



1994
National Aboriginal and
Torres Strait Islander Survey
Torres Strait Area



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PREFACE

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994: Regional Statistics, is a series of 36 publications which present a summary of the results from the 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey. A *Regional Statistics* publication has been produced for each of the ATSIC Regions and the Torres Strait Area. These publications do not present community level statistics; such statistics are available from the Census of Population and Housing.

The 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey provides a wealth of information about the social, economic, and health status of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. An important use of the statistics from the Survey is to assist Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations and individuals in making their planning decisions.

The *Regional Statistics* publications result from a joint venture between the Australian Bureau of Statistics and the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission.

These publications present summary statistical information in graphical form without explanation. Each publication contains a range of statistics relating to family and culture; health; housing; education and training; employment and income; and law and justice.

The publications in this series are presented in a common format to allow information for different regions to be easily compared.

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February 1996

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The success of the 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey would not have been possible without the contributions of:

- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people who participated in the final survey and the earlier survey trials;
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander interviewers who collected the information throughout Australia;
- members of the Survey Advisory Committee and Technical Reference Groups who provided detailed advice on the survey content and methodology; and
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations, Government departments and other organisations which assisted the ABS and advisory groups to design the survey and lay the groundwork for a successful data collection.

CAUTIONS

- Statistics can have a high level of uncertainty due to small sample sizes. This is indicated by asterisk (**) and must be recognised when interpreting figures and percentages referred to in this publication. The level of uncertainty in statistics can be derived from the standard errors table shown in Appendix C.
- Population projections, based on June 1991 experimental estimates, have been prepared by the ABS for each ATSI region using assumptions agreed to by ATSI. Sampling variation within ATSI regions can result in discrepancies between survey estimates and population projections.
- Statistics based on self-reported information or people's opinions should be interpreted cautiously.

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INQUIRIES . *for further information about statistics in this publication* , contact the National Centre for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics on (089) 43 2193 (freecall 1800 63 3216), or any ABS Office.

. *for information about other ABS statistics and services*, please refer to page 95 of this publication.

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SYMBOLS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Symbols The following symbols, where shown in columns of figures or elsewhere in tables, mean:

.. not applicable

** subject to high sampling variability

(see Appendix C for explanation of sampling variability).

All figures have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between totals and the sums of the component items.

Explanatory notes See Appendix B of ABS publication 4190.0

Related publications Other ABS publications which may be of interest include:

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Detailed Findings (4190.0).

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Australia's Indigenous Youth (4197.0)

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Better Employment Outcomes (4199.0) to be released in April 1996.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics Catalogue (1138.0).

Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products (1101.0)*. The ABS also issues the *Release Advice (1105.0)* On Tuesdays and Fridays which lists publications to be released in the next few days. Both the Catalogue and Release Advice are available from any ABS office.

Unpublished statistics As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant unpublished data available. For further information about these statistics and related publications contact:

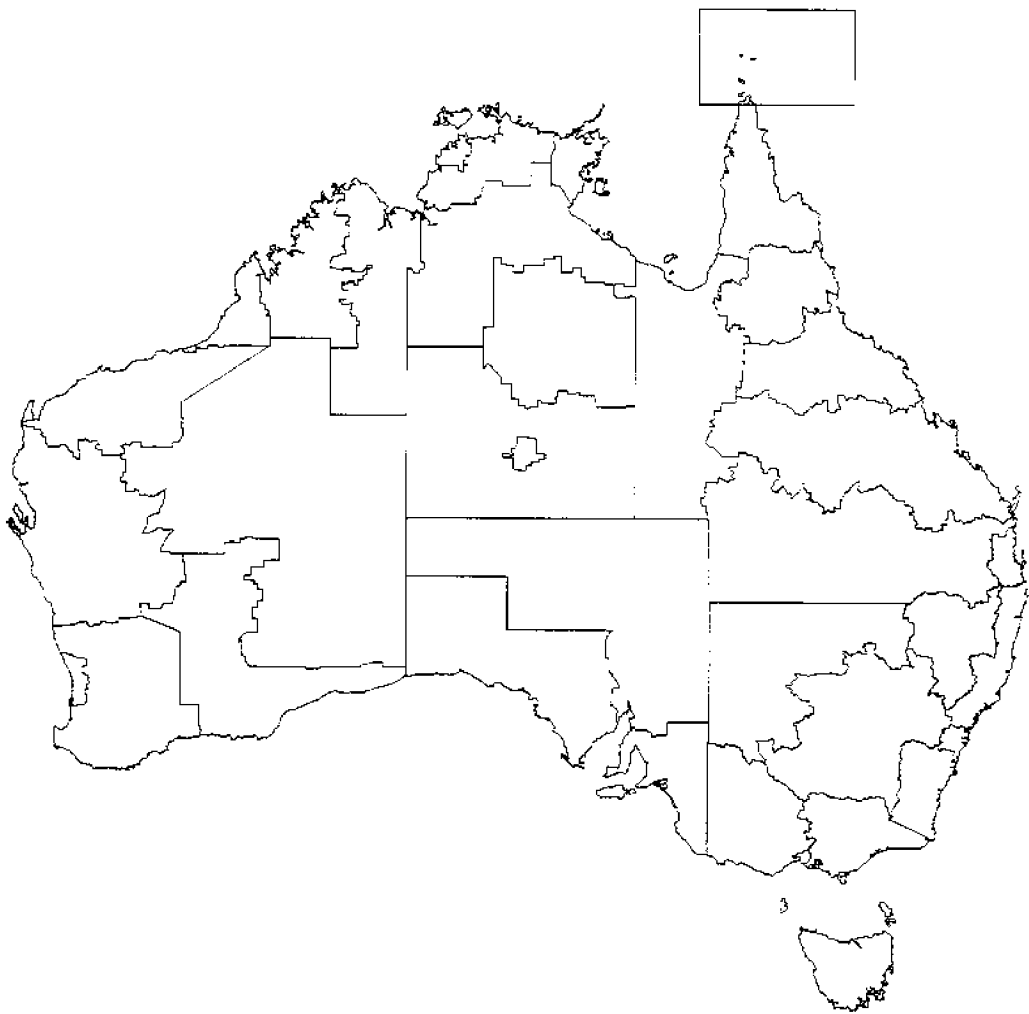
National Centre for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics
Australian Bureau of Statistics
GPO Box 3796 Darwin, NT 0801

Freecall: 1800 633 216

Fax: (089) 410 715

INTRODUCTION

Map 1 Location of Torres Strait Area



Location The Torres Strait Area covers a land area of 1,838 square kilometres in a 150 km wide passage between the tip of Cape York Peninsula and the south-west coast of Papua New Guinea. It consists of over 100 islands (of which only some 20 have sufficient water to support permanent habitation), reef areas, cays and the tidal waters of the Strait and two communities on the Cape York Peninsula (Bamaga and Seisia).

Torres Strait Regional Authority The Torres Strait Regional Authority comprises twenty Regional Authority members elected by the Torres Strait Islander and Aboriginal voters of the area to look after their interests. These Regional Authority members elect a Commissioner to represent the Torres Strait Area on the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission.

Main population centres The Torres Strait Area has the smallest Torres Strait Islander and Aboriginal population of the Queensland regions. At the time of the 1991 Census Torres Strait Islanders living in the Torres Strait Area accounted for some 37% of Torres Strait Islanders living in Queensland and 20% of the national Torres Strait Islander population. The largest centre of Indigenous population in the area was Thursday Island with some 1,640 people.

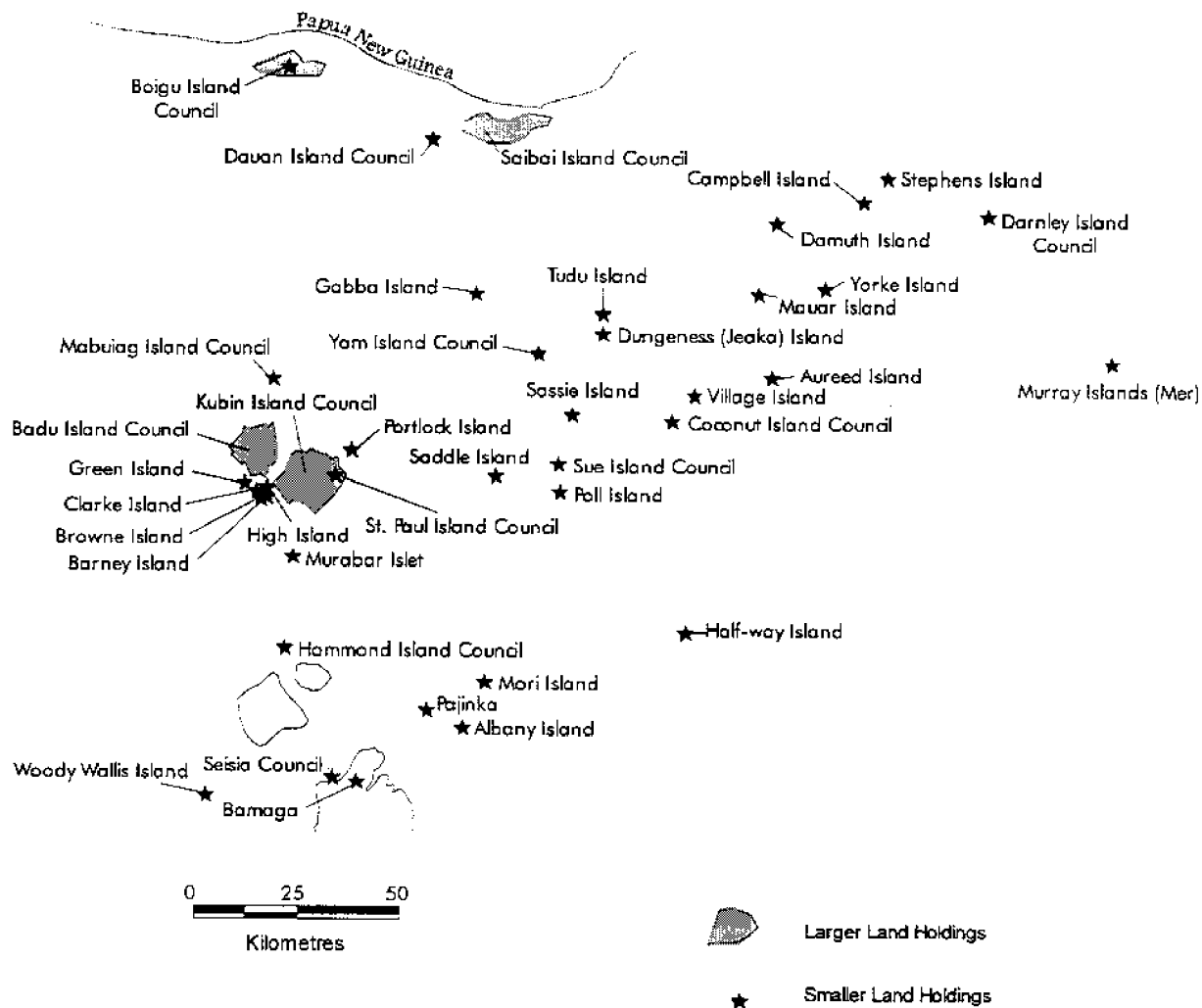
Population growth The Torres Strait Islander and Aboriginal population in the Area was projected to be some 6,300 people at 30 June 1994. This was an increase of 5.9 per cent on the June 1991 estimate of 5,950 people.



CHAPTER ONE

FAMILY AND CULTURE

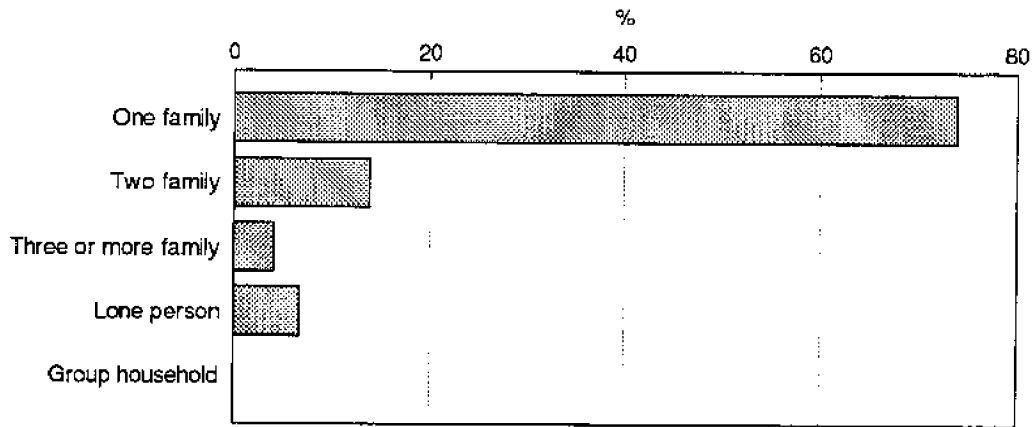
Map 2 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Land Torres Strait Region 1992



Source: Land Tenure Map, 1992, AUSLIG
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FIGURE 1.1 HOUSEHOLD TYPE

Households living in private dwellings



Household type

Some 1,460 households were living in the Torres Strait Area.

The various household types identified were:

- one family (1,100 households)
- two family (200 households)
- three or more family (60** households)
- lone person (100** households)

see page (iv) for explanation of **

Number of people in household

The number of people in these households was estimated to be:

- one or two people (340 households)
- three to five people (580 households)
- six or seven people (290 households)
- eight or more people (270 households)

FIGURE 1.2 NUMBER OF PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD

Households living in private dwellings

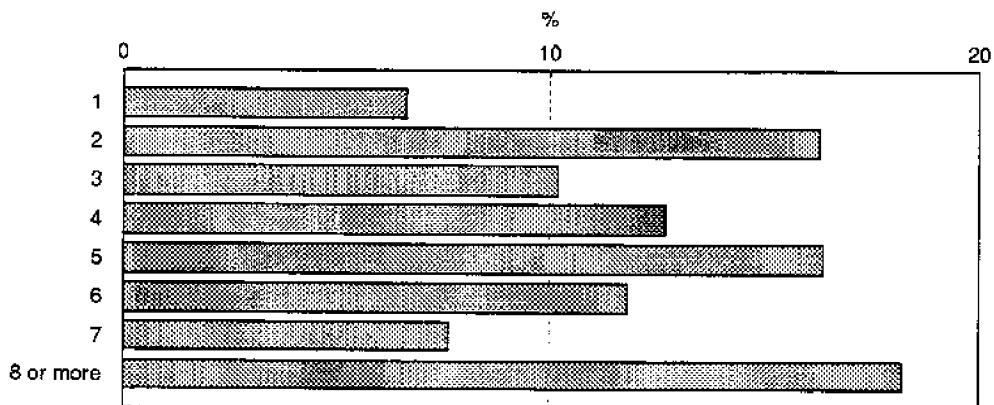
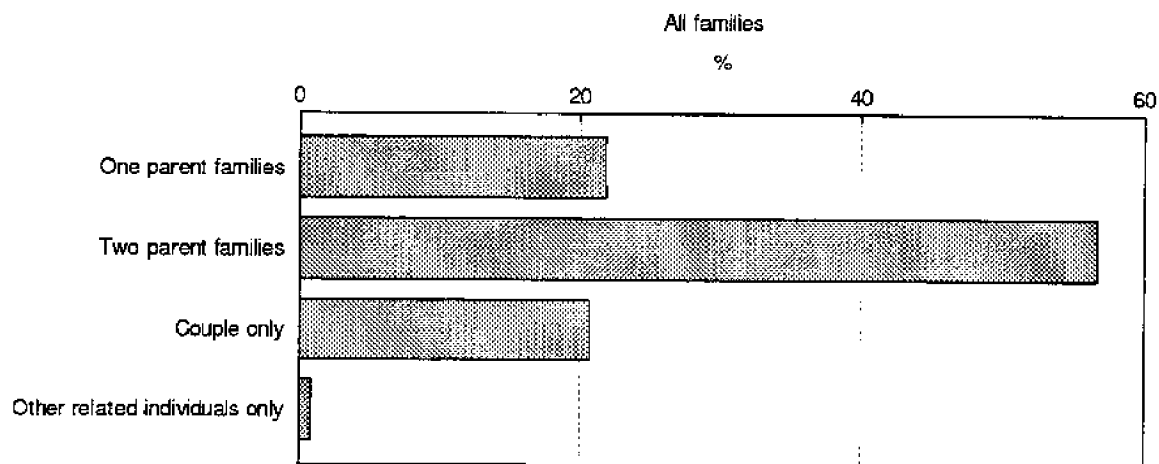


FIGURE 1.3 FAMILY TYPE



Family type

There were some 1,670 families living in the Torres Strait Area. The various family types identified were:

- one parent families (370 families)
- two parent families (950 families)
- couple only (350 families)
- other related individuals only (10** families)

Composition of family

The composition of these families was:

- Indigenous members only (1,560 families)
- both Indigenous and non-Indigenous members (120 families)

FIGURE 1.4 COMPOSITION OF FAMILY

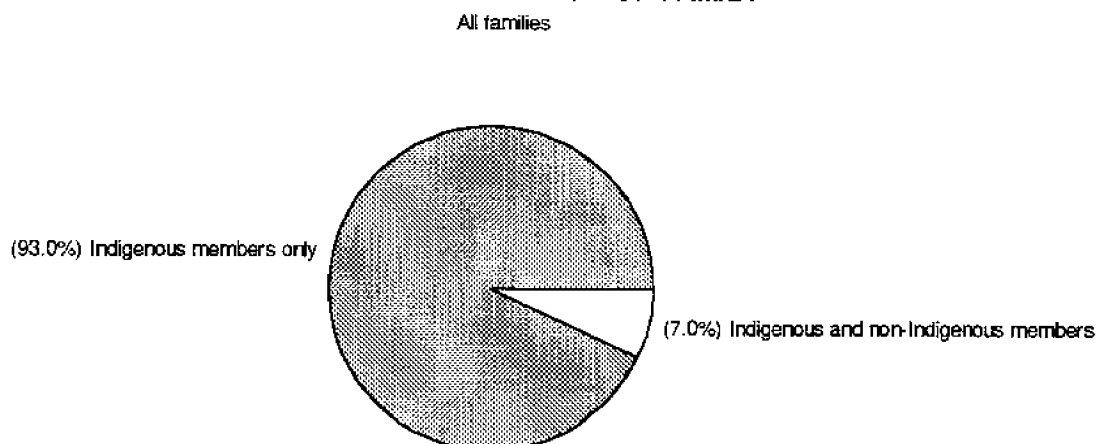
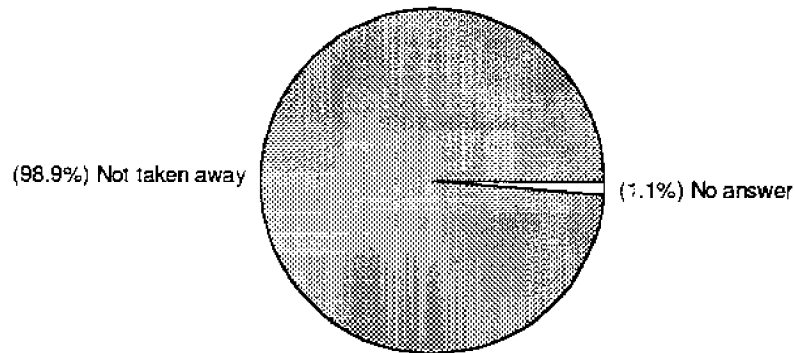


FIGURE 1.5 TAKEN AWAY FROM NATURAL FAMILY

Persons aged 25 years and over



Separation from families

No people aged twenty-five years and over reported that they were taken away from their natural families.

Childcare

The childcare arrangements of the 1,020 families with children aged twelve years and under were:

- combination of formal childcare and family/friends (20** families)
- family and friends only (180 families)
- did not use childcare (770 families)

FIGURE 1.6 CHILDCARE ARRANGEMENTS

Families with children aged 12 years and younger

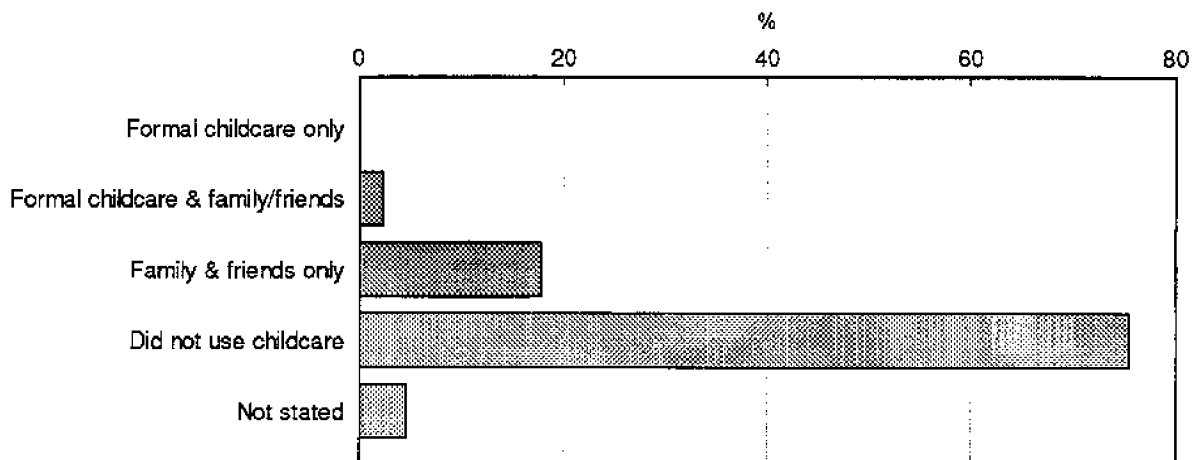
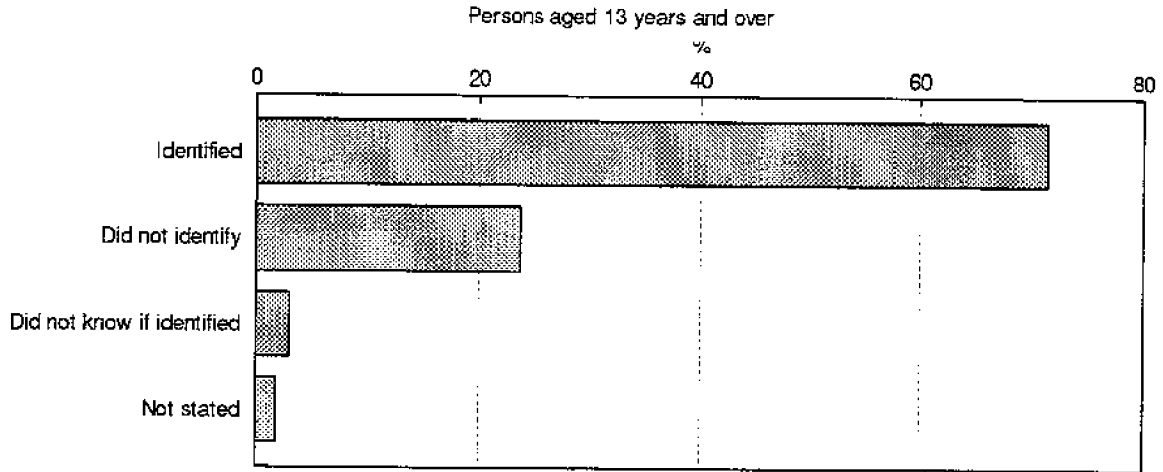


FIGURE 1.7 IDENTIFICATION WITH CLAN, TRIBAL OR LANGUAGE GROUP



Identification with clan, tribal or language group Some 3,110 of those 4,350 people aged thirteen years and over said that they identified with a clan, tribal or language group.

Role of elders People aged thirteen years and over stated that the role of elders was:

- important (3,550 people)
- not important (130 people)
- did not know (630 people)

FIGURE 1.8 ROLE OF ELDERS

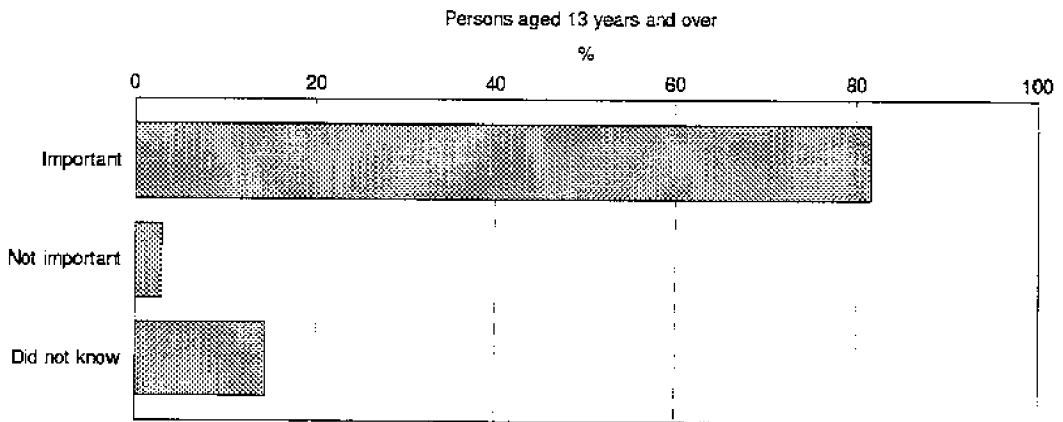
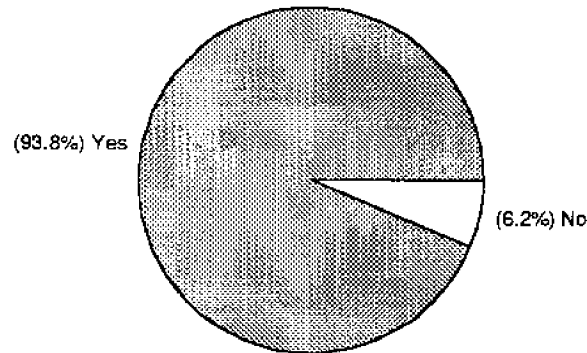


FIGURE 1.9 RECOGNITION OF HOMELANDS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Recognition of homelands

Of people aged thirteen years and over:

- 4,050 people recognised an area as their homelands
- 270 people did not recognise any area as their homelands

Characteristics of people who recognise homelands

Of those people who reported that they recognise an area as their homelands:

- 3,140 grew up in their homelands
- 2,840 were living on their homelands
- 3,730 said that their ancestors came from the area that they recognise as their homelands

FIGURE 1.10 CHARACTERISTICS OF PERSONS WHO RECOGNISE HOMELANDS

Persons aged 13 years and over who recognise homelands

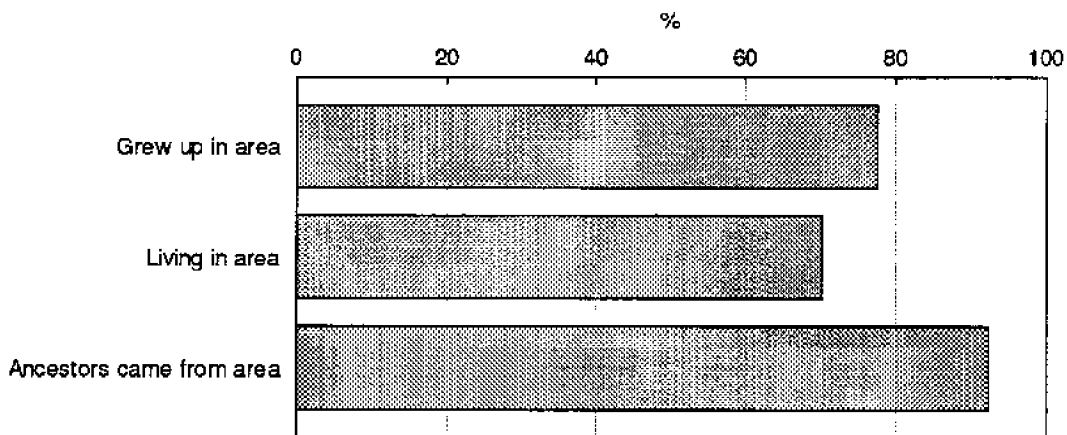
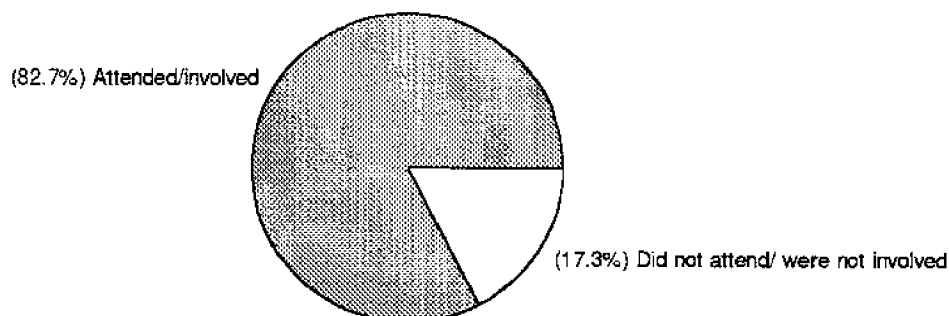


FIGURE 1.11 ATTENDANCE AT CULTURAL ACTIVITIES (a)

Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) Includes involvement with Indigenous organisations

Attendance at cultural activities

Over the past year 3,560 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they had attended one or more Indigenous cultural activities or were involved with Torres Strait Islander or Aboriginal organisations.

