## CHAPTER V.--LABOUR ORGANIZATIONS.

## § 1. Labour Organizations in Australia.

1. General.-In Labour Report No. 2 an outline was given of the method adopted to ascertain the number of members of laboar organizations in Australia, and tabulated results were included up to the end of 1912. From the beginning of 1913 , quarterly returns were obtained from a considerable number of trade unions, and these were supplemented at the end of each year by special inquiries as to the membership of those unions which, owing to the nature of the callings and industries covered, were unable to 'furnish quarterly returns. The figures shown below are prepared from a special collection of membership at 31st December each year. The affairs of single unions are not disclosed in the published results and this has assisted in securing complete information. The Bureau is indebted to the secretaries of trade unions for their co-operation in supplying information.

In this chapter figures for the years 1955 to 1958 are compared with those for 1939. Particulars for eartier years will be found in previous issues of the Labour Report.
2. Trade Unions.-(i) Types.-The types of trade unions in Australia vary greatly, and range from the small independent association to the large interstate organization, which, in its turn, may be a branch of an international body. Broadly speaking, there are four distinct classes of labour organizations:(i) the local independent; (ii) the State; (iii) the interstate; and (iv) the Australasian or international. The schemes of organization of interstate or federated unions vary greatly in character. In some unions the State organizations are bound together under a system of unification with centralized control, while in others the State units are practically independent and selfgoverning, the federal bond being loose and existing only for one or two specified purposes.
(ii) Number and Membership, States.-The following table gives particulars of the number of separate unions and the number of members at the end of the years 1939 and 1955 to 1958:--

TRADE UNIONS: NUMBER AND MEMBERSHIP.

(a) Without interstate duplication. (See letterpress on p. 149.)
(b) On preceding year.

Nore-Minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

In the table above, under the heading "Number of Separate Unions", a union with members in a State is counted as one union within that State. The figures by States do not add to the Australian total (shown in the last column) because a union represented in more than one State is included in the figure for each State in which it is represented, but is counted only once in the Australian total.

The collection of statistics. relating to the number of branches of trade unions, appearing in issues of the Labour Report prior to No. 39, has been discontinued.
(iii) Number and Membership, Industrial Groups.-The following table shows the number and membership of trade unions in Australia in industrial groups at the end of the years 1955 to 1958 compared with 1939.

TRADE UNIONS: INDUSTRIAE GROUPS, AUSTRALLA.

| Industrial Group. | 1939. | 1955. | 1956. | 1957. | 1958. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of Srparate Untons.(a) |  |  |  |  |  |
| I. Wood, Furniture, etc. | 4 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 7 |
| 11. Engmeering, Metal Works, etc. . | 22 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| III. Food, Drink, Tobacco, etc. .. | 35 | 37 | 35 | 35 | 34 |
| IV. Clothing, Textiles, etc. .. | 12 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| V. Books, Printing. etc. . . . | ${ }^{8}$ | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| V1. Orher Manufacruring .. .- | 37 | 36 | 38 | 38 | 36 |
| VII. Butding $\quad \cdots \quad \cdots$ | 28 | 29 | 29 | 30 | 30 |
| VII. Mining, Quarrying, etc. ${ }_{\text {der }}$ ** | 13 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 12 |
| IX. Railway and Tramway Services . | 29 | 25 | 25 10 | 25 | 25 |
| Xt. Shipping, Wharf Labour, etc. . | 21 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| XII, Pastoral, Agricultural, etc. .- | 5 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| XIIV. Domestic, Hotels, etc. . . $\quad$. | 18 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| (i) Banking, Insurance and Cleri- |  |  |  |  |  |
| (ii) Public Service $\quad \cdots \quad \cdots$ | 20 50 | 19 | 20 63 | 18 | 196 |
| (iii) Retail and Wholesale | 8 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| (iv) Muticipal, Sewerage and <br> Labouting <br> (v) Oiber Miscellaneous | 11 | 10 | 10 57 | 10 | 10 52 |
| Total | 380 | 372 | 375 | 373 | 370 |
| Number of Members. |  |  |  |  |  |
| I. Wood, Furniture, elc. . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 47,678 | 46,081 | 45,460 | 42,631 |
| II. Engincering, Metal Works, etc. | 99,731 | 266,897 | 267,141 | 270,798 | 275,273 |
| 111. Food, Dink, Tobacco, eic. | 80,328 | 106,865 | 105,230 | 107.999 | 110,563 |
| 1V. Clothing Textiles, etc. . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 68,847 | 107,618 | 105,064 | 101,967 | 96,239 |
| V. Books, Printing, elc. . | 22,303 | 45,514 | 42,464 | 43,312 | 45,455 |
| VI. Other Manufacturiog .. | 52,074 | 85,023 | 83,537 | 86,115 | 86.816 |
| VII. Building * .. | 45,651 | 134,224 | 145,448 | 135,541 | 132,492 |
| VIII. Mining, Quarrying, etc. . | 48,812 | 46,641 | 47,081 | 42,221 | 38,332 |
| IX. Railway and Tramway Services | 105,938 | 146.401 | 145,791 | 141,566 | 137,438 |
| X. Other Transport .. | 19,488 | 66,627 | 60,293 | 59,985 | 62,104 |
| XI. Shipping, Wharf Labour, etc. | 28,760 | 41,612 | 39,328 | 38,162 | 38,131 |
| XII. Pastoral, Agricultural, etc. | 40,276 | 66224 | 64.717 | 62,02 | 61,120 |
| XIII. Domestic, Hotels, etc. .- | 13,177 | 37,722 | 38,209 | 39,196 | 40,441 |
| XIV. Miscellaneous- | 39.013 | 114,218 | 110.734 | 112,722 | 110,747 |
| (ii) Public Service $\quad . \quad$. | 89,848 | 203,437 | 209.497 | 216,200 | 227,033 |
| (iii) Retail and Wholesale | 36,290 | 71,583 | 72,635 | 73,238 | 74,736 |
| (jv) Muntcipal, Labouring <br> (v) Other Miscellaneous | 46,552 50,392 | 83,572 134,006 | $\begin{array}{r} 86,231 \\ 141,927 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 87,740 \\ 145,904 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 82,260 \\ 149,407 \end{array}$ |
| Total | 915,470 | 1,801,862 | 1,811,408 | 1,810.154 | 1,811,218 |

(a) Without interstate duplication. See above.
(iv) Numbers of Members and Proportion of Wage and Salary Earners.(a) General.-The following tables show the estimated percentages of wage and salary earners in employment who are merabers of trade unions. As current estimates of wage and salary eamers in employment do not include employees engaged in rural industry or females in private domestic service, the percentages have been calculated on figures obtained by adding to the end of year estimates the numbers of employees in rural industry and female private domestic service recorded at the Census of 30th June, 1954. For this reason and also because the membership of trade unions includes some persons not in employment, the percentages shown in the tables must be regarded as approximations.
(b) States.-The table below shows, for each State and the Northern Territory, the number of males, females and persons who were members of trade unions at 31st December, 1958 and the estimated percentages as described above. In interpreting these, it should be noted that certain employees such as those in professional occupations may not be eligible for membership of a specified union, while others may not reside in a locality covered by a union devoted to their particular trade or occupation. The percentages are not directly comparable with those published in issues of the Labour Report prior to No. 44.

## TRADE UNIONS: NUMBER OF MEMBERS AND PROPORTION OF TOTAL WAGE AND SALARY EARNERS, 31st DECEMBER, 1958.

| State. | Number of Members. |  |  | Proportion of Total Wage and Salary Earners. <br> (Per cent.) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. |
| New South Wales a | 596,417 | 141,443 | 737,860 | 68 | 42 | 61 |
| Victoria | 355,272 | 88,878 | 444,150 | 57 | 35 | 51 |
| Queensland .. | 247,347 | 66,397 | 313,744 | 77 | 64 | 73 |
| South Australia .. | 124,040 | 22,989 | 147,029 | 62 | 34 | 55 |
| Western Australia | 96,637 | 17,857 | 114,494 | 63 | 36 | 57 |
| Tasmania | 43,720 | 7,788 | 51,508 | 60 | 33 | 53 |
| Northern Territory | 2,249 | 184 | 2,433 | 35 | 12 | 30 |
| Australia | 1,465,682 | 343,536 | 1,811,218 | 65 | 41 | 59 |

(a) Includes the Australian Capital Territory.
(c) Australia.-Similar particulars for Australia as at the end of each of the years 1939 and 1955 to 1958 are given in the following table.
TRADE UNIONS : NUMBER OF MEMBERS AND PROPORTION OF TOTAL wage and salary earners, australia.

|  | Year. |  | Number of Members. |  |  | Proportion of Total Wage and Salary Earners. <br> (Per cent.) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Males. | Females. | Persons. | Males. | Females. | Persons. |
| 1939 | * | - | 778,336 | 137,134 | 915,470 | 52 | 24 | 44 |
| 1955 | .. | . | 1,464,016 | 337,846 | 1,801,862 | 68 | 43 | 61 |
| [956 | . | $\cdots$ | 1,470,606 | 340,802 | 1,811,408 | 67 | 43 | 61 |
| 1957 |  | . | 1,463,985 | 346,169 | 1,810,154 | 65 | 42 | 59 |
| 1958 | * | . | 1,465,682 | 345,536 | 1,811,218 | 65 | 41 | 59 |

(v) Classification according to Number of Members.-The following table shows the number and membership of all trade unions in Australia at the end of each of the years 1939 and 1955 to 1958, classified according to size. In this table interstate unions are counted once only.

TRADE UNIONS: CLASSIFICATION ACCORDING TO NUMBER OF MEMBERS, AUSTRALIA.

| Year. | Under <br> $2,000$. | 2,000 <br> and <br> under <br> $5,000$. | 5,000 <br> and <br> under <br> $10,000$. | 10,000 <br> and <br> under <br> $20,000$. | 20,000 <br> and <br> under <br> $30,000$. | 30,000 <br> and <br> under <br> $40,000$. | 40,000 <br> and <br> under <br> $50,000$. | 50,000 <br> and <br> over. | Total. |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Number of Unions.

| 1939 | $\ldots$ | 298 | 41 | 14 | 19 | 5 |  | 3 | 3 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1955 | $\ldots$ | 264 | 43 | 20 | 17 | 10 | 10 | 2 | 6 |
| 1956 | $\ldots$ | 266 | 42 | 22 | 16 | 10 | 10 | 372 |  |
| 1957 | 261 | 42 | 27 | 14 | 10 | 10 | 3 | 6 | 375 |
| 1958 | $\ldots$ | 260 | 42 | 24 | 16 | 10 | 7 | 5 | 6 |

Membership.

| 1939 | 125,565 | 134,204 | 87,077 | 265,710 | 122,519 |  | 180,395 |  | 915,470 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1955 | 134,101 | 134,823 | 140,970 | 222,814 | 243,592 | 358,009 | 91,819 | 475,734 | 1,801,862 |
| 1956 | 132,698 | 126,736 | 153,548 | 211,937 | 235,043 | 350,672 | 136,062 | 464,712 | 1,811,408 |
| 1957 | 128,554 | 122,311 | 194,132 | 186,720 | 232,801 | 358,095 | 131,744 | 455,797 | 1,810,154 |
| 1958 | 130,333 | 130,933 | 178,003 | 217,500 | 242,497 | 248,913 | 215,745 | 447,294 | 1,811,218 |

Proportion of Total Membership. (Per Cent.)

| $1939 \ldots$ | 13.7 | 14.6 | 9.5 | 29.1 | 13.4 | 19.7 |  | 100.0 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $1955 \ldots$ | 7.5 | 7.5 | 7.8 | 12.3 | 13.5 | 19.9 | 5.1 |  |
| 1956 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 8.5 | 11.7 | 13.0 | 19.4 | 7.5 | 10.4 |
| $1957 .$. | 7.1 | 6.8 | 10.7 | 10.3 | 12.8 | 19.8 | 7.3 | 100.0 |
| 1958 | .. | 7.2 | 7.2 | 9.8 | 12.0 | 13.4 | 13.8 | 11.9 |

In the last part of the preceding table the percentage which the membership in each group bears to the total membership of all groups is given. The tendency towards closer organization is evidenced by the fact that although membership of trade unions increased between 1912 and 1958 by 318 per cent., the number of unions having less than 2,000 members considerably decreased, namely, from 360 to 260 . In 1958, 7.2 per cent. of trade union members belonged to unions having less than 2,000 members, as compared with $\mathbf{1 3 . 7}$ per cent. in 1939 and 28.1 per cent. in 1912.
(vi) Interstate or Federated Trade Unions.-The following table gives particulars regarding the number and membership of interstate or federated trade unions having branches in two or more States. The figures include interstate unions registered under the Conciliation and Arbitration Act 1904-1958, as well as federated unions which are not so registered:-

INTERSTATE OR FEDERATED TRADE UNIONS: NUMBER AND MEMBERSHIP.(a)

| Year. | Unions Operating in-m |  |  |  |  | Total. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2 States. | 3 States. | 4 States. | 5 States. | 6 States. |  |

Number of Unions.

|  |  |  | 19 | 7 | 20 | 24 | 42 | 116 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 1939 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 14 | 9 | 21 | 32 | 65 | 141 |
| 1955 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 14 | 8 | 22 | 33 | 66 | 143 |
| 1956 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 15 | 8 | 22 | 33 | 64 | 142 |
| 1957 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 13 | 12 | 20 | 33 | 63 | 141 |
| 1958 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Number of Members:

| 1939 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 30,888 | 33,319 | 120,664 | 209,369 | 361,884 | 756,124 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | ---: |
| 1955 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 34,536 | 59,752 | 144,282 | 420,769 | 925,723 | $1,585,062$ |
| 1956 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 33,864 | 61,257 | 142,799 | 425,861 | 928,870 | $1,592,651$ |
| 1957 | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | 31,281 | 64,510 | 206,839 | 383,194 | 892,089 | $1,577,913$ |
| 1958 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 31,348 | 64,983 | 206,572 | 385,246 | 887,929 | $1,576,078$ |

(o) Cortain unions have, in addition to branches in tho States, beanches in the Northern Territory and in the Australian Capital Tertitory.

The number of organizations operating in two or more States increased from 72 in 1912 to 141 in 1958, and the ratio of the membership of such organizations to the total membership of all organizations rose from 65 per cent. to 87 per cent. during the same period.
3. Central Labour Organizations.-Delegate organizations, consisting of representatives from a group of trade unions, have been established in each of the capital cities, as. well as in a number of other industrial centres. Their revenue is raised by means of a per capita tax on the members of each affiliated union. In the majority of the towns where such central organizations exist, most of the local unions are affliated with the central organization, which is usually known as the Labour or the Trades Hall Council. In Western Australia a unified system of organization extends over the industrial centres throughout the State, and there is a provincial branch of the Australian Labour Party, having a central council and executive, and metropolitan and branch district councils with which the local bodies are affiliated. The central council, on which all district councils are represented, meets periodically. [n the other States, however, the organization is not so close, and though provision usually exists in the rules of the central council in the capital city of each State for the organization of district councils, or for the representation on the central council of the local councils in the smaller industrial centres of the State, the councils in each State are, as a matter of fact, independent
bodies. The following table shows, for each State, the number of metropolitan and district or local labour councils, together with the number of unions and branches of unions affiliated therewith, at the end of the years 1939 and 1955 to 1958.

CENTRAL LABOUR ORGANIZATIONS : NUMBER, AND UNIONS AND BRANCH UNIONS AFFILIATED.

| Year. | N.S.W. | Vic. | Q'land. | S.A. | W.A. | Tas. | N.T. | A.C.T. | Aus. tralia. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |


| Number of Councils. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 11 \\ & 11 \\ & 11 \\ & 11 \end{aligned}$ | 59999 | 613131212 | 26666 | 810101010 | 25555 |  | 11111 | 2755555454 |
| 1955.. | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\because$ |  |  |
| 1956., | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |
| 1957... | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |
| 1958.. | . |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |
| 195.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Numbpr of Unions and. Branch Unions affllated.

| 1939.. |  | 103 | 179 | 79 | 50 | 210 | 59 | ** | 9 | 689 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1955. | $\cdots$ | 287 | 263. | 152 | 132 | 397 | 103 | . | 22 | 1,356 |
| 1956.. | * | 290 | 262 | 161 | 141 | 399 | 103 | $\cdots$ | 22 | 1,378 |
| 1957.. | . | 290 | 273 | 166 | 147 | 403 | 113 | . | 22 | 1,414 |
| 1958. | +* | 297. | 269 | 171. | 150 | 400 | 113 | + | 23 | 1,423 |

The figures regarding number of unions do not necessarily represent separate unions, since the branches of a large union may be affiliated with the local trades councils in the several towns in which they are represented.

Between the trade union and the central organization of unions may be classed' certain State or district councils organized on trade lines and composed of delegates from separate unions whose members' interests are closely connected by reason of their occupations. Delegate councils of bakers, bread carters and mill employees, or of unions connected directly or indirectly with the metal trades, or with the building trades, may be so classed:

A Central Labour Organization, now called the Australian Council of Trade Unions, came into being during 1927. The Council was created to function on behalf of the trade unions of Austratia, and was founded at an All-Australian Trade Union Congress held in Melbourne in May, 1927. The A.C.T.U. consists of affiliated unions and affiliated Metropolitan and/or State Labour Councils and Provincial Councils. The Metropolitan or State Labour Council in each State is the State Branch of the A.C.T.U. and it has the right to appoint one representative to act on the executive of the Council. In addition to the representatives of the State Branches of the A.C.T.U., six delegates are elected by and from Congress, one from each of the following industry groups:Building, Food and Distributive Services, Manufacturing, Metal, Services and Transport. To this Executive are added the four officers, namely, President, two Vice-Presidents, and Secretary, who are elected by and from the Australian Congress of Trade Unions.

The objectives of the A.C.T.U. are the socialization of industry, i.e., production, distribution and exchange, and the utilization of the resources of Australia for the benefit of the people-ensuring full employment, with rising standards of living, real security and full cultural opportunities for all The methods to be adopted are:-the closer organization of the workers by the transformation of the Australian trade union movement from the craft
to an industrial basis, by grouping of unions in their respective industries and by the establishment of one union in each industry; the consolidation of the Australian Labour Movement with the object of unified control, administration, and action; the centralized control of industrial disputes; educational propaganda among unions; and political action to secure satisfactory working-class legislation.

The A.C.T.U. was the first interstate body in Australia with authority to deal with industrial matters of an interstate character affecting the trade union movement generally. It is also the body responsible for submitting to the Commonwealth Government the names of persons suitable for selection as the Australian workers' delegate to the annual International Labour Conference.
4. Organizations Registered under the Conciliation and Arbitration Act.Under Part VIII. of the Conciliation and Arbitration Act 1904-1958, any association of employers in any industry who have, or any employer who has, employed, on an average taken per month, not less than 100 employees during the six months preceding application for registration, and any association of not less than 100 employees in any industry, may be registered.* Registered unions include both interstate associations and associations operating within one State only.

At the end of 1958 the number of employers organizations registered under the provisions of the Act was 60 . The number of unions registered at the end of 1958 was 158 , with membership of $1,466,709$, representing 81 per cent. of the total membership of all trade unions in Australia.

## § 2. International Labour Organization.

1. General.-The International Labour Organization (I.L.O.) was established on 11th April, 1919, as an autonomous institution associated with the League of Nations. Its original constitution was adopted as Part XIII. of the Treaty of Versailles and formed part of other treaties of peace. During the years between its establishment and the outbreak of the 1939-45 War, the I.L.O., with head-quarters at Geneva, played a leading role in promoting the improvement of labour conditions throughout the world.

In 1940, in order to ensure that the I.L.O. should be able to continue to function freely, a working centre was established at Montreal, Canada. In 1946 the Organization became the first of the specialized agencies of the United Nations. Under the terms of agreement, the United Nations recognizes the I.L.O. as a specialized agency having responsibility in the field defined by its constitution, which embraces labour conditions, industrial relations, employment organization, social security and other aspects of social policy. The Organization has three basic parts. These are the International Labour Conference, its highest authority, which as a rule meets annually; the Governing Body, its executive council, which usually meets three times each year; and the International Labour Office, which provides the Secretariat of the Organization. The Conference is composed of delegations from the Member States of the Organization. At the end of 1958 there were 79 Member States, each of which is entitled to be represented by four delegates-two Government, one representing employers and one representing workers, together with their advisers. Each delegate speaks and votes independently, so that all points of view in each country are fully expressed. The Governing Body consists of the representatives

[^0]of twenty governments, and ten employers' and ten workers' representatives. Of the twenty government representatives, half are from the ten countries of major industrial importance and ten are elected by the remaining governments. These latter ten government representatives and the ten employers' and ten workers' titular delegates and the deputy members of the three groups are elected by their groups at the Conference every three years. Particulars are given in previous issues of the Labour Report of the proceedings of International Labour Conferences up to the 40th Session held in Geneva in June, 1957.
2. The International Labour Conference.-(i) General.-These Conferences are composed of government, employer and worker delegations from member countries. The employer and worker delegates to the International Labour Conferences must be chosen, under the provisions of the I.L.O. Constitution, by each Government in agreement with the most representative employer and worker organizations of the country. The principle function of the Conference (which meets at least once a year) is to draft international minimum social and labour standards which take the form of International Labour Conventions and Recommendations.
(ii) Recent Sessions.-Two sessions of the Conference were held in 1958, both in Geneva.

