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### OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES, AUSTRALIA FEBRUARY 1988

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#### MAIN FEATURES

During February 1988, there were 592,400 movements into and out of Australia recorded. There were 314,800 arrivals (13% more than in February 1987) and 277,700 departures (13% more than in February 1987).

After a period of relatively strong growth since mid-1985, the trend estimate of visitor arrivals is now showing signs of levelling off. The trend estimate of resident departures for short-term trips abroad has continued to decline in recent months, widening the gap between the two estimates.

#### Permanent movement

In February 1988:

- 11,840 permanent settlers arrived in Australia, 28% more than in February 1987.
- 1,660 permanent departures were recorded in February, compared with 1,650 in February 1987.

#### Arrivals of visitors for short-term visits

In February 1988:

- 180,400 arrivals of overseas visitors for short-term visits were recorded, 22% more than in February 1987.
- Arrivals from Japan numbered 29,000, 54% more than in February 1987. As a proportion of total visitor arrivals, arrivals from Japan increased from 13% in February 1987

to 16% in February 1988. This is the first month ever recorded that Japanese visitors have been the largest share of all short-term visitor arrivals.

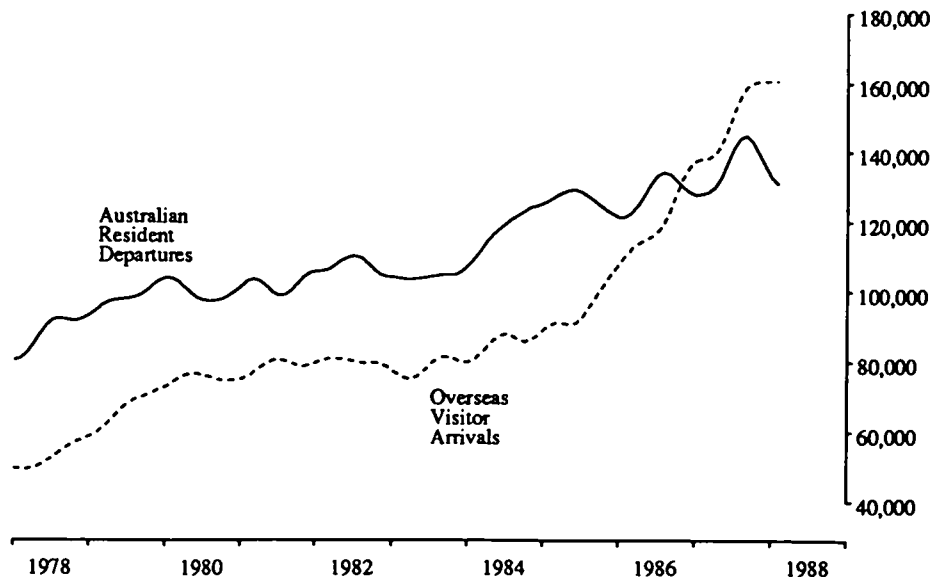
- Arrivals from the U.S.A. and New Zealand each recorded a 15% share of visitors, followed by the U.K. with (13%).
- The majority of short-term visits were for durations of less than one month (63%), with 48% for durations of less than 2 weeks.
- 101,000 arrivals (56%) were for purpose of 'holiday', 31,100 (17%) for 'visiting relatives' and 21,600 (12%) for 'business'.

#### Departures of Australian residents for short-term trips abroad

In February 1988:

- 94,400 departures of Australian residents for short-term overseas trips were recorded, 10% more than in February 1987.
- The most popular overseas destinations were New Zealand (21%), the U.S.A. (11%), Indonesia (9%) and the U.K. (8%).
- 57% of departures were for durations of less than one month with 36% for durations of less than two weeks.
- 47,800 departures (51%) were for the purpose of 'holiday', 20,200 (21%) for 'business' and 15,900 (16%) for 'visiting relatives'.

#### SHORT-TERM MOVEMENT: TREND ESTIMATE



## EXPLANATORY NOTES

### Introduction

This series of publications contains statistics of overseas arrivals and departures in summary form for the latest available month during which the movement occurred. More detailed statistics can be made available, on request, in unpublished form.