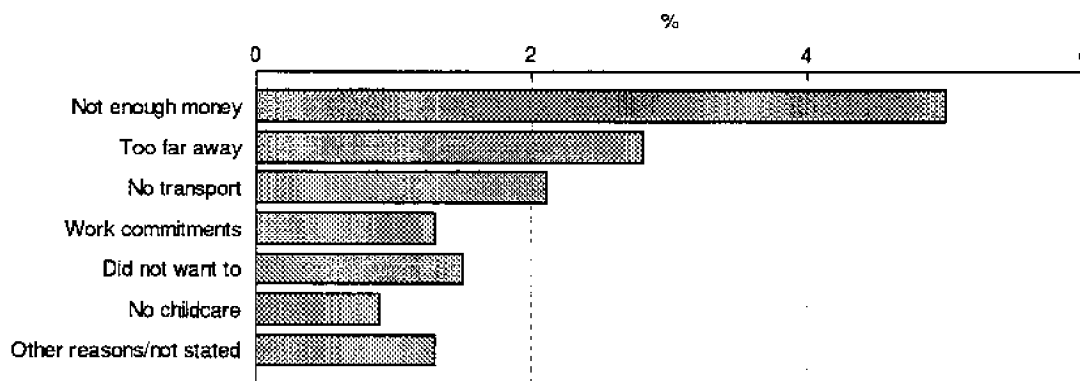
Reasons why could not attend all cultural activities

The main reasons why people could not attend all cultural activities over the past year were:

- not enough money (220 people)
- too far away (120 people)
- no transport (90** people)
- did not want to (70**)

FIGURE 1.12 REASONS WHY COULD NOT ATTEND ALL CULTURAL ACTIVITIES (a)

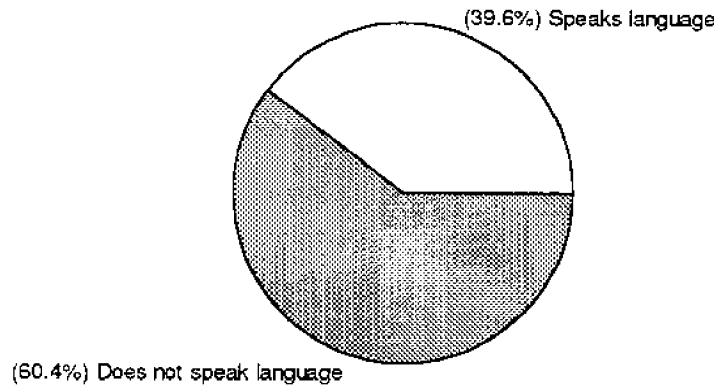
Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) Persons may have given more than one reason for not being able to attend

FIGURE 1.13 TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER OR ABORIGINAL LANGUAGES

Persons aged 5 years and over



Speaks an Indigenous language

Some 2,220 of the 5,630 people aged five years and over reported that they could speak a Torres Strait Islander or Aboriginal language.

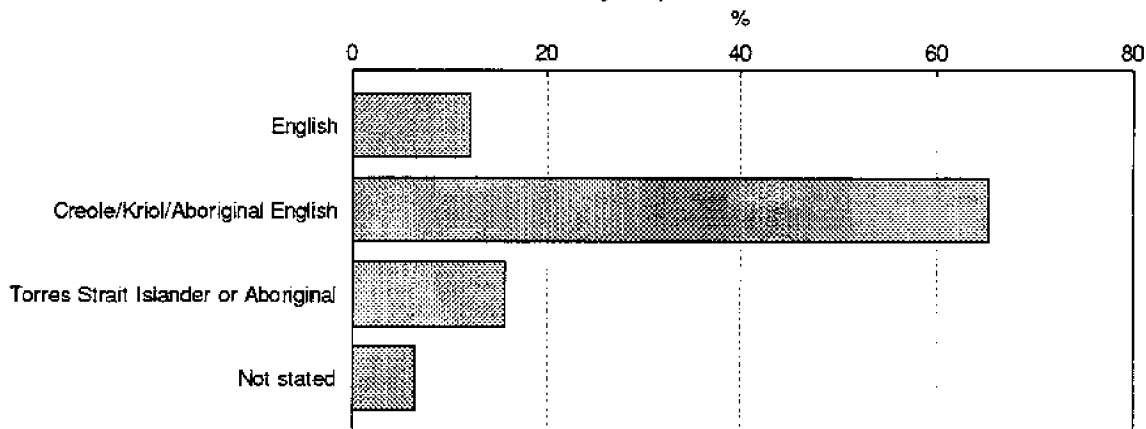
Main language spoken at home

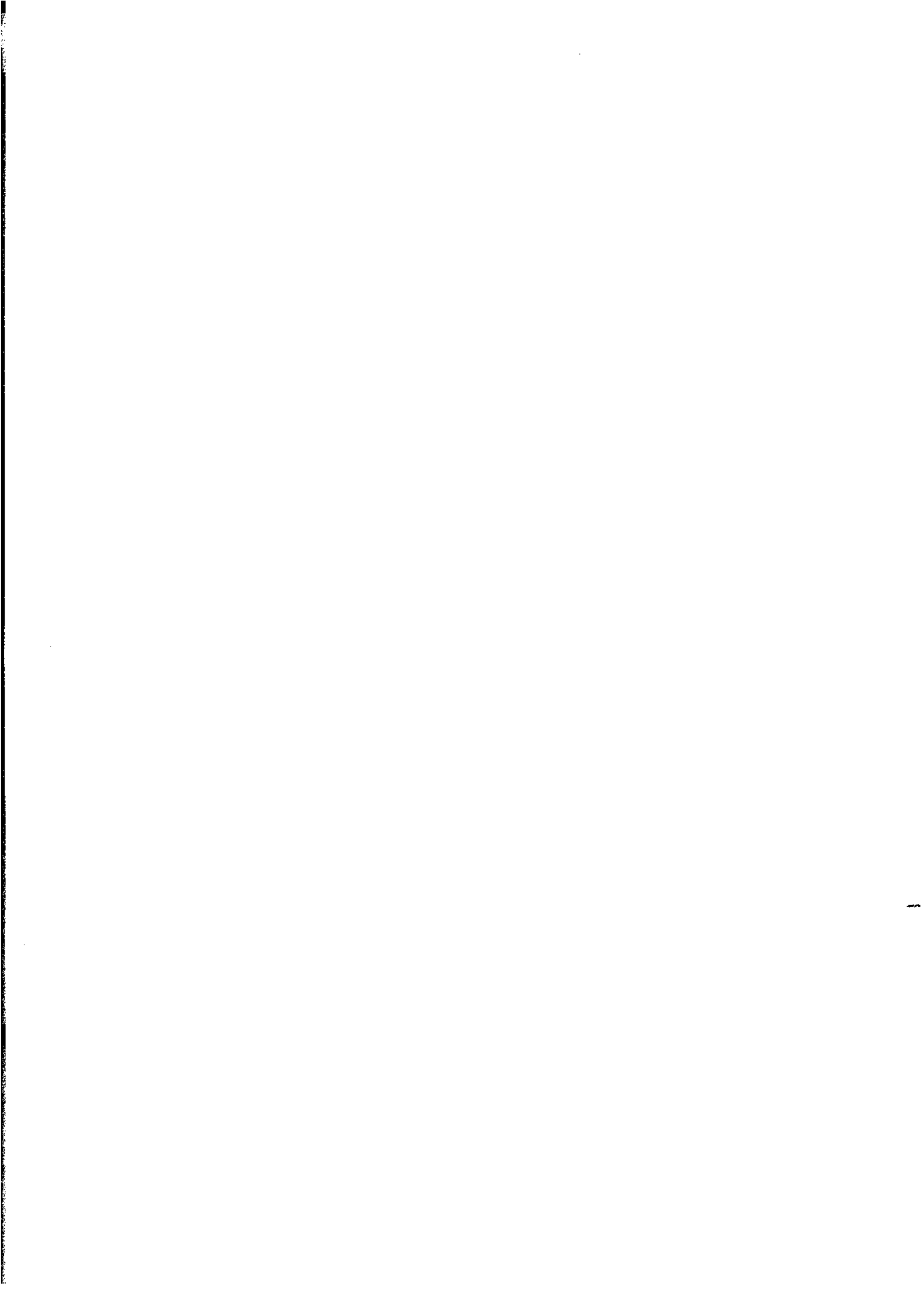
The main language spoken at home by people aged five years and over was:

- Creole/Kriol or Aboriginal English (3,680 people)
- Torres Strait Islander or Aboriginal language (880 people)
- English (690 people)

FIGURE 1.14 MAIN LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME

Persons aged 5 years and over

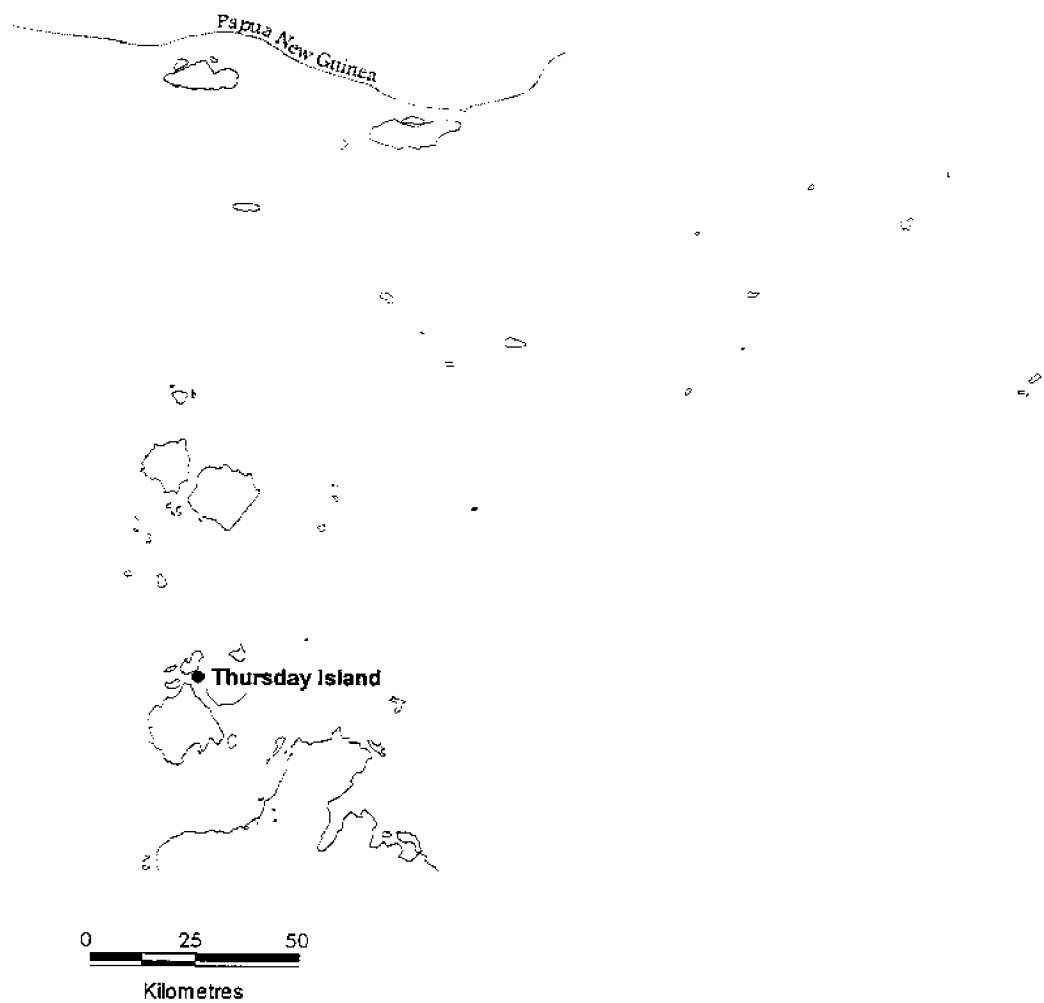




CHAPTER TWO

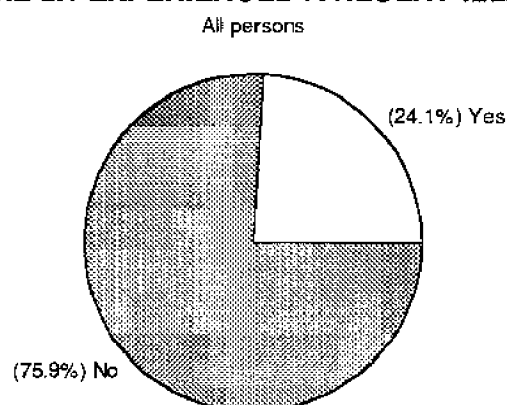
HEALTH

Map 3 Indigenous Health services and Projects Funded by ATSIC Torres Strait Area



● Major Population Centres

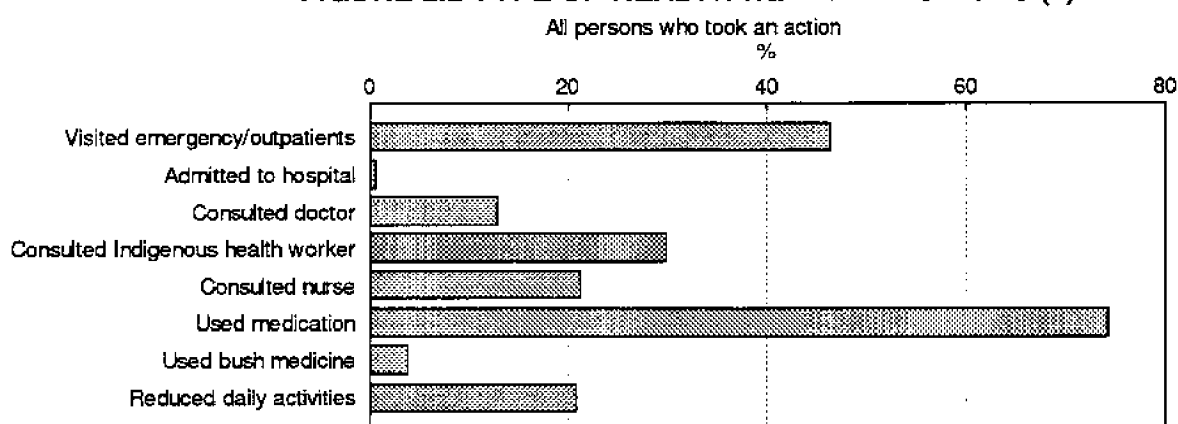
Note: The provision of primary health care transferred from
ATSIC to the Department of Human Services and Health in 1995.
Source: National Aboriginal Health Strategy, 1994.

FIGURE 2.1 EXPERIENCED A RECENT ILLNESS

Recent illness Some 1,540 people experienced an illness in the two weeks prior to the survey.

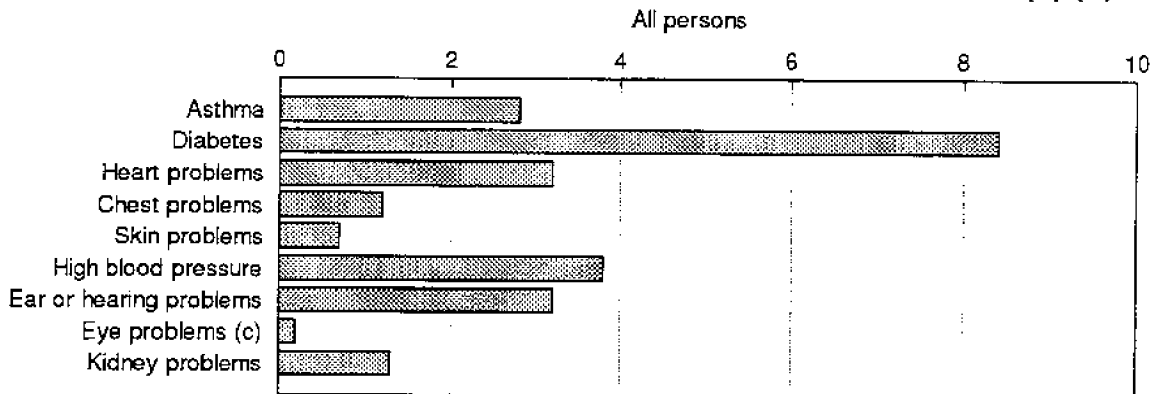
Health related actions An estimated 1,750 people took one or more health related actions in the two weeks prior to the survey. The most common actions taken were:

- used medication (1,300 people)
- visited emergency/outpatients clinic (810 people)
- consulted an Indigenous health worker (520 people)
- consulted a nurse (370 people)
- reduced daily activities (360 people)

FIGURE 2.2 TYPE OF HEALTH RELATED ACTIONS (a)

(a) Persons may have indicated more than one type of action

FIGURE 2.3 LONG TERM ILLNESS CONDITIONS (a) (b)



(a) Long term conditions are conditions which have lasted for 6 months or more (b) Persons may have indicated more than one condition (c) Excludes eye problems which can be corrected by glasses

Long term illness conditions

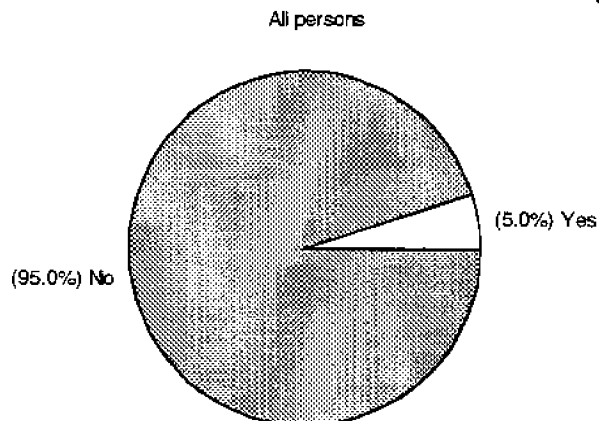
Some 1,140 people, or eighteen per cent of the total population, reported one or more long term illness conditions. The most common conditions were:

- diabetes (540 people)
- high blood pressure (240 people)
- ear or hearing problems (210 people)
- heart problems (200 people)
- asthma (180 people)
- kidney problems (80** people)

Health related travel

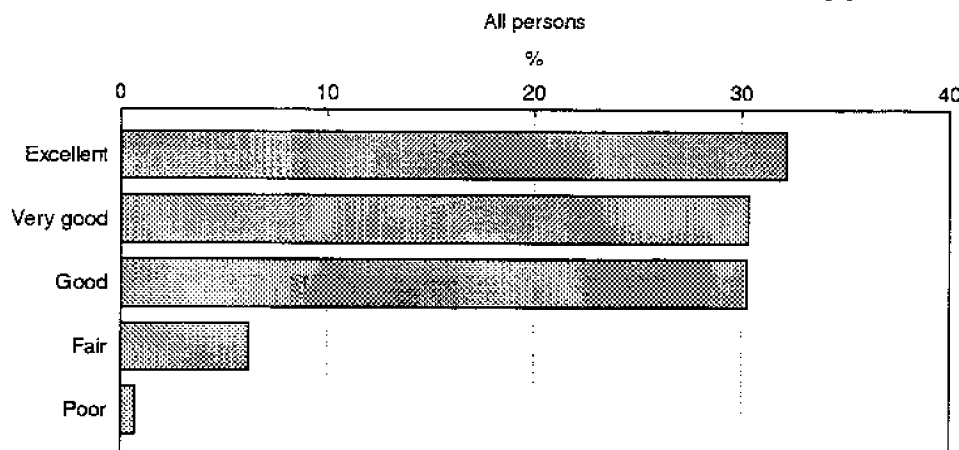
Some 320 people reported that during the last twelve months they had gone away from the area for treatment of a health problem.

FIGURE 2.4 GONE AWAY FOR TREATMENT (a)



(a) Refers to health related treatment during the last 12 months

FIGURE 2.5 SELF ASSESSED HEALTH STATUS



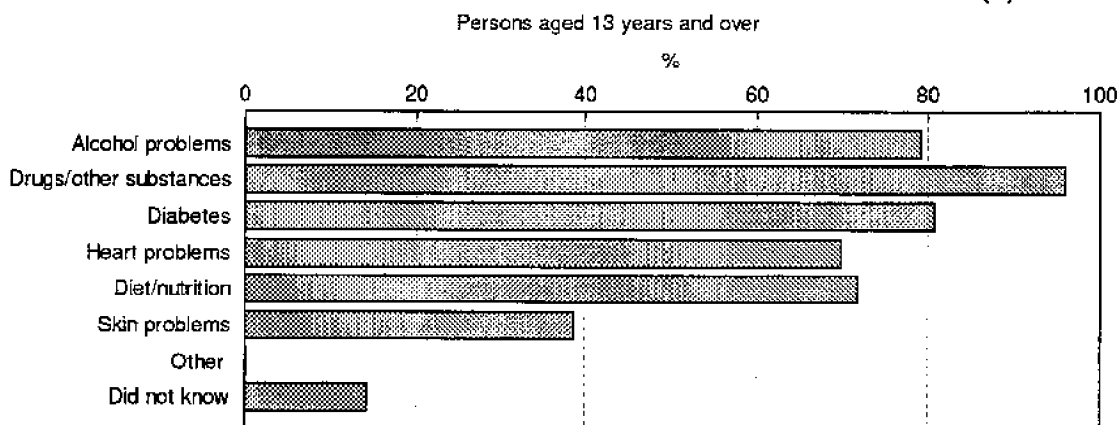
Self-assessed health status The self-assessed health status of the 6,390 people in the Torres Strait Area was:

- excellent or very good (4,000 people)
- good or fair (2,330 people)
- poor (50** people)

Local health problems The main local health problems identified by the 4,350 people aged thirteen years and over in the Torres Strait Area were:

- drugs/other substances (4,170 people)
- diabetes (3,520 people)
- alcohol (3,440 people)
- diet/nutrition (3,130 people)
- heart problems (3,040 people)

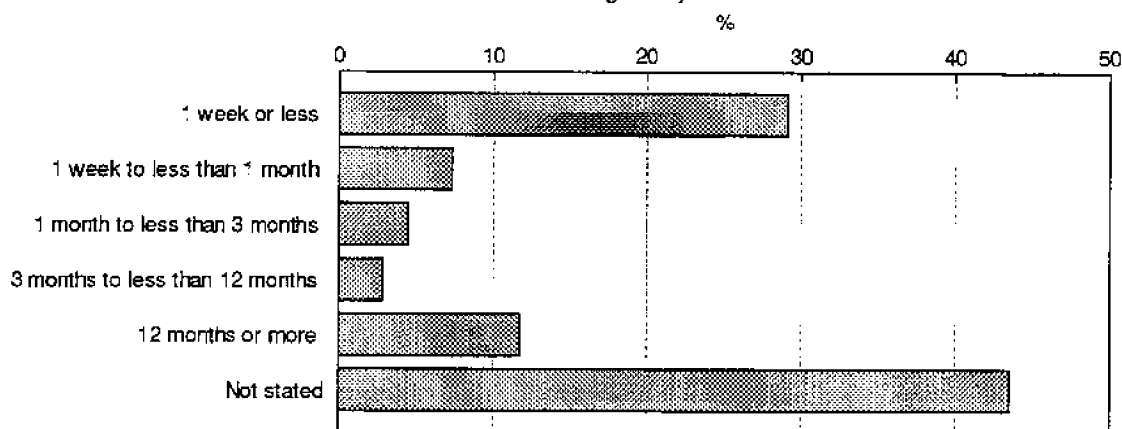
FIGURE 2.6 MAIN HEALTH PROBLEMS IN LOCAL AREA (a)



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one health problem

FIGURE 2.7 PERIOD SINCE LAST DRANK ALCOHOL

Person aged 13 years and over



Alcohol consumption People aged thirteen years and over reported that the period since they last drank alcohol was:

- one week or less (1,270 people)
- more than one week but less than one month (320 people)
- one month or more but less than three months (200 people)
- more than three months but less than twelve months (130 people)
- twelve months or more (510 people)
- never drank (1,890 people)

Tobacco use Some 1,780 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they smoked cigarettes.

FIGURE 2.8 CIGARETTE SMOKING

Persons aged 13 years and over

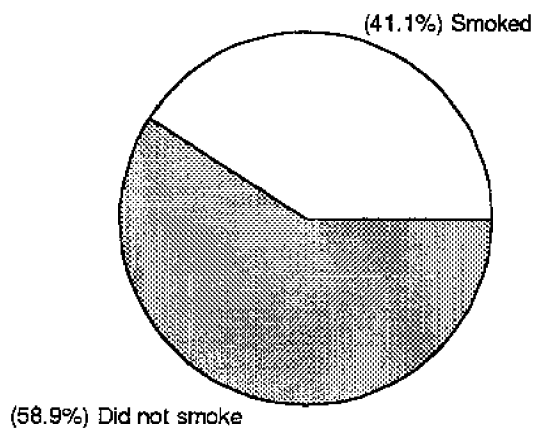
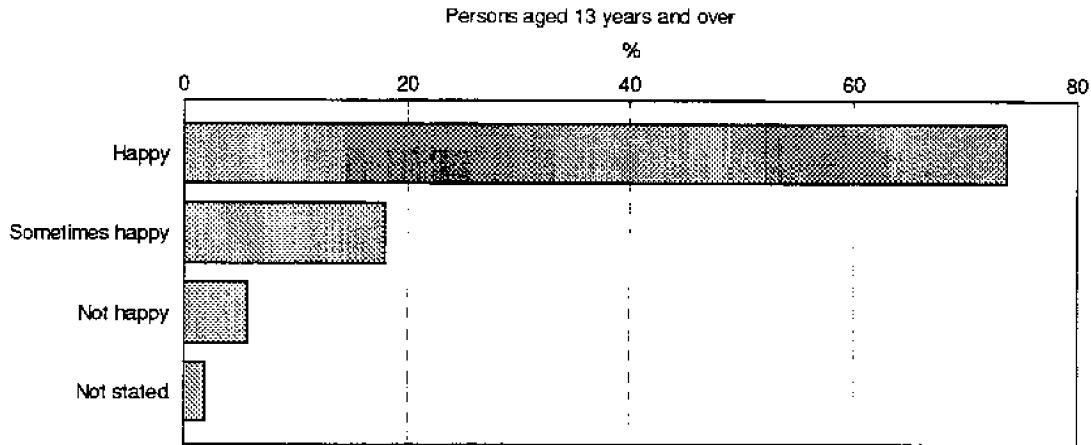


FIGURE 2.9 ATTITUDES TO LOCAL HEALTH SERVICES



Attitudes to local health services

People aged thirteen years and over said they were:

- happy with local health services (3,210 people)
- sometimes happy (780 people)
- not happy (250 people)

Involvement in health services

Some 3,860 people aged thirteen years and over thought that it was important for Torres Strait Islander and Aboriginal people to be involved in local health services.

