st December, 1925.

NOTE.—Ruling or predominant rates of wage are distinguished from Award, Determination or Industrial Agreement rates of wage by an (a). Except where otherwise specified by a numerical prefix in small type, the hours of labour constituting a full week's work are forty-eight. Award Determination or Agreement Rates are quoted from the latest Awards, Determinations, or Agreements which were in force at the 31st December, 1925. Where two or more Award, Determination or Agreement Rates are quoted, the reason for such is that different rates of wage have been fixed for various classes or grades of work. In certain cases of this nature the wages are shown in the form (say), 75s. to 80s.; indicating that in addition to the two rates specified, there are also certain intermediate rates in force. In other cases the rates are shown in the form 75s. and 80s., indicating that there are only two minimum or standard rates in force for different classes or grades of work, and that there are no intermediate minimum or standard rates.

GROUP I.—WOOD, FURNITURE, SAWMILLS AND TIMBER YARDS.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Coopering—						
Coopers	112 0	*129 0	*110 0	110 6	*114 0	*110 0
Furniture and Bedding—						
Bedding Makers ..	98 0	101 6	*104 6	95 0	95 0	100 0
Bounts Carver Operators ..	108 6	110 6	*110 11	100 0	104 0	109 6
Cabinetmakers ..	102 0	108 6	*110 11	100 0	101 0	106 0
Carpet Cutters ..	110 0	113 0	..	..	..	106 0
.. Planers ..	101 0	113 0	*91 6	100 0	90 0	106 0
.. Chairmakers ..	102 0	108 6	*110 11	100 0	101 0	106 0
.. Drapery Cutters ..	110 0	108 6	..	..	..	106 0
.. French Polishers ..	102 0	108 6	*110 11	100 0	98 0	104 0
.. Upholsters ..	102 0	108 6	*110 11	100 0	98 0	106 0
.. Wood Carvers ..	102 0	108 6	*110 11	100 0	104 0	106 0
.. Machinists ..	102 0	102 6	*110 11	100 0	98/ to 104/	102/6 & 109/6
.. Turners ..	102 0	108 6	*110 11	100 0	101 0	106 0
Mattress Making—Wire—						
Finishers ..	95 0	100 0	*104 6	91/6 to 102/	..	100 0
Makers ..	95 0	100 0	*104 6	91/6 to 102/	98 0	100 0
Varnishers ..	95 0	100 0	*104 6	86 6	..	100 0
Organ Building—						
Journeyman ..	106 6	*91/6 & 115/	*102 6	90/ to 100/6	..	..
Overmantels and Mantel-pieces—						
Journeyman ..	102 0	108 6	*110 11	91 6	101 0	106 0

Various numbers of hours constituting a full week's work.

(1) 18 hours. (1a) 15 hours. (1b) 16½ hours. (1c) 28 hours. (1d) 25 hours. (1e) 27 hours. (2) 30 hours. (3) 33 hours. (3a) 35 hours. (4) 36 hours. (4a) 41½ hours. (4b) 40 hours. (4c) 41 hours. (5) 42 hours. (5a) 43 hours. (5b) 43½ hours. (5c) 43½ hours. (6) 44 hours. (7) 44½ hours. (8) 45 hours. (8a) 45½ hours. (9) 45½ hours. (10) 46 hours. (10a) 46½ hours. (11) 46½ hours. (11a) 46½ hours. (12) 47 hours. (12a) 47½ hours. (12b) 47½ hours. (13) 47½ hours. (14) 49 hours. (15) 49½ hours. (16) 49½ hours. (17) 50 hours. (18) 51 hours. (18a) 51½ hours. (19) 52 hours. (20) 52½ hours. (21) 52½ hours. (22) 53 hours. (23) 53½ hours. (24) 53½ hours. (25) 54 hours. (26) 54½ hours. (26a) 54½ hours. (27) 55 hours. (27a) 55½ hours. (27b) 55½ hours. (28) 56 hours. (28a) 56½ hours. (29) 56½ hours. (30) 57 hours. (31) 58 hours. (32) 59 hours. (33) 60 hours. (33a) 62 hours. (34) 63 hours. (35) 65 hours. (35a) 66 hours. (36) 70 hours. (37) 72 hours. (38) 77 hours. (38a) 88 hours per fortnight. (38b) 86 hours per fortnight. (38c) 84 hours. (39) 7 nights. (39a) 96 hours per fortnight. (39b) 98 hours per fortnight. (39b6) 108 hours per fortnight. (39c) 112 hours per fortnight. (39d) 114 hours per fortnight. (40) 116 hours per fortnight. (40a) 120 hours per fortnight. (41) 136 hours per fortnight. (42) 144 hours per fortnight. (42a) 156 hours per fortnight. (43) 50 hours (summer), 46 hours (winter). (43a) 50 hours (summer), 48 hours (winter). (44) 52 hours (summer), 45 hours (winter). (44a) 52 hours (day), 48 hours (night). (45) 54 hours (summer), 48 hours (winter). (46) 54½ hours (summer), 52½ hours (winter). (47) 55 hours (summer), 46 hours (winter). (47a) 55 hours (summer), 50 hours (winter). (47b) 55 hours (summer), 52 hours (winter). (48) 55 hours (summer), 54 hours (winter). (48a) 56 hours (summer), 44 hours (winter). (48b) 55½ hours (summer), 54½ hours (winter). (49) 56 hours (summer), 48 hours (winter). (49a) 56 hours (summer), 52 hours (winter). (49b) 56 hours (summer), 53 hours (winter). (50) 57 hours (summer), 44 hours (winter). (50a) 57 hours (summer), 48 hours (winter). (50b) 57 hours (summer), 52½ hours (winter). (51) 58 hours (summer), 46 hours (winter). (52) 58 hours (summer), 50 hours (winter). (53) 58 hours (summer), 56 hours (winter). (54) 59 hours (summer), 58 hours (winter). (55) 60 hours (summer), 56 hours (winter). (56) 60 hours (summer), 58 hours (winter). (57) 84 hours and 72 hours alternate weeks. (58) 48 hours, 51 hours, 54 hours (four months each in each year). (59) 58 hours and 59 hours within certain radius. (60) 56 hours and 60 hours within certain radius. (61) 58 hours (summer), 54 hours (winter). (62) 176 hours per month. (63) 200 hours per month. (64) 48 hours (summer), 46 hours (winter).

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP I.—WOOD, FURNITURE, SAWMILLS AND TIMBER YARDS—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Plane Making—						
Cabinetmakers ..	102 0	112 0	*102 6	98/to112/6a	..	..
Frame-makers—Iron ..	98 6	95 6	..	..	..	..
.. Wood ..	98 6	104/6 & 112/	..	..	..	..
French Polishers ..	102 0	112 0	*102 6	100/to105/a	..	..
Veneers ..	102 0	95 6	*102 6	..	..	..
Wood Carvers ..	102 0	104/6 & 112/	..	..	..	..
.. Turners ..	102 0	112 0	..	..	..	..
Pictures Framing—						
Compo. Workers ..	*97 0	93 6	*93 0	..	..	..
Fitters Up ..	*97 0	93 6	*93 0	..	..	..
General Hands ..	*97 0	91 6	*93 0	35 0a	..	*80 0a
Gilders ..	*97 0	100 0	*93 0	..	90 0	..
Joiners ..	*97 0	100 0	*93 0	80/ to 100/a	..	..
Mount Cutters ..	*97 0	100 0	*93 0	..	..	..
Sawyers—Band or Jig	*97 0	98/6 & 104/6	*93 0	..	..	..
Saw Milling and Timber Yards—						
Box and Casemakers	*99 6	*99 6	*93 6	*98 0	87 6	*97 6
Labourers ..	*87 6	*87 6	*92 7	*98 0	81 6	*86 6
Machinists—						
Doc. Printing ..	*93 6	*98 6	*93 6	*92 0	..	*91 6
Boultie Carver ..	*103 6	*108 0	*99 0	*107 0	..	*106 6
Buzzer or Jointer ..	*102 6	*102 6	*94 5	*101 0	94 0	*100 6
General Joiner ..	*106 6	*106 6	..	*105 0	89 6	*104 6
Mortising or Boring	*96 6	*96 6	*93 6	*95 0	88 0	*94 6
Moulding ..	*102 6	*102 6	*99 0	*101 0	94 0	*100 6
Moulding(own Grinder)	*108 6	*108 6	*93 6	*107 0	100 0	*108 6
Nailing ..	*87 6	*87 6	*93 6	*96 0	..	*95 6
Planing ..	*105 6	*105 6	*93 1	*104 0	94/ & 100/	*103 6
Sandpapering ..	*96 6	*96 6	*92 7	*95 0	88/ & 91/	*94 6
Shaping ..	*108 6	*108 6	*111 10	*107 0	104 0	*106 6
Tenoning ..	*102 6	*102 6	*93 1	*101 0	94/ & 99/6	*100 6
Ordermen ..	*99 6	*99 6	*95 4	*98 0	93 6	*97 6
Pullers or Tailors Out	*93 6	*87/6 & 93/6	*92/7to 95/4	*96/ & 92/	85 0	*85/6 & 91/6
Saw Doctors ..	*117/6 & 125/6	*117/6 & 125/6	*108 2	*116/ & 124/	90 6	*115/6 & 125/6
.. Sharpeners ..	*102 6	*102 6	*90 11	*101 0	92 6	*100 6
Sawyers—						
Band or Jig ..	*105/6 & 107/6	*90/6 & 105/6	*100 10	*95/ & 104/	91/ & 97/	*97/6 & 103/6
Circular ..	*97/6 to 105/6	*97/6 & 103/6	*98 1	*96/ & 102/	80/ to 97/	*95/6 & 101/6
Gang Frame ..	*97 6	*98/6 & 101/6	*95 4	*97/ & 100/	93 0	*96/6 & 99/6
Recut Band ..	*97/6 to 105/6	*99/6 & 105/6	*99 0	*98/ & 104/	91/ & 97/	*97/6 & 103/6
Stackers per hour	2 6	2 6	2 5 1/2	2 6	1/3 1/2 & 1/9 1/2	2 6
Tallymen ..	*99 6	*99 6	*95 4	*98 0	91 0	*97 6
Wood Turners ..	*105 6	*105 6	*101 9	*104 0	102 6	*103 6
Undertaking—						
Coachmen ..	98 0	*90 0	*87/6 & 95/	80/ to 82/a	93 0	80 0a
Coffin Makers or Trimmers ..	107 6	95/ & 101/	*90/ & 95/	82/ to 110/a	93/ & 103/b	90 0a
Veneer Blind Making—						
Journoymen ..	90/ & 94/	..	*110 11	100 0	..	102 6

GROUP II.—ENGINEERING, METAL WORKS, ETC.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Agricultural Implements—						
Assemblers ..	93 6	96 0	*88 0	94 6	*95 4	..
Blacksmiths ..	106 6	106 6	..	108 0	*113 4	..
Bulldozermen ..	92 0	102 0	..	100 6	*101 4	..
Carpenters ..	91 6	106 6	..	105 0	*108 4	..
Drillers ..	92 0	95 0	..	93 6	*95 4	..

a Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139.

b 44 and 48 hours per week.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP II.—ENGINEERING, METAL WORKS, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
Agricultural Implements	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
—continued.						
Engine Drivers ..	97/ to 103/	96/ to 102/	..	94 0	..	..
Filters ..	95/6 & 105/6	102/ to 106/6	..	100/6 to 105/	*107 4	..
Grinders ..	92 0	99 0	..	97 6	..	..
Labourers—unskilled	84 0	91 6	..	90 0	*83 4	..
Machinists—Iron	92/ to 99/6	99 0	..	97/ & 100/	*105 4	..
Wood ..	92/ to 99/6	94 0	..	94/ & 100/	..	..
Painters—Brush	84 6	94 6	..	93 0	..	..
Scroll ..	91 6	106 6	..	105 0	..	..
Patternmakers ..	113 6	114 6	..	113 0	*116 4	..
Sheet Iron Workers ..	92 0	106 6	..	105 0	..	..
Storemen ..	87 0	91 0	*88 0	90 0	*103 4	..
Strikers ..	84 6	96 0	..	94 6	*88 4	..
Turners ..	103 6	106 6	..	105 0	*107 4	..
Wheelwrights ..	91 6	100 6	..	105 0	..	..
Bedstead Making—						
Metallic—						
Blacksmiths ..	98/ to 104/	91 3	*102 8	92 6	..	..
Chillfilters—Modellers	99 0	101 3	*108 4	102 6	..	..
Other ..	99 0	94 3	*93/6 & 99/	95 6	..	..
Chippers ..	94 0	89 3	*95 4	87 6	..	..
Cutters, etc. ..	94 0	89 3	*95 4	87 6	..	..
Electroplaters ..	99 0	102 3	*99 0	103 6	..	..
Fitters Up ..	95 0	91/3 & 94/3	*96 3	90 6	..	..
Foundry Hands ..	94 0	92 3	*96 4	86 6	..	..
Frame Setters ..	97 0	92 3	*99 1	93 6	..	..
Furnacemen ..	94/ & 99/	92 3	*90 0	86 6	..	..
Japanners ..	95 0	91 3	*94 5	86/6 & 89/6	..	..
Lacquers ..	98 0	89 3	*94 5	87 6	..	..
Mounters ..	95 0	92 3	*94 5	88/6 & 90/6	..	..
Polishers ..	96 0	88 3	*86 2	86 6	..	..
Boiler Making—						
Journeyman ..	117 6	111 6	*109 1	115 0	104 0	105 6
Railwayman ..	112 6	111 6	*107 3	110 0	*114 9	106 0
Brass Working—						
Coremakers	105/6 & 109/6	99 6	*100 1	97 6	105 4	93 6
Dressers ..	101/ & 102/	96 6	*89 10	91 6	87 4	87 6
Finishers ..	112 6	111 6	*109 1	110 0	105 4	110 0
Furnacemen ..	105/ to 117/	99 6	*89/10 to 99/	97 6	99 4	87 6
Moulders ..	105/6 & 109/6	103/6 & 111/0	*105/5 & 109/1	109 6	105 4	93 6
Polishers ..	101/6 & 105/6	97 0	*109 1	97 6	93 4	86 0
Cycles and Motors—						
Assemblers	90 0	92/ & 97/	*109/1 & 112/9	91 0a	105 4	80 0
Cleaners ..	85 4	..	*88 0	..	..	..
Filers ..	87 0	92 0	*88 0	..	105 4	..
Fitters ..	91 8	97 0	*109/1 & 112/9	108 0a	105 4	86 0
Frame Builders ..	82/ & 91/3	97/ & 99/6	*109/1 & 112/9	85/6 to 105/a	..	80 0
Repairers ..	91 8	97/ & 99/6	*109/1 & 112/9	85/6 to 100/a	..	80 0
Turners—Cycle ..	91 8	108 0	..	102/ to 109/6a	105 4	88 0
Motor ..	91 8	108 0	..	102/ to 109/a	..	88 0
Wheel Builders ..	87 0	92 0	*109/1 & 112/9	..	..	80 0
Electrical Installation—						
Armature Winders ..	117 0	113 6	*106 4	112 0	105 4	111 6
Cable Joiners ..	117 0	106 0	*103 7	112 0	..	104 0
Fitters ..	117 0	113 6	*106 4	112 0	105 4	111 6
Lineamen ..	109 0	104 0	*103 7	102 6	99 4	102 0
Mechanics ..	109 0	106 0	*103 7	104 6	105 4	104 0
Patrolmen ..	..	94/ & 106/	*93 0	92 6	..	92/ & 104/
Wiremen ..	109 0	106 0	*103 7	104 6	99 4	104 0
Assistant ..	..	87 6	*90 0	..	..	85 6
Other Adults ..	..	87 6	*90 0	86 0	81 4	85 6

a Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP II.—ENGINEERING, METAL WORKS, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Electrical Supply—						
Armature Winders ..	117 0	113 6	*106 4	112 0	105 4	111 6
Cable Jointers ..	117 0	106 0	*103 7	112 0	..	104 0
Carboner, Arc Lamp Attendant ..	97 0	94 0	*88 0	92 6	..	92 0
Instrument Makers ..	117 0	106 0	*104 4	104 6	105 4	104 0
Line-men ..	109 0	104 0	*103 7	102 6	90 4	102 0
Meter Fixers ..	109 0	94 0	..	92 6	..	92 0
Testers ..	109 0	102 6	*103 7	101 0	..	100 6
Patrolmen—Night ..	..	106 6	*93 0	92 6	..	104 0
Shift Electricians ..	117 0	107/6 & 113/6	*120 0	..	..	105/6 & 111/6
Sub-Station Attendants ..	..	107/6 & 113/6	..	..	..	106/6 & 111/6
Switchboard Attendants ..	..	102 6	*90 0	104 6	..	100 6
Switchmen ..	..	94 0	..	104 6	..	92 0
Other Adults ..	..	87 6	*90 0	86 0	..	85 6
Electrical Trades—						
Fitters ..	117 0	113 6	*106 4	112 0	105 4	111 6
Mechanics ..	109 0	106 0	*103 7	104 6	105 4	104 0
Wirmen ..	109 0	106 0	*103 7	104 6	99 4	104 0
Electroplating—						
Makers Up ..	90 6	87 6	..	97 6a	..	..
Platers ..	96 6	111 0	*99 0	109 6	105 4	88 0
Polishers ..	90/6 & 92/6	97 0	*93/6 & 90/	97 6	..	..
Engineering—						
Blacksmiths ..	112 6	111 6	*112 9	110 0	105 4	110 0
Bolt and Nut Machinists ..	100 6	99 6	*89 10	98 0	93 4	98 0
Borers and Slotters ..	112 6	111 6	*109 1	110 0	105 4	110 0
Brassfinishers ..	112 6	111 6	*109 1	110 0	105 4	110 0
Coppersmiths ..	112 6	111 6	*112 9	110 0	105 4	110 0
Drillers—Radial ..	112 6	111 6	*101 9	110 0	105 4	110 0
Other ..	100 6	99 6	*101 9	98 0	93 4	98 0
Drophanmer Smiths ..	112 6	111 6	*112 9	110 0	105 4	110 0
Fitters ..	112 6	111 6	*109 1	110 0	105 4	110 0
Lappers and Grinders ..	104/6 & 112/6	103/6 to 111/6	*109 1	102/6 to 110/	97/4 to 105/4	102/6 & 110/
Millers—Universal ..	112 6	111 6	..	110 0	105 4	110 0
Other ..	112 6	111 6	*109 1	110 0	105 4	110 0
Oversmiths ..	112 6	111 6	*109 1	110 0	105 4	110 0
Pattern Makers ..	121 6	120 6	*114 7	110 0	114 4	119 0
Planers—Rail and Plate ..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Edge ..	104 6	103 6	*94 5	102 0	97 4	102 0
Other ..	112 6	111 6	*109 1	110 0	105 4	110 0
Shapers ..	112 6	111 6	*109 1	110 0	105 4	110 0
Springsmiths ..	112 6	111 6	..	110 0	105 4	110 0
Turners ..	112 6	111 6	*109 1	110 0	105 4	110 0
Forcery—						
Firemen ..	*105 0	*110 0	*95 0	111 0	106 0	..
Floormen ..	*100 0	*110 0	*95 0	108 0	90 6	..
Shoemsmiths ..	*105 0	*110 0	*95 0	111 0	106 0	..
Ironworking—Assistants—						
Boilermakers' Helpers ..	99 0	97 6	*89 10	97 0	87 4	86 0
Labourers ..	93 0	91 6	*89 10	91 0	81 4	81 6
Engineers' Labourers ..	93 0	87 6	*88 0	91 0	87 4	86/ & 92/
Furnacemen's Assists. ..	99 0	93 6	*88 0	97 0	87 4	86 0
Moulders' Labourers ..	93 0	87 6	*88 0	91 0	87 4	86 0
Strikers ..	99 0	94 6	*89 10	99 0	87 4	86/ & 92/
Moulding—Iron—						
Coremakers—Machine ..	109 6	97 0	*109 1	102 6	105 4	105 6
Other ..	117 6	116 6	*109 1	115 0	105 4	115 0
Drossers and Fettlers ..	101/ & 102/	90 0	*89 10	84 6	90 4	87 6
Furnacemen ..	105/6 to 117/	94 0	*89/10 to 99/	94 6	99 4	87 6
Moulders—Machine ..	105 6	97 0	*105 5	90 6	105 4	105 6
Other ..	117 6	116 6	*109 1	115 0	105 4	115 0
Moulding—Piano						
Frames—						
Moulders ..	98/ & 103/	102 3	*105/5 & 109/1	..	..	..

(a) Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP II.—ENGINEERING, METAL WORKS, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Moulding-Pipes—Bank—						
Casters and Finishers	90 0	86 0	*99 0	97 6	..	..
Coremakers ..	90 0	103/ & 110/	*91 8	97 6	..	..
Footmen—4 in. and under ..	98 0	95 0	*100 10	97 6	*101 10	..
" 5 and 6 in.	100 0	99 0	*100 10	97 6	..	105 6.
Headmen—4 in. and under ..	104 0	103 0	*108 2	102 6	*107 4	..
" 5 and 6 in.	106 0	110 0	*108 2	102 6	..	105 6.
Moulding-Pipes—Machine						
Coremakers—Faucet	90 0	103/ & 110/	*91 8	..	..	..
" Spigot ..	90 0	95/ & 99/	*91 8	..	..	..
Finishers and Casters	90 0	103/ & 110/	*99 0	..	..	..
Moulding-Pipes—Vertical						
Casters ..	93 0	92 0	*99 0	..	94 10	105 6.
Coremakers ..	93 0	92 0	*91 8	97 6	88/10 & 94/10	106 6.
Corers ..	93 0	92 0	*99 0	..	88 10	..
Rammers ..	93 0	92 0	*93 6	97 6	94 10	105 0.
Moulding—Steel—						
Coremakers ..	107/6 & 117/6	93/3 to 118/6	*109 1	102/6 & 115/	105 4	105/6 & 115/
Moulders ..	107/6 & 117/6	93/3 to 118/6	*105/6 & 109/1	102/6 & 115/	105 4	105/6 & 115/
Moulding—Stave—						
Moulders ..	98/ & 103/	105 0	*94 5	97 6	105 4	..
Ovenmaking—						
Blacksmiths ..	96 0	92 3	*112 9	97 0	105 4	..
Grinders and Polishers	94/ & 96/	94 3	*88 0	91 0	81 4	..
Ovenmakers ..	98/ & 104/	96 3	*94 5	97/ & 103/6	96 0	..
Sheet Metal Working—						
Caulster Makers ..	84 6	90/6 & 95/6	*95 4	97 6	96 0	108/ & 112/
Japanners—						
Coating or Brushwork ..	88/6 to 120/a	95 6	*97 2	91 5	..	..
Grainers, Liners, etc.		96 6	*97 2	93 6	..	..
Ornamental ..	120/ to 130/a	102 6	*97 2	102 6	..	..
Machinists ..	84/6 & 90/6	99 6	*97 2	89/6 & 94/6	96/ & 100/	..
Solders ..	84/6 & 88/6	95/6 & 98/6	*97 2	91 6	96/ & 100/	..
Tinsmiths ..	98 6	102/6 & 106/6	*97 2	101/6 & 105/6	96/ & 100/	105 0
Wireworking — Barbed Wire—						
Toolsharpeners or Machinist ..	100 6	93 3	..	85/6 to 91/6	..	..
Galvanizing—						
Galvanizers ..	99 6	103 3	*110 0	98 6	..	..
Pickers ..	94 0	97 3	*93 6	91 6	..	..
" Assistant ..	88 0	91 3	..	..	..	..
Nailmaking—						
Case Wiremen ..	88 0	85 3	..	85 6	..	..
Labourers ..	88 0	83 3	..	85 6	..	..
Settlers Up ..	107 0	96 3	..	85/6 to 97/6	..	..
Storemen ..	94 6	91 3	..	85 6	..	..
Toolmakers ..	107 0	103 3	..	85 6	..	..
Wire Netting Working—						
Hand-Loom Weavers	99 6	85 3	..	..	..	..
Power-Loom Weavers	99 6	85 3	..	..	..	..
Strikers ..	..	93 0	..	..	..	..
Wire Working—						
Journeymen ..	94 0	100 0	..	90 0	100 0a	105 0a

a Rating or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139. b Rates for Sydney are taken from awards covering employees of Lysaght Bros. & Co. Ltd.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP III.—FOOD, DRINK, TOBACCO, &C.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Aerated Water and Cordials—						
Bottlers	89 6	90 0	*85 0	88 6	88 6	95 6
Bottlewashers ..	87 6	87 6	*85 0	88 6	83 6	83 0
Drivers (Motor) ..	94/6 to 102/6	94/6 to 102/6	*92/ to 100/	94/6 & 98/6	91 6	94/6 to 102/6
(One Horse) ..	89 6	*89 6	*90 0	*89 6	91 6	*89 6
(Two Horses) ..	94 6	*94 6	*95 0	*94 6	91 6	*94 6
Grooms or Stablemen	88 6	88 6	*85 0	88 6	88 0	88 6
Loaders	87 6	87 6	*85 0	88 6	88 6	83 0
Packers	87 6	87 6	*85 0	88 6	88 6	83 0
Wirets	87 6	87 6	..	88 6	88 6	83 0
Baking (Bread)—						
Board Hands	*102 6	120 0	*98/ & 100/6	103 0	95 0	100 0
Carters (One Horse) ..	96 0	*92 6	*90 0	*92 0	90 0	89 6
(Two Horses) ..	96 0	*105 0	*93 0	*92 0	90 0	94 6
Doughmen	*105/ & 107/6	120 0	*105 6	103 0	105 0	100 0
Forehands	*107/6 & 112/6	128 0	*105/6 & 110/6	103 0	107/6 to 122/6	107 6
Ovenmen	*107 6	120 0	*100 6	103 0	100 0	100 6
Singlehands	*107 6	128 0	*106 6	103 0	105 0	101 6
Baking (Biscuits and Cakes)—						
Adult Males	*87 0	88 6	*85 0	85 6	90 0	82 6
Bakers	*98 6	100 0	*92 6	90 6	100 0	90 0
Brakemen	*91 0	96 0	*85 0	83 6	..	85 0
Mixers	*91 0	100 0	*92 6	83 0	100 0	96 0
Oven Firemen	*92 6	100 0	*90 0	88 6	..	90 0
Storemen	*96 0	88 6	*89 0	85 6	90 0	82 0
Brewing—						
Adult Males	*93 0	*91 0	*92 0	*97 6	*95 0	83 6
Bottle Packers	*93 0	*91 0	*92 0	*97 6	*95 0	83 0
Bottlers and Washers	*93 0	*91 0	*92 0	*97 6	*95 0	83 0
Cellar-men	*93 0	*84 3	*97 0	*97 6	*95/ & 100/	83 0
Drivers (One Horse) ..	93 0	92 6	*93 0	*97 6	*95 0	80 6
(Two Horses) ..	96 0	97 6	*98 0	*100 0	*95 0	94 6
(Motor under 3 tons)	102 0	95/6 & 100/6	*92/ to 100/	*103 6	..	94/6 & 98/6
(Motor 3 tons and over)	102 0	107/6 & 110/6	*105/ & 110/	*106 6	*102/6 & 105/6	102 6
Engine Drivers	*97/ to 103/	*114 9	*100/ to 120/	*118 6	*113 0	94/6 to 100/6
Firemen	*91/ to 94/	*105 0	*100 0	*112 6	*98 0	88/6 to 91/6
Greasers and Trimmers	*89/6 & 91/	*98 3	*96/ & 97/6	*106 6	*95 0	87/ & 88/6
Malt Hands	*93 0	*91 0	*92 0	*97 6	*95 0	83 0
Stablemen and Grooms	93 0	*87/6 to 90/6	*85 0	*100 6	*95 0	88 6
Towermen	*95 0	*95 0	*92 0	*100 6	*95 0	85 0
Butchering (Carcase)—						
Carters (One Horse) ..	98 0	92 6	*93 6	91 0	90 0	83 6
(Two Horses) ..	105 6	97 6	*96 6	91 0	90 0	88 6
Chilling Room Hands	109 0	..	*102 6	91 0	*80 0	..
Labourers (Beef)	104 0	*92 0	*90 0	91 0	*90 0	85 6
(Mutton)	89 0	*92 0	*90 0	91 0	*85 0	85 6
Scalders	109 0	98 0	*102 6	105 0	*85/ & 107/6	..
Slaughtermen (Beef)	144 0	*120 0	*112 6	*120 0	*107 6	120 0
(Mutton)	c	*120 0	*112 6	*120 0	*107 6	120 6
Butchering (Retail)—						
Carters (Cash Cutting)	106 0	106 6	*102 6	101 6	95 0	92 6
(One Horse)	88 6	94 0	*93 6	91 6	80 0	..
(Two Horses)	88 6	94 0	*96 6	91 6	80 0	..
General Hands	88 6	106 6	*102 6	101 6	96 0	92 0
Balters	106 0	104 0	*102 6	101 6	100 0	92 0
Shopmen	98/6 & 106/	106 6	*102 6	101 6	95/ & 105/	92 0
Smallgoods-men	106 0	104 0	*102 6	101 6	100/ & 105/	102 6
(Assistant)	98 6	92 6	*90 0	91 0	..	92 0

a Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139.

c N.S.W.—£1 per week extra for night baking.