The 41st (Maritime) Session, held in May, was the first maritime session for 12 years, but it had been prepared for by the Preparatory Technical Maritime Conference held in London in 1956. The Australian delegation was:Government delegates, Mr. A. A. L. Brentwood and Captain D. S. Buil; Employers' delegate, Mr. P. W. Haddy; Workers' delegate, Mr. T. Martin; together with their advisers.

The main topics were:-A general revision of the convention of 1949 on wages, hours of work and manning at sea, employment offices for seafarers, the effect on social conditions and safety of flag transfer, medical chests and medical advice by radio to ships at sea, suspension of officers' certificates of competence and general recognition of seafarers' national identity cards.

The 42nd Session was held in June. The Australian delegation was:-Government delegates, Dr. I. G. Sharp and Mr. G. Jockel; Employers' delegate, Mr. C. R. Bunning; Workers' delegate, Hon. A. J. Shard; together with their advisers.

The main topics were:-Discrimination in the field of employment and occupation, conditions of work in plantations, occupational health services, working conditions of fishermen and a general discussion on hours of work.
3. Governing Body.-The Governing Body has 40 members, of whom 20 represent governments, 10 employers throughout the world and 10 workers throughout the world. The Australian Government is a Deputy Member of the government group; Mr. L. C. Burne, President of the Australian Council of Employers' Federations, is a titular member of the employers' group; Mr. A. Monk, President of the A.C.T.U., is a titular member of the workers' group. Mr. P. Shaw, Australian Ambassador in Bonn, represented the Australian Government at the three meetings in March, May and November, 1958; Mr. Burne attended two and Mr. Monk one of these meetings.
4. Industrial Committees.-During 1958, Australia was represented by tripartite delegations, representing the government, the employers and the workers, at two meetings of specialists, both held in Geneva, one (in April) on the textile industry and the other (in December) on the timber industry.
5. I.L.O. Conventions and Recommendations.-(i) General.-An I.L.O. Convention is an international treaty which has to be approved by two-thirds of the delegates at the Conference before it is adopted. As part of their Constitutional obligations as Member States of the Organization, Governments are required to bring Conventions adopted by Sessions of the Conference to the attention of their competent national authorities (Parliament) to be considered for ratification. After a Government ratifies an I.L.O. Convention, not only does it enter into a formal treaty obligation to ensure compliance with its provisions, but also it must report annually to the International Labour Office (the I.L.O. Secretariat) on the measures it is taking to give effect to its provisions, and must furnish copies of these Reports to the national representative workers' and employers' organizations. Countries which do not ratify 'Conventions are still obliged to examine them, to report back to the I.L.O. about the state of their law and practice and give reasons why they have not ratified them.

Recommendations do not require ratification, but Governments are obliged to bring them to the attention of the competent national authorities for consideration. These authorities must in turn weigh the possibility of adopting legislation or taking any other action that may be necessary to give effect to the provisions of Recommendations. A Report describing the way in which these obligations have been discharged must be sent to the I.L.O.

The International Labour Conference, during its 42 Sessions between 1919 and 1958, has adopted 111 Conventions and 111 Recommendations setting forth international minimum standards. These constitute what has become known as the International Labour Code. The Code covers :a wide range of subjects, including wages, hours of work, annual holidays with pay, age of admission to employment, medical examination for fitness for employment, maternity protection, industrial health, safety and welfare, social insurance and assistance, unemployment insurance, compensation for employment injuries, freedom of association, right to organize and bargain collectively, employment conditions of seamen, etc. The Code has played an important part in the improvement of working and living conditions all over the world since 1919.

As far as Australia is concerned, the provisions of the Constitution are such that only the Commonwealth Government, under the " external affairs" power, may ratify international treaties, including I.L.O. Conventions, on behalf of Australia. The Commonwealth Government thus becomes internationally responsible for ensuring their observance. However, the Constitutional division of powers as between the Commonwealth and the States is such that although the subject matter of some I.L.O. Conventions is solely within the legislative competence of the Commonwealth, the subject matter of the great majority is the joint responsibility of the Commonwealth and the States. In the case of this latter category of Conventions it is necessary, before such Conventions can be ratified by Australia, that the law and practice in each State should already be precisely (and not just generally) in accord with their provisions. In addition, the Commonwealth Government has to ensure that its own law and practice in the Northern Territory and the Australian Capital Territory and, in some instances, in the general Commonwealth legislative field as well, are satisfactory. In other words, in respect of most I.L.O. Conventions, the law and practice in nine separate jurisdictions have to be precisely in accord with their provisions before they can be ratified by Australia. Moreover, it has been the policy of the Commonwealth Government since 1919, irrespective of party, not to proceed with ratification of I.L.O. Conventions that concern the States until each of the States has not only introduced satisfactory law and practice, but also formally agreed to ratification by the Commonwealth.

Further, the I.L.O. Constitution provides that I.L.O. Conventions, once ratified by a member country, have to be considered from the point of view of extending the ratification to that country's non-metropolitan territories (where such exist), and a Declaration indicating that country's attitude to such extensions has to be submitted to the I.L.O. In other words, as far as Australia is concerned, once an I.L.O. Convention has been ratified in respect of the mainland, consideration has to be given to its extension to the Territories of Papua and New Guinea, Nauru and Norfolk Island. In passing, it could be added that there are a few I.L.O. Conventions which apply only to nonmetropolitan territories.
(ii) Conventions ratified by Australia.-As at 1st January, 1959, Australia had ratified 20 I.L.O. Conventions- 16 solely of concern to the Commonwealth Government. A summary of the purpose and main provisions of each Convention is given in the following paragraphs.

No. 7-Mininum Age (Sea), 1920.-The main purpose of this Convention is to provide that young persons under the age of 14 years may not be employed or work on vessels, other than vessels upon which only members of the same family are employed. The master of every vessel is required to keep a register of all persons under the age of 16 years employed on board, or to enter their names in the articles of agreement. Work done by children on school or training ships is permitted when approved and supervised by the public authority.

Ratified by Australia 28th June, 1935. (This ratification does not apply to intra-state shipping.)

No. 8-Unemployment Indemnity (Shipwreck), 1920.-The main purpose of this Convention is to ensure to seamen who remain unemployed as the result of the loss or foundering of a vessel an indemnity for the period of unemployment. The total indemnity payable may be limited to two months' wages. The Convention also stipulates that seamen shall have the same remedies for recovering unemployment indemnities as they have for recovering arrears of wages earned during their service.

Ratified by Australia 28th June, 1935. (This ratification does not apply to intra-state shipping, but has been extended to the Territory of Papua and New Guinea.)

No. 9-Placing of Seamen, 1920.-The purpose of this Convention is to abolish fee-charging agencies for finding employment for seamen and to set forth standards for the establishment and operation of an adequate system of public employment offices for finding such employment without charge. The latter are to be organized and maintained either by representative associations of shipowners and seamen jointly under the control of a central authority, or by the Government itself. Committees are to be set up, composed of an equal number of employers' and workers' members, to advise upon the operation of these offices. Certain guarantees are included to protect all parties concerned and to extend the use of available employment facilities to the seafarers of other ratifying States on an equal basis. Each country which ratifies the Convention undertakes to supply to the International Labour Office all available information; statistical or otherwise, concerning unemployed seamen and the operation of seamen's employment exchanges.

Ratified by Australia 3rd August, 1925.

No. 10-Minimum Age (Agriculture), 1921,-The main purpose of the provisions of this Convention is to prohibit the employment of children under 14 years of age in agriculture during school hours and outside school hours on any but light work which is not detrimental either to their health or to their attendance at school. The Convention further stipulates that the total annual period of school attendance shall not be less than eight months.

Ratified by Australia 24th December, 1957.
No. 11-Right of Association (Agriculture), 1921.-This Convention provides that "each Member of the International Labour Organization which ratifies this Convention undertakes to secure to all those engaged in agriculture the same rights of association and combination as to industrial workers, and to repeal any statutory or other provisions restricting such rights in the case of those engaged in agriculture ".

Ratified by Australia 24th December, 1957.
No. 15-Minimum Age (Trimmers and Stokers), 1921.-The purpose of this Convention is to fix at 18 years the minimum age for the admission of young persons to employment on vessels as trimmers or stokers. The term "vessel " includes all ships and boats engaged in maritime navigation except ships of war. The age provision of the Convention does not apply to the work of young persons on school or training ships when this is approved and supervised by the public authority; to their employment on other than steam ships; and to persons of not less than 16 years of age who, if physically fit, may be employed as trimmers and stokers in vessels in the coastal trades of India and Japan, subject to regulations made after consultation with the employers' and workers' organizations concerned. If only trimmers or stokers of between 16 and 18 years of age are available for employment in a given port, then two persons must be employed to fill each vacancy. The master of every vessel is required to keep a register of all persons under the age of 18 years employed on board, or to enter their names in the articles of agreement. The latter must also contain a brief summary of the provisions of the Convention.

Ratified by Australia 28th June, 1935. (This ratification does not apply to intra-state shipping.)

No. 16-Medical Examination of Young Persons (Sea), 1921.-The purpose of this Convention is to ensure that the employment of young persons of less than 18 years of age on any vessel, other than vessels in which only members of the same family are employed, is conditional on the production of a medical certificate attesting fitness for the work, which is valid for a maximum period of 12 months. In urgent cases, young persons are permitted to embark without a certificate but they must undergo a medical examination at the vessel's first port of call.

Ratified by Australia 28th June, 1935. (This ratification does not apply to intra-state shipping.)

No. 21-Inspection of Emigrants, 1926.-This Convention aims at securing that the official inspection carried out for the protection of emigrants on board ship shall be undertaken by not more than one Government at a time, and preferably by the Government of the country whose flag the vessel flies. The Convention specifies, furthermore, what shall be the duties of this single inspection service, and stipulates that the inspectors shall not in any case be directly or indirectly connected with the shipowner or shipping company.

Ratified by Australia 18th April, 1931.

No. 22-Seamen's Articles of Agreement, 1926.-The purpose of this Convention is to ensure that articles of agreement be signed, under adequate supervision by the competent national authority, by the shipowner or his representative and the seafarer. The agreement, which may be for a definite period or for a single voyage or, if national law permits, for an indefinite period, must contain certain specified particulars and state clearly the respective rights and obligations of both parties; if a crew list is required to be carried on board, the agreement must be either recorded therein or appended thereto, and appropriate measures must be taken to enable clear information to be obtained on board as to the conditions of employment. The Convention also lays down the conditions under which an agreement may be terminated by either party, and stipulates that every seafarer must be given a document drawn up in conformity with national law containing a record of his employment on board but making no reference to the quality of his work or to his wages.

Ratified by Australia 1st April, 1935.
No. 26-Minimum Wage-Fixing Machinery, 1928.-This Convention provides that any country which ratifies it shall undertake to create or maintain machinery whereby minimum rates of wages can be fixed for workers employed in certain of the trades or parts of trades in which no arrangements exist for the effective regulation of wages by collective agreement or otherwise and wages are exceptionally low.

Ratified by Australia 9th March, 1931.
No. 27-Marking of Weight (Packages Transported by Vessels), 1929.The purpose of this Convention is to ensure that any package or object of one thousand kilograms (one metric ton) or more gross weight consigned within the territory of any Member which ratifies the Convention for transport by sea or inland waterway shall have had its gross weight plainly and durably marked upon it on the outside before it is loaded on a ship or vessel.

Ratified by Australia 9th March, 1931. (This ratification has been extended to the Territories of Papua and New Guinea, Nauru and Norfolk Island.)

No. 29-Forced Labour, 1930.-This Convention provides that the countries which ratify it shall undertake to suppress the use of forced or compulsory labour in all its forms within the shortest possible period. With a view to this complete suppression, recourse to forced or compulsory labour may be had, during the transitional period, for public purposes only and as an exceptional measure, subject to the conditions and guarantees laid down in the Convention. The Convention defines "forced or compulsory labour " as "all work or service which is exacted from any person under the menace of any penalty and for which the said person has not offered himself voluntarily ". The Convention provides, furthermore, that forced or compulsory labour shall not include certain specified activities relating to civic, community and military obligations.

The Convention also lays down that the competent authority shall not impose or permit the imposition of forced or compulsory labour for the benefit of private individuals, companies or associations.

Ratified by Australia 2nd January, 1932. (This ratification has been extended to the Territories of Papua and New Guinea, Nauru and Norfolk Island.)

No. 45-Underground Work (Women), 1935.-The purpose of this Convention is to prohibit the employment of a female, whatever her age, on underground work in any undertaking, whether public or private, for the
extraction of any substance from under the surface of the earth. Nationat laws or regulations may, however, exempt from the above prohibition (a) females bolding positions of management who do not perform manual work; (b) females employed in health and welfare services; (c) females who, in the course of their studies, spend a period of training in the underground parts of a mine; and (d) any other females who may occasionally have to enter the underground parts of a mine for the purpose of a non-manual occupation.

Ratified by Australia 7th October, 1953. (This ratification has been extended to the Territory of Papua and New Guinea.)

No. 57-Hours of Work and Manning (Sea), 1936.-This Convention has not yet received the required number of ratifications for entry into force. It regulates, apart from certain specified exceptions, the hours of work on board vessels which are employed in the transport of cargo or passengers for the purpose of trade and engaged on international voyages. The prescribed limits on hours to be worked vary according to the classification of the persons concerned; the size of the vessel, etc., but, in general, the limits do not exceed eight hours in the day. All time worked in excess of the limits of hours prescribed or permitted in the Convention is to be regarded as overtime for which compensation is to be paid. Consistent working of overtime is precluded. No person under the age of 16 is to work at night. The Convention also provides that every vessel of over 700 tons shall be sufficiently and efficiently manned for the purposes of safety of life at sea and making possible the application of the rules relating to hours set forth in the Convention, and to this end sets forth minimum requirements as to manning. This Convention has been revised by Conventions Nos. 76 (1946), 93 (1949), and 109 (1958), of which Australia has ratified Nos. 76 and $93-$ see below:

Ratified by Australia 24th September, 1938.
No. 63-Statistics of Wages and Hours of Work, 1938.-This Convention requires ratifying countries to undertake to compile statistics and publish and communicate to the I.L.O. certain data relating to wages and hours of work. Part II. of the Convention deals with statistics of average earnings and of hours actually worked in mining and manufacturing industries; Part III. relates to statistics of time rates of wages and of normal hours of work in mining and manufacturing industries; Part IV. relates to statistics of wages and hours of work in agriculture. Any country which ratifies the Convention may exclude from its acceptance of the Convention any one of these Parts, or Parts II. and IV., or Parts III. and IV.

Ratified by Australia 5th September, 1939. (Australia has excluded Part II. from its acceptance of the Convention.)

No. 76-Wages, Hours of Work and Manning (Sea), 1946.-This Convention, which has been ratified by Australia alone, and has not yet received the required number of ratifications for entry into force, is a complete revision of Convention No. 57-Hours of Work and Manning (Sea)-see above. It provides, subject to certain adjustments, that the basic pay or wages for a calendar month of service of an able seaman employed in a vessel to which the Convention applies shall not be less than $£ 16$ sterling or $\$ 64$ U.S. or the equivalent thereof in other currency. The Convention also revises the provisions of Convention No. 57 with regard to hours of work and manning in order to make them more flexible. This Convention has been revised by Conventions Nos. 93 (1949) and 109 (1958). Australia has ratified No. $93-$ see below.

Ratified by Australia 25th January, 1949. (This ratification has been extended 'to the Territories of Papua and New Guinea, Nauru and Norfolk Island.)

No. 80-Final Articles Revision, 1946.-This Convention provides for the partial revision of the Conventions adopted by the General Conference of the I.L.O. at its first 28 Sessions for the purpose of making provision for the future discharge of certain chancery functions entrusted by the said Conventions to the Secretary-General of the League of Nations and introducing therein certain further amendments consequential upon the dissolution of the League of Nations and the amendment of the Constitution of the I.L.O.

Ratified by Australia 25th January, 1949. (This ratification has been extended to the Territories of Papua and New Guinea, Nauru and Norfolk Island.)

No. 85-Labour Inspectorates (Non-Metropolitan Territories), 1947.-This Convention provides that labour inspection services consisting of suitably trained inspectors shall be maintained in non-metropolitan territories. It also provides that workers and their representatives shall be afforded every facility for communicating freely with the inspectors, that inspectors shall be required to inspect conditions of employment at frequent intervals and that inspectors shall be authorized by law to exercise certain specified powers. Provision is made for inspectors to be prohibited from having an interest in the undertakings under their supervision, for the protection of manufacturing or commercial secrets or working processes, and for the inspectors to treat as absolutely confidential the source of any complaint of defect or breach of legal provisions.

Ratified by Australia 30th September, 1954. (In ratifying this Convention, the Government of the Commonwealth of Australia declared that it would apply the Convention to the Territory of Papua and New Guinea subject to certain modifications. The Government also declared that the Convention was inapplicable in respect of Norfolk Island and that it reserved its decision in respect of the application of the Convention to the Territory of Nauru.)

No. 88-Employment Service, 1948.-This Convention deals with the maintenance of a free public employment service consisting of a national system of local and, where appropriate, regional employment offices under the directionof a national authority. The Convention provides for appropriate review and revision of the system and for the co-operation of representatives of employers and workers in the organization and operation of the employment service and in the development of employment service policy. It also sets out measures which may be undertaken by the service to ensure effective recruitment and placement of workers.

Ratified by Australia 24th December, 1949.
No. 93-Wages, Hours of Work and Manning (Sea)-Revised, 1949.-This Convention bas not yet received the required number of ratifications for entry into force. It is a partial revision of Convention No. 76-Wages, Hours of Work and Manning (Sea) (see above), provisions of which it revises largely in order to make them more flexible.

Ratified by Australia 3rd March, 1954. (This Convention has been revised by Convention No. 109-Wages, Hours of Work and Manning (Sea)-Revised, 1958, which has not been ratified by Australia.)