FIGURE 2.10 IMPORTANCE OF INDIGENOUS INVOLVEMENT IN HEALTH SERVICES

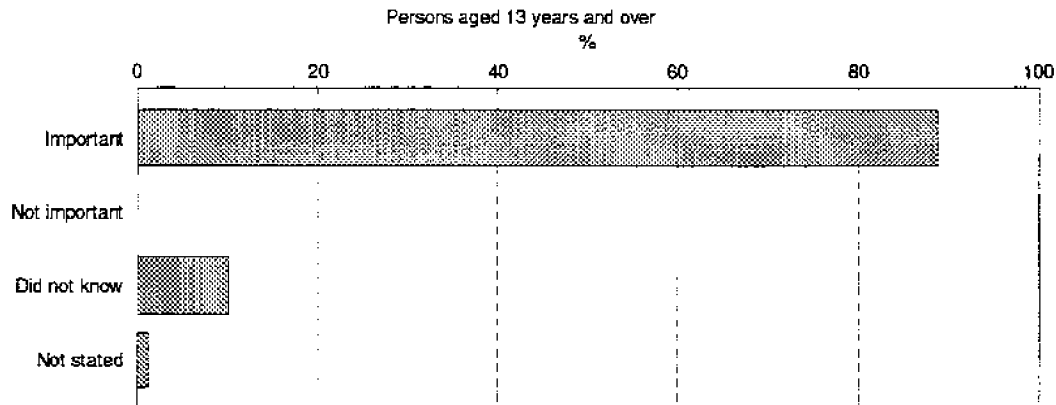
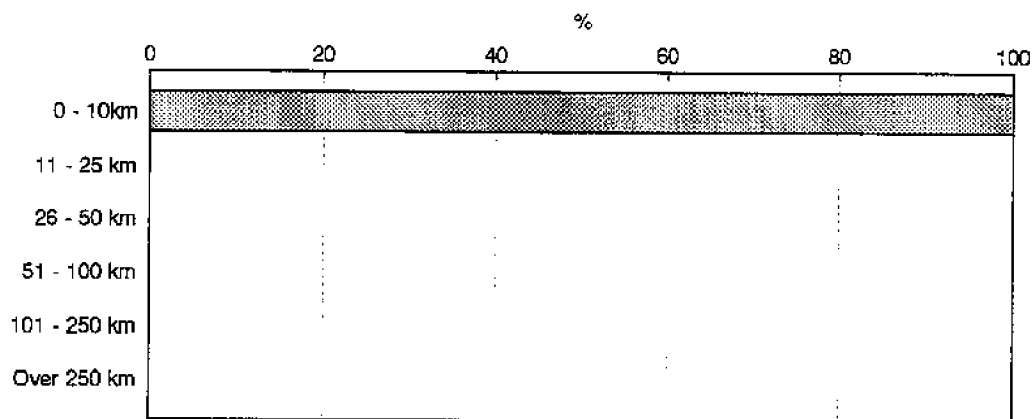


FIGURE 2.11 DISTANCE TO NEAREST COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRE

Households living in private dwellings



Nearest health centre

The distance that the 1,460 households had to travel to attend the nearest community health centre was estimated to be:

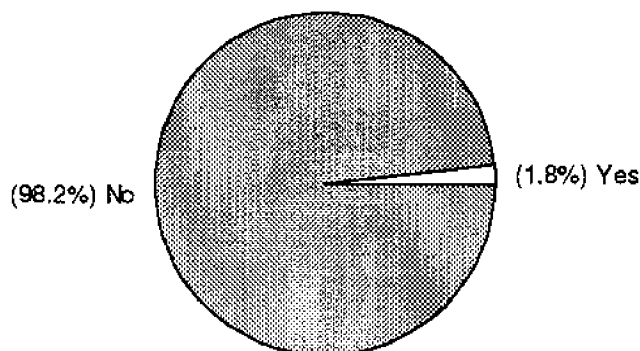
- less than 10 km (1,460 households)

Bush medicine

Some 120 people reported using bush medicine in the last six months.

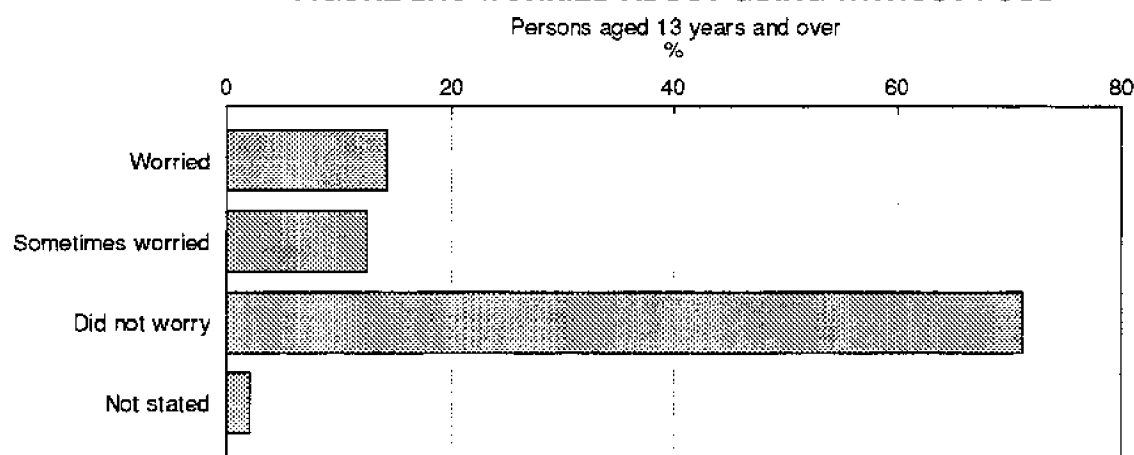
FIGURE 2.12 USED BUSH MEDICINE (a)

All Persons



(a) Refers to the last six months

FIGURE 2.13 WORRIED ABOUT GOING WITHOUT FOOD

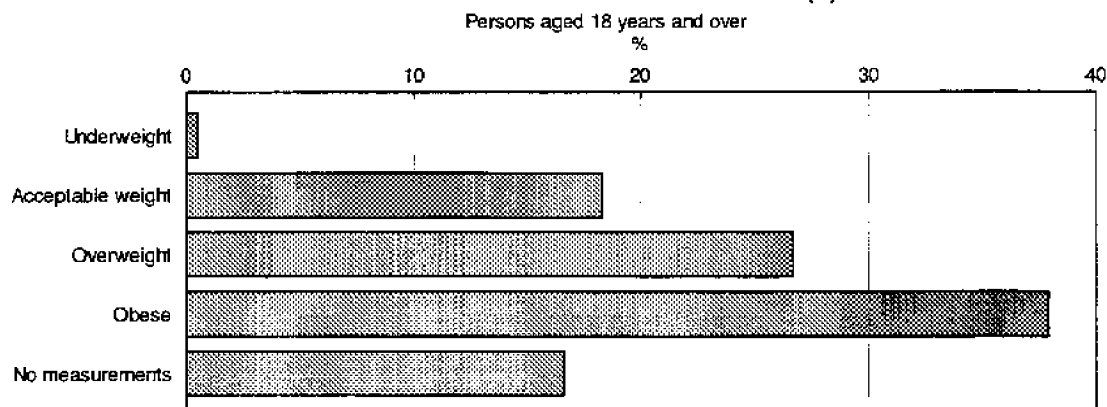


Food security Some 1,160 people aged thirteen years and over said that they worried, or sometimes worried, about going without food.

Relative weight The 3,910 people aged eighteen years and over were grouped according to their body mass index (BMI) scores. On this basis:

- 20** people were underweight
- 720 people were an acceptable weight
- 1,040 people were overweight
- 1,480 people were obese
- 650 people chose not to have their weight and height measurements taken

FIGURE 2.14 RELATIVE WEIGHT (a)



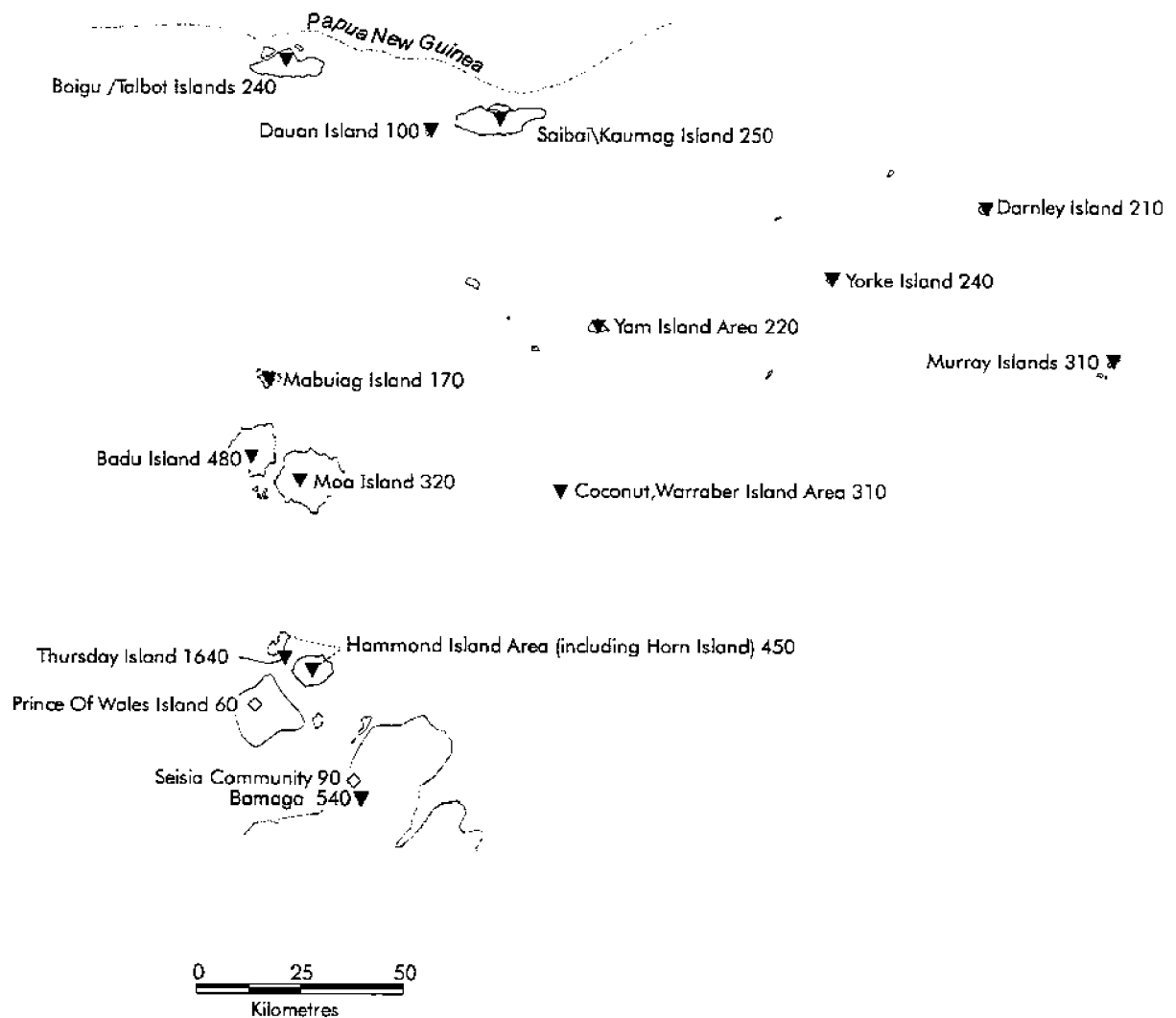
(a) Based on body mass index (BMI) score. The BMI equals a person's weight in kilograms divided by the square of the person's height in metres.



CHAPTER THREE

HOUSING

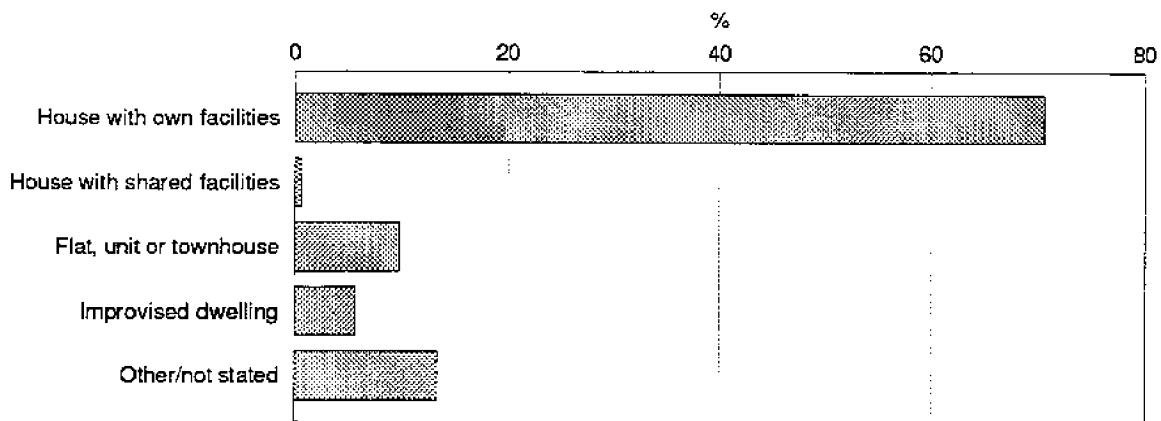
Map 4 Major Communities and Population Torres Strait Area



- ▼ Source: ABS 1991 Census of Population and Housing, Urban Centre/ Localities with a population greater than 50 persons and ABS Aboriginal Communities locations.
- ◇ Source: 1992 Community Housing and Infrastructure Needs Survey, Communities with a population greater than 50 persons.

FIGURE 3.1 TYPE OF DWELLING

Households living in private dwellings



Type of dwelling

The types of dwellings occupied by the 1,460 households living in the Torres Strait Area were:

- house with own facilities (1,030 households)
- house with shared facilities (10** households)
- flat, unit or townhouse (140 households)
- improvised dwelling (80** households)
- other dwelling/not stated (130 households)

Nature of occupancy

The nature of occupancy of these dwellings was:

- rented (780 households)
- owned (250** households)
- being purchased (10** households)
- other arrangements (350** households)

FIGURE 3.2 NATURE OF OCCUPANCY

Households living in private dwellings

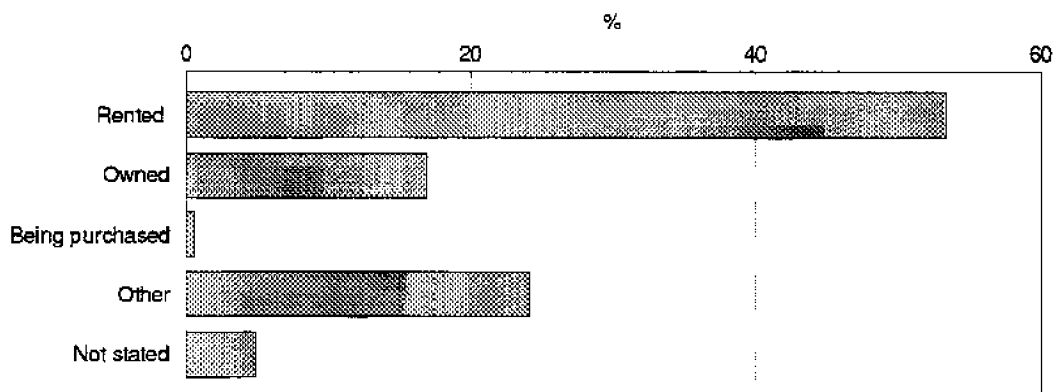


FIGURE 3.3 TYPE OF LANDLORD

The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).

Type of landlord

The 780 households that were renting their dwelling reported that they were renting from (in order):

- community organisations
- state housing authorities
- other government agencies
- private landlords

Weekly rent

These households reported that their weekly rent was:

- less than \$48 (280 households)
- \$48-\$77 (160 households)
- \$78-\$107 (230 households)
- \$108-\$137 (90** households)
- \$138-\$167 (10** households)
- \$168 and over (20** households)

FIGURE 3.4 WEEKLY RENT

Households living in rented private dwellings

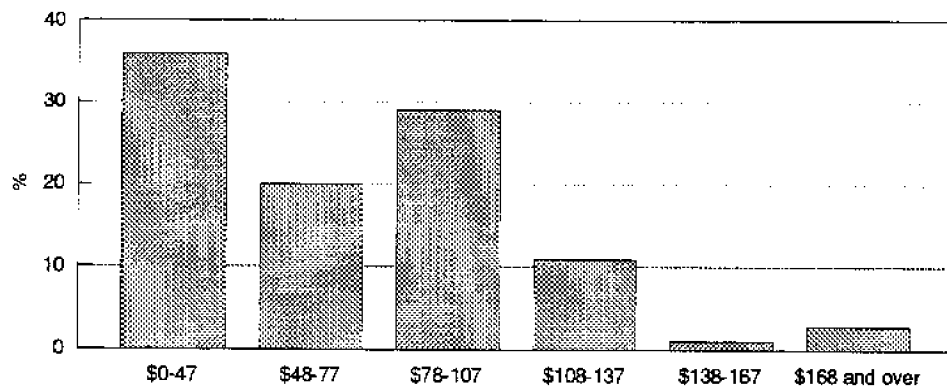
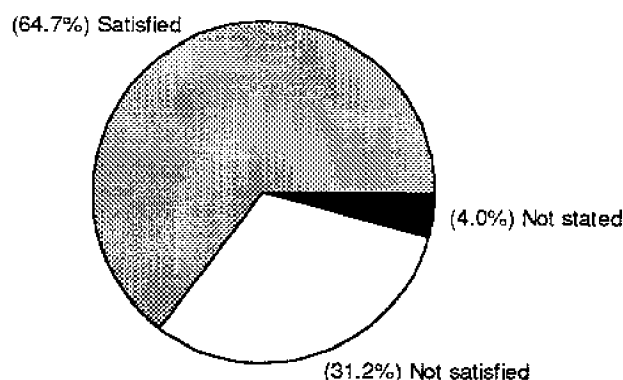


FIGURE 3.5 SATISFACTION WITH DWELLING

Households living in private dwellings



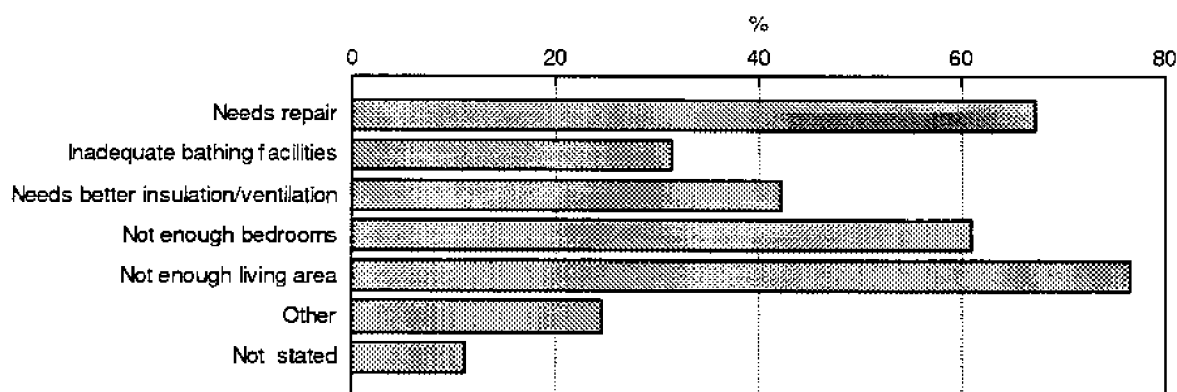
Satisfaction with dwelling Some 950 households reported that their current dwelling satisfied the needs of the household.

Main problems with dwelling The 460 households that were not satisfied with their current dwelling reported that the main problems with the dwelling were:

- not enough living area (350 households)
- needs repair (310 households)
- not enough bedrooms (280 households)
- needs better insulation/ventilation (190 households)
- inadequate bathing facilities (150 households)

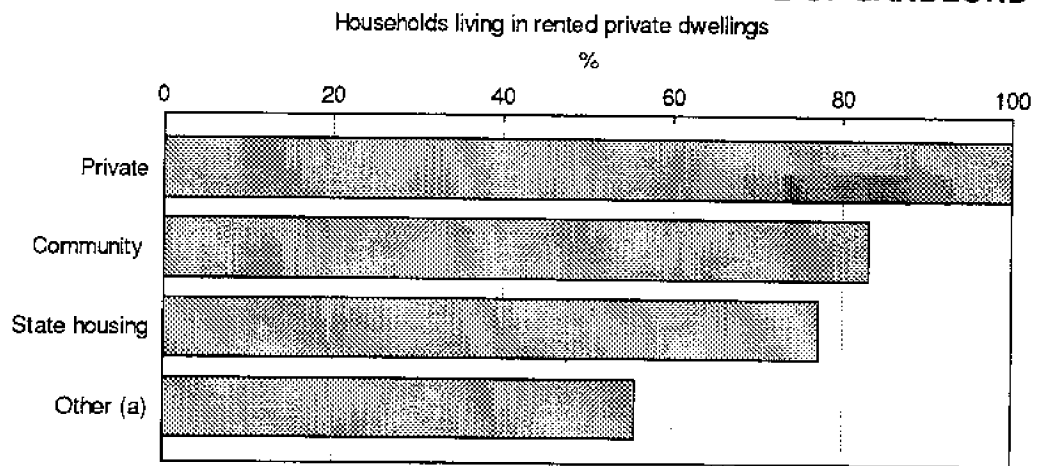
FIGURE 3.6 MAIN PROBLEMS WITH DWELLING (a)

Households living in private dwellings and dissatisfied with their dwelling



(a) Households may have indicated more than one problem with dwelling

FIGURE 3.7 LEVEL OF SATISFACTION BY TYPE OF LANDLORD



(a) includes employer provided housing and not stated

Level of satisfaction by type of landlord

Of those 950 households that were satisfied with their current dwelling, some 590 were renting their accommodation from:

- private landlords (70** households)
- community organisations (350 households)
- state housing authorities (120 households)

Utilities not working in last 4 weeks

Some 280** of the 1,460 households reported a utility not working in the last four weeks. These utilities were:

- water (280 households)
- toilet (60** households)
- electricity/gas (10** households)

FIGURE 3.8 UTILITIES NOT WORKING IN LAST 4 WEEKS

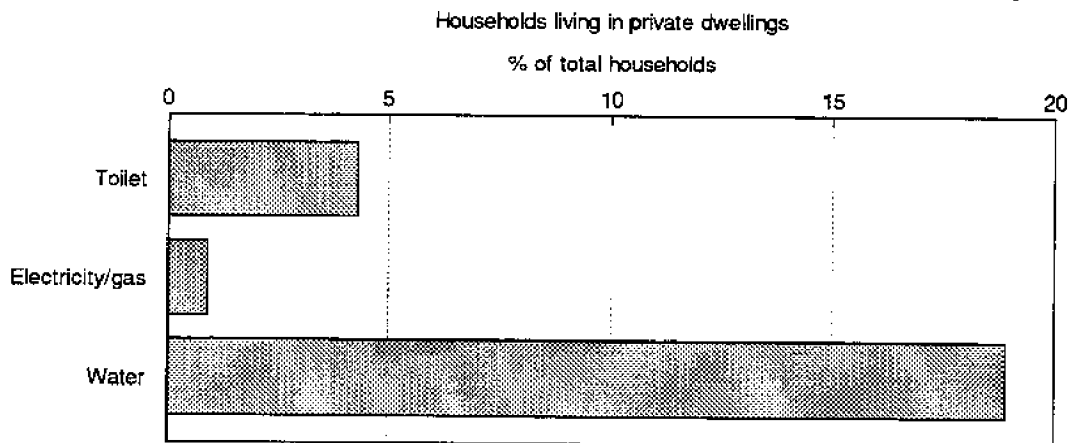
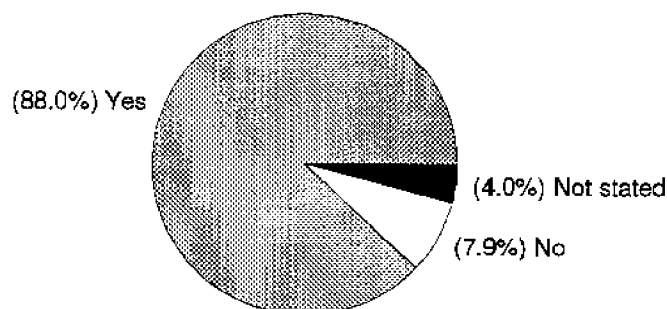


FIGURE 3.9 DWELLING HAS BATHROOM OR SHOWER

Households living in private dwellings



Bathroom or shower

Some 1,290 households living in private dwellings had their own bathroom or shower. A further 30** households had access to a communal bathroom or shower.

Summary of dwelling characteristics

In summary, the dwelling characteristics of the 1,460 households living in private dwellings were:

- running water connected (1,290 households)
- electricity/gas connected (1,320 households)
- garbage collected (1,340 households)
- dwelling situated on sealed road (580 households)
- satisfied needs of household (950 households)
- being rented (780 households)

FIGURE 3.10 SUMMARY OF DWELLING CHARACTERISTICS

Households living in private dwellings

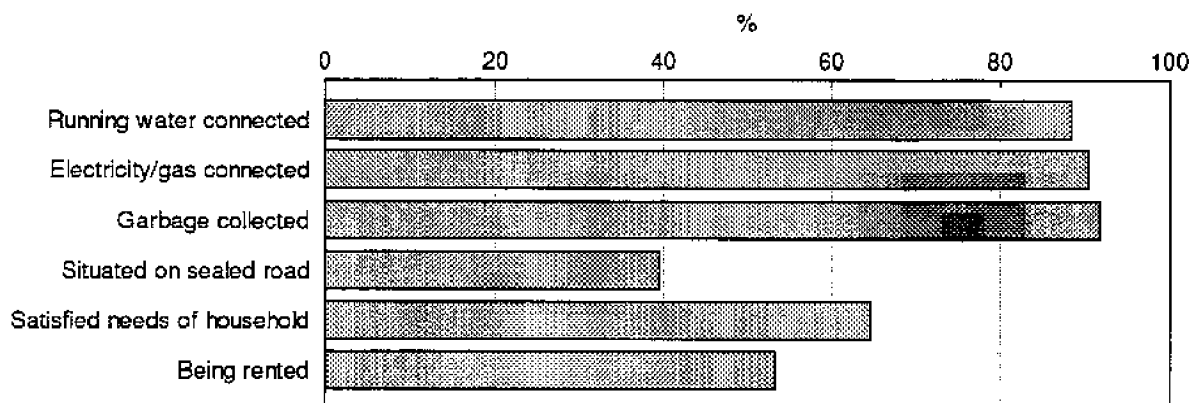
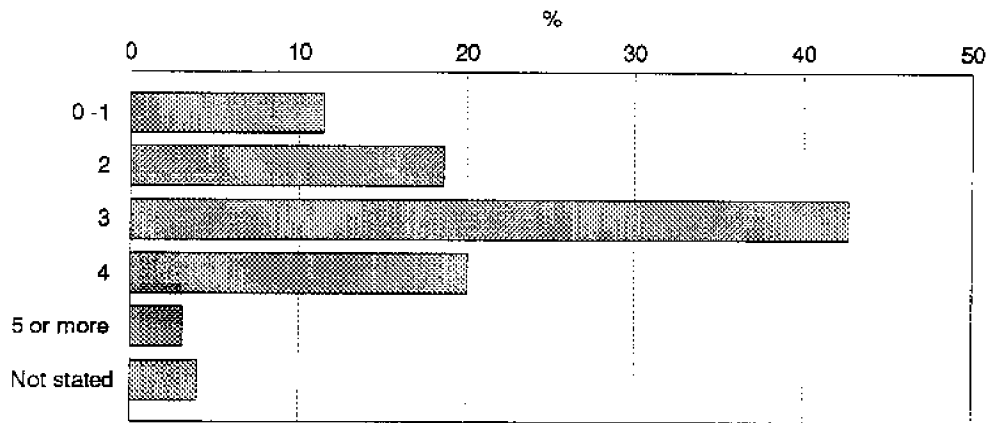


FIGURE 3.11 NUMBER OF BEDROOMS

Households living in private dwellings



Number of bedrooms

The number of bedrooms in the private dwellings was:

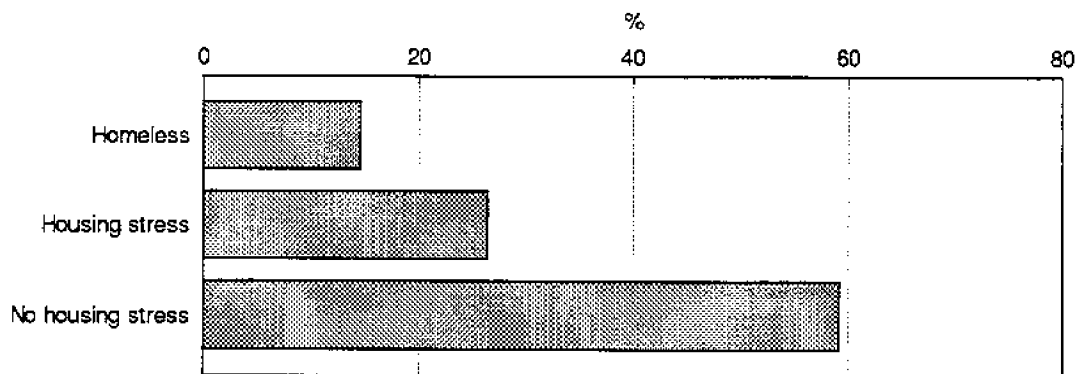
- none or one (170 households)
- two (270 households)
- three (630 households)
- four (290 households)
- five or more (50** households)

Housing stress

Detailed analysis of the 1991 Census of Population and Housing results for the Torres Strait region (Jones, R (1994) *The Housing Need of Indigenous Australians, 1991*. Canberra: Centre for Aboriginal Economic Policy Research, ANU) concluded that some 150 families were homeless and a further 280 families were in housing stress from overcrowding.

