

AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS

CANBERRA

THE LABOUR FORCE **AUSTRALIA**

MAY 1983

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PART 1. LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

This part contains estimates of the civilian labour force derived from the labour force survey part of the population survey, which is now conducted monthly. Until February 1978, surveys were conducted in February, May, August and November each year.

- 2. Preliminary survey results are published in advance of this more detailed publication in *The Labour Force, Australia (Preliminary Estimates)* (6202.0).
- 3. Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of specific data on demographic and labour force characteristics of the population, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force or of other subjects are carried out from time to time. Statistics from these surveys are published and are available on request. A list of survey publications on labour force and related topics is shown later in this publication.

The population survey

The population survey is based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings (about 33,000 houses, flats, etc.) and non-private dwellings (hotels, motels, etc.), and covers about two-thirds of one per cent of the population of Australia. The information is obtained from the occupants of selected dwellings by carefully chosen and specially trained interviewers. The interviews are generally conducted during the two weeks beginning on the Monday between the 6th and 12th of each month. The information obtained relates to the week before the interview (i.e. the survey week). Because of operational problems arising from the Christmas and New Year holidays the December 1978 and 1979 surveys commenced a week earlier than usual (with most interviews being conducted during the second week) and the January 1979 and 1980 surveys commenced a week later than usual.

Scope

- 5. The labour force survey includes all persons aged 15 and over except:
 - (a) members of the permanent defence forces;
 - (b) certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations;
 - (c) overseas residents in Australia; and
 - (d) members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia.

Definitions

6. The labour force category to which a person is assigned depends on his actual activity (i.e. whether working, looking for work, etc.) during the survey week. The following definitions, which conform closely to the international standard definitions specified by the International Labour Organisation (ILO), relate only to those persons within the scope of the survey.

- 7. Employed persons comprise all those aged 15 and over who, during the survey week:
 - (a) worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (including employees, employers and self-employed persons); or
 - (b) worked for 15 hours or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. unpaid family helpers); or
 - (c) were employees who had a job but were not at work and were: on paid leave; on leave without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week; stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week; on strike or locked out; on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job; or receiving wages or salary while undertaking full-time study; or
 - (d) were employers or self-employed persons who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.
- 8. The *employment/population ratio* for any group is the number of employed persons expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group.
- 9. Unemployed persons are those aged 15 and over who were not employed during the survey week, and
 - (a) had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the survey week and:
 - (i) were available for work in the survey week, or would have been available except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than four weeks to the end of the survey week);
 - (ii) were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the survey week and would have started in the survey week if the job had been available then;
- or (b) were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week (including the whole of the survey week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown.
- 10. Actively looking for work includes writing, telephoning or applying in person to an employer for work; answering a newspaper advertisement for a job; checking factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards; being registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service; checking or registering with any other employment agency; advertising or tendering for work; and contacting friends or relatives. In November 1981 a number of minor amendments were made to the labour force survey questionnaire. (For details see the information paper Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey, December 1981 (6232.0)). The amendments

included a re-ordering and some re-wording of the categories of steps taken to find work. Consequently, there is a discontinuity in estimates of active steps taken to find work between October and November 1981. The active steps were asked in the order shown in the table in this publication showing unemployed persons classified by active steps taken, and since only one response was recorded for each person asked this particular question, the estimates do not reflect the relative importance of the steps taken to find work.

- 11. Unemployed persons looking for first job are those who had never worked full time for two weeks or more. Prior to November 1977 it comprised persons who had never had a job.
- 12. The unemployment rate for any group is the number unemployed expressed as a percentage of the labour force (i.e. employed plus unemployed) in the same group.
- 13. Duration of unemployment is the period from the time the person began looking for work or was laid off to the end of the survey week. Periods of unemployment are recorded in complete weeks and this results in a slight understatement of duration. Average (mean) duration is the duration obtained by dividing the aggregate number of weeks a group has been unemployed by the number of persons in that group. Median duration is the duration which divides unemployed persons into two equal groups, one comprising persons whose duration of unemployment is above the median and the other, persons whose duration is below it.
- 14. Unemployed persons classified by industry and occupation. Unemployed persons who had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years are classified according to the industry and occupation of their most recent full-time job. Unemployment rates by industry and occupation are only available for February, May, August and November (see paragraph 53).
- 15. The *labour force* comprises all persons who, during the survey week, were employed or unemployed, as defined above.
- 16. The labour force participation rate for any group is the labour force expressed as a percentage of the civilian population aged 15 and over in the same group. Because it is not practicable to ascertain the birthplace of persons in institutions (who are classified as not in the labour force), labour force participation rates for persons classified by birthplace are calculated by using population estimates which exclude those in institutions.
- 17. Full-time workers are those who usually work 35 hours or more a week and others who, although usually part-time workers, worked 35 hours or more during the survey week. Part-time workers are those who usually work less than 35 hours a week and who did so during the survey week. When recording hours of work, fractions of an hour are disregarded.

- 18. Hours of work. The figures of aggregate hours and of average hours refer to actual hours worked during the survey week, not hours paid for. The figures may be affected by public holidays, leave, absenteeism; temporary absence from work due to sickness, injury, accident and industrial disputes; and stoppages of work due to bad weather, plant breakdown, etc. When hours of work are recorded, fractions of an hour are disregarded and this results in slightly lower figures than would be the case if actual time worked was recorded. Persons stood down for the whole of the survey week without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment are regarded as employed and therefore are included (working no hours) in the calculation of average hours worked. Persons stood down in the survey week for reasons other than bad weather and plant breakdown and waiting to be called back to their job are regarded as unemployed and are therefore excluded from the calculations.
- 19. Persons attending school comprise those aged 15 to 20 who, during the survey week, were enrolled full time at secondary or high schools. Excluded are persons who were enrolled at universities, colleges of advanced education, technical colleges, other tertiary educational institutions, and coaching and business schools. Persons attending school are classified as in the labour force if they were employed or unemployed as defined above. Because it is not practicable to ascertain from persons in institutions (who are classified as not in the labour force) whether or not they are enrolled at secondary or high schools, such persons are excluded from estimates classified by school attendance.
- 20. Persons not in the labour force are those who, during the survey week, were not in the categories employed or unemployed, as defined above. They include persons who were keeping house (unpaid), attending an educational institution (school, university, etc.), retired, voluntarily inactive, permanently unable to work, inmates of institutions (hospitals, gaols, sanatoria, etc.), trainee teachers, members of contemplative religious orders, and persons whose only activity during the survey week was jury service or unpaid voluntary work for a charitable organisation.

Marital status

21. In the labour force survey, persons are classified as married or not married. The former category includes persons who are separated, while the latter category includes persons who, at the time of the survey, had never married, or were widowed, or divorced. However, the marital status to which a person is assigned depends upon the information given by the respondent, and does not necessarily reflect legal status. Prior to October 1982, respondents who stated they were living in a de facto arrangement were asked how they would describe their marital status on a Population Census schedule and the answer was recorded. From October 1982 these respondents were coded as married. This may have resulted in some discontinuity between September and October 1982 in series classified according to marital status.

Status of worker

22. The February, May, August and November issues of this publication include a table showing estimates of employed persons, obtained from the labour force survey, classified by status of worker i.e. whether they were employers, self-employed persons, wage and salary earners (employees), or unpaid family helpers (who worked 15 hours or more in the survey week).

Classification of industry and occupation

23. Industry is classified according to the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC) 1978 (1201.0 and 1202.0) and occupation according to the Classification and Classified List of Occupations, Revised June 1981.

State capital cities

24. The areas determining the six State capital cities are the Statistical Divisions for those capital cities defined in Census of Population and Housing 1976, Population and Dwellings in Local Government Areas and Urban Centres (Preliminary) (2401.0-2408.0). Capital City Statistical Divisions are predominantly urban in character and the boundaries are delineated to contain the anticipated urban development of the capital cities (and associated urban centres) for a period of at least 20 years.

Population benchmarks

25. The population survey estimates are calculated in such a way as to conform to the independently estimated distribution of the population aged 15 and over by age and sex. These independent estimates (benchmarks) are necessarily derived from incomplete information about population changes (deaths, internal and overseas migration) and can differ from estimates of the population subsequently published by the ABS. For estimates of the population and other demographic statistics reference should be made to Australian Demographic Statistics Quarterly (3101.0).

Revision of series

- Survey estimates are not revised for the usually small amendments of population benchmarks arising from new data on deaths and overseas and internal migration. Revisions are made, however, after each census and when population estimation bases are reviewed. Survey estimates back to August 1966 have been recalculated to conform to revised population estimates. The estimates take account of results of the 1966, 1971 and 1976 Censuses of Population and Housing, including estimates of under-enumeration, and incorporate a revised method of measuring overseas migration gain (i.e. by excluding movements of less than one year's duration). For information concerning these population estimates for the period June 1971 to June 1977 see Population and Vital Statistics, Australia, June Quarter *1977* (3212.0).
- 27. A new sample and revised questionnaire were introduced for the February 1978 survey. The new sample was selected in order to reflect the changes in the distribution of the population shown by the 1976 Population Census results. The questionnaire, which had undergone little change since 1960, except for the inclusion in 1975 of additional questions on job-seeking, was revised to provide more accurate and more detailed information concerning the labour force. A new sample, which was selected following the 1981 Census of Population and Housing, was introduced for the October 1982 survey (see paragraphs 34 and 35).

- 28. Details of the changes made to the questionnaire in February 1978 and the reasons for the changes are contained in *Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey, March 1978* (6232.0). In November 1981 a number of additional minor amendments were made to the questionnaire (see paragraph 10) and these are outlined in a December 1981 issue of the above information paper, 6232.0.
- 29. Estimates for the period August 1966 to November 1977 have been revised in order to provide a series for earlier periods as comparable as possible with the February 1978 and later estimates. For periods prior to August 1976, detailed revised estimates are available only for August of each year. For February, May and November only broad revised aggregates (as in Table 1) are available. Revised estimates have been published in The Labour Force, Australia, 1978 (6204.0), which also contains information concerning the methods used in the revision.

Comparability of series

- 30. When comparing estimates for February 1978 and subsequent months with those for earlier periods, it should be noted that with the introduction of monthly surveys the interviews are now conducted during a two-week period, whereas formerly the period was four weeks. This change of timing may affect the level of the figures for any month, particularly for months during which the labour force status of the population may be changing rapidly.
- 31. Because of the revisions mentioned above, the estimates in this publication are not comparable with those shown in issues before February 1978 or in the publications entitled *The Labour Force*, Australia (6204.0) covering the period 1964 to 1977.
- 32. From September 1979, industry estimates in labour force survey publications have been classified according to the 1978 version of the Australian Standard Industrial Classification (ASIC). The estimates are therefore not strictly comparable with those for periods prior to September 1979, which were classified according to the 1969 version of ASIC.

Survey sample

- 33. For detailed information on sample design and selection see the Technical note in *The Labour Force*, Australia, 1978 (6204.0).
- 34. The population survey sample was reselected after the 1971 and 1976 Censuses of Population and Housing to allow data from the latest census to be used to improve the efficiency of the population survey sample design. The reselection following the 1981 Census has been completed, and a new sample in all States and Territories was introduced for the October 1982 survey. While estimates from two different samples may differ purely due to chance, the old (i.e. pre-October) and new samples are based on almost identical methods of stratification and selection, and there is only a small probability that the published October estimates differ significantly from the estimates that would have been produced if the old sample had been retained.

- 35. In reselecting the survey sample, the sampling fractions for States and Territories were not altered except for Western Australia. Because the population of that State was expected to overtake that of South Australia during the intercensal period, it was decided to make the sampling fraction for Western Australia 1 in 100, the same as for South Australia, instead of 1 in 90 as previously. This resulted in a slight increase in the standard errors of estimates for Western Australia.
- 36. Because of the introduction of the new sample of dwellings in October 1982 (see paragraph 34), there was not the usually high proportion of dwellings common to each of two consecutive surveys and the standard errors of movements between September and October 1982 are therefore higher than normal. (See Technical note.)

Reliability of the estimates

- 37. Estimates in this publication are subject to two sources of error:
 - (a) sampling error: since the estimates are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. More information on this topic is given in the Technical note.
 - (b) non-sampling error: inaccuracies may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents and interviewers and errors made in the coding and processing of data. These inaccuracies may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

Differences between population census and population survey estimates

- 38. The results of the 1981 Census of Population and Housing show that labour force figures derived from the census differ from estimates derived from the population surveys of May and August 1981.
- 39. The labour force definition used in the census is similar to that used in the survey (see paragraphs 6 to 19). However, evidence from census post-enumeration surveys indicates that the personal interview approach, as used in the population survey, tends to identify a larger number of persons as being in the labour force than does the filling in of the questions on the census schedule by the householder. In addition, the post-enumeration survey following the 1981 Population Census showed an underenumeration of the population of 1.9 per cent. It has not been possible to adjust the published census labour force figures for any under-enumeration.
- 40. In the 1971, 1976 and 1981 Population Censuses the minor occupation group 'Architects, engineers, surveyors, professional' was limited solely to persons holding a university degree. Other persons describing themselves in professional terms but not holding a degree were classified to minor group 'Draftsmen and technicians, n.e.c.'. Information to enable this distinction to be made in the labour force survey is not available.

41. These considerations should be borne in mind if comparisons are made between population census and labour force survey estimates.

Seasonal adjustment

- 42. Seasonally adjusted series are published in Table 2. The figures in this table were revised in the December 1982 issue of this publication. As happens with all seasonally adjusted series, the seasonal factors are reviewed annually, the latest review being in February 1983 which revised the monthly series back to February 1978. Information about the method of adjustment and seasonally adjusted figures for all months since February 1978 are published in an appendix to the February 1983 issue of this publication.
- 43. The seasonal adjustment factors have been calculated on the basis of five years of monthly data. This is a relatively short series of data on which to base the calculation of seasonal factors particularly when the pattern of movement is changing from year to year. This changing pattern is most marked in the unemployment figures where the large increases in recent months may be accompanied by changes in the seasonal patterns which will not become apparent until later years. As a result the current seasonal adjustment might prove to be inadequate or need to be substantially revised. Care should be exercised in interpreting current movements based on these seasonally adjusted estimates.

Gross flows

- 44. In order to minimise respondent burden and at the same time maintain continuity within the population survey sample, one eighth of the dwellings in the sample (except the large non-private dwellings) are replaced after each survey. Adoption of this rotation procedure, whereby about seven eighths of the sample remains unchanged from one month to the next, enables more reliable measurements of changes in the labour force characteristics of the population to be made than would be possible if a new sample were introduced each month.
- 45. Because a high proportion of private dwellings selected in one survey remains in the sample for the following survey, it is possible to match the characteristics of most of the persons in those dwellings from one month to the next, to record any changes that occur, and hence to produce estimates of *flows* between the different categories of the population and labour force.
- 46. The procedures used to select persons in non-private dwellings preclude the possibility of matching any of them who may be included in successive surveys. For this and other reasons, including the mobility of the population and non-response in either or both surveys, about 10 per cent of persons in those dwellings which are included in the sample in successive months cannot be matched. Those who can be matched represent about 80 per cent of all persons in the survey.
- 47. Changes in the characteristics of this latter group are shown in the gross flows table. About one half of the remaining (unmatched) 20 per cent of persons in the survey are likely to have characteristics similar to those in the matched group, but the characteristics of the other half are likely to be somewhat different.

- 48. Gross flow estimates relate only to those persons in private dwellings for whom information was obtained in successive surveys. The expansion factors used in calculating the estimates were those applying to the second of each pair of months.
- 49. Although it is not possible to provide gross flow estimates for all persons in the survey it is considered that the estimates derived from matched records will be a useful guide to the magnitude of the movements between categories which underlie the changes in monthly levels. When comparing flows for different periods it is important to take into account the population represented by the matched sample, as shown in the last line of the table.
- 50. While every effort is made to reduce non-sampling errors to a minimum, any such errors affecting labour force status will tend to accumulate in the gross flow statistics rather than to cancel out. The estimates are also subject to sampling variability, as explained in the Technical note. For these reasons the estimates of flows should be used with caution. The standard errors may be obtained from Table A of the Technical note.
- 51. Estimates of total flows into or out of the employed category may be less than the sum of the estimates for employed full time and employed part time as the estimates for the latter two categories include movements between these two categories.
- 52. As the October 1982 labour force estimates were based on an entirely new survey sample (see paragraphs 33 to 36), statistics of gross flows between September and October 1982 are not available.

Additional data

53. Estimates for employed persons classified by industry, occupation and status of worker are available each February, May, August and November, and the following tables are published in issues of this publication for those months.

Employed persons—
Industry and occupation—
Full-time and part-time workers
Status of worker
Age and birthplace
Hours worked
Industry by occupation
Industry subdivisions
Major and minor occupation groups

Prior to August 1982 statistics of employed persons by industry and occupation were not published in the same detail each quarter but were included on a rotational basis. For details see the July 1982 issue of this publication.

54. The availability of these extra tables also enables publication of unemployment rates for persons classified by industry and occupation for these same months. Other unpublished data from labour force surveys may be available on request.

Related publications

55. Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which relate to the labour force and are available on request:

Unemployment, Australia (Preliminary Estimates) (6201.0)—final issue December 1982

The Labour Force, Australia (Preliminary Estimates) (6202.0)—issued monthly

The Labour Force, Australia, 1981 (6204.0) (\$1.50, \$2.20 incl. postage)

Unemployment, Underemployment and Related Statistics, Australia, February 1978 to February 1980 (6236.0) The Labour Force, New South Wales (6201.1)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, Victoria (6201.2)—issued monthly The Labour Force, Queensland (6201.3)—issued quarterly

The Labour Force, South Australia (6201.4)—issued quarterly

Civilian Employees, Australia (6213.0)—latest issue: April 1980

Job Vacancies, Australia (6231.0)—issued quarterly

Information Paper: Questionnaires used in the Labour Force Survey, December 1981 (6232.0)

Information Paper: Review of ABS Employment Statistics (6239.0)

Overtime, Australia (6330.0)—issued quarterly

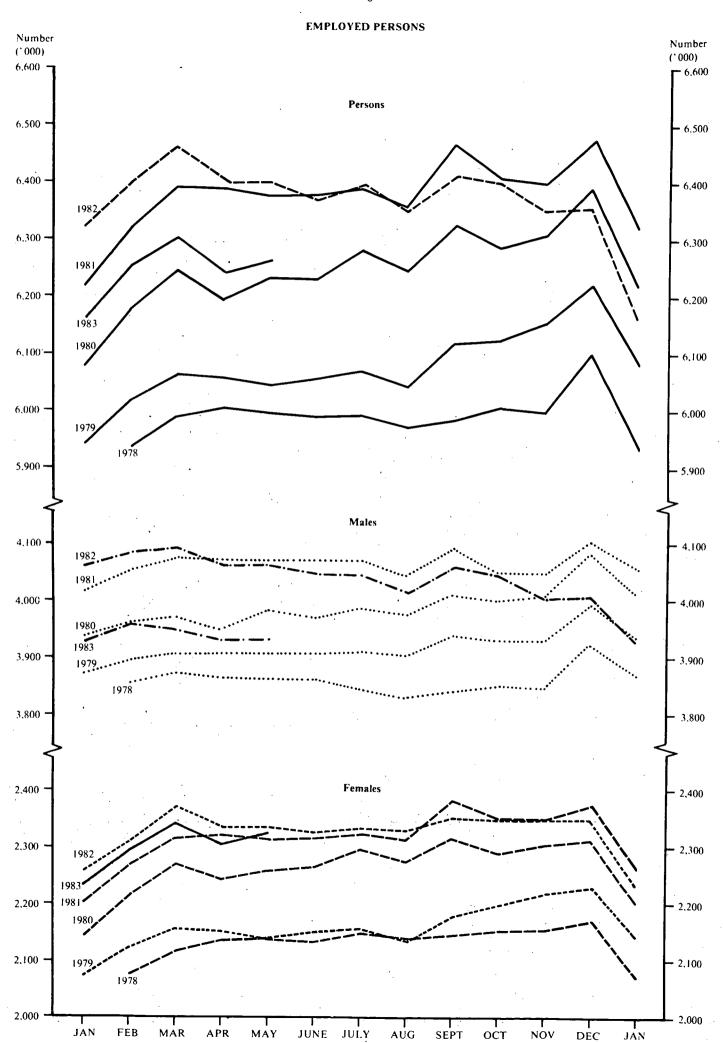
Supplementary and special survey publications on labour force and related topics are listed after the Technical note.

56. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the Catalogue of Publications, Australia (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a Publications Advice (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

Symbols and other usages

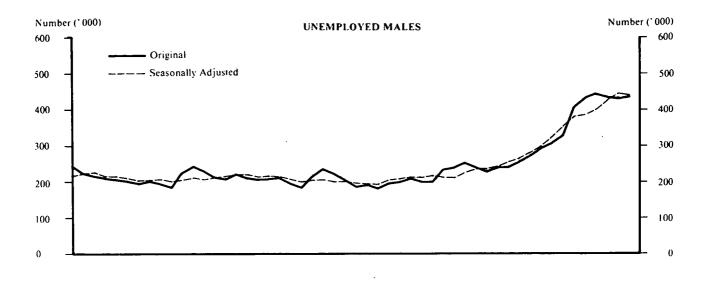
- subject to sampling variability too high for most practical uses. See paragraph 6 of the Technical note
- n.a. not available
 - .. not applicable
- n.e.c. not elsewhere classified
 - r revised since previous issue
- 57. Figures have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

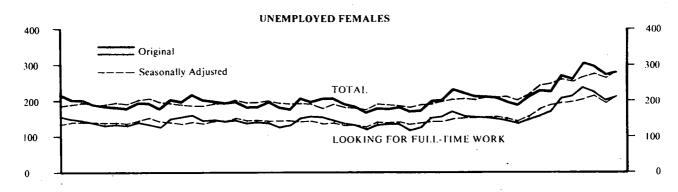
R. J. CAMERON Australian Statistician

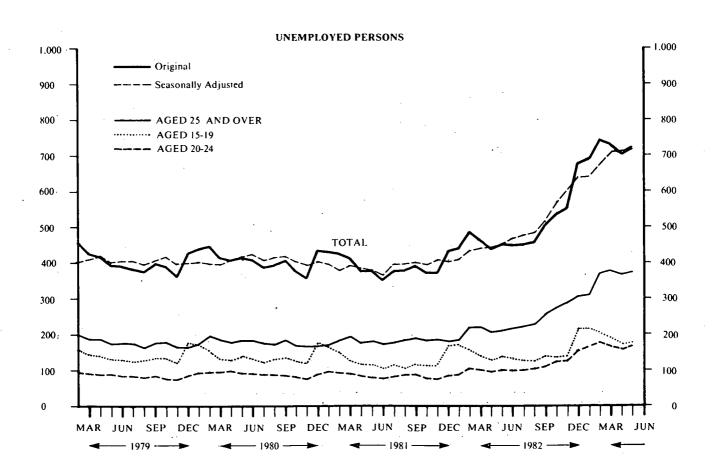


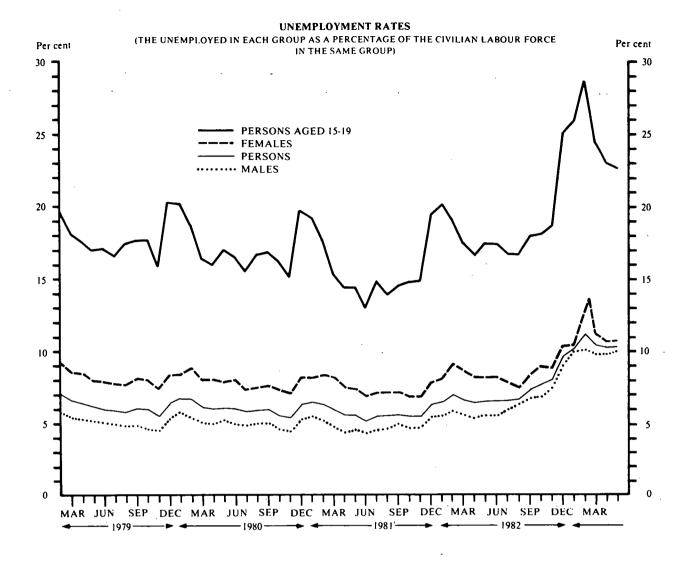
EMPLOYED PERSONS











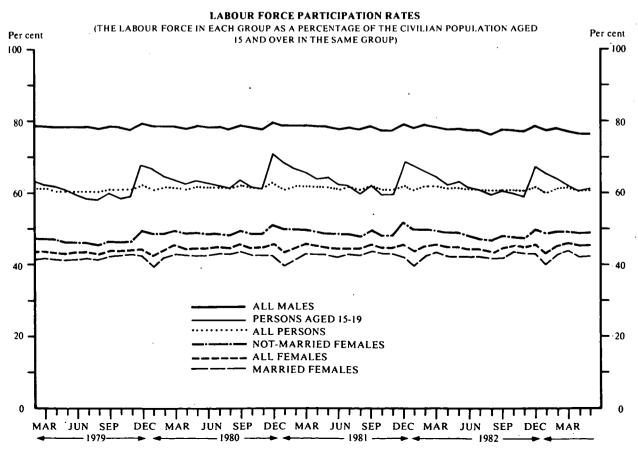


TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER

			full-time	ork							
	Employed		Aged 15-19 looking		Looking for part-			Not in	Civilian popula- tion	Unemp-	Partici-
	Full-time		for		time		Labour	labour	aged 15	loyment	pation
Month	workers	Total	first job	Total	work	Total	force	force	and over	rate	rate
					- '000	-				- pe	r cent -
•											
•				,	MALES						
1982 -											
April	3,826.5	4,062.7	15.9	210.2	16.9	227.2	4,289.9	1,265.2	5,555.0	5.3	77.2
May	3,836.5	4,066.9	18.5	219.8	20.0	239.8	4,306.8	1,256.7	5,563.4	5.6	77.4
June	3,821.6	4,054.6	14.8	215.8	23.7	239.5	4,294.1	1,278.8	5,572.9	5.6	77.1
July	3,829.2	4,054.4	16.0	233.1	20.2	253.3	4,307.8	1,276.5	5,584.3	5.9	77.1
August	3,775.5	4.016.4	17.3	249.9	21.2	271.0	4,287.5	1,308.0	5,595.5	6.3	76.6
September	3,822.6	4,059.2	20.7	271.6	22.2	293.7	4,352.9	1,253.6	5,606.5	6.7	77.6
October	3,792.5	4,047.3	19.1	286.6	20.6	307.3	4,354.6	1,263.7	5,618.2	7.1	77.5
November	3,754.2	4,004.3	20.7	313.5	13.4	326.9	4,331.2	1,297.3	5,628.5	7.5	77.0
December	3,766.6	4,007.7	46.5	378.4	26.3	404.7	4,412.4	1,227.0	5,639.4	9.2	78.2
1983 -											
January	3,706.0	3,929.8	51.3	409.2	22.3	431.5	4,361.3	1,290.0	5,651.3	9.9	77.2
February	3,730.2	3,959.2	45.0	418.2	23.1	441.3	4,400.6	1,261.7	5,662.3	10.0	77.7
March	3,700.2	3,951.9	34.2	412.2	23.0	435.3	4,387.2	1,285.9	5,673.0	9.9	77.3
April	3,683.2	3,934.3	28.3	407.2	23.4	430.6	4,364.9	1,315.6	5,680.5	9.9	76.8
Нау	3,686.8	3,932.7	28.3	413.4	22.6	436.0	4,368.7	1,320.5	5,689.2	10.0	76.8
Standard error of - May 1983											
estimates	13.6	13.8	2.3	6.7	2.1	6.8	14.3	9.9	••	0.2	0.3
Apr 83 to May 83											
movements	9.5	9.7	2.2	5.3	2.1	5.4	9.9	7.4	••	0.1	0.2
				MARRI	ED PEMALE	s					
1982 -											
Apr11	809.2	1,426.1	•	48.9	31.3	80.2	1,506.3	2,051.0	3,557.3	5.3	42.3
May	804.2	1,432.1		47.3	36.6	83.9	1,515.9	2,055.2	3,571.2	5.5	42.4
June	798.9	1,425.7	*	49.7	34.9	84.6	1,510.3	2,059.0	3,569.3	5.6	42.3
July	792.5	1,430.7	•	45.6	35.4	81.1	1,511.8	2.056.0	3,567.8	5.4	42.4
August	783.5	1,429.4	•	42.1	34.9	76.9	1,506.3	2,072.4	3,578.7	5.1	42.1
September	800.2	1,442.6	•	50.0	39.4	89.5	1,532.1	2,049.3	3,581.3	5.8	42.8
October	810.2	1,482.6	•	52.6	47.2	99.8	1,582.4	2,052.4	3,634.8	6.3	43.5
November	804.6	1,465.6	•	60.9	34.3	95.2	1,560.8	2,065.0	3,625.9	6.1	43.0
December	802.3	1,460.2	•	64.0	34.6	98.6	1,558.8	2,086.1	3,644.9	6.3	42.8
1983 -											
January	792.3	1,370.9	*	60.2	24.5	84.7	1,455.5	2,192.3	3,647.8	5.8	39.9
February	780.5	1,430.3		78.7	48.0	126.7	1,556.9	2,105.0	3,661.9	8.l	42.5
March	797.7	1,472.4	*	81.0	46.4	127.4	1,599.7	2,068.6	3,668.3	8.0	43.6
April	784.6	1,426.3	•	74.3	44.5	118.9	1,545.2	2,116.8	3,661.9	7.7	42.2
Мау .	797.5	1,447.9	•	77.7	44.7	122.4	1,570.3	2,114.2	3,684.5	7.8	42.6
Standard error of - May 1983											
estimates	8.4	10.2	• •	3.5	2.8	4.2	10.5	11.5	••	0.3	0.3
Apr 83 to May 83 movements:	6.4	7.6		3.2	2.6	3.7	1.7	8.3		0.3	0.3
HOVEMENTS.	0.4	,.6	••	3.2	2.0	3.7	· · ·	0.3	••	0.2	0.2

TABLE 1. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER (continued)

										•	
	•		Unemployed								
			Looking for full-time w	ork							
	Employed		Aged 15-19 looking	ı	ooking for part-			Not in	Civilian popula- tion	Unemp-	Partici-
	Full-time		for		time		Labour	labour	aged 15	loyment	pation
Month	workers	Total	first job	Total	work	Total	force	force	and over	rate	rate
				· -	,000 -	-				- pe	r cent -
				ALL	FEMALES						
1982 -											
April	1,519.0	2.333.5	25.6	153.1	55.9	209.0	2.542.5	3,148.2	5,690.8	8.2	44.7
Hay	1,520.3	2,337.9	23.4	152.8	57.2	210.0	2,547.9	3,152.0	5,699.9	8.2	44.7
June	1,509.4	2,324.1	22.1	150.8	57.5	208.3	2,532.4	3,177.1	5,709.5	8.2	44.4
July	1,507.3	2,337.5	19.0	142.9	54.0	196.9	2,534.4	3,186.4	5,720.8	7.8	44.3 43.9
August	1,487.8	2,331.1	17.7	135.6	51.9 63.1	187.5 212.1	2,518.6 2,567.1	3,213.3 3,175.7	5,731.9 5,742.9	7.4 8.3	44.7
September	1,514.3	2,355.0 2,352.8	16.4 18.7	158.4	71.2	229.6	2,582.4	3,171.8	5,754.2	8.9	44.9
October November	1,491.4	2,346.3	21.4	170.4	54.7	225.1	2,571.4	3,193.4	5,764.8	8.8	44.6
December	1,492.0	2.349.1	47.6	206.8	62.4	269.2	2,618.4	3,157.0	5,775.4	10.3	45.3
1983 -											
January	1,475.7	2,234.9	48.6	216.2	43.9	260.2	2.495.1	3,290.9	5,786.0	10.4	43.1
February	1,465.3	2,295.8	45.5	234.7	71.3	305.9	2,601.7	3,194.9	5,796.6	11.8	44.9
March	1,482.9	2,348.9	37.8	223.8	72.6	296.4	2,645.3	3,161.6	5,806.9	11.2	45.6
April	1,478.4	2,308.9	31.9	203.2	73.3	276.6	2,585.4	3,229.1	5.814.5	10.7	44.5 44.8
May	1,491.4	2,328.9	32.7	212.6	70.0	282.5	2,611.4	3,212.0	5,823.4	10.0	44.0
Standard error of - May 1983											
estimates	10.3	11.9	2.5	5.2	3.4	5.8	12.3	13.0	• •	0.2	0.2
Apr 83 to May 83	7.6	8.5	2.4	4.4	3.1	4.8	8.8	9.2		0.2	0.2
movements	7.0	6.7	2.4	***	J.,	0	0.0	,. .	••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	7
				PE	RSONS						
1982 -											
April	5,345.4	6,396.2	41.6	363.3	72.8	436.2	6,832,4	4,413.4	11,245.8	6.4	60.8
Hay	5,356.8	6,404.8	41.9	372.6 366.6	77.3 81.2	449.9	6,854.7 6,826.5	4,408.7	11,263.3 11,282.4	6.6 6.6	60.9 60.5
June	5,331.0 5,336.5	6,378.7 6,391.9	37.0 35.0	376.1	74.2	450.3	6,842.2	4,463.0	11,305.2	6.6	60.5
July August	- 5,263.3	6,347.6	34.9	385.4	73.1	458.5	6.806.0	4,521.3	11,327.4	6.7	60.1
September	5.336.8	6,414.2	37.1	420.6	85.2	505.9	6,920.0	4,429.3	11,349.3	7.3	61.0
October	5,283.0	6,400.1	37.8	445.1	91.8	536.8	6,937.0	4,435.5	11,372.5	7.7	61.0
November	5,245.5	6,350.6	42.1	483.9	68.1	552.0	6,902.6	4,490.7	11,393.3	8.0 9.6	60.6 61.6
December	5,258.6	6,356.9	94.1	585.2	88.8	674.0	7,030.8	4,384.0	11,414.0	7.0	
1983 -											
January	5,181.7	6,164.7	99.9	625.5	66.2	691.7	6,856.4	4,580.9	11,437.3	10.1	59.9
February	5,195.5	6,255.0	90.4	652.9 636.0	94.4 95.6	747.3	7,002.2 7.032.4	4,456.6	11,458.9	10.7	61.1 61.3
March	5,183.0 5,161.6	6,300.8 6,243.2	72.0 60.2	610.4	96.7	707.2	6,950.3	4,544.7	11,479.9	10.2	60.5
April Hay	5,178.2	6,261.6	61.0	626.0	92.6	718.6	6,980.1	4,532.5	11,512.7	10.3	60.6
Standard error of -	,										
May 1983 estimates	15,0	15.8	3.2	1.1	3.8	8.1	16.2	14.4	••	0.1	0.1
Apr 83 to May 83	10.3	10.8	2.9	6.0	3.4	6.3	11.0	10.0		0.1	0.1
movements	10.3	10.0	,			v.,			• •		- • •

TABLE 2. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE: SEASONALLY ADJUSTED SERIES

Unemployed
Looking for full-time work

Month	Employed	Aged 15-19 looking for first job	Total	Looking for part-time work	Total	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
				'000			- per	cent -
			MALES					
1982 - April May June July August September October November December	4,057.4 4,067.5 4,059.3 4,059.6 4,040.4 4,048.0 4,050.3 4,020.2 3,971.5	20.7 23.4 21.8 23.5 23.5 23.6 22.1 23.8 26.5	219.0 223.4 229.3 242.1 257.7 274.6 305.3 336.7	17.8 18.8 26.2 21.5 23.1 22.9 21.3 16.8	236.8 242.2 255.5 263.6 280.8 297.5 326.6 353.5 379.6	4,294.2 4,309.7 4,314.8 4,323.2 4,321.2 4,345.5 4,376.9 4,373.7 4,351.1	5.5 5.6 5.9 6.1 6.5 6.8 7.5 8.1 8.7	77.3 77.5 77.4 77.4 77.2 77.5 77.9 77.7
1983 - January February March April Hay	3,952.1 3,958.2 3,935.4 3,929.5 3,933.5	31.5 32.9 34.5 37.0 35.6	363.1 377.6 406.0 421.3 418.5	21.6 24.0 21.0 24.8 21.2	384.7 401.6 427.0 446.1 439.7	4,336.8 4,359.8 4,362.5 4,375.6 4,373.2	8.9 9.2 9.8 10.2 10.1	76.7 77.0 76.9 77.0 76.9
		н.	ARRIED PEM	ALES				
1982 - April Hay June July August September October November December	1,420.3 1,424.9 1,424.8 1,419.9 1,429.6 1,427.7 1,464.4 1,443.3 1,452.8	··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··	46.4 47.3 51.9 46.5 42.7 48.9 56.3 61.4 70.0	30.2 34.7 33.6 38.6 37.9 38.6 43.2 36.8 37.3	76.6 82.0 85.5 84.7 80.6 87.5 99.5 98.2	1,496.9 1,506.9 1,510.3 1,504.6 1,510.2 1,515.2 1,563.9 1,541.5 1,560.1	5.1 5.4 5.7 5.6 5.3 5.8 6.4 6.4	42.1 42.2 42.3 42.2 42.2 42.3 43.0 42.5 42.6
1983 - January February Harch April Hay	1,453.0 1,455.6 1,455.9 1,420.6 1,440.3	••	66.8 69.5 72.2 70.4 77.8	33.8 40.3 41.1 43.1 42.2	100.6 109.8 113.3 113.6 120.1	1,553.6 1,565.4 1,569.1 1,534.2 1,560.4	6.5 7.0 7.2 7.4 7.7	42.6 42.7 42.8 41.9 42.4
			ALL PENAL	es				•
1982 - April May June July August September October November December	2,329.9 2,333.0 2,328.1 2,331.2 2,341.5 2,331.2 2,338.3 2,321.4 2,324.7	26.5 25.1 26.0 24.0 22.4 20.4 24.4 28.5 32.8	150.1 153.1 155.9 152.8 141.7 155.4 178.7 187.6 194.2	53.2 56.1 56.6 58.5 58.8 61.9 64.8 59.8	203.3 209.2 212.5 211.3 200.5 217.3 243.5 247.4 258.0	2,533.2 2,542.2 2,540.6 2,542.0 2,548.5 2,588.8 2,568.8 2,582.7	8.0 8.2 8.4 8.3 7.9 8.5 9.4 9.6	44.5 44.5 44.4 44.3 44.4 44.6 44.7
1983 - January February March April May	2,326.8 2,319.1 2,327.8 2,305.7 2,324.0	31.3 35.4 35.7 33.0 35.1	198.6 206.0 212.3 199.0 212.7	56.2 61.9 62.5 69.8 68.4	254.8 267.9 274.8 268.8 281.2	2,581.6 2,587.0 2,602.6 2,574.4 2,605.2	9.9 10.4 10.6 10.4 10.8	44.6 44.8 44.3 44.7
			PERSONS	i				
1982 - April May June July August September October November December	6,387.3 6,400.5 6,387.4 6,390.8 6,381.9 6,379.2 6,388.6 6,341.6 6,296.2	47.2 48.5 47.8 47.5 45.9 44.2 46.5 52.3 59.3	369.1 376.5 385.2 394.9 399.4 430.0 484.0 524.3 554.9	71.0 74.9 82.8 80.0 81.9 84.8 86.1 76.6	440.1 451.4 468.0 474.9 481.3 514.8 570.1 600.9 637.6	6,827.4 6,851.9 6,855.4 6,865.7 6,863.2 6,894.0 6,958.7 6,942.5 6,933.8	6.4 6.8 6.9 7.0 7.5 8.2 8.7	60.7 60.8 60.8 60.7 60.6 60.7 61.2 60.9
1983 — January February March April Hay	6,278.9 6,277.4 6,263.2 6,235.2 6,257.6	62.8 68.4 70.2 70.0 70.7	561.7 583.6 618.3 620.3 631.3	77.8 85.9 83.6 94.6 89.7	639.5 669.5 701.9 714.9 720.9	6,918.4 6,946.9 6,965.1 6,950.1 6,978.5	9.2 9.6 10.1 10.3 10.3	60.5 60.6 60.7 60.5 60.6

TABLE 3. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER:
MARITAL STATUS, MAY 1983

				-	-					
			Unemployed	1				Civilian popula-		
	Employed		Looking	Looking			Not in	tion aged 15 and over	Unemp-	Partici- pation rate
	Full-time workers	Total	for full- time work	for part- time work	Total	Labour force	labour force		loyment rate	
				- '000	-				- ре	er cent -
Males	3,686.8	3.932.7	413.4	22.6	436.0	4,368.7	1,320.5	5,689.2	10.0	76.8
Married	2,618.0	2,725.0	181.6	•	185.7	2,910.7	751.0	3,661.7	6.4	79.5
Not married	1,068.8	1,207.7	231.8	18.5	250.3	1,458.0	569.6	2,027.6	17.2	71.9
Females	1,491.4	2.328.9	212.6	70.0	282.5	2,611.4	3,212.0	5,823.4	10.8	44.8
Married	797.5	1,447.9	77.7	44.7	122.4	1.570.3	2,114.2	3,684.5	7.8	42.6
Not married	693.9	881.0	134.9	25.3	160.1	1,041.1	1,097.8	2,138.9	15.4	48.7
Persons	5,178.2	6,261.6	626.0	92.6	718.6	6,980.1	4,532.5	11,512.7	10.3	60.6

TABLE 4. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: STATES AND TERRITORIES, MAY 1983