Section I.
SXDNEY: AVERAGE RETAIL PRICES(a) OF FOOD AND GROCERY ITEMS DURING EACH MONTH OF THE YEAR, 1958.

| Item. | Unit. | January. | February. | March. | April. | May. | June. | July. | August. | September. | October. | November. | December. | Average, 1958. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Groceries, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bread(b) ${ }_{\text {etc.- }}$ | 2 [6. | ${ }_{17.30}^{\text {d. }}$ | 17.3. 30 | ${ }_{17}^{\text {d. }} 30$ | ${ }_{17.30}^{\text {d. }}$ | ${ }_{17.30}$ | ${ }_{17.30}^{\text {d. }}$ | ${ }_{16.30}^{\text {d. }}$ | ${ }_{16.30}^{\text {d. }}$ | ${ }_{\text {d. }}^{\text {d. }}$ (8.30 | ${ }_{16.30}^{\text {d. }}$ | ${ }_{16.3}^{\text {d. }}$. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | d. 15.80 | 16.76 |
| Flour, plain |  | 19.15 | 19.35 | 19.35 | 19.35 | 19.40 | 19.40 | 18.60 | 18.65 | 18.65 | 18.75 | 18.75 | 18.15 | 18.96 |
| " self-raising .. | * | 25.70 | 25.30 | 25.50 | 2525 | 24.60 | 24.50 | 23.65 | 23.65 | 23.45 | 23.35 | 23.35 | 22.55 | 24.25 |
| Tea ... . | 16. | 77.25 | 77.25 | 77.70 | 77.75 | 79.45 | 80.65 | 80.65 | 80.65 | 80.65 | 80.65 | 78.70 | 78.70 | 79.17 |
| Sugar |  | 10.10 | 10.10 | 10.10 | 10.10 | 10.10 | 10.10 | 10.10 | 10.10 | 10.10 | 10.10 | 10.10 | 10.10 | 10.10 |
| Rice $\quad \cdots$ | " | 11.94 | 11.94 | 11.94 | 11.94 | 11.94 | 11.94 | 11.94 | 11.94 | 11.94 | 11.94 | 11.88 | 11.88 | 11.93 |
| Tapioca, seed | $1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{B}$ | 18.25 | 19.06 | 17.17 | 17.17 | 16.89 | 16.89 | 16.89 38 | 1689 | 16.89 | 16.89 | 16.89 | 16.89 | 17.23 |
| Gam, plum | $\frac{1}{1} 16$. | 38.40 | 38.10 | 38.10 20.95 | 38.00 | 38.00 21.05 | 38.00 21.05 | 38 2100 2105 | 38.00 21.05 | 38.00 21.05 | 38.00 21.05 | 38.00 21.05 | 38.00 21.05 | 3805 |
| Oats, laked | 16. | 11.71 | 12.07 | 12.15 | 12.15 | 12.06 | 12.04 | 1204 | 1200 | 12.00 | 11.83 | 11.83 | 11.83 | 11.98 |
| Raisins, seeded | " | 32.00 | 32.38 | 32.38 | 32,38 | 32.56 | 32.56 | 32.69 | 32.69 | 32.69 | 32.69 | 3269 | 32.29 | 32.50 |
| Currants . | - | 2700 | 27.00 | 27.00 | 27.30 | 27.20 | 27.20 | 2720 | 27.60 | 28.00 | 27.83 | 27.83 | 27.83 | 27.42 |
| Apricots, dried |  | 66.00 | 66.00 | 66.00 | 73.50 | 74.10 | 74.10 | 74. 10 | 74.10 | 74.10 | 74.10 | 8063 | 80.63 | 73.11 |
| Peaches, canned | $29 \% 8$. | 4970 | 49.90 | 49.50 | 48.65 | 47.65 | 47.45 | 47.45 | 4685 | 47.05 | 47.05 | 4705 | 4705 | 47.95 |
| Peats, canned |  | 48.30 | 48.40 | 48.40 | 47.05 | 45.60 | 45.40 | 44.55 | 44.25 | 44.45 | 4445 | 44.45 | 4445 | 45.81 |
| Potatoes .- | 7 mb . | 37.20 | 38.30 | 36.13 | 36.13 | 33.73 | 3405 | 33.60 | 34.70 | 33.03 | 46.09 | 35.75 | 37.58 | 36.36 |
| Onjons, brown | Ib. | 6.60 | 7.00 | 6.90 | 6.85 | 7.20 | 7.45 | 6.50 | 6.20 | 6.30 18.67 | 6.40 | 6.20 | 7.70 | 6.78 |
| Soap ${ }^{\text {Kerosene }}$ | art | 18.67 | 18.73 9.15 | 18.73 | 18.73 | 18.67 9.04 | 18.67 9.04 | 18.67 9.04 | 18.67 9.04 | 18.67 9.11 | 18.67 9.21 | 19.24 | 1934 | 18.79 |
| Dairy Produce- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Butter, factory | Jb. | 53.85 | 53.85 | 53.85 | 53.50 | 53.65 | 53.65 | 55.45 | 55.65 | 55.65 | 55.65 | 55.65 | 55.65 | 54.67 |
| Cheese, mild |  | 41.40 | 41.40 | 41.40 | 41.40 | 41.40 | 41.40 | 4217 | 42.17 | 42.17 | 42.17 | 42.17 | 42.17 | 41.79 |
| Eggs, new laid -. | doz. | 72.00 | 78.00 | 78.00 | 78.00 | 78.00 | 78.00 | 7800 | 6600 | 59.50 | 66.00 | 72.00 | 72.00 | 72.96 |
| Bacon, rashers Milk, condensed | 14 lbz . tin | 83.43 23.60 | 83.00 23.60 | 83.00 23.60 | 83.00 23.60 | 82.64 23.40 | 81.57 24.25 | 81.57 24.45 | 81.57 24.65 | 80.43 24.65 | 80.43 24.65 | 79.71 24.65 | 79.71 24.65 | 81.67 24.15 |
| $n$ fresh, bottledibs | quart | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 |
| Meat- <br> Beef, sirloin <br> tib | tb. | Marc | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Qual ter, } \\ & \mathbf{4 8 . 8 5} \end{aligned}$ | $1958 .$ |  | Quarter, | 8. | Septe | $\begin{aligned} & \text { er Quart } \\ & \mathbf{4 8 . 3 3} \end{aligned}$ | $\text { r, } 1958 .$ | Decen | $\begin{gathered} \text { ber Quarter, } \\ 48.92 \end{gathered}$ | $1958 .$ | 48.53 |
| " bone) .. | " |  | 39.53 |  |  | 38.10 |  |  | 36.50 |  |  | 37.73 |  | 37.97 |
| , steak, rump .. | " |  | 63.53 |  |  | 62.77 |  |  | 62.37 |  |  | 64.00 |  | 63.17 |
| ** ${ }^{\text {cher chuck .. }}$ | " |  | 32.47 |  |  | 31.83 |  |  | 32.30 |  |  | 32.77 |  | 32. 34 |
| " sausages (corned) silver. | * |  | 23.00 |  |  | 23.20 |  |  | 23.30 |  |  | 23.43 |  | 23.23 |
| " (corned) side |  |  | 38.47 |  |  | 37.33 |  |  | 36.47 |  |  | 38.20 |  |  |
| ") ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ brisket | " |  | 26.70 |  |  | 24.10 |  |  | 24.17 |  |  | 26.07 |  | 25.26 |
| Mutton, leg | " |  | 24.50 |  |  | 23.60 |  |  | 22.47 |  |  | 22.33 |  | 23.23 |
| " forequarter | " |  | 16.04 |  |  | 15.85 |  |  | 15.30 |  |  | 15.37 |  | 15.64 |
| ") loin ... | n |  | 25.07 |  |  | 24.57 |  |  | 24.03 |  |  | 24.10 |  | 24.44 |
| * chops, loip | " |  | 25.03 |  |  | 24.57 |  |  | 24.00 |  |  | 23.70 |  | 24.33 |
| " ${ }^{*}$ " leg | " |  | 26.43 |  |  | 25.97 |  |  | 25.33 |  |  | 25.10 |  | 25.71 |
| Pork, leg . | $\because$ |  | 58.67 |  |  | 56.13 |  |  | 56.10 |  |  | 58.43 |  | 57.33 |
| $n$ loin | * |  | 57.38 |  |  | 55.73 |  |  | 56.43 |  |  | 58.00 |  | 56.89 |
| * chops | " |  | 57.52 |  |  | 55.27 |  |  | 56.03 |  |  | 37.07 |  | 56.47 |

SECTION I.-continued.
MELBOURNE : AVERAGE RETAIL PRICES(a) OF FOOD AND GROCERY ITEMS DURING EACH MONTH OF THE YEAR, 1958.

| Item. | Unit. | January. | February. | March. | April. | May. | June. | Iuly. | August. | September. | October. | November. | December. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Averase, } \\ & 1958, \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Groceries, etc.- |  | ${ }^{\text {d. }} 0$ | d. | ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | ${ }^{\text {a }}$. | ${ }^{\text {d }}$. | ${ }^{\text {d. }}$ | ${ }^{\text {d. }}$ | d. 0 | d. | ${ }^{\text {d. }}$. 0 | d. | d. | d. |
| Bread (b) ${ }^{\text {F }}$ | 2 lb . | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.50 | 16.04 |
| Flour, plain ${ }_{\text {selforaising }} \ldots$ | * | 11.72 20.45 | 11.69 20.45 | 11.69 20.45 | 11.69 | 11.69 20.45 | 11.69 20.45 | 11.79 20.45 | 11.79 20.45 | 11.79 20.45 | 1225 | 12.25 20.45 | 12.25 20.65 | 11.86 |
| Teä $\quad \cdots$ | 13. | 79.40 | 79.20 | 79.00 | 78.75 | 78.75 | 78.75 | 78.70 | 81.40 | 81.40 | 80.65 | 79.45 | 79.25 | 79.56 |
| Sugar | * | 10.00 | 10.00 | 1000 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 1000 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| Rice |  | 11.90 | 11.90 | 11.90 | 11.80 | 11.80 | 11.80 | 11.80 | 11.80 | 11.80 | 11.80 | 11.80 | 11.80 | 11.83 |
| Tapioca, seed |  | 16.64 | 16.43 | 16.25 | 15.83 | 15.67 | 15.67 | 14.56 | 14.56 | 13.50 | 13.56 | 13.56 | 13.56 | 14.98 |
| Jam, plum | $1{ }^{\prime \prime} 1 \mathrm{lb}$. | 31.55 | 31.67 | 31.67 | 31.33 | 31.33 | 31.22 | 31.22 | 31.22 | 31.22 | 31.22 | 30.69 | 30.69 | 3125 |
| Oass, flaked $\quad \because$ | 1b. | ${ }^{21} 8.81$ | 20.75 9.46 | 10.06 | 9.88 | 9.94 | 10.04 | 10.43 | 10.43 | 10.43 | 20.35 10.30 | 20.30 10.30 | 20.35 10.30 | 10.33 |
| Raisins, seeded | db. | 30.83 | 31.00 | 31.00 | 30.83 | 31.28 | 31.50 | 31.72 | 31.32 | 31.72 | 30.89 | 30.89 | 30.89 | 31.19 |
| Currants |  | 25.88 | 26.25 | 2625 | 26.33 | 26.75 | 26.75 | 26.75 | 26.75 | 26.75 | 26.75 | 27.25 | 26.50 | 26.58 |
| Apricots, dried |  | 63.00 | 63.00 | 7000 | 69.25 | 69.25 | 69.25 | 69.00 | 69.00 | 69.00 | 69.00 | 69.00 | 69.00 | 68.15 |
| Peaches, canned | $29^{\circ \prime} \mathrm{Oz}$ | 45.10 | 45.05 | 45.15 | 44.65 | 43.80 | 43.35 | 43.05 | 43.05 | 43.05 | 41.45 | 41.30 | 41.00 | 43.33 |
| Pears, canned | 7 IL | 40.90 | 40.80 | 40.80 | 40.50 | 39.55 | 38.95 | 38.65 | 38.65 | 38.65 | 37.10 | 36.90 | 36.50 | 39.00 |
| Potatoes .. | 716. | 33.88 | 32.88 | 31.30 | 28.79 | 2857 | 28.57 | 27.57 | 28.07 | 27.57 | 34.38 | 36.75 | 41.11 | 31.62 |
| Onions, brown | tb. | 8.33 | 7.33 | 7.54 | 7.67 | 787 | 771 | 7.91 | 7.13 | 7.00 | 6.67 | 6.67 | 6.54 | 7.36 |
| Soap ${ }_{\text {Kerosene }} \times$ |  | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 18.90 | 18.90 | 18.83 | 18.83 | 18.83 | 18.83 | 18.74 | 19.24 | 19.24 | 18.95 |
| Kerosene . . | quart | 8.85 | 885 | 8.85 | 8.85 | 8.85 | 8.85 | 8.80 | 8.80 | 8.80 | 8.81 | 8.81 | 8.81 | 8.83 |
| Dairy Produce- Butter, factory | 16. |  | 54.55 |  |  | 54.05 |  |  | 56.10 |  | 55.75 | 35.60 | 5560 | 55.10 |
| Cheese, mild $\quad .$. |  | 40.00 | 40.25 | 40.25 | 40.25 | 40.25 | 40.25 | 41.25 | 41.25 | 42.00 | 40.75 | 40.75 | 40.75 | 40.67 |
| Eggs, new laid | doz. | 7000 | 70.10 | 74.30 | 74.30 | 74.30 | 73.70 | 73.70 | 55.90 | 49.60 | 49.60 | 62.60 | 69.40 | 66.46 |
| Bacon, rashers | 16. | 80.50 | 80.50 | 80.50 | 80.86 | 80.86 | 80.86 | 80.43 | 80.43 | 80.43 | 80.43 | 80.43 | 80.43 | 80.56 |
| Milk, condensed (i) | 14 oz tip | 23.20 | 23.20 | 22.95 | 22.60 | 22.60 | 22.80 | 23. 10 | 23.10 | 23.25 | 22.50 | 22.50 | 22.50 | 22.86 |
| , fresh, bottled(b) | quart | 1830 | 18.50 | 18.50 | 18.50 | 18.50 | 18.50 | 18.50 | 18.50 | 1850 | 18.50 | 18.50 | 18,50 | 18.50 |
| Meat- <br> Beef, strioin | lb. | March Quarter, 1958.$44.00$ |  |  | June Quarter, 1958. 44.83 |  |  | September Quarter, 1958. 45.23 |  |  | December Quarter, 1958. |  |  | 44.94 |
| " bone) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | " | $42.97$ |  |  | 43.13 |  |  | 42.77 |  |  | 43.93 |  |  | 43. 20 |
| , steak, rump |  | 63.37 |  |  | 63.47 |  |  | 65.17 |  |  | 67.23 |  |  | 64.81 |
| " $\quad$ \% chuck | " | 23.09 |  |  | 34.23$\mathbf{2 3 . 1 3}$ |  |  |  | 35.00 |  |  | 35.13 |  | 34.57 |
| $\stackrel{\text { " sausages }}{ }$ (corned) silver- | " |  |  |  | 23.17 | 23.13 |  |  | 23.13 |
| " (corned) siver- |  | 42.90 |  |  |  |  |  | 42.33 |  |  | 42.97 |  |  | 44.47 |  |  | 43.17 |
| " brisket.. | " | 25.63 |  |  | 28.40 |  |  | 30.3325.46 |  |  |  |  |  | 29.23 |
| Mutton, leg .. | " |  |  |  | 26.7516.62 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26.08 |
| " forequarter | " | 16.2925.00 |  |  |  |  |  | 26.4617.10 |  |  | 17.19 |  |  | 16.80 |
| " loin no.* | - |  |  |  | 25.67 |  |  | 25.17 |  |  | 25.17 |  |  | 25.25 |
| " chops, loin | " | 24.46 |  |  |  | 25.04 |  |  | 25.21 |  |  | 25.71 |  | 25.11 |
| Pori, 1en ${ }^{\text {a }}$ leg | " | $\begin{aligned} & 28.59 \\ & 56.53 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 29.54 |  |  | 28.88 |  |  | 29.13 |  |  | 29.04 |
| Pork, leg ${ }^{\text {loin }}$. $\quad$. | " | 57.63 |  |  | 57.70 |  |  | 56.87 |  |  | 57.33 |  |  | 56.23 58 |
| $\because{ }_{*}^{*}$ chops $\quad \cdots$ | " | 56.63$\mathbf{5 7} .43$ |  |  |  |  |  | 59.4059.63 |  |  | 59.27 |  |  | \$88.41 |

(a) Io some cases the averages thown are price relativen.
(b) Delivered.
brisbane : average retall prices $(a)$ OF food and grocery tem duding each month or the year, 1958.

| Item. | Unit. | January. | February. | Marcb. | April. | May. | June. | Iuly. | August. | September. | October. | Novernbes. | December. | Average, 1958. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Grocrices etce- |  | 15.50 | ${ }^{\text {d. }}$. 5 | ${ }_{1}{ }^{\text {d }}$. | ${ }^{\text {d. }}$. | ${ }^{\text {d. }}$. | ${ }^{\text {d }}$. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | ${ }^{\text {d }}{ }_{\text {d }}$ | ${ }^{\text {d. }}$. | 15.00 | ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 15.00 | ${ }^{4} .00$ | 15. 33 |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Bread (b) }}$ Flour, plain $\quad \because$ | 2 ls. | 15.50 11.20 | 15.50 | 15.50 11.55 | 15.50 | 13.50 11.55 | 15.50 11.55 | 15.50 | 15.50 11.55 | 15.00 | 15.00 11.45 | 15.09 11.45 | 15.00 | 15.33 11.49 |
| -* delf-raising .. | $1{ }^{1}$ | 20.05 | 20.15 | ${ }^{20.20}$ | 20.20 | 20.20 | 20.20 | 20.20 | 20.10 | 19.90 | 19.95 | 19.95 | 19.90 | 20.08 |
| Tëa $\quad .$. | 16. | 74.20 | 74.30 | 74.70 | 74.70 | 74.70 | 74.70 | 77.00 | 77.75 | 77.70 | 77.70 | 77.70 | 77.70 | 76.07 |
| Sugar |  | 9.95 12.00 | 9.93 <br> 12.00 | 9.93 12.00 | 9.93 12.00 | 9.93 12.00 | 9.93 12.00 | 9.93 12.00 | ${ }^{9.93}$ | 9.93 12.00 | $\begin{array}{r}9.93 \\ 12.00 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 12.93 | 9.93 12.00 | 9.93 12.00 |
| Tapioca, eeed |  | 14.50 | 13.86 | 14.38 | 14.38 | 14.38 | 14.25 | 14.38 | 14.38 | 14.38 | 14.63 | 14.63 | 14.63 | 14.40 |
| Jam, plum . . | $1+16$. | 33.60 | 33.80 | 33.80 | 33.80 | 33.80 | 34.10 | 34.00 | 34.00 | 34.00 | 34.00 | 34.00 | 33.95 | 33.95 |
| Golden Symup .. | 2 lb . | 18.95 | 18.95 | 18.95 | 18.95 | 18.95 | 18.95 | 18.95 | 18.95 | 18.95 | 18.95 | 18.95 | 18.95 | 18.95 |
| Oaty, faked | 16. | 11.79 28.65 | 12.10 | 12.43 <br> 28 | 12.43 | 12.43 | 12.38 | 12.47 | ${ }_{29}^{12.47}$ | 12.49 | 12.49 30 | 12.49 30.44 | 12.49 30.44 | 12.37 29.52 |
| Currants | ", | 24.26 | 24.26 | 24.34 | 24.46 | 24.46 |  | 25.36 | 25.38 | 29.55 | 25.77 | 25.77 | 25.77 | 25.04 |
| Apricots, dried |  | 60.00 | 59.00 | 63.83 | 63.83 | 63.83 | 63.83 | 62.50 | 62.50 | 62.50 | 62.50 | 62.50 | 62.50 | 62.44 |
| Peaches, canned | 29 oz . | 46.05 | 45.90 | 45.90 | 45.90 | 45.90 | 45.30 | 44.95 | 44.65 | 44.80 | 44.70 | 44.70 | 44.15 | 45.24 |
| Pears, canned |  | 43.35 37.80 | 43.25 42.00 | 48.25 38.65 | 42.95 36.60 | 42.95 27.20 | 42.30 31.85 | 42.10 36.75 | 42.10 35.70 | 41.55 43.05 | 41.65 54.95 | 41.65 29.85 | 41.70 37.45 | 42.40 37 |
| Potatoes ${ }^{\text {Onions, }}$ brown | 7 lb . | 37.80 4.85 | ${ }^{42.00}$ | 68.85 | 36.60 6.30 | 27.20 6.80 | 31.85 7.30 | 36.75 6.40 | 5.40 | 5.30 | 54.95 5 | 5.05 | 37.45 6.50 | 5.86 |
| Soap |  | 18.37 | 18.43 | 18.43 | 18.50 | 18.50 | 18.60 | 18.60 | 18.60 | 18.60 | 18.60 | 18.60 | 18.60 | 18.54 |
| Kerosene . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | quart | 8.57 | 8.71 | 8.77 | 8.77 | 8.77 | 8.77 | 8.81 | 8.81 | 8.81 | 8.81 | 8.81 | 8.81 | 8.77 |
| Autter, factory | lb . | 54.00 | 34.00 | 54.00 | 53.90 | 53.90 | 53.90 | 55.85 | 55.85 | 35.85 | 55.85 | 55.85 | 55,85 | 54.90 |
| Cheese, mild | doz. | 34.89 67.60 | 71.83 | 34,69 71.83 | 34.89 <br> 74 <br> 61 | 34.89 74.65 | 34.89 74.65 | 35.89 74.65 | \$53.70 | 56.00 | 63.80 | 63.80 | 71.90 | 35.41 68.42 |
| Bidion, rashers | 1b. | 76.44 | 74.21 | 74.21 | 74.21 | 74.21 | 74.36 | 72.79 | 72.79 | 72.79 | 73.33 | 74.17 | 74.17 | 73.97 |
| Mille, condensed ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 14 oz. tip | 23.90 | 23.90 | 23.90 | 23.90 | 23.90 | 23.90 | 24.25 | 24.45 | 24.50 | 24.45 | 24.40 | 24.40 | 24.15 |
| " freah, botuled (b) | quart | 18.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 | 18.00 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Meat- } \\ & \text { Beed, zirithin } \end{aligned}$ | 16. | March $\begin{gathered}\text { Quarler, } \\ 37.20 \\ 31\end{gathered} 1958$. |  |  | June Quartor, 1958. |  |  | September Quarter, 1958. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { December Quarter, } 1958 . \\ & 42.07 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 39.38 |
| " ribone) (wihout |  |  | 31.33 |  | 31.60 |  |  |  |  |  | 35.10 |  |  |  |
| " steảk, chump .. | $\because$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 46.00 \\ & 24.00 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 47.23 \\ & 24.57 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 488.80 |  |  | 31.2328.80 |  | 48.32 |
| " samasages | " |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 24: 57 \\ & 21.50 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 22.00 |  |  | 24.00 |  | ${ }_{22.13}$ |
| " (corded) silver- |  |  | $34.00$ |  |  |  |  |  | 36.53 |  |  | 39.0327.57 |  |  |
| Mütoon, Ceg brisket | " |  |  |  |  | 26.77 |  |  | 25.10 |  |  |  |  | 24.74 |
| Mution, ${ }_{\text {"eg }}$ forequarter | " |  | $\begin{aligned} & 22.80 \\ & 27.10 \\ & 13.60 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 26.23 12.63 |  |  | 12.83 |  | 26.67 |
| $"$ linin | " |  | 26.70 |  |  | 13.0726.43 |  |  | 26. 10 |  |  | 25.90 |  | 26.28 |
| ". chops, loin | " |  | 26.79 <br> 26.70 |  |  | ${ }^{26.77}$ |  |  | 26.70 |  |  | 26.40 |  | 26.64 |
| " ${ }^{\text {a }}$ leg | " |  |  |  |  | 26.7050.97 |  |  | 36.43 |  |  | 26.30 |  | 26.58 |
| ort, leg .. | " |  | 26.7051.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{53.00}$ |  |  |
|  | $\because$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 51.80 \\ & 50.50 \\ & 50.60 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 49.93 \\ & 49.57 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 50.70 30.40 |  |  | 51.90 51.57 |  | 50.76 50.54 |
| " chops $\quad$. | " |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(a) In tome caves the averagee abown are price releteives
(b) Delivered.