### Scope

2. The statistics in this publication relate to the number of movements rather than the number of travellers (i.e. the multiple movements of individual persons during a given reference period are each counted separately). The statistics exclude the movements of operational air and ships' crew, of transit passengers who pass through Australia but are not cleared for entry, and of passengers on pleasure cruises commencing and finishing in Australia aboard ships not then engaged on regular voyages.

### Definitions

#### *Category of movement*

3. Category of movement is primarily determined by the traveller's selection of his or her own category on the passenger card. This selection is accepted provided it is consistent with other information on the passenger card.

#### Permanent movement

4. Permanent arrivals (settlers) comprise travellers who hold migrant visas, (regardless of stated intended period of stay), New Zealand citizens who indicate an intention to settle, and those who are otherwise eligible to settle (e.g. overseas born children of Australian citizens). Permanent departures are Australian residents (including former settlers) who on departure state they do not intend to return to Australia.

#### Long-term movement

5. Long-term arrivals comprise overseas visitors (except those who hold migrant visas/see paragraph 4 above) who intend to stay in Australia for 12 months or more and Australian residents returning after an absence of 12 months or more overseas. Long-term departures comprise Australian residents who intend to stay abroad for 12 months or more and overseas visitors departing who stayed 12 months or more in Australia.

#### Short-term movement

6. Movements of travellers whose intended or actual length of stay is less than twelve months are classified as short-term, except those who on arrival hold migrant visas (see paragraph 4 above).

7. A significant number of travellers state exactly 12 months or one year as their intended period of stay. Many of them stay for less than that period and on their departure from, or return to, Australia are therefore classified as short-term. To maintain consistency between arrivals and departures, movements of travellers who report their actual or intended period of stay as being one year exactly are randomly allocated to long-term or short-term, in proportion to the number of

movements of travellers who report their actual length of stay as up to one month more, or one month less, than one year.

#### *Country of birth or residence*

8. The grouping of countries into regions in Asia in Table 2 is based on United Nations' classification of world regions. Applying this classification, the region which includes most 'middle east' countries is included in Asia and is called 'Western Asia (Middle East)'. The Appendix to the December 1985 issue of this publication contains a detailed list of countries included in the various regions of Asia.

9. Statistics on country of birth or residence have certain limitations because of inadequate reporting on passenger cards. For instance, it is not possible to make a distinction between Northern Ireland and the Republic of Ireland, or to separately identify England, Scotland and Wales. Similarly 'Germany' could refer to the Federal Republic or to the Democratic Republic.

#### Estimation method

10. Overseas arrival and departure statistics are derived from a combination of full enumeration and sampling. All movements by sea regardless of duration of stay, all permanent movements and all movements with a duration of stay of more than one year are fully enumerated and processed. All movements by air with a duration of stay of one year or less are sampled and statistics relating to these movements are therefore estimates which may differ from statistics which would have been obtained if details of all these movements had been processed.

11. The statistics in this publication have been rounded, to the nearest 100 for short-term movements and to the nearest 10 for permanent and long-term movements. In tables showing both short-term and permanent and long-term movements the total movements have been rounded to the nearest 100. The sums of the components may, due to rounding, not add exactly to totals.

#### Corrections and imputations

12. The imprecision due to sampling errors should not be confused with errors arising from imperfections in reporting, which may occur in any data collection, whether sampled or not. Every effort is made to minimise such errors, both through careful design of the passenger cards and through checks on the information once it is received. During the edit process some items are corrected where they conflict with other known information. Missing replies to certain items such as age and country of birth are also imputed by reference to other related items.

13. Errors of this kind differ from discrepancies arising from the fact that certain information reflects the travellers' intentions, at the time the passenger cards were completed. These intentions are of course subject to change. Particularly affected are the distinction between permanent and temporary movement and in the latter case, length of intended stay, country in which most time will be spent and purpose of journey.

### Seasonal adjustment

14. Original and seasonally adjusted short-term overseas visitor arrivals and short-term Australian resident departures are shown in Table 1. In the seasonally adjusted series, account has been taken of normal seasonal factors and 'trading day' effects (arising from the varying numbers of Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays, etc. in the month) and the effect of movement in the date of Easter which may in successive years, affect figures for different months.

