## SECTION IN.-GURRENT RATES OF WAGE AND HOURS OF LABOUR.

1. General.-The collection of material respecting the current rate of wage payable in different eallings and in occupations in various industries carried on in each State of the Commonwealth was first undertaken by this Bureau in the early part of the year 1913. The inquiry, which was confined to the rate of wage payable to adult workers only,* was further limited in a degree to those industries in operation within the metropolitan area of the capital town in each State. $\dagger$ The particulars acquired were obtained primarily from awards, determinations, and industrial agreements under Commonwealth and State Acts, and related to the minimum wage preseribed. In cases where no award, determination or agreement was in force, the ruling union or predominant rate of wage being paid was ascertained from employers and secretaries of trade unions. For convenience of comparison, weokly rates of wage were adopted, though in many instances they were actually based on daily or hourly rates, as specified in awards, determinations, or agreements. $\ddagger$.

The information thus obtained referred to the weekly rate of wage in upwards of 400 industries, and related to 1569 male occupations or callings. These particulars furnished the necessary data for the computation of average rates of wage in various industrial groups,§ and in each State and all States. The average rate of wage thus computed represented the arithmetic average $\|$ of the rate of wage payable in all classified occupations. It was not claimed that results obtained by this method are precisely correct, but owing to the difficulty in obtaining any satisfactory data as to the number of persons engaged in each of the occupations for which rates of wage had been obtained, no detailed system of weights could be applied. Tl For final results for each State and for each industrial group throughout the States, however, a careful systom of weighting was adopted. For example, in computing the

\footnotetext{

* Thls limitation was necesary owing to the dificulty of ascertaining reliable partsoulars of the numbers of apprentlces, improvers and other juvenile workers, to whom progressive rates of wage, fixed or otherwiee, according to increaeing age or experience, are payable from year to year.
tin order to make the inquiry a comprehensive one, it was necegeary to include certaln induatries which obviously are not carrled on ta the capital towne, e.g., Mining, Shipping, Agricultural, and Pastoral.
$\ddagger$ Thie precaution wae necessary, in view of the fact that itis often in those indusitrles and occupatone in which employment is of an exceptionally casual or intermittent nature that wages are axed and paid at a daily or hourly rate. Hence the average weekly earningsin such occupations will probably fall coneiderably short of the computed weekiy ratee.
\$ The following industrisl classitication of finduatries was adopted :-
Classification of Industries and Occupations.

| 1. | Wood, Furniture, Sawmill, Timberworks, \&c. | VIII. | Mining, de. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| II. | Engineering, Metal Works, \%c. | 18. | Railway and Tramway Servicea. |
|  | Food, Drink, and Tobacco, \&e., Mantfacture and Distribution. | X. | Other Land Transport. |
| IV. | Clothing, Hats, Boots, Textiles, | XI. | Shipping, Whart Labouf, do. |
| v. | ooks, Printing, Bookbinding, sc. |  |  |
| VI. | Other Manufacturing. |  | storal, Agricultural, Rural, Horticultural, sce. |
|  |  | XIV | Domesta, Hoc |
| 1. | Building. | XIV. | Miecellantous. |

II The summation of the weekly rate of wage divided by the number of occupstions included.
7 Though a great deal of information as to the number of persons engaged in different industries and occupations was a vailable from the Censas (1911) results, twas found impracticable to bring the claselfication' of these resulte into line with the detalled classification of occupations in the various industries, as aet out in the awarde, determinations, ete.
result for any State in any year, the computed average wage in each industrial group was multiplied by a number (weight) representing the relative number of all male workers engaged in that group of industries in the particular State. The sum of the products thus obtained, divided by the sum of the weights, represents the relative aggregate average wage for that State for the particular year.*

The whole question of weighting was referred to in some detail in Report No. 1 (Prices, Price Indexes and Cost of Living) of the Labour and Industrial Branch of this Bureau. With the necessary verbal modifications, many of the statements there made and the problems there considered in regard to the subject of prices, etc., refer equally to the question of weighting in other investigations, such as the present.

The results thus ascertained for the year 1913 were published in Labour Report No. 2, pp. 28-43. - In the early part of the year 1914 the scope of the inquiry was considerably extended, and particulars of the weekly rates of wage in 930 specifiod industries and 4256 adult occupations ( 3948 male, and 308 female) $\dagger$ were included, and results obtained thereby to the 30th April, 1914, were published in Labour Report No. 5, pp. 44-50. These results were further analysed, and the number of working hours which constituted a full week's work in each occupation was averaged and weighted in a similar manner to the rates of wage. This course was adopted in order to overcome the difficulty of making comparisons of the rates of wage in any specified occupation, owing, in many instances, to a different number of working houra constituting a full week's work in separate States. By dividing the weighted average number of working hours into the weighted average weekly rate of wage, what for some purposes may be considered a more adequato

- The weights used in the computation of the average wrge in mate occupations were as follow:-

Current Rates of Wage for Adult Male Occupations. Weights used for each Industrial Group.

| Particnlara. | I. | II. | III. | IV. | V. | VI. | VII. | VIIK. | IX. | N. | XI. | NII. | XIII | IIV |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N.S.W. | 138 | 228 | 199 | 84 | 65 | 189 | 259 | 343 | 187 | 74 | 137 | 704 | 134 | 00\% |
| Victoria . ${ }^{\text {, }}$ | 118 | 185 | 160 | 95 | 58 | 141 | 100 | 157 | 136 | 54 | 65 | 455 | 95 | 734 |
| Quenskend | 67 | 82 | 108 | 23 | 20 | 84 | 70 | 193 | 73 | 22 | 45 | 352 | 45 | 302 |
| S. Australis | 24 | 71 | 45 | 16 | 13 | 40 | 68 | 29 | 48 | 17 | 44 | 182 | 24 | 223 |
| W. Australia | . 65 | 38 | 32 | 7 | 8 | 10 | - 32 | 142 | 40 | 9 | 32 | 118 | 31 | 168 |
| Tasmania | 25 | 14 | 17 | 6 | 5 | 7 | 20 | 49 | 10 | $\theta$ | 12 | 104 | 10 | 80 |
| C'woalth | 435 | 600 | 561 | 231 | 109 | 400 | 632 | 853 | 494 | 182 | 335 | 1,915 | 339 | 2,390 |

$\dagger$ The weights used in the computation of the average wage in female occupations were as follow:-
Corrent Rates of Wage for Adult Female Occupations. Weights used ior each Industrial Group.

| Partioulars |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { IIL. } \\ \text { Frink, etc. } \end{gathered}$ | IV. <br> Clothing, <br> Boota, etc. | I. II. V. VI. Other Manufactures Combined. | XIII. <br> Domertic, Hotels, eto. | XIV. <br> Miscellaneout Shop Assiatanta, Clerkg, etc. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New South Wales | $\cdots$ | 23 | - 228 | 44 | 104 | 124 |
| Vietoria . |  | 28 | 320 | 57 | 80 | 111 |
| Queengiand .. | $\cdots$ | 5 | 80 | 8 | 47 | 40 |
| South Australia | . | 3 | 56 | 7 | 22 | 52 |
| Western Australion | $\cdots$ | 1 | 29 |  | 29 | . . |
| Tasmania . | . | 1 | 18 | 2 | 8 |  |
| Commonwosith | $\cdots$ | 01 | 731 | 118 | 290 | 307 |

standard of comparison was ascertained. Results obtained from these computations were given for each industrial group for each State.

