



# AUSTRALIAN BUREAU OF STATISTICS

## Canberra

CATALOGUE NO. 3401.0

EMBARGOED UNTIL 11.30 A.M. 17 OCTOBER 1988



### OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES, AUSTRALIA AUGUST 1988

#### PHONE INQUIRIES

- *about these statistics*—contact Mr Mark Patton on Canberra (062) 52 6671 or any ABS State office.
- *about other statistics and ABS services*—contact Information Services on Canberra (062) 52 6007, 52 6627, 52 5402 or any ABS State office.

#### MAIL INQUIRIES

- *write to Information Services*, ABS, P.O. Box 10, Belconnen, A.C.T. 2616 or any ABS State office.

#### ELECTRONIC SERVICES

- on VIATEL—key \*656#.
- on AUSSTATS—phone (062) 52 6017.
- on TELESTATS—phone (062) 52 5404.

#### MAIN FEATURES

During August 1988, movements into and out of Australia totalled 705,200. There were 354,400 arrivals (15% more than in August 1987) and 350,800 departures (16% more than in August 1987).

The trend estimate of visitor arrivals continues to show very strong growth, while that of resident departures for short overseas trips has shown a declining trend since late 1987.

#### *Permanent movement*

In August 1988, 13,560 permanent settlers arrived in Australia, 22% more than in August 1987, and 1,530 permanent departures were recorded, 13% less than in August 1987.

#### *Arrivals of visitors for short-term visits*

Of the 196,900 visitor arrivals in August 1988, 64,800 (33%) came from New Zealand, followed by Japan (30,700 or 16%), the U.S.A. (28,000 or 14%), and the U.K. and Ireland (15,900 or 8%). These four countries together provided over 70% of all overseas visitors to Australia in August 1988.

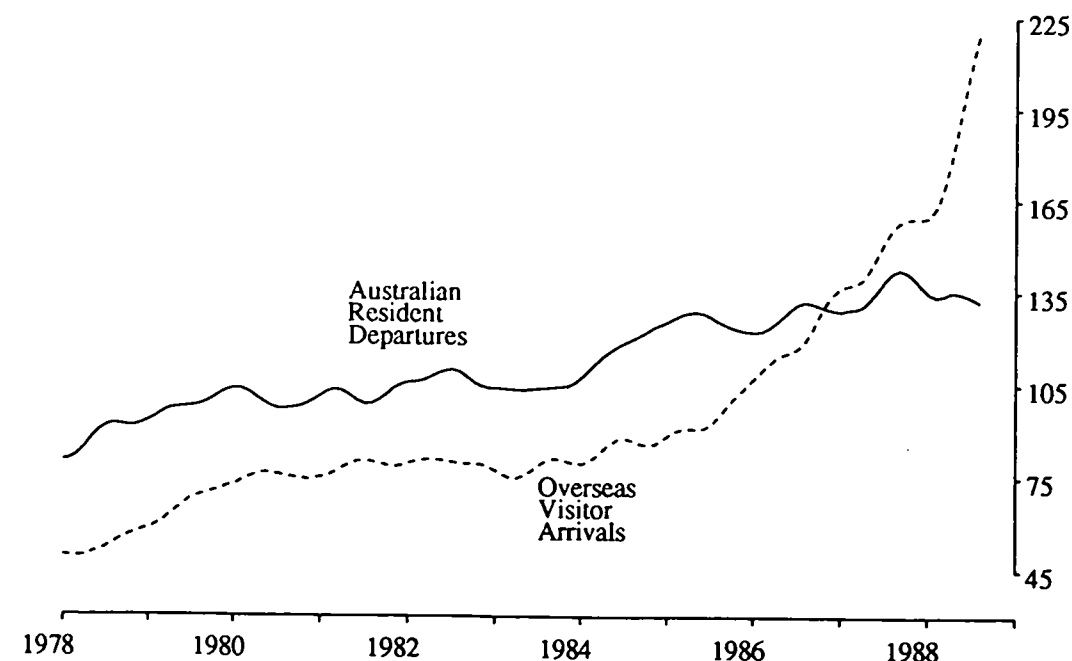
Compared with August 1987, one year ago, visitor arrivals from New Zealand increased 55%, from Japan 53%, from the U.S.A. 24%, and from the U.K. and Ireland 32%. There were also important increases in arrivals from other smaller countries of origin. Arrivals from Hong Kong rose 28% in the past year to number 5,300 in August 1988, and from Germany also by 28% to 4,100, while visitor arrivals from Italy increased 50% to 3,300.