b Piece-work rates.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP III.—FOOD, DRINK, TOBACCO, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Butter Making—						
Buttermakers ..	103 0	94 6	*100 0	93 6	..	81 0
Cream Graders ..	95 0	102 6	*95 0	..	..	81/ & 90//
Cream or Milk Testers	90 0	97 6	*95 0	..	..	81/ & 90//
Machinery—						
Milk Drying, etc. ..	..	92 0	..	..	..	81/ & 90//
Pasteurizer ..	85 0	88 6	..	..	..	81/ & 90//
Separator, Weighing, etc. ..	85 0	88 6	..	..	..	81/ & 90//
Storemen or Packers	85 0	88 6	*86 6	88 6	..	65 0
Other Adults ..	85 0	87 6	*85 0	88 6	..	65 0
Cheesemaking—						
Journeymen ..	..	99 6	*100 0	..	..	80 0
Other Adults ..	..	87 6	*85 0	..	..	80 0
Cold Storage and Ice—						
Carters (Motor) ..	**294 6	95/8to105/6	*92/ to 100/	94/6 & 98/6	94/ & 98/	**94/6 to 102/6
.. (One Horse) ..	**290 0	*292 6	*90 0	*89 6	*89 0	*89 6
.. (Two Horses) ..	**292 6	*297 6	*95 0	*94 6	*94 0	*94 6
Chamber Hands ..	92/6 & 95/6	*102 8	*123 9	85/6 to 102/a	87 6	86 6
Pullers and Stackers	86 6	*102 8	*129 3	85/6 to 102/a	87 6	87 6a
Confectionery—						
Journeymen ..	108 0c	98 0	*92 6	90/6 & 96/	*105 0a	97 9c
Labourers ..	88 0c	87 6	*83 0	85 6	80 0a	87 3
Storemen—Head ..	108 0c	95 6	*92/6 toll15/	90 6	94 0a	95 3c
Other ..	86 0c	90 6	*89 0	85 6	..	90 3
Ham and Bacon Curing—						
Casing Cleaners—Fore- man ..	94/ & 100/	112 6	*114 0	..	..	100 0
Curers—First Hand ..	116 0	112 6	*114 0	110 6	107 6	102 6
Assistant ..	101 0	102/6 & 105/	*97 0	103 0	98 0	92 0
Cutters Up—First Hand	102 0	105 0	*108 0	103 0	98 0	92 0
Assistant ..	94 6	105 0	*97 0	..	93 0	..
Ham Baggers ..	..	98 0	*102 0	93 0	93 0	92 0
Lardmen ..	89 6	98/ & 105/	*102 0	98 0	98 0	92 0
Rollers and Trimmers	94 6	105 0	*95 9	103 0	93/ & 98/	92 0
Scalders ..	89 6	105 0	*104 6	103 0	100 6	92 0
Shavers ..	89 6	105 0	*93 0	103 0	93 0	92 0
Slaughtermen ..	102 6	112 6	*114 0	110 6	107 6	120 0
Assistant ..	95 0	105 0	*94 0	103 0	93 0	92 0
Smallgoodsmen—						
First Hand ..	102 0	112 6	*114 0	110 6	107 6	102 6
Assistant ..	89 6	100 0	*93 0	103 0	98 0	92 0
Smokers—First Hand	94 6	105 0	*108 0	103 0	93 0	92 0
Assistant ..	89 6	98 0	*93 0	..	90 6	..
Washers—First Hand	94 6	..	*95 9	103 0	93 0	92 0
Assistant ..	89 6	98 0	*93 0	..	90 6	..
Jam Making and Pro- serving—						
Adult Males ..	87 6	87 6	*83 0	87 6	90 0	87 6
Solderers ..	94 6	94 6	*97 2	94 6	90 0	94 6
Matting—						
Matsters ..	98 0	97 6	*85 0	*103 6	*95 0	83 0
Meat Packing—						
Cappers ..	94 0	87/6 & 95/6	*123 9	..	..	..
Fillers and Podgers	84 0	*97 0	*103 2	..	..	..
Guillotine Hands ..	83 0	87 6	*113 6	..	..	..
Jokermen ..	94 0	87/6 & 95/6	*116/5 & 120/1	..	..	..
Lacquers ..	94 0	*87 0	*108/2 & 113/8	..	..	..
Margarine Makers	75/ & 83/	*92 & 99/	..	..	..	..
Packers ..	84 0	*87 0	*108 2	..	..	..
Scanners ..	94 0	87/6 & 95/6	*129 8	..	..	..
Milk Delivery—						
Carters—One Horse ..	06 0	92 6	*87 6	89 6	89 0	89 6
Two Horses ..	96 0	97 6	*92 6	94 6	94 0	94 6

a Buling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139. b Brisbane rates from Meat Export Award. c 46 and 45 hours per week.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP III.—FOOD, DRINK, TOBACCO, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Milling—Condiments—						
Grinders ..	95 6	90 6	*36 6	89 0	..	80 0
Mixers or Blenders ..	88 6	92 6	*30 6	90 6	..	80 0
Stone Dressers ..	98 0	98 0	*26 0	96 6	..	80 0
Other Adults ..	88 6	87 6	*56 6	86 0	..	80 0
Milling—Flour—						
Engine Drivers ..	*100/6 & 103/6	*100/6 & 103/6	*98/ to 112/	*100/6 & 103/6	*100/6 & 103/6	94/6 to 100/6
Firemen ..	*91 6	*91 6	*94 0	*91 6	*91 6	..
Millers—Head ..	*113 6	*113 6	*107 6	*113 6	*113 6	110 0
Shift ..	*103/6 to 112/6	*103/6 to 112/6	*99/ to 107/	*103/6 to 112/6	*103/6 to 112/6	95 6
Millwrights ..	*112 6	*112 6	..	*112 6	*112 6	90 0
Packers ..	*93 6	*93 6	*87 6	*93 6	*93 6	84 0
Purifiers ..	*94 6	*94 6	*87 6	*94 6	*94 6	82 0
Silkmen ..	*94 6	*94 6	*87 6	*94 6	*94 6	82 0
Smelters ..	*91 6	*94 6	*89 6	*94 6	*94 6	..
Storesmen—Head ..	*93 6	*93 6	*92 6	*93 6	*93 6	95 0
Topmen ..	*94 6	*94 6	*87 0	*94 6	*94 6	82 0
Truckers and Others ..	*88/6 & 91/6	*88/6 & 91/6	..	*88/6 & 91/6	*88/6 & 91/6	82 0
Wheat Carriers, per hr.	2 3	2 3	2 4	2 3	2 3	2 3
Milling—Oatmeal—						
Millmen ..	89 0	91 0	*86 6	89 6	..	82/ & 84/
Millers—Head ..	99 6	98 0	*90/6 & 105/6	96 6	..	110 0
Milling—Rice—						
Drivingroom Hands ..	92 6	87 6	*86 6	86 0	..	..
Millers—Head ..	99 6	98 0	*90/6 & 105/6	96 6	..	..
Stone Dressers ..	94 0	98 0	*89 6	96 6	..	..
Other Adults ..	86 6	87 6	*86 6	86 0	..	..
Pastrycooking—						
Carters ..	90 0	92 6	*95 0	*92 0	89 0	89 6
Packers ..	90 0	84 0	*80 0	..	..	82 0
Pastrycooks ..	100 0	107 0	*105 6	105 0	100/ & 107/6	97 6
.. Assistant ..	87 0	100 0	*98 0	..	..	82 0
Poultryers—						
Beach Hands—						
1st Rate ..	88 6	85 0	..	..	..	..
2nd Rate ..	83 6	78/ & 83/	..	..	..	..
Foremen ..	96 0	105 0	..	..	..	..
Tea Packing—						
Foremen ..	105 0a	96 0	*90/6 & 105/6	112 0	..	..
Headmen ..	95 0a	91 0	*90/6 & 105/6	102 6	92 0	..
Other Adults ..	86 6a	85 0	*86 6	88 6	90 0	..

GROUP IV.—CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, ETC.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Bootmaking—						
Bootmakers ..	*96 0	*96 0	*94 9	*96 0	*98 1	*93 0
Dyeing and Cleaning—						
Clothes Cleaners ..	86/6 to 93/6b	86/6 to 93/6	*86/6 to 95/6	88/6 to 95/6	*80 0	..
Dyers—Black ..	108 0b	102 0	*108 0	110 0	*80 0	..
Color ..	108 0b	108 0	*108 0	110 0	*80 0	..
Dye-house Labourers ..	83 6b	83 6	*83 6	85 6	*80 0	..
Hatmaking—Straw—						
Blocchers ..	*93 6	*93 6	*93 6	*93 6	..	..
Blockers ..	*94 6	*94 6	*94 6	*94 6	..	..
Stiffeners ..	*94 6	*94 6	*94 6	*94 6	..	..

a Rolling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139. b Six-day week—48 hours; five-day week—46½ hours.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP IV.—CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Tailoring—Order—						
Cutters	110 0a	111 6	111 6	111 6	110 0	111 6
Pressers	101 6	101 6	101 6	101 6	100 0	101 6
Tailors	101 6	101 6	101 6	101 6	100 0	101 6
Trimmers	100 0a	101 6	101 6	101 6	100 0	101 6
Tailoring—Ready-made—						
Brushers	86 6	86 6	86 6	86 6	..	86 6
Cutters	100 0a	101 6	101 6	101 6	98 0	101 6
Folders	86 6	86 6	86 6	86 6	..	86 6
Machinists	101 6	101 6	101 6	101 6	..	101 6
Pressers—Coat Hands	101 6	101 6	101 6	101 6	98 0	101 6
Trousers and						
Vest Hands	101 6	101 6	101 6	101 6	98 0	101 6
Tailors	101 6	101 6	101 6	101 6	98 0	101 6
Trimmers	100 0a	101 6	101 6	101 6	98 0	101 6
Under Pressers—						
Coat Hands	86 6	86 6	86 6	86 6	93 0	86 6
Trousers and Vest						
Hands	85 0	85 0	85 0	85 0	93 0	85 0
Textile-Working—Woollen						
Mills—						
Carders	85 0	84 0	85 0	79 6	..	84 6
Dyehousemen	86 6	84 0	85 0	82 6	..	84 0
Labourers—						
General	84 0	84 0	85 0	79 6	..	84 0
Willyhouse	84 6	84 0	85 0	82 6	..	84 0
Milling Hands	84 6	84 0	85 0	85 0	..	84 0
Factor Weavers	84 6	84 0	b	79 6	..	84 0
Scourers	84 6	84 0	85 0	82 6	..	84 0
Spinners	84 6	85 0	98 0	80 6	..	86/ to 94/
Tuners	88/6 to 99/6	86/ to 94/	85/ to 96/	85 0	..	86/ to 94/
Twisters in	87 6	84 0	b	79 6	..	84 0
Warpers	85 0	85 0	b	79 6	..	86 0
Other Adults	84 0	84 0	85 0	79 6	..	84 0

GROUP V.—BOOKS, PRINTING, BINDING, ETC.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Bookbinding—						
Feeders .. ..	..	86 0	90 0	90 0	..	86 0
Finishers	95 0	110 0	106 0	110 0	105 0	110 0
Journeyman Book-						
binders	95 0	110 0	106 0	110 0	105 0	110 0
Makers	95 0	110 0	106 0	110 0	105 0	110 0
Paper Rulers	95/ to 107/6	110 0	106 0	110 0	105 0	110 0
Engraving (Process)—						
Engravers	97 6	100/ & 110/	..	104 6	..	..
Etchers—Half-tone ..	102 6	100/ & 110/	110 0	117 0	..	..
Line	97 6	107 6	105 0	103 0	..	..
Mounters	82 6	95 0	97 6	93 0	..	..
Operators	102 6	100/ & 110/	110 0	117 0	..	..
Printers	97 6	102 6	100 0	93 0	..	..
Routers	92 6	100 0	97 6	93 0	..	..
Lithographing—						
Printers	95 6	110 0	110 0	110 0	..	110 0
Rotary Machinists ..	100 6	110/ & 114/6	110 0	110 0	105 0	110/ & 112/
Stone Polishers	93 6	93 6	90 0	94 0	..	110 0

a. α 4½ and 48 hours per week.

b. Piece-work rates.

c. Other than in newspaper offices.

* NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. . For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP V.—BOOKS, PRINTING, BINDING, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
Printing (Daily Newspapers)—	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Compositors—						
Day Work ..	*114 0	*127 6	*114 10	117 0	*130 0	108 0
Night Work ..	*124 0	*140 0	*122 2	127 0	*140 0	*113 0
Linotype Attendants—						
Day Work ..	*109 0	*105 10	*101 0	95 0	*120 0	103/ & 108/
Night Work ..	*114 0	*117 7	*106 0	105 0	*125 0	*108 & 113/
Linotype Operators—						
Day Work ..	*130/ & 150/	b	*125 7	b	*141 0	b
Night Work ..	*135/ & 155/	b	*132 11	b	*151 0	b
Machinists (First Hand)—						
Day Work ..	*114 0	*117 7	*123 6	121 0	*125 0	92 0
Night Work ..	*124 0	*135 3	*128 6	131 0	*135 0	*97 0
Publishers ..	* & 94/ & 99/	* & 105/10 to 114/10	*90/ to 106/	102 0	* & 105/ to 112/	*108 0
Readers—						
Day Work ..	*119 0	*127 6	*111 0	123 0	*180 0	108 0
Night Work ..	*134 0	*130 0	*116 0	133 0	*140 0	*113 0
Readers' Assistants—						
Day Work ..	*89 0	*92 6	*96 0	90 0	*101 0	92 0
Night Work ..	*99 0	*95/ & 100/	*101 0	100 0	*111 0	*97 0
Stereotypers (First Class)—						
Day Work ..	*106 6	*111 9	*103/6 & 111/	104 0	*117 6	97 0
Night Work ..	*111 6	*122 1	*108/6 & 116/	114 0	*127 6	*102 0
Stereotypers' Assts.—						
Day Work ..	*99 0	*100 0	*95 0	97 0	*105 0	87 0
Night Work ..	*104 0	*110 7	*100 0	107 0	*115 0	*92 0
Printing (Job Offices)—						
Compositors ..	*110 0	110 0	*106 0	110 0	*105 0	110 0
Electrotypers ..	*110 0	110 0	*106 0	110 0	..	110 0
General Hands ..	80 0	80 0	*90 0	90 0	..	86 0
Linotype Operators ..	*122 0	*126 0	*110/ & 117/4	*122 0	*127 0	*122 0
Machinists ..	*110 0	110 0	*90/ to 106/	110 0	*105 0	110 0
Monoline Operators ..	*122 0	*126 0	*110/ & 117/4	*122 0	*127 0	*122 0
Monotype Operators ..	*122 0	*126 0	*106 & 111/	*122 0	*127 0	*122 0
Monotype Casting ..	110 0	110 0	*90 0	110 0	..	110 0
Machinists ..	*116 0	116 0	*106 0	116 0	*105 0	116 0
Readers ..	*110 0	110 0	*106 0	110 0	*105 0	110 0
Stereotypers ..	*110 0	110 0	*110/ & 117/4	*122 0	*127 0	*122 0
Typograph Operators ..	*122 0	*126 0	..	..	..	..

