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THE LABOUR FORCE AUSTRALIA

AUGUST 1986

CATALOGUE NO. 6203.0

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EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

This publication contains estimates of the civilian labour force derived from the labour force survey part of the monthly population survey. Estimates of the labour force characteristics of family members and of family composition are also included.

2. Estimates of the civilian labour force are available for about fifty regions across Australia and are shown in various publications produced by State offices of the ABS. For details, see the list of related publications provided in paragraph 68.

3. Preliminary survey results are published in advance of this more detailed publication in *The Labour Force*, *Australia, Preliminary* (6202.0).

4. Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of specific data on demographic and labour force characteristics of the population, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force or of other subjects are carried out from time to time. Statistics from these surveys are published and are available on request. A list of survey publications on labour force and related topics is shown later in this publication.

The population survey

5. The population survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (about 35,000 houses, flats, etc.) and non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.), and covers about two-thirds of one per cent of the population of Australia. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by carefully chosen and specially trained interviewers. The interviews are generally conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Monday between the 6th and 12th of each month. Because of operational problems arising from the Christmas and New Year holidays, interviews for the December 1985 survey commenced on Monday 2 December and for the January 1986 survey on Monday 13 January. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e. the survey week).

Scope

6. The labour force survey includes all persons aged 15 and over except:

- (a) members of the permanent defence forces;
- (b) certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations;
- (c) overseas residents in Australia; and

.. _ _

(d) members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependents) stationed in Australia.

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Definitions

7. The labour force category to which a person is assigned depends on the *actual activity* undertaken during the survey week (i.e. whether working, looking for work, etc.). The following definitions, which conform closely to the international standard definitions specified by the International Labour Office (ILO), relate only to those persons within the scope of the survey.

8. Employed persons comprise all those aged 15 and over who, during the survey week:

- (a) worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (including employees, employers and self-employed persons); or
- (b) worked for one hour or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. unpaid family helpers); or
- (c) were employees who had a job but were not at work and were: on paid leave; on leave without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week; stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week; on strike or locked out; on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job; or receiving wages or salary while undertaking full-time study; or
- (d) were employers, self-employed persons or unpaid family helpers who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.

9. Full-time workers are those who usually work 35 hours or more a week and others who, although usually part-time workers, worked 35 hours or more during the survey week. Part-time workers are those who usually work less than 35 hours a week and who did so during the survey week. When recording hours of work, fractions of an hour are disregarded.

10. Hours of work. The figures of aggregate hours and of average hours refer to actual hours worked during the survey week, not hours paid for. The figures may be affected by public holidays, leave, absenteeism; temporary absence from work due to sickness, injury, accident and industrial disputes; and stoppages of work due to bad weather, plant breakdown, etc. When hours of work are recorded, fractions of an hour are disregarded and this results in slightly lower figures than would be the case if actual time worked was recorded. Persons stood down for the whole of the survey week without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment are regarded as employed and therefore are included (working no hours) in the calculation of average hours worked. Persons stood down in the survey week for reasons other than bad weather and plant breakdown and waiting to be called back to their job are regarded as unemployed and are therefore excluded from the calculations.

11. The *employment/population ratio* for any group is the number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group.

12. Unemployed persons are those aged 15 and over who were not employed during the survey week, and

- (a) had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the survey week and:
 - (i) were available for work in the survey week, or would have been available except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than four weeks to the end of the survey week); or
 - (ii) were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the survey week and would have started in the survey week if the job had been available then;
- or (b) were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week (including the whole of the survey week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown.

13. Actively looking for work includes writing, telephoning or applying in person to an employer for work; answering a newspaper advertisement for a job; checking factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards; being registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service; checking or registering with any other employment agency; advertising or tendering for work; and contacting friends or relatives. The active steps were asked in the order shown in the table in this publication showing unemployed persons classified by active steps taken, and since only one response was recorded for each person asked this particular question, the estimates do not reflect the relative importance of the steps taken to find work.

14. Unemployed persons looking for first job are those who had never worked full time for two weeks or more.

15. The unemployment rate for any group is the number unemployed expressed as a percentage of the labour force (i.e. employed plus unemployed) in the same group.

16. Duration of unemployment is the period from the time the person began looking for work or was stood down to the end of the survey week. Thus the survey measures current (and continuing) periods of unemployment rather than completed spells. For persons who may have begun looking for work while still employed, the duration of unemployment is defined as the period from the time the person last worked full time for two weeks or more to the end of the survey week. Periods of unemployment are recorded in complete weeks and this results in a slight understatement of duration. Average (mean) duration is obtained by dividing the aggregate number of weeks a group has been unemployed by the number of persons in that group. Median duration is the duration which divides unemployed persons into two equal groups,

one comprising persons whose duration of unemployment is above the median and the other, persons whose duration is below it.

17. Unemployed persons classified by industry and occupation. Unemployed persons who had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years are classified according to the industry and occupation of their most recent full-time job. Unemployment rates by industry and occupation are only available for February, May, August and November.

18. The *labour force* comprises all persons who, during the survey week, were employed or unemployed, as defined above.

Persons not in the labour force are those who, during the survey week, were not in the categories employed or unemployed, as defined above. They include persons who were keeping house (unpaid), attending an educational institution (school, university, etc.), retired, voluntarily inactive, permanently unable to work, persons in institutions (hospitals, gaols, sanatoria, etc.), trainee teachers, members of contemplative religious orders, and persons whose only activity during the survey week was jury service or unpaid voluntary work for a charitable organisation. Specific surveys of persons not in the labour force indicate that a number want to work but are not classified as unemployed because they were not actively looking for work and/or were not available to begin work in the survey week. Included in this group are the discouraged jobseekers and other persons marginally attached to the labour force.

20. The *labour force participation rate* for any group is the labour force expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group. Because it is not practicable to ascertain information about school attendance or birthplace for persons in institutions (who are classified as not in the labour force), labour force participation rates for persons classified by school attendance or birthplace are calculated using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.

21. Persons attending school comprise those aged 15 to 20 who, during the survey week, were enrolled full time at secondary or high schools. Excluded are persons who were enrolled at universities, colleges of advanced education, technical colleges, other tertiary educational institutions, and coaching and business schools. Persons attending school are classified as in the labour force if they were employed or unemployed as defined above. Because it is not practicable to ascertain from persons in institutions (who are classified as not in the labour force) whether or not they are enrolled at secondary or high schools, such persons are excluded from estimates classified by school attendance.

22. Persons classified by *labour force status* are classified according to whether or not they are in the labour force. Persons in the labour force classified by *employment status* are classified according to whether they are employed or unemployed. The February, May, August and November issues of this publication include tables showing estimates of employed persons, obtained from the labour force survey, classified by *status of worker* i.e. whether they were employers, self-employed persons, wage and salary earners (employees), or unpaid family helpers.

23. Industry is classified according to the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC) 1983 (1201.0 and 1202.0) and occupation according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO) 1986 (1221.0) and 1222.0).

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24. Occupational data classified to ASCO was introduced for the August 1986 survey, replacing the *Classification and Classified List of Occupations (CCLO)*, *Revised November 1980* used in previous surveys. The new classification relies on the level and specialisation of skill required to satisfactorily perform primary tasks as its classificatory variable and is therefore significantly different from the previous classification. The Appendix in this publication contains a more detailed explanation of the concepts and structure underlying the classification.

25. A matrix of the two classifications at the broadest classification level (Major Group) is given in Table 41. The estimates contained in the matrix have been derived from a subsample of respondents in the May 1986 Labour Force Survey. The responses to questions on the occupations of employed persons were coded to both ASCO and CCLO classifications and the matrix was produced by cross-classifying ASCO Major Groups by CCLO Major Groups. A similar matrix, but on the basis of Minor Groups, is expected to be available by the end of December 1986. More information is available on request from the contact officer whose name appears on the front of this publication.

26. In the labour force survey, persons are classified as married or not married. Marital status is determined from information supplied by the respondent about the individual himself or herself and, where the person was reported as being married, about the living arrangements of persons usually resident in the household. Marital status does not therefore necessarily reflect legal status. Persons are classified as married if they are reported as being married (including de facto) and their spouse was a usual resident of the household at the time of the survey. The not-married category comprises persons who have never married, or are separated, widowed or divorced, as well as those who, although reported as being married, did not have a spouse who usually lived in the household. Persons who live in a de facto relationship but do not volunteer this information when asked whether they are married are classified as not married. For discontinuities in estimates of marital status, see paragraph 41.

27. The determination of *family relationships* and composition is complex, involving many factors. The following description outlines the major principles used for this survey. A *family* is defined to consist of two or more related persons usually resident in the same household at the time of the survey. A family comprises a married couple or a family head (as defined in paragraph 29) together with any persons having any of the following relationships to them:

- (a) sons or daughters of any age, if not married and with no children of their own present;
- (b) other relatives if not accompanied by a spouse, sons or daughters, or parents of their own; or

(c) any children under 15 years of age who do not have a parent present.

28. The following points should be noted in relation to the definition of a family in the previous paragraph:

- (a) the term *relationship* includes relationships by blood, marriage or adoption;
- (b) a family, as defined, can contain no more than two married persons, and can contain two married persons only if these persons are husband and wife (referred to as *married-couple families*);
- (c) other families are families other than marriedcouple families as defined above. From the definition of married and not married in paragraph 26 it can be seen that the heads of other families must, by definition, be not married. In addition to one-parent families, this category includes families in which there is no parent, for example a family head living with a brother or sister;
- (d) persons are defined as not a member of a family if they are not related to any other member of the household in which they are living. A person is considered to be *living alone* if he or she is the sole member of a household. Thus, a person who is the sole occupant of a self-contained flat attached to another dwelling is considered to be living alone;
- (e) the terms usually reside and present are synonomous, and refer to persons who were identified by the respondent as usual residents of the household at the time of the survey.

29. The *family head* of an *other family* is the parent in the case of a one-parent family or, in the case of other groups of related persons, is generally defined to be the eldest person in the family. No family head is defined for a married-couple family.

30. Dependent children comprise all family members under 15 years of age; all family members aged 15 to 19 attending school; and all family members aged 15 to 24 who are full-time students.

31. The areas determining the six State capital cities are the Statistical Divisions for those capital cities defined in Census of Population and Housing 30 June 1981, Persons and Dwellings in Local Government Areas and Urban Centres (Preliminary) (2401.0-2408.0). Capital City Statistical Divisions are predominantly urban in character and the boundaries are delineated to contain the anticipated urban development of the capital cities (and associated urban centres) for a period of at least 20 years.

Population benchmarks

32. Labour force survey estimates of persons employed, unemployed and not in the labour force are calculated in such a way as to add up to the independently estimated distribution of the population aged 15 and over by age and sex. This procedure compensates for underenumeration in the survey, and leads to more reliable estimates. The independent population statistics (benchmarks) are the latest available estimates at the time the labour force survey is conducted, but they usually differ from the official population estimates subsequently published in *Australian Demographic Statistics* (3101.0) because they are necessarily derived from incomplete information about population changes.

Revision of series

33. Survey estimates are not revised for the usually small amendments of population benchmarks arising from new data on deaths and overseas and internal migration. Revisions are made, however, after each census of population and housing, and when population estimation bases are reviewed. Survey estimates back to February 1978 have been recalculated to conform to revised population estimates which take account of results of the 1981 Census. Revised estimates back to February 1978 are shown in an appendix to the February 1986 issue of this publication. The next issue of *The Labour Force, Australia* (6204.0), planned for release in late 1986, will contain more detailed cross-classifications of revised estimates back to February 1978.

34. Following the change in official population estimates to a place of usual residence basis after the 1981 Census, the population benchmarks used in the estimation of labour force survey data are compiled according to place of usual residence. For an explanation of the new conceptual basis of population estimates see Population Estimates: An Outline of The New Conceptual Basis of ABS Population Estimates (3216.0). To coordinate with the new benchmarks, the labour force survey questionnaire was changed in October 1982 to enable identification of each respondent's place of usual residence. The estimates shown in this publication are thus wholly according to place of usual residence. Prior to October 1982, the estimates are based on a combination of place of enumeration and place of usual residence. Persons who are away overseas from their usual residence for less than six weeks at the time of interview are generally enumerated at their usual residence when relevant information can be obtained from other usual residents present at the time of the survey. Persons who, at the time of interview, are overseas for six weeks or more but for less than twelve months are included in the estimates on the assumption that their labour force characteristics are similar to those of the persons responding in the survey.

35. Until February 1978, surveys were conducted in February, May, August and November each year from 1964. From February 1978 the survey has been conducted on a monthly basis.

36. The questionnaire used in the survey for the collection of labour force data has been revised a number of times, the latest occasion being for the April 1986 survey. Details of these changes have been published in *Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force* Survey (6232.0) in March 1978, December 1981, August 1984 and June 1986. 37. The latest revision to the questionnaire, in April 1986, follows the extension of the definition of employed persons to include persons who worked without pay between 1 and 14 hours per week in a family business or on a farm (i.e. unpaid family helpers). This new definition aligns the Australian labour force concepts with a set of changed international definitions adopted by the International Labour Office at the 13th Conference of Labour Statisticians in October 1982.

38. Previously, such persons who worked 1 to 14 hours, or who had such a job but were not at work, were defined as either unemployed or not in the labour force, depending on whether they were actively looking for work. From the April 1986 issue, all estimates shown in this publication are now based on the new definition.

39. A revised procedure for weighting of families estimates as presented in Tables 42 and 43 was also introduced in April 1986. Additional tables were included in the April 1986 issue of this publication to show the impact of this new procedure. Paragraph 64 contains more details.

Comparability of series

40. As noted in paragraphs 33 and 34, estimates from February 1978 have been revised to conform to revised population estimates and are thus not strictly comparable with estimates for periods prior to February 1978 which have not been revised. The appendix to the February 1984 issue of this publication contains adjustment factors enabling users to calculate the expected effect of the revisions to estimates for periods prior to February 1978.

41. Paragraph 26 outlines the definition of marital status now used in the labour force survey. In conjunction with the revision of estimates back to February 1978 to conform to revised population estimates, a revision to take account of the new definition of marital status was also applied. Consequently, estimates of marital status contained in this publication are not comparable with estimates published before the February 1984 issue of this publication which classified as married all respondents who reported that they were married or separated. The revision to the marital status classification was undertaken in two parts. Firstly, for all surveys from February 1978, persons who reported that they were separated, were reclassified as not married. Secondly, from June 1983 onwards, in addition to including persons reported as separated, the not-married category includes persons who although reported as married, did not, at the time of the survey, have a spouse who was a usual resident of the household.

42. Comparability with estimates produced from the quarterly survey of employment and earnings is affected by the use of a different survey methodology and definitions. The labour force survey provides estimates of people in jobs whereas the survey of employment and earnings provides an estimate of the number of jobs held by people. A more detailed description of the differences between these two series is provided in *Information Paper: Comparison of Employment Estimates from the Labour Force Survey and the Survey of Employment and Earnings* (6263.0).

Survey sample

43. For detailed information on sample design and selection see the Technical note in *The Labour Force, Australia, 1978* (6204.0).

44. The population survey sample is reselected every five years to allow data from the latest census of population and housing to be used to improve the efficiency of the population survey sample design. The latest reselection, which used data from the 1981 Census, was introduced for the October 1982 survey.

45. The sampling fraction differs for States and Territories. This enables estimates of reasonable accuracy to be produced from all States and Territories as well as for Australia. Sampling fractions for each State and Territory are as follows: New South Wales and Victoria, 1 in 200; Queensland, 1 in 140; Western Australia, South Australia, Northern Territory and Australian Capital Territory, 1 in 100; and Tasmania, 1 in 60.

Reliability of the estimates

46. Estimates in this publication are subject to two sources of error:

- (a) sampling error: since the estimates are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. More information on this topic is given in the Technical note; and
- (b) non-sampling error: inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents and interviewers and errors made in the coding and processing of data. These inaccuracies may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

Differences between population census and population survey estimates

47. The results of the 1981 Census of Population and Housing show that labour force figures derived from the census differ from estimates derived from the labour force surveys.

48. The broad concepts underlying the measures of the labour force and its components, employment and unemployment, are similar in the census and the survey. However there are considerable differences in both the collection methodology adopted (including the detailed questions asked) and estimation procedures. Factors contributing to differences in estimates include underenumeration in the population census for which census labour force estimates have not been adjusted, the use in the labour force survey of population benchmarks derived from incomplete information about population change (see paragraph 32), the inclusion of permanent defence forces in census estimates, the personal interview approach adopted in the survey as opposed to self-enumeration of census schedules, differing questions used to determine labour force characteristics (particularly the identification of unemployed persons) and differing methods of adjustment for non-response to the survey or census.

49. The labour force survey provides detailed and upto-date estimates of employment and unemployment for Australia and States, whereas the census of population and housing provides counts for small areas but in less detail than is available from the survey.

50. These considerations should be borne in mind if comparisons are made between population census and labour force survey estimates.

Seasonal adjustment

51. Seasonally adjusted series are published in Table 2. As happens with all seasonally adjusted series, the seasonal factors are reviewed annually to take account of each additional year's original data. The latest review, in February 1986, revised the monthly series back to February 1978. Information about the method of adjustment and revised seasonally adjusted figures for all months since February 1978 were published in an appendix to the February 1986 issue of this publication.

Month-to-month movements

52. Care should be taken in the interpretation of monthto-month movements in these estimates. Survey estimates are subject to sampling and non-sampling variability as explained in paragraph 46. Particular care should be taken in the interpretation of the seasonally adjusted series in this publication, as a short-term movement cannot be assumed to indicate a change in trend.

Gross flows

53. In order to minimise respondent burden and at the same time maintain continuity within the population survey sample, one eighth of the dwellings in the sample (except the large non-private dwellings) are replaced after each survey. Adoption of this rotation procedure, whereby about seven-eighths of the sample remains unchanged from one month to the next, enables more reliable measurements of changes in the labour force characteristics of the population to be made than would be possible if a new sample were introduced each month.

54. Because a high proportion of private dwellings selected in one survey remains in the sample for the following survey, it is possible to match the characteristics of most of the persons in those dwellings from one month to the next, to record any changes that occur, and hence to produce estimates of *flows* between the different categories of the population and labour force.

55. The procedures used to select persons in non-private dwellings preclude the possibility of matching any of them who may be included in successive surveys. For this and other reasons, including the mobility of the population and non-response in either or both surveys, about 10 per cent of persons in those dwellings which are included in the sample in successive months cannot be matched. Those who can be matched represent about 80 per cent of all persons in the survey. 56. Changes in the characteristics of this latter group are shown in the gross flows table. About one half of the remaining (unmatched) 20 per cent of persons in the survey are likely to have characteristics similar to those in the matched group, but the characteristics of the other half are likely to be somewhat different.

57. Gross flow estimates relate only to those persons in private dwellings for whom information was obtained in successive surveys. The expansion factors used in calculating the estimates were those applying to the second of each pair of months.

58. Although it is not possible to provide gross flow estimates for all persons in the survey it is considered that the estimates derived from matched records will be a useful guide to the magnitude of the movements between categories which underlie the changes in monthly levels. When comparing flows for different periods it is important to take into account the population represented by the matched sample, as shown in the last line of the table.

59. While every effort is made to reduce non-sampling errors to a minimum, any such errors affecting labour force status will tend to accumulate in the gross flow statistics rather than to cancel out. The estimates are also subject to sampling variability, as explained in the Technical note. For these reasons the estimates of flows should be used with caution. The standard errors may be obtained from Table A of the Technical note.

60. Estimates of total flows into or out of the employed category may be less than the sum of the estimates for employed full time and employed part time as the estimates for the latter two categories include movements between these two categories.

Labour force status and other characteristics of families

61. As a part of survey procedures, family relationships are determined each month, enabling both the estimation of persons cross-classified by their family status and the estimation of families. This publication contains tables showing the labour force status and family status of individuals and families classified by family type, number of family members, the labour force status of persons within families, the number of children aged 0-14 present, and from the May 1986 issue onwards, the number of dependent children present.

62. Because of the coverage rules of the population survey which associate persons with particular dwellings so that each person has an equal chance of selection in the survey, persons who usually live with other members of their family may, at the time of the survey, be enumerated as not living with all the usual members of their family. This situation is more likely for persons who are enumerated as visitors to other private dwellings or as persons staying in non-private dwellings (hotels, caravan parks, hospitals, etc.). The determination of family structure and family characteristics in such cases is most difficult. Thus, family information was not obtained for the following persons:

(a) all persons enumerated in non-private dwellings (including hotels, motels, hospitals and other institutions); and (b) persons enumerated as visitors to (rather than usual residents of) private dwellings.

63. In addition, in those private dwellings where it was not possible to obtain information relating to all the usual residents, no family information was recorded. Thus the family characteristics of persons living in families which include a member of the permanent defence forces, who is outside the scope of the population survey, are not determined because family information could not be obtained from each usual resident. Similarly families which at the time of the survey have one or more of their members away from the usual residence, are also excluded from family determination. A summary of those persons for whom family information was obtained as well as those usual residents of private dwellings for whom complete family information could not be obtained, and those persons specifically excluded from the family determination procedures is contained in the family tables. Generally, family status is determined for more than 90 per cent of all civilians aged 15 and over.

64. Estimates of the number of families in this publication differ from those in publications prior to the April 1986 issue. This is due to the adoption of a new weighting procedure where the family weight is determined using an average of all family members responding to the labour force survey. Previously, the family weight used to publish estimates of the number of families was determined by nomination of a proxy 'head of household' as representative of the family.

65. Revised data for March using the new weighting of families and the revised definition of employed persons were shown in the April 1986 issue of this publication. Comparisons can thus be made between these March 1986 estimates and those published in the March 1986 issue which used the old family weight and were based on the old definition of employed persons. Revised data for March using the new family weighting based on the old definition of employed persons, and the old family weight based on the new definition of employed persons, are available on request.

Additional data

66. Estimates for employed persons classified by industry, occupation and status of worker are available each February, May, August and November, and the following tables are published in issues of this publication for those months.

> Employed persons— Industry and occupation— Full-time and part-time workers Status of worker Age and birthplace Hours worked Industry by occupation Industry subdivisions Major and minor occupation groups

67. In some cases, the ABS can also make available information which is not published. This information may be made available in one or more of the following forms: microfiche, photocopy, data tape, computer printout, manually-extracted tabulation. In general, a charge is made for providing unpublished information. Inquiries should be made to the officer whose name appears in the *Phone Inquiries* section of the inquiries box at the front of this publication, or to Information Services in the nearest ABS Office.

Related publications

68. Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which relate to the labour force and are available on request:

The Labour Force, Australia, Preliminary (6202.0) issued monthly

The Labour Force (Including Regional Estimates), New South Wales (6201.1)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, Victoria (6201.2)—issued monthly

The Labour Force, Victorian Regions (6202.2)—issued quarterly

Information Paper, Victorian Labour Force Statistics (6262.2)

The Labour Force, Queensland (6201.3)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force: Regional Estimates, Queensland (6204.3)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, South Australia (6201.4)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, Regional Estimates, Western Australia (6201.5)— issued quarterly

Labour Force Statistics, Tasmania 1985 (6201.6)

Monthly Summary of Statistics, Tasmania (1303.6) issued monthly

Labour Statistics, Australia, 1984 (6101.0)—issued / annually— (\$4.50, \$6.50 incl. postage)

A Guide to Labour Statistics (6102.0)—(\$3.60, \$4.80 incl. postage)

Job Vacancies, Australia (6231.0)-issued quarterly

Information Paper: Questionnaires used in the Labour Force Survey, June 1986 (6232.0)

Information Paper: Release of Regional Labour Force Statistics (6262.0)

Employed Wage and Salary Earners, Australia (6248.0)—issued quarterly

Overtime, Australia (6330.0)—issued quarterly

Persons not in the Labour Force, Australia (6220.0) issued twice-yearly

Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, Australia July 1985 (6224.0)—issued annually —(\$1.20, \$2.10 incl. postage)

Information Paper : New Statistical Series : Employment, Average Weekly Earnings, Job Vacancies and Overtime (6256.0)

Social Indicators No. 4, 1984 (4101.0); (\$21.50, \$25.50 incl. postage)

Information Paper : Comparison of Employment Estimates From the Labour Force Survey and the Survey of Employment and Earnings (6263.0)

69. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications, Australia* (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a *Publications Advice* (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

AUSSTATS

70. A wide range of economic, social and demographic statistics, including some of the series contained in this publication, is available on AUSSTATS, ABS' on-line service through CSIRONET.

