

APPENDIX.

NOSOLOGICAL INDEX.

(See paragraph 301 *ante et sequitur.*)

TABLE of Classes, Orders, and Diseases, showing the basis of the system to which the following Index refers.

Class.	Order.	Disease.
I. Zymotic Diseases.		
1. Miasmatic diseases	...	1 Small-pox. 1a Chicken-pox, &c. 2 Measles. 3 Scarletina. 3a Diphtheria. 4 Quinsy. 5 Croup. 6 Whooping-cough. 7 Typhoid Fever, &c. 7a Typhus. 8 Erysipelas. 9 Metria. 10 Carbuncle, Boil, &c. 11 Influenza, Coryza, Catarrh, &c. 12 Dysentery. 13 Diarrhoea. 14 Cholera. 15 Ague. 16 Remittent Fever. 17 Rheumatism. 18 Others. 1 Syphilis. 2 Gonorrhœa, Stricture of the Urethra. 3 Hydrophobia. 4 Glanders. 5 Others. 1 Privation. 2 Want of Breast-milk. 3 Purpura and Scurvy. 4 Alcoholism { a Del. Tremens. b Intemperance. 5 Others. 1 Thrush. 2 Worms, &c. 2a Hydatid. 3 Others. 1 Gout. 2 Dropsy. 3 Cancer. 3a Tumor. 3b Polypus. 4 Noma. 5 Mortification. 6 Others. 1 Scrofula. 2 Tabes Mesenterica. 3 Phthisis. 3a Hæmoptysis. 4 Hydrocephalus. 5 Others.
II. CONSTITUTIONAL DISEASES.		
1. Diathetic diseases	...	
2. Tubercular diseases	...	

Class.	Order.	Disease.
	1. Diseases of the Nervous System	1 Cephalitis. 2 Apoplexy. 3 Paralysis. 4 Insanity. 5 Chorea. 6 Epilepsy. 7 Convulsions. 8 <i>Brain disease, &c.</i>
	2. Diseases of the Organs of Circulation	1 Pericarditis. 2 Aneurism. 3 <i>Heart disease, &c.</i>
	3. Diseases of the Respiratory System	1 Laryngitis. 2 Bronchitis. 3 Pleurisy. 4 Pneumonia. 4a Congestion of the Lungs, Pulmonary Apoplexy. 5 Asthma. 6 <i>Lung disease, &c.</i>
	4. Diseases of the Digestive Organs	1 Gastritis. 2 Enteritis. 3 Peritonitis. 4 Ascites. 5 Ulceration of Intestines. 6 Hernia. 7 Ileus. 8 Intussusception. 9 Stricture of Intestines. 10 Fistula. 11 <i>Stomach disease, &c.</i> 12 <i>Pancreas disease, &c.</i> 13 Hepatitis. 14 Jaundice. 15 <i>Liver disease, &c.</i> 16 <i>Spleen disease, &c.</i>
III. LOCAL DISEASES.	5. Diseases of the Urinary Organs	1 Nephritis. 2 Ischuria. 3 Nephria. 4 Diabetes. 5 Stone. 6 Cystitis. 7 <i>Kidney disease, &c.</i>
	6. Diseases of the Organs of Generation	1 Ovarian Dropsy. 2 <i>Uterus disease, &c.</i>
	7. Diseases of the Locomotive System	1 Arthritis. 1a Ostitis, Periostitis, &c. 2 <i>Joint disease, &c.</i>
	8. Diseases of the Integumentary System	1 Phlegmon. 2 Ulcer. 3 <i>Skin disease, &c.</i>

Class.	Order.	Disease.
IV. DEVELOPMENTAL DISEASES.		
	1. Developmental diseases of Children	1 Premature Birth. 2 Cyanosis. 3 Spina Bifida. 4 Other Malformations. 5 Teething. 6 Others.
	2. Developmental diseases of Adults	1 Paramenia. 2 Childbirth. 3 Others.
	3. Developmental diseases of Old People	1 Old Age.
	4. Diseases of Nutrition ...	1 Atrophy and Debility. 1 Fractures, Contusions, &c. 2 Wounds { a Gunshot. { b Cuts, &c. 3 Burns and Scalds. 3a Sunstroke. 3b Lightning. 4 Poison. 4a Bite of Snake or Insect. 5 Drowning. 6 Suffocation. 7 Other or unspecified Accidents.
V. VIOLENCE.		
	1. Accident or Negligence ...	1 Gunshot Wounds. 2 Sword or Bayonet Wounds. 3 Others or unspecified.
	2. Wounds in Battle ...	1 Murder and Manslaughter.
	3. Homicide ...	1 Wounds { a Gunshot. { b Cut, Stab, &c. 2 Poison. 3 Drowning. 4 Hanging. 5 Suffocation by Charcoal. 6 Otherwise or unspecified.
	4. Suicide ...	1 Hanging.
	5. Execution	Diseases or Deaths not specified or ill-defined.

NOSOLOGICAL INDEX.

* * Some diseases will be found in this Index which are seldom if ever fatal. These have been inserted, however, as a guide to those whose duty it is to prepare returns of the cases of sickness as well as of the deaths occurring in hospitals and other public institutions.

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
A.			
Abdominal Effusion (ascites)	III.	4	4
Inflammation (either peritonitis or enteritis)	III.	4	2 or 3
Ablactation (weaning from the breast); any specific disease ?	I.	3	2
Ablepsia (blindness)	III.	1	8
Abortion (abortus)	IV.	2	2
Abrasions of Mucous Membranes of Stomach and Intestines (poisoning)	V.	1	4
of Mucous Membranes of Stomach and Intestines (ulceration)	III.	4	5
Abscess (abscessus); of what part ? if chronic state so	II.	2	5
in Air-tubes	III.	3	6
in Brain	III.	1	8
in Liver	III.	4	15
in Lungs	III.	3	6
in Pelvis ; from what cause ?	II.	2	5
in the Groin (syphilis ?)	I.	2	1
Lumbar (psoas abscess)	II.	2	1
of the Breast (female breast); breast should not be used for chest	IV.	2	2
of the Pleura, or of the side (empyema)	III.	3	3
of the Throat (quinsy)	I.	1	4
on the Head (on the brain)	III.	1	8
Psoas (lumbar abscess)	II.	2	1
Strumous	II.	2	1
Absorbents, Inflammation of (scrofula ?)	II.	2	1
Absorption of the Morbid Virus (necusia ?)	I.	2	5
Accidents, not defined	V.	1	7
Acephalus (headless)	IV.	1	4
Achor (a species of scald head)	I.	4	3
Acne (pimples on the face)	III.	8	3
Addisonii Morbus	III.	5	7
Adenitis (inflammation of a gland); scrofula ?	II.	2	1
Adynamia	IV.	4	1
Ætas Crepita (old age)	IV.	3	1
Age, Old (ætas crepita)	IV.	3	1
Ageustia (a defect or loss of taste); it is either organic or atonic; it is sometimes caused by smoking or chewing tobacco	III.	1	8
Ague (an intermittent fever)	I.	1	15
Air-tubes, Abscess in	III.	3	6
Disease of (bronchitis)	III.	3	2
Albuminuria (Bright's disease of the kidneys)	III.	5	3
Alcoholic Poisoning	I.	3	4b
Alphus (a species of leprosy)	III.	8	3

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Amaurosis (paralysis of retina or optic nerve)	III.	1	8
Ambustio (a burn or scald)	V.	1	3
Amenorrhœa (suppression of menses)	IV.	2	1
Amputation (of what part? or, for what disease?) , if undefined	V.	1	2b
Amyloid degeneration of Liver	III.	4	15
of Kidneys	III.	5	7
Anæmia (exsanguinity); deficiency of blood	II.	1	2
Anæsthesia (diminished or lost sense of feeling)	III.	1	3
Anasarca (dropsy of the skin)	II.	1	2
Ankylosis	III.	7	2
Aneurism (aneurisma)	III.	2	2
of the Heart	III.	2	2
Aneurisma (aneurism); of what artery?	III.	2	2
Angina Maligna (scarlatina maligna)	I.	1	3
Membranacea; a frequent name for diphtheria ...	I.	1	3a
Pectoris (suffocative breast pang)	III.	2	3
Perniciosa (croup); seldom used	I.	1	5
Polyposa (croup); scarcely used	I.	1	5
Anorexy (want of appetite); generally symptomatic ...	III.	4	11
Anthrax (carbuncle)	I.	1	10
Antrum, Disease of	III.	7	2
Anus Imperforate (a malformation)	IV.	1	4
Aorta, Disease of (aneurism?)	III.	2	2
Aorturisma (aneurisma of the aorta)	III.	2	2
Aortitis (inflammation of the aorta)	III.	2	3
Apepsia (indigestion)	III.	4	11
Aphonia (dumbness); from what cause? deafness, paralysis or malformation? tabulate accordingly	...	...	...
Aphrodisius Morbus (the venereal disease)	I.	2	1
Aphtha (thrush); small ulcers inside the mouth ...	I.	4	1
Apnœa (privation of air); a better term than asphyxia ...	V.	1	6
Apoplexy (apoplexia)	III.	1	2
Pulmonary	III.	3	4a
Arachnitis (inflammation of the arachnoid membrane) ...	III.	1	1
Arteritis	III.	2	3
Arthritis (inflammation of a joint; sometimes denoting gout) ...	III.	7	1
Ascarides (worms)	I.	4	2
Ascites (dropsy of the belly)	III.	4	4
Asiatic Cholera	I.	1	14
Asphyxia from Caries of the Cervical Vertebræ ...	III.	7	2
from Choking	V.	1	6
from Drowning (accidental)	V.	1	5
(suicidal)	V.	4	3
from Engorgement of the Lungs	III.	3	6
from Foul air	V.	1	6
from Hanging (accidental)	V.	1	6
(judicial)	V.	5	1
(suicidal)	V.	4	4
undefined	V.	1	6
Asthenia (debility)	IV.	4	1
Asthenic Fever (typhus)	I.	1	7
Asthma, a disease characterised by difficulty of breathing ...	III.	3	5
Grinders' (an asthma, in consequence of the inhalation of particles of dust)	III.	3	6
Hay (influenza?)	I.	1	11
Atalectasis (imperfect dilatation of the lungs after birth) ...	IV.	4	1
Ataxia (vague; from what disease?)	III.	1	8