ADELAIDE: AVERAGE RETAL PRICES( $(\boldsymbol{)}$ OF FOOD AND GROCERY ITEMS DURING EACH MONTH OF THE YEAR, 1958.


PERTH: AVERAGE RETALL PRICES(a) OF FOOD AND GROCERY ITEMS DURING EACH MONTH OF THE YEAR, 1958.

| 13em. | Unit. | January. | February. | March. | April. | May. | June. | July. | August. | September. | October. | November. | December. | Average. 1958. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Groxeries, etc.- |  | d. | d. | d. | d. | ${ }^{\text {d. }}$ | d. | d. | d | d. | d. | d. | $d$. | d. |
| Bread (b) ${ }^{\text {F }}$ | 2 tb . | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 |
| Flour, plain self-raising | " | 13.75 <br> 20 <br> 8.10 | 13.75 20.25 | 13.75 20.35 | 13.75 20.35 | 13.75 20.45 | 13.75 20.55 | 1375 20.55 | 13.75 20.55 | 13.75 20.50 | 13.75 20.50 | 13.75 20.50 | 13.75 20.50 | 13.75 29.43 |
| Tëa ${ }^{\text {ald }}$ | 16. | 78.50 | 77.55 | 78.05 | 78.05 | 78.05 | 78.05 | 78.05 | 78.40 | 80.20 | 80.50 | 77.05 | 77.05 | 78.29 |
| Sugar |  | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 1000 | 10.00 | 10.00 |
| Rice | ", | 11.85 | 11.85 | 11.85 | . 11.85 | 11.85 | 11.85 | 11.85 | 11.85 | 11.85 | 11.85 | 11.85 | 11.83 | 11.85 |
| Tapioca, seed |  | 17.44 | 18.31 | 18.31 | '18.31 | 16.83 | 16.83 | 16.83 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 15.50 | 15.00 | 16.78 |
| Jam, plum | 1, "tb. | 36.70 | 36.40 | 36.40 | 36.40 | 36.40 | 36.30 | 36.30 | 36.60 | 36.75 | 36.75 | 36.75 | 36.35 | 36.51 |
| Golden Syrup | 21 lb . | 21.25 | 21.25 | 21.25 | 21.25 | 21.25 | 20.50 | 21.10 | 21.10 | 21.10 | 21.10 | 21.10 | 21.10 | 21.11. |
| Oats, flaked | Ib. | 10.05 | 10.10 | 10.27 | 12.09 | 12.47 | 12.47 | 12.47 | 12.47 | 12.47 | 12.32 | 12.22 | 12.22 | 11.80 |
| Raisins, seeded | " | 30.60 | 30.60 | 31.50 | 30.88 | 30.88 | 30.88 | 30.88 | 30.88 | 30.88 | 32.00 | 3200 | 32.50 | 31.21 |
| Currants | " | 25.15 | 24.65 | 24.95 | 24.83 | 25.50 | 26.17 | 26.90 | 26.90 | 2720 . | 26.60 | 26.80 | 2640 | 26.00 |
| Apricots, dried |  | 62.25 | 62.25 | 6225 | 67.20 | 69.20 | 69.25 | 71.50 | 71.00 | 70.00 | 70.50 | 70.50 | 70.50 | 68.03 |
| Peaches, canned | 29 \%\%. | 48.45 | 49.35 | 4805 | 47.75 | 47.35 | 47.35 | 47.06 | 47.35 | 47.35 | 42.44 | 4411 | 44.35 | 46.75 |
| Pears, canned | 7 Ib | 45.00 | 44.85 | 44.05 | 44.25 | 43.85 | 4335 | 43.85 | 43.85 | 43.35 | 41.39 | 60.55 | 40.40 | 43.23 |
| Potatoes $\because \sim$ | 7 lb . | 35.00 | 35.00 | 35.09 | 35.00 | 35.00 | 3500 | 35.00 | 35.00 | 35.00 | 35.00 | 39.14 | 39.14 | 35.69 |
| Onions, brown | lb. | 7.06 | 7.44 | 6.38 | 7.06 | 719 | 8.25 | 8.31 | 8.19 | 7.94 | 7.81 | 794 | 7.81 | 7.62 |
| Soap Kerosene * |  | 19.63 | 19.80 | 19.80 | 19.70 | 19.70 | 19.70 | 19.70 | 19.70 | 19.70 | 19.70 | 1970 | 19,70 | 19.71 |
| Kerosene .. | quart | 13.41 | 13.41 | 13.41 | 13.41 | 13.41 | 13.41 | 13.36 | 13.36 | 13.36 | 13.34 | 13.34 | 13.34 | 13.38 |
| Dairy Produce- Buther, factory | 16. | 53.40 | 53.40 | 53.40 | 53.40 | 53.40 |  | 55.20 | 55.20 | 54.80 | 54.80 | 54.80 | 54.80 | 54.17 |
| Cheese, mild |  | 44.93 | 44.93 | 44.93 | 44.93 | 44.93 | 44.93 | 46.70 | 47.25 | 47.17 | 47.30 | 47.30 | 47.30 | 46.05 |
| Egga, nem taid | doz. | 58.85 | 59.45 | 6257 | 62.57 | 65.48 | 65.50 | 66.65 | 59.84 | 59.84 | 61.18 | 61.18 | 61.18 | 62.02 |
| Bacon, rashers | 16. | 71.50 | 71.50 | 72.20 | 71.50 | 7150 | 71.50 | 70.17 | 70.17 | 70.17 | 70.17 | 70.17 | 70.17 | 70.89 |
| Milk, condensed $\because$ | $14 \mathrm{oz} . \operatorname{tin}$ | 21.70 | 21.70 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 22.00 | 21.65 | 22.45 | 22.65 | 22.85 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 22.33 |
| .* fresh, bottled (b) | quart | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 1900 | 19.00 |
| MeatBeef. sirloin | 1 b. | $\text { March Quarter, } 1958$ |  |  | June Quarter, 1958 |  |  | September Quarter, 1958. 42.85 |  |  | December Quarter, 1958.$42.59$ |  |  | 42.30 |
| * rib bone) ${ }^{\text {(without }}$ |  |  | 41.40 |  |  | $42.48$ |  |  | $43.00$ |  |  |  |  | 42.23 |
| " steak, tump . | ", |  | 58.90 |  |  | 42.2759.63 |  |  | 59.57 |  |  | 59.03 |  | 59.28 |
| * "\% chuck | " |  | 36.03 |  |  | 36.6323.07 |  |  | $36.87$ |  | 36.17 |  |  | 36.43 |
| " sausages ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (carned) | - |  | 23.44 |  |  |  |  |  | $23.22$ |  | 22.22 |  |  | 22.99 |
| * (corned) stiver- |  |  | 40.97 |  |  | 41.03 |  |  | 40.5029.33 |  |  |  |  | 40.82 |
| "\#ton brisket | " |  | 29.37 |  |  | 29.2328.83 |  |  |  |  | 29.27 |  |  | 29.30 |
| Muttor, leg | " |  | 26.83 |  |  |  |  |  | 27.90 |  | 24.8715.13 |  |  | 27.11 |
| ,. friequarter | " |  | 15.60 |  |  | 17.43 |  |  | 16.73 |  |  |  |  | 16.22 |
| " loin ." | " |  | - 23.47 |  |  | 25.27 |  |  | 25.93 |  | 23.47 |  |  | 24.54 |
| . chops, loin | " |  | 23.60 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 25.33 \\ 25.43 \end{array}$ |  |  | 2600 |  | 23.4723.47 |  |  | 24.60 |
| $\because$. leg | " |  | 23.83 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24.68 |
| Porh, leg .. | $\because$ |  | 48.87 |  |  | -48.80 |  |  | 49.13 |  |  |  |  | 51.53 |  |  | 49.58 |
| " loin | - |  | 49.07 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 4850 \\ & 4850 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 49.13 |  |  | 51.17 |  | 49.47 |
| * chops $\quad$ - | * |  | 49.10 |  |  |  |  |  | 49.13 |  |  | 51.17 |  | 49.48 |

(b) Delivered.
(a) In some cases the averages shown ate price relatives.

Section 1--cominued.
HOBART : AVERAGE RETAIL PRICES(a) OF FOOD AND GROCERY ITEMS DURLNG EACH MONTH OF THE YEAR, 1958.

| ttem. | Unit. | January. | February- | March. | April. | May. | June. | July. | August. | September. | October. | November. | December. | A verage, 1958. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Groceries etc,- |  | d. | d. | d. | d. | d. | d. | d. | d. | $d$. | d. | d. | d. | d. |
| Bread (b) ... | 2 lb . | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 |
| Flour, plain ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 12.35 | 12.55 | 12.65 | 12.80 | 12.90 | 12.90 | 12.90 | 12.90 | 12.90 | 12.80 | 12.80 | 12.90 | 12.78 |
| Tea self-raising | Ib. | 21.90 83.25 | 21.90 83 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 21.95 | 2206 | 21.95 |
| Sua $\quad \cdots$ | ib. | 83.25 10.50 | 83.25 10.50 | 83.25 10.50 | 83.25 10.50 | 83.25 10.50 | 83.25 10.50 | 83.25 10.50 | 8620 10.50 | 86.20 10.50 | 85.35 10.50 | 83.50 10.50 | 83.50 10.50 | 83.96 10.50 |
| Rioc | " | 11.95 | -11.95 | 11.95 | 11.95 | 11.95 | 11.95 | 11.95 | 11.95 | 12.00 | 1200 | 1200 | 12.00 | 11.97 |
| Tapioca, seed |  | 18.80 | -19.40 | 19.40 | 19.40 | 17.00 | 17.09 | 15.80 | 15.83 | 15.83 | 1514 | 1514 | 15.14 | 16.99 |
| Jam, plum | $1{ }^{\prime \prime} 16$. | 36.25 | 36.25 | 36.25 | 36.25 | 36.25 | 36.25 | 36.20 | 36.20 | 36.20 | 3595 | 35.95 | 35.95 | 36.16 |
| Golden Syrup | 2 lb . | 22.85 | 22.85 | 22.85 | 22.85 | 22.85 | 22.85 | 22.85 | 22.85 | 22.85 | 22.85 | 22.85 | 2285 | 22.85 |
| Oats, Raked | fb. | 11.22 | 11.50 | 11.92 | 12.16 | 12.15 | 12.53 | 12.42 | 1242 | 12.96 | 12.93 | 12.93 | 12.93 | 12.34 |
| Currants ${ }^{\text {dec }}$ | " | 27.80 | 37.17 | 27.17 | 27.17 | 27.17 | 27.17 | 32.47 | 27.17 | 27.17 | 28.50 | 28.50 | 2850 | 27.56 |
| Apricots, diried | " | 64.33 | 64.33 | 64.33 | 64.33 | 66.50 | 66.50 | 66.50 | 6650 | 67.67 | 67.67 | 67.67 | 6767 | 66.17 |
| Peaches, canned | 29 oz . | 52.10 | 52.15 | 52.15 | 51.75 | 51.50 | 50.65 | 50.50 | 50.90 | 50.90 | 50.40 | 49.90 | 49.60 | 51.04 |
| Pears, canned |  | 50.75 | 51.25 | 51.30 | 51.30 | 50.75 | 50.55 | 50.55 | 5055 | 50.40 | 50.55 | 50.80 | 50.80 | 50.80 |
| Potatoes .. | 7 lb . | 42.00 | 44.33 | 42.78 | 33.68 | 31.19 | 30.96 | 28.78 | 28.00 | 26.83 | 33.43 | 35.70 | 36.17 | 34.49 |
| Onions, brown | 16. | 8.63 | 9.00 | 8.75 | 8.71 | 8.88 | 9.00 | 8.88 | 8.88 | 8.56 | 8.50 | 8.50 | 8.25 | 8.71 |
| Sosp .. |  | [88.93 | 18.90 | 18.90 | 18.90 | 18.90 | 18.90 | 18.87 | 18.87 | 18.87 | 1883 | 19.13 | 19.20 | 18.93 |
| Kerosene . | quart | 13.64 | 13.67 | 13.67 | 13,67 | 13.42 | 13.42 | 13.42 | 13.42 | 13.42 | 13.42 | 13.42 | 13.42 | 13.50 |
| Butter, factory . . | lb. | 53.45 | 53.00 | 53.00 | 53.00 | 53.00 | 53.00 | 55.40 | 55.40 | 55.40 | 54.90 | 5490 | 54,90 | 54.11 |
| Cheese, mild |  | 39.67 | 3967 | 39.67 | 39.67 | 39.67 | 39.67 | 40.55 | 40.55 | 40.55 | 40.55 | 4055 | 40.55 | 31.78 |
| Rggs, new laid | doz | 66.11 | 71.50 | 66.88 | 6694 | 75.19 | 76.88 | 79.06 | 69.44 | 56.80 | 55.90 | 5680 | 69.10 | 67.55 |
| Bacon, rashers | 16. | 76.63 | 75.50 | 75.30 | 75.50 | 74.44 | 74.44 | 74.44 | 73.63 | $73.63^{\circ}$ | 73.25 | 73.25 | 73.25 | 74.46 |
| Milk, condensed . | 14 ozz tin | 24.35 | 24.35 | 24.35 | 24.30 | 24.30 | 25.00 | 25.20 | 25.30 | 25.30 | 25.10 | 25.10 | 25.10 | 24.81 |
| * fresh, loose(b) | quart | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | $\underline{9.00}$ | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 19.00 |
| " ", bottled(b) | " | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 2000 |
| MeatBeef, sirkin |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March Quarter, } 1958 . \\ & \mathbf{4 0 . 3 7} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | June Quarter, 1958. |  |  | September Quarter, 1958.$43.43$ |  |  | December Quarter, 1958.$45.77$ |  |  |  |
| Beef, sirtoin <br> " rib (without | lb. |  |  |  |  | $40.10$ |  |  |  |  | 42.42 |
| bone) | " |  | 39.10 |  |  | 38.70 |  |  | 4140 |  |  |  |  | 4353 |  |  | 40.71 |
| " steak, rump .. | * |  | 58.33 |  |  | 58.13 |  |  |  |  |  | 6557 |  | 60.89 |
| " saug chuck .. | " |  | 31.90 |  |  | 31.6024.10 |  |  | 33.93 |  |  | 36.27 |  | 33.43 $\mathbf{2 4 . 0 4}$ |
| " (corned) silver- | " |  | 24.43 |  |  |  |  |  | 23.93 |  |  | 23.70 |  | 24.04 |
| " (corne side |  |  | 40.97 |  |  | 40.9027.80 |  |  | 42.7729.73 |  |  | 45.1732.70 |  | 42.45 |
| " " brisket | $\because$ |  | 38.50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29.68 |
| Mutton, 他g $\cdots$ | " |  | 29.00 |  |  | 29.00 |  |  | 29.7328.24 |  |  | 28.56 |  | 28.70 |
| * forequarter | " |  | .14.81 |  |  | 15.57 |  |  | 13.66 |  |  | 34.03 |  | 14.52 |
| " loim . ${ }^{\text {, }}$ | " |  | 21.10 |  |  | 21.14 |  |  | 19.81 |  |  | 20.10 |  | 20.54 |
|  | * |  | 21.72 |  |  | 21.67 |  |  | 20.6724.38 |  |  | 21.05 |  | 21.38 |
| $\cdots$ - $n$ leg | " |  | 26.81 |  |  | 26.24 |  |  |  |  |  | 24.56 |  | 25.50 |
| Pork, lep .- | " |  | 56.77 |  |  | 55.53 |  |  | 54.9054.63 |  |  | 55.80 |  | 55.75 |
| * loin $\quad \because$ | " |  | 56.50 56.60 |  |  | 55.80 <br> 8.8 |  |  |  |  |  | 55.60 56.07 |  | 55.63 55.78 |
| * chops $\quad$ - | " |  | 36.60 |  |  |  |  |  | 54.63 |  |  | 56.07 |  | 55.78 |

[^1](b) Delivered.