15. Seasonal adjustment may be carried out by various methods and the results may vary slightly according to the procedure adopted. Accordingly, seasonally adjusted statistics should not be regarded as in any way definitive. In interpreting particular seasonally adjusted statistics it is important to bear in mind the methods by which they have been derived and the limitations to which the methods used are subject.

16. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series may be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment procedures do not aim to remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month, such as the effect of major sporting and cultural events, changes in airfares structure and fluctuation of \$A relative to other currencies. Irregular influences that are highly volatile can make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variation.

17. The seasonally adjusted series can, however, be smoothed to reduce the impact of the irregular component in the adjusted series. There are a number of ways of accomplishing this, depending on the intended uses of the smoothed series. If importance is attached to measuring the underlying change in the most recent periods, moving averages employing appropriate weighting patterns should be adopted; the choice of averaging technique will determine in part the degree of smoothness of the derived series. The longer the term of the moving average the longer is the time series affected by revisions resulting from more recent data. In order to ensure that the underlying trend-cycle of a series is reflected in the trend estimate series, the degree of smoothness alone cannot always be used as the sole criterion in determining which moving average is appropriate.

18. The trend estimate short-term overseas visitor arrivals and short-term Australian resident departures statistics is shown in Table 1. The trend estimate has been derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to the series.

19. While this technique enables smoothed data for the latest period to be produced, it does result in revisions to the smoothed series, principally, of recent months as additional observations become available. There may also be revisions as a result of the re-estimation of the seasonal factors. For further information concerning the smoothing process refer to an Information Paper *A Guide to Smoothing Time Series — Estimates of "Trend"* (1316.0).

### Related publications

20. Comprehensive definitions and explanations, and detailed data are contained in:

*Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia* (3402.0)—  
issued quarterly

*Overseas Arrivals and Departures, Australia* (3404.0)—  
issued annually

21. Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications, Australia* (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a *Publications Advice* (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

### Symbols and other usages

- nil or rounded to zero
- .. not applicable
- \* Subject to sampling variability too high for most practical purposes.
- r figures or series revised since previous issue.

### Electronic services

VIATEL. Key \*656# for selected current economic, social and demographic statistics.

AUSSTATS. Thousands of up-to-date time series are available on this ABS on-line service through CSIRONET.

For further information phone the AUSSTATS Help Desk on (062) 52 6017.

TELESTATS. This service provides foreign trade statistics tailored to users' requirements.

Further information is available on (062) 52 5404.

**IAN CASTLES**  
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TABLE 1. OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES - SUMMARY