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Atheroma (a kind of tumor)	II.	1	3a
Atony (want of tone); a vague term	III.	1	8
Atresia (imperforation or absence of any natural opening) ...	IV.	1	4
Atrophia Cordis (atrophy of heart); a wasting of the organ Mesenterica (tabes mesenterica)	III.	2	3
Atrophy of Infants, Children, and Adults under 65 ...	IV.	2	2
of Old People over 65	IV.	3	1
from want of Breast-milk	I.	3	2
of the Heart (atrophia cordis); a wasting of the organ	III.	2	3
Attonitus stupor (apoplexy)	III.	1	2
Aurigo (jaundice)	III.	3	14
B.			
Back, Inflammation of the (phlegmon?)	III.	8	1
Bad Mouth (vague); was it thrush?	I.	4	1
Balanitis	III.	6	2
Barbadoes Leg (elephantiasis), called so from its being en- demic in the island of Barbadoes ...	III.	8	3
Bastard Croup (laryngismus stridulus)	III.	3	1
Bed Sores; should state from what disease ...	II.	1	6
Belly-ache (colic)	III.	4	7
Inflammation of (enteritis? peritonitis?) vague ...	III.	4	2 or 3
Beriberi; a disease principally confined to India ...	II.	1	2
Bile, Deficiency of	III.	4	15
on the Stomach; a bad term ...	III.	4	15
Overflow of	III.	4	14
Biliary Calculi	III.	4	14
Obstruction	III.	4	15
Bilious Affection or Complaint (diarrhoea? or cholera?) ...	I.	1	13 or 14
Attack (diarrhoea? or cholera?)	I.	1	13 or 14
Cholic (cholera)	I.	1	14
Fever; typhoid? remittent fever?	I.	1	7 or 16
Vomiting; cholera	I.	1	14
Bite of an Insect	V.	1	4a
Mad Dog (absorption of virus)	V.	1	4A
Snake " "	V.	1	4a
Black Bile (melæna?) vague	III.	4	2
Cramp (cholera?) a bad term	I.	1	14
Fever (typhus?)	I.	1	7a
Jaundice (jaundice)	III.	4	14
Thrush (thrush)	I.	4	1
Vomit (yellow fever)	I.	1	16
Bladder, Inflammation of the (cystitis) ...	III.	5	6
Rupture of, from violence ...	V.	1	1
Blast (afflatus); erysipelas has been so called ...	I.	1	8
Bleeding at the Nose (epistaxis) ...	III.	3	6
from the Bowels (haemorrhoids?) ...	III.	4	2
(haemorrhage); where from ...	III.	2	3
Blennorrhœa (discharge from the urethra); a better term than gonorrhœa	I.	2	2
Blight (a disease of the eyes)	III.	1	8
Blister (inflammation, irritation, sloughing from)	II.	1	5
Pock (small pox?); a bad term ...	I.	1	1
Blood, discharge of; from what part? ...	III.	2	3
diseased state of the; (dropsy?) ...	II.	1	2
Bloodlessness (anæmia)	II.	1	2
Bloody Dropsy (dropsy); vague ...	II.	1	2

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Bloody Flux (dysentery) ...	I.	1	12
Urine (haematuria) ...	III.	5	7
Blue disease (cyanosis), generally arises from a congenital malformation of the heart	IV.	1	2
Fever, a bad term (typhus, cholera ?) ...	I.	1	7a or 14
Boil (carbuncle) ...	I.	1	10
(furunculus) ...	I.	1	10
Bone, Death of (necrosis) ...	III.	7	2
Disease of; what bone? what disease?	III.	7	2
Inflammation of, or rather of the periosteum (periostitis)	III.	7	1a
Bowel Complaint (diarrhoea) ...	I.	1	13
Bowels, Bleeding from the (haemorrhoids ?) ...	III.	4	2
Consumption of the (tabes mesenterica) ...	II.	2	2
Disease of; what disease?	III.	4	2
Hives of (tabes mesenterica); a bad term ...	II.	2	2
Invagination of (intussusception) ...	III.	4	8
Inflammation of (enteritis) ...	III.	4	2
Obstruction of ...	III.	4	7
Rupture of, from violence ...	V.	1	1
Ulceration of ...	III.	4	5
Brain, Concussion of; from what cause? ...	V.	1	1
Congestion of ...	III.	1	1 or 8
Disease, &c. ...	III.	1	8
Fever (meningitis ?) ...	III.	1	1
Fever (typhoid, typhus ?) ...	I.	1	7 or 7a
Inflammation of (cephalitis) ...	III.	1	1
Softening of (ramollissement of the brain) ...	III.	1	8
Breast Abscess ...	IV.	2	2
Cancer of the ...	II.	1	3
Disease of; what disease? cancer?	II.	1	3
Inflammation of (mastitis) ...	IV.	2	2
Bright's Disease (nephria) ...	III.	5	3
Brittleness of the Bones (fragilitas ossium) ...	III.	7	2
Broken Heart (mental distress); a figurative expression ...	III.	1	4
Neck; dislocation of the cervical vertebra ...	V.	1	1
Bronchial Fever (bronchitis? influenza?) as either class ...	III.	...	...
Phthisis ...	II.	2	3
Bronchitis (inflammation of the mucous lining of bronchia) ...	III.	3	2
Bronchocele (enlargement of thyroid gland); not a fatal disease	I.	3	5
Bronchopneumonia ...	III.	3	4
Bronchorrhœa (bronchial flux) ...	III.	3	2
Bruised Corn (contusis) ...	V.	1	1
Bubo (a swelling of a lymphatic gland, particularly of the groin) syphilitic ...	I.	2	1
sympathetic ...	II.	2	5
Burns and Scalds ...	V.	1	3
Bursa, Inflammation of (synovitis) ...	III.	7	1
Bursting a Blood Vessel (haemorrhage); where?	III.	2	3
in lungs (haemoptysis) ...	II.	2	3a
a fallopian tube; how? ...	IV.	2	2
a varicose vein (haemorrhage) ...	III.	2	3
Bush, Lost in the (privation) ...	I.	3	1
C.			
Cachexia (a bad habit of body from scrofula or scurvy) ...	II.	2	1
Cacæthes (a malignant ulcer) ...	III.	8	2
Cæcum, Stricture of (stricture of one of the large intestines)	III.	4	9

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Cæruleus morbus (cyanosis)	IV.	1	2
Cæsarian Operation (the operation of making an incision into the uterus to extract the child)	IV.	2	2
Calculus Biliary (a gall-stone)	III.	4	14
or Concretion, Intestinal (enterolithus); more common in the lower animals than in man	III.	4	11
Urinary	III.	5	5
Venous (phlebolite)	III.	2	3
Camp Fever (typhus)	I.	1	7
Cancer (carcinoma); where ?	II.	1	3
Cancrum oris (noma)	II.	1	4
Carbo (carbuncle)...	I.	1	10
Carbuncle (anthrax)	I.	1	10
Carbunculus (carbuncle)...	I.	1	10
Carcinoma (cancer); of what part? state if melanotic, epithelial, schirrus, encephaloid, colloid, fungus hæmatoides, osteoid, hæmatoid, munditorum, &c.	II.	1	3
Carcinus (cancer); where ?	II.	1	3
Cardialgia (heartburn)	III.	4	11
Carditis (inflammation of muscular parts of the heart) ...	III.	2	1
Caries (ulceration of the bone); this term is to bone what ulceration is to the soft parts	III.	7	2
Castration (the removal of the testes); what disease rendered it advisable?	III.	6	2
Catacausis (spontaneous combustion); state causes...	V.	1	3
Catalysis (paralysis)	III.	1	3
Catamenia, Disordered (paramenia)	IV.	2	1
Suppression of the (amenorrhœa)	IV.	2	1
Cataract (an ocular disease), caused by opacity of the crystalline lens	III.	1	8
Catarrh Epidemic (influenza)	I.	1	11
of the Bladder (catarrhus vesicæ)	III.	5	6
Catarrhal Fever (influenza)	I.	1	11
Catarrhus Epidemicus (influenza)	I.	1	11
Suffocatus (croup); very seldom used	I.	1	5
Vesicæ (catarrh of the bladder)...	III.	5	6
Cauliflower...	II.	1	3b
Cellular Dropsy (anasarca)	II.	1	2
Cellulitis	III.	8	3
Cephalalgia (headache); from what cause? perhaps	III.	4	11
Cephalitis (inflammation of the brain)	III.	1	1
Cercosis (a polypus of the uterus)	II.	1	3b
Cerebritis (inflammation of the substance of the brain) ...	III.	1	1
Chalk Gout (podagra)	II.	1	1
Chance Medley; vague; chance slaughter of a man	V.	3	1
Chancre (syphilis)	I.	2	1
Charcoal, suffocation by (suicide?)	V.	4	5
Cheekbone, Disease of	III.	7	2
Chicken-pox (varicella), a modification of the small-pox	I.	1	1a
Chilblain (pernio)	III.	8	3
Childbirth (partus)	IV.	2	2
Chill (chill to the heart); a vague term	I.	1	11
Chimney Sweepers' Cancer	II.	1	3
Chin Cough (pertussis), called so vulgarly	I.	1	6
Chloroform, inhalation of	V.	1	6
Chlorosis (the green sickness)	IV.	2	1
Choking (asphyxia, by a mechanical constriction, causing closure of the glottis)	V.	1	6

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Cholæmia (presence of bile-pigment in the blood)	III.	4	14
Cholera, Asiatic	I.	1	14
English	I.	1	14
Infantum	I.	1	14
Cholic (ileus)	III.	4	7
Spasmodic (ileus)	III.	4	7
Chololithus (a gall stone)	III.	4	14
Chorea (chorea sancti Viti); a convulsive disease of the limbs	III.	1	5
Cirrhosis (granulated liver)	III.	4	15
Clap (gonorrhœa)	I.	2	2
Clavus (corn); how did it produce death?	III.	8	3
Cleft Palate	IV.	1	4
Climacteric Disease of Females... ...	IV.	2	3
Disease of Old Age	IV.	3	1
Clonic Spasms (convulsions)	III.	1	7
Cold, a vague term; was it bronchitis? pneumonia? influenza? if undefined	I.	1	11
(frigus); death from exposure to cold	I.	3	1
Colic (ileus)	III.	4	7
Spasmodic (ileus)	III.	4	7
Colica Pictonum (lead colic)	III.	4	7
Colitis (inflammation of the large intestine)	III.	4	2
Collapse; what was the cause? class accordingly ... ...	...	...	...
Collection of Fluid on the Brain; undefined (in an infant) undefined (in an adult)	II.	2	4
Colon, Disease of; what disease? cancer?	II.	1	3
ulceration?	III.	4	5
Inflammation of (colitis)... ...	III.	4	2
(dysentery)	I.	1	12
Colonial Fever	I.	1	7
Colonial Pox	I.	1	1a
Coma (a morbid state resembling sleep)	III.	1	8
Combustio (burn)	V.	1	3
Combustion (a burn or scald)	V.	1	3
Spontaneous (catacausis); state causes	V.	1	3
Commotio Cerebri (concussion of the brain)	V.	1	1
Complaint in Head, Throat, Windpipe, &c., &c., classify according to the part diseased	...	...	...
Complicated disease; what were the diseases? ... ...	...	...	...
Compression of the Brain, if from a fracture of skull during birth	V.	1	1
Concretion or Calculus Intestinal (enterolithus); more common in the lower animals than in man	III.	4	11
Concussio (concussion), generally of the brain	V.	1	1
Concussion (concussio)	V.	1	1
Condylomata; fig warts in syphilis	I.	2	1
Congenital hernia... ...	III.	4	6
Malformation of the heart; generally causes cyanosis	IV.	1	2
Congestion of the Brain	III.	1	1 or 8
of the Liver	III.	4	13 or 15
of the Lungs (pulmonary apoplexy)	III.	3	4a
undefined, vague; of what part? perhaps	II.	1	6
Consolidation of the Lung	III.	3	6
Constipatio (constipation)	III.	4	7
Constipation (costiveness)	III.	4	7
Constitutional bleeding (haemorrhagic diathesis)	III.	2	3
Weakness (in children or adults)	IV.	4	1
(in old people)	IV.	3	1

