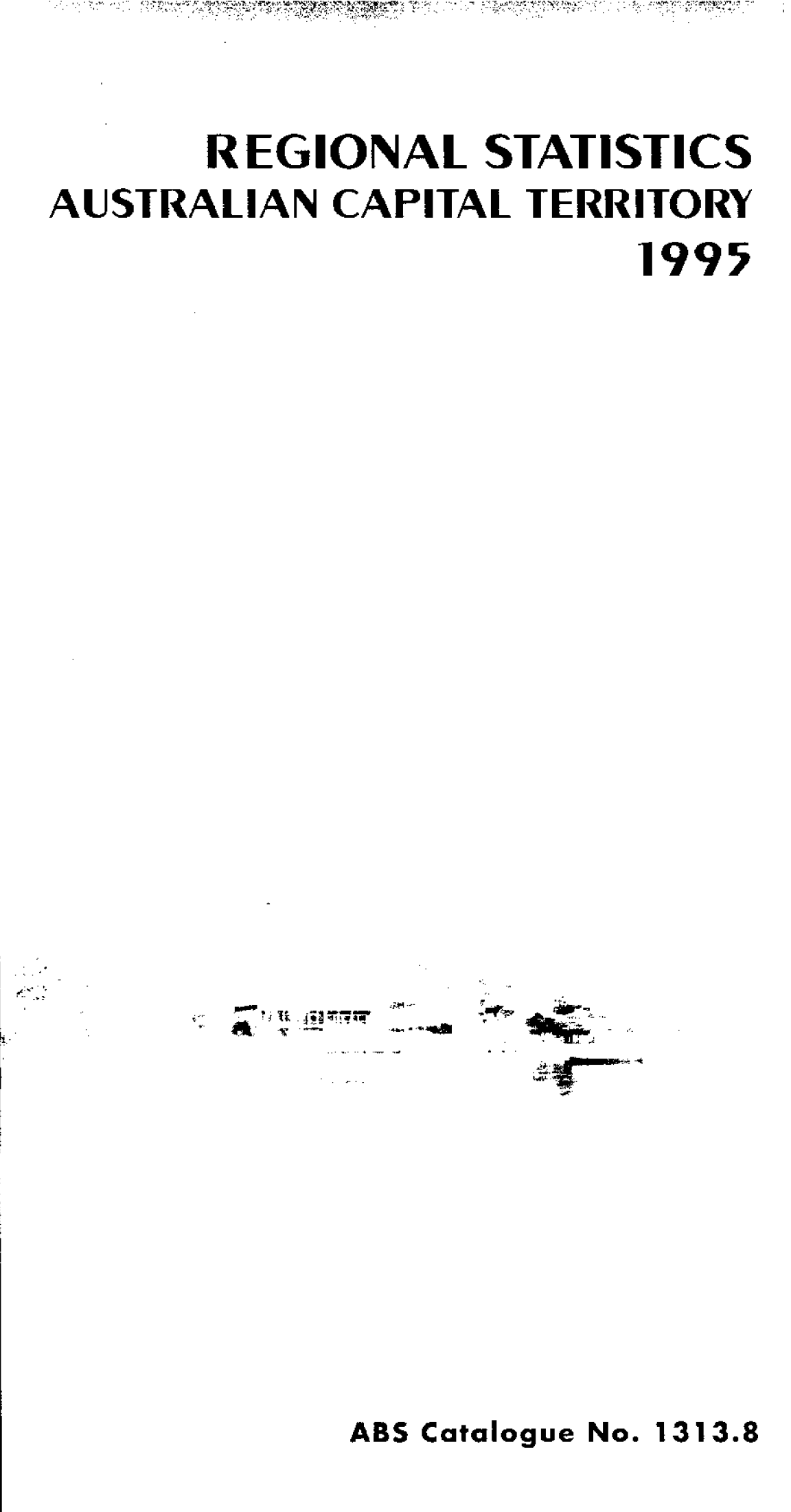
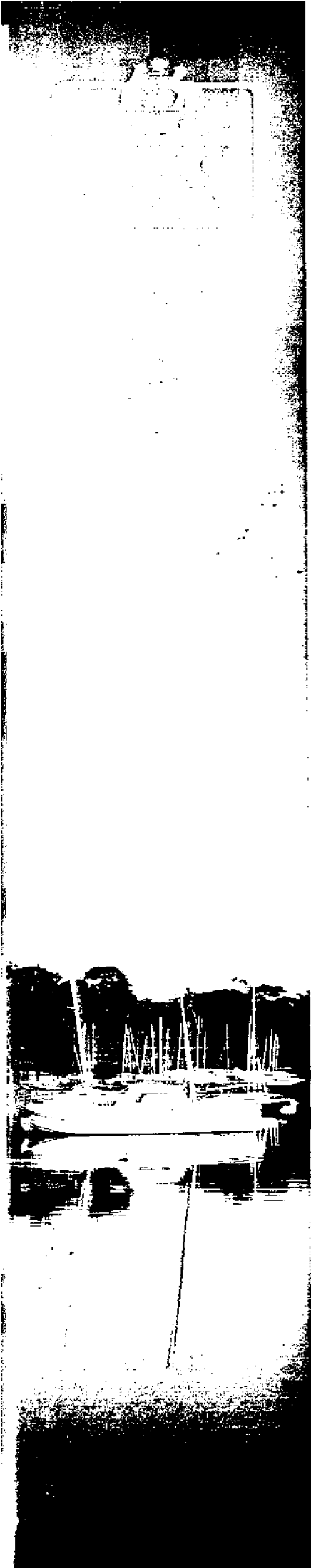


REGIONAL STATISTICS AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY 1995



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**REGIONAL STATISTICS
AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY
1995**

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Cover photograph: Yachts on
Lake Burley Griffin, Canberra
Photo courtesy of ACT Tourism Commission
Cover designed by Hans Spitaler

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INQUIRIES

- *for further information about statistics in this publication* and the availability of related unpublished statistics, contact Nives Marelic on (06) 207 0315.
 - *for information about other ABS statistics and services*, please refer to the back page of this publication.
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PREFACE

Regional Statistics, Australian Capital Territory presents a summary of the latest available key statistics, at the time of preparation, for the separate Statistical Local Areas of the ACT. It replaces the previously known publication *Canberra Statistical Area Summary*.

Table 1 contains data at the Statistical Subdivision level. The Statistical Subdivisions of the ACT equate with the town centre districts.

Tables 2 to 8 contain Statistical Local Area data arranged alphabetically for each of the subdivisions of Canberra. The Statistical Local Areas (SLAs) equate to suburbs in the ACT. A map, indicating the area of the Canberra Statistical Division each subdivision comprises, precedes the data.

Page 35 shows a map of and key to all the SLAs of the ACT.

The data contained in this publication represents only a sample of the full range of statistics available from the ABS. For further information about ABS statistics and services refer to the back cover of this publication.

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Statistician
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Australian Bureau of Statistics
Belconnen ACT 2616
1995



MAIN FEATURES

Estimated Resident Population

The ACT estimated resident population for 1994 was 300,912, an increase of 2,746 (0.9%) on the previous year. Annual population growth predominantly occurred in the subdivisions of Outer Canberra and Tuggeranong, where the population increased by 52.1 per cent and 2.9 per cent, respectively. The Outer Canberra increase was due to the growth in Palmerston and the establishment of Ngunnawal and Nicholls.

Tuggeranong SSD continued to have the highest proportion of 0-4 year olds (40.8%). A large proportion were in the suburbs of Kambah, Calwell and Chisholm, 1,339, 886 and 868 respectively. Belconnen SSD had the second highest proportion for this age group (27.3%).

Tuggeranong SSD also had the highest proportion of 5-14 year olds (37.0%). Kambah, Wanniasa, Chisholm and Monash had the highest proportion of 5-14 year olds with 3,388, 2,071, 1,407 and 1,260 respectively.

Over 35 per cent of people aged between 15-19 years lived in the Belconnen SSD; namely in Kaleen (9.0%), Evatt (7.1%) and Macgregor (6.1%). Belconnen SSD had the highest concentration of this age group for the Territory.

People aged between 20-54 years formed the largest population group (55.9%) in the ACT. Of these, the highest proportion (30.0%) lived in the Belconnen SSD, particularly in the suburbs of Kaleen (10.1%), Evatt (7.2%) and Florey (6.4%). The suburbs of Kambah and Wanniasa, of the Tuggeranong SSD, had the highest number of 20-54 year olds in the ACT, 10,482 and 5,271 respectively.

Almost 43 per cent of 65 years or over resided in the Canberra Central SSD, with a further 28.0 per cent of 55-64 year age group. This was the highest proportion for all ACT subdivisions. The highest concentrations of people aged 55 or over living in Canberra Central were found in Narrabundah (1,349) and Ainslie (1,167).

Vital statistics

In the ACT in 1993, there were slightly more males than females, 149,685 (50.2% of total ACT population) to 148,481 (49.8% of total ACT population).

Similarly, there was a marginally higher birth rate of males to females. Of the 4,409 births registered in 1993, 2,234 (50.7%) were males and 2,175 (49.3%) were females. Tuggeranong SSD recorded the greatest number of births in the ACT, 1,781 births were registered which represented 40.4 per cent of total ACT births. Tuggeranong SSD also had the highest number of infant deaths of all ACT subdivisions, with a total of 11 deaths (57.9%) were recorded.

In 1993, 1,105 deaths were recorded for the ACT. Of these 629 (56.9%) were males and 476 (43.1%) were females. Canberra Central had the highest number of deaths for all ACT subdivisions. A total of 456 deaths were recorded for Canberra Central, which represented 41.3 per cent for the Territory.

Business Register

A total of 10,755 businesses were registered on the ABS Business Register in March 1994. The majority of businesses were located in the Canberra Central SSD with 5,138 businesses registered (47.8%), followed by Belconnen with 1,983 (18.4%). Tuggeranong and Woden Valley were comparable with 1,257 (11.7%) and 1,250 (11.6%) respectively.

A total of 6,642 ACT businesses (61.8%) had an employment size of less than 5 staff and 2,120 (19.7%) had an employment size between 5-9 staff.

Of the 6,642 businesses employing less than 5 staff, 2,906 (43.8%) were located in Canberra Central subdivision, 1,320 (19.9%) in Belconnen and 928 (14.0%) in Tuggeranong. Of the 2,120 businesses employing between 5 and 9 staff, 1,128 (53.2%) were located in Canberra Central, 366 (17.3%) in Belconnen and 257 (12.1%) in Woden Valley.

The most common legal organisation identified in the ACT was companies (52.7%), followed by sole proprietors (15.2%) and partnerships (10.2%). All three types of legal organisations were in the private sector, which accounted for 91.5 per cent of registered businesses in the ACT. The remaining 8.5 per cent of businesses were in the public sector. Territory government accounted for 51.7 per cent of businesses in the public sector for the ACT, while the Federal government accounted for 48.1 per cent. Over 51 per cent of companies were located in Canberra Central, 16.8 per cent in Belconnen, and 11.0 per cent in Tuggeranong.

Majority of businesses for each legal organisation were located in Canberra Central (47.7%) and Belconnen (18.5%). Canberra Central comprise 56.7 per cent of companies, 12.5 per cent of sole proprietors and 8.1 per cent of partnerships. In Belconnen, there were 48.1 per cent of companies, 18.8 per cent of sole proprietors and 11.9 per cent of partnerships.

Tourist Accommodation

During 1994, total takings from all tourist accommodation in the ACT was \$87.1 million. Hotels, motels and guest houses with facilities were the major revenue raiser with \$72.0 million, contributing 82.7 per cent to the total revenue. Holiday flats and units followed with \$12.2 million and Caravan parks with \$2.9 million.

Average room and unit occupancy rates for Hotels, motels and guest houses was 64.9 per cent. Holiday flats and units had a similar occupancy rate of 67.2 per cent. Caravan parks occupancy rates were much lower at 41.4 per cent.

Labour Market

In the twelve month period December 1993 to December 1994, ACT labour force decreased by 6,381 (3.7%) from 172,699 to 166,318. In percentage terms, the largest decrease was recorded in Outer Canberra SSD, down 29.5 per cent from 1,989 to 1,402. Weston Creek SSD followed with a 6.1 per cent decrease. The SSD which recorded the highest increase was ACT Balance, up 91.7 per cent from 206 to 395.