71. For further information, phone the AUSSTATS Help Desk on (062) 526017.

Symbols and other usages

- * subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See paragraph 6 of the Technical note
- n.a. not available
- .. not applicable
- n.e.c. not elsewhere classified

72. Figures have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

IAN CASTLES Australian Statistician EMPLOYED PERSONS









UNEMPLOYMENT RATES



TABLES

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER

			Unemployed								
			Looking for full-time w	vork							
	Employed		Aged 15-19]	Looking for			Not in	Civilian popula- tion	linemp-	Partici-
Markh	 Pull-time 	Total	first job	Total	time	Total	Labour	labour	aged 15	loyment	pation
Month	WOIKEIS	Total	IIIBC JOD	-	1000 ·	-	TOICe	IUICE	, ,	- pe	r cent -
										-	
					MALES						
1985 -											
July	3,843.3	4,108.0	25.8	321.4	19.0	340.4	4,448.4	1,439.3	5,887.7	7.7	75.6
August	3,836.0	4,102.8	27.0	323.3	23.3	346.6	4,449.4	1,44/.5	5,890.9	7.5	76.5
October	3,867.8	4,151.9	19.6	286.5	20.3	306.8	4,458.7	1,457.9	5,916.5	6.9	75.4
November	3,914.4	4,197.8	21.3	282.7	24.9	307.6	4,505.4	1,421.0	5,926.5	6.8	76.0
· December ·	3,952.6	4,215.1	39.3	301.3	30.9	332.2	4,547.3	1,389.1	5,936.4	7.3	76.6
1986 -											
January	3,923.8	4,174.4	45.3	329.9	35.0	364.8	4,539.2	1,407.9	5,947.2	8.0	76.3
February	3,937.7	4,191.1	39.2	337.7	28.4	366.0	4,557.1	1,400.6	5,957.7	8.0	76.5
March	3,939.3	4,223.5	29.9	305.5	33.2	338.7	4,555.8	1,422.1	5,977.9	7.4	76.2
May	3,914.3	4,204.1	18.8	308.8	27.6	336.4	4,540.5	1,447.1	5,987.6	7.4	75.8
June	3,950.7	4,233.2	18.5	292.9	27.0	320.0	4,553.2	1,444.1	5,997.3	7.0	75.9
July	3,927.7	4,204.7	20.6	- 317.4	24.3	341.7	4,546.4	1,462.6	6,009.0	7.5	75.7
August	3,901.8	4,1/3.0	1/.5	313.3	20.1	540.0	4,527.0	1,452.4	0,02012		,3.2
Standard error of -											
Aug 1986			1.0	6.2			16.0			0.1	• •
estimates	15.3	15.6	1.8	0.3	2.3	0.0	10.0	11.1	••	0.1	0.3
July 55 to Aug 66	12.7	13.0	1.8	5.0	2.0	5.1	13.4	8.8	••	0.1	0.2
				MA	RRIED PE	MALES					
1985 -			•								
July	810.0	1,535.4	*	48.3	38.6	86.9	1,622.2	1,983.5	3,605.7	5.4	45.0
August	803.1	1,525.3	•	54.9	35.3	90.2	1,615.5	1,987.7	3,603.2	5.6	44.8
September	835.3	1,566.3		53.4	42.3	95.7	1,662.0	1,961.0	3,623.0	5.8	45.9 45 B
October	842.1	1,570.9	-	54.1	41.3	95.5	1.705.1	1,922.1	3,627.1	5.6	47.0
December	859.7	1,600.1	+	49.8	37.4	87.2	1,687.3	1,940.2	3,627.5	5.2	46.5
							•				
1986 -	P40 5	1 509 0	•	52 0	26.4	78.4	1.587.4	2.055.1	3:642.5	4.9	43.6
February	870.1	1,587.7	• •	65.9	48.4	114.3	1,702.0	1,939.8	3,641.8	6.7	46.7
March	882.0	1,643.9	*	61.9	53.0	114.8	1,758.7	1,896.0	3,654.7	6.5	48.1
April	890.4	1,646.5	*	61.3	47.9	109.2	1,755.7	1,906.4	3,662.1	6.2	47.9
May	888.0	1,647.6		60.9	42.8	103.7	1,751.3	1,90/.1	3,020.4	5.7	47.8
June	902.9	1,685.4	· ·	59.2	41.1	100.3	1,785.7	1,902.7	3,688.4	5.6	48.4
August	881.2	1,651.4	*	51.8	40.3	92.2	1,743.5	1,957.6	3,701.1	5.3	47.1
							•				
Standard error of -											
AUG 1986 estimates	9.2	11.5	0.3	3.0	2.7	3.8	11.7	12.2		0.2	0.3
July 86 to Aug 86										. –	
movements	7.3	9.2	0.4	2.6	2.3	3.2	9.4	9.8	. ••	0.2	0.3

•

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TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER (continued)

			Unemployed								•
			Looking for full-time v	r vork							
	/ Employed		Aged 15-19		Looking for				Civilian popula-		
Month	Pull-time workers	Total	for first job	Total	time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
					- '000	-				- pe	r cent -
•					ALL PENAL	ES					
1985 -											
July	1,628.8	2,607.9	20.1	150.3	68.2	218.5	2,826.4	3,246.8	6,073.3	7.7	46.5
August	1,603.2	2,587.5	18.3	160.9	60.1	221.0	2,808.5	3,274.4	6,082.8	7.9	46.2
October	1,643.8	2,641.4	20.6	165.2	67 7	242.7	2,884.1	3,208.4	6,092.4	8.4	47.3
November	1,648.0	2,692.7	19.3	156.8	72.6	229.4	2,922.1	3,190.8	6,112,9	7.9	40./
December	1,686.4	2,703.7	32.5	178.4	73.3	251.7	2,955.4	3,167.7	6,123.2	8.5	48.3
1986 -											
January	1,679.8	2,587.7	38.0	193.8	56.4	250.2	2.837.9	3.295.3	6.133.2		46.7
February	1,701.1	2,679.1	33.4	206.8	85.7	292.5	2,971.5	3,171.9	6,143.4	9.8	48.4
March	1,699.2	2,737.9	27.2	189.7	95.7	285.5	3,023.3	3,130.2	6,153.6	9.4	49.1
April	1,705.5	2,744.9	17.1	179.6	88.6	268.2	3,013.2	3,150.2	6,163.4	8.9	48.9
June	1,701.0	2,739.5	20.0	1/4.5	81.3	255.8	2,996.2	3,177.1	6,173.3	8.5	48.5
July	1,703.5	2,753.7	21.4	173.5	78.9	252.4	3.006.1	3,189.4	6,195.5	8.1	48.2
August	1,680.7	2,705.9	19.5	170.8	76.9	247.6	2,953.6	3,253.1	6,206.7	8.4	47.6
		-									
Standard error of -											
Aug 1986											
estimates	11.6	13.6	1.9	4.9	3.5	5.7	14.0	14.4	••	0.2	0.2
movements	9.3	11.1	1.8	3.9	29	A 5	11 5	11.0			
				,	2.00			11.0	••	0.2	0.2
					PERSON	S		•			
1985 -											
July	5,472.1	6,715.9	45.9	471.7	87.2	558.9	7,274.8	4.686.2	11.961.0		60 P
August	5,439.2	6,690.3	45.3	484.2	83.4	567.6	7,257.9	4,721.8	11,979.7	7.8	60.6
September	5,547.7	6,817.8	47.2	479.5	103.5	583.0	7,400.8	4,597.6	11,998.5	7.9	61.7
October	5,496.6	6,782.9	39.1	440.5	87.9	528.4	7,311.4	4,707.7	12,019.1	7.2	60.8
December	5,638.9	6.918.9	71.9	439.5	97.5	537.0	7,42/.5	4,511.8	12,039.3	7.2	61.7
						50515	.,	4,550.5	12,039.0	/.0	
1986 -											
Pabruary	5,603.6	6,762.1	83.3	523.7	91.4	615.0	7,377.2	4,703.2	12,080.4	8.3	61.1
March	5.638.5	6,961.4	57.1	501.6	114.0	634 6	7,528.0	4,5/2.5	12,101.1	8.7	62.2
April	5,620.1	6,962.1	38.4	485.1	121.8	606.9	7.569.0	4.572.3	12,141.3	8.0	62.7
Hay	5,615.8	6,944.5	38.7	483.3	108.9	592.2	7,536.7	4,624.1	12,160.9	7.9	62.0
June	5,634.9	6,972.7	35.8	457.0	104.8	561.9	7,534.6	4,646.0	12,180.5	7.5	61.9
August	5,582.4	6,958.4 6,885.7	42.0 37.0	490.9 490.7	103.2 105.0	594.2 595.6	7,552.6 7,481.4	4,652.0 4,745.6 :	12,204.5 12,226.9	7.9	61.9 61.2
Standard error of - Aug 1986		•									
estimates	17.1	18.2	2.6	7.4	4.0	8.0	18.7	16.2	••	0.1	0.2
July 86 to Aug 86	14 5	15 -									
m046m61168	14.3	12.1	2.3	5.8	3.3	6.3	16.2	13.6	••	0.1	0.1

TABLE 2. CIVILIAN LABOUR PORCE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

			Unemployed						
			Looking for full-time wor	k	-				
o	Employed		Aged 15-19		Looking .		•	11.0000-	Destici
Maadab	Full-time	Total	100K1ng for first job	Total	part-time work	Total	Labour force	loyment	pation rate
Month	WOLKEIS	10101		-	'000 -			- per	cent -
			•	MALPS					
1985 -				HADE3					
July August	3,835.7 3,870.5	4,103.8 4,136.5	34.1 , 34.3	333.9 328.2	22.0	355.9 353.2	4,459.7 4,489.7	8.0 7.9	75.7 76.1
September October	3,888.4 3,866.1	4,156.3 4,141.1	31.6 24.3	317.6 305.2	24.2	341.8 327.4	4,498.2 4,468.5	7.6	76.2
November December	3,919.8	4,193.3	24.8	296.7	26.0	322.8	4,504.9	7.2	75.9
1986 - January	3,942.3	4,211.5	28.8	297.7	29.9	327.6	4,539.2	7.2	76.3 76.1
March April	3,926.1 3,931.5	4,210.7	28.1 25.0	302.2 310.2	34.8 34.9	337.0 345.1	4,547.7 4,567.6	7.4	76.2 76.4
May June	3,918.7 3,958.6	4,203.7 4,239.2	23.3	312.6 303.3	25.4	338.0 331.7	4,541.8	7.4	75.9 76.2
July August	3,919.7 3,937.0	4,200.1 4,214.7	27.2	329.8	28.4 30.1	358.2	4,558.2	7.8	75.9 75.9
				MARRIED PE	MALES				
1985 - July	811.0	1,529.4	n.a.	51.9	39.5	91.4	1,620.9	5.6	45.0
August September October	815.5 823.4 839.0	1,543.9	n.a. n.a. n.a.	54.5	38.6	93.1 92.4	1,637.0	5.7 5.6	45.2
November December	841.4 846.4	1,580.6	n.a. n.a.	56.8 54.7	43.6 41.7	100.4 96.3	1,681.1 1,681.8	6.0 5.7	46.3 46.4
1986 - January	854.0	1,603.4	n.a.	56.8	39.2	96.0	1,699.3	5.6	46.7
February March	875.8 877.8	1,606.9	n.a. n.a.	57.6	43.0	100.6 97.3	1,707.5	5.9 5.7 5.7	46.9 46.9 48.0
April May June	889.0 886.8	1,633.9	n.a. n.a.	60.6	40.5 43.8	101.1 98.4	1,735.0	5.8	47.4
July August	904.0 894.5	1,679.6 1,657.1	n.a. n.a.	63.7 54.7	42.0 45.3	105.7 100.0	1,785.3 1,757.1	· 5.9 5.7	48.4 47.5
				ALL PEMAL	ES				
1985 - July	1,624.2	2,598.3	25.4	165.2	71.9	237.1	2,835.4	8.4	46.7
August September Ostobor	1,624.4 1,627.0	2,600.3 2,614.3 2,621.2	24.0	171.5	70.6	244.5	2,858.8	8.6 8.5	46.9
November December	1,644.7 - 1,656.1	2,655.2 2,663.8	25.3 23.3	173.8 172.1	78.2 74.3	252.0 246.4	2,907.2 2,910.3	8.7 8.5	. 47.6 47.5
1986 - January	1,679.1	2,698.9	25.1	176.5	71.5	248.0	2,947.0	8.4	48.0
February March	1,707.5 1,692.7	2,705.4 2,706.8	24.5 24.8	178.5 173.0	78.1 80.3	256.6 253.3	2,962.1 2,960.2	8.7 8.6	48.2 48.1
April May June	1,713.9 1,708.7	2,755.8 2,736.1 2,739.6	18.1 21.8 19.4	1/5.1 173.2 166.4	78.2	255.7 251.4 244.3	2,987.5	8.4	48.4
July August	1,698.0 1,702.8	2,743.0 2,719.5	27.0	191.1 182.5	83.2 90.0	274.3 272.5	3,017.3 2,992.0	9.1 9.1	48.7 48.2
						·			
		•		PERSONS				r	
1985 - July	5,459.9	6,702.1	59.5	499.1	93.9	593.0	7,295.1	8.1	61.0
August September	5,494.9	6,736.8 6,770.6	58.2	499.7 491.5	95.2 94.8	594.9 586.3	7,331.7 7,356.9	8.1 8.0 7 P	61.2 61.3
October November December	5,501.0 5,564.5 5,571.7	6,848.5 6,846.0	50.3 51.1 48.1	475.8 468.8	107.1 100.4	582.9	7,431.4 7,415.2	7.8	61.7 61.5
1986 -	E 601 4	6 010 E		474 3	101.4	575.7	7.486.1	7.7	62.0
January Pebruary March	5,634.0 5,618.8	6,899.9	53.0 52.9	487.8	108.3 115.1	596.1 590.3	7,496.0 7,507.9	8.0 7.9	61.9 61.9
April May	5,645.4 5,627.5	6,978.3 6,939.8	43.1 45.1	485.3 485.8	115.5	600.8 589.5	7,579.1 7,529.3	7.9	62.4 61.9
June July August	5,656.9 5,617.7 5,630 8	6,978.8 6,943.1 6,934.1	44.9 54.2 47.6	409.6 520.9 506.8	106.3 111.6 120.1	575.9 632.5 626.9	7,534.8 7,575.5 7,561.1	7.0 8.3 8.3	62.1 61.8
August	51035.0	0,334+1							

TABLE 3. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: MARITAL STATUS, AUGUST 1986

,			Unemployed					Civilian		
	Pull-time workers Total		Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	popula- tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
				- '000	-				- pe	r cent -
Males	3,901.6	4,179.8	319.9	28.1	348.0	4,527.8	1,492.4	6,020.2	7.7	75.2
Married Not married	2,648.5	2,760.3	132.7 187.2	4.6 23.5	137.3 210.7	2,897.6 1,630.2	817.5 675.0	3,715.1 2,305.1	4.7 12.9	78.0 70.7
Females Married	1,680.7	2,705.9	170.8	76.9	247.6	2,953.6	3,253.1	6,206.7	8.4	47.6
Not married	799.5	1,054.6	118.9	36.5	155.5	1,210.0	1,295.6	2,505.6	12.8	48.3
Persons	5,582.4	6,885.7	490.7	105.0	595.6	7,481.4	4,745.6	12,226.9	8.0	61.2

TABLE 4. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: STATES AND TERRITORIES, AUGUST 1986

	Employed		Unemployed	l 				Civilian		
State or Territory	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	popula- tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
			- '000 -					- per		
				M	LES					
New South Wales	1,337.0	1,430.4	118.1	9.1	127.1	1,557.5	537.2	2,094.7	8.2	74.4
Victoria	1,038.6	1,109.1	66.4	8.1	74.5	1.183.6	396.3	1.579.9	6.3	74 9
Queensland	620.7	668.8	61.0	4.1	65.1	733.9	230.1	964.0	8.9	76.1
South Australia	329.6	352.9	31.7	2.2	33.9	386.8	137.8	524.6	8.8	73.7
Western Australia	364.6	390.9	29.2	2.6	31.8	422.7	122.1	544.8	7 5	77.6
Tasmania	107.3	114.1	8.7	•	9.5	123.7	43.5	167 2	7.5	77.0
Northern Territory	37.4	41.1	3.8	*	4.1	45.2	8.4	53 6	á í	94.3
Australian Capital					•••		•••	55.0	3.1	04.3
Territory	66.5	72.4	*	*	2.0	74.4	17.0	91.4	2.6	81.4
Australia	3,901.6	4,179.8	319.9	28.1	348.0	4,527.8	1,492.4	6,020.2	7.7	75.2
				PEP	ALES					
New South Wales	583.2	914.0	63.3	23.6	86.9	1,000.9	1,166.5	2,167.5	8.7	46.2
Victoria	463.4	724.6	38.7	19.5	58.2	782.7	860.4	1,643.2	7.4	47.6
Queensland	258.1	420.8	31.7	15.7	47.4	468.2	516.5	984.7	10.1	47 5
South Australia	132.3	237.5	16.8	5.4	22.2	259.7	288.5	548.2	8.5	47.4
Western Australia	147.2	255.8	13.2	8.8	22.0	277.8	266.7	544.5	7.9	51 0
Tasmania	38.9	70.2	5.0	1.9	6.9	77.1	95.7	172.8	8.9	AA 6
Northern Territory	19.3	26.0	*	•	•	27.2	21.3	48.5	*	56.1
Territory	38.4	57.0	•	1.8	2.9	59 .9	37.5	97.4	4.8	61.5
Australia	1,680.7	2,705.9	170.8	76.9	247.6	2,953.6	3,253.1	6,206.7	8.4	47.6
				PER	SONS					
New South Wales	1,920.2	2.344.4	181.4	32.7	214.1	2.558.5	1.703.7	4 267 2		60.0
Victoria	1,502.0	1,833.7	105.1	27.6	132.7	1,966.3	1.256.7	3.223 0	6.7	60.0
Oueensland	878.8	1.089.6	92.7	19.8	112.5	1,202.1	746 5	1.948 6	0.7	61.0
South Australia	462.0	590.4	48.5	7.6	56.1	646.5	426.3	1.072.8	8 7	60.2
Western Australia	511.8	646.7	42.5	11.3	53.8	700.5	388 8	1.089.3	0.7 7 7	60.3
Tasmania	146.1	184.4	13.7	2.7	16 4	200 9	139.5	340 0	1.1	04.3
Northern Territory	56.7	67.1	1 /		5 2	72 4	207	10.0	0.2	23.1
Australian Capital	2017		4.0	-	5.5	/ 4	63.1	102.1	/.4	/0.9
Territory	104.9	129.5	2.1	2.7	4.8	134.3	54.6	188.9	3.6	71.1
Australia	5,582.4	6,885.7	490.7	105.0	595.6	7,481.4	4,745.6	12,226.9	8.0	61.2

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TABLE 5. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: STATE CAPITAL CITIES(a), AUGUST 1986

Pmployed			Unemployed	F				Civilian	1		
	Employed		Looking	Looking			Not in	popula- tion	linemp-	Partici-	
	Bull_time		for full-	for part-		Labour	labour	aged 15	lovment	pation	
Capital city	workers	Total	time work	time work	Total	force	force	and over	rate	rate	
-				- '000	-				- pe	r cent -	
				M	ALES						
Sudney	847.9	904.3	60.9	5.6	66.5	970.8	329.1	1,299.9	6.8	74.7	
Welbourne	754.4	802.4	42.9	5.8	48.7	851.1	274.5	1,125.6	5.7	75.6	
Brisbane	285.2	303.8	24.3	*	27.0	330.8	104.4	435.2	8.2	76.0	
Adelaide	231.9	248.2	23.5	*	24.9	273.1	106.2	379.3	9.1	72.0	
Perth	250.0	268.6	21.6	2.2	23.8	292.4	88.8	381.2	8.1	76.7	
Hobart	41.5	44.7	3.1	*	3.6	48.2	18.8	67.1	7.4	71.9	
Total	2,410.9	2,572.0	176.3	18.2	194.5	2,766.5	921.8	3,688.3	7.0	75.0	
				PE	MALES						
Svdnev	414.2	624.9	35.7	14.2	50.0	674.9	700.8	1,375.6	7.4	49.1	
Melbourne	356.5	534.9	25.0	14.5	39.5	574.5	607.5	1,181.9	6.9	48.6	
Brisbane	132.8	205.0	13.0	9.6	22.6	227.7	238.7	466.3	9.9	48.8	
Adelaide	102.2	178.4	11.7	4.1	15.8	194.1	213.3	407.5	8.1	47.6	
Perth	111.2	191.2	9.4	7.1	16.5	207.6	196.6	404.2	7.9	51.4	
Hobart	18.5	32.7	1.2	1.0	2.2	34.9	36.7	71.6	6.4	48.7	
Total	1,135.4	1,767.1	96.1	50.5	146.6	1,913.7	1,993.5	3,907.2	7.7	49.0	
				PE	RSONS						
Svđnev	1.262.1	1,529.2	96.6	19.8	116.5	1,645.7	1,029.8	2,675.5	7.1	61.5	
Melbourne	1,110.9	1,337.3	67.9	20.4	88.3	1,425.6	881.9	2,307.5	6.2	61.8	
Brisbane	418.0	508.8	37.4	12.3	49.7	558.5	343.1	901.6	8.9	61.9	
Adelaide	334.1	426.5	35.2	5.5	40.7	467.2	319.5	786.7	8.7	59.4	
Perth	361.1	459.8	31.0	9.3	40.3	500.1	285.4	785.4	8.1	63.7	
Hobart	60.0	77.4	4.3	1.5	5.8	83.1	55.5	138.7	7.0	59.9	
Total	3,546.3	4,339.0	272.4	68.7	341.1	4,680.2	2,915.3	7,595.5	7.3	61.6	

(a) Consists of capital city statistical divisions. See Explanatory notes.

TABLE 6. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, AUGUST 1986

				Persons			
		Pemales		Aged	Aged	Aged 25 and	
	Males	Married	Total	15-19	20-24	over	Total
				- '000 -			
Employed Full-time workers Part-time workers	72.4 66.5 6.0	34.0 20.6 13.4	57.0 38.4 18.7	11.0 4.6 6.4	18.2 16.1 2.1	100.2 84.1 16.1	129.5 104.9 24.6
Unemployed Looking for full-time work Looking for part-time work	2.0 *	* * *	2.9 * 1.8	2.1 * 1.4	*	· 1.9 •	4.8 2.1 2.7
Labour force	74.4	35.0	59.9	13.1	19.0	102.2	134.3
Not in labour force Aged 15-19 attending school(a)	17.0 5.2	22.5	37.5 3.4	10.1 8.6	3.1	41.3	54.6 8.6
Civilian population	91.4	57.5	97.4	23.3	22.1	143.5	188.9
			-	per cent -			
Unemployment rate Looking for full-time work Participation rate Employment/population ratio	2.6 * 81.4 79.2	* * 60.9 59.2	4.8 * 61.5~ 58.5	15.8 * 56.4 47.5	* * 85.9 82.2	1.9 * 71.2 69.8	3.6 2.0 71.1 68.5
				- number -			
Average (mean) weekly hours worked by employed persons	37.3	28.6	29.9	20.0	34.9	35.4	34.0
Average (mean) duration of unemployment (weeks)	14.2	•	13.8	10.6	*.	•	13.9

(a) Excludes persons in institutions. See Explanatory notes.

				l				Civilian			
•	Employed		Looking	Looking		Labour	Not in labour	tion	Unemp-	Partici-	
	worker6	Total	time work	time work	Total	force	force	15-19	rate	rate	
			- '000 -						- per cent -		
				NOT ATTEND	ING SCHOOL						
Males	238.3	271.1	54.6	3.6	58.2	329.3	49.6	379.0	17.7	86.9	
Females	185.9	236.0	49.2	5.7	54.8	290.8	64.4	355.2	18.9	81.9	
Persons	424.2	507.1	103.8	9.3	113.0	620.1	114.0	734.1	18.2	84.5	
Left school -						170 4	26.6	204 0	10 7	87 1	
Before 1984	128.5	143.4	33.3	, 4.2	(35.1	1/8.4	20.5	204.9	14.4	85.7	
1984	137.5	102.4	23.4 45.1	['] 5.1	50.2	248.5	55.4	303.8	20.2	81.8	
1985 to survey date	130.3	190.5	45.1	5.1	3012						
Age -					5 1	19.1		21.6	28.0	84.7	
15	11.2	13.2	4./	•	20.2	75.7	8.3	84.0	26.6	90.2	
16	91.7	108.3	22.8	•	23.5	131.8	18.1	149.9	17.8	87.9	
17	128.0	158.1	29.2	4.2	33.4	191.5	39.9	231.3	17.4	82.8	
19	146.0	172.0	27.8	*	30.9	202.9	44.5	247.4	15.2	82.0	
				ATTENDIN	G SCHOOL						
Malog	•	55.2	4.1	12.9	16.9	72.1	231.6	303.7	23.5	23.7	
Pemales	*	65.1	•	16.2	, 18.1	83.3	220.3	303.6	21.8	27.4	
Persons	*	120.3	6.1	29.0	35.1	155.4	451.9	607.3	22.6	25.6	
Age -										22 E	
15	*	42.7) 4.2	(14.4	10.8	59.5	205.2	204./	20.3	22.3	
16		46.1	· · ·	(/.9	9.0	33.0	86.8	118.6	20.9	26.9	
17 18 and 19	*	6.3		5.1 *	•	8.2	25.5	33.7	•	24.4	
	·			TOT	AL						
Males	238.8	326.3	58.7	16.5	75.1	401.4	281.3	682.7	18.7	58.8	
Females	186.2	301.1	51.2	21.8	73.0	374.0	284.7	658.7	19.5	56.8	
Persons	425.1	627.4	109.8	38.3	148.1	775.5	566.0	1,341.4	19.1	57.8	
Age -				14.0	22.0	• •	208 5	286 2	28.2	27.2	
15	11.8	55.9	7.2	14.8	22.0	171.8	200.5	200.3	20.2	47.9	
16	47.5	101.7	21.0	5.0	29.8 30.1	163.7	104.9	268.5	18.4	60.9	
1/	128.0	164.0	29.5	5.6	35.1	199.1	59.6	258.7	17.6	77.0	
19	146.0	172.3	27.8	*	31.1	203.4	50.3	253.7	15.3	80.2	
•*											

TABLE 7. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 TO 19: SCHOOL ATTENDANCE(a), AUGUST 1986

(a) Excludes persons in institutions. See Explanatory notes.