GROUP VI.—OTHER MANUFACTURING.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Asphalting—						
Layers—Cold Work ..	99 6	93 6	..	87 0	..	..
Hot Work ..	99 6	93 6	..	..	..	..
Mastic Boilers ..	99 6	..	..	..	..	..
Potmen ..	99 6	87 6	..	..	..	89/6 to 95/6
Rubbers Down ..	..	90 0	..	..	..	..
Yardmen and Labourers ..	97 6	87 6	..	87 0	..	..
Boatbuilding—						
Boatbuilders ..	136 0	*a90/ to a120/	*113 8	134 0a	136 0	120 0a

a Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139.

b Piece-work rates.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes, see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP VI.—OTHER MANUFACTURING—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
Brickmaking—						
Burners	101 0	91 6	*93/ to 99/	**121 11	**105/ to 112/	84 0
Carters—One Horse ..	*87 0	92 6	*92 0	89 6	89 0	88 0
Two Horses ..	*97 0	97 6	*97 0	94 6	94 0	93 0
Clayholemen	*93 0	92 0	*87 4	90 6	90 0	81 0
Drawers	*101 0	92/6 & 97/6	*87 6	105 6	94 6	87 0
Labourers	*95 0	87 0	*85 8	94 6	90 0	81 0
Loaders Out	*95 0		*85 8			87 0
Loftsmen	*92 0	87 0	*85 8	94 6	90 0	81 0
Machinemen	*97 0	87/ & 88/6	*87 6	97/6 & 100/6	90/ & 93/	81 0
Panmen	*95/ & 99/	88/6 & 92/6	*85 8	**103/7 & 106/9	90 0	81 0
Fit Foremen	*107 0		*91 2	105 6	98 0	
Pitmen	*99 0	92/ & 98/	*87 6	89 6	90 0	81 0
Pit Shooters	*103 0	92/ & 98/	*91 2	104 6	98 0	84 0
Setters	*101 0	92/6 & 97/6	*85/8 & 87/6	105 6	98 0	87 0
Truckers	*95 0	87 0	*85 8	94 6	90 0	81 0
Wheelers	*95 0	87 0	*85/8 & 87/6	94 6	90/ & 93/	81 0
Yardmen	*95 0	87 0	*85 8	94 6	90 0	81 0
Broom-making (M(Het)—						
Sorters—Head	*99 0	110 0	*100 0			84 0a
" Other	*87/ & 91/	98 0	*88 0			66 0a
Brushmaking—						
Bass Broom Drawers ..	*101 6	95 0		95 0		
Finishers	*101 6	95 0		95 0		
Machinists—			*102 6			
Boring	*101 6	95 0		95 0		
Boulds Carver	*108 6	95 0		95 0		
Paint Brush Makers ..	*106 0	100 0		101 6		
Pan Workers—Hair and Bass..	*101 6	95 0		95 0		
Candle Making—						
Acidifiers	84 0	93 6	*89 0	92 0		
General Hands	82 0	87 6	*85 0	86 0	86 6a	
Glycerine Distillers ..	86 6	93 6	*85 0	92 0		
Moulders	82 0	93 6	*89 0	92 0	86/6 to 94/6a	80 0
Press-room Gangers ..	84 0	93 6	*86/ & 88/	92 0		
Stillmen	87 0	93 6	*89 0	92 0		
Cardboard Box Makers—						
Guillotine and other Cutters	98/ & 101/	98/6 & 104/6	*97 6	98/ & 105/6	*98/ & 99/6	98/ & 101/
Other Adults	86 0	86 0	*85 0	86 6	*83 0	86 0
Coachmaking (Road)—						
Bodymakers	111 0	110 6	*109 1	108 0	106 0	108 0
Labourers	88 6	88 0	*88 0	85 6	86 3	85 6
Painters	*111 0	110 6	*109 1	108 0	106 0	108 0
Labourers	*95 0	94 6	*95 4	92 0	91 0	92 0
Smiths	111 0	110 6	*109 1	108 0	106 0	108 0
Strikers	93 0	92 6	*88 0	90 0	80 6	90 0
Trimmers	111 0	110 6	*109 1	108 0	106 0	108 0
Vycemen	95 0	94 6	*95 4	92 0	91 6	92 0
Wh/making Machinists ..	111 0	110 6	*109 1	108 0	106 0	108 0
Wheelwrights	111 0	110 6	*109 1	108 0	106 0	108 0
Coachmaking (Axe-making)—						
Centre Turners	111 0	110 6	*109 1	108 0	106 0	108 0
Faceplate Workers	111 0	110 6	*109 1	108 0	106 0	108 0
Coachmaking (Spring-making)—						
Fitters	111 0	110 6	*109 1	108 0	106 0	108 0
Springmakers	111 0	110 6	*109 1	108 0	106 0	108 0

a Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139.

b Piece-work rates.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP VI.—OTHER MANUFACTURING—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Fellmongering—						
Bate Hands ..	91 6	90 0	*92 6	89 0	88 0	..
Green Hands ..	91 6	90 0	*89 6	89 0	88 0	..
Labourers ..	88/6 & 91/6	87/ & 90/	*88 0	89 0	88 0	..
Lamcpit Men ..	91 6	90 0	*92/6 & 95/6	89 0	88 0	..
Machinists—						
Burring ..	94 6	93 0	*98 6	..	..	..
Flushing ..	94 6	93 0	*85 6	..	..	..
Scouring ..	94 6	93 0	*89 6	89 0	88 0	..
Setting out ..	94 6	93 0	*95 6	89 0	..	..
Bookhole Men ..	94 6	93 0	*95 6	89 0	88 0	..
Swathouse Men ..	88 6	87 0	*95 6	89 0	88 0	..
Wool Sorters ..	96 6	95 0	*95 6	89 0	88 0	..
Fibrous Plaster Working—						
Fixers' Assistants ..	91 0	*102 8	..	*99 0	92 0	..
Shop Hands ..	107 0	*102 8	..	100 0	110 0	..
Other Adults ..	91 0	*88 0	..	*99 0	92 0	..
Gas Making and Supply—						
Blacksmiths ..	112 6	115 11	*112 9	113/6 & 119/	*102 0	110 8
Coke Trimmers ..	95 3	99 7	*85 0	..	..	..
Engine Drivers ..	103 3	107 7	*96/ to 112/	108/3 & 109/9	91/ to 97/	..
Gas Fitters ..	114 6	*121 0	*120 6	118 0	110 4	110 1
Labourers ..	88 0	91 2	*85 0	88 6	85 0	87 5
Mainlayers ..	103 3	118 0	*96 0	114/6 & 115/6	97 0	103 6
Metormakers ..	99 0	111 6	..	118/6 to 142/2	107 4	110 1
Meter Testers ..	103 3	109 5	..	106 6	..	..
Service Layers ..	103 3	118 0	*96 0	118 6	97 0	103 6
Service Layers' Lab- ourers ..	88 0	95 5	*87 9	88 6	91 0	91 5
Stokers ..	103 3	109/8 to 113/10	*110/ & 112/	108/3 & 109/9	97/6 & 105/	104 11
Yardmen ..	88 0	91 2	*85 0	88 6	85 0	87 5
Glassfoundry—						
Bottletoppers ..	b	b	b	b	b	..
Furnacemen ..	97 0	96 6	89 0	94 6	97 0	..
Assistant ..	88 0	87 6	80 0	85 6	88 0	..
Labourers ..	88 0	87 6	80 0	85 6	88 0	..
Lchmen ..	*a91 6	*a91 0	*a83 6	*a89 0	*a88 0	..
Packers ..	b	b	b	b	b	..
Sorters ..	90 6	90 0	82 6	88 0	88 0	..
Glassworking and Glazing						
Bevollers ..	100 0	106 6	*100 0	105 6	98 0	106 0
Cementers ..	81 0	90 0	..	85 6	..	..
Cutters and Glaziers—						
Plate ..	100 0	106 6	*94 0	105 6	..	..
Other ..	100 0	106 6	*94 0	105 6	..	..
Lead Light Glaziers ..	100 0	95/ & 106/6	..	105 6	..	..
Packers ..	90 0	95 0	..	83 6	..	..
Silverers—						
Using own Recipe ..	101 0	..	..	..	..	..
Other ..	101 0	106 6	*100 0	105 6	98 0	..
Horsehair Working—						
Curiers ..	a92/ to 105/	101 0	..	..	..	..
Drafting Hands ..	a92 0	101 0	..	..	..	..
Wet Hackers and others ..	a82/ to 85/	87/ to 101/	..	..	..	..
Jewellery, Clock and Watchmaking—						
Chainmakers ..	98/6 & 101/d	101 6	*97 6	98 6c	96 0	70/ to 95/a
Enginers ..	101 0d	*107 6	*97/6 & 100/	98 6c	96 0	70/ to 95/a
Mounters ..	98 6d	101 6	*97/6 & 100/	108 6c	96 0	70/ to 95/a
Setters ..	101 0d	104 0	*100 0	103 6c	96 0	70/ to 95/a
Watch and Clock						
Makers ..	*1100 0d	*90/ & 100/	*102 6	106 0c	100 0	..
Repairers ..	*1100 0d	*90/ & 100/	*102 6	106 0c	100 0	105 0a
Leather—Small Goods—						
General Hands ..	107 0	107 0	*105 0	102 6	104 0	107 0

a Baling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139. b Piece-work rates. c Hours of labour per week: 48 (daylight), 45 (artificial light). d Sydney rates with deductions for holidays.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP VI.—OTHER MANUFACTURING—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Manures—Animal—						
Fertilizer Hands ..	90 6	108 0	*118 8	..	..	..
Manures—Artificial—						
Acid Retortmen ..	..	93 6	..	93 0	93 0	..
Bagging Men ..	..	87 6	..	87 0	84 0	..
Bin Workers ..	..	87 6	..	87 0	84 0	..
Bone Mill Feeders ..	..	87 6	..	87 0	84 0	..
Chamber Burners ..	..	93 6	..	93 0	93 0	..
Crushers and Mixers ..	..	93 6	..	93 0	93 0	..
Labourers ..	..	87 6	..	87 0	84 0	..
Masonry—Marble and Stone—						
Carvers ..	*146 8	*146 8	*130 2	*149 8	*113/8 & 117/4	..
Machinists—						
Carborundum ..	*100/10 & 108/4	104 6	*130 2	*118/ & 124/	*118/8 & 117/4	..
Other ..	..	116 0	*130 2	*113/8 & 124/	*113/8 & 117/4	..
Masons ..	*120 0	*120 0	*130 2	*124 0	*113/8 & 117/4	*110 0
Polishers—						
Machine—						
Granite ..	*104 6	108 0	*108 2	*105 8	*88 0	..
Marble ..	*104 6	108 0	*108 2	*105 8	*88 0	..
Other—						
Granite ..	*104 6	*99 0	*108 2	*105 8	*88 0	..
Marble ..	*104 6	*99 0	*108 2	*105 8	*88 0	..
Masonry—Monumental—						
Carvers ..	*133 4	*132 0	*130 2	126 0	*113/8 & 117/4	*110 0
Fixers ..	*120 0	98 0	*130 2	110 0	*113/8 & 117/4	*110 0
Labourers ..	*93 6	93 0	*108 2	90 0	*82 6	*99 0
Letter Cutters ..	*120 0	*120 0	*130 2	118 0	*113/8 & 117/4	*110 0
Masons ..	*120 0	*120 0	*130 2	118 0	*113/8 & 117/4	*110 0
Opticians—						
Journeyman ..	*95/ to 108/	*100 0	*97/8 & 110/	103/8 to 116/8	96 0	..
Paper Bag Making—						
Guillotine Cutters ..	98 0	98 0	*97 6	105 8	*105 0	98 0
Machinists ..	101 0	101 0	*97 6	101 0	*105 0	101 0
Paper Making—						
Bestermen ..	102 0	108 0	..	..	..	..
Assistant ..	85 0	87 0	..	..	..	..
Breakermen ..	85 0	93 0	..	..	..	..
Cutters ..	85 0	90/ & 93/	..	..	..	..
Guillotine Men ..	85 0	90 0	..	..	..	..
Machinists ..	102 0	111 0	..	..	..	..
Assistant ..	85 0	87 0	..	..	..	..
Packers ..	84 6	87 0	..	..	..	..
Ragboltermen ..	87 0	90 0	..	..	..	..
Rippers ..	84 6	90 0	..	..	..	..
Other Adults ..	82 0	87 0	..	..	..	..
Polish Making—						
Foremen ..	..	92 6	..	90 0	..	..
Grinders ..	..	92 6	..	90 0	..	..
Millhands ..	..	92 6	..	90 0	..	..
Mixers ..	..	92 6	..	90 0	..	..
Other Adults ..	..	87 6	..	86 0	..	..
Portmanteau Making—						
Journeyman ..	107 0	107 0	*105 0	102 8	104 0	*107 0

a Brisbane rates from Meat Export Award, (artificial light).

