



1994
National Aboriginal and
Torres Strait Islander Survey
Coffs Harbour ATSIC Region

NEW ISSUE

NATIONAL ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER SURVEY 1994

(Including selected statistics from the 1991 Census of Population and Housing and
the 1992 ATSIC Housing and Community Infrastructure Needs Survey)

REGIONAL STATISTICS

COFFS HARBOUR ATSIC REGION

NORTH EASTERN INDIGENOUS REGIONAL COUNCIL

Lois O'Donoghue CBE AM
Chairperson
Aboriginal and Torres Strait
Islander Commission

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AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS
CANBERRA, AUSTRALIA

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PREFACE

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994: Regional Statistics, is a series of 36 publications which present a summary of the results from the 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey. A *Regional Statistics* publication has been produced for each of the ATSI Regions and the Torres Strait Area. These publications do not present community level statistics; such statistics are available from the Census of Population and Housing.

The 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey provides a wealth of information about the social, economic, and health status of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. An important use of the statistics from the Survey is to assist Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations and individuals in making their planning decisions.

The *Regional Statistics* publications result from a joint venture between the Australian Bureau of Statistics and the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission.

These publications present summary statistical information in graphical form without explanation. Each publication contains a range of statistics relating to family and culture; health; housing; education and training; employment and income; and law and justice.

The publications in this series are presented in a common format to allow information for different regions to be easily compared.

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February 1996

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The success of the 1994 National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey would not have been possible without the contributions of:

- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people who participated in the final survey and the earlier survey trials;
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander interviewers who collected the information throughout Australia;
- members of the Survey Advisory Committee and Technical Reference Groups who provided detailed advice on the survey content and methodology; and
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander organisations, Government departments and other organisations which assisted the ABS and advisory groups to design the survey and lay the groundwork for a successful data collection.

CAUTIONS

- Statistics can have a high level of uncertainty due to small sample sizes. This is indicated by asterisk (**) and must be recognised when interpreting figures and percentages referred to in this publication. The level of uncertainty in statistics can be derived from the standard errors table shown in Appendix C.
- Population projections, based on June 1991 experimental estimates, have been prepared by the ABS for each ATSI region using assumptions agreed to by ATSI. Sampling variation within ATSI regions can result in discrepancies between survey estimates and population projections.
- Statistics based on self-reported information or people's opinions should be interpreted cautiously.

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INQUIRIES . *for further information about statistics in this publication* , contact the National Centre for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics on (089) 43 2193 (freecall 1800 63 3216), or any ABS Office.

. *for information about other ABS statistics and services*, please refer to page 95 of this publication.

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SYMBOLS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

Symbols The following symbols, where shown in columns of figures or elsewhere in tables, mean:

. . not applicable

** subject to high sampling variability

(see Appendix C for explanation of sampling variability).

All figures have been rounded and discrepancies may occur between totals and the sums of the component items.

Explanatory notes See Appendix B of ABS publication 4190.0

Related publications Other ABS publications which may be of interest include:

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Detailed Findings (4190.0).

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Australia's Indigenous Youth (4197.0)

National Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Survey 1994 - Better Employment Outcomes (4199.0) to be released in April 1996.

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics Catalogue (1138.0).

Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products (1101.0)*. The ABS also issues the *Release Advice (1105.0)* On Tuesdays and Fridays which lists publications to be released in the next few days. Both the Catalogue and Release Advice are available from any ABS office.

Unpublished statistics As well as the statistics included in this and related publications, the ABS may have other relevant unpublished data available. For further information about these statistics and related publications contact:

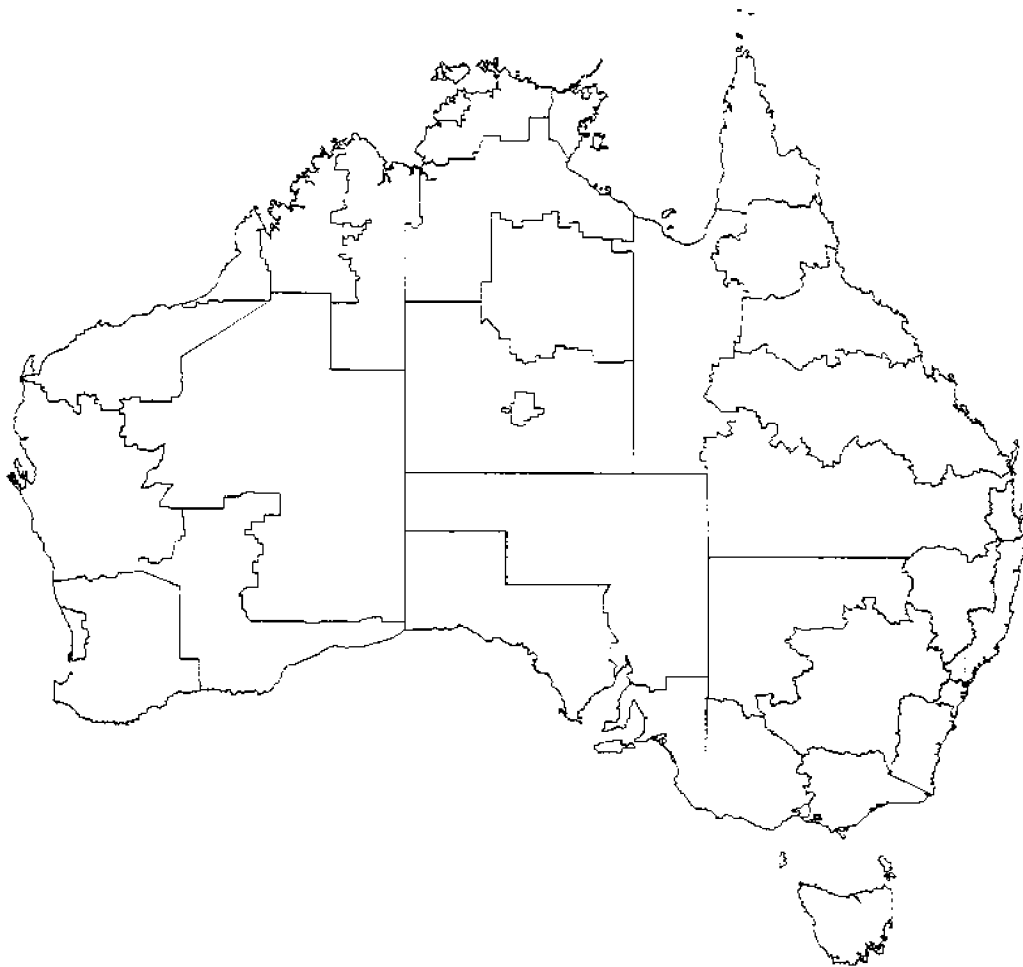
National Centre for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Statistics
Australian Bureau of Statistics
GPO Box 3796 Darwin, NT 0801

Freecall: 1800 633 216

Fax: (089) 410 715

INTRODUCTION

Map 1 Location of Coffs Harbour ATSIC Region

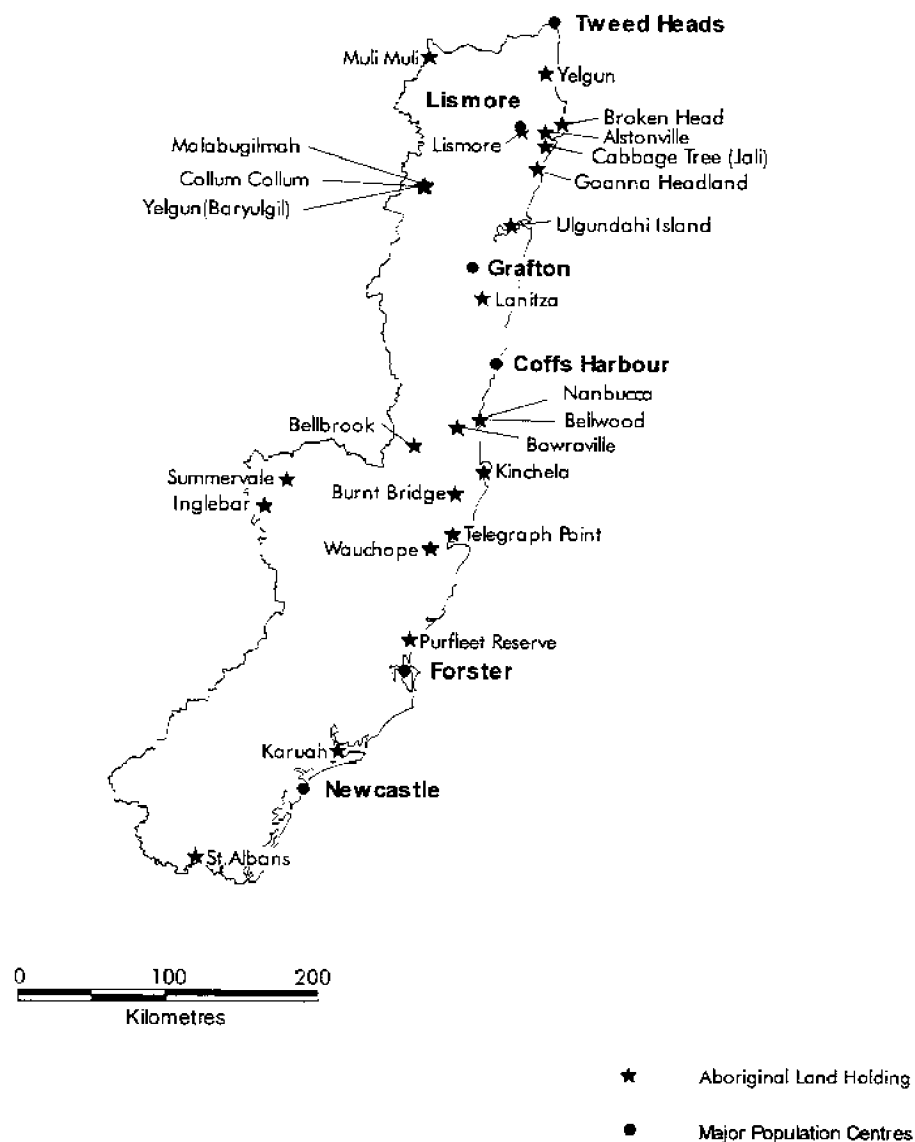


Location	The Coffs Harbour ATSIC Region covers an area of 64,000 square kilometres on the north coast of New South Wales. The Region shares boundaries with the Tamworth Region and a small portion of the Wagga Wagga Region to the west and the Sydney Region to the south.
North Eastern Indigenous Regional Council	The North Eastern Indigenous Regional Council comprises twenty Regional Councillors elected by the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander voters of the region to look after their interests. Regional Councillors from the North Eastern Indigenous and Kamilaroi Regional Councils elect a Commissioner to represent the New South Wales East Zone on the Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Commission.
Main population centres	The Coffs Harbour Region has the second largest Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population of the New South Wales regions. At the time of the 1991 Census the largest centres of Indigenous population in the region were Newcastle (3,580 people), Central Coast (1,580 people), Kempsey (810 people), Lismore (580 people) and Maitland (580 people).
Population growth	The Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population in the region was projected to be some 18,760 people at 30 June 1994. This was an increase of 10.1 per cent on the June 1991 estimate of 17,040 people.

CHAPTER ONE

FAMILY AND CULTURE

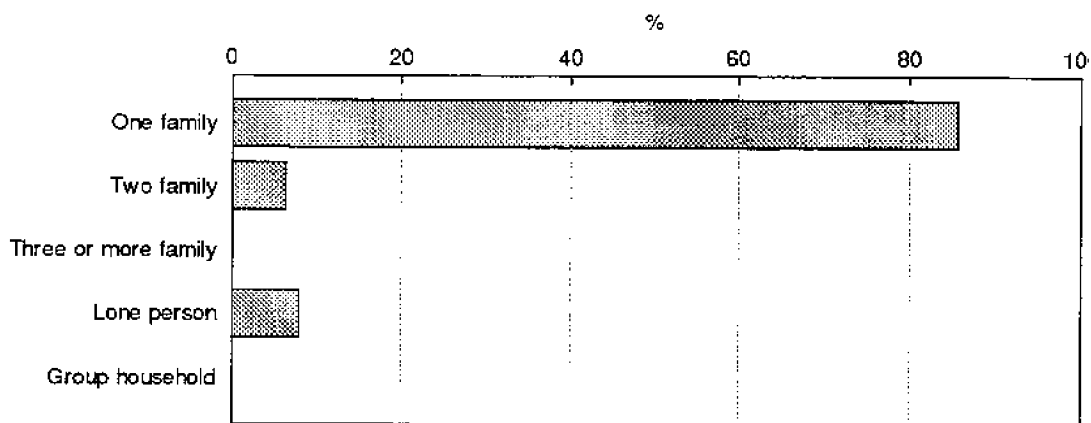
**Map 2 Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Land
Coffs Harbour Region 1992**



Source: Land Tenure Map, 1992, AUSLIG
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FIGURE 1.1 HOUSEHOLD TYPE

Households living in private dwellings



Household type

Some 5,480 households were living in the Coffs Harbour region.

The various household types identified were:

- one family (4,690 households)
- two family (340 households)
- three or more family (30** households)
- lone person (430 households)

see page (iv) for explanation of **

Number of people in household

The number of people in these households was estimated to be:

- one or two people (1,190 households)
- three to five people (3,330 households)
- six or seven people (710 households)
- eight or more people (260** households)

FIGURE 1.2 NUMBER OF PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD

Households living in private dwellings

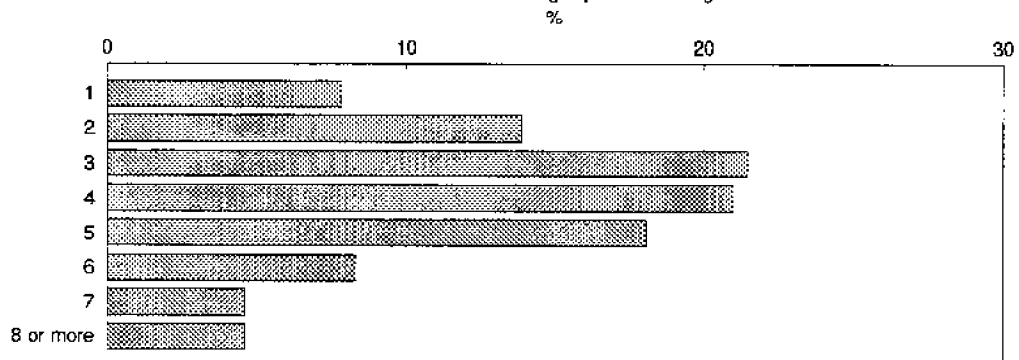
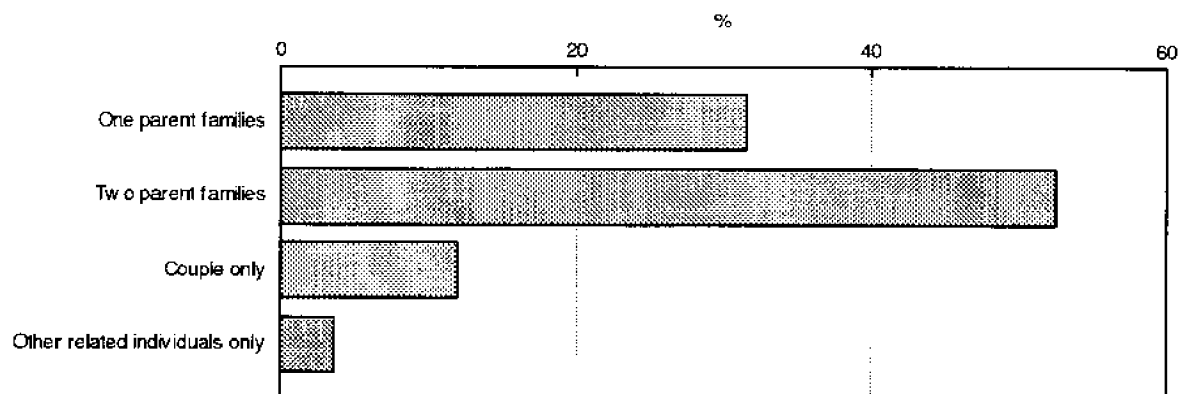


FIGURE 1.3 FAMILY TYPE

All families



Family type

There were some 5,360 families living in the Coffs Harbour region. The various family types identified were:

- one parent families (1,690 families)
- two parent families (2,820 families)
- couple only (640 families)
- other related individuals only (200 families)

Composition of family

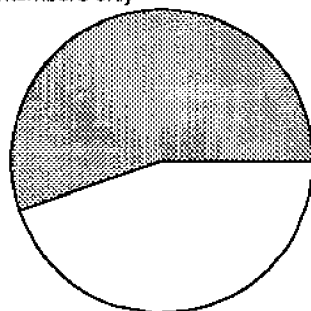
The composition of these families was:

- Indigenous members only (2,970 families)
- both Indigenous and non-Indigenous members (2,390 families)

FIGURE 1.4 COMPOSITION OF FAMILY

All families

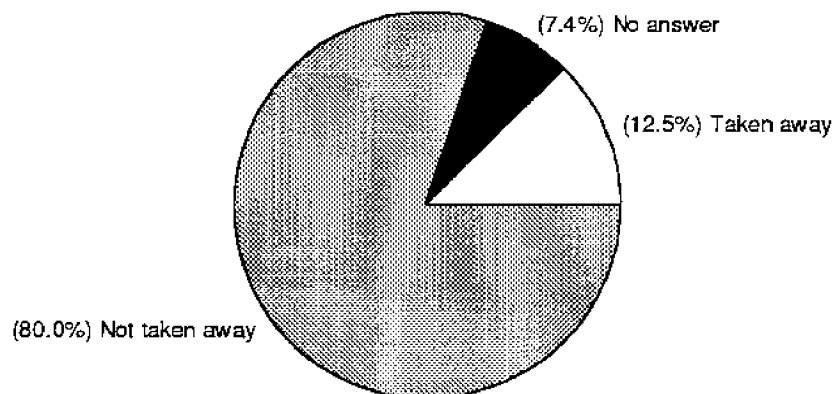
(55.4%) Indigenous members only



(44.6%) Indigenous and non-Indigenous members

FIGURE 1.5 TAKEN AWAY FROM NATURAL FAMILY

Persons aged 25 years and over



Separation from families Some 870 people aged twenty-five years and over reported that they were taken away from their natural families.

Childcare The childcare arrangements of the 3,660 families with children aged twelve years and under were:

- formal childcare only (100** families)
- combination of formal childcare and family/friends (460 families)
- family and friends only (2,100 families)
- did not use childcare (890 families)

FIGURE 1.6 CHILDCARE ARRANGEMENTS

Families with children aged 12 years and younger

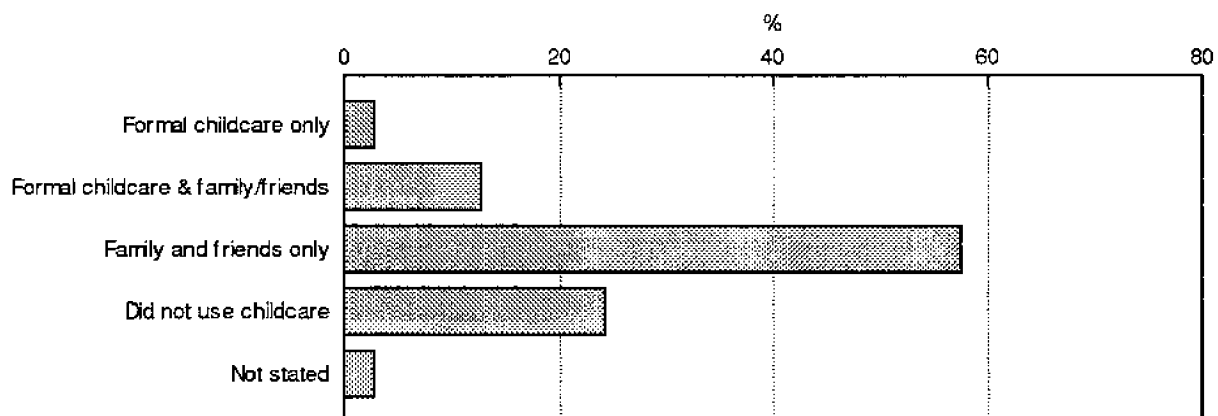
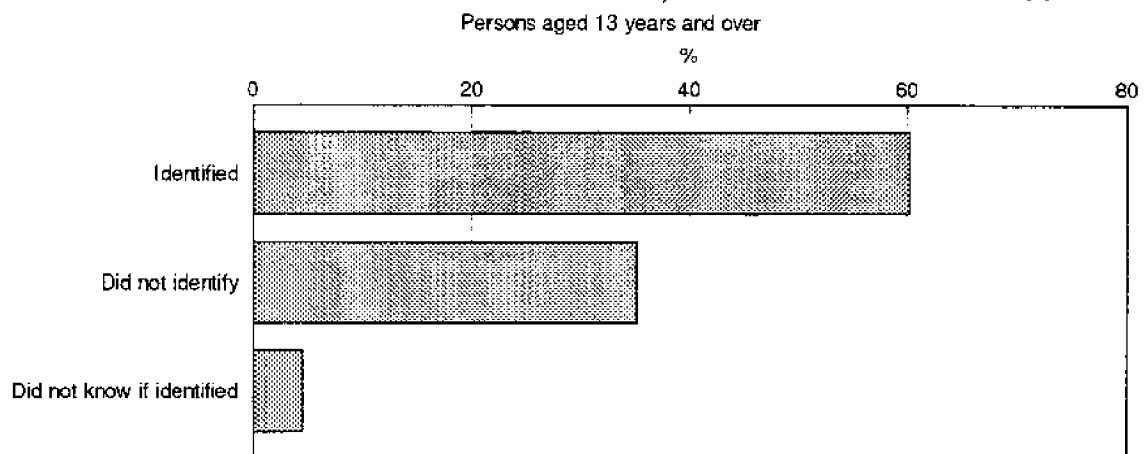


FIGURE 1.7 IDENTIFICATION WITH CLAN, TRIBAL OR LANGUAGE GROUP



**Identification
with clan, tribal or
language group**

Some 7,080 of those 11,750 people aged thirteen years and over said that they identified with a clan, tribal or language group.

Role of elders

People aged thirteen years and over stated that the role of elders was:

- important (10,830 people)
- not important (420 people)
- did not know (480 people)

FIGURE 1.8 ROLE OF ELDERS

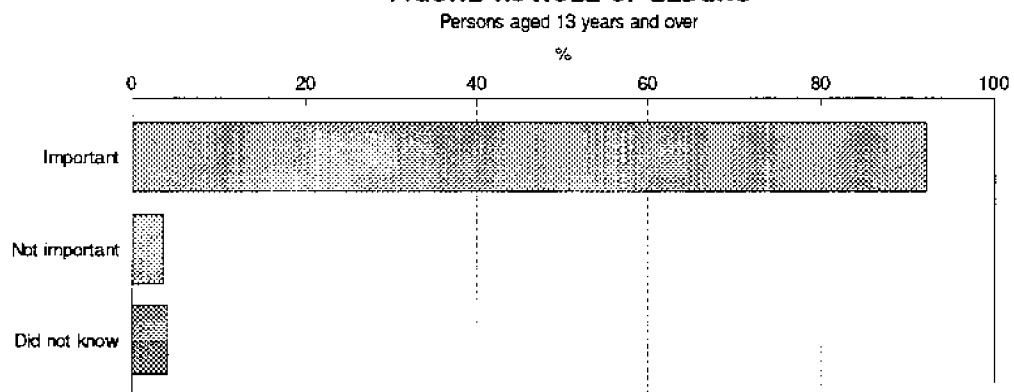
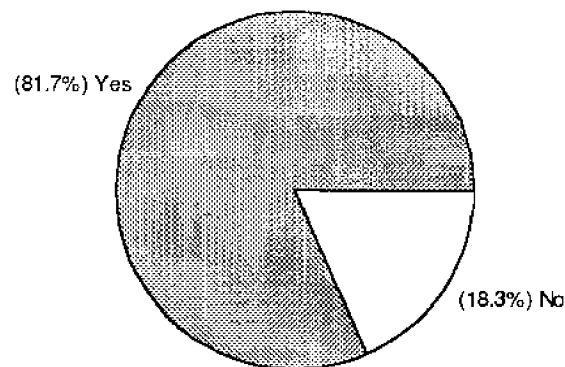


FIGURE 1.9 RECOGNITION OF HOMELANDS

Persons aged 13 years and over



**Recognition
of homelands**

Of people aged thirteen years and over:

- 9,610 people recognised an area as their homelands
- 2,120 people did not recognise any area as their homelands

**Characteristics
of people
who
recognise
homelands**

Of those people who reported that they recognise an area as their homelands:

- 7,900 grew up in their homelands
- 4,300 were living on their homelands
- 9,000 said that their ancestors came from the area that they recognise as their homelands

FIGURE 1.10 CHARACTERISTICS OF PERSONS WHO RECOGNISE HOMELANDS

Persons aged 13 years and over who recognise homelands

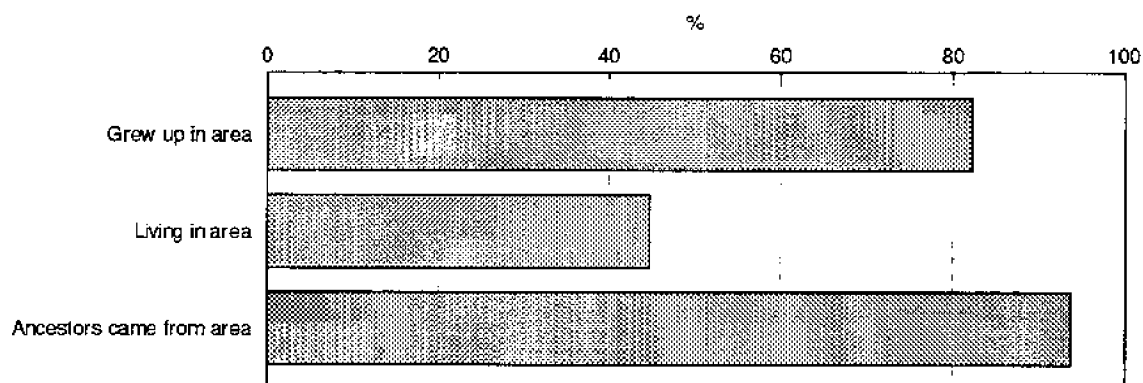
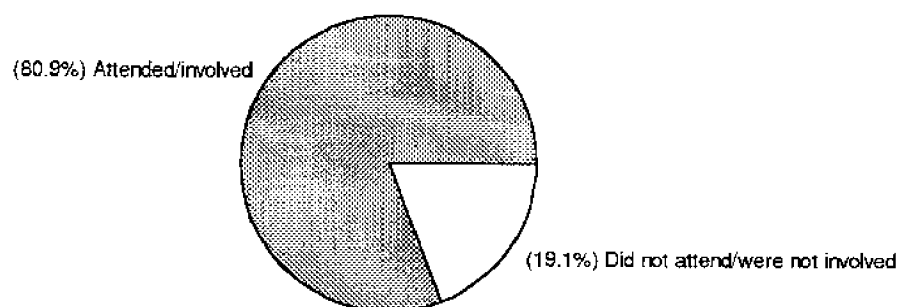


FIGURE 1.11 ATTENDANCE AT CULTURAL ACTIVITIES (a)
Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) includes involvement with Indigenous organisations

**Attendance
at cultural
activities**

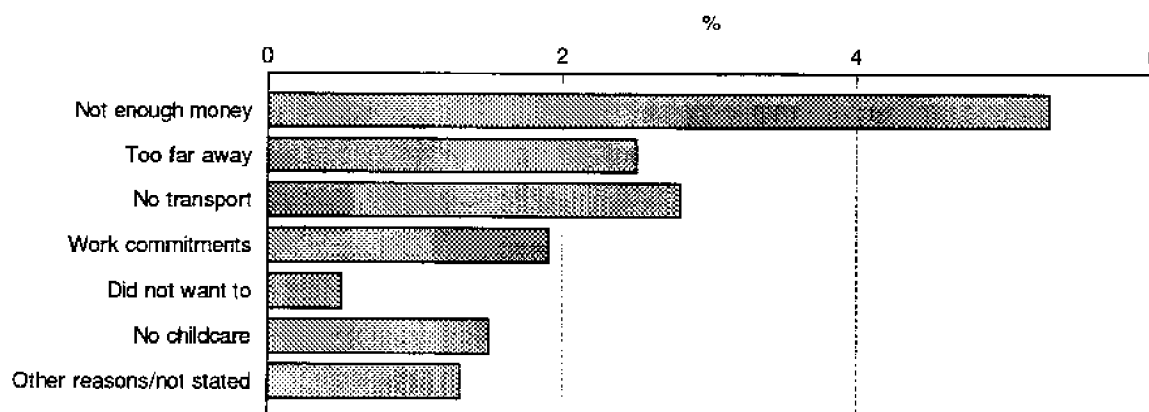
Over the past year, 9,490 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they had attended one or more Indigenous cultural activity or were involved with Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations.

