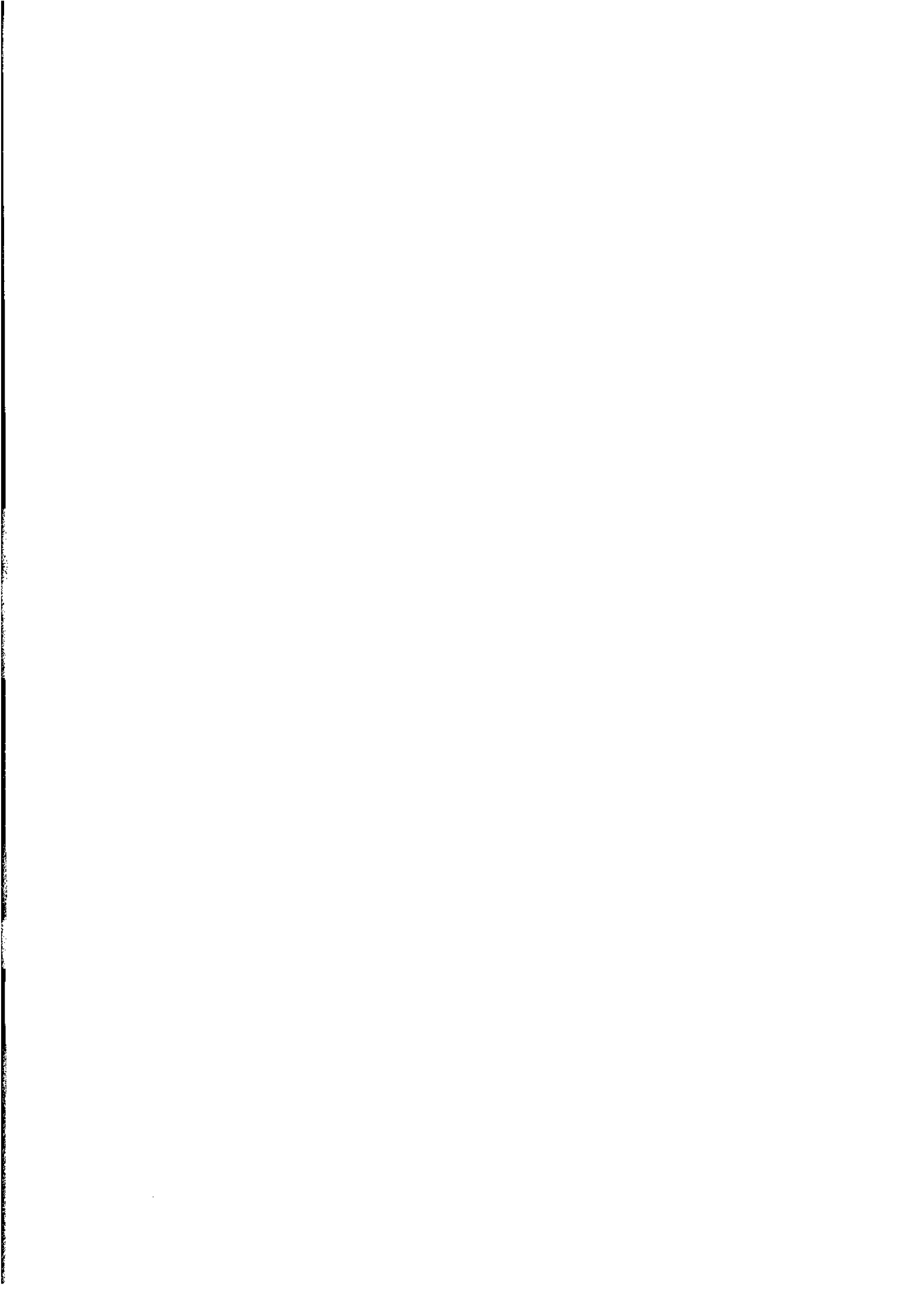




1994
National Aboriginal and
Torres Strait Islander Survey
Tamworth ATSIC Region



NEW ISSUE

NATIONAL ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER SURVEY 1994

(Including selected statistics from the 1991 Census of Population and Housing and
the 1992 ATSI Housing and Community Infrastructure Needs Survey)

REGIONAL STATISTICS

TAMWORTH ATSI REGION

KAMILAROI REGIONAL COUNCIL

Lois O'Donoghue CBE AM
Chairperson
Aboriginal and Torres Strait
Islander Commission

W. McLennan
Australian Statistician
Australian Bureau of Statistics

AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS
CANBERRA, AUSTRALIA

CATALOGUE NO. 4196.0.00.005

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PREFACE

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994: Regional Statistics, is a series of 36 publications which present a summary of the results from the 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey. A *Regional Statistics* publication has been produced for each of the ATSI Regions and the Torres Strait Area. These publications do not present community level statistics; such statistics are available from the Census of Population and Housing.

The 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey provides a wealth of information about the social, economic, and health status of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. An important use of the statistics from the Survey is to assist Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations and individuals in making their planning decisions.

The *Regional Statistics* publications result from a joint venture between the Australian Bureau of Statistics and the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission.

These publications present summary statistical information in graphical form without explanation. Each publication contains a range of statistics relating to family and culture; health; housing; education and training; employment and income; and law and justice.

The publications in this series are presented in a common format to allow information for different regions to be easily compared.

Lois O'Donoghue CBE AM
Chairperson
Aboriginal and Torres Strait
Islander Commission

W. McLennan
Australian Statistician
Australian Bureau of Statistics

February 1996

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The success of the 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey would not have been possible without the contributions of:

- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people who participated in the final survey and the earlier survey trials;
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander interviewers who collected the information throughout Australia;
- members of the Survey Advisory Committee and Technical Reference Groups who provided detailed advice on the survey content and methodology; and
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations, Government departments and other organisations which assisted the ABS and advisory groups to design the survey and lay the groundwork for a successful data collection.

CAUTIONS

- Statistics can have a high level of uncertainty due to small sample sizes. This is indicated by asterisk (**) and must be recognised when interpreting figures and percentages referred to in this publication. The level of uncertainty in statistics can be derived from the standard errors table shown in Appendix C.
- Population projections, based on June 1991 experimental estimates, have been prepared by the ABS for each ATSI region using assumptions agreed to by ATSI. Sampling variation within ATSI regions can result in discrepancies between survey estimates and population projections.
- Statistics based on self-reported information or people's opinions should be interpreted cautiously.

CONTENTS

Chapter	Page
.. Preface	(iii)
.. Acknowledgements and Cautions	(iv)
.. Contents	(v)
.. List of Figures	(vi)
.. List of Maps	(ix)
.. Symbols and General Information	(x)
.. Introduction	1
1 Family and Culture	5
2 Health	15
3 Housing	25
4 Education and Training	35
5 Employment and Income	43
6 Law and Justice	53
.. Appendix A – Comparative Regional Statistics	62
.. Appendix B – Population Projections	71
.. Appendix C – Standard Error Table	72
.. Glossary	74
.. 1991 Census of Population and Housing – ATSIC Regional Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Community Profile	81

INQUIRIES . *for further information about statistics in this publication* , contact the National Centre for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics on (089) 43 2193 (freecall 1800 63 3216), or any ABS Office.

. *for information about other ABS statistics and services*, please refer to page 95 of this publication.

LIST OF FIGURES

CHAPTER 1: FAMILY AND CULTURE

Figure		Page
1.1	Household type	7
1.2	Number of persons in household	7
1.3	Family type	8
1.4	Composition of family	8
1.5	Taken away from natural family	9
1.6	Childcare arrangements	9
1.7	Identification with clan, tribal or language group	10
1.8	Role of elders	10
1.9	Recognition of homelands	11
1.10	Characteristics of persons who recognise homelands	11
1.11	Attendance at cultural activities	12
1.12	Reasons why could not attend all cultural activities	12
1.13	Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander languages	13
1.14	Main language spoken at home	13

CHAPTER 2: HEALTH

Figure		
2.1	Experienced a recent illness	17
2.2	Type of health related actions	17
2.3	Long term illness conditions	18
2.4	Gone away for treatment	18
2.5	Self assessed health status	19
2.6	Main health problems in local area	19
2.7	Period since last drank alcohol	20
2.8	Cigarette smoking	20
2.9	Attitudes to local health services	21
2.10	Importance of Indigenous involvement in health services	21
2.11	Distance to nearest community health centre	22
2.12	Used bush medicine	22
2.13	Worried about going without food	23
2.14	Relative weight	23

CHAPTER 3: HOUSING

Figure		Page
3.1	Type of dwelling	27
3.2	Nature of occupancy	27
3.3	Type of landlord	28
3.4	Weekly rent	28
3.5	Satisfaction with dwelling	29
3.6	Main problems with dwelling	29
3.7	Level of satisfaction by type of landlord	30
3.8	Utilities not working in last 4 weeks	30
3.9	Dwelling has bathroom or shower	31
3.10	Summary of dwelling characteristics	31
3.11	Number of bedrooms	32
3.12	Housing stress	32
3.13	Condition of houses	33

CHAPTER 4: EDUCATION AND TRAINING

Figure		
4.1	Type of school attended	36
4.2	Level of school attending	36
4.3	School participation rate	37
4.4	Characteristics of schooling	37
4.5	Involvement in decision making at children's school	38
4.6	Preference for children to attend community school	38
4.7	Age left school	39
4.8	Highest level of educational attainment	39
4.9	Post-school study	40
4.10	Main difficulty in undertaking further study/training	40
4.11	Completion of training course in last 12 months	41
4.12	Use made of information gained from recent training course	41

CHAPTER 5: EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

Figure		Page
5.1	Labour force status	45
5.2	Type of employment	45
5.3	Sector of employment	46
5.4	Number of hours a week usually worked	46
5.5	Number of employed persons in household	47
5.6	Whether work commitments allowed cultural obligations to be met	47
5.7	Length of time unemployed	48
5.8	Main difficulty in finding a job	48
5.9	Main reason not looking for work	49
5.10	Type of voluntary work undertaken	49
5.11	Main source of income	50
5.12	Type of government payments received	50
5.13	Annual personal income	51
5.14	Annual household income	51

CHAPTER 6: LAW AND JUSTICE

Figure		
6.1	Needed legal services in the last 12 months	54
6.2	Types of legal services used	54
6.3	Physically attacked or verbally threatened	55
6.4	Reasons for not reporting last incident to police	55
6.5	Arrested in the last 5 years	56
6.6	Reasons for last arrest	56
6.7	Family violence was a common problem in the local area	57
6.8	Police did a good job dealing with family violence	57
6.9	Police did a good job dealing with crime	58
6.10	Police did a good job dealing with violence	58
6.11	Indigenous police in local area	59
6.12	Local Indigenous police did a good job	59
6.13	Perception of current relations with police	60
6.14	Voted in last elections	60

LIST OF MAPS

Map		Page
1	Location of Tamworth ATSIC Region	2
2	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Land: Tamworth Region 1992	6
3	Indigenous Health Services and Projects Funded by ATSIC: Tamworth Region	16
4	Major Communities and Population: Tamworth Region	26
5	Community Development Employment Projects: Tamworth Region	44

SYMBOLS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Symbols The following symbols, where shown in columns of figures or elsewhere in tables, mean:

. . not applicable

** subject to high sampling variability

(see Appendix C for explanation of sampling variability).

All figures have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between totals and the sums of the component items.

Explanatory notes See Appendix B of ABS publication 4190.0

Related publications Other ABS publications which may be of interest include:

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Detailed Findings (4190.0).

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Australia's Indigenous Youth (4197.0)

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Better Employment Outcomes (4199.0) to be released in April 1996.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics Catalogue (1138.0).

Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products (1101.0)*. The ABS also issues the *Release Advice (1105.0)* On Tuesdays and Fridays which lists publications to be released in the next few days. Both the Catalogue and Release Advice are available from any ABS office.

Unpublished statistics As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant unpublished data available. For further information about these statistics and related publications contact:

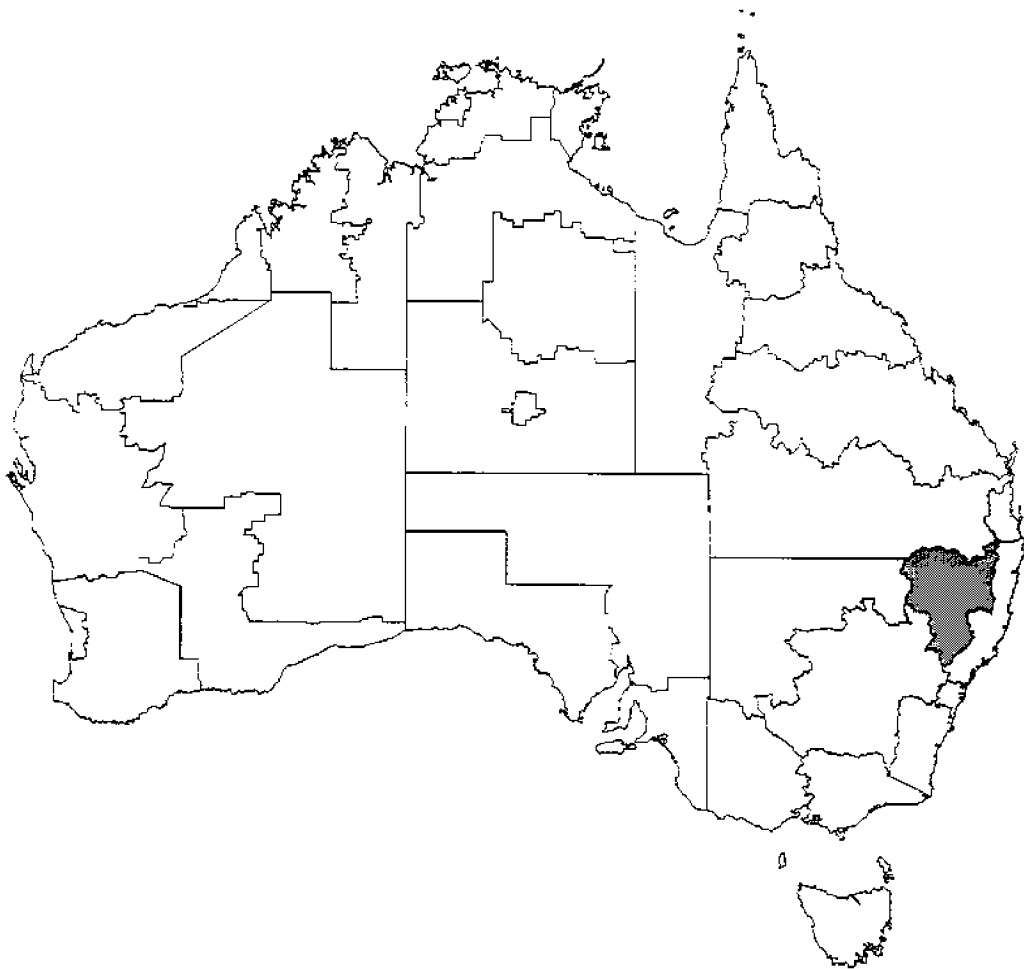
National Centre for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics
Australian Bureau of Statistics
GPO Box 3796 Darwin, NT 0801

Freecall: 1800 633 216

Fax: (089) 410 715

INTRODUCTION

Map 1 Location of Tamworth ATSIC Region



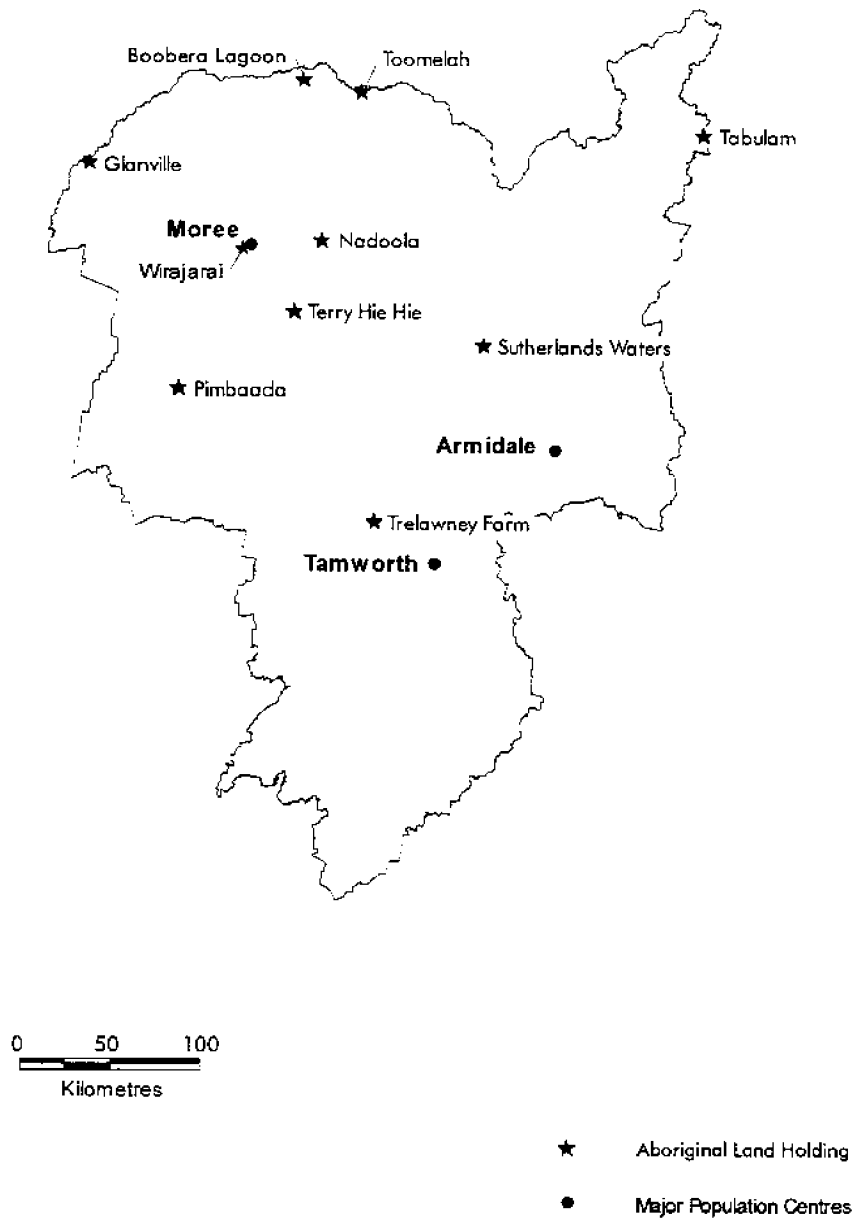
Location	The Tamworth ATSIC Region covers an area of 105,500 square kilometres in northern New South Wales. The Region shares boundaries with the Bourke and Wagga Wagga Regions to the west, Coffs Harbour Region to the east and Roma Region (Qld) to the north.
Kamilaroi Regional Council	The Kamilaroi Regional Council comprises eighteen Regional Councillors elected by the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander voters of the region to look after their interests. Regional Councillors from the Kamilaroi and North Eastern Indigenous Regional Councils elect a Commissioner to represent the New South Wales East Zone on the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission.
Main population centres	The Tamworth Region has the fourth largest Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population of the New South Wales regions. At the time of the 1991 Census the largest centre of indigenous population in the region was Moree with some 1,620 people. Other major centres of Indigenous population were Tamworth (1,230 people), Armidale (840 people) and Gunnedah (410 people).
Population growth	The Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population in the region was projected to be some 9,780 people at 30 June 1994. This was an increase of 6.9 per cent on the June 1991 estimate of 9,150 people.



CHAPTER ONE

FAMILY AND CULTURE

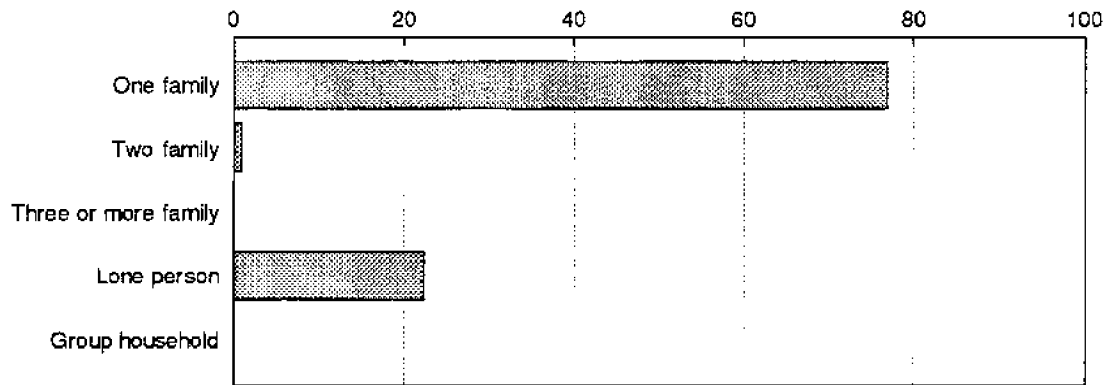
Map 2 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Land Tamworth Region 1992



Source: Land Tenure Map, 1992. AUSLIG
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FIGURE 1.1 HOUSEHOLD TYPE

Households living in private dwellings
%



Household type

Some 3,320 households were living in the Tamworth region. The various household types identified were:

- one family (2,550 households)
- two family (30** households)
- lone person (740 households)

see page (iv) for explanation of **

Number of people in household

The number of people in these households was estimated to be:

- one or two people (1,360 households)
- three to five people (1,470 households)
- six or seven people (370 households)
- eight or more people (130** households)

FIGURE 1.2 NUMBER OF PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD

Households living in private dwellings
%

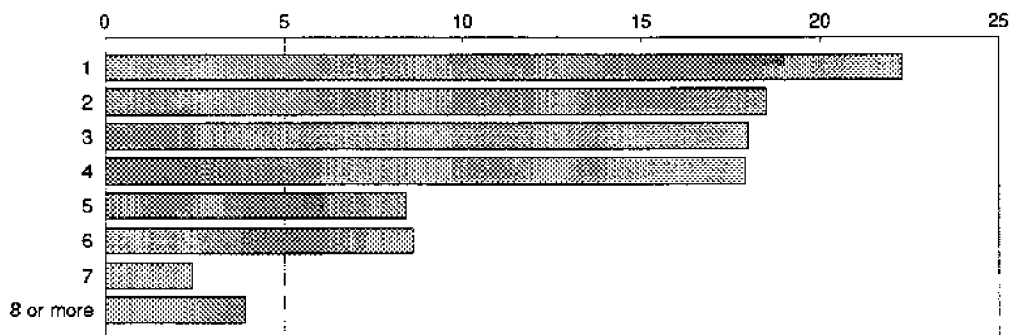
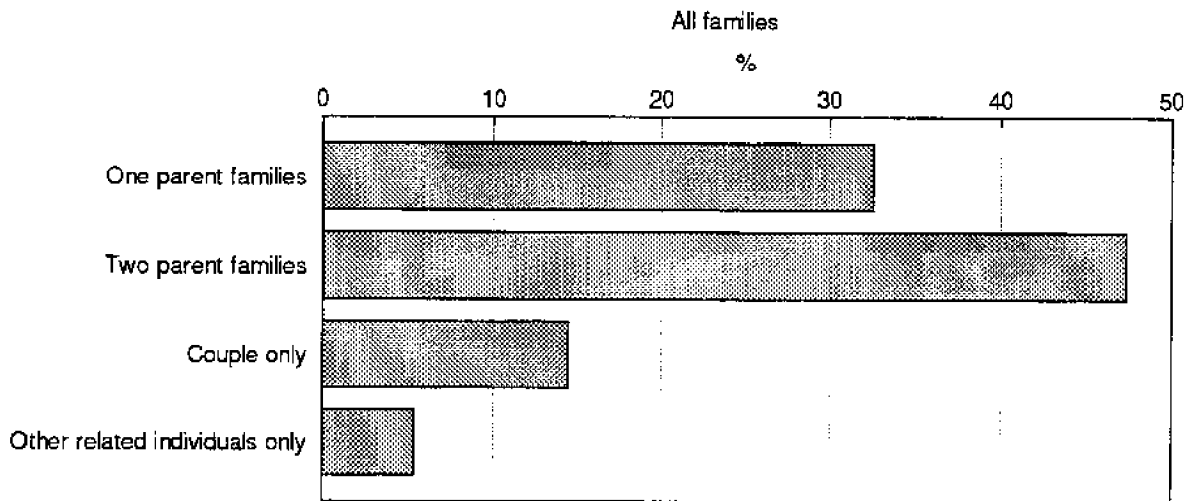


FIGURE 1.3 FAMILY TYPE



Family type

There were some 2,630 families living in the Tamworth region. The various family types identified were:

- one parent families (860 families)
- two parent families (1,250 families)
- couple only (380 families)
- other related individuals only (140**)

Composition of family

The composition of these families was:

- Indigenous members only (2,270 families)
- both Indigenous and non-Indigenous members (360 families)

FIGURE 1.4 COMPOSITION OF FAMILY

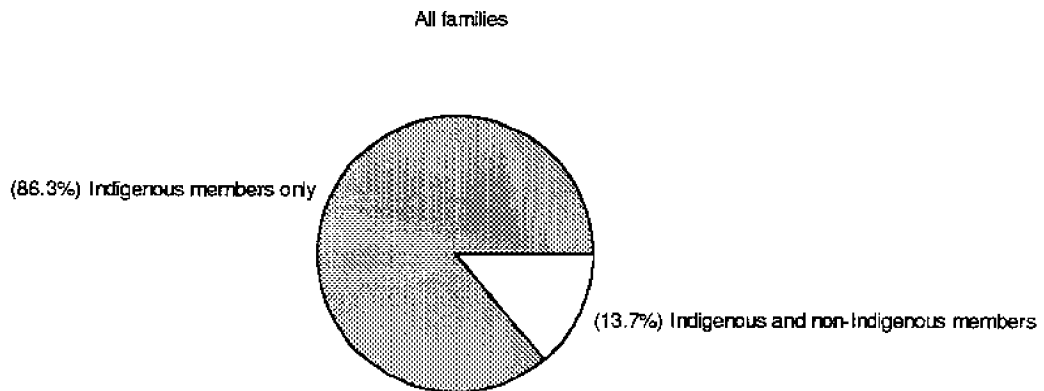
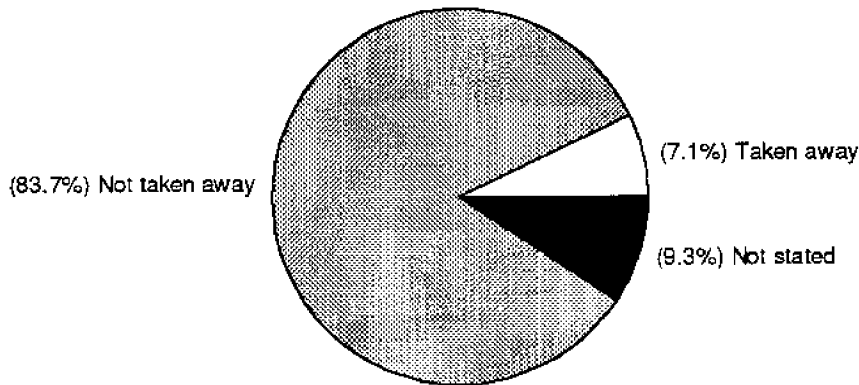


FIGURE 1.5 TAKEN AWAY FROM NATURAL FAMILY

Persons aged 25 years and over



Separation from families Some 320 people aged twenty-five years and over reported that they were taken away from their natural families.