			Uneaployed					Civilian		
	Employed							popula-		
State or Territory	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
,				- '000	-				- pe	r cent -
				HAL	ES					
New South Wales	1.274.0	1,368.2	154.5	8.1	162.6	1,530.8	463.5	1,994.4	10.6	76.8
Victoria	973.6	1.037.4	96.7	6.7	103.4	1,140.7	350.4	1,491.2	9.1	76.5
Queensland	584.6	620.0	67.4	•	70.1	690.1	218.6	908.7	10.2	75.9
South Australia	321.9	343.1	40.0	•	41.9	385.0	118.8	503.8	10.9	76.4
Western Australia	339.9	360.0	35.2	•	37.1	397.1	107.8	504.8	9.3	78.7
Tasmania	100.5	106.2	13.3	•	13.6	119.8	38.4	158.2	11.4	75.7
Northern Territory	34.7	35.7	2.3	•	2.5	38.1	10.2	48.3	6.5	78.9
Australian Capital					4.8	67.1	12.8	79.9	7.2	83.9
Territory	57.7	62.3	4.0	•	4.0	67.1	12.0	,,,,	7	
Australia	3,686.8	3,932.7	413.4	22.6	436.0	4,368.7	1,320.5	5,689.2	10.0	76.8
				F em	IALES					
New South Wales	542.8	808.0	80.0	23.9	103.8	911.8	1,139.5	2,051.4	11.4	44.5
Victoria	405.1	626.0	54.7	19.7	74.3	700.3	839.5	1,539.9	10.6	45.5
Queensland	222.5	353.5	32.2	10.4	42.6	396.1	527.2	923.3	10.7	42.9
South Australia	115.3	200.6	19.6	6.6	26.3	226.9	289.9	516.8	11.6	43.9
Western Australia	123.4	210.9	16.1	5.4	21.5	232.4	267.2	499.5	9.3	46.5
Tesmenia	36.9	60.8	6.2	•	7.3	68.1	97.0	165.1	10.7	41.2
Northern Territory	17.1	24.3	•	•	2.4	26.7	16.5	43.2	9.1	61.9
Australian Capital	Į.									
Territory	28.2	44.8	2.3	2.0	4.3	49.1	35.1	84.2	8.7	58.3
Australia	1,491.4	2,328.9	212.6	70.0	282.5	2,611.4	3,212.0	5,823.4	10.8	44.8
				PER:	SONS					
New South Wales	1,816.8	2,176.2	234.5	32.0	266.4	2,442.6	1,603.1	4,045.7	10.9	60.4
Victoria	1,378.6	1.663.3	151.4	26.3	177.7	1,841.1	1,190.0	3,031.0	9.7	60.7
Queensland	807.0	973.5	99.6	13.1	112.7	1,086.2	745.8	1,832.0	10.4	59.3
South Australia	437.2	543.7	59.7	8.5	68.2	611.9	408.7	1,020.6	11.1	60.0
Western Australia	463.3	570.8	51.2	7.4	58.6	629.5	374.9	1,004.4	9.3	62.7
Tasmania	137.5	166.9	19.4	1.5	20.9	187.8	135.5	323.3	11.1	58.1
Northern Territory	y 51.8	60.0	3.9	•	4.9	64.9	26.7	91.6	7.6	70.9
Australian Capital Territory	1 85.9	107.1	6.3	2.7	9.1	116.1	47.9	164.1	7.8	70.8
				92.6	718.6	6.980.1	4,532.5	11,512.7	10.3	60.6
Australia	5,178.2	6,261.6	626.0	74.0	710.0	0,700.1	7,732.3	,,,	,	

TABLE 5. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: STATE CAPITAL CITIES, MAY 1983

			Unemployed					Civilian		
Capital city	Employed 	Total	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force	popula- tion aged 15 and over	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				- '000	-				- pe	r cent -
				1	ALES			•		
Sydney	804.5	865.6	93.8	6.0	99.9	965.4	287.1	1,252.5	10.3	77.1
Melbourne	692.8	737.7	69.7	5.4	75.2	812.9	249.4	1,062.3	9.2	76.5
Brisbane	262.4	280.8	28.5	•	29.7	310.4	97.7	408.2	9.6	76.1
Adelaide	222.0	237.5	31.4	•	33.0	270.5	90.5	361.0	12.2	74.9
Perth	227.2	242.1 42.2	28.4	*	30.0 6.1	272.1 48.3	79.9	352.0 64.0	11.0 12.7	77.3 75.5
Hobart	40.0	42.2	6.0		0.1	40.3	15.7	04.0	12.7	73.3
Total	2,249.0	2,405.8	257.9	16.0	273.9	2,679.7	820.3	3,500.0	10.2	76.6
				FI	EM A L E S					
Sydney	392.8	561.7	47.4	15.6	63.0	624.7	698.1	1,322.8	10.1	47.2
Melbourne	322.3	472.2 176.2	40.0	13.1 6.1	53.0 20.8	525.3 197.0	586.2 240.8	1,111.5	10.1	47.3 45.0
Brisbane Adelaide	116.6 89.2	1/6.2	14.7 15.0	5.0	20.0	169.8	213.1	382.8	11.8	44.4
Perth	96.6	156.8	12.2	4.6	16.8	173.6	199.0	372.6	9.7	46.6
Hobart	18.6	28.5	2.8	•	3.2	31.7	37.0	68.7	10.1	46.2
Total	1,036.2	1,545.2	132.1	44.7	176.8	1,722.1	1,974.2	3,696.2	10.3	46.6
				P I	ERSON S			-		
				•						
Sydney	1,197.3	1,427.3	141.2	21.6	162.9	1,590.1	985.2	2,575.3	10.2	61.7
Melbourne	1,015.1	1,209.9	109.7	18.5	128.2	1,338.1	835.6	2,173.8	9.6	61.6
Brisbane	379.0	456.9	43.2	7.3	50.5	507.4	338.5	846.0	10.0	60.0
Adelaide	311.2	387.3	46.5	6.5	53.0	440.3	303.5	743.8	12.0	59.2
Perth	323.8	398.9	40.6	6.2	46.8	445.7	278.9	724.6	10.5	61.5 60.3
Hobart	58.6	70.8	8.8	•	9.3	80.1	52.6	132.7	11.6	00.3
Total	3,285.2	3,951.0	390.0	60.7	450.7	4,401.8	2,794.4	7,196.2	10.2	61.2

TABLE 6. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 AND OVER: AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY, MAY 1983

				Persons			
		Females				Aged	
	Hales	Married	Total	Age d 15-19	Aged 20-24	25 and over	Total
				- '000 -			
Employed Full-time workers Part-time workers	62.3 57.7 4.6	28.4 15.6 12.7	44.8 28.2 16.6	8.9 4.2 4.7	14.6 12.8	83.6 68.9 14.7	107.1 85.9 21.2
Unemployed Looking for full-time work Looking for part-time work	4.8	2.1	4.3 2.3 2.0	3.1	* *	4.0 3.0	9.1 6.3 2.7
Labour force	67.1	30.4	49.1	12.0	16.5	87.6	116.1
Not in labour force Aged 15-19 attending school(a)	12.8	23.9	35.1 3.4	8.5 7.0	2.1	37.3	47.9 - 7.0
Civilian population	79.9	54.3	84.2	20.5	18.6	125.0	164.1
			-	per cent -		,	
Unemployment rate Looking for full-time work Participation rate Employment/population ratio	7.2 6.5 83.9 77.9	6.8 * 56.0 52.2	8.7 7.5 58.3 53.2	26.0 * 58.6 43.3	88.7 78.5	4.6 4.2 70.1 66.9	7.8 6.9 70.8 65.3
				- number -			
Average weekly hours worked by employed persons	37.0	26.1	27.7	23.3	35.3	33.8	33.1
Average duration of unemployment (weeks)	32.7	*	18.2	22.3	•	30.9	25.9

⁽a) Excludes persons in institutions. See Explanatory notes.

TABLE 7. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 15 TO 19: SCHOOL ATTENDANCE(a), MAY 1983

			Unemployed			•				Civilian		
	Employed		Looking	Loc	king				Not In	popula- tion	Partici-	
	Full-time		for full-	for p	art-			Labour	labour	aged	loyment	pation
	workers	Total	time work	t ine	work		Total	force	force	15-19	rate	rate
				-	,000	-					- pe	r cent -
				NOT	ATTENI	ING	SCHOOL					
	215 1	274 1	71.9				75.3	351.4	50.1	401.5	21.4	87.5
Malea Females	245.6 188.2	276.1 240.2	66.5		5.4		71.9	312.0	70.1	382.1	23.0	81.7
Persons	433.8	516.3	138.4		8.8		147.2	663.5	120.2	783.6	22.2	84.7
Left school - Refore 1981	196.4	216.5	54.5				56.5	273.0	36.7	309.6	20.7	88.2
1981	138.1	164.3	37.8)	6.8	(40.4	204.6	33.5	238.1	19.7	85.9
1982 to survey date		135.6	46.1)		(50.3	185.9	50.0	235.9	27.1	78.8
Age -												
15	11.9	15.1	5.4		*		5.4	20.5	6.8	27.4	26.5	75.0
16	48.8	61.1	20.8		•		21.3	82.4	13.4	95.8	25.9	86.0
1.7	94.7	112.2	37.0		•		38.7	150.9	18.4	169.3	25.6	89.1
18	132.4	154.6	41.4)	6.5	(44.3	198.9	36.8	235.7	22.3	84.4
19	146.1	173.4	33.8)		(37.4	210.8	44.7	255.4	17.7	82.5
				Α.	TTENDI	NC S	CHOOL					
Males	•	39.4	5.4		9.6		15.0	54.4	190.1	244.5	27.5	22.2
Females		42.5			10.7		14.6	57.1	179.3	236.4	25.6	24.2
Persons	•	81.9	9.3		20.3		29.6	111.5	369.4	480.9	26.5	23.2
Age -												
15	•	33.2) 7.0	(12.1		15.2	48.4	180.2	228.6	31.3	21.2
1 6	•	30.3)	(5.1		9.1	39.4	116.6	156.0	23.1	25.2
17	•	16.5	*		•		4.7	21.2	57.1	78.3	22.2	27.1
18 and 19	•	•	•		•		•	•	15.6	18.1	-	_
					TO	TAL						
W-1	247.0	315.6	77.3		13.0		90.3	405.8	240.2	646.1	22.2	62.8
Males Females	189.7	282.6	70.4		16.1		86.5	369.1	249.4	618.5	23.4	59.7
Persons	436.7	598.2	147.7		29.1		176.8	775.0	489.6	1,264.6	22.8	61.3
Age -				•								
15	12.7	48.3	8.5		12.1		20.6	68.9	187.1	256.0	29.9	26.9
16	50.2	91.3	24.7		5.7		30.4	121.8	130.0	251.8	25.0	48.4
1 7	95.3	128.7	39.1)	7.6	(43.4	172.1	75.5	247.6	25.2	69.5
18	132.4	156.3	41.6)		(44.8	201.2	49.6 47.4	250.8 258.4	22.3 17.8	80.2 81.6
19	146.1	173.5	33.9		•		37.5	211.0	47.4	230.4	17.0	01.0

⁽a) Excludes persons in institutions. See Explanatory notes.

TABLE 8. LABOUR FORCE STATUS OF THE CIVILIAN POPULATION AGED 20 TO 24, MAY 1983

		U: Employed	Unemployed					our aged		
	Employed Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full- time work	Looking for part- time work	Total	Labour force	Not in labour force		Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate
				- '000	-			- per cent -		
Males	469.3	501.5	104.6	•	108.1	609.6	60.8	670.3	. 17.7	90.9
Females Persons	341.2 810.5	411.1	49.8 154.4	9.2 12.7	59.0 167.1	470.1 1,079.7	181.8 242.6	652.0 1,322.3	12.5 15.5	72.1 81.7
Age -										
20	161.5	181.5	33.4) 5.7	(36.3	217.8	47.7	265.5	16.7	82.0
2 1	161.7	183.6	35.8)	(38.6	222.2	45.8	268.0	17.4	82.9
2 2 2 3	158.3	178.9	33.4) 4.6	(35.8	214.7	51.9	266.6	16.7	80.5
2 3	166.3	185.2	29.7)	(31.9	217.1	45.5	262.6	14.7	82.7
24	162.7	183.4	22.1	•	24.5	207.9	51.7	259.6	11.8	80.1

TABLE 9. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BY BIRTHPLACE, MAY 1983

	Employed		Unemployed				
	Full-time workers	Total	Looking for full- time work	Total	Labour force	Unemp- loyment rate	Partici- pation rate(a)
			- '000 -	•		- pe	r cent -
			MALES				
Born in Australia Born outside Australia Africa America Asia	2,685.4 1,001.4 35.4 25.3 110.4	2,874.5 1,058.1 39.0 26.7 118.7	277.6 135.8 *	292.7 143.3 4.5 *	3,167.3 1,201.5 43.5 30.4 145.4	9.2 11.9 10.4 #	77.5 78.3 81.9 77.1 75.0
Lebanon Europe Germany Greece Italy Malta	13.2 768.2 39.3 53.0 122.8 21.8	14.9 807.5 42.2 56.2 128.2 22.5	6.4 91.9 6.3 6.9 9.9	6.9 96.5 6.7 6.9 10.2	21.8 904.0 48.9 63.2 138.4 24.7	31.6 10.7 13.7 11.0 7.4	71.0 78.3 89.6 83.4 81.3
Netherlands Poland UK and Ireland Yugoslavia Oceania New Zealand	36.9 16.8 350.5 55.7 62.1 53.5	38.9 18.4 369.1 57.4 66.2 57.4	* 38.5 9.4 11.6 9.9	40.2 10.2 11.9	42.8 22.5 409.3 67.6 78.1 67.6	9.8 15.0 ~15.2 15.0	80.1 61.9 76.7 82.3 84.6 85.9
		ĸ	ARRIED FEMALES				
Born in Australia Born outside Australia Africa America	531.7 265.7 9.9 7.3	1,023.2 424.7 15.3 10.6	41.2	71.7 50.7	1,095.0 475.4 17.0 12.9	6.6 10.7	41.6 45.9 51.7
Asía Lebanon Europe Germany	38.9 4 194.7 11.0	53.4 8 320.5 18.4	6.8 ** 23.7	9.0 * 34.3	62.4 5.5 354.8 19.7	14.4	59.3 44.5 25.1 45.1 48.4
Greece Italy Malta Netherlands Poland UK and Ireland	19.0 27.5 5.0 5.9 4.9	26.5 41.8 9.0 12.3 7.3	•	5.2	31.8 45.1 9.6 14.0 8.6	16.5	51.9 37.9 45.1 40.1 37.4
Yugoslavia Oceania New Zealand	83.1 22.0 14.9 13.0	150.2 27.6 24.8 21.2	9.9 * *	13.9	164.1 31.3 28.2 24.4	8.5 * *	45.4 55.7 51.1 52.7
			ALL PEMALES				
Born in Australia Born outside Australia Africa America Asia Lebanon	1,104.9 386.5 14.8 12.1 57.4	1,757.3 571.6 21.3 16.1 76.2 6.6	145.9 66.6 *	197.2 85.4 4.9 16.1	1,954.4 657.0 23.8 20.9 92.3 8.5	10.1 13.0 * 23.2 17.5	45.6 46.1 48.9 60.3 46.1 30.8
Europe Germany Greece Italy Malta Netherlands	268.5 14.7 21.1 33.6 6.1 7.5	411.1 23.8 28.6 49.2 10.4 14.6	42.0 6 5.0 6	55.0 6.7 5.0	466.1 26.2 35.3 54.2 10.9	11.8 * 19.0 9.2 *	44.5 48.1 49.5 37.7 44.6 39.2
Poland UK and Ireland Yugoslavia Oceania New Zealand	6.3 132.5 24.7 33.6 29.6	8.9 209.6 30.7 46.7 40.3	21.3 4 5.9 5.5	27.0 6.8 6.2	10.3 236.6 35.0 53.6 46.5	11.4 12.7 13.4	34.2 45.8 51.2 57.6 60.4
			PERSONS				
Born in Australia Born outside Australia Africa America Asia Lebanon Europe Germany Greece Italy Halta Netherlands	3,790.3 1,387.9 50.2 37.4 167.8 18.0 1,036.7 54.1 74.1 156.4 27.9	4,631.8 1,629.7 60.3 42.8 194.9 21.6 1,218.6 66.0 84.8 177.4 32.9 53.5	423.5 202.4 6.2 6.9 37.9 8.3 133.9 8.3 11.9	489.9 228.7 7.1 8.6 42.9 8.7 151.4 9.1 13.6 15.2	5,121.7 1,858.4 67.4 51.3 237.8 30.3 1,370.1 75.1 98.5 192.7 35.6 59.9	9.6 12.3 10.5 16.7 18.0 28.8 11.1 12.1 13.9 7.9	61.2 62.8 66.1 69.2 60.3 52.0 62.2 68.9 67.0 61.3 66.1
Poland UK and Ireland Yugoalavia Oceania New Zealand	23.1 482.9 80.4 95.7 83.1	27.3 578.7 88.1 113.0 97.7	4.7 59.9 13.3 17.4 15.4	5.5 67.2 14.5 18.7 16.4	32.8 645.9 102.6 131.7 114.1	16.8 10.4 14.1 14.2 14.4	49.4 61.5 68.2 71.1 73.3

⁽a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory notes.

TABLE 10. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE BORN OUTSIDE AUSTRALIA: PERIOD OF ARRIVAL IN AUSTRALIA, MAY 1983

									•		
				Europe		Oceania		Total		. 	
				U.K.	Other				Fenales		
				and	count-	New					_
Period of arrival	Africa	America	Asia	Ireland	ries	Zealand	Total	Hales	Married	Total	Persons
				EMPLOYED	('000)						
Before 1971	35.3	15.0	83.3	403.7	549.1	27.0	33.9	752.1	284.4	368.2	1,120,2
1971 - 1975	9.3	12.6	44.3	92.5	50.1	14.2	17.1	137.1	65.6	89.1	226.1
1976 - 1981	13.1	12.7	59.6	64.8	33.0	47.3	51.8	138.3	65.1	96.6	234.9
1982 to survey date	*	•	7.7	17.8	7,7	9.3	10.2	30.7	9.5	17.7	48.4
				UNEMPLOYE	(,000)						
Before 1971	1	() 5.1	(10.5	41.9	62.4	•) 5.1	(81.5	24.1	41.4	122.9
1971 - 1975) 6.3	$\ddot{0}$	(8.4		10.9	•)		8.8	15.7	36.9
1976 - 1981)	(•	18.0	8.3	6.2	8.8	9.3	27.9	10.9	18.8	46.7
1982 to survey date	•	•	6.0	5.9	4.6	•	•	12.6	6.9	9.5	22.1
				LABOUR FOR	CE ('000))					
Before 1971	38.7	17.4	93.8	445.5	611.5	28.3	36.2	833.6	308.5	409.5	1,243.1
1971 - 1975	10.3	15.3	52.8	103.6	61.0	16.5	19.9	158.3	74.5	104.8	263.1
1976 - 1981	15.1	15.6	77.5		39.3	56.1	61.1	166.2	76.0	115.5	281.7
1982 to survey date	•	•	13.6	23.7	12.4	13.3	14.5	43.3	16.4	27.2	70.5
			UNEM	PLOYMENT R	ATE (per	cent)					
Before 1971)	() 15.6	(11.2	9.4	10.2	**) 9.1	(9.8	7.8	10.1	9.9
1971 - 1975		$\ddot{0}$			17.9	•)		11.9	15.0	14.0
1976 - 1981)	•	23.2		15.8	15.7	15.3	16.8	14.3	16.3	16.6
1982 to survey date	*	•	43.7	25.0	37.6	•	•	29.2	41.9	34.8	31.3
			PARTIC	IPATION RA	TE(a) (p	ercent)					
Before 1971	63.7	63.5	62.7	57.2	62.4	59.9	60.0	76.5	43.1	42.3	60.4
1971 - 1975	72.4	73.2			66.7	78.9	71.8	86.1	54.7	56.0	70.9
1976 - 1981	71.6	75.5	59.2		64.7	78.0	76.8	82.9	52.3	54.5	68.3
1982 to survey date	•	•	38.7	70.2	61.6	84.6	82.2	73.2	41.5	46.5	59.9

⁽a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory notes.

TABLE 11. CIVILIAN LABOUR FORCE, BY AGE, MAY 1983

	Number	(,000)			Partici	Participation rate (per cent)						
•		Females					Females					
Age group	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons	Males	Married	Not married	Total	Persons		
15-64	4,311.4	1,560.1	1,031.9	2,592.0	6,903.4	85.3	46.8	63.9	52.4	69.0		
15-19	405.8	15.4	353.7	369.1	775.0	62.5	56.0	59.7	59.5	61.1		
20-24	609.6	164.2	305.9	470.1	1,079.7	90.9	57.0	84.1	72.1	81.7		
25-34	1.164.3	483.8	185.4	669.2	1,833.5	95.4	49.0	77.3	54.5	74.9		
35-44	980.3	503.1	80.2	583.4	1,563.6	95.0	58.0	67.2	59.1	77.4		
45-54	710.5	294.1	62.9	357.0	1.067.5	90.5	46.6	54.4	47.8	69.7		
55-59	298.3	74.0	29.8	103.7	402.0	78.6	25.6	35.3	27.8	53.4		
60-64	142.7	25.4	14.0	39.4	182.1	44.9	10.6	14.2	11.7	27.8		
65 and over	57.3	10.3	9.2	19.5	76.7	9.0	2.9	1.8	2.2	5.1		
Totel	4,368.7	1,570.3	1,041.1	2,611.4	6,980.1	76.8	42.6	48.7	44.8	60.6		

TABLE 12. LABOUR FORCE PARTICIPATION RATES(a), BY AGE AND BIRTHPLACE, MAY 1983 (per cent)

	Born in Au	stralia		Born outside Australia				
Age group	Males	Females	Persons	Hales	Penales	Persons		
15-64	85.6	52.8	69.1	86.6	52.3	70.3		
15-19	64.1	61.2	62.7	56.5	53.1	54.8		
20-24	93.0	73.1	83.2	86.7	68.4	17.5		
25-34	96.1	53.1	74.6	95.4	59.3	77.0		
35-44	95.9	59.1	77.5	94.5	59.5	78.0		
45-54	91.3	47.7	69.0	90.6	48.7	72.1		
55-59	79.3	27.4	52.4	79.0	29.6	57.0		
60-64	40.8	11.5	25.2	56.3	12,7	35.7		
65 and over	9.9	2.5	5.6	8.3	•	5.2		
Total	77.5	45.6	61.2	78.3	46.1	62.8		

(a) See the definition of the labour force participation rate in the Explanatory notes.