Period	Permanent arrivals Settlers	Long-term arrivals		Total permanent and long-term arrivals	Short-term arrivals(a)			Total arrivals (a)
		Australian residents	Overseas visitors		Australian residents	Overseas visitors (Actual)	Overseas visitors (Seasonally adjusted)	
<i>Year ended</i>								
<i>31 December -</i>								
1985	82,000	55,670	34,880	172,550	1,494,700	1,142,600	..	2,809,900
1986	103,330	55,870	38,130	197,320	1,513,200	1,429,400	..	3,139,900
1987	128,290	54,030	39,940	222,260	1,586,300	1,784,900	..	3,593,500
<i>1986 -</i>								
November	9,620	5,480	2,100	17,200	117,500	156,700	132,100	291,400
December	8,800	8,710	2,260	19,770	84,600	190,100	135,000	294,400
<i>1987 -</i>								
January	9,750	5,430	5,350	20,530	186,700	139,700	146,500	346,900
February	9,220	3,870	6,730	19,820	110,100	147,800	135,300	277,800
March	10,400	3,880	3,120	17,400	102,400	145,200	132,700	265,000
April	9,530	3,620	2,510	15,660	111,300	132,700	141,300	259,700
May	10,190	3,180	2,490	15,860	110,700	120,700	141,100	247,300
June	9,930	3,600	2,470	15,990	107,900	116,500	141,100	240,400
July	9,930	4,470	3,260	17,650	156,500	142,000	152,200	316,200
August	11,110	4,010	3,060	18,180	149,100	140,400	158,100	307,700
September	11,860	3,730	2,770	18,350	156,800	128,000	167,100	303,100
October	11,540	4,440	3,160	19,140	183,800	165,700	158,900	368,600
November	12,970	5,410	2,520	20,910	122,600	183,100	153,400	326,600
December	11,860	8,410	2,520	22,780	88,500	222,800	160,000	334,100
<i>1988 -</i>								
January	14,160	5,570	7,330	27,050	196,400	161,300	166,100	384,800
February	11,840	3,910	6,430	22,170	112,200	180,400	158,600	314,800
Period	Permanent departures	Long-term departures		Total permanent and long-term departures	Short-term departures (a)			Total departures (a)
		Australian residents	Overseas visitors		Australian residents (Actual)	Australian residents (Seasonally adjusted)	Australian residents (Trend estimate) (b)	
<i>Year ended</i>								
<i>31 December -</i>								
1985	18,620	51,030	23,790	93,440	1,512,000	..	..	2,702,000
1986	18,820	48,560	27,190	94,570	1,539,600	..	..	2,997,900
1987	20,420	50,280	31,720	102,420	1,622,300	..	..	3,425,900
<i>1986 -</i>								
November	1,600	2,850	2,000	6,460	116,200	131,400	129,900	263,800
December	2,190	4,170	6,990	13,350	171,100	126,300	128,400	309,100
<i>1987 -</i>								
January	1,950	6,750	6,540	15,240	106,700	125,800	127,500	291,000
February	1,650	4,260	2,390	8,300	85,500	125,600	127,800	245,400
March	1,940	5,240	2,130	9,300	132,500	133,000	128,300	291,000
April	1,580	4,420	2,080	8,080	133,700	133,500	129,700	277,500
May	1,800	4,040	1,990	7,830	135,600	123,000	132,600	281,000
June	1,410	3,270	2,050	6,740	149,400	136,600	136,700	264,700
July	1,740	4,090	2,150	7,970	157,700	148,900	140,900	285,500
August	1,760	4,500	1,960	8,220	144,500	122,300	r143,900	302,600
September	1,560	3,490	1,660	6,710	165,400	173,200	r144,600	298,000
October	1,560	3,060	1,540	6,170	122,700	144,400	r142,900	268,600
November	1,510	3,160	2,230	6,890	113,700	129,500	r139,300	287,100
December	1,970	3,990	5,010	10,970	175,000	131,200	r135,700	333,500
<i>1988 -</i>								
January	1,880	6,570	2,540	10,990	113,200	132,800	r132,600	331,900
February	1,660	4,320	2,110	8,080	94,400	132,800	130,800	277,700

(a) Figures in this table show movement by air and sea combined. Figures for short term movement by air are largely based on a sample and are subject to sampling error. See paragraph 10 of the Explanatory Notes for more detail. (b) See paragraph 17 to 19 of the Explanatory Notes.

TABLE 2. SHORT-TERM MOVEMENT : ARRIVALS OF OVERSEAS VISITORS AND DEPARTURES OF AUSTRALIAN RESIDENTS, INTENDED LENGTH OF STAY AND PURPOSE OF JOURNEY