Childcare The childcare arrangements of the 1,880 families with children aged twelve years and under were:

- family and friends only (1,000 families)
- did not use childcare (870 families)

FIGURE 1.6 CHILDCARE ARRANGEMENTS

Families with children aged 12 years and younger

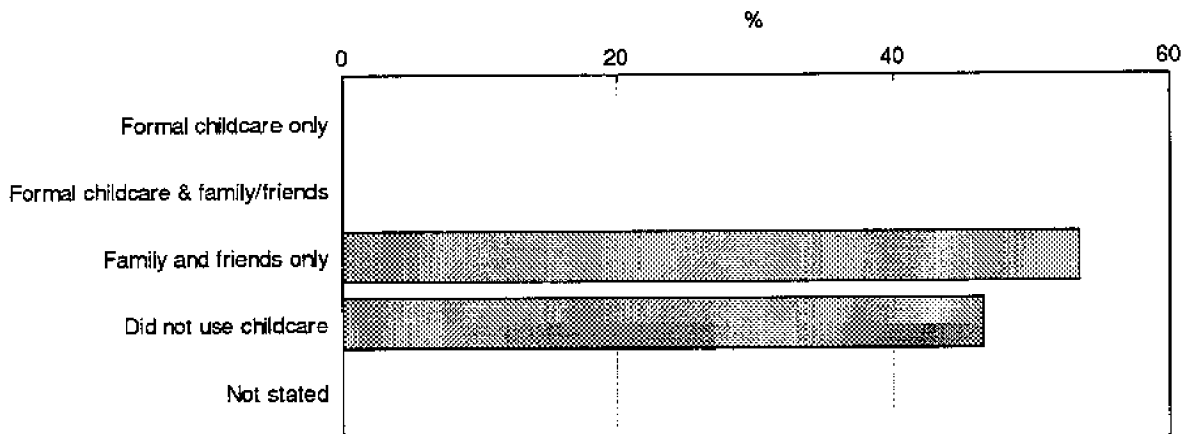
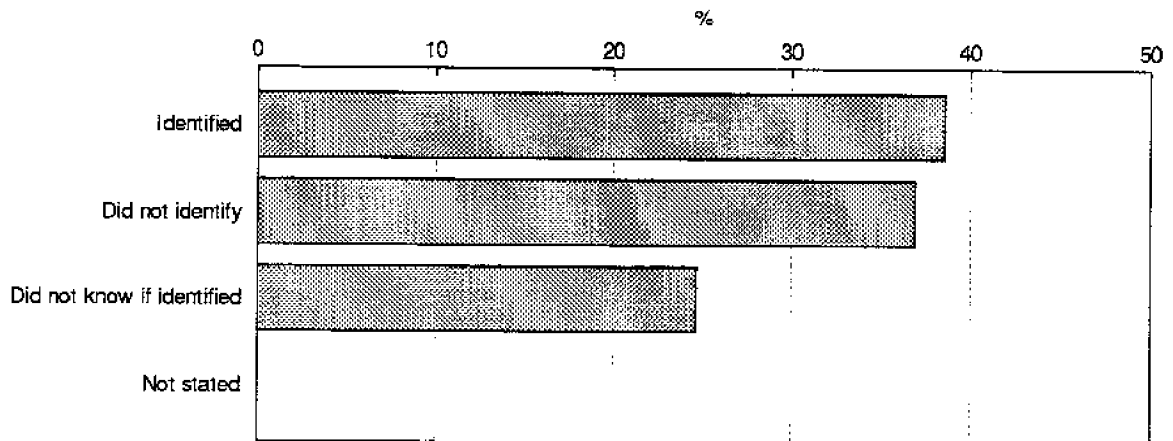


FIGURE 1.7 IDENTIFICATION WITH CLAN, TRIBAL OR LANGUAGE GROUP

Persons aged 13 years and over



Identification with clan, tribal or language group Some 2,580 of those 6,700 people aged thirteen years and over said that they identified with a clan, tribal or language group.

Role of elders People aged thirteen years and over stated that the role of elders was:

- important (5,030 people)
- not important (210** people)
- did not know (1,460 people)

FIGURE 1.8 ROLE OF ELDERS

Persons aged 13 years and over

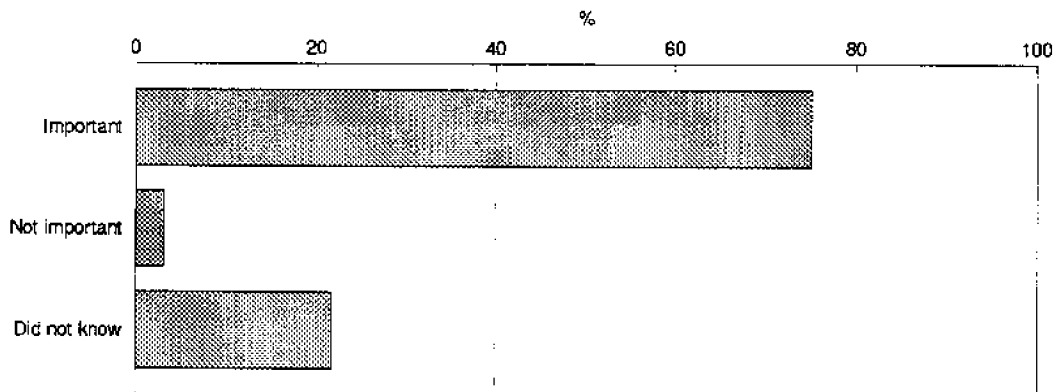
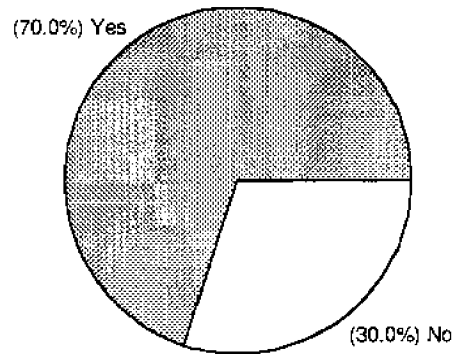


FIGURE 1.9 RECOGNITION OF HOMELANDS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Recognition of homelands

Of people aged thirteen years and over:

- 4,690 people recognised an area as their homelands
- 2,010 people did not recognise any area as their homelands

Characteristics of people who recognise homelands

Of those people who reported that they recognise an area as their homelands:

- 4,500 grew up in their homelands
- 3,580 were living on their homelands
- 4,240 said that their ancestors came from the area that they recognise as their homelands

FIGURE 1.10 CHARACTERISTICS OF PERSONS WHO RECOGNISE HOMELANDS

Persons aged 13 years and over

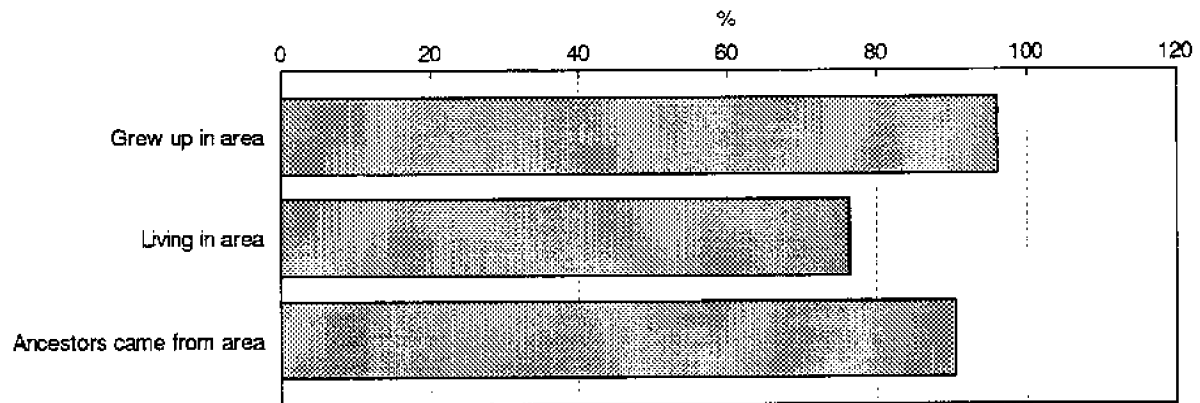
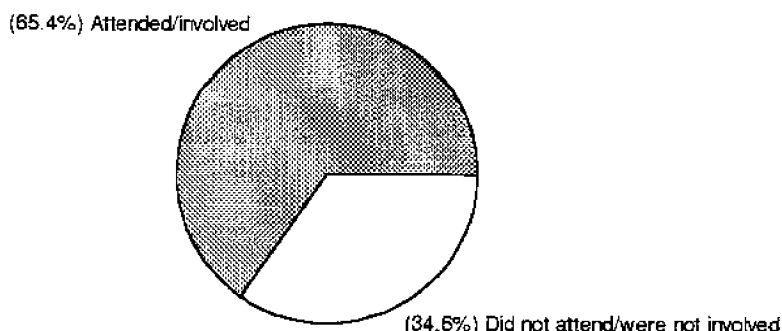


FIGURE 1.11 ATTENDANCE AT CULTURAL ACTIVITIES (a)

Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) Includes involvement with Indigenous organisations

Attendance at cultural activities

Over the past year, 4,380 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they had attended one or more Indigenous cultural activity or were involved with Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations.

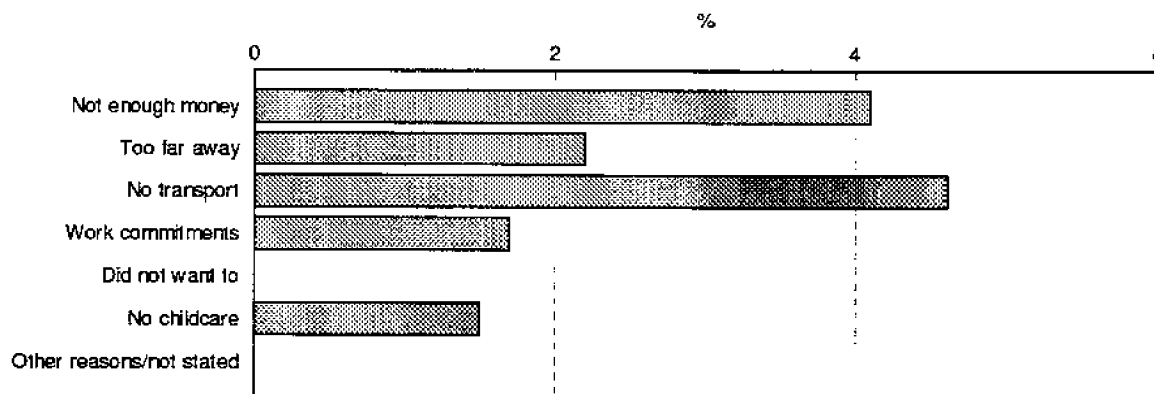
Reasons why could not attend all cultural activities

The main reasons why people could not attend all cultural activities over the past year were:

- no transport (310 people)
- not enough money (270 people)
- too far away (140** people)
- work commitments (110** people)

FIGURE 1.12 REASONS WHY COULD NOT ATTEND ALL CULTURAL ACTIVITIES (a)

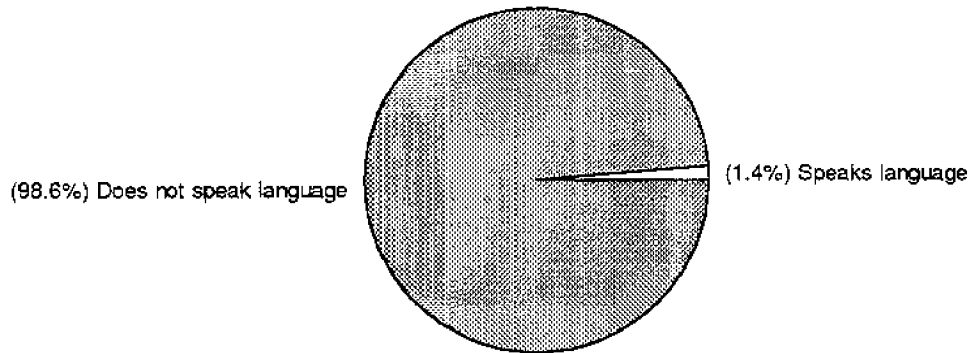
Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) Persons may have given more than one reason for not being able to attend

FIGURE 1.13 ABORIGINAL OR TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER LANGUAGES

Persons aged 5 years and over



Speaks an Indigenous language

Some 120** of the 8,860 people aged five years and over reported that they could speak an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander language.

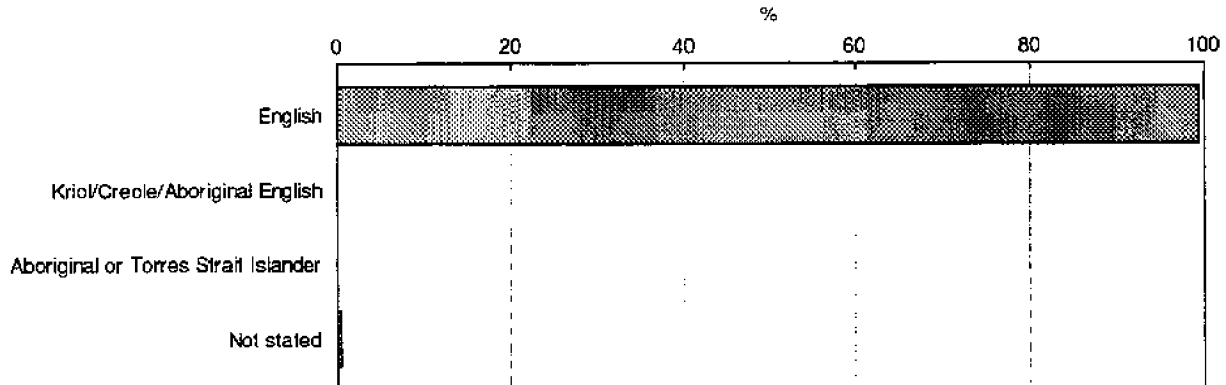
Main language spoken at home

The main language spoken at home by people aged five years and over was:

- English (8,800 people)

FIGURE 1.14 MAIN LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME

Persons aged 5 years and over

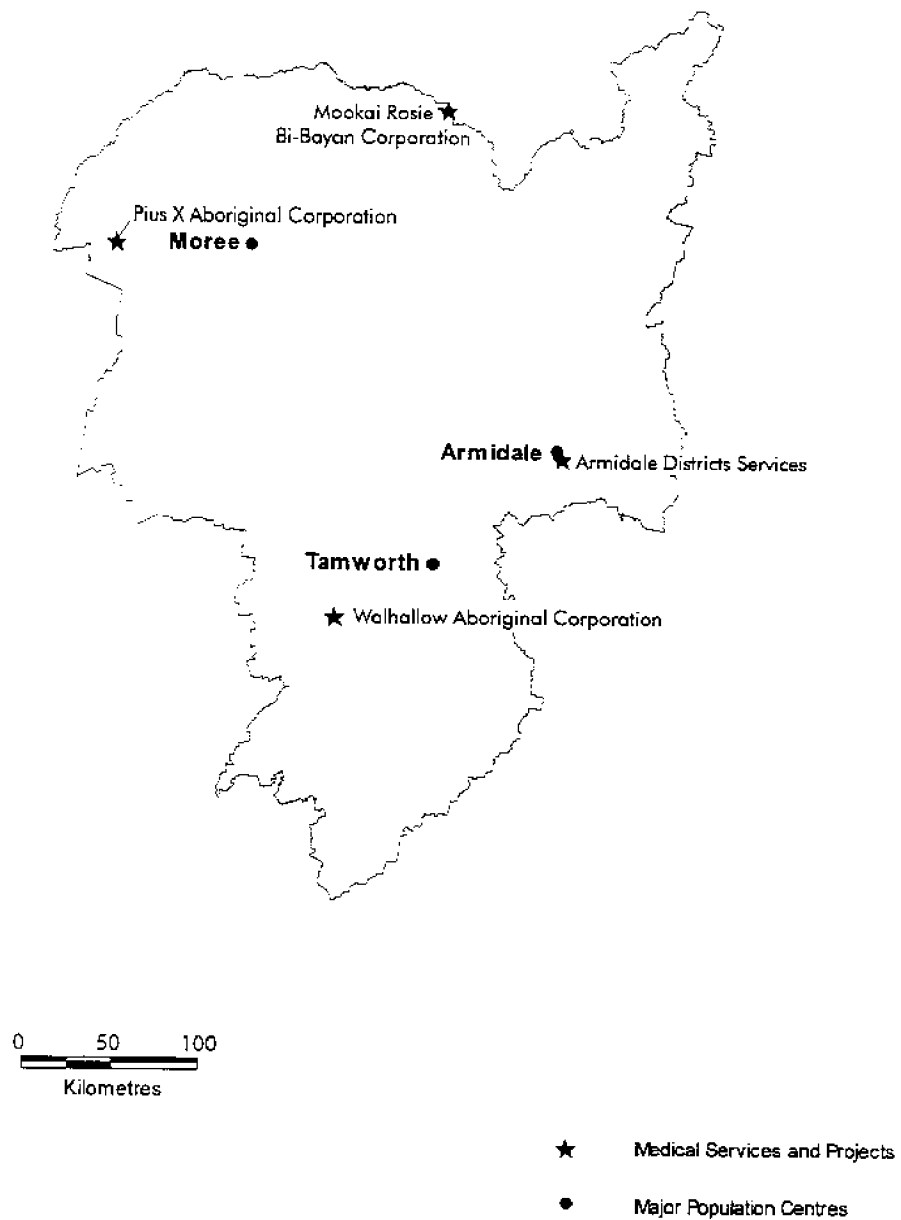




CHAPTER TWO

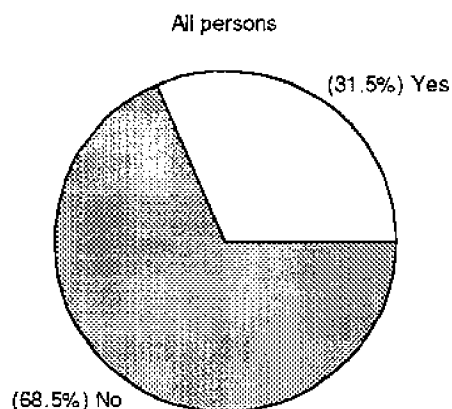
HEALTH

Map 3 Indigenous Health Services and Projects Funded by ATSIC Tamworth Region



Note: The provision of primary health care transferred from
ATSIC to the Department of Human Services and Health in 1995.
Source: National Aboriginal Health Strategy, 1994.

FIGURE 2.1 EXPERIENCED A RECENT ILLNESS

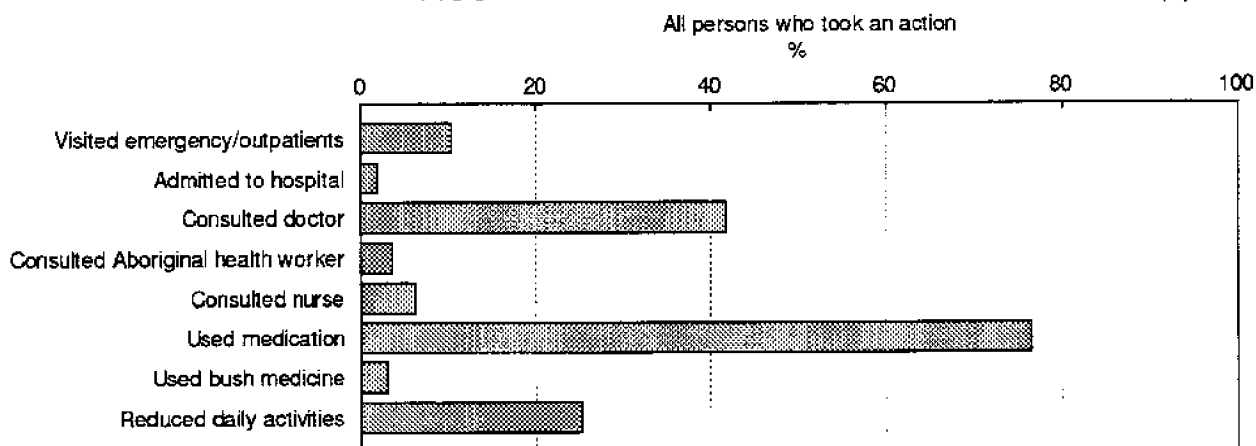


Recent illness Some 3,220 people experienced an illness in the two weeks prior to the survey.

Health related actions An estimated 3,170 people took one or more health related actions in the two weeks prior to the survey. The most common actions taken were:

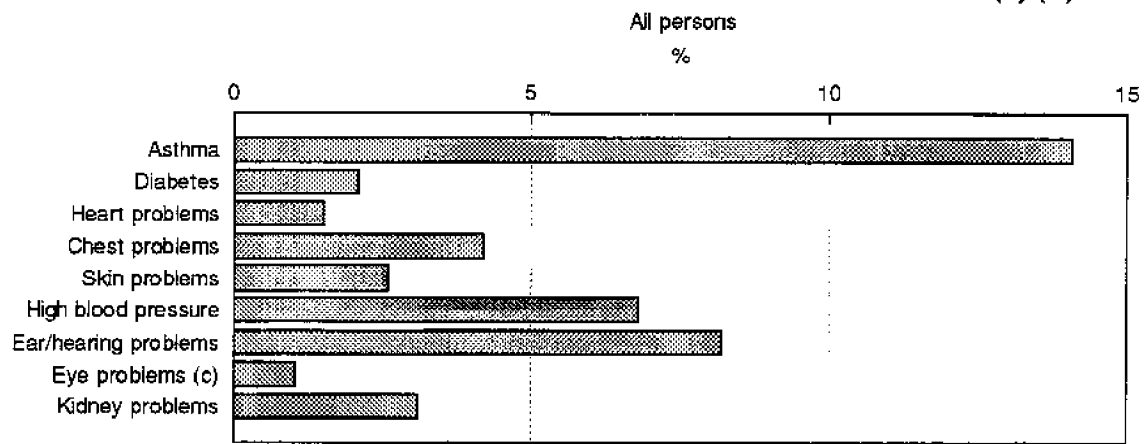
- used medication (2,430 people)
- consulted a doctor (1,330 people)
- reduced daily activities (800 people)
- visited emergency/outpatients clinic (320 people)
- consulted a nurse (190** people)
- consulted an Aboriginal health worker (110** people)

FIGURE 2.2 TYPE OF HEALTH RELATED ACTIONS (a)



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one type of action

FIGURE 2.3 LONG TERM ILLNESS CONDITIONS (a) (b)



(a) Long term conditions are conditions which have lasted for 6 months or more (b) Persons may have indicated more than one condition (c) Excludes eye problems which can be corrected by glasses

Long term illness conditions

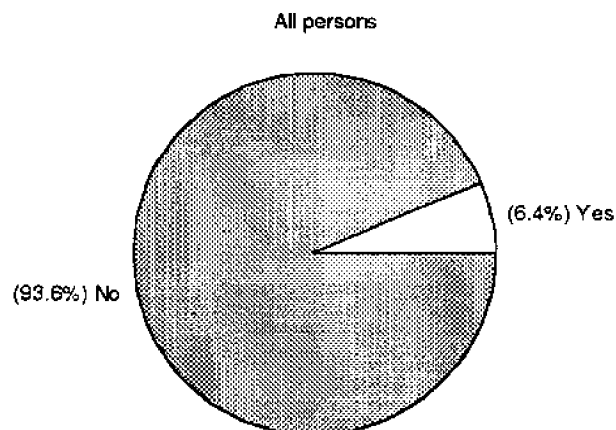
Some 3,050 people, or thirty per cent of the total population, reported one or more long term illness conditions. The most common conditions were:

- asthma (1,440 people)
- ear or hearing problems (840 people)
- high blood pressure (700 people)
- chest problems (430 people)
- kidney problems (320 people)
- skin problems (270 people)

Health related travel

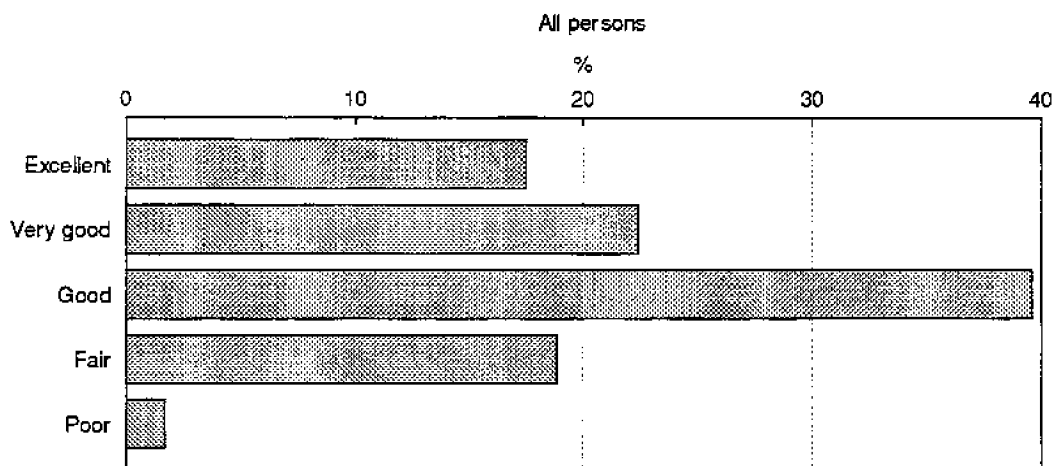
Some 650 people reported that during the last twelve months they had gone away from the area for treatment of a health problem.

FIGURE 2.4 GONE AWAY FOR TREATMENT (a)



(a) Refers to health related treatment during the last 12 months

FIGURE 2.5 SELF ASSESSED HEALTH STATUS



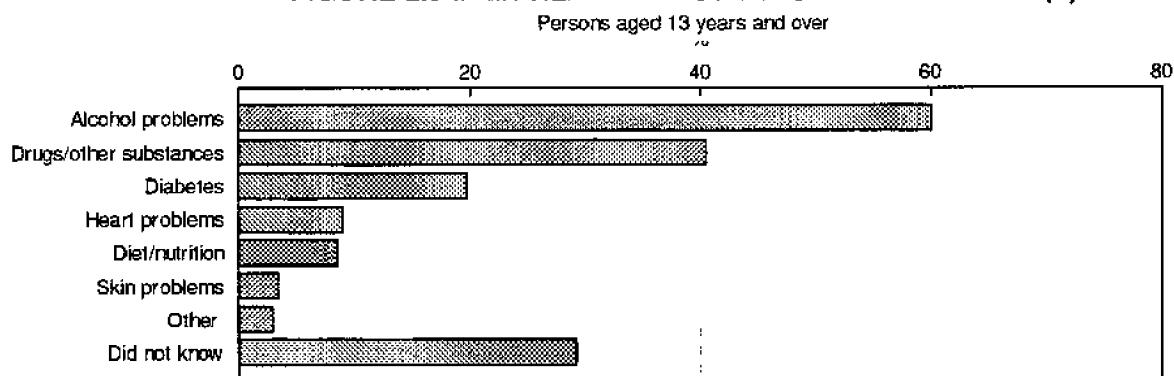
Self-assessed health status The self-assessed health status of the 10,230 people in the Tamworth region was:

- excellent or very good (4,080 people)
- good or fair (5,970 people)
- poor (170** people)

Local health problems The main local health problems identified by the 6,700 people aged thirteen years and over were:

- alcohol (4,020 people)
- drugs/other substances (2,720 people)
- diabetes (1,310 people)
- heart problems (600 people)
- diet/nutrition (570 people)

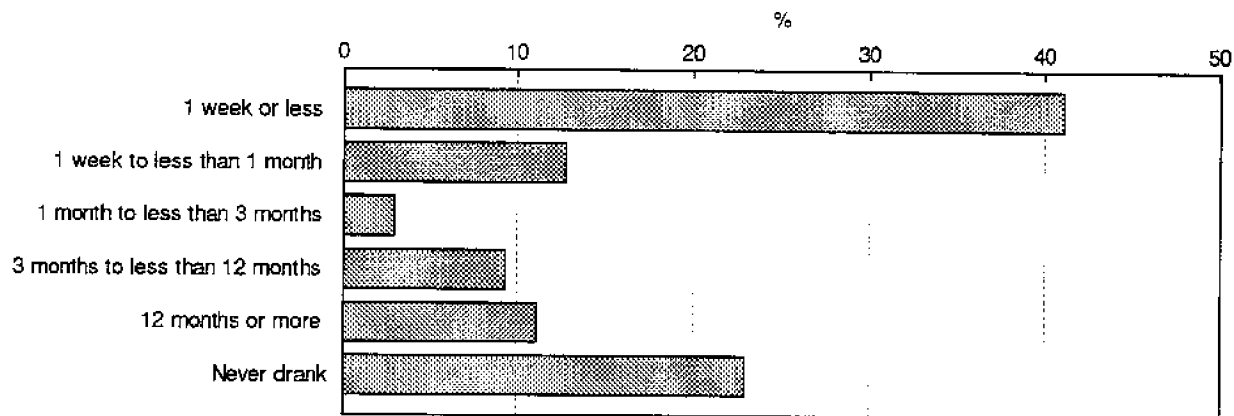
FIGURE 2.6 MAIN HEALTH PROBLEMS IN LOCAL AREA (a)



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one health problem

FIGURE 2.7 PERIOD SINCE LAST DRANK ALCOHOL

Persons aged 13 years and over



Alcohol consumption People aged thirteen years and over reported that the period since they last drank alcohol was:

- one week or less (2,760 people)
- more than one week but less than one month (850 people)
- one month or more but less than three months (190** people)
- three months or more but less than twelve months (620 people)
- twelve months or more (750 people)
- never drank (1,530 people)

Tobacco use Some 3,680 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they smoked cigarettes.