## Section II.

AVERAGE RETAIL PRICES OF FOOD IN PRINCIPAL CITIES: AUSTRALIA AND OTHER COUNTRIES, 1958.
(Particulars extracted from Official Publications and Reports. Prices are quoted in the currency of the country concerned.)

| Item. |  |  | Unit. | Australia.(a) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | New Zeatand. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Sydney. |  |  |  | Melbourne. |  |  |  | Wellington. |  |  |  | Christchurch. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Feb. | May. | Aug. | Nov. | Feb. | May. | Aug. | Nov. | Feb. | May. | Aug. | Nov. | Feb. | May. | Aug. | Nov. |
| Bread |  |  |  | d. | d. | d. | d. | ${ }^{\text {d }}$. | d. | ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | d. | d. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | d. | d | d. | d. | d. | d. | ${ }^{4}$. |
| Eread plain |  | ** | 2 lb . | 17.30 | 17.30 | 16.30 | 16.30 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 16.00 | 8.57 | 8.57 | 8.57 6.38 | 8.57 | 8.57 | 857 | 8.57 | 8.57 |
| Tear, plata | $\cdots$ |  | 16. | 779.35 | 19.40 79.45 | 18.65 80.65 | 18.75 78.70 | 11.69 79.20 | 11.69 78.75 | 11.79 81.40 | 12.25 | 6.38 80.00 | 6.38 80.00 | 6.38 80.00 | 6.38 80.00 | 5.92 76.80 | 8.92 80.00 | 5.92 80 | 5.92 80.00 |
| Jam, plum . | . |  | $1+\mathrm{lb}$. | 38.10 | 38.00 | 38.00 | 38.00 | 31.67 | 31.33 | 31.22 | 30.69 | c52.99 | c54.2t | c54 21 | c55.22 | c 53.14 | c 35.37 | c 53.37 | c 56.57 |
| Sugar . | $\ldots$ | * | Ib. | 10.10 | 10.10 | 10.10 | 10.10 | 1000 | 10.00 | 10.00 | 10.00 | $\underline{9.38}$ | 8.61 | 8.61 | ${ }^{8.61}$ | 9.40 | 8.69 | 8.69 | 8.67 |
| Rice | . | . | " | 11.94 | 11.94 | 11.94 | 11.88 | 11.90 | 11.80 | 11.80 | 11.80 | 10.67 | 10.67 | 10.50 | 10.58 | 10.10 | 10.20 | 10.20 | 10.40 |
| Oatmeal |  | $\cdots$ | " | 12.07 | 12.06 | 12.00 | 11.83 | 9.46 | 9.94 | 10.43 | 10.30 | 12,00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 |
| Reasisins . |  |  |  | 33.38 49 | 32.56 | 32.69 | 32.69 | 31.00 | 31.28 | 31.72 | 3088 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Peaches, cann | . |  | 30-02. tin | 49.90 | 47.65 33 | 46.85 | 47.05 35 | 45.05 | 43.80 28.57 | 43.05 | 41.30 | 50.33 | 50.33 | 30.17 | 50.50 | 50.90 24.92 | 50.90 22.54 | 50.90 | 49.70 |
| Onions | *- | $\because$ | fb. | 78.00 | 33.73 7.20 | 14.70 6.20 | 35.75 6.20 | 32.88 7.33 | 28.87 7 | 28.07 7.13 | 36.75 6.67 | ${ }_{6} 6.73$ | 32.69 3.50 | 35.00 5.25 | 45 | 4.90 7.00 | 22.89 | 4.33 | 42.00 3.42 |
| Milk | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | quart | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 23.00 | 18.50 | 18.50 | 18.50 | 18.50 | 950 | 9.50 | 9.50 | 9.50 | 9.00 | 9.00 | 9.50 | 9.50 |
| Butter | ., | . | 16. | 53.85 | 53.65 | 55.65 | 55.65 | 54.55 | 54.05 | 56. 10 | 55.60 | 2400 | 24.00 | 24.00 | 24.00 | 24.00 | 24.00 | 24.00 | 24.00 |
| Cheeso | . | $\cdots$ |  | 41.40 | 41.40 | 42.17 | 42.17 | 40.25 | 40.25 | 41.25 | 40.75 | 2367 | 23.83 | 23.83 | 22.33 | 24.80 | 24.80 | 24.80 | 23.60 |
| Egas | . | $\cdots$ | dopen | 78.00 | 78.00 | 66.00 | 73.00 | 70.10 | 7430 | 55.90 | 62.60 | ${ }^{68.00}$ | 79.00 | 50.00 | 63.50 | 61.00 | 72.00 | 45.00 | 55.00 |
| Bacon | * | . | Ib. | ${ }^{83.00}$ | 82,64 | 81.57 | ${ }^{79}$ (b) 71 | ${ }^{80.50}$ | 8086 | (b) ${ }^{43}$ | ${ }^{80.43}$ | 50.17 | 50.17 | 50.17 | 47.00 | 50.00 | 50.25 | 50.25 | 47.25 |
| Beef, sirloin | $\cdots$ |  |  | 48.85 | 48.00 | 48.33 | 48.92 | 44.00 | 44.83 | 45.23 | 45.70 | 36.80 | 39.20 | 40.00 | 41.40 | 32.67 | 33.67 | 37.00 | 39.67 |
| - sib . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | " | 39.53 | 38.10 | 36.50 | 37.73 | 42.97 | 43.13 | 42.77 | 43.93 | 34.00 | 38.00 | 38.40 | 40.60 | 30.67 | 32.33 | 35.67 | 36.33 |
| *, steak, rump | . |  | " | 63.53 | 62.77 | 62.37 | 64.00 | 63.37 | 63.47 | 65.17 | 67.23 | 42.00 | 45.60 | 46.60 | 50.40 | 38.00 | 38.67 | 43.00 | 44.33 |
| - sausages | . |  | * | 23.00 | 23.20 | 23.30 | 23.43 | 23.09 | 23.13 | 23.17 | 23.13 | 17.40 | 18.20 | 19.00 | 19.00 | 15.00 | 15.33 | 17.00 | 17.00 |
| Mutton, leg | . | ** | " | 24.50 | 23.60 15.85 | 22.47 | 22.33 | 25.63 | 26.75 | 26.46 | 25.46 | 32.80 | 34.40 | 34.60 | 33.00 | 30.67 | 31.67 | 30.33 | 30.33 |
| " chops |  | $\cdots$ | " | 16.04 | 13.85 | 15.30 24.00 | 15.37 23.70 | 16.29 24.46 | 16.62 25.04 | 17.10 25.21 | 17.19 | 1920 31.20 | 19.20 31.60 | 19.60 31.40 | 1740 30.00 | 18.00 30.67 | 18.00 30.67 | 18.33 30 | 18.33 30.67 |
| Poriz, leq |  |  | " | 58.67 | 24.13 | 24.00 56.10 | 23.70 58.43 | 24.46 56.53 | 25.04 54.20 | 25.21 56.87 | 25.71 57.33 | 31.20 40 | 31.60 40.00 | 31.40 40.20 | 39.00 39.20 | 30.67 36.00 | 30.67 36.00 | 30.67 38.00 | 30.67 38.00 |
| * chops |  | $\because$ | " | 57.52 | 55.27 | 56.03 | \$7.07 | 57.43 | 57.30 | 59.63 | 59.27 | 40.80 | 40.20 | 40.20 | 39.60 | 37.00 | 37.00 | 38.00 | 39.00 |

(o) In some cases the averages shown are price relatives.
(b) Meat prices are averages of the three individual monthly prices in each quarter.
(c) Raspberry jam.

## Section II.-continued.

AVERAGE RETAIL PRICES OF FOOD IN PRINCIPAL CITIES: AUSTRALIA AND OTHER COUNTRIES, 1958-continued.
(Particulars extracted from Official Publications and Reports. Prices are quoted in the currency of the country concerned.)

| Item. |  | Unit. | Canada. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Unhed States of America.(a) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Ottawa. |  |  |  | Montreal. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | Feb. | May. | Aug. | Nov. | Feb. | May. | Aug. | Nov. | Feb. | Mav. | Aug. | Nov. |
|  |  |  | cents. | cents. | cents. | cents. | cents, | cents. | cents. | cents. | cents. | cenis. | cents. | cents. |
| Bread | . | 2 lb . | 26.2 | 27.6 | 27.6 | 27.6 | 27.4 | 28.8 | 28.8 | 28.8 | 38.2 | 38.4 | 38.6 | 39.2 |
| Flour, plain | .. |  | 15.6 | 15.8 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 16.4 | 16.6 | 16.4 | 22.1 | 22.3 | 22.0 | 219 |
| Tea (i) . | $\cdots$ | 1 b | 116.0 | 114.6 | 114.8 | 115.2 | 118.4 | 118.4 | 118.4 | 119.2 | .. | .. | .. |  |
| Jam(b) | . | $1 \frac{18}{16}$ | 37.5 | 37.2 | 37.3 | 37.2 | 39.2 | 39.3 | 39.0 | 38.4 | 11 |  | 11.4 | 1.4 |
| Sugar | .. | lb. | 10.6 | 10.2 | 9.5 | 9.2 | 10.4 | 9.7 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 11.1 | 11.2 | 11.4 | 11.4 |
| Otice |  | ", | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | $\cdots$ | $\because$ | * | $\because$ |  |  | 18.1 | 18.3 | 18.6 18.0 | 18.5 18.1 |
| Raisins ... | + | " | 26.2 | 26.4 | 27.6 | 30.1 | 27.0 | 27.8 | 28.9 | 30.7 | 18.0 | 18. | ... | 18.1 |
| Peaches, canned | $\cdots$ | 30-02, tin | 42.4 | 42.0 | 41.6 | 37.8 | 49.2 | 45.8 | 45.2 | 42.0 | $\because$ |  | . |  |
| Potatoea . | . | 7 Jb . | 27.7 | 35.3 | 31.4 | 252 | 26,3 | 32.9 | 27.0 | 25.1 | 42.9 | 53.4 | 41.4 | 35.3 |
| Onions | . | lb. | 9.3 | 12.3 | 12.5 | 102 | 10.3 | 13.3 | 12.4 | 11.5 | 90 | 11.3 | 9.4 | 9.1 |
| Midk | * | quart | 23.4 | 23.4 | 23.4 | 23.4 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 25.7 | 24.8 | 25.1 | 25.5 |
| Butter | * | lb. | 68.6 | 68.6 | 68.4 | 68.6 | 68.2 | 68.4 | 68.1 | 68.2 | 74.9 | 73.6 | 73.5 | 74.4 |
| Cheese | * |  | 69.2 | 68.2 | 70.0 | 70.0 | 69.0 | 67.8 | 69.8 | 71.4 | 58.2 | 58.0 | 57.8 | 57.9 |
| Eges | $\because$ | dozen | 49.6 89.4 | 53.4 | 59.6 100.4 | 65.8 90.2 | 51.9 90.8 | 55.1 93.2 | 60.6 98.2 | 65.0 88.2 | 56.8 77.2 | 56.6 80.4 | 60.9 86.4 | 62.7 73.9 |
| \$eef, sirloin : | $\because$ |  | 91.4 | 98.0 | 98.8 | 99.6 | 99.1 | 110.0 | 106.2 | 108.6 |  |  |  | 7.9 |
| - rib | . | " | 84.9 | 91.4 | 90.8 | 91.5 | 86.0 | 92.3 | 91.4 | 91.5 | 80.2 | 82.9 | 81.7 | 81.1 |
| Pork strops ${ }_{\text {steak, }}^{\text {stamp }}$ | \#. | ". | (d) 75.0 | 73.8 | 84.8 | 74.4 | 72.1 | 74.9 | 78.9 | 71.6 | c 101.0 88.6 | cros.9 $\begin{array}{r}\text { 91.3 }\end{array}$ | $c 104.0$ 94.6 | 104.9 907 |

(a) Average for all towns.
(b) Strawberry jam.
(c) Round steak.
(d) Change of store sample-Not strictly comparable wath previous period.

Section II.-continued.
AVERAGE RETAL PRICES OF FOOD IN PRINCIPAL CITIES: AUSTRALIA AND OTHER COUNTRIES, 1958-continued. (Particulars extracted from Official Publications and Reports. Prices are quoted in the currency of the country concerned.)

(a) Bread, white, delivered. Not comparable with previons prices.
(b) Apricot jam.
(c) Home killed.

## Section lli.

Comparison of Trends of the Interim Retail Price index with Trends of the " C" Series Retail Price Index.-The following table shows the Interim Index for the six capital cities combined, with the year 1952-53 as base $=100$, in comparison with the " $C$ " Series Index arithmetically converted to the same base:-

| Period. |  |  |  | Six Capital Cities (Weighted Average). |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | " C" Series Index.(a) |  | Interim Index.(a) |  |
|  |  |  |  | 100.0 |  | A | B |
| Year ended June-1953 |  |  |  |  |  | 100.0 | 100.0 |
|  | 1954 |  |  | 102.8103.7 |  | 102.2 | 102.5 |
| 1955 |  |  |  |  |  | 1037 | 103.6 |
|  |  |  |  | A | B |  |  |
|  | 1956 | . | * | 107.5 | 108.8 | 107.0 | 108.0 |
|  | 1957 | . | . | 112.2 | 114.1 | 113.0 | 114.3 |
|  | 1958 | . | . | 1147 | 114.3 | 115.7 | 115.6 |
| Quarter-1952: | Scpicmber |  | . |  |  | 98.7 | 98.8 |
|  | December | * | '. |  |  | 99.4 | 99.3 |
| 1953: | March | . | $\cdots$ |  |  | 100.4 | 100.4 |
|  | Junc . | * | . |  |  | 101.5 | 101.6 |
|  | September | . | . |  |  | 101.9 | 102.4 |
|  | December | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  | 101.5 | 102.2 |
| 1954: | March |  | . |  |  | 102.6 | 102.7 |
|  | June . . | . | $\cdots$ |  |  | 102.7 | 102.7 |
|  | September | . | - |  |  | 102.9 | 102.7 |
|  | December | . | . |  |  | 103.4 | 103.2 |
| 1955: | March | - | . |  |  | 103.8 | 103.8 |
|  | Junc | - | . |  |  | 104.5 | 104.7 |
|  |  |  |  | A | B |  |  |
|  | September | .- | $\cdots$ | 105.9 | 106.6 | 105.1 | 105.7 |
|  | December | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 106.7 | 107.7 | 106.3 | 107.0 |
| 1956: | March | . | $\ldots$ | 107.8 | 109.0 | 107.4 | 108.3 |
|  | June . |  |  | 109.7 | 111.8 | 109.4 | 110.8 |
|  | September | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 111.1 | 115.6 | 111.5 | 114.4 |
|  | December | . | . | 111.7 | 1142 | 112.5 | 1142 |
| 1957: | March | . | . | 112.6 | 112.8 | 113.5 | 113.7 |
|  | June .. | . | . | 113.5 | 113.8 | 114.5 | 114.8 |
|  | September | , | . | 114.0 | 113.8 | 115.1 | 115.1 |
|  | December |  | . | 114.0 | 113.5 | 115.1 | 114.9 |
| 1958: | March | . | . | 115.0 | 114.7 | 115.9 | 115.8 |
|  | June. |  |  | 115.9 | 115.3 | 116.7 | 116.5 |
|  | September |  | $\cdots$ | 116.3 | 115.7 | 117.1 | 116.9 |
|  | December | , | -• | 117.3 | 1170 | 118.3 | 118.3 |

[^2]
## Section IV.

# MINIMUM RATES OF WAGE FOR ADULT MALE WORKERS IN THE MAIN OCCUPATIONS IN THE CAPITAL CITY OF EACH STATE FOR A FULL WEEK'S WORK (EXCLUDING OVERTIME) AT 3ISt DECEMBER, 1958. 


#### Abstract

Note.-These rates are quoted from the latest Awards, Determinations or Agreements which were in force at 31st December. 1958. Where two or thore Award, Determination or Agreement Rates are quoted, the reason is that different rates of wage have been fixed for various classes or grades of work, In certain cases of this nature the wages are shown in the form (say) 2\%0s. 0d. to 335s. 03., indicating that in addition to the two rates specified there are also certain intermediate rates in force. In other cases the rates are shown in the form 327s. Od. and 339s. Od., indicating that there are only two minimum or standard rates in force for different classes or grades of work, and that there are no intermediate minimum or standard rates. Except where otherwise specified by a numerical prefix in small type. the hours of tabour constituting a fulf week's work are 40 . Rates for some oscupations have been revised and are not necessarily comparable with those quoted in previous issues.


Group I.-Wood, Furnifure, Sawmilis and Timeer Yards.


SECTION,IV.-continued. ....

- Group II.-Enginerina, Metal Works, etc.

(a) Includes allowance for continuous night work.

Section IV.-continued.
Grour II.-Enomeering, Metal Works, etc.-continued.

| Industry and Occupation. | Sydney. | Metbourne. | Brisbane. | Adetaide. | Perth. | Hobart. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Engineering-continued. | s. d. | s. $d$. | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. |
| Rail and Plate Edge | 318/ \& 343/ | 310/ \& 335/ | 3106 | 306/ \& 331/ | 323/5 \& | 317\% 342/ |
| Other | 318/ \& 347/ | 310/ \& 335/ | 3586 | 306/ \& 331/ | 323/5 \& | 317/ \& 342f |
| Shapers .. .. | 318/ \& $343 /$ | 310/ \& 335/ | 3586 | 306/ \& 331/ | 323/5 \% | 317/ \& 342] |
| Turvers | 3430 | 3350 | 3586 | 331 0 | 3485 | 3420 |
| Foundry- <br> Coremakers-Machine | 296/ to 318/ | 288 f to 310) | 3586 | 284/ 10 306/ | $297 / 5$ to $323 / 5$ | 295/ \% 317 |
| Dressers Jobbing | 343 $291 / 0$ to | ${ }_{283}^{335}$ to 0 | 358 310 |  | 348 5 |  |
| Dressers .. .. | $291 / 0$ to 31516 | 283/ to | 3100 | $279 /$ to $303 / 6$ | $300.11{ }^{30914}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2901 \frac{8}{3} \\ & 314 / 6 \end{aligned}$ |
| Furnacemen | 305/6 to | 297/6 to | $311 / 6 \text { to }$ | $293 / 6$ to | $310 / 11$ to |  |
|  | 296/to319 | 288/60310/ | $323^{341 \%} 6$ | 284/10306 | 31815 $297 / 5$ to | $\begin{gathered} 312 f \\ 295 i \text { to } 317 \end{gathered}$ |
| Moulders-Machine. . | 296/ to 318/ | 288/ to 310/ | 3236 | 284/ 10 306/ | 297/5 to | 2951 to 317 |
| " Jobbing | 3430 | 3350 | 3586 | 3310 | 3485 | 3420 |
| Ironworking Assisfants- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boilermakers Assis- tants | 2910 | 2830 | 3056 | 279 | 297 | 290 |
| Fitters' Assisiants . . | 2910 | 2830 | 3056 | 2790 | 2975 | 2900 |
| Furnacemen's Assis- | 2910 | 2830 | 2954 | 2790 | 296 \$ | 2900 |
| Moulders'Assistants. . | 2910 | 2830 | 3070 | 2790 | 2975 | 290 |
| Strikers . . . | $\begin{gathered} 291 / \& \\ 295 / 6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 283 / \& \\ & 287 / 6 \end{aligned}$ | 3056 | $\begin{aligned} & 279 / \& \\ & 383 / 6 \end{aligned}$ | 2975 | $\begin{aligned} & 290 / \& \\ & 294 / 6 \end{aligned}$ |
| Nailmaking- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Case Wirers | 2900 | 2720 |  |  | * |  |
| Labourers . ${ }_{\text {Setcers Up }}$ | 2900 | 2720 | $\cdots$ |  | + | 2750 |
| Setters Up .. .. | 3080 | 3080 | . | '. | . | 3000 |
| Shees Meta! WorkungCanister Makers | 2980 | 2900 | 3086 | 2860. | 3035 | 2970 |
| JapanmersCoating of Brushwork | 2900 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ormamental $\quad \because$ | 3180 | 3100 | 3236 | 3060 | 2985 | $317 \quad 0$ |
| Solderers $\quad \because$ | 2901 \& 298! | 282] \& 290/ |  | 278/ \& 2861 | 2935 | 2891 \& 297\% |
| Sbeet Metal Workers tst Class |  | 3350 |  |  |  | 3420 |
| 2nd Class | 3180 | 3100 | 3236 | 3060 | 3235 | 3170 |
| Wire WorkingJourneymen | 2930 | 3080 | 2840 | .. | 28011 | . |

Grour 1H.-Food, Drank, Tobacco, etc.