	Year ended		Quarter ended		January to		Month of	
	31 December		31 December		February		February	
	1986	1987	1986	1987	1987	1988	1987	1988
<b>ARRIVALS</b>								
<b>Intended length of stay</b>								
Under 1 week	361,700	441,100	115,300	129,700	73,700	77,900	40,200	44,500
1 and under 2 weeks	294,600	410,100	96,100	129,300	57,900	74,800	30,500	42,800
2 weeks and under 1 month	315,000	403,600	102,400	128,200	61,200	73,200	28,900	37,700
1 and under 2 months	194,400	224,900	74,000	78,900	37,400	44,500	18,800	23,100
2 and under 3 months	74,200	85,800	26,800	30,300	15,200	19,000	7,600	9,000
3 and under 6 months	81,400	93,400	30,800	34,500	15,700	19,800	7,500	8,400
6 and under 12 months	95,900	115,300	29,500	37,100	24,800	30,500	12,800	13,900
Not stated	12,200	10,700	2,100	3,600	1,700	2,100	1,500	1,000
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,429,400</b>	<b>1,784,900</b>	<b>477,100</b>	<b>571,600</b>	<b>287,600</b>	<b>341,700</b>	<b>147,800</b>	<b>180,400</b>
<b>Purpose of journey</b>								
In Transit	99,400	100,900	27,000	26,600	18,300	16,800	9,200	8,800
Attending convention	26,500	31,100	8,000	8,500	3,500	4,700	1,800	2,300
Business	169,600	195,300	45,300	52,900	28,400	36,300	16,900	21,600
Accompanying business traveller	15,000	18,900	3,400	4,700	3,600	3,700	1,700	1,700
Visiting relatives	326,000	370,200	122,700	133,500	51,400	63,800	25,600	31,100
Holiday	694,600	938,300	249,000	314,500	154,200	185,500	77,300	101,000
Employment	19,700	21,300	4,200	5,300	4,100	4,800	1,700	1,900
Education	24,200	35,200	3,300	7,200	11,200	14,600	6,100	6,500
Other and not stated	54,400	73,700	14,300	18,600	12,900	11,600	7,700	5,500
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,429,400</b>	<b>1,784,900</b>	<b>477,100</b>	<b>571,600</b>	<b>287,600</b>	<b>341,700</b>	<b>147,800</b>	<b>180,400</b>
<b>DEPARTURES</b>								
<b>Intended length of stay</b>								
Under 1 week	87,000	103,400	23,900	26,000	12,300	17,900	7,100	10,000
1 and under 2 weeks	359,300	377,900	88,100	89,700	48,300	56,800	20,900	23,700
2 weeks and under 1 month	453,400	468,400	114,400	121,600	64,700	67,400	27,300	29,100
1 and under 2 months	273,000	292,000	87,000	87,200	28,400	29,600	12,000	14,300
2 and under 3 months	139,000	135,300	41,200	36,800	9,400	9,700	4,200	4,400
3 and under 6 months	124,700	125,000	23,300	21,400	8,900	9,400	4,500	5,100
6 and under 12 months	88,400	87,300	15,400	15,400	15,000	16,000	6,500	7,200
Not stated	14,800	33,000	3,800	13,300	5,100	900	3,000	500
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,539,600</b>	<b>1,622,300</b>	<b>397,200</b>	<b>411,400</b>	<b>192,200</b>	<b>207,600</b>	<b>85,500</b>	<b>94,400</b>
<b>Purpose of journey</b>								
Attending convention	33,600	37,000	5,900	6,800	5,100	3,700	2,900	1,800
Business	199,700	227,500	48,400	54,500	30,200	37,600	16,700	20,200
Accompanying business traveller	26,600	27,700	6,000	5,800	4,100	4,200	1,700	2,000
Visiting relatives	308,500	332,600	97,600	93,200	31,200	33,700	13,200	15,900
Holiday	875,400	874,100	215,800	216,000	103,000	111,600	42,200	47,800
Employment	23,100	24,300	5,500	4,800	4,600	4,800	1,800	1,900
Education	12,600	13,500	2,700	3,000	2,400	2,500	800	700
Other and not stated	60,100	85,600	15,200	27,300	11,600	9,600	6,200	4,100
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,539,600</b>	<b>1,622,300</b>	<b>397,200</b>	<b>411,400</b>	<b>192,200</b>	<b>207,600</b>	<b>85,500</b>	<b>94,400</b>