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Constriction of the Brain ; bad...	III.	1	8
Consumption (phthisis) ...	II.	2	3
of the Bowels (tabes mesenterica) ...	II.	2	2
Contagion, the communication of a disease by personal contact with the sick ; caused what disease ? perhaps	I.	1	18
Contraction of the Bowels (stricture of the intestines) ...	III.	4	9
of the Windpipe ; from what cause ? tubercles on the bronchial glands?	II.	2	1
Contractura Urethræ (stricture of the urethra) ...	I.	2	2
Contusion (contusio) ...	V.	1	1
Convolvulus (ileus) ...	III.	4	7
Convulsio (convulsions) ...	III.	1	7
Convulsions (convulsio) ...	III.	1	7
Convulsions, Puerperal ...	IV.	2	2
Corn (clavus) ; how did it produce death ? ...	III.	8	3
Coryza ...	I.	1	11
Costiveness (constipation) ...	III.	4	7
Cough (tussis, which see) ...	I.	1	11
Coup-de-soleil (sunstroke) ...	V.	1	3a
Courap, the vernacular name in India for skin diseases attended with itching	III.	8	3
Coxalgia ...	II.	2	1
Cramp in the Bowels (cholera) ...	I.	1	14
(ileus) ...	III.	4	7
when fatal, may be regarded as a form of tetanus ...	III.	1	8
Crepita Ætas (old age) ...	IV.	3	1
Cretinism, an endemic disease common in Switzerland ...	I.	3	5
Crick, if of a rheumatic character ...	I.	1	17
if of a spasmodic character ...	III.	1	8
Croak (croup ?) ; bad term ...	I.	1	5
(laryngitis ?) ; bad term ...	III.	3	1
Cross-birth (if an adult) ...	IV.	2	2
(if an infant) ...	V.	1	7
Croup (cynanche trachealis) ...	I.	1	5
Crural Phlebitis ...	IV.	2	2
Crusta Lactea (milk scab) ...	III.	8	3
Cumberland Disease ...	I.	2	5
Curvature of the Spine ...	III.	7	2
Cutaneous Disease ; of what nature ? ...	III.	8	3
Cuts ; e.g., "cut his throat," "ripped open his bowels," &c. (suicidal)	V.	4	16
(accidental) ...	V.	1	26
Cyanosis (the blue disease), generally arises from a congenital malformation of the heart	IV.	1	2
Cynanche (sore throat) ...	I.	1	4
Laryngea (croup) ...	I.	1	5
Maligna (scarlatina) ...	I.	1	3
Parotidea (parotitis), a name given to the mumps ...	I.	1	18
Pharyngea (pharyngitis) ...	III.	4	2
Stridula (croup) ; rarely used ...	I.	1	5
Tonsillaris (quinsy) ...	I.	1	4
Trachealis (croup) ...	I.	1	5
Cyst of hydatids ...	I.	4	2a
Cystorrhœa (catarrh of the bladder) ...	III.	5	6
Cystitis (inflammation of the bladder) ...	III.	5	6

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
D.			
Damp Clothes ; what disease was caused ? ...	III.	1	8
Deafness or Depraved Hearing (paracusis) ...	III.	7	2
Death of Bone (necrosis) ...	IV.	4	1
Debility (debilitas); infants and children, and adults under 65 (debilitas); old people over 65 ...	IV.	3	1
Decay (atrophy ?)	IV.	4	1
(old age ?) ...	IV.	3	1
(phthisis ?) ...	II.	2	3
Decline (phthisis ?) ...	II.	2	3
Decrepita Ætas (old age) ...	IV.	3	1
Defective powers of assimilation ...	IV.	4	1
Deficiency of Bile... of Blood (anæmia) ...	III.	4	15
Deformed Pelvis ...	II.	1	2
Delirium Tremens; state whether caused by alcoholism, chloroform, opium, or tobacco	I.	3	4a
Dementia (insanity) ...	III.	1	4
Dentitio (teething) ...	IV.	1	5
Dentition (teething) ...	IV.	1	5
Derbyshire Neck (bronchocele) ...	I.	3	5
Desquamation ; of the skin or bone ? from what disease ?...	III.	5	4
Diabetes (an immoderate flow of urine) ...	III.	3	3
Diaphragmitis (inflammation of the diaphragm) ...	I.	1	13
Diarrhoea (purging) ...	III.	2	3
Diathesis hæmorrhagica ... tuberculosis ...	II.	2	1
Difficult Labor (childbirth) ...	IV.	2	2
Difficult Menstruation (dysmenorrhœa) ...	IV.	2	1
Difficulty in discharging Urine (dysuria) ...	I.	2	2
Digestion Fever (gastritis) ...	III.	4	1
Digestive Organs, Disease of ... Organs, Inflammation of ; which organ ? ...	III.	4	11
Diphtheria (diphtheritis); a specific inflammation ...	I.	1	3a
Diphtheritic Croup ...	I.	1	5
Diphtheritis (diphtheria); a specific inflammation ...	I.	1	3a
Dipsomania (excessive thirst) ...	I.	3	4a
Discharge of Blood (hæmorrhage) ; from what parts ? ...	III.	2	3
Disease of the Cardiac Valves; this may mean ossification, contraction, &c.	III.	2	3
the Heart ...	III.	1	8
Spinal Marrow ...	III.	1	8
The part affected is sometimes known while the nature of the disease cannot be ascertained; in such circumstances "Disease of" the part affected is properly applied.			
Dislocation (luxatio); accidental ...	V.	1	1
Disordered Menstruation (paramenia)...	IV.	2	1
Diuresis (excessive secretion of urine) ...	III.	5	7
Dropsy (hydrops); of what part ? if undefined	II.	1	2
after Scarlet Fever ...	I.	1	3
of the Belly (ascites) ...	III.	4	4
of the Brain (hydrocephalus) ...	II.	2	4
of the Chest (hydrothorax) ...	III.	3	3
of the Extremities (œdema) ...	II.	1	2
of the Heart (hydropericardium) ...	III.	2	1
of the Liver ...	III.	4	15

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Dropsy of the Pericardium (hydropericardium)	III.	2	1
of the Peritoneum (ascites)	III.	4	4
of the Pleura (hydrothorax)	III.	3	3
of the Spine (hydrorrhachitis)	IV.	1	3
Ovarian (hydrops ovarii)	III.	6	1
of the Womb (hydrometra)	III.	6	2
Drowning (accidental)	V.	1	5
(suicidal)	V.	4	3
Drum-belly (tympanites)	III.	4	11
Drunkenness (intoxication)	I.	3	4b
Drunkard's Liver	III.	4	15
Dry Gangrene	II.	1	5
Duodenitis (inflammation of the duodenum, one of the intestines)	III.	4	2
Dyscrasia (a bad habit of body); what kind ? ... ...	...	...	...
Dysecoia (deafness), diminished or destroyed hearing	III.	1	8
Dysenteria (dysentery) bloody flux	I.	1	12
Dysentery (dysenteria) bloody flux	I.	1	12
Dysmenorrhœa (difficult or painful menstruation)	IV.	2	1
Dyspnœa (difficult respiration)	III.	3	5
Dyspepsia (indigestion)	III.	4	11
Dysuria (difficulty in discharging the urine); from what cause ?	I.	2	2

E.

Ear, Disease of	III.	1	8
Inflammation of (otitis)	III.	1	8
Ebrietas (drunkenness)	I.	3	4b
Echinococcus disease	I.	4	2a
Eclampsia, eclampsis (a term applied to the epilepsy of infants, the reason of which is not obvious)	III.	1	6
Ecpiesmos (a disease of the eye)	III.	1	8
Ecsarcoma (a fleshy excrescence)	II.	1	3
Ecthyma (an eruption of phlyzacious pustules)	III.	8	3
Eczema (running scald)	III.	8	3
Effusion of the Abdomen (ascites)	III.	4	4
on the Brain of Blood (apoplexy ?)	III.	1	2
" of Serum (in a child)	II.	2	4
" " (in an adult)	III.	1	2
" the result of violence	V.	1	1
" undefined (in an adult ?)	III.	1	2
" " (in an infant ?)	II.	2	4
on the Chest (empyema)	III.	3	3
on the Spinal Canal	III.	1	1
Elephantiasis, a virulent cutaneous disease chiefly confined to warm climates	III.	8	3
Emaciation (marasmus)	IV.	4	1
Emansio Mensium (retention of the menses); <i>vide</i> Chlorosis	IV.	2	1
Embolism (stoppage of circulation from formation of clot of blood in a vein)	III.	2	3
after childbirth	IV.	2	2
Emphysema (pneumatosis) windy swelling	III.	3	5
Emptyssis (a discharge of blood from the mouth)	III.	4	11
Empyema (purulent fluid within the pleura)	III.	3	3
Empyomphalus (a collection of pus under the navel) ...	II.	2	5
Encephalitis (inflammation of the substance of the brain) ...	III.	1	1

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Encephalocele (hernia of the brain); from what cause? ...	V.	1	1
Encephaloid Tumor of Abdomen	II.	1	3a
Enchondroma (a species of tumor)	II.	1	3a
Endocarditis (inflammation of the internal membrane of the heart) ...	III.	2	1
Endometritis (inflammation of the womb) after childbirth	III.	6	2
English Cholera	I.	1	14
Enlargement of the Cervical Glands	II.	2	1
the Glands of the Abdomen (tabes mesenterica) ...	II.	2	2
of the Throat (scrofula?) ...	II.	2	1
the Glands (scrofula?); what glands? ...	II.	2	1
the Heart (hypertrophy)	III.	2	3
the Liver, from congestion	III.	4	15
the Omentum (cancer?)	II.	1	3
(scrofula?) ...	II.	2	1
the Spleen, from ague?	I.	1	15
the Thyroid Gland ...	II.	2	1
Enteric Fever	I.	1	7
Enteritis (inflammation of the intestines) ...	III.	4	2
Enterocolitis	III.	4	2
Enterodynbia (gastralgia) ...	III.	4	13
Enterolithus (intestinal concretion or calculus); intestinal calculi are much more common in the lower animals than in man	III.	4	11
Entozoa (worms)	I.	4	2
Enuresis (incontinence of urine), often the result of disease of the prostate gland	III.	5	7
Ephemeral Fever (gastritis?)	III.	4	1
(typhoid?)	I.	1	7
Epidemic Catarrh (influenza)	I.	1	11
Epilepsia (epilepsy)	III.	1	6
Epilepsia e Plumbo (epilepsy from lead) ...	III.	1	6
Epilepsy (epilepsia)	III.	1	6
Epinyctides (a fugacious kind of nettle-rash, appearing at night and disappearing in the morning)	III.	8	3
Epiplocele (an omental hernia)	III.	4	6
Epistaxis (haemorrhage from the nose) ...	III.	3	6
Epithelioma (epithelial cancer)	II.	1	3
Equinia (glanders)	I.	2	4
Ergotism (a disease caused by secale cornutum) ...	II.	1	6
Erysipelas (ignis sacer)	I.	1	8
Erythema (a rash without a fever), a lesser kind of erysipelas	I.	1	8
Exangia Cyania (cyanosis)	IV.	1	2
Execution (hanging); judicial ...	V.	5	1
Exhaustion, from mania	III.	1	4
from want and cold ...	I.	3	1
Exomphalos (hernia at or near the umbilicus) ...	III.	4	7
Exostosis (the ossific tumor on a bone) ...	III.	7	2
Explosion (accidental)	V.	1	7
Exposure (privation)	I.	3	1
Exsanguinity (anaemia)	II.	1	2
Extra-uterine foetation ...	IV.	2	2
Extravasation of Blood; on what part? if from violence ...	V.	1	1
of Urine	III.	5	7
Extroversion of the Bladder (malformation) ...	IV.	1	4
Eyes, Inflammation, &c., of (ophthalmia, &c.) ...	III.	1	8