TABLE 8. LABOUR PORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 20 TO 24, AUGUST 1986

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	Employed Full-time workers Total		Unemployed					Civilian popula-			
			Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 20-24	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate	
				- '000					- per		
Males	476.8	516.9	69.9	*	72.6	589.5	72.1	661.7	12.3	89.1	
Pemales Persons	360.8 837.6	437.8 954.8	· 39.1 109.0	8.9 11.6	48.0 120.6	485.8 1,075.3	166.7 238.9	652.5 1,314.2	9.9 11.2	74.4 81.8	
Age -						204 0	48.0	252 8	14.3	81 0	
20	150.2	175.7	25.6	3.0	29.2	204.9	45.4	256.9	13.2	82.3	
21 22	160.3	197.3	19.7) 4.5 (22.2	219.5	44.3	263.8	10.1	83.2	
23 24	179.9 174.6	200.3 198.0	19.6 18.2	*	21.6 19.6	221.9 217.6	47.4	269.3	9.0	82.4	

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BY BIRTHPLACE, AUGUST 1986

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	Employed		Unemployed				
	Pull-time workers	Total	Looking for full- time work	Total	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate(a)
			- '000 -			- pe	r cent -
			MALES				
Born in Australia Born outside Australia	2,874.0 1,027.7	3,092.8	227.5	250.0 98.0	3,342.8	7.5	76.5
Africa	37.1	39.4	•	*	41.7	*	81.7
America	27.8	29.5	*	* 22.6	31.4	*	. 80.0
Lebanon	12.7	13.8	4.1	4.1	172.5	23.0	76.5
Vietnam	23.9	25.2	5.5	5.7	30.9	18.5	76.8
Germany	39.7	41.0	59./	63.0	842.9	7.5	73.9
Greece	48.3	52.1	4.9	5.0	57.1	8.8	76.0
Italy Malta	99.7 17.7	102.9	5.0	5.2	108.1	4.9	71.0
Netherlands	38.6	40.8	+	•	42.8	*	77.1
Poland UK and Ireland	15.6	16.5	*	* 20 0	18.8	*	56.2
Yugoslavia	57.5	59.6	7.7	8.0	67.6	11.8	75.5
Oceania New Zonland	82.1	88.3	7.5	8.2	96.5	8.5	85.6
New Zealand	/1.6	/0-4	0.4	6.8	83.2	8.2	87.3
		M	ARRIED FEMALES				
Born in Australia	595.0	1,178.4	30.2	58.1	1,236.5	. 4.7	46.7
Africa	286.2	473.0	21.6	34.0	507.1	6.7 ±	48.8
America	8.6	13.1	•	•	14.9	•	51.0
Asia Lebanon	55.4	75.2	6.1	9.6	84.7	11.3	50.9
Vietnam	8.6	10.4	•	٠	12.3	*	60.2
Europe	187.8	331.2	13.1	19.4	350.5	5.5	47.0
Greece	15.5	23.5	•	•	25.3	•	43.4
Italy	22.6	36.0	:		37.0	•	35.4
Netherlands	4.2	13.9	*	*	6.9 15.7		40.6
Poland	3.8	5.5	*	*	6.4	+	33.6
UK ang Ireland Yugoslavia	89.5 20.1	29.3	6.3 *	9.7	180.2	5.4	50.3
Oceania	22.5	35.0	*	•	37.6	•	59.4
New Zealano	18.3	27.9	•	•	29.7	*	59.1
			ALL PEMALES				
Born in Australia	1,256.8	2,055.0	126.2	183.0	2,238.0	8.2	48.9
Africa	18.7	27.1	44.0	04./ *	28.3	9.0	4/./
America	13.8	20.9	*	*	24.0		50.8
Lebanon	/6.8	103.1	9.9	15.5	118.6	13.1	47.4
Vietnam	13.2	15.4	*	•	18.5	+	51.3
Europe Germany	274.1	439.2	26.7	37.0	476.2	7.8	45.7
Greece	17.8	26.9	•	*	29.3	· *	42.3
Italy Malta	29.0	43.0	•	*	44.9	*	35.1
Netherlands	8.0	17.9	•	* '	20.2	•	44.6
Poland UK and Isoland	6.7	8.6	* * 14 E	*	10.1	*	34.0
Yugoslavia	25.4	35.3	14.5	3.7	259.7	9.6	49.0
Oceania Now Zealand	40.5	60.5	6.0	7.9	68.4	11.5	63.9
New Zealand	34.3	43./	4.2	5.2	54.9	9.5	64.0
			PERSONS				
Born in Australia	4,130.7	5,147.9	353.7	433.0	5,580.8	7.8	62.4
Africa	55.7	66.5	130.5	3.5	70.0	5.0	67.8
America	41.6	50.4	*	5.0	55.4	9.0	64.1
Lebanon	14.6	17.1	6.2	6.5	291.1	27.5	6U.3 52.9
Vietnam	37.1	40.6	7.7	8.9	49.4	17.9	64.7
Germany	1,015.9	64.5	ູ່ ອຸດ.4 4.8	5.4	1,319.2	7.6	60.4 65.0
Greece	66.1	79.0	7.1	- 7.4	86.4	8.6	59.8
italy Malta	128.7	145.9	6.5	7.1	153.0	4.7	54.6
Netherlands	46.6	58.8	*	4.2	62.9	6.6	62.5
Poland UK and Ireland	22.3	25.1 619 2	* 2 C C A	3.8	28.9	13.1	45.7
Yugoslavia	82.9	94.9	10.5	11.7	106.6	11.0	66.0
Oceania . New Zealand	122.6	148.8 126.1	13.5 10.6	16.1 12.0	164.9 138.1	9.8 8.7	75.0 76.6

(a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory notes.

• .				Europe			Total		otal			
				U.R.	Other	Uceania			Females	·,		
Period of arrival	Africa	America	Asia	and Ireland	count- ries	New Zealand	Total	Males	Married	Total	Persons	
				EMPLOYED	('000)							
Before 1971 1971 - 1975 1976 - 1980 1981 - 1984 1985 to survey date	34.9 11.7 7.5 8.4 4.1	12.4 20.1 7.1 6.9 3.9	79.2 42.0 63.1 51.5 17.1	417.1 102.3 44.3 41.3 14.2	473.3 62.8 25.3 31.4 7.0	26.3 12.2 41.5 21.6 24.6	33.0 16.6 46.5 27.2 25.4	676.0 151.5 112.8 101.7 45.0	284.5 73.4 56.6 43.6 14.8	374.0 104.0 81.2 65.1 26.7	1,049.9 255.5 193.9 166.7 71.7	
				UNEMPLOYE	D ('000)							
Before 1971 1971 - 1975 1976 - 1980 1981 - 1984 1985 to survey date	• • •)) 3.8) *	(6.3 (5.5 (5.9 . 11.4 9.0	28.3 11.1 5.1 3.7	33.9 5.8 4.7)) 5.2) + 4.9	() 4.1 (() 6.3) 5.7	(48.7 (15.4 (10.5 (13.3 10.1	12.5 5.3 4.0 7.0 5.3	24.8 11.3 7.5 11.2 10.0	73.5 26.7 18.0 24.5 20.0	
			I	ABOUR FOR	CE ('000)							
Before 1971 1971 - 1975 1976 - 1980 1981 - 1984 1985 to survey date	36.7 12.3 7.8 8.8 4.5	13.0 22.2 8.1 7.9 4.1	85.5 47.5 69.1 62.9 26.1	445.4 113.4 49.5 45.1 16.8	507.2 68.6 27.9 36.1 9.1	28.1 13.0 44.0 23.5 29.5	35.6 18.1 49.5 30.5 31.2	724.7 166.9 123.3 115.0 55.1	297.0 78.8 60.6 50.6 20.1	398.8 115.3 88.6 76.3 36.7	1,123.5 282.2 211.9 191.2 91.8	
			UNEMI	PLOYMENT R	ATE (per	cent)					·	
Before 1971 1971 - 1975 1976 - 1980 1981 - 1984 1985 to survey date	* * *)) 8.7) *	(7.4 (11.5 (8.6 18.1 34.6	6.4 9.8 10.4 8.3	6.7 8.4 13.0)) 6.2) * 16.5	() 7.6 () () 7.8) 18.3	(6.7 (9.2 (8.5 { 11.6 18.3	4.2 6.8 6.6 13.8 26.2	6.2 9.8 8.4 14.7 27.1	6.5 9.4 8.5 12.8 21.8	
			PARTIC	PATION RA	TE(a) (pe	er cent)						
Before 1971 1971 - 1975 1976 - 1980 1981 - 1984 1985 to survey date	67.2 70.5 62.1 69.0 • 73.6	58.3 73.9 54.9 69.2 52.6	60.6 64.0 69.0 54.6 50.2	58.0 75.1 73.3 68.6 71.5	56.5 67.9 66.5 71.3 56.7	64.1 69.7 81.2 82.4 84.2	65.5 70.4 79.0 80.3 79.7	71.8 83.0 83.5 78.4 77.1	44.7 59.0 60.0 52.5 45.4	42.9 [.] 58.1 58.3 51.9 50.2	58.0 70.6 70.7 65.1 63.5	

TABLE 10. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA: BIRTHPLACE AND PERIOD OF ARRIVAL IN AUSTRALIA, AUGUST 1986

(a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory notes.

TABLE 11. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, BY AGE, AUGUST 1986

	Number ('000)						Participation rate (per cent)					
		Females					Pemales					
Age group	Nales	Married	Not	Total	Persons	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons		
Nde droup	Maleb	Apriled										
15-64	4,468.9	1,733.5	1,201.1	2,934.5	7,403.4	84.0	52.2	62.7	20.1	70.2		
15-19	401.4	12.2	361.8	374.0	775.5	58.6	59.9	56.5	56.6	57.6		
20-24	589.5	149.2	336.6	485.8	1,075.3	89.1	60.3	83.1	74.4	81.8		
25-34	1.227.9	534.4	243.1	777.5	2,005.5	94.8	55.1	74.8	60.1	77.5		
35-44	1.083.6	587.8	137.3	725.2	1,808.8	94.4	63.9	67.7	64.6	79.7		
45-54	722.8	338.8	80.5	419.3	1.142.1	90.0	53.9	56.8	54.5	72.6		
55-59	287.3	79.5	27.4	106.9	394.2	75.7	28.0	31.0	28.7	52.4		
60-64	156.3	31.5	14.3	45.8	202.1	45.2	12.6	12.8	12.7	28.6		
65 and over	58.9	10.1	9.0	19.0	77.9	8.4	2.6	1.5	2.0	4.7		
Total	4,527.8	1,743.5	1,210.0	2,953.6	7,481.4	75.2	47.1	48.3	47.6	61.2		

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TABLE	12.	LABOUR	FORCE	PARTICIPATION	RATES(a),	BY	AGE	AND	BIRTHPLACE,	AUGUST	1986
					(per cent)						

	Born in Au	stralia		Born outside Australia				
Age group	Males	Pemales	Persons	Males	Pemales	Persons		
15-64	84.9	56.7	70.7	84.3	55.0	70.2		
15-19	60.5	57.8	59.2	55.7	54.7	55.2		
20-24	91.4	75.7	83.6	83.9	69.3	76.5		
25-34	95.8	60.4	78.1	94.0	59.6	76.5		
35-44	95.2	64.7	80.0	93.8	64.7	79.7		
45-54	91.7	53.9	72.6	88.4	56.0	73.4		
55-59	77.2	28.5	51.7	74.0	29.7	55.0		
60-64	43.8	13.3	27.7	49.4	11.3	31.4		
65 and over	10.1	2.4	5.7	5.3	*	3.3		
Total	76.5	48.9	62.4	75.2	47.7	61.8		

(a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory notes.

TABLE 13. EMPLOYED PERSONS: FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS, BY AGE, AUGUST 1986 ('000)

				٨ge	group				
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-64	65 and over	Total
				MALES		:			
Full-time workers Part-time workers	238.8 87.5	476.8 40.1	1,103.4 41.4	1,006.6 27.2	658.8 24.5	252.5 17.5	130.5 15.9	34.3 24.0	3,901.6 278.2
Total	326.3	516.9	1,144.8	1,033.8	683.3	270.0	146.4	58.3	4,179.8
			1	MARRIED PEMA	LES		•		
Pull-time workers Part-time workers	7.5	105.1 30.8	266.6	277.8 282.7	172.2 155.8	33.3 43.8	14.3 17.0	4.4 5.7	881.2 770.1
Total	· 9.0	135.9	499.5	560.5	328.0	77.1	31.3	10.1	1,651.4
				ALL PEMALE	S				
Pull-time workers Part-time workers	186.2 114.8	360.8 77.0	455.3 263.2	367.7 314.1	228.9 171.4	51.1 51.4	22.2 22.9	8.5 10.4	1,680.7 1,025.2
Total	301.1	437.8	718.4	681.8	400.3	102.5	45.1	18.9	2,705.9
				PERSONS					
Pull-time workers Part-time workers	425.1 202.3	837.6 117.1	1,558.6 304.6	1,374.2 341.3	887.7 195.9	303.6 68.9	152.7 38.8	42.8 34.4	5,582.4 1,303.3
Total	627.4	954.8	1,863.2	1,715.6	1,083.6	372.5	191.5	77.2	6,885.7

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TABLE 14. HOURS WORKED BY EMPLOYED PERSONS, AUGUST 1986

		Pemales	Pemales				
	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons		
•	NUMBER EM	PLOYED ('000)					
Weekly hours worked -							
	210.0	81.6	51.1	132.7	342.7		
1-15	168.0	344.3	151.2	495.5	663.6		
16-29	242.4	362.3	112.6	475.0	717.4		
30-34	326.3	152.8	100.0	252.8	579.2		
35-39	728.8	259.9	251.9	511.8	1,240.6		
40	945.7	224.5	225.6	450.1	1,395.8		
41-44	255.6	52.4	59.6	112.0	367.6		
45-48	372.2	63.0	46.1	109.1	481.4		
49 and over	930.7	110.4	56.5	166.8	1,097.5		
Total	Males NUMBER EMPLO rs worked - 210.0 168.0 242.4 326.3 728.8 945.7 255.6 372.2 ver 930.7 4,179.8 WEEKLY HOUL weekly hours worked (million) 166.8 time workers 162.5 time workers 4.3 ekly hours worked 39.9 time workers 15.4 and salary earners 46.5 ekly hours worked by persons d one hour or more in the ek 43.8 time workers 16.3	1,651.4	1,054.6	2,705.9	6,885.7		
	WEERLY H	OURS WORKED					
Assesses weekly hours worked (million)	166.8	46.3	33.1	79.4	246.2		
By full-time workers	162.5	34.0	29.6	63.6	226.1		
By part-time workers	4.3	12.3	3.5	15.9	20.1		
Average weekly hours worked	39.9	28.1	31.4	29.4	35.8		
By full-time workers	41.6	38.6	37.0	37.8	40.5		
By nort-time workers	15.4	16.0	13.9	15.5	15.5		
By part-time workers	38.4	28.0	31.4	29.5	34.7		
By other than wage and salary earners	46.5	28.4	30.5	28.7	40.8		
Average weekly hours worked by persons							
who worked one hour or more in the							
survey week	42.0	29.5	.33.0	30.9	37.6		
By full-time workers	43.8	40.6	38.9	39.8	42.0		
By part-time workers	16.3	16.8	14.6	16.3	10.3		

TABLE 15. EMPLOYED PERSONS: EMPLOYMENT/POPULATION RATIOS BY AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, AUGUST 1986 {per cent}

Age group	Nales Pemales								
	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	Persons		
15-19	۰ +	47.5	47.7	44.2	45.6	45.6	46.6		
20-24	85.9	76.3	78.1	54.9	74.5	67.1	72.7		
25-34	92.0	81.7	88.4	51.5	67.4	55.5	72.0		
25-24	92.2	79.6	90.0	61.0	59.8	60.8	75.6		
33-44	99.5	69 4	85.1	52.2	51.0	52.0	68.9		
43-34	74 4	55 5	71.2	27.1	28.8	27.5	49.5		
33-39	44.2	34.6	42.3	12.5	12.4	12.5	27.1		
65 and over	8.8	6.8	8.3	2.6	1.5	1.9	4.6		
Total	74.3	61.6	69.4	44.6	. 42.1	43.6	56.3		

TABLE 16. FULL-TIME WORKERS WHO WORKED LESS THAN 35 HOURS, BY REASON, AUGUST 1986 ('000)

		Pemales						
Reason for working less than 35 hours	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons			
Leave, holiday or flextime Own illness or injury Bad weather, plant breakdown, etc. Began or left job in the survey week Stood down, on short time, insufficient work Shift work, standard work arrangements Other reasons	333.3 142.3 51.7 10.9 32.7 78.9 18.8	90.3 45.1 6.1 * 6.5 16.7 3.9	90.6 43.1 3.8 3.9 4.0 11.1	180.8 88.3 9.9 6.3 10.5 27.7 7.3	514.1 230.6 61.7 17.2 43.1 106.6 26.1			
Total	668.6	171.0	159.8	330.8	999.5			

TABLE 17. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREPERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY AGE, AUGUST 1986 ('000)

	Age group						
		20-24	25_34	35-44	45-54	55 and over	Total
	12-19	20-24	23-34	33-44	45 54		
		MALES					
Total	87.5	40.1	41.4	27.2	24.5	57.4	278.2
Preferred not to work more hours	69.3	24.1	25.6	17.4	17.1	50.9	204.4
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work	18.2	16.0	15.9	9.8	7.4	6.6	73.8
in the four weeks to the end of the survey week	8.1	10.7	8.8	5.1	3.6	٠	38 .9
	м	ARRIED FEMAL	ES				
Total	*	30.8	232.9	282.7	155.8	66.4	770.1
Preferred not to work more hours	•	25.7	205.1	245.8	141.0	64.1	682.8
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work	•	5.1	27.8	36.9	14.7	*	87.3
in the rour weeks to the end of the	•	+	6.5	6.6	*	*	18.5
		ALL PEMALES					
Total	114.8	77.0	263.2	314.1	171.4	84.6	1,025.2
Preferred not to work more hours	88.3	56.8	225.7	267.1	152.5	80.4	870.7
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work	26.5	20.3	37.5	47.0	18 .9	4.3	154.4
in the four weeks to the end of the survey week	10.8	10.5	9.9	. 8.7	4.1	*	44.6
		PERSONS					
Total	202.3	117.1	304.6	341.3	195.9	142.1	1,303.3
Preferred not to work more hours	157.6	80.9	251.2	284.5	169.6	131.3	1,075.1
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work	44.7	36.2	53.4	56.8	26.3	10.8	228.2
survey week	18.9	21.2	18.7	13.8	7.7	•	83.5

TABLE 18. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY HOURS WORKED, AUGUST 1986 ('000)

		Hours worke		Persons who did not				
	1-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21-29	30-34	survey week	Total
		MALES						
Total	42.0	60.4	31.2	36.5	49.2	42.9	15.9	278.2
Preferred not to work more hours	31.6	45.3	23.2	22.7	34.2	34.9	12.6	204.4
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work	10.5	15.1	8.1	13.8	15.0	8.0	•	/3.8
survey week	5.5	8.7	5.3	7.4	6.9	3.5	*	38.9
	MA	RRIED PEM	ALES					
Total	81.1	131.6	121.2	157.7	158.6	82.1	37.8	770.1
Preferred not to work more hours	65.5	111.5	104.9	140.9	146.6	78.3	35.1	682.8
Preferred to work more hours	15.7	20.1	16.3	16.8	12.0	3.8	•	87.3
Had actively looked for full-time work	÷							
in the four weeks to the end of the survey week	•	3.5	4.3	*	*	٠	did not work in the 4 survey week 9 15.9 9 12.6 0 * 5 * 1 37.8 3 35.1 8 * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	[·] 18.5
		ALL PEMAL	ES					
Total	131.6	194.1	151.7	188.0	196.3	113.2	50.2	1,025.2
Preferred not to work more hours	103.3	162.3	127.4	158.5	172.2	101.4	45.7	870.7
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work	28.3	31.8	24.3	29.5	24.1	11.9	4.5	154.4
in the four weeks to the end of the survey week	6.5	8.4	9.0	8.6	7.0	4.0	*	44.6
<i>,</i>		PERSONS	;					
metel	173.7	254.5	183.0	224.5	245.5	156.1	66.1	1,303.3
Preferred not to work more hours	134.9	207.5	150.6	181.2	206.4	136.2	58.2	1,075.1
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work	38.8	47.0	32.4	43.3	39.1	19.9	7.9	228.2
in the four weeks to the end of the survey week	12.0	17.1	14.3	16.1	13.9	7.6	•	83.5

TABLE 19. EMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY OF PULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS, AUGUST 1986 ('000)

				•	Total				
	Pull-tim	e workers	Part-tim	ne workers		Females			
Industry division or subdivision	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Married	Total	Persons	
Agriculture, forestry, fishing & hunting	274.8	53.8	24.5	61.6	299.4	96.8	115.5	414.8	
Agriculture & services to agriculture	254.6	52.5	23.8	59.6	278.4	94.0	112.1	390.6	
Forestry & logging, fishing & hunting	20.3	*	*	1	21.0	*	*	24.3	
Mining	87.8	6.7	*	*	88.4	3.6	7.5	95.9	
Manufacturing	800.8	237.1	21.7	67.2	822.4	204.4	304.3	1,126.7	
Food, beverages and tobacco	112.6	34.3	5.5	13.7	118.1	32.4	48.0	166.1	
Metal products	151.5	20.7	•	5.6	153.3	17.7	26.2	179.5	
Other manufacturing	536.7	182.1	14.3	47.9	551.0	154.3	230.0	781.0	
Electricity, gas and water	121.9	13.0	*	+	122.5	6.3	14.5	137.0	
Construction	407.9	22.4	17.1	43.6	425.0	55.5	66.0	491.0	
Wholesale and retail trade	693.8	339.1	82.9	267.8	776.7	339.7	606.9	1,383.6	
Wholesale trade	275.8	89.1	9.2	34.1	285.0	80.2	123.2	408.2	
Retail trade	418.0	250.0	73.7	233.7	491.7	259.5	483.7	975.4	
Transport and storage	310.9	46.0	14.6	22.7	325.5	42.3	68.7	394.2	
Communication	103.6	31.5	, *	10.1	106.6	26.5	41.6	148.2	
Finance, property and business services	333.5	239.3	27.3	99.1	360.8	186.4	338.3	699.2	
Public administration and defence	204.0	98.0	4.8	17.2	208.8	59.2	115.2	324.0	
Community services	404.3	470.6	38.7	302.4	443.1	491.8	773.0	1,216.0	
Recreation, personal and other services	158.3	123.3	42.3	131.2	200.6	138.9	254.4	455.0	
Total	3,901.6	1,680.7	278.2	1,025.2	4,179.8	1,651.4	2,705.9	6,885.7	

TABLE 20. EMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY AND STATUS OF WORKER, AUGUST 1986 ('000)

	Employ	ers	Self-employed		wage and salary earners		Total (a)		
Industry division or subdivision	Males	Pemales	Males	Pemales	Males	Females	Males	Pemales	Persons
Agriculture, forestry, fishing & hunting	35.8	16.2	154.0	62.4	96.8	25.7	299.4	115.5	414.8
Agriculture & services to agriculture	32.4	15.0	147.3	61.4	86.1	24.5	278.4	112.1	390.6
Forestry & logging, fishing & hunting	*	*	6.7	. *	10.7	+	21.0	*	24.3
Mining	.*	*	+	*	86.5	· 7.5	88.4	7.5	95.9
Manufacturing	17.1	7.3	26.0	11.1	777.8	283.5	. 822.4	304.3	1,126.7
Food, beverages and tobacco	*	*	*	+	114.8	45.7	118.1	48.0	166.1
Metal products	+	*	4.1	*	147.1	24.4	153.3	26.2	179.5
Other manufacturing	13.9	5.9	20.3	9.3	516.0	213.3	551.0	230.0	· 781.0
Electricity, gas and water		*	*	*	122.5	14.5	122.5	14.5	137.0
Construction	33.9	9.1	117.1	17.0	271.5	34.4	425.0	66-0	491.0
Wholesale and retail trade	70.7	35.8	86.3	61.6	614.8	498.5	776.7	606.9	1,383.6
Wholesale trade	11.4	* .	16.6	9.2	256.7	108.8	285.0	123.2	408.2
Retail trade	59.3	32.4	69.7	52.4	358.1	389.7	491.7	483.7	975.4
Transport and storage	13.1	4.4	47.8	7.0	263.0	55.9	325.5	68.7	394.2
Communication	*	•	*	*	104.9	40.3	106.6	41.6	148.2
Finance, property and business services	30.3	3.8	45.4	21.4	283.9	308.8	360.8	338.3	699.2
Rublic administration and defence	*	•		*	208.8	115.1	208.8	115.2	324.0
Community Services	15.0	6.4	10.1	14.9	417.7	750.5	443.1	773.0	1,216.0
Recreation, personal and other services	21.8	21.8	29.2	30.1	148.4	199.5	200.6	254.4	455.0
Total	238.6	104.8	518.7	226.8	3,396.6	2,334.2	4,179.8	2,705.9	6,885.7
Full-time workers	230.5	62.5	466.5	100.1	3,195.9	1,510.8	3,901.6	1,680.7	5,582.4