FIGURE 2.8 CIGARETTE SMOKING

Persons aged 13 years and over

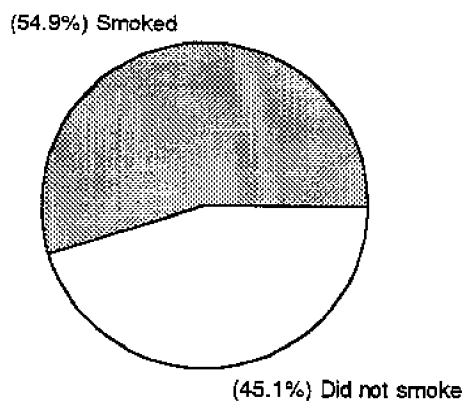
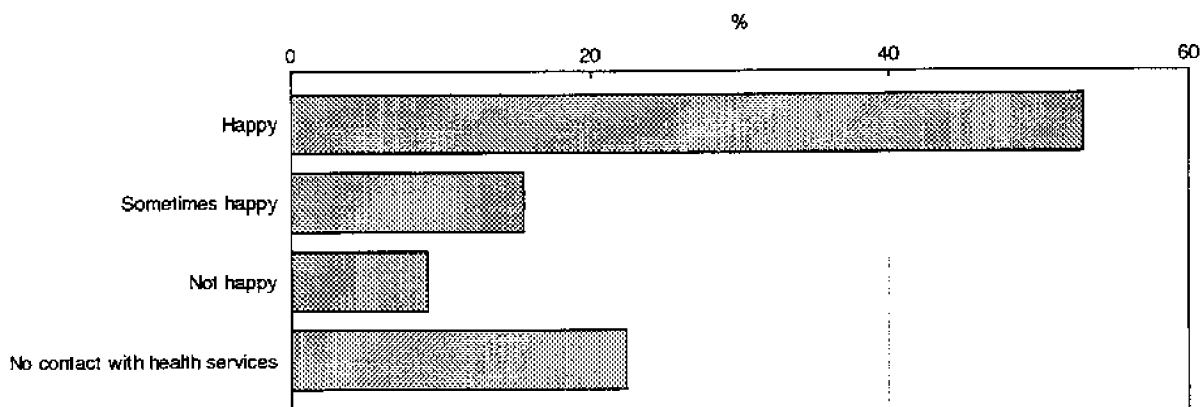


FIGURE 2.9 ATTITUDES TO LOCAL HEALTH SERVICES

Persons aged 13 years and over



Attitudes to local health services

People aged thirteen years and over said they were:

- happy with local health services (3,550 people)
- sometimes happy (1,040 people)
- not happy (610 people)

Involvement in health services

Some 5,020 people aged thirteen years and over thought that it was important for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people to be involved in local health services.

FIGURE 2.10 IMPORTANCE OF INDIGENOUS INVOLVEMENT IN HEALTH SERVICES

Persons aged 13 years and over

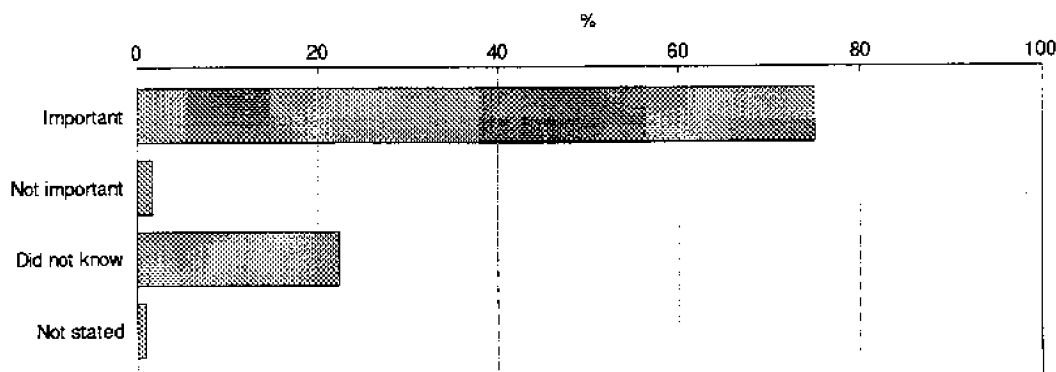
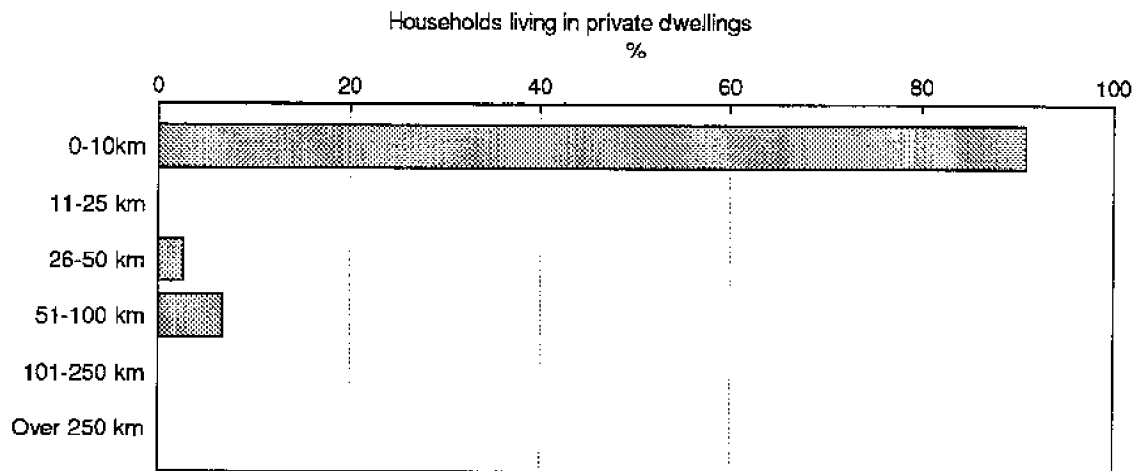


FIGURE 2.11 DISTANCE TO NEAREST COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRE



Nearest health centre

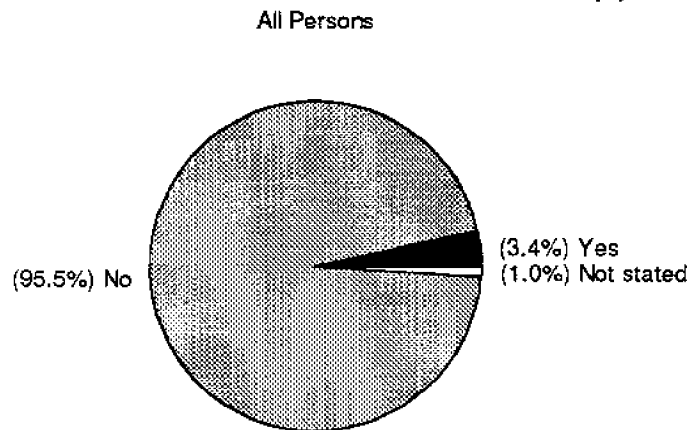
The distance that the 3,320 households had to travel to attend the nearest community health centre was estimated to be:

- less than 10 km (3,020 households)
- between 26 and 50 km (90** households)
- between 51 and 100 km (220** households)

Bush medicine

Some 350 people reported using bush medicine in the last six months.

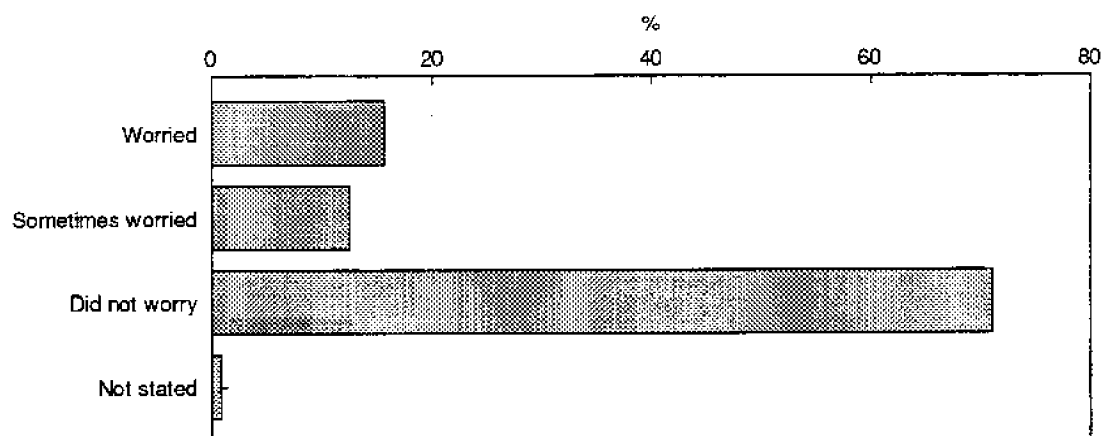
FIGURE 2.12 USED BUSH MEDICINE (a)



(a) Refers to the last six months

FIGURE 2.13 WORRIED ABOUT GOING WITHOUT FOOD

Persons aged 13 years and over



Food security

Some 1,890 people aged thirteen years and over said that they worried, or sometimes worried, about going without food.

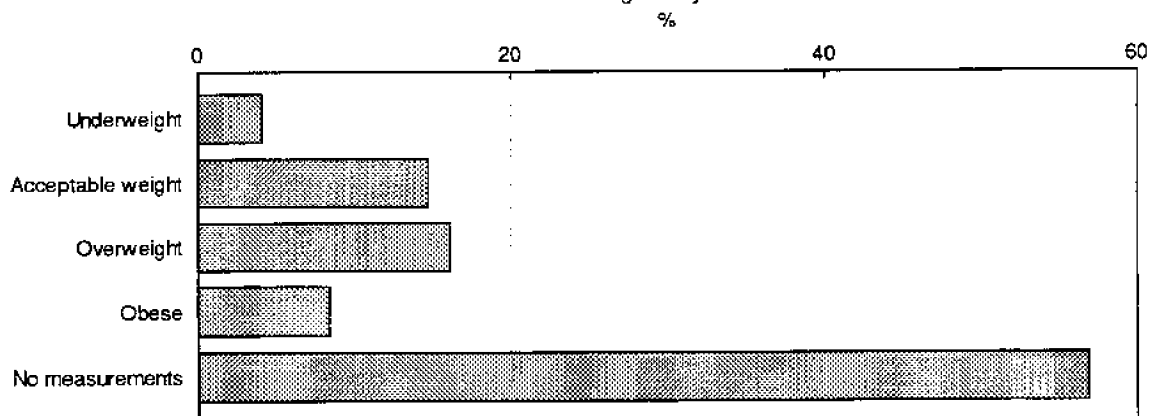
Relative weight

The 5,590 people aged eighteen years and over were grouped according to their body mass index (BMI) scores. On this basis:

- 230** people were underweight
- 820 people were an acceptable weight
- 900 people were overweight
- 470 people were obese
- 3,180 people chose not to have their weight and height measurements taken

FIGURE 2.14 RELATIVE WEIGHT (a)

Persons aged 18 years and over



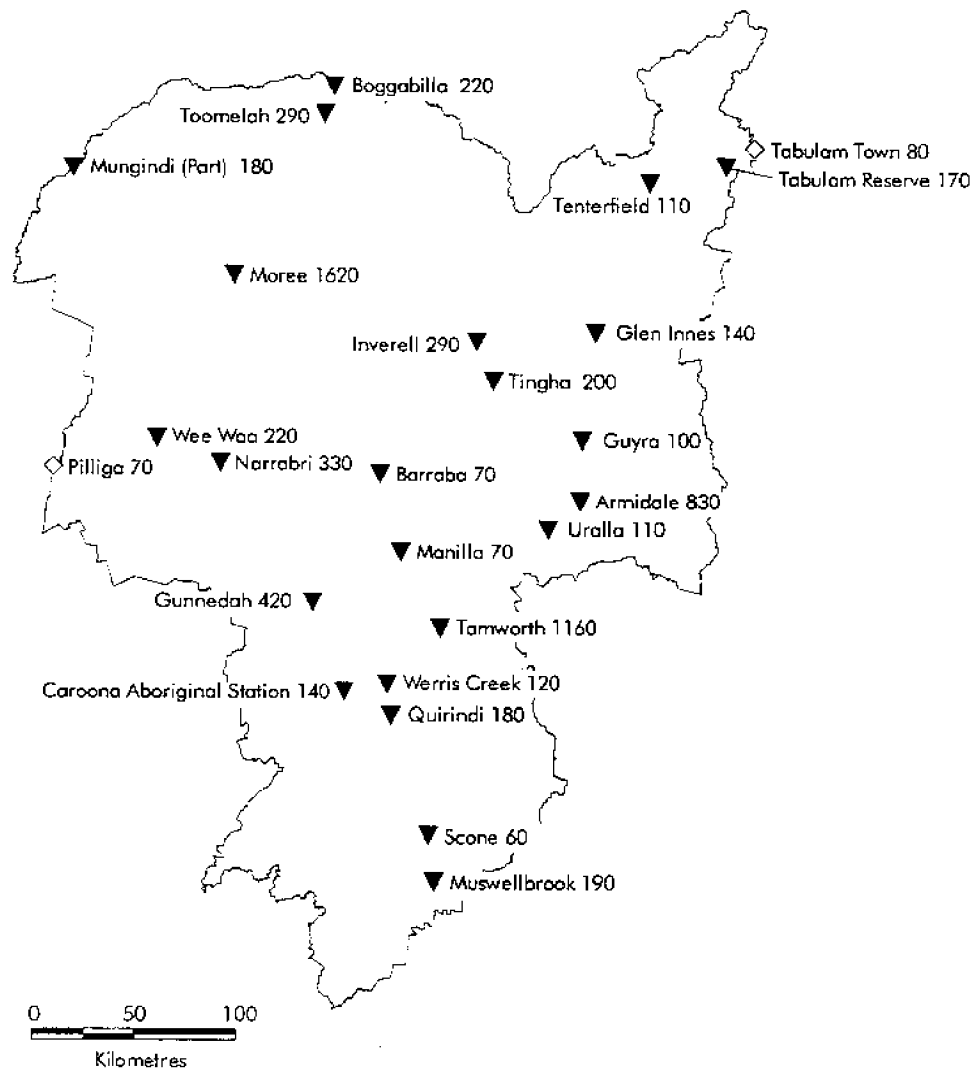
(a) Based on body mass index (BMI) score. The BMI equals a person's weight in kilograms divided by the square of the person's height in metres.



CHAPTER THREE

HOUSING

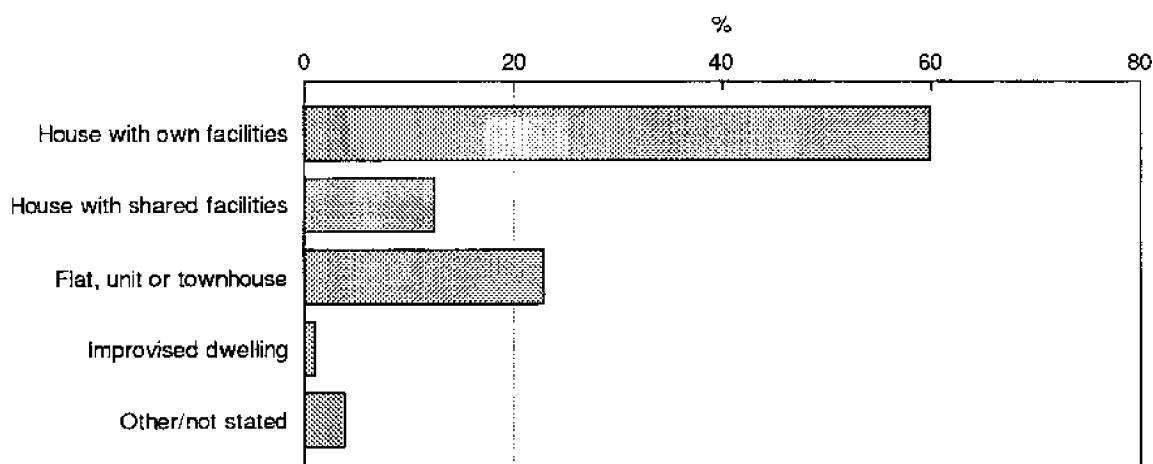
Map 4 Major Communities and Population Tamworth Region



- ▼ Source: ABS 1991 Census of Population and Housing. Urban Centre/ Localities with a population greater than 50 persons and ABS Aboriginal Communities locations.
- ◇ Source: 1992 Community Housing and Infrastructure Needs Survey, Communities with a population greater than 50 persons.

FIGURE 3.1 TYPE OF DWELLING

Households living in private dwellings



Type of dwelling

The types of dwellings occupied by the 3,320 households living in the Tamworth region were:

- house with own facilities (1,990 households)
- house with shared facilities (410 households)
- flat, unit or townhouse (760** households)
- improvised dwelling (30** households)

Nature of occupancy

The nature of occupancy of these dwellings was:

- rented (2,400 households)
- owned (310** households)
- being purchased (160** households)
- other arrangements (350** households)

FIGURE 3.2 NATURE OF OCCUPANCY

Households living in private dwellings

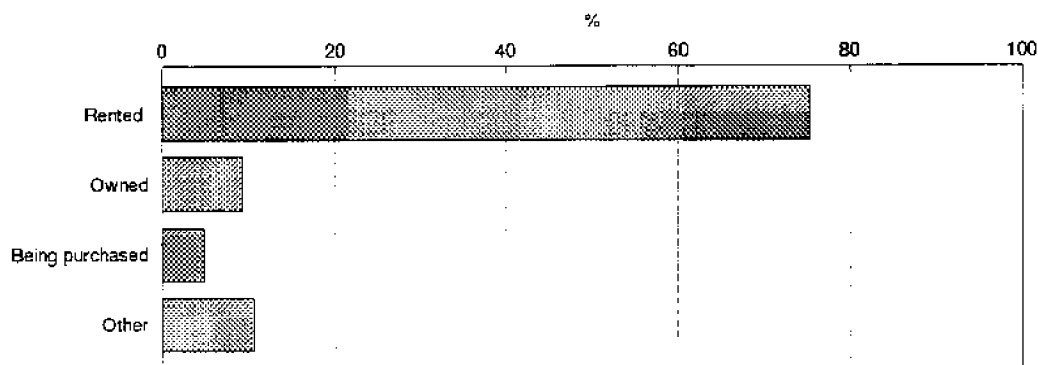
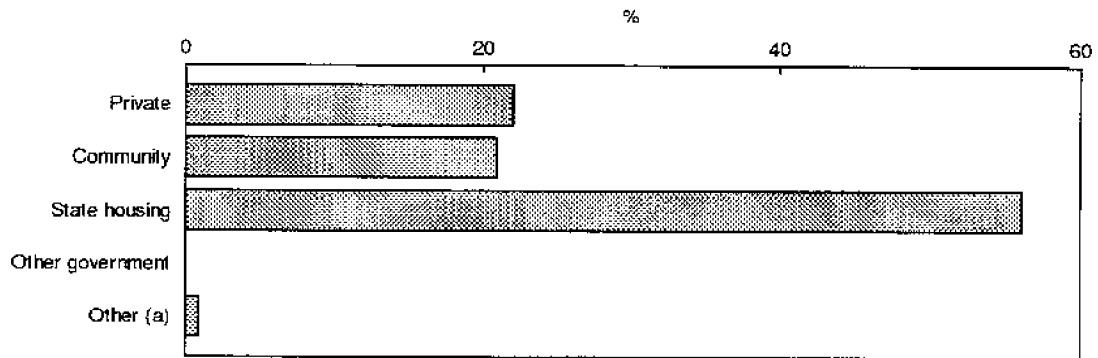


FIGURE 3.3 TYPE OF LANDLORD

Households living in rented private dwellings



(a) Includes employer provided housing and not stated

Type of landlord

The 2,400 households that were renting their dwelling reported that they were renting from:

- private landlords (550 households)
- community organisations (520 households)
- state housing authorities (1,410 households)

Weekly rent

These households reported that their weekly rent was:

- less than \$48 (840 households)
- \$48-\$77 (1,010 households)
- \$78-\$107 (240** households)
- \$108-\$137 (160** households)
- \$138-\$167 (40** households)
- \$168 and over (220** households)

FIGURE 3.4 WEEKLY RENT

Households living in rented private dwellings

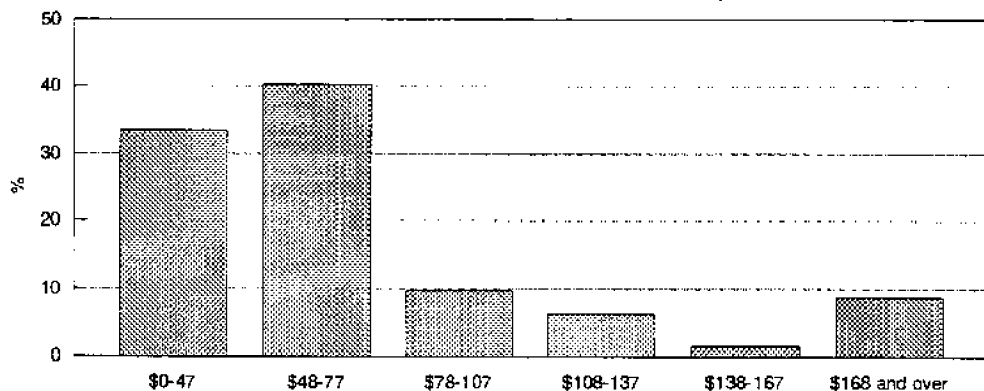
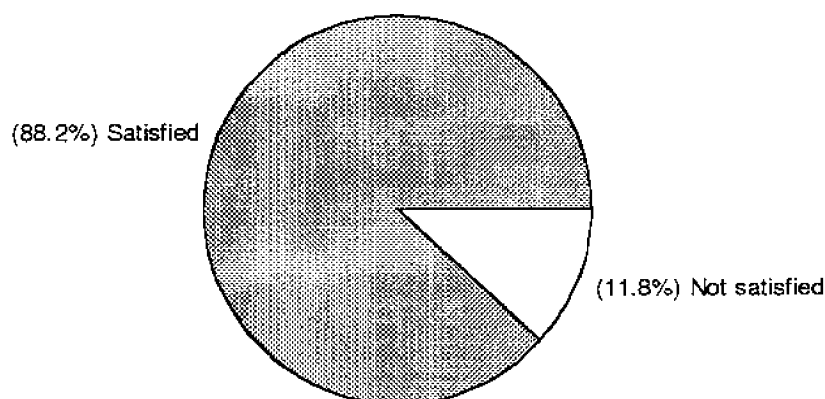


FIGURE 3.5 SATISFACTION WITH DWELLING

Households living in private dwellings



Satisfaction with dwelling

Some 2,930 households reported that their current dwelling satisfied the needs of the household.

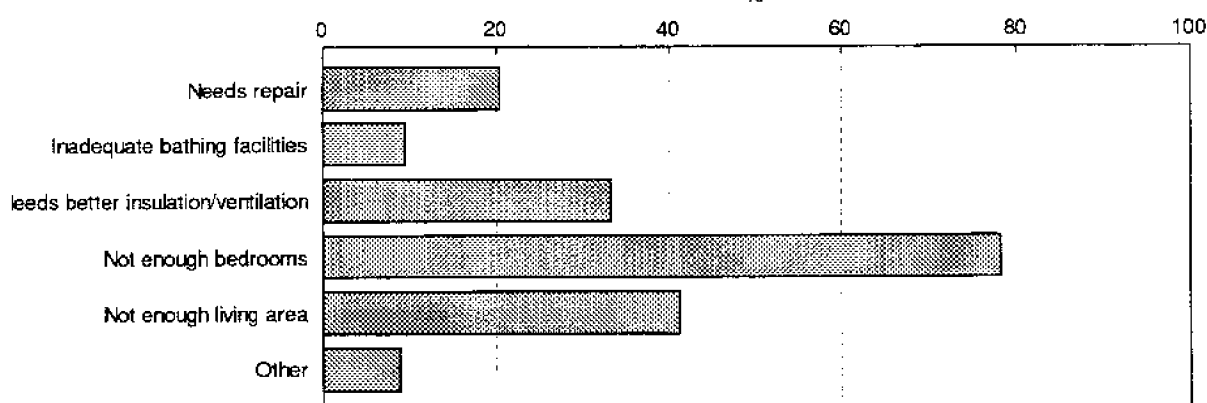
Main problems with dwelling

The 370** households that were not satisfied with their current dwelling reported that the main problems with the dwelling were:

- not enough bedrooms (290 households)
- not enough living area (150** households)
- needs better insulation (120** households)
- needs repair (80** households)

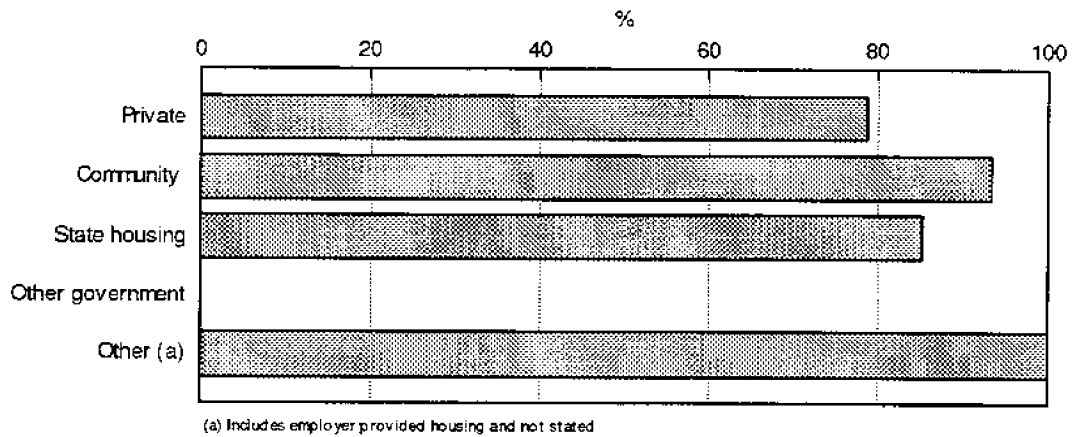
FIGURE 3.6 MAIN PROBLEMS WITH DWELLING (a)

Households living in private dwellings and dissatisfied with their dwelling



(a) Households may have indicated more than one problem with dwelling

FIGURE 3.7 LEVEL OF SATISFACTION BY TYPE OF LANDLORD
Households living in rented private dwellings



Level of satisfaction by type of landlord

Of those 2,930 households that were satisfied with their current dwelling, some 2,140 were renting their accommodation from:

- private landlords (430 households)
- community organisations (490 households)
- state housing authorities (1,200 households)

Utilities not working in the last 4 weeks

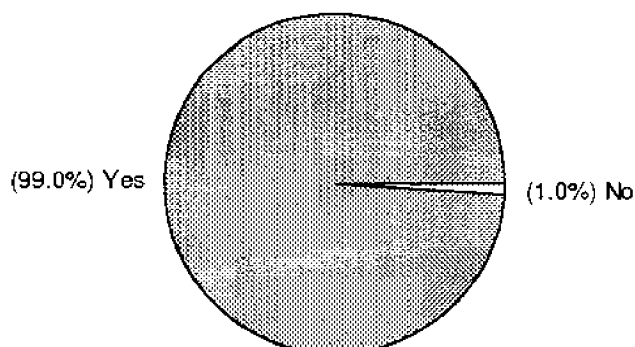
Some 310** of the total 3,320 households reported toilets not working in the last four weeks.

FIGURE 3.8 UTILITIES NOT WORKING IN LAST 4 WEEKS

The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).

FIGURE 3.9 DWELLING HAS BATHROOM OR SHOWER

Households living in private dwellings



Bathroom or shower

Some 3,260 households living in private dwellings had their own bathroom or shower. Some 40** households had access to a communal bathroom or shower.