Since the 30th April, 1914, the number of occupations included in comparative computations has been kept constant, but the particulars of wages contained in Appendixes IV. and V. to this Report include those for many additional occupations. In most instances these have been taken from awards or determinations made subsequent to that date by industrial tribunals or from agreements registered under Commonwealth or State Acts, or as a result of direct inquiry.
2. Weekly Rates of Wage and Wage Index-Numbers in States and in Classified Industries, 31st December, 1921.-The particulars given in the Appendixes referred to above furnish the necessary data for the computation of relative rates of wage in the different States and classified industrial groups at the 31st December, 1921.
(i.) Weighted Average Nominal Weekly Rate of Wage Payable to Adult Male Workers in each State, 31st December, 1921.-The following table shews the weighted average nominal weekly rate of wage payable at the 3lst December, 1921, to adult male workers for a full week's work in each State and the Commonwealth. These results are based on the rates of wage in a large number of important industries, and serve to indicate with a considerable degree of precision the relative conditions in tho several States. For the purposes of comparison as between States it should, however, be observed that the lists of occupations to which the rates of wage refer are not by any means uniform, neither do they necessarily include all industries carried on in each State. An examina. tion of the Appendixes, however, will shew that the rates of wage for all occupations and callings which are common to all States are included. Any conclusions drawn from the tables must be subject to these qualifications. Taking the weighted average rate of wage for the six States as base ( $=1000$ ), index-numbers for each State are also shewn.
Weighted Average Nominal Weekly Rate of Wage payable to Adult Male Workors for a Full Week's Work, and Wage Inder-Numbers in each State and Commonwealth, 31st December, 1921.

| Particulars. | N.S.W. | Vic. | Q'land. | S.A | W.A. | Tas. | C'with. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of 00 . cupstions in. oluded | 874 | 909 | 627 | 567 | 489 | 482 | 3,948 |
| Weighted Average Weekly Rate of Wage | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { A. } & \text { d. } \\ 95 & 10\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rr} \text { s. } & \text { d. } \\ 93 & 7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rr} \text { s. } & \text { d. } \\ 96 & 8 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{89}^{\text {f. }}$ d. | 9. ${ }_{\text {9 }}$ d. | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { 5. } & \text { d. } \\ 91 & 8\end{array}$ | $\underset{94}{\text { m. }} \quad \stackrel{\text { d. }}{\mathfrak{6}^{*}}$ |
| Index-Numbers | 1,014 | 990 | 1,023 | 940 | 1,005 | 970 | 1,000* |

* Wetghted average.

The results shew that the weightel average nominal weekly rate of wage was highest in Queensland, followed in the order named by New South Wales, Western Australia, Victoria, Tasmania, and South Australia.
(ii.) The following table gives particulars in regard to the weighted average nominal weekly rate of wage at the 31st December, 1921, for adult male workers in each of the several industrial groups and to the weighted average for all groups combined. In computing the indexnumber for each industrial group, the weighted average rate of wage for all groups is taken as base $(=1000)$.

## Weighted Average Nominal Weekly Rate of Wage payable to Adult Male Worsers for a full Week's Work, and Wage Index-Numbers in each Industrial Group, 31st December, 1921.

| Industrial Groups. | No, of Rates Included. | Weighted Aver. Weekly Rate of Wage (for Ful! Week's Work). | Index-Nurabers |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I. Wood, F'urniture, | 270 | $\begin{array}{ll}\text { s. } \\ 98 & \text { d, } \\ \text { c }\end{array}$ | 1,039 |
| II. Engineering, Metal Works, etc. .. | 636 | 98 9 | 1,039 $1,0: 59$ |
| III. Food, Drink, etc. . . | 576 | 9310 | 993 |
| IV. Clothing, Boots, etc. | 124 | 933 | 986 |
| V. Books, Printing, etc. | 205 | 1047 | 1,106 |
| VI. Other Manufacturing .. | 875 | 950 | 1,005 |
| YII. Building .. .. .. | 190 | 102 | 1,084 |
| VIII. Mining . . | 161 | 1054 | 1,115 |
| IX. Rail t'Tram Sorvices | 224 | 975 | 1,031 |
| X. Other Land Transport, . | 70 | $90 \quad 2$ | 9.54 |
| X[: Shipping, etc. .. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 198 | 101 8* | 1,07i |
| X1I. Pastoral, Agricultural, etc. | 72 | 89 0t | 941 |
| XIIL. Domestic, Hotels, etc. | 114 | 84 2ף | 890 |
| X1V. Miscellaneous | 233 | 9 l | 964 |
| All Groups .. .. | 3.948 | 94 | 1,000§ |

* Including the value ot victualling and accommudation where supplied. $\uparrow$ tncluding the value of Roard and Lodging where supplied. Situriding the value of Joard nid Lodglug where gupplied as follows :-In Sydney, 109. 74 to 23s. (accordug to class of estriblishment); in Melboutne, 203. in Rrisbane, 15s. and 17s, ; in Adelaide, 22s. (Restaurants), and 25s. (Hotels and Clubs) ; in Perth, 24 s ed.. ; and in Hobart, 259 , per week. S Weighted average.

It may be seen from the above table that the highest weighted average nominal weekly wage at the end of the year 1921 was paid to omployees in the Mining industry (Group VIII.), 105s. 4d. per wook, followod by Group V. (Books, Printing, etc.), 104s. 7d., and Group VII. (Building), 102s. 5 d . The lowest weighted average nominal weekly wage was that paid to persons ongaged in Hotels, Restaurants, etc. (Group XTII.), 84s. 2d. Tho average wage paid in the Mining industry (Group VIII.) was 11.5 per cent. higher, while the a verage in Group XIII. (Domestic, Hotels, etc.) was 11 per cent. lower than the average wago for all groups.
(iii.) The following table shews the weighted average nominal weekly rate of wage payable at 31 st December, 1921, to adult female workers for a full week's work in each State and the Commonwealth. Taking the weighted average rate of wage for the whole Commonwealth as base ( $=1000$ ), index-numbers for each State are given :-

Weighted Average Nominal Weakly Rate of Wage payable to Adult Female Workers for a Full Week's Work, and Wage Index-Numbers in each State and Commonwealth, 31st December, 1821.

| Particuiara. | N.S.W. | Vic. | Q'land. | S.A. | W.A. | Tas. | C'wlth. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of Occupations incladed | 85 | 87 | 37 | 47. | 24 | 28 | 308 |
| Weighted Averrage Weetly Rate of Wage | $\begin{array}{rr} \text { e. } & \text { d. } \\ 49 & 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} 8 . & d . \\ 47 & 10 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rr} \text { s. } & \text { d. } \\ 50 & 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{rr} \text { s. } & \text { d. } \\ 45 & 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} \text { s. } & \text { d. } \\ 56 & 4 \end{array}$ | 6. ${ }_{47}$ d. | $\begin{array}{cc} 88 & d^{*} \\ 48 \end{array}$ |
| Index-Numbers | , 1,007 | 984 | 1,033 | 928 | 1,159 | 977 | 1,000* |

- Weighted average.

The highest weighted average nominal weokly rate of wage for female workers was paid in Western Australia, followed in the order named by Queensland, New South Wales, Victoria, Tasmania, and South Australia.
(iv.) The following table gives particulars regarding the weighted average nominal weekly rate of wage of adult females in those industrial groups in which they are mainly employed, and the weighted average for all groups combined. Index-numbers based on the weighted average for all groups ( $=1000$ ) are also given :-

Welghted Average Nominal Weekly Rate of Wage payable to Adult Female Workers for a Foll Week's Work, and Wage Index-Numbera in Industrial Groupg, 31st December, 1921.


* See footnote $\ddagger$ to table on preceding page. $\dagger$ Weighted average.