Arrivals for the purpose of 'holiday' numbered 112,100 (57% of all visitor arrivals), 32,200 (16%) were for the purpose of 'visiting relatives' and 19,000 (10%) were for 'business' reasons.

#### *Departures of Australian residents for short-term trips abroad*

In August 1988, 141,900 departures of Australian residents for short-term overseas trips were recorded, 2% less than in August 1987. The most popular overseas destinations were the U.K. and Ireland (19%), New Zealand (12%) and the U.S.A. (11%). 76,300 departures (54%) were for the purpose of 'holiday', 27,300 (19%) for 'visiting relatives' and 22,800 (16%) for 'business'.

SHORT-TERM MOVEMENT: TREND ESTIMATE  
(Thousands)



## EXPLANATORY NOTES

### Introduction

This series of publications contains statistics of overseas arrivals and departures in summary form for the latest available month during which the movement occurred. More detailed statistics can be made available, on request, in unpublished form.

### Scope

2. The statistics in this publication relate to the number of movements rather than the number of travellers (i.e. the multiple movements of individual persons during a given reference period are each counted separately). The statistics exclude the movements of operational air and ships' crew, of transit passengers who pass through Australia but are not cleared for entry, and of passengers on pleasure cruises commencing and finishing in Australia aboard ships not then engaged on regular voyages.

### Definitions

#### *Category of movement*

3. Category of movement is primarily determined by the traveller's selection of their own category on the passenger card. This selection is accepted provided it is consistent with other information on the passenger card.

#### Permanent movement

4. Permanent arrivals (settlers) comprises travellers who hold migrant visas, (regardless of stated intended period of stay), New Zealand citizens who indicate an intention to settle and those who are otherwise eligible to settle (e.g. overseas born children of Australian citizens). Permanent departures are Australian residents (including former settlers) who on departure state they do not intend to return to Australia.

#### Long-term movement

5. Long-term arrivals comprise overseas visitors (except those that hold migrant visas—see paragraph 4 above) who intend to stay in Australia for 12 months or more and Australian residents returning after an absence of 12 months or more overseas. Long-term departures comprise Australian residents who intend to stay abroad for 12 months or more and overseas visitors departing who stayed 12 months or more in Australia.

#### Short-term movement

6. Movements of travellers whose intended or actual length of stay is less than twelve months are classified as short-term, except those who on arrival hold migrant visas (see paragraph 4 above).

7. A significant number of travellers state exactly 12 months or one year as their intended period of stay. Many of them stay for less than that period and on their departure from, or return to, Australia are therefore classified as short-term. To maintain consistency between arrivals and departures, movements of travellers who report their ac-

tual or intended period of stay as being one year exactly are randomly allocated to long-term or short-term, in proportion to the number of movements of travellers who report their actual length of stay as up to one month more, or one month less, than one year.

#### *Country of birth or residence*

8. The grouping of countries into regions in Asia in Table 4 is based on United Nations' classification of world regions. Applying this classification, the region which includes most 'middle east' countries is included in Asia and is called 'Western Asia (Middle East)'.

9. Statistics on country of birth or residence have certain limitations because of inadequate reporting on passenger cards. For instance, it is not possible to make a distinction between Northern Ireland and the Republic of Ireland, or to separately identify England, Scotland and Wales. Similarly 'Germany' could refer to the Federal Republic or to the Democratic Republic.

#### Estimation method

10. Overseas arrival and departure statistics are derived from a combination of full enumeration and sampling. All movements by sea regardless of duration of stay, all permanent movements and all movements with a duration of stay of more than one year are fully enumerated and processed. All movements by air with a duration of stay of one year or less are sampled and statistics relating to these movements are therefore estimates which may differ from statistics which would have been obtained if details of all these movements had been processed.

11. The statistics in this publication have been rounded, to the nearest 100 for short-term movements and to the nearest 10 for permanent and long-term movements. In tables showing both short-term and permanent and long-term movements the total movements have been rounded to the nearest 100. The sums of the components may, due to rounding, not add exactly to totals.

#### Corrections and imputations

12. The imprecision due to sampling errors should not be confused with errors arising from imperfections in reporting, which may occur in any data collection, whether sampled or not. Every effort is made to minimise such errors, both through careful design of the passenger cards and through checks on the information once it is received. During the edit process some items are corrected where they conflict with other known information. Missing replies to certain items such as age and country of birth are also imputed by reference to other related items.