(a) Includes unpaid family helpers

TABLE 21. EMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY, AGE AND BIRTHPLACE, AUGUST 1986 ('000)

			Age g	roup					B ===
Industry division or subdivision	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55 and over	Total	Born in Australia	outside Australia
Agriculture, forestry, fishing & hunting	28.4	38.0	90.4	103.4	72.0	82.7	414.8	367.3	47.6
Agriculture & services to agriculture	27.6	35.3	83.1	95.8	68.6	80.2	390.6	345.5	45.1
Forestry & logging, fishing & hunting	3	3.5	7.3	7.5	3.5	*	24.3	21.8	*
Nining	4.7	13.0	29.1	26.9	16.7	5.6	95.9	75.8	20.1
Manufacturing	87.7	166.8	297.3	268.6	198.1	108.3	1,126.7	717.3	409.4
Food, beverages and tobacco	13.1	19.7	49.3	39.5	28.8	15.6	166.1	119.5	46.6
Metal products	12.9	25.8	41.6	43.3	34.3	21.6	179.5	113.0	66.6
Other manufacturing	61.6	121.3	206.4	185.7	134.9	71.1	781.0	484.8	296.2
Electricity, gas and water	5.3	16.7	40.2	33.9	23.6	17.3	137.0	111.3	25.7
Construction	34.6	65.7	148.9	130.7	77.4	33.6	491.0	344.0	147.0
Wholesale and retail trade	254.2	207.0	311.8	308.1	200.4	102.2	1,383.6	1,050.6	333.0
Wholesale trade	23.7	53.9	115.6	111.5	67.1	36.4	408.2	299.2	109.0
Retail trade	230.4	153.1	196.2	196.5	133.3	65.8	975.4	751.5	224.0
Transport and storage	16.2	48.2	108.2	104.2	72.9	44.4	394.2	305.5	88.7
Communication	4.7	17.7	46.1	41.0	20.7	17.9	148.2	114.5	33.7
Finance, property and business services	71.4	119.8	196.8	166.2	92.2	52.8	699.2	531.0	168.2
Public administration and defence	15.0	40.6	101.9	83.4	50.5	32.5	324.0	259.6	64.4
Community services	45.1	149.7	365.5	349.4	196.9	109.4	1,216.0	927.9	288.2
Recreation, personal and other services	60.1	71.5	126.9	99.8	62.1	34.6	455.0	343.2	111.8
Total	627.4	954.8	1,863.2	1,715.6	1,083.6	641.2	6,885.7	5,147.9	1,737.9

TABLE 22. EMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY AND HOURS WORKED, AUGUST 1986

				Ho	urs work	ed					Average
Industry division or subdivision	0	1-15	16-29	30-34	35-39	40	41-44	45-48	49 and over	Total	hours worked
					-'000 -						(hours)
			МА	LES							
Agriculture, forestry, fishing & hunting Agriculture & services to agriculture	11.7 8.3	15.7 14.2	15.8 15.3	10.3 9.0	16.8 14.7	43.8 39.6	9.2 9.1	22.7 21.7	153.3	299.4 278.4	48.5 49.3
Forestry & logging, fishing & hunting Mining	3.5 5.6	*	7.0	3.9 6.4	18.0	4.2 19.9	6.2	* 10.1	6.6 14.3	21.0 88.4	38.2 38.6
Manufacturing Food, beverages and tobacco	32.8 5.6	12.5	39.1 6.2	68.3 10.6	181.6 20.3	210.0 32.9	59.3 8.6	86.1 12.1	132.9 19.3	[.] 22.4 118.1	39.5 39.1
Metal products Other manufacturing	6.1 21.0	9.3	5.8 27.2	14.8 42.9	33.6 127.6	42.3 134.7	9.3 41.3	17.1	23.6 89.9	153.3 551.0	39.7 39.5
Electricity, gas and water Construction	26.7	15.0	8.5 28.7	21.8 39.7	40.4	19.3 112.3	9.7 17.0	7.6	6.1 85.5	122.5 425.0	35.0 38.3
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade	12.2	5.3	34.5 9.3	40.3	78.7	194.8	57.6	71.8	213.3	776.7	41.4
Transport and storage	21.7	8.3	19.6	23.1	48.8	79.5	19.8	27.7	77.0	325.5	41.5
Finance, property and business services	15.6	15.2	22.3	28.7	57.9	68.4	22.8	35.7	4.3 94.2	360.8	40.4
Community services Recreation personal and other services	27.3	14.5	28.7	35.6	92.3	98.7	25.0	39.2	81.7	443.1	38.4
Total employed	210.0	168.0	242.4	326.3	728.8	945.7	255.6	372.2	930.7	4.179.8	39.0
				52015		54517	233.0	572.2	550.7	4,173.0	33.3
Agriculture, forestry, fishing & hunting	5.9	30.5	MARRIED	FEMALE	5 R.A	5.2	•		18 0	96 9	27 9
Agriculture & services to agriculture Mining	5.4	29.3	18.5	5.9	8.1	5.1	*	*	18.9	94.0	28.1 34.6
Manufacturing Food, beverages and tobacco	6.9 *	22.3 3.8	33.5 6.1	25.1 4.9	58.6 6.4	35.2 6.2	7.5	8.5 3.7	6.7	204.4	31.6 31.1
Metal products Other manufacturing	* 5.1	16.2	4.3 25.5	• 17.6	5.0 47.2	26.9	4.6 5.0	5.9	* 4.9	17.7 154.3	31.3 31.7
Electricity, gas and water Construction	*	28.4	3.8	•	* 3.8	* 4.6	*	*	*	6.3 55.5	29.5 17.9
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade	15.2	68.3 13.5	79.2	30.9	38.9 14.7	44.8 13.7	14.0	13.7	34.8	339.7 80.2	29.5 29.8
Retail trade Transport and storage	10.8	54.8	66.2 8.5	22.3	24.2	31.2 6.3	10.8	9.9	29.3	259.5 42.3	29.4 26.7
Finance, property and business services	9.8	39.7	41.2	14.0	34.4 21 3	29.7	5.6	6.6	5.3	26.5 186.4	28.1
Community Services	27.6	88.1	126.0	50.4	67.5	75.7	13.7	22.4	20.4	491.8	27.2
Total employed	81.6	344.3	362.3	152.8	259.9	224.5	52.4	63.0	110.4	1,651.4	27.8
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			ALL P	EMALES							
Agriculture, forestry, fishing & hunting	7.0	35.0	20.9	7.9	10.2	7.3		4.8	22.4	115.5	28.4
Mining Manufacturing	9.6	29.9	39.4	36.7	3.8	61.2	+ 16.1	12.8	11.1	7.5	35.0
Food, beverages and tobacco Metal products	*	6.5	6.9	6.3	9.9	9.8		4.9	•	48.0	32.0
Other manufacturing Electricity, gas and water	7.3	20.0	30.4	27.1	70.2	46.8	. 11.7	8.9	7.5	230.0	32.9
Construction Wholesale and retail trade	* 27.6	29.7 142.4	11.7 104.8	4.7 47.4	6.0 85.5	7.3 98.4	29.4	4.0 24.0	47.4	66.0 606.9	19.9 28.7
Wholesale trade Retail trade	6.2 21.4	15.1 127.2	16.9 87.9	12.2 35.2	27.7 57.8	24.9 73.5	5.7 23.6	6.1 17.8	8.2 39.3	123.2 483.7	31.7 27.9
Transport and storage Communication	3.7	11.9 4.9	11.1 6.0	5.6 4.2	12.1 14.1	12.6 6.5	3.7	4.0	4.0	68.7 41.6	30.0 30.3
Finance, property and business services Public administration and defence	18.7 7.0	46.5 10.3	55.2 16.7	29.7 13.9	86.2 45.1	64.9 12.0	14.5 4.8	11.8	10.9 5.3	338.3 115.2	30.0 30.9
Community services Recreation, personal and other services	42.9 9.9	109.2 74.8	161.5 44.6	82.1 16.5	131.5	143.3 34.3	27.0 11.8	36.5 13.6	39.0 24.4	773.0 254.4	29.3 27.7
Total employed	132.7	495.5	475.0	252.8	511.8	450.1	112.0	109.1	166.8	2,705.9	29.4
			PER	SONS							
Agriculture, forestry, fishing & hunting Agriculture & services to agriculture	18.7 14.7	50.8 48.0	36.7 36.0	18.2 16.4	27.0 24.3	51.1 46.7	11.6 11.5	25.1 23.8	175.7 169.1	414.8 390.6	42.9 43.4
Forestry & logging, fishing & hunting Mining	4.0 5.8	•	5.2 7.7	7.9	* 20.3	4.4 21.4	* 6.3	10.4	6.6 15.0	24.3 95.9	35.7 38.3
Pood, beverages and tobacco	42.4	42.4	78.6 13.0	105.0	269.0 30.3	271.3 42.8	75.4 11.5	98.8 14.1	144.0	1,126.7	37.7 37.0
metal products Other manufacturing	7.1	4.0	7.9 57.6	18.1	40.9	46.9 181.5	10.9	18.9	24.9	179.5	38.6
Construction Water	29.2	44.7	10.8	24.4	47.2 64.0	119.5	10.0	43.3	6.3 87.7	491.0	34.7
Wholesale trade Petail trade	18.4	20.4	26.2	29.4	69.7	108.6	29.2	33.1 62 7	200./ 73.2	408.2	38.4
Transport and storage Communication	25.4	20.2	30.7	28.8	61.0 55.2	92.1	23.5	31.6	81.0	394.2	38.2 38.1
Finance, property and business services Public administration and defence	34.3	61.7 14.2	77.5	58.3	144.1	133.4	37.3	47.5	105.0	699.2 324.0	35.4 33.8
Community services Recreation, personal and other services	70.2	123.7 98.6	190.2	117.7	223.8	242.0 77.3	52.0 21.7	75.7 26.7	120.7	1,216.0	32.7 32.9
Total employed	342.7	663.6	717.4	579.2	1.240.6	1,395.8	367.6	481.4	1.097.5	6.885.7	35.8

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TABLE 23. EMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY BY OCCUPATION, AUGUST 1986 ('000)

Occupation major	group(a)	