TABLE 13. EMPLOYED PERSONS: FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS, BY AGE, MAY 1983 ('000)

				Ag	e group				
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-59	60-,64	65 and over	Total
•				HALES					
Full-time workers Part-time workers	247.0 68.5	469.3	1,023.2 41.5	888.0 30.4	643.4 23.1	261.4 15.9	117.8	36.7 19.7	3,686.8 245.9
Total	315.6	501.5	1,064.7	918.4	666.5	277.3	132.4	56.3	3,932.7
			,	KARRIED FEMA	l r s				
Pull-time workers Part-time workers	7.8	111.9 33.7	239.7 199.9	231.0 235.4	152.7 125.7	37.3 34.1	12.9	6.2	797.5 650.5
Total	11.1	145.6	439.6	466.4	278.4	71.4	25.2	10.2	1,447.9
				ALL FEMALE	S				
Full-time workers Part-time workers	189.7 93.0	341.2 69.9	381.9 220.1	288.6 249.2	200.0 137.1	59.2 40.9	22.4 16.4	8.5 10.9	1,491.4 837.5
Total	282.6	411.1	602.0	537.9	337.1	100.0	38.8	19.4	2,328.9
				PERSONS					
Full-time workers Part-time workers	436.7 161.5	810.5 102.1	1,405.1 261.6	1,176.6	843.4 160.2	320.6 56.8	140.2 31.0	45.2 30.6	5,178.2 1,083.4
Total	598.2	912.6	1,666.7	1,456.2	1,003.5	377.4	171.1	75.7	6,261.6

TABLE 14. HOURS WORKED BY EMPLOYED PERSONS, MAY 1983

		Females			
•			Not		
-	Males	Married	. merried	Total	Persons
	NUMBER EH	PLOYED ('000)			
Weekly hours worked -					
0	266.9	116.6	50.7	167.3	434.2
1-15	135.4	310.0	109.6	419.6	555.0
16-29	238.0	266.2	89.1	355.2	593.2
30-34	404.3	142.0	92.1	234.1	638.4
35-39	652.1	194.1	175.1	369.3	1,021.4
40	1,018.8	262.1	248.5	510.6	1,529.4
41-44	213.6	36.8	44.4	81.2	294.8
45-48	287.5	35.9	33.3	69.3	356.8
49 and over	716.0	84.2	38.2	122.3	838.3
Total	3,932.7	1,447.9	881.0	2,328.9	6,261.6
	WEEKLY F	OURS WORKED			
Aggregate weekly hours worked (million)	150.7	39.1	27.8	67.0	217.6
By full-time workers	146.7	29.5	25.3	54.8	201.5
By part-time workers	4.0	9.6	2.5	12.1	16.1
Average weekly hours worked	38.3	27.0	31.6	28.8	34.8
By full-time workers .	39.8	37.0	36.5	36.8	38.9
By part-time workers	16.1	14.7	13.5	14.5	14.9
By wage and salary earners	36.7	26.7	31.5	28.7	33.6
By other than wage and salary earners	46.1	28.6	34.4	29.3	41.0
Average weekly hours worked by persons who worked one hour or more in the					
survey week	41.1	29.4	33.5	31.0	37.3
By full-time workers .	42.7	40.3	38.6	39.5	. 41.8
By part-time workers	17.5	16.0	14,5	15.7	16.1

TABLE 15. EMPLOYED PERSONS: EMPLOYMENT/POPULATION RATIOS BY AGE AND MARITAL STATUS, MAY 1983 (per cent)

	Males			Penales			
Age group	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
15-64	84.2	64.0	76.7	43.2	54.0	46.7	61.9
15-19	•	48.5	48.6	40.3	45.8	45.6	47.1
20-24	84.7	72.0	74.8	50.5	73.0	63.1	69.0
25-34	91.1	78.1	87.3	44.5	67.7	49.1	68.1
35-44	90.8	77.5	89.0	53.8	59.9	54.5	72.1
45-54	87.3	68.4	84.9	44.1	50.8	45.1	65.5
5 5 - 5 9	75.6	59.3	73.1	24.7	34.0	26.8	50.2
60-64	42.8	34.8	41.6	10.5	13.8	11.5	26.1
65 and over	9.6	6.7	8.9	2.9	1.8	2.2	5.0
Total	74.4	59.6	69.1	39.3	41.2	40.0	54.4

TABLE 16. FULL-TIME WORKERS WHO WORKED LESS THAN 35 HOURS, BY REASON, MAY 1983

		Females			
	Males	Married	Not married	T1	
Reason for working less than 35 hours	WEIGE	Nati Leu	4411160	Total	Persons
Leave, holiday or flextime	503.3	129.4	104.1	233.5	736.8
Own illness or injury	122.9	34.0	33.7	67.7	190.6
Bad weather, plant breakdown, etc.	34.7	•	•	•	38.5
Began or left job in the survey week	9.9	•	•	4.6	14.5
Stood down, on short time, insufficient					
work	46.8	6.6	•	10.0	56.8
Shift work, standard work					
arrangements(s)	58.4	8.2	6.0	14.2	72.7
Other reasons	22.6	•	•	5.0	27.5
Total	798.7	184.3	154.5	338.8	1,137.5

⁽a) Details first available in October 1982, but first published in the December 1982 issue of this publication.

TABLE 17. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY AGE, MAY 1983 ('000)

•			. Age	group			
	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55 and over	Total
		MALES			~		
Total	68.5	32.2	41.5	30.4	23.1	50.2	245.9
Preferred not to work more hours	46.1	18.3	22.7	18.8	14.2	44.3	164.5
Preferred to work more hours	22.4	13.9	18.9	11.5	8.9	5.8	81.4
Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the							
survey week	9.0	8.3	10.5	5.9		4.7	38.4
	н.	ARRIED FEMAL	ES				
Total	•	33.7	199.9	235.4	125.7	52.6	650.5
Preferred not to work more hours	•	25.4	172.7	199.5	115.7	48.6	563.8
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work in the four weeks to the end of the	•	8.4	27.2	35.9	10.0	•	86.6
survey week	•	•	6.0	6.1	•	•	16.3
		ALL PEMALES		•			
	93.0	69.9	220.1	249.2	137.1	68.2	837.5
Total Preferred not to work more hours	60.3	48.3	187.2	208.7	124.9	62.1	691.5
Preferred not to work more nours Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work	32.7	21.6	32.9	40.5	12.2	6.1	146.0
in the four weeks to the end of the						_	
survey week	14.9	10.2	8.5	7.1	•	•	42.6
•		PERSONS					
Total	161.5	102.1	261.6	279.6	160.2	118.4	1,083.4
Preferred not to work more hours	106.5	66.6	209.9	227.6	139.1	106.4	856.0
Preferred to work more hours Had actively looked for full-time work	55.0	35.5	51.8	52.1	21.1	11.9	227.3
in the four weeks to the end of the survey week	23.9	18.5	19.0	13.0	4.8	•	81.0

TABLE 18. PART-TIME WORKERS: WHETHER PREFERRED TO WORK MORE HOURS, BY HOURS WORKED, MAY 1983

			•				
					·	Persons who did not	
1-5	6-10	11-15	16-20	21-29	30-34	survey week	Total
	HALES						
28.1	50.0	26.0	34,9	39.4	48.7	18.8	245.9
18.1	33.7	17.0	21.5	23.9	36.9	13.4	164.5
			13.4	15.5	11.8	5.4	81.4
				,			•
4.5	9.9	5.7	7.2	6.0	•	•	38.4
на	RRIED PEM	ALES					
							650.5
					65.4		563.8 86.6
15.7	24.2	13.6	12.4	9.1	•		80.0
	6.6		6.0	•	•	•	16.3
	ALL FEMAL	ES		•			
116.2	170.6	117.2	142.3	137.1	90.7	63.4	837.5
89.8	136.0	92.8	118.8	117.2	80.7	56.2	691.5
26.3	34.5	24.4	23.5	19.9	10.0	7.3	146.0
7.8	9.3	8.4	7.4	6.3	•	•	42.6
	PERSONS						
	•						
							1,083.4
							856.0
36.3	50.9	33.4	37.0	35.4	21.8	12.6	227.3
12.4	19.2	14.0	14.6	12.3	6.1	•	81.0
	28.1 18.1 10.0 4.5 4.5 79.9 64.2 15.7 116.2 89.8 26.3 7.8	79.9 125.8 64.2 101.5 15.7 24.2 6.6 ALL PEMAL 116.2 170.6 89.8 136.0 26.3 34.5 7.8 9.3 PERSONS 144.2 220.6 107.9 169.7 36.3 50.9	Worked In the 1-5 6-10 11-15 MALES 28.1 50.0 26.0 18.1 33.7 17.0 10.0 16.3 9.0 4.5 9.9 5.7 MARRIED FEHALES 79.9 125.8 95.0 64.2 101.5 79.5 15.7 24.2 15.6 6.6 ALL FEHALES 116.2 170.6 117.2 89.8 136.0 92.8 26.3 34.5 24.4 7.8 9.3 8.4 PERSONS 144.2 220.6 143.3 107.9 169.7 109.9 36.3 50.9 33.4	MALES 28.1 50.0 26.0 34.9 18.1 33.7 17.0 21.5 10.0 16.3 9.0 13.4 4.5 9.9 5.7 7.2 MARRIED FEHALES 79.9 125.8 95.0 120.3 64.2 101.5 79.5 107.9 15.7 24.2 15.6 12.4 6.6 6.0 ALL FEHALES 116.2 170.6 117.2 142.3 89.8 136.0 92.8 118.8 26.3 34.5 24.4 23.5 7.8 9.3 8.4 7.4 PERSONS 144.2 220.6 143.3 177.2 107.9 169.7 109.9 140.3 36.3 50.9 33.4 37.0	HALES 28.1 50.0 26.0 34.9 39.4 18.1 33.7 17.0 21.5 23.9 10.0 16.3 9.0 13.4 15.5 4.5 9.9 5.7 7.2 6.0 MARRIED FEMALES 79.9 125.8 95.0 120.3 109.1 64.2 101.5 79.5 107.9 100.0 15.7 24.2 15.6 12.4 9.1 6.6 6.0 * ALL FEMALES 116.2 170.6 117.2 142.3 137.1 89.8 136.0 92.8 118.8 117.2 26.3 34.5 24.4 23.5 19.9 7.8 9.3 8.4 7.4 6.3 PERSONS 144.2 220.6 143.3 177.2 176.5 107.9 169.7 109.9 140.3 141.1 36.3 50.9 33.4 37.0 35.4	### Worked in the survey week 1-5	### Worked in the survey week ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ### ###

TABLE 19. EMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY OF FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME-WORKERS, MAY 1983

	Full-t1	me workers	Part-ti	me workers	Total			
						Harried	A11	
Industry division or subdivision	Hales	Females	Males	Pemales	Males	females	females	Total
Agriculture and services to agriculture	269.2	49.2	20.3	50.0	289.5	83.8	99.2	388.6
Forestry and logging, fishing and hunting	22.3	•		•	23.3	•	•	26.8
Mining	89.1	6.8	•	•	89.7	4.7	7.5	97.2
Manufacturing	823.8	243.6	24.9	59.0	848.7	206.6	302.6	1,151.3
Food, beverages and tobacco	127.1	44.8	8.3	10.6	135.3	35.2	55.4	190.7
Metal products	171.6	19.2	•	4.6	174.6	16.0	23.8	198.3
Other manufacturing	525.1	179.7	13.6	43.8	538.8	155.4	223.4	762.2
Electricity, gas and water	128.7	11.9		•	129.9	•	12.9	142.8
Construction	352.4	16.9	19.7	29.6	372.2	39.7	46.5	418.7
Wholesale trade	256.1	76.8	8.6	29.9	264.8	67.2	106.7	371.5
Retail trade	388.4	235.2	57.3	196.1	445.7	242.6	431.3	877.0
Transport and storage	285.3	38.5	15.4	16.9	300.7	32.3	55.4	356.1
Communication	97.8	24.6		8.9	99.7	20.6	33.4	133.1
Finance, property and business services	287.0	190.8	22.9	73.6	309.9	148.5	264.4	574.3
Public administration and defence	197.6	81.9	5.2	16.2	202.8	50.4	98.1	301.0
Community services	347.7	410.3	32.5	239.4	380.2	413.8	649.7	1,030.0
Recreation, personal and other services	141.3	103.0	34.2	114.8	175.6	131.3	217.8	393.3
Total	3,686.8	1,491.4	245.9	837.5	3,932.7	1,447.9	2,328.9	6,261.6

TABLE 20. EMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY AND STATUS OF WORKER, MAY 1983 ('000)

	Employ	ers	Self-e	mployed	Wage a salary	nd earners	Total(•)	
Industry division or subdivision	Hales	Fenales	Males	Fenales	Males	Fensles	Males	Females	Persons
Agriculture and services to agriculture	37.2	13.5	143.4	53.7	98.6	24.3	289.5	99.2	388.6
Forestry and logging, fishing and									
hunting		*	. 5.8		14.3	•	23.3	*	26.8
Hining	*	•	•		88.5	7.5	89.7	7.5	97.2
Hanufacturing	15.4	5.7	22.1	11.2	811.1	285.0	848.7	302.6	1,151.3
Food, beverages and tobacco	•	•	•	•	132.5	53.5	135.3	55.4	190.7
Metal products	•	•	•	•	170.0	22.7	174.6	23.8	198.3
Other manufacturing	13.0	4.5	17.0	9.5	508.6	208.7	538.8	223.4	762.2
Electricity, gas and water	•	•	•	•	129.8	12.9	129.9	12.9	142.8
Construction	28.6	6.8	97.3	13.2	245.6	25.6	372.2	46.5	418.7
Wholesale trade	9.8	4.5	12.9	5.4	241.6	96.1	264.8	106.7	371.5
Retail trade	54.2	32.1	59.7	48.1	330.4	348.2	445.7	431.3	877.0
Transport and storage	8.8	•	37.6	8.6	253.9	44.0	300.7	55.4	356.1
Communication					99.4	33.1	99.7	33.4	133.1
Finance, property and business services	26.1	4.7	29.4	12.4	254.4	246.7	309.9	264.4	574.3
Public administration and defence	•		•	•	202.8	98.1	202.8	98.1	301.0
Community services	15.6	5.1	8.0	11.8	356.7	632.8	380.2	649.7	1,030.0
Recreation, personal and other services	16.0	15.7	22.5	21.9	136.9	179.0	175.6	217.8	393.3
Total	215.9	91.5	439.4	187.4	3,263.9	2,035.0	3,932.7	2,328.9	6,261.6
Full-time workers	210.0	51.8	389.4	77.8	3.079.1	1.355.7	3.686.8	1.491.4	5.178.2

(a) Includes unpaid family helpers

TABLE 21. EMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY, AGE AND BIRTHPLACE, MAY 1983 ('000)

			Age gro	ou p					
Industry division or subdivision	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55 and over	Total	Born in Australia	Born outside Australia
Agriculture and services to agriculture	30.1	35.8	80.5	90.1	75.2	76.9	388.6	343.1	45.6
Forestry and logging, fishing and hunting		5.3	6.5	6.0	5.4		26.8	24.3	•
Mining	5.8	13.3	30.4	28.8	13.7	5.1	97.2	71.7	25.5
Manufacturing	107.6	167.2	282.1	265.7	211.5	117.1	1,151.3	715.9	435.4
Pood, beverages and tobacco	19.1	29.8	47.6	44.3	32.3	17.7	190.7	131.4	59.4
Metal products	19.6	30.8	48.1	42.2	36.7	21.0	198.3	126.0	72.4
Other manufacturing	69.0	106.6	186.4	179.2	142.5	78.5	762.2	458.6	303.6
Electricity, gas and water	10.0	. 21.3	33.0	31.4	28.3	18.7	142.8	109.5	33.2
Construction	29.3	52.3	125.9	100.8	67.2	43.2	418.7	293.4	125.3
Wholesale trade	24.7	52.5	104.0	95.4	60.9	34.0	371.5	274.0	97.5
Retail trade	206.2	140.5	178.3	179.4	116.7	55.8	877.0	672.0	205.0
Transport and storage	13.5	43.3	102.5	89.7	66.3	40.7	356.1	268.3	87.7
Communication	4.7	17.7	49.1	29.1	16.6	15.9	133.1	102.2	31.0
Finance, property and business services	53.1	110.5	168.3	117.7	73.5	51.3	574.3	436.8	137.5
Public administration and defence	16.5	46.5	89.8	68.6	47.4	32.1	301.0	241.9	59.1
Community services	46.1	141.7	309.9	272.8	164.5	94.9	1,030.0	789.4	240.5
Recreation, personal and other services	48.7	66.5	106.4	80.8	56.3	34.7	393.3	289.4	104.0
Total	598.2	912.6	1,666.7	1,456.2	1,003.5	624.3	6,261.6	4,631.8	1,629.7

TABLE 22. EMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY AND HOURS WORKED, MAY 1983

	_			На	ura work						Average
Industry division or subdivision	0	1-15	16-29	30-34	-		41-44	45-48	49 and	Total	weekly hours worked
					- '0	00 -					(hours)
			w	ALES							
Agriculture and services to agriculture	15.2	10.0	18.7	13.8	15.1	41.7	10.1	20.3	144.7	289.5	48.9
Forestry and logging, fishing and hunting											
Mining	7.6	5.1	8.0	8.1			6.7	7.7	5.9 9.6	23.3 89.7	38.6 35.9
Manufacturing Food, beverages and tobacco	59.2 13.5	13.4	39.4 9.9	112.9		257.2 38.1	49.0 7.3	64.7 10.5	83.1	848.7 135.3	36.6 34.1
Metal products Other manufacturing	13.2 32.5	7.9	8.0 21.5	25.2 66.4		49.9 169.1	9.5	17.1	13.5	174.6	36.5
Electricity, gas and water	9.5	*	7.8	22.5	40.8	26.5	32.2 6.4	37.2 7.8	58.2 7.8	538.8 129.9	37.3 35.1
Construction Wholessle trade	24.1 13.5	10.4	34.4 11.8	47.4 23.1		111.6	13.5 17.5	27.8 18.5	50.9 48.9	372.2 264.8	36.4 39.2
Retail trade Transport and storage	20.8 26.4	36.7 8.0	19.2	31.7	35.3	111.9	31.1	38.3	120.6	445.7	41.0
Communication	8.1	•	8.9	14.8	34.9	83.0 18.8	15.6 5.4	24.3	57.9 6.9	300.7 99.7	37.8 33.4
Finance, property and business services Public administration and defence	14.5	12.6	17.6	28.5 22.1		68.8 49.4	17.9	25.3 8.5	64.3	309.9 202.8	38.9 35.3
Community services Recreation, personal and other services	43.9	11.6	23.8	37.8	61.0	98.4	19.5	27.2	56.9	380.2	35.7
	6.9	19.2	14.1	11.4		41.7	7.7	12.3	49.6	175.6	40.4
Total employed	266.9	135.4	238.0	404.3	652.1	1,018.8	213.6	287.5	716.0	3,932.7	38.3
Accientance and the second second				PEHALE							
Agriculture and services to agriculture Forestry and logging, fishing and	6.1	25.0	18.0	4.9	•	5.2	•	•	16.1	83.8	28.1
hunting Mining	*			* 4.5		•	*		*	4.7	22.4 33.0
Manufacturing Food, bevernges and tobacco	14.2	7.2	25.0 5.7	21.7	45.7	61.6	5.9	4.6	4.6	206.6	30.7
Hetal products					6.7	8.0 7.8	:		:	35.2 16.0	29.1 27.4
Other manufacturing Electricity, gas and water	9.0	16.7	17.7	15.8	34.9	50.1		7.7	*	155.4	31.3
Construction		20.7	7.4		•	5.5	•		•	39.7	17.5
Wholesale trade Retail trade	10.4	10.6 62.7	14.4	5.9 19.5	10.9 18.0	13.9	7.7	8.0	29.7	67.2 242.6	28.0 29.5
Transport and storage Communication	•	8.5	5.0 4.6		7.4	5.8	•	•		32.3 20.6	24.7 28.5
Finance, property and business services	8.8	30.2	26.8	20.3	29.3	21.6		1.0	4.7	148.5	26.9
Public administration and defence Community services	6.7 51.5	6.9 72.6	6.9 85.3	6.3 45.5	16.3 46.0	5.1 82.5	9.1	10.4	11.1	50.4 413.8	25.8 25.1
Recreation, personal and other services	7.1	46.4	25.4	9.1	8.1	15.8		6.1	•	131.3	25.2
Total employed	116.6	310.0	266.2	142.0	194.1	262.1	36.8	35.9	84.2	1,447.9	27.0
			ALL S	PEMALES							
Agriculture and services to agriculture Porestry and logging, fishing and	6.9	27.0	20.2	6.5	5.4	8.6		5.4	19.2	99.2	29.3
hunting	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	27.7
Mining Manufacturing	17.2	27.7	32.8	31.8	70.5	96.4	10.5	9.8	5.9	7.5 302.6	34.3 32.0
Food, beverages and tobacco Metal products	4.5	4.7	7.3	6.7 5.4	11.9	15.1 6.1		5.5		55.4	31.2
Other manufacturing	11.0	20.4	22.4	22.8	52.4	75.2	7.6	7.2	٠,	23.8 223.4	29.6 32.5
Electricity, gas and water Construction	*	21.3	8.2		5.1	7.5	*	•	*	12.9	31.8 19.6
Wholesale trade Retail trade	6.4 18.9	11.9	17.6 65.1	10.0 35.0	19.9 35.6	30.2 93.8	19.1	7.1	35.8	106.7	30.6
Transport and storage	*	8.9	6.7	5.0	9.5	13.9		5.1	•	431.3 55.4	28.5 30.3
Communication Finance, property and business services	13.1	33.4	5.3 37.2	37.8	12.3	52.2	9.5	6.7	8.1	33.4 264.4	29.5 30.3
Public administration and defence Community services	9.3 76.0	8.7 90.7	12.1 111.8	11.8 69.0	37.7 85.0	12.9	19.5	20.3		98.1	29.4
Recreation, personal and other services	9.7	70.3	36.1	16.4	15.5	34.0	8.9	7.7	25.1 19.2	649.7 217.8	27.4 26.6
Total employed	167.3	419.6	355.2	234.1	369.3	510.6	81.2	69.3	122.3	2,328.9	28.8
			PER	SONS							
Agriculture and services to agriculture Forestry and logging, fishing and	22.1	37.0	39.0	20.3	20.4	50.3	12.5	23.3	163.8	388.6	43.9
hunting Hining	7.7	5.1	9.0	10.1	27.2	17.8	7.0	7.7	6.4 9.6	26.8 97.2	37.2 ··· 35.8
Hanufacturing	76.4 17.9	41.1 8.9	72.2	144.7	240.3	353.6	59.5	74.5	89.1	1,151.3	35.4
Food, beverages and tobacco Metal products	14.9		11.1	27.9 27.6	30.8 43.3	53.2 56.1	9.6	12.4	12.8	190.7 198.3	33.3 35.7
Other manufacturing Electricity, gas and water	43.5	28.2	43.9 8.9	89.2 24.8	166.2 45.9	244.3 28.4	39.8 6.9	44.4 8.2	62.6 7.8	762.2 142.8	35.9 34.8
Construction Wholesale trade	25.7 19.9	31.7 17.5	42.6	50.3 33.1	55.5 55.0	119.1	14.1	28.2	51.5	418.7	34.5
Retail trade	39.7	151.9	84.3	66.7	71.0	121.0	21.2	21.9 51.1	52.5 156.4	371.5 877.0	36.7 34.9
Transport and storage Communication	30.0 11.2	16.9 4.7	28.6 14.3	31.1 18.3	47.1 47.1	96.9 23.3	18.5 6.2	26.5	60.5 8.2	356.1 133.1	36.6 32.4
Pinance, property and business services Public administration and defence	27.6 23.8	46.0	54.9 23.0	66.2	126.9	121.0	27.4	31.9	72.4	574.3	34.9
Community services	119.9	102.3	135.6	106.8	145.9	250.9	14.8 39.0	10.5		301.0 1,030.0	33.4
Recreation, personal and other services	16.6	89.5	50.2	27.8	28.3	75.8	16.5	20.0	68.8	393.3	32.7
Total employed	434.2	555.0	593.2	638.4	1,021.4	1,529.4	294.8	356.8	838.3	6,261.6	34.8