In December 1994, the unemployment rate for ACT Balance SSD was the highest recorded for all ACT subdivisions at 12.7 per cent, followed by Canberra Central at 9.3 per cent and Outer Canberra at 8.5 per cent. Weston Creek recorded the lowest unemployment rate for all ACT subdivision, at 4.7 per cent.

Building Approvals

During 1994, 3,849 buildings were approved in the ACT to the value of \$758.1 million. The number of dwelling units created was 3,670. Tuggeranong continued to have

the highest percentage of building approvals at 28.8 per cent, followed by 27.6 per cent for Outer Canberra and 18.2 per cent for Canberra Central. In value terms, Canberra Central provided the largest contribution of \$302.6 million, Tuggeranong followed with \$136.5 million and Outer Canberra, \$130.5 million.

Education

In February 1995, there were 4,282 enrolments for 80 ACT pre-schools, which represents an increase of 2.1 per cent from 1993. Tuggeranong had the highest pre-school enrolment with 1,746 enrolments (40.8%), followed by Belconnen with 1,067 enrolments (24.9%). Two additional pre-schools were established in 1995 and were located in Conder and Palmerston.

In 1995, total number of students enrolled in ACT schools increased from 61,549 to 61,666 (0.2%). The increase was identified in non-government schools, up from 21,096 to 21,198. Government school enrolments remained relatively unchanged at 40,468. Belconnen government schools recorded the largest decrease in enrolments, down from 12,729 to 12,218 (4.0%). Increases were recorded in Tuggeranong, up from 11,857 to 12,332 (4.0%) and Outer Canberra, up from 158 to 487 (208.2%). The significant increase for Outer Canberra is attributed to the growth in Palmerston (separate figures were previously unavailable).

Statistical Divisions and Subdivisions
Australian Capital Territory
as at 30 June 1993

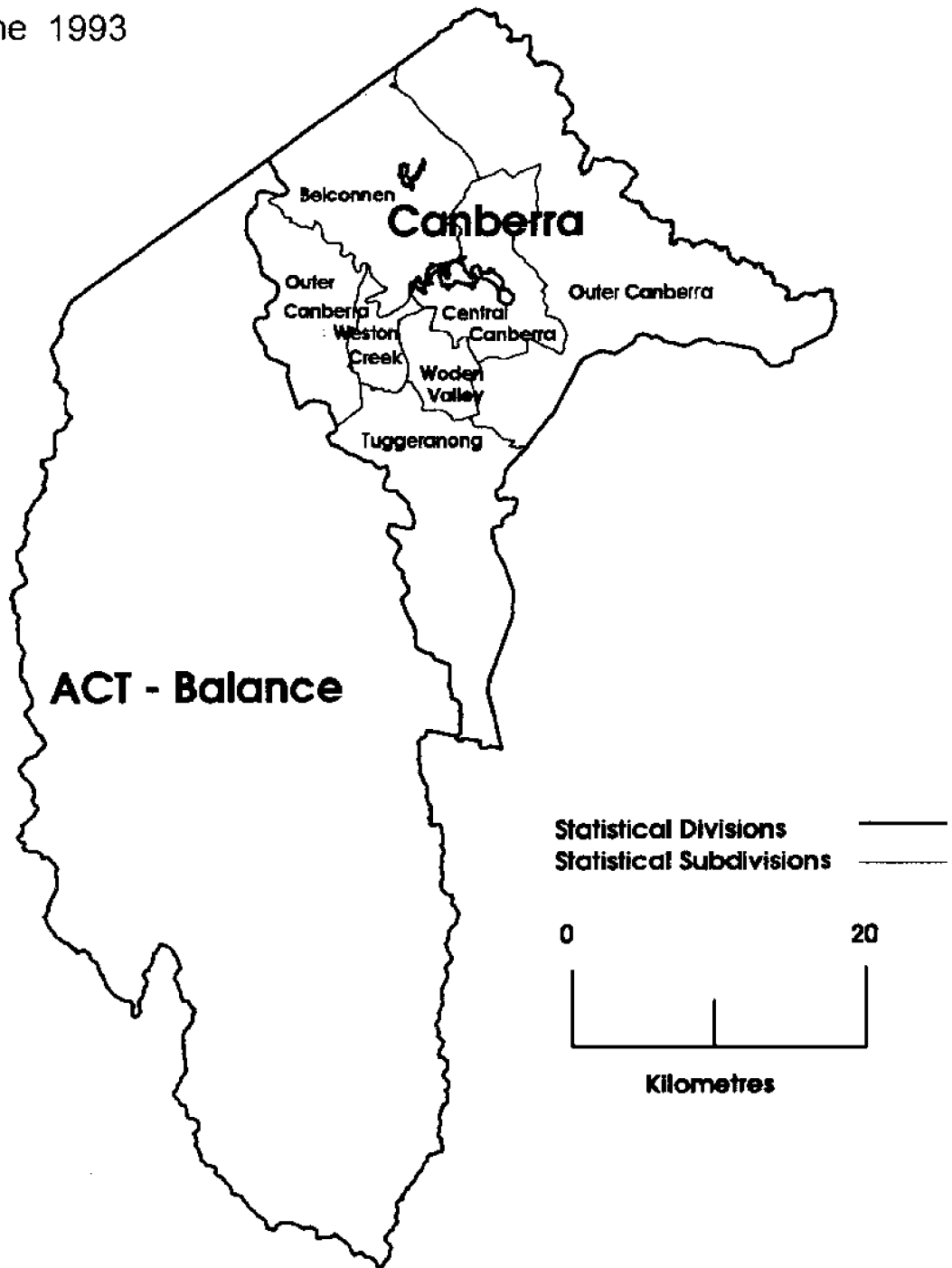
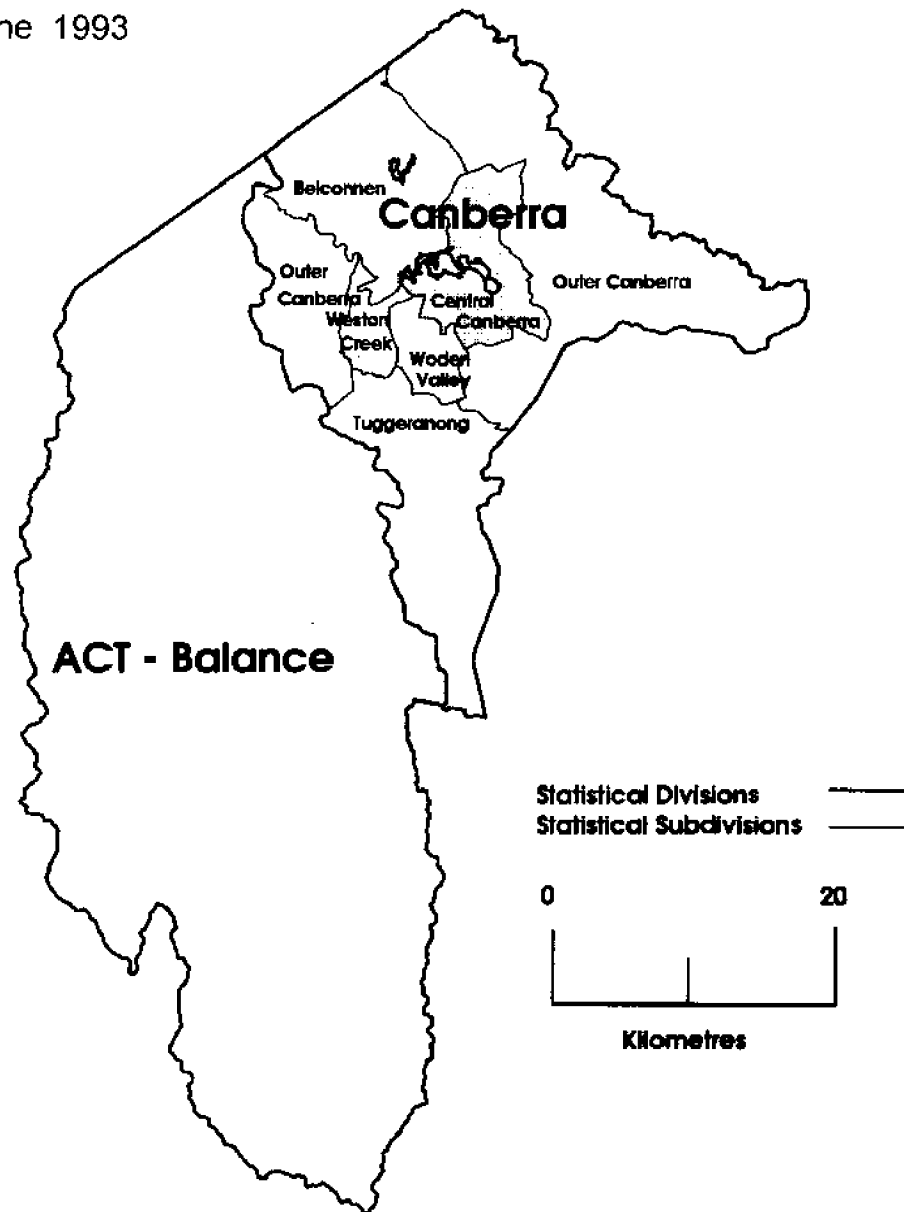


TABLE I. ACT STATISTICAL SUBDIVISIONS

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Canberra Central(a)	Belconnen	Woden Valley	Weston Creek	Tugger- among	Outer Canberra(b)	Australian Capital Territory- Balance	Total Australian Capital Territory
Estimated Resident Population										
1.	At 30 June 1993	No.	60,085	88,324	33,790	26,270	84,500	4,806	391	298,166
2.	Males	No.	30,025	44,092	16,945	13,226	42,526	2,651	220	149,685
3.	Females	No.	30,060	44,232	16,845	13,044	41,974	2,155	171	148,481
4.	Age distribution: 0-4 years	No.	3,282	6,188	1,948	1,446	9,268	536	33	22,701
5.	5-14 years	No.	6,346	13,703	3,901	3,446	16,491	563	66	44,516
6.	15-19 years	No.	5,125	9,045	2,375	2,624	6,233	259	26	25,687
7.	20-54 years	No.	31,592	49,968	18,672	14,949	48,153	3,176	210	166,720
8.	55-64 years	No.	5,249	5,186	3,615	2,078	2,414	140	32	18,714
9.	65 years or more	No.	8,491	4,234	3,279	1,727	1,941	132	24	19,828
10.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	59,489	87,570	33,352	25,844	86,956	7,310	391	300,912
ABS Business Register Counts of Location, March 1994										
<i>Employment size for all industries</i>										
11.	N/A	No.	—	—	1	—	—	8	68	77
12.	Less than 5	No.	2,906	1,320	779	409	928	231	69	6,642
13.	5-9	No.	1,128	366	257	80	184	96	9	2,120
14.	10-19	No.	527	163	112	30	72	51	13	968
15.	20-49	No.	335	79	54	15	48	21	3	555
16.	50-99	No.	113	29	23	4	16	6	2	193
17.	100+	No.	129	26	24	3	9	8	1	200
18.	Total counts of location	No.	5,138	1,983	1,250	541	1,257	421	165	10,755
Legal Organisation for all Industries										
<i>Private sector</i>										
19.	Companies	No.	2,907	953	618	281	625	258	25	5,667
20.	Sole Proprietor	No.	642	372	220	100	201	51	49	1,635
21.	Partnerships	No.	414	235	116	53	170	46	58	1,092
22.	Trust	No.	405	183	131	53	123	26	7	928
23.	Trade Union and Other Assoc.	No.	64	23	9	2	9	—	1	108
24.	All Other Private	No.	200	69	53	22	49	11	1	405
25.	Total Private Sector	No.	4,632	1,835	1,147	511	1,177	392	141	9,835
<i>Public sector</i>										
26.	Federal Government	No.	302	46	45	5	13	18	9	438
27.	Territory Government	No.	196	102	57	25	67	9	15	471
28.	All Other Public	No.	—	—	—	—	—	2	—	2
29.	Total Public Sector	No.	498	148	102	30	80	29	24	911
30.	Other	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	9	9
31.	Total	No.	5,130	1,983	1,249	541	1,257	421	174	10,755
Tourist Accommodation, December 1994										
<i>Hotels, motels and guest houses with facilities.</i>										
32.	Establishments	No.	37	3	3	—	1	—	—	44
33.	Guest rooms	No.	3,306	n.p.	n.p.	—	n.p.	—	—	3,541
34.	Bed spaces	No.	9,815	n.p.	n.p.	—	n.p.	—	—	10,465
35.	Room occupancy rate	%	66.4	n.p.	n.p.	—	n.p.	—	—	64.9
36.	Takings from accommodation	\$'000	69,444	n.p.	n.p.	—	n.p.	—	—	71,975
<i>Holiday Flats and units</i>										
37.	Letting entities	No.	13	—	2	1	—	1	—	17
38.	Flats and units	No.	611	—	n.p.	n.p.	—	n.p.	—	739
39.	Bed Spaces	No.	2,379	—	n.p.	n.p.	—	n.p.	—	2,825
40.	Unit Occupancy	%	67.4	—	n.p.	n.p.	—	n.p.	—	67.2
41.	Takings from accommodation	\$'000	10,852	—	n.p.	n.p.	—	n.p.	—	12,169
<i>Caravan Parks</i>										
42.	Establishments	No.	4	—	—	—	—	1	—	5
43.	Capacity (sites)	No.	n.p.	—	—	—	—	n.p.	—	1,074
44.	Site occupancy	%	n.p.	—	—	—	—	n.p.	—	41.4
45.	Takings from accommodation	\$'000	n.p.	—	—	—	—	n.p.	—	2,912

(a) Includes Fyshwick. (b) Includes Hume and Mitchell.