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
F.			
Fainting (syncope), seldom, if ever, fatal, unless attended with disease of heart	III.	2	3
Fall, &c. (concussion, fracture, contusion, &c.)	V.	1	1
Falling Sickness (epilepsy)	III.	1	6
Fallopian Tube, Rupture of (in childbearing ?)	IV.	2	2
Fames (hunger), which, to cause death, amounts to starvation	I.	3	1
Farcinoma (glanders)	I.	2	4
Fatty Degeneration of Heart	III.	2	3
Fatty Liver (adipose degeneration of the liver)	III.	4	15
Fauces, Inflammation or Disease of (quinsy ?)	I.	1	4
Favus (porrigo); not a fatal disease	I.	4	3
Febricula (slight fever)	I.	1	7 or 16
Febris Anginosa (scarlet fever)	I.	1	3
Apthosa (aphtha)	I.	4	1
Biliosa (bilious fever)	I.	1	7 or 16
Bullosa (pemphigus), an eruption, consisting of vesicles of various sizes	III.	8	3
Continua (continued fever)	I.	1	7
Flava (yellow fever)	I.	1	16
Gastrica (gastric fever)	I.	1	7
Hectica (hectic fever). Different authorities have allotted different places to this fever, some regarding it as a continued fever, others as partaking of a remittent character, while Boerhaave viewed it as of a mixed nature; we adopt the typhoid class	I.	1	7
Intermittent (ague)	I.	1	15
Lactea (milk fever)	I.	1	9
Lenta (slow fever)	I.	1	7
Nervosa (meningitis)	III.	1	1
Putrida (typhus)	I.	1	7a
Remittens (remittent fever)	I.	1	16
Rubra (a rash); vague term	III.	8	1
Typhoides	I.	1	7
Typhus	I.	1	7a
Verminosa	I.	4	2
Felo-de-se (suicide)	V.	4	5
Felon (paronychia); a whitlow...	III.	8	1
Female debility (paramenia ?) vague	IV.	2	1
Fever Asthenic (typhoid)	I.	1	7
Bilious	I.	1	7
Brain	III.	1	1
Colonial	I.	1	7
Enteric	I.	1	7
Ephemeral (gastritis ?) (typhoid ?) ...	III.	4	7
Gastric (febris gastrica) ...	I.	1	7
Inflammatory (synocha) ...	I.	1	7
Intermittent (ague) ...	I.	1	15
Marsh	I.	1	15
Mixed (synochus) ...	I.	1	7
Nervous (meningitis) ...	III.	1	1
on the Brain (meningitis ?) ...	III.	1	1
Puerperal (metria) ...	I.	1	9
Remittent (febris remittens)	I.	1	16
Rheumatic ...	I.	1	17
Spotted (typhus) ...	I.	1	7a

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Fever, Typhoid or Typhus (distinguish) ...	I.	1	7 or 7a
Worm ...	I.	4	2
(vague); its character should be stated ...	I.	1	7
Fistula; if situated in any part of the digestive regions ...	III.	4	10
Fit (apoplectic ?) ...	III.	1	2
(convulsion ?) ...	III.	1	7
(epileptic ?) ...	III.	1	6
(paralytic ?) ...	III.	1	3
Flooding (uterine haemorrhage) ...	I.	1	9
Fluid on the Brain; what fluid ? ...	II.	2	4
Fluor albus (paramenia) ...	IV.	2	1
(leucorrhœa) ...	IV.	2	1
Flux (dysentery) ...	I.	1	12
Foramen ovale not closed ...	IV.	1	4
Foul air, death by ...	V.	1	6
Found dead (vague); perhaps ...	V.	1	7
in Water (vague) ...	V.	1	5
Fractures (fracturæ) ...	V.	1	1
Fragilitas Ossium (brittleness of the bone) ...	III.	7	2
Frambæsia (the yaws), a disease endemical to the Antilles Islands and Africa; it appears with excrescences like mulberries on the skin ...	III.	8	3
Fright ...	III.	1	4
Frigus (cold); death from exposure to cold ...	I.	3	1
Frostbite ...	I.	3	1
Fungus Hæmatodes (soft cancer) ...	II.	1	3
Furunculus (boil) ...	I.	1	10
G.			
Gall-Duct, stoppage of, by a gall-stone ...	III.	4	14
Gall-Stone (calculus biliosus) ...	III.	4	14
Gangrene (mortification); not properly speaking interchangeable terms, as gangrene is that stage that precedes	II.	1	5
of Lungs; from what disease? if undefined ...	III.	3	6
Gangræna Nosocomialis (hospital gangrene) ...	I.	1	18
Oris (noma) ...	II.	1	4
Gastralgia (enterodynæ) ...	III.	4	11
Gastric Fever (typhoid character) ...	I.	1	7
Gastritis (inflammation of the stomach) ...	III.	4	1
Gastrocele (hernia ventriculi), a ventral rupture caused by the stomach protruding through some part of the abdominal parietes ...	III.	4	6
Gastro-enteritis (a complication of gastritis and enteritis); if an adult	III.	4	2
(a complication of gastritis and enteritis); if an infant	III.	4	1
Gathering, an old term for an abscess ...	II.	2	5
Glanders (farzinæma) ...	I.	2	4
Glands, Inflammation of (scrofula ?) ...	II.	2	1
Glands (scrofula ?); entries occur like this, neither specifying the glands nor disease	II.	2	1
Swelling of (scrofula ?) ...	II.	2	1
Gleet (blennorrhœa chronica) ...	I.	2	2
Glössitis (inflammation of the tongue) ...	III.	4	2
Glottis, Inflammation of (laryngitis) ...	III.	3	1
Spasm of (laryngismus stridulus) ...	III.	3	1
Goitre (bronchocele); not a fatal disease ...	I.	3	5
Gonagra (gout in the knee) ...	II.	1	1
Gonorrhœa (urethritis); an inappropriate name ...	I.	2	2

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Gout (podagra)	II.	1	1
Granular Disease of the Kidneys (nephria)	III.	5	3
Granulated Liver (cirrhosis)	III.	4	15
Gravel (calculus)	III.	5	5
Green Sickness (chlorosis)	IV.	2	1
Grief	III.	1	4
Grinder's Asthma (an asthma in consequence of the inhalation of particles of dust)	III.	3	6
Gripes, Black (dysentery)	I.	1	12
Groin, Ulceration of (syphilis)	I.	2	1
Gunshot Wounds (accidental) ...	V.	1	2a
(homicidal)	V.	3	1
(received in battle)	V.	2	1
(suicidal)	V.	4	1a
Gutta Serena (amaurosis)	III.	1	8

H.

Hare-lip	IV.	1	4
Hæmatemesis (a vomiting of blood)	III.	4	11
Hæmatocoele	III.	6	2
Hæmaturia (bloody discharge from urethra), often caused by stone in kidney	III.	5	7
Hæmoptyisis (spitting of blood)	II.	2	3a
Hæmorrhage from the Bowels ...	III.	4	2
from the Intestines (melæna)	III.	4	11
from the Kidneys (hæmaturia)	III.	5	7
from the Lungs (hæmoptyisis)	II.	2	3a
from the Navel	V.	1	7
from the Nose (epistaxis)	III.	2	3
from the Stomach	III.	4	11
from the Womb (metrorrhagia)	IV.	2	2 or 3
Undefined	III.	2	3
Hæmorrhage Diathesis	III.	2	3
Hæmorrhoids, a flow of blood literally, but understood to mean piles	III.	4	2
Hanging (suspensio), judicial	V.	5	1
(suicidal)	V.	4	4
Hay Asthma	I.	1	11
Hay Fever	I.	1	11
Head, Disease of (brain ?)	III.	1	8
Inflammation of ; vague	III.	1	1
Headache, from what cause ? perhaps	III.	4	11
Heart, Aneurism of the	III.	2	2
Atrophy of (atrophia cordis); a wasting of the organ	III.	2	3
Congenital Malformation of; generally causes cyanosis	IV.	1	2
Disease, &c., not otherwise defined	III.	2	3
Hives ; bad	III.	2	3
Hypertrophy of (hypertrophia cordis); a morbid increase of the organ	III.	2	3
Inflammation of (carditis)	III.	2	3
Ossification of the valves of	III.	2	3
Rheumatism in the	I.	1	17
Rupture of a blood vessel of the ; vague	III.	2	2
Rupture of ; vague ; bursting of auricle or ventricle, how ?	III.	2	2
Spasms of	III.	2	3

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Hectic Fever (febris hectica, which see)	I.	1	7
Hemicrania, a pain affecting one side of the head	III.	1	8
Hemipagia, a fixed pain on one side of the head	III.	1	8
Hemiplegia (paralysis), a paralysis of one side of the body	III.	1	3
Hepatic Disease	III.	4	15
Hepatirrhœa (a purging with bilious evacuations)	III.	4	15
Hepatisation of Lungs, the conversion of lung into a substance resembling liver	III.	3	6
Hepatitis (inflammation of the liver)	III.	4	13
Hernia (a rupture); state if congenital, and also whether femoral, inguinal, scrotal, umbilical, diaphragmatic, ischiatic, labial, perineal, vaginal, ventral, &c.	III.	4	6
Cerebri; from what cause?	V.	1	1
Herpes (tetter)	III.	8	3
Zoster (shingles)	III.	8	3
Hiccough (singultus), a spasmotic affection of the diaphragm	III.	1	8
Hieranosos (morbus sacer); this epilepsy was so called because supposed to be a disease that Jesus Christ cured	III.	1	6
Hip Disease	II.	2	1
Joint, Disease of	III.	7	1
Dislocation of	V.	1	1
Inflammation of; arthritis (hip)	III.	7	1
Hives, a variety of the chicken-pox	I.	1	1 ^a
Hooping Cough (pertussis), a convulsive cough, common to children	I.	1	6
Horrors (delirium tremens)	I.	3	4 ^a
Hospital Gangrene (gangrena nosocomialis)	I.	1	18
Hunger (fames), which, to cause death, amounts to starvation	I.	3	1
Hydarthus (white swelling)	II.	2	1
Hydatids (entozoa); where?	I.	4	2 ^a
Hydrarthrosis (accumulation of fluid in a joint)	III.	7	2
Hydrocele (dropsy of the testicles), not a fatal disease	III.	6	2
Hydrocephalus (water on the brain)	II.	2	4
Hydrometra (dropsy of the womb)	III.	6	2
Hydronephrosis	III.	5	7
Hydropericardium (dropsy of the heart sac)	II.	1	2
Hydrophobia (madness induced by the bite of a rabid dog)	I.	2	3
Hydrops (dropsy)	II.	1	2
Abdominis (ascites)	III.	4	4
Ovarii (ovarian dropsy)	III.	6	1
Pectoris (dropsy of the chest)	III.	3	3
Pericardium, as a sequel of pericarditis; classify thus	III.	2	1
Thoracis (dropsy of the chest)	III.	3	3
Uteri (dropsy of the womb)	III.	6	2
Hydrorrhachis (spina bifida), dropsy of the spine	IV.	1	3
Hydrosarca (synonymous with anasarca)	II.	1	2
Hydrothorax (dropsy of the chest)	III.	3	3
Hydrotic (synonymous with sudorific) Fever; miliaria?	I.	1	7
Hyperæmia (congestion)	II.	1	6
Hypercardia (hypertrophy of the heart)	III.	2	3
Hyperlactation	IV.	2	2
Hypertrophia Cordis (hypertrophy of heart), a morbid increase of the organ	III.	2	3
Hypochondriasis (vapors, lowness of spirits)	III.	1	4
Hysteria (hysteric)	III.	1	6
Hysteric Fits (hysteria)	III.	1	6
Hysteritis (inflammation of the womb)	III.	6	2