TABLE 3. PERMANENT (SETTLER) ARRIVALS : COUNTRY OF BIRTH

Country of birth (Summary)	Year ended		Quarter ended		January to		Month of	
	31 December		31 December		February		February	
	1986	1987	1986	1987	1987	1988	1987	1988
<b>Total Africa</b>	<b>7,350</b>	<b>9,060</b>	<b>2,270</b>	<b>2,380</b>	<b>1,960</b>	<b>1,750</b>	<b>730</b>	<b>780</b>
<b>Total America</b>	<b>6,600</b>	<b>7,440</b>	<b>1,750</b>	<b>1,770</b>	<b>1,080</b>	<b>1,370</b>	<b>570</b>	<b>670</b>
<b>Asia-</b>								
East and South East Asia	28,260	37,970	7,250	10,530	5,160	7,510	2,780	3,430
South Central Asia	6,030	7,900	1,640	1,890	1,240	1,410	650	620
Western Asia (Middle East)	5,480	7,000	1,470	2,270	860	1,270	460	640
<b>Total Asia</b>	<b>39,770</b>	<b>52,870</b>	<b>10,350</b>	<b>14,690</b>	<b>7,260</b>	<b>10,190</b>	<b>3,900</b>	<b>4,690</b>
<b>Europe-</b>								
U.K. and Ireland	20,670	24,030	6,290	7,190	3,640	4,600	1,620	1,890
Other Europe	12,180	15,390	3,500	4,340	2,190	2,760	1,150	1,390
<b>Total Europe</b>	<b>32,840</b>	<b>39,420</b>	<b>9,790</b>	<b>11,530</b>	<b>5,840</b>	<b>7,370</b>	<b>2,760</b>	<b>3,280</b>
<b>Oceania-</b>								
New Zealand	14,140	15,360	3,050	4,620	2,300	4,280	1,030	1,960
Other Oceania	2,620	4,140	680	1,380	550	1,040	230	460
<b>Total Oceania</b>	<b>16,760</b>	<b>19,490</b>	<b>3,730</b>	<b>6,010</b>	<b>2,840</b>	<b>5,320</b>	<b>1,270</b>	<b>2,420</b>
At sea and not stated	10	*	10	*	.	.	.	.
<b>Total</b>	<b>103,330</b>	<b>128,290</b>	<b>27,900</b>	<b>36,380</b>	<b>18,980</b>	<b>25,990</b>	<b>9,220</b>	<b>11,840</b>