FIGURE 3.12 HOUSING STRESS

All families



Source: 1991 Census of Population and Housing; Jones, 1994.

**1992 ATSC
Housing and
Community
Infrastructure
Needs Survey**

Another source of information about the condition of community infrastructure in the Torres Strait Area is the final report of Stage 1 of the 1992 ATSC Housing and Community Infrastructure Needs Survey. This report identified:

- 65 per cent of discrete communities surveyed (including homelands/outstations) in which the quality of water available for human consumption complied with National Health and Medical Research Council guidelines.
- 45 per cent of discrete communities (excluding homelands/outstations) in which the sewerage system normally worked satisfactorily.
- 10 per cent of discrete communities (excluding homelands/outstations) in which the internal roads were at least 50 per cent sealed.

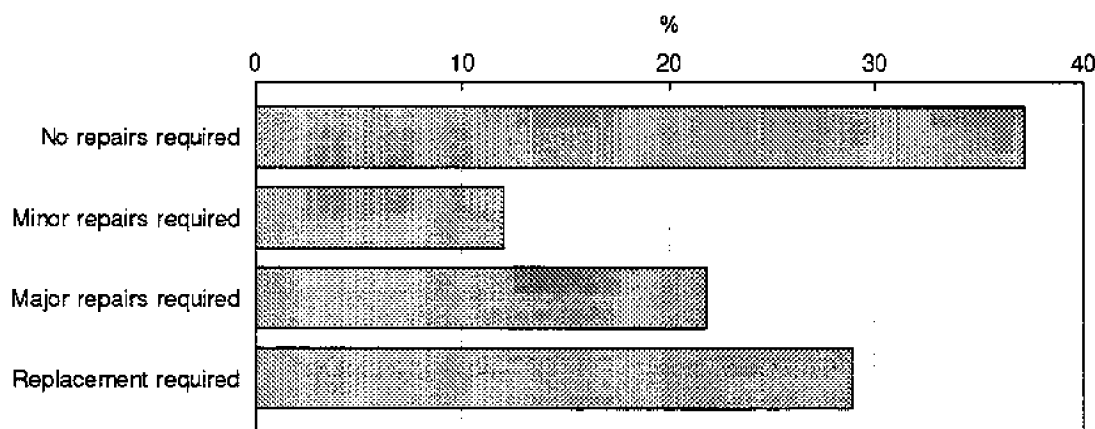
**Condition
of houses**

At the time of the Needs Survey, it was estimated that there were some 670 houses in the Torres Strait Area owned and/or administered by Indigenous organisations. The condition of these houses was found to be:

- no repairs required (250 houses)
- minor repairs required (80 houses)
- major repairs required (150 houses)
- replacement required (200 houses)

FIGURE 3.13 CONDITION OF HOUSES (a)

Owned and/or administered by Torres Strait Islander or Aboriginal organisations



(a) Relates only to Centres surveyed

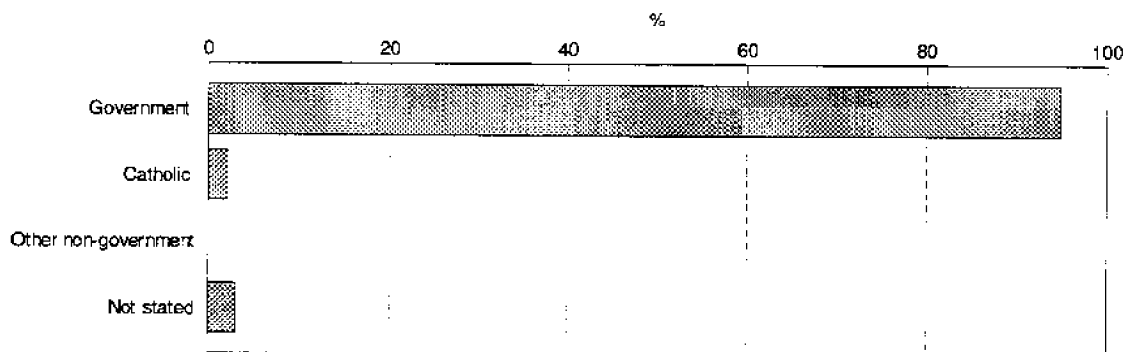


CHAPTER FOUR

EDUCATION AND TRAINING

FIGURE 4.1 TYPE OF SCHOOL ATTENDED

Primary and secondary school students



Type of school attended

The type of school attended by the 1,470 primary and secondary school students was:

- government (1,400 students)
- Catholic (30** students)

Level of school attended

The level of school these students attended was:

- primary (1,130 students)
- secondary (350 students)

FIGURE 4.2 LEVEL OF SCHOOL ATTENDED

Primary and secondary school students

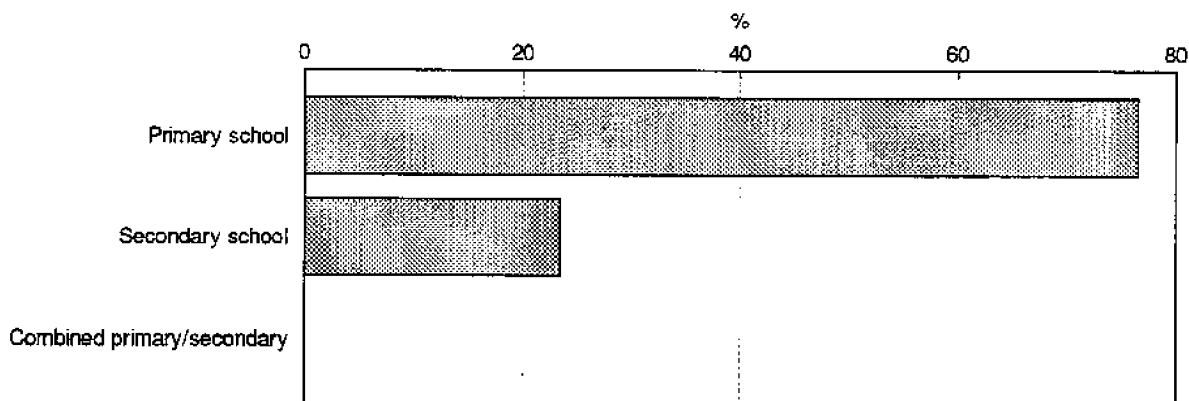
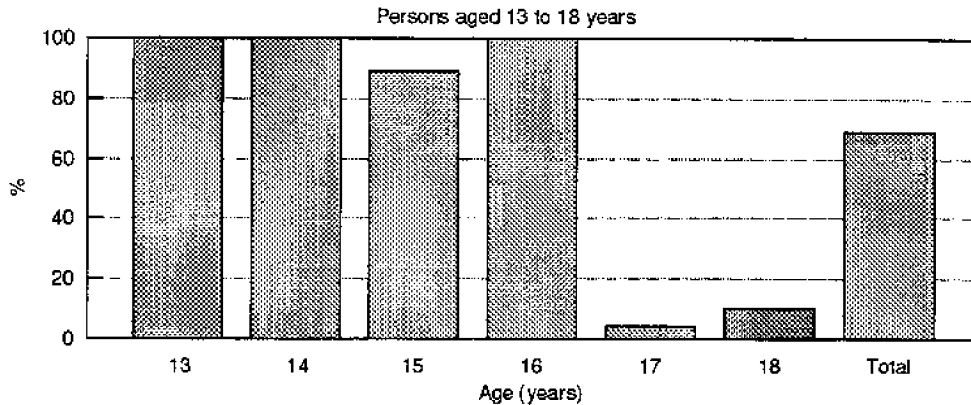


FIGURE 4.3 SCHOOL PARTICIPATION RATE (a)



(a) the number of enrolled school students of a particular age, expressed as a proportion of the population of the same age

School participation rates

The overall school participation rate was calculated to be slightly less than 70 per cent. For thirteen and fourteen year olds the participation rate was 100 per cent, while for seventeen and eighteen year olds the rate had fallen to around 5 and 10 per cent respectively.

Characteristics of schooling

Students in the Torres Strait Area reported that they were:

- taught about Indigenous culture (1,340 students)
- not taught about culture but want to be (120 students)
- taught by an Indigenous teacher (780 students)
- taught by an Indigenous education worker (410 students)
- taught by a community member (800 students)
- taught Indigenous languages (830 students)

FIGURE 4.4 CHARACTERISTICS OF SCHOOLING

Primary and secondary school students

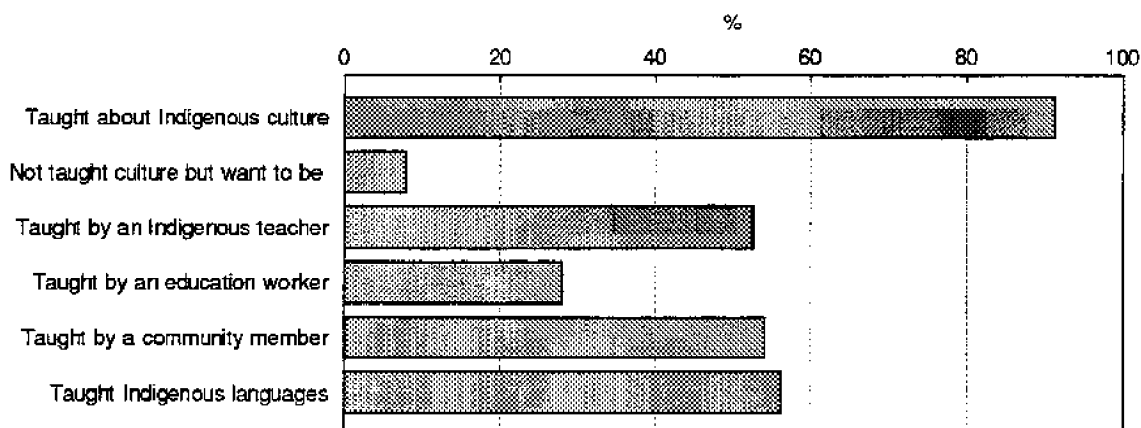
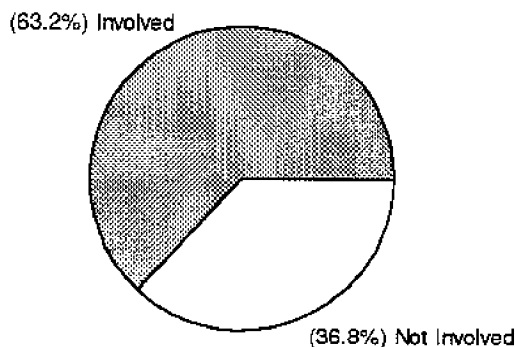


FIGURE 4.5 INVOLVEMENT IN DECISION MAKING AT CHILDREN'S SCHOOL

Persons with children attending primary or secondary school



Involvement in decision making

Some 1,050 of the 1,660 people with children attending primary or secondary school felt that they were involved in decision making at their children's school.

Preference for children to attend community school

Parents' preference for sending their children to an Indigenous community controlled school was:

- yes (460 parents)
- no (610 parents)
- already attends (230 parents)

FIGURE 4.6 PREFERENCE FOR CHILDREN TO ATTEND COMMUNITY SCHOOL

Persons with children attending primary or secondary school

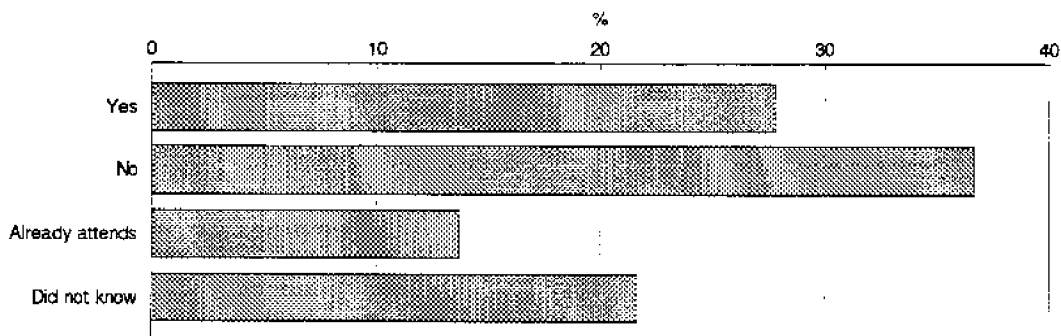
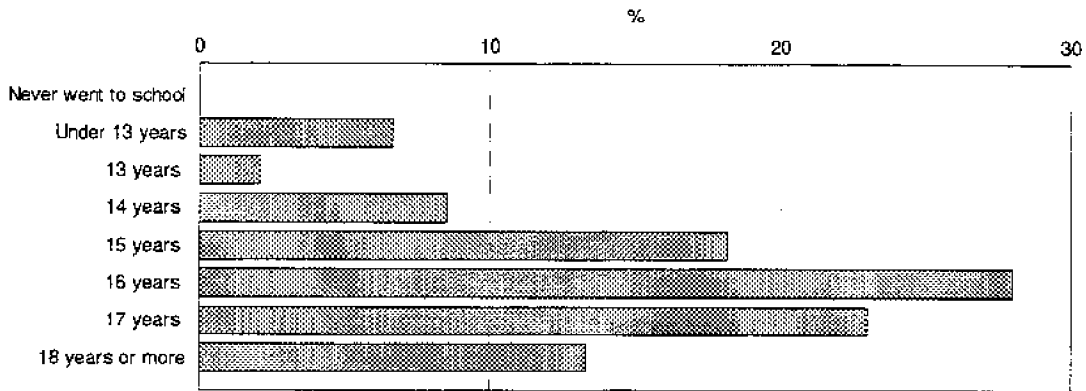


FIGURE 4.7 AGE LEFT SCHOOL

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school



Age left school

The 4,000 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school reported that the age they left school was:

- 13 years or less (350 people)
- 14 years (340 people)
- 15 or 16 years (1,850 people)
- 17 years or more (1,450 people)

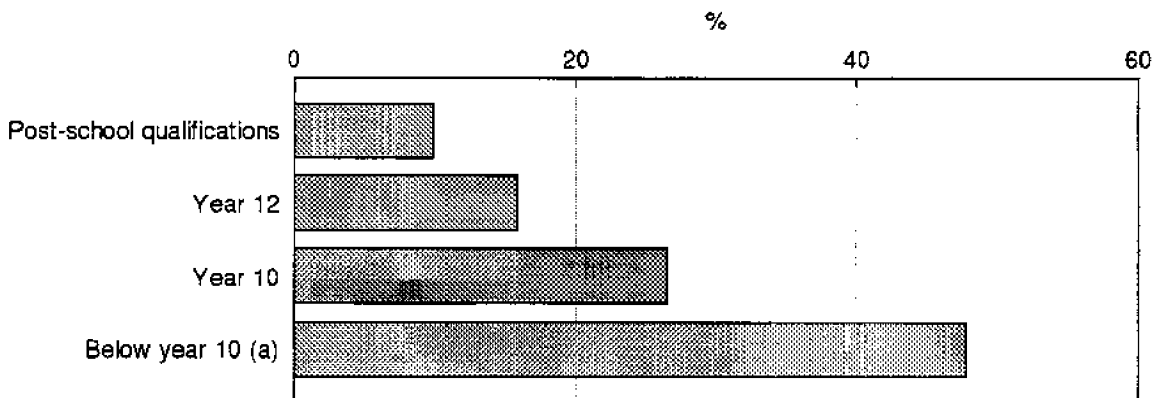
Highest level of educational attainment

The highest level of education attained by people age fifteen years and over who had left school was:

- post-school qualifications (400 people)
- year 12 school certificate (630 people)
- year 10 school certificate (1,060 people)
- below year 10 school certificate (1,910 people)

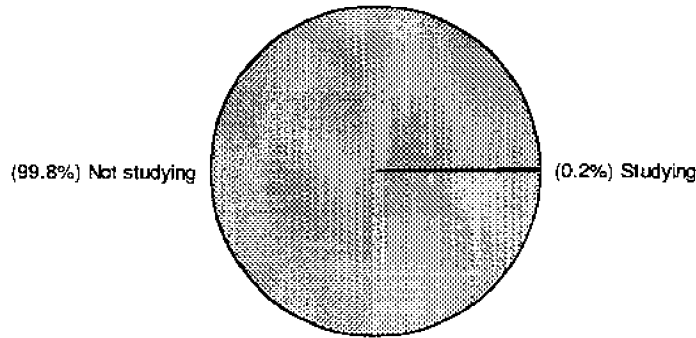
FIGURE 4.8 HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school



(a) includes persons with no formal education

FIGURE 4.9 POST-SCHOOL STUDY
Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school



Post-school study

Some 10** people aged fifteen years and over who had left school were studying for a qualification.

Main difficulty in undertaking further study or training

Some 1,050 of those 1,230 people who had left school and wanted to do further study felt they would have problems attending study or training courses. The main difficulties were expected to be:

- financial problems (420 people)
- no courses available (370 people)
- lack of transport or travel problems (60** people)
- lack of english proficiency (30** people)

FIGURE 4.10 MAIN DIFFICULTY IN UNDERTAKING FURTHER STUDY/TRAINING
Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school and felt they would have difficulty undertaking further study/training

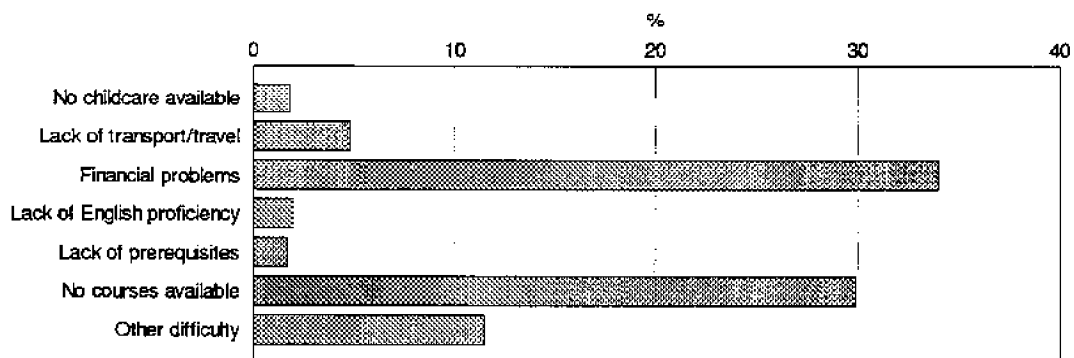
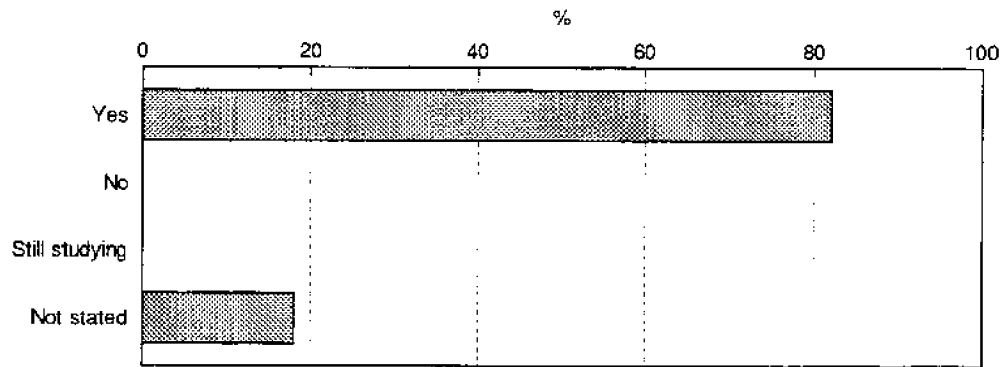


FIGURE 4.11 COMPLETION OF TRAINING COURSE IN LAST 12 MONTHS (a)

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school and attended a training course in the last 12 months



(a) Refers to main training course if more than one course was attended

Completion of training course attended in last 12 months

Some 220 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school reported that they had attended at least one training course in the last twelve months which they:

- completed (180 people)
- did not state whether they had completed the course or not (40** people)

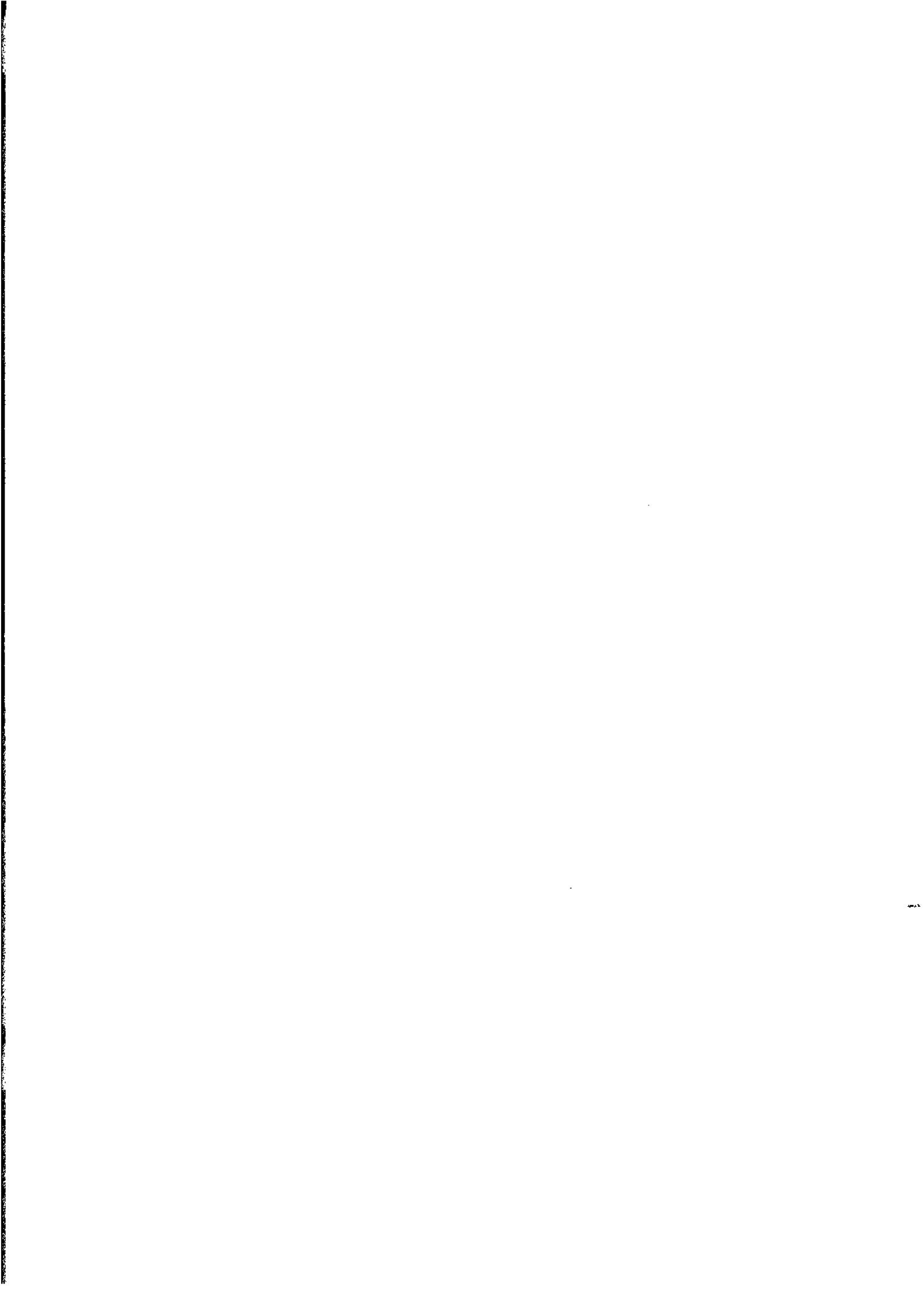
Use made of information gained from recent training course

These people reported that the information they gained from the course was used (in order):

- for work
- to get a job
- for personal development

FIGURE 4.12 USE MADE OF INFORMATION GAINED FROM RECENT TRAINING COURSE

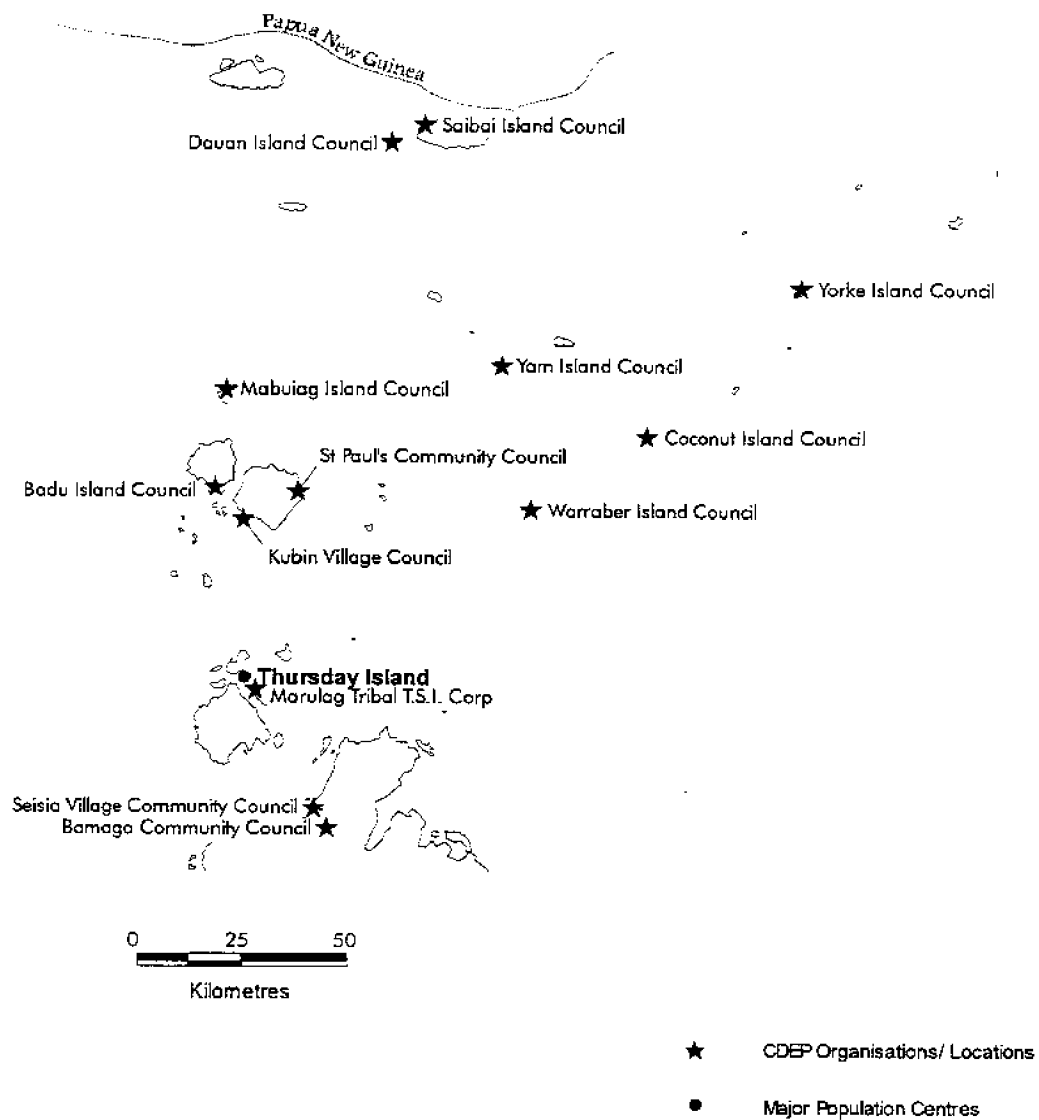
The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard error (**).