b Hours of labour per week; 48 (daylight), 45

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP VI.—OTHER MANUFACTURING—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Potteries—General—						
Burners—Head ..	95 0	92 0	*93 0	85/ to 100/a	..	84 0
Assistant ..	89/ & 91/8	89 0	*93 0	70/ to 80/a	..	78 0
Hollow-ware Pressers ..	100 0	90 0	*85 8	90/ to 100/a	..	84 0
Labourers ..	89 0	87 0	*85 8	..	..	78 0
Sagger Makers ..	91 6	89 0	..	..	..	..
Sanitary Pressers ..	106 0	91 0	*85 8	..	..	84 0
Throwers—1st Class ..	106 0	91 0	*104 0	90/ to 105/a	..	87 0
2nd Class ..	..	87/ & 91/	*93 0	..	..	81 0
Turners ..	97 0	90 0	..	..	..	..
Potteries—Pipemaking—						
Burners—Head ..	99 6	92 0	*99 0	102 0a	97 0	84 0
Assistant ..	..	89 0	*93 0	..	83 0	78 0
Drawers ..	94 0	87 0	*85 8	102 0a	83 0	..
Junction Stickers ..	98 0	89 0	*85 8	..	89 0	79 6
Moulders ..	101 0	87 0	*85 8	..	97 0	78/ & 79/8 ^b
Mould Makers ..	96 0	97 0	*87 6	102 0a	95 0	..
Setters ..	98 0	90 0	*85 8	..	89/ & 97/	79 6
Potteries—Tile Making (other than Roofing)—						
Labourers ..	89 0	87 0	*85 8	87 0	..	78 0
Moulders or Pressers ..	90/ & 93/	90 6	*85/8 & 89/4	95 0	..	78/ to 84/
Setters—Head ..	96 0	90 0	*85 8	95 0	..	..
Other ..	90 0	90 0	*85 8	95 0	..	79 6
Quarrying—						
Borers—						
Hand or Machine ..	*101/6 & 101/8/	*96 6	*94 2	103 0	*91 7½	88 0
Assistant ..	*93 6	*87 6	*88 2	97 0	..	81 0
Dressers ..	*107 8	*103 6	*88 2	97 0	..	84 0
Faceman ..	*103 6	*96 6	*94 2	97 0	..	78 0
Gutters ..	*112 6	..	*97 10	..	..	84 0
Hammermen ..	*99/6 & 99/8	*103 6	*94 2	97 0	*88 8½	84 0
Labourers or Strippers ..	*93 6	*87 6	*88 2	97 0	*85 11½	78 0
Loaders, Pluggers, or Tractors ..	*93 6	*87 6	*88 2	97 0	*85 11½	78 0
Machine Feeders ..	*104 6	*90 6	*89/7 & 93/8	97 0	*91 7½	81 0
Quarrymen ..	*107 8	..	*97 10	97 0	*106 3½	88/ & 102/
Spallers ..	*97/6 & 97/8	*96 6	*92 4	97 0	*91 7½	84 0
Rope Making—						
Clothes Line Lappers ..	85 6	85 6	*91 0	..	..	..
Feeders for First Spreader ..	89 6	89 6	*91 0	88 6	..	..
Foremen—Head ..	101 6	..	*99 0	95 6	..	..
Jonny ..	101 6	..	*92 0	90 6	..	..
Knockers Out and Dampers Down ..	85 6	85 6	*91 0	85 6	..	..
Oilers ..	88 6	88 6	..	85 6	..	..
Packers ..	85 6	85 6	*91 0	85 6	..	..
Reelers—Hand ..	86 0	86 0	*91 0	85/6 & 88/6	..	..
Steam ..	86 6	86 6	*91 0	92 6	..	..
Rubber Working—						
Calender Hands ..	105/1 & 108/10	104/5 & 108/2	..	..	..	..
Compound Weighers ..	92 10	92 2	..	..	..	..
Cycle Tyre Makers ..	91 4	90 8	..	..	..	..
Dough Mixers ..	92 10	92 2	..	..	..	..
Forcing Machinists ..	92 10	92 2	..	..	..	..
Heaters ..	92 10	92 2	..	..	..	..
Hosemakers ..	92 10	92 2	..	..	..	..
Mechanical Laths						
Hands ..	93 10	93 2	..	..	..	..
Mill Hands ..	96 10	98 2	..	..	..	..
Moulders—Other ..	92 10	92 2	..	..	..	..
Press Hands ..	92 10	92 2	..	..	..	..
Spreaders ..	92 10	92 2	..	..	..	..
Surgical, Packing, and other Makers						
..	93 10	93 2	..	..	..	..
Textile Cutters						
..	89/10 & 92/10	89/2 & 92/2	..	..	..	..
Tube Repairers						
..	93 10	93 2	*88 0	80/ to 100/a	..	..
Joiners ..	91 4	90 8	*88 0	90/ to 110/a	..	..

a Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139. b Melbourne hours, 46 and 48 per week.

Note.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 43. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP VI.—OTHER MANUFACTURING—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Rubber Working—continued.						
Tyre Moulders ..	108 10	108 2	..	..	..	..
Vulcanizers ..	92 10	92 2	*88 0	90/ to 110/a	..	..
Wrappers ..	90 4	89 8	*88 0	..	..	..
Other Adults ..	88 10	88 2	..	..	..	..
Saddlery and Harness-making—						
Collarmakers ..	107 0	107 0	*106 0	102 6	104 0	107 0
Harnessmakers ..	107 0	107 0	*105 0	102 6	104 0	107 0
Machinists ..	107 0	107 0	*105 0	102 6	104 0	107 0
Saddlers ..	107 0	107 0	*105 0	102 6	104 0	107 0
Sail Making—						
Sailmakers ..	106 0	105/ & 107/	*107 0	97 6	90 0	..
Ship Building—						
Carpenters and Joiners	*119 2	*110 2	*110 2	*110 2	*119 2	*119 2
Dockers ..	122 0	122 0	*111 10	122 0	*99 0	..
Painters ..	122 0	122 0	*111 10	122 0	*99 0	..
Shipwrights—						
New Work ..	136 0	*124 8	*124 8	136 0	136 0	120 0a
Old Work ..	136 0	*124 8	*124 8	136 0	136 0	120 0a
Soap Making—						
Foremen ..	80/ & 91/6	98 0	*90 0	97 0	..	95 0
General Hands ..	82 0	87 6	*85 0	86 0	86 6a	80 0
Mixers ..	82 0	93 6	*85 0	92 0	..	..
Soap Makers ..	94 0	..	*85 0	..	..	100 0
„ Assistants ..	84 0	98 0	*85 0	97 0	..	95 0
Tallow Making—						
Tallowmen ..	95 6	100 0	*108/2 to 110/11b	84 0	..	88/ to 100/a
Tanning and Currying—						
Beamsmen ..	97 6	97 6	97 6	97 6	97 6	97 6
Curriers ..	102 0	102 0	102 0	102 0	102 0	102 0
Fancy Leather Finishers ..	92 0	92 0	92 0	92 0	92 0	92 0
Japanners or Enamellers ..	95 0	95 0	95 0	95 0	95 0	95 0
Jiggers and Grainers (Bookbinding Leather)	95 0	95 0	95 0	95 0	95 0	95 0
Labourers ..	86 6	86 6	86 6	86 6	86 6	86 6
Lieemen and Yardmen	89 0	89 0	89 0	89 0	89 0	89 0
Machinists—						
Fleshing ..	97 6	97 6	97 6	97 6	97 6	97 6
Scouring ..	90 0	90 0	90 0	90 0	90 0	90 0
Scudding ..	92 0	92 0	92 0	92 0	92 0	92 0
Shaving ..	99 0	99 0	99 0	99 0	99 0	99 0
Splitting ..	102 0	102 0	102 0	102 0	102 0	102 0
Unhairing ..	92 0	92 0	92 0	92 0	92 0	92 0
Whitening ..	99 0	99 0	99 0	99 0	99 0	99 0
Other ..	90 0	90 0	90 0	90 0	90 0	90 0
Rollers and Strikers	94 0	94 0	94 0	94 0	94 0	94 0
Tablemen ..	92 0	92 0	92 0	92 0	92 0	92 0
Tent and Tarpaulin Making—						
Cutters—1st Hand ..	106 0	101/ & 107/	*98 0	..	..	115 0a
„ 2nd Hand ..	106 0	101/ & 107/	*98 0	..	..	85 0a
Dressers ..	106 0	101/ & 107/	..	97 6	..	..
Machinists ..	106 0	101/ & 107/	*98 0	..	..	..
Sewers—Hand ..	106 0	101/ & 107/	*98 0	..	..	..
Tent Makers ..	106 0	101/ & 107/	*98 0	..	90 0	..
Wickerworking—						
Bamboo or Wicker Workers ..	105 0	100 0	*110 11	95 0	95 0	102 6
Basket Makers and Repairers ..	109 0	100/ & 105/	*97/6 & 100/9	95 0	..	..
Upholsterers ..	102 0	100 0	*110 11	100 0	..	..

a Rolling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139. b Rates taken from Meat Export Award.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP VII.—BUILDING.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Bricklaying—						
Bricklayers—						
Surfaces ..	113 1	123 9	120 6	121 0	117 4	106 4
Sewer and Tunnel ..	118 10	132 0	120 0	121 0	117 4	112/4 & 118/4
Carpentering—						
Carpenters ..	121 0	120 1	120 4	118 3	115 6	118 3
Labouring (Builders)ᵇ—						
Bricklayers' Labourers	99 11	99 11	102 2	98 1	95 4	98 1
Carpenters' Labourers	99 11	99 11	102 2	98 1	95 2	98 1
Concrete Workers ..	99 11	99 11	108 2	98 1	95 4	98 1
Earth Excavators ..	99 11	99 11	102 2	98 1	95 2	98 1
Gear Workers ..	99 11	99 11	102 2	98 1	95 4	98 1
Masons' Labourers ..	99 11	99 11	102 2	98 1	95 4	98 1
Plasterers' Labourers	99 11	99 11	102 2	98 1	95 4	98 1
Scaffold Hands ..	99 11	99 11	108 2	98 1	95 4	98 1
Lathing and Ceiling—						
Lathers ..	95/to 105/a		120 6	c	c	95 4
Metal Cellars ..	95/to 105/a	114 0a	120 6	c	114/to 120/a	106 4a
Masonry—						
Masons ..	120 0	120 0	130 2	121 0	118/8 & 117/4	106 4
Painting (House) and Glazing—						
Glaziers ..	108 2	104 4	120 6	113 8	106 0d	106 4
Painters ..	108 2	104 6	120 0	113 8	105 5	104 4
Paperhangers ..	108 2	104 6	120 6	113 8	105 5	106 4
Signwriters ..	111 10	104 0	120 6	113 8	105 5	106 4
Plastering—						
Fibrous Plaster Fixers	108 4	102 8	120 0	99 0	110 0	106 4
Plasterers—						
Surfaces ..	108 4	110/to 118/8	120 6	121 0	117 4	106 4
Sewer or Tunnel ..	112 2	123 9	120/6 & 129/6	121 0	..	112/4 & 115/4
Plumbing and Gasfitting—						
Galv. Iron Workers ..	116 11	121 0	120 6	110 0	110 4f	99/&121/ 110 1
Gasfitters ..	116 11	121 0	120 6	110 0	110 4f	99/&121/ 110 1
Plumbers ..	116 11	121 0	120 6	110 0	110 4f	99/&121/ 110 1
Roofing—						
Shinglers ..	122 8	115 6	120 6	..	..	106 4a
Slaters ..	122 8	115 6	120 6	..	..	106 4a
Tilers ..	122 8	115 6	120 6	121 0	114 0a	106 4a
Tile Laying—						
Tile Layers ..	108 0	c	120 6	25 0a, e	..	106 4
Tuckpointing—						
Tuckpointers ..	85 0	117 4	120 6	121 0	c	120 0a
Water Supply and Sewerage—						
Carpenters ..	109 0	120 1	..	107/to 120/a	107 4	112 0
Concrete Workers ..	100/ & 102/ 94 0	106 0	96/to 105/2	93/ & 96/a	89 4	95 6
Labourers ..	94 0	88 0	85 0	93/ & 99/a	83 4	86 6
Miners—Sewer ..	d, & 104/8 to 135/6	96/ & 101/6	112 6	..	92 4	92 0
Pipe-Joiners & Setters	96/ & 102/ 102 0	100 0	90/6 & 92/4	98/6 & 102/a	92/4 & 101/4	92 6
Timbermen ..	102/ & 108/ 102 0	..	..	102 0a	92 4	92 6
Toolsharpeners ..	102 0	101 9	112 6	97 6a	92 4	98 6

a Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139. b The rates of wage quoted for Builders' Labourers for Brisbane and Perth are those payable under State Award of Agreement. The rates quoted for Sydney, Melbourne, Adelaide and Hobart were awarded by the Commonwealth Court of Conciliation and Arbitration. c Piece-work. d Hours prevailing in shops where employed. e Per day. f In addition, 1d. per hour where workman provides his own tools, and 1d. per hour in lieu of holidays.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP VIII.—MINING.

Industry and Occupation.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Queensland.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Coal Mining—						
Blacksmiths ..	116/6 to 123/0	123 0	127/6 to 140/6	..	..	110/ & 124/6
Bracemen ..	111/6 to 113/6	119 6	111/ to 130/6	..	..	..
Carpenters ..	119/6 to 127/6	119 6	121/6 to 140/6	..	..	110 0
Depntles ..	135/6 to 146/	136 0	130/6 to 134/	..	..	128/ & 120/
Engine Drivers—						
Winding and Loco.	120/ to 138/	115/ & 123/6	120/6 to 156/	..	124/6 & 127/6	116/ to 127/6
Other ..	111/6 to 122/	115 0	111/6 to 144/	..	..	..
Labourers—						
Surface ..	108 0	108 0	108/to123/6	..	..	105/ & 106/6
Underground ..	108/to111/6	108 0	108/to126/6	..	99 0	105/ & 106/6
Miners—						
Machine—						
Manual ..	b	b	b	Not mined.	b	..
Dry Work ..	b	b	b	..	b	b
Wet Work ..	b	b	b	..	b	b
Platmen or Banksmen	111/6to115/	119 6	108/to126/6	..	109 0	106 6
Shaftsinkers—						
Dry Work ..	110/3 to 129/6	132 0	130/6 to 148/6	..	..	b
Wet Work ..	113/6 to 129/6	138 0	130/9 to 157/9	..	..	b
Shiftmen—						
Dry Work ..	108/ to 132/6	119 6	122/6 to 140/6	..	119 6	122/6 to 126/
Wet Work ..	108/ to 132/6	125 6	131/9 to 149/0	..	..	..
Shotbrers ..	129/6 to 135/6	..	122/6 & 140/6	..	119 6	..
Shovellers ..	103/to111/6	108 0	..	..	110 0	..
Skip-repairers ..	108/to112/6	108 0	..	..	..	110 0
Strikers ..	108 0	108 0	..	..	..	..
Timbermen ..	108/to125/	132 0	122/6 & 140/6	..	109 0	..
Weighmen ..	115/to118/6	120 0	..	..	..	117 0
Whealers ..	109/6 to 115/	111 6	111/6 to 132/6	..	109/6 & 115/6	106 6
Gold and Other Mining (except Coal)—						
Battery Feeders ..	84/ to 96/	78/ to 88/6	79/to100/10	..	86/ to 98/	79 0
Bracemen ..	87/ to 96/	83/ to 93/6	82/ to 106/4	61 6	95/ to 107/	82 0
Engine Drivers—						
Stationary ..	96/ to 105/6	87/6 to 110/11	82/ to 121/	69/ to 78/	99/ to 105/	84/6 to 94/6
Winding and Loco.	105/ to 117/6	97/6 to 117/11	90/ to 132/	76/ & 78/	102/ to 117/	94/6 to 101/6
Firemen ..	86/ to 101/6	81/6to98/11	79/to111/10	63/ & 69	92/ to 98/	78/6 to 82/6
Labourers ..	84/ to 90/	78/ to 88/6	77/to100/10	60/ to 63/	86/ to 101/	79 0
Miners—						
Machine ..	90/ to 99/	84/ to 106/6	83/6 to 114/7	b	99/ to 118/	88/ & 91/
Manual—						
Dry Work ..	90/ to 99/	87/ to 104/6	83/6 to 106/4	b	94/ to 113/	88/ & 89/6
Wet Work ..	96/ to 105/	93/ to 110/6	95/4 to 115/6	b	103/ to 122/	94/ & 95/6
Platmen ..	87/ to 96/	83/ to 93/6	82/ to 106/4	61 6	95/ to 107/	82 0
Shaft Sinkers—						
Dry Work ..	93/ to 99/	93/ to 106/6	83/6 to 115/6	b	101/ to 118/	94 0
Wet Work ..	99/ to 105/	98/ to 112/6	83/6 to 115/6	b	110/ to 127/	117 3
Shift Bosses ..	..	96/ to 106/6	111/10 to 125/7	84/ & 87/	..	..
Timbermen ..	91/6 to 105/	88/6 to 105/	89/ to 114/7	69/ & 78/	101/ to 118/	91/ & 97/

a Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 138. b Piece-work rates. c The hours of labour for coal miners in the Commonwealth were fixed by a special tribunal appointed under the War Precautions Act as follows:—Eight hours bank to bank inclusive of one half-hour for meal time on Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday and six hours bank to bank, inclusive of one half-hour for meal time on Saturday, Sundays and holidays. The customary number of shifts per fortnight is eleven, the collieries not working on pay Saturday. An industrial agreement registered under

[For continuation of footnote see next page.]