Summary of dwelling characteristics

In summary, the dwelling characteristics of the 3,320 households living in private dwellings were:

- running water connected (3,170 households)
- electricity/gas connected (3,290 households)
- garbage collected (3,070 households)
- dwelling situated on sealed road (2,710 households)
- satisfied needs of household (2,930 households)
- being rented (2,500 households)

FIGURE 3.10 SUMMARY OF DWELLING CHARACTERISTICS

Households living in private dwellings

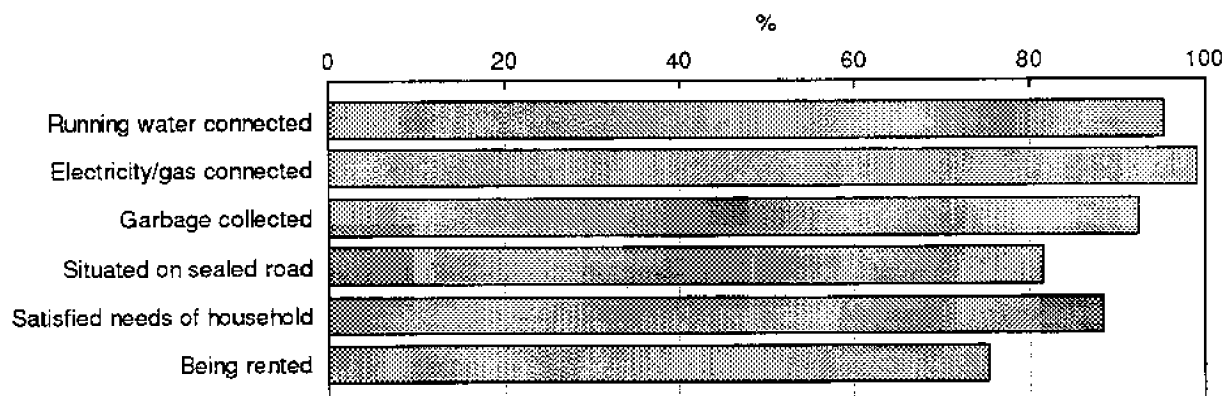
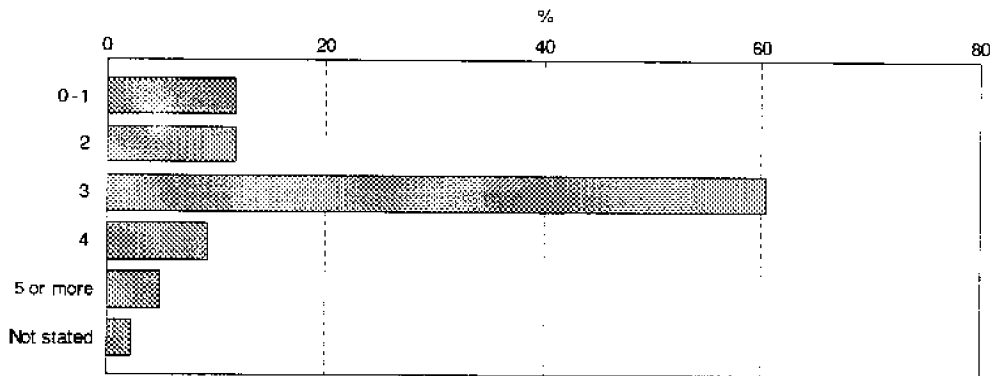


FIGURE 3.11 NUMBER OF BEDROOMS

Households living in private dwellings



Number of bedrooms

The number of bedrooms in the private dwellings occupied by Indigenous households was:

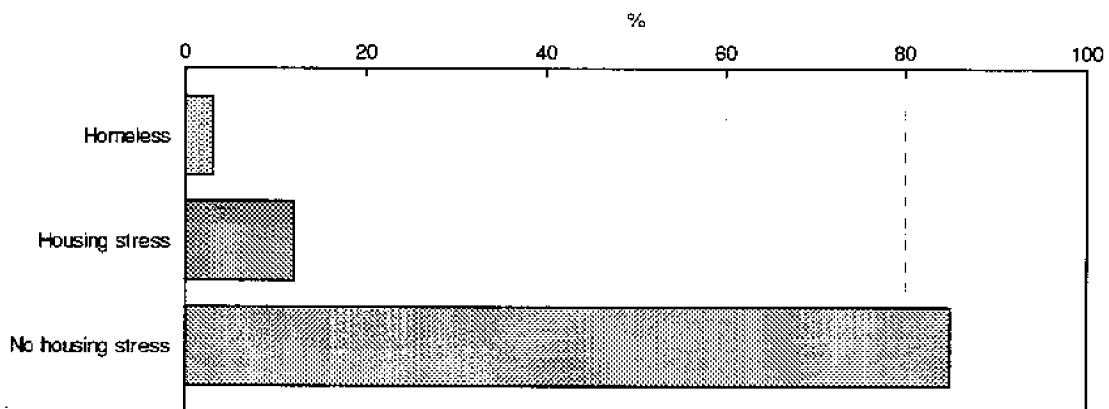
- none or one (390 households)
- two (390 households)
- three (2,010 households)
- four (310 households)
- five or more (160** households)

Housing stress

Detailed analysis of the 1991 Census of Population and Housing results for the Tamworth region (Jones, R (1994) *The Housing Need of Indigenous Australians, 1991*: Canberra: Centre for Aboriginal Economic Policy Research, ANU) concluded that some 60 families were homeless and a further 230 families were in housing stress from overcrowding.

FIGURE 3.12 HOUSING STRESS

All families



Source: 1991 Census of Population and Housing: Jones, 1994.

**1992 ATSC
Housing and
Community
Infrastructure
Needs Survey**

Another source of information about the condition of community infrastructure in the Tamworth Region is the final report of Stage 1 of the 1992 ATSC Housing and Community Infrastructure Needs Survey. This report identified:

- 100 per cent of discrete communities surveyed (including homelands/outstations) in which the quality of water available for human consumption complied with National Health and Medical Research Council guidelines.
- 86 per cent of discrete communities (excluding homelands/outstations) in which the sewerage system normally worked satisfactorily.
- 57 per cent of discrete communities (excluding homelands/outstations) in which the internal roads were all sealed.

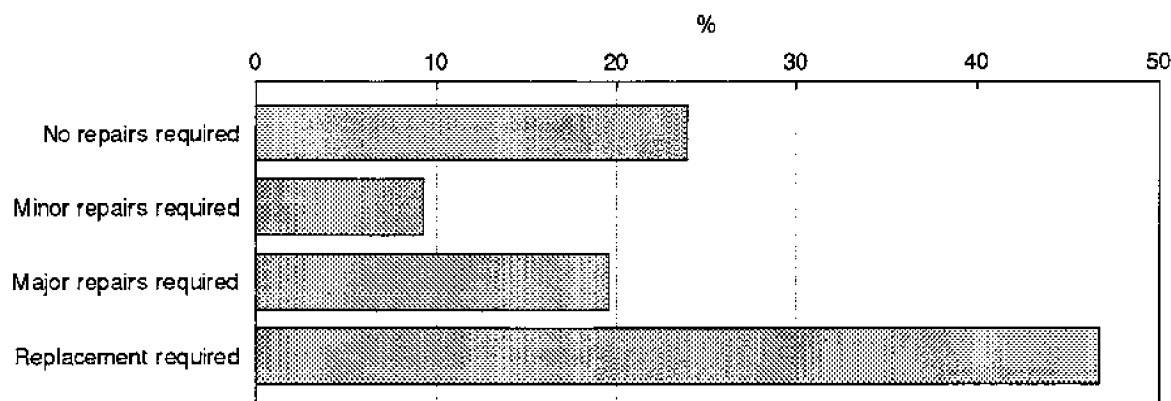
**Condition of
houses**

At the time of the Needs Survey, it was estimated that there were some 290 houses in the Tamworth region owned and/or administered by Indigenous organisations. The condition of these houses was found to be:

- no repairs required (70 houses)
- minor repairs required (30 houses)
- major repairs required (60 houses)
- replacement required (140 houses)

FIGURE 3.13 CONDITION OF HOUSES (a)

Owned and/or administered by Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations



(a) Relates only to Centres surveyed

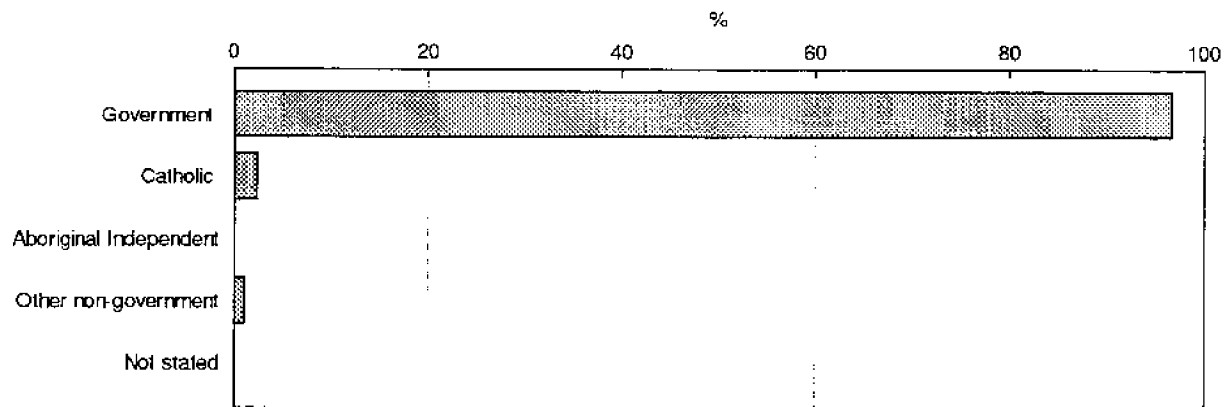


CHAPTER FOUR

EDUCATION AND TRAINING

FIGURE 4.1 TYPE OF SCHOOL ATTENDED

Primary and secondary school students



Type of school attended

The type of school attended by the 3,090 primary and secondary school students was:

- government (2,990 students)
- Catholic (70** students)
- other government (30** students)

Level of school attended

The level of school these students attended was:

- primary (1,960 students)
- secondary (1,140 students)

FIGURE 4.2 LEVEL OF SCHOOL ATTENDED

Primary and secondary school students

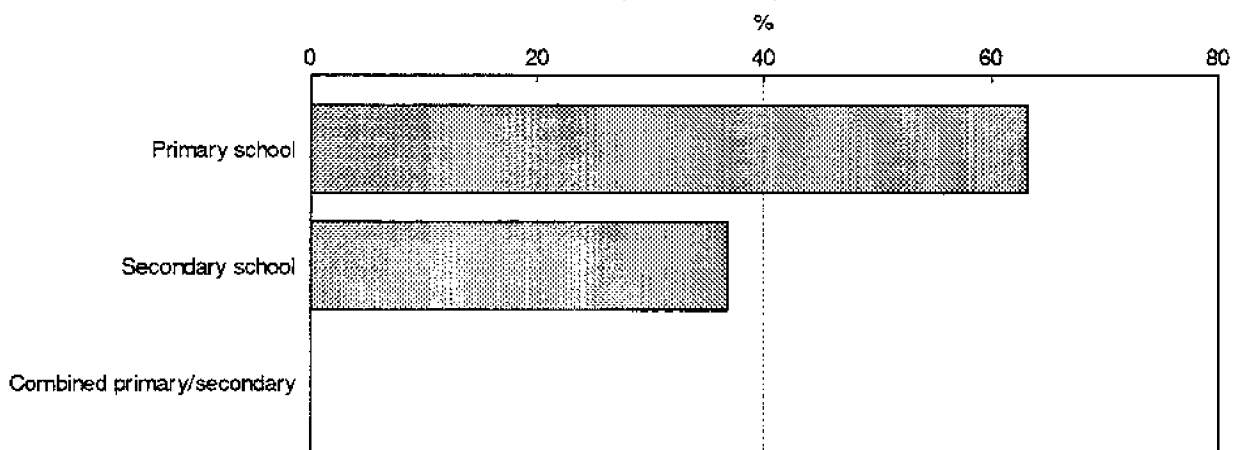
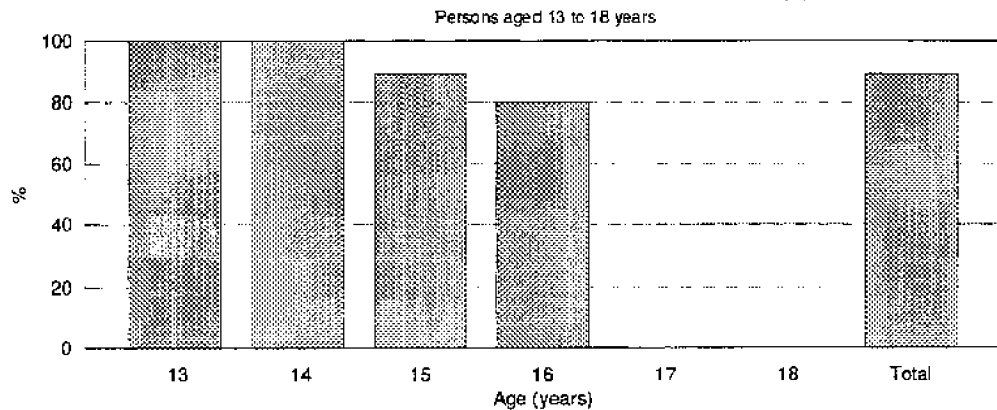


FIGURE 4.3 SCHOOL PARTICIPATION RATE (a)



(a) the number of enrolled school students of a particular age, expressed as a proportion of the population of the same age

School participation rates

The overall school participation rate was calculated to be slightly more than 80 per cent. For thirteen and fourteen year olds the participation rate was 100 per cent, while for fifteen and sixteen year olds the rate had fallen to around 90 per cent and 80 per cent respectively.

Characteristics of schooling

Students in the Tamworth region reported that they were:

- taught about Indigenous culture (1,860 students)
- not taught about culture but want to be (990 students)
- taught by an Indigenous teacher (430 students)
- taught by an Indigenous education worker (1,240 students)
- taught by a community member (280 students)
- taught Indigenous languages (240** students)

FIGURE 4.4 CHARACTERISTICS OF SCHOOLING

Primary and secondary school students

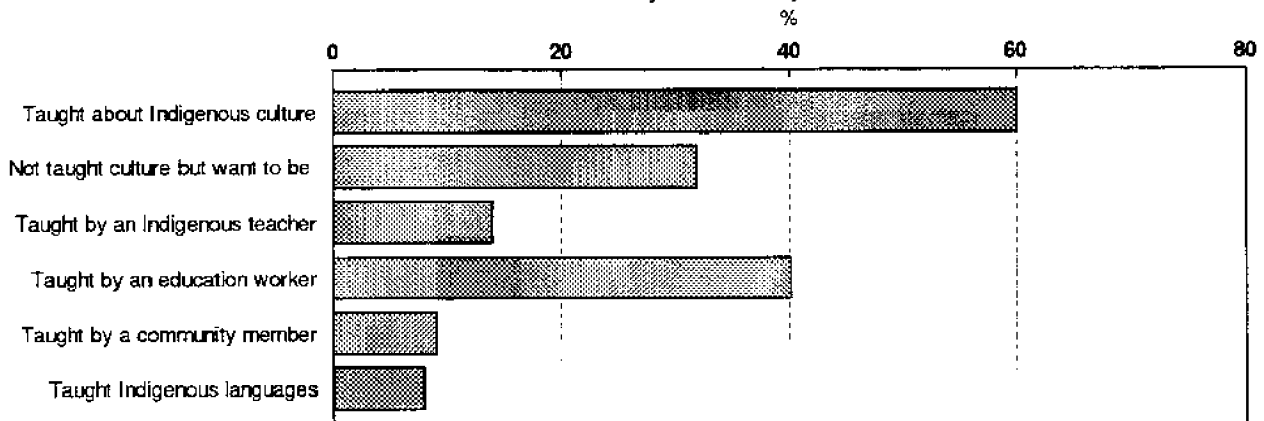
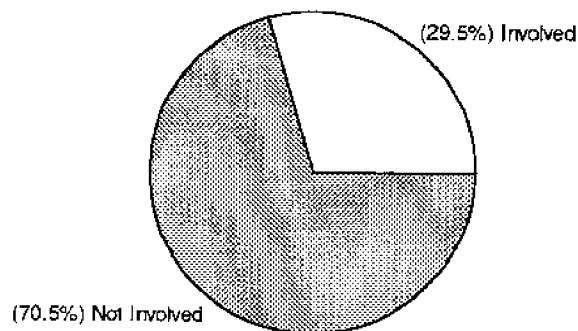


FIGURE 4.5 INVOLVEMENT IN DECISION MAKING AT CHILDREN'S SCHOOL

Persons with children attending primary or secondary school



Involvement in decision making

Some 610 of the 2,070 people with children attending primary or secondary school felt that they were involved in decision making at their children's school.

Preference for children to attend community school

Parents' preference for sending their children to an Aboriginal community controlled school was:

- yes (580 parents)
- no (1,000 parents)
- did not know (490 parents)

FIGURE 4.6 PREFERENCE FOR CHILDREN TO ATTEND COMMUNITY SCHOOL

Persons with children attending primary or secondary school

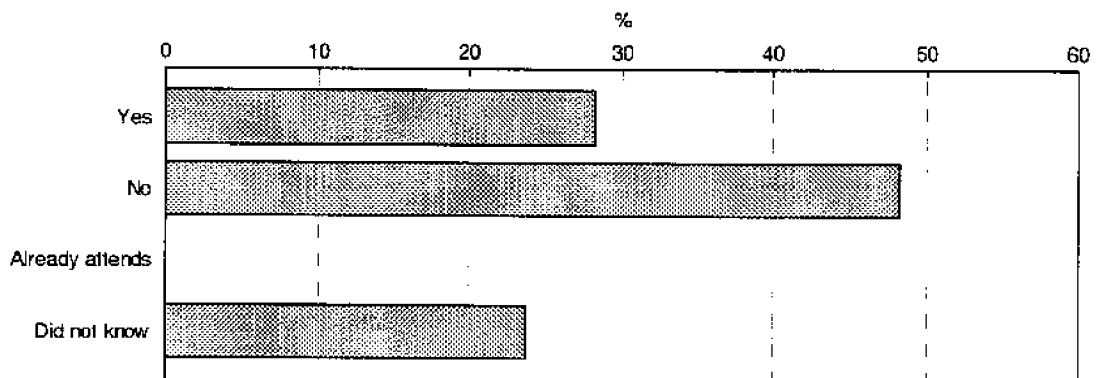
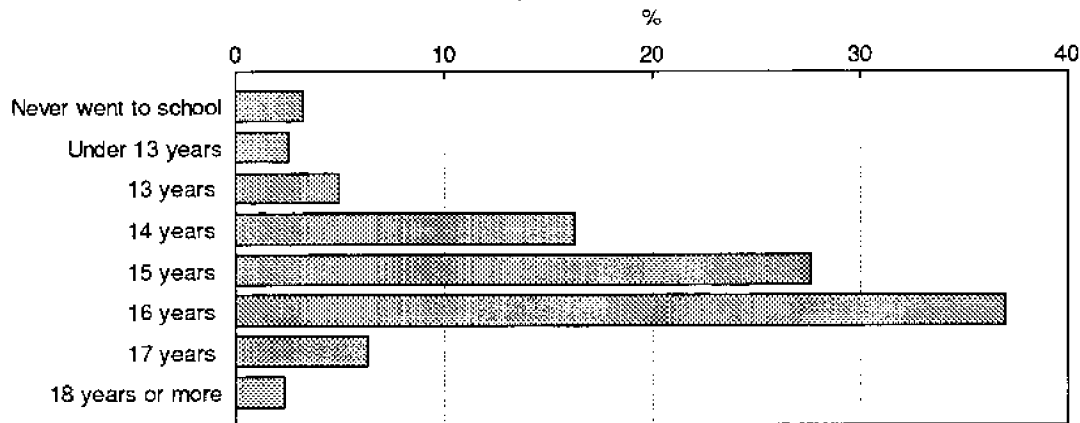


FIGURE 4.7 AGE LEFT SCHOOL

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school



Age left school

The 5,680 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school reported that the age they left school was:

- 13 years or less (420 people)
- 14 years (930 people)
- 15 or 16 years (3,670 people)
- 17 years or more (490 people)

Some 180** people reported that they had never attended school.

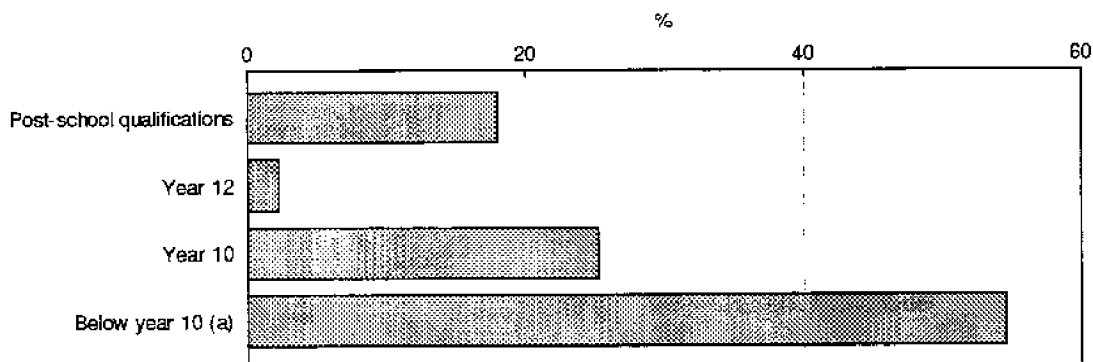
Highest level of educational attainment

The highest level of education attained by people aged fifteen years and over who had left school was:

- post-school qualifications (1,020 people)
- year 12 school certificate (130** people)
- year 10 school certificate (1,440 people)
- below year 10 (3,100 people)

FIGURE 4.8 HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school



(a) Includes persons with no formal education

FIGURE 4.9 POST-SCHOOL STUDY

Post-school study The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).

Main difficulty in undertaking further study or training Some 2,090 of those 2,550 people who had left school and wanted to do further study felt they would have problems attending study or training courses. The main difficulties were expected to be:

- lack of transport or travel problems (570 people)
- financial problems (390 people)
- no childcare available (380 people)
- lack of prerequisites (260 people)
- no courses available (230** people)

FIGURE 4.10 MAIN DIFFICULTY IN UNDERTAKING FURTHER STUDY/TRAINING

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school and felt they would have difficulty undertaking further study/training

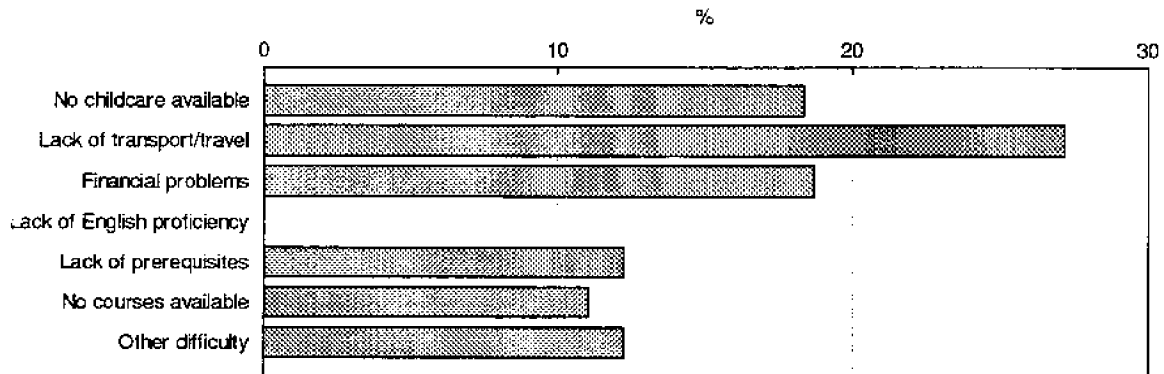


FIGURE 4.11 COMPLETION OF TRAINING COURSE IN LAST 12 MONTHS

The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).

Completion of training course attended in last 12 months Some 210** people aged fifteen years and over who had left school reported that they had attended at least one training course in the last twelve months which they (in order):

- completed
- were still studying
- did not complete

Use made of information gained from recent training course These people reported that the information they gained from the course was used (in order):

- for personal development
- for work

FIGURE 4.12 USE MADE OF INFORMATION GAINED FROM RECENT TRAINING COURSE

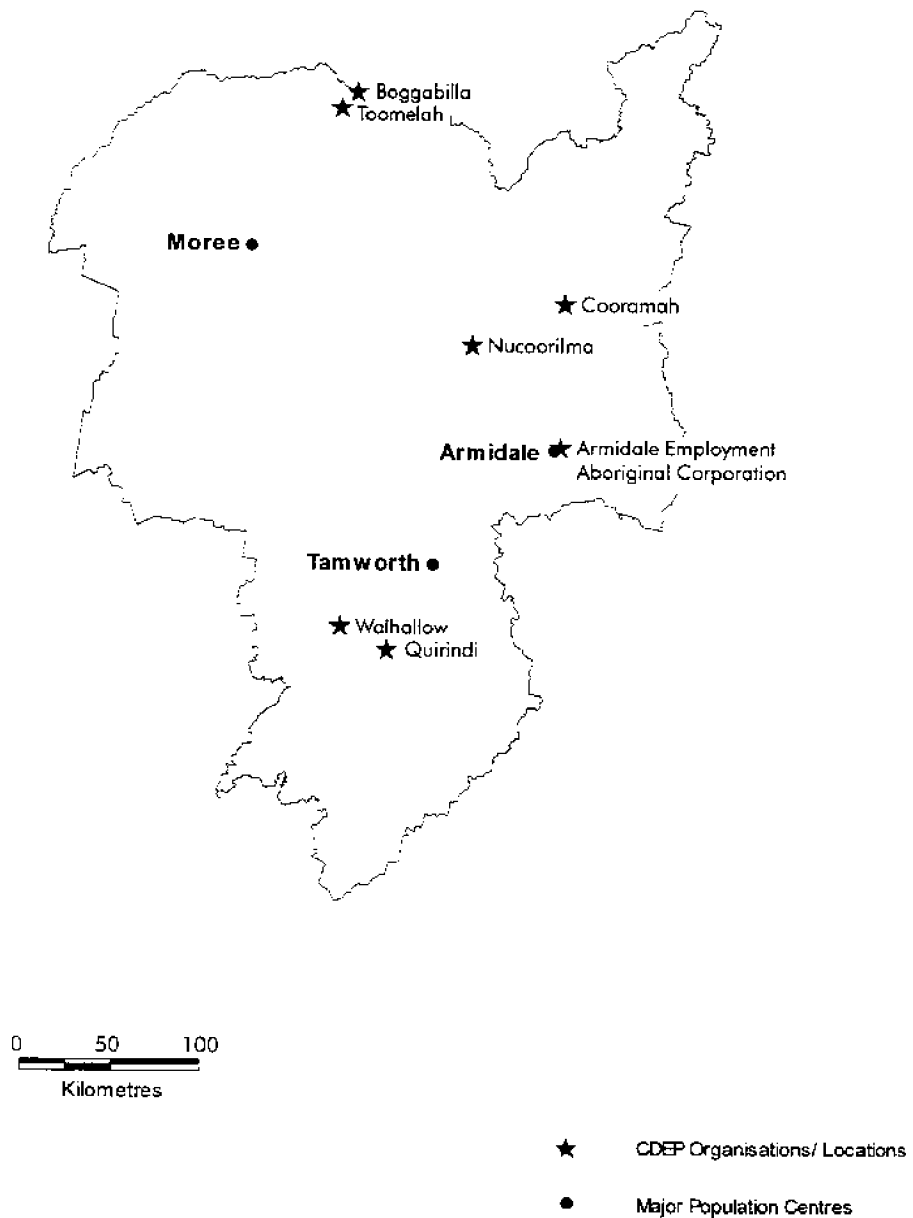
The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).



CHAPTER FIVE

EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

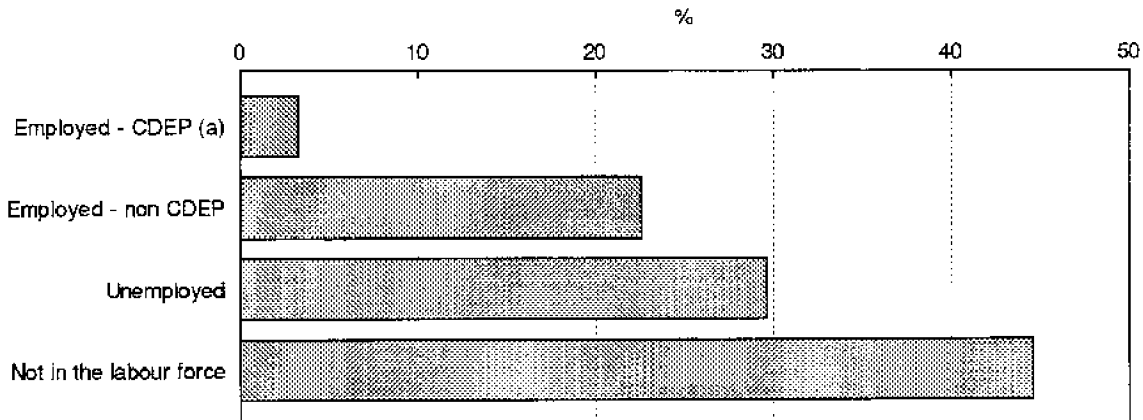
Map 5 Community Development Employment Projects Tamworth Region



Source: Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission, 1994.

FIGURE 5.1 LABOUR FORCE STATUS

Persons aged 15 years and over



(a) Community Development Employment Projects

Labour force status

There were some 6,220 people aged fifteen years and over in the Tamworth region. The labour force status of these people was:

- employed (1,600 people)
- unemployed (1,840 people)
- not in labour force (2,780 people)

Nature of jobs

Some 200** of the 1,600 employed people reported that they were working in a Community Development Employment Project (CDEP) scheme.