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
I.			
Ichthyosis (fish-skin disease) ...	III.	8	3
Icterus (jaundice) ...	III.	4	14
Ictus Solis (coup-de-soleil) ...	V.	1	3a
Idiopathic Tetanus (spasms, with rigidity) ...	III.	1	8
Idiotcy (idiotismus) ...	III.	1	4
Idiotismus (idiotcy) ...	III.	1	4
Ignis Sacer (erysipelas) ...	I.	1	8
Ileus (colic) ...	III.	4	7
Iliac Passion (colic) ...	III.	4	7
Imperforate Anus (a malformation) ...	IV.	1	4
Vagina (a malformation) ...	IV.	1	4
Impetigo (a term very often used for the itch) ...	I.	4	3
Imposthume (an abscess), a term corrupted from apostema, an abscess	II.	2	5
Inanition (starvation ?) ...	I.	3	1
(debility ?) ...	IV.	4	1
of Infants (want of breast-milk ?) ...	I.	3	2
Incontinence of Urine (eneuresis) ...	III.	5	7
Incontinentia Urinæ (incontinence of urine) ...	III.	5	7
Indentation of Spine ...	III.	7	2
Indigestion (dyspepsia) ...	III.	4	11
Induration of Liver (cirrhosis) ...	III.	4	15
Pylorus ...	III.	4	1
Infancy, Disease of ; what disease ? perhaps ...	IV.	4	1
Infanticide (the murder of an infant newly born) ...	V.	3	1
Infantile Fever ...	I.	1	7
Infantile Remittent Fever ; chronic, acute, and sub-acute inflammations of the intestinal canal have been designated so	III.	4	2
Infants, inanition of (the want of breast-milk) ...	I.	3	2
Infection from a Glandered Horse (glanders)	I.	2	4
of the Bowels (what disease ?) perhaps ...	III.	4	11
undefined (what infection ?) bad term ; perhaps ...	I.	1	18
Infiltration of Urine, from what cause ? calculus ? ...	III.	5	5
" " paramenia ? ...	IV.	2	1
" " violence ? ...	V.	1	1
Inflammation in or on the Groin (syphilis ?) ...	I.	2	1
of Absorbents (scrofula ?) ...	II.	2	1
of the Abdomen (either peritonitis or enteritis) ...	III.	4	3 or 2
of the Aorta (aortitis) ...	III.	2	3
of the Back (phlegmon ?) ...	III.	8	1
of the Belly (peritonitis ?) ...	III.	4	3
of the Bladder (cystitis) ...	III.	5	6
of the Bones (ostitis) ...	III.	7	1a
of the Bowels (enteritis) ...	III.	4	2
of the Brain (cephalitis) ...	III.	1	1
of the Breast (mastitis) if after childbirth ...	IV.	2	2
of the Bronchi (bronchitis) ...	III.	3	2
of the Bursæ (synovitis) ...	III.	7	1
of the Cellular Tissue (phlegmon) ...	III.	8	1
of the Chest (pneumonia) ...	III.	3	4
of the Colon (colitis ?) ...	III.	4	2
(dysentery ?) ...	I.	1	12
of the Diaphragm (diaphragmitis) ...	III.	3	3
of the Ear (otitis) ...	III.	1	8
of the Eye (ophthalmia) ...	III.	1	8

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Inflammation of the Fauces (pharyngitis)	I.	1	4
of the Glands (scrofula ?)	II.	2	1
of the Glottis (laryngitis)	III.	3	1
of the Gums (from teething ?)	IV.	1	5
of the Head (cephalitis ?)	III.	1	1
of the Heart (carditis)	III.	2	1
of the Internal Coats of the Stomach (gastritis)	III.	4	1
of the Internal Membrane of the Bowels (enteritis)	III.	4	2
of the Intestinal Canal (enteritis)	III.	4	2
of the Intestines (enteritis)	III.	4	2
of the Iris (iritis)	III.	1	8
of the Joints (arthritis)	III.	7	1
of the Kidneys (nephritis)	III.	5	1
of the Larynx (laryngitis)	III.	3	1
of the Legs (arthritis ?)	III.	7	1
of the Legs (phlegmon ?)	III.	8	1
of the Legs (rheumatism ?)	I.	1	17
of the Lining Membrane of the Chest or Lungs (pleuritis)	III.	3	3
of the Liver (hepatitis)	I.	4	13
of the Loins (nephritis ?)	III.	5	1
of the Loins (rheumatism ?)	I.	1	17
of the Lungs (pneumonia)	III.	3	4
of the Membranes of the Brain (meningitis)	III.	1	1
of the Milt (splenitis)	III.	4	16
of the Mouth (stomatitis)	III.	4	2
of the Muscles (myositis)	I.	1	17
of the Oesophagus (œsophagitis)	III.	4	2
of the Ovaries, after delivery ?	IV.	2	2
of the Pancreas (pancreatitis)	III.	4	12
of the Parotid Gland (parotitis or mumps)	I.	1	18
of the Pericardium (pericarditis)	III.	2	1
of the Periosteum (periostitis)	III.	7	1a
of the Peritonæum (peritonitis)	III.	4	3
after childbirth	I.	1	9
of the Pharynx (pharyngitis)	III.	4	2
of the Pleura (pleuritis)	III.	3	3
of the Retina (rétinitis)	III.	1	8
of the Spinal Marrow (myelitis)	III.	1	1
of the Spleen (splenitis)	III.	4	16
of the Stomach (gastritis)	III.	4	1
of the Substance of the Brain (cerebritis)	III.	1	1
of the Testes (orchitis)	III.	6	2
of the Testicle (orchitis)	III.	6	2
of the Thorax (pneumonia ?); vague	III.	3	4
of the Throat (quinsy ?)	I.	1	4
of the Tongue (glossitis)	III.	4	2
of the Tonsils (quinsy)	I.	1	4
of the Trachea (tracheitis)	III.	3	2
of the Uterus (hysteritis after childbirth ?)	IV.	2	2
of the Vagina (if syphilitic)	I.	2	1
of the Vagina (if otherwise)	III.	6	2
of the Veins (phlebitis); a rare occurrence, except as result of venesection	III.	2	3
of the Visceral Glands (tabes mesenterica)	II.	2	2
of the Windpipe (tracheitis)	III.	3	2
of the Womb (hysteritis)	III.	6	2
of the Womb (hysteritis after childbirth ?)	IV.	2	2

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Inflammation, undefined; vague; the part affected should be stated, perhaps	II.	1	6
Inflammatory Fever (synocha) ...	I.	1	7
Influenza (catarrh) ...	I.	1	11
Inhalation of Chloroform (suffocation) ...	V.	1	6
Inopia (want, need, &c.) ...	I.	3	1
Insanity (dementia) ...	III.	1	4
Insolatio (sunstroke) ...	V.	1	3a
Instrumental Delivery (vague) ...	IV.	2	2
Intemperance (alcoholism ?) ...	I.	3	4b
Intermittent Fever (ague) ...	I.	1	15
Interruption of the Bowels (ileus) ...	III.	4	7
Intestinal Concretion or Calculus (enterolithus); more common in the lower animals than in man	III.	4	11
Irritation (diarrhoea ?) ...	I.	1	13
Irritation (enteritis ?) ...	III.	4	2
Obstruction ...	III.	4	7
Stricture ...	III.	4	9
Intoxication (alcoholism) ...	I.	3	4b
Introsusception (a portion of intestine slipping into another)	III.	4	8
Introversion of the Bowel (intussusception) ...	III.	4	8
Intussusception ...	III.	4	8
Invagination of Bowel (intussusception) ...	III.	4	8
Invermination (worms); the most appropriate term for the disease	I.	4	2
Iritis (inflammation of the iris or septum, between the anterior and posterior chambers of the eye)	III.	1	8
Irritation of the Bowels (diarrhoea ?) ...	I.	1	13
of the Bowels (enteritis ?) ...	III.	4	2
Ischuria (a retention of urine) ...	III.	5	2
Urethralis (stricture of the urethra ?) ...	I.	2	2
Itch (scabies); not a fatal disease	I.	4	3

J.

Jail Fever (typhus) ...	I.	1	7a
Jaundice (icterus) ...	III.	4	14
Joint Disease, &c. (not otherwise defined) ...	III.	7	2
Inflammation of a (arthritis) ...	III.	7	1
Jungle Fever ...	I.	1	16

K.

Kibes or Chilblains (pernio) ...	III.	8	3
Kidney, Bright's Disease of (nephria) ...	III.	5	3
Disease, &c. (not otherwise defined) ...	III.	5	7
Granular Disease of (Bright's Disease) ...	III.	5	3
Inflammation of (nephritis) ...	III.	5	1
Kin-cough (pertussis), called so vulgarly ...	I.	1	6
King's Evil (scrofula) ...	II.	2	1

L.

Labour (parturition) difficult ...	IV.	2	2
Lactation (the suckling of a child); what disease did it cause ?	IV.	2	2
Lactumen (milk scab) ...	III.	8	3
Land Scurvy ...	I.	3	3

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Laryngismus Stridulus (spasm of the larynx); crowing disease	III.	3	1
Laryngitis (inflammation of larynx)	III.	3	1
Lead Colic (colica pictonum)	III.	4	7
Lead Palsy	III.	1	3
Leipothymia (syncope); seldom, if ever, fatal, unless attended with disease of heart	III.	2	3
Lepra Tuberculosa (tubercular leprosy)	II.	2	5
Vulgaris (common leprosy)	III.	8	3
Leprosy (common)	III.	8	3
Tubercular	II.	2	5
Leucocythaemia (deficiency of red particles in the blood) ...	III.	2	3
Leucorrhœa (the whites)	IV.	2	1
Lichen (an extensive eruption of papulae), vulgarly "prickly heat"	III.	8	3
Lientery (diarrhoea)	I.	1	13
Lightning, Struck by	V.	1	3b
Lithia (stone)	III.	5	5
Lithotomy (an operation for stone in the bladder) ...	III.	5	5
Liver Abscess in	III.	4	15
Congestion of	III.	4	13 or 15
Inflammation of (hepatitis)	III.	4	13
Ramollissement of (softening of the liver)	III.	4	15
Rupture of, from violence	V.	1	1
Locked Jaw (trismus)	III.	1	8
Lobulated Liver (cirrhosis)	III.	4	15
Lost in the Bush (privation)	I.	3	1
Low Fever (typhoid)	I.	1	7
Lues Venerea (syphilis)	I.	2	1
Lumbago	I.	1	17
Lumbar Abscess (psoas abscess)	II.	2	1
Inflammation (nephritis ?)	III.	5	1
Inflammation (rheumatism ?)	I.	1	17
Lung Disease, &c., not otherwise defined	III.	3	6
Lungs, Gangrene of ; not otherwise defined	III.	3	6
Inflammation of (pneumonia)	III.	3	4
Congestion of	III.	3	4a
Hepatisation of (conversion of lungs into a substance like liver)	III.	3	6
Lupus (noli me tangere)	II.	1	3
Luxatio (dislocation); accidental ?	V.	1	7
M:			
Madness (insanity)	III.	1	4
Malformation (of what nature ?)	IV.	1	4
Malignant Disease (cancer)	II.	1	3
Fever (scarlatina, typhus ?)	I.	1	3 or 7a
Pustule (milzbrand) a disease of animals	I.	2	5
Sore Throat (tonsilitis maligna)	I.	1	3a
Mal-nutrition	IV.	4	1
Mammillated Liver (cirrhosis)	III.	4	15
Mania (insanity)	III.	1	4
Mania a Potu	I.	3	4a
Puerperal (childbirth)	IV.	2	2
Manslaughter	V.	3	1
Marasmus (emaciation)	IV.	4	1
Marcor (emaciation)	IV.	4	1
Marsh Fever (ague)	I.	1	15