Statistical Divisions and Subdivisions
Australian Capital Territory
as at 30 June 1993



CANBERRA CENTRAL STATISTICAL SUBDIVISION

- In 1994, the overall density of the population in the Canberra Central SSD declined by 1.0 per cent, down from 806.5 persons per square metre to 798.5. The largest population decreases were recorded in Campbell (4.4%), Hackett (2.9%) and Reid (2.7%). City had the highest population increase of 58.9 per cent.
- In 1993, male deaths exceeded female deaths by 11.4 per cent. The suburbs of Narrabundah and Ainslie recorded the greatest number of deaths, 57 and 56, respectively.
- The unemployment rate remained relative stable at 9.3 per cent, down 0.3 percentage points from December the previous year. Significant falls were recorded for City (3.1 percentage points) and Acton (1.3 percentage points). Fyshwick had the largest increase of 3.9 percentage points.
- Barton and City recorded the largest values in building approvals, \$96.4 million and \$48.4 million, respectively. The major building activity in Canberra Central occurred in Griffith (184 dwelling units created) and Braddon (155).
- Canberra Central accounted for 70 per cent of students attending special schools, including the only non-government school in the ACT which is located in Lyneham.

TABLE 2. CANBERRA CENTRAL SUBDIVISION

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Acton	Ainslie	Barton	Braddon	Campbell	City
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	2.91	3.52	1.19	1.48	3.10	1.40
CENSUS COUNT(d)								
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	2,330	4,634	862	2,430	3,253	297
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	42	1,965	304	1,049	1,323	9
4.	Median household income range	\$	70,001 80,000	30,001— 35,000	30,001— 35,000	16,001— 20,000	40,001— 50,000	40,001— 50,000
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION								
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	1,751	4,773	645	1,983	3,322	219
6.	Males	No.	882	2,247	431	985	1,649	118
7.	Females	No.	869	2,526	214	998	1,673	101
8.	Age distribution: 0-4 years	No.	3	295	8	131	160	16
9.	5-14 years	No.	9	538	38	115	395	24
10.	15-19 years	No.	759	266	18	82	170	42
11.	20-54 years	No.	966	2,507	486	1,077	1,660	124
12.	55-64 years	No.	4	383	45	179	385	6
13.	65 years or more	No.	10	784	50	399	552	7
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	1,750	4,745	645	1,934	3,175	348
15.	Average annual rate of change, 1991 to 1994p(g)	%	-8.3	0.8	-8.6	-7.0	-0.8	12.5
VITAL STATISTICS								
16.	Births, 1993	No.	1	69	10	38	42	4
17.	Males	No.	1	34	5	24	16	2
18.	Females	No.	—	35	5	14	26	2
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	2	56	5	17	19	—
20.	Males	No.	2	35	4	9	10	—
21.	Females	No.	—	21	1	8	9	—
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	-1	13	5	21	23	4
LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)								
24.	Labour force	No.	854	2,388	633	1,387	1,793	332
25.	Unemployment rate	%	17.9	10.5	3.3	11.5	11.9	5.7
BUILDING, 1994								
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	11	41	16	27	33	74
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	—	19	2	155	—	—
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	18,646	3,454	96,400	15,723	4,189	48,409
ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)								
29.	Persons killed	No.	2	—	—	—	—	—
30.	Persons injured	No.	3	3	4	6	4	4
PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(l)								
31.	Centres	No.	—	2	—	—	1	—
32.	Enrolments	No.	—	74	—	—	23	—
SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)								
Schools								
33.	Government	No.	—	2	1	1	2	—
34.	Non-government	No.	—	—	—	1	2	—
Government students								
35.	Primary school	No.	—	752	424	—	340	—
36.	High school	No.	—	—	648	59	713	—
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	39	—	—
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-government students								
39.	Primary school	No.	—	—	—	—	238	—
40.	High school	No.	—	—	—	737	—	—
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	210	—	—
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)								
43.	Government	No.	9	548	27	104	288	10
44.	Non-government	No.	—	112	11	44	174	19

TABLE 2. CANBERRA CENTRAL, SUBDIVISION—continued

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Deakin	Dickson	Downer	Duntroon	Forrest	Fyshwick	Griffith
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	3.60	1.62	1.64	2.40	1.57	9.81	2.76
CENSUS COUNT(d)									
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	2,633	2,056	3,523	1,889	1,375	61	3,372
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	1,066	841	1,519	139	443	10	1,435
4.	Median household income range	\$	40,001- 50,000	35,001- 40,000	30,001- 35,000	40,001- 50,000	60,001- 70,000	60,001- 70,000	35,001- 40,000
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION									
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	2,673	1,969	3,544	1,951	1,260	75	3,221
6.	Males	No.	1,230	975	1,762	1,458	636	57	1,542
7.	Females	No.	1,443	994	1,782	493	624	18	1,679
8.	Age distribution: 0-4 years	No.	109	98	143	77	43	5	178
9.	5-14 years	No.	328	158	289	112	181	8	422
10.	15-19 years	No.	240	110	273	744	101	4	201
11.	20-54 years	No.	1,201	1,075	2,007	1,005	634	47	1,574
12.	55-64 years	No.	273	261	377	3	111	4	261
13.	65 years or more	No.	522	267	455	10	190	7	585
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	2,686	1,938	3,451	1,950	1,231	75	3,184
15.	Average annual rate of change, 1991 to 1994pt(g)	%	0.7	-1.9	-0.6	1.1	-3.6	7.7	-1.9
VITAL STATISTICS									
16.	Births, 1993	No.	16	24	55	17	9	6	23
17.	Males	No.	11	14	29	9	6	3	12
18.	Females	No.	5	10	26	8	3	3	11
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	22	16	26	2	7	1	14
20.	Males	No.	17	8	15	2	3	—	7
21.	Females	No.	5	8	11	—	4	1	7
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	-6	8	29	15	2	5	9
LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)									
24.	Labour force	No.	1,384	1,171	2,120	1,708	742	40	1,822
25.	Unemployment rate	%	4.6	9.5	9.0	2.6	5.8	12.5	5.8
BUILDING, 1994									
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	54	12	11	4	18	19	59
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	18	1	—	—	1	—	184
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	10,918	650	410	2,748	2,231	12,843	18,101
ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)									
29.	Persons killed	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	1
30.	Persons injured	No.	—	2	—	—	3	7	7
PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(l)									
31.	Centres	No.	1	—	1	1	—	—	2
32.	Enrolments	No.	22	—	42	21	—	—	80
SCHOOLS FEBRUARY 1995(m)									
Schools									
33.	Government	No.	2	1	—	—	1	—	—
34.	Non-government	No.	1	2	—	—	—	—	2
Government students									
35.	Primary school	No.	—	—	—	—	457	—	—
36.	High school	No.	547	—	—	—	—	—	—
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	642	—	—	—	—	—
38.	Special school	No.	79	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non government students									
39.	Primary school	No.	475	107	—	—	—	—	238
40.	High school	No.	596	609	—	—	—	—	1,431
41.	Secondary college	No.	255	557	—	—	—	—	559
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)									
43.	Government	No.	213	166	306	76	136	24	356
44.	Non government	No.	232	72	101	18	164	8	202

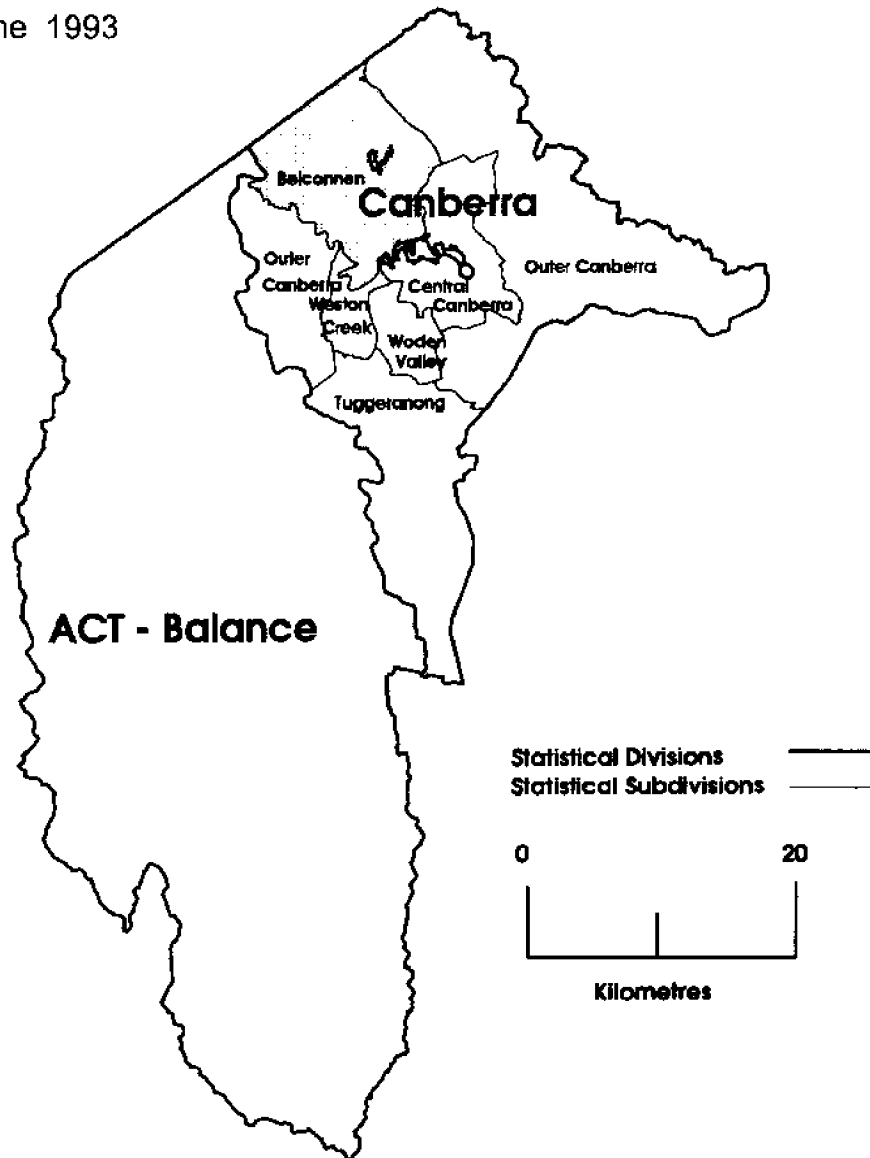
TABLE 2. CANBERRA CENTRAL SUBDIVISION—continued