Type of employment

Those employed people reported that their type of employment was:

- full-time (1,080 people)
- part-time (430 people)

FIGURE 5.2 TYPE OF EMPLOYMENT

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

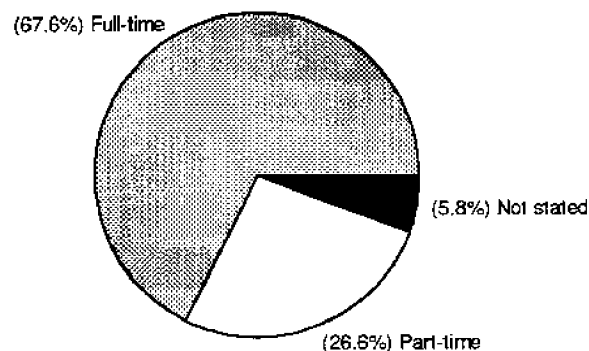
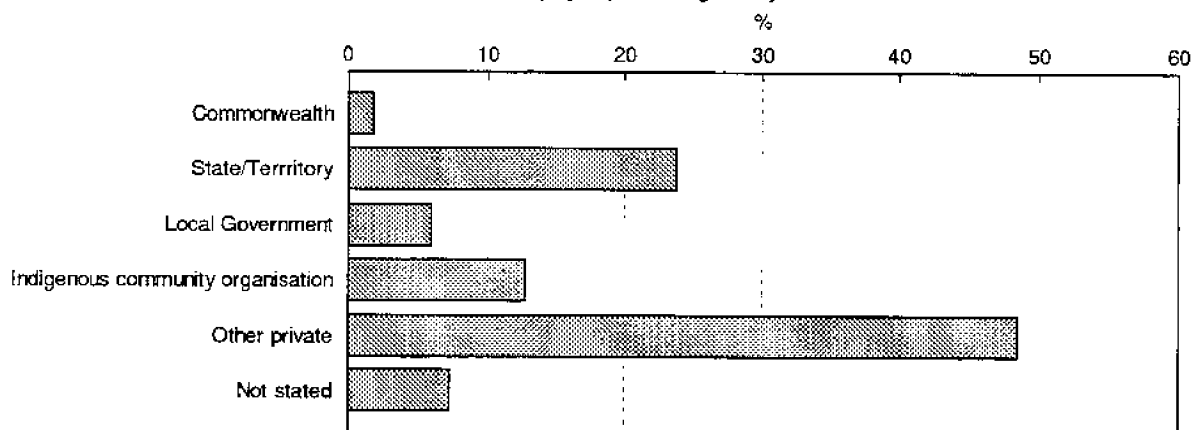


FIGURE 5.3 SECTOR OF EMPLOYMENT

Employed persons aged 15 years and over



Sector of employment

The 1,600 employed people reported that their employer was:

- Commonwealth government (30** people)
- State/Territory government (380 people)
- local government (100** people)
- Indigenous community organisation (210** people)
- other private organisation (780 people)

Number of hours a week usually worked

Employed people reported that the number of hours a week they usually worked was:

- 15 or fewer (240** people)
- 16-24 (160** people)
- 25-34 (20** people)
- 35 or more (1,080 people)

FIGURE 5.4 NUMBER OF HOURS A WEEK USUALLY WORKED

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

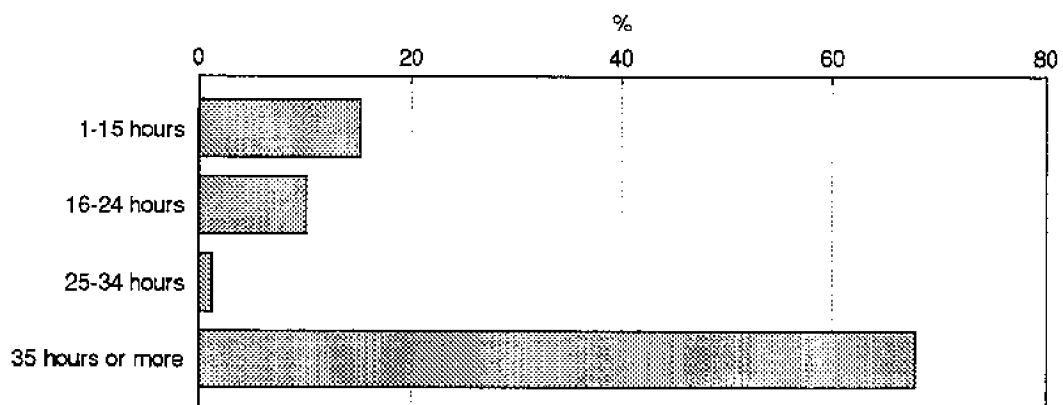
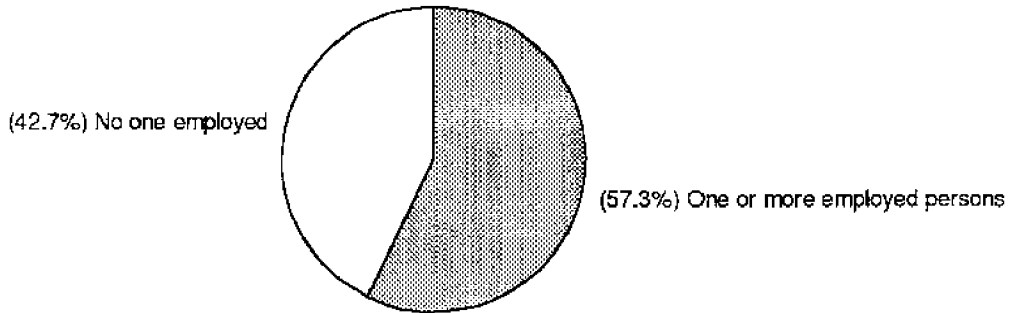


FIGURE 5.5 NUMBER OF EMPLOYED PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD

Households living in private dwellings



Number of employed persons in household

It was estimated that there was some 1,900 households in which no one was working. For the remaining 1,420 households one or more people reported that they were working.

Whether work commitments allowed cultural obligations to be met

The 1,600 employed people reported that their work commitments meant that they:

- could meet cultural obligations (740 people)
- could not meet cultural obligations (570 people)

There were 200** people who reported that they did not have cultural obligations

FIGURE 5.6 WHETHER WORK COMMITMENTS ALLOWED CULTURAL OBLIGATIO

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

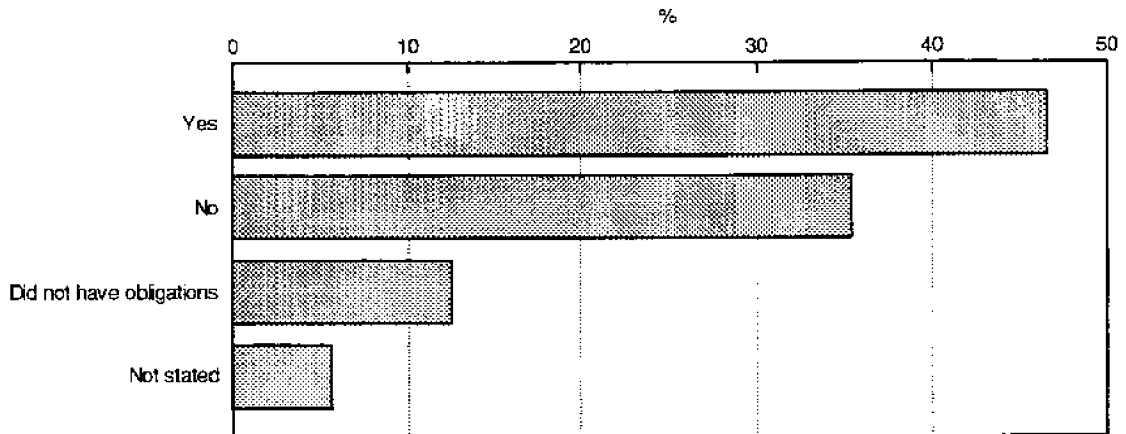
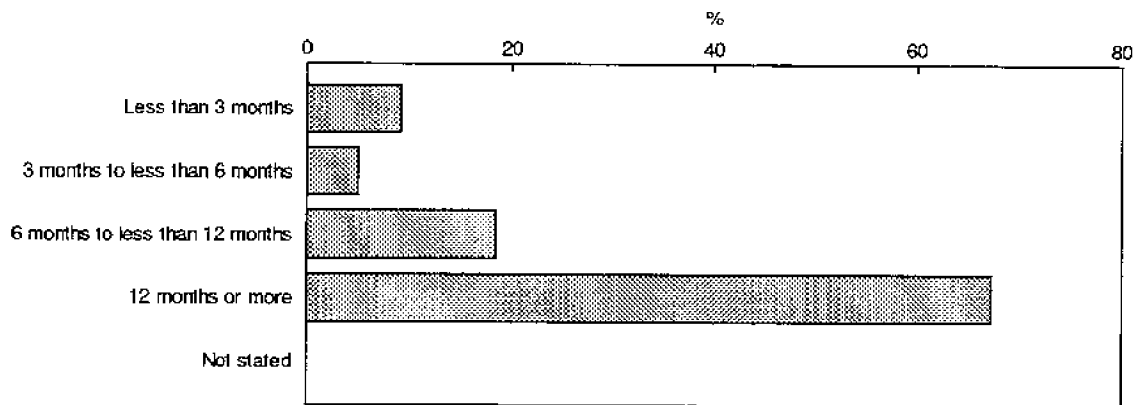


FIGURE 5.7 LENGTH OF TIME UNEMPLOYED

Unemployed persons aged 15 years and over



Length of time unemployed

The 1,840 unemployed people reported that the length of time they had been unemployed was:

- less than 3 months (170** people)
- 3 months to less than 6 months (90** people)
- 6 months to less than 12 months (340** people)
- 12 months or more (1,240 people)

Main difficulty in finding a job

The main difficulty that these unemployed people experienced in finding a job was:

- transport problems or too far to travel (620 people)
- no jobs at all (350 people)
- racial discrimination (300 people)

FIGURE 5.8 MAIN DIFFICULTY IN FINDING A JOB

Unemployed persons aged 15 years and over

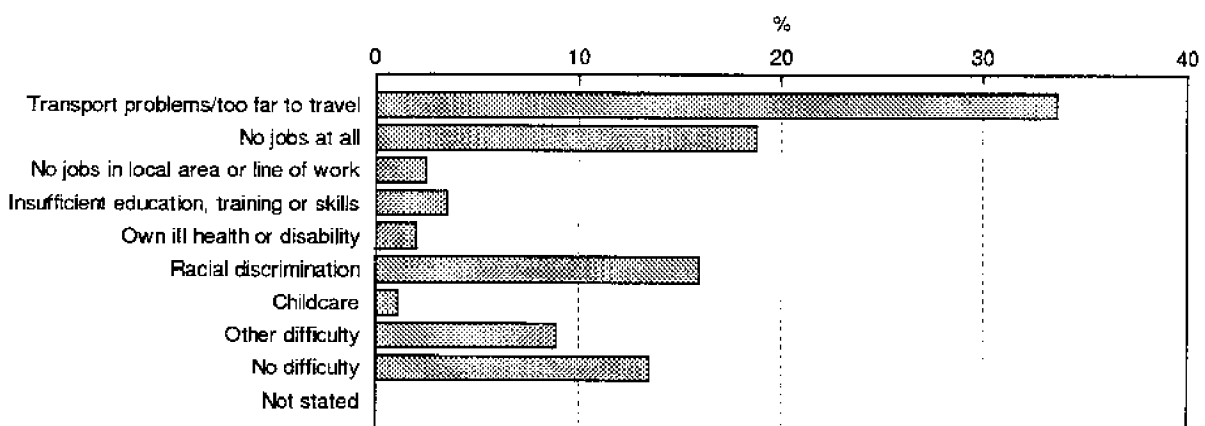
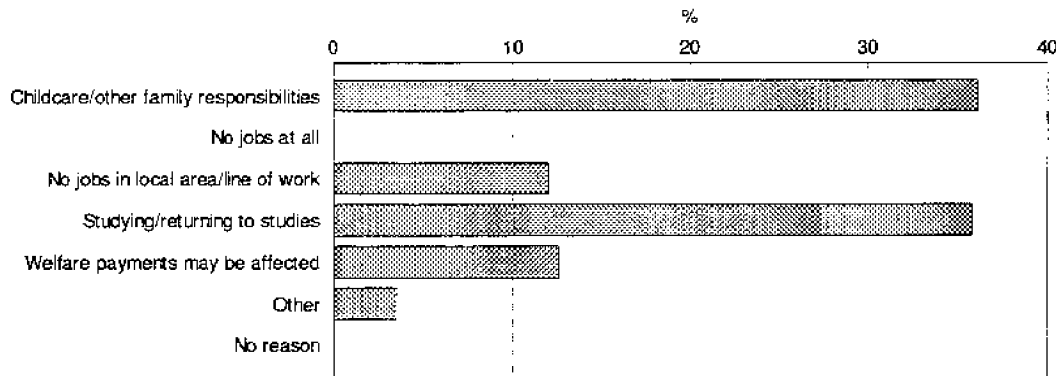


FIGURE 5.9 MAIN REASON NOT LOOKING FOR WORK

Persons aged 15 years and over not in the labour force but who wanted a job



Persons not in the labour force who wanted a job

Some 550 of those 2,780 people not in the labour force, that is, not working and not looking for work, said they wanted a job. The main reason for not looking for work was:

- childcare and other family responsibilities (200** people)
- studying or returning to study (200** people)
- welfare payments /pension may be affected (70** people)

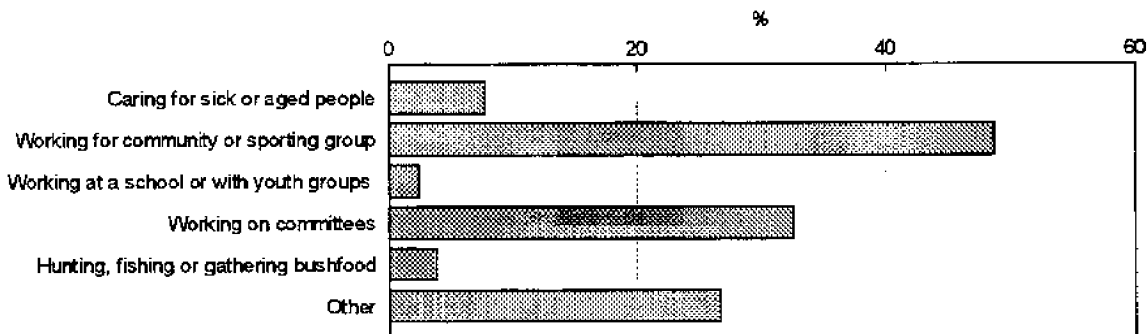
Voluntary work

Some 780 people aged fifteen years and older said that they were engaged in voluntary work. The type of voluntary work undertaken was:

- caring for sick or aged people (60** people)
- working for community or sporting organisation (380 people)
- working at a school or with youth groups (20** people)
- working on committees (260** people)
- hunting, fishing or gathering bush food (30** people)

FIGURE 5.10 TYPE OF VOLUNTARY WORK UNDERTAKEN (a)

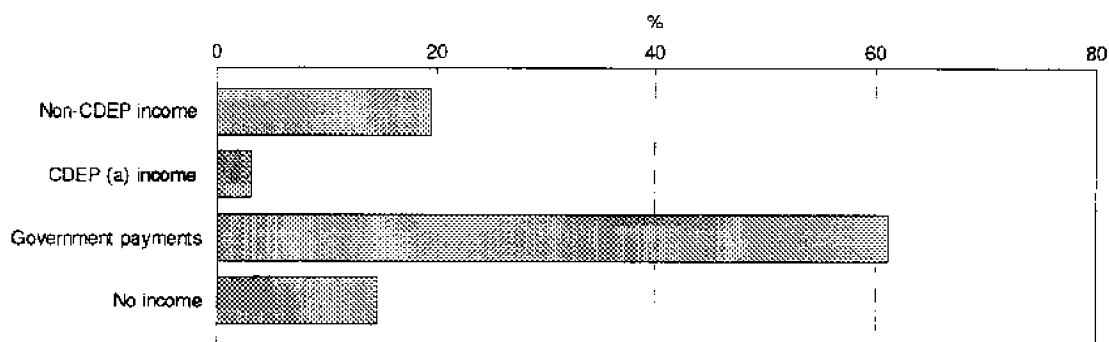
Persons aged 15 years and over who undertook voluntary work



(a) Persons may have given more than one answer

FIGURE 5.11 MAIN SOURCE OF INCOME

Persons aged 15 years and over



(a) Community Development Employment Projects

Main source of income The 6,220 people aged fifteen years and over reported that their main source of income was:

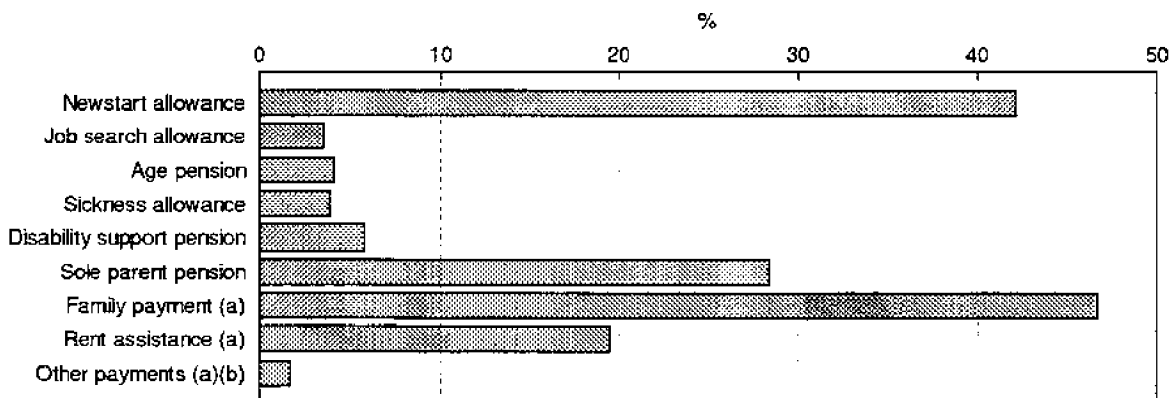
- non-CDEP employment (1,210 people)
- CDEP employment (200** people)
- government payments (3,810 people)
- no income (910 people)

Government payments received It was estimated that some 4,320 people aged fifteen years and over received government allowances, pensions and other payments. The main types of payments received were:

- family payment (2,020 people)
- Newstart allowance (1,820 people)
- sole parent pension (1,230 people)
- rent assistance (840 people)
- disability support (250** people)
- age pension (180** people)

FIGURE 5.12 TYPE OF GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS RECEIVED

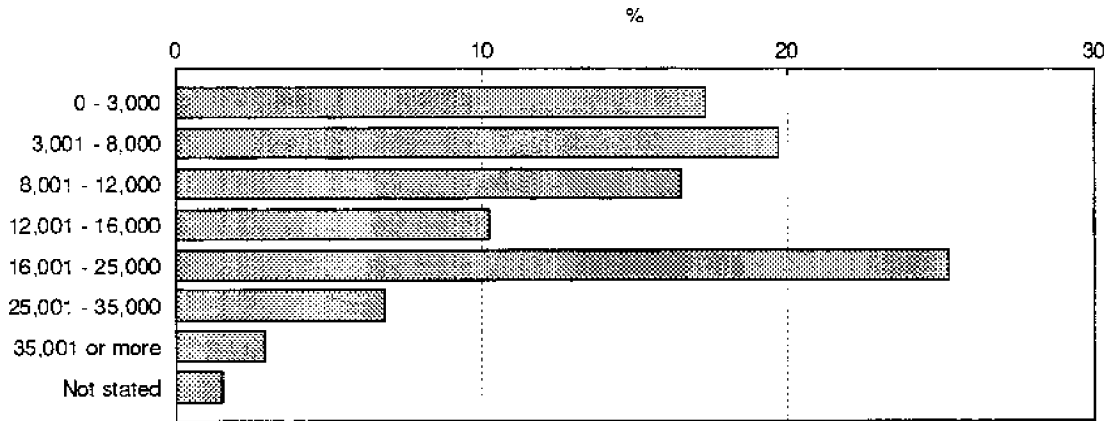
Persons aged 15 years and over who received government payments



(a) Persons may have received an allowance or pension in addition to one or more of these payments (b) includes Abstudy

FIGURE 5.13 ANNUAL PERSONAL INCOME (\$)

Persons aged 15 years and over



Personal income The 6,220 people aged fifteen years and older reported that their annual personal income (\$) was:

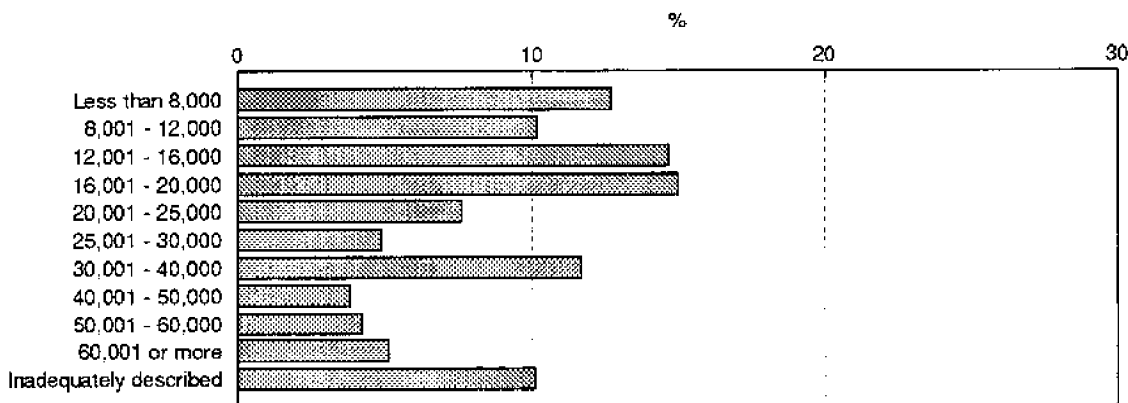
- less than 3,000 (1,080 people)
- 3,001 - 8,000 (1,220 people)
- 8,001 - 12,000 (1,020 people)
- 12,001 - 16,000 (630 people)
- 16,001 - 25,000 (1,570 people)
- 25,001 - 35,000 (420 people)
- 35,001 or more (270** people)

Household income The annual income (\$) of the 3,320 households was estimated to be:

- less than 12,000 (760 h'holds)
- 12,001 - 16,000 (490 h'holds)
- 16,001 - 20,000 (500 h'holds)
- 20,001 - 25,000 (250** h'holds)
- 25,001 - 30,000 (160** h'holds)
- 30,001 - 40,000 (390 h'holds)
- 40,001 - 50,000 (130** h'holds)
- 50,001 - 60,000 (140** h'holds)
- 60,001 or more (170** h'holds)
- Inadequately described (340 h'holds)

FIGURE 5.14 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME (\$)

Households living in private dwellings



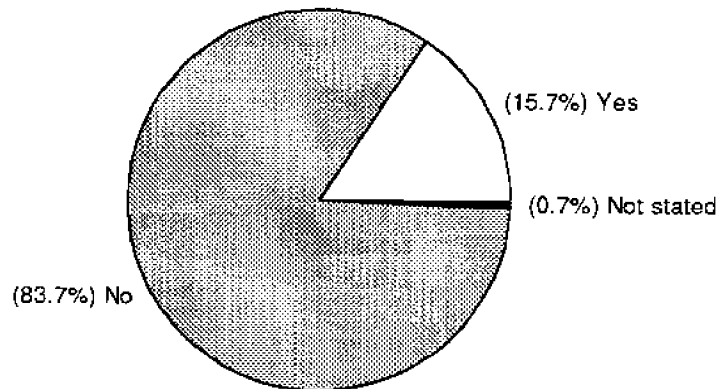


CHAPTER SIX

LAW AND JUSTICE

FIGURE 6.1 NEEDED LEGAL SERVICES IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Needed legal services

Some 1,050 of the 6,700 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they needed to use legal services in the last twelve months.

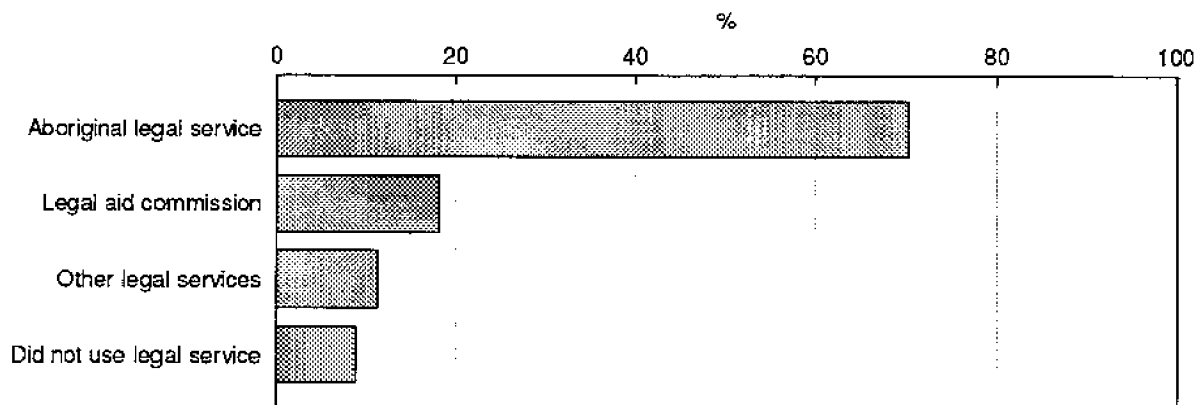
Types of legal services used

Of the 1,050 people who reported that they needed to use legal services, some 90** people indicated that they did not use a legal service. The main types of legal services used were:

- Aboriginal legal service (740 people)
- legal aid commission (190** people)
- other legal services (120** people)

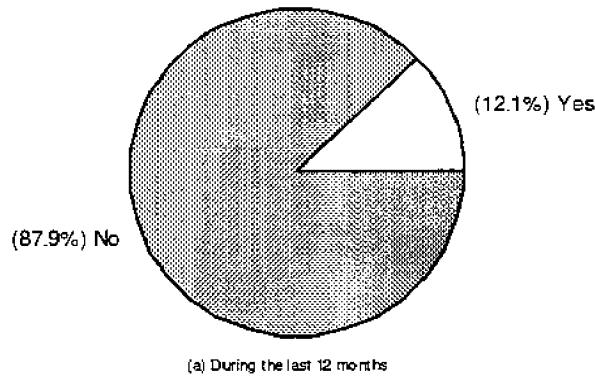
FIGURE 6.2 TYPES OF LEGAL SERVICES USED (a)

Persons aged 13 years and over who needed legal services in the last 12 months



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one type of legal service.

FIGURE 6.3 PHYSICALLY ATTACKED OR VERBALLY THREATENED (a)
Persons aged 13 years and over

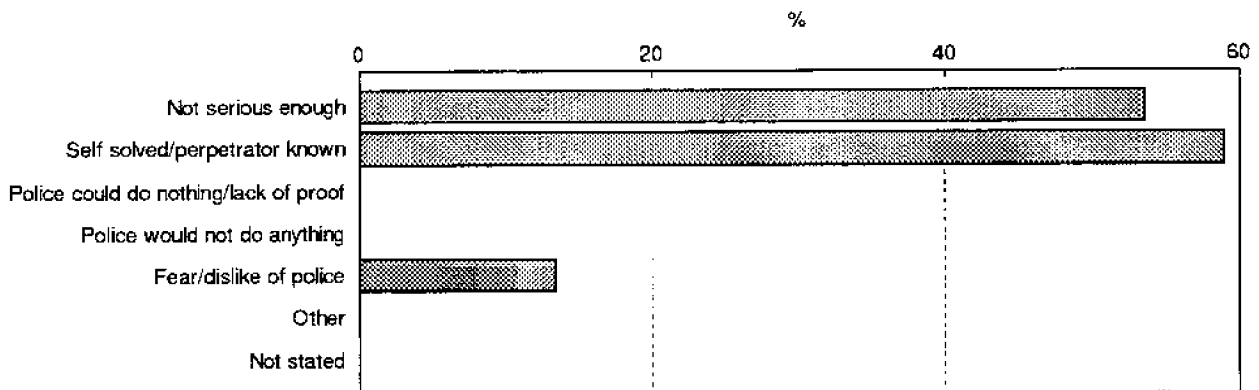


Personal safety Some 810 people aged thirteen years and over reported being physically attacked or verbally threatened in the last twelve months.