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Mastitis (inflammation of the breast) if after childbirth ...	IV.	2	2
Measles (rubeola), an eruptive disease ...	I.	1	2
Medullary Sarcoma of the Uterus, &c. (cancer) ...	II.	1	3
Tumor (cancer) ...	II.	1	3
Melæna (discharge of black blood from intestines) ...	III.	4	11
Melancholy ...	III.	1	4
Melanosis, a species of morbid deposit, more common to horses than men	II.	1	3
Melasma ...	III.	8	2
Meningitis (inflammation of the membranes of the brain) ...	III.	1	1
tubercular, if a child ...	II.	2	4
Menorrhagia (flooding), either of blood or menses ...	IV.	2	1
Menostasis (a suppression of menses) ...	IV.	2	1
Menses, Retention, suppression of (amenorrhœa) ...	IV.	2	1
Menstruation, Disordered (paramenia) ...	IV.	2	1
Mentagra, an eruption about the chin ...	III.	8	3
Mephitic Gases, Suffocation by ...	V.	1	6
Mesenteric Disease (tabes mesenterica)	II.	2	2
Metria (puerperal fever) ...	I.	1	9
Metritis (inflammation of the womb) ...	III.	6	2
(inflammation of the womb after childbirth ?) ...	IV.	2	2
Metrorrhagia (haemorrhage from the womb) ...	IV.	2	2 or 3
Miliaria (miliary fever) ...	I.	1	1a
Milk Fever (febris lactea) ...	I.	1	9
Scab (lactumen) ...	III.	8	3
Milzbrand (a disease of cattle or sheep, sometimes communicated to man by inoculation)	I.	2	5
Miscarriage (abortion) ...	IV.	2	2
Mismenstruation (paramenia) ...	IV.	2	1
Mixed Fever (synochus) ...	I.	1	7
Moles, different productions or excretions from the uterus ...	III.	6	2
Mollities Ossium (softening of the bone) ...	III.	7	2
Cerebri ...	III.	1	8
Molluscum, a tubercular disease of the skin ...	III.	8	3
Morbilli (measles), an eruptive disease ...	I.	1	2
Morbus Addisonii (suprarenal capsule disease)	III.	5	7
Arquatus (jaundice) ...	III.	4	14
Articulorum (disease of joints) ...	III.	7	2
Attonitus (apoplexy) ...	III.	1	2
Caducus (epilepsy) ...	III.	1	6
Cæruleus (cyanosis) ...	IV.	1	2
Cholera ...	I.	1	14
Cordis (heart disease) ...	III.	2	3
Coxarius (hip disease) ...	II.	2	1
Cutaneus (skin disease) ...	III.	8	3
Luteolus (jaundice) ...	III.	4	14
Regius (jaundice) ...	III.	4	14
Strangulatorius (croup); rarely used ...	I.	1	5
Mortification (death of a part) ...	II.	1	5
Mucoenteritis ...	III.	4	2
Mucous Membrane, Inflammation of (catarrh ?) ...	I.	1	11
Muguet (aphthalactantium) ...	I.	4	1
Mumps (parotitis), an inflammation of the parotid gland ...	I.	1	18
Murder and Manslaughter ...	V.	3	1
Myelitis (inflammation of spinal marrow) ...	III.	1	1
Myositis (inflammation of a muscle) ...	I.	1	17
Myxosarcoma (a tumor, partly mucous, partly fleshy) ...	III.	1	3a

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
N.			
Nævi Materni (mother spots); aneurism by anastomosis, excision of them sometimes fatal	V.	1	2b
Nasal Polypus (a polypus in the nose)	II.	1	3b
Navel (or Umbilical) String, want of a ligature on; infanticide by omission not properly tied ...	V.	1	2
Necrencephalus	III.	1	8
Necrosis (death of bone); this term is to bone what mortification is to the soft parts	III.	7	2
Necusia (a disease produced by infection in dissection) ...	I.	2	5
Nephria (granular disease of the kidneys)	III.	5	3
Nephritis (inflammation of the kidneys)	III.	5	1
Nervous Debility ...	III.	1	4
Diseases (neuroses)	III.	1	8
Fever (meningitis) ...	III.	1	1
Nettle Fever (urticaria) ...	III.	8	3
Rash (urticaria) ...	III.	8	3
Neuralgia (pain in a nerve) ...	III.	1	8
Neuritis (neuralgia) ...	III.	1	8
Node (a hard circumscribed tumor proceeding from a bone, caused by a swelling of the periosteum)	III.	7	2
Noli me tangere (lupus) ...	II.	1	3
Noma (a species of ulcer that often attacks the cheek or vulva of young girls)	II.	1	4
Non-viability (want of strength to support independent life)	IV.	4	1
Nostalgia (home sickness), a species of melancholy; the Swiss are very subject to it	III.	1	4
Nostomania (the highest degree of nostalgia) ...	III.	1	4
Nutmeg Liver (cirrhosis) ...	III.	4	15
Nymphomania (violent desire for coition in women), a spe- cies of madness	III.	1	4
O.			
Obstipation (costiveness); its character is more severe than costiveness	III.	4	7
Obstruction of Bowels ...	III.	4	7
Odontalgia (toothache) ...	III.	1	8
Œdema (anasarca), a minor kind of anasarca	II.	1	2
Glottidis (laryngitis ?) ...	III.	3	1
of Lungs ...	III.	3	3
Œsophagus, Stricture of...	III.	4	9
Œsophagitis (inflammation of the œsophagus) ...	III.	4	2
Old Age (crepita ætas) ...	IV.	3	1
Oligotrophia (deficient nourishment) ...	I.	3	1
Openheart (cyanosis) ...	IV.	1	2
Operation, of what kind? and for what disease?	V.	1	2b
Ophthalmia (inflammation of the eye) (purulent ?) ...	III.	1	8
Ophthalmitis (inflammation of the eye) ...	III.	1	8
Opisthotonus (tetanus); that form of tetanus in which the body is bent backward	III.	1	8
Opium Poisoning ...	V.	1	4
Orchitis (inflammation of the testicle) ...	III.	6	2
Ossification of the Arteries ...	III.	2	3
of the valves of the heart? ...	III.	2	3
Osteo Sarcoma (cancer ossis) ...	II.	1	3

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Ostitis (inflammation of the bone)	III.	7	1 α
Otitis (inflammation of the ear)	III.	1	8
Otopyosis (a purulent discharge from the ear)	III.	1	8
Otorrhœa (a discharge from the ear)	III.	1	8
Ovarian Dropsy or Tumor (hydrops ovarii)	III.	6	1
Overflow of Blood on the Brain (apoplexy ?) ...	III.	1	2
of the Gall or Bile	III.	4	14
Overlying (as is frequently the case with infants), accidental ?	V.	1	6
Ozœna (ulcer in the nose)	III.	8	2
P.			
Painters' Colic (lead colic)	III.	4	7
Palate Cleft	IV.	1	4
Palpitation of the Heart (a violent beating of the heart), not fatal unless arising from organic disease of the heart	III.	2	3
Palsy (paralysis)	III.	1	3
Panaris, a corruption of Paronychia, which see	III.	8	1
Pancreas Disease, &c., not otherwise defined	III.	4	12
Pancreatitis (inflammation of the pancreas)	III.	4	12
Paracentesis (tapping); for what disease ? if undefined	V.	1	7
Paracusis (deafness or depraved hearing)	III.	1	8
Paralysis (catalysis)	III.	1	3
Agitans (shaking palsy)	III.	1	3
Paralytic Stroke (paralysis)	III.	1	3
Paramenia (disordered menstruation)	IV.	2	1
Paraphimosis (a disease in which the prepuce cannot be returned over the glans penis, often the result of syphilis or gonorrhœa)	I.	2	1 or 2
Paraplegia (paralysis), a paralysis of either the superior or inferior extremity of the body	III.	1	3
Paresis (an imperfect palsy)	III.	1	3
Paronychia (whitlow)	III.	8	1
Parotitis (mumps), an inflammation of the parotid gland ...	I.	1	18
Parturition (childbirth)	IV.	2	2
Partus (childbirth)	IV.	2	2
Pelvis, deformed	IV.	2	2
Inflammation of contents of (from childbirth ?) ...	IV.	2	2
Inflammation of contents of (after lithotomy ?) ...	III.	5	5
Pemphigus (febris bullosa); an eruption consisting of vesicles of various sizes	III.	8	3
Penis, Ulceration of (syphilis ?)	I.	2	1
Perforation of Bowels	III.	4	5
Pericarditis (inflammation of the pericardium)	III.	2	1
Perinæum, Erysipelas in (after lithotomy ?)	III.	5	5
Periostitis (inflammation of the periosteum or covering of bone)	III.	7	1 α
Peripneumonia (inflammation of the lungs)	III.	3	4
Peritonitis (inflammation of the peritoneum or serous membrane of the intestines)	III.	4	3
Puerperal	I.	1	9
(tubercular ?)	II.	2	2
Pernio (a kibe or chilblain)	III.	8	3
Pertussis (whooping-cough)	I.	1	6
Pestilential Fever (typhus)	I.	1	7 α
Pestis (the plague). Although this disease is considered extinct, may not isolated cases occur and be confounded with typhus fever ?	I.	1	7
Petechial Fever (typhus)	I.	1	7 α

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Phagedæna ; a species of ulcer that spreads very rapidly ...	III.	8	2
Pharyngitis (inflammation of the pharynx)	III.	4	2
Phimosis ; a disease in which the prepuce cannot be withdrawn from the glans penis	I.	2	1 or 2
Phlebitis (inflammation of a vein)	III.	2	3
uterine	I.	1	9
Phlebolite (a venous calculus)	III.	2	3
Phleborrhagia (rupture of a vein)	III.	2	3
Phlegmasia Dolens (puerperal tumid leg)	IV.	2	2
Phlegmon (inflammation of the cellular tissue and skin) ...	III.	8	1
Phlyzacia Agra (ecthyma)	III.	8	3
Phrenitis (inflammation of the brain) ; a very faulty term	III.	1	1
Phthiriasis (a disease in which parts of the body generate lice)	I.	4	3
Phthisis (pulmonary consumption)	II.	2	3
Physconia (enlargement of the abdomen) ; it is an enlargement of some viscus ; which ?	II.	1	3a
Physometra (a tympany of the womb) ; a rare disease, seldom cured	III.	6	2
Piles (haemorrhoids)	III.	4	2
Placenta, Retention of the	IV.	2	2
Prævia	IV.	2	2
Plague (see Pestis)	I.	1	7
Pleurisy (pleuritis) ; inflammation of the pleura of the chest	III.	3	3
Pleuritis (pleurisy)	III.	3	3
Pleuro-peripneumonia (inflammation of pleura and lungs) ...	III.	3	3
Pleuro-pneumonia (inflammation of pleura and lungs) ...	III.	3	3
Plumbers' Colic (colica pictorum)	III.	4	7
Plumbism	V.	1	4
Pneumatosis (emphysema) ; windy swelling	III.	3	5
Pneumogastric Irritation ; from teething ?	IV.	1	5
Pneumonia (inflammation of the lungs)	III.	3	4
Pneumonitis (pneumonia)	III.	3	4
Pneumo-pleuritis (inflammation of lungs and pleura) ...	III.	3	4
Pneumo-thorax (air within the pleura) ; generally from perforation in phthisis	II.	2	3
Podagra (gout)	II.	1	1
Poison (venenum) ; accidental ?	V.	1	4
(venenum) ; homicidal ? ...	V.	3	1
(venenum) ; suicidal ? ...	V.	4	2
Poisoning (alcoholic)	I.	3	4b
Polydipsia (excessive thirst)	III.	4	11
Polypus	II.	1	3b
Polypus Narium (polypi in the nostrils)	II.	1	3b
Uteri (a polypus in the womb)	II.	1	3b
Pompholyx (a cutaneous disease)	III.	8	3
Porrigo (ringworm of the scalp) ; not a fatal disease	I.	4	3
Pox (syphilis) ; vulgar	I.	2	1
Premature Birth	IV.	1	1
Privation	I.	3	1
Infants under 1 year	I.	3	2
Prosidentia Uteri (a falling down of the womb)	IV.	2	2
Prolapsus Recti (a falling down of the rectum) ; what disease did it cause ?	III.	4	5 or 11
Uteri (a falling down of the womb)	IV.	2	2
Prostate Gland, Disease of	III.	5	7
Pruna (carbuncle)	I.	1	10
Prurigo (a papulous eruption)	III.	8	3