The results set out in the above table shew that the highest weighted average wage was paid in Group XIV. (Shop Assistants, Clerks, etc.), 50 s , followed in order by Group IV. (Clothing, Boots, etc.), 48 s . 7 d ., and Group XIII. (Domestic Hotels, etc.), 48s. 6d. The average wage paid to employees in Group III. (Food, Drink, etc.), 43s. 9dl., is 10.1 per cent. lower, while that paid in Group XIV. (Shop Assistants, Clerks, etc.), is 2.8 per cent. higher than the average rate of wage for all groups.
3. Relative Weekly Wages and Wage Index-Numbers in each State and for all States, 1914-21.-The arithmetic average of the rates of wage given in the appendixes referred to furnishos the basis for the computation of relative weighted wages in different industrial groups and States. In the following tables particulars are given of the results thus obtained of the weighted average nominal weekly rates of wage payable to adult workers, male and female, separately, at the 30 th April, 1914, and at the end of the periods specified to the 31st December, 1921, for a full week's work, in each State and for all States.
(i.) Weighted Average Nominal Weekly Rate of Wage Payable to Adult Male Workers in each State, 1914-21,- The following table shews the weighted average nominal weekly rate of wage payable to adult male workers for a full week's work, together with index-numbers for each State at each specified interval with the average for all States at the 30th April, 1914, as base $(=1000)$ :-

## Weighted Average Nominal Weekly Rate of Wage payable to Adult Male Workera for a Full Week's Work, and Wage Index-numbers in each State and Commonwealth, 30th April, 1914, to 31st December, 1921.*

Note.-Index-numbers based on the average wage for the Commonwealth at the 30th April, 1914 ( 55 s .1 ld .) as base ( $=1000$ ). The index-numbers in this table are comparable throughout.

*Particulars for the quarters omitted from this table um be found in labour Report No. 10, p. 70.

In the preceding table it will be seen that the average weekly wage for adult male workers, as indicated by index-numbers at the 30 th April, 1914, in two States, viz., New South Wales and Western Australia, exceeded the weighted average wage for the Commonwealth. This feature remained constant in varying degrees of excess throughout the period under review until the end of September, 1917, when the indexnumber representing the average wage for Queensland was also higher than the weighted average wage index-number for the Commonwealth.

At the end of the year 1918, the index-number for New South Wales was lower than that for the Commonwealth, while those for Queensland and Western Australia were higher. During 1919, the average rates of wage in New South Wales and Queensland increased more rapidly than in the other States, and at the end of the year the index-numbers for these States and also for Western Australia were higher than the Commonwealth average. The average rate of wage increased considerably in all States during the year 1920. At the close of that year the wage for Westorn Australia dropped, for the first time since 30th April, 1914, below that for the Commonwealth. There was an increase in the average wage in all States during 1921, although much less than in the preceding year. The weighted average rate for the Commonwealth at the end of 1921 was 94 s .6 d ., as compared with 89 s . 10 d . at the end of 1920 , and 74 s . 11d. at the end of 1919. The States in which the greatest increases occurred during 1921 were Victoria, South Australia and Tasmania.

Toward the close of 1921, cortain decreases of wages occurred, particularly in New South Wales, but the weighted average wage in each State shewed an increase at the end of the period.

The rates for New South Wales, Queensland and Western Australia were higher at the end of 1921 than the average weekly rate for the Commonwealth, while those for Victoria, South Australia and Tasmania were lower.
(ii.) Weighted Average Weekly Rate of Wage payable to Adult Female Workers in each State, 1914-21. -The following table shews the weighted average weekly rate of wage payable to adult female workers for a full week's work in each State and the Commonwealth at the 30th April, 1914, and at the intervals specified to the 31st December, 1921. The table shews also index-numbers for each State based on the average weekly wage at the end of each of the periods indicated, computed with the weighted average wage for all States at the 30th April, 1914, as base ( $=1000$ ).

* From the following table it will be seen that the general upward movement in the average weekly wage for adult female workers, as indicated for the whole Commonwealth, was comparatively small during 1914 and 1915. From the beginning of the year 1916, the average wage has increased rapidly, the increase during the year 1920 being the largest which has been recorded. As in the case of male occupations, the increase in the wages for females in 1921 was much less than in 1920. The weighted average wage for the Commonwealth was 48 s . 8 d . at the end of 1921, as compared with 27s. 2d. at 30th April, 1914. The advance during the whole period under review has been 79.0 per cent.; this increase has practically taken place since the beginning of 1916.


## Weighted Average Nominal Weekly Rate of Wage payable to Adult Female Workers for a Full Week's Work, and Wage Index-numbers in each State and Commonwealth, 30th April, 1914, to 31st December, 1921.*

Note.-Index-numbers based on thè average wage for the Commonwealth at the 30th April, 1914 (27s. 2d.) as base ( $m 1000$ ). The index-numbers in this table are comparable throughout.


* Particulara for the quarters omitted from this table will be found in Lubour Repordina. 10. g. Sl.
(iii.) Weighted Average Weekly Rate of Wage Payable to Adult Male Workers in each. Industrial Group, 1914-1921.—The following table gives particulars in regard to (a) the average weekly rate of wage in each of the industrial groups, and (b) the weighted average wage for all groups combined, as at 30th April, 1914, at 31st December, 1914 to 1920, and at 30th June and 3lst December, 1921. Index-numbers for each industrial group and all groups, based on the average wage for all groups at 30 th April, $1914(=1000)$, are given :-


## Weighted Average Nominal Weekly Rate of Wage payable to Adult Male Workers for a Fall Week's Work, and Wage Index-numbers in each Industrial Group, 30th April, 1914, to 31st December, 1921.*

Note.-Index-numbers for each industrial group and all industrial groups, based on the average wage for all groups at 30th April, 1914 (55s. Id.), as base ( $=\mathbf{1 0 0 0}$ ). The index-numbers in this table are comparable throughout.


[^0]The foregoing table shews that the rate of increase in the weighted average weekly wage in occupations and callings classified in the fourteen industrial groups during the period 30th April, 1914, to 31st December, 1921, was greatest in Group XI. (Shipping), 108.0 per cent., followed in the order named by Groups XII. (Agricultural, etc.), 79.9 per cent., and XIII. (Domestic, etc.), 78.9 per cent. In seven of the groups the increase was less, and in seven groups more than the increase in the weighted a verage for all groups.
(iv.) Weighted Average Weelly Rate of Wage Payable to Adult Female Workers in Industrial Groups, 1914-21.-The following table gives particulars of the weighted average weekly rate of swage payable to adult female workers at the 30th April, 1914, at 31st December, 1914 to 1920, and at 30th June and 31st December, 1921, in the industrial groups in which they are mainly employed, and in all groups combined. Taking the average wage for all groups at the 30th April, 1914 , as base ( $=1000$ ), index-numbers are given, computed on the a verage rate of wage ruling at the end of each period indicated.

## Weighted Average Nominal Weekly Rate of Wage payable to Adult Female Workers for a Full Week's Work, and Wage Index-numbers in each Industrial Group 30th April, 1914, to 31st December, 1021.*

Note.-Index-numbers for each Industrial Group and all Industrial Groupe, based on the Average Wage for all groups at 30th April, 1914 (27. 2d), as base . $(=1000)$. The index-numbers in this table are comparable throughout.