TABLE 23. EMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY BY OCCUPATION, MAY 1983

Occupation group Tradeamen, productionrecountionprocess
vorkers and
labourers,
fishermen,
timbergetters,
etc. ication Adminis-Service, miners, and quarrymen, recreation etc. Pro- trative, fessional, executive, technical, and technical, and etc. managerial Industry division Clerical Sales Total MALES Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting Mining Manufacturing Electricity, gas and water Construction Wholesale and retail trade Transport and storage 298.3 312.8 9.1 62.4 20.1 5.8 66.4 89.7 848.7 129.9 372.2 41.1 14.3 7.2 24.4 4.7 7.6 613.4 84.2 313.6 64.0 26.4 12.9 19.9 16.6 24.0 7.4 9.5 195.6 270.1 80.7 47.1 710.4 Communication 14.6 99.7 23.8 Finance, property and business services ٠ ٠ 91.5 46.9 85.6 39.6 14.9 26.9 309.9 services
Public administration and
defence
Community services
Recreation, personal and other
services 8.1 9.5 13.6 202.8 76.2 16.9 33.6 7.8 16.7 18.1 175.6 506.5 360.7 318.4 351.8 283.4 1,602.6 235.3 3,932.7 Total PEMALES Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting Mining Manufacturing 4.7 5.2 101.8 91.3 102.6 302.6 12.5 7.2 10.1 159.4 9.3 37.5 160.7 32.2 Electricity, gas and water Construction 12.9 Construction
Wholesale and retail trade
Transport and storage
Communication 19.6 30.1 12.2 55.4 Communication
Finance, property and business
services
Public administration and
defence
Community services
Recreation, personal and other
services 201.4 28.4 264.4 15.4 8.1 6.8 10.0 5.5 366.8 116.0 144.7 8.4 37.9 6.4 150.0 217.8 11.5 97.7 373.7 2,328.9 429.6 64.3 795.0 304.7 44.6 219.2 Total PERSONS Agriculture, forestry, fishing 6.3 9.1 142.8 4.9 67.0 772.8 and hunting 389.6 4.9 415.4 Mining Manufacturing 9.5 74.9 97.2 1,151.3 6.4 26.0 22.1 71.2 36.4 5.0 5.1 7.9 36.3 165.3 23.6 44.7 192.2 84.6 317.4 308.5 22.3 Electricity, gas and water Construction 20.9 168.8 Construction
Wholesale and retail trade
Transport and storage
Communication
Finance, property and business
services
Public administration and
defence
Community services
Recreation, personal and other
services 471.8 31.1 82.5 9.0 9.6 18.8 60.6 133.1 287.0 16.8 574.3 106.8 55.0 46.3 5.9 55.3 301.0 10.8 1.030.0 576.5 14.2 136.6 229.1

28.4

936.1

Total

42.1

425.0

45.7

1,113.4

18.1

449.5

328.0

19.6

1,821.9

226.2

609.0

393.3

6,261.6

9.8

578.8

TABLE 24. EMPLOYED PERSONS BY INDUSTRY SUBDIVISIONS, MAY 1983 ('000)

Industry division and subdivision	Males	Married females	All females	Persons
AGRICULTURE, FORESTRY, FISHING AND HUNTING	312.8	86.2	102,6	415.4
Agriculture and services to agriculture	289.5	83.8	99.2	388.6
Forestry and logging	13.1	•	•	14.4
Fishing and hunting	10.2	•	•	12.4
MINING	89.7	4.7	7.5	97.2
Metallic minerals	34.6	*	•	38.0
Coal Oil and gas	37.5		•	38.7
Other mining	15.7	•	•	18.5
MANUFACTURING	848.7	206.6	302.6	1,151.3
Food, beverages and tobacco	135.3	35.2	55.4	190.7
Textiles	19.2	8.5	12.1	31.3
Knitting mills and clothing	16.5 5.7	37.0 5.0	54.6 6.8	71.1 12.5
footwear Wood, wood products and furniture	73.4	10.8	14.0	87.4
Paper, paper products, printing and publishing	83.1	23.5	38.8	121.9
Chemical, petroleum and coal products	43.0	11.3	18.3	61.3
Non-metallic mineral products	41.3 80.8	7.1	9.4 6.1	50.7 86.9
Basic metal products Fabricated metal products	93.8	13.0	17.7	111.4
Transport equipment	96.8	13.1	15.8	112.5
Other machinery and equipment	106.2	23.4	32.8	139.0
Miscellaneous manufacturing	53.6	15.7	20.9	74.4
ELECTRICITY, GAS AND WATER	129,9	•	12.9	142.8
Electricity and gas	84.1	•	9.9	94.1 48.7
Water, sewerage and drainage	45.8	•	•	48.7
CONSTRUCTION	372.2	39.7	46.5	418.7 189.1
General construction	169.4 202.8	15.0 24.7	19.7 26.8	229.6
Special trade construction	207.6	24.7	20.0	11710
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL TRADE	710.4	309.7	538.1 106.7	1,248.5
Wholesale trade	264.8 445.7	67.2 242.6	431.3	877.0
Retail trade	447.7			
TRANSPORT AND STORAGE	300.7	32.3	55.4	356.1
Road transport	137.2	19.9	26.2	163.4 84.8
Railway transport	80.0 28.3	-	4.8	30.6
Water transport Air transport	39.1	•	9.3	48.4
Other transport and storage	16.1	4.9	12.7	28.8
COMMUNICATION	99.7	20.6	33.4	133.1
FINANCE, PROPERTY AND BUSINESS SERVICES	309.9	148.5	264.4	574.3
Finance and investment	91.6	42.4	90.4	182.0
Insurance and services to insurance	41.3	17.4	36.0 138.0	77.3 315.0
Property and business services	177.1	88.8	130.0	313.0
PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND DEFENCE	202.8	50.4	98.1	301.0
COMMUNITY SERVICES	380.2	413.8	649.7	1,030.0
Health	102.5	200.5	321.6 246.4	424.1 400.1
Education, museum and library services Welfare and religious institutions	153.7 33.7	165.2 32.6	54.0	87.8
Other community services	90.3	15.5	27.7	118.0
RECREATION, PERSONAL AND OTHER SERVICES	175.6	131.3	217.8	393.3
Entertainment and recreational services	53.6	22.8	36.7	90.2
Restaurants, hotels and clubs	94.4 26.6	72.2 31.4	113.4 53.9	207.8 80.4
Personal services Private households employing staff	*	4.9	13.9	14.9
TOTAL	3,932.7	1,447.9	2,328.9	6,261.6
	•			

TABLE 25. EMPLOYED PERSONS: OCCUPATION OF FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME WORKERS, MAY 1983

	Full-t1	Full-time workers		me workers	Total	Total				
Occupation group	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Married females	All females	Persons		
Professional, technical, etc.	474.6	301.3	31.9	128.4	506.5	257.9	429.6	936.1		
Administrative, executive and managerial	350.5	51.0	10.1	13.3	360.7	47.0	64.3	425.0		
Clerical	310.1	575.6	8.2	219.4	318.4	450.8	795.0	1,113.4		
Sales	234.4	161.5	39.7	143.2	274.1	172.3	304.7	578.8		
Farmers, fishermen, timber-getters, etc.	321.9	49.3	29.9	48.4	351.8	81.7	97.7	449.5		
Miners, quarrymen and related workers	35.7		•		35.9	•	•	36.1		
Transport and communication	262.7	27.6	20.6	17.0	283.4	30.7	44.6	328.0		
Tradesmen, production-process workers										
and labourers, n.e.c.	1,499.2	168.5	67.5	50.6	1,566.7	156.3	219.1	1,785.8		
Service, sport and recreation	197.6	156.6	37.6	217.1	235.3	251.1	373.7	609.0		
Total	3,686.8	1,491.4	245.9	837.5	3,932.7	1,447.9	2,328.9	6,261.6		

TABLE 26. EMPLOYED PERSONS: OCCUPATION AND STATUS OF WORKER, MAY 1983 ('000)

	Employ	era	Self-e	ployed	Wage a salary	nd earners	Total(a)	
Occupation group	Males	Females	Hales	Fensles	Hales	Females	Males	Females	Persons
Professional, technical, etc.	34.9	•	19.8	15.2	451.7	410.6	506.5	429.6	936.1
Administrative, executive and managerial	67.6	21.4	13.1	•	279.5	38.4	360.7	64.3	425.0
Clerical	•	25.7	•	30.4	315.8	736.2	318.4	795.0	1,113.4
Sales	8.6	13.9	46.8	41.8	218.4	246.0	274.1	304.7	578.8
Farmers, fishermen, timber-getters, etc.	41.4	13.4	156.2	54.4	144.1	22.2	351.8	97.7	449.5
Miners, quarrymen and related workers	•	•			34.2	•	35.9		36.1
Transport and communication	7.0	•	48.4	6.9	227.5	36.7	283.4	44.6	328.0
Tradesmen, production-process workers									
and labourers, n.e.c.	48.2	4.5	137.8	14.2	1,379.4	200.3	1,566.7	219.1	1,785.8
Service, sport and recreation	6.8	7.7	14.9	20.1	213.3	344.6	235.3	373.7	609.0
Total	215.9	91.5	439.4	187.4	3,263.9	2,035.0	3,932.7	2,328.9	6,261.6
Full-time workers	210.0	51.8	389.4	77.8	3,079.1	1,355.7	3,686.8	1,491.4	5,178.2

(a) Includes unpaid family helpers

TABLE 27. EMPLOYED PERSONS: OCCUPATION, AGE AND BIRTHPLACE, MAY 1983

			Age gro	o p					
Occupation group	15-19	20-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55 and over	Total	Born in Australia	Born outside Australia
Professional, technical, etc.	21.4	122.1	337.1	246.9	132.4	76.2	936.1	711.6	224.5
Administrative, executive and managerial	•	13.0	95.5	146.6	101.7	67.2	425.0	309.5	115.5
Clerical	132.2	241.4	322.2	212.7	130.7	74.2	1,113.4	875.8	237.6
Sales	125.8	85.3	122.0	126.6	78.7	40.4	578.8	439.5	139.3
Farmers, fishermen, timber-getters, etc.	34.0	44.2	95.2	100.0	87.4	88.6	449.5	387.8	61.7
Miners, quarrymen and related workers	•	4.7	11.7	11.2	5.6	•	36.1	27.4	8.7
Transport and communication	8.9	31.1	93.1	92.0	65.3	37.6	328.0	. 253.1	74.9
Tradesmen, production-process workers and labourers, n.e.c.	202.8	280.2	453.3	379.2	293.8	176.5	1.785.8	1.192.6	593.2
Service, sport and recreation	71.4	90.5	136.6	140.9	108.0	61.5	609.0	434.5	174.5
Total	598.2	912.6	1,666.7	1,456.2	1,003.5	624.3	6,261.6	4,631.8	1,629.7

TABLE 28. EMPLOYED PERSONS: OCCUPATION AND HOURS WORKED, MAY 1983

				Но	urs work	ed					Average
Occupation group	0	1-15	16-29	30-34	35-39	40	41-44	45-48	49 and over	Total	weekly hours worked
					- '0	00 -					(hours)
			на	LES							
Professional, technical, etc.	43.9	11.3	27.6	46.9	113.9	97.9	30.4				
Administrative, executive and							30.6	42.6	91.9	506.5	37.6
managerial Clerical	18.0 17.4	5.0 5.8	12.0 20.2	17.8 37.5			16.2 19.9	42.9 16.8	147.2	360.7 318.4	46.0 35.7
Sales	12.2	26.5	13.5	18.0			21.0	20.8	65.7	274.1	39.7
Farmers, fishermen, timber-getters, etc.	21.0	15.7	24.8	22.9	21.1	57.6	12.3	22.1	154.4	351.8	46.2
Transport and communication Tradesmen, production-process workers and labourers, n.e.c.; and miners,	22.2	12.0	18.8	26.2	36.1	77.2	13.4	21.1	56.4	283.4	37.8
quarrymen, etc. Service, sport and recreation	112.4	37.1 22.1	103.8	215.1	296.7 18.3		89.5 10.8	104.8	142.5 37.8	1,602.6	35.9 35.4
Total employed	266.9	135.4	238.0	404.3	652.1	1,018.8	213.6	287.5		3,932.7	38.3
			MARRIED	PPMATP	•						
Back and the second second											
Professional, technical, etc. Administrative, executive and	35.5	41.5	47.0	27.0	29.7	49.9	8.0	8.9	10.3	257.9	25.9
managerial		5.3	4.7	•	4.6		•	4.9	11.4	47.0	37.8
Clerical Sales	30.7 11.0	94.0 41.9	74.6 36.7	49.4	97.6 11.3		10.3	6.8	11.3	450.8 172.3	26.6 29.2
Farmers, fishermen, timber-getters,											
etc. Transport and communication Tradesmen, production-process workers	6.0	23.8 6.3	6.9	5.4	4.6 5.1		:	•	16.0	81.7	28.4 26.7
and labourers, n.e.c.; and miners, quarrymen, etc.	9.3	18.3	21.0	18.0	28.3	50.5	4.5		6.4	156.5	30.5
Service, sport and recreation	18.9	78.8	58.0	23.1	12.9		•	5.0	8.0	251.1	22.8
Total employed	116.6	310.0	266.2	142.0	194.1	262.1	36.8	35.9	84.2	1,447.9	27.0
			ALL F	EMALES							
Professional, technical, etc.	54.6	50.6	63.6	41.4	61.5	100.7	16.5	18.4	22.3	429.6	28.5
Administrative, executive and managerial		6.3.	5.3	4.8	5.7	11.4		6.6	16.9	64.3	39.5
Clerical	44.4	117.5	105.2	90.6	204.0	173.4	25.6	17.1	17.3	795.0	29.5
Sales Farmers, fishermen, timber-getters,	17.4	78.7	50.7	24.4	21.6	63.3	13.3	8.2	27.0	304.7	28.2
etc.	6.4	26.0	19.4	6.9	6.2	8.6		4.9	19.3	97.7	29.8
Transport and communication Tradesmen, production-process workers and labourers, n.e.c.; and miners,		7.1	8.4	•	8.0	8.6	•	•	•	44.6	28.0
quarrymen, etc. Service, sport and recreation	12.5 25.1	21.4 112.1	26.5 76.0	28.1 33.6	39.6 22.6	74.8 69.7	6.7 11.3	6.9 8.8	14.5	219.2 373.7	31.3
Total employed	167.3	419.6	355.2	234.1	369.3	510.6	81.2	69.3	122.3	2,328.9	28.8
			PER	SONS							
Professional cachetant	0.6	4. 0									
Professional, technical, etc. Administrative, executive and	98.5	61.9	91.2	88.3	175.4	198.7	47.1	61.0	114.2	936.1	33.4
managerial Clerical	21.1	11.3	17.2 125.4	22.5	40.8	77.8	20.6	49.5	164.1	425.0	45.0
Sales	29.6	105.1	64.2	42.4	312.2 44.3	245.8	45.4 34.3	33.9 29.1	37.4 92.7	1,113.4 578.8	31.3 33.7
Farmers, fishermen, timber-getters, etc.	27.4	41.7	44.2	29.8	27.2						
Transport and communication	26.1	19.1	27.3	30.6	44.1	66.1 85.7	14.9	24.4	173.7 58.8	449.5 328.0	42.6 36.5
 Tradesmen, production-process workers and labourers, n.e.c.; and miners, 											
quarrymen, etc.	124.9	58.4	130.3	243.2	336.3	575.7	96.2	111.7		1,821.9	35.3
Service, sport and recreation	44.9	134.2	93,3	53.5	41.0	142.5	22.1	25.2	52.3	609.0	28.5
Total employed	434.2	555.0	593.2	638.4	1,021.4	1,529.4	294.8	356.8	838.3	6,261.6	34.8

TABLE 29. EMPLOYED PERSONS: MAJOR AND MINOR OCCUPATION GROUPS, MAY 1983 ('000)

Occupation group(a)	Males	Married females	All females	Persons
PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL AND RELATED WORKERS	506.5	257.9	470 4	024 1
Architects, engineers and surveyors, professional	73.3	4	429.6	936.1 74.2
Chemists, physicists, geologists and other physical scientists Biologists, veterinarians, agronomists and related scientists	13.4 8.1	:	•	14.4
Medical practitioners and dentists	30.3	4.7	6.8	37.0
Nurses, including probationers or trainees Professional medical workers, n.e.c.	9.4 11.2	76.3 11.5	135.3	144.7 29.5
Teachers	111.9	110.3	164.4	276.3
Clergy and related members of religious orders	9.1 18.3	•	•	11.9
Law professionals Artists, entertainers, writers and related workers	33.5	12.0	25.0	20.8 58.5
Draftsmen and technicians, n.e.c.	83.1	13.6	27.4	110.6
ADMINISTRATIVE, EXECUTIVE AND MANAGERIAL	360.7	47.0	64.3	425.0
Administrative and executive officials, government, n.e.c. Employers, workers on own account, directors, managers, n.e.c.	12.7 348.0	47.0	64.3	12.7 412.3
CLERICAL Book-keepers and cashiers	318.4 37.4	450.8 74.1	795.0 125.5	1,113.4 162.8
Stenographers and typists	•	111.4	186.5	187.4
SALES	274.1	172.3	304.7	578.8
Insurance, real estate salesmen, auctioneers and valuers	39.4 57.4	* 6.6	5.5 10.0	44.9 67.4
Commercial travellers and manufacturers agents Proprietors and shopkeepers, workers on own account, n.e.c. and	37.4	0.0	10.0	07.4
retail and wholesale trade; salesmen, shop assistants etc.	177.3	162.3	289.2	466.5
FARMERS, FISHERMEN, TIMBER-GETTERS, ETC.	351.8	81.7	97.7	449.5
Farmers and form managers	196.7	63.4	68.9	265.6
Farm workers, including farm foremen Fishermen and related workers	132.9	17.0	27.1	160.0 11.0
Timber getters and other forestry workers	11.6	•	•	11.8
MINERS, QUARRYMEN AND RELATED WORKERS Miners, mineral prospectors and quarrymen	35.9 28.7	:	•	36.1 28.7
TRANSPORT AND COMMUNICATION	283.4	30.7	44.6	328.0
Drivers and firemen, rail transport	15.6	*	•	15.6
Drivers, road transport Inspectors, supervisors, traffic controllers and despatchers,	195.9	12.0	14.5	210.3
transport	19.1			19.9
Telephone, telegraph and related telecommunication operators Postmasters, postmen and messengers	4.6 23.4	11.3	18.8	23.4 31.7
TRADESMEN, PRODUCTION-PROCESS WORKERS AND LABOURERS, N.E.C.	1,566.7	156.3	219.1	1,785.8
Spinners, weavers, knitters, dyers and related workers	8.3	5.6	6.5	14.8
Tailors, cutters, furriers and related workers Leather cutters, lasters, sewers (except gloves and garments) and	23.0	44.7	60.8	83.8
related workers	7.2	4.6	6.7	13.9
Furnacemen, rollers, drawers, moulders and related metal making and treating workers	19.0	•	•	20.5
Precision instrument makers, watchmakers, jewellers and related	10.1	•	•	20.5
vorkers Machine toolmakers, metal machinists, mechanics, plumbers and	19.1	•	<u>-</u>	20.5
related metal workers Electricians and related electrical and electronic workers	415.5 169.9	6.9	8.7	424.1 173.2
Metal workers, metal and electrical production-process workers,				
n.e.c. Carpenters, woodworking machinists, cabinetmakers and related	55.3	13.6	17.4	12.1
vorkers	115.6	*	•	118.5
Painters and decorators Bricklayers, plasterers and construction workers n.e.c.	53.7 129.9	:	*	55.3 131.5
Compositors, printing machinists, engravers, bookbinders and related	35.4			4.5.4
workers Potters, kilnmen, glass and clay formers and related workers	8.5	5.5	10.2	45.6 12.0
Millers, bakers, butchers, brewers and related food and drink workers	82.2	13.9	20.8	103.0
Chemical, sugar and paper production-process workers	19.0	13.9	20.8	21.8
Paper products, rubber, plastic and production process-workers, n.e.c.	40.5	11.6	20.5	60.9
Packers, wrappers, labellers	15.8	21.5	30.1	45.9
Stationary engine, excavating and lifting equipment operators Storemen and freight handlers	91.4 110.0	6.9	10.0	92.1 120.0
Labourers, n.e.c.	147.4	5.4	6.6	154.0
SERVICE, SPORT AND RECREATION WORKERS	235.3	251.1	373.7	609.0
fire brigade, police and other protective service workers Housekeepers, cooks, maids and related workers	64.9 47.4	111.8	* 161.0	67.7 208.4
Waiters, bartenders	22.4	24.5	48.9	71.3
Caretakers, cleaners, buildings Barbers, hairdressers and beauticians	48.2 6.5	54.6 13.8	64.4 30.0	112.6 36.5
Launderers, dry cleaners and pressers Athletes, sportsmen and related workers	8.5	8.2	10.6	14.8
	0.,	-	-	12.4
TOTAL	3,932.7	1,447.9	2,328.9	6,261.6

⁽a) Some minor occupation groups are not listed separately.