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Hackett	Kingston	Lynham	Narrabundah	O'Connor	Parkes	Red Hill
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	1.92	1.35	5.43	4.11	4.22	1.81	4.81
CENSUS COUNT(d)									
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	3,050	1,386	4,245	5,273	4,875	9	3,056
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	1,267	739	1,775	2,057	2,168	3	1,185
4.	Median household income range	\$	35,001– 40,000	40,001– 50,000	35,001– 40,000	30,001– 35,000	30,001– 35,000	25,001– 30,000	40,001– 50,000
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION									
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	3,185	1,399	4,214	5,338	4,935	27	3,266
6.	Males	No.	1,591	672	2,067	2,570	2,373	14	1,686
7.	Females	No.	1,594	727	2,147	2,768	2,562	13	1,580
8.	Age distribution: 0–4 years	No.	214	102	243	374	300	1	163
9.	5–14 years	No.	332	133	499	737	535	1	438
10.	15–19 years	No.	206	87	305	351	260	2	311
11.	20–54 years	No.	1,636	846	2,400	2,527	2,692	14	1,399
12.	55–64 years	No.	374	101	338	443	433	4	335
13.	65 years or more	No.	423	130	429	906	715	5	620
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	3,092	1,503	4,200	5,284	4,866	27	3,249
15.	Average annual rate of change, 1991 to 1994p(g)	%	0.5	2.8	-0.4	0.1	-0.1	66.7	2.1
VITAL STATISTICS									
16.	Births, 1993	No.	41	29	47	59	61	—	28
17.	Males	No.	21	9	20	27	33	—	11
18.	Females	No.	20	20	27	32	28	—	17
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	19	14	44	57	29	—	44
20.	Males	No.	11	6	22	30	20	—	15
21.	Females	No.	8	8	22	27	9	—	29
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	—	1	—	—	—	—	—
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	22	15	3	2	32	—	-16
LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)									
24.	Labour force	No.	1,762	872	2,485	2,587	2,617	—	1,457
25.	Unemployment rate	%	9.4	10.8	9.3	13.8	12.2	—	6.6
BUILDING, 1994									
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	29	2	21	47	39	12	44
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	1	83	1	94	8	—	4
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	1,408	8,873	9,668	19,911	1,956	6,533	3,507
ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)									
29.	Persons killed	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30.	Persons injured	No.	—	2	9	3	2	3	1
PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(l)									
31.	Centres	No.	1	1	1	1	1	—	1
32.	Enrolments	No.	24	23	47	88	20	—	48
SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)									
Schools									
33.	Government	No.	—	—	2	2	2	—	1
34.	Non-government	No.	—	—	1	1	1	—	2
Government students									
35.	Primary school	No.	—	—	422	175	70	—	481
36.	High school	No.	—	—	734	—	—	—	—
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	911	—	—	—
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	90	—	—
Non-government students									
39.	Primary school	No.	—	—	162	140	197	—	531
40.	High school	No.	—	—	135	—	—	—	649
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	299
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	5	—	—	—	—
Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)									
43.	Government	No.	290	94	374	593	547	—	366
44.	Non-government	No.	146	37	196	271	136	—	310

TABLE 2. CANBERRA CENTRAL SUBDIVISION—continued

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Reid	Russell	Turner	Watson	Yarralumla	Total Canberra Central	Proportion of Territory (%)
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	0.96	0.54	1.52	3.62	7.21	(b)74.50	3.13
CENSUS COUNT(d)									
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	1,604	—	2,087	3,836	2,911	61,047	21.9
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	810	—	1,019	1,446	1,279	23,893	24.2
4.	Median household income range	\$	25,001–30,000	—	20,001–25,000	40,001–50,000	40,001–50,000	..	..
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION									
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	1,546	5	2,128	3,638	3,018	60,085	20.2
6.	Males	No.	743	3	1,065	1,794	1,475	30,025	20.1
7.	Females	No.	803	2	1,063	1,844	1,543	30,060	20.2
8.	Age distribution: 0–4 years	No.	99	—	110	259	151	3,282	14.5
9.	5–14 years	No.	134	—	170	386	364	6,346	14.3
10.	15–19 years	No.	107	—	98	208	180	5,125	20.0
11.	20–54 years	No.	888	5	1,321	2,004	1,497	31,592	18.9
12.	55–64 years	No.	102	—	108	391	328	5,249	28.0
13.	65 years or more	No.	216	—	321	390	498	8,491	42.8
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	1,505	5	2,097	3,584	2,965	59,489	19.8
15.	Average annual rate of change, 1991 to 1994(g)	%	-2.1	—	0.2	-2.2	0.7	-0.9	..
VITAL STATISTICS									
16.	Births, 1993	No.	22	—	29	50	34	714	16.2
17.	Males	No.	13	—	19	22	11	352	15.8
18.	Females	No.	9	—	10	28	23	362	16.6
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	14	—	13	17	18	456	41.3
20.	Males	No.	10	—	8	11	9	254	40.4
21.	Females	No.	4	—	5	6	9	202	42.4
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	—	—	—	—	—	1	5.3
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	8	—	16	33	16	258	7.8
LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)									
24.	Labour force	No.	863	—	1,066	2,132	1,667	33,882	20.4
25.	Unemployment rate	%	12.2	—	12.9	9.8	4.1	9.3	..
BUILDING, 1994									
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	22	9	13	29	55	701	18.2
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	3	—	2	1	32	609	16.6
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	1,538	2,321	2,424	1,436	8,260	302,557	39.9
ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)									
29.	Persons killed	No.	—	—	—	2	—	5	41.7
30.	Persons injured	No.	—	1	1	—	4	69	43.9
PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(l)									
31.	Centres	No.	1	—	1	1	2	19	23.8
32.	Enrolments	No.	33	—	54	50	52	701	16.4
SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)									
Schools									
33.	Government	No.	1	—	2	1	1	22	22.2
34.	Non-government	No.	—	—	—	2	2	17	40.5
Government students									
35.	Primary school	No.	—	—	325	375	245	4,066	18.4
36.	High school	No.	27	—	—	—	—	2,728	24.6
37.	Secondary college	No.	48	—	—	—	—	1,640	23.8
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	120	—	—	289	69.6
Non-government students									
39.	Primary school	No.	—	—	—	445	160	2,693	25.9
40.	High school	No.	—	—	—	14	44	4,215	52.4
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	1,880	70.5
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	5	100.0
Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)									
43.	Government	No.	132	—	174	300	340	5,473	14.0
44.	Non-government	No.	63	—	48	154	179	2,697	13.8

Statistical Divisions and Subdivisions
Australian Capital Territory
as at 30 June 1993



BELCONNEN STATISTICAL SUBDIVISION

- In 1994, the Belconnen SSD population declined by 0.9 per cent. Of the 24 suburbs located in Belconnen, 19 recorded decreases. In percentage terms, the largest decreases were recorded in Flynn (3.3%), Scullin (2.7%) and Macquarie (2.6%). Three suburbs recorded significant increases in population, these were Melba (7.9%), Belconnen Town Centre (4.4%) and Holt (0.9%). The increases in population can largely be attributed to the increase in development of medium density housing within these suburbs.
- In December 1994, the unemployment rate for Belconnen increased by 0.4 percentage points to 6.8 per cent, from December the previous year. Increases were recorded for all suburbs except Bruce, Belconnen Town Centre and Page. Bruce recorded a decrease of 0.5 percentage points. No change was recorded for Belconnen Town Centre and Page.
- During 1994, 586 buildings were approved for the Belconnen SSD to the value of \$76.2 million. The greatest number of approvals was recorded for Belconnen SSD Balance (94), which includes the new suburb of Dunlop.
- In February 1995, there were 16,390 enrolments for schools within the Belconnen SSD. Of these, 12,218 students (74.5%) had enrolled in government schools and the remaining 4,172 (25.5%) in non-government schools. Total enrolments decreased by 3.5 per cent from the previous year. The decrease was recorded in Government primary schools, down 380 (5.8%).

TABLE 3. BELCONNEN SUBDIVISION

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Aranda	Belconnen Town Centre	Bruce	Charnwood	Cook	Evatt
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	1.62	3.07	6.52	2.14	1.78	3.03
CENSUS COUNT(d)								
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	2,657	2,141	2,045	3,643	3,058	6,360
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	939	1,113	387	1,182	1,343	1,978
5.	Median household income range	\$	50,001- 60,000	30,001- 35,000	60,001- 70,000	35,001- 40,000	40,001- 50,000	40,001- 50,000
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION								
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	2,773	2,373	2,129	3,637	3,274	6,512
6.	Males	No.	1,380	1,133	1,033	1,743	1,610	3,264
7.	Females	No.	1,393	1,240	1,096	1,894	1,664	3,248
8.	Age distribution: 0-4 years	No.	130	109	89	416	167	496
9.	5-14 years	No.	322	90	207	727	267	1,298
10.	15-19 years	No.	245	164	511	303	240	639
11.	20-54 years	No.	1,498	1,812	1,164	1,945	2,012	3,622
12.	55-64 years	No.	302	111	69	125	305	293
13.	65 years or more	No.	276	87	89	121	283	164
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	2,715	2,477	2,108	3,583	3,193	6,464
15.	Average annual rate of change 1991 to 1994p(g)	%	0.8	5.0	1.0	-0.5	1.5	0.6
VITAL STATISTICS								
16.	Births, 1993	No.	26	41	13	60	41	88
17.	Males	No.	17	17	7	25	20	39
18.	Females	No.	9	24	6	35	21	49
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	44	—	4	12	11	10
20.	Males	No.	17	—	2	7	6	4
21.	Females	No.	27	—	2	5	5	6
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	—	—	—	—	—	1
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	-18	41	9	48	30	78
LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)								
24.	Labour force	No.	1,574	1,678	1,231	1,813	2,140	3,563
25.	Unemployment rate	%	6.7	4.5	5.8	8.7	5.7	6.3
BUILDING, 1994								
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	19	21	26	8	16	39
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	1	132	81	1	—	40
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	729	17,096	12,797	285	512	4,943
ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)								
29.	Persons killed	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
30.	Persons injured	No.	1	6	4	1	—	1
PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(l)								
31.	Centres	No.	1	—	—	1	1	2
32.	Enrolments	No.	49	—	—	62	23	91
SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)								
Schools								
33.	Government	No.	1	1	—	2	1	2
34.	Non-government	No.	1	—	1	1	—	1
Government students								
35.	Primary school	No.	370	—	—	285	142	708
36.	High school	No.	—	—	—	274	—	—
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	869	—	—	—	—
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non government students								
39.	Primary school	No.	241	—	—	271	—	579
40.	High school	No.	—	—	619	—	—	—
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	297	—	—	—
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home suburbs count, JULY 1994 (n)								
43.	Government	No.	305	178	147	656	281	1,089
44.	Non-government	No.	145	47	120	185	101	602

TABLE 3. BELCONNEN SUBDIVISION—continued

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Florey	Flynn	Fraser	Giralang	Hawker	Higgins	Holt
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	2.75	2.08	2.51	2.46	1.96	1.69	3.28
CENSUS COUNT(d)									
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	5,440	4,143	2,584	4,031	3,274	3,628	4,349
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	1,788	1,267	735	1,247	1,222	1,233	1,544
3.	Median household income range	\$	40,001–50,000	50,001–60,000	50,001–60,000	40,001–50,000	40,001–50,000	40,001–50,000	40,001–50,000
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION									
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	5,611	4,203	2,645	4,159	3,299	3,730	4,575
6.	Males	No.	2,764	2,112	1,367	2,104	1,664	1,856	2,292
7.	Females	No.	2,847	2,091	1,278	2,055	1,635	1,874	2,283
8.	Age distribution: 0–4 years	No.	635	271	139	310	148	272	327
9.	5–14 years	No.	949	716	598	756	343	409	631
10.	15–19 years	No.	421	481	344	439	417	357	436
11.	20–54 years	No.	3,220	2,349	1,401	2,335	1,879	2,225	2,607
12.	55–64 years	No.	207	261	93	194	292	251	246
13.	65 years or more	No.	179	125	70	125	220	216	328
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	5,556	4,066	2,634	4,132	3,245	3,675	4,616
15.	Average annual rate of change 1991 to 1994(g)	%	0.7	-0.6	0.7	0.8	-0.3	0.5	2.0
VITAL STATISTICS									
16.	Births, 1993	No.	99	46	21	38	33	54	74
17.	Males	No.	56	24	10	18	20	26	39
18.	Females	No.	43	22	11	20	13	28	35
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	15	6	3	7	7	15	21
20.	Males	No.	10	5	2	4	3	7	9
21.	Females	No.	5	1	1	3	4	8	12
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	—	—	1	—	—	1	—
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	84	40	18	31	26	39	53
LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)									
24.	Labour force	No.	3,102	2,400	1,437	2,265	2,019	2,221	2,566
25.	Unemployment rate	%	7.5	7.4	7.7	6.3	6.4	7.0	7.3
BUILDING, 1994									
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	30	20	12	9	24	10	28
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	141	—	—	—	—	2	30
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	9,972	755	369	325	957	389	3,616
ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)									
29.	Persons killed	No.	—	—	—	—	—	1	—
30.	Persons injured	No.	2	—	—	3	—	1	2
PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(l)									
31.	Centres	No.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
32.	Enrolments	No.	94	48	46	54	19	45	44
SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)									
Schools									
33.	Government	No.	1	1	1	1	3	1	3
34.	Non-government	No.	2	—	—	—	—	—	—
Government students									
35.	Primary school	No.	423	321	293	324	252	248	273
36.	High school	No.	—	—	—	—	753	—	484
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	928	—	—
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	57
Non government students									
39.	Primary school	No.	623	—	—	—	—	—	—
40.	High school	No.	902	—	—	—	—	—	—
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)									
43.	Government	No.	792	711	487	721	412	502	672
44.	Non government	No.	443	315	218	255	174	154	175