BALES Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting Vanishing 18, 0 18, 0 7, 2 29, 4 Add hunting Manage ring Electricity, gas and water Construction 12, 5 22, 1 23, 1 33, 1 23, 1 33, 1 23, 1 33, 1 23, 1 33, 1 33, 1 33, 1 33, 1	Industry division	Managers and adminis- trators	Profess- ionals	Para- profess- ionals	Trades- persons	Clerks	Sales- persons and personal service workers	Plant and machine operators, and drivers	Labourers and related workers	Total
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 187.0 4.8 17.9 1.9 2.9 2.1.0 24.6 88.4 Nining 3.6 7.5 6.1 22.1 3.4.6 86.2 86.4 86.7 <td< th=""><th>*</th><th></th><th></th><th>MAL</th><th>ES</th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>	*			MAL	ES					
and hunting 187.0 • 4.8 17.9 • 6.5 77.7 229.4 Mining 7.5 5.1 22.3 3.4 27.5 121.0 24.6 88.4 Electricity, gas and water 7.5 11.5 12.3 24.19 3.4 27.5 121.0 24.6 88.4 Electricity, gas and water 2.5 11.8 41.9 3.4 27.5 121.0 24.6 88.4 Electricity, gas and water 2.5 11.8 41.9 3.4 27.5 121.0 24.6 88.4 Electricity, gas and water 2.5 12.8 12.8 256.3 7.1 • 30.6 77.5 425.0 Wholesals and cetal trade 151.8 32.4 10.4 199.5 3.4.2 200.2 33.7 114.9 776.7 Electricity, gas and water 2.5 12.8 21.0 24.6 83.4 200.2 33.7 114.9 776.7 Electricity, gas and water 2.5 12.9 210.4 76.4 35.9 22.6 7.1 12.3 34.7 220.8 30.0 200.6 Electricity gas and water 3.5 22.9.7 1.039.0 309.2 351.0 453.7 708.0 4.179.8 Agriculture, forestry, fishing 3.6 4.9 4.9 30.1 34.1 34.2 3.5 33.0 220.6 6 Communication atorage 4.1 5 53.7 1.0 39.1 33.9 95.1 13.3 69.0 69.8 304.3 14.5 153.5 7.5 14.5 153.5 7.5 14.5 153.5 7.5 14.5 153.5 7.5 14.5 153.5 7.5 14.5 153.7 708.0 4.179.8 14.5 153.5 7.5 14.5 153.5 153.9 55.1 153.7 708.0 4.179.8 14.5 153.5 7.5 14.5 153.5 7.5 14.5 153.7 708.0 4.179.8 14.5 153.5 7.5 14.5 153.7 708.0 4.179.8 14.5 153.5 7.5 14.5 153.7 708.0 4.179.8 14.5 153.5 7.5 14.5 153.5 7.5 14.5 153.5 7.5 14.5 153.5 7.5 14.5 153.5 7.5 14.5 153.5 7.5 153.5 7.5 14.5 153.7 708.0 4.179.8 14.5 153.5 7.5 7.5 153.5 7.5 7.5 153.5 7.5 7.5 153.5 7.5 7.5 153.5 7.5 7.5 153.5 7.5 7.5 153.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7.5 7	Agriculture, forestry, fishing									
ninnagerring 1.6 7.3 5.4 22.1 1 1 21.0 24.6 88.4 Electricity, gas and weter 25.8 13.5 12.3 25.3 7.1 30.6 77.5 423.5 Construction 25.8 13.5 12.3 256.3 7.1 30.6 77.5 423.5 Transport and forage 16.7 5 17.7 22.2 31.1 14.4 153.5 33.6 34.6 34.3 34.5 34.6 34.3 34.5 34.6 34.6 34.5 34.2 34.5 34.6 34.5 34.2 34.5 34.6 34.5 34.5 34.5 35.6 33.7 30.8 20.6 34.7 30.6 20.6 34.7 36.6 34.7 36.6 34.7 36.6	and hunting	187.0		4.8	17.9	•	*	8.9	77.7	299.4
<pre>prime tricity, gas and water</pre>	Manufacturing	3.6	7.9	6-4	22.3	34 4		21.0	24.6	88.4
Construction 25.8 13.5 12.3 256.3 7.1 • 10.6 77.5 422.0 Wholesale and steal trade 131.5 13.2 32.4 10.4 199.5 34.2 20.2 33.7 114.9 776.7 72.5 Transport and steal trade 131.5 13.2 32.4 10.4 199.5 34.2 20.2 33.7 114.9 776.7 200.8 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5 10.5	Electricity, gas and water	*	11.9	13.8	41.9	9.9	27.5	19.1	24.6	122.5
Wholesale and retail trade 151.5 32.4 10.4 199.5 34.2 200.2 33.7 114.9 776.7 Transport and totage 5.8 6.3 5.9 41.4 31.4 14.2 153.9 55.6 32.5 6.7 40.7 32.6 32.5 4.7 40.9 36.6 32.5 4.7 40.9 36.6 32.5 4.7 40.9 36.6 32.5 4.7 40.9 36.6 32.5 4.7 40.9 36.6 34.7 208.8 70.9 36.6 36.7 11.3 51.3 443.1 4.7 20.8 71.3 51.3 443.1 4.7 20.8 71.3 51.3 44.7 26.8 71.3 55.7 70.6 4.7 5.8 33.0 200.6 70.5 71.5 4.8 33.3 95.1 13.4 14.5 7.5 71.5 4.8 33.3 95.1 13.6 69.6 60.5 7.5 71.5 4.8 33.3 95.1 53.6	Construction	25.8	13.5	12.3	256.3	7.1	*	30.6	77.5	425.0
Transport and BCC24ge 16.8 7.6 17.7 28.2 31.4 14.2 153.9 55.6 325.5 Finance, Frosperty and business 5.0 6.3 16.7 11.6 69.3 62.5 4.7 40.9 300.6 ervices 21.9 210.4 76.4 35.9 26.6 7.1 13.3 51.3 443.1 Berreation, personal and other 35.2 24.3 10.5 53.9 6.1 34.2 3.5 33.0 200.6 Total 586.0 503.2 229.7 1,039.0 309.2 351.0 453.7 708.0 4,179.8 PEMALES Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 7.5 11.5 4.8 33.3 95.1 13.3 69.0 69.8 30.5 Construction Advect to the state stat	Wholesale and retail trade	151.5	32.4	10.4	199.5	34.2	200.2	33.7	114.9	776.7
Planade, brochet, worder, brochet, worder, brochet, b	Transport and storage	16.8	7.6	17.7	28.2	31.4	14.2	153.9	55.6	325.5
iservices 45.8 107.3 18.7 11.6 69.3 62.5 4.7 40.9 300.6 Community services 21.9 210.4 76.4 35.9 26.8 7.1 13.3 51.3 443.1 Recreation, personal and other 35.2 24.3 10.5 53.9 6.1 34.2 3.5 33.0 200.6 Total 586.0 503.2 229.7 1,039.0 309.2 351.0 453.7 708.0 4,179.8 Agriculture, forestry, fishing	Finance, property and business	. 5.0	0.3	9.9	43.4	34.3	•	•	3.8	106.6
Public administration 4 defence Community services Recreation, personal and other Berrices Recreation, personal and other Berrices Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting T.9 PENALES Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting PERSONS Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting All and other PERSONS Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting All and other Bervices Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting All and other Bervices PERSONS Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting All and other Bervices Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting All and other Bervices PERSONS Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting All and other Bervices Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting All and at a solution Bervices Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting All and at a solution Bervices Agriculture, forestry, fishing All and at a solution Bervices Ag	services	45.8	107.3	18.7	11.6	69.3	62.5	4.7	40.9	360.8
Community services 21.9 21.4 76.4 35.9 26.8 7.1 13.3 51.3 443.1 Services 35.2 24.3 10.5 53.9 6.1 34.2 3.5 33.0 200.6 Total 586.0 503.2 229.7 1,039.0 309.2 351.0 453.7 708.0 4,179.8 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 7.5 11.5 4.8 33.3 95.1 13.3 69.0 68.8 63.4 Blectricity, gas and water *	Public administration & defence	17.0	31.6	26.5	23.7	52.2	*	20.9	34.7	208.8
Activation, personal and other 35.2 24.3 10.5 53.9 6.1 34.2 3.5 33.0 200.6 Total 586.0 503.2 229.7 1,039.0 309.2 351.0 453.7 708.0 4,179.8 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 72.9 • 4.5 9.2 • • 6.7 7.5 Manufacturing 7.5 11.5 4.8 33.3 95.1 13.3 69.0 69.8 304.3 Electricity, gas and water • 10.6 • • 14.5 Construction •	Community services	21.9	210.4	76.4	35.9	26.8	7.1	13.3	51.3	443.1
Total Dife Dife <thdife< th=""> Dife Dife <th< td=""><td>services</td><td>35.2</td><td>24.3</td><td>10.5</td><td>53.9</td><td>6.1</td><td>34 2</td><td>35</td><td>33.0</td><td>200 6</td></th<></thdife<>	services	35.2	24.3	10.5	53.9	6.1	34 2	35	33.0	200 6
Inter 388.0 505.2 229.7 1,039.0 309.2 351.0 453.7 108.0 4,179.8 FERALES Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 72.9 • 4.5 9.2 • • 26.1 115.5 Manufacturing Manufacturing 7.5 11.5 4.8 33.3 95.1 13.3 69.0 69.8 30.4 Construction • • • • • 16.0 165.7 7.5 Molesale and retail trade 42.0 9.8 • 16.0 145.7 336.4 9.5 45.6 666.7 Communication • • • • 33.4 • • 41.6 Bervices 8.5 23.7 4.3 213.7 54.5 • 31.7 338.3 Bervices 11.3 244.8 149.5 11.0 166.0 76.8 • 107.6 77.3 Bervices 19.8 12.4 • 44.9 29.9 92.5 • 50.9 254.4 <t< td=""><td>Tetal</td><td>596.0</td><td>502.2</td><td>220.7</td><td></td><td>200.0</td><td></td><td>3.5</td><td>33.0</td><td>200.0</td></t<>	Tetal	596.0	502.2	220.7		200.0		3.5	33.0	200.0
FEMALES Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 72.9 • 4.5 9.2 • 26.1 115.5 Manifacturing Manifacturing as and water • 11.5 4.8 33.3 95.1 13.3 69.0 69.8 106.5 Monifacturing Manifacturing as and water • • 16.0 145.7 336.4 9.5 45.6 666.2 666.2 667.6 667.6 667.6 667.6 667.6 667.6 667.6 667.6 667.6 667.6 667.6 667.6 667.6 667.6 667.6 667.6 667.6 667.6 667.6 677.7 336.4 9.5 65.2 62.2 80.2 4.0 10.2 115.2 260.2 4.0 10.2 115.2 260.2 4.0 10.2 115.2 260.2 4.0 10.2 115.2 20.9 25.5 50.9 25.4 4.4 9.9 9.2.5 50.9 25.6 2,705.9 27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 28.1 20.9 25.5 50.9 25.6 2,705.9 <t< td=""><td>Iotal</td><td>200.0</td><td>503.2</td><td>229.7</td><td>1,039.0</td><td>309.2</td><td>351.0</td><td>453.7</td><td>/08.0</td><td>4,1/9.8</td></t<>	Iotal	200.0	503.2	229.7	1,039.0	309.2	351.0	453.7	/08.0	4,1/9.8
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 72.9 4.5 9.2 26.1 115.5 Manng Biotricity, gas and water 7.5 11.5 4.8 33.3 55.6 13.3 69.0 69.8 304.3 Construction 57.4 57.4 57.4 16.5 16.0 16.5.7 336.4 9.5 45.6 666.9 Transport and storage 5 16.0 145.7 336.4 9.5 45.6 666.9 Silestrices 8.5 23.7 4.3 213.7 54.5 63.17 338.3 Services 8.5 23.7 4.3 213.7 54.5 68.7 77.0 Recreation, personal and other 11.3 248.8 149.5 11.0 166.0 76.8 107.6 773.0 Recreation, personal and other 13.6 6.7 7.0 22.6 7.3 22.1 25.9 90.8 355.6 2,705.9 Mandacturing 82.9 59.9 27.0 337.6 129.5 40.8 209.9 235.6 2,705.9 Mandacturing 82.9 59			-	PEMA	LES					
And hunting 72.9 • 4.5 9.2 • 26.1 115.5 Mining 7.5 11.5 4.8 33.3 95.1 13.3 69.0 69.8 304.3 Stanufacturing 7.5 11.5 4.8 33.3 95.1 13.3 69.0 69.8 304.3 Stanutricity gas and water • • • • • 66.0 Construction • • • • • 66.0 Communication • • • 33.4 • • 61.7 Services 8.5 23.7 4.3 * 213.7 54.5 • 31.7 38.3 Public administration & defence * 9.8 6.2 * 80.2 4.0 * 10.2 115.2 Communicy services 11.3 248.8 149.5 11.0 166.0 76.8 * 107.6 773.0 Recreation, personal and other services 12.4 * 44.9 29.9 92.5 * 50.9 254.4 </td <td>Agriculture, forestry, fishing</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Agriculture, forestry, fishing									
Mining * * 4.7 * * 7.5 Nanufacturing 7.5 11.5 4.8 33.3 95.1 13.3 60.0 69.8 304.3 Electricity, gas and water * * * 10.6 * * 66.0 Wholesale and retail trade 42.0 9.8 * 16.0 145.7 336.4 9.5 45.6 606.9 Transport and storage * * 33.4 * * 41.6 Sinance, property and business 8 5.2 * 30.4 * * 41.6 Services 8.5 23.7 4.3 * 213.7 54.5 * 31.7 386.3 Community services 8.6 2.2 * 80.2 4.0 * 102.1 115.2 Community services 19.8 12.4 * 44.9 29.9 92.5 50.9 25.4.4 Total 170.1 322.3 174.0 115.2 881.7 596.2 90.8 355.6 2,705.9	and hunting	72.9	•	*	4.5	9.2	*	•	26.1	115.5
Manuraturing 7.5 11.5 4.8 33.3 95.1 13.3 69.0 69.8 304.3 Construction * * 10.6 * 14.5 Construction * * 57.4 * * 66.0 Transport and storage * 35.8 15.9 7.6 5.2 68.7 Communication * * 33.4 * * 10.2 115.2 Communication * 9.8 6.2 * 80.2 4.0 * 10.2 115.2 Communication personal and other * 9.8 6.2 * 80.2 4.0 * 10.2 115.2 Services 19.8 12.4 * 44.9 29.9 92.5 50.9 254.4 Total 170.1 322.3 174.0 115.2 881.7 596.2 90.8 355.6 2,705.9 Mandraturing 25.9 * 5.7 22.4 10.1 * 9.5 103.8 414.8 Mandraturing 3.6	Mining		•		•	4.7	*	*	*	7.5
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 259.9 5.7 22.4 10.1 9.5 103.6 9.5 45.6 606.9 Vincesale and retail trade 42.0 9.8 16.0 145.7 336.4 9.5 45.6 66.0 Communication * * 33.4 * * 41.6 Public administration 4 defence * 9.8 6.2 80.2 4.0 * 102.2 15.2 Community services 11.3 248.8 149.5 11.0 166.0 76.8 * 107.6 773.0 Recreation, personal and other * * * 33.4 * 107.6 773.0 Recreation, personal and other * * * 44.9 29.9 92.5 50.9 254.4 Total 170.1 322.3 174.0 115.2 881.7 596.2 90.8 355.6 2,705.9 Mining 3.6 8.7 7.0 22.8 7.3 * 21.1 25.3 49.9 Construction 2.6 9.9 2.7.6<	Manufacturing	7.5	11.5	4.8	33.3	95.1	13.3	69.0	69.8	304.3
Wholesale and retail trade 42.0 9.8 • 16.0 145.7 336.4 9.5 45.6 606.59 Transport and storage • • • 33.4 • • 41.6 Communication • • • • • 33.4 • • 41.6 Pinance, property and business 8.5 23.7 4.3 • 213.7 54.5 • 31.7 338.3 Services 8.5 23.7 4.3 • 213.7 54.5 • 10.2 138.3 Community services 11.3 248.8 149.5 11.0 166.0 76.8 • 107.6 773.0 Recreation, personal and other 19.8 12.4 • 44.9 29.9 92.5 • 50.9 254.4 Total 170.1 322.3 174.0 115.2 881.7 596.2 90.8 355.6 2,705.9 PERSONS - 12.6 14.4 42.2 20.5 40.8 209.9 29.1 1,125.7 Sof	Construction	*	-	*		57.4	*	*		14.5
Transport and storage * * * 33.8 15.9 7.6 5.2 68.7 Communication * * 33.4 *	Wholesale and retail trade	42.0	9.8	*	16.0	145.7	336.4	9.5	45.6	606.9
Communication * <	Transport and storage	. 🔺	*	*	*	35.8	15.9	7.6	5.2	68.7
services 8.5 23,7 4.3 * 213,7 54.5 * 31.7 338.3 Community services 11.3 248.8 149.5 11.0 166.0 76.8 * 107.6 773.0 Recreation, personal and other services 19.8 12.4 * 44.9 29.9 92.5 * 50.9 254.4 Total 170.1 322.3 174.0 115.2 881.7 596.2 90.8 355.6 2,705.9 Mining 3.6 8.7 7.0 22.4 10.1 * 9.5 103.8 414.8 Ining 3.6 8.7 7.0 22.4 10.1 * 9.5 103.8 414.8 Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 3.6 8.7 7.0 22.4 10.1 * 9.5 103.8 414.8 Bervices 82.9 59.9 27.0 337.6 129.5 40.8 209.9 239.1 1,126.7 Construction 26.9 14.4 13.4 22.2 20.5 * 19.2 26.2 137.0 Wholesale and retail trade 193.6 <td>Communication Pinance, property and business</td> <td>*</td> <td>*</td> <td>*</td> <td>*</td> <td>33.4</td> <td>*</td> <td>、 *</td> <td>*</td> <td>41.6</td>	Communication Pinance, property and business	*	*	*	*	33.4	*	、 *	*	41.6
Public administration & defence * 9.8 6.2 * 80.2 4.0 * 10.2 115.2 Community services 11.3 248.8 149.5 11.0 166.0 76.8 * 107.6 773.0 Recreation, personal and other 19.8 12.4 * 44.9 29.9 92.5 * 50.9 254.4 Total 170.1 322.3 174.0 115.2 881.7 596.2 90.8 355.6 2,705.9 PERSONS Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 3.6 8.7 7.0 22.8 7.3 * 21.1 25.3 95.9 Manufacturing 82.9 59.9 27.0 337.6 129.5 40.8 209.9 239.1 1,126.7 Construction 26.9 14.4 13.4 257.4 64.5 * 30.7 80.7 40.4 82.9 26.2 139.1 12.6 Construction 26.9 14.4 13.4 257.4 64.5 * 30.7 80.7 49.0	services	8.5	23.7	4.3	*	213.7	54.5	*	31.7	338.3
Community services 11.3 248.8 149.5 11.0 166.0 76.8 = 107.6 773.0 Recreation, personal and other services 19.8 12.4 * 44.9 29.9 92.5 * 50.9 254.4 Total 170.1 322.3 174.0 115.2 881.7 596.2 90.8 355.6 2,705.9 PERSONS Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 259.9 * 5.7 22.4 10.1 * 9.5 103.8 414.8 Mining 3.6 8.7 7.0 22.8 7.3 * 21.1 25.3 95.9 Electricity, gas and water * 12.6 14.4 42.2 20.5 * 19.2 26.2 137.0 Wholesale and retail trade 193.6 42.2 12.3 215.5 179.9 536.6 43.2 160.4 1,383.6 Transport and storage 18.7 9.0 18.6 28.4 67.1 30.1 161.5 60.9 344.2 Communiction 20.2 <td< td=""><td>Public administration & defence</td><td>*</td><td>9.8</td><td>6.2</td><td>*</td><td>80.2</td><td>4.0</td><td><u>*</u></td><td>10.2</td><td>115.2</td></td<>	Public administration & defence	*	9.8	6.2	*	80.2	4.0	<u>*</u>	10.2	115.2
Bervices 19.8 12.4 * 44.9 29.9 92.5 * 50.9 254.4 Total 170.1 322.3 174.0 115.2 881.7 596.2 90.8 355.6 2,705.9 PERSONS Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 259.9 * 5.7 22.4 10.1 * 9.5 103.8 414.8 Mining 3.6 8.7 7.0 22.8 7.3 * 21.1 25.3 95.9 Manufacturing 82.9 59.9 27.0 337.6 129.5 40.8 209.9 239.1 1,126.7 Construction 26.9 14.4 13.4 257.4 64.5 * 30.7 80.7 491.0 Communication 26.9 14.4 13.4 257.4 64.5 * 30.7 80.7 491.0 Communication 26.9 14.4 13.4 257.4 64.5 * 30.7 80.7 491.0 Communication 8.1 9.9 44.3 67.1 30.1	Recreation, personal and other	11.3	248.8	149.5	11.0	166.0	76.8		107.6	773.0
Total 170.1 322.3 174.0 115.2 881.7 596.2 90.8 355.6 2,705.9 PERSONS Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 259.9 * 5.7 22.4 10.1 * 9.5 103.8 414.8 Mining 3.6 8.7 7.0 22.8 7.3 * 21.1 25.3 95.9 Manufacturing 82.9 59.9 27.0 337.6 129.5 40.8 209.9 239.1 1,126.7 Electricity, gas and water * 12.6 14.4 42.2 20.5 * 19.2 26.2 137.0 Wholesale and retail trade 193.6 42.2 12.3 21.5 179.9 536.6 43.2 160.4 1,38.4 Transport and storage 6.8 8.1 9.9 44.3 67.8 * 6.9 148.2 Communication 6.8 8.1 9.9 44.3 67.8 * 6.9 124.0 Finance, property and business services 54.3 131.1 23.0 12.6 <td>services</td> <td>19.8</td> <td>12.4</td> <td>*</td> <td>44.9</td> <td>29.9</td> <td>92.5</td> <td>+</td> <td>50.9</td> <td>254.4</td>	services	19.8	12.4	*	44.9	29.9	92.5	+	50.9	254.4
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 259.9 * 5.7 22.4 10.1 * 9.5 103.8 414.8 Mining 259.9 * 5.7 22.4 10.1 * 9.5 103.8 414.8 Mining 3.6 8.7 7.0 22.8 7.3 * 21.1 25.3 95.9 Manufacturing 82.9 59.9 27.0 337.6 129.5 40.8 209.9 239.1 1,126.7 Electricity, gas and water * 12.6 14.4 42.2 20.5 * 19.2 26.2 137.0 Wholesale and retail trade 193.6 42.2 12.3 215.5 179.9 536.6 43.2 160.4 1,383.6 Communication 6.8 8.1 9.9 44.3 67.8 * * 6.9 148.2 Public administration & defence 20.2 41.5 32.7 25.0 132.4 6.1 21.1 44.9 324.0 Communication 6.8 8.1 9.9 44.3 67.8 83.8 1	Total	170 1	300 3	174 0	115 2	661 7	506 3	00.9	35.5 C	2 205 0
PERSONS Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting 259.9 * 5.7 22.4 10.1 * 9.5 103.8 414.8 Mining 3.6 8.7 7.0 22.8 7.3 * 21.1 25.3 95.9 Manufacturing 82.9 59.9 27.0 337.6 129.5 40.8 209.9 239.1 1,126.7 Electricity, gas and water * 12.6 14.4 42.2 20.5 * 19.2 26.2 137.0 Construction 26.9 14.4 13.4 257.4 64.5 * 30.7 80.7 491.0 Wholesale and retail trade 193.6 42.2 12.3 215.5 179.9 536.6 43.2 160.4 1,383.6 Communication 6.8 8.1 9.9 44.3 67.8 * * 6.9 148.2 Public administration 4 defence 20.2 41.5 32.7 25.0 132.4 6.1 21.1 44.9 324.0 Communication 6 33.2 459.1	local	1/0.1	322.3	174.0		801.7	390.2	90.0	333.0	2,705.9
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting259.9*5.722.410.1*9.5103.8414.8Mining3.68.77.022.87.3*21.125.395.9Manufacturing82.959.927.0337.6129.540.8209.9239.11,126.7Electricity, gas and water*12.614.442.220.5*19.226.2137.0Construction26.914.413.4257.464.5*30.780.7491.0Wholesale and retail trade193.642.212.3215.5179.9536.643.2160.41,383.6Transport and storage18.79.018.628.467.130.1161.560.9394.2Communication6.88.19.944.367.8**6.9148.2Public administration & defence20.241.532.725.0132.46.121.144.9324.0Community services33.2459.1225.847.0192.883.815.4158.91,216.0Recreation, personal and other55.036.714.098.935.9126.74.083.9455.0Total756.0625.5403.71,154.21,190.9947.3544.61,063.66,885.7				PERS	ons					
and hunting259.9*5.722.410.1*9.5103.8414.8Mining3.68.77.022.87.3*21.125.395.9Manufacturing82.959.927.0337.6129.540.8209.9239.11,126.7Electricity, gas and water*12.614.442.220.5*19.226.2137.0Construction26.914.413.4257.464.5*30.780.7491.0Wholesale and retail trade193.642.212.3215.5179.9536.643.2160.41,383.6Transport and storage18.79.018.628.467.130.1161.560.9394.2Communication6.88.19.944.367.8**6.9148.2Public administration & defence20.241.532.725.0132.46.121.144.9324.0Community services33.2459.1225.847.0192.883.815.4158.91,216.0Recreation, personal and other55.036.714.098.935.9126.74.083.9455.0Total756.0625.5403.71,154.21,190.9947.3544.61,063.66,885.7	Agriculture, forestry, fishing									
Mining 3.6 8.7 7.0 22.8 7.3 * 21.1 25.3 95.9 Manufacturing 82.9 59.9 27.0 337.6 129.5 40.8 209.9 239.1 1,126.7 Electricity, gas and water * 12.6 14.4 42.2 20.5 * 19.2 26.2 137.0 Construction 26.9 14.4 13.4 257.4 64.5 * 30.7 80.7 491.0 Wholesale and retail trade 193.6 42.2 12.3 215.5 179.9 536.6 43.2 160.4 1,383.6 Transport and storage 18.7 9.0 18.6 28.4 67.1 30.1 161.5 60.9 394.2 Communication 6.8 8.1 9.9 44.3 67.8 * * 6.9 148.2 Public administration & defence 20.2 41.5 32.7 25.0 132.4 6.1 21.1 44.9 324.0 Community services 33.2 459.1 225.8 47.0 192.8 83.8	and hunting	259.9	*	5.7	22.4	10.1	•	9.5	103.8	414.8
Manuacturing82.959.927.033.6129.540.8209.9239.11,126.7Construction26.914.413.4257.464.5*30.780.7491.0Wholesale and retail trade193.642.212.3215.5179.9536.643.2160.41,383.6Transport and storage18.79.018.628.467.130.1161.560.9394.2Communication6.88.19.944.367.8**6.9148.2Finance, property and business54.3131.123.012.6283.0117.05.672.6699.2Public administration & defence20.241.532.725.0132.46.121.144.9324.0Community services33.2459.1225.847.0192.883.815.4158.91,216.0Recreation, personal and other55.036.714.098.935.9126.74.083.9455.0Total756.0625.5403.71,154.21,190.9947.3544.61,063.66,885.7	Mining	3.6	8.7	7.0	22.8	7.3	*	21.1	25.3	95.9
Construction 26.9 14.4 13.4 25.4 64.5 * 15.2 16.7 491.0 Wholesale and retail trade 193.6 42.2 12.3 215.5 179.9 536.6 43.2 160.4 1,383.6 Transport and storage 18.7 9.0 18.6 28.4 67.1 30.1 161.5 60.9 394.2 Communication 6.8 8.1 9.9 44.3 67.8 * * 6.9 148.2 Finance, property and business 54.3 131.1 23.0 12.6 283.0 117.0 5.6 72.6 699.2 Public administration 4 defence 20.2 41.5 32.7 25.0 132.4 6.1 21.1 44.9 324.0 Community services 33.2 459.1 225.8 47.0 192.8 83.8 15.4 158.9 1,216.0 Recreation, personal and other services 55.0 36.7 14.0 98.9 35.9 126.7 4.0 83.9 455.0 Total 756.0 825.5 403.7 1,154.2 <td>Electricity, gas and water</td> <td>82.9</td> <td>12.6</td> <td>27.0</td> <td>337.0</td> <td>129.5</td> <td>40.8</td> <td>209.9</td> <td>239.1</td> <td>1,126.7</td>	Electricity, gas and water	82.9	12.6	27.0	337.0	129.5	40.8	209.9	239.1	1,126.7
Wholesale and retail trade 193.6 42.2 12.3 215.5 179.9 536.6 43.2 160.4 1,88.6 Transport and storage 18.7 9.0 18.6 28.4 67.1 30.1 161.5 60.9 394.2 Communication 6.8 8.1 9.9 44.3 67.8 * * 6.9 148.2 Finance, property and business 54.3 131.1 23.0 12.6 283.0 117.0 5.6 72.6 699.2 Public administration & defence 20.2 41.5 32.7 25.0 132.4 6.1 21.1 44.9 324.0 Community services 33.2 459.1 225.8 47.0 192.8 83.8 15.4 158.9 1,216.0 Recreation, personal and other services 55.0 36.7 14.0 98.9 35.9 126.7 4.0 83.9 455.0 Total 756.0 825.5 403.7 1,154.2 1,190.9 947.3 544.6 1,063.6 6,885.7	Construction	26.9	14.4	13.4	257.4	64.5	•	30.7	80.7	491.0
Transport and storage 18.7 9.0 18.6 28.4 67.1 30.1 161.5 60.9 394.2 Communication 6.8 8.1 9.9 44.3 67.8 * * 6.9 148.2 Finance, property and business services 54.3 131.1 23.0 12.6 283.0 117.0 5.6 72.6 699.2 Public administration 6 defence 20.2 41.5 32.7 25.0 132.4 6.1 21.1 44.9 324.0 Community services 33.2 459.1 225.8 47.0 192.8 83.8 15.4 158.9 1,216.0 Recreation, personal and other services 55.0 36.7 14.0 98.9 35.9 126.7 4.0 83.9 455.0 Total 756.0 825.5 403.7 1,154.2 1,190.9 947.3 544.6 1,063.6 6,885.7	Wholesale and retail trade	193.6	42.2	12.3	215.5	179.9	536.6	43.2	160.4	1,383.6
Community services 54.3 131.1 23.0 12.6 283.0 117.0 5.6 72.6 699.2 Public administration & defence 20.2 41.5 32.7 25.0 132.4 6.1 21.1 44.9 324.0 Community services 33.2 459.1 225.8 47.0 192.8 83.8 15.4 158.9 1,216.0 Recreation, personal and other services 55.0 36.7 14.0 98.9 35.9 126.7 4.0 83.9 455.0 Total 756.0 625.5 403.7 1,154.2 1,190.9 947.3 544.6 1,063.6 6,885.7	Transport and storage	18.7	9.0	18.6	28.4	67.1	30.1	161.5	60.9	394.2
services 54.3 131.1 23.0 12.6 283.0 117.0 5.6 72.6 699.2 Public administration & defence 20.2 41.5 32.7 25.0 132.4 6.1 21.1 44.9 324.0 Community services 33.2 459.1 225.8 47.0 192.8 83.8 15.4 158.9 1,216.0 Recreation, personal and other services 55.0 36.7 14.0 98.9 35.9 126.7 4.0 83.9 455.0 Total 756.0 825.5 403.7 1,154.2 1,190.9 947.3 544.6 1,063.6 6,885.7	Finance, property and husiness	0.0	8.1	9.9	44.3	67.8		*	6.9	148.2
Public administration 6 defence 20.2 41.5 32.7 25.0 132.4 6.1 21.1 44.9 324.0 Community services 33.2 459.1 225.8 47.0 192.8 83.8 15.4 158.9 1,216.0 Recreation, personal and other services 55.0 36.7 14.0 98.9 35.9 126.7 4.0 83.9 455.0 Total 756.0 825.5 403.7 1,154.2 1,190.9 947.3 544.6 1,063.6 6,885.7	services	54.3	131.1	23.0	12.6	283.0	117.0	5.6	72.6	699.2
Community services 33.2 459.1 225.8 47.0 192.8 83.8 15.4 158.9 1,216.0 Recreation, personal and other services 55.0 36.7 14.0 98.9 35.9 126.7 4.0 83.9 455.0 Total 756.0 825.5 403.7 1,154.2 1,190.9 947.3 544.6 1,063.6 6,885.7	Public administration & defence	20.2	41.5	32.7	25.0	132.4	6.1	21.1	44.9	324.0
Services 55.0 36.7 14.0 98.9 35.9 126.7 4.0 83.9 455.0 Total 756.0 825.5 403.7 1,154.2 1,190.9 947.3 544.6 1,063.6 6,885.7	Community services	33.2	459.1	225.8	47.0	192.8	83.8	15.4	158.9	1,216.0
Total 756.0 825.5 403.7 1,154.2 1,190.9 947.3 544.6 1,063.6 6,885.7	services	55.0	36.7	14.0	98.9	35.9	126.7	4.0	83.9	455.0
	Total	756.0	825.5	403.7	1,154.2	1,190.9	947.3	544.6	1,063.6	6,885.7

(a) Classified according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations, ASCO 1986. Por further information refer to paragraphs 23 to 25 of the Explanatory notes.

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TABLE	24.	EMPLOYED	PERSONS	BY	INDUSTRY	SUBDIVISIONS,	AUGUST	1986
					('000)			

		Females		
Industry division and subdivision	Males	Married	Total	Persons
AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	299.4	96.8	115.5	414.8
Agriculture	262.8	91.5	108.9	371.7
Services to Agriculture Forestry and logging	10.3	*	•	18.8
Fishing and hunting	10.7	•	*	12.6
MINING	. 88.4	3.6	7.5	95.9
Metallic minerals	34.3	*	*	37.6
Coal Construction Materials	7.2	•	*	7.4
Services to mining, n.e.c.	11.0	*	•	12.7
Other mining '	4.9	•	•	5.6
MANUFACTURING	822.4	204.4	304.3	1,126.7
Textiles	23.7	. 10.8	16.4	40.0
Knitting mills, clothing and footwear	22.5	46.8	63.7	86.2
Footwear Mood products and furniture	5.7	5.3	7.3	13.0
Paper, paper products, printing and publishing	81.3	21.1	41.6	122.9
Chemical, petroleum and coal products	42.5	11.6	16.6	59.1
Non-metallic mineral products Basic metal products	43.7	4.1	7.9	74.8
Fabricated metal products	86.4	13.6	18.3	104.8
Transport equipment	106.5	8.8 25 A	12.3 36 A	118.9
Miscellaneous manufacturing	46.4	13.6	20.7	67.0
ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER	. 122.5	6.3	14.5	137.0
Electricity and gas	83.1	4.0	10.5	93.6
Water, sewerage and drainage	39.4	•	. 4.0	43.4
CONSTRUCTION	425.0		66.0	491.0
General construction	180.4	19.6	26.4	206.7
Special trade construction	244.0	33.9	33.0	204.2
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	776.7	339.7	606.9	1,383.6
Wholesale trade	285.0	80.2 259.5	123.2	408.2
	431.1			57511
TRANSPORT AND STORAGE	325.5	42.3	68.7	394.2
Road freight transport Road passenger transport	47.4	6.7	23.2	56.0
Rail transport	85.0	•	4.6	89.6
Water transport	6.8 25.6	4 6	10.1	7.7
Other transport	*	*	•	*
Services to road transport	*	· · · · ·	*	3.6
Services to water transport	19.6		*	10.0
Other services to transport	13.7	5.9	14.4	28.2
Storage	9.7	•	*	11.1
COMMUNICATION	106.6	26.5	41.6	148.2
	260.9	196 4	220.2	699.2
FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES	107.5	52.3	119.3	226.9
Insurance and services to insurance	36.9	21.0	42.5	79.3
Property and business services	216.4	113.1	176.5	393.0
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE	208.8	59.2	115.2	324.0
Public administration	187.6	55.0	106.1	293.7
Defence	21.2	4.2	9.0	30.3
COMMUNITY SERVICES	443.1	491.8	773.0	1,216.0
Health Education museum and library services	125.0 180.1	224.9	301.9	485.9
Welfare and religious institutions	35.2	38.7	60.3	95.6
Other community services	102.8	21.2	45.7	148.5
RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES	200.6	138.9	254.4	455.0
Entertainment and 'recreational services	62.9 105 2	25.2	48.0 133.3	110.9 238 5
Personal services	31.1	32.0	62.2	93.4
Private households employing staff	*	4.5	10.9	12.2
	A 170 0	1 651 4	2 705 0	6 005 7
TUTAL	41112.0	1,031.4	£1103.3	0,003./

TOTAL

TABLE 25. ENPLOYED PERSONS: OCCUPATION OF PULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS, AUGUST 1986 ('000)

					Total			
•	Full-time workers		Part-time workers			Pemales		
Occupation major group(a)	Males	Pemales	Males	Females	Males	Married	Total	Persons
Managers and administrators	567.7	119.1	18.3	51.0	586.0	138.9	170.1	756.0
Professionals	469.6	230.0	33.6	92.3	503.2	199.5	322.3	825.5
Para-professionals ·	221.7	118.9	8.0	55.1	229.7	101.1	174.0	403.7
Tradespersons	1,006.4	85.2	32.5	30.0	1.039.0	68.7	115.2	1.154.2
Clerks	293.1	600.3	16.1	281.3	309.2	534.1	881.7	1,190.9
Salespersons and personal service								-,
workers	295.3	298.1	55.8	298.1	351.0	295.0	596.2	947.3
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	438.0	69.8	15.7	21.1	453.7	65.7	90.8	544.6
Labourers and related workers	609.8	159.3	98.2	196.3	708.0	248.3	355.6	1,063.6
Total								
	3,901.6	1,680.7	278.2	1,025.2	4,179.8	1,651.4	2,705.9	6,885.7

TABLE 26. EMPLOYED PERSONS: OCCUPATION AND STATUS OF WORKER, AUGUST 1986 ('000)

	Employers		Self-employed		Wage and salary earners		Total (b)		
Occupation major group(a)	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Persons
Managers and administrators	96.8	37.9	172.8	71.6	313.5	58.4	586.0	170.1	756.0
Professionals	41.5	6.7	31.6	16.3	430.1	299.1	503.2	322.3	825.5
Para-professionals	*	•	9.4	•	217.8	170.8	229.7	174.0	403.7
Tradespersons	55.9	10.4	157.5	18.0	823.8	86.2	1.039.0	115.2	1.154.2
Clerks	•	28.4	*	45.8	304.4	790.6	309.2	881.7	1,190.9
Salespersons and personal service									1,15015
workers	15.9	15.2	40.4	48.7	290.7	525.5	351.0	596.2	. 947.3
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	14.0	+	59.1	5.6	378.9	83.2	453.7	90.8	544.6
Labourers and related workers	11.6	4.7	44.7	18.4	637.4	320.3	708.0	355.6	1,063.6
Total	238.6	104.8	518.7	226.8	3,396.6	2,334.2	4,179.8	2.705.9	6.885.7
Full-time workers	230.5	62.5	466.5	100.1	3,195.9	1,510.8	3,901.6	1,680.7	5,582.4

(b) Includes unpaid family helpers

TABLE 27. EMPLOYED PERSONS: OCCUPATION, AGE AND BIRTHPLACE, AUGUST 1986 ('000)