TABLE 30. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: STATES, BY AGE, MAY 1983 ($^{\prime\prime}$ 000)

Age group	New South Wales	• Victoria	Queensland	. South Australia	Western Australia	Tasmania	Australia(a)
			MALES				

15-19	32.4	22.8	12.5	8.8	8.3	2.8	90.3
. 20-24	41.5	26.5	15.6	11.2	8.4	3.9	108.1
25-34	35.7	23.3	18.6	8.2	9.0	3.7	99.6
35 and over	53.1	30.7	23.5	13.7	11.4	3.3	138.1
Total	162.6	103.4	70.1	41.9	37.1	13.6	436.0
			PEHALES				
15-19	30.4	22.8	12.8	8.9	6.5	3.1	86.5
20-24	19.3	13.7	9.3	6.9	6.2	1.6	59.0
25-34	23.7	18.3	11.0	5.6	5.4	1.5	67.3
35 and over	30.4	19.5	9.4	4.9	3.5	•	69.8
Total	103.8	74.3	42.6	26.3	21.5	7.3	282.5
			PERSONS				
Looking for full-time we	ork -						
15-19	53.3	37.2	21.0	14.9	12.5	5.8	147.7
20-24	56.3	37.0	23.3	16.8	13.6	5.3	154.4
25-34	52.4	35.2	24.9	11.5	12.0	4.5	142.7
35-44	38.4	20.8	16.2	6.5	7.0	2.1	92.4
45-54	21.7	14,2	9.8	5.2	3.7) 1.7	(57.2
55 and over	12.3	7.0	4.4	4.8	2.4) 1.7	(31.6
Total looking for							
full-time work	234.5	151.4	99.6	59.7	51.2	19.4	626.0
Total -							
15-19	62.8	45.6	25,3	17.7	14.8	5.9	176.8
20-24	60.8	40.2	24.8	18.1	14.6	5.6	167.1
25-34	59.4	41.7	29.6	13.8	14.3	5.2	166.8
35-44	44.3	24.4	18.4	8.2	8.2	2.3	107.4
45-54	24.5	17.3	9.8	5.5	3.8)	(63.9
55 and over	14.6	8.5	4.7	4.9	2.9) 1.9	(36.6
Total	266.4	177.7	112.7	68.2	58.6	20.9	718.6
Total	. 266.4	1//./	112.7	00.2	20.0	20.9	710.0

⁽a) Includes the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territor

TABLE 31. UNEMPLOYMENT RATES: INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB, MAY 1983 (per cent)

	Hales	Females	Persons
Had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years	1.1	5.6	7.0
Industry division or subdivision -			
Agriculture and services to agriculture	6.5	*	5.8
Manufacturing	11.0	8.6	10.4
Food, beverages and tobacco	11.9	9.8	11.3
Metal products	12.6	•	12.3
Other manufacturing	10.3	8.2	9.7
Construction	14.5	*	13.4
Wholessle trade	7.7	6.5	7.3
Retail trade	7.9	7.7	7.8
Transport and storage	6.0	•	6.0
Finance, property and business services	3.1	4.5	3.8
Community services	2.4	2.8	2.7
Recreation, personal and other services	10.5	8.4	9.4
Other industries	3.8	4.4	3.9
Occupation group -			
Professional, technical, etc.	2.3	2.6	2.4
Administrative, executive and managerial	1.6	•	2.0
Clerical	3.1	4.9	4.4
Sales	5.9	7.6	6.8
Farmers, fishermen, timber-getters, etc.	7.5	*	6.7
Miners, quarrymen, etc.	•	•	•
Transport and communication	7.6	•	7.2
Tradesmen, production-process workers and labourers, n.e.c.	11.6	10.2	11.5
Service, sport and recreation	9.1	7.0	7.8
Total	10.0	. 10.8	10.3

NOTE: Unemployed persons classified by industry and occupation of last full-time job are shown in Table 35.

TABLE 32. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY AGE AND WHETHER LOOKING FOR PULL-TIME OR PART-TIME WORK, MAY 1983

	Number unemployed ('000)					Unemployment rate (per cent)					
	Males		Pemales			Males		Females			
	Married	Total	Harried	Total	Persons	Harried	Total	Married	Total	Persons	
			LOOKING F	OR FULL-T	INE WORK						
Total	181.6	413.4	77.7	212.6	626.0	6.5	10.1	8.9	12.5	10.8	
Aged 15-19	•	77.3	•	70.4	147.7	•	23.8	•	27.1	25.3	
Looking for first job	•	28.3	•	32.7	61.0						
Attending school	•	5.4	•		9.3	n. a.	n	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	
Aged 20 and over	180.6	336.1	74.3	142.2	478.3	6.5	8.9	8.6	9.8	9.2	
20-24	17.2	104.6	13.4	49.8	154.4	12.4	18.2	10.7	12.7	16.0	
Looking for first job	•	5.2		4.7	9.9	• •	• •	• •	• •		
25-34	55.3	98.2	24.7	44.5	142.7	6.8	8.8	9.4	10.4	9.2	
3 5 - 4 4	48.7	61.2	23,7	31.1	92.4	5.8	6.4	9.3	9.7	7.3	
45-54	36.1	43.0	11.1	14.2	57.2	5.9	6.3	6.8	6.6	6.4	
55 and over	23.3	29.0	•	•	31.6	6.0	6.5			5.9	
Aged 15-64	181.3	413.1	77.7	212.6	625.6	6.5	10.2	8.9	12.5	10.9	
			LOOKING P	OR PART-T	INE WORK						
Total	•	22.6	. 44.7	70.0	92.6	•	8.4	6.4	7.7	7.9	
Aged 15-19	•	13.0	•	16.1	29.1		15.9	*	14.8	15.2	
Attending school		9.6	•	10.7	20.3		20.1	•	20.7	20.4	
Aged 20 and over	•	9.7	43.8	53.9	63.6	•	5.2	6.3	6.7	6.4	
20-24	*) 4.8	(5.2	9.2	12.7) 6.1	(13.3	11.7	11.1	
25-34)	(19.5	22.8	24.1	•)	(8.9	9.4	8.4	
35-44) 4.9	(13.1	14.3	15.0	•) 4.5	(5.3	5.4	5.1	
45 and over	•)	(6.1	7.5	11.7	•)	(3.3	3.5	4.0	
Aged 15-64	•	22.0	44.7	69.9	92.0	•	8.9	6.5	7.8	8.0	
				TOTAL							
Total	185.7	436.0	122.4	282.5	718.6	6.4	10.0	7.8	10.8	10.3	
Aged 15-19	•	90.3		86.5	176.8	· .	22.2	•	23.4	22.8	
Attending school	•	15.0		14.6	29.6	*	27.5		25.6	26.5	
Aged 20 and over(a)	184.7	345.8	118.1	196.0	541.8	6.4	8.7	7.6	8.7	8.7	
2 0 - 2 4	17.4	108.1	18.6	59.0	167.1	12.2	17.7	11.3	12.5	15.5	
25-34	55.8	99.6	44.2	67.3	166.8	6.7	8.6	9.1	10.0	9.1	
35-44	49.2	61.9	36.7	45.5	107.4	5.7	6.3	7.3	7:8	6.9	
45-54	37.0	44.0	15.7	19.9	63.9	5.8	6.2	5.3	5.6	6.0	
5 5 - 5 9	16.4	20.9			24.6	6.3	7.0	•	•	6.1	
60-64	8.4	10.3	•	-	11.0	6.8	7.2			6.0	
Aged 15-64	185.2	435.1	122.3	282.5	717.6	6.5	10.1	7.8	10.9	10.4	

⁽a) Includes unemployed persons aged 65 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 33. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: BIRTHPLACE BY AGE, MAY 1983

	Number un	employed ('000)		Unemployment rate (per cent)			
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	
		BORN IN A	USTRALIA				
Total	292.7	197.2	489.9	9.2	10.1	9.6	
Looking for full-time work	277.6	145.9	423.5	• 9.4	11.7	10.1	
Looking for part-time work	15.1	51.2	66.4	7.4	7.3	7.3	
Aged 15-19	75.2	72.4	147.7	21.3	22.5	21.9	
Aged 20 and over	217.5	124.7	342.2	7.7	7.6	1.1	
20-24	82.5	45.0	127.5	16.3	11.6	14.2	
25-34	67.3	42.4	109.7	7.6	8.7	8.0	
35-44	31.1	24.7	55.8	4.8	6.3	5.4	
45-54	21.4	10.2	31.6	4.7	4.1	4.5	
	15.2		17.6	4.6	•	3.9	
55 and over Aged 15-64	292.5	197.1	489.6	9.4	10.2	9.7	
	•	BORN OUTSID	E AUSTRALIA				
Total	143.3	85.4	228.7	11.9	13.0	12.3	
Looking for full-time work	135.8	66.6	202.4	11.9	14.7	12.7	
Looking for part-time work	7.5	18.7	26.2	11.7	9.2	9.8	
Aged 15-19	15.1	14.0	29.1	28.9	29.7	29.3	
Aged 20 and over	128.3	71.3	199.6	11.2	11.7	11.3	
20-24	25.5	14.0	39.5	24.9	17.2	21.5	
25-34	32.3	24.9	57.1	11.4	13.6	12.2	
35-44	30.8	20.8	51.6	9.1	10.9	9.8	
45-54	22.6	9.7	32.3	8.8	8.9	8.8	
55 and over	17.0	•	19.0	10.2	•	8.9	
Aged 15-64	142.6	85.4	227.9	12.0	13.1	12.4	

TABLE 34. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS, BY DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND AGE, ETC., MAY 1983

								Looking fo	
Duration of unemployment (weeks)	15-19	Age g	25-34	35-54	Total(a)	Married	Not married	Full-time work	
, -, ,,	-					_		-	
			MAL	ES					
					- '000 -				
Under 2 2 and under 4	8.3	* 8.0	7.7	8.0	16.8 34.0	6.9 13.8	10.0	13.8 30.6) 6.4
4 and under 8	9.4	8.7	12.0	11.6	44.3	21.7 18.6	22.6	41.2) 6.4
8 and under 13 13 and under 26	26.1	12.7	22.9	20.2	100.8	38.6	62.2	96.2	4.6
26 and under 39 39 and under 52	12.1	19.8 6.8	14.8 5.4	16.3	69.7 23.6	30.4 11.1	39.3 12.5	67.3 22.8)
52 and under 65	6.1	8.8	8.1	8.2	32.0	11.3	20.7	31.4) 5.2
65 and under 104 104 and over	4.6 6.3	6.1 7.4	6.8 8.2	7.4 12.8 .	28.2 41.2	14.0 19.4	14.2 21.8	27.6 40.2)
Total	90.3	108.1	99.6	105.9	436.0	185.7	250.3	413.4	22.6
					- veeks -				
Average (mean) duration	30.0	33.5	34.9	41.2	36.9	38.7	35.7	37.9	19.4 12.0
Median duration	20.1	22.0	22.0	22.1	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.1	12.0
			P E M A	LES					
		ð.			- '000 -				
Under 2	•) 7.6 (7.5	6.3	21.1	14.3	6.7	9.9	11.1
2 and under 4	8.2	7.2	6.9 8.6	4.7 7.9	24.7 31.6	10.8 16.2	13.9 15.5	15.7 22.8	9.0 8.8
4 and under 8 8 and under 13	7.2 9.3	5.7	8.1	7.6	30.9	13.7	17.2	22.0	8.9
13 and under 26 26 and under 39	28.3 10.7	12.5	13.1	12.0 7.0	66.1 32.1	23.8 13.2	42.3 18.9	51.4 27.3	14.7
39 and under 52	•	•	•	•	10.4	•	7.1	9.2) 5.4
52 and under 65 65 and under 104	5.1 6.3	5.8	5.2	4.9	20.9 16.6	9.6 4.9	11.3	16.7 14.4)
104 and over	4.7	6.4	5.9	9.3	28.0	12.5	15.5	23.0	5.1
Total	86.5	59.0	67.3	65.4	282.5	122.4	160.1	212.6	70.0
					- weeks -				
Average (mean) duration	29.0 18.1	39.3 20.0	31.8	41.8 17.0	35.5 17.1	33.5 14.0	37.0 19.1	39.3 20.0	23.8
Median duration	10.1	10.0	.,,,		****				
			PERS	ONS					,
					- '000 -				
Under 2	7.8	6.7 12.4	11.1	10.5 12.8	37.9 58.7	21.2 24.7	16.7	23.7 46.3	14.2
2 and under 4 4 and under 8	16.5 16.7	12.4	20.5	19.5	75.9	37.9	38.0	64.0	11.9
8 and under 13	18.3	18.5	18.1	18.6	76.3	32.3 62.4	44.0 104.6	64.1 147.7	12.2
13 and under 26 26 and under 39	54.5 22.8	38.7 26.7	36.0 22.1	32.2 23.3	166.9 101.8	43.6	58.2	94.7	7.1
39 and under 52	7.1	10.1	7.4 13.3	8.0 13.1	34.0 52.9	14.5	19.6 32.1	32.1 48.2	4.8
52 and under 65 65 and under 104	11.2 10.9	14.6 9.6	9.5	11.4	44.8	18.9	26.0	42.1	
104 and over	11.1	13.9	14.1	22.1	69.2	31.9	37.3	63.2	6.0
Total	176.8	167.1	166.8	171.3	718.6	308.1	410.4	626.0	92.6
					- veeks -				
Average (mean) duration Median duration	29.5 19.1	35.5 21.1	33.7 18.0	41.4 20.1	36.4 20.1	36.6 19.0	36.2 21.0	38.4 22.0	22.7 10.0

⁽a) Includes persons aged 55 and over, details for whom are not shown separately.

TABLE 35. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: INDUSTRY AND OCCUPATION OF LAST FULL-TIME JOB AND DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT, MAY 1983 ('000)

•	Duration	of unem	ployment	(veeks)	-			Total		
•	V-4 A	4 and	8 and						 Females	Persons
	under 4	under o	under 13	under 20	under 39	under 03	0461	40160	16mg 16m	
Had worked full time for two weeks or more in the last two years	60.3	61.3	57.9	116.5	78.2	66.6	27.7	329.5	139.0	468.5
Industry division or subdivision +										
Agriculture and services to agriculture		7.9		•••		4.7		20.0	*	23.8
Manufacturing	14.6	14.7	14.7	34.5				105.2	28.6	133.7
Food, beverages and tobacco		6,4		4.8	4.6		5.0	18.2 25.2	6.0	24.2 27.9
Metal products		5.7	•	6.7	6.3			61.8	19.9	81.7
Other manufacturing	8.9	8.3		23.0			:	63.3	17.7	64.6
Construction	8.4	7.7 15.5		12.8 28.0	14.0		6.1	60.4	43.5	103.9
Wholesale and retail trade	14.0	5.5	13.2	5.1		7.6	0.1	19.2	43.3	22.7
Transport and storage		5.8	-	5.3		6.0		10.0	12.4	22.4
Finance, property and business services	4.6	3.8	_			6.5		9.5	18.8	28.3
Community services	4.6	6.5		10.7				20.6	20.1	40.7
Recreation, personal and other services Other industries	4.7		5.9	6.4	· •			21.3	7.1	28.4
Occupation group -							•	12.0	11.4	23.4
Professional, technical, etc.	4.8		7.9	6.1		4.6	•	10.3	41.1	51.4
Clerical	6.7	8.8		12.1	6.5			17.2	25.1	42.3
Sales	5.8	5.9				7.6	-	28.3	23.1	32.0
Farmers, fishermen, etc.	5.3	4.8	4.8			7.8		23.4	•	25.4
Transport and communication		4.6								
Tradesmen, production-process workers	27.2	27.5	26.7	52.8	45.7	36.3	14.9	206.2	24.8	231.0
and labourers, n.e.c.	6.2	6.1		14.5				23.6	28.2	51.8
Service, sport and recreation Other occupations		4.7					•	8.5	•	11.2
Other occupations		•••			2					
Other	26.3	14.6	18.4	50.4	23.6	20.4	86.3	102.7	137.3	240.1
Looking for first job	10.8	7.8	8.0	34.1	13.1	10.6	19.3	46.4	57.3	103.7
Looking for full-time work	5.2	•		26.8	10.7	8.4	16.8	34.7	42.0	76.7
Other	15.5	6.9	10.3	16.4	10.5	9.8	67.0	56.3	80.0	136.3
Stood down	10.0	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	6.2	10.0
Total	96.6	75.9	76.3	166.9	101.8	87.0	114.1	436.0	282.5	718.6

NOTE: Unemployment rates for industry and occupation of last full-time job are shown in Table 31.

TABLE 36. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS AGED 15-19: DURATION OF UNEMPLOYMENT AND SCHOOL ATTENDANCE, MAY 1983

		Not attending	school	
	Attending school	Left school before 1982	Left school 1982 to survey date	Tot •1
	NUMBE	R ('000)		
Duration of unemployment (weeks) -				
Under 4	6.9	11.5	5.9	24.3
4 and under 13	6.6	19.4	9.0	34.9
13 and under 26	8.2	22.1	24.2	54.5
26 and over	7.9	43.8	11.3	63.1
Total	29.6	96.9	50.3	176.8
	VERAGE DURATION OF	UNEMPLOYMENT (week	•)	
Hean duration -				
Hales	21.6	37.3	20.5	30.0
Penales	21.2	36.5	19.7	29.0
Persons	21.4	36.9	20.1	29.5
Looking for full-time work	23.2	37.7	19.8	31.2
Looking for part-time work	20.6	•	•	21.3
Median duration -				
Males	13.0	22.0	20.0	20.1
Penales	16.1	22.0	18.1	18.1
Persons	15.1	22.0	19.0	19.1
Looking for full-time work	17.1	.22. i	19.1	20.1
Looking for part-time work	13.0	•	•	13.0

TABLE 37. UNEMPLOYED PERSONS: ACE AND ACTIVE STEPS TAKEN TO FIND WORK, MAY 1983 ('000)

			Persons			
	Males	Females	Aged 15-19	Age d 20-24	Aged 25 and over	Total
Took active steps to find work Wrote, phoned or applied in person to	432.2	276.4	175.1	165.3	368.2	708.6
an employer Answered a newspaper advertisement for a job) 346.2)	223.0	137.0	133.8	298.4	569.2
Checked factory or Commonwealth Employment Service noticeboards Been registered with the Commonwealth Employment Service)) 80.9	46.1	35.8	30.5	60.5	126.8
Checked or registered with any other employment agency Advertised or tendered for work)					
Contacted relatives or friends	5.2	7.3	•	•	9.3	12.6
Stood down	•	6.2	•	1.8	6.5	10.0
Total	436.0	282.5	176.8	167.1	374.8	718.6

TABLE 38. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: ACE AND MARITAL STATUS, MAY 1983

	Males			Females				
Age group	Married	Not married	Total	Harried	Not married	Total	Persons	Proportion of population
				- '000 -				- per cent -
15-19	•	242.8	243.3	12.1	238.9	251.0	494.3	38.9
20-24	5.1	55,7	60.8	124.0	57.8	181.8	242.6	18.3
25-34	20.7	35.2	55.9	503.3	54.5	557.8	613.7	25.1
35-44	33.5	18.3	51.8	364.5	39.2	403.6	455.4	22.6
45-54	50.2	24.4	74.7	337.5	52.7	390.1	464.8	30.3
55-59	61.7	19.4	81.0	215.0	54.4	269.5	350.5	46.6
60-64	146.4	29.0	175.4	213.9	84.3	298.2	473.6	72.2
65-69	174.3	37.4	211.7	164.4	111.4	275.7	487.5	91.4
70 and over	258.5	107.4	365.9	179.6	404.5	584.2	950.1	96.9
Total	751.0	569.6	1,320.5	2,114.2	1,097.8	3,212.0	4,532.5	39.4

TABLE 39. PERSONS NOT IN THE LABOUR FORCE: WHETHER LOOKING FOR WORK, ETC., MAY 1983 ($^{\prime}$ 000)

	Hales			7 emales			
	Married	Not married	Total	Married	Not married	Total	Persons
Looking for work Took active steps to find work(a) Did not take active steps to find	8.01	18.5 8.3	29.3 12.1	36.0 7.8	17.9 7.3	53.9 15.1	83.2 27.2
work	7.0	10.2	17.2	28.2	10.6	38.8	56.0
Not looking for work	706.7	493.9	1,200.6	2,056.8	973.6	3,030.4	4,231.1
Permanently unable to work	15.1	13.7	28.8	7.3	8.5	15.8	44.6
In institutions	18.3	43.5	61.8	14.1	97.8	111.9	173.7
Total	751.0	569.6	1,320.5	2,114.2	1,097.8	3,212.0	4,532.5

⁽a) Not available to start work in the survey week for ressons other than own temporary illness or injury.