Section IV.-continued.
Group ML--Food, Drink, Tonacco, btc.-continued.

| Indusiry and Occupation. | Sydney. | Metbourne. | Brisbane. | Adelaide. | Perth. | Hobatt. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Brewing- | s. d. | s. d. | s. 4. | s. $d$. | s. d. | s. d. |
| Adult Males | 3180 | 3030 | 3020 | 3190 | 3215 | 3100 |
| Bottlers and Washers | 3180 | 3030 | 3020 | 3190 | 3215 | 3100 |
| Celtarmen . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3181 \& 325/ | 3100 | 3170 | 3340 | 3265 | 3100 |
| Drivers (Motor, 3-ton) | 3320 | 3056 | 3086 | 3350 | 3365 | 3126 |
| Towermen .. .. | 3250 | 310 O | 3020 | 3340 | 3265 | 3330 |
| Butchering (Carcars)Chilling Room Haads | 309/ to 318/ | 3666 | 3459 | 324/9 ${ }^{2}$ | 3015 | 3710 |
| Labourers (Beer) ... | 3150 | 3346 | 3226 | ${ }_{324} 9$ | 2895 | 3370 |
| ** (Mutton) . . | 3030 | 3346 | 3296 | 3249 | 2895 | 3370 |
| Scalders $+\cdots$ | 3730 | 3450 | 3282 | 4300 | 3185 | 3490 |
| Slaughtermen (Beef) ... | 4170 | 4116 | (a) | 4300 | 3185 | 4090 |
| ., (Mutton) | (a) | 4116 | (a) | 4300 | 3185 | 4090 |
| Butchering (Retaif)Carters (Cash Cutting) | 3340 |  | 3090 |  | 32511 | 3320 |
| Carters (One Horse).. | 3110 | $\begin{array}{ll}326 & 0 \\ 283\end{array}$ | 2860 | 2990 | 2865 | 3906 |
| Generat Butchers | 3430 | 3350 | 3180 | 3310 | 32511 | 3420 |
| Shopmen .. | 3430 | 3350 | 3180 | 3310 | 32511 | 3420 |
| Smallgoodsmen | 3430 | 3350 | 3180 | 3310 | 32511 | 3350 |
| Cold Storage and IceChamber Hands Pullers and Stackers $+4$ | $315 / \&$ 302 0 | $\begin{array}{lll}366 & 6 \\ 353 & 10\end{array}$ | 280 | 300 300 | 298 <br> 298 | 3483 |
| Contectionery-, Conifectioners, Grade I. | 330 |  |  |  |  | 3240 |
| Storemen . . . | 3130 | 3066 | 2930 | 2920 | 278 | 3030 |
| Ham and Bacon Curme - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Curers-First Hand .. | 3506 | 3726 | 3277 | 349 | 343 S | 355 |
| Cutters Up-First Hand | 3280 | 3726 | 3212 | 3490 | 325 1t | 3550 |
| Ham Bagers . . |  | 3450 | 3126 | 3216 |  | 3420 |
| Lardmen .. | 3080 | 345/ to 357/ | 3126 | $321 / 6$ \& | . | 3420 |
| Rollers and Trimmers | 3230 | 3570 | 306 1 | 3336 | 309/5 \& | 3550 |
| Scalders . . | 3330 |  | 3176 |  | 325111 |  |
| Slaughtermen | 3330 | 3726 | 32911 | 3490 | 3435 | 4090 |
| Smatlecodsmen-First Hand | 3280 | 3639 | 3277 | 3403 | 32511 | 3630 |
| Smokers--Fisst Hand | 3280 | 3570 | 3185 | 3336 |  | 3420 |
| Jown Making ond Pre-serving- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adult Maies $\quad$. | 2870 | 2870 | 2796 | 2870 | 285 | 2870 |
| Solderers .. | 2920 | 2920 |  | 292 | 2935 |  |
| MahingMalisters . | 3200 | 3080 | 3000 | -* | 327 S | 3100 |
| Milfig-Condiments- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grinders $\quad \therefore$ | 3216 | 3140 |  |  |  |  |
| Mixers or Blenders | 3156 | 2940 | 2826 | $\cdots$ | 3025 |  |
| Stone Dressers | 3216 | 3140 |  |  |  |  |
| Milling-Flour- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miliers-Head | 3850 | 3850 | $340 \quad 0$ | 3850 | 3850 | 3669 |
| rr Shift | 34716 to | $347 / 6$ to | 316/ to 329/ | $347 / 6$ to | $347 / 6$ to | $359 / 9$ to |
|  | $385 /$ | 385) |  | 385/ | $385 /$ | $380 /$ |
| Packermen. | 3230 | 3230 | 2956 | 3230 | 3230 | 3359 |
| Purifiermen | 3276 | 3276 | 2980 | 3276 | 3276 | 3303 |
| Sitksmen ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 3276 | 3276 | 2980 | 3276 | 3276 | 3303 |
| Storemen-Head | 3301 \& 338/ | 3301 \& 338\% | $298 / 8$ | 330] \& 338/ | 330/ \& 3381 |  |
| Topmen . | 3276 | 3276 | ${ }_{298}{ }^{293} 0$ |  | 3276 | ${ }_{332}{ }^{32} / 6$ |
| Truckers and Others. . | 2980 | 2980 | 2930 | 2980 | 2980 | 3060 |
| Mhing-OatmediKilnmea | 3130 | 2896 | . | .. |  | 31518 |
| Millerg-Head | 3406 | 3140 | . | ** |  | $\begin{gathered} 319 / 3 \\ 356 / 9 \& \\ 361 / 9 \end{gathered}$ |
| Pastrycooking- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carters .. | 3060 | 2960 | 2980 | 3236 | 3095 | 3060 |
| Pastrycooks .. | 3500 | 3320 | 30916 \& | 331 | 323 | 3346 |

(a) Piece-work tales.

## Section IV.-continued

Group IV.-Clothing, Texthles, btc.


Gróứ Vi-Boọiks, Printino, Boóokbindinio, etc.

| Industry and Occupation. | Sydney. | Melbourne. | Brisbane. | Adelaide. | - Perth. | Hobart. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bookbinding- | s. $d^{\text {d }}$ | s. $d$. | s. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | s. $d$. | s. d. | s. a. |
| Bookbinders | 3430 | 3350 | 3180 | 3310 | 3360 | 3420 |
| Fintshers | 3430 | $335{ }^{\circ} 0$ | 318.0 | 331.0 | 3360 | 3420 |
| Marblers | 3430 | 3350 | 3180 | 3310 | 3360 | 3420 |
| Paper Rulers | 3430 | 3350 | 3180 | 3310 | 3360 | 3420 |
| Engraving (Photo) (a)Engravers | 3469 | 3419 | 3579 | 3160 | 3585 | 3509 |
| Etchers-ryaif-tone ... | 3569 | 3519 | 3679 | 3206 | 358 | 3609 |
| Etchers-Line .. | 3469 | 3419 | 3579 | 3160 | 3485 | 3509 |
| Camera Operators ... | 3569 | 3519 | 3679 | 3206 | 3585 | 3609 |
| Photo Imposers. $\quad$. | 3469 | 3419 | 3579 | 3160 | 3485 | 3509 |
| Rơuters .. | 3430 | 3380 | 3540 | 3140 | 3385 | 3470 |
| Lthhographing- |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| Printers $\quad \cdots \quad$ - | 3430 | 3350 | 3180 | 3310 | 3360 | 3420 |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Rotary Machinists } & \text { O } \\ \text { Stone Polishers } & \\ \text { - }\end{array}$ | 343 296 | $\begin{array}{ll}335 & 0 \\ 288 & 0\end{array}$ | 318 371 27 | 331 <br> 284 <br> 0 | 3360 | 342 <br> 295 <br> 0 |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { Prining (Daily News- } \\ \text { Lpapers)- } \\ \text { Compositors (Machine) } \end{gathered}$ |  | I |  |  |  |  |
| Day Work .- | 4330 | 14496 | 4296 | 4260 | 344711 | 4370 |
| Night Work .. | 4530 | 14856 | 4656 | 451 0 | ${ }^{4} 48011$ | 4620 |
| Linolype AttendantsDay Work Night Work | $\begin{array}{ll}358 \\ 378 & 0\end{array}$ | 362 1398 | $\begin{array}{ll}358 & 0 \\ 394 & 0\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}357 & 9 \\ 382 & 0\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}1363 & 5 \\ 5396 & 5\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}368 & 0 \\ 393 & 0\end{array}$ |
| Linotype Operators-: Day Work | 3980 | 42 t 0 | 4130 | 3960 | 44711 | 4078 |
| Night Work . .. | 4180 | 14570 | 4490 | 4210 | ${ }^{3} 46011$ | 4320 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Machinists } \\ & \text { Hand)-. } \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{1}{1}$ | i | \% | ${ }^{*}$ |  |  |
| Day Work | 3880 | 4256 | 4216 | 4110 | 142411 | 4220 |
| Night Work | 4080 | ${ }^{1} 4616$ | 4576 | 4360 | 45711 | 4470 |
| Pubishing Hands Day Work | 3580 | 3626 | 3580 | 3410 | 13685 | 3520 |
| Night Work . | 3780 | 13986 | 3940 | 3660 | ${ }^{2} 4015$ | 3770 |
| ReadersDay Work | 3980 | 4250 | 4130 | 4030 | 14245 | 4140 |
| Night Work .. | 4180 | 14610 | 4490 | 4280 | 3457 | 4390 |

(a) Other than in newspaper offices.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { (1) } 38 \text { hours. (2) } 36 \text { hours. } & \text { (3) } 34 \text { hours. }\end{array}$

## SECTION IV.-continued.

Group V.-booxs, Printing, bookbindna, etc,-confintued.

| Industry and Occupation. | Syiney- | Melborrne. | Brishane. | Adelaide. | Peth. | Hobart. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prinuing (Dafly News-papers;)-continued. Readers' Assistants- | s. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | s. d. | 5. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Day Work } & \\ \text { Night Work } & \cdots\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}358 & 0 \\ 378 & 0\end{array}$ | 366 +402 | 3656 401 | 3380 | $\begin{array}{ll}1377 & 5 \\ 2410 & 5\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll} 349 & 0 \\ 374 & 0 \end{array}$ |
| Stereotypers (First <br> Class)  <br> Day Work $\ldots$ <br> Night Work $\ldots$ | 388 408 | $* 421$ <br> 1457 | 4130 4490 | 391 4160 | 1420 <br> 485 <br> 45 | 4020 |
| Printing (Job Offices) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Compositors . | $\begin{gathered} 343 / 60 \\ 365 / 6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 335 / \text { to } \\ & 357 / 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 318 / \text { to } \\ & 340 / 6 \end{aligned}$ | 331/to | $\begin{aligned} & 336 / \text { to } \\ & 358 / 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 342 / \text { to } \\ & 364 / 6 \end{aligned}$ |
| Eléctrotypers | 3430 | 3350 | 3180 | 3310 | 3360 | 3420 |
| General Hagds .. | 2840 | 2760 | 2590 | 2720 | 2770 | 2830 |
| Linotype'Operators . . | 3656 | 3576 | 3406 | 3536 | 3586 | 3646 |
| Machinists !. . | 3430 | 3350 | 3180 | 3310 | 3360 | 3420 |
| Monotype Operators | 3656 | 3576 | 3406 | 3536 | 358 | 364, 6 |
| Monotype ' Casting |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Readdis Mathist $\quad \geqslant \cdots$ | 343 350 3 | $\begin{array}{ll}335 & 0 \\ 342 & 6\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}318 & 0 \\ 325 & 6\end{array}$ | 331 338 3 | 3360 | 3496 |
| Stereotypers in ${ }_{\text {a }}$, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3430 | 3350 | 3180 | 3310 | 3360 | 3420 |
| 1. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} c \\ i f \\ i f f \end{gathered}$ | $\bigcirc{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{Grou}$ | $\mathrm{VI}_{5}^{2}-\mathrm{OTHE}$ | MANUPACL | nịc. |  |  |
| Industry and Occupation. | Sydney. | Meltourne. | Brisbane. | Adelaide. | Pert. | Hotart. |
| Brickmaking- <br>  | 313/68 ${ }_{\text {s. }}$ | 314. | $(295 .$ | 3078 | $310 \begin{array}{ll}\text { s. } & d\end{array}$ | 325. ${ }^{\text {c }} 0$ |
| Drivers, Motor (5 tons) | 3250 | 3150 | 3140 | 3110 | 3295 | 3270 |
| Drawers .. .. | 3436 | $313 / 6$ to | 29210 | 3126 | 3155 | 3250 |
| - ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 326\%.1 |  |  |  | ${ }^{ \pm}{ }^{*}$ |
| Labourers .. .. | 310.0 | 3030 | 2848 | 2950 | 29975 | 3216 |
| Machinemen | 335.6 | 3106 | 29210 | 3060 | 2995 | 3216 |
| Panmén : | 318/6 ${ }^{\text {8 }}$ | 3061 A | 29210 | $313 / 6$ \& | 299 \$ | 3216 |
| Pitmen | 3364 | 32816 \& | 2867 | $320{ }^{3} 0$ | 2995 | 3216 |
|  |  | $334 / 6$ |  |  | His : | $\therefore \ddot{\square}$ |
| Setters | 3436 | $313 / 6$ to | 2914 | 3126 | 3155 |  |
| Wheelers | ¢332: 0 | $+326 \%$ 308 | 286 | 301:- 0 | 2995 | 335/ 6 |
| Whetra .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brushmaking- |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |
| Bass Broom Drawers |  | 308:0 |  |  |  | \% |
| Finishers +* ** | 3396 | 3080 | 2916 | 3010 | 30611 | \% |
| Machinists-EDoring + | 3186 | 2900 | 2916 | 3010 | 30611 |  |
| Paint Brush Makers . . | 3480 | 3206 | 2916 | 3010 | ** | $\cdots$ |
| Candle Making-' |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acidifiers .. | 3006 | 3066 | 2786 |  |  | . |
| General Hands | 2970 | 2820 | 2760 | 2780 | $294 \times 5$ | $\cdots$ |
| Glycerine Hands | 3006 | 3066 | 2836 | 302 | 3035 | . |
| Moulders :- | 3093 | 2926 | 2836 | 2886 | 2975 |  |
| Stilmen ! . . ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 3146 | 3066 | 287 0 | 3026 |  | . |
| Cardboard Box Making- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Guillotine and other Cutters | $\begin{array}{r} 299 / 6 \text { to } \\ 321 / 9 \\ 384 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 291 / 6 \text { to } \\ 31390 \\ 376 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 274 / 6 \text { to } \\ & 296 / 9- \\ & 2590 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 287 / 6 \text { to } \\ & 309 / 9 \end{aligned}$ | 292/6 ${ }^{3} \mathrm{O}$ $314 / 9$ 277 | $\begin{gathered} 298 / 6 \text { to } \\ 320 / 9 \\ 2830 \end{gathered}$ |
| Other Adules | 2840 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vehicle Butling - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bodymakers, Labourers . Class | 343.0 271.0 | 335.10 263 | 3581;6 | $331-0$ 259 | $\begin{array}{ll}348 & 5 \\ 273 & 5\end{array}$ | 270 |
| Painters $\quad:$ : | 29616 to | $288 / 6$ to | 3510 | $284 / 6$ to | 34011 | $295 / 6$ to |
|  | 335/6 | $327 / 6$ |  | 323/6 |  | 334/6 |
| Smiths : | 3456 | 3376 | 3610 | 3336 | 3485 | 3446 |
| Trimaters i. a $\quad$ ar.. | 318/1处 | 31018 | 3510 | 30518 | 34011 | $\begin{aligned} & 317 / 8 \\ & .334 / 6 \end{aligned}$ |
| Wheelmaking Machen- |  | 327/6 |  | $32 / 6$ |  |  |
| ists . . | 3430 | 3350 | 3536 | 3310 | 34011 | 342 . |
| Wheelwrights . | 3430 | 3350 | 358 6 | 3310 | 3485 | 3420 |

(I) 38 hours.
(2) 36 hours.
(3) 39 hours.

## Section IV.--continued.

Group VI.-Other Manupactivana-continued.

(a) Paper board.

## Section IV.-continued.

ghoup Vi.-other Manufacturing-conthued.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Industry and Occupation. \& Sydney. \& Melbourne. \& Brisbane. \& Adelaide. \& Perth. \& Hobart. \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Potteries-General- \\
Burners--Head
\end{tabular} \& \[
\text { s. } d
\]
\[
3150
\] \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
s. \\
\\
304 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& s.

303 \& s. d. \& s. d.
303 S \& s. 4.
3190 <br>
\hline Hollow-ware Pressers
Sanitary Pressers \& 330
330 \& 2950 \& 2956 \& ${ }^{29616}$ \& \& 3320 <br>
\hline Sanitary Pressers .. \& 3309 \& 2966 \& 2956 \& 2836 \& 286/14 29 \& 3320 <br>

\hline Throwers-1st Class. . \& $$
\begin{gathered}
333 / 9 \\
337 /
\end{gathered}
$$ \& \[

288 / 6 to
\] \& 3070 \& 307/ \& 326/ \& \& 3350 <br>

\hline Potteries-Pipemuking-Burners-Head \& 32111 \& 3046 \& 3034 \& \& \& 3190 <br>
\hline Drawers .. \& 3236 \& 2926 \& 3034 \& 2966 \& 3005 \& 319 O <br>
\hline Moulders \& 3270 \& \& \& 3116 \& 3035 \& $315^{*} 6$ <br>
\hline Mould Makers . \& \& 3070 \& 2956 \& \& 3005 \& +* <br>
\hline Setters .. .. \& 3236 \& 3006 \& 2914 \& $305 / 8$
$311 / 6$ \& 3005 \& 3190 <br>
\hline Quarrying- \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Borers-Hand } \\ \text { Machine } & \text { or }\end{array}$ \& 334/9 \& \& 3180 \& 287 11 \& - \& 30111 \& 3120 <br>
\hline Dressers \& ${ }_{357} 31 / 3$ \& \& \& \& 301 \& <br>
\hline Dressers $\quad .$. \& 350 \& 3386 \& 28711 \& \& 30111 \& 3120 <br>
\hline Hammermen \& 3349 \& 3336 \& 28711 \& 299 \& 30111 \& 3120 <br>
\hline Crusher Feeders \& 3422 \& 3250 \& 2870 \& 2926 \& 3085 \& 3210 <br>
\hline Quartymen \& 3572 \& \& 2947 \& \& \& 3210 <br>
\hline Rubber WorkingCalendar Hands \& 323 \& \& 31518 \& 3110 \& 3110 \& . \& -* <br>
\hline Cycle Tyre Makers . . \& 2900 \& 2820 \& 2886 \& \& 2985 \& 3006 <br>
\hline Dough Mixers .- \& 2900 \& 2820 \& 2736 \& 2676 \& .. \& .. <br>
\hline Hosemakers \& 296, to 308/ \& 288/ to $300 /$ \& 2750 \& .. \& + \& , <br>
\hline Mechanical Latbe
Hands .. \& 296\% to 303/ \& 288/ to 29 \& 2750 \& 279 \& . \& - <br>
\hline Mill Hends.. $\quad$. \& $290 /$ to $308 /$ \& $282 /$ to $300 /$ \& 2750 \& 2890 \& $\because$ \& $\cdots$ <br>
\hline Spreaders \& $296 /$ to 308/ \& $288 /$ to $300 /$ \& 2750 \& .. \& -. \& * <br>
\hline Surgical, Packing, and oiber Makers \& $296 /$ to $318 /$ \& 2881 to 3101 \& 2750 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Tyre Moulders * . \& 290/ to 303/ \& 282/ to 295/ \& 2886 \& . \& 298 S \& 3006 <br>

\hline | Sailmaking- |
| :--- |
| Sallmakers . . | \& 3200 \& 3120 \& 2950 \& 3080 \& $\cdots$ \& 3190 <br>


\hline | Shiphwilding $(a)$ - |
| :--- |
| Carpenters and Joiners | \& 3940 \& 3940 \& 3940 \& 3940 \& 3940 \& 3940 <br>

\hline Dockers . \& 284/ to \& $284 / 6$ \& $284 / 10$ \& $284 /$ to \& $284 / 10$ \& $284 \%$ to <br>
\hline \& 308/6 \& 308/6 \& 308/6 \& $308 / 6$ \& 308/6 \& 308/6 <br>
\hline Painters .. \& 2840 \& 2840 \& 2840 \& 2840 \& 2840 \& 2840 <br>
\hline Stipwrights $\quad$. \& 3400 \& 3400 \& 3400 \& 3400 \& 3400 \& 340 0 <br>
\hline Soap MakingGeneral Hands \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Mixers \& 304160 309/3 \& 2871 to
30716 \& 2923 \& 283/ \& 291/ \& 3035 \& .. <br>
\hline Soap Makers \& 3356 \& 3266 \& 3186 \& 3100 \& 297 \$ \& $\cdots$ <br>
\hline Tanning and Currying- \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline | Beamsmen |
| :--- |
| Curriers | \& \& $\begin{array}{ll}313 & 6 \\ 338 & 6\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{ll}296 & 6 \\ 321 & 6\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{ll}309 & 6 \\ 334 & 6\end{array}$ \& 314

3
39 \& $\begin{array}{ll}320 & 6 \\ 345\end{array}$ <br>
\hline Curriers or Enam. \& 3466 \& 3386 \& 3216 \& 3346 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 3210 \& 3130 \& 2960 \& 3090 \& 3140 \& 3200 <br>
\hline Limejobbers \& 3196 \& 3116 \& 2946 \& 3076 \& 3126 \& 3186 <br>
\hline $\underset{\text { Machinists- }}{\text { Fleshing }}$.. $\quad$. \& 3280 \& 3200 \& 3030 \& 3160 \& \& 3270 <br>
\hline Scouring .. .. \& 3106 \& 3026 \& 2856 \& 2986 \& 3036 \& 3096 <br>
\hline Splitting .. .. \& $336 / 6$ to \& $328 / 6$ to \& $311 / 6$ to \& 32416 to \& $329166^{\circ}$ \& 33516 to <br>
\hline \& 346/6 \& 318/6 \& $321 / 6$ \& $334 / 6$ \& $379 / 6$ \& $345 / 6$ <br>
\hline Unhairing

Rollers und Strikers \& 32186 \& | 313 |
| :--- |
| 31218 | \& $296{ }^{295}$ \& 309 \% 6 \& 314

313 \& 3296 <br>
\hline Rollers und Striker\$ * \& 32018 \& $312 /$ \% \& $295 / 8$
2976 \& 30818
31016 \& 31318
$315 / 6$ \& 31918
$321 / 6$ <br>

\hline Tablemen .. .. \& $$
\begin{gathered}
315 / 6 \text { to } \\
322 / 6
\end{gathered}
$$ \& 307/6 to \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
29016 \text { to } \\
297 / 6
\end{gathered}
$$
\] \& $303 / 6$ to

$310 / 6$ \& $308 / 6$ to

31516 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 314 / 6 \text { to } \\
& 321 / 6
\end{aligned}
$$ <br>

\hline Tent Making- Tarpaulin \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Cutiers .. $\quad$ - \& 3080 \& 3000 \& 2830 \& 2960 \& \& 3070 <br>
\hline Machinists .. $\quad$ - \& 3080 \& 3000 \& 2830 \& 2960 \& 2875 \& 3070 <br>
\hline Sewers-Hand
Tent Makers \& 3080 \& 3000 \& 2830 \& 2960 \& 2875 \& 3070 <br>
\hline Tent Makers + \& 3080 \& 3000 \& 2830 \& 2960 \& 2875 \& 3070 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

(o) Permanent rates.