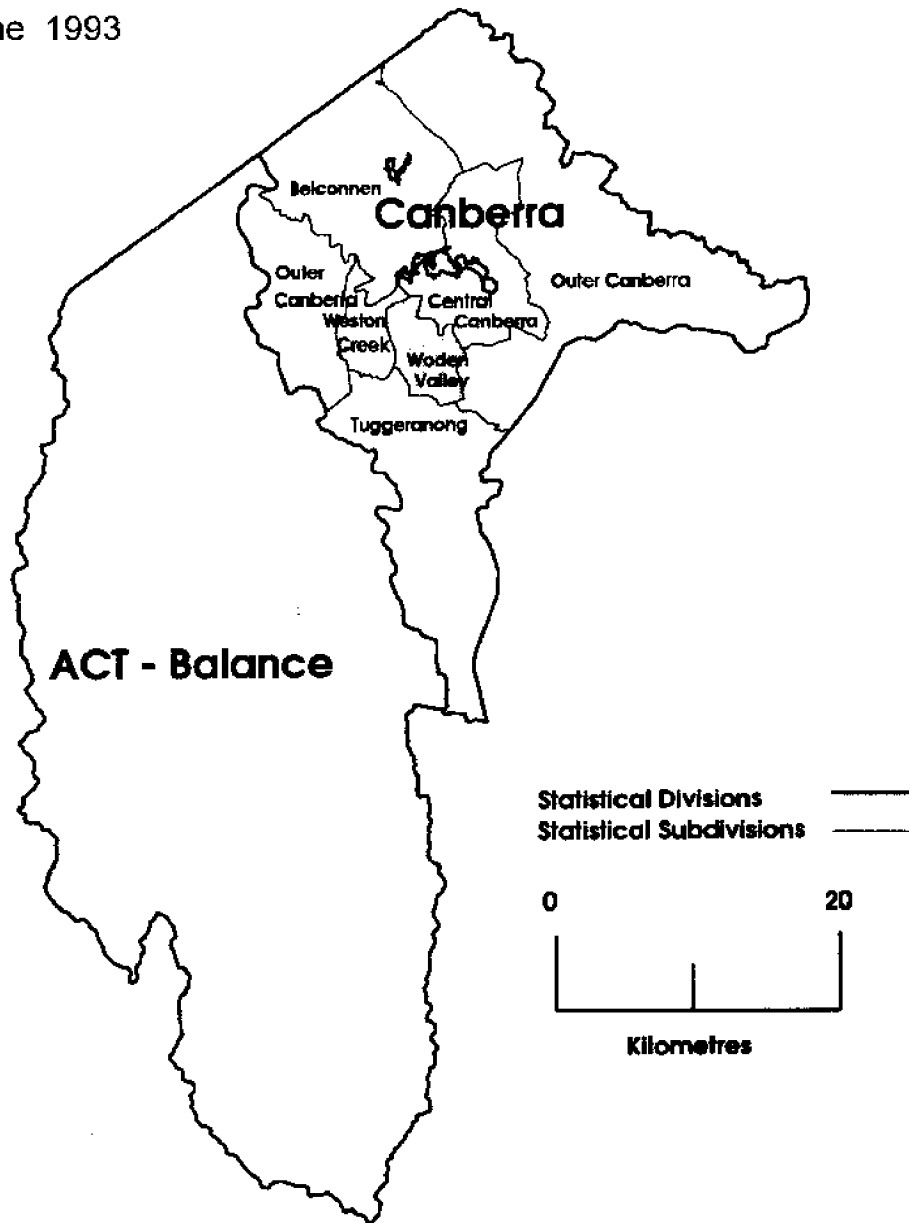
TABLE 3. BELCONNEN SUBDIVISION—continued

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Kaleen	Latham	McKellar	Macgregor	Macquarie	Meiba
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	5.94	2.81	4.30	2.45	1.73	2.29
CENSUS COUNT(d)								
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	8,690	4,310	2,973	4,271	2,633	3,422
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	2,651	1,411	858	1,265	988	1,269
4.	Median household income range	\$	40,001-50,000	40,001-50,000	40,001-50,000	40,001-50,000	35,001-40,000	40,001-50,000
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION								
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	9,004	4,382	3,185	4,345	2,778	3,455
6.	Males	No.	4,530	2,213	1,594	2,189	1,392	1,759
7.	Females	No.	4,474	2,169	1,591	2,156	1,386	1,696
8.	Age distribution: 0-4 years	No.	593	368	290	261	164	201
9.	5-14 years	No.	1,744	725	643	767	351	507
10.	15-19 years	No.	816	438	294	550	230	424
11.	20-54 years	No.	5,037	2,437	1,766	2,391	1,564	1,968
12.	55-64 years	No.	456	224	112	223	255	214
13.	65 years or more	No.	358	190	80	153	214	141
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	8,837	4,334	3,187	4,280	2,706	3,728
15.	Average rate of change 1991 to 1994(g)	%	0.6	0.2	2.4	0.1	1.0	3.0
VITAL STATISTICS								
16.	Births, 1993	No.	99	78	44	50	29	34
17.	Males	No.	51	40	17	32	17	12
18.	Females	No.	48	38	27	18	12	22
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	19	6	4	3	8	11
20.	Males	No.	13	4	2	2	3	7
21.	Females	No.	6	2	2	1	5	4
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	1	1	—	—	—	—
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	80	72	40	47	21	23
LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)								
24.	Labour force	No.	4,810	2,539	1,626	2,435	1,645	1,935
25.	Unemployment rate	%	6.4	7.3	6.5	7.5	6.4	7.6
BUILDING, 1994								
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	54	24	21	12	10	22
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	2	2	—	2	2	6
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	2,126	840	933	555	1,582	1,209
ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)								
29.	Persons killed	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
30.	Persons injured	No.	4	1	3	1	—	2
PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1994(l)								
31.	Centres	No.	2	1	1	1	1	1
32.	Enrolments	No.	119	65	51	43	33	44
SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)								
Schools								
33.	Government	No.	3	1	—	1	2	3
34.	Non-government	No.	1	—	—	—	—	—
Government students								
35.	Primary school	No.	677	283	—	332	190	220
36.	High school	No.	715	—	—	—	788	630
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	579
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-government students								
39.	Primary school	No.	397	—	—	—	—	—
40.	High school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)								
43.	Government	No.	1,495	647	452	777	327	547
44.	Non-government	No.	793	263	299	291	113	264

TABLE 3. BELCONNEN SUBDIVISION—continued

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Page	Scullin	Spence	Weetangera	Belconnen SSD Balance	Total Belconnen	Proportion of Territory (%)
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	1.33	1.42	1.52	1.57	75.34	135.59	5.70
CENSUS COUNT(d)									
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	2,582	3,167	3,082	2,940	74	85,497	30.6
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	997	1,251	968	955	21	28,612	29.0
4.	Median household income range	\$	35,001-40,000	35,001-40,000	40,001-50,000	50,001-60,000	50,001-60,000	..	..
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION									
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	2,820	3,151	3,144	3,067	73	88,324	29.6
6.	Males	No.	1,367	1,573	1,576	1,539	38	44,092	29.5
7.	Females	No.	1,453	1,578	1,568	1,528	35	44,232	29.8
8.	Age distribution: 0-4 years	No.	206	246	233	112	5	6,188	27.3
9.	5-14 years	No.	321	374	533	415	10	13,703	30.8
10.	15-19 years	No.	234	274	431	350	7	9,045	35.2
11.	20-54 years	No.	1,626	1,751	1,682	1,631	46	49,968	30.0
12.	55-64 years	No.	183	254	146	367	3	5,186	27.7
13.	65 years or more	No.	250	252	119	192	2	4,234	21.4
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	2,800	3,065	3,087	3,009	73	87,570	29.1
15.	Average rate of change 1991 to 1994(g)	%	2.8	-1.1	0.1	0.8	0.5	0.8	..
VITAL STATISTICS									
16.	Births, 1993	No.	37	57	52	15	—	1,129	25.6
17.	Males	No.	18	34	27	8	—	574	25.7
18.	Females	No.	19	23	25	7	—	555	25.5
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	12	6	11	6	—	241	21.8
20.	Males	No.	8	4	8	4	—	131	20.8
21.	Females	No.	4	2	3	2	—	110	23.1
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	—	—	—	—	—	5	26.3
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	25	51	41	9	—	888	26.9
LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)									
24.	Labour force	No.	1,630	1,874	1,686	1,800	—	49,989	30.1
25.	Unemployment rate	%	6.3	6.7	7.8	6.5	—	6.8	..
BUILDING, 1994									
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	20	15	24	28	94	586	15.2
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	2	1	—	—	92	537	14.6
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	6,606	397	591	996	7,656	76,236	10.1
ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)									
29.	Persons killed	No.	—	—	—	—	—	1	8.3
30.	Persons injured	No.	3	1	—	—	—	36	22.9
PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(l)									
31.	Centres	No.	1	1	1	1	—	23	28.8
32.	Enrolments	No.	22	48	49	18	—	1,067	24.9
SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)									
Schools									
33.	Government	No.	—	1	1	1	—	31	31.3
34.	Non-government	No.	1	—	—	—	—	8	19.0
Government students									
35.	Primary school	No.	—	302	234	264	—	6,141	27.8
36.	High school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	3,644	32.8
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	2,376	34.5
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	57	13.7
Non-government students									
39.	Primary school	No.	243	—	—	—	—	2,354	22.7
40.	High school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	1,521	18.9
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	297	11.1
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)									
43.	Government	No.	288	353	574	430	—	12,843	32.9
44.	Non government	No.	110	155	220	188	—	5,630	28.9

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WODEN VALLEY STATISTICAL SUBDIVISION

- In 1994, Woden Valley, with 1,157.7 persons per square kilometre, was the most densely populated subdivision in the ACT. Within this subdivision, Farrer and Torrens formed the two highest densely populated suburbs, with 1,855.3 and 1,784.3 person per square kilometre, respectively.
- In December 1994, the unemployment rate for Woden Valley remained relative stable at 6.1 per cent, up 0.1 percentage points from December the previous year.
- During 1994, 252 buildings were approved for the Woden Valley SSD to the value of \$100.0 million. The greatest number of approvals were recorded for Curtin (47), Garren (33) and Farrer (30). A total of 331 dwellings were created during the same period. Of these, 297 (89.7%) were created in Phillip.
- The number of student enrolments remained relatively stable, with 3,870 enrolments at government schools and 2,462 enrolments at non-government schools.