TABLE 40: ESTIMATES OF LABOUR FORCE STATUS AND GROSS CHANGES (PLOWS) DERIVED FROM MATCHED RECORDS APRIL 1983 AND MAY 1983 (*000)

			Females		
		Hales	Married	Total	Persons
Labour force status in - April 1983	Hay 1983				
		2 025 4	571.5	1.083.4	3,919.1
Employed full time	Employed full time	2,835.6 40.5	36.0	48.6	89.0
	Employed part time	31.4	30.0	10.0	41.4
	Unemployed		19.9	24.8	55.4
	Not in the labour force	30.6	17.7	24.0	33.4
Employed part time	Employed full time	49.4	39.1	52.6	102.0
	Employed part time	121.6	436.0	551.2	672.8
	Unemployed	11.5	5,5	12.7	24.2
	Not in the labour force	18.5	45.2	59.3	77.8
Unemployed	Employed full time	36.7	5.4	13.4	50.2
onemployed	Employed rail time	14.4	12.9	22.8	37.1
	Unemployed	243.9	47.9	130.0	373.9
	Not in the labour force	28.5	29.1	50.1	78.6
	NOT IN the labour force	20,5	• ,	70	
Not in the labour force	Employed full time	25.0	15.8	23.6	48.6
	Employed part time	19.1	54.6	67.2	86.3
	Unemployed	34.5	36.5	58.3	92.8
	Not in the labour force	901.8	1,597.1	2,335.3	3,237.2
		95.2	88.7	127.0	222.2
Total flows into	Employed	111,1	60.4	89.6	200.8
	Full time	73.9	103.5	138.5	212.5
	Part time	77.4	45.6	81.0	158.3
•	Unemployed	77.7	94.3	134.2	211.8
	Not in the labour force	//./	94.3	134.2	211.0
Total flows out of	Employed	92.0	74.2	106.8	198.8
	Full time	102.5	59.6	83.3	185.8
	Part time	79.4	89.8	124.6	204.0
	Unemployed	79.6	47.4	86.3	165.9
	Not in the labour force	78.6	107.0	149.0	227.6
Total changes of status		250.2	228.6	342.1	592.3
Population represented by the	matched sample	4,443,0	2.956.2	4,543.2	8,986.3

TECHNICAL NOTE

For more information on sample design, estimation procedure and reliability of the estimates, for current and earlier surveys, reference should be made to the Technical note in *The Labour Force, Australia, 1978* (6204.0).

Estimation procedure

2. The labour force estimates are derived from the population survey by use of a complex ratio estimation procedure, which ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex, rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself.

Reliability of the estimates

- Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. Since the estimates in this section are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings they, and the movements derived from them, are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the surveys. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that a sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. The standard error can also be expressed as a percentage of the estimate, and this is known as the relative standard error.
- 4. Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of all estimates in this section. Standard errors of estimates for the latest month and of estimates of movements since the previous month are shown in Table 1. Standard errors of other estimates and other monthly movements should be determined by using Tables A and B on pages 35 and 36. The introduction of a new sample in October 1982 resulted in the standard errors of movements between September and October 1982 being higher than normal (see paragraph 7). In addition, the sampling fraction for Western Australia was changed from 1 in 90 to 1 in 100 resulting in a slight increase in the standard errors of estimates for Western Australia from October 1982. See paragraphs 34 to 36, page 3 for information on sample design.
- 5. The size of the standard error increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.
- 6. As the standard errors in Table A show, the smaller the estimate the higher is the relative standard error. Very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. In the tables in this section, estimates below the levels shown in Table C, and percentages based on such estimates, have not been included. Although figures for these small components can in some cases be derived by subtraction, they should not be regarded as reliable. See paragraph 9 concerning higher publication cut-off points for some estimates.
- 7. The movement in the level of an estimate is also subject to sampling variability. The standard error of the movement depends on the levels of the estimates from which the movement is obtained rather than the size of the movement. An indication of the magnitude of standard errors of monthly movements (other than September to October 1982) is given in Table B on page 36. The estimates of standard error of monthly movements apply only to estimates of movements between two consecutive

months. Movements between corresponding months of consecutive quarters (quarterly movements), corresponding months of consecutive years (annual movements) and other nonconsecutive months, will generally be subject to somewhat greater sampling variability than is indicated in Table B. Because of the introduction of the new sample of dwellings in October 1982 (see paragraph 34 on page 3), there was not the usually high proportion of dwellings common to each of two consecutive surveys. The standard errors of movements between September and October 1982, and any quarterly movements which include this period, are therefore higher than normal. Standard errors of monthly and quarterly movements ending in October 1982 or starting in September 1982 can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table A (page 35) by 1.4. Standard errors of quarterly movements for periods not including September to October 1982 can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table B (page 36) by 1.4. Standard errors of all annual movements can be obtained by multiplying the figures in Table A by 1.4. When using Table A or Table B to calculate standard errors of movements, refer to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived.

- 8. Examples of the calculation and use of standard errors are given below:
 - (a) From Table A it will be seen that the estimate of 413,400 unemployed males looking for full-time work in May 1983 has a standard error of about 6,700. Therefore there are about two chances in three that the number that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 406,700 to 420,100 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 400,000 to 426,800.

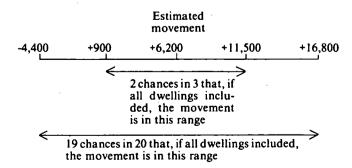
Published estimate

400,000 406,700 413,400 420,100 426,800

2 chances in 3 that, if all dwellings included, the value is in this range

19 chances in 20 that, if all dwellings included, the value is in this range

(b) The estimate of movement in the number of unemployed males looking for full-time work from April to May 1983 is an increase of 6,200. Table B relates the standard error of the monthly movement to the larger of the two estimates from which the movement is derived. In this case the May 1983 estimate (413,400) is the larger. From Table B it will be seen that the standard error of the monthly movement is about 5,300. Therefore there are about two chances in three that if all dwellings had been included in the surveys the movement would have been within the range +900 to +11,500 and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range -4,400 to +16,800.



9. The relative standard errors of estimates of aggregate hours worked, average hours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment are obtained by first finding the relative standard error of the estimate of the total number of persons contributing to the estimate (see Table A) and then multiplying the figure so obtained by the following relevant factors:

Aggregate hours worked: 1.2 Average hours worked: 0.5 Average duration of unemployment: 1.5 Median duration of unemployment: 2.0

Publication cut-off points for these and other labour force estimates (see paragraph 6) are shown in Table C on the next page. Because of these higher relative standard errors, estimates of aggregate hours worked, average duration of unemployment, and median duration of unemployment have higher cut-off points for publication (see paragraph 6) than other estimates as shown in Table A.

10. An example of the calculation of standard errors by the use of these factors is as follows:

In May 1983 the estimate of median duration of unemployment for unemployed males was 22.0 weeks (from Table 34) and the number unemployed was estimated as 436,000. From Table A it can be estimated that this figure (436,000) has a standard error of about 6,800 and therefore a relative standard error of about 1.6 per cent. The relative standard error of the estimate of median duration of unemployment is calculated by multiplying this figure (1.6) by the appropriate factor shown in the previous paragraph (in this case 2.0): 1.6 x 2.0 = 3.2 per cent. The standard error of this estimate of

median duration of unemployment is therefore 3.2 per cent of 22.0, i.e. 0.7. Therefore there are about two chances in three that the median duration of unemployment for unemployed males that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range 21.3 to 22.7 weeks and about nineteen chances in twenty that it would have been within the range 20.6 to 23.4 weeks.

- 11. The standard errors of estimates relating to agricultural employment are generally somewhat higher than the standard errors of other estimates of the same magnitude. Standard errors for capital cities are approximately the same as those for corresponding States.
- 12. The reliability of an estimated percentage or rate, computed by using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the numerator and the size of the denominator. However, the relative standard error of the estimated percentage will generally be slightly lower than the relative standard error of the estimate of the numerator. The relative standard errors of the numerators can be obtained from Table A.
- 13. The imprecision due to sampling variability, which is measured by the standard error, should not be confused with inaccuracies that may occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents, errors made in collection such as in recording and coding of data, and errors made in processing the data. Inaccuracies of this kind are referred to as the non-sampling error, and they may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or only a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers and efficient operating procedures.

TABLE A. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES

Size of estimate	N.S. W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.(a)	Tas.	N. T.	A.C.T.	Austr	alia
				— numb	er —				of	per cent estimate
1,500						300				
1,800						330	440			
2,000						340	470	440		
2,500				510	540	380	510	480		
3,000				550	590	410	550	510		
3,500			740	590	630	430	590	540		
4,000			780	620	660	460	620	560		
4,500	1,000	000,1	820	650	700	480	650	590	970	21.6
5,000	1,100	1,100	860	680	730	500	680	610	1,000	20.0
6,000	1,200	1,200	930	730	790	530	740	650	1,100	18.0
10,000	1,500	1,400	1,200	900	970	640	910	750	1,400	14.0
20,000	2,000	1,900	1,500	1,200	1,300	810	1,200	910	2,000	10.0
50,000	3,000	2,700	2,200	1,600	1,700	1,100	1,700	1,100	2,900	5.8
100,000	3,900	3,500	2,800	2,100	2,200	1,300	,	1,300	3,900	3.9
200,000	5,000	4,400	3,600	2,600	2,700	1,500		,	5,100	2.6
300,000	5,800	5,000	4,100	2,900	3,000				6,000	2.0
500,000	6,900	5,800	4,800	3,300	3,500				7,200	1.4
1,000,000	8,500	7,000	5,900	,	,				9,100	0.9
2,000,000	10,000	8,400	•						11,000	0.6
5,000,000	, -	,							15,000	0.3

⁽a) Figures revised from October 1982-See paragraph 35, page 4.

TABLE B. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES OF MONTHLY MOVEMENTS

Size of . larger estimate	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Australia
1,500 1,800 2,000 2,500 3,000 3,500 4,000 4,500 5,000 6,000 10,000 20,000 100,000 200,000 300,000	1,100 1,100 1,200 1,400 1,800 2,500 3,200 3,900 4,400	1,100 1,100 1,200 1,400 1,700 2,300 2,800 3,300 3,700	730 760 790 820 880 1,000 1,300 1,700 2,100 2,500 2,800	3.A. 490 520 540 570 590 610 650 760 930 1,200 1,400 1,700 1,900 2,100	520 560 590 610 640 660 700 830 1,000 1,300 1,600 1,900 2,100 2,300	250 260 270 290 310 330 340 360 370 390 460 550 690 810 920	370 380 420 460 490 520 550 570 620 760 1,000	370 390 410 430 450 460 480 500 570 670 790 880	1,100 1,200 1,500 2,000 2,700 3,400 4,300 4,900 5,700
500,000 1,000,000 2,000,000 5,000,000	5,100 6,100 7,200	4,200 4,900 5,600	3,200 3,800	2,100	2,300				6,800 8,200 10,000

TABLE C. PUBLICATION CUT-OFF POINTS FOR LABOUR FORCE ESTIMATES(a)

	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Aust.
Estimates classified by—			<u></u>						
Aggregate hours worked	5,400	5,400	4,200	3,000	3,000	1,800	2,200	2,400	5,400
Average hours worked	2,300	2,300	1,800	1,300	1,300	800	900	1,000	. 2,300
Average (mean) duration of	,								
unemployment	6.800	6.800	5,300	3,800	3,800	2,300	2,700	3,000	6,800
Median duration of unemployment	9,000	9.000	7,000	5,000	5,000	3,000	3,600	4,000	9,000
All other estimates	4,500	4,500	3,500	2,500	2,500	1,500	1,800	2,000	4,500

⁽a) See paragraphs 6 and 9, pages 34 and 35.

SUPPLEMENTARY AND SPECIAL SURVEYS RELATING TO THE LABOUR FORCE

Although emphasis in the population survey is placed on the regular collection of data on demographic and labour force characteristics, supplementary and special surveys of particular aspects of the labour force are carried out from time to time. The results of these surveys on labour force and related topics are published separately as shown below.

For more information about these publications, contact Susan Purcell on Canberra (062) 52 6503 or any of our State offices.

liative working intumentation interesting	6340.0
uial and Long Service Leave. August 1974: May 1979	
	6317.0
isted and Unassisted Migrants, August 1972; March 1980	3406.0
endance at an Educational Institution, March 1981	(a)
ld Care-May 1969, 1973, 1977; June 1980	4402.0
icational Experience and Intentions Survey, Australia, 1979	4212.0
ployed Married Women in the Labour Force, November 1979 (Queensland)	6203.3
ployment Benefits, February-May 1979	6334.0
ployment Status of Teenagers, August 1978(b)	6234.0
ning and Night Work, November 1976	6329.0
service Personnel, November 1966, 1971; October 1979	4403.0
	6223.0
	6320.0
	6505.0
ome Distribution, Australia, 1978-79:	
	6502.0
IQ171G dails	6523.0
neome omis	6521.0
inclination of the contraction o	6504.0
dypicilicitut y 1 doico	6211.0
	9205.0
integration with and boards, to some of the property of the pr	<i>7203.</i> 0
pour Force Experience—	
During 1968; 1972; 1974; 1975; 1976; 1978; 1979; During the periods February 1980 to February 1981	6206.0
	0200.0
pour Force Status and Educational Attainment, Australia (previously 'The Labour Force: Educational	6235.0
pour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, November 1974; July 1979 and 1980; June 1981(d)	6209.0
Jour Modification 1972, 1 doi was just 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	
grants in the Labour 1 order, 1972 to 1970(a)	6230.0
oltiple Jobholding—	(1)(0
toychioci 1705, riagast 1700 and 1701, may 1771, impur 1771, 1771, 1771, 1771, 1771	6216.0
il-Ochool Glady Courses, but to jos, tragment to the	t listed
	6238.0
	6225.0
sons Not in the Labour Force (including Discouraged Jobseekers)—	
November 1975; May 1977; March 1979; September 1979; March 1980;	
	6220.0
optomout 170B (110mmu)	6219.0
sons Looking for Work—	
May 1976: November 1976; May 1977; July 1978, 1979 and 1980; June 1981	6222.0
(uly 1982 (Preliminary)	6221.0
st School Qualifications of Tradesmen and Other Employed Persons, New South Wales, November 1979	6202.1
nool Leavers, 1970 to 1974: Their Employment Status and Education Experience in May 1975	6226.0
perannuation. Survey of, February 1974	6319.0
rvey of Handicapped Persons, Australia, February-May 1981 (Preliminary)	4342.0
rvey of Persons Registered with the CES as Unemployed, March 1977	6229.0
e Labour Force: Country of Birth and Period of Residence, February 1972	6207.0
ade Union Members, November 1976, March-May 1982	6325.0
ensition From Education to Work (Including leavers from schools, universities, and other	
fucational institutions). Conducted each year since 1964. Previously titled 'Leavers from	
chools Universities and other Educational Institutions'. Latest issue May 1982 (Preliminary)	6227.0
cekly Earnings of Employees (Distribution) August 1975 to August 1981 (annually)	6310.0
TO A THILLIES OF THIS LOS (Tricks of the control of	6328.0
ark Patterns of Employees November 1976	
ork Patterns of Employees, November 1976	6335.0

⁽a) Results of this survey are contained in the Appendix to the May 1981 issue of this publication. (b) Estimates derived from labour force surveys. For more recent estimates, see the relevant tables in this publication. (c) See also Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families (6224.0). (d) See also Family Status and Employment Status of the Population, November 1974 and 1975 (6223.0)

PART 2. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT

EXPLANATORY NOTES

This part contains details of the numbers of employees of government bodies. Figures for months prior to May 1980 were published in *Civilian Employees, Australia* (6213.0) but, as that publication was discontinued following the April 1980 issue (see paragraphs 6 to 11 below), government employment figures are now included in publications 6202.0 and 6203.0.

- 2. Government employees comprise not only administrative employees but also all other employees of government bodies (Commonwealth, State, local and semigovernment) on services such as railways, road transport, banks, postal and telecommunications, air transport, education (including universities, colleges of advanced education, etc.), radio, television, police, public works, factories, marketing authorities, public hospitals (other than those run by charitable or religious organisations) and departmental hospitals and institutions.
- 3. The numbers of employees shown in this part have been derived from returns obtained from government bodies. Generally, Commonwealth government employees are included in the figures if they are on the payroll on the last working day of the month, whereas for State and local government the reporting date is usually the last day of the last pay period ending in the month.
- 4. Data shown for defence forces include all permanent defence personnel in Australia and overseas. Other government employees based overseas are excluded, as are employees of foreign governments in Australia.

Comparability of labour force survey estimates and government employment figures

The government employment figures shown in this part are not strictly comparable with the labour force survey estimates included in Part 1 of this publication and in other ABS publications. Persons in the survey are allocated to an appropriate labour force category according to their activity during the survey week. If they had more than one job in that week only the job in which they usually worked the greater number of hours is considered. The government employment figures are derived from direct returns from government bodies, and although some returns are adjusted to exclude some part-time employees considered to have full-time jobs elsewhere, some persons will be included even though their government job is not their main one. Other reasons for difference are that the survey estimates are subject to sampling variability, and the reference periods of the two collections are different.

Review of ABS employment statistics

6. The two principal series of employment statistics produced by the ABS have been the employment series derived from the labour force survey (based on a sample of households) and the civilian employees series derived from data obtained from employers' payroll records (mainly payroll tax returns, in the case of the private sector). The former series has provided estimates of total

employment and information on the characteristics of employed persons (including employers and selfemployed). The latter has provided estimates for wage and salary earners only, but with a dissection of employment by industry more detailed than that provided by the labour force survey.

- 7. The series have differed in coverage, definition, sources of information, methods of collection and estimation procedures. The survey estimates are subject to sampling variability and both series are subject to nonsampling errors. The payroll-based civilian employees series has suffered from the particular problem that, because of limits below which payroll tax is not levied, no information has been available to the ABS about changes in the employment levels of the large number of smaller businesses which are not liable for payroll tax. Without current information, employment for these small businesses has generally been assumed to vary in proportion to the variation in the employment of larger employers. This assumption has long been regarded by the ABS as unsatisfactory.
- 8. The civilian employees series and the labour force survey series have frequently displayed different movements, but from late in 1979 the survey-based series grew much more rapidly than the payroll-based series. This growing divergence led to the decision by the Australian Statistician in July 1980 that publication of the civilian employees series should be suspended and that the ABS should undertake a review of the series and also of some aspects of the employment series derived from the labour force survey.
- 9. Following the review and discussions held with a number of Commonwealth and State Departments which are users of the statistics, the Statistician concluded that payroll tax returns could no longer provide an adequate basis for estimates of numbers of civilian employees and wages and salaries paid. Instead it would be necessary to conduct a quarterly sample survey of about 20,000 business units in the private sector, to collect information about the number and earnings of their employees. The survey results will be supplemented by the information collected from government bodies.
- 10. The lead time for the development of the survey will be between one and two years. The survey questionnaire and methodology will require field testing, mainly to ensure that response burden and non-sampling errors are kept to a minimum. In addition, the coverage of small businesses in the ABS register of businesses will need to be improved, in order to provide a satisfactory sample frame for the survey.
- 11. For further details on the review of the employment statistics and the future course of action to be followed by the ABS see *Information Paper: Review of ABS Employment Statistics* (6239.0).