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP IX.—RAILWAY AND TRAMWAY TRANSPORT.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
Railways—						
Engine Drivers (Loco.)—	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
1st Class ..	133 0	135 0	120/1 to 130/2	129 6	129 3	130 6
2nd Class ..	127 0	129 0	114/7 to 124/8	126 6	121 6	124 6
3rd Class ..	121 0	123 0	108/2 to 118/3	120 6	113 3	118 6
4th Class ..	115 0	117 0	101/0 to 111/10	114 6	107 3	112 6
5th Class ..	109 0	111 0	101/0 to 111/10	..	107 3	106 6
Firemen—						
1st Class ..	103 0	105 0	95/4 to 105/5	107 0	104 6	100 6
2nd Class ..	97 0	99 0	95/4 to 105/5	102 6	95 4	94 6
3rd Class ..	91 0	93 0	89/10 to 99/11	99 6	89 5	88 6
Guards—						
1st Class ..	100/ to 106/	110/6 & 113/6	115/6 to 125/7	108 0	107 4	101/ & 104/
2nd Class ..	94/ to 100/	95/6 to 107/6	110/ to 120/1	106 6	104 4	95/ & 98/
3rd Class ..	91/ to 94/	92/6 to 98/6	99/11 to 110/	96 0	98/4 & 101/4	89/ & 92/
Porters ..	85/ to 94/	86/6 to 101/6	86/2 to 99/11	85/6 & 90/	83 4	77/ to 86/
Shunters—						
1st Class ..	107/6 to 116/6	110/6	115/6 to 125/7	102 0	92 4	89 6
2nd Class ..	98/6 to 109/	104 6	108/2 to 118/3	99 0	89 4	86 0
3rd Class ..	94 0	98/6 & 101/6	104/6 to 114/7	..	..	..
Ordinary ..	94 0	92/6 & 95/6	96/3 to 106/4	..	89 4	..
Signalmen—						
Special ..	..	116 6	109/1 to 121/	108/ & 117/	110 4	..
1st Class ..	112/ & 115/	107 6	107/3 to 117/4	105 0	101 4	88/ & 89/
2nd Class ..	109 0	101 6	102/8 to 112/9	102 0	95 4	80/ & 83/
3rd Class ..	106 0	98 6	96/3 to 106/4	96 0	89 4	..
4th Class ..	94/ to 103/	95 6	91/8 to 101/9	93 0	86 4	..
Tramways (Electric and Cable)—						
Car Washers or Cleaners ..	84 0	93 6	*92 7	89 0	83 0	88 6
Conductors—						
1st Year ..	88 0	93 6	*85/ & 88/	91/ & 93/	85/ & 92/	85 6
2nd Year ..	91 0	96 6	*85/ & 93/	93 0	92 0	88 6
3rd Year ..	94 0	99 6	*93/ & 103/	97/ & 99/	92 0	90/ to 94/6
Firemen—						
Four Fires ..	95 0	105 6	*94 0	99 0	96 0	..
Less than Four Fires ..	95 0	102 6	*94 0	..	90 0	..
Horse Drivers ..	90 0	99 6	*92 0	96 0	87 0	80 6
Labourers ..	84 0	87/6 & 93/6	*85 0	87 0	83 0	85/6 & 88/6
Lamp Trimmers ..	85 0	..	..	..	..	..
Maintenance Men ..	87 0	96 6	*92 7	90 0	87 0	91 6
Motormen or Gripmen—						
1st Year ..	94 0	93 6	*85/ & 88/	93 0	92 0	89 6
2nd Year ..	97 0	96 6	*88/ & 93/	96 0	92 0	91 6
3rd Year ..	100 0	99 6	*93/ & 103/	99/ & 100/6	92 0	94 6
Night Watchmen ..	84 0	96 3	*88 0	89/ & 90/	97 0	85 6
Overhead Wiremen—						
Leading ..	115/6 & 120/	114 0	*123 11	102 6	105 0	94 6
Other ..	105/ & 111/	106 0	*110 2	100 0	95 0	91 6
Pitmen ..	97 0	105/6 & 111/6	*93/6 & 100/10	93/ & 96/	92 0	94/6 & 100 6
Signalmen ..	100/ to 106/	102/6 & 108/6	*96/ & 100/	99/ to 105/6	..	..
Tower Wagon Drivers—						
Horse ..	90 0	99 6	*92 0	96 0	87 0	89 6
Motor ..	99 0	99 6	..	99 0	92 0	94 6
Track Cleaners ..	84 0	93 6	*85 0	90 0	87 0	88 6
Trimmers or Fuelmen ..	89 0	..	*90 0	96 0	83 0	..

^a The hours of labour for railway employees are 48 per week (in New South Wales and Victoria 96 per fortnight), except in the following cases:—Victoria—Shunters and signalmen in 1st and special class boxes, 88 hours per fortnight. Queensland and Western Australia—44 per week. South Australia—Porters and signalmen, 48 to 57 hours. Owing to the difference in the classification of grades of railway employees in the various States only minimum and maximum rates are quoted, excluding those for foremen.

the State Arbitration Act in Western Australia provides that no person shall be employed below ground in coal mines for more than seven consecutive hours in twenty-four hours, or for more than forty-two hours in any week. The wages for Victoria are those paid at the State Coal Mine, Wonthaggi. ^d The number of hours constituting a full week's work in the mining industry is as follows:—N.S.W.—Broken Hill—Underground workers, 35 hours; surface workers, 44 hours. Other Districts—Underground workers, 44 hours; surface workers, 48 hours. Victoria, W. Australia and Tasmania—Miners and others underground, 44 hours; engine-drivers and workers above ground, 48 hours. Queensland—Central Division—Miners and others underground work three shifts of 48, 44 and 40 hours each week, payment to be made as though 48 hours had been worked each week; engine-drivers and others above ground, 48 hours. Mt. Perry—Miners, &c., 40 hours. Other Districts—Miners, &c., 44 hours. South Australia—Miners and others underground, 44 hours day shift, 40 hours night shift; engine-drivers and others above ground, 48 hours.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP X.—OTHER LAND TRANSPORT.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
Carrying—Merchandise—	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Carriers—						
One Horse ..	89 6	92 6	*92 0	89 6	89 0	89 6
Two Horses ..	94 6	97 6	*97 0	94 6	94 0	94 6
Three Horses ..	98 6	101 6	*100 0	98 6	98 0	98 6
Corporation Carters—						
One Horse ..	*93 11½	92 6	*92 0	89 6	88 0	89 6
Two Horses ..	*101 5½	97 6	*97 0	94 6	93 0	94 6
Jinkers—						
One Horse ..	89 6	97 6	*99 0	97 6	97 0	97 6
Two Horses ..	94 6	105 6	*104 0	102 6	102 0	102 6
Sanitary carters ..	97/ & 102/	*98/6 to 112/6	*93 0	93/6 to 103/6	89 0	93/6 to 103/6
Stable Hands ..	80/ & 94/	90 6	*85 0	88 6	88 0	88 6
Tip Dray Drivers ..	80/ & 94/	92 6	*92 0	89 6	89 0	89 6
Motor Lorries and Wagons—						
Under 3 tons ..	91/6 to 100/6	95/6 & 100/6	*92/ to 100/	94/6 & 98/6	94/ & 98/	94/6 & 98/6
3 tons or over ..	100/6 & 104/6	105 6	*105/ & 110/	102 6	102 0	102 6
Carrying—Passenger—						
Chaufeurs ..	*91 0	90/ & 96/6	*85 0	..	..	90 0
Lift Attendants—						
Goods ..	84 0	80 0	*90 0	70/ to 80/a	80 0	..
Passenger ..	84 0	80 0	*85/ & 87/	70/ to 80/a	80 0	75/ to 80/a

GROUP XI.—SHIPPING, WHARF LABOUR, ETC.

Industry and Occupation.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Queensland.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.
Waterade Working—	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Wharf Labourers per hour	2 11	2*11	2 11	2 11	2 11	2 11
Passenger Vessels—Intra Stated—						
Cooks—						
Chief .. per month	*341/ to 411/	396 0e	396 0e	396 0e	396 0e	243/ & 396/
Second ..	271/ to 311/e	286 0e	286 0e	286 0e	286 0e	213/ & 286/
Third ..	271 0e
Ships' ..	311 0e
Pantrymen ..	317 6f	317 6f	317 6f	317 6f	317 6f	..
.. Asasant per month	287/6 to 297/6f	287/6 to 297/6f	287/6 to 297/6f	287/6 to 297/6f	287/6 to 297/6f	..
Stewards ..	*297/6 & 337/6f	297/6 & 337/6f	297/6 & 337/6f	297/6 & 337/6f	297/6 & 337/6f	195/6 & 337/6f
Passenger Vessels—Inter-stated—		<i>s. d.</i>			<i>s. d.</i>	
Bakers .. per month	Wages in Vessels of 4,000 tons Gross Register and under.	356 0e	Wages in Vessels of over 4,000 tons Gross Register.	376 0e		
Barmen ..		297 6f		297 6f		
Butchers ..		306 0e		326 0e		
Cooks—						
Chief ..		426 0e		456 0e		
Second ..		346 0e		346 0e		
Third ..		286 0e		286 0e		
Ships' ..		336 0e		336 0e		
Pantrymen ..		317 6f		317 6f		
Scullerymen ..		266 0e		266 0e		
Stewards—						
Chief Saloon ..		307 6f		307 6f		
Second ..		337 6f		337 6f		
Second Saloon ..		337 6f		337 6f		
Fore Cabin ..	317 6f	317 6f				
Bedroom ..						
and Other ..	297 6f	297 6f				

a Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139.

b 48 and 54 hours per week. c Rate of wage quoted is for other than special cargo. d Rates of wage quoted are in addition to victualling and accommodation. e Not more than 9 hours per day; in the tropics 8 hours. f Not more than 10 hours per day when at sea, 9 per day when in intermediate ports, nor 8 per day when in terminal ports.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP XI.—SHIPPING, WHARF LABOUR, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Queensland.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.
All Vessels—Interstate						
A. B. Seamen per month			s. d.			
Boatwains ..			325 0			
Donkeymen ..			385 0			
Firemen ..			365 0			
Greasers ..			365 0			
Lamp Trimmers ..			345 0			
Fuel Trimmers ..			325 0			
Marine Engineers a b—		Vessels.			Vessels.	
Chief per month		100 N.H.P. and under.			Over 100 N.H.P.	
Second ..		015/ to 065/			085/ to 1,025/	
Third ..		505/			505/ to 665/	
Fourth ..		455/			455/ to 555/	
5th, 6th, 7th, and 8th			395/ to 495/	
		Interstate			985/	
		Passenger Vessels.			Interstate	
		Lowest Class, 125 tons and under.	Highest Class, over 10,000 tons	Lowest Class, 60 tons and under.	Highest Class, over 8,000 tons.	
Merchant Service b c d—						
Masters per month		83s/	1,628/	550/	1,125/	
Officers—						
Chief ..		498/	658/	438/	598/	
Second ..		438/	505/	398/	515/	
Third	538/	..	475/	
Fourth and Fifth	398/	..	308/	

GROUP XII.—AGRICULTURAL, PASTORAL, ETC.

Industry and Occupation.	N.S.W.	Victoria.	Queensland.	S. Aust.	W. Aust.	Tasmania.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Farming—						
General Hands a d ..	25/ to 50/	25/ to 50/	25/ to 40/	30/ to 45/	35/ to 50/	30/ to 48/
Harvesters a d ..	40/ to 70/	48/ to 80/	48/ to 80/	60/ to 80/	48/ to 80/	48/ to 72/
Milkers a d ..	25/ to 40/	25/ to 50/	25/ to 35/	30/ to 40/	30/ to 50/	30/ to 45/
Ploughmen a d ..	30/ to 45/	30/ to 50/	30/ to 45/	35/ to 45/	40/ to 55/	30/ to 48/
Chaffcutters—						
Portable ..	..	91 6	..	..	52/6 to 80/d	92/6 & 95/
Stationary ..	..	91 6	..	..	52/6 to 80/d	92/6 & 95/
Threshers—						
Feeders ..	..	..	..	..	..	95 0
Machinists ..	..	..	..	..	..	92 0
Gardening /—						
Gardeners ..	80 0a	78 0	94 3	78/ to 90/a	80 0	80 8
Labourers ..	78 0a	75 0	85 0	72/ to 78/a	83 0	86 6
Nurserymen ..	86/6 & 94/a	78 0	91 0	90/ to 120/a	95 0	80 6
Labourers ..	78 0a	73 0	85 0	80/ to 86/a	83 0	86 6
Pastoral Workers /—						
Cooks d ..	88 0	88 0	122 6	88 0	88 0	88 0
Shearers .. per 100	33 0	38 0	45 0	38 0	38 0	38 0
Shed Hands d ..	75 10	75 10	102 6	75 10	75 10	75 10
Wool Pressers d ..	99 4	99 4	122 6	99 4	99 4	99 4
Rural Workers—						
Fruit Harvesters ..	36/ to 98/6	82/ to 95/	..	78/ to 95/	81/6 to 87/6	81/ & 87/

a Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139. b Rates of wages quoted are in addition to victualling and accommodation. c Minimum rates under the Commonwealth Award are classified according to nominal horse-power of vessels. d Rates of wages quoted are in addition to board and lodging provided. e Minimum rates under the Commonwealth Award are classified for interstate vessels, and for vessels within a State according to tonnage; the lowest and highest classes for interstate passenger and cargo vessels are here given. f Brisbane, Perth and Hobart rates are for employees of local authorities. g Hours in the farming industry vary considerably, and no reliable particulars can be published. h Marine Engineers—Not more than 8 hours per day in cases where one and where three or more engineers are employed, and not more than 12 hours per day where two engineers are employed, to be worked without payment for overtime. i Masters and Officers.—Ordinary length of duty in a day at sea or in port or partly at sea and partly at port shall be 8 hours; five intervals of 24 consecutive hours' leave to be allowed each master, officer or engineer each calendar month. j Not more than 8 hours per day. k Shearers' and woolpressers' hours are 44 per week; shed hands' hours are the same as shearers with such additional time as may be necessary to finish picking up fleeces, &c. Should the time engaged picking up, &c., exceed 30 minutes per day, all time thereafter must be paid as overtime. The hours of cooks are not regulated.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP XIII.—DOMESTIC, HOTELS, ETC.