13. Errors of this kind differ from discrepancies arising from the fact that certain information reflects the travellers' intentions, at the time the passenger cards were completed. These intentions are of course subject to change. Particularly affected are the distinction between permanent and temporary movement and in the latter case, length of intended stay, country in which most time will be spent and purpose of journey.

### Seasonal adjustment

14. Original and seasonally adjusted short-term overseas visitor arrivals and short-term Australian resident departures are shown in Tables 1 and 2 respectively. In the seasonally adjusted series, account has been taken of normal seasonal factors and 'trading day' effects (arising from the varying numbers of Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays, etc. in the month) and the effect of movement in the date of Easter which may in successive years, affect figures for different months.

15. Seasonal adjustment may be carried out by various methods and the results may vary slightly according to the procedure adopted. Accordingly, seasonally adjusted statistics should not be regarded as in any way definitive. In interpreting particular seasonally adjusted statistics it is important to bear in mind the methods by which they have been derived and the limitations to which the methods used are subject.

16. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series may be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment procedures do not aim to remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month, such as the effect of major sporting and cultural events, changes in airfares structure and the fluctuation of \$A relative to other currencies. Irregular influences that are highly volatile can make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variation.

17. The seasonally adjusted series can, however, be smoothed to reduce the impact of the irregular component in the adjusted series. There are a number of ways of accomplishing this, depending on the intended uses of the smoothed series. If importance is attached to measuring the underlying change in the most recent periods, moving averages employing appropriate weighting patterns should be adopted; the choice of averaging technique will determine in part the degree of smoothness of the derived series. The longer the term of the moving average the longer is the time series affected by revisions resulting from more recent data. In order to ensure that the underlying trend-cycle of a series is reflected in the trend estimate series, the degree of smoothness alone cannot always be used as the sole criterion in determining which moving average is appropriate.

18. The trend estimate short-term overseas visitor arrivals and short-term Australian resident departures statistics are shown in Tables 1 and 2 respectively. The trend estimate has been derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to the series.

19. While this technique enables smoothed data for the latest period to be produced, it does result in revisions to the smoothed series, principally, of recent months as additional observations become available. There may also be revisions as a result of the re-estimation of the seasonal factors. For further information concerning the smoothing process refer to an Information Paper *A Guide to Smoothing Time Series — Estimates of "Trend"* (1316.0).

### Related publications

20. Comprehensive definitions and explanations, and detailed data are contained in:

*Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia* (3402.0)—  
issued quarterly

*Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia* (3404.0)—  
issued annually

21. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications, Australia* (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a *Publications Advice* (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

### Symbols and other usages

- nil or rounded to zero
- .. not applicable
- r figures or series revised since previous issue.

### Electronic services

VIATEL. Key \*656# for selected current economic, social and demographic statistics.

AUSSTATS Thousands of up-to-date time series are available on this ABS on-line service through CSIRONET.

For further information phone the AUSSTATS Help Desk on (062) 52 6017.

TELESTATS. This service provides foreign trade statistics tailored to user's requirements.

Further information is available on (062) 52 5404.

### Floppy disk service

Selected ABS statistics are available on floppy disk. Further information is available on (062) 52 6684.