**Reasons
why could
not attend all
cultural
activities**

The main reasons why people could not attend all cultural activities over the past year were:

- not enough money (620 people)
- no transport (330 people)
- too far away (290 people)
- work commitments (220** people)

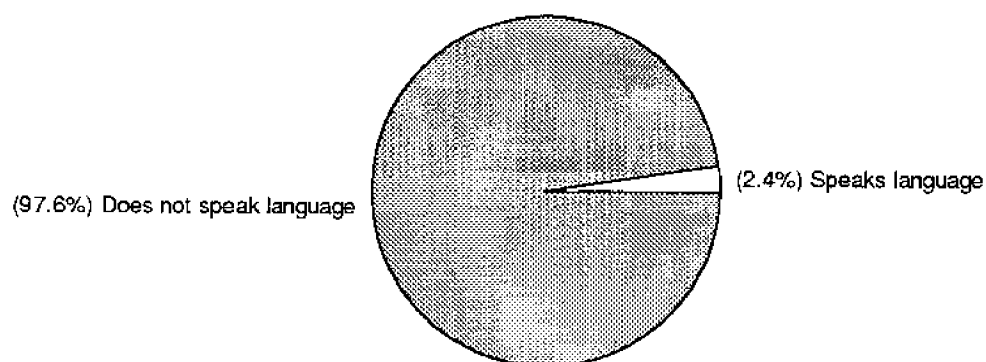
FIGURE 1.12 REASONS WHY COULD NOT ATTEND ALL CULTURAL ACTIVITIES (a)
Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) Persons may have given more than one reason for not being able to attend

FIGURE 1.13 ABORIGINAL OR TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER LANGUAGES

Persons aged 5 years and over



**Speaks an
Indigenous
language**

Some 370 of the 15,590 people aged five years and over reported that they could speak an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander language.

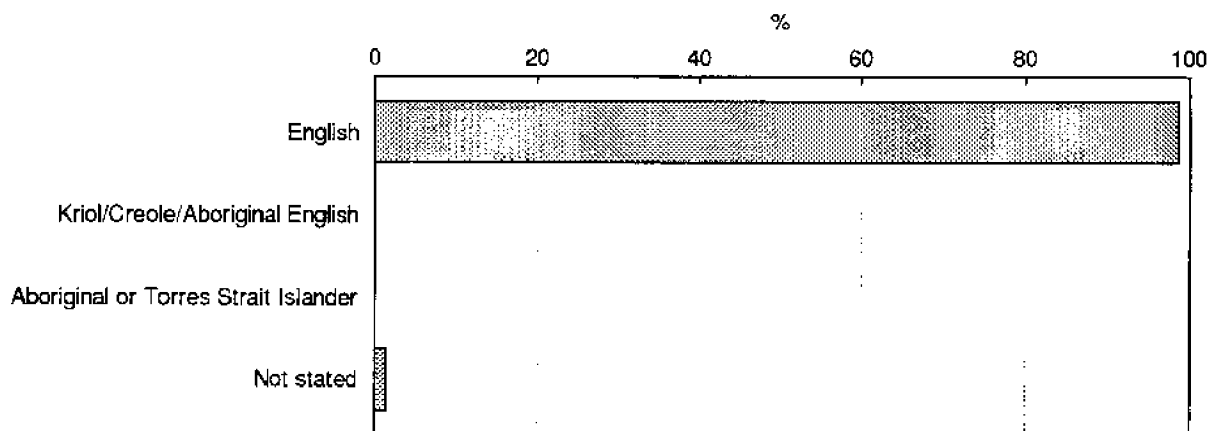
**Main language
spoken at home**

The main language spoken at home by people aged five years and over was:

- English (15,350 people)

FIGURE 1.14 MAIN LANGUAGE SPOKEN AT HOME

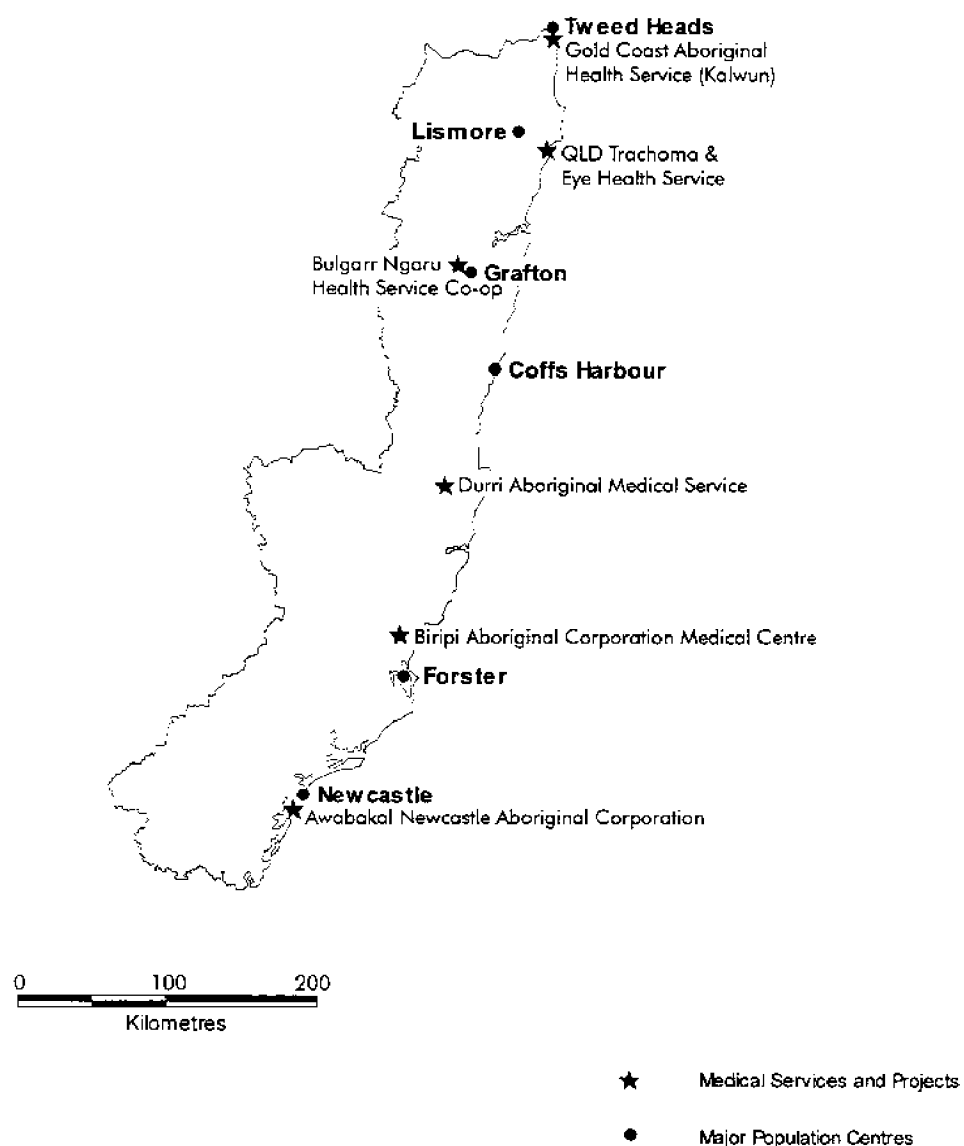
Persons aged 5 years and over



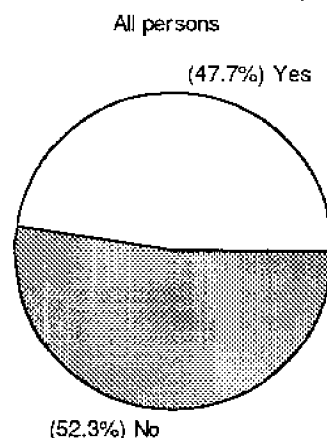
CHAPTER TWO

HEALTH

Map 3 Indigenous Health Services and Projects Funded by ATSIC Coffs Harbour Region



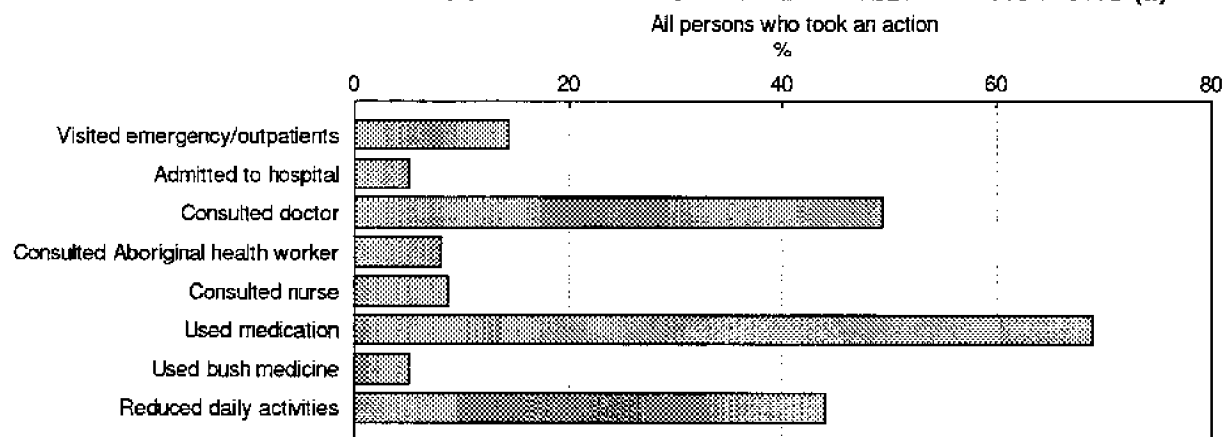
Note: The provision of primary health care transferred from
ATSIC to the Department of Human Services and Health in 1995.
Source: National Aboriginal Health Strategy, 1994.

FIGURE 2.1 EXPERIENCED A RECENT ILLNESS

Recent illness Some 8,990 people experienced an illness in the two weeks prior to the survey.

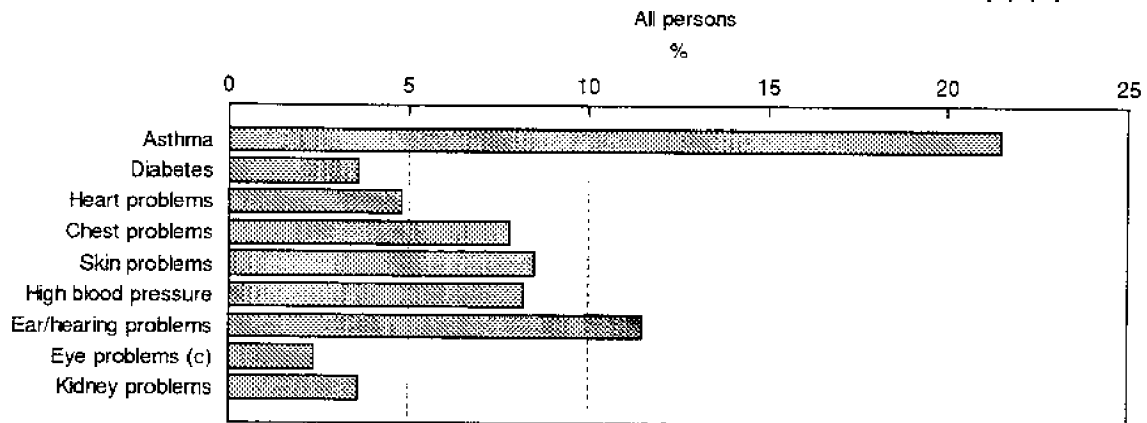
Health related actions An estimated 9,500 people took one or more health related actions in the two weeks prior to the survey. The most common actions taken were:

- used medication (6,550 people)
- consulted a doctor (4,690 people)
- reduced daily activities (4,180 people)
- visited emergency/outpatients clinic (1,370 people)
- consulted a nurse (820 people)
- consulted an Aboriginal health worker (760 people)

FIGURE 2.2 TYPE OF HEALTH RELATED ACTIONS (a)

(a) Persons may have indicated more than one type of action.

FIGURE 2.3 LONG TERM ILLNESS CONDITIONS (a) (b)



(a) Long term conditions are conditions which have lasted for 6 months or more (b) Persons may have indicated more than one condition (c) Excludes eye problems which can be corrected by glasses

Long term illness conditions

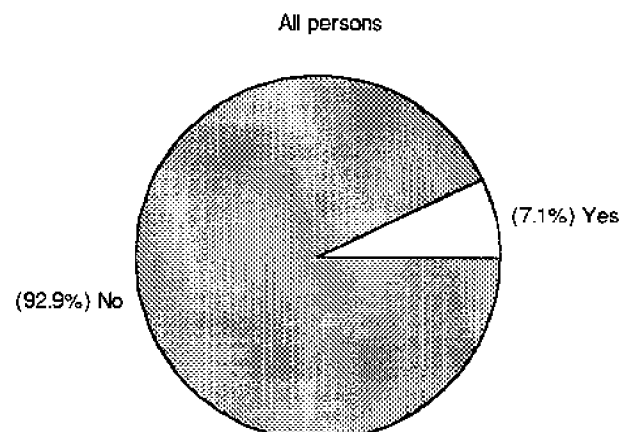
Some 8,220 people, or forty-four per cent of the total population, reported one or more long term illness conditions. The most common conditions were:

- asthma (4,040 people)
- ear or hearing problems (2,160 people)
- skin problems (1,610 people)
- high blood pressure (1,540 people)
- chest problems (1,470 people)
- heart problems (900 people)

Health related travel

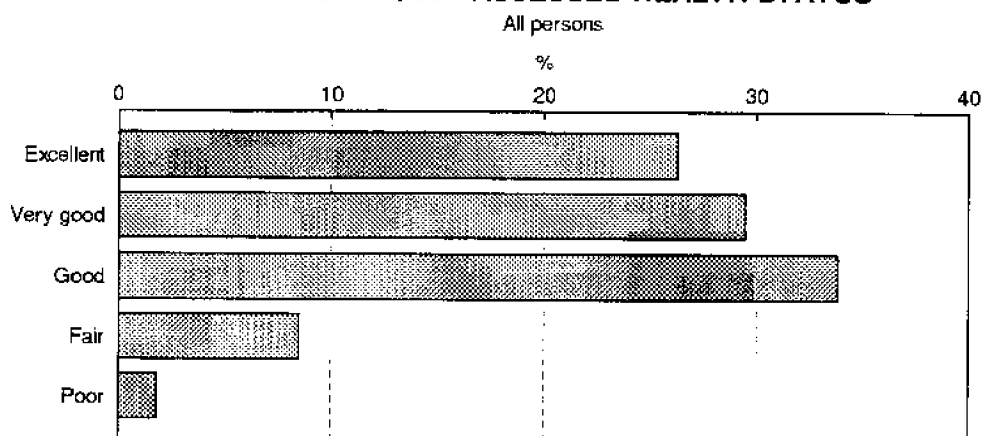
Some 1,340 people reported that during the last twelve months they had gone away from the area for treatment of a health problem.

FIGURE 2.4 GONE AWAY FOR TREATMENT (a)



(a) Refers to health related treatment during the last 12 months

FIGURE 2.5 SELF ASSESSED HEALTH STATUS



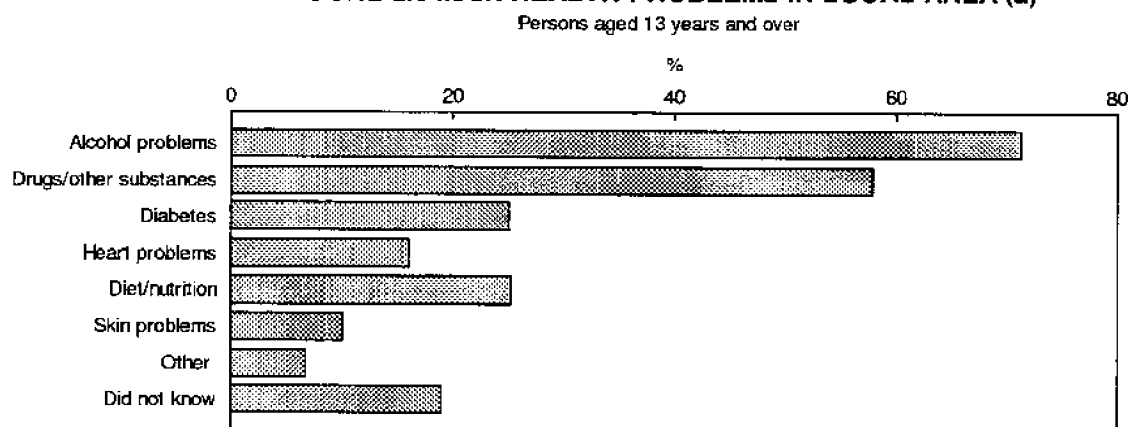
Self-assessed health status The self-assessed health status of the 18,840 people in the Coffs Harbour region was:

- excellent or very good (10,500 people)
- good or fair (7,980 people)
- poor (340 people)

Local health problems The main local health problems identified by the 11,750 people aged thirteen years and over were:

- alcohol (8,390 people)
- drugs/other substances (6,810 people)
- diet/nutrition (2,970 people)
- diabetes (2,950 people)
- heart problems (1,890 people)

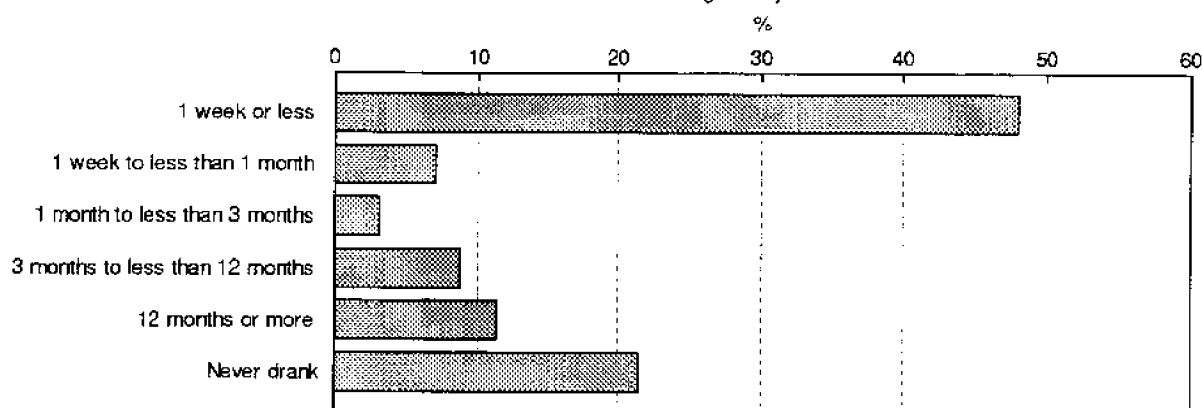
FIGURE 2.6 MAIN HEALTH PROBLEMS IN LOCAL AREA (a)



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one health problem

FIGURE 2.7 PERIOD SINCE LAST DRANK ALCOHOL

Persons aged 13 years and over



Alcohol consumption People aged thirteen years and over reported that the period since they last drank alcohol was:

- one week or less (5,640 people)
- more than one week but less than one month (830 people)
- one month or more but less than three months (370 people)
- three months or more but less than twelve months (1,030 people)
- twelve months or more (1,330 people)
- never drank (2,510 people)

Tobacco use Some 5,750 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they smoked cigarettes.

FIGURE 2.8 CIGARETTE SMOKING

Persons aged 13 years and over

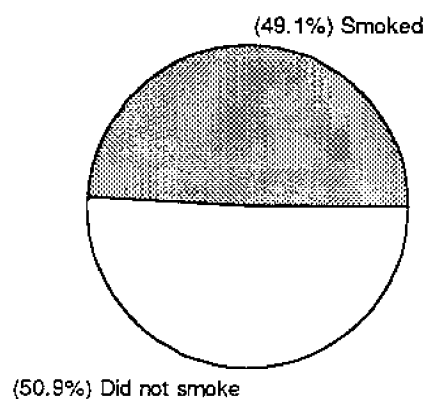
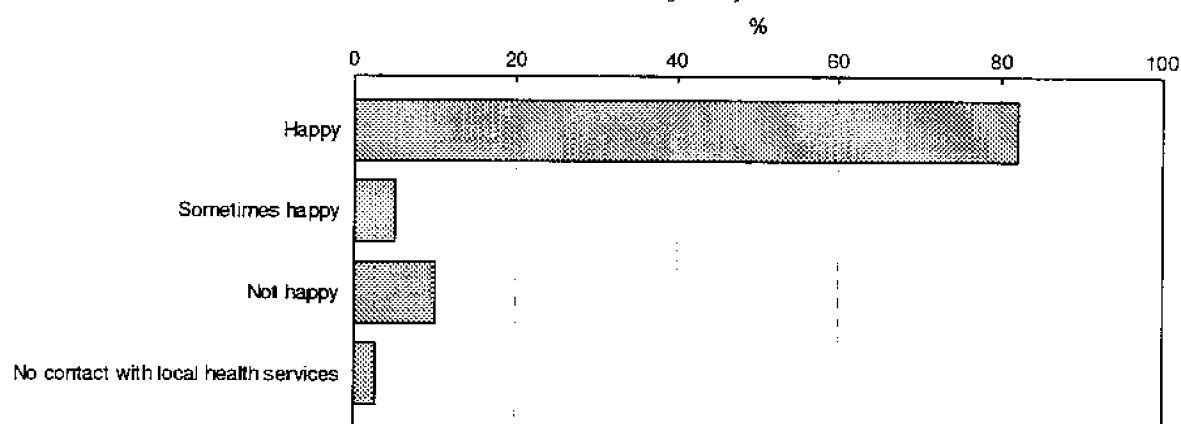


FIGURE 2.9 ATTITUDES TO LOCAL HEALTH SERVICES

Persons aged 13 years and over



**Attitudes to
local health
services**

People aged thirteen years and over said they were:

- happy with local health services (9,630 people)
- sometimes happy (590 people)
- not happy (1,190 people)

**Involvement
in health
services**

Some 10,710 people aged thirteen years and over thought that it was important for Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people to be involved in local health services.

FIGURE 2.10 IMPORTANCE OF INDIGENOUS INVOLVEMENT IN HEALTH SERVICES

Persons aged 13 years and over

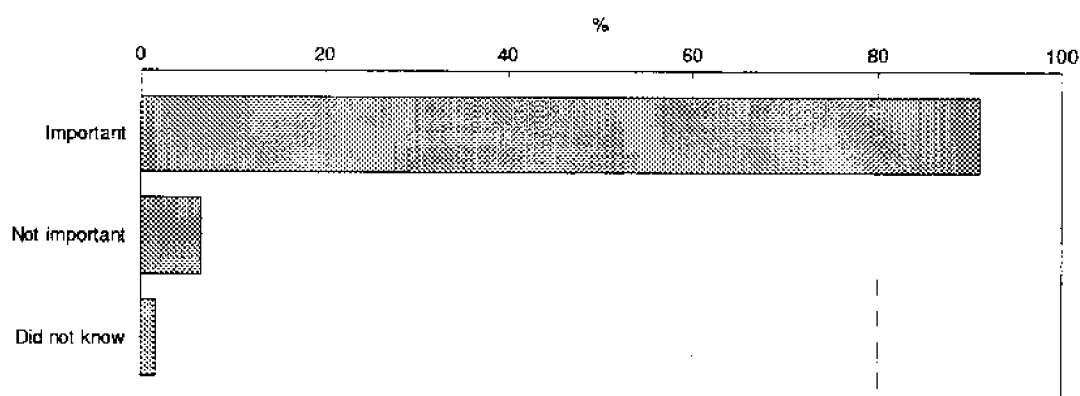
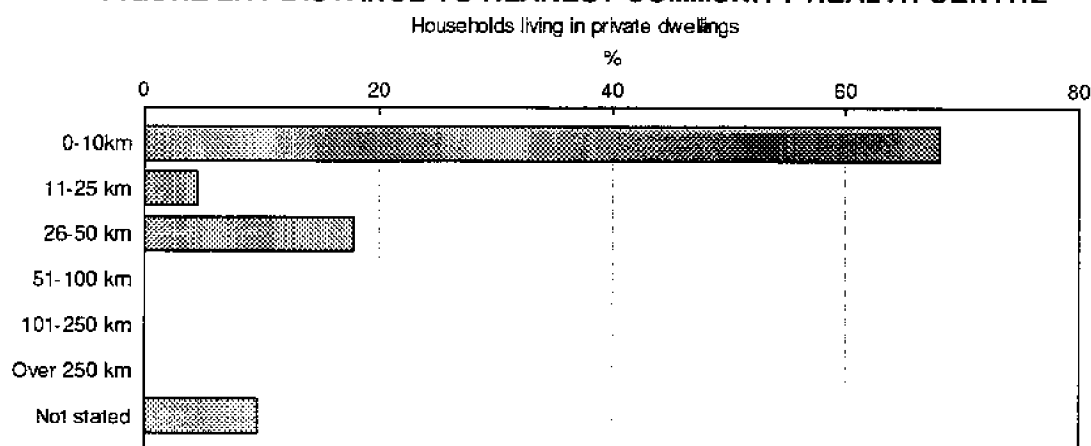


FIGURE 2.11 DISTANCE TO NEAREST COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTRE



Nearest health centre

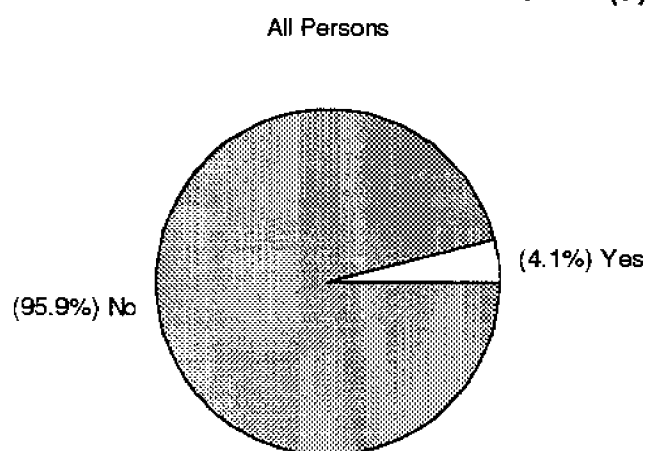
The distance that the 5,480 households had to travel to attend the nearest community health centre was estimated to be:

- less than 10 km (3,730 households)
- between 11 and 25 km (250 households)
- between 26 and 50 km (970 households)

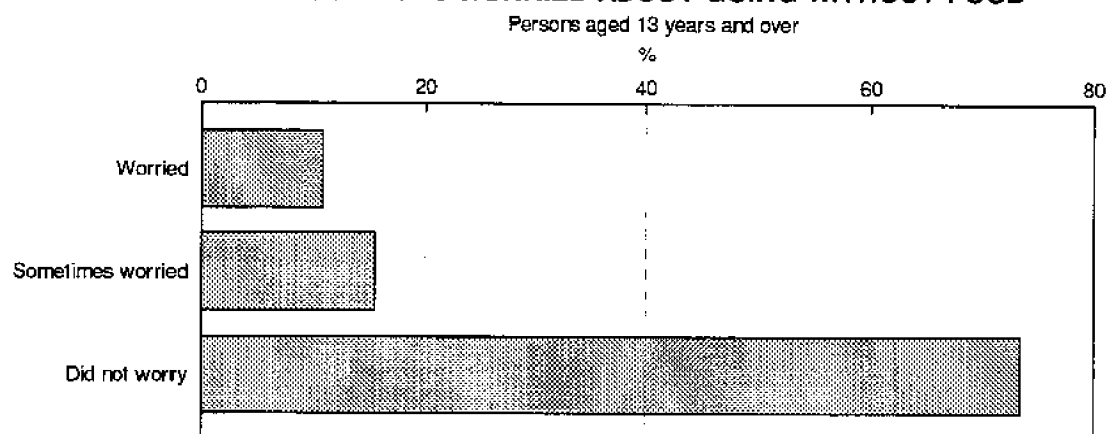
Bush medicine

Some 760 people reported using bush medicine in the last six months.