## APPENDIX,

## SECTION IV.-continued.... et

Grour Vil-Bullingo.

| todostry and Occupation. | Sydney. <br> (a) | Melbourne. <br> (a) | Brisbane. | Adelaide. <br> (a) | Perth. | Hobart <br> , (4) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ') 9 | ! |  |  |  |  | , |
| Building- | s. d. , | st $d$ | - d | s., d. | $=5 d$. | * 5. |
| Bricklayers- <br> Sewer and Tunnel |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sewer and Tunnel <br> Surface | $\begin{array}{ll}396 & 8 \\ 376 & 8\end{array}$ | 41311 398 | $\begin{array}{ll}358 & 3 \\ 350 & 9\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}379 & \mathbf{2} \\ 369 & \mathbf{2}\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}393 & 9 \\ 380 & 5\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}395 & 0 \\ 395 & 0\end{array}$ |
| Buitders' Labourers | 3184 | 3426 | 3099 | 3050 | 3093 | 3226 |
| Carpenters .. | 3850 | 4026 | 3549 | 3726 | 3835 | 3984 |
| Lathers . | 3850 | 4926 | 3549 | 3726 | 38111 | 3950 |
| Metảl Ceilers | 3850 | 4026 | 3549 | 3726 | 3835 | 3984 |
| Masons . | 3750 | 401 0 | 3420 | 3692 | 3785 | 3950 |
| Painters, Paperhangers | 3726 | 39510 | 3509 | 3568 | 3798 | 3950 |
| Signwriters . | 3884 | 39510 | 3523 | 3568 | 3798 | 3950 |
| Plasterers- <br> Sewer or Tunnel <br> Surface | 4018 | $\begin{array}{ll}398 & 4 \\ 398 & 4\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}359 & 3 \\ 351 & 9\end{array}$ | 38010 | 39513 | $\begin{array}{ll}395 & 0 \\ 395 & 0\end{array}$ |
| Plumbers, Gasfitters. | 389 | 4085 | 3519 | 3390 | 38211 | 3750 |
| Slaters | 3855 | 3792 | 3509 |  | 33611 |  |
| Tilers (Roof) | 3855 | 3792 | 3509 | 3326 | 33611 |  |
| Tuckpointers | 3768 | 3984 | 3509 | 3692 | 380.5 | 0 |
| Water Supply and Sevier-ageConcrete Workers |  |  |  |  |  | $7 /$ \& 304/ |
| Concrete Workers | $\begin{aligned} & 327 / 210 \\ & 352 / 2 \end{aligned}$ |  | $305 / 4$ | 274/ \& 279/ | 288/5 $303 / 5$ | 7 \& 304/ |
| Labourers .. | $320 / 116$ | 2950 | 278,6 to | 2560 | 280. 11 | 2910 |
| Miners-Sewer | $1348 / 10$ to | 307i \& 313i | 307/ \& 312 | 2840 | 2931110 | 297] \& 311/ |
| Pipe-jointers | 367/9 |  |  |  | , 322/2 |  |
| Setters .. .. | $\begin{gathered} 339 / 5 \text { to } \\ 339 / 8 \end{gathered}$ | 3130 | 286 '6 | 279/ to 289/ | $\begin{gathered} 303 / 5 \text { to } \\ 318 / 5 \end{gathered}$ | 3080 |

(a) Rates are weekly equivatents of hourly rates They include allowances for teave, holidavs, following the job, etc.

Grour Vill.-Minino.

(a) Piece-work rates.
(b) Pieco-work rates normally operate for these occupations but minimum Weckily wage rates are as shown.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { (i) } 35 \text { to } 40 \text { hours. } & \text { (2) } 38 子 \text { hours. }\end{array}$

## SEction IV.-continued.

Group VIII.-Minino-continued.



[^3]Section IV.--continued.
Group IX.-Rallway and Tranway Servicts-continued.


Group X-OTher Transport.

| Industry and Occupation. | Sydney. | Melbourne. |  | Brisbane. | Adelaide. |  | Perth. |  | Hobart. |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | s. d. | s. $d$. |  | s. d. | s. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | s. d. |  | s. d. |  |
| 25cwt. or less | (a) 3180 | 2960 |  | 2950 | 2920 |  | 309 | 5 | 3030 |  |
| 3 tons | $\begin{gathered} (b) 327 / \\ 336 \end{gathered}$ | 305 |  | 304 | 301 |  | 319 | 5 | 3126 |  |
| Over 3 cons but under 6 tons .. | $\begin{gathered} 340 / 6 \text { to } \\ 349 / 6 \end{gathered}$ | 3150 |  | 3140 | 311 | 0 | 329 | 5 | 3220 |  |
| Motor Driver's Assis- tants | 3180 |  |  | 277 | 2700 |  | 2875 |  | 2810 |  |
| Loaders | 3370 | 87 |  | 2860 | 283 | 0 | 2875 |  | 2940 |  |
| $\begin{array}{cll} \begin{array}{c} \text { Sanitary } \\ \text { tons) } \end{array} & \text { Carters } & \text { (3 } \end{array}$ | 4310 | 3256 |  | 3246 | 321 | 6 | 359 | 3 | 3326 |  |
| Lif Aitendoms- <br> Passenger .. | 2970 | 303 | 0 | 277/ \& 279] | 287 | 0 | 285 | 5 |  |  |

(a) 20 cwt. or less. (b) Over 20 cwt. to 3 tons.
(1) 76 hours per fortnight.

Section IV.-continued.

Group XI.-Smppino, Wharf Labour, etc.

| Industry and Occupation, | N.S.W. | Victoria. | Queensiland. | S. Aust. | W. Aust. | Tasmani |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. | s. 4. |
| Wharf Labourers per hour (a) | 104 | 104 | 10/4 to 10/9 | 104 | 104 | 10 |
|  | $\ddagger$ s. d. |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passenger Vestels (Intersacte) (b)- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bakers per month | $\begin{aligned} & 56 / 13 / 0 \text { to } 63 / 5 / 6(c) \\ & 56 / 13 / 0(d) \\ & 58 / 5 / 6 \text { to } 62 / 0 / 6(c) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Barnien .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Butchers . * |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chief .. " | 67/5/6 to 71/0/6(c) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Second .. $\quad$ " |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Third . $"$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ships . $*$ | $56 / 13 / 0(c)$ <br> $59 / 18 / 0(c)$ <br>  <br> $610 / 6$ to |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pantrymen .. ** | 56/0/6 to 58/5/6(c) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Scullerymen " |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chief Saloon \# | 69/10/6 to 77/10/6(d) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Second | 69/10/ $6010 / 6(1)$$5818 /(d)$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Second Saioon, |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fore Cabin ${ }^{\text {Pedroont }}$ | 58/5/6(d) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other .. , | \$5/5;6 to 56/0/6(d) |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Vessels (Inturstare) C- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A.B. Seamen per month | 59/8/0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boatswains " | 6018/0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Donkeymen " | $61 / 8 / 0$$60 / 8 / 0$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Firctnen .* " |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Creasers Triminers", | $60 / 89$6018 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lamp Trimmers *: <br> Fuel Trimmers | $60 / 8 / 0$$58 / 8 / 0$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Vessels (Steam) |  |  | Vessels (Steam) |  |  |
| Marine Engincers bef- | 100 N.H.P. and under |  |  | Over 100 N.H.P. |  |  |
| Chief Der month | 94/1/6 to 100/19/0 |  |  | 104/14/0 to 152/4 |  |  |
| Second .. * | 80/19/0 |  |  | 80/19/0 to 104/14/0 |  |  |
| Third * $\quad *$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fourth ${ }^{\text {Fifth }}$ and under ${ }^{\text {" }}$ |  |  |  | 66/13/9 $20.82 / 4 / 0$ |  |  |
| Fifth and under ** | . |  |  | $65 / 8 / 0$ |  |  |
|  | Seagoing <br> Passenger Vexsels. |  |  | Seagoing Cargo Vessels. |  |  |
| Merchant Service b/g- | Under 125 tons. Over 10,000 tons. |  |  | Under 60 tons. Over 10,000 tomen |  |  |
| Masters per month | 95/8/0 |  | 234/14/0 | 84/8/0 |  | 79/14/0 |
| Chief . . |  |  | 104/14/0 | $70 / 810$$65 / 8 / 0$ |  | 94/14/0 |
| Second . ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 94 / 14 / 0 \\ 83 / 9 / 0 \end{array}$ |  |  | $8774 / 0$ |
| Third ${ }^{\text {ch }}$ " ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | $70 / 810$ |  |  | .. |  | 78/9/0 |
| 6th .. ${ }_{\text {¢ }}$ | ** |  | 65/8/0 | ** |  | 65/8/0 |


#### Abstract

(a) Rates of wage quoted are for casuals on other than special edrgo. (b) Rates of wage quoted are in addition to victualling and acconsmodation, valued at $\mathbf{~} 99 \mathrm{~s}$. 1 d . a month. (s) Not more than. 8 hours a day. (d) Not mere than 8 hours a day within a spread of is consecutive hours when at sea, between 7 a.m, and 5 p.m. in terminal ports and between 6 a.m. and 5 p.m. in incermediate ports. (e) Minimum rates under the Commonwealth Award are classified according to nominal horsepower of vessets. (f) Ordinary lengths of duty in a day at sea or in port or partly at sea and partly in port shall be 8 hours. ( $x$ ) Minimum rates under the Commonwealth Award are classified for interstates yessels and for vessels within a State according to tonnage; the lowest and highest classes for interstate


 passenger and cargo vessels are given here.
## Section 1V.-continued.

Group XII.-Pastoral, Aoricultutal, btc.

(a) Shearers' and woolpressers' hours are 40 a week; shed hands' hours are the same as shearers', mith such additional time as niay be necessary to finish picking up fleeces, etc. Should the time engaged picking up, etc., exceed 30 mínutes a day, all time thereafter must be paid as overtime. The hours of cooks are not regulated. Rates shown are "not fousd" rates. "Found" rates are £5.a week fess, except in Queensland, where they are $£ 48 \mathrm{8s}$. 2d. a week less.

Group XIfi.-Domestic, Hotels, etc.
Nore-The rates of wage specified for employees in Hotels and Restaurants represent the weekly cash payment where board and lodging are not provided.

| Industry and Occupation. | Sydney. | Melbourne. | Brisbana. | Adelarde. | Persh. | Hobart. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hairdressing-- : Haiddressers (Men's). . | $\begin{gathered} s . d . \\ \text { sid } \\ 333 / \text { to } 343 / \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{cc} s: & d . \\ 328 & 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { s. } d . \\ 303 / \& 311 / \end{gathered}$ | s. d. $3336$ | $\begin{array}{cc} c . & d \\ 323 & \\ 32 & \\ \hline \end{array}$ | s. d. <br> 319 0 |
| Hotels- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Barmen | 3080 | $300 \quad 0$ | 2620 | 2986 | 323 5 | 3050 |
| Billiard Markers | 2880 | 2800 | 270 | 2610 | 278 \$ | 2850 |
| Chers . | 3091 to 383/ | 301/10 3751 | $294 / \& 300 /$ | 31816 to | 30815 to | 306/ to 380/ |
| Cooks-Sccond | $310 / 6$ to | $302 / 6$ to | 2850 | 2901 to $306 /$ | 292/11 to | $307 / 6$ to |
|  | 339/ | 331/ |  |  | $298 / 5$ | 3361 |
| Cooks--Third | 2980 | 2900 | 2850 | 2860 | 2885 | 2950 |
| Handymen.. | 2880 | 280 | 2700 | 2596 | 2785 | 2850 |
| Kitchenmen | 2888 | 280 | 2726 | 2610 | 278 | 2850 |
| Lirt Amtendants | $\begin{array}{ll}288 & 0 \\ 288 & 0\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{ll}280 \\ 280 \\ & 0\end{array}$ | 277 <br> 270 <br> 0 | 2870 | 278  <br> 283 5 | $\begin{array}{ll}285 & 0 \\ 285 & 0\end{array}$ |
| Porters-Might Work | 2880 | 280 | 2770 | 2630 | 2885 | 2850 |
| Waiters-Head | 3080 | 3000 | 2750 | 281 \% | . | 3050 |
| Waiters-Other | 2880 | 2800 | 2700 | 270 | 2835 | 2850 |
| Restauramts- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pantrymen. | 2986 | 2830 | $\begin{array}{ll}299 & 6 \\ 275\end{array}$ | 2896 | 2988 | $\begin{array}{ll}302 & 0 \\ 285 & 6\end{array}$ |
| Waiters | $\begin{gathered} 298 / 6 \text { \& } \\ 301 j \end{gathered}$ | 2830 | 2756 | 2696 | 2835 | 2820 |

(I) 44 hours.
(2) 48 hours.

Section IV.-contimued.
Group XiV.-Miscellaneous and General Labour.

(a) Rates shown are those for the stwmilling industry.

## Section V.

MINIMUM RATES OF WAGE FOR ADULT FEMALE WOREERS IN THE MAIN OCCUPATIONS IN THE CAPITAL CITY OF EACH STATE FOR A FULL WEEK'S WORK (EXCLUDING OVERTIME) AT 31st DECEMBER, 1958.
(See Explanatory Note at top of page 172.)
Nore.-The hours of work (constituting a full week's work) for all occupations shown hereunder are 40 a week.

Group III.-Food, Drink, Tobacco, btc.


Group IV.-Clothing, Texthes, etc.


Section V.-continued.
Group IV.-Clothing, Texttles, mTc-comialued.

| Induscry and Occupation, | Sydney. | Melbourne. | Brisbane, | Aderaide. | Perih. | Hobart. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. | s. ${ }^{\text {d }}$, | s. d. | s. d, - |
| Men's Talloring (Ready Made)- <br> Coat Hands (Machtnis(s) <br> Trousers, Vest Hands Adult Females |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2250 | 2250 | 2250 | 2250 | 2250 | 2250 |
|  | 2190 | 2190 | 2190 | 2190 | 2190 | 2190 |
|  | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 | 2016 |
| Textife Working (Woollen Mids)- <br> Comb Minders <br> Darmers and Menders |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 215 217168 | 215 217168 |  | 210 212168 | 215 $217 / 68$ | 217/6 6 |
|  | 22016 | 22016 | 26 | $215 / 6$ | 22016 | 220/6 |
| Warpers, Plain | 2176 | 2176 | $\} 2026$ | 2126 | 2176 | 2176 |
| Weavers, Loom | 2206 | 2206 |  | 2156 | 2206 | 2206 |
| Other Adults | 1996 | 1996 |  | 1946 | 1996 | 1996 |
| UnderclothingAdult Females |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 201 / 6 \text { to } \\ 236 / 6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 201 / 6 \text { to } \\ 236 / 6 \end{gathered}$ | $201 / 6$ to $23616$ | $\begin{gathered} 201 / 6 \text { to } \\ 236 / 6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 201 / 6 \text { to } \\ 236 / 6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 201 / 6 \text { to } \\ 236 / 6 \end{gathered}$ |

Groups 1., II., V. and Vi--Other Manufacturino.

(a) Paper board making.

## Section V.-continued.

Gronp XIII.-Domestic, Hotels, exc.
Note.-The rates of wage mentioned herein for employees in Hotels and Restaurants represent the weekty cash payment where board and todging are not provided. .




Section Vl.
WEEKLY RATES OF WAGE AND HOURS OF LABOUR: AUSTRALIA, THE UNITED KINGDOM AND NEW ZEALAND.
.. (Wages are quoted in,the currency of the country concerned.)

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{\multirow{3}{*}{Industry and Occupation.}} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{\(\therefore\) Australla (Sydney).} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{- United Kingdom (London).} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{n \({ }^{\text {New }}\) Zealand (Auckland).} \\
\hline \& \& \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{31st December, 1938.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{31st December, 1958.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{31st December, 1938.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{31st December, 1958.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{3tst December, 1938.} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{31st December, 1958.} \\
\hline \& \& \& Rates of Wage. \& No. of Hours. \& Rates of Wage. \& No. of Hours. \& Rates of Wage. \& No. of Hours. \& Rates of Wage, \& No. of Hours. \& Rates of Wage. \& No. of Hours. \& Rates of Wage. \& No. of Hours. \\
\hline  \& Cabinet Maker French Polisher \& \[
\begin{array}{ll}
\because \& \pi_{2}^{2} \\
\because \& \because \\
\& \because \\
\hline
\end{array}
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
s . d . \\
107.0 \\
107.0 \\
107.0
\end{array}
\] \& 44
44
44 \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
s . d . \\
345!0 \\
345 \div 0 \\
3450
\end{array}
\] \& \[
{ }_{40}^{40}:
\] \& \(\begin{array}{rrr}\text { s. } \\ \text { r. } \\ 82 \\ 82 \& 3 \\ 82 \\ 82 \& 3\end{array}\) \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 47 \\
\& 47 \\
\& 47
\end{aligned}
\] \& , s. d. \& i4i \(\{\) \& s. \(d^{\text {d }}\)
110
110
110
110 \& 40
40
40 \& s. \({ }^{\text {a }}\) (
251
\(\cdots\)
\(\cdots\) \& 40
\(\because\) \\
\hline \[
\ddot{3}-\ddot{\square}
\] \& - Sawnilling- Machinist, Planing \& .. \(\quad .\). \& \[
\begin{gathered}
91 \cdot 0 \\
\text { and } \\
100{ }_{0}^{0}
\end{gathered}
\] \& 44 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 311.0 \\
\& \text { and } \\
\& 338
\end{aligned}
\] \& 40 \& .. \& . \& . \& : \& 1034 \& 40 \& 2597 \& 40- \\
\hline \[
\because \square
\] \& \begin{tabular}{l}
... Machinist, Shaping \\
. Sawyer, Band or Jis
\end{tabular} \&  \& 105
95
90 \& \({ }_{44}^{44}\) : \& 338
310
10
0 \& 40
40 \& : \& \(\because\) \& \(\therefore\) \& \(\because\) \& 103.84
96.8 \& 40: 40 \& \(\begin{array}{r}259 \\ 244 \\ \hline 10\end{array}\) \& \(40 \div\) \\
\hline \(\stackrel{ }{ }\) \& - Sawyer, Circular \& \(\ldots{ }^{-164}\) \& \[
\begin{array}{cc}
108 \& 0 \\
95 \& 0 \\
90 \& 0 \\
102 \& 0
\end{array}
\] \& 44 \&  \& 40 \& * \& . \& * \& .. \& 1126 \& 40 \& 2705 \& 40 \\
\hline \& Engineering and Metal Fitter and Turner \& Working— \& \[
108 \cdot 0
\]
and \& 44 \& \({ }^{343} \cdot 0\) \& \(40^{\circ}\) \& 7011 \& 47 \& 1913 \& 44 \& 1100 \& 40 \& 26010 \& 40 \\
\hline \& Patternmaker Moulder (Iron) \& \[
\because \quad \therefore \cdot \theta
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
1220 \\
120.0 \\
90.0
\end{array}
\] \& 44
44 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
365.6 \\
\(296 . .0\) \\
\hline 60
\end{tabular} \& 40. \& 710.3 \& 47. \& \(199 \% 14\) \& \(44^{\prime \prime}\) \& \(110-0\)
110 \& \(40 \%\) \& 260 10 \& 40 \\
\hline \& - Tinsmith .. \& \(\cdots \quad \cdots\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}111 \\ 101 \\ \hline 10\end{array}\) \& \[
44_{2} .
\] \& 343
318
and
and
343
3 \& 40 \& . \& . \& \(\ldots\) \& -. - \& 110 \& 40 \& 259.2 \& 40 \\
\hline \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Afilting (Flour)- } \\
\& \text { Miller (shift) }
\end{aligned}
\] \& .. .. \& 97
to
to \& 44 \& 343
347

185 \& 40. \& ${ }^{71}$ and \& 42 \& 2356 \& 40 \& (a) 994 \& 40 \& (b)269 t0 \& 40 <br>
\hline \& Packerman .. \& .. .. \& 107
85 \& 44 \& 385
323 \& 40 \& -73 0 \& $\cdots$ \& \& \& 934 \& 40 \& 2384 \& 40 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

(a) Kilaman. (b) Rollerman.