**W. McLENNAN**  
Acting Australian Statistician

TABLE 1. TOTAL MOVEMENT - ARRIVALS: CATEGORY OF MOVEMENT

Period	Permanent arrivals Settlers	Long-term arrivals		Total permanent and long-term arrivals	Short-term arrivals (a)				Total arrivals (a)
		Australian residents	Overseas visitors		Australian residents	Overseas visitors (Actual)	Overseas visitors (Seasonally adjusted)	Overseas visitors (Trend estimate) (b)	
<i>Year ended 31 December -</i>									
1985	82,000	55,670	34,880	172,550	1,494,700	1,142,600	..	..	2,809,900
1986	103,330	55,870	38,130	197,320	1,513,200	1,429,400	..	..	3,139,900
1987	128,290	54,030	39,940	222,260	1,586,300	1,784,900	..	..	3,593,500
<i>1987 -</i>									
May	10,190	3,180	2,490	15,860	110,700	120,700	141,600	142,700	247,300
June	9,930	3,600	2,470	15,990	107,900	116,500	143,200	147,200	240,400
July	9,930	4,470	3,260	17,650	156,500	142,000	153,000	152,000	316,200
August	11,110	4,010	3,060	18,180	149,100	140,400	157,700	156,000	307,700
September	11,860	3,730	2,770	18,350	156,800	128,000	164,900	158,300	303,100
October	11,540	4,440	3,160	19,140	183,800	165,700	158,300	159,300	368,600
November	12,970	5,410	2,520	20,910	122,600	183,100	154,900	159,500	326,600
December	11,860	8,410	2,520	22,780	88,500	222,800	159,900	159,300	334,100
<i>1988 -</i>									
January	14,160	5,570	7,330	27,050	196,400	161,300	162,900	160,000	384,800
February	11,840	3,910	6,430	22,170	112,200	180,400	160,400	r162,900	314,800
March	12,780	3,860	3,960	20,590	107,600	185,200	171,000	r169,000	313,400
April	12,580	3,450	3,300	19,320	121,000	160,500	169,700	r178,000	300,800
May	11,470	3,380	2,640	17,490	104,000	157,100	185,200	r188,700	278,600
June	11,380	4,190	3,060	18,630	118,800	163,800	206,600	r200,100	301,200
July	12,490	4,640	4,090	21,220	162,400	203,300	212,400	r211,100	386,900
August	13,560	3,910	3,220	20,690	136,900	196,900	227,800	220,900	354,400

(a) Figures for short term movement are largely based on a sample and are subject to sampling error. See paragraph 10 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail. (b) See paragraph 17 to 19 of the Explanatory Notes.

TABLE 2. TOTAL MOVEMENT - DEPARTURES: CATEGORY OF MOVEMENT

Period	Permanent departures	Long-term departures		Total permanent and long-term departures	Short-term departures (a)			Overseas visitors	Total departures (a)
		Australian residents	Overseas visitors		Australian residents (Actual)	Australian residents (Seasonally adjusted)	Australian residents (Trend estimate) (b)		
<i>Year ended 31 December -</i>									
1985	18,620	51,030	23,790	93,440	1,512,000	..	..	1,096,500	2,702,000
1986	18,820	48,560	27,190	94,570	1,539,600	..	..	1,363,800	2,997,900
1987	20,420	50,280	31,720	102,420	1,622,300	..	..	1,701,200	3,425,900
<i>1987 -</i>									
May	1,800	4,040	1,990	7,830	135,600	125,000	132,700	137,600	281,000
June	1,410	3,270	2,050	6,740	149,400	136,600	135,800	108,600	264,700
July	1,740	4,090	2,150	7,970	157,700	143,500	139,100	119,900	285,500
August	1,760	4,500	1,960	8,220	144,500	120,600	141,600	149,900	302,600
September	1,560	3,490	1,660	6,710	165,400	170,900	142,600	125,900	298,000
October	1,560	3,060	1,540	6,170	122,700	142,100	141,900	139,700	268,600
November	1,510	3,160	2,230	6,890	113,700	130,900	140,000	166,500	287,100
December	1,970	3,990	5,010	10,970	175,000	133,300	137,200	147,500	333,500
<i>1988 -</i>									
January	1,880	6,570	2,540	10,990	113,200	134,600	134,900	207,700	331,900
February	1,660	4,320	2,110	8,080	94,400	135,700	r133,800	175,200	277,700
March	1,720	4,650	2,610	8,980	138,600	140,100	r134,300	176,600	324,200
April	1,810	4,620	1,980	8,400	132,400	131,500	r135,200	172,400	313,200
May	1,750	4,130	2,000	7,880	129,200	122,900	r135,000	182,500	319,600
June	1,570	3,920	2,280	7,770	165,700	150,200	r134,400	143,400	316,900
July	1,800	4,670	2,370	8,830	153,300	136,300	r133,400	171,900	334,000
August	1,530	5,070	2,030	8,630	141,900	122,700	132,200	200,300	350,800

(a) Figures for short term movement are largely based on a sample and are subject to sampling error. See paragraph 10 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail. (b) See paragraph 17 to 19 of the Explanatory Notes.