FIGURE 2.12 USED BUSH MEDICINE (a)



(a) Refers to the last six months

FIGURE 2.13 WORRIED ABOUT GOING WITHOUT FOOD

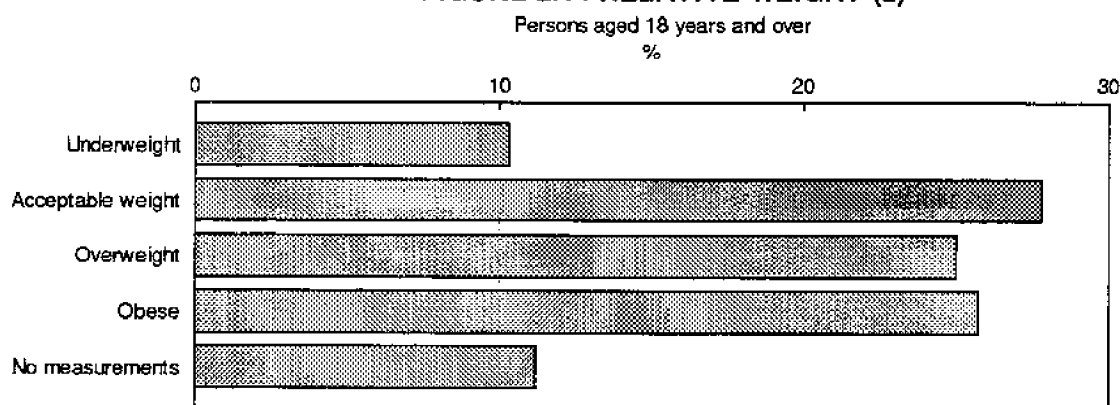
**Food
security**

Some 3,090 people aged thirteen years and over said that they worried, or sometimes worried, about going without food.

**Relative
weight**

The 9,350 people aged eighteen years and over were grouped according to their body mass index (BMI) scores. On this basis:

- 960 people were underweight
- 2,600 people were an acceptable weight
- 2,330 people were overweight
- 2,400 people were obese
- 1,050 people chose not to have their weight and height measurements taken

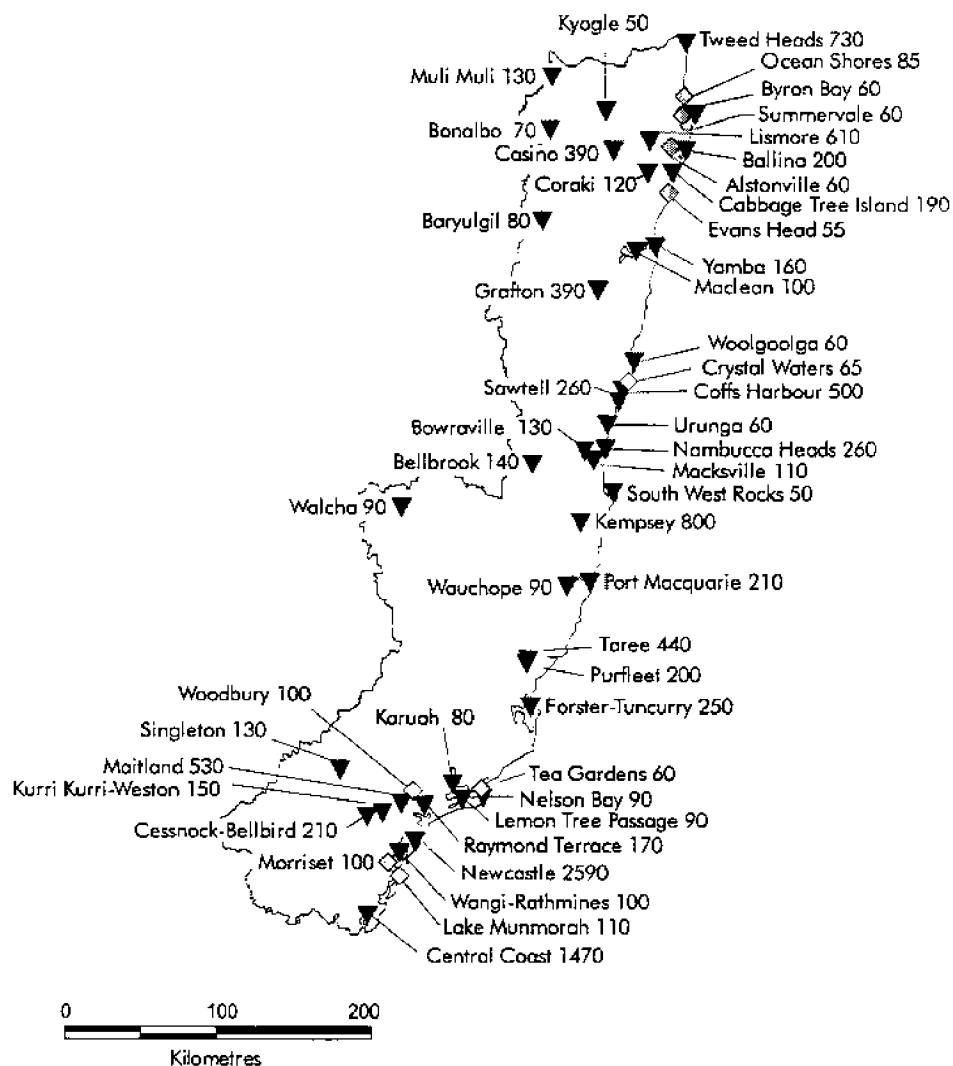
FIGURE 2.14 RELATIVE WEIGHT (a)

(a) Based on body mass index (BMI) score. The BMI equals a person's weight in kilograms divided by the square of the person's height in metres.

CHAPTER THREE

HOUSING

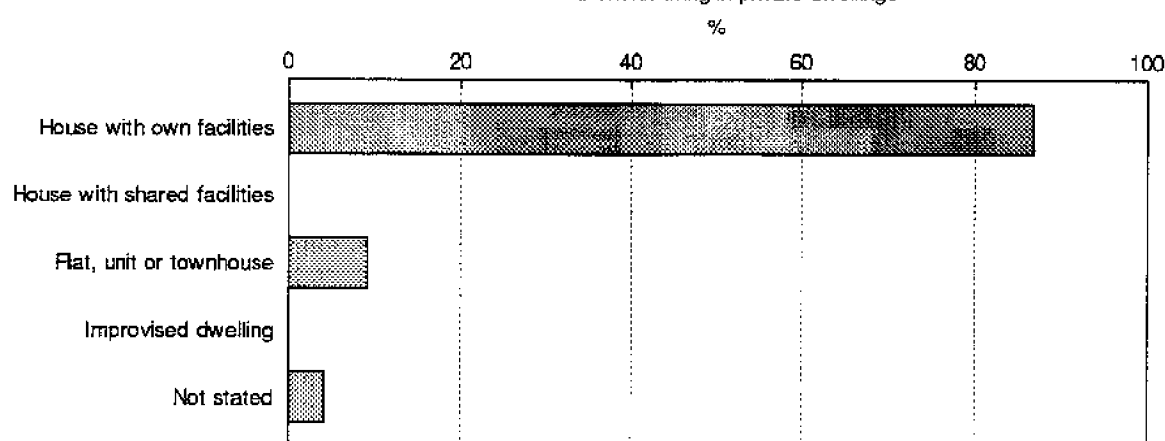
**Map 4 Major Communities and Population
Coffs Harbour Region**



▼ Source: ABS 1991 Census of Population and Housing. Urban Centre/ Localities with a population greater than 50 persons and ABS Aboriginal Communities locations.
 ◆ Source: 1992 Community Housing and Infrastructure Needs Survey, Communities with a population greater than 50 persons.

FIGURE 3.1 TYPE OF DWELLING

Households living in private dwellings

**Type of dwelling**

The types of dwellings occupied by the 5,480 households living in the Coffs Harbour region were:

- house with own facilities (4,760 households)
- flat, unit or townhouse (500 households)

Nature of occupancy

The nature of occupancy of these dwellings was:

- rented (3,630 households)
- owned (970 households)
- being purchased (710 households)
- other arrangements (40** households)

FIGURE 3.2 NATURE OF OCCUPANCY

Households living in private dwellings

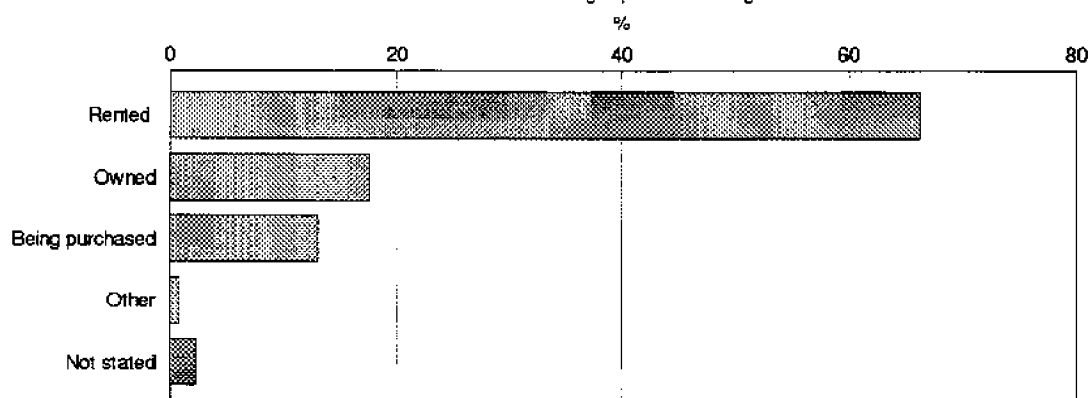
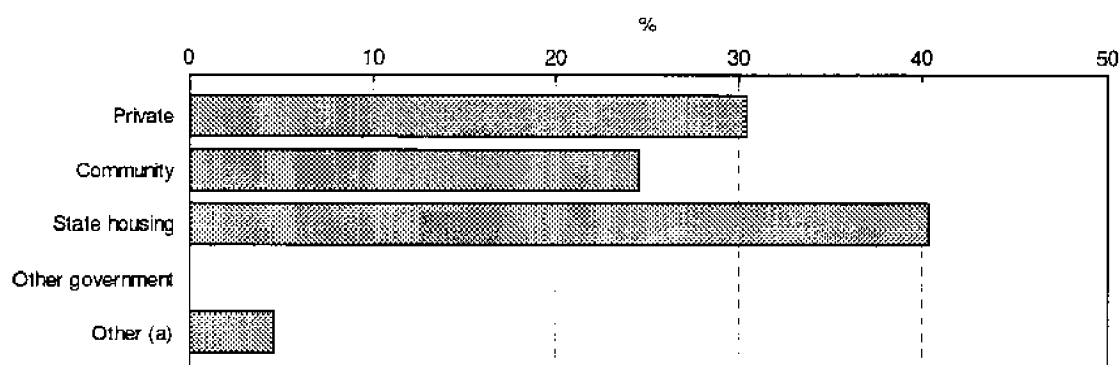


FIGURE 3.3 TYPE OF LANDLORD

Households living in rented private dwellings



(a) Includes employer provided housing and not stated

Type of landlord

The 3,630 households that were renting their dwelling reported that they were renting from:

- private landlords (1,110 households)
- community organisations (890 households)
- state housing authorities (1,470 households)
- other (170** households)

Weekly rent

These households reported that their weekly rent was:

- less than \$48 (580 households)
- \$48-\$77 (1,180 households)
- \$78-\$107 (500 households)
- \$108-\$137 (940 households)
- \$138-\$167 (240** households)
- \$168 and over (200** households)

FIGURE 3.4 WEEKLY RENT

Households living in rented private dwellings

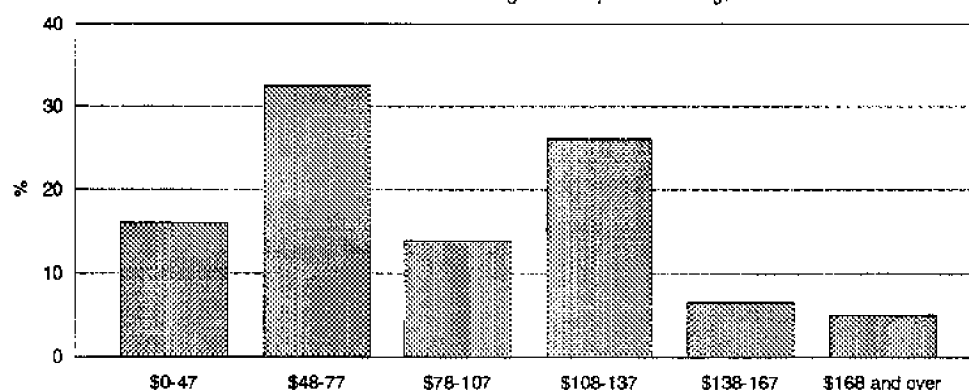
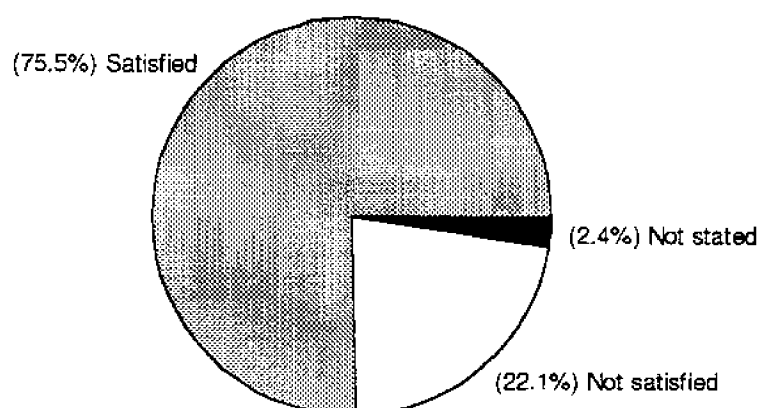


FIGURE 3.5 SATISFACTION WITH DWELLING

Households living in private dwellings

**Satisfaction with dwelling**

Some 4,140 households reported that their current dwelling satisfied the needs of the household.

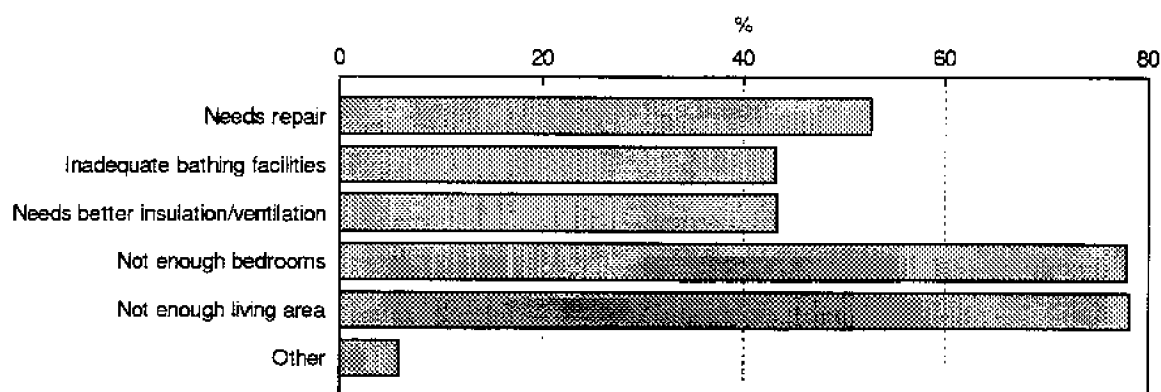
Main problems with dwelling

The 1,130 households that were not satisfied with their current dwelling reported that the main problems with the dwelling were:

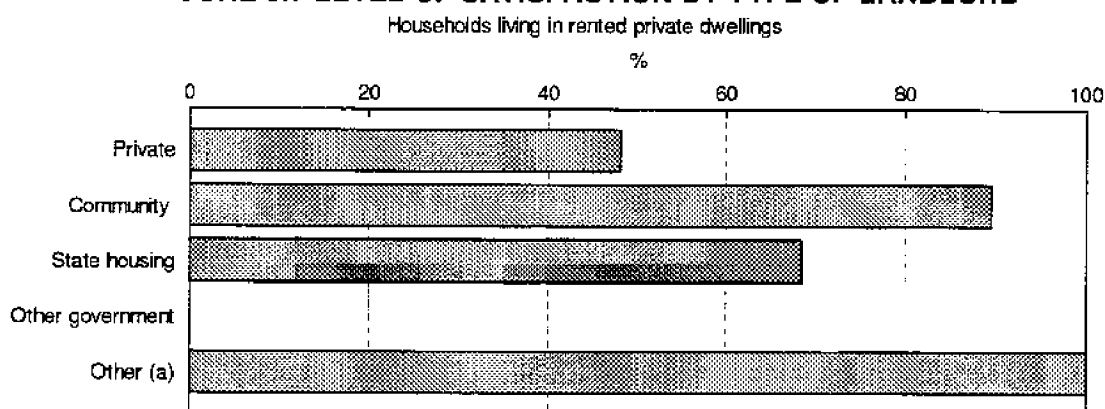
- not enough living area (880 households)
- not enough bedrooms (880 households)
- needs repair (600 households)
- needs better insulation/ventilation (490 households)
- inadequate bathing facilities (490 households)

FIGURE 3.6 MAIN PROBLEMS WITH DWELLING

Households living in rented private dwellings and dissatisfied with their dwelling



(a) Households may have indicated more than one problem with dwelling

FIGURE 3.7 LEVEL OF SATISFACTION BY TYPE OF LANDLORD

(a) includes employer provided housing and not stated

Level of satisfaction by type of landlord

Of those 4,140 households that were satisfied with their current dwelling, some 2,510 were renting their accommodation from:

- private landlords (530 households)
- community organisations (800 households)
- state housing authorities (1,010 households)
- other (170** households)

Utilities not working in last 4 weeks

Some 670 of the total 5,480 households reported utilities not working in the last four weeks. The utilities not working were (in order):

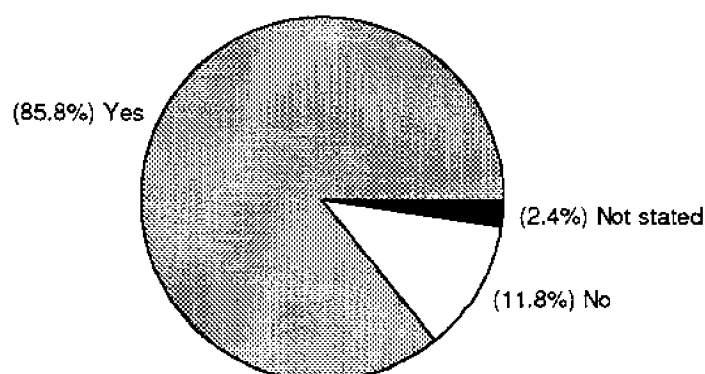
- toilet
- water
- electricity/gas

FIGURE 3.8 UTILITIES NOT WORKING IN LAST 4 WEEKS

The number in each category and this figure have not been printed because all entries have high standard errors (**).

FIGURE 3.9 DWELLING HAS BATHROOM OR SHOWER

Households living in private dwellings

**Bathroom or shower**

Some 4,710 households living in private dwellings had their own bathroom or shower. A further 560 households had access to a communal bathroom or shower.

Summary of dwelling characteristics

In summary, the dwelling characteristics of the 5,480 households living in private dwellings were:

- running water connected (5,320 households)
- electricity/gas connected (5,340 households)
- garbage collected (4,960 households)
- dwelling situated on sealed road (4,840 households)
- satisfied needs of household (4,140 households)
- being rented (3,630 households)

FIGURE 3.10 SUMMARY OF DWELLING CHARACTERISTICS

Households living in private dwellings

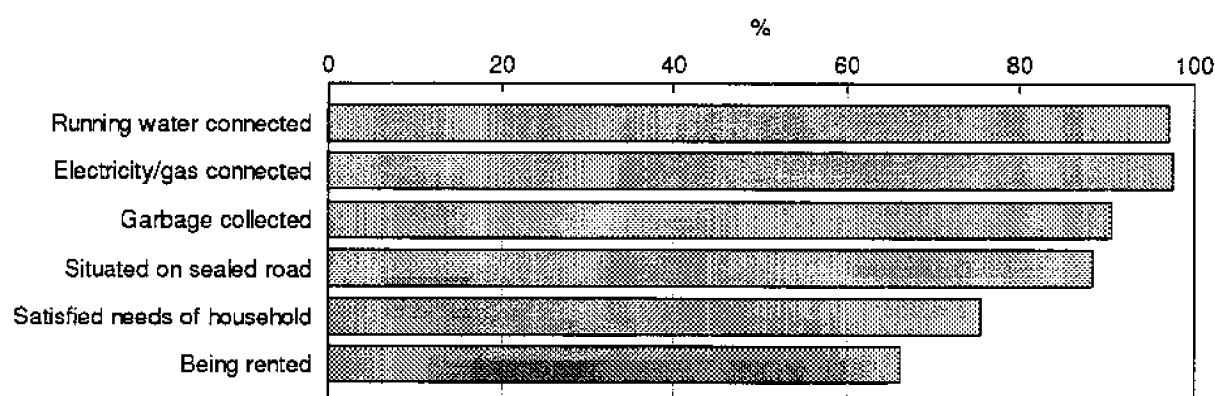
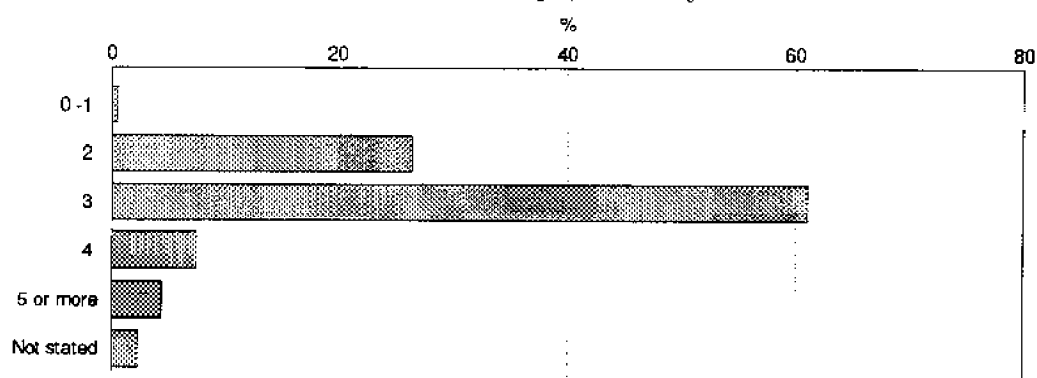


FIGURE 3.11 NUMBER OF BEDROOMS

Households living in private dwellings



Number of bedrooms

The number of bedrooms in the private dwellings occupied by Indigenous households was:

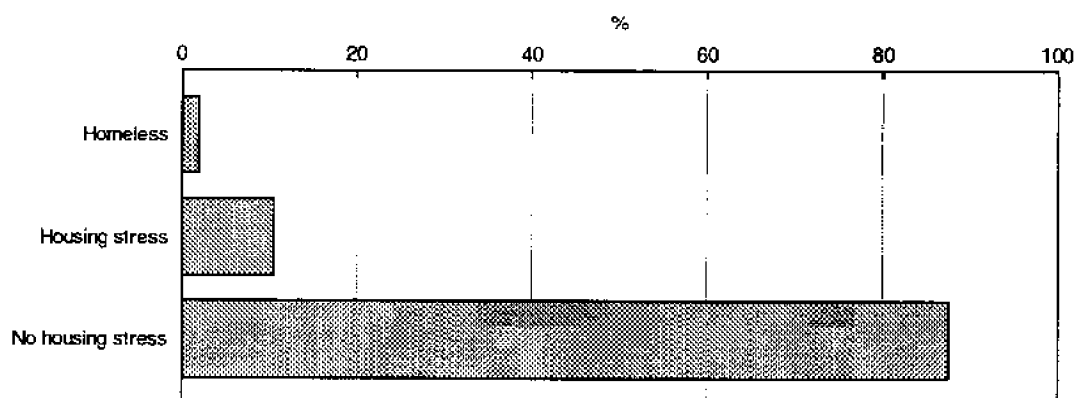
- none or one (30** households)
- two (1,450 households)
- three (3,350 households)
- four (410 households)
- five or more households (120** households)

Housing stress

Detailed analysis of the 1991 Census of Population and Housing results for the Coffs Harbour region (Jones, R (1994) *The Housing Need of Indigenous Australians, 1991*: Canberra: Centre for Aboriginal Economic Policy Research, ANU) concluded that some 70 families were homeless and a further 420 families were in housing stress from overcrowding.

FIGURE 3.12 HOUSING STRESS

All families



Source: 1991 Census of Population and Housing: Jones, 1994.

**1992 ATSIC
Housing and
Community
Infrastructure
Needs Survey**

Another source of information about the condition of community infrastructure in the Coffs Harbour Region is the final report of Stage 1 of the 1992 ATSIC Housing and Community Infrastructure Needs Survey. This report identified:

- 96 per cent of discrete communities surveyed (including homelands/outstations) in which the quality of water available for human consumption complied with National Health and Medical Research Council guidelines.
- 88 per cent of discrete communities (excluding homelands/outstations) in which the sewerage system normally worked satisfactorily.
- 73 per cent of discrete communities (excluding homelands/outstations) in which the internal roads were all sealed.