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Pseudomorphica (a malformation)	IV.	1	4
Psoas Abscess (lumbar abscess)	II.	2	1
Psora (scabies)	I.	4	3
Psoriasis (scaly tetter)	III.	8	3
Ptyalism (salivation, or increased secretion of saliva); for what disease? if syphilis	I.	2	1
Puerperal Convulsions	IV.	2	2
Fever (metria)	I.	1	9
Mania (childbirth?)	IV.	2	2
Peritonitis	I.	1	9
Pulmonary Apoplexy (congestion of the lungs)	III.	3	4a
Consumption	II.	2	3
Pulmonia (old term for Peripneumonia)	III.	3	4
Purging (diarrhoea)	I.	1	13
and vomiting (cholera)	I.	1	14
Purples (purpura)	I.	3	3
Purpura (purpura haemorrhagica)	I.	3	3
Purulent Ophthalmia	I.	1	18
Pustula Oris (aphtha)	I.	4	1
Pustule, malignant	I.	2	5
Putrid Fever (typhus)	I.	1	7a
Sore Throat (scarlatina maligna)	I.	1	3
Pyæmia	I.	1	18
Pyelitis	III.	5	7
Pyloric disease (disease of the small end of the stomach) ...	III.	4	1
Pylorus, Disease of (disease of the small end of the stomach)	III.	4	1
Pyrexia (fever)	I.	1	7
Pyrosis (water-brash)	III.	4	11
Q.			
Quinsy (tonsilitis), inflammation of the tonsils	I.	1	4
R.			
Rabies Canina (hydrophobia)	I.	2	3
Rabies (madness), usually applied to the disease in dogs ...	I.	2	3
Rachitis (rickets)	I.	3	5
Rage	III.	1	4
Ramollissement du Cerveau (softening of the brain) ...	III.	1	8
of the Brain (softening of the brain)	III.	1	8
of the Liver (softening of the liver)	III.	4	15
Ranula (a tumor under the tongue)	II.	1	3a
Raphania (cripple disease), a disease characterised by spasmodic contraction of the joints ...	III.	1	8
Rectum, Disease of	III.	4	10 or 11
Red Canker (cancrum)	II.	1	5
Gum (lichen strophulus)	III.	8	3
Red Mouth (red gum)	III.	8	3
Remittent Fever (febris remittens)	I.	1	16
Renal Calculi	III.	5	5
Disease	III.	5	7
Dropsy, generally associated with an albuminous state of the urine ...	III.	5	3
Inflammation (nephritis)	III.	5	1
Retention of the Menses (amenorrhœa)	IV.	2	1
of the Placenta	IV.	2	2
of Urine (ischuria?)	III.	5	2
of Urine (stricture of the urethra?)	I.	2	2
Retinitis (inflammation of the retina)	III.	1	8

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Rheumatic Fever ...	I.	1	17
Gout	II.	1	1
Rheumatism	I.	1	17
Rickets (rachitis) ...	I.	3	5
Ringworm (porrigo)	I.	4	3
Rising of the Heart (disease of heart ?); bad of the Lights (hysteria ?); bad ...	III.	2	3
Rosalia (scarlatina), a name that appears to have been ap- plied also to measles	III.	1	6
Rose, The ; a name given to erysipelas	I.	1	8
Roseola (rash)	III.	8	3
Rubeola (measles); an eruptive disease	I.	1	2
Rupia (an eruptive disease)	III.	8	3
Rupture (hernia ?)	III.	4	6
of Aorta (aneurism ?)	III.	2	2
of a Vein (phleborrhagia)	III.	2	3
of an Artery (aneurism ?)	III.	2	2
of an Artery (violence ?)	V.	1	1
of the Bladder (from violence ?)	V.	1	1
of the Bowels (from violence ?)	V.	1	1
of the Brain (hernia cerebri)	V.	1	1
of the Fallopian Tube (in child-bearing ?)	IV.	2	2
of the Gall Duct (from a gall stone ?)	III.	4	14
of the Gall Duct (by violence ?)	V.	1	1
of the Heart	III.	2	2
of the Liver (from a blow?)	V.	1	1
of the Navel (umbilical hernia ?)	III.	4	6
of the Ovary (childbirth ?)	IV.	2	2
of the Spleen (from violence ?)	V.	1	1
of the Urethra (from violence ?)	V.	1	1
of the Uterus or Womb (childbirth ?)	IV.	2	2

S.

Salivation (ptyalism); for what disease? if syphilis	I.	2	1
Sarcoma (a fleshy excrescence)...	II.	1	3
Satyriasis (violent desire for coition in man)...	III.	1	4
Scabies (itch); not a fatal disease	I.	4	3
Scalds and Burns ...	V.	1	3
Scald Head (porrigo); not a fatal disease	I.	4	3
Scarlatina (scarlet fever)...	I.	1	3
Scarlet Fever (scarlatina)	I.	1	3
Sciatica (a species of rheumatic gout in the hip joint ?)	III.	7	2
(neuralgia of the sacro-sciatic nerve ?)	III.	1	8
Scirrhoma (cancer)	II.	1	3
Scirrhous (cancer); of what part?	II.	1	3
Scleriasis (scleroma), a hard tumor or induration	II.	1	3a
Scorbutus (scurvy)	I.	3	3
Scrofula (struma)...	II.	2	1
Scrotum, Disease of (cancer ?)	II.	1	3
Inflammation of the	III.	8	1
Scurvy (scorbutus)	I.	3	3
Sea-Sickness (an intense nausea, with violent retching); its fatality is very rare	III.	1	8
Secondary symptoms (syphilis?)	I.	2	1
Seizure (apoplexy?) a very vague term	III.	1	2
(paralysis?) a very vague term	III.	1	3
Senectus (old age)	IV.	3	1

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Senility (old age) ...	IV.	3	1
Septicaemia (pyæmæia) ...	I.	1	18
Shaking Palsy (paralysis agitans) ...	III.	1	3
Shingles (herpes zoster) ...	III.	8	3
Shipwrecked (drowning ?) ...	V.	1	5
Shivering Fit (ague ?); vague ...	I.	1	15
Shock (from what cause ?) accidental ? ...	V.	1	7
Sibbens (analogous to, but not identical with, "Yaws"), <i>vide</i> Frambæsia	III.	8	3
Sideratis (an apoplexy) ...	III.	1	2
Singultus (the hiccough); a spasmodic affection of the dia- phragm	III.	1	8
Skin, Disease of; should only be used when nature of disease is unknown	III.	8	3
Sloughing ; from what cause ? ...	II.	1	5
Small-pox (variola); a pustular disease ...	I.	1	1
Snake Bite ...	V.	1	4 ^a
Softening of the Bone (mollities ossium)	III.	7	2
of the Brain ...	III.	1	8
of the Liver ...	III.	4	15
of the Mucous Membrane of the Stomach ...	III.	4	11
of the Spinal Marrow ...	III.	1	3
Soot Sore (chimney sweepers' cancer ?) ...	II.	1	3
Sore Throat (cynanche) ...	I.	1	4
Malignant or Putrid (scarlatina) ...	I.	1	3
Sparganosis (a milk abscess); some have applied this term to phlegmon of breast	III.	8	1
Spasmodic Colic (ileus) ...	III.	4	7
Spasms of the Bowels (ileus) ...	III.	4	7
Spermatorrhœa (an involuntary emission of seminal fluid, without copulation)	III.	6	2
Sphacelus (mortification) ...	II.	1	5
Spina Bifida (hydrorrhachis) ...	IV.	1	3
Spinal Marrow, Disease of ...	III.	1	8
Inflammation of (myelitis) ...	III.	1	1
Softening of the ...	III.	1	3
Spine, Curvature or Indentation of ...	III.	7	2
Disease of ...	III.	1	8
Spitting of Blood (haemoptysis phthisis) ...	II.	2	3 ^a
Spleen, Disease of (after ague ?)	I.	1	15
Disease of, &c., not otherwise defined ...	III.	4	16
Rupture of (from a blow ?) ...	V.	1	1
Splenitis (inflammation of the spleen) ...	III.	4	16
Spongoid Inflammation (fungus haematodes) ...	II.	1	3
Spontaneous Combustion (catacausis); state causes ...	V.	1	3
Spotted Fever (typhoid, typhus) ...	I.	1	7 or 7 ^a
Sprain (subluxatio); accidental ? ...	V.	1	1
Squinting (strabismus) ...	III.	1	8
Stabs (suicidal ?) ...	V.	4	1
St. Anthony's Fire (erysipelas) ...	I.	1	8
Starvation (privation) ...	I.	3	1
Infants under 1 year ...	I.	3	2
Sternalgia (a name sometimes applied to angina pectoris, which see)	III.	2	3
Stomacace (cancrum oris) ...	II.	1	4
Stomach Disease, &c., not otherwise defined ...	III.	4	11
Inflammation of (gastritis) ...	III.	4	1
Softening of the Mucous Membrane of	III.	4	11

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Stomach, Ulceration of (enteritis)	III.	4	2
Stomatitis (inflammation of the mouth)	III.	4	2
Stone (in the bladder)	III.	5	5
Stoppage of Blood in the Head (apoplexy ?)	III.	1	2
of the Bowels (ileus ?)	III.	4	7
of the Menses	IV.	2	1
of the Secretion of Urine (ischuria ?)	III.	5	2
of the Urine (stricture ?)	I.	2	2
Strabismus (squinting), a disease of the eye, never, of course, fatal	III.	1	8
Strangling (accidental ?)	V.	1	6
(suicidal ?)	V.	4	4
Strangulation of the Intestines (hernia)	III.	4	6
of the Womb, with prolapsus or inversio uteri ?	IV.	2	2
Strangury (stricture of the urethra ?)	I.	2	2
Stricture of Intestines	III.	4	9
of Intestines caused by Cancer	II.	1	3
of Urethra	I.	2	2
of Windpipe, from pressure of tuberculated bronchial glands	II.	2	1
Strophulus (a papular eruption peculiar to infants)	III.	8	3
Struck by Lightning	V.	1	3b
Dead ; class with deaths not specified ... ...	...	...	...
Struma (scrofula)	II.	2	1
Strumous Disease (scrofula)	II.	2	1
St. Vitus' Dance (chorea)	III.	1	5
Subluxatio (a sprain) ; accidental ?	V.	1	1
Submersio (drowning) ; accidental ?	V.	1	5
(suicidal ?)	V.	4	3
Sudden Death (cause unascertained) ; class with deaths not specified	...	...	...
Suffocation (suffocatio) ; accidental ?	V.	1	6
(during birth) only applied when the child has breathed	V.	1	6
from Charcoal (suicide)	V.	4	5
from Earth falling in a Drive (probably crushed)	V.	1	1
from Mephitic Gases ?	V.	1	6
Suffocatio Stridula (croup)	I.	1	5
Suffusion of the Lungs, vague	V.	1	6
Sugar in the Urine (diabetes)	III.	5	4
Suicidal Deaths not defined	V.	4	5
Sunstroke (coup-de-soleil)	V.	1	3 ^α
Suppression of the Catamenia (amenorrhœa)	IV.	2	1
Menses (amenorrhœa)	IV.	2	1
Urine (ischuria tenalis ?)	III.	5	2
Suppurating Sores of Pubes and Groin (syphilis ?)	I.	2	1
(not syphilitic)	III.	8	2
Suspensio (hanging) ; judicial ?	V.	5	1
(hanging) ; suicidal ?	V.	4	4
Sweeps' Cancer	II.	1	3
Swelling in the Limbs (dropsy ?)	II.	1	2
Swelling of the Glands (scrofula ?)	II.	2	1
of the Throat (quinsy ?)	I.	1	4
Swine-pox (a variety of the chicken-pox)	I.	1	1 ^α
Sword or Bayonet Wounds received in battle	V.	2	2
Sycoma, sycosis (a warty excrescence, resembling a fig, on the anus or other part)	III.	8	3
Sycosis Menti (mentagra)	III.	8	3