TABLE 3. SHORT-TERM MOVEMENT : ARRIVALS OF OVERSEAS VISITORS AND DEPARTURES OF AUSTRALIAN RESIDENTS, INTENDED LENGTH OF STAY AND PURPOSE OF JOURNEY

	Year ended 31 December		Quarter ended 30 June		January to August		Month of August	
	1986	1987	1987	1988	1987	1988	1987	1988
<b>ARRIVALS</b>								
<b>Intended length of stay</b>								
Under 1 week	361,700	441,100	96,800	114,000	277,400	309,800	35,900	38,200
1 and under 2 weeks	294,600	410,100	90,500	133,400	247,600	356,700	37,100	56,400
2 weeks and under 1 month	315,000	403,600	86,200	112,500	248,200	346,500	34,900	60,200
1 and under 2 months	194,400	224,900	40,000	50,800	133,000	171,700	13,300	19,100
2 and under 3 months	74,200	85,800	16,400	19,900	51,000	61,900	4,300	5,400
3 and under 6 months	81,400	93,400	17,200	20,800	52,800	63,400	5,900	6,700
6 and under 12 months	95,900	115,300	20,800	27,400	69,200	90,700	8,200	9,900
Not stated	12,200	10,700	2,200	2,700	6,100	7,900	900	1,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,429,400</b>	<b>1,784,900</b>	<b>370,000</b>	<b>481,400</b>	<b>1,085,300</b>	<b>1,408,600</b>	<b>140,400</b>	<b>196,900</b>
<b>Purpose of journey</b>								
In Transit	99,400	100,900	22,900	19,100	66,300	59,700	8,800	8,100
Attending convention	26,500	31,100	6,400	12,700	18,500	34,100	5,000	9,300
Business	169,600	195,300	47,000	58,100	125,800	153,800	15,600	19,000
Accompanying business traveller	15,000	18,900	4,100	5,000	12,400	14,700	2,000	2,200
Visiting relatives	326,000	370,200	72,700	90,600	213,400	266,300	25,400	32,200
Holiday	694,600	938,300	186,000	264,000	558,400	772,400	74,100	112,100
Employment	19,700	21,300	4,700	6,200	14,400	17,500	2,000	2,200
Education	24,200	35,200	5,400	8,600	25,600	36,400	2,400	3,300
Other and not stated	54,400	73,700	20,900	17,100	50,600	53,800	5,200	8,700
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,429,400</b>	<b>1,784,900</b>	<b>370,000</b>	<b>481,400</b>	<b>1,085,300</b>	<b>1,408,600</b>	<b>140,400</b>	<b>196,900</b>
<b>DEPARTURES</b>								
<b>Intended length of stay</b>								
Under 1 week	87,000	103,400	29,200	36,800	68,400	88,800	9,200	10,700
1 and under 2 weeks	359,300	377,900	88,700	92,000	241,900	253,100	35,500	30,400
2 weeks and under 1 month	453,400	468,400	110,000	110,100	291,600	294,300	37,400	36,300
1 and under 2 months	273,000	292,000	72,000	73,100	173,700	174,200	28,000	27,900
2 and under 3 months	139,000	135,300	38,100	38,000	88,400	89,500	14,800	16,800
3 and under 6 months	124,700	125,000	48,300	48,700	96,600	93,500	11,000	11,200
6 and under 12 months	88,400	87,300	24,900	27,300	66,900	71,000	6,800	8,000
Not stated	14,800	33,000	7,400	1,400	18,200	4,200	1,600	500
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,539,600</b>	<b>1,622,300</b>	<b>418,700</b>	<b>427,300</b>	<b>1,045,600</b>	<b>1,068,700</b>	<b>144,500</b>	<b>141,900</b>
<b>Purpose of journey</b>								
Attending convention	33,600	37,000	9,800	9,900	25,500	24,600	3,700	3,400
Business	199,700	227,500	61,400	71,300	150,200	174,400	19,500	22,800
Accompanying business traveller	26,600	27,700	7,600	8,000	18,700	19,700	2,500	2,600
Visiting relatives	308,500	332,600	90,500	88,000	211,600	208,700	28,300	27,300
Holiday	875,400	874,100	218,300	222,400	559,500	568,200	80,900	76,300
Employment	23,100	24,300	6,100	7,400	17,700	19,000	2,000	2,100
Education	12,600	13,500	2,900	3,200	8,700	9,800	1,400	1,600
Other and not stated	60,100	85,600	22,000	17,100	53,700	44,200	6,200	5,700
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,539,600</b>	<b>1,622,300</b>	<b>418,700</b>	<b>427,300</b>	<b>1,045,600</b>	<b>1,068,700</b>	<b>144,500</b>	<b>141,900</b>