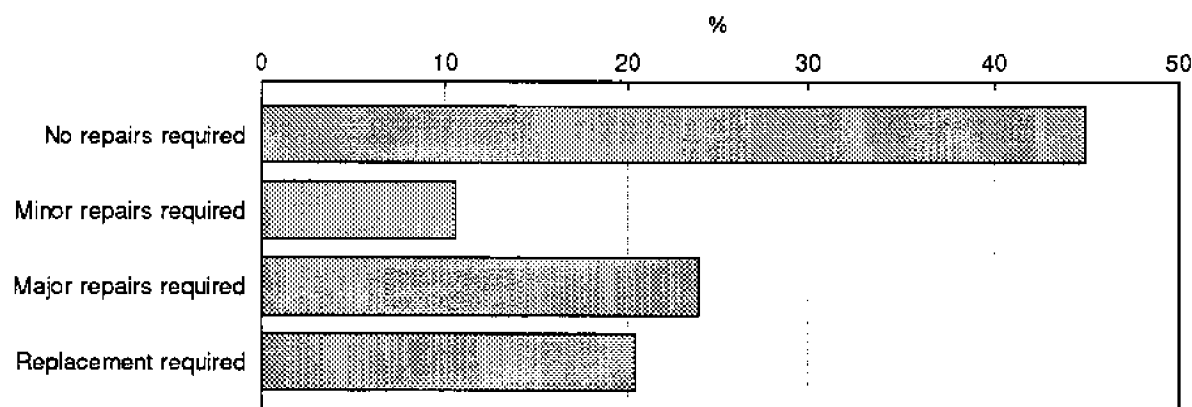
**Condition of
houses**

At the time of the Needs survey it was estimated that there were some 510 houses in the Coffs Harbour region owned and/or administered by Indigenous organisations. The condition of these houses was found to be:

- no repairs required (230 houses)
- minor repairs required (50 houses)
- major repairs required (120 houses)
- replacement required (100 houses)

FIGURE 3.13 CONDITION OF HOUSES (a)

Owned and/or administered by Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations



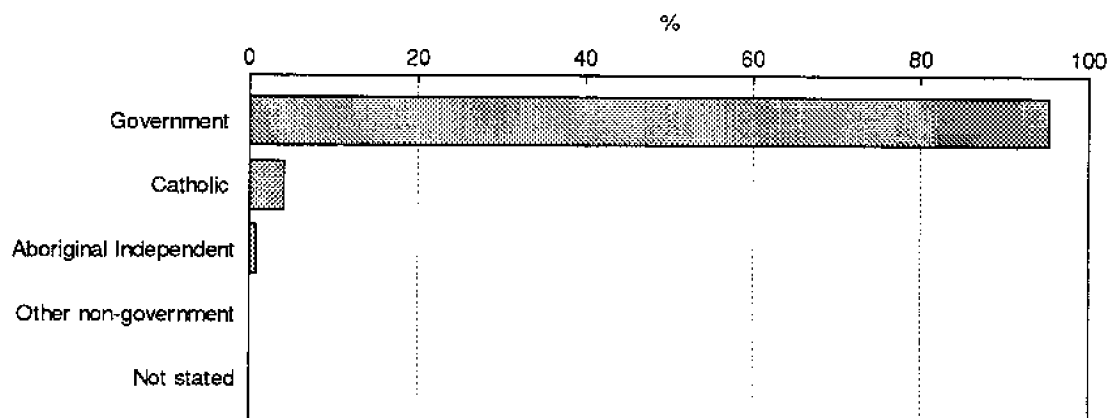
(a) Relates only to Centres surveyed

CHAPTER FOUR

EDUCATION AND TRAINING

FIGURE 4.1 TYPE OF SCHOOL ATTENDED

Primary and secondary school students



Type of school attended

The type of school attended by the 5,890 primary and secondary school students was:

- government (5,620 students)
- Catholic (240** students)
- Aboriginal Independent (40** students)

Level of school attended

The level of school these students attended was:

- primary (3,520 students)
- secondary (2,080 students)
- combined primary/secondary (290 students)

FIGURE 4.2 LEVEL OF SCHOOL ATTENDED

Primary and secondary school students

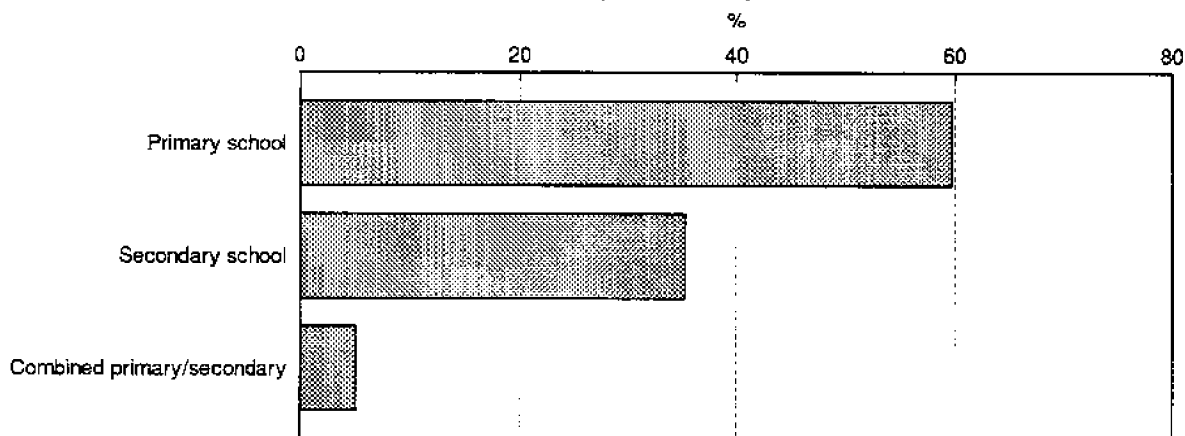
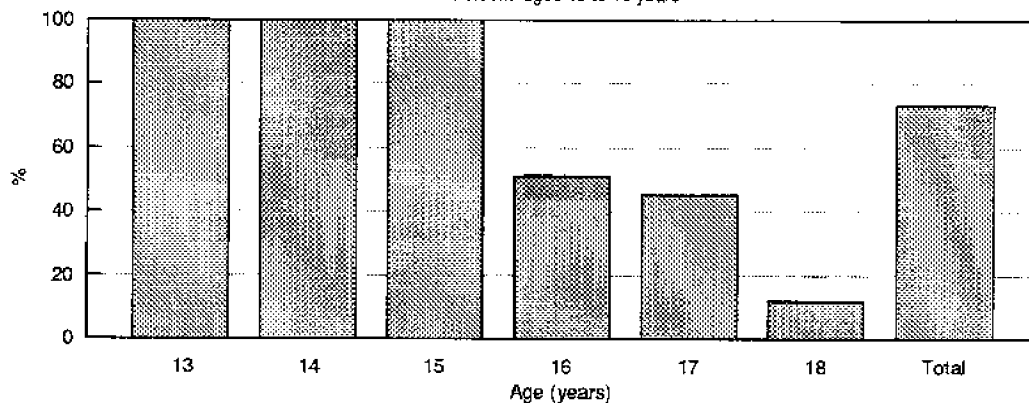


FIGURE 4.3 SCHOOL PARTICIPATION RATE (a)

Persons aged 13 to 18 years



(a) the number of enrolled school students of a particular age, expressed as a proportion of the population of the same age

School participation rates

The overall school participation rate was calculated to be slightly more than 70 per cent. For thirteen, fourteen and fifteen year olds the participation rate was 100 per cent, while for sixteen and seventeen year olds the rate had fallen to around 50 per cent and 45 per cent respectively.

Characteristics of schooling

Students in the Coffs Harbour region reported that they were:

- taught about Indigenous culture (2,870 students)
- not taught about culture but want to be (2,830 students)
- taught by an Indigenous teacher (740 students)
- taught by an Indigenous education worker (1,200 students)
- taught by a community member (580 students)
- taught Indigenous languages (900 students)

FIGURE 4.4 CHARACTERISTICS OF SCHOOLING

Primary and secondary school students

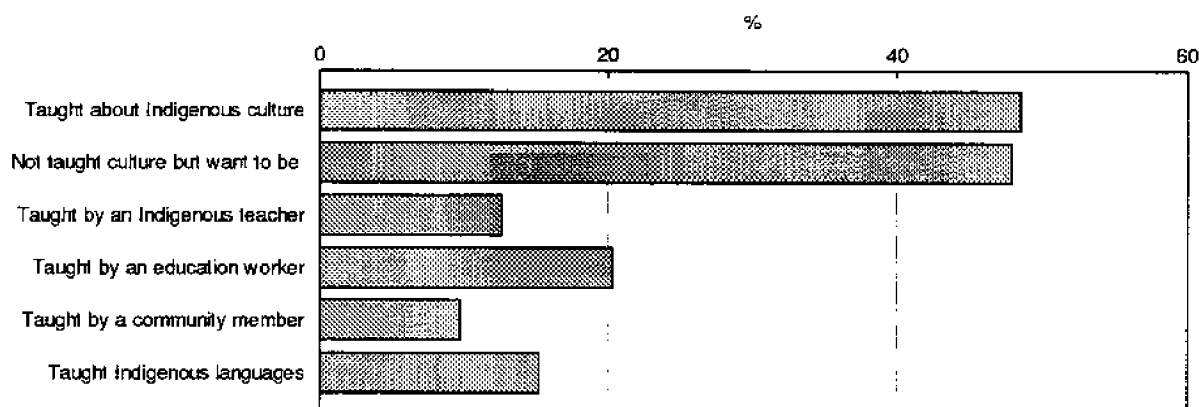
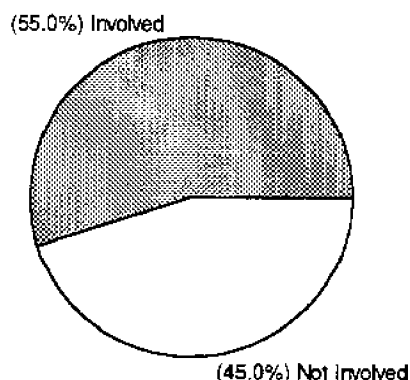


FIGURE 4.5 INVOLVEMENT IN DECISION MAKING AT CHILDREN'S SCHOOL

Persons with children attending primary or secondary school



**Involvement
in decision
making**

Some 1,740 of the 3,170 people with children attending primary or secondary school felt that they were involved in decision making at their children's school.

**Preference for
children to
attend
community
school**

Parents' preference for sending their children to an Aboriginal community controlled school was:

- yes (1,170 parents)
- no (1,500 parents)
- already attends (70** parents)
- did not know (420 parents)

FIGURE 4.6 PREFERENCE FOR CHILDREN TO ATTEND COMMUNITY SCHOOL

Persons with children attending primary or secondary school

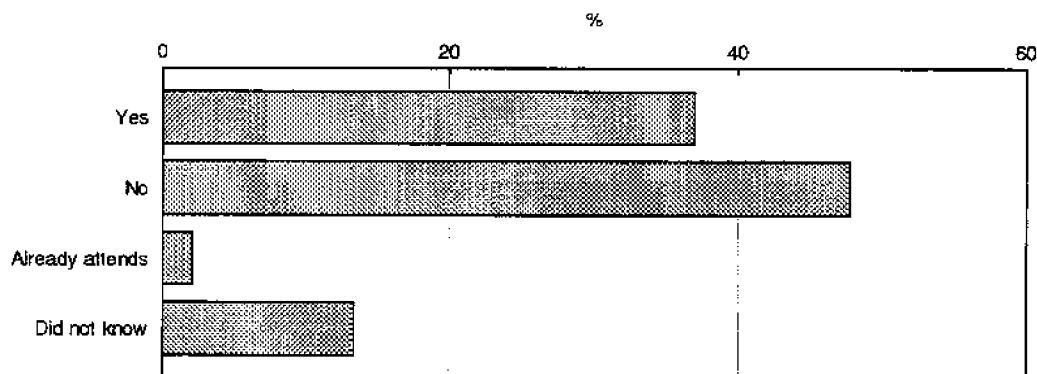
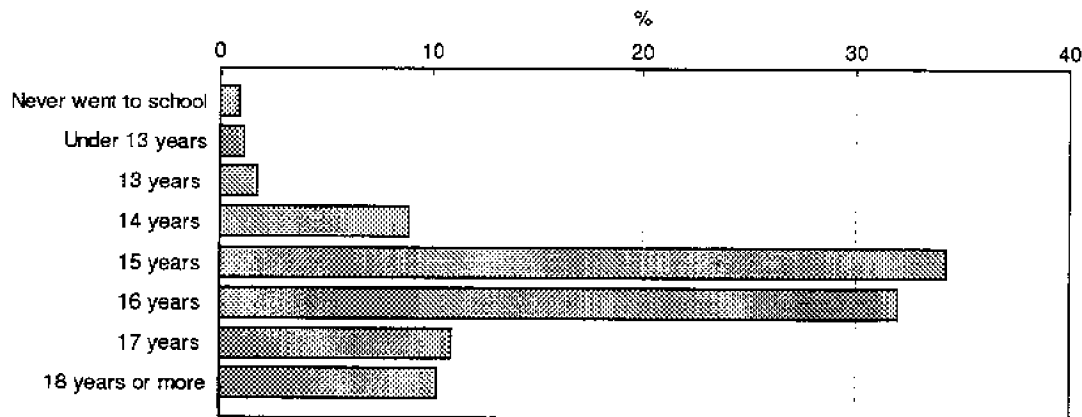


FIGURE 4.7 AGE LEFT SCHOOL

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school

**Age left school**

The 9,720 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school reported that the age they left school was:

- 13 years or less (270** people)
- 14 years (870 people)
- 15 or 16 years (6,440 people)
- 17 years or more (2,050 people)

Some 90** people reported that they had never attended school

Highest level of educational attainment

The highest level of education attained by people aged fifteen years and over who had left school was:

- post-school qualifications (2,650 people)
- year 12 school certificate (470 people)
- year 10 school certificate (2,440 people)
- below year 10 (4,160 people)

FIGURE 4.8 HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school

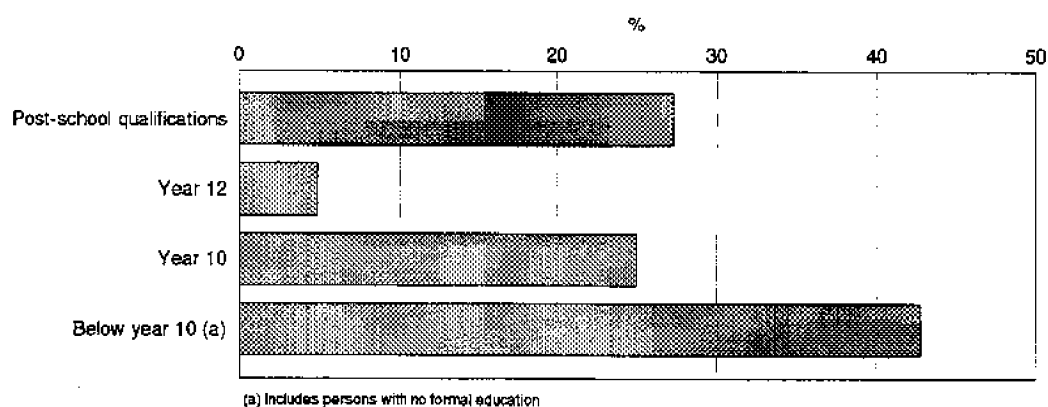
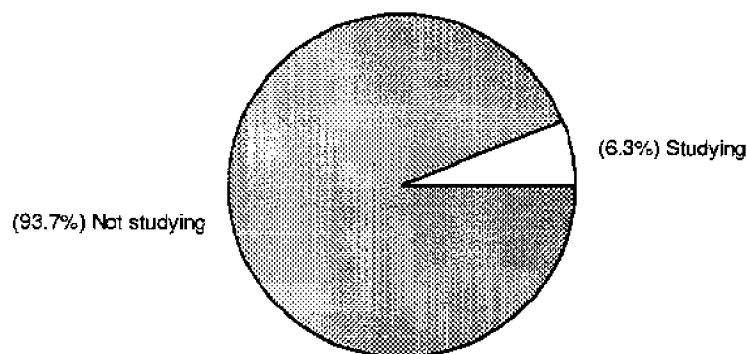


FIGURE 4.9 POST-SCHOOL STUDY
Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school



Post-school study Some 610 of those 9,720 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school were studying for a qualification.

Main difficulty in undertaking further study or training Some 5,190 of those 6,230 people who had left school and wanted to do further study felt they would have problems attending study or training courses. The main difficulties were expected to be:

- financial problems (1,160 people)
- lack of transport or travel problems (980 people)
- no courses available (890 people)
- no childcare available (580 people)
- lack of English proficiency (550 people)

FIGURE 4.10 MAIN DIFFICULTY IN UNDERTAKING FURTHER STUDY/TRAINING
Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school and felt that they would have difficulty undertaking further study/training

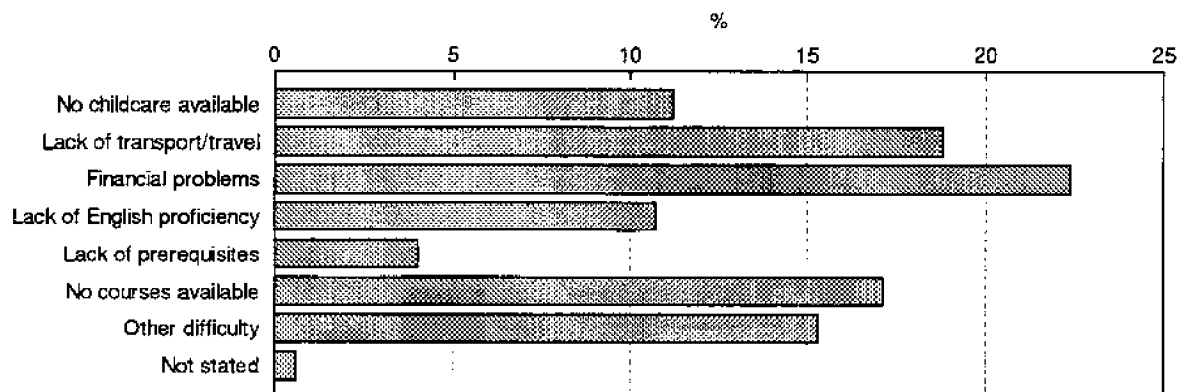
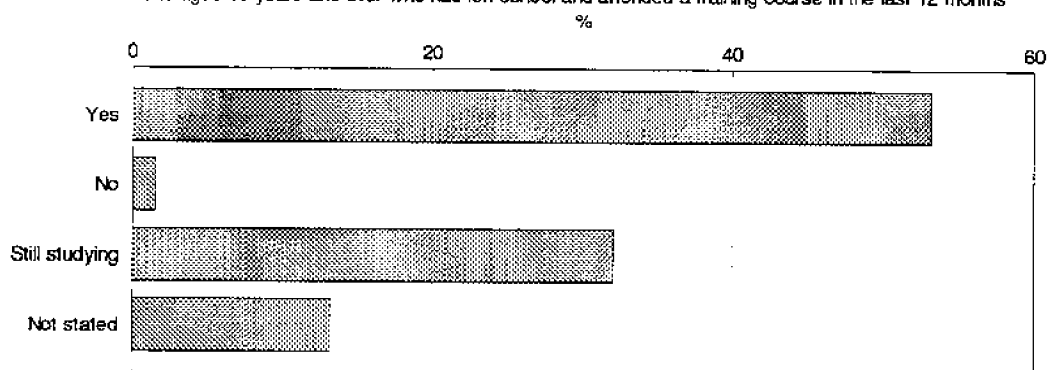


FIGURE 4.11 COMPLETION OF TRAINING COURSE IN LAST 12 MONTHS (a)

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school and attended a training course in the last 12 months



(a) Refers to main training course if more than one course was attended

**Completion of
training course
attended in last
12 months**

Some 1,180 people aged fifteen years and over who had left school reported that they had attended at least one training course in the last twelve months which they:

- completed (630 people)
- were still studying (380 people)
- did not complete (20** people)

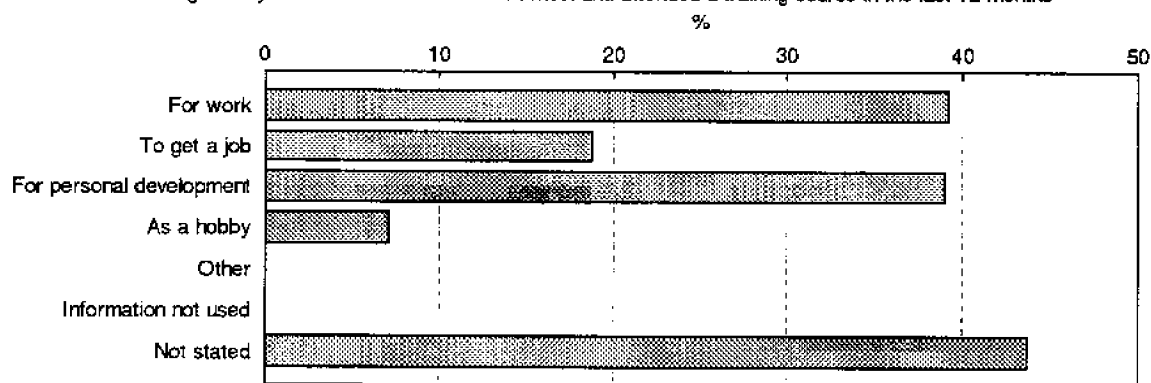
**Use made of
information
gained from
recent training
course**

These people reported that the information they gained from the course was used:

- for work (460 people)
- for personal development (460 people)
- to get a job (220** people)
- as a hobby (80** people)

FIGURE 4.12 USE MADE OF INFORMATION GAINED FROM RECENT TRAINING COURSE (a)

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school and attended a training course in the last 12 months



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one answer

CHAPTER FIVE

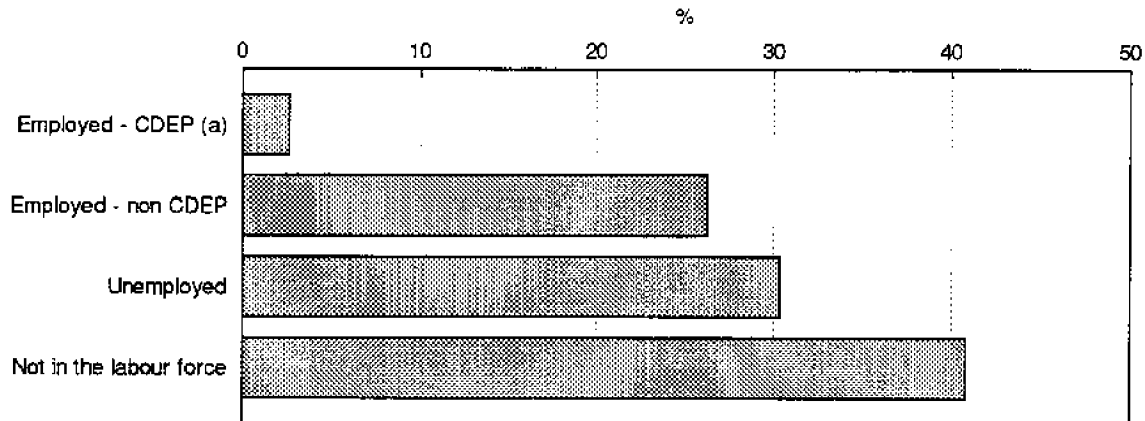
EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

CHAPTER FIVE

EMPLOYMENT AND INCOME

FIGURE 5.1 LABOUR FORCE STATUS

Persons aged 15 years and over



(a) Community Development Employment Projects

Labour force status

There were some 10,940 people aged fifteen years and over in the Coffs Harbour region. The labour force status of these people was:

- employed (3,160 people)
- unemployed (3,310 people)
- not in labour force (4,470 people)

Nature of jobs

Some 280** of the 3,160 employed people reported that they were working in a Community Development Employment Project (CDEP) scheme.

Type of employment

Those employed people reported that their type of employment was:

- full-time (1,690 people)
- part-time (1,300 people)

FIGURE 5.2 TYPE OF EMPLOYMENT

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

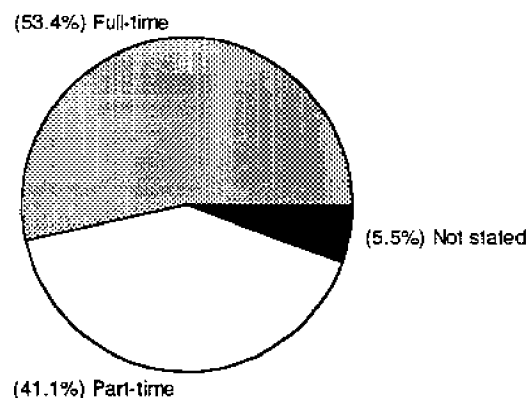
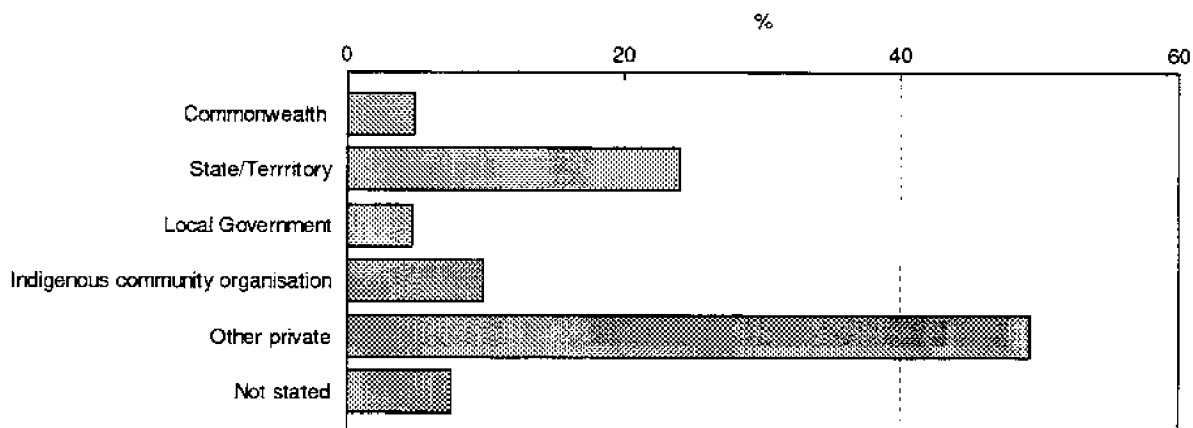


FIGURE 5.3 SECTOR OF EMPLOYMENT

Employed persons aged 15 years and over



Sector of employment

The 3,160 employed people reported that their employer was:

- Commonwealth government (150** people)
- State/Territory government (760 people)
- local government (150** people)
- Indigenous community organisation (310 people)
- other private organisation (1,560 people)

Number of hours a week usually worked

Employed people reported that the number of hours a week they usually worked was:

- 15 or fewer (550 people)
- 16-24 (310 people)
- 25-34 (430 people)
- 35 or more (1,690 people)

FIGURE 5.4 NUMBER OF HOURS A WEEK USUALLY WORKED

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

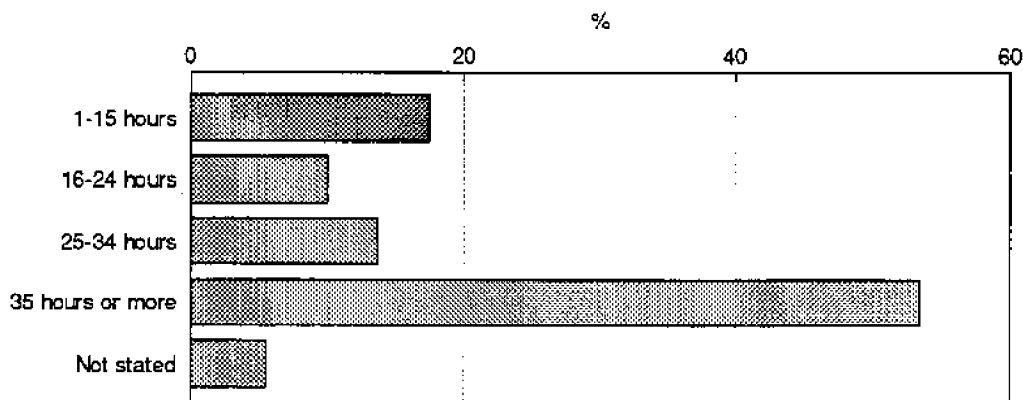
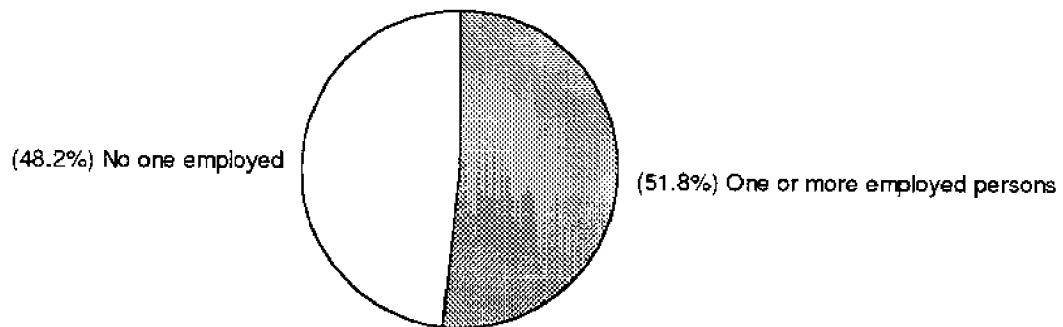


FIGURE 5.5 NUMBER OF EMPLOYED PERSONS IN HOUSEHOLD

Households living in private dwellings



Number of employed persons in household

It was estimated that there were some 2,640 households in which no one was working. For the remaining 2,840 households one or more people reported that they were working.