NOTE.—The rates of wage specified for employees in Clubs, Hotels, and Restaurants represent the weekly cash payment where Board and Lodging are not provided.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Clubs (Residential)—						
Barmen	² a84 0	82 6	88 0	92 0	100 0a	
Billiard Markers ..	² a84 0	84 6	85 0	85 6	88 0a	² a90 0
Lift Attendants ..	² a84 0	¹ b80 0	² 85/ & 87/	85 6		
Porters—Day Work ..	² a84 0	84 6	85 0	85 6	88 0a	² a57 6
„ Night Work ..	² a84 0	84 6	85 0	85 6	93 0a	² a57 6
Cooks (Hotels and Restaurants)—						
Chefs	102/6 to 142/6	89/6 to 129/	¹ 100/ & 105/	110/6 to 135/6	105 & 113/	² a69/ to 119/6
Cooks—Second ..	91/6 to 112/6	87/6 to 108/	95 0	95/6 to 110/	91/ & 97/	² a55/6 to 96/
„ Third ..	88/ to 102/6	84/6 to 88/	95 0	95/6 to 99/	90 0	² a55/6 to 78/
Kitchenmen ..	84 0	87 6	85 0	85 6	85 0	² a61 6
Hairdressing—						
Full Hands ..	105 0	120 0				
Hairdressers ..	100 0	² 98 6	98 0	108 6	98 0	² a90 0
Hotels—						
Barmen	84 0	90 0	88 0	92 0	100 0	² a82 0
Billiard Markers ..	84 0	87 6	85 0	85 6	85 0	² a61 6
Handyman	84 0	87 6	85 0	85 6	85 0	² a51/ & 56/6
Lift Attendants ..	84 0	¹ b80 0	² 85/ & 87/	85 6		² a54/ & 61/6
Porters—Day Work ..	84 0	87 6	85 0	85 6	85 0	² a64 0
„ Night Work ..	84 0	87 6	85 0	85 6	90 0	² a61 6
Waiters—Head ..	94 0	90 0	85 0	92 6		² a78/ & 90/
„ Other	84 0	87 6	85 0	88 0	89 0	² a60/6 to 78/
Restaurants—						
Pantrymen	84/ & 86/0	84 6	87 6	85 6	84 9	² a61 6
Waiters	84/ to 89/	84 6	87 6	88/ & 89/	89 0	² a60/6 to 78/

GROUP XIV.—MISCELLANEOUS AND GENERAL LABOUR.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Bill Posting—						
Billposters	86 0	84 0	85 0	85 6	90/to 120/a	84 0
Factory Engine Driving—						
Engine Drivers (Stationary)—						
1st Class	100/ & 108/	101/ & 104/	¹ 112 0	98/ & 101/	94/ & 97/	97/6 & 100/6
2nd Class	97/ & 100/	98/ & 101/	¹ 104 0	95/ & 101/	91/ & 94/	94/6 & 97/6
3rd Class	97/ & 100/	98/ & 101/	¹ 96 0	98/ & 101/	91/ & 94/	94/6 & 97/6
Firemen—						
1st Class	94 0	98 0	94 0	95 0	88 0	91 6
2nd Class	91/ & 92/6	90/6 & 95/		87/6 & 94/	85/ & 86/6	83/6 & 90/
Greasers	91 0	90 6	94 0	89 0	85 0	88 6
Trimmers	89 6	90 6	90 0	87 6	83 6	87 0
Fuel Distribution (Coal and Coke)—						
Baggers and Loaders	89 6	¹ 110 0		88 6		84 0
Carters—						
One Horse	89 6	88 0	92 0	89 6	89 0	89 6
Two Horses	94 6	93 0	97 0	94 6	94 0	94 6
Trimmers	89 6	¹ 110 0		88 6		84 0

a Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION IV.—continued.

GROUP XIV.—MISCELLANEOUS AND GENERAL LABOUR—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Fuel Distribution (Fire-wood)—						
Carters—One Horse ..	89 6	90 0	*92 0	89 6	89 0	89 6
" Two Horses ..	94 6	95 0	*97 0	94 6	94 0	94 6
Sawyers ..	89 6	94 6	*92 7	101 0	..	90 0
Yardmen ..	89 6	93 6	..	92 0	..	84 6
Other Adults ..	89 6	88/6 & 90/6	..	94 0	..	84 0
Marine Stores—						
Bottle Washers ..	83 0	82 6	*85 0	*90 0	*95 0	..
Foremen ..	90 0	85 6	*90 0	*100 0	..	..
General Hands ..	83 0	82 6	*85 0	*90 0	*95 0	..
Municipal—						
Labourers ..	*93 11½	90 0	*85 0	85 6	83 0	86 6
Street Sweepers ..	*93 11½	95 0	*85 0	85 6	83/ & 85/	86 6
Shop & other Assistants—						
Boot Salesmen ..	98 6	*100 0	*100 0	97 0	90 0	*85/ to 100/
Chemists' Assistants ..	97/6 & 105/	110 0	*111 6	*90 0	..	110 0
Clerks ..	91 6	5a & *92/6	100 0b	*94 0	95 0c	*110 0a
Confectionery Salesmen ..	*85 0	81 6	*100 0	..	90 0	88 0
Drapery Salesmen ..	98 6	*110 0	*100 0	97 0	90 0	*85/ to 100/
Fruit Salesmen ..	*85 0	81 6	*100 0	..	..	88 0
Furniture Salesmen ..	98 6	*112 6	*100 0	91/ to 96/	90 0	107 0
Grocery Salesmen ..	93 6	/ 90 0	*100 0	95 0	90 0	88 0
Newsagents' Assistants ..	85 0	82/6 & 95/	*100 0	97 0	90 0	90 0
" Bookstall Assistants ..	85 0	82/6 & 95/	*100 0	97 0	90 0	90 0
Tobacconists' Assts. ..	89 6	95 0	*100 0	95 6	90 0	88 0
Clothing (Men's)—						
Collectors, Doormen, and Travellers ..	98 6	*115 0	..	..	94 6	..
Departmental Managers ..	106/ & 111/	*120 0	..	..	..	*105 0
Parcels Office-men ..	..	*95 0	..	..	90 0	..
Salesmen ..	98 6	*110 0	*95 0	97 0	90 0	*85/ to 100/
Hardware						
Managers—						
Branch ..	106/ & 111/	102 6	..	..	..	..
Departmental ..	106/ & 111/	107/6 to 125/	..	..	..	110 0
Salesmen—						
Junior ..	84/ & 88/6	62/6 & 75/	*85/ & 92/6	86/ & 88/6	..	60/ to 85/
Outside ..	..	102 0	..	91/ to 96/	..	95 0
Senior ..	98 6	100 0	*100 0	91/ to 96/	90 0	90 0
Storemen — Packing, Cleaning, &c.—						
Night Watchmen ..	*887/ & 89/6	*96/3 & 112/0	*88 0	*92 0	..	*60/ to 84/a
Office Cleaners ..	87/ to 92/	*86 3	*85/ & 87/	..	85 0	*75 0
Packers—General ..	d87/6 to 92/	89 0	*90 0	88 6	90 0	81 6
Storemen—General ..	d86/ to 89/	89 0	*90 0	88 0	90 0	81 6
Wholesale Grocery—						
Packers—Head ..	91/ to 112/6	95/ to 105/6	*95/ to 120/	102 6	90 0	87/6 & 94/
" Other ..	87 6	90 0	*90 0	88 6	90 0	80 0
Storemen—Head ..	91/ to 112/6	97/6 to 113/6	*95/ to 120/	102 6	92 0	87/6 & 94/
" Other ..	86 0	90/ & 97/6	*90 0	88 6	90 0	80 0
Wholesale Hardware—						
Packers ..	90 0	90 0	*90 0	85 0	90 0	80 0
Storemen ..	87 0	90 0	*90 0	85 0	90 0	80 0
Surveying—						
Surveyors' Cooks (for 7 days) ..	80 6	*80 0a	*88 0	*112 9a	93 4a	..
" Foremen ..	93 0	93 0a	..	..	*98 0a	..
" Labourers ..	87 0	84 0a	*88 0	91 6a	*92 0a	..

a Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139. b In retail shops same hours as other employees. c 38 hours except in special circumstances. d 47½, 47¼, and 48 hours. e From Retail Grocers Determination.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

Section V.

Minimum Rates of Wage for Adult Female Workers in the Main Occupations in the Capital City of Each State for a Full Week's Work at 31st December, 1925.

(See Explanatory Note at top of page 139.)

GROUP III.—FOOD, DRINK, TOBACCO, ETC.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney	Melbourne	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Biscuit Making—						
Adult Females ..	44 0	44 0	43 0	30 6	45 0	45 0
Butter Making—						
Adult Females ..	..	51 0	43 0	44 0	..	40/ & 54/
Cheese Making—						
Adult Females ..	..	51 0	43 0	..	..	..
Confectionery—						
Chocolate Dippers ..	42 0c	50 0	43 0	40 0	..	50 0a
Other Adults ..	42 6c	50 0	43 0	40 0	b	50 0a
Jam Making and Pre-						
 serving—						
Fillers ..	51 6	51 6	48 6	51 6	45 0	51 6
Other Adults ..	45 6	45 6	43 0	45 0	45 0	45 6
Pastry Cooks—						
Adult Females ..	44/ to 65/9	42 0	41 0	..	..	..
Tea Packing—						
Head Women ..	44 6	55 0	44/0 to 54/	..	..	..
Other Adults ..	44 6	47 0	41 0	44 6	45 0	..
Tobacco Working						
(Cigars)—						
Ringers ..	41 0	24 0	..	b	..	..
Wrapper Leaf Strippers	41 0	50/ & 55/	..	b	..	..

GROUP IV.—CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, ETC.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Bootmaking—						
Machinists — Wax	..	..	..	..	..	..
Thread ..	54 0	55 0	46 0	55 0	..	55 0
Other Adults ..	46 0	46 0	46 0	46 0	46 0	46 0
Dressmaking—						
Adult Females ..	46/ to 67/	46/ to 67/	46/ to 67/	46/ to 67/	48/6 & 50/6	46/ to 67/
Dyers and Cleaners—						
Adult Females ..	46/ to 53/6d	46/ to 53/6	..	46/ to 53/6	55 0	46/ to 53/0
Hat Making (Straw)—						
Finishers ..	40 0	49 0	40 0	..	..	..
Machinists ..	49 0	49 0	49 0	..	..	..
Millinery—						
Adult Females ..	46/ & 49/	46/ & 49/	46/ & 49/	46/ & 49/	46 6	46/ & 49/
Shirt Making—						
Adult Females ..	46/ to 56/	46/ to 56/	46/ to 56/	46/ to 56/	48/6 & 50/6	46/ to 56/
Tailoring (Order)—						
Machinists—						
Coat Hands ..	56 0	56 0	56 0	56 0	62 6	56 0
Trousers, Vest Hds. ..	51 0	51 0	51 0	51 0	62 6	51 0
Tailoresses—						
Coat Hands ..	56 0	56 0	56 0	56 0	62 6	56 0
Trousers, Vest Hds. ..	51 0	51 0	51 0	51 0	53 1	51 0

a Fulling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139. b Piece rates. c 46 and 48 hours per week. d Six day week 48 hours; 5 day week 46½ hours.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION V.—continued.

GROUP IV.—CLOTHING, HATS, BOOTS, ETC.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide	Perth	Hobart.
Tailoring (Ready-made)—	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Machinists—						
Coat Hands ..	*51 0	*51 0	*51 0	*51 0	*40 6	*51 0
Trousers, Vest Hds.	*49 0	*49 0	*49 0	*49 0	*48 0	*49 0
Tailoresses—						
Coat Hands ..	*51 0	*51 0	*51 0	*51 0	*40 6	*51 0
Trousers, Vest Hds.	*47 6	*47 6	*47 6	*47 6	*46 0	*47 6
Textile Working (Woollen Mills)—						
Comb Minders ..	45 0	42 0	*43 0	..	..	43 0
Drawers and Menders	49/9 & 54/9	42 0	*43 0	..	..	42 0
Gillbox Minders ..	45 9	42 0	*43 0	..	..	41 0
Warpers ..	49/9 & 54/9	45 6	*43 0	42 0a	..	43 0
Weavers—Loom ..	54 9	46 0	*43 0	55 0a	..	40 4
Other Adults ..	45 9	42 0	*43 0	42/6 to 45/6a	..	40 0
Underclothing—						
Adult Females ..	*46/ to 56/	*46/ to 56/	*40/ to 56/	*46/ to 56/	*48/6 & 50/6	*46/ to 56/

GROUPS I., II., V., AND VI.—PRINTING AND OTHER MANUFACTURING.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>	<i>s. d.</i>
Bedding and Furniture—						
Bedding Machinists ..	*44 0	*52 0	*45 10	49 6	50 0	51/6 & 57/6
Mattress (Wire)Workers	..	*64 0	..	..	50 0	61 6
Picture Frame Workers	*48 6	*53 6	..	..	50 0	..
Bookbinding—						
Folders ..	*54 6	54 6	*45 3	54 6	*51 0	*54 6
Sewers ..	*54 6	54 6	*50 6	54 6	*51 0	*54 6
Brush Making—						
Bass Broom Drawers	*48 6	..	*45 0	41 0	<i>d</i>	..
Bench Drawers ..	*48 6	44 0	*45 0	41 0	<i>d</i>	..
Machinists—Treadle	..	..	..	..	..	..
Knot ..	*48 6	44 0	*45 0	41 0	<i>d</i>	..
Candle Making—						
Adult Females ..	41 6	46 9	*43 0	46 0	..	36 0
Cardboard Box Making—						
Box Makers ..	51/6 to 56/6	51/6 to 56/6	*45 0	51/6 to 56/6	*47 6	51/6 to 56/6
Other Adults ..	46/6 to 50/6	40/6 to 50/6	*46 0	40/6 to 50/6	*47 6	40/6 to 50/6
Jewellery—						
Chainmakers ..	51/ & 56/	60 0	*65 0	..	..	..
Enamel Fillers ..	41 6	47 6	*55 0	..	..	..
Gilders ..	51 0	67 6	*55 0	55 0b	..	..
Polishers ..	51 0	70 0	*55 0	55 0b	53 0	..
Scratch Brushers	51 0	47 6	*55 0	55 0b	..	..
Workers N.E.I. ..	56 0	90 0	*55 0	..	..	..
Leather Small Goods—						
Hand Stitchers ..	*53 0	*53 0	*52 0	50 0	*52 0	*53 0
Other Adults ..	*53 0	*53 0	*52 0	50 0	*52 0	*53 0
Paper Making—						
Adult Females ..	41 6	45 3	..	..	..	..
Paper Bag Making—						
Adult Females ..	*46/6 to 51/6	46/6 to 51/6	*45 0	46/6 to 51/6	*51 0	46/6 to 51/6
Polish Making—						
Adult Females ..	*42 0a	45 9	..	45 0	..	..
Portmanteau Making—						
Adult Females ..	*53 0	*53 0	*52 0	50 0	*52 0	*53 0
Potteries—						
Adult Females ..	41 6	43 0	*48 0	..	..	..

a Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139. *b* Hours of labour per week: 48 (daylight), 45 (artificial light). *c* Sydney rates with deductions for holidays. *d* Piecework.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

SECTION V.—continued.