Reasons for not reporting last incident to police Some 520 of those people who said they were physically attacked or verbally threatened did not report their last attack to the police. The main reasons for not doing so were:

- solved it themselves/perpetrator known to them (310 people)
- not serious enough (280 people)
- fears/dislikes police (70** people)

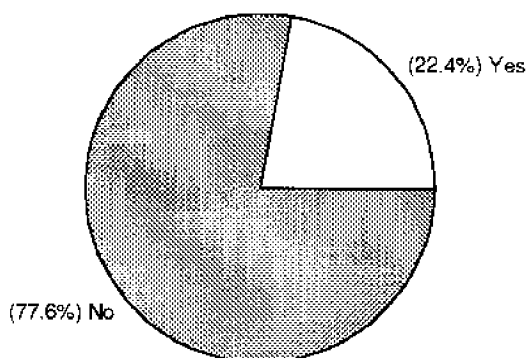
FIGURE 6.4 REASONS FOR NOT REPORTING LAST INCIDENT TO POLICE (a)
Persons aged 13 years and over who had been attacked in the last 12 months but did not report last incident to police



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one reason

FIGURE 6.5 ARRESTED IN THE LAST 5 YEARS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Arrested in last 5 years

Some 1,500 people aged thirteen years and over said that they had been arrested in the last five years. The number of times they reported they had been arrested was:

- one (580 people)
- two (440 people)
- three or more (480** people)

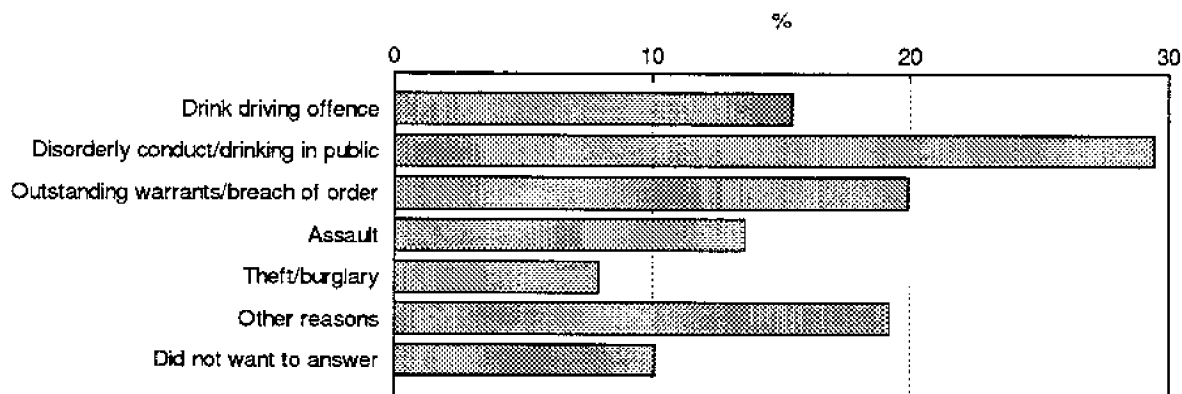
Reasons for last arrest

Those people who had been arrested reported that the main reasons for their last arrest were:

- disorderly conduct/drinking in a public place (440 people)
- outstanding warrants/breach of order (300 people)
- drink driving offences (230** people)

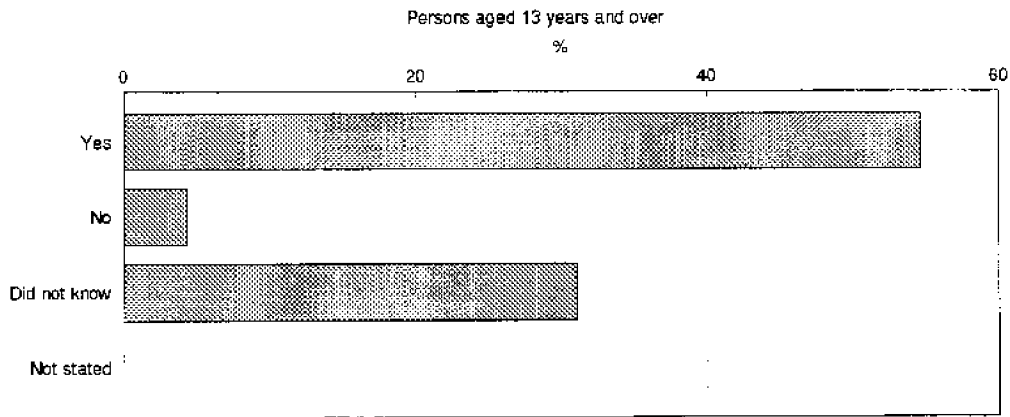
FIGURE 6.6 REASONS FOR LAST ARREST (a)

Persons aged 13 years and over who had been arrested in the last 5 years



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one reason

FIGURE 6.7 FAMILY VIOLENCE WAS A COMMON PROBLEM IN THE LOCAL AREA



Whether family violence was a common problem

When asked if they thought family violence was a common problem in the Tamworth Region:

- 3,660 people aged 13 years and over said yes
- 960 people said no
- 2,080 people said they did not know

Whether police did a good job dealing with family violence

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with family violence:

- 1,550 people aged 13 years and over said yes
- 1,460 people said no
- 970 people said police sometimes did a good job
- 2,720 people said that they did not know

FIGURE 6.8 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH FAMILY VIOLENCE

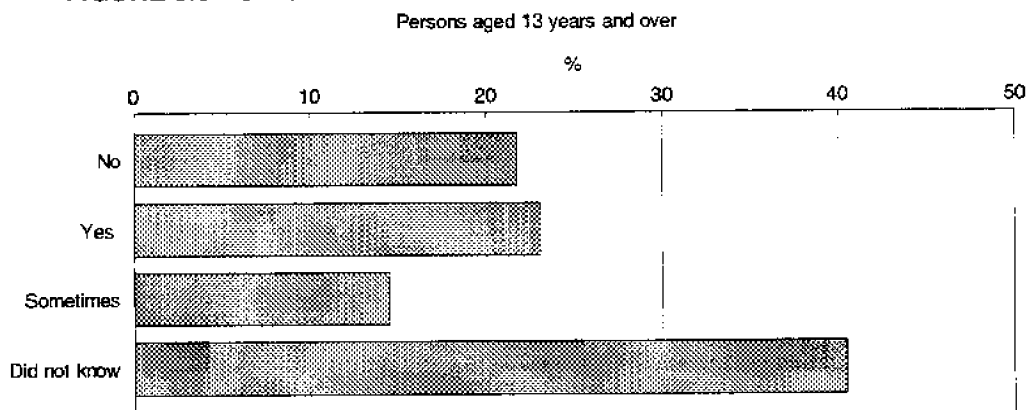
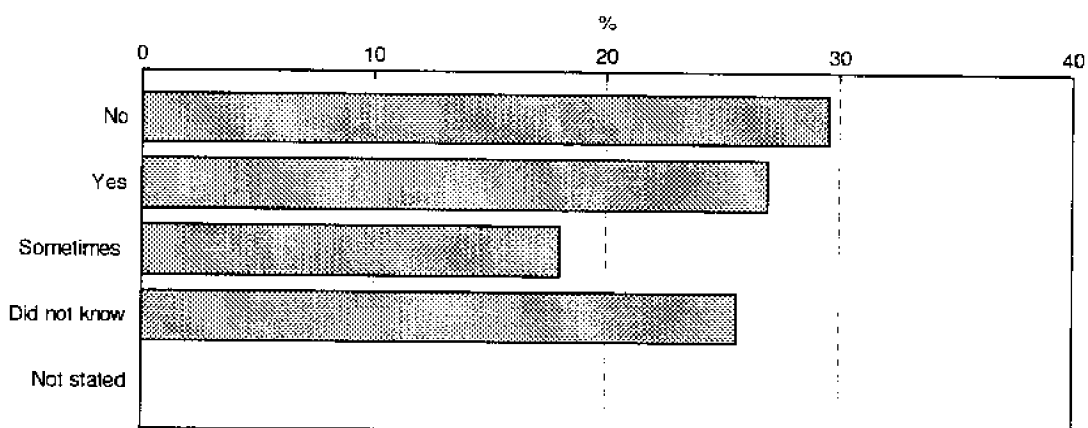


FIGURE 6.9 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH CRIME

Persons aged 13 years and over



Perceptions of police dealing with crime

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with crime:

- 1,980 people aged 13 years and over said no
- 1,800 people said yes
- 1,210 people said sometimes
- 1,710 people said the did not know

Perceptions of police dealing with violence

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with violence:

- 1,650 people aged 13 years and over said no
- 1,620 people said yes
- 1,200 people said sometimes
- 2,240 people said they did not know

FIGURE 6.10 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH VIOLENCE

Persons aged 13 years and over

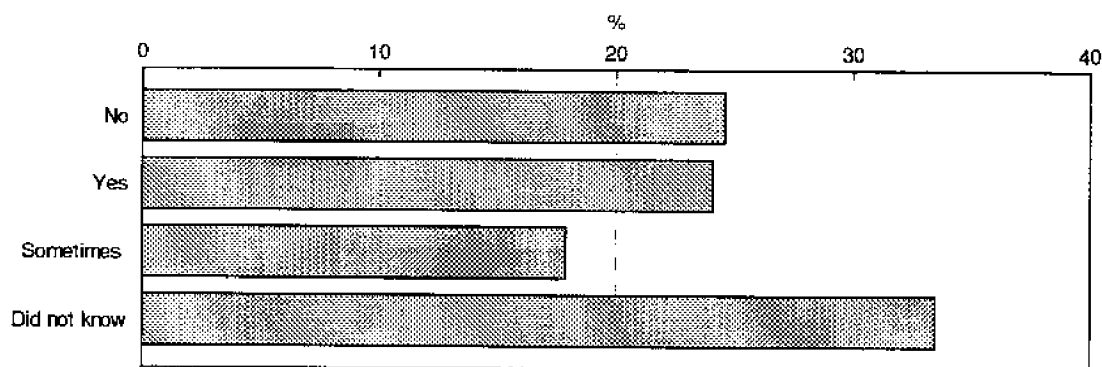
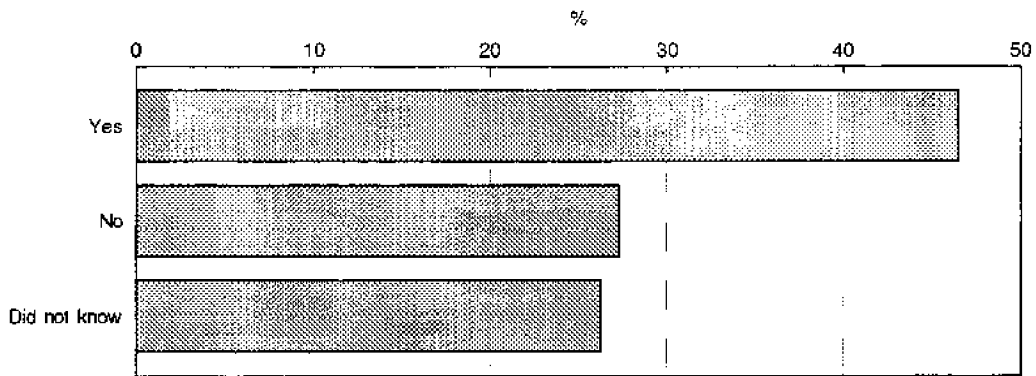


FIGURE 6.11 INDIGENOUS POLICE IN LOCAL AREA

Persons aged 13 years and over



Whether there were Indigenous police in local area

People aged thirteen years and over were asked whether there were Indigenous people working in their local area as police aides, police liaison officers or police officers. The responses were:

- yes (3,120 people)
- no (1,830 people)
- did not know (1,760 people)

Whether local Indigenous police did a good job

The views of the 3,120 people on whether Indigenous police aides, police liaison officers and police officers did a good job were:

- yes (780 people)
- no (1,060 people)
- sometimes (960 people)
- did not know (290 people)

FIGURE 6.12 LOCAL INDIGENOUS POLICE DID A GOOD JOB

Persons aged 13 years and over who reported that there were Indigenous police in the local area

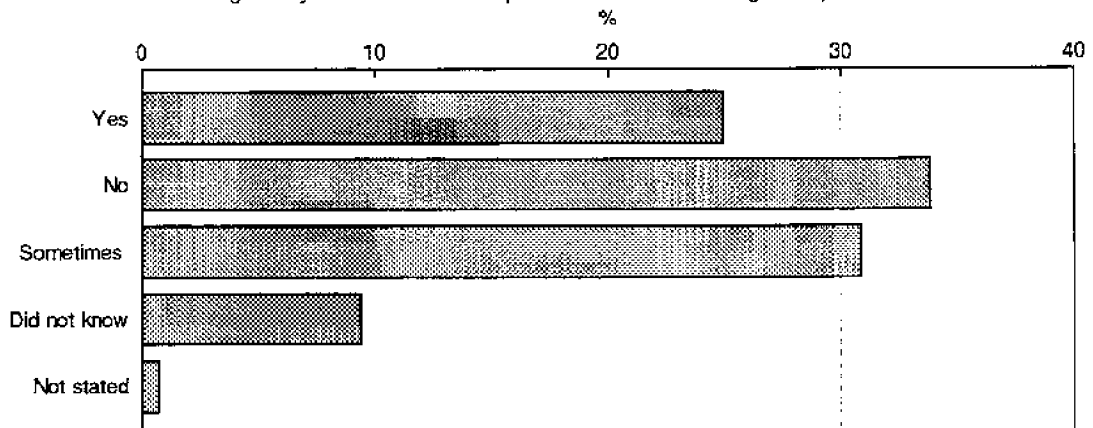
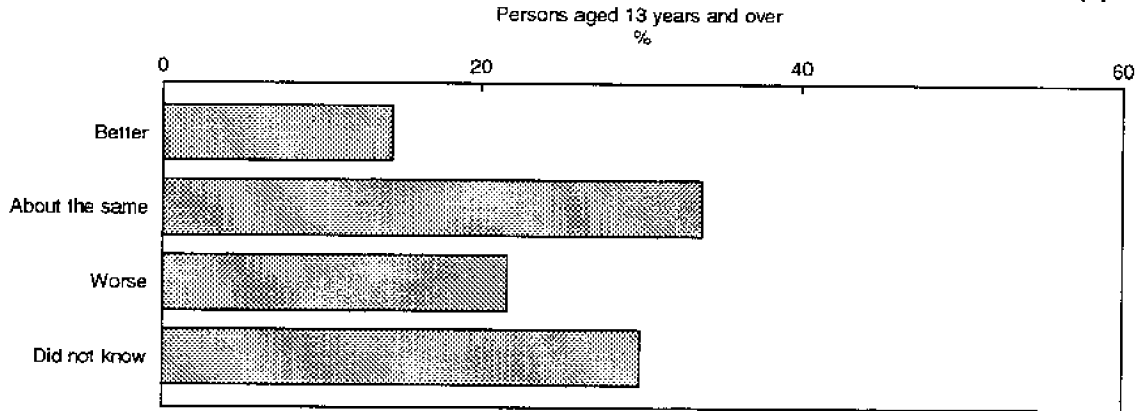


FIGURE 6.13 PERCEPTION OF CURRENT RELATIONS WITH POLICE (a)



(a) Compared to 5 years ago

Perceptions of current relations with police compared to 5 years ago

People aged thirteen years and over stated that current relations with police compared to five years ago were:

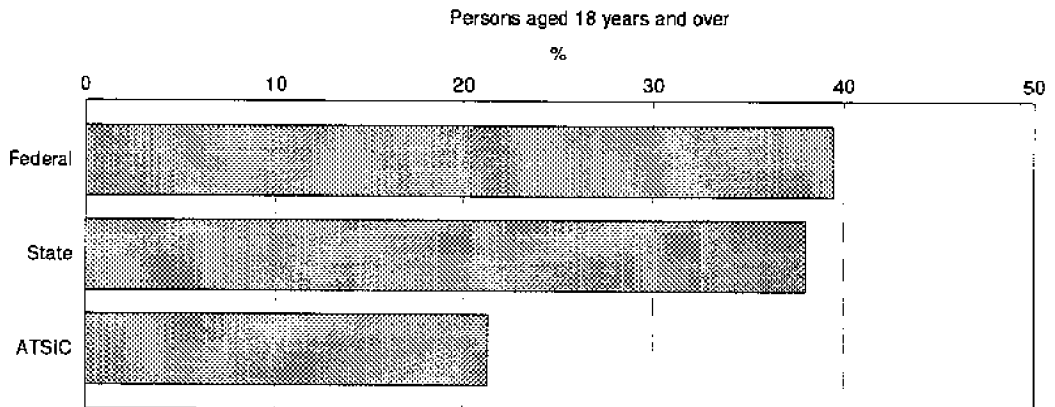
- better (960 people)
- about the same (2,270 people)
- worse (1,450 people)
- did not know (2,010 people)

Whether voted in last elections

The reported voting patterns of the 5,590 people aged eighteen years and over were:

- 2,210 people voted in the last Federal election
- 2,120 people voted in the last State election
- 1,190 people voted in the last ATSIC election

FIGURE 6.14 VOTED IN LAST ELECTIONS



APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: FAMILIES

Area	Family Type			Family Members		Total Families (^{'000})
	One parent families (%)	Couple only families (%)	Two parent families (%)	All Indigenous (%)	Indigenous and non-Indigenous (%)	
Queanbeyan	32.2	**9.5	52.2	55.1	44.9	2.1
Bourke	27.2	14.5	52.8	91.3	**8.7	1.7
Coffs Harbour	31.6	12.0	52.7	55.4	44.6	5.4
Sydney	26.5	19.2	50.8	36.7	63.3	7.8
Tamworth	32.6	14.5	47.4	86.3	13.7	2.6
Wagga Wagga	28.6	17.3	48.7	48.8	51.2	4.8
Wangaratta	25.1	**11.1	58.9	31.6	68.4	2.9
Ballarat	34.7	24.8	39.8	33.8	66.2	3.4
Brisbane	31.6	14.1	48.7	36.2	63.8	5.9
Cairns	28.8	10.6	53.7	71.4	28.6	3.5
Mt Isa	26.7	**11.0	61.6	89.8	**10.2	1.4
Cooktown	31.1	15.6	50.8	96.1	**3.9	1.7
Rockhampton	15.1	20.8	60.7	43.1	56.9	2.9
Roma	25.9	**6.7	67.4	51.1	48.9	1.9
Townsville	25.9	**10.3	63.1	61.5	38.5	3.0
Torres Strait area	21.8	20.7	56.7	93.0	7.0	1.7
Adelaide	46.6	**9.9	40.5	52.7	47.3	3.2
Ceduna	27.8	22.0	46.5	82.0	18.0	0.5
Port Augusta	24.0	12.9	57.7	82.7	17.3	1.5
Perth	29.5	13.7	56.1	54.2	45.8	3.7
Broome	40.1	15.5	44.4	80.6	19.4	1.0
Kununurra	23.9	18.6	55.6	93.0	**7.0	1.0
Warburton	25.4	15.1	55.4	100.0	**0.0	0.7
Narrogin	23.2	**3.9	68.5	76.9	23.1	1.4
South Hedland	32.8	10.2	54.8	58.6	41.4	1.4
Derby	33.6	16.5	49.9	95.1	**4.9	1.1
Kalgoorlie	23.4	15.0	59.1	75.2	24.8	0.6
Geraldton	36.4	18.6	41.1	90.6	9.4	1.3
Hobart	18.6	24.7	54.9	19.4	80.6	4.0
Alice Springs	40.3	**12.4	38.3	89.2	**10.8	1.0
Jabiru	24.1	18.0	56.9	98.9	**1.1	1.8
Katherine	25.1	16.8	57.3	93.4	6.6	1.8
Aputula	26.0	17.0	55.1	97.8	**2.2	1.7
Nhulunbuy	23.2	**13.2	63.7	94.9	**5.1	1.4
Tennant Creek	17.8	18.8	62.2	100.0	**0.0	0.8
Darwin	30.9	21.5	44.8	64.0	36.0	1.9
Australia	28.5	15.4	52.8	60.2	39.8	84.9

APPENDIX A: CULTURE

Persons aged 13 years and over							
Area	Identified with a clan (a)	Recognised an area as homelands	See elders as being important	Attended cultural activities	Recognise homelands		
					Total	Currently live in their homelands	Total
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	50.2	69.6	74.5	57.2	4.6	51.5	3.2
Bourke	57.1	70.9	86.2	76.0	4.9	81.5	3.5
Coffs Harbour	60.3	81.7	92.1	80.8	11.8	44.8	9.6
Sydney	41.9	70.1	82.8	62.8	15.6	31.8	10.9
Tamworth	38.5	70.0	75.1	65.4	6.7	76.3	4.7
Wagga Wagga	45.2	46.4	76.5	61.7	9.8	44.8	4.6
Wangaratta	41.0	69.8	73.4	49.4	6.0	40.0	4.2
Ballarat	48.5	70.4	86.0	70.7	6.6	26.6	4.6
Brisbane	43.1	65.6	72.1	62.8	12.3	**8.8	8.1
Cairns	72.2	84.6	86.1	80.2	7.7	37.7	6.5
Mt Isa	84.7	90.8	96.3	81.6	4.6	62.6	4.2
Cooktown	95.3	96.0	89.2	90.9	4.5	54.1	4.3
Rockhampton	27.5	48.8	79.5	63.5	5.4	53.1	2.7
Roma	24.0	53.9	77.7	58.3	4.6	45.8	2.5
Townsville	57.9	78.2	82.8	73.5	8.5	27.4	6.7
Torres Strait area	71.4	93.0	81.6	81.9	4.3	70.1	4.0
Adelaide	60.2	77.5	86.1	68.2	6.9	21.9	5.3
Ceduna	80.3	86.4	92.6	92.0	1.1	45.9	0.9
Port Augusta	77.9	84.2	88.0	83.4	4.0	32.4	3.3
Perth	59.9	71.3	84.1	65.2	8.5	11.4	6.0
Broome	80.3	84.6	91.3	93.8	2.3	41.9	2.0
Kununurra	95.2	95.0	92.8	96.3	2.9	56.1	2.8
Warburton	84.5	90.3	94.1	92.8	1.8	59.6	1.7
Narrogin	50.2	85.6	82.7	78.0	3.6	55.0	3.1
South Hedland	50.9	63.5	85.0	72.8	3.1	27.1	2.0
Derby	84.7	87.9	89.5	85.7	3.0	34.4	2.6
Kalgoorlie	54.9	69.1	82.4	81.9	1.7	49.2	1.2
Geraldton	33.9	45.5	83.4	94.2	3.2	40.7	1.5
Hobart	17.7	39.9	66.4	31.4	6.6	45.5	2.6
Alice Springs	86.2	88.4	92.7	83.2	3.6	23.6	3.2
Jabiru	99.2	97.9	95.3	91.2	5.5	37.4	5.4
Katherine	90.1	91.7	95.6	86.6	4.6	23.1	4.2
Aputula	100.0	98.6	98.2	96.1	5.0	69.8	4.9
Nhulunbuy	97.6	99.5	98.2	79.1	4.5	78.3	4.5
Tennant Creek	94.8	98.5	81.2	97.6	2.2	34.6	2.2
Darwin	75.5	83.4	94.5	68.5	5.5	22.1	4.6
Australia	59.8	75.2	84.4	72.1	197.5	41.0	148.1

(a) or persons who identified with a tribal or language group.

APPENDIX A: HEALTH

Area	All persons			Persons aged 13 years and over		
	Experienced illness			Smokers	Perceived alcohol to be main local health problem	Total
	Recent (2 wks prior to survey)	Specified long term (6 mths or over)	Total			
(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	(%)	('000)	
Queanbeyan	44.8	42.4	6.7	46.4	46.1	4.6
Bourke	20.1	23.3	7.2	60.7	63.6	4.9
Coffs Harbour	47.7	43.8	18.8	48.9	71.4	11.8
Sydney	55.1	42.4	24.1	48.6	52.4	15.6
Tamworth	31.5	29.8	10.2	54.9	60.0	6.7
Wagga Wagga	37.8	36.4	15.4	47.4	62.0	9.8
Wangaratta	53.0	45.4	9.4	52.5	36.6	6.0
Ballarat	54.6	46.6	9.8	59.7	39.8	6.6
Brisbane	51.2	45.1	18.6	50.8	28.1	12.3
Cairns	35.2	25.7	12.6	48.2	84.6	7.7
Mt Isa	28.1	25.7	6.8	51.3	68.4	4.6
Cooktown	31.4	32.7	6.5	60.5	85.7	4.5
Rockhampton	31.7	31.4	9.2	48.5	63.0	5.4
Roma	33.6	38.6	7.0	53.3	48.7	4.6
Townsville	42.9	34.1	12.8	36.9	50.6	8.5
Torres Strait area	24.1	18.6	6.4	40.9	79.1	4.3
Adelaide	40.5	36.9	10.7	56.3	51.4	6.9
Ceduna	41.6	36.9	1.8	53.6	78.7	1.1
Port Augusta	50.2	38.8	6.0	53.5	64.9	4.0
Perth	46.1	38.9	13.3	49.9	73.2	8.5
Broome	19.6	26.4	3.6	53.8	96.3	2.3
Kununurra	49.8	24.7	4.2	45.9	61.7	2.9
Warburton	32.7	23.2	2.8	40.2	57.4	1.8
Narrogin	34.4	28.8	6.2	48.1	67.4	3.6
South Hedland	34.8	34.4	4.8	44.4	88.9	3.1
Derby	33.3	23.9	4.4	45.0	81.6	3.0
Kalgoorlie	27.8	31.6	2.8	52.5	76.7	1.7
Geraldton	34.0	33.4	5.0	45.4	79.3	3.2
Hobart	48.1	41.7	10.1	45.9	26.2	6.6
Alice Springs	40.5	23.7	4.7	28.9	74.4	3.6
Jabiru	33.0	23.2	8.5	61.4	55.9	5.5
Katherine	50.5	29.3	7.3	41.2	46.7	4.6
Aputula	35.4	23.8	7.1	41.4	58.0	5.0
Nhulunbuy	42.2	29.4	6.9	59.2	30.9	4.5
Tennant Creek	19.8	15.0	3.6	32.8	90.0	2.2
Darwin	37.4	34.3	8.0	49.7	66.2	5.5
Australia	41.2	34.8	303.3	49.7	58.8	197.5

APPENDIX A: HOUSING

Area	Home ownership rate	Community owned dwellings	Running water connected	Electricity connected	Dwelling situated on sealed road	Satisfied with current dwelling	Total households
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	**9.9	**9.5	94.6	94.6	59.7	83.0	2.8
Bourke	**18.5	45.2	92.9	94.6	84.4	68.9	1.6
Coffs Harbour	30.6	24.5	97.0	97.3	88.2	75.5	5.5
Sydney	34.0	**2.3	98.8	98.7	96.5	70.2	9.7
Tamworth	**14.2	20.9	95.2	99.0	81.4	88.2	3.3
Wagga Wagga	40.1	**15.6	97.1	99.8	87.1	85.3	5.0
Wangaratta	**41.1	**12.5	99.8	99.8	96.8	83.2	3.1
Ballarat	**30.0	**6.6	99.7	99.8	85.2	84.7	3.6
Brisbane	34.9	**11.1	96.4	97.0	93.9	93.0	6.4
Cairns	**15.3	**17.0	97.1	97.8	85.3	88.2	3.0
Mt Isa	**2.5	64.4	97.0	99.7	30.6	77.7	1.2
Cooktown	**0.8	86.4	74.0	74.0	52.5	28.1	1.3
Rockhampton	**16.0	**16.5	100.0	100.0	95.1	87.6	3.1
Roma	**34.5	**14.8	100.0	100.0	88.9	96.2	2.0
Townsville	**16.1	**16.4	97.5	99.1	95.0	79.6	2.8
Torres Strait area	**17.5	**54.1	88.4	90.4	39.6	64.7	1.5
Adelaide	**19.9	**13.3	99.7	99.7	91.7	88.1	3.4
Ceduna	**5.3	**28.5	97.9	97.9	88.7	74.4	0.4
Port Augusta	**16.9	**26.0	98.2	93.1	72.1	71.3	1.5
Perth	**38.2	**0.0	96.4	96.4	81.5	78.0	4.2
Broome	**4.5	**4.5	93.4	93.4	68.6	44.6	0.9
Kununurra	**5.4	**59.1	69.4	72.6	31.2	35.5	0.7
Warburton	**0.0	**87.8	93.6	94.6	**13.6	77.4	0.5
Narrogin	**24.4	**7.3	98.7	93.0	76.2	79.0	1.7
South Hedland	**6.5	**6.6	99.2	99.2	90.7	92.7	1.5
Derby	**0.0	**65.8	72.3	73.3	31.2	30.9	0.9
Kalgoorlie	**8.2	**5.8	99.3	98.5	92.1	75.3	0.6
Geraldton	**15.6	**6.3	100.0	100.0	83.9	94.1	1.3
Hobart	52.3	**3.0	98.8	99.6	83.4	90.6	4.4
Alice Springs	**18.4	**18.7	93.6	94.7	83.8	79.9	1.1
Jabiru	**0.8	78.5	89.1	87.6	45.1	21.6	1.1
Katherine	**14.0	67.8	90.3	90.2	54.9	45.5	1.2
Aputula	**0.0	**69.8	79.3	74.1	53.6	27.2	1.3
Nhulunbuy	**0.0	74.3	97.5	97.5	38.3	35.3	1.0
Tennant Creek	**2.7	89.9	95.9	87.5	65.5	53.9	0.7
Darwin	**22.7	**16.8	94.9	98.1	87.3	84.0	1.9
Australia	24.9	20.9	96.1	96.4	81.6	77.3	86.4