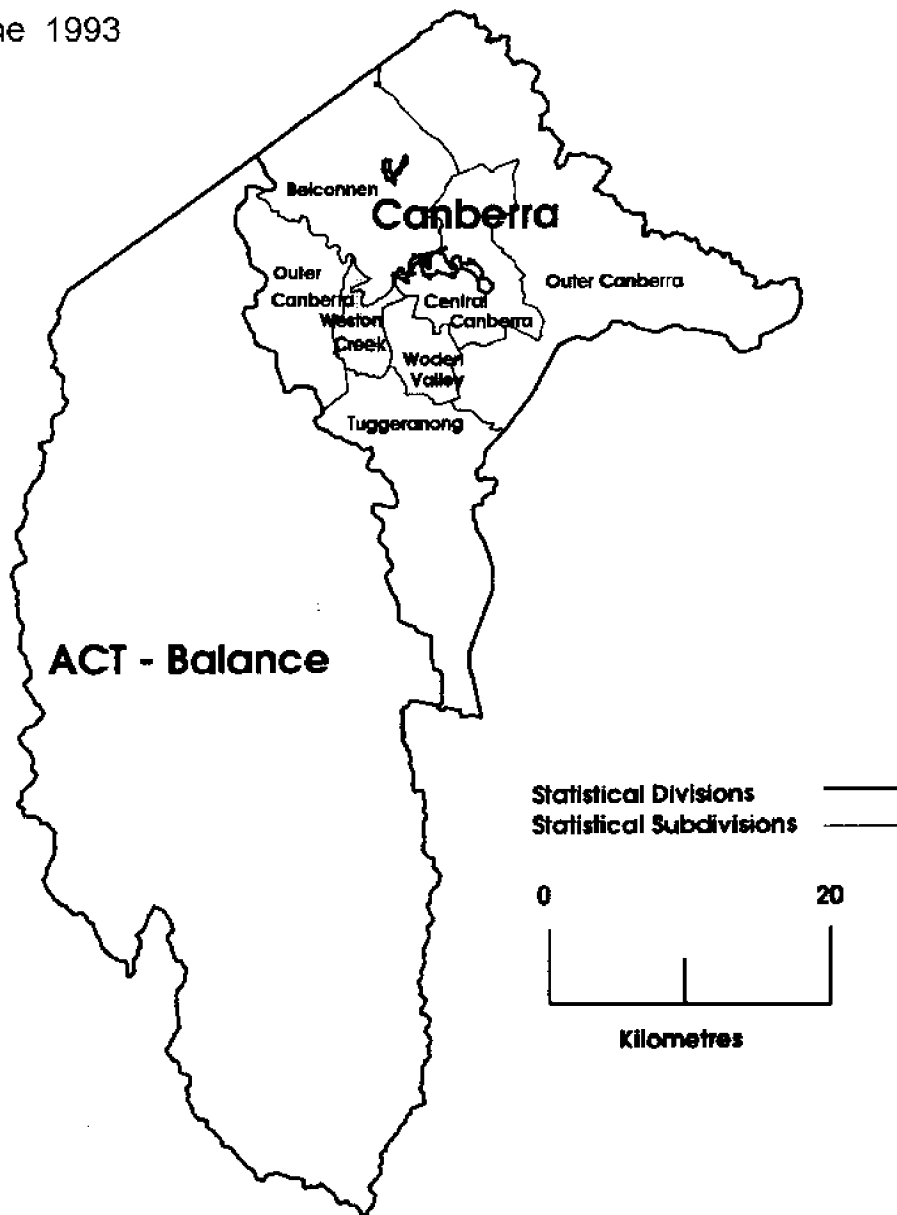
TABLE 4. WODEN VALLEY SUBDIVISION

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Chifley	Curtin	Farrer	Garran	Hughes	Isaacs	Lyons
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	1.60	4.91	2.06	2.81	1.84	3.06	2.24
CENSUS COUNT(d)									
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	2,539	5,402	3,701	3,370	2,921	2,426	2,842
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	1,067	2,118	1,315	1,108	1,194	859	1,461
4.	Median household income range	\$	35,001-40,000	40,001-50,000	50,001-60,000	40,001-50,000	40,001-50,000	50,001-60,000	40,001-50,000
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION									
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	2,511	5,494	3,875	3,052	3,086	2,882	2,862
6.	Males	No.	1,275	2,743	1,909	1,524	1,538	1,429	1,489
7.	Females	No.	1,236	2,751	1,966	1,528	1,548	1,453	1,373
8.	Age distribution: 0-4 years	No.	153	318	199	172	189	228	165
9.	5-14 years	No.	287	675	453	380	401	407	221
10.	15-19 years	No.	130	331	359	211	195	236	190
11.	20-54 years	No.	1,463	2,944	2,057	1,668	1,576	1,641	1,718
12.	55-64 years	No.	267	604	399	341	368	228	295
13.	65 years or more	No.	211	622	408	280	357	142	273
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	2,441	5,364	3,822	2,962	3,025	2,913	2,798
15.	Average annual rate of change 1991 to 1994p(g)	%	1.3	-0.2	1.1	-4.2	1.3	6.5	-0.5
VITAL STATISTICS									
16.	Births, 1993	No.	32	69	41	34	30	30	38
17.	Males	No.	12	44	19	14	13	19	17
18.	Females	No.	20	25	22	20	17	11	21
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	9	37	17	15	15	5	12
20.	Males	No.	6	17	10	10	8	4	10
21.	Females	No.	3	20	7	5	7	1	2
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	—	—	2	—	—	—	—
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	23	32	24	19	15	25	26
LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)									
24.	Labour force	No.	1,600	3,236	2,276	1,854	1,690	1,736	1,793
25.	Unemployment rate	%	12.4	4.4	5.3	4.9	4.6	4.6	10.8
BUILDING, 1994									
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	13	47	30	33	25	13	13
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	1	—	—	21	—	2	3
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	477	1,734	1,417	12,571	1,041	952	505
ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)									
29.	Persons killed	No.	—	—	—	1	—	—	—
30.	Persons injured	No.	3	1	—	2	1	—	—
PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(l)									
31.	Centres	No.	1	2	1	1	1	—	1
32.	Enrolments	No.	41	59	69	48	37	—	21
SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)									
Schools									
33.	Government	No.	1	1	1	2	1	—	1
34.	Non-government	No.	—	1	—	1	—	—	—
Government students									
35.	Primary school	No.	187	300	406	411	324	—	109
36.	High school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	69	—	—	—
Non-government students									
39.	Primary school	No.	—	204	—	325	—	—	—
40.	High school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)									
43.	Government	No.	242	547	429	338	385	265	254
44.	Non-government	No.	108	322	246	218	157	293	86

TABLE 4. WODEN VALLEY SUBDIVISION—*continued*

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Mawson	O'Malley	Pearce	Philip	Torrens	Total Woden Valley	Proportion of Territory (%)
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	2.07	2.56	1.88	2.44	1.34	28.81	1.21
CENSUS COUNT(d)									
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	2,901	535	2,510	1,066	2,398	32,611	11.7
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	1,290	140	1,062	609	923	13,146	13.3
4.	Median household income range	\$	35,001– 40,000	60,001– 70,000	40,001– 50,000	40,001– 50,000	40,001– 50,000	..	..
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION									
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	2,902	680	2,648	1,341	2,457	33,790	11.3
6.	Males	No.	1,456	344	1,322	653	1,263	16,945	11.3
7.	Females	No.	1,446	336	1,326	688	1,194	16,845	11.3
8.	Age distribution: 0–4 years	No.	149	45	120	66	144	1,948	8.6
9.	5–14 years	No.	322	135	254	64	302	3,901	8.8
10.	15–19 years	No.	200	64	177	76	206	2,375	9.2
11.	20–54 years	No.	1,553	346	1,392	1,000	1,314	18,672	11.2
12.	55–64 years	No.	343	52	366	74	278	3,615	19.3
13.	65 years or more	No.	335	38	339	61	213	3,279	16.5
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	2,832	754	2,589	1,461	2,391	33,352	11.1
15.	Average annual rate of change 1991 to 1994p(g)	%	-0.8	12.1	1.1	11.2	—	0.8	..
VITAL STATISTICS									
16.	Births, 1993	No.	25	6	19	12	33	369	8.4
17.	Males	No.	17	4	12	6	14	191	8.5
18.	Females	No.	8	2	7	6	19	178	8.2
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	13	1	17	6	10	157	14.2
20.	Males	No.	6	—	10	5	5	91	14.5
21.	Females	No.	7	1	7	1	5	66	13.9
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	—	—	—	—	—	2	10.5
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	12	5	2	6	23	212	6.4
LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)									
24.	Labour force	No.	1,691	371	1,602	1,064	1,459	20,372	12.2
25.	Unemployment rate	%	5.6	3.0	5.1	6.9	5.3	6.1	..
BUILDING, 1994									
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	18	9	8	23	20	252	6.5
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	2	5	—	297	—	331	9.0
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	1,376	2,782	318	75,935	905	100,013	13.2
ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)									
29.	Persons killed	No.	—	—	—	1	—	2	16.7
30.	Persons injured	No.	1	1	—	4	—	13	8.3
PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(l)									
31.	Centres	No.	1	—	1	—	1	10	12.5
32.	Enrolments	No.	42	—	25	—	24	366	8.5
SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)									
Schools									
33.	Government	No.	1	—	1	1	1	11	11.1
34.	Non-government	No.	1	—	2	—	—	5	11.9
Government students									
35.	Primary school	No.	235	—	—	—	372	2,344	10.6
36.	High school	No.	—	—	737	—	—	737	6.6
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	720	—	720	10.5
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	69	16.6
Non-government students									
39.	Primary school	No.	52	—	725	—	—	1,306	12.6
40.	High school	No.	—	—	840	—	—	840	10.4
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	316	—	—	316	11.9
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)									
43.	Government	No.	275	90	185	56	253	3,319	8.5
44.	Non-government	No.	141	115	184	25	143	2,038	10.4

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WESTON CREEK STATISTICAL SUBDIVISION

- In percentage terms, Weston Creek experienced the highest fall in population size (1.6%) of all ACT subdivisions. All suburbs in Weston Creek recorded a negative population growth.
- In December 1994, the unemployment rate for Weston Creek was the lowest recorded for all ACT subdivisions, at 4.7 per cent. This represented a fall of 0.3 percentage points from December the previous year. Stirling recorded the highest unemployment rate for this subdivision, at 5.2 per cent.
- During 1994, there were 139 buildings approved in the Weston Creek SSD. These building approvals were valued at \$12.0 million.
- In February 1995, student enrolments had decreased 3.5 per cent from February the previous year. The largest decrease was recorded for government schools, down 3.7 per cent, of which secondary colleges contributed the most, down 18.7 per cent.