			Age			_			
Occupation major group(a)	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55 and over	Born in Total Australia	Born in Australia	Born outside Australia
Managers and administrators	6.9	28.8	158.4	251.2	172.9	137.9	756.0	589.1	166.9
Professionals	6.8	76.4	293.6	262.8	114.4	71.5	825.5	611.6	213.9
Para-professionals	14.8	59.3	130.6	104.9	65.2	28.9	403.7	309.3	94.4
Tradespersons	129.3	187.8	325.0	245.3	169.6	97.1	1,154.2	826.0	328.2
Clerks	112.2	214.4	349.8	281.5	153.2	79.8	1,190.9	942.3	248 6
Salespersons and personal service									
workers	201.9	169.6	206.7	199.3	112.5	57.3	947.3	750.5	196.8
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	16.0	69.5	148.8	142.2	113.8	54.3	544.6	381.7	162.8
Labourers and related workers	139.3	149.0	250.3	228.5	182.0	114.4	1,063.6	737.4	326.2
Total	627.4	954.8	1,863.2	1,715.6	1,083.6	641.2	6,885.7	5,147.9	1,737.9

 (a) Classified according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations, ASCO 1986. For further information refer to paragraphs 23 to 25 of the Explanatory notes. TABLE 28. EMPLOYED PERSONS: OCCUPATION AND HOURS WORKED, AUGUST 1986

				Ho	urs work	eđ					Average
Occupation major group(a)	0	1-15	16-29	30-34	35-39	40	41-44	45-48	49 and over	Total	hours worked
					-'000 -						(hours)
			MALE	5							
Managers and administrators	23.8	9.5	17.5	17.3	38.9	77.6	21.6	63.1	316.6	586.0	50.4
Professionals	18.2	13.8	26.6	36.2	103.3	91.2	34.0	51.7	128.3	503.2	41.3
Para-processionals Tradespersons	52.8	17.0	59.4	21.4	193.8	280.7	67.1	98.5	170.1		39.0
Clerks	15.5	9.7	21.7	31.4	102.3	63.3	20.2	21.4	23.7	309.2	35.9
Salespersons and personal service											
workers	14.8	35.8	21.4	17.1	35.5	83.3	26.2	30.4	86.5	351.0	38.9
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	22.7	12.0	27.8	36.8	77.9	107.4	32.2	42.7	94.2	453.7	40.0
Labourers and related workers	42.5	66.9	54.1	66.7	126.3	187.4	38.5	46.3	79.3	708.0	34.7
Total employed	210.0	168.0	242.4	326.3	728.8	945.7	255.6	372.2	930.7	4,179.8	39.9
		M	ARRIED P	EMALES		·					
Managers and administrators	6.9	24.8	17.1	8.5	10.6	15.9	5.1	7.5	42.6	138.9	37.8
Professionals	9.7	34.4	34.4	15.8	36.0	27.7	9.8	16.6	15.2	199.5	30.1
Para-professionals	7.7	8.8	28.8	12.3	10.4	20.7	4.2	4.2	4.0	101.1	28.4
Tradespersons	*	9.7	10.9	8.2	13.1	9.5	*	4.4	6.7	68.7	31.8
Clerks	27.5	121.8	113.3	54.0	112.6	67.6	14.1	11.9	11.4	534.1	26.0
Salespersons and personal service	12.3	67.1	83.8	22 A	27.8	37.2	10.2	11.5	22.7	295.0	27.5
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	12	8.2	10.2	7.1	18.7	12.4		3.6	*	65.7	30.8
Labourers and related workers	11.4	69.6	63.9	24.7	30.8	33.6	4.1	4.8	5.6	248.3	24.1
Total employed	81.6	344.3	362.3	152.8	259.9	224.5	52.4	63.0	110.4	1,651.4	28.1
			ALL PEM	ALES							
Managers and administrators	8.7	26.6	19.6	10.2	13.5	21.1	7.3	10.6	52.4	170.1	38.4
Professionals	16.0	41.3	45.5	27.3	68.3	48.6	19.0	27.0	29.3	322.3	32.1
Para-professionals	11.8	12.0	38.4	20.1	19.5	46.1	8.0	9.9	8.3	174.0	31.0
Tradespersons	4.6	12.7	15.0	12.3	22.2	20.6	7.5	9.9	10.5	115.2	33.7
LICERS Salespersons and personal service	4∡.3	12/*1	140./	93.3	241.2	140.0	33.3	10.0	20.1	001./	23.1
workers	28.4	157.6	117.6	43.5	73.1	94.8	25.1	22.3	33.7	596.2	26.7
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	4.0	9.8	11.3	11.2	27.3	17.6	3.9	*	2.6	90.8	31.9
Labourers and related workers	17.0	98.5	80.9	34.9	46.7	52.4	7.6	7.6	9.9	355.6	24.6
Total employed	132.7	495.5	475.0	252.8	511.8	450.1	112.0	109.1	166.8	2,705.9	29.4
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							•				
			PERSO	NS							
Managers and administrators	32.5	36.1	37.1	27.5	52.4	98.7	29.0	73.7	369.0	756.0	47.7
Professionals	34.1	55.1	72.1	63.5	171.7	139.8	53.0	78.7	157.6	825.5	37.7
Para-processionals	31.5	15.4	52.4	41.5	216 1	301.3	23.1	108.3	180 4	403./	34.4 38.4
Clerks	57.8	146.8	168.4	124.7	343.5	212.1	53.6	40.2	43.9	1,190.9	30.9
Salespersons and personal service						- ,				-,	
workers	43.2	193.3	139.0	60.7	108.6	178.1	51.4	52.7	120.2	947.3	31.3
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	26.7	21.8	39.1	48.0	105.2	125.0	36.1	45.8	96.9	544.6	38.7
Labourers and related workers	59.5	165.4	135.0	101.6	1/3.0	239.9	40.1	53.9	89.2	1,003.0	31.3
Total employed	342.7	663.6	717.4	579.2	1,240.6	1,395.8	367.6	481.4	1,097.5	6,885.7	35.8

(a) Classified according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations, ASCO 1986. For further information refer to paragraphs 23 to 25 of the Explanatory notes.

TABLE 29. EMPLOYED PERSONS: MAJOR AND MINOR OCCUPATION GROUPS, AUGUST 1986

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Occupation major and minor group(a)	Males	Married	Total	Persons	
MANAGERS AND ADMINISTRATORS	586.0	138.9	170.1	756.0	
Legislators and government appointed officials	*	*	•	*	
General managers	37.9	*	3.6	41.5	
Specialist managers	141.2	14.8	25.1	166.3	
Farmers and farm managers	187.5	66.2	73.2	260.7	
Managing supervisors (sales and service)	146.0	49.2	60.3	206.3	
Managing supervisors (ocher ousiness)	/1.0	5.8	7.3	/8.3	
PROFESSIONALS	503.2	199.5	322.3	825.5	
Natural scientists	30.0	4.7	7.2	37.2	
Building professionals and engineers	100.5	*	*	102.5	
Health diagnosis and treatment practitioners	47.1	16.3	30.4	77.4	
School teachers	84.3	107.3	155.4	239.7	
	42.1	24.2	39.8	81.8	
Business professionals		,7.6	13.5	40.9	
Artists and related professionals	35 1	9 1	17 1	100.4	
Miscellaneous professionals	14.2	-11.4	20.1	34.3	
PARA-PROFESSIONALS	229.7	101.1	174.0	403.7	
Redical and science technical officers and technicians	12.8	6.2	9.1	21.9	
Ligineering and building associates and technicians	17.9		5.9	83.8	
Panistered nurses	14.5	72 0	120 4	12.1	
Police	32.7	*	3.6	131.3	
Miscellaneous para-professionals	80.8	17.5	34.4	115.2	
TRADESPERSONS	. 1.039.0	69 7	115 2	1 154 2	
Metal fitting and machining tradespersons	117 3	*	113.2	1,134.2	
Other metal tradespersons	110.2	*	*	113.2	
Electrical and electronics tradespersons	175.5	*	4.1	179.6	
Building tradespersons	241.8	*	•	243.8	
Printing tradespersons	30.9	6.0	10.1	41.0	
Vehicle tradespersons	136.5	*	*	137.1	
Food tradespersons	73.5	18.2	24.6	98.0	
Amenity horticultural tradespersons	45.7	4.6	7.2	52.9	
MISCellaneous tradespersons	107.7	32.2	61.3	169.0	
CLERRS	309.2	534.1	881.7	1,190.9	
Stenographers and typists	3.7	141.5	243.9	247.6	
Data processing and business machine operators	14.6	32.4	63.0	77.5	
Numerical clerks	121.1	198.2	280.7	401.9	
Filing, sorting and copying clerks	24.2	19.2	42.3	66.5	
Material lecologing and despatching clerks	5/.1 25 A	12./	22.3	79.5	
Miscellaneous clerks	63.1	51.6	91.0	154.0	
SALESPERSONS AND PERSONAL SERVICE WORKERS	351.0	295.0	596.2	947.3	
investment, insurance and real estate salespersons	49.8	8.4	12.8	62.6	
Sales representatives	139.6	126.6	201 2	90.6	
Tellers, cashiers and ticket salespersons	23.1	36.0	201.3	419.9	
Miscellaneous salespersons	55.9	45.7	91.3	147.3	
Personal service workers	10.7	57.8	98.0	108.6	
- DLANT AND MACHINE ODEDATODE, AND DETURDE	AE3 7		00 0	.	
Road and rail transport drivers	219.3	10 7	13 5	244.0	
Nobile plant operators (except transport)	88.9	10.7	13.5	232.0	
Stationary plant operators	57.7	*	*	58 4	
Machine operators	87.8	54.7	76.1	163.9	
LABOURERS AND RELATED WORKERS	708 0	249 3	366 6	1 063 6	
Trades assistants and factory hands	172.7	53.2	78.8	251 6	
Agricultural labourers and related workers	89.1	17.7	28.7	117 8	
Cleaners	62.9	86.3	109.6	172.5	
Construction and mining labourers	132.3	•	•	135.5	
Miscellaneous labourers and related workers	251.1	90.6	135.1	386.2	
TOTAL	4,179.8	1,651.4	2,705.9	6,885.7	

(a) Classified according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations, ASCO 1986. For further information refer to paragraghs 23 to 25 of the Explanatory notes.

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TABLE 30.	UNEMPLOYED	PERSONS:	STATES,	BY	AGE,	AUGUST	1986	
		(10)	001					

Age group	New South Wales	Victoria	Queensland	South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Australia(a)
			MALES				
15-19	23.9	21.1	13.1	6.5	6.6	2.3	75.1
20-24	26.9	14.9	13.9	6.6	7.6	1.5	72.6
25-34	27.3	17.5	15.9	9.6	8.4	3.0	83.2
35 and over	49.1	21.0	22.2	11.1	9.2	2.0	117.1
Total	127.1	74.5	65.1	33.9	31.8	9. 5	348.0
			PENALES				
	· · · · · ·				<i>.</i>		- 72 0
15-19	24.5	16.9	15.7	6.0	6.1	2.1	/3.0
20-24	17.1	11.1	/.4	5.4	4.7	1.7	40.0
25-34	21.3	13.4	10.7	5.3	4./	1.5	57.7
35 and over	24.0	10.7		•••	0.5	1.4	•
Total	86.9	58.2	47.4	22.2	22.0	6.9	247.6
			PERSONS				
Looking for full-time w	ork -						
15-19	37.8	25.6	21.0	10.6	9.5	3.8	109.8
20-24	39.9	24.4	18.7	10.9	10.8	2.8	109.0
25-34	40.7	25.3	21.9	13.3	10.0	3.7	116.8
35-44	31.1	14.5	15.4	7.0	6.5	1.7	77.3
45-54	20.9	10.4	9.9	3.8	3.4	1.0	50.3
55 and over	11.0	4.8	5.7	2.9	2.3	•	27.4
Total looking for							
full-time work	181.4	105.1	92.7	48.5	42.5	13.7	490.7
Total -							
15-19	48.5	38.0	28.8	12.6	12.7	4.5	148.1
20-24	44.0	26.0	21.3	12.0	12.3	3.2	120.6
25-34	48.6	30.9	26.6	15.5	13.1	4.5	142.2
35-44	36.8	18.5	18.1	8.3	8.1	2.2	93.2
45-54	24.2	12.7	10.8	4.4	4.3	1.1	58.5
55 and over	12.1	6.5	6.9	3.3	3.2	•	33.0
Total	214.1	132.7	112.5	56.1	53.8	16.4	595.6

(a) Includes the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory

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TABLE 31. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AGED 15-19: DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, AUGUST 1986

		Not attending	school	
	Attending Bchool	Left school before 1985	Left school 1985 to survey date	Total
	NUMBE	2R ('000)	•	
Duration of unemployment (weeks) -				
linder 4	10.9	8.8	11.1	30.8
A and under 13	8.8	14.6	11.4	34.9
13 and under 26	*	9.2	7.2	19.8
26 and over	12.1	30.2	20.5	62.7
Total	35.1	62.9	50.2	148.1
	AVERAGE DURATION (P UNEMPLOYMENT (wee	kв) .	
Mean duration -				
Males	20.2	41.9	22.2	30.7
Pemales	17.0	44.3	20.2	29.0
Persons	18.5	43.0	21.2	29.8
Looking for full-time work	22.7	44.3	21.9	33.9
Looking for part-time work	17.7	•	*	18.1
Median duration ~				
Males	12	20	16	15
Females	· 8	22	14	15
Persons	8	21	16	15
Looking for full-time work	•	22	18	21
Looking for part-time work	8	+	•	8

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TABLE 32. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY AGE AND WHETHER LOOKING FOR PULL-TIME OR PART-TIME WORK, AUGUST 1986

	Number u	nemployed	('000)			Unemploy	ment rate	(per cent)		
	Males	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Pemales			Males		Females		
	Married	Total	Married	Total	Persons	Married	Total	Married	Total	Persons
			LOOKING	FOR FULL-T	IME WORK					
Total	132.7	319.9	51.8	170.8	490.7	4.8	7.6	5.6	9.2	8.1
Aged 15-19	*	58.7	+	51.2	109.8	+	19.7	*	21.5	20.5
Looking for first job	•	17.5	*	19.5	37.0	••	••	••	••	• •
Attending school	•	4.1	*	*	6.1	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
Aged 20 and over	131.3	261.2	49.1	119.6	380.8	4.7	6.7	5.3	7.4	6.9
20-24	12.2	69.9	9.6	39.1	109.0	10.4	12.8	8.4	9.8	11.5
Looking for first job	*	3.7	+	3.6	7.3	••		••	••	••
25-34	40.8	79.9	16.8	36.9	116.8	5.1	6.8	5.9	7.5	7.0
35-44	35.1	48.6	15.6	28.7	77.3	3.9	4.6	5.3	7.2	5.3
45-54	25.2	38.0	6.1	12.3	50.3	4.2	5.5	3.4	5.1	5.4
55 and over	18.0	24.8	*		27.4	4.8	5.6	*	*	5.2
Aged 15-64	132.3	319.4	51.8	170.8	490.1	4.8	7.6	5.6	9.3	8.1
			LOOKING	FOR PART-T	IME WORK					
Total	4.6	28.1	40.3	76.9	105.0	3.9	9.2	5.0	7.0	7.5
Aged 15-19	+	16.5	*	21.8	38.3	*	15.8	*	16.0	15.9
Attending school	•	12.9	*	16.2	29.0	*	19.1	*	20.0	19.5
Aged 20 and over	4.6	11.6	39.9	55.1	66.7	3.9	5.8	4.9	5.7	5.7
20-24	•	*	3.6	8.9	11.6	•	•	10.6	10.3	9.0
25-34)	() 4.5	(18.1	22.2	25.4)	() 6.1	(7.2	7.8	7.7
35-44) 4.5	()	(11.8	14.7	15.9) 4.0	()	(4.0	4.5	4.5
45 and over) '	(4.5	6.3	9.3	13.8)	(5.2	2.8	3.5	3.9
Aged 15-64	4.6	28.0	40.3	76.7	104.7	4.6	9.9	5.0	7.0	7.6
				TOTAL						
Total	137.3	348.0	92.2	247.6	595.6	4.7	7.7	5.3	8.4	8.0
Aged 15-19	*	75.1	+	73.0	148.1	*	18.7	*	19.5	19.1
Attending school	+	16.9	*	18.1	35.1	*	23.5	*	21.8	22.6
Aged 20 and over(a)	135.9	272.9	89.0	174.7	447.5	4.7	6.6	5.1	6.8	6.7
20-24	12.3	72.6	13.2	48.0	120.6	10.1	12.3	8.9	9.9	11.2
25-34	41.9	83.2	35.0	59.1	142.2	5.1	6.8	6.5	7.6	7.1
35-44	35.6	49.8	27.3	43.4	93.2	3.9	4.6	4.7	6.0	5.2
45-54	26.1	39.5	10.8	19.0	58.5	4.2	5.5	3.2	4.5	5.1
55-59	12.1	17.3	•	4.4	21.7	4.9	6.0	•	4.1	5.5
60-64	7.5	9.9	•	٠	10.6	5.7	6.3	•	*	5.2
Aged 15-64	136.9	347.4	92.2	247.5	594.9	4.8	7.8	5.3	8.4	8.0
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(a) Includes unemployed persons aged 65 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

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TABLE 33. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BIRTHPLACE BY AGE, AUGUST 1986

	Number un	employed ('000)		Unemploym	ent rate (per cen	nt)
	Males	Pemales	Persons	Males	Pemales	Persons
		BORN IN A	USTRALIA			
Total	250.0	183.0	433.0	7.5	8.2	7.8
Looking for full-time work	227.5	126.2	353.7	7.3	9.1	7.9
Looking for part-time work	22.5	56.8	79.2	9.3	6.6	7.2
Aged 15-19	64.6	63.3	127.9	18.2	19.1	18.6
Aged 20 and over	185.4	119.7	305.1	6.2	6.3	6.2
20-24	58.9	36.9	95.7	11.9	9.1	10.6
25-34	60.9	43.9	104.8	6.4	7.3	6.8
35-44	28.4	25.7	54.1	3.9	5.2	4.4
45-54	19.5	10.4	30.0	4.3	3.8	4.1
55 and over	17.7	× 🕈	20.5	5.1	*	4.3
Aged 15-64	249.6	182.8	432.4	7.6	8.2	7.8
		BORN OUTSID	E AUSTRALIA			
Total	98.0	64.7	162.7	8.3	9.0	8.6
Looking for full-time work	92.4	44.6	136.9	8.2	9.5	8.6
Looking for part-time work	5.6	20.1	25.7	8.7	8.1	8.3
Aged 15-19	10.5	9.7	20.2	22.8	22.6	22.7
Aged 20 and over ,	87.5	55.0	142.5	7.7	8.2	7.9
20-24	13.7	11.1	24.8	14.4	13.9	14.2
25-34	22.3	15.2	37.5	8.1	· 8.4	8.2
35-44	21.4	17.7	39.1	6.1	7.8	6.8
45-54	20.0	8.6	28.6	7.6	6.0	7.0
55 and over	10.1	*	12.5	6.4	*	6.3
Aged 15-64	97.8	64.7	162.5	8.3	·9.1	8.6

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		100	aroun					Looking fo	r -
Duration of unemployment (weeks)	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-54	Total(a)	Married	Not married	Full-time work	Part-time work
·			MAT	FS					
			661	123	- '000 -				
Under 2 2 and under 4	6.0 9.2 8.3	5.2 6.9	4.2 6.7	4.9 5.4 8.2	21.9 29.2 38.9	6.6 8.0 14.8	15.3 21.2 24.1	17.9 25.2 35.3	4.1 4.0 3.7
8 and under 13 13 and under 26 26 and under 39 39 and under 52	9.3 10.1 13.6	7.1 12.7 11.4	8.0 12.7 10.9	4.6 11.7 11.8 3 7	30.3 49.2 51.0	7.7 18.0 18.2	22.6 31.2 32.8	26.5 46.4 46.5	3.8 * 4.5
52 and under 65 65 and under 104 104 and over	5.3 3.7 5.6	+ 4.9 9.0	6.0 5.5 14.6	6.4 4.6 28.0	22.0 20.7 68.3	9.7 9.7 37.8	12.4 11.1 30.5	20.4 19.8 66.1)) 4.7
Total	75.1	72.6	83.2	89.3	348.0	137.3	210.7	319.9	28.1
					- veeks -				
Average duration -									
Mean Median	30.7 15	46.2 19	50.9 26	78.5 34	56.4 26	71.6 33	46.5 20	58.6 26	31.2 8
			PEMA	LES					
					- '000 -				
Under 2 2 and under 4 4 and under 8	8.5 7.0 8.5	3.5 5.5 4.4	6.2 6.9 7.9	6.6 6.9 6.4	25.0 27.0 28.0	10.1 10.9 12.2	14.9 16.1 15.9	11.4 15.8 16.9	13.6 11.2 11.2
8 and under 13 13 and under 26	8.8 9.7	5.6 9.8	8.4 9.7	4.9	27.7 35.8	10.5	17.2 23.1	19.8 27.1	7.8
26 and under 39 39 and under 52 52 and under 65	14.9 4.1	7.3	6.8 3.9 3.8	11.0	40.3 11.1 13.4	14.5 * 6.6	25.8 8.2 6.8	29.4 9.1 8.7	10.8 ±
65 and under 104 104 and over	3.5	5.8	4.2	9.5	11.5 27.8	* 8.4	8.2 19.4	9.6 22.9	4.9
Total	73.0	48.0	59.1	62.4	247.6	92.2	155.5	170.8	76.9
;					- weeks -			•	
Average duration - Nean Median	29.0 15	39.0 17	32.0 13	, 51.8 25	38.1 16	31.9 13	41.9 18	44.9 21	23.1 8
•									•
			PERS	ONS		• *			
					- '000 -				
Under 2 2 and under 4 4 and under 8	14.5 16.2 16.8	8.7 12.4 14.9	10.3 13.6 18.0	11.5 12.3 14.6	47.0 56.2 67.0	16.8 18.9 27.0	30.2 37.3 40.0	29.3 41.1 52.1	17.7 15.1 14.8
8 and under 13 13 and under 26	18.1	22.5	22.3	18.2	58.0 85.0	18.2 30.7	39.9 54.3	46.4	11.7
39 and under 52	8.1	5.0	6.3	6.6	27.5	9.8	17.7	24.9	15-3
52 and under 65 65 and under 104 104 and over	8.6 7.1 10.2	7.8 14.9	9.8 6.9 21.0	7.8 37.5	35.4 32.2 96.0	16.3 13.0 46.2	19.2 19.2 49.9	29.1 29.4 89.0	6.3 * 7.1
Total	148.1	120.6	142.2	151.8	595.6	229.5	366.2	490.7	105.0
	•				- weeks -				
Average duration - Mean Median	29.8 15	43.4 18	43.0 17	67.5 30	48.8 21	55.6 26	44.5 19	53.8 26	25.2 8

TABLE 34. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND AGE, ETC., AUGUST 1986

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(a) Includes persons aged 55 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 35. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB AND DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT, AUGUST 1986 ('000)

	Duration of unemployment (weeks)								- Total			
	Under 4	4 and under 8	8 and under 13	13 and under 26	26 and under 39	39 and under 65	65 and over	Males	Pemales	Persons		
Had worked full time for two weeks												
or more in the last two years	58.4	45.7	40.4	64.9	56.0	37.0	19.5	217.4	104.7	322.0		
Industry division or subdivision -												
Agriculture, forestry, fishing & hunting	+	4.1	*	4.6		- 3.8	•	15.3	*	18.2		
Agriculture & services to agriculture		4.9	+	4.5		3.8		12.5	*	15.0		
Manufacturing	12.2	10.1	8.8	17.7	11.4	8.4	3.9	54.6	17.8	72.5		
Food, beverages and tobacco		3.5	*	3.9		3.5		10.5	*	13.5		
Netal products	•		4 1		*		*	B.7	*	9.5		
Other manufacturing	9.0	7 4	5.1	11 0	76	66	•	35.5	14.0	49.4		
Construction	7.2	57	3 6		7.0	5 1	· .	36.1	*	37.4		
Wholegele and retail trade	15 1	10.6	11.4	13 3	11.3		57	42 0	12 9	75.8		
Wholesale and fecali clade	13.1	10.0	11.0	13.3		0.5	2 7	12.0		19.4		
Wholesale trade	11.0		3.3	11 1	4.4	5 0	3.7 2.2	20.2	26.2	56 4		
Recall clade	11.0	1 5	/.5	11.1	2 9	3.3	4.J	10 4	20.2	12 3		
Transport and storage		4.5			3.9			10.4	• •	12.3		
Finance, property & Dubiness Services	5.0		- 5.0	4.0		- 3.9		10.0	3.3	10./		
Public administration and defence		3.5		4.8	4.4		5.2	14.0		20.4		
Community Services	4./		5.9	5.9	5.5			10.1	15.1	43.4		
Recreation, personal & other services	6.2	4.1	*	5.2	6.7	4.4		17.9	14.0	32.5		
Other industries		4.0			4.2	•	*	6.5	•	9.1		
Occupation major group (a) -	•			•		•						
Managers and administrators		4.2			3.7	*	±	7.5	*	9.8		
Professionals	3.5		6.0		•	*	+	7.4	5.3	12.7		
Para-professionals		3.6			4.1	+	*	5.7	3.8	9.6		
Tradespersons	10.1	8.0	5.8	12.4	12.4	8.7	*	54.5	5.9	60.4		
Clerks	9.1	5.9	5.0	6.3	6.6		5.1	10.4	27.6	37.9		
Salespersons and personal service workers	10.9	8.3	6.7	11.2	8.0	5.0	•	18.8	34.7	53.5		
Diant and machine operators	18.7	5 0	A A	5.0	5 4	A 2	*	25.2	5.6	30.7		
Isbourard and related workers	16 3	15.8	13.5	22.3	19.0	12 6	8.0	87.8	19.6	107.4		
Dabouters and telaced workers	10.5	15.0	13.5	22.3	10.9		0.0	07.0	15.0	10/14		
Other .	34.4	21.2	17.6	20.1	35.3	26.0	108.7	127.0	136.3	263.3		
Looking for first job	13.4	7.0	8.3	5.4	16.8	9.9	14.3	32.5	42.6	75.1		
Looking for full-time work	4.2	4.3	4.5	+	13.1	7.3	12.4	22.2	26.4	48.6		
Other	20.9	14.3	9.3	14.7	18.5	16.1	94.4	94.5	93.7	188.1		
Stood down	10.3	••	••			••	••	3.6	6.7	10.3		
Total	103.2	67.0	58.0	85.0	91.3	63.0	128.2	348.0	. 247.6	595.6		

TABLE 36. UNEMPLOYMENT RATES: INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB, AUGUST 1986 (per cent)

	Males	Pemales	Persons
Rad worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years	4.9	3.7	4.5
Industry division or subdivision -			
Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting	4.9	+	4.2
Agriculture and services to agriculture	4.3	. +	3.7
Mining	•	*	3.9
Manufacturing	6.2	5.5	6.0
Food, beverages and tobacco	8.2	*	7.5
Metal products	5.3	*	5.0
Other manufacturing	6.0	5.7	6.0
Electricity, oas and water	*	*	*
Construction	7.8	+	7.1
Wholesale and retail trade	5.2	5.1	5.2
	4.3	5.1	4.5
Datail trada	5.8	5.1	5 5
Transnort and storage	3 1	•	3.0
Communication		*	5.0
Communication	2 4	2 9	2 6
Public property and business services	2.4 6 E	2.0	2.0
	0.5	1.0	
community services	2.2	1.5	. 2.0
Recreation, personal and other services	8.2	5.4	0./
Occupation group(a) -		• •	
Managers and administrators	1.3	•	1.3
Professionals	1.5	1.6	1.5
Para-professionals	2.4	2.2	2.3
Tradespersons	5.0	4.9	5.0
Clerks	3.2	3.0	3.1
Salespersons and personal service workers	5.1	5.5	5.3
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	5.3	5.8	5.3
Labourers and related workers	` 11.0	5.2	9.2
Total	7.7	. 8.4	8.0

(a) Classified according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations, ASCO 1986. For further information refer to paragraphs 23 to 25 of the Explanatory notes.