TABLE 4. SHORT-TERM MOVEMENT : ARRIVALS OF OVERSEAS VISITORS, COUNTRY OF RESIDENCE

Country of residence	Year ended		Quarter ended		January to		Month of	
	31 December		31 December		February		February	
	1986	1987	1986	1987	1987	1988	1987	1988
<b>AFRICA -</b>								
South Africa	12,500	9,600	3,800	3,200	1,700	1,400	600	700
Other	7,100	7,900	2,300	2,700	1,200	1,600	600	800
<i>Total Africa</i>	<i>19,600</i>	<i>17,500</i>	<i>6,100</i>	<i>5,800</i>	<i>2,900</i>	<i>3,000</i>	<i>1,200</i>	<i>1,400</i>
<b>AMERICA -</b>								
Canada	47,000	52,700	17,000	18,900	10,600	10,900	5,500	5,600
U.S.A.	245,400	309,000	85,700	95,700	59,400	53,700	28,900	27,000
Other	9,300	11,300	2,700	3,900	1,900	2,700	900	1,500
<i>Total America</i>	<i>301,700</i>	<i>373,100</i>	<i>105,400</i>	<i>118,500</i>	<i>71,900</i>	<i>67,300</i>	<i>35,300</i>	<i>34,100</i>
<b>ASIA -</b>								
China	6,200	10,900	1,800	4,100	1,200	1,800	700	900
Hong Kong	33,500	42,700	9,400	11,300	8,600	10,600	3,700	7,500
India	6,900	7,400	2,200	2,100	900	1,300	500	700
Indonesia	17,700	21,500	5,400	6,800	3,500	3,800	1,700	1,800
Israel	4,000	4,400	1,200	1,100	700	800	400	400
Japan	145,600	215,600	47,200	71,800	32,200	49,500	18,800	29,000
Korea	4,800	6,900	1,600	2,300	900	1,700	500	800
Malaysia	38,600	47,100	13,700	15,300	7,600	9,000	4,600	5,400
Philippines	11,200	12,200	3,500	2,900	1,700	1,400	1,100	700
Singapore	45,000	57,000	18,200	21,300	7,800	8,800	3,800	5,800
Taiwan	12,000	16,000	5,000	5,900	4,800	4,800	3,500	3,600
Thailand	8,000	11,200	2,700	3,200	1,600	1,800	800	1,100
Other	16,000	18,200	4,800	5,900	2,900	3,300	1,500	1,600
<i>Total Asia</i>	<i>349,500</i>	<i>470,900</i>	<i>116,500</i>	<i>153,900</i>	<i>74,300</i>	<i>98,700</i>	<i>41,600</i>	<i>59,300</i>
<b>EUROPE -</b>								
Denmark	6,300	8,700	2,300	3,400	1,800	2,200	900	1,100
Finland	3,100	4,200	1,300	1,900	700	900	400	400
France	13,900	17,100	4,400	4,600	2,800	3,700	1,500	1,600
Germany(a)	41,900	53,300	15,600	20,100	10,600	15,200	6,500	8,600
Greece	6,400	7,100	2,500	2,900	1,200	1,400	700	800
Ireland(b)	7,400	9,800	2,700	3,800	1,300	2,100	800	1,100
Italy	17,300	19,300	7,400	6,400	3,900	4,100	2,200	2,300
Netherlands	15,900	17,300	5,100	5,700	4,300	5,000	1,800	2,400
Norway	3,200	4,300	1,400	1,900	700	900	400	400
Sweden	14,200	21,900	6,600	9,400	4,500	6,000	2,400	2,800
Switzerland	16,900	21,300	6,600	8,600	4,300	5,500	2,300	2,900
United Kingdom	176,000	198,900	66,800	72,100	35,100	46,900	18,400	23,300
Yugoslavia	6,400	6,300	2,300	2,400	1,300	1,300	800	700
Other	18,800	22,300	7,000	9,100	3,500	5,100	2,000	2,700
<i>Total Europe</i>	<i>347,500</i>	<i>411,900</i>	<i>131,900</i>	<i>152,400</i>	<i>76,000</i>	<i>100,500</i>	<i>41,100</i>	<i>51,100</i>
<b>OCEANIA -</b>								
Fiji	13,300	16,500	4,600	5,200	2,500	2,800	1,300	1,200
New Caledonia	11,100	14,400	3,000	3,700	4,700	5,100	1,800	2,000
New Zealand	336,700	427,300	94,700	117,100	44,600	54,900	20,700	27,700
Papua New Guinea	31,900	32,800	9,700	10,000	6,400	6,000	2,200	1,900
Other	13,100	14,700	4,000	4,400	2,600	2,700	1,400	1,200
<i>Total Oceania</i>	<i>406,100</i>	<i>505,800</i>	<i>116,000</i>	<i>140,300</i>	<i>60,800</i>	<i>71,600</i>	<i>27,400</i>	<i>34,100</i>
Other and not stated	5,000	5,700	1,200	800	1,700	600	1,200	300
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,429,400</b>	<b>1,784,900</b>	<b>477,100</b>	<b>571,600</b>	<b>287,600</b>	<b>341,700</b>	<b>147,800</b>	<b>180,400</b>

(a) Comprises the German Democratic Republic and the Federal Republic of Germany. (b) Includes Republic of Ireland and Ireland, undefined.

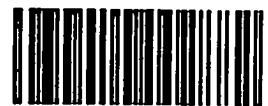
TABLE 5. SHORT-TERM MOVEMENT : DEPARTURES OF AUSTRALIAN RESIDENTS,  
COUNTRY OF INTENDED STAY