Whether work commitments allowed cultural obligations to be met

The 3,160 employed people reported that their work commitments meant that they:

- could meet cultural obligations (1,200 people)
- could not meet cultural obligations (1,070 people)

There were 570 people who reported that they did not have cultural obligations

FIGURE 5.6 WHETHER WORK COMMITMENTS ALLOWED CULTURAL OBLIGATIONS TO BE MET

Employed persons aged 15 years and over

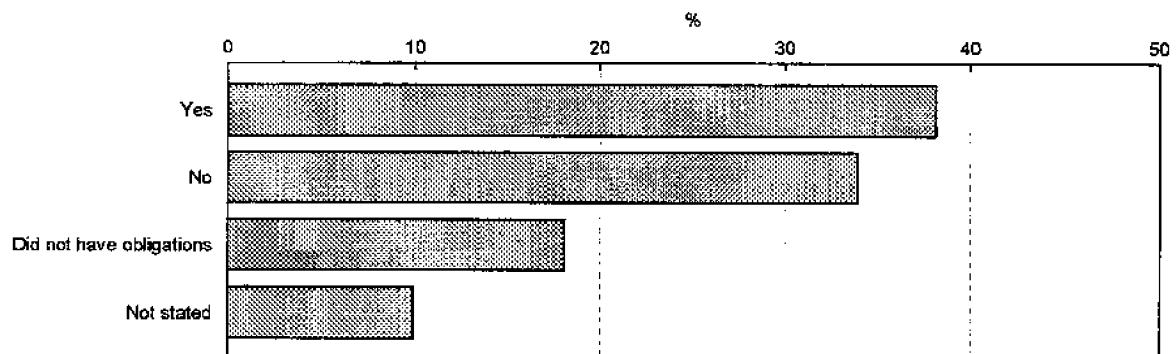
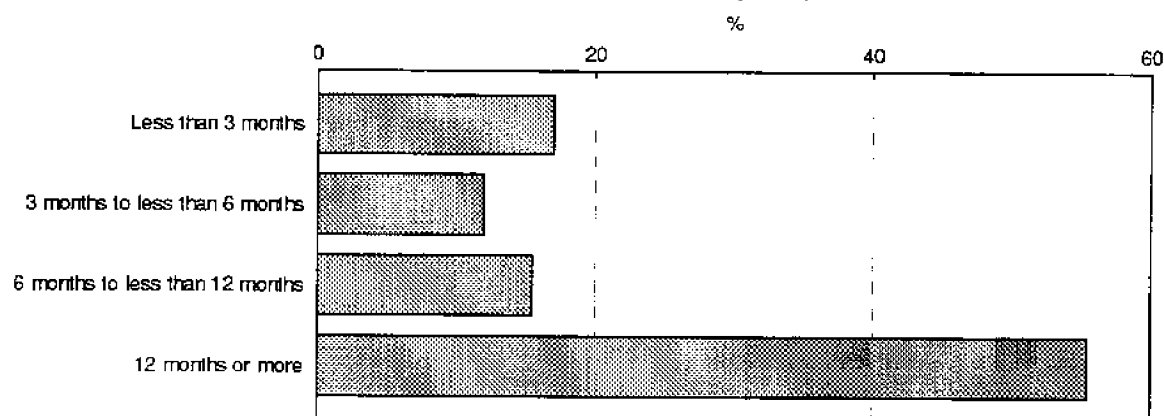


FIGURE 5.7 LENGTH OF TIME UNEMPLOYED

Unemployed persons aged 15 years and over



Length of time unemployed

The 3,310 unemployed people reported that the length of time they had been unemployed was:

- less than 3 months (560 people)
- 3 months to less than 6 months (400 people)
- 6 months to less than 12 months (520 people)
- 12 months or more (1,840 people)

Main difficulty in finding a job

The main difficulty that these unemployed people experienced in finding a job was:

- transport problems or too far to travel (940 people)
- no jobs in local area or line of work (820 people)
- insufficient education, training or skills (470 people)

FIGURE 5.8 MAIN DIFFICULTY IN FINDING A JOB

Unemployed persons aged 15 years and over

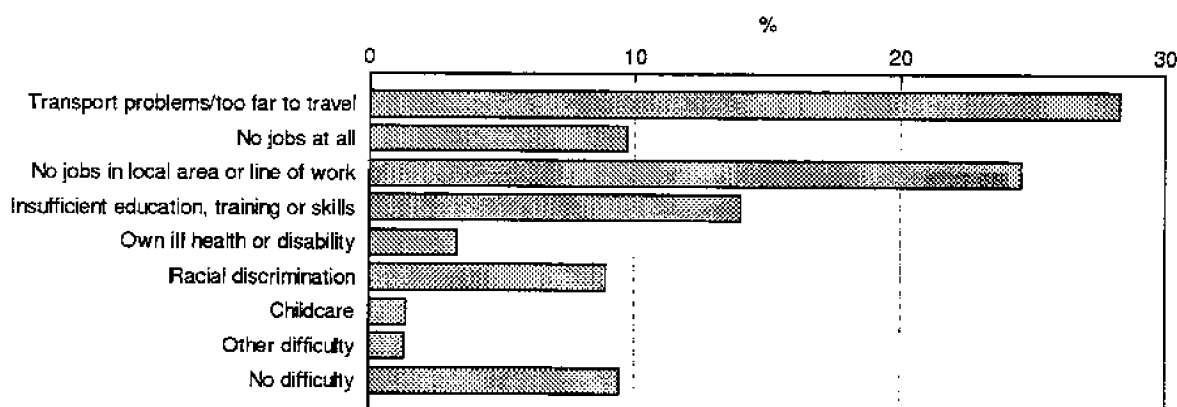
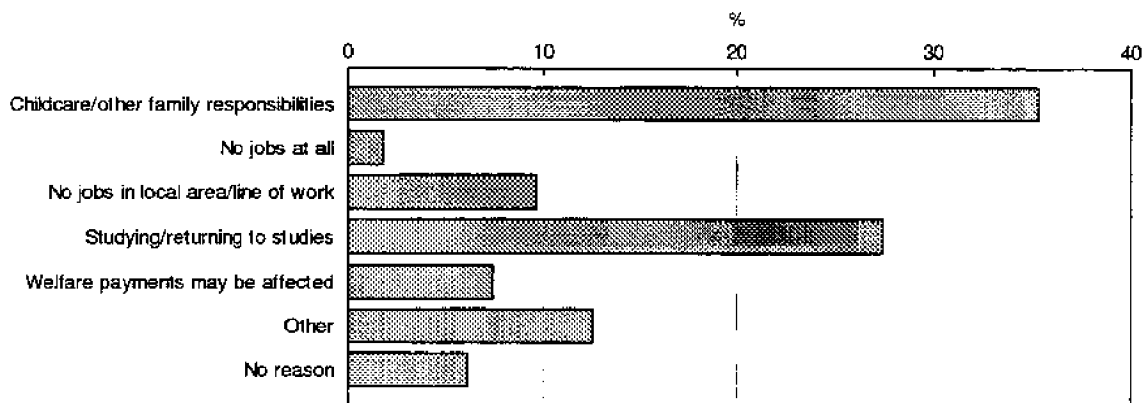


FIGURE 5.9 MAIN REASON NOT LOOKING FOR WORK

Persons aged 15 years and over not in the labour force but who wanted a job



Persons not in the labour force who wanted a job

Some 1,480 of those 4,470 people not in the labour force, that is, not working and not looking for work, said they wanted a job. The main reason for not looking for work was:

- childcare and other family responsibilities (520 people)
- studying or returning to study (410 people)
- no jobs in local area/line of work or no jobs at all (170** people)

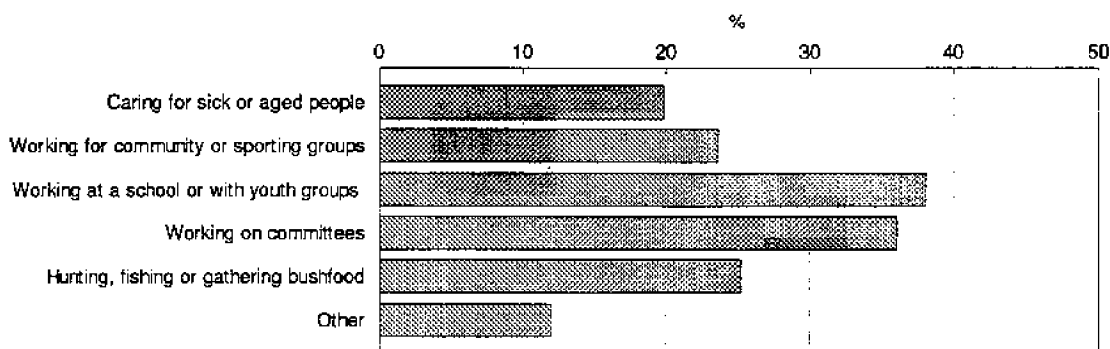
Voluntary work

Some 3,810 people aged fifteen years and older said that they were engaged in voluntary work. The type of voluntary work undertaken was:

- caring for sick or aged people (760 people)
- working for community or sporting organisation (900 people)
- working at a school or with youth groups (1,450 people)
- working on committees (1,370 people)
- hunting, fishing or gathering bush food (960 people)

FIGURE 5.10 TYPE OF VOLUNTARY WORK UNDERTAKEN (a)

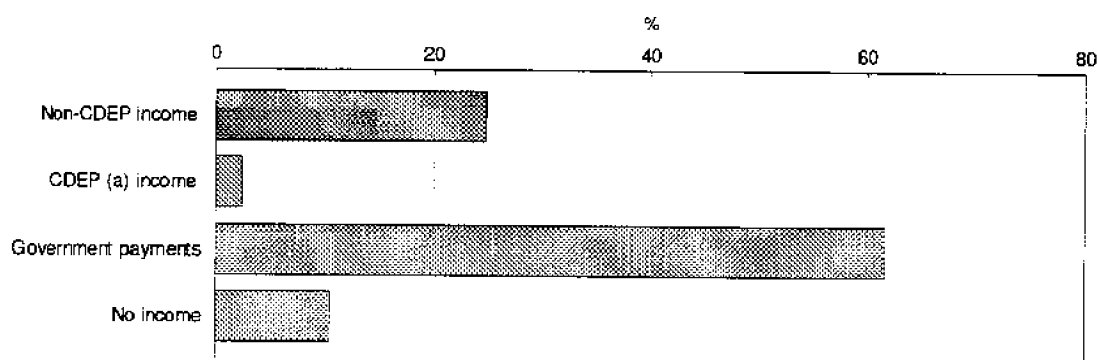
Persons aged 15 years and over who undertook voluntary work



(a) Persons may have given more than one answer

FIGURE 5.11 MAIN SOURCE OF INCOME

Persons aged 15 years and over



(a) Community Development Employment Projects

Main source of income The 10,940 people aged fifteen years and over reported that their main source of income was:

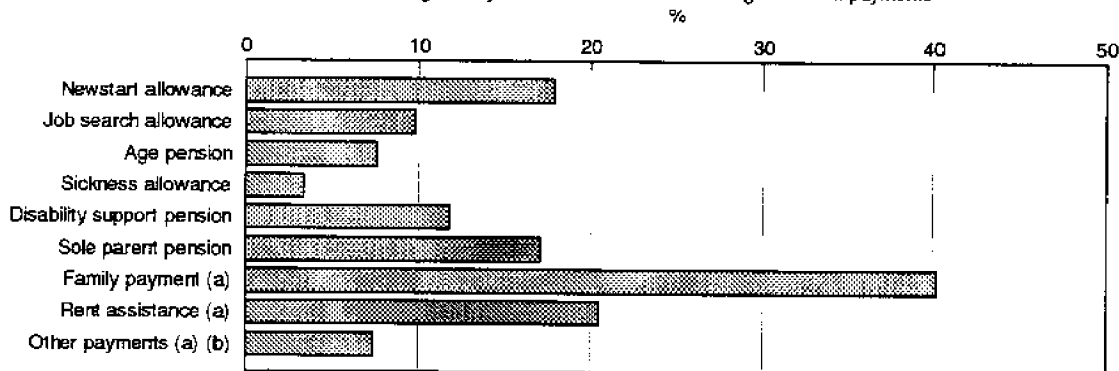
- non-CDEP employment (2,710 people)
- CDEP employment (260** people)
- government payments (6,750 people)
- no income (1,160 people)

Government payments received It was estimated that some 6,750 people aged fifteen years and over received government allowances, pensions and other payments. The main types of payments received were:

- family payment (3,250 people)
- sole parent pension (1,380 people)
- rent assistance (1,650 people)
- Abstudy (1,000 people)
- Newstart allowance (1,450 people)
- disability support (950 people)

FIGURE 5.12 TYPE OF GOVERNMENT PAYMENTS RECEIVED

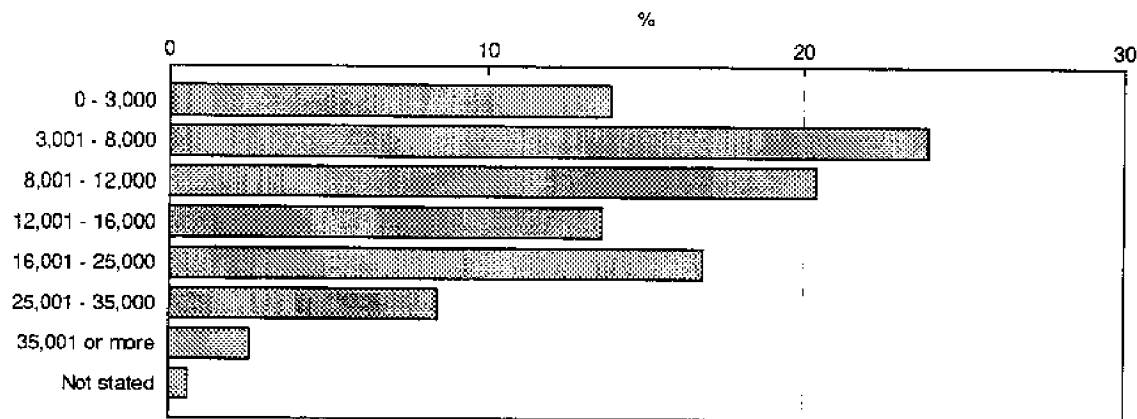
Persons aged 15 years and over who received government payments



(a) Persons may have received an allowance or pension in addition to one or more of these payments (b) Includes Abstudy

FIGURE 5.13 ANNUAL PERSONAL INCOME (\$)

Persons aged 15 years and over



Personal income The 10,940 people aged fifteen years and older reported that their annual personal income (\$) was:

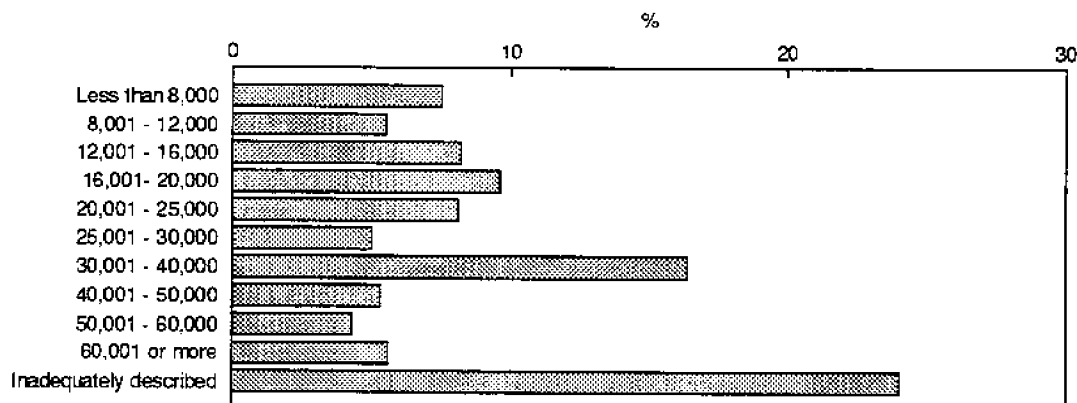
- less than 3,000 (1,520 people)
- 3,001 - 8,000 (2,610 people)
- 8,001 - 12,000 (2,230 people)
- 12,001 - 16,000 (1,490 people)
- 16,001 - 25,000 (1,840 people)
- 25,001 - 35,000 (920 people)
- 35,001 or more (270** people)

Household income The annual income (\$) of the 5,480 households was estimated to be:

- less than 12,000 (710 h'holds)
- 12,001 - 16,000 (450 h'holds)
- 16,001 - 20,000 (530 h'holds)
- 20,001 - 25,000 (450 h'holds)
- 25,001 - 30,000 (280** h'holds)
- 30,001 - 40,000 (900 h'holds)
- 40,001 - 50,000 (310 h'holds)
- 50,001 - 60,000 (240** h'holds)
- 60,001 or more (310 h'holds)
- Inadequately described (1,320 h'holds)

FIGURE 5.14 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME (\$)

Households living in private dwellings

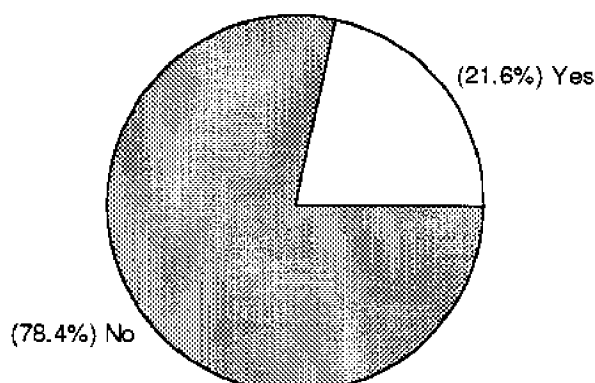


CHAPTER SIX

LAW AND JUSTICE

FIGURE 6.1 NEEDED LEGAL SERVICES IN THE LAST 12 MONTHS

Persons aged 13 years and over



Needed legal services

Some 2,530 of the 11,750 people aged thirteen years and over reported that they needed to use legal services in the last twelve months.

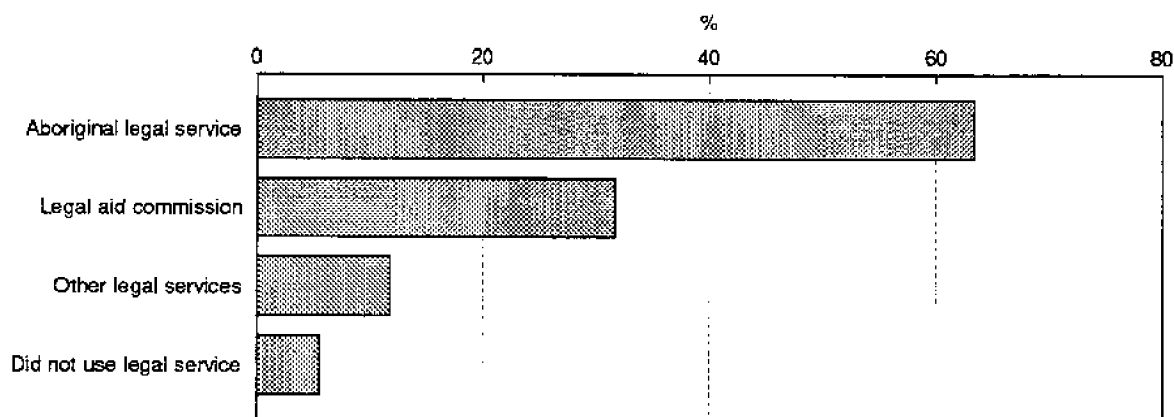
Types of legal services used

Of the 2,530 people who reported that they needed to use legal services, some 140** people indicated that they did not use a legal service. The main types of legal services used were:

- Aboriginal legal service (1,620 people)
- legal aid commission (810 people)
- other legal services (300 people)

FIGURE 6.2 TYPES OF LEGAL SERVICES USED (a)

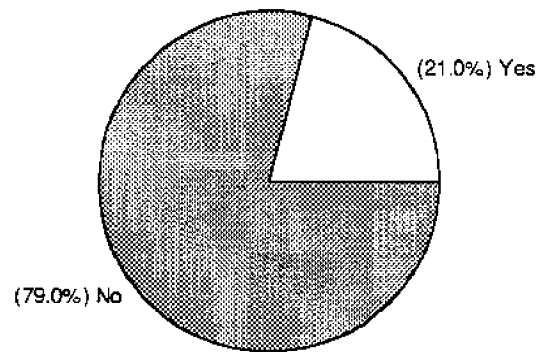
Persons aged 13 years and over who needed legal services in the last 12 months



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one type of legal service.

FIGURE 6.3 PHYSICALLY ATTACKED OR VERBALLY THREATENED (a)

Persons aged 13 years and over



(a) During the last 12 months

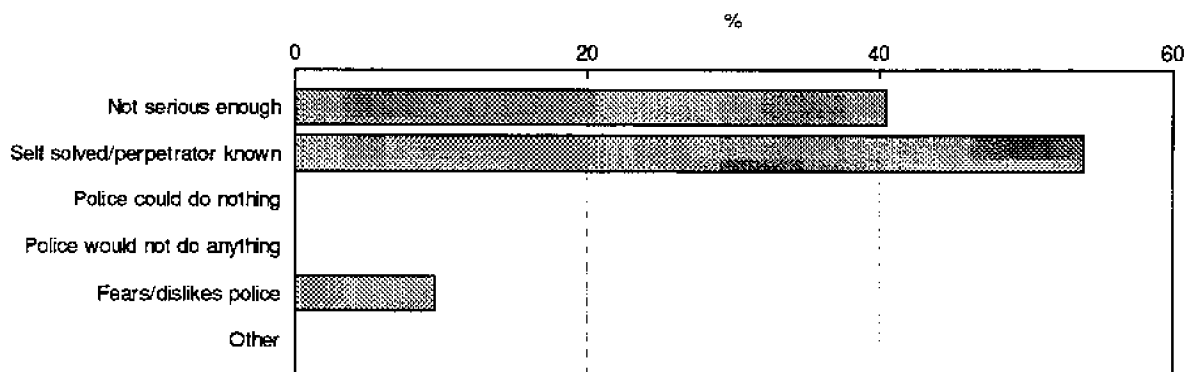
Personal safety Some 2,460 people aged thirteen years and over reported being physically attacked or verbally threatened in the last twelve months.

Reasons for not reporting last incident to police Some 1,250 of those people who said they were physically attacked or verbally threatened did not report their last attack to the police. The main reasons for not doing so were:

- solved it themselves/perpetrator known to them (670 people)
- not serious enough (500 people)
- fear/dislike of police (120** people)

FIGURE 6.4 REASONS FOR NOT REPORTING LAST INCIDENT TO POLICE (a)

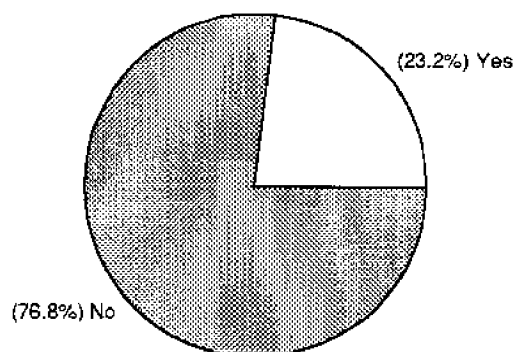
Persons aged 13 years and over who had been attacked in the last 12 months but did not report last incident to Police



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one reason

FIGURE 6.5 ARRESTED IN THE LAST 5 YEARS

Persons aged 13 years and over

**Arrested in last 5 years**

Some 2,720 people aged thirteen years and over said that they had been arrested in the last five years. The number of times they reported they had been arrested was:

- one (1,300 people)
- two (470 people)
- three (550 people)
- four or more (320** people)

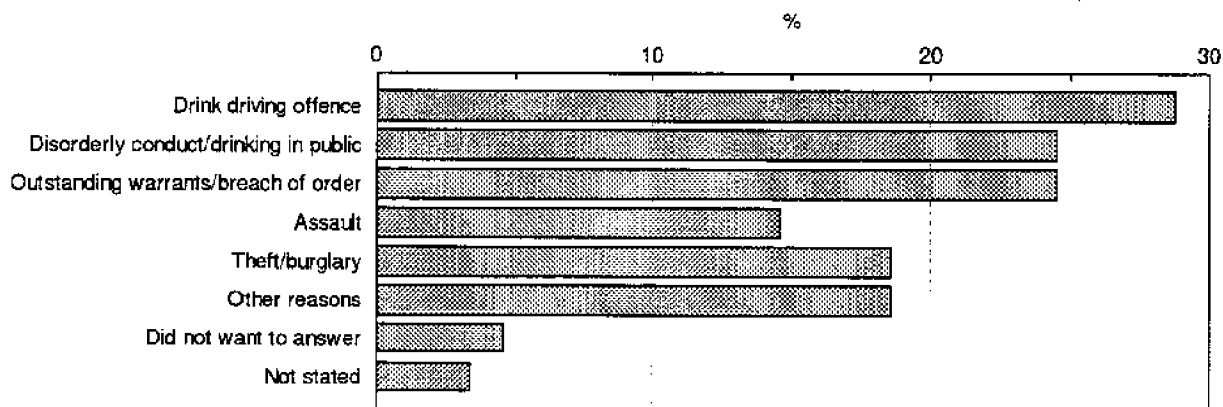
Reasons for last arrest

Those people who had been arrested reported that the main reasons for their last arrest were:

- drink driving offence (780 people)
- disorderly conduct/drinking in a public place (670 people)
- outstanding warrants/breach of order (670 people)
- theft/burglary (510 people)
- assault/assault with grievous bodily harm (400 people)

FIGURE 6.6 REASONS FOR LAST ARREST (a)

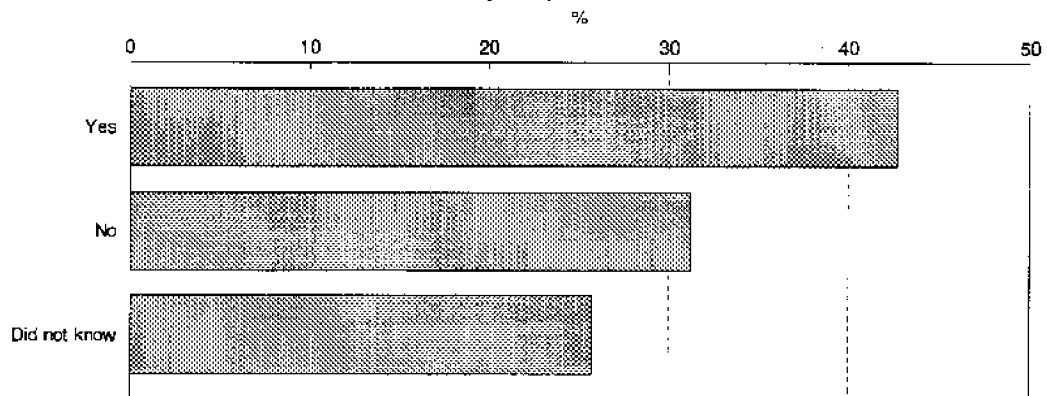
Persons aged 13 years and over who had been arrested in the last 5 years



(a) Persons may have indicated more than one reason

FIGURE 6.7 FAMILY VIOLENCE WAS A COMMON PROBLEM IN THE LOCAL AREA

Persons aged 13 years and over



Whether family violence was a common problem

When asked if they thought family violence was a common problem in the Coffs Harbour Region:

- 5,020 people aged 13 years and over said yes
- 3,670 people said no
- 3,020 people said they did not know

Whether police did a good job dealing with family violence

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with family violence:

- 4,260 people aged 13 years and over said yes
- 2,590 people said no
- 1,840 people said police sometimes did a good job
- 3,030 people said that they did not know

FIGURE 6.8 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH FAMILY VIOLENCE