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Syncope (fainting); seldom, if ever, fatal, unless attended by disease of the heart	III.	2	3
Synocha (inflammatory fever) ...	I.	1	7
Synochus (mixed fever) ...	I.	1	7
Synovitis (inflammation of the synovial or bursal membrane)	III.	7	1
Syphilis (lues venerea) ...	I.	2	1
T.			
Tabes (atrophy ?); vague ...	IV.	4	1
Dorsalis (wasting from sexual excesses ?) ...	IV.	4	1
Mesenterica, allied to scrofula ...	II.	2	2
(phthisis ?); vague ...	IV.	4	1
Scrofulosa ...	II.	2	2
Tænia (tapeworm) ...	I.	4	2
Tapeworm (tænia) ...	I.	4	2
Tapping (paracentesis); for what disease? if undefined ...	V.	1	7
Teething (dentition) ...	IV.	1	5
Tenesmus (a continual inclination to go to stool without a discharge, and accompanied by a straining); it is symptomatic of various disorders, perhaps	III.	4	11
Tertian Ague (ague) ...	I.	1	15
Tetanus Idiopathic (not resulting from an injury) ...	III.	1	8
Traumatic (resulting from an injury) ...	V.	1	2
Tetters (herpes) ...	III.	8	3
Thoracic Inflammation (pneumonia ?) ...	III.	3	4
Throcks (thrush) ...	I.	4	1
Thrush (aphtha), small ulcers inside the mouth ...	I.	4	1
Tic (a name given by the French to certain spasms, especially of the face)	III.	1	8
Doloreux (neuralgia) ...	III.	1	8
Tinea (porrigo) ...	I.	4	3
Tonic Spasm (tetanus) ...	III.	1	8
Tonsil, Inflammation of (quinsy ?) ...	I.	1	4
Tonsilitis (quinsy ?) ...	I.	1	4
Maligna (diphtheria) ...	I.	1	3a
Toothache (odontalgia) ...	III.	1	8
Tooth Fever (teething ?) ...	IV.	1	5
Toxicum (poison); accidental? ...	V.	1	4
homicidal? ...	V.	3	1
suicidal? ...	V.	4	2
Trachea, Inflammation of (tracheitis) ...	I.	1	5
Tracheitis (croup) ...	I.	1	5
Traumatic Tetanus ...	V.	1	2
Trichina Spiralis (hair worm in pork) ...	I.	4	3
Trismus (locked jaw) ...	III.	1	8
Trismus Nascentium (a form of tetanus); it attacks infants the first few weeks after their birth	III.	1	8
Tritæus (tertian ague) ...	I.	1	15
Tubercular Consumption ...	II.	2	3
Disease (scrofula ?) ...	II.	2	1
Peritonitis ...	II.	2	2
Pneumonia ...	II.	2	3
Tuberculated Liver (cirrhosis) ...	III.	4	15
Tuberculosis of Lungs (phthisis) ...	II.	2	3
Undefined (scrofula) ...	II.	2	1
Tumified Liver (congestion of the liver) ...	III.	4	15
Tumor (where?) ...	II.	1	3a

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Turn of Life (paramenia ?)	IV.	2	1
Tussis (a cough). It is rather a symptom of disease than a disease itself, thus it occurs in pleurisy, pneumonia, asthma, catarrh, &c., if undefined	I.	1	11
Twist in the Bowels (ileus ?)	III.	4	7
Tympanites (tympany), an elastic distension of the abdomen	III.	4	1 or 11
Tympany (tympanites), an elastic distension of the abdomen	III.	4	1 or 11
Typhilites (perforation of the appendix vermiciformis) ...	III.	4	5
Typhoid Fever (like typhus but specifically a distinct fever)	I.	1	7
Typhus (rare in Victoria)	I.	1	7a
U.			
Ulcer (ulcus)	III.	8	2
Ulcera Serpentia Oris (aphtha)	I.	4	1
Ulcerated Groin (syphilis ?)	I.	2	1
Sore Throat (a very common designation for diphtheria)	I.	1	3a
Ulceration of Bone (caries)	III.	7	2
of Intestines; this is very often the result of enteritis	III.	4	5
Ulcus (an ulcer), a purulent solution of continuity ...	III.	8	2
Ulcus Ventriculi (ulceration of stomach) ...	III.	4	5
Umbilical Cord, Want of a Ligature on (infanticide by omission)	V.	3	1
not properly tied ...	V.	1	2
Umbilical Hæmorrhage ...	V.	1	7
Hernia	III.	4	6
Uræmia (presence of urea in the blood)	III.	5	7
Uredo (an itching sensation of the skin); the nettle rash is so called	III.	8	3
Urethra, Rupture of; if from violence ...	V.	1	1
Stricture of	I.	2	2
Urethritis (gonorrhœa) ...	I.	2	2
Urinary Abscess ...	III.	5	7
Calculi	III.	5	5
Urine, Bloody (haematuria ?) ...	III.	5	7
Stoppage of (stricture of urethra ?) ...	I.	2	2
Stoppage of Secretion of (ischuria ?) ...	III.	5	2
Uroplania (erratic urine), a translation of the urine to some part of the body where its presence is unnatural	III.	5	7
Urticaria (nettle rash) ...	III.	8	3
Uterine Fever (metria ?); vague	I.	1	9
Hæmorrhage (flooding) ...	IV.	2	2
Phlebitis	I.	1	9
Uterus, Disease of; only to be used when the nature of disease is unknown	III.	6	2
Inflammation of the (hysteritis after childbirth ?) ...	IV.	2	2
V.			
Vaccination, the insertion of matter to produce cow-pox ...	I.	1	1a
Vagina, Disease of (syphilis ?)	I.	2	1
Imperforate (a malformation)	IV.	1	4
Varicella (chicken-pox), a modification of the small-pox ...	I.	1	1a
Varicocele (swelling of the veins of the scrotum) ...	III.	6	2
Varicose Veins (varix); only fatal when causing hæmorrhage	III.	2	3
Variola (small-pox); a pustular disease ...	I.	1	1
Varix (varicose veins)	III.	2	3

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
Venenatio (poisoning); accidental ? ...	V.	1	4
(poisoning) ; homicidal ? ...	V.	3	1
(poisoning) ; suicidal ? ...	V.	4	2
Venenum (poison) ; accidental ? ...	V.	1	4
(poison) ; homicidal ? ...	V.	3	1
(poison) ; suicidal ? ...	V.	4	2
Venereal Disease (syphilis ?) ...	I.	2	1
Venous Calculus (phlebolite) ...	III.	2	3
Vermes (worms) ...	I.	4	2
Verminous Fever ...	I.	4	2
Vertebræ, Disease of the ; what disease ? ...	III.	1	8
Vertigo (giddiness) ...	III.	1	8
Vesiculæ Gingivaram (aphtha) ...	I.	4	1
Violence, causing erysipelas ...	V.	1	1
causing lockjaw ...	V.	1	2
vague ; by what instrument or agency ? if undefined	V.	1	7
Violent Deaths in Battle, not defined ...	V.	2	3
Deaths not classed ...	V.	1	7
Visitation of God, a term that should be avoided when a more definite can be given ; class with deaths not specified	...	...	...
Volvulus (ileus) ...	III.	4	7
Vomica (an abscess in a wide sense, but generally applied to those in the lungs ; phthisis ?)	II.	2	3
Vomiting and Purging (cholera ?)	I.	1	14
blood (haematemesis) ...	III.	4	11
Vulnera (wounds) ; accidental ?	V.	1	2
(wounds) ; homicidal ? ...	V.	3	1
(wounds) ; suicidal ? ...	V.	4	1
Vulnus (wound) ; cut, chop, bite, shot, accidental ? ...	V.	1	2
(wound) ; cut, chop, bite, shot, homicidal ? ...	V.	3	1
(wound) ; cut, chop, bite, shot, suicidal ? ...	V.	4	1
(wound) ; in battle ? ...	V.	2	...

W.

Want of breast-milk (the inanition of Infants) ...	I.	3	2
of Clothing (privation) ...	I.	3	1
of Food (starvation) ...	I.	3	1
of Milk (the inanition of infants) ...	I.	3	2
of Necessaries of Life (privation) ...	I.	3	1
Wasting (atrophy ?) ...	IV.	4	1
Water Complaint (dropsy ?)	II.	1	2
Complaint (nephritis ?) ...	III.	5	1
Complaint (stricture of urethra ?) ...	I.	2	2
(dropsy ?) ; vague	II.	1	2
in the Bowels (ascites ?) ...	III.	4	4
in the Brain (hydrocephalus ?) ...	II.	2	4
in the Head (hydrocephalus ?) ...	II.	2	4
Water on the Chest (hydrothorax ?) ...	III.	3	3
on the Heart (hydropericardium ?) ...	II.	1	2
on the Spine (spina bifida ?) ...	IV.	1	3
Water-brash (pyrosis ?) ...	III.	4	11
Water-canker (noma ?) ...	II.	1	4
Water-pox (varicella) ; another name for chicken-pox ...	I.	1	1a
Watery Gripe (dysentery ?) ; vague ...	I.	1	12
Weaning (ablactation) ; any specific disease ? ...	I.	3	2
Weaning-brash (lichen ?) ...	III.	8	3
Wen (bronchocele) ...	I.	3	5

Diseases, &c.	Class.	Order.	Disease.
White Flux (leucorrhœa ?)	IV.	2	1
Mouth (thrush) ...	I.	4	1
White Swelling (hydarthus) ...	II.	2	1
Whites (leucorrhœa) ...	IV.	2	1
Whitlow (paronychia) ...	III.	8	1
Whooping Cough (pertussis), a convulsive cough, common to children	I.	1	6
Wind Dropsy (tympanites ?)	III.	4	11
Spasms (convulsions ?) ...	III.	1	7
Spasms (dyspepsia ?) ...	III.	4	11
Windpipe, Contraction of ...	III.	3	2
Inflammation of (tracheitis) ...	III.	3	2
Windy Gravel (calculus) ...	III.	5	5
Swelling (emphysema and pneumatisis) ...	III.	3	5
Withered Sores (ulcers) ...	III.	8	2
Womb, Cancer of the ...	II.	1	3
Womb, Disease of? only to be used when nature of disease is unknown	III.	6	2
Inflammation of (hysteritis after childbirth ?) ...	IV.	2	2
Inflammation of (hysteritis) ...	III.	6	2
Polypus of (polypus uteri) ...	II.	1	3b
Rupture of (from what cause? childbirth) ...	IV.	2	2
Strangulation of (with prolapsus or inversio uteri ?) ...	IV.	2	2
Worm Fever (enteritis ?)	III.	4	2
(worms ?) ...	I.	4	2
Worms (vermes) ...	I.	4	2
Wounds (vulnera); cut, chop, bite, shot; accidental ...	V.	1	2
(vulnera); cut, chop, bite, shot; homicidal ...	V.	3	1
(vulnera); cut, chop, bite, shot; suicidal ...	V.	4	1
(vulnera); in battle ...	V.	2	...
Y.			
Yaws (analogous to, but not identical with, "Sibbens"), vide Frambæsia	III.	8	3
Yellow Fever (remittent fever) ...	I.	1	16
Gum (icterus infantum) ...	III.	4	14
Jaundice (jaundice) ...	III.	4	14
Yellowart (jaundice) ...	III.	4	14