Country of intended stay	Year ended		Quarter ended		January to		Month of	
	31 December		31 December		February		February	
	1986	1987	1986	1987	1987	1988	1987	1988
<b>AFRICA -</b>								
Egypt	3,400	4,100	1,200	1,500	*	800	*	*
South Africa	5,600	7,700	2,200	3,400	800	900	*	*
Other	7,000	8,800	2,600	2,600	1,100	1,100	500	500
<i>Total Africa</i>	<i>16,000</i>	<i>20,600</i>	<i>6,000</i>	<i>7,500</i>	<i>2,300</i>	<i>2,800</i>	<i>1,000</i>	<i>1,300</i>
<b>AMERICA -</b>								
Canada	21,000	20,400	4,400	4,100	1,400	2,600	800	1,400
U.S.A.	145,600	174,100	35,800	45,500	17,600	20,900	9,100	10,600
Other	19,000	20,400	6,700	8,000	2,600	2,400	1,500	1,500
<i>Total America</i>	<i>185,600</i>	<i>215,000</i>	<i>46,900</i>	<i>57,600</i>	<i>21,700</i>	<i>25,800</i>	<i>11,400</i>	<i>13,600</i>
<b>ASIA -</b>								
China	19,100	17,200	4,200	3,600	1,900	2,200	700	900
Hong Kong	119,300	103,300	30,100	28,200	14,200	16,200	5,600	6,700
India	17,300	20,000	7,300	7,800	3,200	3,100	1,200	1,300
Indonesia	104,400	117,400	25,600	30,200	16,100	20,600	6,400	8,300
Israel	5,100	7,000	1,900	2,600	600	700	*	*
Japan	26,500	25,600	6,600	8,000	2,500	3,700	1,200	1,700
Lebanon	6,800	6,300	1,700	1,100	*	*	*	*
Malaysia	41,600	47,200	11,200	12,100	6,300	6,900	2,000	2,900
Philippines	30,000	33,500	10,600	10,100	5,200	5,200	2,200	2,300
Singapore	80,800	83,700	20,100	21,000	12,000	12,900	5,000	4,900
Thailand	34,600	48,800	9,900	14,200	6,600	8,800	2,800	3,700
Turkey	4,700	5,600	800	900	*	500	*	*
Other	30,000	31,800	9,500	9,300	4,900	4,900	2,100	2,300
<i>Total Asia</i>	<i>520,200</i>	<i>547,400</i>	<i>139,700</i>	<i>149,200</i>	<i>74,400</i>	<i>86,100</i>	<i>29,800</i>	<i>35,800</i>
<b>EUROPE -</b>								
France	14,300	15,800	3,200	3,500	1,600	1,700	600	800
Germany(a)	25,300	26,100	5,700	6,000	1,900	2,200	900	1,000
Greece	31,600	33,900	5,600	5,400	1,900	1,600	800	800
Ireland(b)	6,000	6,700	1,500	1,600	*	500	*	*
Italy	39,300	40,100	8,100	7,000	2,700	2,400	1,300	1,300
Netherlands	13,300	14,100	3,100	2,700	1,300	900	700	500
Switzerland	7,500	7,400	1,800	1,900	1,300	1,200	500	700
United Kingdom	204,500	207,400	43,600	39,900	14,200	15,200	7,300	7,500
Yugoslavia	17,300	17,600	3,000	2,200	700	700	*	*
Other	37,500	39,100	8,100	7,300	3,200	3,000	1,400	1,500
<i>Total Europe</i>	<i>396,700</i>	<i>408,200</i>	<i>83,600</i>	<i>77,400</i>	<i>29,100</i>	<i>29,300</i>	<i>13,900</i>	<i>14,600</i>
<b>OCEANIA -</b>								
Fiji	77,300	60,500	17,700	10,100	7,500	9,700	2,600	3,800
New Caledonia	10,000	10,800	3,300	3,100	2,100	1,400	500	*
New Zealand	256,300	275,300	78,500	85,600	41,000	41,800	19,200	20,000
Norfolk Is.	19,300	18,400	5,700	5,300	3,200	2,400	1,400	1,100
Papua New Guinea	25,800	27,500	6,400	7,300	4,000	4,400	1,700	2,000
Vanuatu	8,700	5,700	1,800	2,300	800	1,000	*	500
Other	18,000	19,000	5,400	5,200	2,200	2,300	1,100	800
<i>Total Oceania</i>	<i>415,400</i>	<i>417,400</i>	<i>118,800</i>	<i>118,900</i>	<i>60,900</i>	<i>62,900</i>	<i>26,800</i>	<i>28,600</i>
Other and not stated	5,800	13,700	2,200	800	3,900	600	2,700	500
<b>Total</b>	<b>1,539,600</b>	<b>1,622,300</b>	<b>397,200</b>	<b>411,400</b>	<b>192,200</b>	<b>207,600</b>	<b>85,500</b>	<b>94,400</b>

(a) Comprises the German Democratic Republic and the Federal Republic of Germany. (b) Includes Republic of Ireland and Ireland, undefined.

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