Weekly Rates of Waoe and Hours of Labour: australia, tye Untted Kingdom and New Zealand-continued.


Section VI.-continued.
Weekly Rates of Wage and Hours of Labour: Australla, the Untied Kingdom ano New Zealand-continued.

(a) Not available.

SECTION VII:

## COMMONWEALTH CONCILIATION AND ARBITRATION COMMISSION.

## BASIC WAGE INQUIRY, 1959.

As in 1958 this inquiry was originated by summons on behalf of several organizations of employees for the undermentioned variations of the current Metal Trades Award of the Commonwealth Conciliation and Arbitration Commission; namely, by increasing the amounts of basic wage prescribed therein for respective cities, towns and localities to the figure they each would have reached had the quarterly adjustment system based on the-" C" Series retail price index numbers been retained, plus an addition of 10 s. to each basic wage, and by making provision for future adjustment of each of the new amounts at quarterly intervals by the application thereto of the same index numbers.

The inquiry opened on 24th February, 1959 before Kirby C.J., Foster and Gallagher JJ., and the judgment was delivered on 5th June, 1959.

The following is an extract from a statement made by Kirby' C.J. on Sth June, 1959 on behalf of the three members of the bench:-
"The questions for decision by the Commission may be described in these terms:-

1. Should the basic wage in the Pastoral Award 1956 be reduced by 25 s . or at all?
2. Should the system of automatic quarterly adjustments be restored?
3. Should there be an increase in the basic wage?
4. If so, of what amount?

On the first question, namely, whether the basic wage in the Pastoral Award 1956 should be reduced, the Commission was unanimous that the claim for a reduction should be refused. On the second question, namely, whether the system of automatic quarterly adjustments should be restored, the members of the Commission were divided in opinion and therefore the question pursuant to section 68 has been decided according to the decision of the majority.

The majority decision on this question, namely, that of the President and Mr. Justice Gallagher is that the claim of the unions for restoration of the said system should be refused. Mr. Justice Foster dissents. The result is that the said system will not be restored.

On the third question, namely, whether there should be an increase in the basic wage, the members of the Commission were unanimous in the opinion that there should be an increase.

On the fourth question, namely, the amount of the increase, the members of the Commission were divided in opinion in this manner:-

The President Mr. Justice Kirby was of opinion that the increase should be one of 15 s . added to each basic wage for adult males in the awards concerned and that the increased basic wage should become payable as from the beginning of the first pay-period commencing on or after 11th June, 1959.

Mr. Justice Foster was of opinion that the increase should be 20s., payable as to 10s. as from the first pay-period in July, 1959 and as to the balance by increases of 2 s . 6 d . for four quarters coserencing 1st January, 1960.

Mr. Justice Gallagher was of opinion that the increase should be one of 10s. and that the increased wage should become payable as from the date chosen by the President.

Mr. Justice Foster while holding his opinion has decided to concur in the decision proposed by the President, namely, that the amount of the increase of the basic wage should be 15 s . per week, which now therefore becomes the decision of the Commission.

Summarizing the foregoing the decisions of the Commission are:-

1. The claim for a reduction of the basic wage in the Pastoral Award is refused.
2. The claim for restoration of automatic quarterly adjustments is refused.
3. The basic wages of adult male employees covered by federal awards will be increased by a uniform amount of 15 s. per week.
4. The new rates will come into effect from the beginning of the first pay-period commencing on or after 11th June instant'subject to special cases.

The decision regarding basic wages is applicable to all the applications which from time to time have been 'ordered by the Commission to be joined for hearing and decision with the original application.
*u: 4
In the Metal Trades Award and in awards generally the basic wage for adult females is prescribed at 75 per cent. of the basic wage for adult males. The result of the increase of the basic wage for adult males by 15 s . per week will be to increase the basic wage for adult females in these awards to 75 per cent. of the new basic wage for adult males.

In those awards which do not contain such a provision but which prescribe basic wages for adult females of a stated amount equal to 75 per cent. of that for adult males the rate will be re-calculated to give effect to this decision.

In the Metal Trades and in many other awards the rates for juniors and apprentices of both sexes are prescribed at a percentage of the basic wage for adults in which cases the existing provisions of the awards will cover proportionate increases for such juniors and apprentices. In awards which do not contain such provisions applications may be made to the Commission ind will be dealt with by the appropriate member of the Commission."

## Section VIII. <br> BASIC WAGE RATES-1923 TO 1959. <br> (Commonwealth Conciliation and Arbitration Commission(a).)

The following table shows the basic weekly wage rates prescribed for adult males under periodical decisions of the Commonwealth Conciliation and Arbitration Commission, including automatic variations made prior to 12 th September, 1953 in accordance with quarterly changes in the retail price index for the city or combination of cities shown at the head of the table. On that date the Commonwealth Court of Conciliation and Arbitration announced its decision to discontinue the system of automatic adjustment of the basic wage in accordance with variations occurring in retail price index numbers. The amount legally payable in any specific instance must be determined by reference to the appropriate award.
(1) The rates of wage shown include " Powers 3s." (or the equivalent thereof) and " Prosperity " loadings, where applicable.
(2) The 10 per cent. reduction operative from February, 1931, to May, 1934, has been applied.
(3) Generally the rates operated from the beginning of the first payperiod commencing in the month indicated.

| Date Operative. | Sydney. | Melbourne. | Brisbane. | Adelaide. | Perth. | Hobart. | $\underset{\text { Capitals. }}{\text { Six. }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1923- | s. d. | s. d. | s. $d^{\text {d }}$ | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. | s. $d$. |
| February | 826 | 820 | 730 | 780 | 736 | 81.6 | 806 |
| May |  | 816 | 736 | 796 | 740 | 830 |  |
| August | 866 | 876 | 750 | 840 | 796 | 876 | 850 |
| November | 890 | 916 | 760 | 856 | 780 | 890 | 876 |
| 1924- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 870 | 876 | 776 | 840 | 760 | 896 | 850 |
| May .. | 86. 0 | 856 | 770 |  | 780 | , | 846 |
| August .. | 856 | 850 | 750 | 856 | 786 | 886 | 840 |
| November | 846 | 846 | " | 840 | 790 | 880 | 830 |
| 1925- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 850 | 840 | 740 | 836 |  | 870 |  |
| May .. | 860 | 856 | 750 | 850 | 810 | " | 846 |
| August . . | 870 | 870 | 766 | 876 | 826 |  | 856 |
| November | 880 | 876 | 770 | 860 | 810 | 856 | 860 |
| 1926 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 896 |  | 786 | 856 | 776 |  |  |
| May .. | 906 | 886 | 820 | 866 | 816 | 890 | $88 \quad 0$ |
| August .. | 926 | 920 |  | 896 | 840 |  | 906 |
| November | 916 | 890 | 826 | 856 | 816 | 886 | 886 |
| 1927- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February |  | 886 | 830 | 846 | 800 |  |  |
| May .. | 906 | 876 | 806 | 860 |  | 866 | 876 |
| August .- | 896 | 870 | 786 | * | 306 | 856 | 866 |
| November | 906 | 900 | 796 | 880 | 796 | 850 | 880 |
| 1928- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 930 | 896 | 806 | 870 | 80 | 840 | 890 |
| May .. | 916 | 880 | 796 | 876 |  |  | 88 - 0 |
| August . . | 920 | 876 |  |  | 840 | 830 |  |
| November | 906 | 860 | 790 | 850 | 850 | 826 | 870 |
| 1929- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 910 |  | 80 0 | 840 |  | 830 |  |
| May . | 950 | 896 | 816 | 88 | 860 | 860 | 906 |
| August .. | 946 | $90 \quad 0$ | 806 | 886 | 866 | 856 | , |
| November | 950 | " | " | , | 856 | 860 | " |

(a) Prior to 30th June, 1956, Commonwealth Court of Conciliation and Arbitration.

Section VIII.-continued.

| Date Operative. | Sydney. | Melbourne. | Brisbane. | Adelaide. | Perth. | Hobart. | $\underset{\text { Capitals. }}{\text { Sixx }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. | s. $d$. | s. d. | s. d. |
| 1930- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 956 | 900 | 810 | 870 | 836 | 866 | 906 |
| May | 920 | 860 | 776 | 840 | 826 | 840 | 870 |
| August . . | 910 | 856 | 730 | 826 | 820 |  | 860 |
| November | 880 | 830 | 706 | 78 0 | 790 | 820 | 830 |
| 1931- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| * February | 766 | 702 | 609 | 662 | 662 | 702 | 71 1 |
| May . . | $74 \quad 3$ | 685 |  | 644 | 667 | 6810 | 694 |
| August .. | 7211 | 658 | 604 | 621 | 658 | 671 | 676 |
| November | 708 | 635 | 586 | 581 | 62 1 | 644 | 653 |
| 1932- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 6810 |  | " |  |  | 6410 | 644 |
| May .. |  | 6311 | \% | 5811 | 618 | 653 | 6410 |
| August .. | 685 | 630 | 577 | 586 |  | 658 | 6311 |
| November | 676 | 618 | 568 | 572 | 595 | 644 | 630 |
| 1933- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 667 | 604 | 5510 |  |  | 635 | 618 |
| May . | 6710 | 634 | 59.4 | 592 | $\begin{array}{ll}59 & 9\end{array}$ | 6410 | $64 \quad 2$ |
| August .. | 6611 | 625 | 5810 |  | 5810 | 6310 | 634 |
| November | " | 6210 | 594 | 597 | $60 \quad 3$ | 6311 | " |
| February |  | 634 |  | 602 | 593 | 6410 | 639 |
| *May . | 670 | 640 | 610 | +64 0 | 660 | +67 0 | 650 |
| June .. | 680 | " | 620 | t65 0 |  | $\dagger$ † | 660 |
| September | " | " | " | $\dagger$ * | 68 0 | * | " |
| December | " | " | " | $\dagger$ ', | " | +" | " |
| March |  | 660 |  | $\dagger$ † |  | $t 690$ |  |
| June .. | " |  | " | " | " | 169 | " |
| September |  |  |  |  | " | " |  |
| December | 700 | * | 640 | 670 | " | " | 680 |
| 1936- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March .. | " | " | " | * | " | " | " |
| June .. | " | " | " | " | " | " | " |
| September | " |  |  |  |  | " | \% |
| December | " | 690 | 660 | 690 | 710 | " | " |
| 1937- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March . |  | " |  | " |  | , | 70 |
| June . | 720 |  | $68 \quad 0$ |  |  |  |  |
| *July .. | 750 | 720 | 710 | 70 | 720 | 720 | 730 |
| September |  | 730 | 70 | 710 | 730 | 730 |  |
| - October | 780 | 760 | 730 | 730 | 750 | 750 | 750 |
| December | " | 770 | 740 | 740 | " | , | 760 |
| 1938- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March . | 790 | " |  | 750 | 740 | 760 | 770 |
| June .. |  |  | 750 |  | 750 | " | " |
| September | 80 | 780 |  | 760 | 760 | " |  |
| 1939- ${ }^{\text {19 }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June .. | 820 | 810 | 770 | 780 | 770 | 770 | 790 |
| September | 810 |  | 760 |  | " | " | " |
| December | 820 | 800 | " | 770 | " | " |  |
| 1940- $\quad . \quad 82{ }^{\text {1 }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February |  | 810 | $77 \quad 0$ |  |  | 780 | $80 \quad 0$ |
| May .. | 830 | 820 | 780 | 780 | $\cdots$ |  |  |
| August .. | 850 | 840 | 790 | $80 \quad 0$ | 790 | 80 | 820 |
| November | " | " | , | , | $80 \quad 0$ | 810 | 830 |

[^4]Section VIII.-continued.

| Date Operative. | Sydney. | Melbourne. | Brisbane. | Adelaide. | Perth. | Hobart. | $\underset{\text { Capitals. }}{\text { Six }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| :., $\quad$ - ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. | s. d. | s. $d$. | , st, d. | s. | d. |
| February | 880 | 860 | 820 | 820 | 810 | 830 |  |  |
| May . |  | 870 | 830 | 830 | 820 | 840 |  | 0 |
| August | 890 |  |  |  | 840 | 85 0 |  |  |
| November |  | 880 | 840 | 840 | 850 |  |  |  |
| 1942- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 910 | 890 | 860 | 860 | 860 | 870 |  |  |
| May | 930 | 920 | 880 | 880 | 870 | 880 |  |  |
| August .. | 950 | 940 | 890 | 910 | 890 | 910 |  |  |
| November | 970 | 970 | 910 | 930 | 910 | 920 |  |  |
| 1943- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 980 | 980 |  |  | 920 | 940 |  |  |
| May ${ }^{\text {. }}$ |  |  | 920 |  |  |  |  |  |
| August .. | 100 | 998 | 940 | 940 | 940 | 950 |  |  |
| November | 990 | 980 | 930 |  |  |  | 97 |  |
| 1944- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February |  | 97 0 | ' , | 930 | 930 | 940 |  |  |
| May : . | ' | $\stackrel{\prime}{\prime \prime}$ | " |  |  |  |  |  |
| August . | " | 980 | " | " |  | 930 |  |  |
| November | , | ". | , | (: | 940 | 940 | -i |  |
| February |  |  |  |  | 930 |  |  |  |
| May ! . | 980 | " ${ }^{\prime}$ ' | ", | " |  | $93^{\prime \prime} 0$ | ", |  |
| August . . |  | " | , | " | 940 |  | " |  |
| November | 990 | " | " | " |  | 940 | " |  |
| 1946- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February |  | " |  | 940 | " | 950 |  |  |
| May .. |  |  | 940 |  |  |  |  |  |
| August .. | 1000 | 990 | " | 950 | 950 | 960 |  |  |
| November | 1010 |  |  |  |  | 970 |  |  |
| * Decembèr | 1080 | 1060 | 1010 | 1020 | 1020 | 1030 | 105 | 0 |
| 1947- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February |  | 1070 | 1030 |  | 1030 | 1040 | 106 | 0 |
| May .. | 1100 | \% | 1040 | 1030 |  |  |  |  |
| August .. |  | 1080 |  | 1040 | 1040 | $105^{\circ} 0$ | 107 |  |
| November | 1120 | 1090 | 1050 | 1060 | 1060 | 1070 | 109 | 0 |
| 1948- ${ }_{\text {February }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | :- |  |
| February | 1140 | 1130 | 1070 | 1080 | 1070 | 110 | 111 | 0 |
| May | 1160 | 1150 | 1100 | 1110 | 1100 | 1120 | 114 | 0 |
| August | 1200 | 1170 | 1130 | 1140 | 1120 | 1150 | 116 | 0 |
| November | 1220 | $120 \quad 0$ | 1150 | 1160 | 1160 | 1180 | 119 | 0 |
| 1949- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 1240 | 1230 | 1180 | 1190 | 1180 | 1210 | 122 | 0 |
| May $\quad$ - | 1270 | $125 \quad 0$ | 1190 | 1210 | 120 | 1240 | 124 | 0 |
| August . | 1300 | 1280 | 1220 | 1240 | 1260 | 1270 | 127. | - |
| November | 1320 | 1300 | 1250 | 1260 | 1290 | 1280 | 129 | 0 |
| 1950- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 1350 | $134 \quad 0$ | 1270 | 1290 | 1310 | 1310 | 133 | 0 |
| May .. | 1380 | 1370 | 1290 | I3l 0 | 1330 |  | 135 | 0 |
| August . . | 1420 | 140 | 1320 | 1340 | 1360 | 1350 | 138 | 0 |
| ${ }^{\text {A }}$ November | 1460 | 1430 | 1350 | 1370 | 1390 | 1390 | 142 | 0 |
| * December | 1650 | 1620 | 1540 | 1580 | $160 \quad 0$ | 1600 | 162 | 0 |
| 1951- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 1730 | 170 0 | 1590 | 1660 | 166 | 1650 | 169 | 0 |
| May . | 1800 | 1770 | 1660 | 1710 | 1760 | 1730 | 176 | 0 |
| August .. | 1930 | 1890 | 1750 | 1840 | 1880 | 1870 | 189 | 0 |
| November | 2070 | $199 \quad 0$ | 1850 | 1950 | 1970 | 1990 | 200 | 0 |

[^5]Section vill.-continued.

| Date Operative. | Sydney. | Melbourne. | Brishane. | Adelaide. | Perth. | Hotart. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Six } \\ \text { Capitals. } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\bigcirc$ | ' : | ; |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | '.'s. $d$. | s. d. | s. $\dot{d}$. | . s. d. | s. $d$. | $\cdots$ s. $d$. | s. d. |
| 1952- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 2160 | 2090 | 1990 | 2050 | 2050 | 2080 | $210 \quad 0$ |
| May . . | 2230 | 2120 | 2070 | 2110 | 2140 | 2140 | 2160 |
| August . | 2350 | 2240 | 2130 | 2240 | 2220 | 2220 | 2270 |
| November | 2370 | 2280 | 2160 | 2290 | 2280 | 2300 | 2310 |
| 1953- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 2380 | 2290 | 2150 | 2250 | 2290 | 2320 | 2310 |
| May .. | 2410 | 2320 | 2170 | 2280 | 2310 | 2390 | 2340 |
| $\dagger$ August . | 2430 | 2350 | 2180 | 2310 | 2360 | 2420 | 2360 |
| 1956- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {* June }}$ | 2530 | 2450 | 2280 | 2410 | 2460 | 2520 | 2460 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1957- } \\ & \text { *May } \end{aligned}$ | 2630 | 2550 | 2380 | 2510 | 2560 | 2620 | 2560 |
| 1958- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{\text {© }}$ May | 2680 | 2000 | 2430 | 256 | 2610 | 2670 | 2610 |
| * JJune | 2830 | 2750 | $258{ }^{\circ}$ | 2710 | $276{ }^{5}$ | 2820 | 2760 |

*Rates declared subsequent to an inquiry. $\quad$ A Automatic quarterly adjustments discontinued. $\ddagger$ As a result of the 1959 Basic Wage Inquiry. See p. 192.

Section IX.
COMPARATIVE INDEX NUMBERS FOR THE SIX CAPITAL CITIES COMBINED.
(Base of each Section: Weighted Average of Six Capital Cities, $1911=1,000$.) (a)

(a) The index numbers given in the separate columns of the table cannot be compared with each other in order to show, for example, the relative cost of food and groceries and rent, since the cost in 1911 in each group or combination of groups is made equal to 1,000 . (b) The index in column "A" excludes, and that in column " $B$ " includes, the price movernent of potatoes and onions. (c) See mote (c) on page 21. (d) Index of nominal weekly wage rates divided by "C"Series Retail Price Index Number. (e) Taked back from November, 1914 by means of the Food and Rent (All Houses) Index. (f) Partly estimated.

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[^0]:    * Under the Public Service Asbitration Act an ascociation of less than 100 employees may be regastered as an organization, provided that its members comprise at least three-finths or all persons engaged in that andustry in the Service. Such organizations are incladed in the figares shown in the paragraph following.

[^1]:    (a) In some cases the averages shown are price relatives.

[^2]:    (a) The index in colunm " A" excludes, and that in column " $B$ " includes potatoes and onions.

    Nort:- The figures appearing after the decimal point possess litte significance for general statisitial purposes. They are inserted 10 avoid the distortion (hat would occur in rounding off the figures to the nearest whole number. For instance, if the above Interim Index fumbers (neluding potatoes and onions) for each quarter of 1953 were rounded oft to $100,102,102$ and 102 respecively. they would suggest a rise of 2 per cent. in the June Quarter, 1953 and no change in the September Quarter, 1953. The figures tor the interim Index as presented in the table indicate a rise of the order of 1 per cent. to the Jume Quarter. 1953, and 1 per cent. in the September Quarter, 1953. Price indexes etanot measure aggregate price variations with an accuricy of the order of onementh of I per cent

[^3]:    (1) 37 hours.
    (2) $37 \frac{1}{2}$ hours.
    (3) 76 hours per fortnight.

[^4]:    * Rates declared subsequent to an inquiry.

    1 Except in special cases these rates were subject to graduated deductions so that the increase granted in May, 1934, was, in effect, introduced in stages over the succeeding twelve months.

[^5]:    * Rates sicetared subsequent to an inquiry,