GROUPS I., II., V., AND VI.—PRINTING AND OTHER MANUFACTURING—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Printing—						
Jobbing Office Assistants ..	54 6	54 6	45 3	54 6	51 0	54 6
Lithographing Feeders ..	53 6	53 6	45 3	53 6	51 0	53 6
Rubber Working—						
Adult Females ..	47 8½	47 4b	..	..	..	..
Saddlery and Harness Making—						
Adult Females ..	52 3	53 0	52 0	50 0	52 0	53 0
Sail Making—						
Adult Females ..	46/6 & 50/	53 0	45/ & 50/	45 0	45 0	..
Soap Making—						
Adult Females ..	41 0	45 9	43 0	45 9	..	35 0
Tent and Tarpaulin Making						
Machinists ..	46/6 & 50/	53 0	45/ & 50/	45 0	45 0	..
Wickerworking—						
Adult Females ..	46 0	..	..	55 0	50 0	51 6

GROUP XIII.—DOMESTIC, HOTELS, ETC.

NOTE.—The rates of wage mentioned herein for employees in Hotels and Restaurants represent the weekly cash payment where Board and Lodging are not provided.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Hotels—						
Barmaids ..	55 6	66 6	73 0	80 0	100 0	61/6
Housemaids ..	49 6	54 0	43 0	56 0	62 3	47/ to 51
Laundresses ..	55 0	57 0	48 0	61 0	62 3	54 0
Waitresses—Head ..	50 6	57 0	43 0	61 0	..	60/6 & 66/6
Other ..	50 6	54 0	43 0	50 0	62 3	47/ to 54/6
Laundries—						
General Hands ..	42 6	28/ to 45/a	44 0	42 6	54 0	24 0
Machinists—						
Shirt and Collar ..	42/6 & 46/6	45/ to 52/6a	44 0	46 6	60 0	24/ & 30/
Sorters ..	42/6 & 46/6	40/ to 50/0a	44 0	46 6	54 0	24 0
Starchers ..	42 6	30/ to 37/6a	44 0	42 6	54 0	24 0
Washers ..	42/6 & 51/6	40/a	44 0	42 6	60 0	36 0
Office Cleaning—						
Adult Females ..	43/6 to 54/6	67 10	58/ & 60/	35 0	1 6c	..
Restaurants—						
Pantry Maids ..	50 0	51 0	44 0	43 6	57 6	48 0
Waitresses ..	50/ & 53/	51 0	44 0	50/ & 55/	59 6	47/ to 54/6

GROUP XIV.—SHOP ASSISTANTS, CLERKS, ETC.

Industry and Occupation.	Sydney.	Melbourne.	Brisbane.	Adelaide.	Perth.	Hobart.
	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.	s. d.
Clerks, &c.—						
Cashiers ..	49 9	5a & 55b/	73 0d	56 0	60 0e	60 0
Clerical Assistants ..	49 9	5a & 55b/	73 0d	56 0	..	60 0
Saleswomen—						
Boot ..	53 6	50 0	58 6	44 0	51/6 & 56/6	50 0
Drapery ..	53 6	50 0	58 6	44 0	51/6 & 60/	50 0
Fruit and Confectionery ..	45 0	45 0	58 6	..	51 6	55 0
Newsagent and Book-stall ..	50 0	45/ & 50/	58 6	44 0	49 6	60 0
Tobacconists ..	55 6	85 0	58 6	51 6	49 6	55 0

a Ruling or predominant rates, see note at top of page 139. b 46½ and 48 hours. c Per hour, with minimum of 25 hours per week. d In retail shops same hours as other employees. e 38 hours, except in special circumstances.

NOTE.—The numerical prefixes in small type refer to the fact that the number of working hours constituting a full week's work is other than 48. For reference to these prefixes see footnote to table on page 139.

APPENDIX.

Section VI.

Rates of Wage and Hours of Labour—Australia, New Zealand and Canada.

Industry and Occupation.	AUSTRALIA (SYDNEY).						NEW ZEALAND (AUCKLAND).						CANADA (MONTREAL).					
	July, 1914.		Dec., 1924.		Dec., 1925.		March, 1914.		Dec., 1924.		Dec., 1925.		Sept., 1914.		Dec., 1924.		Dec. 1925.	
	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.
Furniture—	<i>s d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s d</i>		<i>s d</i>		<i>s d</i>		<i>s d</i>		<i>s d</i>		<i>s d</i>		<i>s d</i>	
Cabinet Makers	60 0	48	102 0	48	102 0	48	60 8½	47	95 4	44	95 4	44	84 0	60	115 6	50	113 5	50
Wood Carvers	60 0	48	102 0	48	102 0	48	58 9	47	95 4	44	95 4	44	96 0	60	105 0	55	103 1	55
Machinists	60 0	48	102 0	48	102 0	48	60 8½	47	95 4	44	95 4	44	72 0	60	105 0	55	103 1	55
Sawmilling—																		
Machinists, Planing	63 0	48	102 6	44	105 6	44	57 0	47	92 0	47	100 7½	40c	60 0	55	100 10	44	99 0	44
„ Shaping	69 0	48	105 6	44	108 6	44	45 0	47	92 0	47	100 7½	46c	68 2	55	100 10	44	99 0	44
Sawyers, Band or Jig	68 0	48	102 6	44	105 6	44	54 0	47	98 0	47	102 0	47	68 2	55	117 8	55	115 6	55
„ Circular	54 0	48	94 6	44	97 6	44	48 0	47	98 0	47	102 0	47	61 7	55	121 10	60	119 7	60
„ to	86 0		102 6		105 6													
Brassworking—																		
Moulders	68 0	48	103 6	48	105 6	48	64 7½	47	95 4	44	95 4	44	70 2	54	147 1	48	144 4	48
„ and	72 0		107 6		109 6										161 4		158 4	
Moulding (iron)—																		
Moulders	68 0	48	103 6	48	105 6	48	64 7½	47	95 4	44	95 4	44	78 0	60	130 3	48	99 0	40
„ and	72 0		113 6		115 6										142 10		146 5	50
Sheet Metal Working—																		
Tinsmiths	60 0	48	96 6	48	98 6	48	62 8	47	95 4	44	95 4	44	58 10	54	117 8	44	115 6	44
„ to															to 59		to 59	

(c) Wellington.

SECTION VI.—continued.

Rates of Wage and Hours of Labour—Australia, New Zealand and Canada.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	AUSTRALIA (SYDNEY).						NEW ZEALAND (AUCKLAND).						CANADA (MONTREAL).					
	July, 1914.		Dec. 1924.		Dec. 1925.		March, 1914.		Dec., 1924.		Dec., 1925.		Sept., 1914.		Dec. 1924.		Dec., 1925.	
	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.
Milling (Flour)—	<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>		<i>s. d.</i>	
Millers (Shift) <i>a</i>	63 0	48	100 6	44	103 6	44	48 0	48	91 0	44	91 0	44	78 0	60	126 1	60	123 9	60
	and		to		to										to		to	
	70 0		109 6	46	112 6										159 8		156 8	
Packermen	51 0	48	90 6	44	93 6	44	48 0	48	87 0	44	87 0	44	60 0	60	113 5	60	111 4	60
			and 40															
Bootmaking—																		
Bootmakers	60 0	48	96 0	44	96 0	44	52 6	45	84 4	44	c	c	93 0	55	126 1	48	123 9	48
															to		to	
															168 1		164 11	
Tailoring (Ready made)—																		
Cutters	65 0	48	100 0	46½	100 0	46½	52 0	45	84 0	44	84 0	44	72 0	49	151 3	44	148 5	44
			and		and										to		to	
			48		48		80 0								80 0		80 0	
Pressers (Coat)	60 0	48	102 6	44	101 6	44	55 0	45	84 0	44	84 0	44	60 0	49	151 3	44	148 5	44
															to		to	
															80 0		80 0	
Trimmers	65 0	48	100 0	46½	100 0	46½	52 0	45	81 10	44	84 0	44	60 0	49	176 6	48	173 2	48
			and		and										to		to	
			48		48		60 0								126 1		123 9	
															159 8		156 8	
Textile Working (Woolen Mills) (b)—																		
Carders	48 0	48	83 0	48	85 0	48	52 0	48	85 9	45	85 9	45	29 7	55	103 0	47½	90 9	47½
Dyehousemen	48 0	48	83 6	48	85 6	48	52 0	48	85 9	45	85 9	45	33 5	55	92 5	47½	76 4	47½
Spinners	48 0	48	82 6	48	84 6	48	52 0	48	85 9	45	85 9	45	49 7	56	126 1	47½	103 1	47½
Warpers	48 0	48	83 0	48	85 0	48	56 0	48	85 9	45	85 9	45	38 5	55	126 1	47½	103 1	47½
Bookbinding—																		
Bookbinders (Journeymen)	65 0	48	95 0	48	95 0	48	65 0	48	93 3	45	102 6	45	72 0	48	142 10	48	148 5	48
Paper Bulers	65 0	48	95 0	48	95 0	48	65 0	48	93 3	45	102 6	45	80 0	48	151 5	48	148 5	48
	to		to		to													
	77 6		107 6		107 6													

(a) New Zealand—Kilmen.

(b) Canada—Toronto, 1924 and 1925.

(c) Not available.

SECTION VI.—continued.

Rates of Wage and Hours of Labour—Australia, New Zealand and Canada.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	AUSTRALIA (SYDNEY).						NEW ZEALAND (AUCKLAND).						CANADA (MONTREAL).																	
	July, 1914.		Dec., 1924.		Dec., 1925.		March, 1914.		Dec., 1924.		Dec., 1925.		Sept., 1914.		Dec., 1924.		Dec., 1925.													
	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.												
Printing (Daily Newspapers)—	s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.		s. d.													
Compositors (Day work) ..	88	0	48	114	0	44	114	0	44	65	0	48	a	a	a	a	88	0	48											
Readers ..	80	0	48	119	0	44	119	0	44	65	0	48	a	a	a	a	78	0	48											
Printing (Jobbing Offices)—																														
Compositors ..	65	0	48	102	0	44	110	0	44	65	0	48	102	0	45	a	a	a	74	0	48									
Lino-type Operators ..	80	0	48	108	2	44	123	0	44	74	0	48	a	a	a	a	92	0	48	a	a	a								
Building—																														
Bricklayers ..	78	0	48	113	1	46	113	1	46	70	6	47	99	3	44	99	3	44	118	10	54	184	10	44	181	5	44			
Carpenters ..	72	0	48	121	0	44	121	0	44	64	7½	47	97	2	44	97	2	44	97	2	44	97	2	54	210	1	50	206	2	50
Labourers—Carpenters ..	60	6	44	95	4	44	99	11	44	51	4	47	80	8	44	80	8	44	64	10	54	189	1	60	185	7	60			
Concrete Workers ..	60	6	44	95	4	44	99	11	44	54	10	47	80	8	44	80	8	44	64	10	54	84	0	50	82	6	50			
Earth Excavators ..	60	6	44	95	4	44	99	11	44	54	10	47	80	8	44	80	8	44	64	10	54	100	1	60	99	0	60			
Painters ..	64	0	48	102	8	44	108	2	44	60	6	44	95	4	44	95	4	44	86	5	54	84	0	50	82	6	50			
Paperhangers ..	64	0	48	102	8	44	108	2	44	60	6	44	75	5	44	a	a	a	86	5	54	100	1	60	99	0	60			
Plasterers ..	78	0	48	108	4	46	108	4	46	66	0	44	96	6	44	96	6	44	105	7	48	110	11	44	122	6	44			
Plumbers ..	72	0	48	106	10	46	116	11	46	62	4	44	96	3	44	95	4	44	91	10	54	147	1	50	131	11	49½			
										66	0											147	1	50	131	11	49½			
										and												184	10	44	181	5	44			
																						129	5	44	127	0	44			
																						to	to	to	to	to	to			
																						168	1	50	152	7	49½			

(a) Not available.

SECTION VI.—continued.

Rates of Wage and Hours of Labour—Australia, New Zealand and Canada.—continued.

Industry and Occupation.	AUSTRALIA (SYDNEY).						NEW ZEALAND (AUCKLAND).						CANADA (MONTREAL).																				
	July, 1914.		Dec., 1924.		Dec., 1925.		March, 1914.		Dec., 1924.		Dec., 1925.		Sept., 1914.		Dec., 1924.		Dec., 1925.																
	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.	Rates of Wage.	Hours of Labour.															
	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>	<i>s.</i>	<i>d.</i>															
Tramways—																																	
Conductors—																																	
1st year	48	0	48	84	6	48	88	0	48				52	10	60	86	2	50	105	2	60												
2nd year	51	0	48	37	6	48	91	0	48	42	0	48	88	0	48	92	0	48	52	10	60	88	3	50	116	3	60						
3rd year	54	0	48	90	6	48	94	0	48	48	0		55	2	60	90	4	50	105	1	50	126	2	60									
Motormen—																																	
1st year	54	0	48	90	6	48	94	0	48	48	0		52	10	60	86	2	50	105	2	60	88	3	50	116	3	60						
2nd year	57	0	48	93	6	48	97	0	48	48	0	48	92	0	48	96	0	48	52	10	60	90	4	50	116	3	60						
3rd year	60	0	48	96	6	48	100	0	48	54	0		55	2	60	94	6	50	105	1	50	126	3	60									
Carrying (Merchandise)—																																	
Carters (1 horse) ..	50	0	50½	87	6	48	89	6	48	48	0	48	84	0	48	84	0	48	84	0	54	75	8	60	70	2	57	to	to	to	to	to	to
Factory Engine-driving—																																	
Engine Drivers, 1st Class ..	66	0	48	96	0	48	100	0	48	60	0	48	96	6	48	a	a		78	0	60	105	0	55	103	1	55	to	to	to	to	to	to
and				99	0		103	0														126	1	70	123	9	70						
Municipal—																																	
Labourers	57	0	48	94	0	48	93	11½	48	50	11	to	47	81	1½	48	88	1	47	48	7	54	94	6	60	92	9	60					
Street Sweepers	49	6	48	94	0	48	93	11½	48	58	9										48	7	54	94	6	60	92	9	60				
and	54	0																															

(a) Not available.