Persons aged 13 years and over

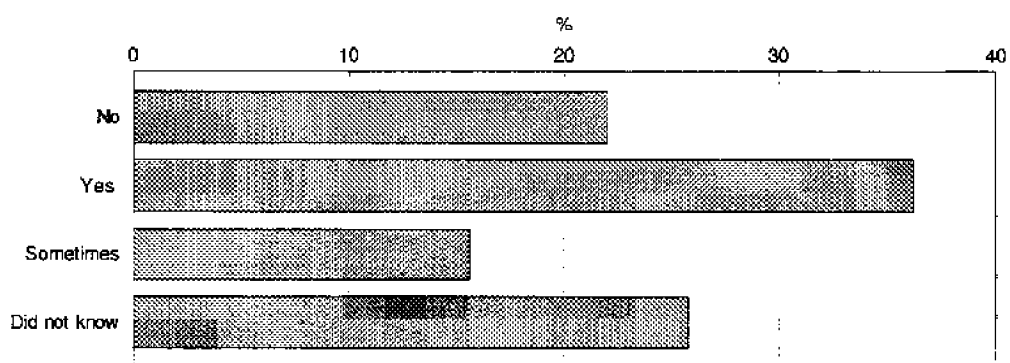
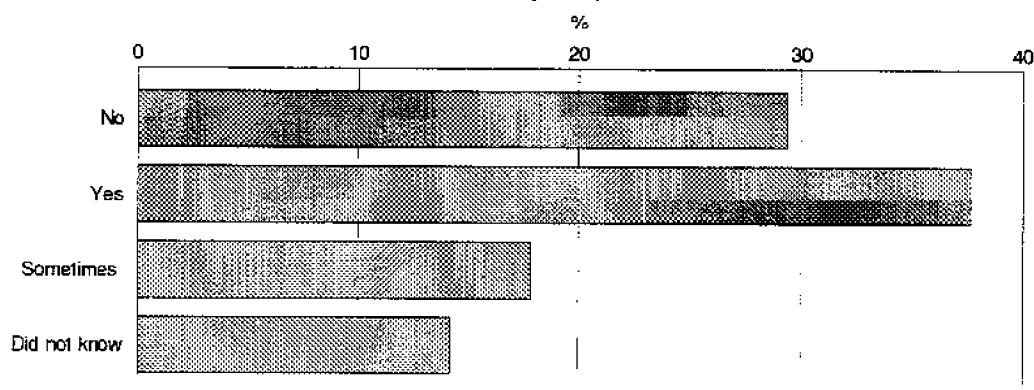


FIGURE 6.9 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH CRIME

Persons aged 13 years and over



**Perceptions of
police dealing
with crime**

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with crime:

- 3,460 people aged 13 years and over said no
- 4,430 people said yes
- 2,100 people said sometimes
- 1,660 people said they did not know

**Perceptions of
police dealing
with violence**

When asked if they thought police did a good job dealing with violence:

- 3,120 people aged 13 years and over said no
- 4,440 people said yes
- 1,780 people said sometimes
- 2,370 people said they did not know

FIGURE 6.10 POLICE DID A GOOD JOB DEALING WITH VIOLENCE

Persons aged 13 years and over

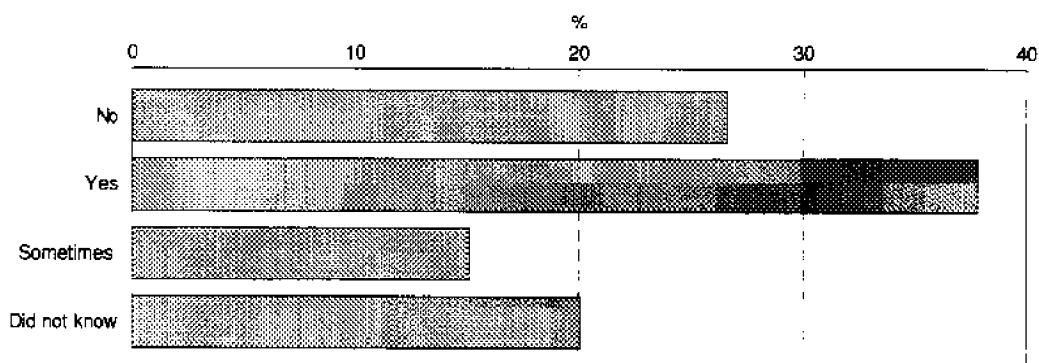
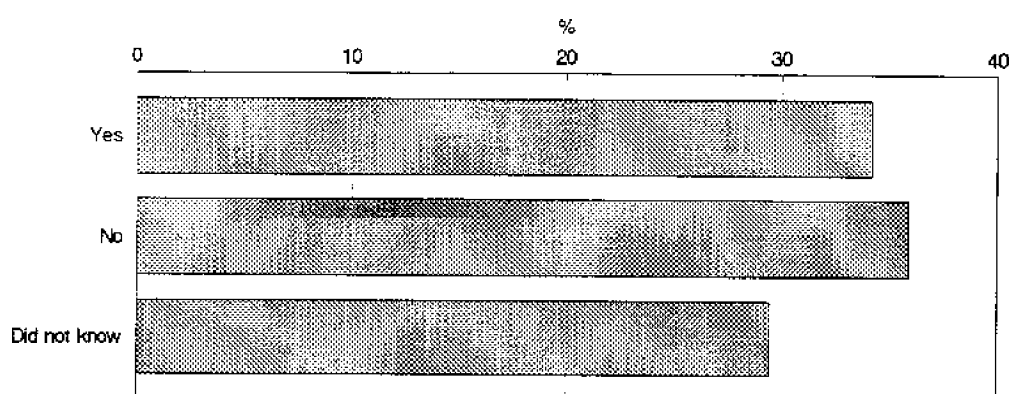


FIGURE 6.11 INDIGENOUS POLICE IN LOCAL AREA

Persons aged 13 years and over



Whether there were Indigenous police in local area

People aged thirteen years and over were asked whether there were Indigenous people working in their local area as police aides, police liaison officers or police officers. The responses were:

- yes (4,020 people)
- no (4,220 people)
- did not know (3,470 people)

Whether local Indigenous police did a good job

The views of the 4,020 people on whether Indigenous police aides, police liaison officers and police officers did a good job were:

- yes (2,170 people)
- no (1,260 people)
- sometimes (300 people)
- did not know (300 people)

FIGURE 6.12 LOCAL INDIGENOUS POLICE DID A GOOD JOB

Persons aged 13 years and over who reported that there were Indigenous police in the local area

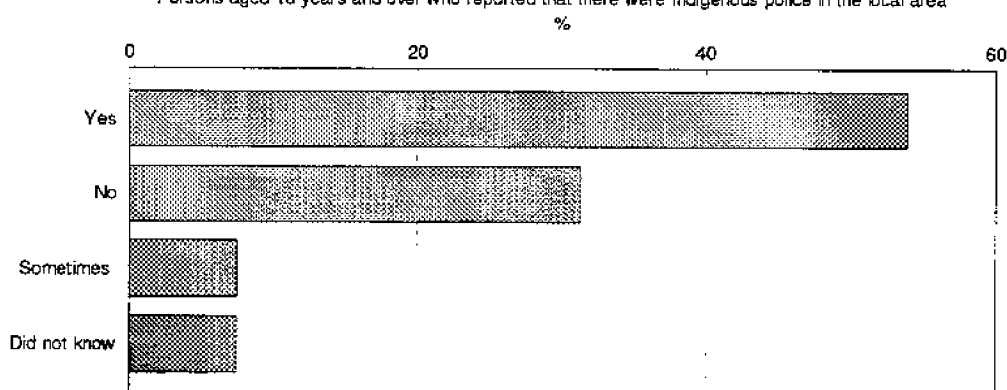
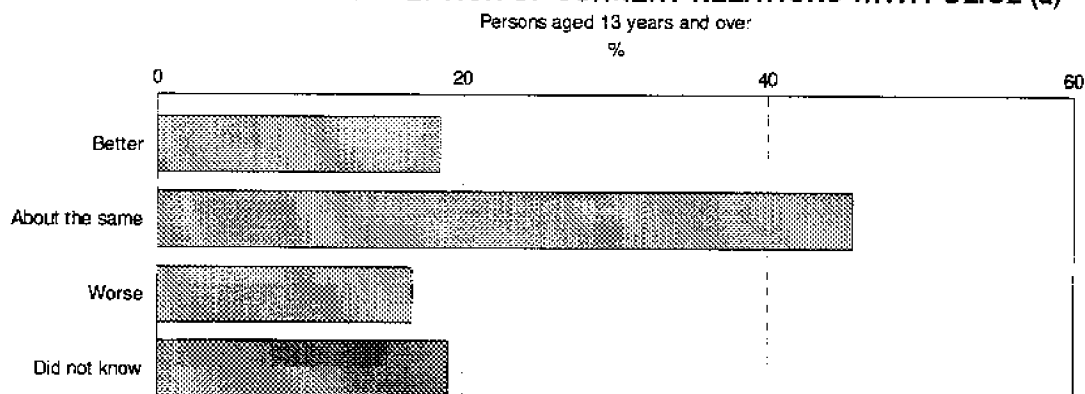


FIGURE 6.13 PERCEPTION OF CURRENT RELATIONS WITH POLICE (a)



(a) Compared to 5 years ago

Perceptions of current relations with police compared to 5 years ago

People aged thirteen years and over stated that current relations with police compared to five years ago were:

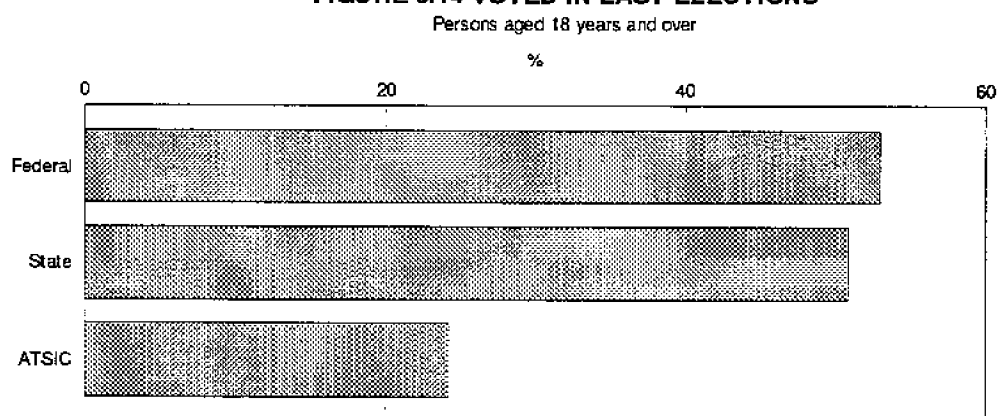
- better (2,170 people)
- about the same (5,350 people)
- worse (1,950 people)
- did not know (2,240 people)

Whether voted in last elections

The reported voting patterns of the 9,350 people aged eighteen years and over were:

- 4,950 people voted in the last Federal election
- 4,750 people voted in the last State election
- 2,260 people voted in the last ATSIC election

FIGURE 6.14 VOTED IN LAST ELECTIONS



APPENDICES

APPENDIX A: FAMILIES

Area	Family Type			Family Members		Total Families
	One parent families	Couple only families	Two parent families	All Indigenous	Indigenous and non-Indigenous	
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	32.2	**9.5	52.2	55.1	44.9	2.1
Bourke	27.2	14.5	52.8	91.3	**8.7	1.7
Coffs Harbour	31.6	12.0	52.7	55.4	44.6	5.4
Sydney	26.5	19.2	50.8	36.7	63.3	7.8
Tamworth	32.6	14.5	47.4	86.3	13.7	2.6
Wagga Wagga	28.6	17.3	48.7	48.8	51.2	4.8
Wangaratta	25.1	**11.1	58.9	31.6	68.4	2.9
Ballarat	34.7	24.8	39.8	33.8	66.2	3.4
Brisbane	31.6	14.1	48.7	36.2	63.8	5.9
Cairns	28.8	10.6	53.7	71.4	28.6	3.5
Mt Isa	26.7	**11.0	61.6	89.8	**10.2	1.4
Cooktown	31.1	15.6	50.8	96.1	**3.9	1.7
Rockhampton	15.1	20.8	60.7	43.1	56.9	2.9
Roma	25.9	**6.7	67.4	51.1	48.9	1.9
Townsville	25.9	**10.3	63.1	61.5	38.5	3.0
Torres Strait area	21.8	20.7	56.7	93.0	7.0	1.7
Adelaide	46.6	**9.9	40.5	52.7	47.3	3.2
Ceduna	27.8	22.0	46.5	82.0	18.0	0.5
Port Augusta	24.0	12.9	57.7	82.7	17.3	1.5
Perth	29.5	13.7	56.1	54.2	45.8	3.7
Broome	40.1	15.5	44.4	80.6	19.4	1.0
Kununurra	23.9	18.6	55.6	93.0	**7.0	1.0
Warburton	25.4	15.1	55.4	100.0	**0.0	0.7
Narrogin	23.2	**3.9	68.5	76.9	23.1	1.4
South Hedland	32.8	10.2	54.8	58.6	41.4	1.4
Derby	33.6	16.5	49.9	95.1	**4.9	1.1
Kalgoorlie	23.4	15.0	59.1	75.2	24.8	0.6
Geraldton	36.4	18.6	41.1	90.6	9.4	1.3
Hobart	18.6	24.7	54.9	19.4	80.6	4.0
Alice Springs	40.3	**12.4	38.3	89.2	**10.8	1.0
Jabiru	24.1	18.0	56.9	98.9	**1.1	1.8
Katherine	25.1	16.8	57.3	93.4	6.6	1.8
Aputula	26.0	17.0	55.1	97.8	**2.2	1.7
Nhulunbuy	23.2	**13.2	63.7	94.9	**5.1	1.4
Tennant Creek	17.8	18.8	62.2	100.0	**0.0	0.8
Darwin	30.9	21.5	44.8	64.0	36.0	1.9
Australia	28.5	15.4	52.8	60.2	39.8	84.9

APPENDIX A: CULTURE

Persons aged 13 years and over							
Area	Identified with a clan (a)	Recognised an area as homelands	See elders as being important	Attended cultural activities	Recognise homelands		
					Total	Currently live in their homelands	Total
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	50.2	69.6	74.5	57.2	4.6	51.5	3.2
Bourke	57.1	70.9	86.2	76.0	4.9	81.5	3.5
Coffs Harbour	60.3	81.7	92.1	80.8	11.8	44.8	9.6
Sydney	41.9	70.1	82.8	62.8	15.6	31.8	10.9
Tamworth	38.5	70.0	75.1	65.4	6.7	76.3	4.7
Wagga Wagga	45.2	46.4	76.5	61.7	9.8	44.8	4.6
Wangaratta	41.0	69.8	73.4	49.4	6.0	40.0	4.2
Ballarat	48.5	70.4	86.0	70.7	6.6	26.6	4.6
Brisbane	43.1	65.6	72.1	62.8	12.3	**8.8	8.1
Cairns	72.2	84.6	86.1	80.2	7.7	37.7	6.5
Mt Isa	84.7	90.8	96.3	81.6	4.6	62.6	4.2
Cooktown	95.3	96.0	89.2	90.9	4.5	54.1	4.3
Rockhampton	27.5	48.8	79.5	63.5	5.4	53.1	2.7
Roma	24.0	53.9	77.7	58.3	4.6	45.8	2.5
Townsville	57.9	78.2	82.8	73.5	8.5	27.4	6.7
Torres Strait area	71.4	93.0	81.6	81.9	4.3	70.1	4.0
Adelaide	60.2	77.5	86.1	68.2	6.9	21.9	5.3
Ceduna	80.3	86.4	92.6	92.0	1.1	45.9	0.9
Port Augusta	77.9	84.2	88.0	83.4	4.0	32.4	3.3
Perth	59.9	71.3	84.1	65.2	8.5	11.4	6.0
Broome	80.3	84.6	91.3	93.8	2.3	41.9	2.0
Kununurra	95.2	95.0	92.8	96.3	2.9	56.1	2.8
Warburton	84.5	90.3	94.1	92.8	1.8	59.6	1.7
Narrogin	50.2	85.6	82.7	78.0	3.6	55.0	3.1
South Hedland	50.9	63.5	85.0	72.8	3.1	27.1	2.0
Derby	84.7	87.9	89.5	85.7	3.0	34.4	2.6
Kalgoorlie	54.9	69.1	82.4	81.9	1.7	49.2	1.2
Geraldton	33.9	45.5	83.4	94.2	3.2	40.7	1.5
Hobart	17.7	39.9	66.4	31.4	6.6	45.5	2.6
Alice Springs	86.2	88.4	92.7	83.2	3.6	23.6	3.2
Jabiru	99.2	97.9	95.3	91.2	5.5	37.4	5.4
Katherine	90.1	91.7	95.6	86.6	4.6	23.1	4.2
Aputula	100.0	98.6	98.2	96.1	5.0	69.8	4.9
Nhulunbuy	97.6	99.5	98.2	79.1	4.5	78.3	4.5
Tennant Creek	94.8	98.5	81.2	97.6	2.2	34.6	2.2
Darwin	75.5	83.4	94.5	68.5	5.5	22.1	4.6
Australia	59.8	75.2	84.4	72.1	197.5	41.0	148.1

(a) or persons who identified with a tribal or language group.

APPENDIX A: HEALTH

Area	All persons			Persons aged 13 years and over		
	Experienced illness			Smokers	Perceived alcohol to be main local health problem	Total
	Recent (2 wks prior to survey)	Specified long term (6 mths or over)	Total			
	(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	44.8	42.4	6.7	46.4	46.1	4.6
Bourke	20.1	23.3	7.2	60.7	63.6	4.9
Coffs Harbour	47.7	43.8	18.8	48.9	71.4	11.8
Sydney	55.1	42.4	24.1	48.6	52.4	15.6
Tamworth	31.5	29.8	10.2	54.9	60.0	6.7
Wagga Wagga	37.8	36.4	15.4	47.4	62.0	9.8
Wangaratta	53.0	45.4	9.4	52.5	36.6	6.0
Ballarat	54.6	46.6	9.8	59.7	39.8	6.6
Brisbane	51.2	45.1	18.6	50.8	28.1	12.3
Cairns	35.2	25.7	12.6	48.2	84.6	7.7
Mt Isa	28.1	25.7	6.8	51.3	68.4	4.6
Cooktown	31.4	32.7	6.5	60.5	85.7	4.5
Rockhampton	31.7	31.4	9.2	48.5	63.0	5.4
Roma	33.6	38.6	7.0	53.3	48.7	4.6
Townsville	42.9	34.1	12.8	36.9	50.6	8.5
Torres Strait area	24.1	18.6	6.4	40.9	79.1	4.3
Adelaide	40.5	36.9	10.7	56.3	51.4	6.9
Ceduna	41.6	36.9	1.8	53.6	78.7	1.1
Port Augusta	50.2	38.8	6.0	53.5	64.9	4.0
Perth	46.1	38.9	13.3	49.9	73.2	8.5
Broome	19.6	26.4	3.6	53.8	96.3	2.3
Kununurra	49.8	24.7	4.2	45.9	61.7	2.9
Warburton	32.7	23.2	2.8	40.2	57.4	1.8
Narrogin	34.4	28.8	6.2	48.1	67.4	3.6
South Hedland	34.8	34.4	4.8	44.4	88.9	3.1
Derby	33.3	23.9	4.4	45.0	81.6	3.0
Kalgoorlie	27.8	31.6	2.8	52.5	76.7	1.7
Geraldton	34.0	33.4	5.0	45.4	79.3	3.2
Hobart	48.1	41.7	10.1	45.9	26.2	6.6
Alice Springs	40.5	23.7	4.7	28.9	74.4	3.6
Jabiru	33.0	23.2	8.5	61.4	55.9	5.5
Katherine	50.5	29.3	7.3	41.2	46.7	4.6
Aputula	35.4	23.8	7.1	41.4	58.0	5.0
Nhulunbuy	42.2	29.4	6.9	59.2	30.9	4.5
Tennant Creek	19.8	15.0	3.6	32.8	90.0	2.2
Darwin	37.4	34.3	8.0	49.7	66.2	5.5
Australia	41.2	34.8	303.3	49.7	58.8	197.5

APPENDIX A: HOUSING

Area	Home ownership rate	Community owned dwellings	Running water connected	Electricity connected	Dwelling situated on sealed road	Satisfied with current dwelling	Total households
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	**9.9	**9.5	94.6	94.6	59.7	83.0	2.8
Bourke	**18.5	45.2	92.9	94.6	84.4	68.9	1.6
Coffs Harbour	30.6	24.5	97.0	97.3	88.2	75.5	5.5
Sydney	34.0	**2.3	98.8	98.7	96.5	70.2	9.7
Tamworth	**14.2	20.9	95.2	99.0	81.4	88.2	3.3
Wagga Wagga	40.1	**15.6	97.1	99.8	87.1	85.3	5.0
Wangaratta	**41.1	**12.5	99.8	99.8	96.8	83.2	3.1
Ballarat	**30.0	**6.6	99.7	99.8	85.2	84.7	3.6
Brisbane	34.9	**11.1	96.4	97.0	93.9	93.0	6.4
Cairns	**15.3	**17.0	97.1	97.8	85.3	88.2	3.0
Mt Isa	**2.5	64.4	97.0	99.7	30.6	77.7	1.2
Cooktown	**0.8	86.4	74.0	74.0	52.5	28.1	1.3
Rockhampton	**16.0	**16.5	100.0	100.0	95.1	87.6	3.1
Roma	**34.5	**14.8	100.0	100.0	88.9	96.2	2.0
Townsville	**16.1	**16.4	97.5	99.1	95.0	79.6	2.8
Torres Strait area	**17.5	**54.1	88.4	90.4	39.6	64.7	1.5
Adelaide	**19.9	**13.3	99.7	99.7	91.7	88.1	3.4
Ceduna	**5.3	**28.5	97.9	97.9	88.7	74.4	0.4
Port Augusta	**16.9	**26.0	98.2	93.1	72.1	71.3	1.5
Perth	**38.2	**0.0	96.4	96.4	81.5	78.0	4.2
Broome	**4.5	**4.5	93.4	93.4	68.6	44.6	0.9
Kununurra	**5.4	**59.1	69.4	72.6	31.2	35.5	0.7
Warburton	**0.0	**87.8	93.6	94.6	**13.6	77.4	0.5
Narrogin	**24.4	**7.3	98.7	93.0	76.2	79.0	1.7
South Hedland	**6.5	**6.6	99.2	99.2	90.7	92.7	1.5
Derby	**0.0	**65.8	72.3	73.3	31.2	30.9	0.9
Kalgoorlie	**8.2	**5.8	99.3	98.5	92.1	75.3	0.6
Geraldton	**15.6	**6.3	100.0	100.0	83.9	94.1	1.3
Hobart	52.3	**3.0	98.8	99.6	83.4	90.6	4.4
Alice Springs	**18.4	**18.7	93.6	94.7	83.8	79.9	1.1
Jabiru	**0.8	78.5	89.1	87.6	45.1	21.6	1.1
Katherine	**14.0	67.8	90.3	90.2	54.9	45.5	1.2
Aputula	**0.0	**69.8	79.3	74.1	53.6	27.2	1.3
Nhulunbuy	**0.0	74.3	97.5	97.5	38.3	35.3	1.0
Tennant Creek	**2.7	89.9	95.9	87.5	65.5	53.9	0.7
Darwin	**22.7	**16.8	94.9	98.1	87.3	84.0	1.9
Australia	24.9	20.9	96.1	96.4	81.6	77.3	86.4

APPENDIX A: PRIMARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION

Area	Persons aged 5-18 years		Primary and secondary school students			
	Attending school	Total	Taught an Indigenous language at school	Taught Indigenous culture at school	Taught by an Indigenous teacher	Total
	(%)	('000)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	76.0	2.1	6.3	57.4	11.0	1.6
Bourke	78.0	2.8	20.1	60.0	34.9	2.2
Coffs Harbour	89.0	6.5	15.2	48.6	12.6	5.9
Sydney	89.8	7.0	**6.0	44.0	**4.8	6.5
Tamworth	93.1	3.3	**7.9	60.0	13.9	3.1
Wagga Wagga	85.3	4.9	**1.3	29.4	**3.4	4.2
Wangaratta	80.1	2.9	**2.2	33.9	**1.4	2.3
Ballarat	87.2	3.0	**4.1	39.4	**4.6	2.7
Brisbane	84.6	6.6	**0.5	32.7	**1.1	5.7
Cairns	82.1	4.4	30.4	78.5	8.1	3.6
Mt Isa	80.1	2.0	24.8	64.4	**2.0	1.6
Cooktown	75.9	1.6	33.1	77.8	40.1	1.2
Rockhampton	83.3	2.4	**1.5	31.6	**2.6	2.0
Roma	74.3	2.8	**0.0	38.7	**0.9	2.1
Townsville	79.5	5.0	**1.6	41.5	**2.9	4.0
Torres Strait area	81.4	1.8	56.3	91.2	52.6	1.5
Adelaide	84.1	3.5	17.5	49.1	**7.9	2.9
Ceduna	83.8	0.6	60.7	85.4	**6.4	0.5
Port Augusta	78.6	1.9	54.7	76.0	23.9	1.5
Perth	79.3	4.5	**4.3	49.4	**8.3	3.6
Broome	83.2	1.2	48.5	58.4	11.6	1.0
Kununurra	71.3	1.3	52.7	71.3	**1.2	1.0
Warburton	75.8	0.8	59.4	68.3	**14.3	0.6
Narrogin	84.5	2.7	**5.9	42.5	**5.7	2.3
South Hedland	84.3	1.8	9.6	43.2	**0.0	1.5
Derby	74.9	1.4	45.0	66.4	**5.0	1.0
Kalgoorlie	82.7	1.0	9.8	36.1	**4.6	0.8
Geraldton	73.6	1.5	**6.7	32.0	**1.2	1.1
Hobart	81.3	3.5	**2.4	39.0	**1.6	2.9
Alice Springs	88.9	1.9	22.5	66.9	13.6	1.7
Jabiru	75.8	2.7	85.5	94.4	82.1	2.1
Katherine	74.9	2.5	28.8	48.1	11.8	1.9
Aputula	61.2	2.1	49.6	85.9	40.6	1.3
Nhulunbuy	76.1	2.5	90.9	97.0	89.7	1.9
Tennant Creek	71.2	1.1	86.5	91.1	94.8	0.8
Darwin	81.7	2.7	**7.2	42.1	**9.7	2.2
Australia	81.7	100.3	18.3	52.2	13.7	82.9

APPENDIX A: HIGHEST LEVEL OF EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT

Persons aged 15 years and over who had left school					
Area	With	Without post-school educational qualifications			Total
	post-school qualification	Year 12 Certificate (a)	Year 10 Certificate (a)	Below Year 10 (b)	
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	16.4	11.5	30.8	41.3	3.9
Bourke	13.2	**3.2	18.5	65.1	4.2
Coffs Harbour	27.3	4.8	25.1	42.8	9.7
Sydney	24.7	9.1	23.3	42.9	14.0
Tamworth	18.0	**2.2	25.3	54.5	5.7
Wagga Wagga	16.0	**3.8	20.7	59.5	8.8
Wangaratta	24.9	6.5	22.9	45.7	5.2
Ballarat	23.2	13.6	16.9	46.3	5.9
Brisbane	28.6	11.5	28.8	31.1	9.7
Cairns	12.9	17.3	34.6	35.2	6.7
Mt Isa	4.3	6.0	28.8	60.9	4.3
Cooktown	14.4	3.5	24.9	57.2	4.3
Rockhampton	13.3	14.2	33.4	39.0	5.0
Roma	**10.4	**9.5	30.4	49.7	3.5
Townsville	20.7	11.6	37.4	30.3	6.8
Torres Strait area	9.9	15.8	26.5	47.8	4.0
Adelaide	27.3	**6.9	39.5	26.3	6.0
Ceduna	22.4	**4.5	22.7	50.5	1.0
Port Augusta	16.9	**1.8	26.1	55.2	3.6
Perth	13.0	**3.0	44.3	39.7	7.5
Broome	20.1	4.9	46.8	28.2	2.0
Kununurra	7.4	6.1	29.5	56.9	2.7
Warburton	11.1	**3.5	20.3	65.1	1.7
Narrogin	14.6	7.5	39.9	38.0	3.0
South Hedland	19.5	7.3	30.6	42.6	2.6
Derby	8.5	5.2	25.5	60.8	2.6
Kalgoorlie	11.6	**2.9	48.2	37.3	1.5
Geraldton	9.7	5.9	30.7	53.8	3.0
Hobart	23.2	3.4	41.8	31.6	5.6
Alice Springs	17.3	6.5	25.4	50.8	2.5
Jabiru	4.0	4.4	28.2	63.3	5.0
Katherine	7.5	3.1	24.2	65.3	4.1
Aputula	4.2	**0.2	8.4	87.2	4.7
Nhulunbuy	**5.1	14.7	31.9	48.2	3.8
Tennant Creek	9.1	3.9	22.1	64.9	2.1
Darwin	19.0	7.0	32.3	41.7	4.5
Australia	17.1	7.4	28.6	46.9	171.4

(a) Includes persons who attained Yr 10 or Yr 12 Certificate at TAFE. (b) Includes persons with no formal education.