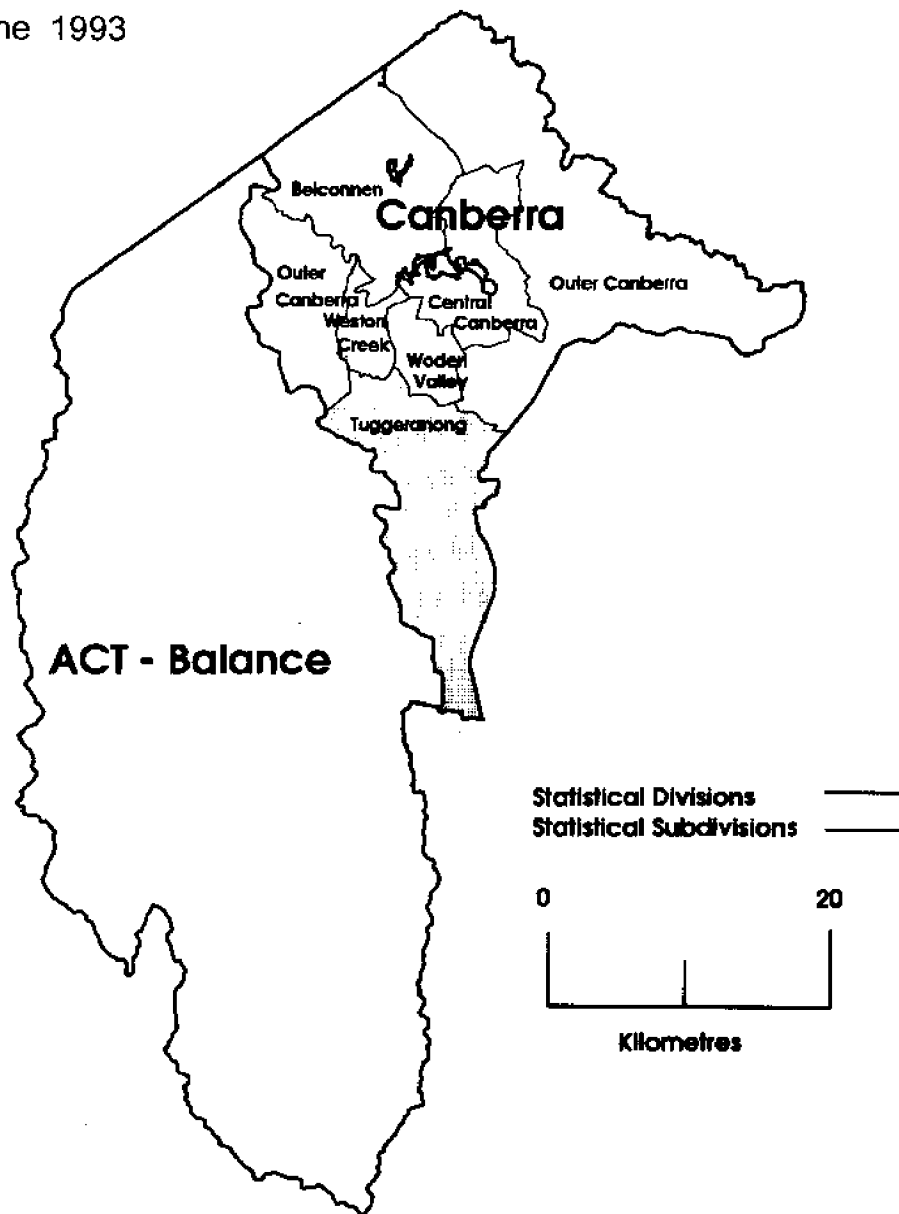
TABLE 5. WESTON CREEK SUBDIVISION

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Chapman	Duffy	Fisher	Holder	Rivett	Stirling
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	1.89	2.82	1.56	1.91	1.62	1.33
CENSUS COUNT(d)								
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	3,135	3,549	3,286	3,078	3,729	2,331
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	992	1,238	1,181	1,105	1,309	734
4.	Median household income range	\$	60,001- 70,000	40,001- 50,000	40,001- 50,000	40,001- 50,000	40,001- 50,000	50,001- 60,000
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION								
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	3,271	3,623	3,466	3,111	3,746	2,387
6.	Males	No.	1,660	1,822	1,758	1,565	1,915	1,199
7.	Females	No.	1,611	1,801	1,708	1,546	1,831	1,188
8.	Age distribution: 0-4 years	No.	102	239	176	173	229	139
9.	5-14 years	No.	505	480	363	402	516	417
10.	15-19 years	No.	345	381	352	322	341	284
11.	20-54 years	No.	1,785	2,068	2,104	1,751	2,163	1,320
12.	55-64 years	No.	317	276	310	247	282	122
13.	65 years or more	No.	217	179	161	216	215	105
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	3,218	3,596	3,421	3,051	3,676	2,371
15.	Average annual rate of change 1991 to 1994p(g)	%	0.9	0.5	1.4	-0.3	-0.4	0.6
VITAL STATISTICS								
16.	Births, 1993	No.	15	52	25	38	57	21
17.	Males	No.	9	27	13	18	26	10
18.	Females	No.	6	25	12	20	31	11
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	14	13	11	8	14	6
20.	Males	No.	11	9	6	5	8	4
21.	Females	No.	3	4	5	3	6	2
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	1	39	14	30	43	15
LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)								
24.	Labour force	No.	1,870	2,192	2,162	1,900	2,241	1,291
25.	Unemployment rate	%	4.8	4.7	4.3	4.6	4.8	5.2
BUILDING, 1994								
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	15	15	22	21	14	9
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	—	2	34	21	—	—
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	544	791	3,141	2,277	491	267
ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)								
29.	Persons killed	No.	—	—	—	—	—	1
30.	Persons injured	No.	—	2	1	—	—	—
PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(l)								
31.	Centres	No.	1	1	—	—	1	—
32.	Enrolments	No.	43	46	—	—	57	—
SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)								
Schools								
33.	Government	No.	1	1	—	—	1	1
34.	Non-government	No.	—	—	—	1	—	—
Government students								
35.	Primary school	No.	358	251	—	—	165	—
36.	High school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	396
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non government students								
39.	Primary school	No.	—	—	—	200	—	—
40.	High school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)								
43.	Government	No.	415	433	391	302	493	355
44.	Non-government	No.	360	225	205	231	187	243

TABLE 5. WESTON CREEK SUBDIVISION—continued

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Waramanga	Weston	Weston Creek SSD Balance	Total Weston Creek	Proportion of Territory (%)
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	1.72	2.94	8.05	23.84	1.00
CENSUS COUNT(d)							
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	2,926	3,648	34	25,716	9.2
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	1,131	1,364	14	9,068	9.2
4.	Median household income range	\$	40,001— 50,000	40,001— 50,000	16,001— 20,000	..	..
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION							
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	2,927	3,703	36	26,270	8.8
6.	Males	No.	1,468	1,820	19	13,226	8.8
7.	Females	No.	1,459	1,883	17	13,044	8.8
8.	Age distribution: 0–4 years	No.	174	209	5	1,446	6.4
9.	5–14 years	No.	324	436	3	3,446	7.7
10.	15–19 years	No.	247	349	3	2,624	10.2
11.	20–54 years	No.	1,655	2,080	23	14,949	9.0
12.	55–64 years	No.	234	289	1	2,078	11.1
13.	65 years or more	No.	293	340	1	1,727	8.7
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	2,838	3,637	36	25,844	8.6
15.	Average annual rate of change 1991 to 1994p(g)	%	–1.0	–0.1	2.0	0.2	..
VITAL STATISTICS							
16.	Births, 1993	No.	42	50	—	300	6.8
17.	Males	No.	23	25	—	151	6.8
18.	Females	No.	19	25	—	149	6.9
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	11	38	—	115	10.4
20.	Males	No.	9	14	—	66	10.5
21.	Females	No.	2	24	—	49	10.3
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	—	—	—	—	—
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	31	12	—	185	5.6
LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)							
24.	Labour force	No.	1,720	2,249	—	15,625	9.4
25.	Unemployment rate	%	4.9	4.7	—	4.7	..
BUILDING, 1994							
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	17	26	—	139	3.6
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	—	10	—	67	1.8
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	470	4,061	—	12,042	1.6
ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)							
29.	Persons killed	No.	—	—	—	1	8.3
30.	Persons injured	No.	—	2	—	5	3.2
PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(l)							
31.	Centres	No.	1	1	—	5	6.3
32.	Enrolments	No.	68	49	—	263	6.1
SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)							
Schools							
33.	Government	No.	2	1	—	7	7.1
34.	Non-government	No.	1	2	—	4	9.5
Government students							
35.	Primary school	No.	444	243	—	1,461	6.6
36.	High school	No.	939	—	—	939	8.5
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	396	5.8
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—
Non-government students							
39.	Primary school	No.	341	218	—	759	7.3
40.	High school	No.	—	97	—	97	1.2
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—
Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)							
43.	Government	No.	339	414	—	3,142	8.0
44.	Non-government	No.	145	192	—	1,788	9.2

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TUGGERANONG STATISTICAL SUBDIVISION

- In 1994, Tuggeranong SSD population increased 2.9 per cent, from 84,500 to 86,956. Significant increases were recorded in Banks (48.8%), Conder (29.8%) and Gordon (29.1%).
- Tuggeranong SSD continued to have the highest proportion of 0-4 year olds (40.8%). Kambah, Calwell and Chisholm had the highest proportions, 14.4 per cent, 9.6 per cent and 9.4 per cent, respectively.
- Tuggeranong had the highest percentage of building approvals at 28.8%. The majority of building approvals granted to the Tuggeranong SSD were for the suburbs, Conder (18.2%), Kambah (15.0%) and Gordon (12.5%). Total value of building approvals was \$136.5 million.
- The highest proportion of students attending government and non-government schools lived in the Tuggeranong SSD, 34.6 per cent and 35.5 per cent, respectively. Of these students, most lived in Kambah (22.4%), followed by Wanniasa (12.2%), and Monash and Chisholm (both at 7.4%).

TABLE 6. TUGGERANONG SUBDIVISION

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Banks	Bonython	Calwell	Chisholm	Conder	Fadden	Gilmore
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	2.24	2.96	3.84	3.05	2.10	3.03	2.08
CENSUS COUNT(d)									
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	(e)	2,317	5,349	6,071	(e)	3,317	3,158
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	(e)	866	1,854	1,882	(e)	942	947
4.	Median household income range	\$	(e)	40,001– 50,000	40,001– 50,000	40,001– 50,000	(e)	50,001– 60,000	40,001– 50,000
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION									
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	1,761	2,922	5,879	6,410	1,476	3,715	3,355
6.	Males	No.	880	1,476	2,954	3,197	835	1,878	1,674
7.	Females	No.	881	1,446	2,925	3,213	641	1,837	1,681
8.	Age distribution: 0–4 years	No.	261	383	886	868	218	291	491
9.	5–14 years	No.	279	474	985	1,407	206	813	725
10.	15–19 years	No.	60	154	237	380	51	335	211
11.	20–54 years	No.	1,151	1,791	3,546	3,478	968	2,013	1,814
12.	55–65 years	No.	3	66	152	152	26	131	57
13.	65 years or more	No.	7	54	73	125	7	132	57
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	2,621	2,938	5,890	6,400	1,916	3,795	3,365
15.	Average annual rate of change, 1991 to 1994p(g)	%	132.8	8.6	3.3	1.8	45.1	4.7	2.2
VITAL STATISTICS									
16.	Births, 1993	No.	80	86	175	135	73	50	87
17.	Males	No.	36	40	95	58	37	21	51
18.	Females	No.	44	46	80	77	36	29	36
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	1	2	5	13	2	5	3
20.	Males	No.	1	1	4	11	2	3	2
21.	Females	No.	—	1	1	2	—	2	1
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	—	1	—	1	1	—	—
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	79	84	170	122	71	45	84
LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)									
24.	Labour force	No.	n.a.	1,823	3,652	3,395	n.a.	1,986	1,693
25.	Unemployment rate	%	n.a.	5.0	5.8	7.0	n.a.	3.4	7.3
BUILDING, 1994									
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	90	96	51	39	201	34	26
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	101	234	14	7	223	5	5
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	20,940	22,625	3,870	1,649	24,787	2,144	1,385
ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)									
29.	Persons killed	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30.	Persons injured	No.	—	1	—	—	—	—	1
PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(l)									
31.	Centres	No.	—	1	1	1	1	1	1
32.	Enrolments	No.	—	92	144	89	132	68	140
SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)									
Schools									
33.	Government	No.	—	1	2	2	1	1	1
34.	Non-government	No.	—	—	1	—	1	—	—
Government students									
35.	Primary school	No.	—	342	467	482	439	558	622
36.	High school	No.	—	—	870	754	—	—	—
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-government students									
39.	Primary school	No.	—	—	358	—	557	—	—
40.	High school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)									
43.	Government	No.	269	404	828	1,033	242	600	620
44.	Non-government	No.	83	145	416	471	90	475	236