[^1]It may be seen from the preceding table that the greatest increase in the weekly rate of wage has occurred in Group IV. (Clothing, Boots, etc.), 96.4 per cent., followed in the order named by Group III. (Food, Drink, ete.,) 94.3 per cent.; I., II., V. and VI. (All Other Manufacturing), 78.2 per etc.), 56.2 per cent. The weighted average weekly rate of wage for all cent. ; XIV. (Miscellaneous), 65.9 per cent., and XIII. (Domestic, Hotels, groups was 79.0 per cent. higher at the end of 1921 than on the 30 th April, 1914.
4. Hours of Labour and Hourly Rates of Wage, 31st December, 1921.-The rates of wage referred to in the preceding paragraphe of this Section relate to the minimum rates payable for a full week's work. It should be observed, however, that the number of hours which constitutes a full week's work differs in many instances, not only as between various trades and oooupations in each State, but also as between the same trades and occupations in the several States. In order to secure what may be for some purposes a more adequate standard of comparison, the results given in the preceding paragraphs are herein reduced to a common basis, viz., the rate of wage per hour. classified according to industrial groups in each State and all States. In Appendixes IV and $V$. of this Report, particulars in detail regarding the number of hours worked per week in the various industries in the several States are shewn. It will there be seen that the specified number of hours of labour per week covers a very wide range. In the following tables the average number of hours per week for each State, according to industrial groups, is given.

The tables on pages 94 and 95 shew ( $a$ ) the average weekly wage, (b) the average number of working hours per week for a full week's work, and (c) the average hourly wage for adult male and female workers in each State and industris] group except Groups XI. (Shipping, etc.), and XII. (Pastoral, Agricultural, etc.). Owing to the fact that many of the occupations included in these two groups are of a casual or seasonal nature, and that the hours of. labour are not generally regulated either by awards or determinations of industrial tribunals or otherwise, the necessary particulars for the computation of average working time and hourly rates of wage are not available.

The general effect of reducing the weighted average rates of wage to a oommon basis (i.e., per hour) is to eliminate on comparison any apparent difference between the several States which may be due to unequal working time.
(i.) The following table gives particulars in regard to the weighted average nominal weekly and hourly rates of wage payable to adult male workers and weekly hours of labour at the 31st December, 1921 :-

Welchted Average Nominal Weekly and Hourly Rates of Wage Payablo to Adult Male Workers，and Weekly Hours of Labour，31st December， 1821.

| Industrial Groups． | Particulars．t | 绪 |  | 怘 㔡 |  | － | $\begin{aligned} & \text { : } \\ & \text { 蜀 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I．Wood，Furalture，ote．$\{$ | Weekly Wago Worklag Hours． Bourly Wage | $\left.\begin{gathered} 101 /- \\ +429 \\ 2 / 34 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{gathered} 06 / 6 \\ 46.23 \\ 2 / 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 101 / 1 \\ 44.11 \\ 2 / 3 z \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} 02 / 6 \\ 45.64 \\ 2 / 0\} \end{gathered}$ | $95 / 7$ 4787 $2 /-$ | $95 / 2$ 46.50 $2 / 1$ | $\begin{gathered} 99 / 2 \\ 45,45 \\ \vdots / 2 \end{gathered}$ |
| II．Ruginoering，Metal Works，the． | Weekly Wage <br> Worklng Houry Hourly Wage | $\begin{aligned} & 98 / 7 \\ & 4406 \\ & 2 / 3 \end{aligned}$ | 99／7 47.50 $2 / 4 t$ | 9074 <br> 44.00 <br> $2 / 21$ | $94 / 2$ 47.47 $1 / 117$ | $90 / 10$ 45.05 $2 / 14$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 102 / 0 \\ 47.08 \\ 2 / 2 k \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} 98 / 2 \\ 45.70 \\ 2 / 18 \end{gathered}$ |
| 1II．Food，D | Weokly Wage Working Hours Hourly Wage | $95 / 2$ 467 $8 / 01$ | $98 / 6$ 47.14 $1 / 14$ | $\begin{gathered} 95 / 10 \\ 45.54 \\ 2 / 1\} \end{gathered}$ | －00／1 47 | $01 / 8$ <br> 17 <br> $1 / 112$ <br>  <br> 18 | $\begin{array}{r} 84 /= \\ 47.94 \\ 1 / 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 93 / 10 \\ 46.74 \\ 2 / 7 \end{gathered}$ |
| LV．Olothing，Boots，otc．\｛ | Weekly Wage Forking Hours Hourly Wage | $\begin{gathered} 91 / 10 \\ 4.36 \\ 2.109 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 92 / 2 \\ +5.89 \\ 4 / 0\} \end{gathered}$ | $99 / 4$ $4+00$ $4 / 3$ | $1 / 2$ +1.4 $+1 / 3$ $2 / 3$ | $\begin{gathered} 94 / 11 \\ +4400 \\ 2 / 2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 87 / 4 \\ 40,29 \\ 1 \\ 104 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 03 / 3 \\ 4+95 \\ 2 / 1 \end{gathered}$ |
| Books，Prjating．etc． | Weink Wage Workivg Hours Hourly Wage | $\begin{array}{r} 100 / 3 \\ +305 \\ 2 / 64 \end{array}$ | （105／－ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 100 / 4 \\ 44.00 \\ 2 / 36 \end{array}\right\|$ | $90 / 4$ 4753 2714 | $\begin{gathered} 110 / 8 \\ 43.10 \\ 9 / 07 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 198 / 80 \\ 46000 \\ 2 / 17 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} 104 / 7 \\ 4447 \\ 2 / 45 \end{array}\right.$ |
| VI，Other Manufacturlog $\{$ | Weekly Wage Workling Houre | 07／7 | $\begin{gathered} 93 /- \\ 47.61 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 93 / 5 \\ 45,27 \\ 4,27 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 93 / 4 \\ & 48,00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 95 / 6 \\ 47.65 \end{array}$ | $47 /-$ | $\begin{aligned} & 95 \%- \\ & 40.00 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Hourly Wago | 2／1t | 1／11 ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | $\pm / 02$ | 1／11t | 2／－ | 1／114 | $2 \% 0 t$ |
| 1．Building \＆．．．．$\{$ | Weakly Wage Working Hours | $\begin{aligned} & 10+/ 7 \\ & 43.79 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 100 / 3 \\ 43.47 \\ 27 \end{gathered}$ | 109／0 | $\begin{aligned} & 9+/ 1 / \mathrm{L} \\ & 44,00 \end{aligned}$ | 99／8 | $\begin{gathered} 10+7 / 2 \\ 44.30 \\ 6,3 / 43 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 102 / 5 \\ & 48.81 \end{aligned}$ |
| ．Burains o ${ }^{\text {a }}$－${ }^{\text {a }}$ | Hourly Wago |  | $2 / 39$ | 2／6 | 2／17 | 2／21 | 9／4\} |  |
| V111．Minlag $\ddagger$ | Weokly Wage Working Hours Hourly Wage |  | $100 / 4$ $4+94$ $2 / 24$ | ［112／0 | $74 / 5$ 43.82 $1 / 91$ | $\begin{gathered} 113 / 8 \\ 43.87 \\ 2 / 7 \end{gathered}$ | $96 / 4$ <br> 48.42 <br> $2 / 4$ <br> 1 | $\xrightarrow{105 / 4} 4$ |
|  | rly | 2／47 | 2／2\％ | 2／7t | 1／91． | $2 / 7$ |  | 49 |
| IX．Rall ${ }^{\text {d T Tramin Servicea }}$ | Weekly Wago Working Hours | $95 / 5$ 48.91 $1 / 118$ | 99／3／49 | 102／3 | $93 / 1$ 48.50 | 107／11 | $\begin{aligned} & 98 / 5 \\ & 48.00 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 07 / 5 \\ & 47.98 \end{aligned}$ |
| X．Other Land Tramaport $\{$ | Weekily Wago Working Houts Hourly Wage | $\begin{aligned} & 98 /- \\ & 48,75 \\ & 1 / 109 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 87 / 0 \\ & 48.50 \\ & 1 / 94 \end{aligned}$ | $\left(\begin{array}{c} 80 / 3 \\ 48,33 \\ 1 / 10\} \end{array}\right)$ | $\begin{aligned} & 80 / 1 \\ & 48.00 \\ & 1 / 10 \mathrm{f} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 03 / 0 \\ & 4800 \\ & 1 / \mathrm{Lt} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 92 / 9 \\ 48001 \\ 1 / 114 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 90 / 2 \\ & 48.51 \\ & 1 / 104 \end{aligned}$ |
| I．Sluppling，otc．．．．$\{$ | Weakly Wage \｜ Workiag Houra Hourly Wage | 100／5 | 10．3／8 | 101／2 | 103／4 | 101／4 | （2）／5 | 101／8 |
| XII．Pastoral，Agricuitural， otc． $\{$ | Weekly Wagos Working Hours Hourly Wage | 92／－ | 85／4 | 00／3 | 85／5 | 85／5 | 91／4 | 89／－ |
| XIII．Domastio，Hotets，atc． | Weekly Wage§̧ Working Hours Houriy Wago | $\begin{gathered} 89 /- \\ 48.14 \\ 1 / 105 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 78 / \sim \\ 48.43 \\ 1 / 75 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 87 / \% \\ +8.00 \\ 1 / 93 \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 84 / 3 \\ 40.60 \\ 1 / 84 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} 83 / 7 \\ 48.00 \\ 1 / 9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 06 / 4 \\ & 54400 \\ & 1 / 23 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 84 / 3 \\ 48.47 \\ 1 / 8 z \end{gathered}$ |
| XIV．Miscellaneous ．．$\{$ | Weekly Wage Working Houts Hourly Wage | $\begin{aligned} & 91 / 5 \\ & 46.30 \\ & 1 / 111 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} 93 / 6 \\ 47.97 \\ 1 / 11 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 93 / 3 \\ 46.67 \\ 2 /- \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 801- \\ & 4780 \\ & 1 / 94 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 84 / 7 \\ 46.08 \\ 1 / 91 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 85 / 4 \\ +7.40 \\ 1 / 94 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 91 / 1 \\ & 47.08 \\ & 1 / 11 t \end{aligned}$ |
| Alt Groupa | Weekly Wage |  | 93 |  | 89 |  | 91 | 94／8 |
| Groups excepting XI．$\{$ | Weekly Wage Working Hours | ${ }_{46.68}$ | 95／1 | 45.52 | $89 / 8$ 47.07 | $96 / 7$ 46.24 | $01 / 3$ | 46．29 |
| Groups exce delng XI． and XII． | Working Hout Hourly Wage | ＋6．61t | $\stackrel{\text { 40．}}{2}$ | ＋5／2 | 1／104 | 4624 | ${ }_{1}^{40.811}$ |  |