APPENDIX A: LABOUR FORCE STATUS

Area	Persons aged 15 years and over						
	In the labour force		Not in the labour force	Total	Employed persons		
	Employed	Unemployed			Worked 35 hours or more	Able to meet cultural obligations	Total
	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	40.6	30.2	29.2	4.3	72.3	38.7	1.7
Bourke	33.8	24.5	41.7	4.4	36.5	46.0	1.5
Coffs Harbour	28.9	30.3	40.8	10.9	53.4	38.1	3.2
Sydney	43.5	20.9	35.5	15.0	78.4	30.6	6.5
Tamworth	25.8	29.6	44.6	6.2	67.7	46.5	1.6
Wagga Wagga	25.1	31.3	43.6	9.3	71.2	27.3	2.3
Wangaratta	39.1	21.8	39.1	5.6	74.6	42.2	2.2
Ballarat	41.8	26.6	31.6	6.1	70.1	38.4	2.6
Brisbane	40.8	19.3	39.8	11.3	68.7	26.5	4.6
Cairns	38.1	19.0	42.9	7.2	39.2	29.9	2.7
Mt Isa	35.2	24.6	40.3	4.4	69.5	83.2	1.5
Cooktown	68.6	3.9	33.4	4.4	27.3	81.8	2.8
Rockhampton	39.5	23.9	36.5	5.1	77.7	53.9	2.0
Roma	23.1	34.8	42.1	4.1	64.6	42.1	1.0
Townsville	39.2	16.2	44.6	7.9	63.1	52.1	3.1
Torres Strait area	35.8	20.0	44.2	4.1	44.0	40.4	1.5
Adelaide	29.5	23.4	47.0	6.5	78.4	**22.6	1.9
Ceduna	47.6	22.6	29.8	1.0	39.1	67.1	0.5
Port Augusta	29.9	29.4	40.7	3.8	51.3	58.9	1.1
Perth	29.1	30.8	40.1	7.8	64.5	27.5	2.3
Broome	44.1	19.1	36.8	2.2	51.3	78.2	1.0
Kununurra	70.2	6.3	23.5	2.8	27.3	58.2	2.0
Warburton	34.6	15.0	50.4	1.8	20.7	75.3	0.6
Narrogin	25.9	19.7	54.3	3.2	62.7	35.4	0.8
South Hedland	38.9	20.2	41.0	3.0	69.5	50.4	1.1
Derby	49.0	8.5	42.6	2.8	13.2	91.1	1.4
Kalgoorlie	18.6	35.1	46.3	1.6	72.9	20.7	0.3
Geraldton	29.8	27.5	42.6	3.2	57.6	18.9	0.9
Hobart	44.8	17.8	41.4	6.1	70.3	17.0	2.7
Alice Springs	44.8	10.9	37.4	2.9	56.4	41.1	1.3
Jabiru	26.7	31.1	44.3	5.4	32.3	77.8	1.4
Katherine	25.7	16.8	42.2	4.3	48.4	81.1	1.1
Aputula	25.0	5.5	69.5	4.8	25.6	94.9	1.2
Nhulunbuy	42.9	15.8	41.3	4.0	63.9	92.7	1.7
Tennant Creek	50.2	22.1	40.6	2.1	34.3	59.7	0.8
Darwin	28.8	23.7	47.5	4.9	64.9	44.8	1.4
Australia	36.0	22.4	41.6	181.5	58.8	46.3	66.0

APPENDIX A: INCOME

Persons aged 15 years and over							
Area	Main source of income (a)				Annual income		Total
	CDEP	Other earned income	Government payments	No income	\$12,000 or less	\$25,000 or more	
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	**0.0	39.5	50.5	8.8	55.3	13.8	4.3
Bourke	18.3	12.7	56.8	8.8	67.0	5.6	4.4
Coffs Harbour	**2.4	24.8	61.7	10.6	58.1	10.9	10.9
Sydney	**2.5	37.6	42.8	13.0	48.8	20.4	15.0
Tamworth	**3.2	19.5	61.2	14.6	53.5	9.6	6.2
Wagga Wagga	5.2	19.5	66.8	6.9	62.0	13.0	9.3
Wangaratta	**3.6	32.5	50.1	13.8	58.9	18.8	5.6
Ballarat	**2.8	32.7	52.4	11.9	46.9	14.6	6.1
Brisbane	**0.0	35.7	45.9	16.6	52.7	15.0	11.3
Cairns	12.5	20.7	56.0	9.8	55.9	7.3	7.2
Mt Isa	13.8	21.3	56.3	8.3	60.7	11.0	4.4
Cooktown	50.8	5.4	29.8	9.1	54.5	7.0	4.4
Rockhampton	**4.9	33.1	54.7	**5.4	47.4	14.6	5.1
Roma	**2.2	19.0	62.2	9.6	61.9	**9.2	4.1
Townsville	11.4	23.7	47.1	15.1	58.9	13.0	7.9
Torres Strait area	15.3	19.7	51.7	12.1	58.2	7.1	4.1
Adelaide	**3.5	23.6	62.9	8.1	61.1	12.2	6.5
Ceduna	22.5	19.9	50.4	**4.4	59.5	13.2	1.0
Port Augusta	6.7	17.6	63.2	6.7	64.8	9.6	3.8
Perth	**0.0	25.3	66.7	7.2	59.1	10.9	7.8
Broome	22.9	18.2	47.9	10.3	59.6	13.7	2.2
Kununurra	57.6	7.4	26.3	7.5	71.9	3.8	2.8
Warburton	18.4	10.0	55.0	13.7	73.9	**2.6	1.8
Narrogin	**3.0	19.0	67.1	9.8	62.0	6.7	3.2
South Hedland	**0.3	35.2	47.6	12.9	56.5	19.2	3.0
Derby	35.8	10.9	46.0	7.3	79.1	**4.1	2.8
Kalgoorlie	**1.1	16.2	71.4	11.0	59.3	9.9	1.6
Geraldton	3.0	23.7	65.0	8.3	59.5	9.3	3.2
Hobart	**0.2	41.4	47.5	10.3	53.6	14.2	6.1
Alice Springs	15.4	27.7	49.9	5.4	58.8	18.0	2.9
Jabiru	10.0	13.8	65.5	10.3	80.5	3.0	5.4
Katherine	8.8	10.7	68.3	10.3	69.9	4.9	4.3
Aputula	10.3	10.4	68.1	10.6	76.0	3.0	4.8
Nhulunbuy	19.4	19.6	42.1	18.5	67.3	7.3	4.0
Tennant Creek	23.4	10.8	59.0	3.4	66.5	5.9	2.1
Darwin	**1.4	26.5	61.6	9.6	61.1	9.9	4.9
Australia	8.5	24.1	54.9	10.7	59.4	11.3	181.5

(a) Excludes persons who did not state their main source of income.

APPENDIX A: LAW AND JUSTICE

Area	Persons aged 13 years and over				18 years and over		
	Arrested in last 5 years	Relations with police perceived better than 5 years ago	Family violence perceived as a problem in local area	Total	Voted in last federal election	Voted in last ATSIC election	Total
	(%)	(%)	(%)	('000)	(%)	(%)	('000)
Queanbeyan	20.4	21.4	36.2	4.6	74.4	38.8	3.5
Bourke	19.6	13.4	67.0	4.9	69.5	46.7	3.8
Coffs Harbour	23.1	18.5	42.7	11.8	53.0	24.2	9.3
Sydney	18.2	22.9	25.8	15.6	78.3	19.6	13.4
Tamworth	22.4	14.4	54.6	6.7	39.5	21.3	5.6
Wagga Wagga	23.9	23.1	42.9	9.8	69.6	25.0	8.4
Wangaratta	19.4	27.2	42.6	6.0	70.2	28.8	4.9
Ballarat	24.0	15.3	34.2	6.6	67.0	31.3	5.6
Brisbane	13.8	9.8	21.0	12.3	65.0	18.8	9.6
Cairns	13.4	13.3	53.6	7.7	68.7	44.9	6.4
Mt Isa	7.2	36.3	79.3	4.6	85.1	81.5	4.1
Cooktown	27.3	23.6	77.4	4.5	39.6	66.2	4.2
Rockhampton	14.6	17.9	27.2	5.4	85.7	31.2	4.9
Roma	25.4	27.6	42.9	4.6	75.0	36.9	3.4
Townsville	12.4	18.2	57.9	8.5	72.6	50.8	6.5
Torres Strait area	**1.8	21.7	47.1	4.3	81.8	47.3	3.9
Adelaide	27.6	20.6	39.8	6.9	57.1	19.9	5.7
Ceduna	32.4	27.3	58.4	1.1	52.1	53.0	0.9
Port Augusta	27.0	29.6	62.7	4.0	61.6	41.9	3.5
Perth	27.0	20.5	40.5	8.5	51.0	36.0	7.1
Broome	25.0	12.8	81.8	2.3	58.2	55.3	2.0
Kununurra	34.5	29.4	70.5	2.9	70.4	60.1	2.5
Warburton	22.9	29.3	34.6	1.8	52.8	58.6	1.6
Narrogin	25.3	32.1	31.9	3.6	79.1	56.7	2.7
South Hedland	17.9	12.8	71.6	3.1	64.5	38.4	2.5
Derby	16.4	14.4	71.1	3.0	74.6	69.7	2.4
Kalgoorlie	21.7	19.7	65.1	1.7	60.1	62.4	1.5
Geraldton	18.6	18.9	61.2	3.2	56.0	39.1	2.8
Hobart	12.4	15.4	12.4	6.6	87.2	19.8	5.4
Alice Springs	16.9	17.6	48.8	3.6	68.2	62.3	2.4
Jabiru	19.1	29.7	35.0	5.5	73.0	72.8	4.8
Katherine	22.2	48.4	68.4	4.6	71.7	44.1	3.9
Aputula	25.5	26.6	33.2	5.0	54.4	66.5	4.4
Nhulunbuy	18.1	18.4	46.9	4.5	76.8	70.3	3.6
Tennant Creek	3.6	63.1	65.2	2.2	86.2	81.8	2.0
Darwin	19.0	27.2	50.4	5.5	52.8	33.6	4.4
Australia	20.4	21.5	45.1	197.5	66.2	39.4	163.8

APPENDIX B: INDIGENOUS POPULATION PROJECTIONS
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Populations, June 30 1994

Age (Years)	Coffs Harbour ATSIC Region			New South Wales			Australia		
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total
0-4	1,298	1,229	2,527	6,194	5,836	12,031	22,844	21,680	44,524
5-9	1,282	1,197	2,479	6,878	5,159	10,501	20,229	19,317	39,546
10-14	1,096	1,082	2,178	4,631	4,333	8,963	17,755	16,796	34,552
15-19	1,011	975	1,986	4,102	3,943	8,046	15,826	15,078	30,904
20-24	985	903	1,888	4,229	4,078	8,306	16,103	15,448	31,551
25-29	841	802	1,643	3,682	3,598	7,281	14,038	13,793	27,831
30-34	745	736	1,481	3,156	3,141	6,299	11,777	11,805	23,582
35-39	587	640	1,227	2,486	2,520	5,005	9,268	9,472	18,740
40-44	501	486	987	1,946	2,058	4,003	7,171	7,683	14,854
45-49	369	368	737	1,458	1,589	3,047	5,135	5,604	10,739
50-54	246	230	476	1,075	1,122	2,197	3,900	4,113	8,013
55-59	183	222	405	808	858	1,667	2,797	3,132	5,929
60-64	150	158	308	565	651	1,216	2,185	2,545	4,730
65-69	90	113	203	359	466	825	1,461	1,796	3,257
70-74	57	51	108	219	274	494	919	1,161	2,080
75 and over	49	79	128	210	345	555	998	1,431	2,429
Total	9,490	9,271	18,761	40,464	39,974	80,437	152,406	150,855	303,261

Note: Population projections for ATSIC Regions have been prepared by ABS using assumptions agreed to by ATSIC. As these regional projections were prepared at a later date using more up-to-date assumptions than the State population projections presented in this attachment, minor discrepancies can exist between these State totals and the sums of component Regions.

CAUTION: For ATSIC Regions discrepancies may occur between survey estimates and population projections.

APPENDIX C: STANDARD ERRORS

Two types of error are possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling error and non-sampling error. The sampling error is a measure of the variability that occurs by chance because a sample, rather than the entire population, is surveyed. The estimates in the survey are subject to sampling variability. One measure of the likely difference between survey estimates and true values is given by the standard error, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that the sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all the dwellings had been included.

Another measure of the likely difference is the relative standard error which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate. The relative standard error is a useful measure in that it provides an immediate indication of the percentage errors likely to have occurred due to sampling.

The size of the standard error of an estimate of a number of persons increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger is the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sample estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.

As the standard errors in the following table show, very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable purposes. Estimates and percentages with larger relative standard errors have been included and are preceded by two asterisks if it is greater than 25 per cent (e.g., **2.5), indicating they are subject to high standard errors and should be used with caution.

Standard Errors for Persons, Families and Households ATSIC Regions and Torres Strait Area

Size of Estimate	Queanbeyan	Bourke	Coffs Harbour	Sydney	Tamworth	Wagga Wagga	Ballarat	Wangaratta	Brisbane	Cairns	Cooktown	Mount Isa
50	32	27	30	42	39	32	30	27	39	30	19	23
100	42	34	42	72	48	54	44	41	66	45	26	33
200	52	42	60	109	60	78	61	62	104	62	35	43
300	58	48	73	131	67	93	72	78	130	72	42	47
500	64	56	95	157	78	109	85	101	167	84	53	50
700	68	62	112	171	87	116	92	119	192	92	61	50
1,000	71	70	135	181	96	121	99	141	219	98	72	58
1,500	73	79	165	186	109	122	105	169	247	103	86	69
2,000	74	86	191	213	118	135	107	190	264	105	98	78
2,500	74	93	213	236	126	146	108	208	276	106	109	85
3,000	77	98	234	256	134	156	109	223	285	106	118	92
4,000	82	107	270	293	145	173	120	248	295	116	134	104
5,000	86	115	302	325	155	187	129	268	301	124	..	114
7,000	357	380	172	210	145	301	304	138
10,000	428	448	..	238	349
15,000	541

Appendix C: Standard Errors for Persons, Families and Households
ATSIC Regions and Torres Strait Area — continued

Size of Estimate	Rock-hampton	Roma	Townsville	Torres Strait area	Adelaide	Ceduna	Port Augusta	Perth	Broome	Kununurra	Warburton	Narragin
50	30	36	37	17	36	15	22	34	15	16	17	25
100	44	58	51	25	60	22	30	49	21	22	25	33
200	65	80	71	37	88	32	42	73	30	29	38	43
300	82	91	85	47	102	40	50	91	37	35	49	50
500	110	99	108	63	115	53	64	120	47	43	67	61
700	133	101	126	76	119	65	75	145	56	50	82	70
1,000	162	117	149	93	144	79	88	177	67	58	102	80
1,500	204	138	180	118	180	..	107	221	82	70	130	94
2,000	240	156	206	139	210	..	122	260	95	79	155	105
2,500	272	171	228	157	237	..	135	294	106	87	..	114
3,000	301	184	248	175	261	..	147	325	..	94	..	123
4,000	354	208	284	206	305	..	168	381	137
5,000	402	228	315	..	345	431
7,000	368	..	413	519
10,000
15,000

Size of Estimate	South Hedland	Derby	Kalgoorlie	Gerakton	Hobart	Alice Springs	Jabiru	Katherine	Aputula	Nhulunbuy	Tennant Creek	Darwin
50	15	23	13	19	20	22	18	16	28	22	13	28
100	18	29	19	23	29	31	28	22	36	39	19	39
200	23	33	30	28	42	43	44	32	43	61	27	53
300	26	34	38	31	53	52	58	42	47	75	33	63
500	30	40	52	36	70	66	80	61	50	90	43	80
700	33	44	64	39	84	77	100	80	52	99	51	93
1,000	37	49	80	44	101	91	127	109	52	105	62	109
1,500	42	56	102	49	126	111	165	160	57	109	76	131
2,000	46	62	..	53	148	127	199	213	62	126	88	149
2,500	49	66	..	56	167	141	230	269	65	141	99	165
3,000	52	70	..	59	184	154	260	327	68	155	..	179
4,000	215	..	313	452	73	179	..	204
5,000	243	..	363	586	77	200	..	225
7,000	292
10,000
15,000

GLOSSARY

Aboriginal	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Aboriginal origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Aboriginal community controlled school	Where Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people make decisions on the curricula, teachers employed, school budget and school policy.
Aboriginal English	Includes Broken English, Pidgin English and Kriol/Creoles.
Aboriginal Independent School	A school run solely by Aboriginal people, who make decisions on school policy, staffing, curricula, and school budget.
Aboriginal Legal Service	Established to assist Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people with legal matters.
Aboriginality	Where a person identifies as being of Aboriginal or non-Aboriginal origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Actions taken	Refers to specific actions persons took with regard to their health in the two weeks prior to interview.
ATSIC Regions & Torres Strait Area	Refers to 36 defined geographic areas, each represented by an ATSIC Regional Council or the Torres Strait Regional Authority.
Attack	Where a person has suffered physical force from another person(s), for example, pushed, hit, kicked or speared.
CDEP	See Community Development Employment Projects.
Clan, tribal or language group	Refers to Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander groups within Australia.

Combined primary & secondary school	A school which teaches students at both primary and secondary levels.
Community landlord	Refers to dwellings owned by community organisations, predominantly Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations. It includes housing associations, land councils and community councils.
Community Development Employment Projects	The Community Development Employment Projects (CDEP), operate through grants from ATSIC to Indigenous community organisations to enable individuals to undertake community managed activities in return for wages.
Couple only family	Two persons who are in a registered or de facto marriage without children present in the household.
Crime	Includes crimes relating to drugs, thefts, vandalism as well as violence.
Cultural activities	Includes funerals, ceremonies, Indigenous festivals and carnivals and involvement with Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander organisations.
Cultural obligations	Refers to attending Indigenous cultural activities such as funerals, ceremonies and festivals and extended family responsibilities.
Earned income	Income derived from wages and salaries, or from own business, trade or profession.
Education worker	A person who assists a teacher during class lessons and may give some lessons such as story telling.
Employed	Persons aged 15 years and over who in the week prior to the interview worked for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (comprising employees, employers and self-employed persons).

Family	Two or more persons who live in the same household and are related to each other by blood, marriage (including de facto marriage), fostering or adoption. For the purpose of this survey, one or more members of the family had identified as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin.
Family violence	Includes verbal threats, intimidation, fear of physical attacks and actual physical attacks, occurring between family members within a household.
Formal childcare	Refers to regulated care such as pre-school/kindergarten before and after school care program, long day care centres, family day care and other formal care.
Government payments	Includes Newstart allowance, Jobsearch, age pension, sickness allowance, disability support pension, sole parent pension, family payments, rent assistance, ABSTUDY and other Government payments.
Homelands	An area of land to which Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander people have ancestral and/or cultural links.
Household	Consists of a person living alone, or two or more related or unrelated persons who live and eat together in private residential accommodation. For the purpose of this survey, one or more members of the household had identified as being of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander origin.
Household income	Refers to the total gross income from wages and salaries and Government payments of all persons 15 years and over who usually live in the household. The total household income was not calculated if usual residents of the household were missing at the time of the interview.
Indigenous	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.

Indigenous language	Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander languages. Excludes Aboriginal English and Kriol/Creoles.
Labour force	Persons aged 15 years and over who were either employed or unemployed.
Labour force status	A classification of persons 15 years and over into employed, unemployed or not in the labour force.
Language spoken	A person was considered to be able to speak a language (such as an Aboriginal language) if they could hold a conversation in that language.
Last year	12 month period prior to interview.
Long-term condition	Condition (illness, injury, or disability) which had lasted for six months or more.
Main language	Refers to the language the person is most comfortable with or speaks most fluently.
Making decisions at the school	Includes involvement in the Aboriginal Student Support and Parent Awareness Program (ASSPA) and Parents and Citizens (P&C) school meetings where decisions about fund raising and maintenance of the school are made.
Non-family household	A lone person household or a household consisting of two or more unrelated people.
Not in the labour force	Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed or unemployed as defined.
One parent family	Family that consists of one parent and that parent's child(ren) plus all other people in the household related to them, provided those people do not have a spouse or child of their own.

Other government landlord	Refers to dwellings owned by Commonwealth, State/Territory and local governments other than housing authorities and employer provided housing.
Other legal services	Includes private solicitors and barristers.
Perceived health problems	A respondents' opinions of the main health problems confronting people in their local area.
Personal income	Refers to the gross income a person received at the time of interview in the form of wages and salaries and Government payments.
Post-school study	Attendance at a course at the time of a survey to gain a qualification.
Private landlord	All privately owned dwellings rented directly or through a real estate agent.
Private dwelling	The premises occupied by a household and includes houses, flats, home units, garages, tents and improvised houses. It excludes hostels, hospitals, prisons and so on.
Private sector	Non-government organisations. The private sector has been split into 'Community organisations' and 'Other private'. Community organisations are those private organisations that have been declared to be eligible for ATSIC funding.
Public sector	Includes all government authorities, departments, agencies and authorities created by the Commonwealth or State/Territory Parliaments. Also covered are organisations such as the Northern or Central Land Councils which were created by Commonwealth legislation and the NSW Land Council which was created by NSW legislation.
Recent illness	Conditions (illness, injury or disability) experienced in the two weeks prior to interview. It may include long-term conditions experienced in the period.

Relative weight	Weight and height measurements taken during interview have been used to derive a person's body mass. The body mass index equals a person's weight in kilograms divided by the square of the person's height in metres. The categories used are consistent with recommendations of the National Health and Medical Research Council.
School participation rate	The number of enrolled school students of a particular age, expressed as a proportion of the population of the same age.
Self-assessed health status	Refers to the overall level of health as reported by respondents 13 years and over. For persons 12 years and under information was provided by the child's parent or a responsible adult member of the household.
Specific long term condition	Where a person had one of the following conditions which had lasted for six months or more; asthma, diabetes, heart problems, chest problems, skin problems, high blood pressure, ear or hearing problems, eye or sight problems not corrected by glasses, and/or kidney problems.
State housing (landlord)	Refers to dwellings owned by State/Territory housing authorities.
Taken away from natural family	People who have been removed from their natural family as a child as part of a government policy. 'Family' may include parents and siblings and extended family members such as aunts, uncles and grandparents. Excludes people who were removed from their family for less than 6 months.
Taught Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander languages	Students who are taught to speak, read or write an Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander language.
Taught about Indigenous cultures	Includes subjects which give an understanding of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander cultures, eg. history and language.
Taught by a community member	Where community members teach at least once in a month or on 10 or more occasions over the school year.

Torres Strait Islander	Persons 13 years and over, who identified themselves to be of Torres Strait Islander origin. Persons 12 years and under were identified by a responsible adult in the household, usually a parent.
Training course	Includes courses which are planned to develop skills or assist in learning about a subject. Excludes courses leading to an educational qualification and on-the-job training.
Type of landlord	Refers to the legal entity to which rent is paid.
Unemployed persons	Persons aged 15 years and over who were not employed during the week prior to interview, and who had actively looked for work at any time during the last four weeks prior to interview, and who were available to start work in the last week.
Usual residents	Persons who live in a particular private dwelling and regard it as their own or main home.
Verbal threats	Any verbal abuse to a person where no weapon was seen and no physical violence occurred. It includes verbal threats to harm the respondent or his/her property.
Violence	Refers to violence in the community, that is streets, hotels, schools, etc. It includes fights, bashing, rape, murder or any act which involves violence.
Voluntary work	Includes any unpaid community work such as caring for sick or aged people, working for community or sporting organisations, working at a school or with youth groups, working on committees and hunting, fishing or gathering bush food.
Year 10 Certificate	Completion of a Year 10 Certificate, Aboriginal Access Course or equivalent.
Year 12 Certificate	Completion of a Year 12 Certificate, General Certificate of Education or equivalent.

**1991 CENSUS OF POPULATION AND HOUSING
ABORIGINAL AND TORRES STRAIT ISLANDER
COMMUNITY PROFILE**

**COFFS HARBOUR
ATSIC REGION**

Explanatory Notes

The **Aboriginal Community Profile** is available as a standard product for communities of 80 or more Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons, Statistical Local Areas of 80 or more Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons and ATSI regions. Also available are Section of State, Statistical Divisions and States and Territories. It is based on place of enumeration.

Each table title in the Aboriginal Community Profile consists of two parts. The first part lists the variables included in the table. The second part describes the table population.

Figures in proportion columns have been rounded, so discrepancies may occur between the totals and the sums of the component items.

A glossary of the terms and concepts used in the Community Profiles appears below. For more information see the 1991 Census Dictionary (Cat. No. 2901.0) and the 1991 Census Directory of Classifications (Cat. No. 2904.0).

Glossary

Caravans etc. in caravan parks includes occupied tents, cabins, camper vans etc in caravan parks, and occupied boats in marinas.

A **census household** is either a person living alone or people who usually reside and eat together. A household resides in a private dwelling. The household type is based on information about relationships between residents present and persons temporarily absent. The relationships of visitors to one another or to any resident are not considered.

An **Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander household**, for the purpose of this publication, is one in which the reference person (person number one on the Census form) or spouse of the reference person identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. This definition excludes *Lone Person households* where the person was of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. There were just over 7,000 Lone Person Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Households in Australia in 1991.

Employed full-time means that the person worked 35 hours or more in the main job held in the week before the Census.

Employed part-time means that the person worked 0-34 hours in the main job held in the week before the Census.

A **family** is a group of related individuals in a household where at least one person is aged 15 years or more. A census household can contain up to three families. Census families do not include visitors to dwellings. If a family was at a holiday home or a non-private dwelling on census night, it was not counted as a census family.

A **primary Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander family** is one in which the reference person or spouse of the reference person in the primary family identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. In a multiple family household the family with dependent children is designated as the primary family. If there was more than one family, or no children were present, then the primary family is arbitrarily chosen.

Family income is the sum of the personal incomes of each resident family member aged 15 years or more. If any of these family members has an income 'not stated', or a spouse or offspring is temporarily absent, family income is classified as 'partial income stated' in Community Profile tables. Parental income is similar to family income except that only the income of the parent(s) is included. Parental income compares most closely with the family income variable of the 1986 Census.

Household income is the sum of the personal incomes of each resident household member aged 15 years or more. If any of these residents has an income 'not stated', or a spouse, offspring or co-tenant is temporarily absent, household income is classified as 'partial income stated' in Community Profile tables.

n.e.i. means 'not elsewhere included'.

n.f.d. means 'not further defined'.

An **occupied private dwelling** is defined as the premises occupied by a household on census night. A private dwelling is normally a house, flat, part of a house, or even a room; but can also be a house attached to, or rooms above shops or offices; an occupied caravan in a caravan park or on a residential allotment or boat in a marina, a houseboat; or a tent if it is standing on its own block of land.