TABLE 4. PERMANENT (SETTLER) ARRIVALS : COUNTRY OF BIRTH

Country of birth (Summary)	Year ended 31 December		Quarter ended 30 June		January to August		Month of August	
	1986	1987	1987	1988	1987	1988	1987	1988
<b>Total Africa</b>	<b>7,350</b>	<b>9,060</b>	<b>1,910</b>	<b>2,110</b>	<b>5,820</b>	<b>5,890</b>	<b>680</b>	<b>590</b>
<b>Total America</b>	<b>6,600</b>	<b>7,440</b>	<b>1,910</b>	<b>1,900</b>	<b>4,940</b>	<b>5,320</b>	<b>680</b>	<b>700</b>
<b>Asia-</b>								
East and South East Asia	28,260	37,970	9,020	10,270	23,820	29,270	3,400	3,840
South Central Asia	6,030	7,900	2,210	2,140	5,330	6,030	600	930
Western Asia (Middle East)	5,480	7,000	1,540	1,600	4,110	4,820	580	680
<b>Total Asia</b>	<b>39,770</b>	<b>52,870</b>	<b>12,780</b>	<b>14,010</b>	<b>33,260</b>	<b>40,110</b>	<b>4,570</b>	<b>5,450</b>
<b>Europe-</b>								
U.K. and Ireland	20,670	24,030	5,130	7,090	14,650	19,140	2,020	2,840
Other Europe	12,180	15,390	3,650	3,330	9,700	10,270	1,440	1,550
<b>Total Europe</b>	<b>32,840</b>	<b>39,420</b>	<b>8,780</b>	<b>10,410</b>	<b>24,350</b>	<b>29,410</b>	<b>3,460</b>	<b>4,390</b>
<b>Oceania-</b>								
New Zealand	14,140	15,360	3,470	6,050	9,340	16,470	1,340	2,000
Other Oceania	2,620	4,140	810	930	2,350	3,030	380	430
<b>Total Oceania</b>	<b>16,760</b>	<b>19,490</b>	<b>4,280</b>	<b>6,980</b>	<b>11,690</b>	<b>19,500</b>	<b>1,720</b>	<b>2,430</b>
At sea and not stated	10	-	-	10	-	10	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>103,330</b>	<b>128,290</b>	<b>29,640</b>	<b>35,430</b>	<b>80,050</b>	<b>100,240</b>	<b>11,110</b>	<b>13,560</b>