APPENDIX A: PRIMARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

Area	Persons aged 5-18 years		Primary and secondary school students			
	Attending school (%)	Total (^{'000})	Taught an Indigenous language at school (%)	Taught Indigenous culture at school (%)	Taught by an Indigenous teacher (%)	Total (^{'000})
Queanbeyan	76.0	2.1	6.3	57.4	11.0	1.6
Bourke	78.0	2.8	20.1	60.0	34.9	2.2
Coffs Harbour	89.0	6.5	15.2	48.6	12.6	5.9
Sydney	89.8	7.0	**6.0	44.0	**4.8	6.5
Tamworth	93.1	3.3	**7.9	60.0	13.9	3.1
Wagga Wagga	85.3	4.9	**1.3	29.4	**3.4	4.2
Wangaratta	80.1	2.9	**2.2	33.9	**1.4	2.3
Ballarat	87.2	3.0	**4.1	39.4	**4.6	2.7
Brisbane	84.6	6.6	**0.5	32.7	**1.1	5.7
Cairns	82.1	4.4	30.4	78.5	8.1	3.6
Mt Isa	80.1	2.0	24.8	64.4	**2.0	1.6
Cooktown	75.9	1.6	33.1	77.8	40.1	1.2
Rockhampton	83.3	2.4	**1.5	31.6	**2.6	2.0
Roma	74.3	2.8	**0.0	38.7	**0.9	2.1
Townsville	79.5	5.0	**1.6	41.5	**2.9	4.0
Torres Strait area	81.4	1.8	56.3	91.2	52.6	1.5
Adelaide	84.1	3.5	17.5	49.1	**7.9	2.9
Ceduna	83.8	0.6	60.7	85.4	**6.4	0.5
Port Augusta	78.6	1.9	54.7	76.0	23.9	1.5
Perth	79.3	4.5	**4.3	49.4	**8.3	3.6
Broome	83.2	1.2	48.5	58.4	11.6	1.0
Kununurra	71.3	1.3	52.7	71.3	**1.2	1.0
Warburton	75.8	0.8	59.4	68.3	**14.3	0.6
Narrogin	84.5	2.7	**5.9	42.5	**5.7	2.3
South Hedland	84.3	1.8	9.6	43.2	**0.0	1.5
Derby	74.9	1.4	45.0	66.4	**5.0	1.0
Kalgoorlie	82.7	1.0	9.8	36.1	**4.6	0.8
Geraldton	73.6	1.5	**6.7	32.0	**1.2	1.1
Hobart	81.3	3.5	**2.4	39.0	**1.6	2.9
Alice Springs	88.9	1.9	22.5	66.9	13.6	1.7
Jabiru	75.8	2.7	85.5	94.4	82.1	2.1
Katherine	74.9	2.5	28.8	48.1	11.8	1.9
Aputula	61.2	2.1	49.6	85.9	40.6	1.3
Nhulunbuy	76.1	2.5	90.9	97.0	89.7	1.9
Tennant Creek	71.2	1.1	86.5	91.1	94.8	0.8
Darwin	81.7	2.7	**7.2	42.1	**9.7	2.2
Australia	81.7	100.3	18.3	52.2	13.7	82.9

APPENDIX A: HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Area	Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school				Total (^{'000})
	With post-school qualification (%)	Without post-school educational qualifications			
		Year 12 Certificate (a) (%)	Year 10 Certificate (a) (%)	Below Year 10 (b) (%)	
Queanbeyan	16.4	11.5	30.8	41.3	3.9
Bourke	13.2	**3.2	18.5	65.1	4.2
Coffs Harbour	27.3	4.8	25.1	42.8	9.7
Sydney	24.7	9.1	23.3	42.9	14.0
Tamworth	18.0	**2.2	25.3	54.5	5.7
Wagga Wagga	16.0	**3.8	20.7	59.5	8.8
Wangaratta	24.9	6.5	22.9	45.7	5.2
Ballarat	23.2	13.6	16.9	46.3	5.9
Brisbane	28.6	11.5	28.8	31.1	9.7
Cairns	12.9	17.3	34.6	35.2	6.7
Mt Isa	4.3	6.0	28.8	60.9	4.3
Cooktown	14.4	3.5	24.9	57.2	4.3
Rockhampton	13.3	14.2	33.4	39.0	5.0
Roma	**10.4	**9.5	30.4	49.7	3.5
Townsville	20.7	11.6	37.4	30.3	6.8
Torres Strait area	9.9	15.8	26.5	47.8	4.0
Adelaide	27.3	**6.9	39.5	26.3	6.0
Ceduna	22.4	**4.5	22.7	50.5	1.0
Port Augusta	16.9	**1.8	26.1	55.2	3.6
Perth	13.0	**3.0	44.3	39.7	7.5
Broome	20.1	4.9	46.8	28.2	2.0
Kununurra	7.4	6.1	29.5	56.9	2.7
Warburton	11.1	**3.5	20.3	65.1	1.7
Narrogin	14.6	7.5	39.9	38.0	3.0
South Hedland	19.5	7.3	30.6	42.6	2.6
Derby	8.5	5.2	25.5	60.8	2.6
Kalgoorlie	11.6	**2.9	48.2	37.3	1.5
Geraldton	9.7	5.9	30.7	53.8	3.0
Hobart	23.2	3.4	41.8	31.6	5.6
Alice Springs	17.3	6.5	25.4	50.8	2.5
Jabiru	4.0	4.4	28.2	63.3	5.0
Katherine	7.5	3.1	24.2	65.3	4.1
Aputula	4.2	**0.2	8.4	87.2	4.7
Nhulunbuy	**5.1	14.7	31.9	48.2	3.8
Tennant Creek	9.1	3.9	22.1	64.9	2.1
Darwin	19.0	7.0	32.3	41.7	4.5
Australia	17.1	7.4	28.6	46.9	171.4

(a) Includes persons who attained Yr 10 or Yr 12 Certificate at TAFE. (b) Includes persons with no formal education.

APPENDIX A: LABOUR FORCE STATUS

Area	Persons aged 15 years and over						
	In the labour force			Total (^{'000})	Employed persons		
	Employed (%)	Unemployed (%)	Not in the labour force (%)		Worked 35 hours or more (%)	Able to meet cultural obligations (%)	Total (^{'000})
Queanbeyan	40.6	30.2	29.2	4.3	72.3	38.7	1.7
Bourke	33.8	24.5	41.7	4.4	36.5	46.0	1.5
Coffs Harbour	28.9	30.3	40.8	10.9	53.4	38.1	3.2
Sydney	43.5	20.9	35.5	15.0	78.4	30.6	6.5
Tamworth	25.8	29.6	44.6	6.2	67.7	46.5	1.6
Wagga Wagga	25.1	31.3	43.6	9.3	71.2	27.3	2.3
Wangaratta	39.1	21.8	39.1	5.6	74.6	42.2	2.2
Ballarat	41.8	26.6	31.6	6.1	70.1	38.4	2.6
Brisbane	40.8	19.3	39.8	11.3	68.7	26.5	4.6
Cairns	38.1	19.0	42.9	7.2	39.2	29.9	2.7
Mt Isa	35.2	24.6	40.3	4.4	69.5	83.2	1.5
Cooktown	68.6	3.9	33.4	4.4	27.3	81.8	2.8
Rockhampton	39.5	23.9	36.5	5.1	77.7	53.9	2.0
Roma	23.1	34.8	42.1	4.1	64.6	42.1	1.0
Townsville	39.2	16.2	44.6	7.9	63.1	52.1	3.1
Torres Strait area	35.8	20.0	44.2	4.1	44.0	40.4	1.5
Adelaide	29.5	23.4	47.0	6.5	78.4	**22.6	1.9
Ceduna	47.6	22.6	29.8	1.0	39.1	67.1	0.5
Port Augusta	29.9	29.4	40.7	3.8	51.3	58.9	1.1
Perth	29.1	30.8	40.1	7.8	64.5	27.5	2.3
Broome	44.1	19.1	36.8	2.2	51.3	78.2	1.0
Kununurra	70.2	6.3	23.5	2.8	27.3	58.2	2.0
Warburton	34.6	15.0	50.4	1.8	20.7	75.3	0.6
Narrogin	25.9	19.7	54.3	3.2	62.7	35.4	0.8
South Hedland	38.9	20.2	41.0	3.0	69.5	50.4	1.1
Derby	49.0	8.5	42.6	2.8	13.2	91.1	1.4
Kalgoorlie	18.6	35.1	46.3	1.6	72.9	20.7	0.3
Geraldton	29.8	27.5	42.6	3.2	57.6	18.9	0.9
Hobart	44.8	17.8	41.4	6.1	70.3	17.0	2.7
Alice Springs	44.8	10.9	37.4	2.9	56.4	41.1	1.3
Jabiru	26.7	31.1	44.3	5.4	32.3	77.8	1.4
Katherine	25.7	16.8	42.2	4.3	48.4	81.1	1.1
Aputula	25.0	5.5	69.5	4.8	25.6	94.9	1.2
Nhulunbuy	42.9	15.8	41.3	4.0	63.9	92.7	1.7
Tennant Creek	50.2	22.1	40.6	2.1	34.3	59.7	0.8
Darwin	28.8	23.7	47.5	4.9	64.9	44.8	1.4
Australia	36.0	22.4	41.6	181.5	58.8	46.3	66.0

APPENDIX A: INCOME

Area	Persons aged 15 years and over						Total (^{'000})
	Main source of income (a)				Annual income		
	CDEP (%)	Other earned income (%)	Government payments (%)	No income (%)	\$12,000 or less (%)	\$25,000 or more (%)	
Queanbeyan	**0.0	39.5	50.5	8.8	55.3	13.8	4.3
Bourke	18.3	12.7	56.8	8.8	67.0	5.6	4.4
Coffs Harbour	**2.4	24.8	61.7	10.6	58.1	10.9	10.9
Sydney	**2.5	37.6	42.8	13.0	48.8	20.4	15.0
Tamworth	**3.2	19.5	61.2	14.6	53.5	9.6	6.2
Wagga Wagga	5.2	19.5	66.8	6.9	62.0	13.0	9.3
Wangaratta	**3.6	32.5	50.1	13.8	58.9	18.8	5.6
Ballarat	**2.8	32.7	52.4	11.9	46.9	14.6	6.1
Brisbane	**0.0	35.7	45.9	16.6	52.7	15.0	11.3
Cairns	12.5	20.7	56.0	9.8	55.9	7.3	7.2
Mt Isa	13.8	21.3	56.3	8.3	60.7	11.0	4.4
Cooktown	50.8	5.4	29.8	9.1	54.5	7.0	4.4
Rockhampton	**4.9	33.1	54.7	**5.4	47.4	14.6	5.1
Roma	**2.2	19.0	62.2	9.6	61.9	**9.2	4.1
Townsville	11.4	23.7	47.1	15.1	58.9	13.0	7.9
Torres Strait area	15.3	19.7	51.7	12.1	58.2	7.1	4.1
Adelaide	**3.5	23.6	62.9	8.1	61.1	12.2	6.5
Ceduna	22.5	19.9	50.4	**4.4	59.5	13.2	1.0
Port Augusta	6.7	17.6	63.2	6.7	64.8	9.6	3.8
Perth	**0.0	25.3	66.7	7.2	59.1	10.9	7.8
Broome	22.9	18.2	47.9	10.3	59.6	13.7	2.2
Kununurra	57.6	7.4	26.3	7.5	71.9	3.8	2.8
Warburton	18.4	10.0	55.0	13.7	73.9	**2.6	1.8
Narrogin	**3.0	19.0	67.1	9.8	62.0	6.7	3.2
South Hedland	**0.3	35.2	47.6	12.9	56.5	19.2	3.0
Derby	35.8	10.9	46.0	7.3	79.1	**4.1	2.8
Kalgoorlie	**1.1	16.2	71.4	11.0	59.3	9.9	1.6
Geraldton	3.0	23.7	65.0	8.3	59.5	9.3	3.2
Hobart	**0.2	41.4	47.5	10.3	53.6	14.2	6.1
Alice Springs	15.4	27.7	49.9	5.4	58.8	18.0	2.9
Jabiru	10.0	13.8	65.5	10.3	80.5	3.0	5.4
Katherine	8.8	10.7	68.3	10.3	69.9	4.9	4.3
Aputula	10.3	10.4	68.1	10.6	76.0	3.0	4.8
Nhulunbuy	19.4	19.6	42.1	18.5	67.3	7.3	4.0
Tennant Creek	23.4	10.8	59.0	3.4	66.5	5.9	2.1
Darwin	**1.4	26.5	61.6	9.6	61.1	9.9	4.9
Australia	8.5	24.1	54.9	10.7	59.4	11.3	181.5

(a) Excludes persons who did not state their main source of income.

APPENDIX A: LAW AND JUSTICE

Area	Persons aged 13 years and over				18 years and over		
	Arrested in last 5 years (%)	Relations with police perceived better than 5 years ago (%)	Family violence perceived as a problem in local area (%)	Total (^{'000})	Voted in last federal election (%)	Voted in last ATSIC election (%)	Total (^{'000})
Queanbeyan	20.4	21.4	36.2	4.6	74.4	38.8	3.5
Bourke	19.6	13.4	67.0	4.9	69.5	46.7	3.8
Coffs Harbour	23.1	18.5	42.7	11.8	53.0	24.2	9.3
Sydney	18.2	22.9	25.8	15.6	78.3	19.6	13.4
Tamworth	22.4	14.4	54.6	6.7	39.5	21.3	5.6
Wagga Wagga	23.9	23.1	42.9	9.8	69.6	25.0	8.4
Wangaratta	19.4	27.2	42.6	6.0	70.2	28.8	4.9
Ballarat	24.0	15.3	34.2	6.6	67.0	31.3	5.6
Brisbane	13.8	9.8	21.0	12.3	65.0	18.8	9.6
Cairns	13.4	13.3	53.6	7.7	68.7	44.9	6.4
Mt Isa	7.2	36.3	79.3	4.6	85.1	81.5	4.1
Cooktown	27.3	23.6	77.4	4.5	39.6	66.2	4.2
Rockhampton	14.6	17.9	27.2	5.4	85.7	31.2	4.9
Roma	25.4	27.6	42.9	4.6	75.0	36.9	3.4
Townsville	12.4	18.2	57.9	8.5	72.6	50.8	6.5
Torres Strait area	**1.8	21.7	47.1	4.3	81.8	47.3	3.9
Adelaide	27.6	20.6	39.8	6.9	57.1	19.9	5.7
Ceduna	32.4	27.3	58.4	1.1	52.1	53.0	0.9
Port Augusta	27.0	29.6	62.7	4.0	61.6	41.9	3.5
Perth	27.0	20.5	40.5	8.5	51.0	36.0	7.1
Broome	25.0	12.8	81.8	2.3	58.2	55.3	2.0
Kununurra	34.5	29.4	70.5	2.9	70.4	60.1	2.5
Warburton	22.9	29.3	34.6	1.8	52.8	58.6	1.6
Narrogin	25.3	32.1	31.9	3.6	79.1	56.7	2.7
South Hedland	17.9	12.8	71.6	3.1	64.5	38.4	2.5
Derby	16.4	14.4	71.1	3.0	74.6	69.7	2.4
Kalgoorlie	21.7	19.7	65.1	1.7	60.1	62.4	1.5
Geraldton	18.6	18.9	61.2	3.2	56.0	39.1	2.8
Hobart	12.4	15.4	12.4	6.6	87.2	19.8	5.4
Alice Springs	16.9	17.6	48.8	3.6	68.2	62.3	2.4
Jabiru	19.1	29.7	35.0	5.5	73.0	72.8	4.8
Katherine	22.2	48.4	68.4	4.6	71.7	44.1	3.9
Aputula	25.5	26.6	33.2	5.0	54.4	66.5	4.4
Nhulunbuy	18.1	18.4	46.9	4.5	76.8	70.3	3.6
Tennant Creek	3.6	63.1	65.2	2.2	86.2	81.8	2.0
Darwin	19.0	27.2	50.4	5.5	52.8	33.6	4.4
Australia	20.4	21.5	45.1	197.5	66.2	39.4	163.8

APPENDIX B: INDIGENOUS POPULATION PROJECTIONS
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Populations, June 30 1994

Age (Years)	Tamworth ATSiC Region			New South Wales			Australia		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
0-4	738	693	1,431	6,194	5,836	12,031	22,844	21,680	44,524
5-9	750	698	1,448	6,878	5,159	10,501	20,229	19,317	39,546
10-14	600	557	1,157	4,631	4,333	8,963	17,755	16,796	34,552
15-19	492	460	952	4,102	3,943	8,046	15,826	15,078	30,904
20-24	460	440	900	4,229	4,078	8,306	16,103	15,448	31,551
25-29	447	441	888	3,682	3,598	7,281	14,038	13,793	27,831
30-34	396	394	790	3,156	3,141	6,299	11,777	11,805	23,582
35-39	292	294	586	2,486	2,520	5,005	9,268	9,472	18,740
40-44	215	207	422	1,946	2,058	4,003	7,171	7,683	14,854
45-49	173	177	350	1,458	1,589	3,047	5,135	5,604	10,739
50-54	157	138	295	1,075	1,122	2,197	3,900	4,113	8,013
55-59	109	96	205	808	858	1,667	2,797	3,132	5,929
60-64	70	71	141	565	651	1,216	2,185	2,545	4,730
65-69	48	49	97	359	466	825	1,461	1,796	3,257
70-74	26	30	56	219	274	494	919	1,161	2,080
75 and over	28	31	59	210	345	555	998	1,431	2,429
Total	5,001	4,776	9,777	40,464	39,974	80,437	152,406	150,855	303,261

Note: Population projections for ATSiC Regions have been prepared by ABS using assumptions agreed to by ATSiC. As these regional projections were prepared at a later date using more up-to-date assumptions than the State population projections presented in this attachment, minor discrepancies can exist between these State totals and the sums of component Regions.

CAUTION: For ATSiC Regions discrepancies may occur between survey estimates and population projections.

APPENDIX C: STANDARD ERRORS

Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. The estimates in the survey are subject to sampling variability. One measure of the likely difference between survey estimates and true values is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that the sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all the dwellings had been included.

Another measure of the likely difference is the relative standard error which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling.

The size of the standard error of an estimate of a number of persons increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger is the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.

As the standard errors in the following table show, very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable purposes. Estimates and percentages with larger relative standard errors have been included and are preceded by two asterisks if it is greater than 25 per cent (e.g., **2.5), indicating they are subject to high standard errors and should be used with caution.

Standard Errors for Persons, Families and Households ATSIC Regions and Torres Strait Area

Size of Estimate	Queanbeyan	Bourke	Coffs Harbour	Sydney	Tamworth	Wagga Wagga	Ballarat	Wangaratta	Brisbane	Cairns	Cooktown	Mount Isa
50	32	27	30	42	39	32	30	27	39	30	19	23
100	42	34	42	72	48	54	44	41	66	45	26	33
200	52	42	60	109	60	78	61	62	104	62	35	43
300	58	48	73	131	67	93	72	78	130	72	42	47
500	64	56	95	157	78	109	85	101	167	84	53	50
700	68	62	112	171	87	116	92	119	192	92	61	50
1,000	71	70	135	181	96	121	99	141	219	98	72	58
1,500	73	79	165	186	109	122	105	169	247	103	86	69
2,000	74	86	191	213	118	135	107	190	264	105	98	78
2,500	74	93	213	236	126	146	108	208	276	106	109	85
3,000	77	98	234	256	134	156	109	223	285	106	118	92
4,000	82	107	270	293	145	173	120	248	295	116	134	104
5,000	86	115	302	325	155	187	129	268	301	124	..	114
7,000	..	..	357	380	172	210	145	301	304	138	..	..
10,000	..	..	428	448	..	238	..	..	349	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	541	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

**Appendix C: Standard Errors for Persons, Families and Households
ATSIC Regions and Torres Strait Area — continued**

Size of Estimate	Rock-hampton	Roma	Townsville	Torres Strait area	Adelaide	Ceduna	Port Augusta	Perth	Broome	Kununurra	Warburton	Narragin
50	30	36	37	17	36	15	22	34	15	16	17	25
100	44	58	51	25	60	22	30	49	21	22	25	33
200	65	80	71	37	88	32	42	73	30	29	38	43
300	82	91	85	47	102	40	50	91	37	35	49	50
500	110	99	108	63	115	53	64	120	47	43	67	61
700	133	101	126	76	119	65	75	145	56	50	82	70
1,000	162	117	149	93	144	79	88	177	67	58	102	80
1,500	204	138	180	118	180	..	107	221	82	70	130	94
2,000	240	156	206	139	210	..	122	260	95	79	155	105
2,500	272	171	228	157	237	..	135	294	106	87	..	114
3,000	301	184	248	175	261	..	147	325	..	94	..	123
4,000	354	208	284	206	305	..	168	381	..	..	..	137
5,000	402	228	315	..	345	..	..	431	..	..	..	..
7,000	..	..	368	..	413	..	..	519	..	..	..	..
10,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

Size of Estimate	South Hedland	Derby	Kalgoorlie	Geraldton	Hobart	Alice Springs	Jabiru	Katherine	Aputula	Nhulunbuy	Tennant Creek	Darwin
50	15	23	13	19	20	22	18	16	28	22	13	28
100	18	29	19	23	29	31	28	22	36	39	19	39
200	23	33	30	28	42	43	44	32	43	61	27	53
300	26	34	38	31	53	52	58	42	47	75	33	63
500	30	40	52	36	70	66	80	61	50	90	43	80
700	33	44	64	39	84	77	100	80	52	99	51	93
1,000	37	49	80	44	101	91	127	109	52	105	62	109
1,500	42	56	102	49	126	111	165	160	57	109	76	131
2,000	46	62	..	53	148	127	199	213	62	126	88	149
2,500	49	66	..	56	167	141	230	269	65	141	99	165
3,000	52	70	..	59	184	154	260	327	68	155	..	179
4,000	..	..	..	..	215	..	313	452	73	179	..	204
5,000	..	..	..	..	243	..	363	586	77	200	..	225
7,000	..	..	..	..	292	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
10,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
15,000	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..

GLOSSARY

Aboriginal	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Aboriginal origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Aboriginal community controlled school	Where Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people make decisions on the curricula, teachers employed, school budget and school policy.
Aboriginal English	Includes Broken English, Pidgin English and Kriol/Creoles.
Aboriginal Independent School	A school run solely by Aboriginal people, who make decisions on school policy, staffing, curricula, and school budget.
Aboriginal Legal Service	Established to assist Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people with legal matters.
Aboriginality	Where a person identifies as being of Aboriginal or non-Aboriginal origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Actions taken	Refers to specific actions persons took with regard to their health in the two weeks prior to interview.
ATSIC Regions & Torres Strait Area	Refers to 36 defined geographic areas, each represented by an ATSIC Regional Council or the Torres Strait Regional Authority.
Attack	Where a person has suffered physical force from another person(s), for example, pushed, hit, kicked or speared.
CDEP	See Community Development Employment Projects.
Clan, tribal or language group	Refers to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander groups within Australia.

Combined primary & secondary school A school which teaches students at both primary and secondary levels.

Community landlord Refers to dwellings owned by community organisations, predominantly Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations. It includes housing associations, land councils and community councils.

Community Development Employment Projects The Community Development Employment Projects (CDEP), operate through grants from ATSIC to Indigenous community organisations to enable individuals to undertake community managed activities in return for wages.

Couple only family Two persons who are in a registered or de facto marriage without children present in the household.

Crime Includes crimes relating to drugs, thefts, vandalism as well as violence.

Cultural activities Includes funerals, ceremonies, Indigenous festivals and carnivals and involvement with Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations.

Cultural obligations Refers to attending Indigenous cultural activities such as funerals, ceremonies and festivals and extended family responsibilities.

Earned income Income derived from wages and salaries, or from own business, trade or profession.

Education worker A person who assists a teacher during class lessons and may give some lessons such as story telling.

Employed Persons aged 15 years and over who in the week prior to the interview worked for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (comprising employees, employers and self-employed persons).

Family	Two or more persons who live in the same household and are related to each other by blood, marriage (including de facto marriage), fostering or adoption. For the purpose of this survey, one or more members of the family had identified as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin.
Family violence	Includes verbal threats, intimidation, fear of physical attacks and actual physical attacks, occurring between family members within a household.
Formal childcare	Refers to regulated care such as pre-school/kindergarten before and after school care program, long day care centres, family day care and other formal care.
Government payments	Includes Newstart allowance, Jobsearch, age pension, sickness allowance, disability support pension, sole parent pension, family payments, rent assistance, ABSTUDY and other Government payments.
Homelands	An area of land to which Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander people have ancestral and/or cultural links.
Household	Consists of a person living alone, or two or more related or unrelated persons who live and eat together in private residential accommodation. For the purpose of this survey, one or more members of the household had identified as being of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander origin.
Household income	Refers to the total gross income from wages and salaries and Government payments of all persons 15 years and over who usually live in the household. The total household income was not calculated if usual residents of the household were missing at the time of the interview.
Indigenous	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.

Indigenous language	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander languages. Excludes Aboriginal English and Kriol/Creoles.
Labour force	Persons aged 15 years and over who were either employed or unemployed.
Labour force status	A classification of persons 15 years and over into employed, unemployed or not in the labour force.
Language spoken	A person was considered to be able to speak a language (such as an Aboriginal language) if they could hold a conversation in that language.
Last year	12 month period prior to interview.
Long-term condition	Condition (illness, injury, or disability) which had lasted for six months or more.
Main language	Refers to the language the person is most comfortable with or speaks most fluently.
Making decisions at the school	Includes involvement in the Aboriginal Student Support and Parent Awareness Program (ASSPA) and Parents and Citizens (P&C) school meetings where decisions about fund raising and maintenance of the school are made.
Non-family household	A lone person household or a household consisting of two or more unrelated people.
Not in the labour force	Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed or unemployed as defined.
One parent family	Family that consists of one parent and that parent's child(ren) plus all other people in the household related to them, provided those people do not have a spouse or child of their own.

Other government landlord	Refers to dwellings owned by Commonwealth, State/Territory and local governments other than housing authorities and employer provided housing.
Other legal services	Includes private solicitors and barristers.
Perceived health problems	A respondents' opinions of the main health problems confronting people in their local area.
Personal income	Refers to the gross income a person received at the time of interview in the form of wages and salaries and Government payments.
Post-school study	Attendance at a course at the time of a survey to gain a qualification.
Private landlord	All privately owned dwellings rented directly or through a real estate agent.
Private dwelling	The premises occupied by a household and includes houses, flats, home units, garages, tents and improvised houses. It excludes hostels, hospitals, prisons and so on.
Private sector	Non-government organisations. The private sector has been split into 'Community organisations' and 'Other private'. Community organisations are those private organisations that have been declared to be eligible for ATSI funding.
Public sector	Includes all government authorities, departments, agencies and authorities created by the Commonwealth or State/Territory Parliaments. Also covered are organisations such as the Northern or Central Land Councils which were created by Commonwealth legislation and the NSW Land Council which was created by NSW legislation.
Recent illness	Conditions (illness, injury or disability) experienced in the two weeks prior to interview. It may include long-term conditions experienced in the period.

Relative weight	Weight and height measurements taken during interview have been used to derive a person's body mass. The body mass index equals a person's weight in kilograms divided by the square of the person's height in metres. The categories used are consistent with recommendations of the National Health and Medical Research Council.
School participation rate	The number of enrolled school students of a particular age, expressed as a proportion of the population of the same age.
Self-assessed health status	Refers to the overall level of health as reported by respondents 13 years and over. For persons 12 years and under information was provided by the child's parent or a responsible adult member of the household.
Specific long term condition	Where a person had one of the following conditions which had lasted for six months or more; asthma, diabetes, heart problems, chest problems, skin problems, high blood pressure, ear or hearing problems, eye or sight problems not corrected by glasses, and/or kidney problems.
State housing (landlord)	Refers to dwellings owned by State/Territory housing authorities.
Taken away from natural family	People who have been removed from their natural family as a child as part of a government policy. 'Family' may include parents and siblings and extended family members such as aunts, uncles and grandparents. Excludes people who were removed from their family for less than 6 months.
Taught Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander languages	Students who are taught to speak, read or write an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander language.
Taught about Indigenous cultures	Includes subjects which give an understanding of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander cultures, eg. history and language.
Taught by a community member	Where community members teach at least once in a month or on 10 or more occasions over the school year.

Torres Strait Islander	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Torres Strait Islander origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Training course	Includes courses which are planned to develop skills or assist in learning about a subject. Excludes courses leading to an educational qualification and on-the-job training.
Type of landlord	Refers to the legal entity to which rent is paid.
Unemployed persons	Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed during the week prior to interview, and who had actively looked for work at any time during the last four weeks prior to interview, and who were available to start work in the last week.
Usual residents	Persons who live in a particular private dwelling and regard it as their own or main home.
Verbal threats	Any verbal abuse to a person where no weapon was seen and no physical violence occurred. It includes verbal threats to harm the respondent or his/her property.
Violence	Refers to violence in the community, that is streets, hotels, schools, etc. It includes fights, bashing, rape, murder or any act which involves violence.
Voluntary work	Includes any unpaid community work such as caring for sick or aged people, working for community or sporting organisations, working at a school or with youth groups, working on committees and hunting, fishing or gathering bush food.
Year 10 Certificate	Completion of a Year 10 Certificate, Aboriginal Access Course or equivalent.
Year 12 Certificate	Completion of a Year 12 Certificate, General Certificate of Education or equivalent.

**1991 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING
ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER
COMMUNITY PROFILE**

**TAMWORTH
ATSIC REGION**

Explanatory Notes

The **Aboriginal Community Profile** is available as a standard product for communities of 80 or more Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons, Statistical Local Areas of 80 or more Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons and ATSI regions. Also available are Section of State, Statistical Divisions and Territories. It is based on place of enumeration.

Each table title in the Aboriginal Community Profile consists of two parts. The first part lists the variables included in the table. The second part describes the table population.

Figures in proportion columns have been rounded, so discrepancies may occur between the totals and the sums of the component items.

A glossary of the terms and concepts used in the Community Profiles appears below. For more information see the 1991 Census Dictionary (Cat. No. 2901.0) and the 1991 Census Directory of Classifications (Cat. No. 2904.0).

Glossary

Caravans etc. in caravan parks includes occupied tents, cabins, camper vans etc in caravan parks, and occupied boats in marinas.