[^2]（ii．）The following table gives particulars in regard to the weighted average nominal weekly and hourly rates of wage payable to adult female workers and weekly hours of labour at the 31st December， 1921 ：－

> Weighted Average Nominal Weekly and Hourly Rates of Wage pagable to Adult Female Workers, and Weekly Hours of Labour, 31st Decenaber, 1921.

| Induntrial Grouss | Partjculars．＊ | 容 | $\begin{aligned} & \dot{\circ} \\ & \text { 曷 } \\ & \text { 曷 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 寺 | 苞 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| III Food，Drink，ote．$\}$ | Weekly Wago Workiug Hours Hourly Wage | $44 / 4$ 47.90 $-/ 71$ | $44 / 10$ 48.00 -111 | $49 / 7$ <br> 40.11 <br> -111 | $30 / 5$ <br> +800 <br> -90 | $32 / 6$ +1.00 -183 | ｜ $48 / 3$ | $\begin{array}{r} 43 / 9 \\ 4.74 \\ -711 \end{array}$ |
| IV．Clothing，Boots，otc．$\{$ | Werkly Wage Worklng Hours Hourly Wage | $49 / 5$ 44.57 $1 / 11$ | $47 / 4$ <br> 45.29 <br> $1 / 01$ | ＋ $\begin{array}{r}49 / 10 \\ 4413 \\ 1 / 12\end{array}$ | $50 / 5$ +100 $1 / 19$ | $51 / 14$ +400 $1 / 2 t$ | $45 / 3$ 45.31 $1 /-$ | $48 / 7$ $4+58$ $1 / 1$ |
| I．II．V．\＆VI，All othor Mana－$\{$ factaring | Weekly Wage Worklag Honrs Hourly Wage | ＋ $\begin{gathered}46 / 9 \\ 4+30 \\ 1 / 01\end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 49 / 8 \\ 47.10 \\ 1 / 07 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} 45 / 5 \\ 44.07 \\ 1 / 0\} \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 46 / 50 \\ & 4.50 \\ & -7112 \end{aligned}$ | ． |  | $\begin{gathered} 48 /- \\ 4589 \\ 1 / 01 \end{gathered}$ |
| XIII．Domentle，Hotels，etc．$\{$ | Weekiy Waget Working Hourt Hourly Wage | $17 / 8$ 4708 $1 / 01$ | $46 / 4$ <br> 4709 <br> -7114 | $\left.\begin{array}{c} 48 / 6 \\ 47.33 \\ 1 / 04 \end{array}\right]$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45 / 1 \\ & 48.00 \\ & -119 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 61 / 8 \\ 1800 \\ 1 / 3 t \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} 53 / 11 \\ 54.00 \\ 1 /- \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 48 / 6 \\ 57.64 \\ 1 / 04 \end{gathered}$ |
| $\underset{\substack{\text { Clerky, Etc. }}}{\text { XIV. shop Agistants, }}\{\{$ | Weelkly Wage Working Hours Hourly Wage | $\begin{array}{r}1 / 1 / 1 \\ 44 / 00 \\ 1 / 2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\left[\begin{array}{r} 50 / 11 \\ +600 \\ 1 / 17 \end{array}\right]$ | $\begin{array}{r} 55 /- \\ 47.00 \\ 1 / 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 36 / 6 \\ 48.00 \\ -701 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\because$ | $\because$ | $\begin{gathered} 50 /- \\ 45.53 \\ 1 / 17 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| All Oromps $\quad . .\{ \}$ | Weekly Wage Forking Hours Hourly Wage | $49 /-$ 4506 $1 / 1$ | ＋7／10 | $\left.\begin{array}{c} 50 / 3 \\ +5 \\ +66 \\ 1 / 14 \end{array}\right]$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline-5 / 2 \\ 46.10 \\ -1113 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 56 / 4 \\ 156 \\ 1 / 97 \\ 1 / \because 2 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} 47 / 6 \\ 47.80 \\ 1 /= \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 48 / 8 \\ 45.69 \\ 1 / 09 \end{gathered}$ |

[^3]5．Relative Hours of Labour and Hourly Rates of Wage， 1914 to 1921．－Particulars are given in the following table，classified according to States for male and female occupations separately at 30th April， 1914，and at the end of December， 1914 to 1921 relating to（a）the weighted average weekly wage，（b）the weighted aver－ age number of working hours constituting a full week＇s work，and（c） the weighted average hourly wage．It should be observed that the weighted average weekly wage relates to ail industrial classes combined， and includes the value of board and lodging where supplied in land occupations and the value of victualling in marine occupations，$\S$ whereas the number of working hours and the hourly wage relate to all industrial classes other than Groups XI．（Shipping），and XII．（Agricultural， Pastoral，ete ）．Owing to the fact that many of the occupations included in these two groups are of a casual or seasonal nature，and that the hours of labour in these occupations are not generally regulated either by awards or determinations of industrial tribunals or otherwise，the necessary data for the computation of the average number of working hours are not available．