CHAPTER FIVE

EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

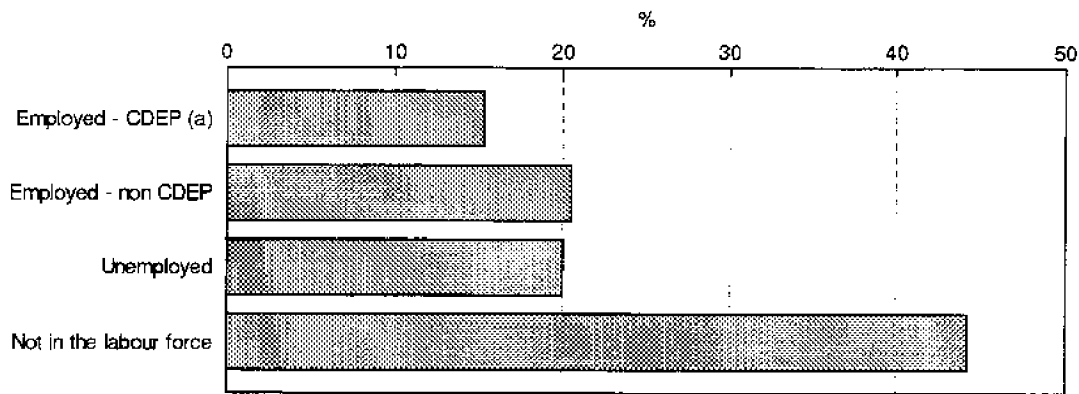
Map 5 Community Development Employment Projects Torres Strait Area



Source: Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission, 1994.

FIGURE 5.1 LABOUR FORCE STATUS

Persons aged 15 years and over



(a) Community Development Employment Projects

Labour force status

There were some 4,120 people aged fifteen years and over in the Torres Strait Area. The labour force status of these people was:

- employed (1,480 people)
- unemployed (830 people)
- not in labour force (1,820 people)

Nature of jobs

Some 630 of those 1,480 employed people reported that they were working in a Community Development Employment Project (CDEP) scheme.

Type of employment

Those employed people reported that their type of employment was:

- full-time (650 people)
- part-time (790 people)

FIGURE 5.2 TYPE OF EMPLOYMENT

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

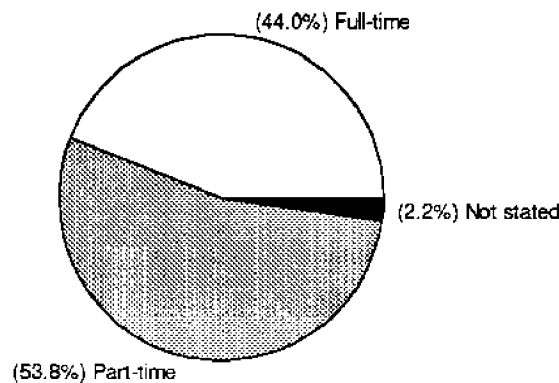
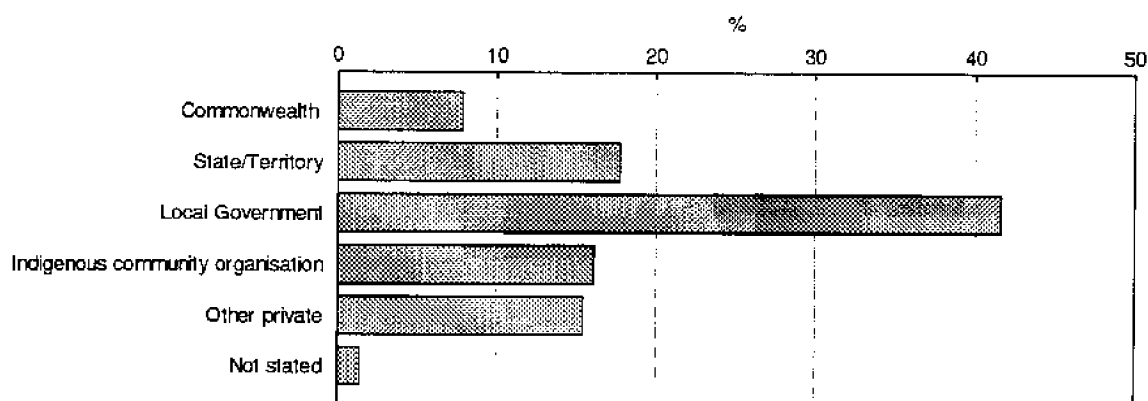


FIGURE 5.3 SECTOR OF EMPLOYMENT

Employed persons aged 15 years and over



Sector of employment

The 1,480 employed people reported that their employer was:

- Commonwealth government (120 people)
- State/Territory government (260 people)
- local government (610 people)
- Indigenous community organisation (240 people)
- other private organisation (230 people)

Number of hours a week usually worked

Employed people reported that the number of hours a week they usually worked was:

- 15 or fewer (300 people)
- 16 - 24 (180 people)
- 25 - 34 (320 people)
- 35 or more (650 people)

FIGURE 5.4 NUMBER OF HOURS A WEEK USUALLY WORKED

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

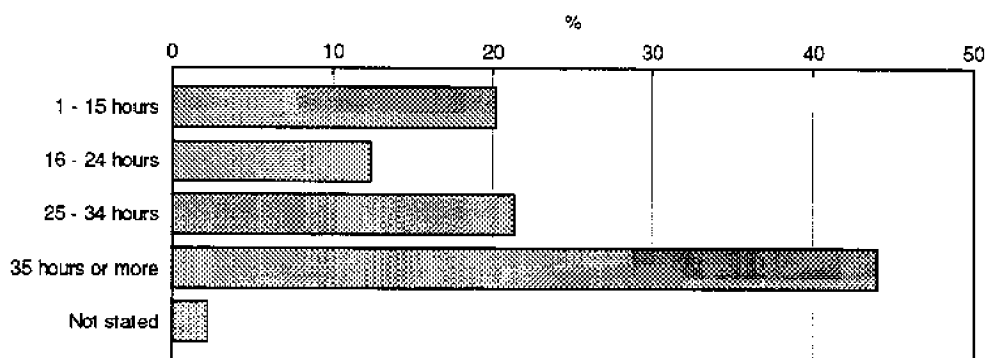
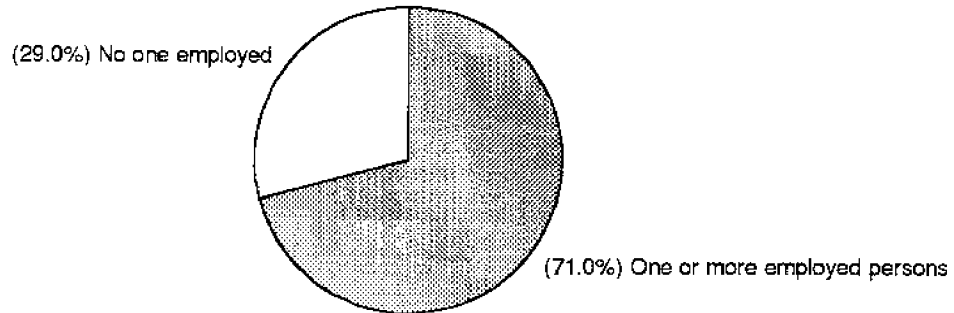


FIGURE 5.5 NUMBER OF EMPLOYED PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD

Households living in private dwellings



Number of employed persons in household

It was estimated that there was 430 households in which no one was working. For the remaining 1,040 households one or more people reported that they were working.

Whether work commitments allowed cultural obligations to be met

The 1,480 employed people reported that their work commitments meant that they:

- could meet obligations (600 people)
- could not meet obligations (470 people)

There were 370 people who reported that they did not have cultural obligations.

FIGURE 5.6 WHETHER WORK COMMITMENTS ALLOWED CULTURAL OBLIGATIONS TO BE MET

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

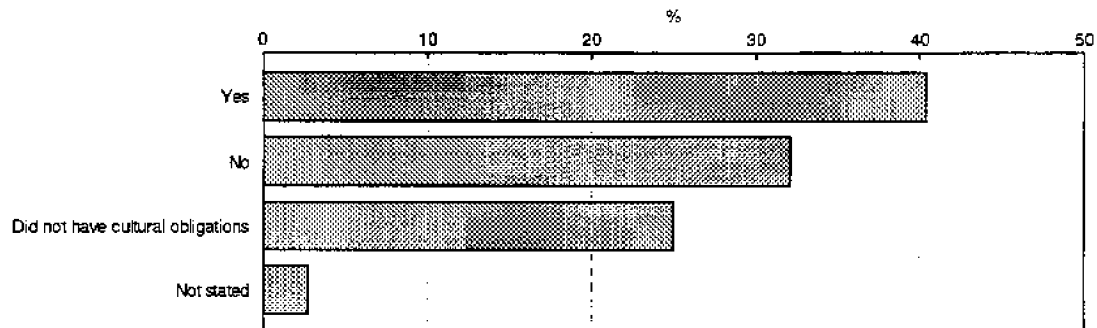
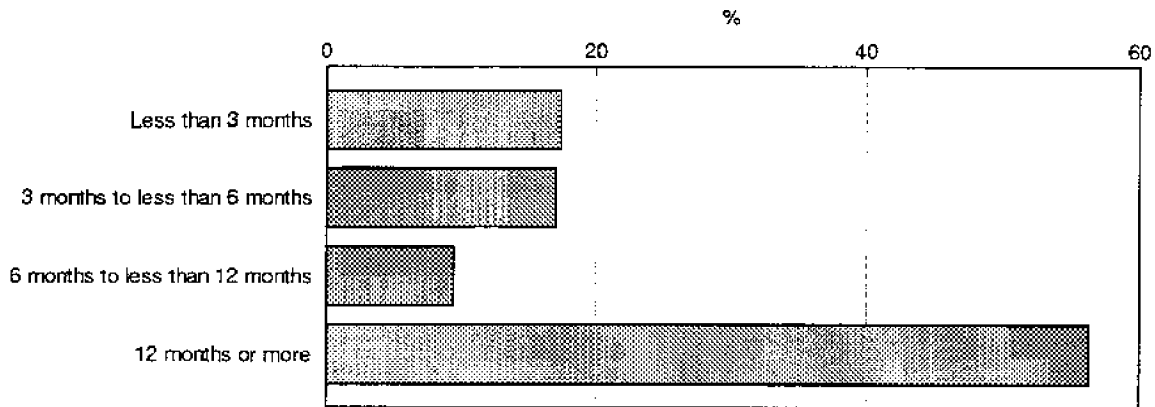


FIGURE 5.7 LENGTH OF TIME UNEMPLOYED

Unemployed persons aged 15 years and over



Length of time unemployed

The 830 unemployed people reported that the length of time they had been unemployed was:

- less than 3 months (140 people)
- 3 months to less than 6 months (140 people)
- 6 months to less than 12 months (80** people)
- 12 months or more (470 people)

Main difficulty in finding a job

The main difficulty that these unemployed people experienced in finding a job was:

- no jobs in local area or line of work (380 people)
- no jobs at all (350 people)

FIGURE 5.8 MAIN DIFFICULTY IN FINDING A JOB

Unemployed persons aged 15 years and over

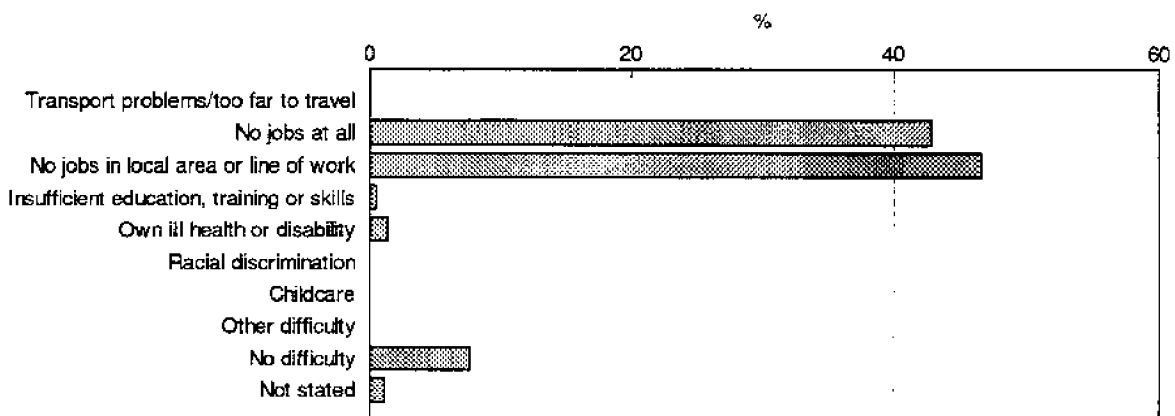


FIGURE 5.9 MAIN REASON NOT LOOKING FOR WORK

The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).

Persons not in the labour force who want a job

Some 240 of those 1,820 people not in the labour force, that is, not working and not looking for work, said they wanted a job. The main reason for not looking for work was (in order):

- no jobs at all
- no jobs in local area/line of work
- childcare and other family responsibilities

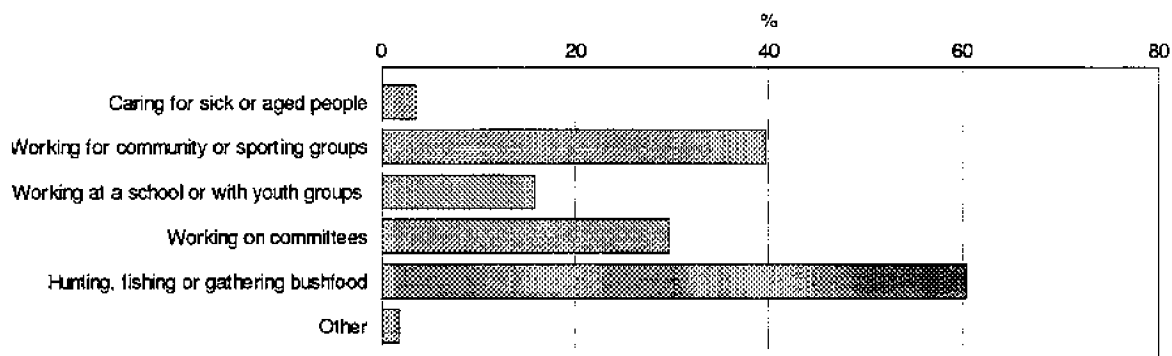
Voluntary work

Some 1,670 people aged fifteen years and older said that they were engaged in voluntary work. The type of voluntary work undertaken was:

- caring for sick or aged people (60** people)
- working for community or sporting organisation (660 people)
- working at a school or with youth groups (260 people)
- working on committees (500 people)
- hunting, fishing or gathering bushfood (1,010 people)

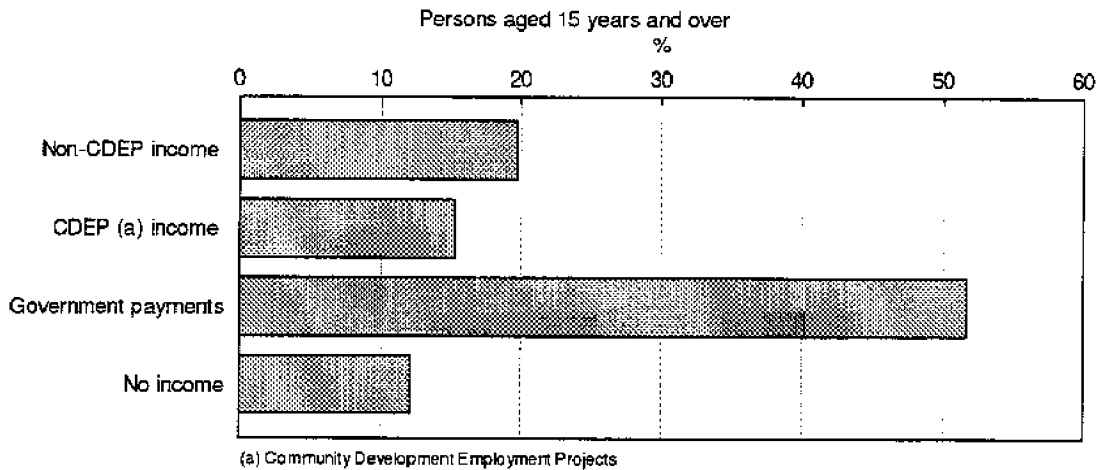
FIGURE 5.10 TYPE OF VOLUNTARY WORK UNDERTAKEN (a)

Persons aged 15 years and over who undertook voluntary work



(a) Persons may have given more than one answer

FIGURE 5.11 MAIN SOURCE OF INCOME



Main source of income The 4,120 people aged fifteen years and over reported that their main source of income was:

- non-CDEP employment (810 people)
- CDEP employment (630 people)
- government payments (2,130 people)
- no income (500 people)

Government payments received It was estimated that some 2,430 people aged fifteen years and over received government allowances, pensions and other payments. The main types of payments received were:

- family payment (1,140 people)
- age pension (310 people)
- Newstart allowance (450 people)
- rent assistance (290 people)
- Jobsearch allowance (320 people)
- sole parent pension (180 people)

FIGURE 5.12 TYPE OF GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS RECEIVED

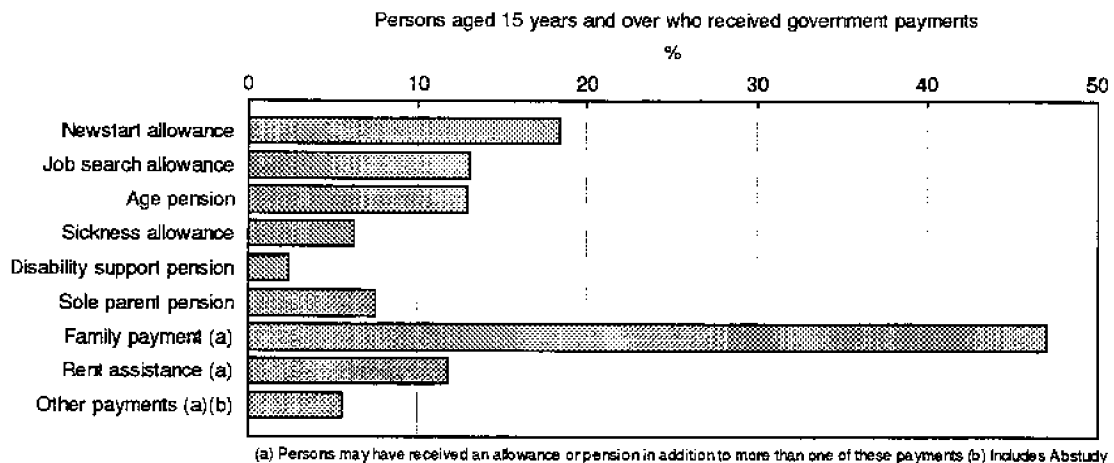
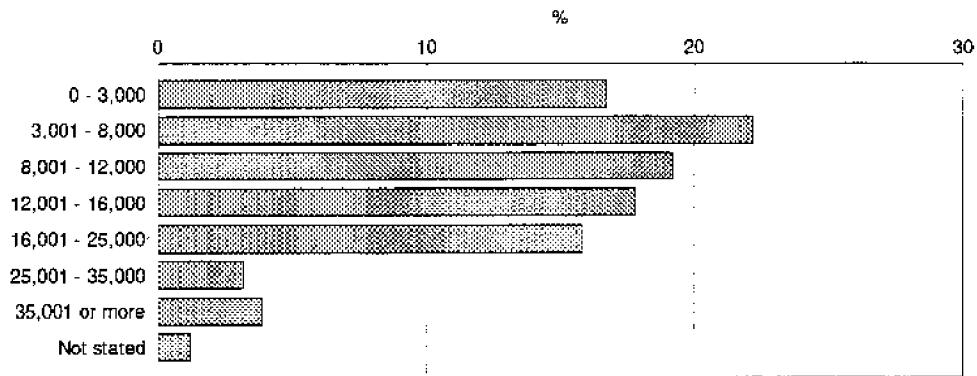


FIGURE 5.13 ANNUAL PERSONAL INCOME (\$)

Persons aged 15 years and over



Personal income The 4,120 people aged fifteen years and older reported that their annual personal income (\$) was:

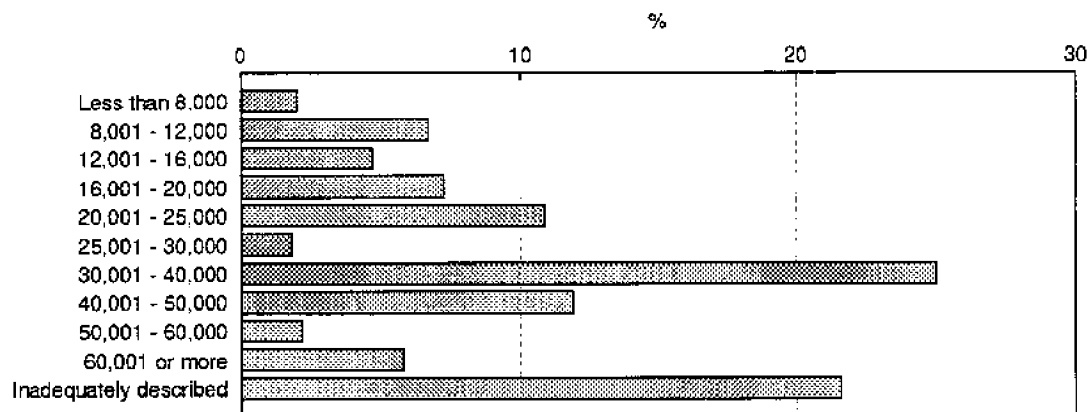
- less than 3,000 (690 people)
- 3,001 - 8,000 (920 people)
- 8,001 - 12,000 (790 people)
- 12,001 - 16,000 (730 people)
- 16,001 - 25,000 (650 people)
- 25,001 - 35,000 (130 people)
- 35,001 or more (160 people)

Household income The annual income (\$) of the 1,460 households was estimated to be:

- less than 12,000 (130** h'holds)
- 12,001 - 16,000 (70** h'holds)
- 16,001 - 20,000 (110 h'holds)
- 20,001 - 25,000 (160 h'holds)
- 25,001 - 30,000 (30** h'holds)
- 30,001 - 40,000 (370 h'holds)
- 40,001 - 50,000 (170 h'holds)
- 50,001 - 60,000 (30** h'holds)
- 60,001 or more (90** h'holds)
- Inadequately described (320 h'holds)

FIGURE 5.14 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME (\$)

Households living in private dwellings



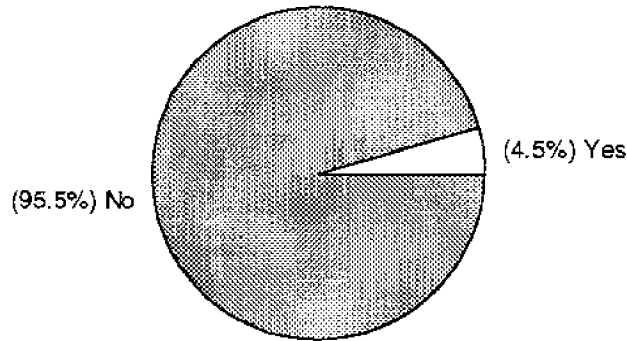


CHAPTER SIX

LAW AND JUSTICE

FIGURE 6.1 NEEDED LEGAL SERVICES IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Needed legal services

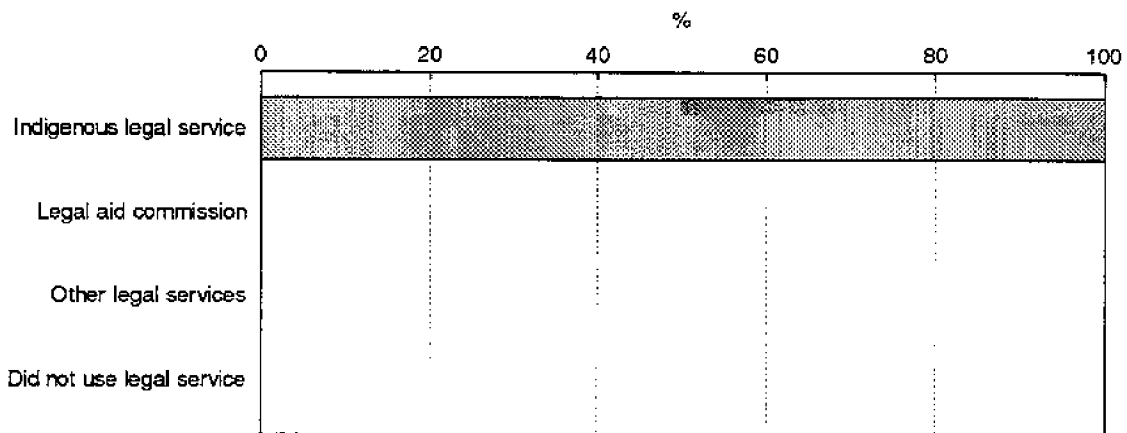
Some 180 of the 4,350 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they needed to use legal services in the last twelve months.

Types of legal services used

All of these people reported using an Indigenous legal service.

FIGURE 6.2 TYPES OF LEGAL SERVICES USED (a)

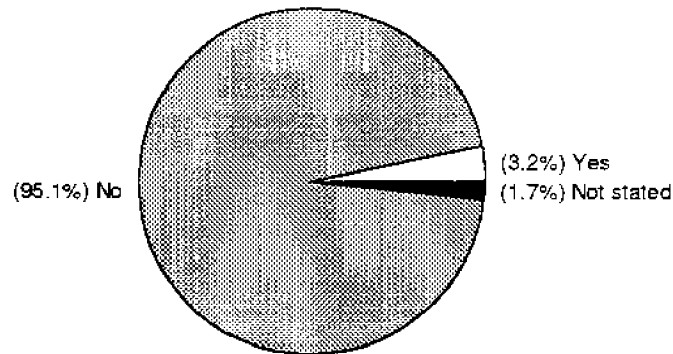
Persons aged 13 years and over who needed legal services in the last 12 months



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one type of legal service.

FIGURE 6.3 PHYSICALLY ATTACKED OR VERBALLY THREATENED (a)

Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) During the last 12 months

Personal safety Some 140 people aged thirteen years and over reported being physically attacked or verbally threatened in the last twelve months.

Reasons for not reporting last incident to police Some 70** of those people who said they were physically attacked or verbally threatened did not report their last attack to the police. The main reasons for not doing so were (in order):

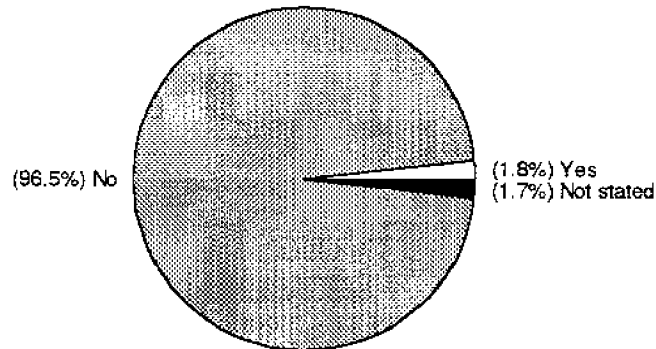
- solved it themselves/perpetrator known to them
- not serious enough
- police could do nothing/lack of proof

FIGURE 6.4 REASONS FOR NOT REPORTING LAST INCIDENT TO POLICE

The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).

FIGURE 6.5 ARRESTED IN THE LAST 5 YEARS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Arrested in last 5 years

Some 80 people aged thirteen years and over said that they had been arrested in the last five years. The number of times they reported they had been arrested was (in order):

- one
- four
- five

Reasons for last arrest

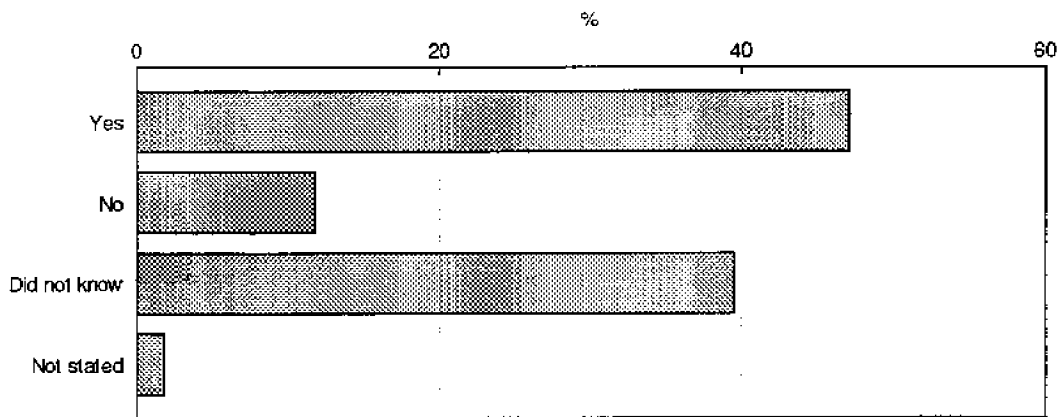
Those people who had been arrested reported that the main reasons for their last arrest were (in order):

- assault/assault with grievous bodily harm
- drink driving offence
- disorderly conduct/drinking in a public place

FIGURE 6.6 REASONS FOR LAST ARREST

The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).