Inquiries

12. For more information about these statistics contact Mr Terry Sharp on Canberra (062) 52 6655.

TABLE 41. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES, AUSTRALIA(a) (Excluding Agriculture and services to agriculture) ('000)

		(Civilian employees				
	Common-		Northern			Defence	Total
Month	wealth	State	Territory	Local	Total	forces(b)	Government
			MALES				
1982—							
March	276.1	581.0	7.7	104.2	968.9	68.8	1,037.7
April	275.6	579.9	7.7	104.1	967.3	68.7	1,036.0
May	275.1	581.8	7.7	104.1	968.7	68.6	1,037.3
June	274.7	582.3	7.6	104.5	969.0	68.5	1,037.5
July	273.9	581.2	7.5	104.2	966.8	68.5	1,035.3
August	274.4	580.9	7.5	104.2	967.0	68.4	1,035.4
September	275.0	580.5	7.5	104.1	967.2	68.3	1,035.5
October	275.5	580.0	7.6	104.2 104.3	967.2	68.4 68.3	1,035.6 1,036.0
November	276.2	579.6	7.6 7.5		967.7		1,035.0
December	277.1	577.8	7.3	104.4	966.9	68.1	1,033.0
1983—			•		0.48.8	40.6	1.035.0
January	276.4	578.6	7.6	104.7	967.3	68.5	1,035.8
February	276.7	581.5	7.6	105.7	971.5	68.7	1,040.2
March	276.1	584.5	7.7 7.7	105.8	974.0 076.7	(c)68.7	1,042.7 1,045.2
April	276.9	584.8		107.3	976.7	68.5	1,043.2
			FEMALES				
1982—							
March	128.4	423.7	6.6	28.8	587.6	4.6	592.2
April	128.7	424.3	6.6	28.9	588.5	4.7	593.2
May	128.5	421.8	6.6	28.8	585.8	4.7	590.5
June	127.4	426.9	6.6	28.9	589.9	4.7	594.6
July	128.2	426.1	6.5	29.0	589.8	4.7	594.5
August	128.7	427.5	6.3	28.9	591.4	4.7	596.1
September	129.6	428.2	6.3	29.2	593.4	4.7	598.1
October	130.0	428.7	6.4	29.4	594.5	4.7	599.2
November	130.9	427.6	6.3	29.6	594.3	4.7	599.0
December	131.5	422.1	6.1	29.3	589.1	4.6	593.7
1983—							
January	130.8	410.0	6.3	29.2	576.3	4.6	580.9
February	131.2	423.8	6.4	30.0	591.4	4.6	596.0
March	131.4	428.9	6.3	30.3	596.9	(c)4.5	601.4
April	132.5	431.4	6.5	30.5	600.9	4.5	605.4
			PERSONS				
1982—			_				
March	404.5	1,004.7	14.2	133.0	1,556.5	73.4	1,629.9
April	404.3	1,004.3	14.2	133.0	1,555.8	73.4	1,629.2
May	403.7	1,003.6	14.2	133.0	1,554.5	73.3	1,627.8
June	402.1	1,009.3	14.2	133.4	1,558.9	73.2	1,632.1
July	402.1	1,007.2	14.1	133.2	1,556.6	73.2	1,629.8
August	403.1	1,008.4	13.8	133.1	1,558.4	73.1	1,631.5
September	404.6	1,008.8	13.9	133.3	1,560.5	73.0 73.1	1,633.5
October	405.5	1,008.8	13.9	133.6 133.9	1,561.7 1,562.1	73.1 73.0	1,634.8 1,635.1
November	407.0	1,007.3	13.9	133.9	1,562.1	73.0 72.7	1,628.7
December	408.6	999.9	13.7	133.6	1,330.0	12.1	1,028.7
1983—	407.7	988.5	13.8	134.0	1,543.6	73.1	1,616.7
January	407.2	1,005.3	13.8 14.0	135.7	1,562.9	73.1	1,636.1
February	408.0						
March	407.5	1,013.4	. 14.0	136.1	1,571.0	(c)73.2	1,644.2

⁽a) See Explanatory notes to this section. (b) Permanent defence forces in Australia and overseas. (c) Estimated.

TABLE 42. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES, STATES(a)
(Excluding Agriculture and services to agriculture)
('000)

					(, 00	U) '							
	Commonwealth(b)				State			Local			Total(b)		
Month	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Person	
				NI	EW SOUT	H WALES							
1982—													
March	86.3	40.7	127.0	194.7	147.2	341.9	48.6	9.0	57.5	329.5	196.9	526.	
April	86.1	40.9	127.0	194.2	145.9	340.1	48.7	8.9	57.6	328.9	195.7	524.0	
May	86.1	40.8	126.9	193.6	146.3	339.9	48.7	8.9	57.7	328.4	196.0	524.:	
June	86.0	40.6	126.6	193.8	145.8	339.6	48.7	8.9	57.6	328.5	195.3	523.9	
July	85.4	40.6	126.1	193.6	145.2	338.8	48.4	8.9	57.3	327.4	194.7	522.	
August	85.5	40.8	126.4	193.2	145.1	338.3	48.2	8.8	57.0	326.9	194.7	521.6	
September	85.8	41.2	127.0	193.1	144.9	338.0	48.3	8.9	57.2	327.2	195.0	522.2	
October	85.9	41.2	127.2	192.6	145.2	337.8	48.3	9.0	57.3	326.8	195.4	522.2	
November	86.0	41.4	127.4	191.7	144.3	336.0	48.3	9.0	57.3	326.0	194.8	520.	
December	86.3	41.6	127.9	190.7	142.9	333.6	48.3	9.1	57.4	325.3	193.7	519.0	
1983—													
January	86.1	41.5	127.6	190.9	137.8	328.7	48.6	9.2	57.7	325.6	188.4	514.0	
February	85.8	41.6	127.4	191.7	143.4	335.2	49.0	9.2	58.2	326.6	194.2	520.8	
March	85.6	41.7	127.3	192.1	144.6	336.7	48.9	9.3	58.2	326.6	195.6	522.2	
April	85.8	42.0	127.9	192.0	145.6	337.6	50.0	9.4	59.4	327.8	197.1	524.9	
					VICTO	RIA					······································		
1982—												,	
March	68.8	29.5	98.3	154.6	112.4	267.0	21.0	12.9	33.8	244.3	154.8	399 . 1	
April	68.5	29.4	97.9	153.8	113.1	266.9	20.9	13.0	33.8	243.2	155.5	398.	
May	68.1	29.2	97.3	154.5	113.2	267.7	20.8	12.9	33.8	243.5	155.3	398.7	
June	67.9	28.7	96.5	154.6	114.6	269.1	20.8	12.9	33.7	243.2	156.2	399.4	
July	67.7	28.9	96.6	154.6	114.6	269.2	20.8	13.0	33.8	243.1	156.5	399.7	
August	67.8	29.0	96.8	154.4	115.3	269.7	20.8	12.9	33.7	242.9	157.2	400.1	
September	67.7	29.0	96.7	154.2	116.2	270.4	20.7	13.1	33.9	242.7	158.3	401.0	
October	67.8	29.0	96.8	154.2	116.3	270.5	20.7	13.2	34.0	242.7	158.5	401.2	
November	68.0	29.2	97.2	154.7	116.1	270.8	20.9	13.3	34.2	243.6	158.7	402.2	
December	68.0	29.3	97:4	155.0	115.3	270.4	21.0	13.0	34.0	244.1	157.6	401.7	
1983—													
January	68.2	29.4	97.6	155.4	115.2	270.5	21.0	12.8	33.8	244.6	157.4	402.0	
February	68.4	29.5	97.9	155.7	115.8	271.5	21.1	13.5	34.6	245.2	158.9	404.1	
March	68.2	29.3	97.5	157.1	117.9	275.0	21.1	13.7	34.8	246.5	160.9	407.3	
April	68.4	29.6	98.0	157.4	118.4	275.8	21.5	13.7	35.2	247.2	161.7	408.9	
					QUEENS	LAND							
1982—													
March	31.4	14.7	46.0	97.4	56.6	154.0	19.1	2.8	8.12	147.8	74.1	221.9	
April	31.5	14.8	46.3	97.5	57.4	154.9	19.0	2.8	21.7	148.0	74.9	222.9	
May	31.6	14.9	46.4	99.3	57.8	157.1	19.0	2.7	21.7	149.9	75.4	225.3	
June	31.5	14.7	46.2	99.2	58.2	157.4	19.3	2.9	22.2	150.0	75.8	225.8	
July	31.6	14.9	46.6	98.5	58.0	156.5	19.5	2.9	22.4	149.7	75.8	225.5	
August	31.7	15.0	46.7	98.6	58.3	156.9	19.8	2.9	22.8	150.1	76.2	226.3	
September	31.8	15.2	47.0	98.5	58.1	156.7	19.7	2.9	22.6	150.0	76.3	226.2	
October	31.9	15.4	47.2	98.5	58.0	156.5	19.7	2.9	22.6	150.0	76.3	226.3	
November	31.9		47.4	98.5	57.9	156.4	19.7	2.9	22.6	150.1	76.3	226.4	
December	32.1	15.6	47.7	98.0	56.5	154.5	19.7	2.9	22.6	149.8	75.1	224.9	
1983—			•										
January	31.9	15.4	47.3	98.2	55.8	154.0	19.6	2.9	22.5	149.7	74.1	223.8	
February	31.9	15.4	47.3	99.2	56.9	156.1	19.9	2.9	22.8	151.0	75.3	226.3	
March	31.9	15.4	47.3	99.4	57.7	157.1	19.9	2.9	22.9	151.2	76.1	227.3	
April	32.1	15.6	47.6	99.6	57.9	157.5	20.1	3.1	23.1	151.7	76.5	228.2	

For footnotes see end of table.

TABLE 42. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES, STATES(a)—continued (Excluding Agriculture and services to agriculture) ('000)

	 				(, 00							
	Commonwealth(b)			State			Local			Total(b)		
Month	 Males	Females	- Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Person
	 			SC	OUTH AU	STRALIA						
1982—	•••			•••		00.5						
March	29.3	8.2	37.5	52.6	46.2	98.7	5.4	1.6	7.0	87.3	56.0	143.
April	29.2	8.2	37.4	52.5	46.4	98.8	5.4	1.6	7.0	87.1	56.2	143.
May	29.1	8.3	37.4	52.1	42.8	94.9	5.4	1.6	7.0	86.6	52.7	139.
June	29.1	8.2	37.3	52.5	46.4	98.9	5.4	1.6	7.0	86.9	56.2	143.
July	29.0	8.3	37.3	52.5	46.5	99.0	5.3	1.6	7.0	86.8	56.5	143.
August	29.0	8.3	37.3	52.6	46.7	99.3	5.3	1.6	6.9	86.9	56.6	143.
September	28.9	8.3	37.3	52.5	46.5	99.1	5.3	1.6	6.9	86.7	56.5	143.
October	28.8	8.4	37.2	52.5	46.5	99.0	5.3	1.6	6.9	86.6	56.5	143.
November	28.9	8.4	37.4	52.7	46.8	99.5	5.3	1.7	7.0	86.9	56.9	143.
December	29.0	8.5	37.5	52.2	45.9	98.1	5.3	1.7	7.0	86.5	56.0	142.
1983—	20.0	0.5	27.4		41.0	02.0			7.0	04.1		
January	29.0	8.5	37.4	51.9	41.2	93.0	5.3	1.7	7.0	86.1	.51.3	137.
February	29.0	8.4	37.4	52.6	46.2	98.8	5.3	1.7	7.0	86.9	56.3	143.:
March	28.8	8.4	37.2	53.0	46.5	99.5	5.3	1.7	7.1	87.1	56.6	r143.
April	 28.8	8.5	37.3	53.2	46.9	100.1	5.3	1.7	7.0	87.3	57.1	144.4
				WE	STERN A	USTRALI	Α					
1982												
March	16.1	7.7	23.8	61.3	45.0	106.3	7.3	1.9	9.2	84.7	54.6	139.4
April	16.2	7.8	23.9	61.5	45.3	106.8	7.3	1.9	9.2	85.0	54.9	139.9
May	16.2	7.8	24.0	61.8	45.4	107.2	7.3	1.9	9.2	85.3	55.1	140.4
June	16.2	7.6	23.8	61.9	45.6	107.4	7.3	1.9	9.2	85.3	55.1	140.5
July	16.1	7.7	23.8	61.8	45.4	107.2	7.3	1.9	9.2	85.1	55.0	140.2
August	16.2	7.8	24.0	61.9	45.6	107.5	7.3	1.9	- 9.2	85.4	55.3	140.1
September	16.2	7.8	24.0	62.0	46.0	108.0	7.3	1.9	9.2	85.5	55.7	141.3
October	16.3	7.8	24.1	62.1	46.1	108.2	7.3	1.9	9.2	85.7	55.9	141.0
November	16.3	7.9	24.2	62.1	45.9	108.0	7.3	2.0	9.3	85.7	55.8	141.
December	16.6	7:9	24.5	61.9	45.1	106.9	7.2	2.0	9.2	85.6	55.0	140.
1983												
January	16.2	7.7	24.0	62.2	44.5	106.7	7.3	2.0	9.3	85.7	54.2	139.9
February	16.3	7.8	24.1	62.2	45.7	107.9	7.3	2.0	9.3	85.8	55.4	141.3
March	16.3	7.9	24.2	62.9	46.4	109.3	7.4	2.0	9.3	86.5	56.3	142.8
April	16.3	8.0	24.3	62.7	46.6	109.3	7.4	2.0	9.3	86.4	56.6	143.0
					TASM	ANIA						
1982—								-				
March	7.2	. 2.4	9.6	20.4	16.4	36.8	2.6	0.5	3.1	30.1	19.3	49.4
April	7.1	2.4	9.5	20.4	16.4	36.8	2.6	0.5	3.1	30.1	19.3	49.4
May	7.1	2.4	9.5	20.4	16.4	36.9	2.6	0.5	3.1	30.1	19.3	49.4
June	7.1	2.4	9.5	20.4	16.4	36.8	2.5	0.5	3.1	30.1	19.3	49.3
July	7.1	2.4	9.5	20.2	16.4	36.6	2.5	0.5	3.0	29.8	19.3	49.
August	7.1	2.4	9.5	20.2	16.5	36.7	2.5	0.5	3.1	29.8	19.5	49.
September	7.2	2.4	9.6	20.1	16.5	36.7	2.5	0.5	3.0	29.9	19.5	49.
October	7.2	2.4	9.6	20.1	16.6	36.7	2.5	0.5	3.1	29.8	19.6	49.4
November	7.2	2.4	9.6	20.1	16.5	36.6	2.5	0.5	3.1	29.8	19.5	49.
December	7.2	2.4	9.7	20.0	16.4	36.4	2.5	0.5	3.1	29.8	19.3	49.1
1983—												
January	. 7.2	2.5	9.7	20.0	15.6	35.6	2.6	0.5	3.1	29.8	18.6	48.4
February	7.2	2.5	9.7	20.1	15.7	35.8	2.6	0.5	3.2	29.9	18.8	48.1
March	7.2	2.5	9.7	20.0	15.9	35.9	2.7	0.5	3.2	30.0	18.9	48.9
April	7.2	2.5	9.7	20.0	15.9	35.9	2.7	0.5	3.2	29.9	18.9	48.8

⁽a) See Explanatory notes to this section. (b) Excludes members of the permanent defence forces in Australia and overseas.

TABLE 43. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES—NORTHERN TERRITORY(a)
(Excluding Agriculture and services to agriculture)
('000)

Month	Co	Commonwealth(b)			Northern Territory			Local			Total(b)		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	
1982—	_												
March	2.6	1.2	3.8	7.7	6.6	14.2	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	7.9	18.6	
April	2.6	1.3	3.9	7.7	6.6	14.2	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	8.0	18.6	
May	2.6	1.3	3.9	7.7	6.6	14.2	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	8.0	18.7	
June	2.7	1.3	3.9	7.6	6.6	14.2	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.6	8.0	18.6	
July	2.7	1.3	3.9	7.5	6.5	14.1	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.5	8.0	18.5	
August	2.7	1.3	4.0	7.5	6.3	13.8	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.5	7.8	18.3	
September	2.7	1.3	4.0	7.5	6.3	13.9	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.6	7.8	18.3	
October	2.7	1.3	4.0	7.6	6.4	13.9	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.6	7.8	18.4	
November	2.7	1.3	4.0	7.6	6.3	13.9	0.4	1.0	0.5	10.6	7.8	18.4	
December	2.7	1.4	4.1	7.5	6.1	13.7	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.6	7.6	18.2	
1983—													
January	2.7	1.4	4.1	7.6	6.3	13.8	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.6	7.8	18.4	
February	2.7	1.4	4.1	7.6	6.4	14.0	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.7	7.9	18.6	
March	2.7	1.4	4.1	7.7	6.3	14.0	0.4	0.1	0.5	10.8	7.9	18.6	
April	2.7	1.4	4.1	7.7	6.5	14.2	0.5	0.1	0.6	10.8	8.0.	18.9	

(a) See Explanatory notes to this section. (b) Excludes members of the permanent defence forces in Australia and overseas.

TABLE 44. GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES—AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY(a)
(Excluding Agriculture and services to agriculture)
('000)

	Commonwealth(b)							
Month -	Males	Females	Persons					
1982—								
March	34.4	24.0	58.4					
April	34.3	24.0	58.3					
May	34.2	24.0	58.2					
June	34.3	23.9	58.2					
July	34.2	24.1	58.3					
August	34.4	24.1	58.5					
September	34.7	24.3	59.0					
October	34.9	24.6	59.4					
November	35.1	24.7	59.8					
December	35.1	24.7	59.8					
1983—								
January	35.0	24.5	59.5					
February	35.4	24.7	60.0					
March	35.3	24.8	60.2					
April	35.5	25.0	60.6					

For footnotes, see previous table.

PART 3. JOB VACANCIES

Surveys of job vacancies were conducted in March each year from 1974 to 1978 and quarterly, by telephone, from May 1977 to May 1978, after which they were suspended. The quarterly surveys were reintroduced in May 1979. For further details and estimates for earlier periods see *Job Vacancies, Australia, May 1982* (6231.0).

A job vacancy is defined as a job available for immediate filling on the survey date and for which recruitment action has been taken by the employer. Jobs available only to existing employees of an organisation are excluded. In this context the Australian Public Service and the Public Services of the States and the Northern Territory are treated as 'organisations'.

For more information about these statistics, contact Mr Patrick Stakelum on Canberra (062) 52 6577 or any of our State offices.

TABLE 45. JOB VACANCIES ('000)

				(, 000)					
				AUSTRALIA					
			February 1982	May 1982	August 1982	November 1982	February 1983	May 1983	Standard error
Manufacturing			9.3	4.9	3.7	1.8	2.1	2.2	1.4
Metal products, mac Basic metal and fa			4.9	2.0	1.3	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.1
_ other machinery			3.1	1.2	0.5	0.5	} 0.6	0.8	0.1
Transport equipm Other manufacturing	1.8 4.4	0.9 2.9	0.8 2.4	0.3 1.0) 1.4	1.3	0.3		
Wholesale and retail tr			5.1	3.3	3.6	1.4	2.3	2.8	0.7
Transport and storage			1.4	1.7	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.4	0.1
Public administration;	community serv	ices	9.1	9.4	8.7	8.4	8.8	8.4	0.9
Mining			0.7	0.5	0.6	0.4	3.0	3.7	0.6
Other			7.1	4.8	3.4	3.2	14.0		
Total			33.7	25.3	21.5	16.4	16.9	17.5	1.4
 .		. <u>-</u>	STATES	AND TERR	ITORIES				
Month	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N. T.	A.C.T.	Australia
Total—									
1982— May	9.0	7.6	3.9	1.2	(a)2.2	(a)0.4	0.2	0.8	25.3
•	9.0	7.0	3.7	1.2	(4)2.2	(2)0.4	0.2	0.0	23.3
1983— Eabana	5.8	5.8	1.9	0.7		0.4	0.4	0.6	16.9
February May	6.9	5.3	1.7	1.0	•	(a)0.3	0.3	0.6	17.5
Manufacturing—									
1982 <u> </u>									
May	2.0	1.9	(a)0.5	0.2	(a)0.2	0.1		_	4.9
1983—				_					
February	(a)0.7	(a)1.0	*		0.1	•	_	_	2.1
May	(a)0.6	(a)1.0	•	0.3	•	_		•	2.2
Other industries— 1982—									
May	7.0	5.6	3.4	(a)0.9	(a)2.0	(a)0.4	0.2	0.8	20.4
1983—				(,,-	` ,	, ,			
February	5.0	4.8	1.8	0.6	•	0.3	0.4	0.6	14.9
May	6.3	4.3	1.5	(a)0.8	•	(b)0.3	0.3	0.6	15.4
Private—					•				
1982—									
May	5.3	3.4	2.6	(a)0.8	•	(a)0.1	(a)0.1	•	13.4
1983—	2.7	2.5	(-)0.7	(-\0.2	•	•	•		
February	2.7	2.5	(a)0.7	(a)0.2	•	•	•	(-)0.2	7.2 8.1
May	(a)3.9	(a)1.9	(a)0.7	(a)0.6	•	•	•	(a)0.3	5.1
Government— 1982—									
1982— May	. 3.7	4.2	1.4	0.4	(a)1.1	•	0.2	0.6	11.9
1983—		_			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		- -	- / -	
February	(a)3.1	3.3	1.1	0.5	•	(a)0.3	0.3	0.6	9.8
May	3.1	3.5	1.0	0.4	(a)0.5	0.2	0.3	0.6	9.5

⁽a) Standard error greater than 20 per cent but less than 30 per cent.

Commonwealth of Australia 1983