Weighted Average Nominal Weekly and Hourly Rates of Wage payable to Adult Workers，and Weekly Hours of Labour，30th April，1914，and at the end of the years， 1914 to 1921.

| Date． | Particulars． | N．S．W． | vic． | Q land． | S．A． | W．A． | Tas． | C＇wlth． |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MALE WORKERS． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 30th April, } \\ & 1014 . \end{aligned}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Weekly Wage } \\ \text { Wotklag Hours } \\ \text { Hourly Wage } \end{array}\right. \text {. }$ |  |  | ${ }_{5}^{8 .}{ }^{8 .}{ }^{\text {d }}$ ． | ${ }^{\text {s．}}$ d． |  |  | ${ }^{5} \cdot{ }^{\text {d }}$ d． |
|  |  |  | 54.83 48.80 | 52.8 48.78 | ${ }^{54} 48.60$ | ${ }^{62}{ }^{47.78}$ | 52.6 |  |
|  |  |  | 1／14 | 1／1 | $1 / 18$ | 1／4才 |  | 1／2 |
|  | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Weakly Wage* } \\ \text { Workng Hourst } \\ \text { Hourly Waget } \end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31st Doc．，1914． |  | 49.35 | ${ }^{54} 8.68$ | 48.64 | 48.50 | ${ }^{62} 18.18$ | 48．62 | ${ }^{48.87}$ |
|  |  | $1 / 2$ | 1／1年 | 1／1亲 | 1／1年 | 1／4k | $1 / 1$ | 1／2 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 31st Dec., } \\ & \text { 1915. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Weakly Wage* } \\ \text { Workiog Hourst } \\ \text { Hourly Wage } \dagger \end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 49.28 | 48.50 | 48.5 | 48.50 | 48.12 | 48.66 | 1／ |
|  |  | $1 / 2$ | 1／2 | 1／2 | 1／2 | 1／41 | 1／1t | 1／24 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 31st Dec.. } \\ & 1016 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Weekly Wage* } \\ \text { Working Hortr } \dagger \\ \text { Hourly } \end{array}\right.$ |  | ${ }_{58}^{8 .}$ |  | 59 | 8. | ${ }^{5} 7$. |  |
|  |  | 4351 | 4822 | 48.25 | 48.14 | 4811 | 4855 | 48．39 |
|  |  | 1／3 | 1／3 | 1／3 | 1／3 | 1／47 | 1／2 | ／31 |
| 31st Dec． | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Weekly Wage } \\ \text { Working Hourst } \\ \text { Hourly Wage } \dagger \end{array}\right.$ |  | ${ }_{63}{ }^{8}$. |  | ${ }_{63}^{8 .}$ | ${ }_{68}{ }^{\text {d }}$ d． |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{1}^{5}$ | 63.10 48.14 | 65 47.19 | ${ }_{47}^{63} .82$ | ${ }_{48} 810$ | 48．48 | 48.10 |
|  |  |  |  | 1／5 | 1／4 | 1／54 | 1／3 | 1／4 |
| $31 s t$ Dec． 1918 | Weekly Wage＊．． | ${ }_{8} 8$. | 8．${ }_{6}{ }^{\text {d }}$ | 8. 89 89 |  | ${ }_{7}^{8 .}{ }_{7}{ }_{4}{ }_{4}$ |  | ${ }_{6}{ }_{5}$ |
|  | Working Hours $\dagger$ ．${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 48.16 | 47.98 |  |  | 47.60 | 48.39 | 47.88 |
|  | Hourly |  | 1／41 | 1／6 | 1／4 | 1／6 |  |  |
| 81st Dec．， 1919. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Weekly Wago }{ }^{*} \ldots \\ \text { Workllog Hourst } \\ \text { Hourly Waget } \end{array}\right.$ |  | ${ }_{72}{ }^{8}$ |  | s． 70 70 | 7 <br> 7 | 60 |  |
|  |  | 76.9 47.77 | 47.36 | ${ }_{48.1}$ | 475 | ${ }^{77} 17$ | ＋7．89 | 4 |
|  |  | 1／74 | 1／6is | 1／8 | 1／5 | 1／7\％ | 476 | 1 |
| 31 at Dee．，1920. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Weekly Wage } \\ \text { Worklag Hours } \dagger \\ \text { Hourly Waget } \end{array}\right.$ | $8_{4}{ }^{2}$ |  |  | s． | ${ }_{89}^{8 .}$ | 5 |  |
|  |  | 47.51 | 47.19 | 45 | 47.29 | 46.53 | 47.38 | 107 |
|  |  |  | 1／10 | 2／0 | 1／89 | 1／11 | 1／10 | 11 |
| 31st Dec．， 1921． | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Weekly Wage＊} \\ \text { Working Hourst } \\ \text { Hourly Wage }\end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 95 45.60 | 93 40.06 | ${ }_{45}^{96}$ |  | 95 46.24 | 1.818 46.84 | 4．63 |
|  |  | 211 | 2／01 | 2／2 | 1／104 | 2／1 | 1／111 | 2／02 |
| FEMALE WORKERS． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 th April，1914. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Weekly Wage } \\ \text { Worklag Hours } \\ \text { Hourly Wage } \end{array} . .\right.$ | ${ }_{20}{ }^{\text {d }}$ d |  | t．d． |  |  | d． |  |
|  |  | 49.34 | ${ }^{48.54}$ | 40.32 | 49.33 | \＄8．89 | 50.78 | 49.08 |
|  |  | 16 | －／61 | －／61 | －－52 | －194 | －7 | － 18 |
| $319 t$ Dec．1914. | $\begin{cases}\text { Weekly Wage } & \ldots \\ \text { Working Hours } & \ldots \\ \text { Hourly Wage } & \cdots\end{cases}$ | 2810 | ${ }_{27}{ }^{27}{ }_{9}^{\text {d }}$ |  | ${ }_{24}^{8 .}$ | ${ }^{8 .} 8$. | ${ }_{8}^{8} 10$. | ${ }_{27}^{5} \frac{8}{5}$ |
|  |  | 49.34 | 48.54 | 49.82 | 49.33 | 49.44 | 50.76 | 49.11 |
|  |  |  |  | －16t | －$/ 75$ |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 318t Dec., } \\ & \text { 1915. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Weekly Wago } \\ \text { Workling Hours }: ~: ~ \end{array}\right.$ |  |  | ${ }_{20}^{6} 11$. | ${ }_{2}{ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |
|  |  | 49.45 | 48.48 | 49.84 | 49.35 | 49.86 | 50.14 | 40.12 |
|  |  | 164 | －102 |  |  |  | －103 |  |
| $318 t$ Dec．，1916. | $\begin{cases}\text { Weekly Wage } & \cdots \\ \text { Working Hours } & \cdots \\ \text { Hourly Wage } & \because\end{cases}$ | ${ }^{28} 7$. | ${ }_{28}{ }^{2} 8$ | ${ }_{27}{ }^{4} 3$ | ${ }_{2}{ }^{4} 10$ | ${ }_{38} 10$. |  |  |
|  |  | 49.44 | 48.86 | 49.85 | 49.02 | 4 | 4083 | 40.02 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |
| 31 st Dee．1927. | $\begin{cases}\text { Weekly Wage } & \cdots \\ \text { Working Hours } & \because \\ \text { Hourly Wage } & \because\end{cases}$ | 305 | ${ }_{30}{ }^{-1} 4$. | 305 | $\stackrel{7}{29}$ | 3810 |  |  |
|  |  | 48.98 | 48.82 | 48.99 | 48.73 | 18.78 | 40.83 | 8.71 |
|  |  | －17\％ | －／ | －1 | － |  |  |  |
| 31 et Dec．， 1018. | $\left\{\begin{array}{ll} \text { Woekly Wage } & \ldots \\ \text { Workivg Hours } \\ \text { Hourly Wage } \end{array} .\right.$ | 3110 | ${ }_{31}^{5 .}{ }^{4}$. | ${ }^{8} .18$. | s．  <br> 29  | s． <br> 38 <br> 80 | ${ }_{28}{ }_{8}^{\text {d }}$ |  |
|  |  | 48.35 | 48.32 | 48.37 | 48.73 | 48.78 | 49.83 | 48.42 |
|  |  |  | －d． | s．d． | $\mathrm{g}^{-/ 7!}$ |  | ${ }^{-77}$ d． |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { a1st Dec., } \\ & 1919 \text {. } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Weekdy Wage } \\ \text { Working Hours }\end{array} \cdots\right.$ | 40.0 | 84 | 38 | 33. | 43.7 | 330 |  |
|  |  | 47.53 | 47.83 | 46.78 | 47.67 | 48.12 | 49.28 | 47.54 |
|  |  | s．${ }^{-10}$ d． | －.$^{-187}$ d． |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31st Dec．， 1920. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Weekly Wage } \\ \text { Working Houre } \\ \text { Hourly Wage }\end{array}\right.$ | 460 | 43. | 4411 | 407 | 5211 | 4110 |  |
|  |  | 46.83 | 46.23 | 40 | 48，51 | 48.20 | 47.86 | 40．47 |
|  | $\begin{cases}\text { Weekly Wage } & \\ \text { Working Hours } \\ \text { Hourly Wage } & \cdots\end{cases}$ | 8．d． | ${ }_{s .}{ }^{\text {d }}$ d． |  |  |  |  |  |
| 31st Dec．， 1921. |  | 490 | 4710 | 50 | 458 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 45．06 | 46.04 $1 / 04$ | 45．60 | $\xrightarrow{40.10}$ | 45.97 $1 / 2!$ | 17．86 |  |