A **census household** is either a person living alone or people who usually reside and eat together. A household resides in a private dwelling. The household type is based on information about relationships between residents present and persons temporarily absent. The relationships of visitors to one another or to any resident are not considered.

An **Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander household**, for the purpose of this publication, is one in which the reference person (person number one on the Census form) or spouse of the reference person identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. This definition excludes *Lone Person households* where the person was of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. There were just over 7,000 Lone Person Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Households in Australia in 1991.

Employed full-time means that the person worked 35 hours or more in the main job held in the week before the Census.

Employed part-time means that the person worked 0-34 hours in the main job held in the week before the Census.

A **family** is a group of related individuals in a household where at least one person is aged 15 years or more. A census household can contain up to three families. Census families do not include visitors to dwellings. If a family was at a holiday home or a non-private dwelling on census night, it was not counted as a census family.

A **primary Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander family** is one in which the reference person or spouse of the reference person in the primary family identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. In a multiple family household the family with dependent children is designated as the primary family. If there was more than one family, or no children were present, then the primary family is arbitrarily chosen.

Family income is the sum of the personal incomes of each resident family member aged 15 years or more. If any of these family members has an income 'not stated', or a spouse or offspring is temporarily absent, family income is classified as 'partial income stated' in Community Profile tables. Parental income is similar to family income except that only the income of the parent(s) is included. Parental income compares most closely with the family income variable of the 1986 Census.

Household income is the sum of the personal incomes of each resident household member aged 15 years or more. If any of these residents has an income 'not stated', or a spouse, offspring or co-tenant is temporarily absent, household income is classified as 'partial income stated' in Community Profile tables.

n.e.i. means 'not elsewhere included'.

n.f.d. means 'not further defined'.

An **occupied private dwelling** is defined as the premises occupied by a household on census night. A private dwelling is normally a house, flat, part of a house, or even a room, but can also be a house attached to, or rooms above shops or offices; an occupied caravan in a caravan park or on a residential allotment or boat in a marina; a houseboat; or a tent if it is standing on its own block of land.

An **Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander dwelling**, for the purpose of this publication, is one in which the reference person or spouse of the reference person identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. This definition excludes *Lone Person households* where the person was of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. There were just over 7,000 Lone Person Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander households in Australia in 1991.

Dependent offspring are 0-14 years of age, or are full-time students aged 15-24 years. (In the 1986 Census, 21-24 year olds were excluded from this category). Unrelated children can be classified as dependent offspring.

Other offspring are 15-24 years of age and not full-time students, or 25 years of age or more. In the 1986 Census, these 21-24 year old full-time students were classified as 'related adults'. As a result, sole parents with adult children were classified as families of related adults: in the 1991 Census, these cases are classified as one parent families.

The census count based on **place of enumeration** is a count of every person who spent census night in Australia. People are counted where they are on census night, which may not be where they usually live. In determining family and household type visitors to dwellings are excluded and usual residents who are temporarily absent are included. (See *temporarily absent*).

The **table population** is a description of what the table is counting. For example, tables containing marital status usually have a table population of persons aged 15 years or more. It appears under the table title.

Temporarily absent spouses, offspring and co-tenants are considered when determining household and family types. Other persons temporarily absent are not considered.

Data Quality

The Census is subject to a number of inaccuracies resulting from errors by respondents or mistakes in collection or processing of the data. Some of these are overcome or 'repaired' by careful processing procedures and quality control measures applied to the processing itself. The effect of those that remain is generally slight, although it may be more important for small groups in the population. The main kinds of error to keep in mind are:

Partial non-response: In some cases where an answer was not provided to a question an answer was imputed (often from other information on the form). In other cases a 'not stated' code was allocated.

Processing error: While such errors can occur in any processing system, careful quality control measures are used to keep errors to an acceptable level.

Random adjustment: Cells containing small values are randomly adjusted to avoid releasing information about particular individuals, families, or households. The effect of random adjustment is statistically insignificant.

Respondent error: Because processing procedures cannot detect or repair all errors made by persons in completing the form, some remain in final data.

Undercount: Although the census aims to count each person once, there are some people who are missed and others are counted more than once. The data are not adjusted for the net undercount which is estimated to be 1.9% for Australia in the 1991 Census.

Further information on data quality will be provided progressively in Census Update and in 1991 Census data quality working papers.

Section of State Data: Data for the Migratory section of each state/territory has been combined with the Other Rural section to avoid the release of confidential data. The number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in migratory sections was small.

A01 SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons
Aboriginal persons	4169	4076	8245
Torres Strait Islanders	128	126	254
Total	4297	4202	8499
Aged 15 years or more	2433	2452	4885
Speaks English only and aged 5 years or more	3456	3456	6912
Speaks language other than English(a)	31	36	67
Aged 18 years or more	2178	2223	4401
Unemployed(b)	775	402	1177
Employed(b)	835	506	1341
In the labour force(b)	1610	908	2518
Not in the labour force(b)	725	1416	2141
Enumerated in private dwellings:			
In caravans etc in caravan parks(c)	49	33	82
In other private dwellings	4072	4101	8173
Total	4121	4134	8255
Enumerated in non-private dwellings	176	68	244
Enumerated in a migratory or offshore collection district	0	0	0

A02 AGE BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
0	133	113	246	2.9
1	155	134	289	3.4
2	141	155	296	3.5
3	154	130	284	3.3
4	147	125	272	3.2
5	129	134	263	3.1
6	135	134	269	3.2
7	124	118	242	2.8
8	117	112	229	2.7
9	119	94	213	2.5
10	113	109	222	2.6
11	109	91	200	2.4
12	93	113	206	2.4
13	102	87	189	2.2
14	93	101	194	2.3
15	86	75	161	1.9
16	74	78	152	1.8
17	95	76	171	2.0
18	100	82	182	2.1
19	88	79	167	2.0
20-24	395	436	831	9.8
25-29	365	399	764	9.0
30-34	310	319	629	7.4
35-39	194	229	423	5.0
40-44	193	187	380	4.5
45-49	166	137	303	3.6
50-54	129	125	254	3.0
55-59	92	77	169	2.0
60-64	53	57	110	1.3
65 years or more	93	96	189	2.2
Total	4297	4202	8499	100.0

(a) Includes 'other language indicated but not stated' and 'inadequately described'.

(b) Applicable to persons aged 15 years or more.

(c) Includes occupied boats in marinas.

A03 STATE AND STATISTICAL LOCAL AREA OF USUAL RESIDENCE ON CENSUS NIGHT BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Counted at home	3921	3958	7879	92.7
Visitors from -				
Same statistical local area	200	136	336	4.0
Different statistical local area in:				
New South Wales	155	98	253	3.0
Victoria	0	0	0	0.0
Queensland	16	8	24	0.3
South Australia	3	0	3	0.0
Western Australia	0	0	0	0.0
Tasmania	0	0	0	0.0
Northern Territory	0	0	0	0.0
Aust Capital Territory	0	3	3	0.0
Total	174	109	283	3.3
Overseas	3	0	3	0.0
Total	377	245	622	7.3
Total	4298	4203	8501	100.0

A04 STATE AND STATISTICAL LOCAL AREA OF USUAL RESIDENCE 5 YEARS AGO BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 5 years or more counted at home(a) on census night

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Same address 5 years ago	1578	1626	3204	48.6
Different address 5 years ago:				
Same statistical local area	780	846	1626	24.7
Different statistical local area in:				
New South Wales	585	606	1191	18.1
Victoria	9	8	17	0.3
Queensland	44	47	91	1.4
South Australia	3	0	3	0.0
Western Australia	7	5	12	0.2
Tasmania	0	6	6	0.1
Northern Territory	0	3	3	0.0
Aust Capital Territory	0	3	3	0.0
Total	648	678	1326	20.1
Overseas	3	4	7	0.1
Not stated(b)	34	24	58	0.9
Total	1465	1552	3017	45.8
Not stated(c)	207	160	367	5.6
Total	3250	3338	6588	100.0

(a) Excludes visitors, and usual residents who were absent on census night.

(b) Comprises persons who stated that they lived at a different address five years ago but did not state that address.

(c) Comprises persons who did not state whether they lived at a different address five years ago.

A05 TYPE OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION ATTENDING (FULL-TIME/PART-TIME) BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Pre School	151	134	285	3.4
Infant/Primary	729	713	1442	17.0
Secondary	330	322	652	7.7
TAFE/college:				
Full-time	65	96	161	1.9
Part-time	65	59	124	1.5
Not stated	3	6	9	0.1
Total	133	161	294	3.5
CAB/University:				
Full-time	8	15	23	0.3
Part-time	11	40	51	0.6
Not stated	0	0	0	0.0
Total	19	55	74	0.9
Other	19	16	35	0.4
Not attending	2519	2454	4973	58.5
Not stated	397	347	744	8.8
Total	4297	4202	8499	100.0

A06 AGE LEFT SCHOOL BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Under 15 years of age	377	271	648	13.3
15 years	699	676	1375	28.1
16 years	575	665	1240	25.4
17 years	189	248	437	8.9
18 years	76	110	186	3.8
19 years or more	37	48	85	1.7
Still at school	136	127	263	5.4
Did not go to school	45	30	75	1.5
Not stated	299	277	576	11.8
Total	2433	2452	4885	100.0

A07 QUALIFICATION (HIGHEST) LEVEL BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Higher degree	3	3	6	0.1
Post graduate diploma	0	5	5	0.1
Bachelor degree	6	7	13	0.3
Undergraduate diploma	10	34	44	0.9
Associate diploma	9	20	29	0.6
Skilled vocational	147	24	171	3.5
Basic vocational	35	81	116	2.4
Inadequately described	10	20	30	0.6
Not qualified	1874	1964	3838	78.5
Not stated	340	296	636	13.0
Total	2434	2454	4888	100.0

A08 QUALIFICATION (HIGHEST) FIELD BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Business & administration	3	85	88	1.8
Health	12	53	65	1.3
Education	9	27	36	0.7
Society and culture	19	54	73	1.5
Natural and physical sciences	3	5	8	0.2
Engineering	86	3	89	1.8
Architecture & building	55	3	58	1.2
Agriculture & related fields	11	3	14	0.3
Miscellaneous fields	47	8	55	1.1
Inadequately described	8	11	19	0.4
Not qualified	1874	1964	3838	78.5
Not stated	306	238	544	11.1
Total	2433	2454	4887	100.0

A09 AGE BY MARITAL STATUS BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Never married		Married		Separated not divorced		Divorced		Widowed		Total	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
15-24 years	773	735	55	76	3	11	5	3	3	3	839	828
25-34 years	416	393	209	240	32	55	15	3	3	5	675	718
35-44 years	122	102	192	213	35	51	32	6	6	15	387	416
45-54 years	59	34	165	151	32	25	31	8	29	29	295	262
55-64 years	27	14	73	58	14	7	12	19	19	14	145	134
65 years or more	23	12	41	23	4	6	5	20	20	52	93	96
Total	1420	1290	735	761	120	155	100	59	153	2434	2454	4888

A10 RELIGION BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Christian:	2132	2075	4207	49.5
Anglican	45	68	113	1.3
Baptist	932	933	1865	21.9
Catholic	7	10	17	0.2
Churches of Christ(a)	9	17	26	0.3
Jehovahs Witness	3	3	6	0.1
Lutheran	0	0	0	0.0
Orthodox	71	92	163	1.9
Pentecostal	82	91	173	2.0
Presbyterian(b)	127	136	263	3.1
Salvation Army	121	113	234	2.8
Uniting Church	86	101	187	2.2
Other	3615	3639	7254	85.4
Total	8	11	19	0.2
Non-Christian	14	11	25	0.3
Inadequately described	327	251	578	6.8
No religion(c)	332	290	622	7.3
Not stated	4296	4202	8498	100.0

(a) Comprises 'Churches of Christ' and 'Churches of Christ Non-denominational'.
(b) Comprises 'Presbyterian so described' and 'Reformed'.
(c) Includes 'Humanist/Materialist'.

A11 AGE BY LABOUR FORCE STATUS (PART-TIME/FULL-TIME) BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Part-time	Employed		Total employed	Unemployed looking for:		Total unemployed	Total labour force	Not in labour force	Not stated(c)	Total
		Full-time(a)	Not stated(b)		Full-time work	Part-time work					
					MALES						
15-19 years	20	31	15	66	114	41	155	221	207	15	443
20-24 years	33	61	11	105	149	34	183	288	88	19	395
25-34 years	67	208	29	304	187	51	238	542	109	24	675
35-44 years	36	137	18	191	84	24	108	299	75	33	387
45-54 years	28	94	9	131	39	19	58	189	91	15	295
55-64 years	5	26	3	34	17	10	27	61	73	12	146
65 years or more	0	4	0	4	3	3	6	10	82	0	92
Total	189	561	85	835	593	182	775	1610	725	98	2433
					FEMALES						
15-19 years	17	16	3	36	76	33	109	145	237	8	390
20-24 years	27	40	6	73	63	37	100	173	240	23	436
25-34 years	97	83	14	194	62	36	98	292	388	38	718
35-44 years	54	64	12	130	34	16	50	180	204	32	416
45-54 years	31	29	6	66	21	9	30	96	149	17	262
55-64 years	4	3	0	7	3	8	11	18	110	6	134
65 years or more	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	88	0	92
Total	230	235	41	506	259	143	402	908	1416	124	2448
					PERSONS						
15-19 years	37	47	18	102	190	74	264	366	444	23	833
20-24 years	60	101	17	178	212	71	283	461	328	42	831
25-34 years	164	291	43	498	249	87	336	834	497	62	1393
35-44 years	90	201	30	321	118	40	158	479	279	45	803
45-54 years	59	123	15	197	60	28	88	285	240	32	557
55-64 years	9	29	3	41	20	18	38	79	183	18	280
65 years or more	0	4	0	4	3	7	10	14	170	0	184
Total	419	796	126	1341	852	325	1177	2518	2141	222	4881

A12 STATUS OF WORKER BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males		Females		Persons	Prop%
	Part-time	Full-time	Part-time	Full-time		
Wage or salary earner	785	465	1250	92.9		
Self employed	30	25	55	4.1		
Employer	15	11	26	1.9		
Unpaid helper	7	8	15	1.1		
Total	837	509	1346	100.0		

(a) Full-time is defined as having worked 35 hours or more in the main job held last week.
(b) Comprises employed persons who did not state their hours worked.
(c) Comprises persons who did not state their labour force status.

A13 INDUSTRY BY AGE BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total	Prop%
MALLES									
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	7	12	31	24	18	10	0	102	7.7
Mining	0	0	8	6	8	0	0	22	1.7
Manufacturing	7	13	36	21	9	4	0	90	6.8
Electricity, gas & water	0	0	17	5	3	0	0	25	1.9
Construction	6	10	20	13	6	0	0	55	4.1
Wholesale & retail trade	17	16	24	6	3	0	0	66	5.0
Transport & storage	3	0	26	26	15	0	0	70	5.3
Communication	0	0	6	5	3	0	0	14	1.1
Finance, property & busins serv	3	3	7	6	3	0	0	19	1.4
Public admin & defence	3	8	25	16	12	7	0	71	5.3
Community services	11	23	66	24	25	0	0	149	11.2
Recrtn, personal & other serv	0	4	7	4	8	0	0	23	1.7
Not classifiable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Not stated	12	13	34	31	20	3	4	117	8.8
Total	66	102	304	190	133	24	4	823	61.8
FEMALES									
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	0	3	5	3	3	3	0	17	1.3
Mining	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Manufacturing	0	0	9	0	3	0	0	12	0.9
Electricity, gas & water	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Construction	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	0.2
Wholesale & retail trade	14	9	14	12	3	0	0	52	3.9
Transport & storage	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	12	0.9
Communication	3	0	3	0	3	0	0	9	0.7
Finance, property & busins serv	0	6	10	4	0	0	0	20	1.5
Public admin & defence	4	7	12	5	4	0	0	32	2.4
Community services	6	33	96	76	33	4	0	248	18.6
Recrtn, personal & other serv	3	3	15	7	6	0	0	36	2.7
Not classifiable	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	6	0.5
Not stated	6	5	26	16	8	0	0	61	4.6
Total	39	74	193	129	66	7	0	508	38.2
PERSONS									
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	7	15	36	27	21	13	0	119	8.9
Mining	0	0	8	6	8	0	0	22	1.7
Manufacturing	7	13	45	21	12	4	0	102	7.7
Electricity, gas & water	0	0	17	5	3	0	0	25	1.9
Construction	6	10	20	13	9	0	0	58	4.4
Wholesale & retail trade	31	25	38	18	6	0	0	118	8.9
Transport & storage	6	3	29	29	15	0	0	82	6.2
Communication	3	0	9	5	6	0	0	23	1.7
Finance, property & busins serv	0	9	17	10	3	0	0	39	2.9
Public admin & defence	7	15	37	21	16	7	0	103	7.7
Community services	17	56	162	100	58	4	0	397	29.8
Recrtn, personal & other serv	3	9	19	14	14	0	0	59	4.4
Not classifiable	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	6	0.5
Not stated	18	18	60	47	28	3	4	178	13.4
Total	105	176	497	319	199	31	4	1331	100.0

A14 OCCUPATION BY AGE BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total	Prop%
	MALES								
Managers & administrators	3	0	8	11	6	4	0	32	2.4
Professionals	0	10	20	9	3	0	0	42	3.1
Para-professionals	0	3	16	9	11	3	0	42	3.1
Tradespersons	17	23	60	29	18	5	0	152	11.2
Clerks	0	5	10	5	5	0	0	25	1.8
Sales & personal service workers	6	3	5	3	3	0	0	20	1.5
Plant & machine operators & drivers	3	6	38	32	28	6	3	116	8.5
Labourers & related workers	23	44	114	68	43	14	3	309	22.8
Inadequately described	3	0	3	3	3	3	0	15	1.1
Not stated	13	11	30	22	13	3	3	95	7.0
Total	68	105	304	191	133	38	9	848	62.4
	FEMALES								
Managers & administrators	0	0	9	3	3	0	0	15	1.1
Professionals	0	4	23	12	6	0	0	45	3.3
Para-professionals	0	4	16	12	8	0	0	40	2.9
Tradespersons	0	0	7	3	0	0	0	10	0.7
Clerks	12	27	63	27	9	0	0	138	10.2
Sales & personal service workers	15	22	26	31	9	3	0	106	7.8
Plant & machine operators & drivers	0	3	3	3	3	0	0	12	0.9
Labourers & related workers	3	8	26	28	19	0	0	84	6.2
Inadequately described	0	3	3	0	3	3	0	12	0.9
Not stated	4	5	20	13	6	0	0	48	3.5
Total	34	76	196	132	66	6	0	510	37.6
	PERSONS								
Managers & administrators	3	0	17	14	9	4	0	47	3.5
Professionals	0	14	43	21	9	0	0	87	6.4
Para-professionals	0	7	32	21	19	3	0	82	6.0
Tradespersons	17	23	67	32	18	5	0	162	11.9
Clerks	12	32	73	32	14	0	0	163	12.0
Sales & personal service workers	21	25	31	34	12	3	0	126	9.3
Plant & machine operators & drivers	3	9	41	35	31	6	3	128	9.4
Labourers & related workers	26	52	140	96	62	14	3	393	28.9
Inadequately described	3	3	6	3	6	6	0	27	2.0
Not stated	17	16	50	35	19	3	3	143	10.5
Total	102	181	500	323	199	44	9	1358	100.0

A15 INDUSTRY SECTOR BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Commonwealth government	47	46	93	6.9
State/Territory government	173	125	298	22.1
Local government	88	16	104	7.7
Private sector	420	268	688	51.1
Not stated	109	54	163	12.1
Total	837	509	1346	100.0

A16 HOURS WORKED BY SEX
Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
0 hours	26	18	44	3.3
1-15 hours	57	88	145	10.8
16-24 hours	65	60	125	9.3
25-34 hours	43	65	108	8.0
35-39 hours	225	127	352	26.2
40 hours or more	336	109	445	33.1
Not stated	85	42	127	9.4
Total	837	509	1346	100.0

A17 ANNUAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	200	282	482	9.9
\$3,001-\$5,000	202	170	372	7.6
\$5,001-\$8,000	610	466	1076	22.0
\$8,001-\$12,000	266	518	784	16.0
\$12,001-\$16,000	224	309	533	10.9
\$16,001-\$20,000	255	154	409	8.4
\$20,001-\$25,000	190	108	298	6.1
\$25,001-\$30,000	85	38	123	2.5
\$30,001-\$40,000	58	24	82	1.7
Over \$40,000	26	9	35	0.7
Not stated	317	374	691	14.1
Total	2433	2452	4885	100.0

A18 ANNUAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME BY AGE
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total
\$0-\$3,000	203	64	110	58	28	15	4	482
\$3,001-\$5,000	173	43	58	41	36	13	8	372
\$5,001-\$8,000	140	235	238	125	132	108	98	1076
\$8,001-\$12,000	71	184	204	121	101	61	42	784
\$12,001-\$16,000	29	98	206	113	61	18	8	533
\$16,001-\$20,000	6	58	183	103	49	6	4	409
\$20,001-\$25,000	4	32	127	79	40	15	3	300
\$25,001-\$30,000	3	15	52	29	21	4	0	124
\$30,001-\$40,000	3	5	29	28	13	5	0	83
Over \$40,000	3	3	15	10	5	0	0	36
Not stated	203	94	171	96	71	33	23	691
Total	838	831	1393	803	557	278	190	4890

A19 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME
Classifiable Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander family households(b)

	H'holds	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	14	0.7
\$3,001-\$5,000	4	0.2
\$5,001-\$8,000	37	1.9
\$8,001-\$12,000	124	6.4
\$12,001-\$16,000	208	10.7
\$16,001-\$20,000	185	9.5
\$20,001-\$25,000	204	10.5
\$25,001-\$30,000	142	7.3
\$30,001-\$40,000	220	11.3
\$40,001-\$50,000	127	6.5
\$50,001-\$60,000	57	2.9
Over \$60,000	47	2.4
Partial income stated(b)	462	23.7
No incomes stated(c)	120	6.2
Total	1951	100.0

(a) Excludes those dwellings which were temporarily unoccupied at the time of the census but the collector had ascertained that it was normally occupied, lone person households, group households and households which contained only persons under 15 years of age.

(b) Comprises households where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse, offspring, or co-tenant was temporarily absent.

(c) Comprises households where no members present stated an income.

A20 ANNUAL FAMILY INCOME

Primary Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander families

	Families	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	14	0.7
\$3,001-\$5,000	4	0.2
\$5,001-\$8,000	40	2.1
\$8,001-\$12,000	136	7.0
\$12,001-\$16,000	222	11.4
\$16,001-\$20,000	195	10.0
\$20,001-\$25,000	205	10.5
\$25,001-\$30,000	141	7.2
\$30,001-\$40,000	214	11.0
\$40,001-\$50,000	119	6.1
\$50,001-\$60,000	55	2.8
Over \$60,000	31	1.6
Partial income stated(a)	446	22.9
No incomes stated(b)	123	6.3
Total	1945	100.0

A21 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING

Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander family households

	Occupied dwellings	Prop%
Separate house	1741	89.2
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc	19	1.0
Flat or apartment:		
In a 1, 2 or 3 storey block	132	6.8
In a 4 or more storey	0	0.0
Attached to house	3	0.2
Total	135	6.9
Caravan etc in caravan park	19	1.0
Caravan not in caravan park, houseboat etc	7	0.4
Improvised home, campers out	4	0.2
House or flat attached to shop, office etc	8	0.4
Not stated	19	1.0
Total	1952	100.0

(a) Comprises families where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse or offspring was temporarily absent.

(b) Comprises families where no members present stated an income.

A22 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons in private dwellings of any type

	Persons	Prop%
Separate house	7457	90.3
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc	63	0.8
Flat or apartment:		
In a 1, 2 or 3 storey block	450	5.5
In a 4 or more storey	0	0.0
Attached to house	14	0.2
Total	464	5.6
Caravan etc in caravan park	82	1.0
Caravan not in caravan park, houseboat etc	27	0.3
Improvised home, campers out	28	0.3
House or flat attached to shop, office etc	29	0.4
Not stated	105	1.3
Total	8255	100.0

A23 NATURE OF OCCUPANCY BY LANDLORD TYPE BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families

	Caravans etc in caravan parks(a)	Other occupied private dwellings	Total	Prop%
Owned	4	195	199	10.2
Being purchased	0	268	268	13.7
Rented:				
Housing commission/authority	0	680	680	34.8
Other government agency	0	87	87	4.5
Other	13	573	586	30.0
Not stated	0	33	33	1.7
Total	13	1373	1386	71.0
Other(b)	3	96	99	5.1
Total	20	1932	1952	100.0

(a) Nature of occupancy and landlord type were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

(b) Comprises 'other/inadequately described' and 'not stated'.

A24 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING BY NATURE OF OCCUPANCY
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families

	Being purchased			Total
	Owned	Rented	Other(a)	
Separate house	190	265	90	1741
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, town house etc	0	0	0	19
Flat or apartment	0	130	3	133
Caravan etc in caravan park(b)	4	13	3	20
Other	3	0	3	18
Not stated	3	0	0	19
Total	200	265	99	1950

A25 NUMBER OF BEDROOMS BY NUMBER OF PERSONS (USUALLY RESIDENT)(c)
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families (excludes caravans etc in caravan parks)

	Number of persons usually resident						Total
	1	2	3	4	5	6 or more	
0-1 bedrooms	0	30	10	7	4	4	55
2 bedrooms	0	124	82	56	39	24	325
3 bedrooms	0	158	228	283	196	167	1032
4 bedrooms	0	33	52	77	81	187	430
5 or more bedrooms	0	0	3	7	5	30	45
Not stated	0	8	8	7	9	14	46
Total	0	353	383	437	334	426	1933

A26 MONTHLY HOUSING LOAN REPAYMENT BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families and which are being purchased

	Other private dwellings			Total	Prop %
	Prop %	Number	Prop %		
\$0-\$200	0.0	17	6.3	17	6.3
\$201-\$300	0.0	40	14.9	40	14.9
\$301-\$400	0.0	79	29.5	79	29.5
\$401-\$475	0.0	26	9.7	26	9.7
Over \$475	0.0	99	36.9	99	36.9
Not stated	0.0	7	2.6	7	2.6
Total	0.0	268	100.0	268	100.0

(a) Comprises 'other/adequately described' and 'not stated'.

(b) Nature of occupancy and landlord type were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

(c) Spouses, offspring, and co-tenants (in group households) who were temporarily absent on census night are included. A maximum of 3 temporary absences can be counted in each household.

(d) Monthly housing loan repayments were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

A27 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY MONTHLY HOUSING LOAN REPAYMENT
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families and which are being purchased (excludes caravans etc in caravan parks and not classifiable households(a))

Annual household income	Monthly housing loan repayment				Total
	\$0-\$200	\$201-\$300	\$301-\$400	Over \$475	
\$0-\$3,000	0	0	0	0	0
\$3,001-\$5,000	0	0	0	0	0
\$5,001-\$8,000	0	0	0	0	0
\$8,001-\$12,000	0	3	0	0	3
\$12,001-\$16,000	3	0	4	0	7
\$16,001-\$25,000	3	3	17	4	39
\$25,001-\$40,000	3	12	23	6	69
\$40,001-\$60,000	3	7	10	6	56
Over \$60,000	0	4	0	6	10
Partial income stated(b)	4	12	21	27	70
No incomes stated(c)	0	3	3	3	12
Total	16	44	78	100	266

A28 WEEKLY RENT BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied rented Aboriginal and Torres Strait private dwellings containing families

	C'vans etc in c'van parks(d)		Other private dwellings		Total	Prop %
	Prop %	Number	Prop %	Number		
\$0-\$47	0.0	0	0.0	310	310	22.6
\$48-\$77	0	0	0.0	512	512	37.3
\$78-\$107	8	8	57.1	283	291	21.0
\$108-\$137	3	3	21.4	141	144	10.4
\$138-\$167	3	3	21.4	52	55	4.0
\$168-\$197	0	0	0.0	8	8	0.4
Over \$197	0	0	0.0	62	62	0.6
Not stated	0	0	0.0	62	62	4.5
Total	14	14	100.0	1373	1387	100.0

(a) Not classifiable households are those dwellings which were temporarily unoccupied at the time of the census, but the collector had ascertained that it was normally occupied, or the household contained only persons aged under 15 years.

(b) Comprises households where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse, offspring, or co-tenant was temporarily absent.

(c) Comprises households where no members present stated an income.

(d) Weekly rent was not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

A29 LANDLORD TYPE BY WEEKLY RENT

Occupied rented Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families (excludes caravans etc in caravan parks)

	\$0- \$77	\$78- \$107	\$108- \$137	Weekly rent		Over \$197	Not stated	Total
				\$138- \$197	\$197+			
Housing commission/authority	415	135	93	17	3	18	681	
Other govt agency	59	14	9	3	0	0	85	
Other	329	131	39	38	4	32	573	
Not stated	19	3	0	0	0	11	33	
Total	822	283	141	58	7	61	1372	

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