An **Aboriginal/Torres Strait Islander dwelling**, for the purpose of this publication, is one in which the reference person or spouse of the reference person identifies as being of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. This definition excludes *Lone Person households* where the person was of Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander origin. There were just over 7,000 Lone Person Aboriginal or Torres Strait Islander households in Australia in 1991.

Dependent offspring are 0-14 years of age, or are full-time students aged 15-24 years. (In the 1986 Census, 21-24 year olds were excluded from this category). Unrelated children can be classified as dependent offspring.

Other offspring are 15-24 years of age and not full-time students, or 25 years of age or more. In the 1986 Census, these 21-24 year old full-time students were classified as 'related adults'. As a result, sole parents with adult children were classified as families of related adults: in the 1991 Census, these cases are classified as one parent families.

The census count based on **place of enumeration** is a count of every person who spent census night in Australia. People are counted where they are on census night, which may not be where they usually live. In determining family and household type visitors to dwellings are excluded and usual residents who are temporarily absent are included. (See *temporarily absent*).

The **table population** is a description of what the table is counting. For example, tables containing marital status usually have a table population of persons aged 15 years or more. It appears under the table title.

Temporarily absent spouses, offspring and co-tenants are considered when determining household and family types. Other persons temporarily absent are not considered.

Data Quality

The Census is subject to a number of inaccuracies resulting from errors by respondents or mistakes in collection or processing of the data. Some of these are overcome or 'repaired' by careful processing procedures and quality control measures applied to the processing itself. The effect of those that remain is generally slight, although it may be more important for small groups in the population. The main kinds of error to keep in mind are:

Partial non-response: In some cases where an answer was not provided to a question an answer was imputed (often from other information on the form). In other cases a 'not stated' code was allocated.

Processing error: While such errors can occur in any processing system, careful quality control measures are used to keep errors to an acceptable level.

Random adjustment: Cells containing small values are randomly adjusted to avoid releasing information about particular individuals, families, or households. The effect of random adjustment is statistically insignificant.

Respondent error: Because processing procedures cannot detect or repair all errors made by persons in completing the form, some remain in final data.

Undercount: Although the census aims to count each person once, there are some people who are missed and others are counted more than once. The data are not adjusted for the net undercount which is estimated to be 1.9% for Australia in the 1991 Census.

Further information on data quality will be provided progressively in Census Update and in 1991 Census data quality working papers.

Section of State Data: Data for the Migratory section of each state/territory has been combined with the Other Rural section to avoid the release of confidential data. The number of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people in migratory sections was small.

A01 SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons
Aboriginal persons	7187	7259	14446
Torres Strait Islanders	715	715	1430
Total	7902	7974	15876
Aged 15 years or more	4639	4866	9505
Speaks English only and aged 5 years or more	6422	6650	13072
Speaks language other than English(a)	115	99	214
Aged 18 years or more	4112	4335	8447
Unemployed(b)	1307	736	2043
Employed(b)	1777	1244	3021
In the labour force(b)	3084	1980	5064
Not in the labour force(b)	1446	2692	4138
Enumerated in private dwellings:			
In caravans etc in caravan parks(c)	236	203	439
In other private dwellings	7348	7583	14931
Total	7584	7786	15370
Enumerated in non-private dwellings	318	188	506
Enumerated in a migratory or offshore collection district	0	0	0

(a) Includes 'other language indicated but not stated' and 'inadequately described'.

(b) Applicable to persons aged 15 years or more.

(c) Includes occupied boats in marinas.

A02 AGE BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop %
0	243	212	455	2.9
1	238	242	480	3.0
2	264	235	499	3.1
3	244	250	494	3.1
4	248	218	466	2.9
5	225	200	425	2.7
6	236	214	450	2.8
7	215	216	431	2.7
8	221	212	433	2.7
9	177	198	375	2.4
10	212	180	392	2.5
11	170	174	344	2.2
12	186	189	375	2.4
13	198	177	375	2.4
14	186	191	377	2.4
15	184	172	356	2.2
16	178	176	354	2.2
17	165	183	348	2.2
18	190	186	376	2.4
19	189	164	353	2.2
20-24	755	732	1487	9.4
25-29	640	718	1358	8.6
30-34	549	640	1189	7.5
35-39	479	520	999	6.3
40-44	378	394	772	4.9
45-49	279	254	533	3.4
50-54	211	218	429	2.7
55-59	145	174	319	2.0
60-64	131	138	269	1.7
65 years or more	166	197	363	2.3
Total	7902	7974	15876	100.0

A03 STATE AND STATISTICAL LOCAL AREA OF USUAL RESIDENCE ON CENSUS NIGHT BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Counted at home	7363	7470	14833	93.4
Visitors from -				
Same statistical local area	218	204	422	2.7
Different statistical local area in:				
New South Wales	279	248	527	3.3
Victoria	7	8	15	0.1
Queensland	28	31	59	0.4
South Australia	0	0	0	0.0
Western Australia	0	3	3	0.0
Tasmania	0	5	5	0.0
Northern Territory	0	0	0	0.0
Aust Capital Territory	3	3	6	0.0
Total	317	298	615	3.9
Overseas	0	3	3	0.0
Total	535	505	1040	6.6
Total	7898	7975	15873	100.0

A04 STATE AND STATISTICAL LOCAL AREA OF USUAL RESIDENCE 5 YEARS AGO BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 5 years or more counted at home(a) on census night

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Same address 5 years ago	2875	2907	5782	45.9
Different address 5 years ago:				
Same statistical local area	1344	1466	2810	22.3
Different statistical local area in:				
New South Wales	1397	1462	2859	22.7
Victoria	31	31	62	0.5
Queensland	145	152	297	2.4
South Australia	18	24	42	0.3
Western Australia	16	10	26	0.2
Tasmania	9	8	17	0.1
Northern Territory	20	14	34	0.3
Aust Capital Territory	13	19	32	0.3
Total	1649	1720	3369	26.7
Overseas	9	4	13	0.1
Not stated(b)	35	33	68	0.5
Total	3037	3223	6260	49.7
Not stated(c)	296	260	556	4.4
Total	6208	6390	12598	100.0

(a) Excludes visitors, and usual residents who were absent on census night.

(b) Comprises persons who stated that they lived at a different address five years ago but did not state that address.

(c) Comprises persons who did not state whether they lived at a different address five years ago.

A05 TYPE OF EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTION ATTENDING (FULL-TIME/PART-TIME) BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Pre School	280	260	540	3.4
Infant/Primary	1318	1228	2546	16.0
Secondary	742	730	1472	9.3
TAFE college:				
Full-time	107	143	250	1.6
Part-time	157	167	324	2.0
Not stated	9	6	15	0.1
Total	273	316	589	3.7
CARE/University:				
Full-time	54	70	124	0.8
Part-time	26	62	88	0.6
Not stated	0	0	0	0.0
Total	80	132	212	1.3
Other	43	41	84	0.5
Not attending	4562	4674	9236	58.2
Not stated	604	592	1196	7.5
Total	7902	7973	15875	100.0

A06 AGE LEFT SCHOOL BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Under 15 years of age	657	597	1254	13.2
15 years	1380	1504	2884	30.3
16 years	1057	1182	2239	23.6
17 years	370	456	826	8.7
18 years	213	237	450	4.7
19 years or more	85	68	153	1.6
Still at school	327	312	639	6.7
Did not go to school	76	42	118	1.2
Not stated	474	468	942	9.9
Total	4639	4866	9505	100.0

A07 QUALIFICATION (HIGHEST) LEVEL BY SEX

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Higher degree	7	0	7	0.1
Post graduate diploma	5	14	19	0.2
Bachelor degree	18	27	45	0.5
Undergraduate diploma	29	92	121	1.3
Associate diploma	27	43	70	0.7
Skilled vocational	435	67	502	5.3
Basic vocational	82	152	234	2.5
Inadequately described	38	34	72	0.8
Not qualified	3509	3889	7398	77.8
Not stated	489	548	1037	10.9
Total	4639	4866	9505	100.0

A08 QUALIFICATION (HIGHEST) FIELD BY SEX

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Business & administration	30	205	235	2.5
Health	9	122	131	1.4
Education	27	59	86	0.9
Society and culture	42	90	132	1.4
Natural and physical sciences	14	14	28	0.3
Engineering	257	12	269	2.8
Architecture & building	182	5	187	2.0
Agriculture & related fields	26	7	33	0.3
Miscellaneous fields	100	47	147	1.5
Inadequately described	38	17	55	0.6
Not qualified	3509	3889	7398	77.8
Not stated	405	399	804	8.5
Total	4639	4866	9505	100.0

A09 AGE BY MARITAL STATUS BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Never married		Married		Separated not divorced		Divorced		Widowed		Total	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
15-24 years	1570	1454	72	115	10	27	3	10	6	7	1661	1613
25-34 years	675	640	408	513	56	118	42	72	8	15	1189	1358
35-44 years	245	230	433	439	82	92	93	124	4	29	857	914
45-54 years	113	72	282	261	38	35	40	65	17	39	490	472
55-64 years	46	27	162	146	17	17	25	24	26	98	276	312
65 years or more	27	18	78	49	9	9	9	11	43	110	166	197
Total	2676	2441	1435	1523	212	298	212	306	104	298	4639	4866

9505

A10 RELIGION BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Christian:				
Anglican	2559	2657	5216	32.9
Baptist	265	322	587	3.7
Catholic	1963	2020	3983	25.1
Churches of Christ(a)	35	44	79	0.5
Jehovah's Witness	52	53	105	0.7
Lutheran	7	4	11	0.1
Orthodox	10	3	13	0.1
Penicostal	239	236	475	3.0
Presbyterian(b)	263	264	527	3.3
Salvation Army	70	75	145	0.9
Uniting Church	451	513	964	6.1
Other	289	293	582	3.7
Total	6203	6484	12687	79.9
Non-Christian	27	23	50	0.3
Inadequately described	45	35	80	0.5
No religion(c)	884	720	1604	10.1
Not stated	743	712	1455	9.2
Total	7902	7974	15876	100.0

(a) Comprises 'Churches of Christ' and 'Churches of Christ Non-denominational'.
(b) Comprises 'Presbyterian so described' and 'Reformed'.
(c) Includes 'Humanist/Materialist'.

A11 AGE BY LABOUR FORCE STATUS (PART-TIME/FULL-TIME) BY SEX
Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Part-time	Employed Full-time(a)	Not stated(b)	Total employed	Unemployed looking for:			Total labour force	Not in labour force	Not stated(c)	Total
					Full-time work	Part-time work	Total unemployed				
MALES											
15-19 years	63	104	20	187	193	41	234	421	474	11	906
20-24 years	81	186	29	296	275	51	326	622	118	15	755
25-34 years	107	403	31	541	361	59	420	961	200	28	1189
35-44 years	98	329	35	462	168	36	204	666	173	18	857
45-54 years	42	158	15	215	67	18	85	300	171	19	490
55-64 years	13	46	10	69	27	5	32	101	156	19	276
65 years or more	4	3	0	7	3	3	6	13	154	0	167
Total	488	1229	140	1777	1094	213	1307	3084	1446	110	4640
FEMALES											
15-19 years	90	57	9	156	137	50	187	343	508	30	881
20-24 years	66	97	20	183	116	57	173	356	348	28	732
25-34 years	186	167	42	395	141	73	214	609	683	66	1358
35-44 years	151	166	27	344	68	43	111	455	425	34	914
45-54 years	69	57	8	134	18	17	35	169	276	27	472
55-64 years	15	11	3	29	8	5	13	42	261	10	313
65 years or more	3	0	0	3	0	3	3	6	191	0	197
Total	580	555	109	1244	488	248	736	1980	2692	195	4867

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A12 STATUS OF WORKER BY SEX

Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Wage or salary earner	1585	1159	2744	90.8
Self employed	126	50	176	5.8
Employer	54	22	76	2.5
Unpaid helper	13	12	25	0.8
Total	1778	1243	3021	100.0

(a) Full-time is defined as having worked 35 hours or more in the main job held last week.

(b) Comprises employed persons who did not state their hours worked.

(c) Comprises persons who did not state their labour force status.

A13 INDUSTRY BY AGE BY SEX

Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total	Prop%
	MALES								
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	7	16	24	23	18	9	3	100	3.3
Mining	0	5	14	17	8	0	0	44	1.5
Manufacturing	29	47	65	60	20	12	3	236	7.8
Electricity, gas & water	0	4	15	9	9	3	3	43	1.4
Construction	30	41	70	61	27	5	0	234	7.7
Wholesale & retail trade	65	40	59	45	20	4	0	233	7.7
Transport & storage	0	12	31	28	17	5	0	93	3.1
Communication	0	3	13	13	6	3	0	38	1.3
Finance, property & busns serv	3	6	17	12	6	0	0	44	1.5
Public admin & defence	7	23	40	38	27	3	0	138	4.6
Community services	9	44	113	90	29	11	3	299	9.9
Recreational & other serv	11	20	32	22	8	6	3	102	3.4
Not classifiable	0	3	3	0	3	0	0	9	0.3
Not stated	24	33	45	42	19	8	3	174	5.7
Total	185	297	541	460	217	69	18	1787	59.0
	FEMALES								
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	0	0	5	11	4	3	0	23	0.8
Mining	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0
Manufacturing	10	14	20	9	6	0	3	62	2.0
Electricity, gas & water	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	0.1
Construction	0	3	4	9	3	3	0	22	0.7
Wholesale & retail trade	72	36	34	40	13	3	3	201	6.6
Transport & storage	0	0	5	5	0	3	0	13	0.4
Communication	0	3	0	3	0	0	0	6	0.2
Finance, property & busns serv	11	18	21	22	6	3	0	81	2.7
Public admin & defence	3	18	35	15	9	0	0	80	2.6
Community services	22	58	171	149	65	12	3	480	15.8
Recreational & other serv	19	12	43	38	14	3	0	129	4.3
Not classifiable	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0.1
Not stated	14	19	51	41	13	3	0	141	4.7
Total	154	181	392	342	133	33	9	1244	41.0
	PERSONS								
Agric, forestry, fish & hunt	7	16	29	34	22	12	3	123	4.1
Mining	0	5	14	17	8	0	0	44	1.5
Manufacturing	39	61	85	69	26	12	6	298	9.8
Electricity, gas & water	0	4	18	9	9	3	3	46	1.5
Construction	30	44	74	70	30	8	0	256	8.4
Wholesale & retail trade	137	76	93	85	33	7	3	434	14.3
Transport & storage	0	12	36	33	17	8	0	106	3.5
Communication	0	6	13	16	6	3	0	44	1.5
Finance, property & busns serv	14	24	38	34	12	3	0	125	4.1
Public admin & defence	10	41	75	53	36	3	0	218	7.2
Community services	31	102	284	239	94	23	6	779	25.7
Recreational & other serv	30	32	75	60	22	9	3	231	7.6
Not classifiable	3	3	3	0	3	0	0	12	0.4
Not stated	38	52	96	83	32	11	3	315	10.4
Total	339	478	933	802	350	102	27	3031	100.0

A14 OCCUPATION BY AGE BY SEX

Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total	Prop%
MALES									
Managers & administrators	3	11	21	28	16	3	0	82	2.7
Professionals	4	8	34	33	15	0	0	94	3.1
Para-professionals	3	16	41	34	14	5	0	113	3.7
Tradespersons	60	84	115	78	28	9	3	377	12.4
Clerks	5	13	29	18	10	3	0	78	2.6
Sales & personal service workers	17	14	35	24	12	5	0	107	3.5
Plant & machine operators & drivers	7	21	73	83	38	11	3	236	7.8
Labourers & related workers	67	103	152	121	63	25	3	534	17.6
Inadequately described	0	0	7	5	5	3	0	20	0.7
Not stated	22	25	34	38	14	6	3	142	4.7
Total	188	295	541	462	215	70	12	1783	58.8
FEMALES									
Managers & administrators	3	0	11	13	8	0	0	35	1.2
Professionals	3	11	29	33	15	4	0	95	3.1
Para-professionals	0	10	38	35	13	0	0	96	3.2
Tradespersons	15	6	11	11	6	3	0	52	1.7
Clerks	26	58	119	73	23	4	0	303	10.0
Sales & personal service workers	75	49	71	65	21	5	0	286	9.4
Plant & machine operators & drivers	6	3	8	9	3	0	3	32	1.1
Labourers & related workers	17	26	63	73	32	6	0	217	7.2
Inadequately described	3	3	4	3	3	0	0	16	0.5
Not stated	10	19	41	31	11	3	0	115	3.8
Total	158	185	395	346	135	25	3	1247	41.2
PERSONS									
Managers & administrators	6	11	32	41	24	3	0	117	3.9
Professionals	7	19	63	66	30	4	0	189	6.2
Para-professionals	3	26	79	69	27	5	0	209	6.9
Tradespersons	75	90	126	89	34	12	3	429	14.2
Clerks	31	71	148	91	33	7	0	381	12.6
Sales & personal service workers	92	63	106	89	33	10	0	393	13.0
Plant & machine operators & drivers	13	24	81	92	41	11	6	268	8.8
Labourers & related workers	84	129	215	194	95	31	3	751	24.8
Inadequately described	3	3	11	8	8	3	0	36	1.2
Not stated	32	44	75	69	25	9	3	257	8.5
Total	346	480	936	808	350	95	15	3030	100.0

A15 INDUSTRY SECTOR BY SEX

Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
Commonwealth government	115	115	230	7.6
State/Territory government	263	232	495	16.4
Local government	94	25	119	3.9
Private sector	1141	737	1878	62.2
Not stated	165	134	299	9.9
Total	1778	1243	3021	100.0

A16 HOURS WORKED BY SEX

Employed Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
0 hours	59	47	106	3.5
1-15 hours	152	233	385	12.7
16-24 hours	88	161	249	8.2
25-34 hours	109	138	247	8.2
35-39 hours	443	273	716	23.7
40 hours or more	786	283	1069	35.4
Not stated	141	108	249	8.2
Total	1778	1243	3021	100.0

A17 ANNUAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME BY SEX

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	Males	Females	Persons	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	351	594	945	9.9
\$3,001-\$5,000	315	346	661	7.0
\$5,001-\$8,000	1227	1066	2293	24.1
\$8,001-\$12,000	507	941	1448	15.2
\$12,001-\$16,000	499	591	1090	11.5
\$16,001-\$20,000	444	323	767	8.1
\$20,001-\$25,000	402	192	594	6.2
\$25,001-\$30,000	234	125	359	3.8
\$30,001-\$40,000	172	76	248	2.6
Over \$40,000	64	12	76	0.8
Not stated	424	600	1024	10.8
Total	4639	4866	9505	100.0

A18 ANNUAL INDIVIDUAL INCOME BY AGE

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons aged 15 years or more

	15-19 years	20-24 years	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	65 years or more	Total
\$0-\$3,000	449	88	215	114	54	15	10	945
\$3,001-\$5,000	364	84	90	56	28	27	12	661
\$5,001-\$8,000	316	431	468	342	292	253	191	2293
\$8,001-\$12,000	166	268	402	268	147	112	85	1448
\$12,001-\$16,000	89	225	355	238	103	60	20	1090
\$16,001-\$20,000	36	128	305	188	82	19	9	767
\$20,001-\$25,000	11	90	237	160	71	21	4	594
\$25,001-\$30,000	3	41	126	132	48	10	3	363
\$30,001-\$40,000	4	11	98	87	39	9	0	248
Over \$40,000	3	5	25	31	10	4	0	78
Not stated	350	116	226	155	88	58	31	1024
Total	1791	1487	2547	1771	962	588	365	9511

A19 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME

Classifiable Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander family households(a)

	H'holds	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	29	0.7
\$3,001-\$5,000	13	0.3
\$5,001-\$8,000	57	1.4
\$8,001-\$12,000	216	5.3
\$12,001-\$16,000	496	12.2
\$16,001-\$20,000	364	9.0
\$20,001-\$25,000	407	10.0
\$25,001-\$30,000	379	9.3
\$30,001-\$40,000	472	11.6
\$40,001-\$50,000	327	8.1
\$50,001-\$60,000	162	4.0
Over \$60,000	156	3.8
Partial income stated(b)	843	20.8
No incomes stated(c)	138	3.4
Total	4059	100.0

- (a) Excludes those dwellings which were temporarily unoccupied at the time of the census but the collector had ascertained that it was normally occupied, lone person households, group households and households which contained only persons under 15 years of age.
- (b) Comprises households where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse, offspring, or co-tenant was temporarily absent.
- (c) Comprises households where no members present stated an income.

A20 ANNUAL FAMILY INCOME

Primary Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander families

	Families	Prop%
\$0-\$3,000	30	0.7
\$3,001-\$5,000	14	0.3
\$5,001-\$8,000	69	1.7
\$8,001-\$12,000	244	6.0
\$12,001-\$16,000	537	13.3
\$16,001-\$20,000	383	9.5
\$20,001-\$25,000	390	9.7
\$25,001-\$30,000	369	9.1
\$30,001-\$40,000	450	11.2
\$40,001-\$50,000	307	7.6
\$50,001-\$60,000	153	3.8
Over \$60,000	134	3.3
Partial income stated(a)	816	20.2
No income stated(b)	138	3.4
Total	4034	100.0

A21 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING

Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander family households

	Occupied dwellings	Prop%
Separate house	3383	83.3
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc	207	5.1
Flat or apartment:		
In a 1, 2 or 3 storey block	221	5.4
In a 4 or more storey	4	0.1
Attached to house	18	0.4
Total	243	6.0
Caravan etc in caravan park	129	3.2
Caravan not in caravan park, houseboat etc	33	0.8
Improvised home, campers out	14	0.3
House or flat attached to shop, office etc	27	0.7
Not stated	23	0.6
Total	4059	100.0

(a) Comprises families where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse or offspring was temporarily absent.
(b) Comprises families where no members present stated an income.

A22 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING

Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander persons in private dwellings of any type

	Persons	Prop%
Separate house	13007	84.6
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, townhouse etc	733	4.8
Flat or apartment:		
In a 1, 2 or 3 storey block	728	4.7
In a 4 or more storey	16	0.1
Attached to house	59	0.4
Total	803	5.2
Caravan etc in caravan park	439	2.9
Caravan not in caravan park, houseboat etc	143	0.9
Improvised home, campers out	58	0.4
House or flat attached to shop, office etc	92	0.6
Not stated	95	0.6
Total	15370	100.0

A23 NATURE OF OCCUPANCY BY LANDLORD TYPE BY DWELLING TYPE
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families

	C'vans etc in c'van parks(a)	Other occupied private dwellings	Total	Prop%
Owned	32	605	637	15.7
Being purchased	19	778	797	19.6
Rented:				
Housing commission/authority	0	938	938	23.1
Other government agency	3	146	149	3.7
Other	63	1239	1302	32.1
Not stated	6	70	76	1.9
Total	72	2393	2465	60.7
Other(b)	6	154	160	3.9
Total	129	3930	4059	100.0

(a) Nature of occupancy and landlord type were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.
(b) Comprises 'other/inadequately described' and 'not stated'.

A24 STRUCTURE OF DWELLING BY NATURE OF OCCUPANCY
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families

	Owned	Being purchased	Rented	Other(a)	Total
Separate house	579	752	1914	138	3383
Semi-detached, row or terrace house, town house etc	5	8	193	3	209
Flat or apartment	5	4	226	8	243
Caravan etc in caravan park(b)	32	19	72	6	129
Other	15	9	46	4	74
Not stated	0	5	14	3	22
Total	636	797	2465	162	4060

A25 NUMBER OF BEDROOMS BY NUMBER OF PERSONS (USUALLY RESIDENT)(c)

Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families (excludes caravans etc in caravan parks)

	Number of persons usually resident						
	1	2	3	4	5	6 or more	Total
0-1 bedrooms	0	88	27	15	4	5	139
2 bedrooms	0	297	229	141	51	35	753
3 bedrooms	0	377	462	628	386	280	2133
4 bedrooms	0	54	87	142	161	261	705
5 or more bedrooms	0	10	7	18	13	66	114
Not stated	0	18	12	16	17	23	86
Total	0	844	824	960	632	670	3930

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A26 MONTHLY HOUSING LOAN REPAYMENT BY DWELLING TYPE

Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander dwellings containing families and which are being purchased

	C'vans etc in c'van parks(d)			Other occupied private dwellings			Total		
	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%
\$0-\$200	3	16.7	55	7.1	58	7.3	78	7.3	7.3
\$201-\$300	6	33.3	72	9.3	139	9.8	179	9.8	9.8
\$301-\$400	0	0.0	139	17.9	87	10.9	226	10.9	10.9
\$401-\$475	3	16.7	84	10.8	407	51.1	501	51.1	51.1
Over \$475	6	33.3	401	51.5	27	3.4	428	3.4	3.4
Not stated	0	0.0	27	3.5	796	100.0	796	100.0	100.0
Total	18	100.0	778	100.0	796	100.0	796	100.0	100.0

(a) 'Comprises 'other/inadequately described' and 'not stated'.

(b) Nature of occupancy and landlord type were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

(c) Spouses, offspring, and co-tenants (in group households) who were temporarily absent on census night are included. A maximum of 3 temporary absences can be counted in each household.

(d) Monthly housing loan repayments were not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

A27 ANNUAL HOUSEHOLD INCOME BY MONTHLY HOUSING LOAN REPAYMENT
Occupied Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families and which are being purchased (excludes caravans etc in caravan parks and not classifiable households(a))

	Monthly housing loan repayment						
	\$0-\$200	\$201-\$300	\$301-\$400	\$401-\$475	Over \$475	Not stated	Total
Annual household income							
\$0-\$3,000	3	0	0	0	0	0	3
\$3,001-\$5,000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
\$5,001-\$8,000	0	3	3	0	0	0	6
\$8,001-\$12,000	0	0	0	0	3	0	3
\$12,001-\$16,000	8	5	8	3	9	3	36
\$16,001-\$25,000	7	14	20	13	36	0	90
\$25,001-\$40,000	11	18	47	26	109	7	218
\$40,001-\$60,000	10	10	26	18	110	0	174
Over \$60,000	5	5	4	3	52	0	69
Partial income stated(b)	12	17	30	19	71	6	155
No incomes stated(c)	0	0	0	3	6	9	18
Total	56	72	138	85	396	25	772

A28 WEEKLY RENT BY DWELLING TYPE

Occupied rented Aboriginal and Torres Strait private dwellings containing families

	C'vans etc in c'van parks(d)			Other occupied private dwellings			Total		
	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%	Prop%
\$0-\$47	0	0.0	390	16.3	390	15.8	390	15.8	15.8
\$48-\$77	33	45.2	725	30.3	758	30.7	1083	30.7	30.7
\$78-\$107	27	37.0	452	18.9	479	19.4	729	19.4	19.4
\$108-\$137	7	9.6	369	15.4	376	15.2	745	15.2	15.2
\$138-\$167	3	4.1	287	12.0	290	11.8	577	11.8	11.8
\$168-\$197	0	0.0	48	2.0	48	1.9	48	1.9	1.9
Over \$197	0	0.0	34	1.4	34	1.4	34	1.4	1.4
Not stated	3	4.1	88	3.7	91	3.7	94	3.7	3.7
Total	73	100.0	2393	100.0	2466	100.0	2466	100.0	100.0

(a) Not classifiable households are those dwellings which were temporarily unoccupied at the time of the census, but the collector had ascertained that it was normally occupied, or the household contained only persons aged under 15 years.

(b) Comprises households where at least one, but not all, member(s) aged 15 years or more did not state an income and/or at least one spouse, offspring, or co-tenant was temporary absent.

(c) Comprises households where no members present stated an income.

(d) Weekly rent was not captured for caravans etc in caravan parks in previous censuses.

A29 LANDLORD TYPE BY WEEKLY RENT

Occupied rented Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander private dwellings containing families (excludes caravans etc in caravan parks)

	\$0- \$77	\$78- \$107	Weekly rent		Over \$197	Not stated	Total
			\$108- \$137	\$138- \$197			
Housing commission/authority	580	151	91	79	3	34	938
Other govt agency	82	23	18	8	3	12	146
Other	433	264	252	239	27	24	1239
Not stated	20	14	8	9	3	18	72
Total	1115	452	369	335	36	88	2395

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