＊Woighted average weekly wage in all induatrial graups combined．
4 Welghted average working hours per week，snd computed hourly rates of wage for all industrial groupsexcepting Groups XI．（Shopping，etc．），and XII．（Agricultural，Pastorsk，etc．）．Workjng hours have not been generally regulated by industrial tribunale for occupations classifed in Industrial Groups XI．snd KII．

From the foregoing table it may be seen that there has been a diminution in each of the States, during the period 1914 to 1921, in the number of working hours constituting a full week's work for male and female occupations. The effect of these changes on the hourly rate of wage as compared with the general increase in the weekly wage is readily seen from the comparative indox-numbers given in the following table. In each instance (male and female occupations separately) the basis taken is the weighted average for the Commonwealth at the 30th April, $1914(=1000)$.

Relative Index-numbers for Weekly and Hourly Weighted Average Wage, 30th April, 1914, 31st December, 1914 to 1921.

Nors.-Weighted Average for the Commonwealth at 30th April, 1914, as base $(=1000)$.

| Dato. | Pajrticulars. |  | N.S.W. | Yıc. | a'land. | S.A. | W.A. | Tas. | Owith. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MALE WORKERS. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30th Aprll, | Weekly Wage |  | 1,011 | 984 | 255 | 986 | 1,128 | 959 | 1,000 |
| $1914 .$ | H Hourly Wage |  | . 998 | 980 | 983 | 991 | 1,170 | 983 | 1,000 |
| 31st Doc: | Weekly Wage | . | 1,019 | 990 | 989 | 988 | 1,140 | 956 | 1,008 |
| $1914 .$ | Hourly Wage |  | 1;010 | $\underline{990}$ | 985 | 983 | 1,173 | 936 | 1,009 |
| 31st Dec., | Weekly Wage | + | 1,044 | 1,002 | 986 | 992 | 1,149 | 965 | 1,023 |
| $1915 .$ | Hourly Wage |  | 1,039 | 1,006 | 1,008 | 1,001 | 1,182 | 946 | 1,030 |
| $31 \mathrm{se} \mathrm{Dec}$. | FWeekly Wage | . | 1.129 | 1,087 | 1,095 | 1,071 | 1,182 | 1,034 | 1,100 |
| $1916 .$ | Hourly Wage | . | 1,127 | 1,074 | 1,097 | 1,075 | 1,208 | 1,011 | 1,105 |
| 31st Dec., | Weekly Wage | $\cdots$ | 1,168 | 1,143 | 1,183 | 1,144 | 1,250 | 1,081 | 1,204. |
| $1917 .$ | $\}$ Hourly Wage |  | 1,162 | 1,138 | 1,209 | 1,145 | 1,252 | 1,079 | 1,164 |
|  | Weekly Wage |  | 1,196 | 1,189 | 1,261 | 1.188 | 1,276 | 1,110 | 1,205 |
| $1918 .$ | Hourly Wage |  | 1,106 | 1,192 | 1,297 | 1,176 | 1,282 | 1,120 | 1,210 |
| 31st Dec., | W Weekly Wage |  | 1,393 | 1,306 | 1,426 | 1,277 | 1,409 | 1,251 | 1,359 |
| 1919. | , Hourly Wage |  | 1,405 | 1,322 | 1,512 | 1,269 | 1,408 | 1,259 | 1,378 |
| 318t Dec., | Weekly Wage |  | 1,706 1,725 | 1,561 1.570 | 1,659 1,753 | 1,500 | 1,628 | 1,556 | 1,629 |
| 31st Dec, | ${ }^{\text {c }}$ Wourly Wage | $\cdots$ | 1,725 | 1,570 | 1,753 | 1,492 | 1,686 | 1,567 | 1,655 |
| 31st ${ }_{192 \mathrm{~L}}$. | $\left[\begin{array}{l}\text { Weekly Wage } \\ \text { Hourly Wage }\end{array}\right.$ |  | 1,738 | 1,697 | 1,753 | 1,623 $\mathbf{1 , 6 3 7}$ | 1,723 | 1,663 1,675 | 1,715 1,779 |

FEMALE WORKERS.

| 30th A prit, | ( Weekly Wage | * | 984 | 1,006 | 989 | 885 | 1,373 | 950 | 1,000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1914. | Hourly Wage |  | 980 | 1,021 | 976 | 881 | 1,386 | 920 | 1,000 |
| 31st Dec., | Weekly Wage |  | 987 | 1,022 | 996 | 885 | 1,373 | 950 | 1,008 |
| 1814. | Hourly Wage |  | 983 | 1,035 | 983 | 881 | 1,364 | 980 | 1,009 |
| 31st Dec., | Weekly Wage | $\cdots$ | 1,007 | 990 | 990 | 901 | 1,376 | 1,031 | 1,003 |
| 1915. | Hourly Wage |  | 1,002 | 1,005 | 976 | 898 | 1,357 | 1,011 | 1,009 |
| $31 \mathrm{tat} \mathrm{Deg}$. | Wearly Wage | $\cdots$ | 1,050 | 1,047 | 1,004 | 915 | 1,420 | 1,042 | 1,047 |
| 1916. | Fourly Wage | . | 1,044 | 1,063 | 991 | 916 | 1,481 | 1,027 | 1,048 |
| 318t Dec., | Weekly Wage | . | 1,119 | 1,116 | 1,120 | 1,020 | 1,430 | 1,045 | 1,121 |
| 1917. | Hourly Wage | $\cdots$ | 1,129 | 1,134 | 1,122 | 1,027 | 1,440 | 1,029 | 1,130 |
| 318 t Dec., | Weekly Wage | $\cdots$ | 1,173 | 1,151 | 1,208 | 1,084 | 1,430 | 1,050 | 1,168 |
| 1918. | Hourly Wage | . | 1,191 | 1,169 | 1,226 | 1,092 | 1,426 | 1,044 | 1,185 |
| 31st Dec., | Weekly Wage | . | 1,474 | 1,268 | 1,412 | 1,225 | 1,605 | 1,215 | 1,965 |
| 1019. | Hourly Wage | . | 1,623 | 1,307 | 1,483 | 1,262 | 1,639 | 1,211 | 1,410 |
| 31st Dec., | FWeekly Wage | . | 1,695 | 1,586 | 1,652 | 1,405 | 1,947 | 1,640 | 1,687 |
| 1920. | - Honrly Wage | , | 1,777 | 1,685 | 1,761 | 1,578 | 2,069 | 1,580 | 1,730 |
| $318 t$ Dec. | Weekly Wage | . | 1,803 | 1,761 | 1,849 | 1,631 | 2,074 | 1,749 | 1,790 |
| 1921. | (Hourly Wage | . | 1,965 | 1,878 | 1,989 | 1,770 | 2,215 | 1,794 | 1,923 |