TABLE 5. SHORT-TERM MOVEMENT : ARRIVALS OF OVERSEAS VISITORS, COUNTRY OF RESIDENCE

Country of residence	Year ended		Quarter ended		January to		Month of	
	31 December		30 June		August		August	
	1986	1987	1987	1988	1987	1988	1987	1988
<b>AFRICA -</b>								
South Africa	12,500	9,600	2,100	1,700	5,700	5,000	700	500
Other	7,100	7,900	1,700	2,600	4,700	6,500	700	800
<i>Total Africa</i>	<i>19,600</i>	<i>17,500</i>	<i>3,700</i>	<i>4,300</i>	<i>10,500</i>	<i>11,500</i>	<i>1,400</i>	<i>1,300</i>
<b>AMERICA -</b>								
Canada	47,000	52,700	10,000	12,600	30,800	39,600	2,700	4,700
U.S.A.	245,400	309,000	64,000	69,100	191,200	206,100	22,500	28,000
Other	9,300	11,300	2,200	2,400	6,600	7,900	900	900
<i>Total America</i>	<i>301,700</i>	<i>373,100</i>	<i>76,100</i>	<i>84,200</i>	<i>228,600</i>	<i>253,600</i>	<i>26,100</i>	<i>33,600</i>
<b>ASIA -</b>								
China	6,200	10,900	1,900	4,100	5,700	10,000	900	1,300
Hong Kong	33,500	42,700	8,200	9,800	29,000	36,300	4,400	5,300
India	6,900	7,400	1,900	3,000	4,600	6,900	600	900
Indonesia	17,700	21,500	4,800	9,000	13,300	19,200	1,400	1,800
Israel	4,000	4,400	1,000	1,000	2,900	3,200	300	400
Japan	145,600	215,600	38,200	79,600	126,300	219,000	20,100	30,700
Korea	4,800	6,900	1,500	2,100	4,100	6,000	500	800
Malaysia	38,600	47,100	11,700	13,300	28,900	34,000	3,100	3,100
Philippines	11,200	12,200	3,700	4,300	8,500	9,100	900	1,000
Singapore	45,000	57,000	14,300	16,500	32,200	36,800	3,300	3,400
Taiwan	12,000	16,000	2,000	3,100	9,600	12,500	900	1,600
Thailand	8,000	11,200	2,700	4,700	7,200	9,700	900	1,100
Other	16,000	18,200	3,800	5,300	11,000	14,000	1,400	1,800
<i>Total Asia</i>	<i>349,500</i>	<i>470,900</i>	<i>95,900</i>	<i>155,800</i>	<i>283,300</i>	<i>416,800</i>	<i>38,800</i>	<i>53,300</i>
<b>EUROPE -</b>								
Denmark	6,300	8,700	1,200	1,800	4,500	6,600	500	800
Finland	3,100	4,200	600	900	1,900	2,900	200	400
France	13,900	17,100	3,600	3,800	11,300	13,500	2,100	2,000
Germany(a)	41,900	53,300	7,700	8,500	30,000	39,900	3,200	4,100
Greece	6,400	7,100	1,100	1,400	3,800	4,200	400	400
Ireland(b)	7,400	9,800	1,900	2,300	5,400	8,000	700	1,000
Italy	17,300	19,300	2,500	3,200	11,600	14,800	2,200	3,300
Netherlands	15,900	17,300	2,300	2,900	10,600	13,100	1,200	1,800
Norway	3,200	4,300	500	700	2,000	3,200	200	300
Sweden	14,200	21,900	2,700	3,300	10,900	14,400	900	1,100
Switzerland	16,900	21,300	3,200	4,000	11,400	14,800	1,000	1,200
United Kingdom	176,000	198,900	32,400	42,100	117,800	156,100	11,400	14,900
Yugoslavia	6,400	6,300	1,000	1,100	3,600	3,900	400	500
Other	18,800	22,300	3,200	5,600	11,700	18,500	1,900	2,700
<i>Total Europe</i>	<i>347,500</i>	<i>411,900</i>	<i>63,900</i>	<i>81,400</i>	<i>236,600</i>	<i>313,800</i>	<i>26,400</i>	<i>34,300</i>
<b>OCEANIA -</b>								
Fiji	13,300	16,500	3,900	4,100	10,100	11,600	1,400	1,700
New Caledonia	11,100	14,400	2,800	3,100	10,100	12,600	1,200	1,900
New Zealand	336,700	427,300	111,400	135,400	271,900	351,100	41,800	64,800
Papua New Guinea	31,900	32,800	7,300	8,300	20,500	23,400	2,000	3,200
Other	13,100	14,700	3,200	4,000	9,100	12,000	1,200	2,500
<i>Total Oceania</i>	<i>406,100</i>	<i>505,800</i>	<i>128,600</i>	<i>154,900</i>	<i>321,600</i>	<i>410,700</i>	<i>47,600</i>	<i>74,000</i>
Other and not stated	5,000	5,700	1,800	900	4,600	2,200	200	300
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,429,400</b>	<b>1,784,900</b>	<b>370,000</b>	<b>481,400</b>	<b>1,085,300</b>	<b>1,408,600</b>	<b>140,400</b>	<b>196,900</b>

( a ) Comprises the German Democratic Republic and the Federal Republic of Germany. ( b ) Includes Republic of Ireland and Ireland, undefined.