FIGURE 6.7 FAMILY VIOLENCE WAS A COMMON PROBLEM IN THE LOCAL AREA
Persons aged 13 years and over



Whether family violence was a common problem

When asked whether they thought family violence was common problem in the Torres Strait Area:

- 2,050 people aged 13 years and over said yes
- 510 people said no
- 1,720 people said they did not know

Whether police did a good job dealing with family violence

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with family violence:

- 900 people aged 13 years and over said no
- 950 people said yes
- 930 people said police sometimes did a good job
- 1,500 people said they did not know

FIGURE 6.8 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH FAMILY VIOLENCE
Persons aged 13 years and over

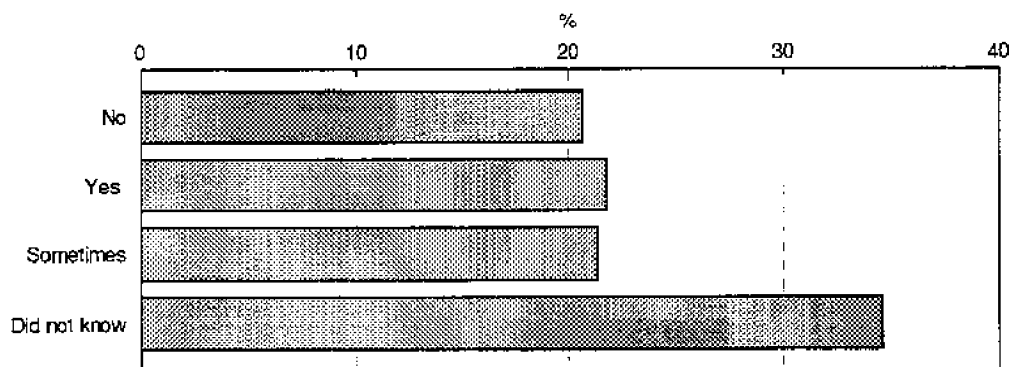
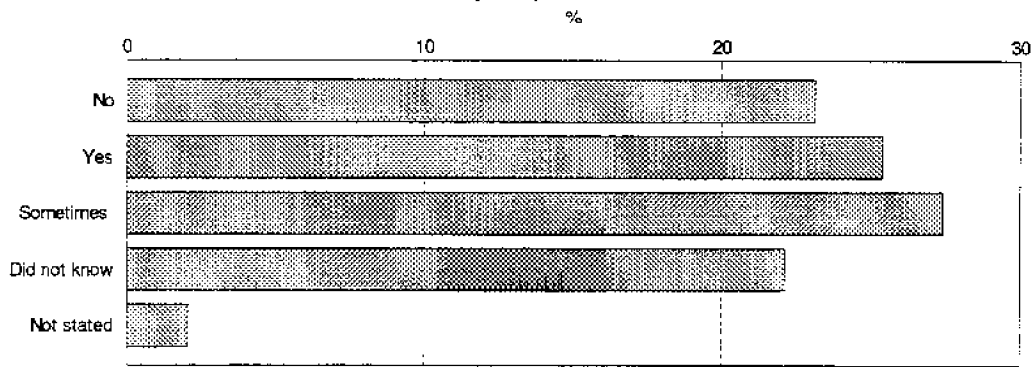


FIGURE 6.9 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH CRIME

Persons aged 13 years and over



Perceptions of police dealing with crime

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with crime:

- 1,010 people aged 13 years and over said no
- 1,110 people said yes
- 1,190 people said sometimes
- 960 people said they did not know

Perceptions of police dealing with violence

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with violence:

- 1,090 people aged 13 years and over said no
- 1,190 people said yes
- 890 people said sometimes
- 1,110 people said they did not know

FIGURE 6.10 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH VIOLENCE

Persons aged 13 years and over

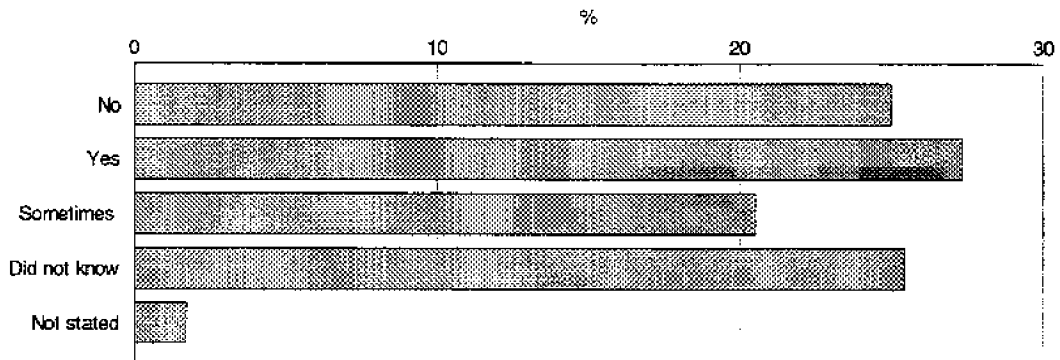
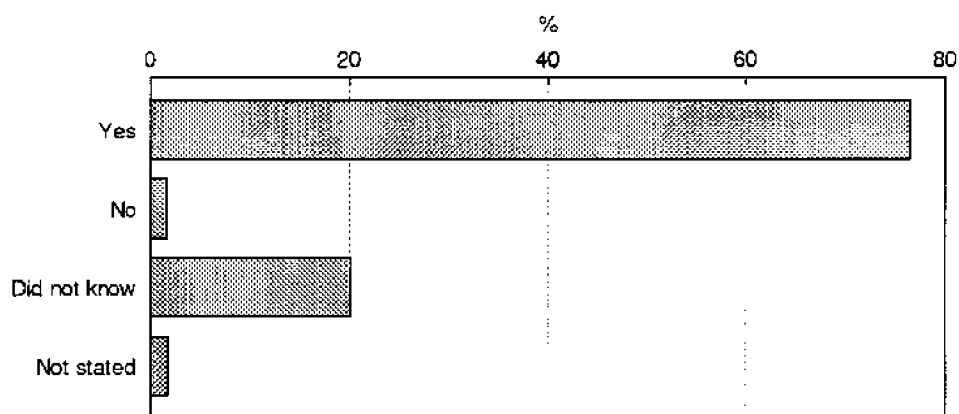


FIGURE 6.11 INDIGENOUS POLICE IN LOCAL AREA

Persons aged 13 years and over



Whether there were Indigenous police in local area

People aged thirteen years and over were asked whether there were Indigenous people working in their local area as police aides, police liaison officers or police officers. The responses were:

- yes (3,330 people)
- no (70** people)
- did not know (880 people)

Whether local Indigenous police did a good job

The views of the 3,330 people on whether Indigenous police aides, police liaison officers and police officers did a good job were:

- yes (1,440 people)
- no (670 people)
- sometimes (850 people)
- did not know (370 people)

FIGURE 6.12 LOCAL INDIGENOUS POLICE DID A GOOD JOB

Persons aged 13 years and over who reported that there were Indigenous police in the local area

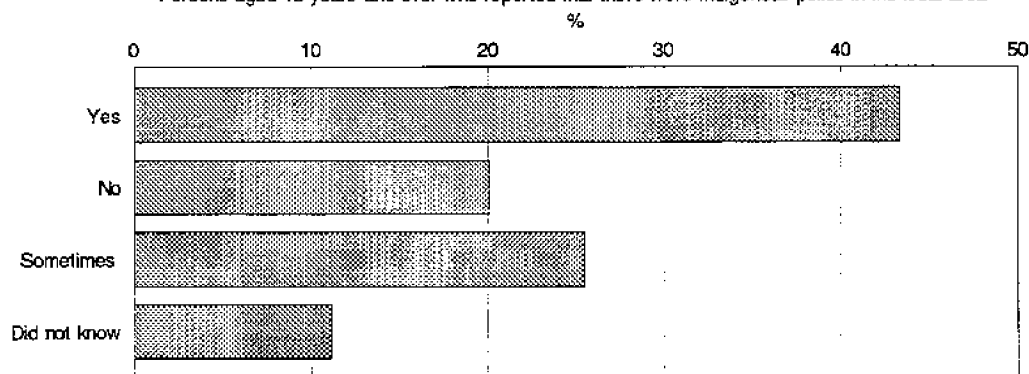
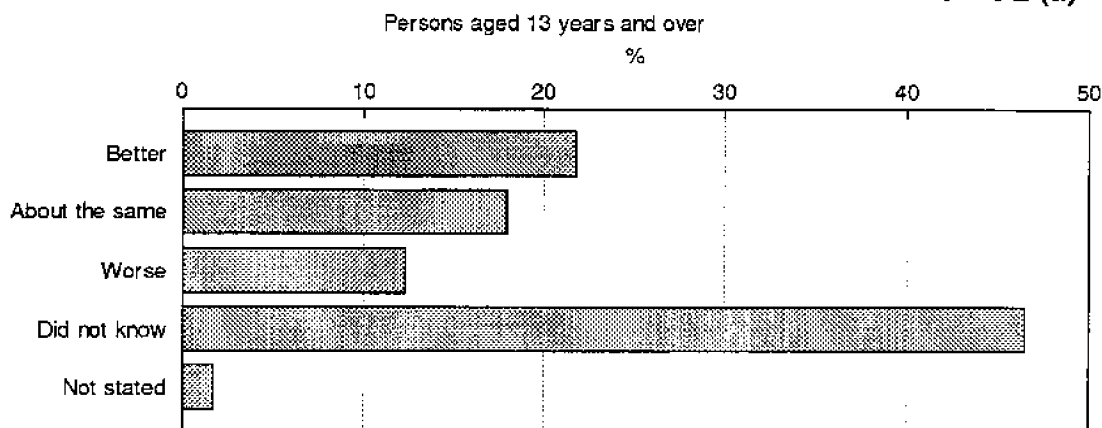


FIGURE 6.13 PERCEPTION OF CURRENT RELATIONS WITH POLICE (a)



(a) Compared to 5 years ago

Perceptions of current relations with police compared to 5 years ago

People aged thirteen years and over stated that current relations with police compared to five years ago were:

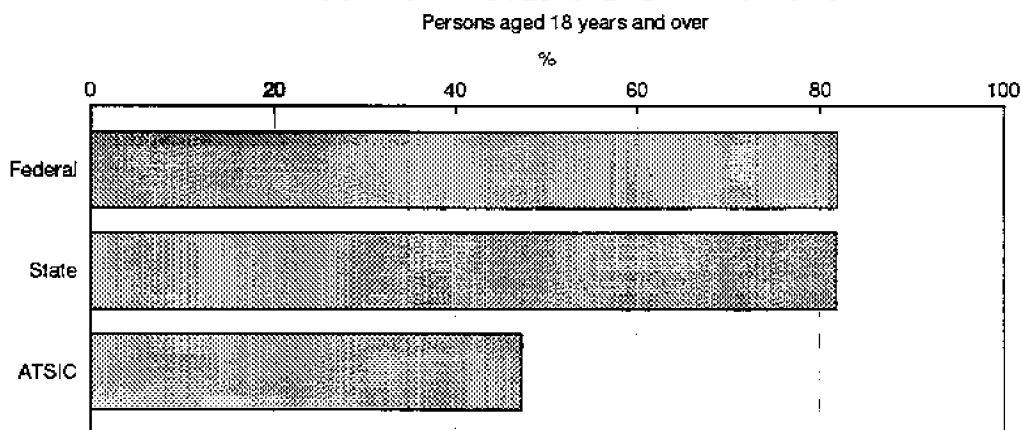
- better (940 people)
- about the same (780 people)
- worse (530 people)
- did not know (2,020 people)

Whether voted in last elections

The reported voting patterns of the 3,910 people aged eighteen years and over were:

- 3,190 people voted in the last Federal election
- 3,190 people voted in the last State election
- 1,850 people voted in the last ATSiC election

FIGURE 6.14 VOTED IN LAST ELECTIONS



APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: FAMILIES

Area	Family Type			Family Members		Total Families (^{'000})
	One parent families (%)	Couple only families (%)	Two parent families (%)	All Indigenous (%)	Indigenous and non-Indigenous (%)	
Queanbeyan	32.2	**9.5	52.2	55.1	44.9	2.1
Bourke	27.2	14.5	52.8	91.3	**8.7	1.7
Coffs Harbour	31.6	12.0	52.7	55.4	44.6	5.4
Sydney	26.5	19.2	50.8	36.7	63.3	7.8
Tamworth	32.6	14.5	47.4	86.3	13.7	2.6
Wagga Wagga	28.6	17.3	48.7	48.8	51.2	4.8
Wangaratta	25.1	**11.1	58.9	31.6	68.4	2.9
Ballarat	34.7	24.8	39.8	33.8	66.2	3.4
Brisbane	31.6	14.1	48.7	36.2	63.8	5.9
Cairns	28.8	10.6	53.7	71.4	28.6	3.5
Mt Isa	26.7	**11.0	61.6	89.8	**10.2	1.4
Cooktown	31.1	15.6	50.8	96.1	**3.9	1.7
Rockhampton	15.1	20.8	60.7	43.1	56.9	2.9
Roma	25.9	**6.7	67.4	51.1	48.9	1.9
Townsville	25.9	**10.3	63.1	61.5	38.5	3.0
Torres Strait area	21.8	20.7	56.7	93.0	7.0	1.7
Adelaide	46.6	**9.9	40.5	52.7	47.3	3.2
Ceduna	27.8	22.0	46.5	82.0	18.0	0.5
Port Augusta	24.0	12.9	57.7	82.7	17.3	1.5
Perth	29.5	13.7	56.1	54.2	45.8	3.7
Broome	40.1	15.5	44.4	80.6	19.4	1.0
Kununurra	23.9	18.6	55.6	93.0	**7.0	1.0
Warburton	25.4	15.1	55.4	100.0	**0.0	0.7
Narrogin	23.2	**3.9	68.5	76.9	23.1	1.4
South Hedland	32.8	10.2	54.8	58.6	41.4	1.4
Derby	33.6	16.5	49.9	95.1	**4.9	1.1
Kalgoorlie	23.4	15.0	59.1	75.2	24.8	0.6
Geraldton	36.4	18.6	41.1	90.6	9.4	1.3
Hobart	18.6	24.7	54.9	19.4	80.6	4.0
Alice Springs	40.3	**12.4	38.3	89.2	**10.8	1.0
Jabiru	24.1	18.0	56.9	98.9	**1.1	1.8
Katherine	25.1	16.8	57.3	93.4	6.6	1.8
Aputula	26.0	17.0	55.1	97.8	**2.2	1.7
Nhulunbuy	23.2	**13.2	63.7	94.9	**5.1	1.4
Tennant Creek	17.8	18.8	62.2	100.0	**0.0	0.8
Darwin	30.9	21.5	44.8	64.0	36.0	1.9
Australia	28.5	15.4	52.8	60.2	39.8	84.9

APPENDIX A: CULTURE

Persons aged 13 years and over							
Area	Identified with a clan (a)	Recognised an area as homelands	See elders as being important	Attended cultural activities	Recognise homelands		
					Total	Currently live in their homelands	Total
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	50.2	69.6	74.5	57.2	4.6	51.5	3.2
Bourke	57.1	70.9	86.2	76.0	4.9	81.5	3.5
Coffs Harbour	60.3	81.7	92.1	80.8	11.8	44.8	9.6
Sydney	41.9	70.1	82.8	62.8	15.6	31.8	10.9
Tamworth	38.5	70.0	75.1	65.4	6.7	76.3	4.7
Wagga Wagga	45.2	46.4	76.5	61.7	9.8	44.8	4.6
Wangaratta	41.0	69.8	73.4	49.4	6.0	40.0	4.2
Ballarat	48.5	70.4	86.0	70.7	6.6	26.6	4.6
Brisbane	43.1	65.6	72.1	62.8	12.3	**8.8	8.1
Cairns	72.2	84.6	86.1	80.2	7.7	37.7	6.5
Mt Isa	84.7	90.8	96.3	81.6	4.6	62.6	4.2
Cooktown	95.3	96.0	89.2	90.9	4.5	54.1	4.3
Rockhampton	27.5	48.8	79.5	63.5	5.4	53.1	2.7
Roma	24.0	53.9	77.7	58.3	4.6	45.8	2.5
Townsville	57.9	78.2	82.8	73.5	8.5	27.4	6.7
Torres Strait area	71.4	93.0	81.6	81.9	4.3	70.1	4.0
Adelaide	60.2	77.5	86.1	68.2	6.9	21.9	5.3
Ceduna	80.3	86.4	92.6	92.0	1.1	45.9	0.9
Port Augusta	77.9	84.2	88.0	83.4	4.0	32.4	3.3
Perth	59.9	71.3	84.1	65.2	8.5	11.4	6.0
Broome	80.3	84.6	91.3	93.8	2.3	41.9	2.0
Kununurra	95.2	95.0	92.8	96.3	2.9	56.1	2.8
Warburton	84.5	90.3	94.1	92.8	1.8	59.6	1.7
Narrogin	50.2	85.6	82.7	78.0	3.6	55.0	3.1
South Hedland	50.9	63.5	85.0	72.8	3.1	27.1	2.0
Derby	84.7	87.9	89.5	85.7	3.0	34.4	2.6
Kalgoorlie	54.9	69.1	82.4	81.9	1.7	49.2	1.2
Geraldton	33.9	45.5	83.4	94.2	3.2	40.7	1.5
Hobart	17.7	39.9	66.4	31.4	6.6	45.5	2.6
Alice Springs	86.2	88.4	92.7	83.2	3.6	23.6	3.2
Jabiru	99.2	97.9	95.3	91.2	5.5	37.4	5.4
Katherine	90.1	91.7	95.6	86.6	4.6	23.1	4.2
Aputula	100.0	98.6	98.2	96.1	5.0	69.8	4.9
Nhulunbuy	97.6	99.5	98.2	79.1	4.5	78.3	4.5
Tennant Creek	94.8	98.5	81.2	97.6	2.2	34.6	2.2
Darwin	75.5	83.4	94.5	68.5	5.5	22.1	4.6
Australia	59.8	75.2	84.4	72.1	197.5	41.0	148.1

(a) or persons who identified with a tribal or language group.

APPENDIX A: HEALTH

Area	All persons			Persons aged 13 years and over		
	Experienced illness			Smokers	Perceived alcohol to be main local health problem	Total
	Recent (2 wks prior to survey)	Specified long term (6 mths or over)	Total			
(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	(%)	('000)	
Queanbeyan	44.8	42.4	6.7	46.4	46.1	4.6
Bourke	20.1	23.3	7.2	60.7	63.6	4.9
Coffs Harbour	47.7	43.8	18.8	48.9	71.4	11.8
Sydney	55.1	42.4	24.1	48.6	52.4	15.6
Tamworth	31.5	29.8	10.2	54.9	60.0	6.7
Wagga Wagga	37.8	36.4	15.4	47.4	62.0	9.8
Wangaratta	53.0	45.4	9.4	52.5	36.6	6.0
Ballarat	54.6	46.6	9.8	59.7	39.8	6.6
Brisbane	51.2	45.1	18.6	50.8	28.1	12.3
Cairns	35.2	25.7	12.6	48.2	84.6	7.7
Mt Isa	28.1	25.7	6.8	51.3	68.4	4.6
Cooktown	31.4	32.7	6.5	60.5	85.7	4.5
Rockhampton	31.7	31.4	9.2	48.5	63.0	5.4
Roma	33.6	38.6	7.0	53.3	48.7	4.6
Townsville	42.9	34.1	12.8	36.9	50.6	8.5
Torres Strait area	24.1	18.6	6.4	40.9	79.1	4.3
Adelaide	40.5	36.9	10.7	56.3	51.4	6.9
Ceduna	41.6	36.9	1.8	53.6	78.7	1.1
Port Augusta	50.2	38.8	6.0	53.5	64.9	4.0
Perth	46.1	38.9	13.3	49.9	73.2	8.5
Broome	19.6	26.4	3.6	53.8	96.3	2.3
Kununurra	49.8	24.7	4.2	45.9	61.7	2.9
Warburton	32.7	23.2	2.8	40.2	57.4	1.8
Narrogin	34.4	28.8	6.2	48.1	67.4	3.6
South Hedland	34.8	34.4	4.8	44.4	88.9	3.1
Derby	33.3	23.9	4.4	45.0	81.6	3.0
Kalgoorlie	27.8	31.6	2.8	52.5	76.7	1.7
Geraldton	34.0	33.4	5.0	45.4	79.3	3.2
Hobart	48.1	41.7	10.1	45.9	26.2	6.6
Alice Springs	40.5	23.7	4.7	28.9	74.4	3.6
Jabiru	33.0	23.2	8.5	61.4	55.9	5.5
Katherine	50.5	29.3	7.3	41.2	46.7	4.6
Aputula	35.4	23.8	7.1	41.4	58.0	5.0
Nhulunbuy	42.2	29.4	6.9	59.2	30.9	4.5
Tennant Creek	19.8	15.0	3.6	32.8	90.0	2.2
Darwin	37.4	34.3	8.0	49.7	66.2	5.5
Australia	41.2	34.8	303.3	49.7	58.8	197.5

APPENDIX A: HOUSING

Area	Home ownership rate	Community owned dwellings	Running water connected	Electricity connected	Dwelling situated on sealed road	Satisfied with current dwelling	Total households
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	**9.9	**9.5	94.6	94.6	59.7	83.0	2.8
Bourke	**18.5	45.2	92.9	94.6	84.4	68.9	1.6
Coffs Harbour	30.6	24.5	97.0	97.3	88.2	75.5	5.5
Sydney	34.0	**2.3	98.8	98.7	96.5	70.2	9.7
Tamworth	**14.2	20.9	95.2	99.0	81.4	88.2	3.3
Wagga Wagga	40.1	**15.6	97.1	99.8	87.1	85.3	5.0
Wangaratta	**41.1	**12.5	99.8	99.8	96.8	83.2	3.1
Ballarat	**30.0	**6.6	99.7	99.8	85.2	84.7	3.6
Brisbane	34.9	**11.1	96.4	97.0	93.9	93.0	6.4
Cairns	**15.3	**17.0	97.1	97.8	85.3	88.2	3.0
Mt Isa	**2.5	64.4	97.0	99.7	30.6	77.7	1.2
Cooktown	**0.8	86.4	74.0	74.0	52.5	28.1	1.3
Rockhampton	**16.0	**16.5	100.0	100.0	95.1	87.6	3.1
Roma	**34.5	**14.8	100.0	100.0	88.9	96.2	2.0
Townsville	**16.1	**16.4	97.5	99.1	95.0	79.6	2.8
Torres Strait area	**17.5	**54.1	88.4	90.4	39.6	64.7	1.5
Adelaide	**19.9	**13.3	99.7	99.7	91.7	88.1	3.4
Ceduna	**5.3	**28.5	97.9	97.9	88.7	74.4	0.4
Port Augusta	**16.9	**26.0	98.2	93.1	72.1	71.3	1.5
Perth	**38.2	**0.0	96.4	96.4	81.5	78.0	4.2
Broome	**4.5	**4.5	93.4	93.4	68.6	44.6	0.9
Kununurra	**5.4	**59.1	69.4	72.6	31.2	35.5	0.7
Warburton	**0.0	**87.8	93.6	94.6	**13.6	77.4	0.5
Narrogen	**24.4	**7.3	98.7	93.0	76.2	79.0	1.7
South Hedland	**6.5	**6.6	99.2	99.2	90.7	92.7	1.5
Derby	**0.0	**65.8	72.3	73.3	31.2	30.9	0.9
Kalgoorlie	**8.2	**5.8	99.3	98.5	92.1	75.3	0.6
Geraldton	**15.6	**6.3	100.0	100.0	83.9	94.1	1.3
Hobart	52.3	**3.0	98.8	99.6	83.4	90.6	4.4
Alice Springs	**18.4	**18.7	93.6	94.7	83.8	79.9	1.1
Jabiru	**0.8	78.5	89.1	87.6	45.1	21.6	1.1
Katherine	**14.0	67.8	90.3	90.2	54.9	45.5	1.2
Aputula	**0.0	**69.8	79.3	74.1	53.6	27.2	1.3
Nhulunbuy	**0.0	74.3	97.5	97.5	38.3	35.3	1.0
Tennant Creek	**2.7	89.9	95.9	87.5	65.5	53.9	0.7
Darwin	**22.7	**16.8	94.9	98.1	87.3	84.0	1.9
Australia	24.9	20.9	96.1	96.4	81.6	77.3	86.4

APPENDIX A: PRIMARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

Area	Persons aged 5-18 years		Primary and secondary school students			
	Attending school (%)	Total ('000)	Taught an Indigenous language at school (%)	Taught Indigenous culture at school (%)	Taught by an Indigenous teacher (%)	Total ('000)
Queanbeyan	76.0	2.1	6.3	57.4	11.0	1.6
Bourke	78.0	2.8	20.1	60.0	34.9	2.2
Coffs Harbour	89.0	6.5	15.2	48.6	12.6	5.9
Sydney	89.8	7.0	**6.0	44.0	**4.8	6.5
Tamworth	93.1	3.3	**7.9	60.0	13.9	3.1
Wagga Wagga	85.3	4.9	**1.3	29.4	**3.4	4.2
Wangaratta	80.1	2.9	**2.2	33.9	**1.4	2.3
Ballarat	87.2	3.0	**4.1	39.4	**4.6	2.7
Brisbane	84.6	6.6	**0.5	32.7	**1.1	5.7
Cairns	82.1	4.4	30.4	78.5	8.1	3.6
Mt Isa	80.1	2.0	24.8	64.4	**2.0	1.6
Cooktown	75.9	1.6	33.1	77.8	40.1	1.2
Rockhampton	83.3	2.4	**1.5	31.6	**2.6	2.0
Roma	74.3	2.8	**0.0	38.7	**0.9	2.1
Townsville	79.5	5.0	**1.6	41.5	**2.9	4.0
Torres Strait area	81.4	1.8	56.3	91.2	52.6	1.5
Adelaide	84.1	3.5	17.5	49.1	**7.9	2.9
Ceduna	83.8	0.6	60.7	85.4	**6.4	0.5
Port Augusta	78.6	1.9	54.7	76.0	23.9	1.5
Perth	79.3	4.5	**4.3	49.4	**8.3	3.6
Broome	83.2	1.2	48.5	58.4	11.6	1.0
Kununurra	71.3	1.3	52.7	71.3	**1.2	1.0
Warburton	75.8	0.8	59.4	68.3	**14.3	0.6
Narrogin	84.5	2.7	**5.9	42.5	**5.7	2.3
South Hedland	84.3	1.8	9.6	43.2	**0.0	1.5
Derby	74.9	1.4	45.0	66.4	**5.0	1.0
Kalgoorlie	82.7	1.0	9.8	36.1	**4.6	0.8
Geraldton	73.6	1.5	**6.7	32.0	**1.2	1.1
Hobart	81.3	3.5	**2.4	39.0	**1.6	2.9
Alice Springs	88.9	1.9	22.5	66.9	13.6	1.7
Jabiru	75.8	2.7	85.5	94.4	82.1	2.1
Katherine	74.9	2.5	28.8	48.1	11.8	1.9
Aputula	61.2	2.1	49.6	85.9	40.6	1.3
Nhulunbuy	76.1	2.5	90.9	97.0	89.7	1.9
Tennant Creek	71.2	1.1	86.5	91.1	94.8	0.8
Darwin	81.7	2.7	**7.2	42.1	**9.7	2.2
Australia	81.7	100.3	18.3	52.2	13.7	82.9

APPENDIX A: HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Area	Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school				Total (^{'000})
	With	Without post-school educational qualifications			
	post-school qualification (%)	Year 12 Certificate (a) (%)	Year 10 Certificate (a) (%)	Below Year 10 (b) (%)	
Queanbeyan	16.4	11.5	30.8	41.3	3.9
Bourke	13.2	**3.2	18.5	65.1	4.2
Coffs Harbour	27.3	4.8	25.1	42.8	9.7
Sydney	24.7	9.1	23.3	42.9	14.0
Tamworth	18.0	**2.2	25.3	54.5	5.7
Wagga Wagga	16.0	**3.8	20.7	59.5	8.8
Wangaratta	24.9	6.5	22.9	45.7	5.2
Ballarat	23.2	13.6	16.9	46.3	5.9
Brisbane	28.6	11.5	28.8	31.1	9.7
Cairns	12.9	17.3	34.6	35.2	6.7
Mt Isa	4.3	6.0	28.8	60.9	4.3
Cooktown	14.4	3.5	24.9	57.2	4.3
Rockhampton	13.3	14.2	33.4	39.0	5.0
Roma	**10.4	**9.5	30.4	49.7	3.5
Townsville	20.7	11.6	37.4	30.3	6.8
Torres Strait area	9.9	15.8	26.5	47.8	4.0
Adelaide	27.3	**6.9	39.5	26.3	6.0
Ceduna	22.4	**4.5	22.7	50.5	1.0
Port Augusta	16.9	**1.8	26.1	55.2	3.6
Perth	13.0	**3.0	44.3	39.7	7.5
Broome	20.1	4.9	46.8	28.2	2.0
Kununurra	7.4	6.1	29.5	56.9	2.7
Warburton	11.1	**3.5	20.3	65.1	1.7
Narrogin	14.6	7.5	39.9	38.0	3.0
South Hedland	19.5	7.3	30.6	42.6	2.6
Derby	8.5	5.2	25.5	60.8	2.6
Kalgoorlie	11.6	**2.9	48.2	37.3	1.5
Geraldton	9.7	5.9	30.7	53.8	3.0
Hobart	23.2	3.4	41.8	31.6	5.6
Alice Springs	17.3	6.5	25.4	50.8	2.5
Jabiru	4.0	4.4	28.2	63.3	5.0
Katherine	7.5	3.1	24.2	65.3	4.1
Aputula	4.2	**0.2	8.4	87.2	4.7
Nhulunbuy	**5.1	14.7	31.9	48.2	3.8
Tennant Creek	9.1	3.9	22.1	64.9	2.1
Darwin	19.0	7.0	32.3	41.7	4.5
Australia	17.1	7.4	28.6	46.9	171.4

(a) Includes persons who attained Yr 10 or Yr 12 Certificate at TAFE. (b) Includes persons with no formal education.