			Persons			
	Males	Females	Aged 15-19	Aged 20-24	Aged 25 and over	Total
Took active steps to find work Wrote, phoned or applied in person to	344.3	241.0	145.3	119.6	320.4	585.3
an employer	247.9	180.1	107.3	89.8	230.8	428.0
Answered a newspaper advertisement for a job Checked factory or Commonwealth	12.6	8.5	4.1	5.3	11.6	21.0
Employment Service noticeboards Been registered with the Commonwealth	50.8	27.8	19.0	16.0	43.5	78.6
Employment Service Checked or registered with any other	30.3	17.7	12.4	. 7.3	28.4	48.1
employment agency	+	+	•	•	•	•
Advertised or tendered for work	•	*	•	•	•	•
Contacted relatives or friends	۲	. 5.1	٠	*	3.9	6.4
Stood down	3.6	6.7	•	٠	6.6	10.3
Total	348.0	247.6	148.1	120.6	327.0	595.6

TABLE 37. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: AGE AND ACTIVE STEPS TAKEN TO PIND WORK(a), AUGUST 1986 ('000)

(a) See Explanatory notes, paragraph 13.

TABLE 38. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, AUGUST 1986

	Males			Pemales				
Age group	Married	Not married Total		Married	Not married	Total	Persons	Proportion of population
				- '000 -				- per cent -
15-19	•	283.3	283.3	8.2	278.5	286.7	570.0	42.4
20-24	5.6	66.5	. 72.1	98.4	68.3	166.7	238.9	18.2
25-34	25.4	41.7	67.1	434.9	81.7	516.6	583.7	22.5
35-44	38.6	26.0	64.6	331.5	65.4	396.9	461.5	20.3
45-54	52.9	27.0	80.0	289.3	61.3	350.6	430.6	27.4
55-59	68.6	23.5	92.1	204.6	61.0	265.5	357.6	47.6
60-64	148.0	41.6	189.6	217.9	97.5	315.4	505.0	71.4
65-69	185.2	44.0	229.2	172.1	123.2	295.3	524.4	91.9
70 and over	293.1	121.4	414.5	200.7	458.6	659.3	1,073.8	97.1
Total	817.5	675.0	1,492.4	1,957.6	1,295.6	3,253.1	4,745.6	38.8

TABLE 39. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR PORCE: WHETHER LOOKING FOR WORK, ETC., AUGUST 1986 ('000)

	Males			Females			
	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
Looking for work Took active steps to find work(a) Did not take active steps to find	12.6	27.9 17.9	40.5 23.6	30.5 10.0	27.6 13.5	58.1 23.5	98.6 47.2
work	6.8	10.0	16.8	20.5	14.1	34.6	51.4
Not looking for work	780.1	594.2	1,374.3	1,907.3	1,148.9	3,056.2	4,430.5
Permanently unable to work	8.9	8.9	17.8	3.7	8.5	12.3	30.1
In institutions	15.9	43.9	59.9	16.1	110.5	126.6	186.4
Total	817.5	675.0	1,492.4	1,957.6	1,295.6	3,253.1	4,745.6

(a) Not available to start work in the survey week for reasons other than own temporary illness or injury.

TABLE	40.	ESTIMATES	OP	LABOUR	FORCE	STATUS	AND	GROSS	CHANGES	(FLOWS)	DERIVED	PROM	MATCHED	RECORDS
						JULY 19	86 A	ND AUG	DST 1986					
							('000)					•	

			Pemales		
Labour force status in - July 1986	August 1986	Males	Married	Total	Persons
Employed full time	Employed full time	3,040.5	656.8	1,234.2	4,274.6
- • •	Employed part time	43.9	50.2	68.1	112.1
	Unemployed .	30.4	4.6	13.0	43.4
	Not in the labour force	36.3	22.3	29.1	65.4
Employed part time	Employed full time	35.7	46.1	66.9	102.6
	Employed part time	145.7	529.3	690.8	836.5
	Unemployed	9.0	7.6	14.5	23.4
	Not in the labour force	30.1	58.6	79.6	109.8
Unemployed	Employed full time	29.9	5.8	15.9	45.8
	Employed part time	11.2	11.0	21.3	32.5
	Unemployed	180.6	37.6	106.7	287.3
	Not in the labour force	23.5	26.5	50.7	74.1
Not in the labour force	Employed full time	24.4	11.8	17.2	41.6
	Employed part time	18.1	54.1	73.7	91.8
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Unemployed	29.8	23.4	48.3	78.0
	Not in the labour force	1,001.6	1,437.0	2,295.4	3,297.0
					211 7
TOTAL FLOWS INCO	Employed Bull time	00.0	62.0	100 1	190.0
	Port time	73 3	115 3	163.1	236.4
	linemployed	69 1	35.6	75.7	144.9
	Not in the labour force	89.9	107.4	159.4	249.3
Total flows out of	Employed	105.8	93.1	136.1	241.9
	Pull time	110.7	77.1	110.2	220.8
	Part time	74.8	112.3	161.0	235.8
	Unemployed	64.6	43.4	87.9	152.4
	Not in the labour force	72.3	89.4	139.2	211.5
Total changes of status		242.7	225.8	363.2	605.9
Population represented by the	matched sample	4,690.7	2,982.7	4,825.3	9,516.0

TABLE 41. EMPLOYED PERSONS: COMPARISON OF ASCO(a) CLASSIFICATION OF OCCUPATIONS AND CCLO(b) CLASSIFICATION OF OCCUPATIONS, <u>MAY 1986</u>(c) ('000)

				OCCUPATION	(ASCO)(a)			
OCCUPATION (CCLO) (b)	Managers and admin- istrators	Profess- ionals	Para profess- ionals	Trades- persons	Clerks	Sales- persons and personal service workers	Plant and machine operat- ors, and drivers	Labour- ers and related workers	Total
Professional, technical, etc.	. 22 0	723 0 6	6.3	10 4			•		
Administrative executive and managed		/21.0 •	240.0	10.4	23.3	30.5		12.5	1,086.8
Clasical	11-2 201.24	10.6	12.3	18.9	20.9	47.3	5.3	8.9	. 491.6
Clerical	20.6	29.3	13.5	•	1,072.6	81-7 130.9	3.9	4.5	1,278.1
58168	41.6	4.1	9.2	8.1	7.8	542.1	82.1 +	18.2	632.3
Parmers, fishermen, timber-getters, etc.	265.4	*	4.7	61.4	•	+	6.9	137.7	479.2
Miners, quarrymen and related workers	1 • 1	*	*	÷ .	*	•	10.4	22.0	34 8
Transport and communication	5.8	•	13.2	*	53.7	14.6	224 B	23 0	220.2
Tradesmen, production-process workers					5511			23.0	339.2
and labourers, n.e.c.	19.0	16 1	38 5	058 0	16.0		206 7		
Service, sport and recreation	2.2	16 0	60.0	330.3	10.0	170 0	200./	557.1	1,89/.8
outling, opoil and recreation	0.2	10.0	00.9	90.0	4.3	1/9.0	12.6	333.2	704.8
Total	746,2	800.2	401.8	1,161.1	1,209.5	956.4	552.3	1,117.1	6,944.5

(a) Occupation classified by Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO), 1986.
 (b) Occupation classified by Classification and Classified List of Occupations (CCLO), Revised November 1980.
 (c) See paragraphs 23 to 25 of the Explanatory notes, and the appendix.

TABLE 42. PAMILY STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: SUMMARY TABLE, AUGUST 1986

			Labour	Not in labour	Civilian population aged 15 and over			
	Employed	Unemployed	force	force	Males	Females	Persons	
			NUMBER ('OC	00)				
Member of a family	5,681.4	447.5	6,128.9	3,588.9	4,843.3	4.874.5	9,717.8	
Husband or wife	4,243.9	215.1	4,459.0	2,580.1	3,545.3	3,493.8	7,039.1	
With children aged 0-14 present	2,331.7	138.5	2,470.3	. 850.7	1,684.4	1,636.5	3,321.0	
Without children aged 0-14 present	1,912.1	76.6	1,988.7	1,729.4	1,860.8	1,857.3	3,718.1	
With dependent children present	2,658.8	150.0	2,808.7	965.8	1,910.9	1,863.6	3,774.5	
Without dependent children present	1,585.1	65.2	1,650.3	1,614.2	1,634.3	1,630.2	3,264.5	
Not-married family head	215.7	32.9	248.5	301.2	102.9	446.9	549.7	
With children aged 0-14 present	106.0	19.2	125.2	144.3	31.0	238.5	269.5	
Without children aged 0-14 present	109.7	13.6	123.3	156.9	71.9	208.3	280.2	
with dependent children present	136.4	23.1	159.5	164.1	41.7	281.9	323.6	
Without dependent children present	79.2	9.8	89.0	137.1	61.2	165.0	226.1	
Full-time student aged 15-24(a)	169.4	44.9	214.2	494.3	355.0	353.5	708.5	
Other child(b) of family head	974.3	139.5	1,113.8	98.9	751.4	461.3	1,212.7	
Other relative of family head	78.2	15.1	93.3	114.6	88.8	119.0	207.9	
Not a member of a family	869.4	95.6	964.9	653.1	770.3	847.7	1,618.0	
Living alone	393.4	31.7	425.1	559.5	404.4	580.2	984.6	
Not living alone	475.9	63.9	539.8	93.6	365.9	267.5	633.4	
Usual resident of a private dwelling								
where family status was determined	6,550.7	543.1	7,093.8	4,242.0	5,613.6	5,722.2	11,335.8	
Usual resident of a private dwelling								
where family status was not determined	183.7	20.7	204.4	111.6	139.3	176.7	316.1	
Total usual residents of private								
dwellings	6,734.5	563.8	7,298.2	4,353.6	5,752.9	5,898.9	11,651.9	
visitors to private dwellings	37.2	8.6	45.8	75.0	55.4	65.4	120.8	
Persons enumerated in non-private								
owellings	114.0	23.3	137.3	316.9	211.9	242.4	454.2	
Total	6,885.7	595.6	7,481.4	4,745.6	6,020.2	6,206.7	12,226.9	
		PROPO	ORTION OF TOTA	L (per cent)				
Markey of a farily				-				
Member of a family	82.5	75.1	81.9	75.6	80.5	78.5	79.5	
Husband of Wife	61.6	36.1	59.6	54.4	58.9	56.3	57.6	
with children aged U-14 present	33.9	23.3	33.0	17.9	28.0	26.4	27.2	
Without children aged U-14 present	27.8	12.9	26.6	36.4	30.9	29.9	30.4	
with dependent children present	38.6	25.2	37.5	20.4	31.7	30.0	30.9	
Without dependent children present	23.0	10.9	22.1	34.0	27.1	26.3	26.7	
Not-mailled lamily nead	3.1	5.5	3.3	6.3	1.7	7.2	4.5	
With children aged 0-14 present	1.5	3.2	1.7	3.0	0.5	3.8	2.2	
With dependent shildren aged 0-14 present	1.6	2.3	1.6	3.3	1.2	3.4	2.3	
With dependent children present	2.0	3.9	2.1	3.5	0.7	4.5	2.6	
Rullating student children present	1.2	1.6	1.2	2.9	1.0	2.7	1.8	
Other shild(b) of family hand	2.5	7.5	2.9	10.4	5.9	5.7	5.8	
Other relative of family head	14.1	23.4	14.9	2.1	12.5	7.4	9.9	
Not a member of a family head	1.1	2.5	1.2	2.4	1.5	1.9	1.7	
Not a member of a family	12.0	16.0	12.9	13.8	12.8	13.7	13.2	
Not living alone	5./	5.3	5.7	11.8	6.7	9.3	8.1	
liquel resident of a private dualling	0.9	10.7	1.2	2.0	6.1	4.3	5.2	
where family status was determined	A5 3	A 1 A						
Henal regident of a private dualling	32.1	91.2	94.8	89.4	93.2	92.2	92.7	
where family status use not determined			<u> </u>			
where rawing status was not determined	2.7	3.5	2.7	2.4	2.3	2.8	2.6	
duellings		•• •		•• - '				
Weitings Vicitors to privato dualliana	97.8	94.6	97.6	91.7	95.6	95.0	95.3	
Parsons to private dwellings	0.5	1.4	0.6	1.6	0.9	1.1	1.0	
dwellinge				<i>.</i> -			_	
amerringo	1.7	3.9	1.8	6.7	3.5	· 3.9	3.7	
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	

(a) Excludes persons aged 20-24 attending school.
 (b) Aged 15 and over.

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TABLE 43. FAMILY STATUS AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF PERSONS AGED 15 AND OVER(a), AUGUST 1986

				Unemploy	ed					
	Employed	l		Looking				Civilian		
	Pull-	Part-		for full-			Not in	populat- ion aged	Unemp-	Partici-
	time workers	time workers	Total	time work	Total	Labour force	labour force	15 and over	loyment rate	pation rate
					- '000 -				- Der	cent -
									p. 1	
			MAI	ES.						
Member of a family	3,241.6	221.7	3,463.3	233.0	255.4	3,718.7	1,124.7	4,843.3	6.9	76.8
Husband	2,561.0	107.4	2,668.5	125.0	129.3	2,797.7	747.5	3,545.3	4.6	78.9
Without children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present	1,487.8	41.4	1,139.2	44.9	82.U 47.2	1,611.3	73.1	1,684.4	5.1	95.7 63.8
With dependent children present Without dependent children present	1,678.8 882.2	47.4	1,726.3	86.7 38.3	89.0 40.3	1,815.2	95.7 651.8	1,910.9	4.9 4.1	95.0 60.1
Not-married family head	58.6	5.4	64.0	5.6	6.5	70 5	32 4	102 9	9.2	68.5
With children aged 0-14 present	18.7	*	20.6	*		23.3	7.7	31.0		75.2
With dependent children present	26.5	3.5	43.4	. .	3.8	47.2	24.7	41.7	8.0	65./ 76.7
Without dependent children present	32.2	*	35.1	*	+	38.5	22.6	61.2	*	63.0
Pull-time student aged 15-24(b)	4.4	72.9	77.3	6.6	21.0	98.3	256.7	355.0	21.3	27.7
Other child(c) of family head	572.2	32.1	604.3	86.4	89.1	693.4	58.0	751.4	12.8	92.3
Other relative of family head	45.3	3.9	49.2	9.6	9.6	58.7	30.1	88.8	16.3	66.1
Not a member of a family	486.3	38.3	524.6	56.5	59.9	584.5	185.8	770.3	10.3	75.9
Living alone Not living alone	229.5 256.7	15.8 22.5	245.4 279.2	18.8 37.7	20.7 39.2	266.0 318.5	138.3 47.4	404.4 365.9	7.8 12.3	65.8 87.0
Total	3,727.8	260.0	3,987.9	289.6	315.3	4,303.2	1,310.5	5,613.6	7.3	76.7
			FEM/	LES						
Member of a family	1,289.6	928.4	2,218.1	124.4	192.2	2.410.3	- 2.464.2	4.874.5	8.0	49.4
Wife	833 5	742 0	1 575 A	46.7	85 9	1 661 3	1 937 5	3 493 8	5.2	47.5
With children aged 0-14 present	329.0	473.5	802.5	26.0	56.5	859.0	777.5	1,636.5	6.6	52.5
With dependent children present	504.5 399.3	268.4	932.5	20.8	29.4 61.0	802.3 993.5	1,055.0	1,857.3	3.7	43.2
Without dependent children present	434.2	208.7	642.9	18.1	24.9	667.8	962.4	1,630.2	3.7	41.0
Not-married family head With children aged 0-14 present	100.1	51.6	151.6	18.9	26.4	178.0	268.8	446.9	14.8	39.8
Without children aged 0-14 present	49.5	16.8	66.3	8.6	9.9	76.1	132.2	208.3	13.0	36.5
With dependent children present Without dependent children present	66.4 33.7	41.2	107.5	13.0 5.9	20.0	127.5 50.5	154.3	281.9 165.0	15.7 12.7	45.2 30.6
Pull-time student aged 15-24(b)	•	90.3	92.0	5.2	23.9	116.0	237.5	353.5	20.6	32.8
Other child(c) of family head	330.7	39.3	370.0	48.2	50.4	420.4	. 40.9	461.3	12.0	91.1
Other relative of family head	23.7	5.3	29.0	5.4	5.6	34.6	84.5	119.0	16.1	29.0
Not a member of a family	288.8	56.0	344.8	30.3	35.6	380.4	467.3	847.7	9.4	44.9
Living alone	121.3	26.7	148.1	8.9	11.0	159.1	421.1	580.2	6.9	27.4
Not living alone	167.4	29.3	196.7	21.4	24.6	221.4	46.2	267.5	11.1	82.7
Total	1,578.4	984.5	2,562.8	154.8	227.8	2,790.7	2,931.5	5,722.2	8.2	48.8
			PERS	ONS						
Nember of a family	4 531 2	1 150 2	5 681 4	357 5	447 5	6 128 0	3 588 0	0 717 P		63 3
Underd or wife	2 204 6		4 949 0			0,120.9	3,300.3	7	7.3	03.1
With children aged 0-14 present	1,816.8	849.4 514.9	4,243.9	106.1	138.5	4,459.0	2,580.1	3,321.0	4.8	63.3 74.4
Without children aged 0-14 present With dependent children present	1,577.7	334.5 580.6	1,912.1	65.7 115.4	76.6	1,988.7	1,729.4	3,718.1	3.9	53.5
Without dependent children present	1,316.4	268.8	1,585.1	56.4	65.2 [.]	1,650.3	1,614.2	3,264.5	3.9	50.6
Not-married family head	158.7	56.9	215.7	24.5	32.9	248.5	301.2	549.7	13.2	45.2
With children aged 0-14 present Without children aged 0-14 present	89.4	20.3	109.7	11.8	13.6	125.2	144.3	289.5	15.4	46.5
With dependent children present Without dependent children present	92.8 65.9	43.6 13.3	136.4 79.2	15.5 9.0	23.1 9.8	159.5 89.0	164.1 137.1	323.6 226.1	14.5 11.0	49.3
Full-time student aged 15-24(b)	6.2	163.2	169.4	11.7	44.9	214.2	494.3	708.5	20.9	30.2
Other child(c) of family head	902.9	71.4	974.3	134.6	139.5	1.113.8	98.9	1,212.7	12.5	91 8
Other relative of family head	69.0	9.2	78.2	34.9	15.1	93.3	114.6	207.9	16.2	44 9
Not a member of a family	775.0	94.3	869.4	86.9	95.6	964.9	653.1	1.618.0	9.9	50 E
Living alone	350 0	42 5	303 4	27 7	31 7	425 1	555.1	0.9.1 F	7 E	A3 0
Not living alone	424.2	51.8	475.9	59.2	63.9	539.8	93.6	633.4	11.8	85.2
Total	5,306.2	1,244.5	6,550.7	444.3	543.1	7,093.8	4,242.0	11,335.8	7.7	62.6

(a) Civilians who were residents of private dwellings where family status was determined. See Explanatory notes.
 (b) Excludes persons aged 20-24 attending school.
 (c) Aged 15 and over.

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TABLE 44. ALL FAMILIES(a): TYPE OF FAMILY, NUMBER OF FAMILY MEMBERS AND EMPLOYMENT STATUS(b), AUGUST 1986 ('000 families)

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	None em	ployed		One emp	loyed		Two or	more emp)	loyed	Total		
Number of family members(c)	None unemp- loyed	One or more unemp- loyed	Total	None Unemp- loyed	One or more unemp- loyed	Total	None unemp- loyed	One or more unemp- loyed	Total	None unemp- loyed	One or more unemp- loyed	Total
				MARRIED	-COUPLE I	PAMILIES						
Two	507.6	22.0	529 6	229 5	21 7	251.2	443 5		443 5	1 190 6	42.7	1 224 2
Three	37.9	33.3	71.2	230.4	23.2	253.7	346.4	13.2	359.5	614.7	69.7	1,224.J 684 4
Pour	16.7	28.0	44.7	290.6	37.3	327.9	529.4	31.9	561.3	836.7	97.3	934.0
Five	7.1	14.9	22.0	141.3	18.9	160.3	264.5	25.2	289.7	412.9	59.0	471.9
Six or more	5.1	12.2	17.3	52.6	10.5	63.0	103.3	18.0	121.3	160.9	40.7	201.7
Total	574.4	110.4	684.8	944.4	111.7	1,056.1	1,687.0	88.3	1,775.4	3,205.8	310.4	3,516.2
			01	THER FAMIL	IES WITH	A MALE HE	AD					
Two.	13 0		17.0	25.5								
Three	13.5	4.0	1/.9	45.5	4.5	30.0	28.5	•:	28.5	67.9	8.6	76.5
Four or more	*		3.7	0.3		/.9	5./		/.0	14.0	4.0	18.6
				-	-	3.0	-	-	-	5.4	-	8.7
Total	17.2	6.3	23.5	34.3	7.4	41.7	35.8	2.8	38.6	. 87.2	16.5	103.8
•			OTH	IER PAMILI	ES WITH 2	PEMALE P	IEAD					
Two	80.5	20.4	101.0	101.5	6.7	108.2	31.3		31.3	213.4	27.1	240 5
Three	48.5	10.5	59.0	47.3	5.6	52.8	24.0) 5.1	(26.6	119.8	18.7	138.4
Pour	18.0	5.4	23.4	12.9	•	14.6	11.1	;	(13.5	41.9	9.5	51.4
Five or more .	6.5	3.6	10.1	•	•	+	4.2	*	5.0	13.4	4.8	18.2
Total	153.6	39.9	193.5	164.3	14.4	178.7	70.7	5.8	76.5	388.5	60.2	448.7
				OTHER	PAMILIES	: TOTAL		:2				
The	04 E	24.6		·								•
Three	50.5	12 1	67 7	52 5	11.2	138.2	59.8		59.8	281.3	35.7	317.0
Pour	18.7	5.8	24.5	14 9	1.2	17 9	29.0	3.0	33.0	133.8	23.3	157.1
Pive	6.1)	(8.0	*	*	, 1/10		(*	3.9	11 4	12.5	/ 14 9
Six or more	*	ý 3.7	(*	*	+	ý 3.7	4.7	ì	*	3.5	ý 5.1	(5.2
Total .	170.8	46.2	217.0	198.6	21.8	220.4	106.4	8.6	115.1	475.8	76.7	552.5
				ALI	. PAMILIE	s		•				
TNO	602 1	A6 4	648 E	756 5		200 4	502.2					
Three	88.4	40.4	134 0	330.5	32.9	389.4	503.3	, - ' :	503.3	1,401.8	79.4	1,541.2
Pour	35.4	33.A	69.2	305.5	40.2	34.4	5/0.1	1/.0	393.1	/48.5	93.0	841.5
Five	13.2	16.8	30.0	143.8	19.4	163.2	267.4	26.2	293.5	424.4	62 4	992.2 496 9
Six or more	6.1	14.0	20.0	53.2	10.5	63.7	105.1	· 18.0	123.2	164.4	42.5	206.9
Total	745.2	156.6	901.8	1,143.0	133.5	1,276.5	1,793.5	97.0	1,890.4	3,681.6	387.1	4,068.7

(a) See Explanatory notes for details of exclusions to family tables.
(b) Employment status refers to persons aged 15 and over only.
(c) Of any age.