6. Weighted Average Nominal Hours of Labour.-The following table shews the weighted average nominal hours of labour (exclusive of overtime) in a full working week for male workers in each State and the Commonwealth at the 30th April, 1914, and at 31st December, 1914 to 1921. There are shewn also index-numbers for each State based on the average weekly hours at the end of each of the periods specified, computed with the weighted average hours of labour for all States at the 30th April, 1914, as base ( $=1000$ ).

Weightel Average Nominal Hours of Labour (exclusive of Overtime) Worked by Adult Male Workers during a Full Working Week and Hours IndexNumbers in Each State and the Commonwealth, 30th April, 1914, 31st December, 1914 to 1921.

Note.-Index-Numbers based on tho Average Hours of Labour for the Commonwealth at the 30th April, 1914 (48.93) as basc ( $=1000$ ). The indox. numbers in this table are comparable throughout.

|  | Particnlars. | N.S.W. | Yic. | Q'J.thit. | S A. | W, ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | Tas. . | C*wlth. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 30th | $\int$ Weighted average |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April. | weekly hours of labour** | 40.48 | 48.80 | 4878 | 18.60 | 1778 | $48.62^{\circ}$ | 1803 |
| 1014. | ( Index-bumbers - | 1.010 | 097 | 997 | 093 | 976 | 194 | 1,000 |
| 3 Ist jer | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Weiglited aserage } \\ \text { weekity hours of litome }\end{array}\right.$ | 49.3\% | 48,66 | 4804 | 48.50 | 48.18 | 48.62 | 1887 |
| 1914 . | [ndex-numbers | 1,209 | 994 | 904 | 903 | 085 | 094 | 909 |
| 31st | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Wetghtel nverage } \\ \text { weekly hours of Jabour* }\end{array}\right.$ | 49,28 | 4850 | 48,56 | 48.50 | 48.12 | 4850 | 48.77 |
| 1915. | ( Index-numbers . | 1,00\% | 90 L | 002 | 691 | 983 | 092 | 48.797 |
| 81st, Dec: | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Werghted average } \\ \text { weekiv hours of labour }\end{array}\right.$ | 48.51 | 4832 | \$8.27 | 48.14 | \$8 11 | 4865 | 48.39 |
| 10k6. | ( Index-rumbers | 99 L | $0{ }^{0} 5$ | -987 | 084 | 083 | 908 | + 688 |
| 313 t ruec | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Weighted average } \\ \text { weekly thours of labour* }\end{array}\right.$ |  |  |  | 47.82 | 48.10 | $48+8$ |  |
| 1917, | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { weekis bours of lathor } \\ \text { Index }+ \text { numbers }\end{array}\right.$ | 989 | 4898 | 4 964 | +677 | 48.10 | 991 | 1883 |
| 318t, Dee, | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Weightited average } \\ \text { weekiv hours of hibonr* }\end{array}\right.$ | 4816 | 47.68 | 4090 | 46.77 | 47.69 | 48.39 | 47:88 |
| 1419. | ( Inrfex-humbers | $98+$ | 981 | 959 | 076 | 975 | 089 | 070 |
| $41 s t$ | (Weighted averape |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ]ec, | \{ weokly hours of labonr ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ | 47.77 | 47.36 | 4010 | 47.58 | 47.60 | 47.80 | 47.41 |
| 1919 | (Index-numbers | 970 | 968 | 044 | 972 | 073 | 970 | 1) 69 |
| 31st | $\left\{\begin{array}{l}\text { Weighted averade } \\ \text { weekly hours of Inbour* }\end{array}\right.$ | 47,in |  |  | 47.29 | 40.53 |  |  |
| 1930. | ( index- umbers .. | 971 | 064 | 033 | 060 | 951 | -007 | 966 |
| 31st | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { Welghted twerage } \\ \text { weekly hours of labonr } \end{array}\right.$ | 45.06 | 4605 | 45.53 | 47.07 | $462+$ | 46.8.4 | 022 |
| 1021 | [Index-numbers . . | 933 | 960 | 030 | 062 | 945 | 957 | 045 |

[^4]It will be seen from the foregoing table that there has been a considerable diminution in each State during the period 1914 to 1021 in the number of working hours constituting a full week's work for male oceupations. The weighted average weekly hours index-number for tho Commonwealth at the 31st December, 1921, was 945, as compared with 1000 at 30th April, 1914, a reduction of 5.5 per cent. The lowest weighted average nominal weekly hours index-number at the 31st December, 1921, was that for Queensland (930), followed in the order named by New South Wales (933), Western Australia (945), Tasmania (957), Victoria (960), and South Australia (962). During the period under review the percontage reduction in hours was greatest in New South Wales (7.6), followed by Queensland (6.7), Victoria and Tasmania (3.7), Western Australia (3.2), and South Australia (3.1). The greatest reduction in hours during 1921 took place in New South Wales, the result of the recommendations of a special court of inquiry constituted under the provision of the " Eight Hours (Amendment) Act, 1920." As a result of the adoption of these recommendations, the hours of labour in many industries were reducod to 44 per week.


[^0]:    - Particulars for the querters omitted from this table will be found in Labour Reporte Nos. 6 to 11.
    t Bee footnotes to table on page 86 .

[^1]:    - Particulars for the duarters omitted from this table will-be fonnd in Labour lieports Nos. 6 to 11.
    - See lootnote $\ddagger$ to table on Dage 86.

[^2]:    －$\dagger$ Particitars relate to the Weighted Average weekly wage，working houra and hourly wage， rempectlvely．I Average rates of wage and thoure prevalling at the princlpal mining centrea in ench State．IAverage rates of wage are for occupations other than Masters，officera，and Engineers in the Merchant Marine Service，and include value of victualling and accommodation， where provided，at $90 / 8$ per month，but do not include value of commisaion on bar aalea to stewards．In the recentapard tor Seamen，the annual value of vletualting and accommodation， which was estimated in 1907 at $£ 27$ ，was computed to be $£ 548 \mathrm{~s}$ ，0d．
    \＄See footnotes to table on page 80.

[^3]:    F The partlculars relate to tae Weighted A verage weekly rates of wage，working hours and lourly wage，respectively．$\quad+$ See footnote $f$ to table on pasfe 80.

[^4]:    * Weighted average working hours per week for all thdustrial groups excepting Groups XI. (Shipping), and XII. (Agricultaral, Pastornl, \&e), in which workiag hours have not been generally regulated by fuchustrial tribunalls.