APPENDIX A: LABOUR FORCE STATUS

Area	Persons aged 15 years and over						
	In the labour force			Total	Employed persons		
	Employed	Unemployed	Not in the labour force		Worked 35 hours or more	Able to meet cultural obligations	Total
(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	(%)	('000)	
Queanbeyan	40.6	30.2	29.2	4.3	72.3	38.7	1.7
Bourke	33.8	24.5	41.7	4.4	36.5	46.0	1.5
Coffs Harbour	28.9	30.3	40.8	10.9	53.4	38.1	3.2
Sydney	43.5	20.9	35.5	15.0	78.4	30.6	6.5
Tamworth	25.8	29.6	44.6	6.2	67.7	46.5	1.6
Wagga Wagga	25.1	31.3	43.6	9.3	71.2	27.3	2.3
Wangaratta	39.1	21.8	39.1	5.6	74.6	42.2	2.2
Ballarat	41.8	26.6	31.6	6.1	70.1	38.4	2.6
Brisbane	40.8	19.3	39.8	11.3	68.7	26.5	4.6
Cairns	38.1	19.0	42.9	7.2	39.2	29.9	2.7
Mt Isa	35.2	24.6	40.3	4.4	69.5	83.2	1.5
Cooktown	68.6	3.9	33.4	4.4	27.3	81.8	2.8
Rockhampton	39.5	23.9	36.5	5.1	77.7	53.9	2.0
Roma	23.1	34.8	42.1	4.1	64.6	42.1	1.0
Townsville	39.2	16.2	44.6	7.9	63.1	52.1	3.1
Torres Strait area	35.8	20.0	44.2	4.1	44.0	40.4	1.5
Adelaide	29.5	23.4	47.0	6.5	78.4	**22.6	1.9
Ceduna	47.6	22.6	29.8	1.0	39.1	67.1	0.5
Port Augusta	29.9	29.4	40.7	3.8	51.3	58.9	1.1
Perth	29.1	30.8	40.1	7.8	64.5	27.5	2.3
Broome	44.1	19.1	36.8	2.2	51.3	78.2	1.0
Kununurra	70.2	6.3	23.5	2.8	27.3	58.2	2.0
Warburton	34.6	15.0	50.4	1.8	20.7	75.3	0.6
Narrogin	25.9	19.7	54.3	3.2	62.7	35.4	0.8
South Hedland	38.9	20.2	41.0	3.0	69.5	50.4	1.1
Derby	49.0	8.5	42.6	2.8	13.2	91.1	1.4
Kalgoorlie	18.6	35.1	46.3	1.6	72.9	20.7	0.3
Geraldton	29.8	27.5	42.6	3.2	57.6	18.9	0.9
Hobart	44.8	17.8	41.4	6.1	70.3	17.0	2.7
Alice Springs	44.8	10.9	37.4	2.9	56.4	41.1	1.3
Jabiru	26.7	31.1	44.3	5.4	32.3	77.8	1.4
Katherine	25.7	16.8	42.2	4.3	48.4	81.1	1.1
Aputula	25.0	5.5	69.5	4.8	25.6	94.9	1.2
Nhulunbuy	42.9	15.8	41.3	4.0	63.9	92.7	1.7
Tennant Creek	50.2	22.1	40.6	2.1	34.3	59.7	0.8
Darwin	28.8	23.7	47.5	4.9	64.9	44.8	1.4
Australia	36.0	22.4	41.6	181.5	58.8	46.3	66.0

APPENDIX A: INCOME

Persons aged 15 years and over							
Area	Main source of income (a)				Annual income		Total (^{'000})
	CDEP (%)	Other earned income (%)	Government payments (%)	No income (%)	\$12,000 or less (%)	\$25,000 or more (%)	
Queanbeyan	**0.0	39.5	50.5	8.8	55.3	13.8	4.3
Bourke	18.3	12.7	56.8	8.8	67.0	5.6	4.4
Coffs Harbour	**2.4	24.8	61.7	10.6	58.1	10.9	10.9
Sydney	**2.5	37.6	42.8	13.0	48.8	20.4	15.0
Tamworth	**3.2	19.5	61.2	14.6	53.5	9.6	6.2
Wagga Wagga	5.2	19.5	66.8	6.9	62.0	13.0	9.3
Wangaratta	**3.6	32.5	50.1	13.8	58.9	18.8	5.6
Ballarat	**2.8	32.7	52.4	11.9	46.9	14.6	6.1
Brisbane	**0.0	35.7	45.9	16.6	52.7	15.0	11.3
Cairns	12.5	20.7	56.0	9.8	55.9	7.3	7.2
Mt Isa	13.8	21.3	56.3	8.3	60.7	11.0	4.4
Cooktown	50.8	5.4	29.8	9.1	54.5	7.0	4.4
Rockhampton	**4.9	33.1	54.7	**5.4	47.4	14.6	5.1
Roma	**2.2	19.0	62.2	9.6	61.9	**9.2	4.1
Townsville	11.4	23.7	47.1	15.1	58.9	13.0	7.9
Torres Strait area	15.3	19.7	51.7	12.1	58.2	7.1	4.1
Adelaide	**3.5	23.6	62.9	8.1	61.1	12.2	6.5
Ceduna	22.5	19.9	50.4	**4.4	59.5	13.2	1.0
Port Augusta	6.7	17.6	63.2	6.7	64.8	9.6	3.8
Perth	**0.0	25.3	66.7	7.2	59.1	10.9	7.8
Broome	22.9	18.2	47.9	10.3	59.6	13.7	2.2
Kununurra	57.6	7.4	26.3	7.5	71.9	3.8	2.8
Warburton	18.4	10.0	55.0	13.7	73.9	**2.6	1.8
Narrogin	**3.0	19.0	67.1	9.8	62.0	6.7	3.2
South Hedland	**0.3	35.2	47.6	12.9	56.5	19.2	3.0
Derby	35.8	10.9	46.0	7.3	79.1	**4.1	2.8
Kalgoorlie	**1.1	16.2	71.4	11.0	59.3	9.9	1.6
Geraldton	3.0	23.7	65.0	8.3	59.5	9.3	3.2
Hobart	**0.2	41.4	47.5	10.3	53.6	14.2	6.1
Alice Springs	15.4	27.7	49.9	5.4	58.8	18.0	2.9
Jabiru	10.0	13.8	65.5	10.3	80.5	3.0	5.4
Katherine	8.8	10.7	68.3	10.3	69.9	4.9	4.3
Aputula	10.3	10.4	68.1	10.6	76.0	3.0	4.8
Nhulunbuy	19.4	19.6	42.1	18.5	67.3	7.3	4.0
Tennant Creek	23.4	10.8	59.0	3.4	66.5	5.9	2.1
Darwin	**1.4	26.5	61.6	9.6	61.1	9.9	4.9
Australia	8.5	24.1	54.9	10.7	59.4	11.3	181.5

(a) Excludes persons who did not state their main source of income.

APPENDIX A: LAW AND JUSTICE

Area	Persons aged 13 years and over			18 years and over			
	Arrested in last 5 years (%)	Relations with police perceived better than 5 years ago (%)	Family violence perceived as a problem in local area (%)	Total (['] 000)	Voted in last federal election (%)	Voted in last ATSI election (%)	Total (['] 000)
Queanbeyan	20.4	21.4	36.2	4.6	74.4	38.8	3.5
Bourke	19.6	13.4	67.0	4.9	69.5	46.7	3.8
Coffs Harbour	23.1	18.5	42.7	11.8	53.0	24.2	9.3
Sydney	18.2	22.9	25.8	15.6	78.3	19.6	13.4
Tamworth	22.4	14.4	54.6	6.7	39.5	21.3	5.6
Wagga Wagga	23.9	23.1	42.9	9.8	69.6	25.0	8.4
Wangaratta	19.4	27.2	42.6	6.0	70.2	28.8	4.9
Ballarat	24.0	15.3	34.2	6.6	67.0	31.3	5.6
Brisbane	13.8	9.8	21.0	12.3	65.0	18.8	9.6
Cairns	13.4	13.3	53.6	7.7	68.7	44.9	6.4
Mt Isa	7.2	36.3	79.3	4.6	85.1	81.5	4.1
Cooktown	27.3	23.6	77.4	4.5	39.6	66.2	4.2
Rockhampton	14.6	17.9	27.2	5.4	85.7	31.2	4.9
Roma	25.4	27.6	42.9	4.6	75.0	36.9	3.4
Townsville	12.4	18.2	57.9	8.5	72.6	50.8	6.5
Torres Strait area	**1.8	21.7	47.1	4.3	81.8	47.3	3.9
Adelaide	27.6	20.6	39.8	6.9	57.1	19.9	5.7
Ceduna	32.4	27.3	58.4	1.1	52.1	53.0	0.9
Port Augusta	27.0	29.6	62.7	4.0	61.6	41.9	3.5
Perth	27.0	20.5	40.5	8.5	51.0	36.0	7.1
Broome	25.0	12.8	81.8	2.3	58.2	55.3	2.0
Kununurra	34.5	29.4	70.5	2.9	70.4	60.1	2.5
Warburton	22.9	29.3	34.6	1.8	52.8	58.6	1.6
Narrogin	25.3	32.1	31.9	3.6	79.1	56.7	2.7
South Hedland	17.9	12.8	71.6	3.1	64.5	38.4	2.5
Derby	16.4	14.4	71.1	3.0	74.6	69.7	2.4
Kalgoorlie	21.7	19.7	65.1	1.7	60.1	62.4	1.5
Geraldton	18.6	18.9	61.2	3.2	56.0	39.1	2.8
Hobart	12.4	15.4	12.4	6.6	87.2	19.8	5.4
Alice Springs	16.9	17.6	48.8	3.6	68.2	62.3	2.4
Jabiru	19.1	29.7	35.0	5.5	73.0	72.8	4.8
Katherine	22.2	48.4	68.4	4.6	71.7	44.1	3.9
Aputula	25.5	26.6	33.2	5.0	54.4	66.5	4.4
Nhulunbuy	18.1	18.4	46.9	4.5	76.8	70.3	3.6
Tennant Creek	3.6	63.1	65.2	2.2	86.2	81.8	2.0
Darwin	19.0	27.2	50.4	5.5	52.8	33.6	4.4
Australia	20.4	21.5	45.1	197.5	66.2	39.4	163.8

APPENDIX B: INDIGENOUS POPULATION PROJECTIONS
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Populations, June 30 1994

Age (Years)	Ceduna ATSIC Region			South Australia			Australia		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
0-4	122	115	237	1,348	1,285	2,633	22,844	21,680	44,524
5-9	130	124	254	1,235	1,179	2,413	20,229	19,317	39,546
10-14	99	116	215	1,064	1,018	2,082	17,755	16,796	34,552
15-19	86	84	170	913	882	1,795	15,826	15,078	30,904
20-24	59	63	122	927	899	1,826	16,103	15,448	31,551
25-29	85	96	181	877	864	1,741	14,038	13,793	27,831
30-34	86	85	171	763	770	1,533	11,777	11,805	23,582
35-39	52	61	113	593	608	1,201	9,268	9,472	18,740
40-44	45	35	80	411	457	868	7,171	7,683	14,854
45-49	24	30	54	306	351	657	5,135	5,604	10,739
50-54	27	22	49	268	276	544	3,900	4,113	8,013
55-59	17	21	38	164	193	357	2,797	3,132	5,929
60-64	17	13	30	143	145	289	2,185	2,545	4,730
65-69	4	4	8	80	92	172	1,461	1,796	3,257
70-74	5	5	10	75	79	154	919	1,161	2,080
75 and over	2	1	3	55	106	161	998	1,431	2,429
Total	860	875	1,735	9,223	9,202	18,425	152,406	150,855	303,261

Note: Population projections for ATSIC Regions have been prepared by ABS using assumptions agreed to by ATSIC. As these regional projections were prepared at a later date using more up-to-date assumptions than the State population projections presented in this attachment, minor discrepancies can exist between these State totals and the sums of component Regions.

CAUTION: For ATSIC Regions discrepancies may occur between survey estimates and population projections.

APPENDIX C: STANDARD ERRORS

Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. The estimates in the survey are subject to sampling variability. One measure of the likely difference between survey estimates and true values is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that the sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all the dwellings had been included.

Another measure of the likely difference is the relative standard error which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling.

The size of the standard error of an estimate of a number of persons increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger is the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.

As the standard errors in the following table show, very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable purposes. Estimates and percentages with larger relative standard errors have been included and are preceded by two asterisks if it is greater than 25 per cent (e.g., **2.5), indicating they are subject to high standard errors and should be used with caution.

Standard Errors for Persons, Families and Households ATSI Regions and Torres Strait Area

Size of Estimate	Queanbeyan	Bourke	Coffs Harbour	Sydney	Tamworth	Wagga Wagga	Ballarat	Waggonaratta	Brisbane	Cairns	Cooktown	Mount Isa
50	32	27	30	42	39	32	30	27	39	30	19	23
100	42	34	42	72	48	54	44	41	66	45	26	33
200	52	42	60	109	60	78	61	62	104	62	35	43
300	58	48	73	131	67	93	72	78	130	72	42	47
500	64	56	95	157	78	109	85	101	167	84	53	50
700	68	62	112	171	87	116	92	119	192	92	61	50
1,000	71	70	135	181	96	121	99	141	219	98	72	58
1,500	73	79	165	186	109	122	105	169	247	103	86	69
2,000	74	86	191	213	118	135	107	190	264	105	98	78
2,500	74	93	213	236	126	146	108	208	276	106	109	85
3,000	77	98	234	256	134	156	109	223	285	106	118	92
4,000	82	107	270	293	145	173	120	248	295	116	134	104
5,000	86	115	302	325	155	187	129	268	301	124	..	114
7,000	..	..	357	380	172	210	145	301	304	138	..	..
10,000	..	..	428	448	..	238	..	..	349	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	541	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

**Appendix C: Standard Errors for Persons, Families and Households
ATSIC Regions and Torres Strait Area — continued**

Size of Estimate	Rock-hampton	Roma	Townsville	Torres Strait area	Adelaide	Ceduna	Port Augusta	Perth	Broome	Kununurra	Warburton	Narragin
50	30	36	37	17	36	15	22	34	15	16	17	25
100	44	58	51	25	60	22	30	49	21	22	25	33
200	65	80	71	37	88	32	42	73	30	29	38	43
300	82	91	85	47	102	40	50	91	37	35	49	50
500	110	99	108	63	115	53	64	120	47	43	67	61
700	133	101	126	76	119	65	75	145	56	50	82	70
1,000	162	117	149	93	144	79	88	177	67	58	102	80
1,500	204	138	180	118	180	..	107	221	82	70	130	94
2,000	240	156	206	139	210	..	122	260	95	79	155	105
2,500	272	171	228	157	237	..	135	294	106	87	..	114
3,000	301	184	248	175	261	..	147	325	..	94	..	123
4,000	354	208	284	206	305	..	168	381	..	..	..	137
5,000	402	228	315	..	345	..	..	431	..	..	..	..
7,000	..	..	368	..	413	..	..	519	..	..	..	..
10,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Size of Estimate	South Hedland	Derby	Kalgoorlie	Geraldton	Hobart	Alice Springs	Jabiru	Katherine	Aputula	Nhulunbuy	Tennant Creek	Darwin
50	15	23	13	19	20	22	18	16	28	22	13	28
100	18	29	19	23	29	31	28	22	36	39	19	39
200	23	33	30	28	42	43	44	32	43	61	27	53
300	26	34	38	31	53	52	58	42	47	75	33	63
500	30	40	52	36	70	66	80	61	50	90	43	80
700	33	44	64	39	84	77	100	80	52	99	51	93
1,000	37	49	80	44	101	91	127	109	52	105	62	109
1,500	42	56	102	49	126	111	165	160	57	109	76	131
2,000	46	62	..	53	148	127	199	213	62	126	88	149
2,500	49	66	..	56	167	141	230	269	65	141	99	165
3,000	52	70	..	59	184	154	260	327	68	155	..	179
4,000	..	..	..	..	215	..	313	452	73	179	..	204
5,000	..	..	..	..	243	..	363	586	77	200	..	225
7,000	..	..	..	..	292	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

GLOSSARY

Aboriginal	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Aboriginal origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Aboriginal community controlled school	Where Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people make decisions on the curricula, teachers employed, school budget and school policy.
Aboriginal English	Includes Broken English, Pidgin English and Kriol/Creoles.
Aboriginal Independent School	A school run solely by Aboriginal people, who make decisions on school policy, staffing, curricula, and school budget.
Aboriginal Legal Service	Established to assist Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people with legal matters.
Aboriginality	Where a person identifies as being of Aboriginal or non-Aboriginal origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Actions taken	Refers to specific actions persons took with regard to their health in the two weeks prior to interview.
ATSIC Regions & Torres Strait Area	Refers to 36 defined geographic areas, each represented by an ATSIC Regional Council or the Torres Strait Regional Authority.
Attack	Where a person has suffered physical force from another person(s), for example, pushed, hit, kicked or speared.
CDEP	See Community Development Employment Projects.
Clan, tribal or language group	Refers to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander groups within Australia.

Combined primary & secondary school	A school which teaches students at both primary and secondary levels.
Community landlord	Refers to dwellings owned by community organisations, predominantly Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations. It includes housing associations, land councils and community councils.
Community Development Employment Projects	The Community Development Employment Projects (CDEP), operate through grants from ATSIC to Indigenous community organisations to enable individuals to undertake community managed activities in return for wages.
Couple only family	Two persons who are in a registered or de facto marriage without children present in the household.
Crime	Includes crimes relating to drugs, thefts, vandalism as well as violence.
Cultural activities	Includes funerals, ceremonies, Indigenous festivals and carnivals and involvement with Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations.
Cultural obligations	Refers to attending Indigenous cultural activities such as funerals, ceremonies and festivals and extended family responsibilities.
Earned income	Income derived from wages and salaries, or from own business, trade or profession.
Education worker	A person who assists a teacher during class lessons and may give some lessons such as story telling.
Employed	Persons aged 15 years and over who in the week prior to the interview worked for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (comprising employees, employers and self-employed persons).

Family	Two or more persons who live in the same household and are related to each other by blood, marriage (including de facto marriage), fostering or adoption. For the purpose of this survey, one or more members of the family had identified as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin.
Family violence	Includes verbal threats, intimidation, fear of physical attacks and actual physical attacks, occurring between family members within a household.
Formal childcare	Refers to regulated care such as pre-school/kindergarten before and after school care program, long day care centres, family day care and other formal care.
Government payments	Includes Newstart allowance, Jobsearch, age pension, sickness allowance, disability support pension, sole parent pension, family payments, rent assistance, ABSTUDY and other Government payments.
Homelands	An area of land to which Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander people have ancestral and/or cultural links.
Household	Consists of a person living alone, or two or more related or unrelated persons who live and eat together in private residential accommodation. For the purpose of this survey, one or more members of the household had identified as being of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander origin.
Household income	Refers to the total gross income from wages and salaries and Government payments of all persons 15 years and over who usually live in the household. The total household income was not calculated if usual residents of the household were missing at the time of the interview.
Indigenous	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.

Indigenous language	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander languages. Excludes Aboriginal English and Kriol/Creoles.
Labour force	Persons aged 15 years and over who were either employed or unemployed.
Labour force status	A classification of persons 15 years and over into employed, unemployed or not in the labour force.
Language spoken	A person was considered to be able to speak a language (such as an Aboriginal language) if they could hold a conversation in that language.
Last year	12 month period prior to interview.
Long-term condition	Condition (illness, injury, or disability) which had lasted for six months or more.
Main language	Refers to the language the person is most comfortable with or speaks most fluently.
Making decisions at the school	Includes involvement in the Aboriginal Student Support and Parent Awareness Program (ASSPA) and Parents and Citizens (P&C) school meetings where decisions about fund raising and maintenance of the school are made.
Non-family household	A lone person household or a household consisting of two or more unrelated people.
Not in the labour force	Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed or unemployed as defined.
One parent family	Family that consists of one parent and that parent's child(ren) plus all other people in the household related to them, provided those people do not have a spouse or child of their own.

Other government landlord	Refers to dwellings owned by Commonwealth, State/Territory and local governments other than housing authorities and employer provided housing.
Other legal services	Includes private solicitors and barristers.
Perceived health problems	A respondents' opinions of the main health problems confronting people in their local area.
Personal income	Refers to the gross income a person received at the time of interview in the form of wages and salaries and Government payments.
Post-school study	Attendance at a course at the time of a survey to gain a qualification.
Private landlord	All privately owned dwellings rented directly or through a real estate agent.
Private dwelling	The premises occupied by a household and includes houses, flats, home units, garages, tents and improvised houses. It excludes hostels, hospitals, prisons and so on.
Private sector	Non-government organisations. The private sector has been split into 'Community organisations' and 'Other private'. Community organisations are those private organisations that have been declared to be eligible for ATSIIC funding.
Public sector	Includes all government authorities, departments, agencies and authorities created by the Commonwealth or State/Territory Parliaments. Also covered are organisations such as the Northern or Central Land Councils which were created by Commonwealth legislation and the NSW Land Council which was created by NSW legislation.
Recent illness	Conditions (illness, injury or disability) experienced in the two weeks prior to interview. It may include long-term conditions experienced in the period.

Relative weight	Weight and height measurements taken during interview have been used to derive a person's body mass. The body mass index equals a person's weight in kilograms divided by the square of the person's height in metres. The categories used are consistent with recommendations of the National Health and Medical Research Council.
School participation rate	The number of enrolled school students of a particular age, expressed as a proportion of the population of the same age.
Self-assessed health status	Refers to the overall level of health as reported by respondents 13 years and over. For persons 12 years and under information was provided by the child's parent or a responsible adult member of the household.
Specific long term condition	Where a person had one of the following conditions which had lasted for six months or more; asthma, diabetes, heart problems, chest problems, skin problems, high blood pressure, ear or hearing problems, eye or sight problems not corrected by glasses, and/or kidney problems.
State housing (landlord)	Refers to dwellings owned by State/Territory housing authorities.
Taken away from natural family	People who have been removed from their natural family as a child as part of a government policy. 'Family' may include parents and siblings and extended family members such as aunts, uncles and grandparents. Excludes people who were removed from their family for less than 6 months.
Taught Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander languages	Students who are taught to speak, read or write an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander language.
Taught about Indigenous cultures	Includes subjects which give an understanding of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander cultures, eg. history and language.
Taught by a community member	Where community members teach at least once in a month or on 10 or more occasions over the school year.

Torres Strait Islander	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Torres Strait Islander origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Training course	Includes courses which are planned to develop skills or assist in learning about a subject. Excludes courses leading to an educational qualification and on-the-job training.
Type of landlord	Refers to the legal entity to which rent is paid.
Unemployed persons	Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed during the week prior to interview, and who had actively looked for work at any time during the last four weeks prior to interview, and who were available to start work in the last week.
Usual residents	Persons who live in a particular private dwelling and regard it as their own or main home.
Verbal threats	Any verbal abuse to a person where no weapon was seen and no physical violence occurred. It includes verbal threats to harm the respondent or his/her property.
Violence	Refers to violence in the community, that is streets, hotels, schools, etc. It includes fights, bashing, rape, murder or any act which involves violence.
Voluntary work	Includes any unpaid community work such as caring for sick or aged people, working for community or sporting organisations, working at a school or with youth groups, working on committees and hunting, fishing or gathering bush food.
Year 10 Certificate	Completion of a Year 10 Certificate, Aboriginal Access Course or equivalent.
Year 12 Certificate	Completion of a Year 12 Certificate, General Certificate of Education or equivalent.

**1991 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING
ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER
COMMUNITY PROFILE**

TORRES STRAIT AREA

Explanatory Notes

The **Aboriginal Community Profile** is available as a standard product for communities of 80 or more Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons, Statistical Local Areas of 80 or more Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons and ATSI regions. Also available are Section of State, Statistical Divisions and Territories. It is based on place of enumeration.

Each table title in the Aboriginal Community Profile consists of two parts. The first part lists the variables included in the table. The second part describes the table population.

Figures in proportion columns have been rounded, so discrepancies may occur between the totals and the sums of the component items.

A glossary of the terms and concepts used in the Community Profiles appears below. For more information see the 1991 Census Dictionary (Cat. No. 2901.0) and the 1991 Census Directory of Classifications (Cat. No. 2904.0).

Glossary

Caravans etc. in caravan parks includes occupied tents, cabins, camper vans etc in caravan parks, and occupied boats in marinas.

A **census household** is either a person living alone or people who usually reside and eat together. A household resides in a private dwelling. The household type is based on information about relationships between residents present and persons temporarily absent. The relationships of visitors to one another or to any resident are not considered.

∞ **An Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander household**, for the purpose of this publication, is one in which the reference person (person number one on the Census form) or spouse of the reference person identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. This definition excludes *Lone Person households* where the person was of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. There were just over 7,000 Lone Person Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Households in Australia in 1991.

Employed full-time means that the person worked 35 hours or more in the main job held in the week before the Census.

Employed part-time means that the person worked 0-34 hours in the main job held in the week before the Census.

A **family** is a group of related individuals in a household where at least one person is aged 15 years or more. A census household can contain up to three families. Census families do not include visitors to dwellings. If a family was at a holiday home or a non-private dwelling on census night, it was not counted as a census family.

A **primary Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander family** is one in which the reference person or spouse of the reference person in the primary family identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. In a multiple family household the family with dependent children is designated as the primary family. If there was more than one family, or no children were present, then the primary family is arbitrarily chosen.

Family income is the sum of the personal incomes of each resident family member aged 15 years or more. If any of these family members has an income 'not stated', or a spouse or offspring is temporarily absent, family income is classified as 'partial income stated' in Community Profile tables. Parental income is similar to family income except that only the income of the parent(s) is included. Parental income compares most closely with the family income variable of the 1986 Census.