TABLE 45. ALL PAMILIES(a): TYPE OF PAMILY, NUMBER OF CHILDREN AGED 0-14 PRESENT, NUMBER OF DEPENDENT CHILDREN PRESENT, AND LABOUR FORCE STATUS(b), AUGUST 1986 ('000 families)

	Number of	children aq present	ged 0-14	Number of	Number of dependent children present			
	None	One	Two or more	None	One	Two or - more	Total	
	NO FAMI	LY MEMBER EN	PLOYED					
Married-couple families	577.0	42.6	65.2	563.5	46.8	74.5	684.8	
One or both spouses unemployed(c) Husband unemployed, wife unemployed Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour	28.6	22.3 4.0	42.7 6.9	25.4 5.6	22.3	45.9 7.9	93.6 16.7	
force	20.8	18.0	34.3	18.0	18.6	36.5	73.1	
Neither spouse unemployed	548.4	20.3	22.5	538.1	24.5	28.7	591.2	
Other families	71.1	72.8	73.1	56.7	77.9	82.4	217.0	
Pamily head unemployed Male head unemployed Pemale head unemployed	6.1 * 4.8	9.6 * 8.3	8.2 * 7.1	*	11.7 * 10.1	9.1 * 8.0	23.9 3.7 20.2	
Pamily head not unemployed Male head not in the labour force	65.0 12.6 52 4	63.2 4.5 58 7	64.9 *	53.7 11.1 47 5	66.1 5.7 60.5	73.3	193.) 19.8 173.3	
remaie nead not in the labour force	549 1	JO./	128.3	¥2.0 620.2	124 7	156.9	901 8	
All lamines	040.1	113.4	130.3	020.2	12417	13013	50110	
	ONE OR MORE	PANILY MENBI	ers employed					
Married-couple families	1,282.8	545.4	1,003.2	1,069.7	552.7	1,209.1	2,831.4	
One or both spouses unemployed(c) Husband employed, wife unemployed Husband unemployed, wife employed Husband unemployed, wife unemployed	40.5 20.0 11.8	21.0 14.1 3.6	39.8 28.9 6.4 *	32.8 16.1 10.0	20.6 13.3 *	47.9 33.5 8.3 *	101.3 63.0 21.8	
Husband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	6.9	•	•	5.2	3.5	4.4	13.0	
Neither spouse unemployed Husband employed, wife employed	1,242.3 719.4	524.4 295.0	963.4 488.5	1,036.9 596.3	532.1 286.9	1,161.2 619.7	2,730.2 1,502.9	
force	396.0	216.7	460.4	326.1	225.8	521.3	1,073.2	
Husband not in the labour force, wife employed	45.3	7.8	10.4	40.7	9.0	13.9	63.5	
Other families	211.7	81.3	42.4	171.7	97.3	66.4	335.5	
Pamily head unemployed Male head unemployed Pemale head unemployed	7.7 * 5.2	*	* *	6.9 + 4.4	*	* * *	8.9 * 6.1	
Pamily head not unemployed Male head employed Female head employed Male head not in the labour force Female head not in the labour force	204.1 43.9 66.9 12.6 80.7	80.2 15.5 52.7 * 11.6	42.2 5.1 32.8 * 4.4	164.8 35.6 44.5 11.9 72.8	96.1 18.7 61.9 14.3	65.6 10.1 46.0 * 9.4	326.5 64.5 152.4 13.0 96.6	
All families	1,494.5	626.8	1,045.6	1,241.5	650.0	1,275.4	3,166.9	
		TOTAL						
Married-couple families	1.859.8	588.0	1.068.4	1.633.2	599.5	1.283.6	3.516.2	
One or both spouses unemployed(c) Husband employed, wife unemployed Husband unemployed, wife employed Husband unemployed, wife unemployed Busband unemployed, wife not in the labour force	69.1 20.0 11.8 7.5 27.6	43.3 14.1 3.6 4.4 20.7	82.5 28.9 6.4 7.5 37.8	58.2 16.1 10.0 6.9 23.2	42.9 13.3 * 3.5 22.1	93.7 33.5 8.3 8.8 40.8	194.9 63.0 21.8 19.3 86.1	
Neither spouse unemployed Husband employed, wife employed	1,790.7 719.4	544.8 295.0	985.9 488.5	1,575.0 596.3	556.6 286.9	1,189.9 619.7	3,321.4 1,502.9	
HUSDand employed, wite not in the labour force	396.0	216.7	460.4	326.1	225.8	521.3	1,073.2	
HUBDAND NOT IN THE LADOUT FORCE, WITE employed	45.3	7.8	10.4	40.7	9.0	13.9	63.5	
Other families	282.8	154.1	115.5	228.5	175.2	148.8	552.5	
Pamily head unemployed Male head unemployed Pemale head unemployed	13.7 3.8 9.9	10.7 * 9.1	8.4 * 7.3	9.9 * 6.5	13.0 • 11.3	9.9 * 8.6	32.8 6.5 26.4	
Pamily head not unemployed Male head employed Female head employed Male head not in the labour force Pemale head not in the labour force	269.1 43.9 66.9 25.1 133.1	143.4 15.5 52.7 5.0 70.3	107.1 5.1 32.8 * 66.5	218.5 35.6 44.5 23.0 115.4	162.2 18.7 61.9 6.8 74.8	138.9 10.1 46.0 * 79.7	519.6 64.5 152.4 32.8 269.9	
All families	2,142.6	742.2	1,183.9	1,861.7	774.7	1,432.4	4,068.7	

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See Explanatory notes for exclusions to family tables. Labour force status refers only to persons aged 15 and over. Includes a small number of families with husband not in the labour force and wife unemployed. (a) (b) (c)

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For more information on sample design, estimation procedure and reliability of the estimates, for current and earlier surveys, reference should be made to the Technical note in *The Labour Force, Australia, 1981* (6204.0).

Estimation procedure

2. The labour force estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a complex ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex, rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself.

Reliability of the estimates

Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the surveys. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. Another measure of sampling variability is the relative standard error which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate to which it refers. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling, and thus avoids the need to refer also to the size of the estimate.

4. Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this publication. Standard errors of estimates for the latest month and of estimates of movements since the previous month are shown in Table 1. Standard errors of other estimates and other monthly movements should be determined by using Tables A and B.

5. The size of the standard error increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger is the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.

6. As the standard errors in Table A show, the smaller the estimate the higher is the relative standard error. Very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. For the labour force survey, estimates which have a relative standard error larger than 25 per cent are not published. In the tables in this publication, estimates below the levels shown in Table C, and percentages based on such estimates, have not been included but are indicated with a '*'. Although figures for these small components can in some cases be derived by subtraction, they should not be regarded as reliable. See paragraph 9 concerning higher publication cut-off points for some estimates.

7. The movement in the level of an estimate is also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of the movement depends on the levels of the estimates from which the movement is obtained rather than the size of the movement. An indication of the magnitude of standard errors of monthly movements is given in Table B. The estimates of standard error of monthly movements apply only to estimates of movements between two consecutive months. Movements between corresponding months of consecutive quarters (quarterly movements), corresponding months of consecutive years (annual movements) and other non-consecutive months, will generally be subject to somewhat greater sampling variability than is indicated in Table B. Standard errors of quarterly movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table A by 1.11. Standard errors of quarterly estimates calculated this way will not necessarily agree with those obtained by multiplying the figures in Table B by 1.5, which was the method shown in the June 1985 and previous issues of this publication. This is because Tables A and B are derived independently of each other. Standard errors of all annual movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table A by 1.3. When using Table A or Table B to calculate standard errors of movements, refer to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived.

8. Examples of the calculation and use of standard errors are given below:

(a) From Table A it will be seen that the estimate of 319,900 unemployed males looking for full-time work in August 1986 has a standard error of about 6,300. Therefore there are about two chances in three that the number that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 313,600 to 326,200 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 307,300 to 332,500.

> Published estimate

307,300	313,600	319,900	326,200	332,500

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2 c all	hances in 3 that, if
the	value is in this
ran	ige

19 chances in 20 that, if all dwellings included, the value is in this range

(b) The estimate of movement in the number of unemployed males looking for full-time work from July to August 1986 is an increase of 2,500. Table B relates the standard error of the monthly movement to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived. In this case the August 1986 estimate (319,900) is the larger. From Table B it will be seen that the standard error of the monthly movement is about 5,000. Therefore there are about two chances in three that if all dwellings had been included in the surveys the movement would have been within the range -2,500 to +7,500 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range -7,500 to +12,500

Estimated movement

-7,500	-2,500	+2,500	+7,500	+12,500
	 2 cl all c the this 	nances in 3 t lwellings incl movement s range	hat, if luded, is in	

19 chances in 20 that, if all dwellings included, the movement is in this range

9. The relative standard errors of estimates of aggregate hours worked, average hours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment are obtained by first finding the relative standard error of the estimate of the total number of persons contributing to the estimate (see Table A) and then multiplying the figure so obtained by the following relevant factors:

> Aggregate hours worked: 1.2 Average hours worked: 0.7 Average duration of unemployment: 1.3 Median duration of unemployment: 2.0

Publication cut-off points for these and other labour force estimates (see paragraph 6) are shown in Table C on the next page. Because of these higher relative standard errors, estimates of aggregate hours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment have higher cut-off points for publication (see paragraph 6) than other estimates as shown in Table A.

10. An example of the calculation of standard errors by the use of these factors is as follows:

In August the estimate of median duration of unemployment for unemployed males was 26 weeks (from Table 34) and the number unemployed was estimated as 348,000. From Table A it can be estimated that this figure (348,000) has a standard error of about 6,500 and therefore a relative standard error of about 1.9 per cent. The *relative standard error* of the estimate of median duration of unemployment is calculated by multiplying this figure (1.9) by the appropriate factor shown in the previous paragraph (in this case 2.0): $1.9 \times 2.0 = 3.8$ per cent. The *standard error* of this estimate of median duration of unemployment is therefore 3.8 per cent of 26, i.e. about 1. Therefore there are about two chances in three that the median duration of unemployment for unemployed males that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 25 to 27 weeks and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 24 to 28 weeks.

11. Proportions and percentages (for example, participation rates) formed from the ratio of two estimates are also subject to sampling error. The size of the error depends on the accuracy of both the numerator and denominator. The formula for the relative standard error (RSE) of a proportion or percentage is given below:

 $RSE(x/y) = \sqrt{[RSE(x)]^2 - [RSE(y)]^2}$

12. Standard errors contained in Tables A and B are designed to provide an average standard error applicable for all monthly labour force survey estimates. Recent analysis of the standard errors applicable to particular survey estimates has shown that the standard errors of estimates of employment are generally equivalent to those shown in Tables A and B, while standard errors for unemployment and not in the labour force are approximately 3 per cent and 11 per cent respectively higher than those shown in the tables. Standard errors for capital cities are approximately the same as those for corresponding States. Standard errors of estimates of numbers of families are approximately the same as those for numbers of persons. Standard errors for estimates classified by country of birth are approximately 10 per cent higher for persons born in Australia. For aggregate estimates of persons born outside Australia the standard errors are approximately the same. The adjustment factor varies for individual countries of birth.

13. The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents, errors made in collection such as in recording and coding of data, and errors made in processing the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the *non-sampling error* and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

Size of estimate	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A .	<i>W.A</i> .	Tas.	N. T.	A.C.T.	Austr	alia		
	- number -								of	per cent of estimate		
1,000 1,300 1,500 1,800 2,000 2,500 3,000 3,500 4,000 4,000 4,500 5,000 10,000 20,000 50,000 500,000 500,000 500,000 5,000,000 5,000,000 5,000,000	950 1,000 1,050 1,150 1,450 2,000 2,900 3,850 5,100 5,900 7,200 9,200 11,600	960 1,000 1,050 1,150 1,450 1,450 2,850 3,700 4,750 5,500 6,500 8,100 9,900	690 750 800 840 880 960 1,200 1,650 2,350 3,050 3,050 3,050 3,950 4,500 5,300 6,600	430 460 500 550 590 620 650 690 740 920 1,200 2,200 2,750 3,100 3,650	480 530 580 620 660 690 720 780 970 1,300 1,800 2,300 2,950 3,350 3,900	250 280 300 330 410 440 460 480 500 540 660 860 1,150 1,450 1,750	410 430 470 500 530 560 590 610 650 790 1,050 1,450	310 330 350 400 430 450 470 500 510 550 650 810 1,050 1,250	820 880 930 980 1,100 1,400 1,950 2,950 3,950 5,300 6,200 7,500 9,700 12,300 16,500	23.4 21.9 20.7 19.6 17.9 13.9 9.6 5.9 3.9 2.6 2.1 1.5 1.0 0.6 0.3		

TABLE A. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES

TABLE B. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF MONTHLY MOVEMENTS

Size of larger estimate	NSW	Vic	Old	54	W A	Tas	NT	ACT	Australia
unger estimate			£	5.71.					
1,000						230			
1,300						250		270	
1,500						270		290	
1,800				390	_	280	360	310	
2,000				410	420	300	370	320	
2,500				440	450	320	410	340	
3,000		:	680	470	490	340	440	370	
3,500			720	500	520	360	470	390	920
4,000	870	920	760	530	540	370	490	400	960
4,500	910	960	790	550	570	390	520	420	1,000
5,000	950	990	820	570	590	400	540	440	1,050
6,000	1,000	1,050	880	610	630	430	580	470	1,100
10,000	1,250	1,250	1,050	740	760	510	710	560	1,350
20,000	1,600	1,600	1,350	960	980	650	930	710	1,750
50,000	2,300	2,250	1,900	1,350	1,400	890	1,350	980	2,500
100,000	3,050	2,850	2,450	1,750	1,800	1,150		1,300	3,200
200,000	3,950	3,650	3,150	2,250	2,300	1,450			4,150
300,000	4,650	4,200	3,650	2,650	2,650				4,850
500,000	5,700	5,100	4,400	3,200	3,200				5,900
1,000,000	7,400	6,500	5,600						7,600
2,000,000	9,700	8,300							9,800
5,000,000									· 13,900

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TABLE C. PUBLICATION CUT-OFF POINTS FOR LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES(a)

	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	<i>W.A</i> .	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Aust.
Estimates classified by-								<u></u>	
Aggregate hours worked	5,600	5,600	4,200	2,500	2,800	1,400	2,400	1,800	5,100
Average hours worked	2,000	2,000	1,500	900	1,000	500	1,000	700	1,600
Average (mean) duration of	•	·	-		·				
unemployment	6,500	6,500	4,900	2,900	3,200	1,600	2,800	2,000	6,000
Median duration of unemployment	14,400	14,100	10.800	6,300	6,900	3,500	5,600	4,000	13,900
All other estimates	4,000	4,000	3,000	1,800	2,000	1,000	1,800	1,300	3,500

(a) See paragraph 9, page 43.

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SUPPLEMENTARY AND SPECIAL SURVEYS RELATING TO THE LABOUR FORCE

Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of data on demographic and labour force characteristics, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force are carried out from time to time. The results of these surveys on labour force and related topics are published separately as shown below.

Catalogue No. Title of Publication 6341.0 Alternative Working Arrangements, Australia, March-May 1982 Annual and Long Service Leave Taken, Australia, May 1983 to April 1984 6317.0 Assisted and Unassisted Migrants, August 1972; March 1980 3406.0 Career Paths of Persons with Trade Qualifications, Australia, September to November 1982 6243.0 Characteristics of Migrants Aged 18 Years and Over at Time of Arrival and who Arrived After 1960. Australia, March 1984 6250.0 Child Care-May 1969, 1973, 1977; June 1980 4402.0 Educational Experience and Intentions Survey, Australia, 1979 4212.0 Employed Married Women in the Labour Force, November 1979 (Oucensland) 6203.3 Employment Benefits, February-May 1979, August 1983, August 1984, August 1985 6334.0 6234.0 Employment Status of Teenagers, August 1978(a) Evening and Night Work, November 1976 6329.0 6320.0 Frequency of Pay, August 1974, 1976 and 1977 Income and Housing Survey, 1981-82-Income of Individuals 6502.0 6523.0 Income Distribution, Australia: Income Units 6222.0 Job Search Experience of Unemployed Persons, Australia. Annually. Latest issue July 1985 6221.0 Preliminary, June 1986 Job Tenure, Latest issue August 1976 6211.0 Journey to Work and Journey to School, May 1970; August 1974 9205.0 Labour Force Experience. Annually. Latest issue February 1985 6206.0 Preliminary, February 1986 6205.0 6235.0 Labour Force Status and Educational Attainment, Australia. Annually. Latest issue February 1985 6240.0 Preliminary, February 1986 6224.0 Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families. Annually. Latest issue July 1985 6209.0 Labour Mobility. Annually. Latest issue February 1985 6208.0 Preliminary, February 1986 6230.0 Migrants in the Labour Force, 1972 to 1976(a) Multiple Jobholding. Two-yearly. Latest issue August 1985 6216.0 Persons Retired from Full-time Work, Australia, September 1983 6238.0 Persons Who Intended to Retire from Full-time Work, Australia, September 1984 6258.0 Persons Aged 15 to 64 Years: Employment Status and Period Since Leaving School, May 1976 6225.0 Persons Not in the Labour Force, Australia. Twice-yearly. Latest issue March 1986 6220.0 6264.0 Persons who had re-entered the Labour Force, Australia, May 1985 Post School Qualifications of Tradesmen and Other Employed Persons, New South Wales, November 1979 6202.1 School Leavers, 1970 to 1974: Their Employment Status and Education Experience in May 1975 6226.0 Successful and Unsuccessful Job Search Experience. (previously Methods of Obtaining Jobs) July 1982 6245.0 6244.0 Preliminary, June 1986 6319.0 Superannuation, Australia, February 1974; September to November 1982 Survey of Persons Registered with the CES as Unemployed, March 1977 6229.0 The Labour Force: Country of Birth and Period of Residence, February 1972 6207.0 Trade Union Members, November 1976, March-May 1982 6325.0 Transition From Education to Work. Annually. Latest issue May 1985 6227.0 Preliminary, May 1986 6241.0 Underemployed Workers, May 1985 6265.0 Weekly Earnings of Employees (Distribution). Annually, Latest issue August 1985 6310.0 Work Patterns of Employees, November 1976 6328.0 6335.0 Working Conditions, February-May 1979 Working Hours Arrangements, Australia, February-May 1981 6338.0 Working Hours Arrangements-Supplementary Tables, Australia, February-May 1981 6339.0

(a) Estimates derived from labour force surveys. For more recent estimates, see the relevant tables in this publication.

APPENDIX

AUSTRALIAN STANDARD CLASSIFICATION OF OCCUPATIONS (ASCO)

1. This appendix contains a brief description of the new occupation classification used in the Labour Force Survey from August 1986. The classification is known as the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations (ASCO).

2. The ABS is introducing ASCO into the 1986 Population Census and other collections obtaining occupational data. Other organisations and individuals which are collecting, coding and publishing information and statistics in Australia with an occupational content are encouraged to use ASCO to ensure comparability with ABS statistics.

3. More detailed information on the ASCO classification and structure is contained in the "ASCO Statistical Classification" (1222.0).

Reasons for developing ASCO

4. It had been widely recognised by users in industry and government that previous occupation classifications used in Australia suffered from a number of deficiencies.

These included:

- (a) a lack of comparability between the different classifications used by various institutions;
- (b) a lack of balance and inappropriate structures of aggregations across the classifications;
- (c) an absence of occupational descriptions and characteristics such as training requirements;
- (d) the existence of occupational categories that combined widely different jobs. For example, jobs requiring different skill levels;
- (e) the inclusion of obsolete categories and inadequate treatment of occupations in new fields;
- (f) insufficient occupational categories at the lowest levels of the classifications;
- (g) occupational definitions and categories frequently in industry specific items.

5. These deficiencies had been highlighted by a number of official committees and against this background the Australian Bureau of Statistics and the Department of Employment and Industrial Relations (DEIR) decided to develop a standard classification of occupations and a dictionary of occupations, occupational titles and descriptions.

The ASCO structure

6. Following detailed consideration of users' needs, the ABS and DEIR concluded that the final ASCO structure should be based on 'kind of work' defined primarily in terms of skill level and skill specialisation. There are a number of reasons for this emphasis:

- (a) the inability to identify significant skill concentrations within the labour force has been one of the major limitations of existing occupational classifications;
- (b) it is consistent with current concerns that a key focus of labour force policy and planning should be on the acquisition and enhancement of skills;
- (c) alternative criteria such as materials worked on and products/services produced result in an occupational classification structure with a significant 'industry' orientation. Industry data are already supplied by the use of a separate classification (ASIC), whereas occupational skill level and skill specialisation are not provided by any of the existing classifications.
- 7. The structure of ASCO has four levels, namely:
 - (a) Major Group;
 - (b) Minor Group;
 - (c) Unit Group;
 - (d) Occupation.

Each of these levels can be briefly described as follows:

- (a) Major Groups. There are 8 Major Groups which represent the broadest level of the classification. Major Groups are denoted by a single digit code and are distinguished from each other on the basis of skill level.
- (b) Minor Groups. There are 52 Minor Groups. Each Minor Group is a subdivision of the Major Group. These Minor Groups are denoted by a 2-digit code consisting of the relevant Major Group code, plus an additional digit. Minor Groups are distinguished from other Minor Groups in the same Major Group on the basis of broadly-stated skill specialisation.
- (c) Unit Groups. There are 282 Unit Groups. Each is a subdivision of a Minor Group. Unit Groups are denoted by a 4-digit code consisting of the relevant Minor Group code, plus 2 additional digits. Unit Groups are distinguished from other Unit Groups in the same Minor Group on the basis of a fine degree of skill specialisation.
- (d) Occupations. There are 1,079 Occupations that subdivide the unit Groups. Occupations are

denoted by a 6-digit code consisting of the relevant Unit Group code, plus a hyphen and 2 additional digits. Occupations are sets of jobs which involve the performance of a common set of tasks and are distinguished from other occupations within the same Unit Group on the basis of skill levels and specialisation.

8. The following example illustrates these conventions:

<i>LEVEL</i> Major group Minor group	<i>CODE</i> 2 28	TITLE Professionals Artists and Related Professionals
Unit group	2805	Designers and Illustrators
Occupation	2805-13	Graphic Designer

9. For the purposes of coding occupation data in the Labour Force Survey a four digit code is applied. This code represents details of the third level (Unit Group) of ASCO. For a further illustration of the structure and format of ASCO a description of the Major and Minor Groups follows.

ASCO MAJOR AND MINOR GROUP STRUCTURE

1 MANAGERS AND ADMINISTRATORS

- 11 Legislators and Government Appointed Officials
- 12 General Managers
- 13 · Specialist Managers
- 14 Farmers and Farm Managers
- 15 Managing Supervisors (Sales and Service)
- 16 Managing Supervisors (Other Business)
- 2 **PROFESSIONALS**
- 21 Natural Scientists
- 22 Building Professionals and Engineers
- 23 Health Diagnosis and Treatment Practitioners
- 24 School Teachers
- 25 Other Teachers and Instructors
- 26 Social Professionals
- 27 Business Professionals
- 28 Artists and Related Professionals
- 29 Miscellaneous Professionals
- **3 PARA-PROFESSIONALS**
- 31 Medical and Science Technical Officers and Technicians
- 32 Engineering and Building Associates and Technicians
- 33 Air and Sea Transport Technical Workers
- 34 Registered Nurses
- 35 Police
- 39 Miscellaneous Para-Professionals
- 4 TRADESPERSONS
- 41 Metal Fitting and Machining Tradespersons
- 42 Other Metal Tradespersons
- 43 Electrical and Electronics Tradespersons
- 44 Building Tradespersons
- 45 Printing Tradespersons
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- 46 Vehicle Tradespersons
- 47 Food Tradespersons
- 48 Amenity Horticultural Tradespersons
- 49 Miscellaneous Tradespersons
- 5 CLERKS
- 51 · Stenographers and Typists
- 52 Data Processing and Business Machine Operators
- 53 Numerical Clerks
- 54 Filing, Sorting and Copying Clerks
- 55 Material Recording and Despatching Clerks
- 56 Receptionists, Telephonists and Messengers
- 59 Miscellaneous Clerks
- 6 SALESPERSONS AND PERSONAL SERVICE WORKERS
- 61 Investment, Insurance and Real Estate Salespersons
- 62 Sales Representatives
- 63 Sales Assistants
- 64 Tellers, Cashiers and Ticket Salespersons
- 65 Miscellaneous Salespersons
- 66 Personal Service Workers
- 7 PLANT AND MACHINE OPERATORS, AND DRIVERS
- 71 Road and Rail Transport Drivers
- 72 Mobile Plant Operators (Except Transport)
- 73 Stationary Plant Operators
- 74 Machine Operators
- 8 LABOURERS AND RELATED WORKERS
- 81 Trades Assistants and Factory Hands
- 82 Agricultural Labourers and Related Workers
- 83 Cleaners
- 84 Construction and Mining Labourers
- 89 Miscellaneous Labourers and Related Workers

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