TABLE 6. SHORT-TERM MOVEMENT : DEPARTURES OF AUSTRALIAN RESIDENTS,  
COUNTRY OF INTENDED STAY

Country of intended stay	Year ended		Quarter ended		January to		Month of	
	31 December		30 June		August		August	
	1986	1987	1987	1988	1987	1988	1987	1988
<b>AFRICA -</b>								
Egypt	3,400	4,100	800	900	2,300	2,600	300	300
South Africa	5,600	7,700	1,600	1,700	3,700	3,900	500	400
Other	7,000	8,800	1,900	2,000	5,200	5,400	800	700
<i>Total Africa</i>	<i>16,000</i>	<i>20,600</i>	<i>4,400</i>	<i>4,600</i>	<i>11,200</i>	<i>11,900</i>	<i>1,600</i>	<i>1,400</i>
<b>AMERICA -</b>								
Canada	21,000	20,400	5,800	6,400	14,400	16,400	2,400	2,700
U.S.A.	145,600	174,100	43,800	55,300	107,000	122,400	16,400	15,900
Other	19,000	20,400	3,800	3,800	10,800	12,100	1,500	1,700
<i>Total America</i>	<i>185,600</i>	<i>215,000</i>	<i>53,500</i>	<i>65,400</i>	<i>132,100</i>	<i>150,800</i>	<i>20,300</i>	<i>20,300</i>
<b>ASIA -</b>								
China	19,100	17,200	4,400	4,100	11,100	11,100	1,600	1,600
Hong Kong	119,300	103,300	25,800	21,800	64,600	62,900	8,100	7,400
India	17,300	20,000	2,900	2,700	9,800	9,100	1,000	1,200
Indonesia	104,400	117,400	29,200	31,700	75,300	86,400	10,000	11,100
Israel	5,100	7,000	1,900	1,600	3,800	3,600	400	200
Japan	26,500	25,600	6,300	7,000	15,000	17,800	1,600	2,200
Lebanon	6,800	6,300	1,800	1,800	4,600	3,800	700	500
Malaysia	41,600	47,200	11,800	11,300	30,300	30,500	4,300	3,600
Philippines	30,000	33,500	8,700	7,600	20,900	21,300	2,400	2,600
Singapore	80,800	83,700	18,700	22,100	53,200	60,000	7,300	7,700
Thailand	34,600	48,800	11,200	13,000	30,300	36,900	3,500	3,600
Turkey	4,700	5,600	2,200	2,500	4,200	4,600	300	500
Other	30,000	31,800	7,000	7,800	19,300	21,400	2,000	2,600
<i>Total Asia</i>	<i>520,200</i>	<i>547,400</i>	<i>131,800</i>	<i>135,000</i>	<i>342,500</i>	<i>369,400</i>	<i>43,300</i>	<i>44,800</i>
<b>EUROPE -</b>								
France	14,300	15,800	4,800	4,100	10,600	9,600	1,600	1,400
Germany(a)	25,300	26,100	8,200	8,400	17,400	17,200	2,600	2,900
Greece	31,600	33,900	13,200	14,600	25,800	26,400	3,400	3,400
Ireland(b)	6,000	6,700	1,900	2,500	4,600	5,400	1,000	1,000
Italy	39,300	40,100	14,100	13,200	30,000	27,800	4,400	4,300
Netherlands	13,300	14,100	4,400	4,000	10,100	8,900	1,700	1,500
Switzerland	7,500	7,400	2,000	2,000	5,000	5,200	700	700
United Kingdom	204,500	207,400	64,400	67,900	146,200	145,100	23,200	25,300
Yugoslavia	17,300	17,600	7,500	6,700	14,200	12,800	1,700	1,900
Other	37,500	39,100	14,300	15,500	28,900	30,600	4,000	4,400
<i>Total Europe</i>	<i>396,700</i>	<i>408,200</i>	<i>134,700</i>	<i>138,900</i>	<i>292,900</i>	<i>288,900</i>	<i>44,300</i>	<i>46,700</i>
<b>OCEANIA -</b>								
Fiji	77,300	60,500	10,300	14,600	40,500	44,200	10,800	5,500
New Caledonia	10,000	10,800	2,600	1,300	6,800	5,000	500	800
New Zealand	256,300	275,300	58,800	47,900	163,200	148,700	18,000	16,600
Norfolk Is.	19,300	18,400	4,300	3,500	11,500	9,400	1,100	800
Papua New Guinea	25,800	27,500	6,800	7,500	17,400	20,100	2,300	2,800
Vanuatu	8,700	5,700	900	2,500	2,800	5,600	400	600
Other	18,000	19,000	5,200	4,500	12,300	11,500	1,500	1,400
<i>Total Oceania</i>	<i>415,400</i>	<i>417,400</i>	<i>88,900</i>	<i>81,900</i>	<i>254,500</i>	<i>244,400</i>	<i>34,600</i>	<i>28,400</i>
Other and not stated	5,800	13,700	5,400	1,500	12,400	3,200	300	300
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,539,600</b>	<b>1,622,300</b>	<b>418,700</b>	<b>427,300</b>	<b>1,045,600</b>	<b>1,068,700</b>	<b>144,500</b>	<b>141,900</b>

(a) Comprises the German Democratic Republic and the Federal Republic of Germany. (b) Includes Republic of Ireland and Ireland, undefined.

Printed by R.D. RUBIE, Commonwealth Government Printer, Canberra  
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**Recommended retail price: \$3.00**



2034010008884

ISSN 1031-0495