Household income is the sum of the personal incomes of each resident household member aged 15 years or more. If any of these residents has an income 'not stated', or a spouse, offspring or co-tenant is temporarily absent, household income is classified as 'partial income stated' in Community Profile tables.

n.e.i. means 'not elsewhere included'.

n.f.d. means 'not further defined'.

An **occupied private dwelling** is defined as the premises occupied by a household on census night. A private dwelling is normally a house, flat, part of a house, or even a room; but can also be a house attached to, or rooms above shops or offices; an occupied caravan in a caravan park or on a residential allotment or boat in a marina; a houseboat; or a tent if it is standing on its own block of land.

An **Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander dwelling**, for the purpose of this publication, is one in which the reference person or spouse of the reference person identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. This definition excludes *Lone Person households* where the person was of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. There were just over 7,000 Lone Person Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander households in Australia in 1991.

Dependent offspring are 0-14 years of age, or are full-time students aged 15-24 years. (In the 1986 Census, 21-24 year olds were excluded from this category). Unrelated children can be classified as dependent offspring.

Other offspring are 15-24 years of age and not full-time students, or 25 years of age or more. In the 1986 Census, these 21-24 year old full-time students were classified as 'related adults'. As a result, sole parents with adult children were classified as families of related adults: in the 1991 Census, these cases are classified as one parent families.

The census count based on **place of enumeration** is a count of every person who spent census night in Australia. People are counted where they are on census night, which may not be where they usually live. In determining family and household type visitors to dwellings are excluded and usual residents who are temporarily absent are included. (See *temporarily absent*).

The **table population** is a description of what the table is counting. For example, tables containing marital status usually have a table population of persons aged 15 years or more. It appears under the table title.

Temporarily absent spouses, offspring and co-tenants are considered when determining household and family types. Other persons temporarily absent are not considered.

Data Quality

The Census is subject to a number of inaccuracies resulting from errors by respondents or mistakes in collection or processing of the data. Some of these are overcome or 'repaired' by careful processing procedures and quality control measures applied to the processing itself. The effect of those that remain is generally slight, although it may be more important for small groups in the population. The main kinds of error to keep in mind are:

Partial non-response: In some cases where an answer was not provided to a question an answer was imputed (often from other information on the form). In other cases a 'not stated' code was allocated.

Processing error: While such errors can occur in any processing system, careful quality control measures are used to keep errors to an acceptable level.

Random adjustment: Cells containing small values are randomly adjusted to avoid releasing information about particular individuals, families, or households. The effect of random adjustment is statistically insignificant.

Respondent error: Because processing procedures cannot detect or repair all errors made by persons in completing the form, some remain in final data.

Undercount: Although the census aims to count each person once, there are some people who are missed and others are counted more than once. The data are not adjusted for the net undercount which is estimated to be 1.9% for Australia in the 1991 Census.

Further information on data quality will be provided progressively in Census Update and in 1991 Census data quality working papers.

Section of State Data: Data for the Migratory section of each state/territory has been combined with the Other Rural section to avoid the release of confidential data. The number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in migratory sections was small.

AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS 1991 Census of Population and Housing
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Community Profile Catalogue No. 2722.0

A01 SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons
Aboriginal persons	101	119	220
Torres Strait Islanders	2679	2718	5397
Total	2780	2837	5617
Aged 15 years or more	1549	1678	3227
Speaks English only and aged 5 years or more	939	1005	1944
Speaks language other than English(a) and aged 5 years or more	1329	1341	2670
Aged 18 years or more	1411	1540	2951
Unemployed(b)	129	76	205
Employed(b)	899	566	1465
In the labour force(b)	1028	642	1670
Not in the labour force(b)	466	943	1409
Enumerated in private dwellings:			
In caravans etc in caravan parks(c)	0	0	0
In other private dwellings	2719	2770	5489
Total	2719	2770	5489
Enumerated in non-private dwellings	61	67	128
Enumerated in a migratory or offshore collection district	0	0	0

A02 AGE BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
0	98	99	197	3.5
1	104	87	191	3.4
2	86	85	171	3.0
3	82	68	150	2.7
4	75	78	153	2.7
5	90	64	154	2.7
6	93	81	174	3.1
7	111	79	190	3.4
8	87	80	167	3.0
9	62	82	144	2.6
10	71	61	132	2.4
11	77	94	171	3.0
12	65	69	134	2.4
13	57	79	136	2.4
14	73	53	126	2.2
15	41	41	82	1.5
16	55	38	93	1.7
17	42	59	101	1.8
18	56	52	108	1.9
19	49	48	97	1.7
20-24	233	212	445	7.9
25-29	196	203	399	7.1
30-34	169	200	369	6.6
35-39	148	178	326	5.8
40-44	140	134	274	4.9
45-49	90	94	184	3.3
50-54	68	106	174	3.1
55-59	67	84	151	2.7
60-64	60	97	157	2.8
65 years or more	135	132	267	4.8
Total	2780	2837	5617	100.0

(a) Includes 'other language indicated but not stated' and 'inadequately described'.

(b) Applicable to persons aged 15 years or more.

(c) Includes occupied boats in marinas.

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A03 STATE AND STATISTICAL LOCAL AREA OF USUAL RESIDENCE ON CENSUS NIGHT BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Counted at home	2628	2662	5290	94.2
Visitors from -				
Same statistical local area	112	122	234	4.2
Different statistical local area in:				
New South Wales	6	9	15	0.3
Victoria	3	0	3	0.1
Queensland	30	40	70	1.2
South Australia	0	0	0	0.0
Western Australia	0	0	0	0.0
Tasmania	0	0	0	0.0
Northern Territory	0	0	0	0.0
Aust Capital Territory	0	3	3	0.1
Total	39	52	91	1.6
Overseas	0	3	3	0.1
Total	151	177	328	5.8
Total	2779	2839	5618	100.0

A04 STATE AND STATISTICAL LOCAL AREA OF USUAL RESIDENCE 5 YEARS AGO BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 5 years or more counted at home(a) on census night

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Same address 5 years ago	1589	1617	3206	71.7
Different address 5 years ago:				
Same statistical local area	314	364	678	15.2
Different statistical local area in:				
New South Wales	3	3	6	0.1
Victoria	5	3	8	0.2
Queensland	180	185	365	8.2
South Australia	3	0	3	0.1
Western Australia	6	0	6	0.1
Tasmania	0	0	0	0.0
Northern Territory	5	4	9	0.2
Aust Capital Territory	0	3	3	0.1
Total	202	198	400	8.9
Overseas	0	0	0	0.0
Not stated(b)	7	7	14	0.3
Total	523	569	1092	24.4
Not stated(c)	94	81	175	3.9
Total	2206	2267	4473	100.0

(a) Excludes visitors, and usual residents who were absent on census night.

(b) Comprises persons who stated that they lived at a different address five years ago but did not state that address.

(c) Comprises persons who did not state whether they lived at a different address five years ago.

A05 TYPE OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION ATTENDING (FULL-TIME/PART-TIME) BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Pre School	135	117	252	4.5
Infant/Primary	414	392	806	14.3
Secondary	199	199	398	7.1
TAFE college:				
Full-time	7	21	28	0.5
Part-time	5	6	11	0.2
Not stated	0	3	3	0.1
Total	12	30	42	0.7
CAE/University:				
Full-time	0	3	3	0.1
Part-time	0	4	4	0.1
Not stated	0	0	0	0.0
Total	0	7	7	0.1
Other	16	17	33	0.6
Not attending	1621	1668	3289	58.5
Not stated	382	409	791	14.1
Total	2779	2839	5618	100.0

A06 AGE LEFT SCHOOL BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Under 15 years of age	189	200	389	12.1
15 years	229	212	441	13.7
16 years	388	436	824	25.5
17 years	230	273	503	15.6
18 years	124	147	271	8.4
19 years or more	97	109	206	6.4
Still at school	75	79	154	4.8
Did not go to school	27	21	48	1.5
Not stated	190	201	391	12.1
Total	1549	1678	3227	100.0

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A07 QUALIFICATION (HIGHEST) LEVEL BY SEX

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Higher degree	0	0	0	0.0
Post graduate diploma	3	0	3	0.1
Bachelor degree	0	3	3	0.1
Undergraduate diploma	9	42	51	1.6
Associate diploma	13	18	31	1.0
Skilled vocational	57	7	64	2.0
Basic vocational	19	37	56	1.7
Inadequately described	14	4	18	0.6
Not qualified	1219	1323	2542	78.8
Not stated	216	242	458	14.2
Total	1550	1676	3226	100.0

A08 QUALIFICATION (HIGHEST) FIELD BY SEX

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Business & administration	10	46	56	1.7
Health	3	23	26	0.8
Education	19	62	81	2.5
Society and culture	16	9	25	0.8
Natural and physical sciences	3	0	3	0.1
Engineering	32	3	35	1.1
Architecture & building	30	0	30	0.9
Agriculture & related fields	3	0	3	0.1
Miscellaneous fields	25	6	31	1.0
Inadequately described	5	5	10	0.3
Not qualified	1219	1323	2542	78.7
Not stated	187	202	389	12.0
Total	1552	1679	3231	100.0

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A09 AGE BY MARITAL STATUS BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Never married		Married		Separated not divorced		Divorced		Widowed		Total	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
15-24 years	443	405	29	40	0	0	0	0	3	472	448	920
25-34 years	205	194	154	194	3	6	3	5	4	365	403	768
35-44 years	87	90	179	192	14	13	6	10	7	289	312	601
45-54 years	35	37	104	127	9	8	5	5	23	158	200	358
55-64 years	24	34	85	99	4	3	3	0	44	128	180	308
65 years or more	19	17	77	50	4	3	0	3	61	135	134	269
Total	813	777	628	702	34	33	17	23	142	1547	1677	3224

A10 RELIGION BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Christian:	1959	1928	3887	69.2
Anglican	0	0	0	0.0
Baptist	229	258	487	8.7
Catholic	0	0	0	0.0
Churches of Christ(a)	5	11	16	0.3
Jehovah's Witness	3	3	6	0.1
Lutheran	0	0	0	0.0
Orthodox	299	353	652	11.6
Pentecostal	8	6	14	0.2
Presbyterian(b)	0	3	3	0.1
Salvation Army	65	75	140	2.5
Uniting Church	50	71	121	2.2
Other	2618	2708	5326	94.8
Total	8	13	21	0.4
Non-Christian	3	4	7	0.1
Inadequately described	49	32	81	1.4
No religion(c)	104	82	186	3.3
Total	2782	2839	5621	100.0

(a) Comprises 'Churches of Christ' and 'Churches of Christ Non-denominational'.
(b) Comprises 'Presbyterian so described' and 'Reformed'.
(c) Includes 'Humanist/Materialist'.

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A11 AGE BY LABOUR FORCE STATUS (PART-TIME/FULL-TIME) BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Part-time	Employed Full-time(a)	Not stated(b)	Total employed	Unemployed looking for:			Total unemployed	Total labour force	Not in labour force	Not stated(c)	Total
					Full-time work	Part-time work	work					
MALES												
15-19 years	40	42	3	85	25	4	29	114	123	6	243	
20-24 years	85	81	11	177	19	5	24	201	27	5	233	
25-34 years	97	154	11	262	23	10	33	295	56	14	365	
35-44 years	63	136	14	213	15	7	22	235	42	11	288	
45-54 years	21	63	6	90	5	3	8	98	51	9	158	
55-64 years	20	40	3	63	4	6	10	73	42	12	127	
65 years or more	6	3	0	9	3	0	3	12	125	0	137	
Total	332	519	48	899	94	35	129	1028	466	57	1551	
FEMALES												
15-19 years	36	22	6	64	12	8	20	84	149	5	238	
20-24 years	27	55	4	86	9	3	12	98	106	9	213	
25-34 years	61	108	17	186	12	7	19	205	169	29	403	
35-44 years	52	67	14	133	6	10	16	149	133	30	312	
45-54 years	24	35	6	65	3	3	6	71	110	21	202	
55-64 years	13	13	3	29	3	0	3	32	147	4	183	
65 years or more	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	129	0	132	
Total	216	300	50	566	45	31	76	642	943	98	1683	
PERSONS												
15-19 years	76	64	9	149	37	12	49	198	272	11	481	
20-24 years	112	136	15	263	28	8	36	299	133	14	446	
25-34 years	158	262	28	448	35	17	52	500	225	43	768	
35-44 years	115	203	28	346	21	17	38	384	175	41	600	
45-54 years	45	98	12	155	8	6	14	169	161	30	360	
55-64 years	33	53	6	92	7	6	13	105	189	16	310	
65 years or more	9	3	0	12	3	0	3	15	254	0	269	
Total	548	819	98	1465	139	66	205	1670	1409	155	3234	

A12 STATUS OF WORKER BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Wage or salary earner	865	539	1404	95.9
Self employed	18	12	30	2.0
Employer	16	9	25	1.7
Unpaid helper	0	5	5	0.3
Total	899	565	1464	100.0

(a) Full-time is defined as having worked 35 hours or more in the main job held last week.

(b) Comprises employed persons who did not state their hours worked.

(c) Comprises persons who did not state their labour force status.

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A13 INDUSTRY BY AGE BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	15-19 years		20-24 years		25-34 years		35-44 years		45-54 years		55-64 years		65 years or more		Total	Prop%
	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES	MALES	FEMALES		
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	4	0	6	0	5	0	6	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	24	1.6
Mining	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Manufacturing	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	6	0.4	0.0
Electricity, gas & water	0	0	0	0	5	0	7	0	3	0	0	0	0	15	1.0	0.0
Construction	4	8	8	4	8	4	4	3	3	0	0	0	0	27	1.8	0.2
Wholesale & retail trade	7	8	8	4	15	5	5	3	5	3	0	0	0	43	2.9	0.2
Transport & storage	3	8	8	4	12	4	4	3	4	3	3	3	3	37	2.5	0.2
Communication	0	0	0	0	3	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	0	9	0.6	0.0
Finance, property & busin serv	0	0	0	0	5	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0.5	0.0
Public admin & defence	28	62	62	92	92	64	64	17	29	17	3	3	3	295	20.0	0.2
Community services	28	55	55	89	89	94	7	31	32	31	0	0	0	329	22.3	0.2
Recrtn, personal & other serv	3	9	9	6	6	7	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	34	2.3	0.0
Not classifiable	3	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0.4	0.0
Not stated	5	20	20	23	23	19	19	3	10	3	0	0	0	80	5.4	0.0
Total	85	176	176	263	263	219	219	95	95	66	66	9	9	913	61.9	0.0
FEMALES																
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Mining	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Manufacturing	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0.2	0.0
Electricity, gas & water	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.2	0.0
Construction	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.2	0.0
Wholesale & retail trade	9	10	10	20	20	11	6	3	6	3	0	0	0	59	4.0	0.2
Transport & storage	3	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0.6	0.0
Communication	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.2	0.0
Finance, property & busin serv	4	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0.5	0.0
Public admin & defence	13	16	16	35	35	16	3	6	3	6	0	0	0	89	6.0	0.2
Community services	18	49	49	95	95	70	13	13	37	13	0	0	0	282	19.1	0.2
Recrtn, personal & other serv	3	4	4	6	6	9	8	4	8	4	0	0	0	31	2.1	0.0
Not classifiable	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.2	0.0
Not stated	14	4	4	24	24	16	16	9	9	0	0	3	3	70	4.7	0.0
Total	67	86	86	183	183	131	131	63	63	29	29	3	3	562	38.1	0.0
PERSONS																
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	4	6	6	5	5	6	6	3	3	0	0	0	0	24	1.6	0.0
Mining	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0
Manufacturing	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	9	0.6	0.0
Electricity, gas & water	0	0	0	5	5	10	7	3	3	0	0	0	0	18	1.2	0.0
Construction	4	8	8	8	8	7	4	3	3	0	0	0	0	30	2.0	0.2
Wholesale & retail trade	16	18	18	35	35	16	7	4	11	6	0	0	0	102	6.9	0.2
Transport & storage	3	6	6	15	15	4	3	3	4	3	3	3	3	46	3.1	0.2
Communication	3	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	12	0.8	0.0
Finance, property & busin serv	4	3	3	5	5	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	15	1.0	0.0
Public admin & defence	41	78	78	127	127	80	23	23	32	23	3	3	3	384	26.0	0.2
Community services	46	104	104	184	184	164	16	16	69	44	0	0	0	611	41.4	0.2
Recrtn, personal & other serv	3	13	13	12	12	16	3	3	11	7	3	3	3	65	4.4	0.0
Not classifiable	6	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0.6	0.0
Not stated	19	24	24	47	47	35	35	19	19	3	3	3	3	150	10.2	0.0
Total	152	262	262	446	446	350	350	158	158	95	95	12	12	1475	100.0	0.0

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A14 OCCUPATION BY AGE BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total	Prop%
MALES									
Managers & administrators	0	3	5	4	9	6	3	30	2.0
Professionals	0	3	11	19	4	5	0	42	2.9
Para-professionals	7	19	24	28	8	3	0	89	6.1
Tradespersons	15	17	39	32	9	10	0	122	8.3
Clerks	0	12	11	5	5	3	0	36	2.5
Sales & personal service workers	0	4	8	7	5	3	0	27	1.8
Plant & machine operators & drivers	0	5	27	15	7	3	3	60	4.1
Labourers & related workers	39	69	86	59	23	18	3	297	20.3
Inadequately described	16	26	29	30	11	12	0	124	8.5
Not stated	5	20	22	14	9	3	0	73	5.0
Total	82	178	262	213	90	66	9	900	61.4
FEMALES									
Managers & administrators	0	3	8	10	5	3	0	29	2.0
Professionals	0	9	28	16	6	3	0	62	4.2
Para-professionals	3	6	12	8	4	0	0	33	2.3
Tradespersons	0	3	6	7	0	4	0	20	1.4
Clerks	19	25	57	24	4	0	0	129	8.8
Sales & personal service workers	11	20	33	21	9	3	0	97	6.6
Plant & machine operators & drivers	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	0.2
Labourers & related workers	13	11	18	34	25	12	0	113	7.7
Inadequately described	5	4	3	3	0	3	0	18	1.2
Not stated	12	6	19	10	8	3	3	61	4.2
Total	63	87	187	133	61	31	3	565	38.6
PERSONS									
Managers & administrators	0	6	13	14	14	9	3	59	4.0
Professionals	0	12	39	35	10	8	0	104	7.1
Para-professionals	10	25	36	36	12	3	0	122	8.3
Tradespersons	15	20	45	39	9	14	0	142	9.7
Clerks	19	37	68	29	9	3	0	165	11.3
Sales & personal service workers	11	24	41	28	14	6	0	124	8.5
Plant & machine operators & drivers	0	5	30	15	7	3	3	63	4.3
Labourers & related workers	52	80	104	93	48	30	3	410	28.0
Inadequately described	21	30	32	33	11	15	0	142	9.7
Not stated	17	26	41	24	17	6	3	134	9.1
Total	145	265	449	346	151	97	12	1465	100.0

A15 INDUSTRY SECTOR BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Commonwealth government	20	19	39	2.7
State/Territory government	125	185	310	21.2
Local government	329	88	417	28.5
Private sector	328	209	537	36.7
Not stated	97	64	161	11.0
Total	899	565	1464	100.0

A16 HOURS WORKED BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
0 hours	47	11	58	4.0
1-15 hours	79	92	171	11.7
16-24 hours	95	42	137	9.4
25-34 hours	111	70	181	12.4
35-39 hours	98	72	170	11.6
40 hours or more	421	228	649	44.3
Not stated	48	50	98	6.7
Total	899	565	1464	100.0

A17 ANNUAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	72	200	272	8.4
\$3,001-\$5,000	81	119	200	6.2
\$5,001-\$8,000	324	274	598	18.5
\$8,001-\$12,000	227	332	559	17.3
\$12,001-\$16,000	264	172	436	13.5
\$16,001-\$20,000	183	124	307	9.5
\$20,001-\$25,000	101	89	190	5.9
\$25,001-\$30,000	41	33	74	2.3
\$30,001-\$40,000	42	39	81	2.5
Over \$40,000	10	10	20	0.6
Not stated	204	286	490	15.2
Total	1549	1678	3227	100.0

A18 ANNUAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME BY AGE
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Persons aged 15 years or more

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total
\$0-\$3,000	78	37	57	49	29	15	7	272
\$3,001-\$5,000	94	19	33	19	12	13	10	200
\$5,001-\$8,000	82	112	117	87	52	66	82	598
\$8,001-\$12,000	44	81	101	76	68	84	105	559
\$12,001-\$16,000	23	56	132	108	56	36	25	436
\$16,001-\$20,000	9	50	101	77	33	29	8	307
\$20,001-\$25,000	5	20	72	50	26	15	3	191
\$25,001-\$30,000	0	12	25	16	12	6	0	71
\$30,001-\$40,000	0	7	27	30	12	4	0	80
Over \$40,000	3	0	8	6	4	0	0	21
Not stated	142	50	95	82	54	40	27	490
Total	480	444	768	600	358	308	267	3225

A19 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME
Classifiable Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander family households(a)

	H'hlds	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	9	0.9
\$3,001-\$5,000	0	0.0
\$5,001-\$8,000	7	0.7
\$8,001-\$12,000	24	2.5
\$12,001-\$16,000	46	4.7
\$16,001-\$20,000	73	7.5
\$20,001-\$25,000	93	9.6
\$25,001-\$30,000	79	8.2
\$30,001-\$40,000	137	14.1
\$40,001-\$50,000	67	6.9
\$50,001-\$60,000	55	5.7
Over \$60,000	56	5.8
Partial income stated(b)	281	29.0
No incomes stated(c)	42	4.3
Total	969	100.0

(a) Excludes those dwellings which were temporarily unoccupied at the time of the census but the collector had ascertained that it was normally occupied, lone person households, group households and households which contained only persons under 15 years of age.

(b) Comprises households where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse, offspring, or co-tenant was temporarily absent.

(c) Comprises households where no members present stated an income.

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A20 ANNUAL FAMILY INCOME

Primary Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander families

Families	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	1.0
\$3,001-\$5,000	0.3
\$5,001-\$8,000	0.7
\$8,001-\$12,000	2.9
\$12,001-\$16,000	5.2
\$16,001-\$20,000	8.5
\$20,001-\$25,000	11.9
\$25,001-\$30,000	9.2
\$30,001-\$40,000	14.0
\$40,001-\$50,000	6.6
\$50,001-\$60,000	4.6
Over \$60,000	4.4
Partial income stated(a)	26.1
No incomes stated(b)	4.4
Total	969 100.0

A21 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING

Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander family households

Occupied dwellings	Prop%
Separate house	83.4 86.2
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc	2.1 2.2
Flat or apartment:	
In a 1, 2 or 3 storey block	4.9 5.1
In a 4 or more storey	0 0.0
Attached to house	0 0.0
Total	4.9 5.1
Caravan etc in caravan park	0 0.0
Caravan not in caravan park, houseboat etc	0 0.0
Improvised home, campers out	3.1 3.2
House or flat attached to shop, office etc	6 0.6
Not stated	2.6 2.7
Total	967 100.0

(a) Comprises families where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse or offspring was temporarily absent.

(b) Comprises families where no members present stated an income.

A22 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons in private dwellings of any type

	Persons	Prop%
Separate house	4814	87.7
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc	99	1.8
Flat or apartment:		
In a 1, 2 or 3 storey block	234	4.3
In a 4 or more storey	0	0.0
Attached to house	3	0.1
Total	237	4.3
Caravan etc in caravan park	0	0.0
Caravan not in caravan park, houseboat etc	5	0.1
Improvised home, campers out	199	3.6
House or flat attached to shop, office etc	19	0.3
Not stated	116	2.1
Total	5489 100.0	

A23 NATURE OF OCCUPANCY BY LANDLORD TYPE BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families

	C'vans etc in c'van parks(a)	Other occupied private dwellings	Total	Prop%
Owned	0	126	126	13.0
Being purchased	0	28	28	2.9
Rented:				
Housing commission/authority	0	51	51	5.3
Other government agency	0	76	76	7.8
Other	0	536	536	55.3
Not stated	0	27	27	2.8
Total	0	690	690	71.1
Other(b)	0	126	126	13.0
Total	0	970	970	100.0

(a) Nature of occupancy and landlord type were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

(b) Comprises 'other/inadequately described' and 'not stated'.

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A24 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING BY NATURE OF OCCUPANCY
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families

	Being purchased			Total
	Owned	Rented	Other(a)	
Separate house	120	26	88	834
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, town house etc	0	0	3	22
Flat or apartment	0	47	3	50
Caravan etc in caravan park(b)	0	0	0	0
Other	3	10	24	40
Not stated	3	14	10	27
Total	126	29	128	973

A25 NUMBER OF BEDROOMS BY NUMBER OF PERSONS (USUALLY RESIDENT)(c)
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families (excludes caravans etc in caravan parks)

	Number of persons usually resident						Total
	1	2	3	4	5	6 or more	
0-1 bedrooms	0	21	12	11	9	16	69
2 bedrooms	0	27	39	34	26	52	178
3 bedrooms	0	42	81	78	95	247	543
4 bedrooms	0	4	10	16	19	69	118
5 or more bedrooms	0	0	3	3	3	10	19
Not stated	0	8	4	7	6	20	45
Total	0	102	149	149	158	414	972

A26 MONTHLY HOUSING LOAN REPAYMENT BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families and which are being purchased

	Other private dwellings			Total	Prop %	
	Prop %	Prop %	Prop %			
\$0-\$200	0	0.0	5	18.5	5	18.5
\$201-\$300	0	0.0	5	18.5	5	18.5
\$301-\$400	0	0.0	4	14.8	4	14.8
\$401-\$475	0	0.0	4	14.8	4	14.8
Over \$475	0	0.0	9	33.3	9	33.3
Not stated	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Total	0	0.0	27	100.0	27	100.0

(a) Comprises 'other/inadequately described' and 'not stated'.
 (b) Nature of occupancy and landlord type were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.
 (c) Spouses, offspring, and co-tenants (in group households) who were temporarily absent on census night are included. A maximum of 3 temporary absentees can be counted in each household.
 (d) Monthly housing loan repayments were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

A27 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY MONTHLY HOUSING LOAN REPAYMENT
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families and which are being purchased (excludes caravans etc in caravan parks and not classifiable households(a))

Annual household income	Monthly housing loan repayment			Total
	\$0-\$200	\$201-\$300	\$301-\$400	
\$0-\$3,000	0	0	0	0
\$3,001-\$5,000	0	0	0	0
\$5,001-\$8,000	0	0	0	0
\$8,001-\$12,000	0	0	0	0
\$12,001-\$16,000	0	0	0	0
\$16,001-\$25,000	3	0	0	3
\$25,001-\$40,000	3	0	3	6
\$40,001-\$60,000	0	0	0	0
Over \$60,000	0	0	0	0
Partial income stated(b)	0	3	0	3
No incomes stated(c)	0	0	0	0
Total	6	3	3	12

A28 WEEKLY RENT BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied rented Aboriginal and Torres Strait private dwellings containing families

	Caravans etc in caravan parks(d)		Other private dwellings		Total	Prop %
	Prop %	Prop %	Prop %	Prop %		
\$0-\$47	0	0.0	306	44.3	306	44.3
\$48-\$77	0	0.0	236	34.2	236	34.2
\$78-\$107	0	0.0	105	15.2	105	15.2
\$108-\$137	0	0.0	13	1.9	13	1.9
\$138-\$167	0	0.0	5	0.7	5	0.7
\$168-\$197	0	0.0	0	0.0	0	0.0
Over \$197	0	0.0	3	0.4	3	0.4
Not stated	0	0.0	22	3.2	22	3.2
Total	0	0.0	690	100.0	690	100.0

(a) Not classifiable households are those dwellings which were temporarily unoccupied at the time of the census, but the collector had ascertained that it was normally occupied, or the household contained only persons aged under 15 years.
 (b) Comprises households where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse, offspring, or co-tenant was temporary absent.
 (c) Comprises households where no members present stated an income.
 (d) Weekly rent was not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

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A29 LANDLORD TYPE BY WEEKLY RENT
Occupied rented Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families (excludes caravans
etc in caravan parks)

	\$0- \$77	\$78- \$107	Weekly rent		Over \$197	Not stated	Total
			\$108- \$137	\$138- \$197			
Housing commission/authority	41	6	0	0	0	0	47
Other govt agency	63	7	3	0	0	3	76
Other	423	89	9	4	3	8	536
Not stated	15	3	0	0	0	9	27
Total	542	105	12	4	3	20	686

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