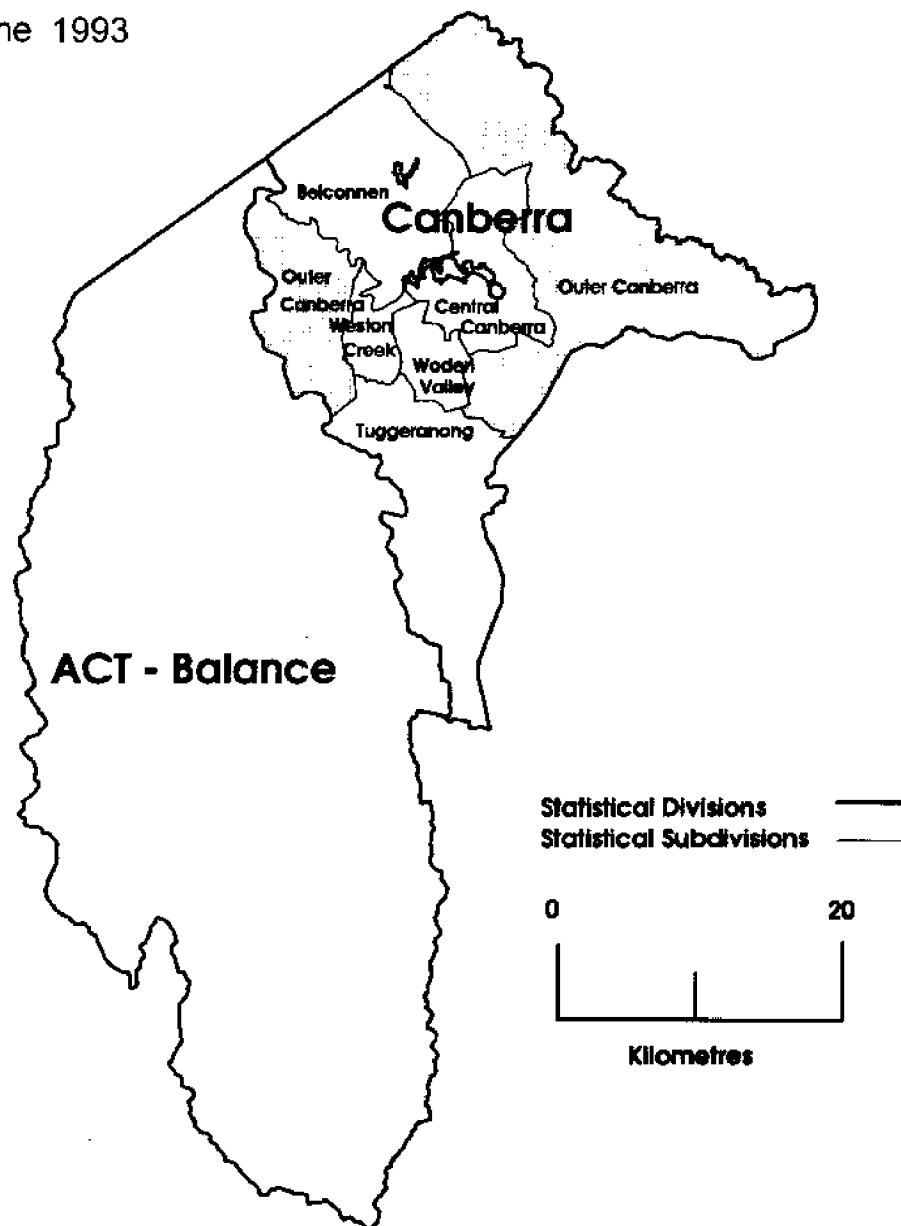
TABLE 6. TUGGERANONG SUBDIVISION *continued*

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Gordon	Gowrie	Greenway	Isabella Plains	Kambah	Macarthur	Monash
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	4.57	1.94	5.28	2.50	11.00	1.27	3.42
CENSUS COUNT(d)									
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	713	3,789	401	4,283	17,590	1,453	4,009
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	260	1,109	190	1,443	5,626	422	1,235
4.	Median household income range	\$	50,001-60,000	50,001-60,000	40,001-50,000	40,001-50,000	40,001-50,000	50,001-60,000	40,001-50,000
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION									
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	3,823	3,900	771	4,669	18,451	1,757	5,610
6.	Males	No.	1,922	2,005	420	2,336	9,271	890	2,859
7.	Females	No.	1,901	1,895	351	2,333	9,180	867	2,751
8.	Age distribution: 0-4 years	No.	620	356	74	687	1,339	207	555
9.	5-14 years	No.	584	877	112	791	3,388	409	1,260
10.	15-19 years	No.	135	272	41	212	1,923	138	424
11.	20-54 years	No.	2,412	2,179	510	2,767	10,482	934	3,150
12.	55-64 years	No.	54	121	24	131	755	41	98
13.	65 years or more	No.	18	95	10	81	564	28	123
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	4,936	3,853	870	4,731	18,363	1,716	5,747
15.	Average annual rate of change 1991 to 1994p(g)	%	101.5	0.6	30.9	3.4	1.5	6.0	13.5
VITAL STATISTICS									
16.	Births, 1993	No.	128	52	12	129	251	39	113
17.	Males	No.	63	28	7	63	124	23	63
18.	Females	No.	65	24	5	66	127	16	50
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	7	9	2	5	34	3	9
20.	Males	No.	4	8	1	3	24	3	4
21.	Females	No.	3	1	1	2	10	—	5
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	—	1	—	1	4	2	—
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	121	43	10	124	217	36	104
LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)									
24.	Labour force	No.	2,487	2,051	644	2,635	10,176	875	2,910
25.	Unemployment rate	%	5.7	3.8	8.7	6.4	6.4	3.4	2.8
BUILDING, 1994									
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	138	30	11	30	166	12	43
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	240	—	9	—	56	1	37
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	24,462	1,171	7,542	1,086	13,530	963	5,052
ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)									
29.	Persons killed	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30.	Persons injured	No.	—	3	4	1	2	—	—
PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(l)									
31.	Centres	No.	1	1	—	1	4	1	1
32.	Enrolments	No.	127	88	—	119	240	47	114
SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)									
Schools									
33.	Government	No.	1	1	1	1	5	—	1
34.	Non-government	No.	—	1	—	1	1	—	—
Government students									
35.	Primary school	No.	468	403	—	469	1,226	—	503
36.	High school	No.	—	—	—	—	717	—	—
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	893	—	—	—	—
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non-government students									
39.	Primary school	No.	—	821	—	—	540	—	—
40.	High school	No.	—	—	—	478	—	—	—
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	172	—	—	—
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)									
43.	Government	No.	661	669	92	695	2,979	279	886
44.	Non-government	No.	316	432	38	214	1,587	189	620

TABLE 6. TUGGERANONG SUBDIVISION—*continued*

Item No.	Particulars	Unit					Tuggeranong	Total	Proportion
			Oxley	Richardson	Theodore	Wanniassa	Balance Tuggeranong	of Tuggeranong	of Territory
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	1.08	2.26	3.09	5.44	103.64	167.08	7.02
	CENSUS COUNT(d)								(%)
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	2,123	3,509	3,653	9,745	109	71,589	25.6
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	647	1,084	1,231	3,002	57	22,797	23.1
4.	Median household income range	\$	40,001 50,000	40,001— 50,000	40,001— 50,000	40,001— 50,000	40,001— 50,000	..	..
	ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION								
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	2,198	3,792	4,123	9,765	123	84,500	28.3
6.	Males	No.	1,048	1,919	2,075	4,819	68	42,526	28.4
7.	Females	No.	1,150	1,873	2,048	4,946	55	41,974	28.3
8.	Age distribution: 0-4 years	No.	262	450	660	635	25	9,268	40.8
9.	5-14 years	No.	473	872	758	2,071	7	16,491	37.0
10.	15-19 years	No.	191	268	179	1,019	3	6,233	24.3
11.	20-54 years	No.	1,162	2,041	2,406	5,271	78	48,153	28.9
12.	55-64 years	No.	54	79	85	381	4	2,414	12.9
13.	65 years or more	No.	56	82	35	388	6	1,941	9.8
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	2,169	3,796	4,087	9,640	123	86,956	28.9
	Average annual rate of change 1991 to 1994p(g)	%	0.7	2.7	3.9	-0.3	-32.9	6.8	..
	VITAL STATISTICS								
16.	Births, 1993	No.	42	69	154	106	—	1,781	40.4
17.	Males	No.	24	41	80	50	—	904	40.5
18.	Females	No.	18	28	74	56	—	877	40.3
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	3	3	6	20	—	132	11.9
20.	Males	No.	3	—	3	8	—	85	13.5
21.	Females	No.	—	3	3	12	—	47	9.9
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	—	—	—	—	—	11	57.9
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	39	66	148	86	—	1,649	49.9
	LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)								
24.	Labour force	No.	1,202	1,834	2,456	5,179	—	44,998	27.1
25.	Unemployment rate	%	5.4	7.5	5.9	5.7	—	5.8	..
	BUILDING, 1994								
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	10	23	33	64	—	1,107	28.8
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	—	2	—	—	—	934	25.4
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	300	850	887	3,258	—	136,501	18.0
	ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1994(k)								
29.	Persons killed	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
30.	Persons injured	No.	—	3	1	1	—	17	10.8
	PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(l)								
31.	Centres	No.	—	1	1	2	—	19	23.8
32.	Enrolments	No.	—	79	92	175	—	1,746	40.8
	SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)								
	Schools								
33.	Government	No.	—	1	1	4	—	24	24.2
34.	Non-government	No.	—	—	—	3	—	8	19.0
	Government students								
35.	Primary school	No.	—	348	338	861	—	7,526	34.1
36.	High school	No.	—	—	—	719	—	3,060	27.5
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	853	—	1,746	25.4
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Non-government students								
39.	Primary school	No.	—	—	—	995	—	3,271	31.5
40.	High school	No.	—	—	—	894	—	1,372	17.1
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	172	6.5
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)								
43.	Government	No.	333	675	613	1,620	1	13,499	34.6
44.	Non-government	No.	192	271	270	879	4	6,928	35.5

Statistical Divisions and Subdivisions
Australian Capital Territory
as at 30 June 1993



OUTER CANBERRA STATISTICAL SUBDIVISION

- In 1994, the population of Outer Canberra showed the strongest growth from 4,806 to 7,310 (52.1%). The increase can be attributed to an increase in the population of Palmerston (58.0%) and the establishment of the two new suburbs of Ngunnawal and Nicholls, which had populations of 815 and 251, respectively.
- Outer Canberra SSD recorded the highest fall in the unemployment rate (2.7 percentage points) in December quarter 1994 from December quarter 1993. Symonston reported the highest unemployment rate of 12.7 per cent in the Outer Canberra SSD.
- Balance of Gungahlin (520) had the highest proportion of dwelling units created in the Outer Canberra SSD. It contributed 43.6 per cent of the overall activity of dwelling units created in this subdivision. Activity also commenced in the new suburbs of Ngunnawal and Nicholls, with 438 and 147 new dwelling units created, respectively.
- The number of students living in the Outer Canberra SSD rose from 616 in 1993 to 1,124 in 1994; an increase of 82.5 per cent. Of these, 60.1 per cent lived in Palmerston.

TABLE 7. OUTER CANBERRA SUBDIVISION

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Balance of Gungahlin	Hall	Harman	Hume	Jerrabomberra
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	83.73	1.86	0.91	7.93	17.56
CENSUS COUNT(d)							
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	77	306	359	12	30
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	33	101	75	4	13
4.	Median household income range	\$	40,001— 50,000	40,001— 50,000	40,001— 50,000	(e)	50,001— 60,000
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION							
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	61	381	290	13	35
6.	Males	No.	31	197	190	7	17
7.	Females	No.	30	184	100	6	18
8.	Age distribution: 0-4 years	No.	17	33	38	—	5
9.	5-14 years	No.	1	60	28	—	—
10.	15-19 years	No.	9	43	27	1	2
11.	20-54 years	No.	31	208	194	10	20
12.	55-64 years	No.	2	12	3	—	5
13.	65 years or more	No.	1	25	—	2	3
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	61	377	232	13	38
15.	Average annual rate of change 1991 to 1994(g)	%	5.5	7.5	-12.7	2.8	8.4
VITAL STATISTICS							
16.	Births, 1993	No.	72	7	17	—	—
17.	Males	No.	38	5	11	—	—
18.	Females	No.	34	2	6	—	—
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	1	—	—	—	—
20.	Males	No.	1	—	—	—	—
21.	Females	No.	—	—	—	—	—
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	—	—	—	—	—
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	71	7	17	—	—
LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)							
24.	Labour force	No.	—	187	205	(e)	205
25.	Unemployment rate	%	—	4.8	4.4	(e)	4.4
BUILDING, 1994							
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	446	3	—	11	—
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	520	—	—	—	—
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	50,755	137	—	6,137	—
ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)							
29.	Persons killed	No.	—	—	—	—	—
30.	Persons injured	No.	—	—	—	1	—
PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(l)							
31.	Centres	No.	—	1	—	—	—
32.	Enrolments	No.	—	20	—	—	—
SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)							
Schools							
33.	Government	No.	—	1	—	—	—
34.	Non-government	No.	—	—	—	—	—
Government students							
35.	Primary school	No.	—	145	—	—	—
36.	High school	No.	—	—	—	—	—
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—
Non-government students							
39.	Primary school	No.	—	—	—	—	—
40.	High school	No.	—	—	—	—	—
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—
Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)							
43.	Government	No.	6	120	13	7	—
44.	Non-government	No.	2	67	13	1	—

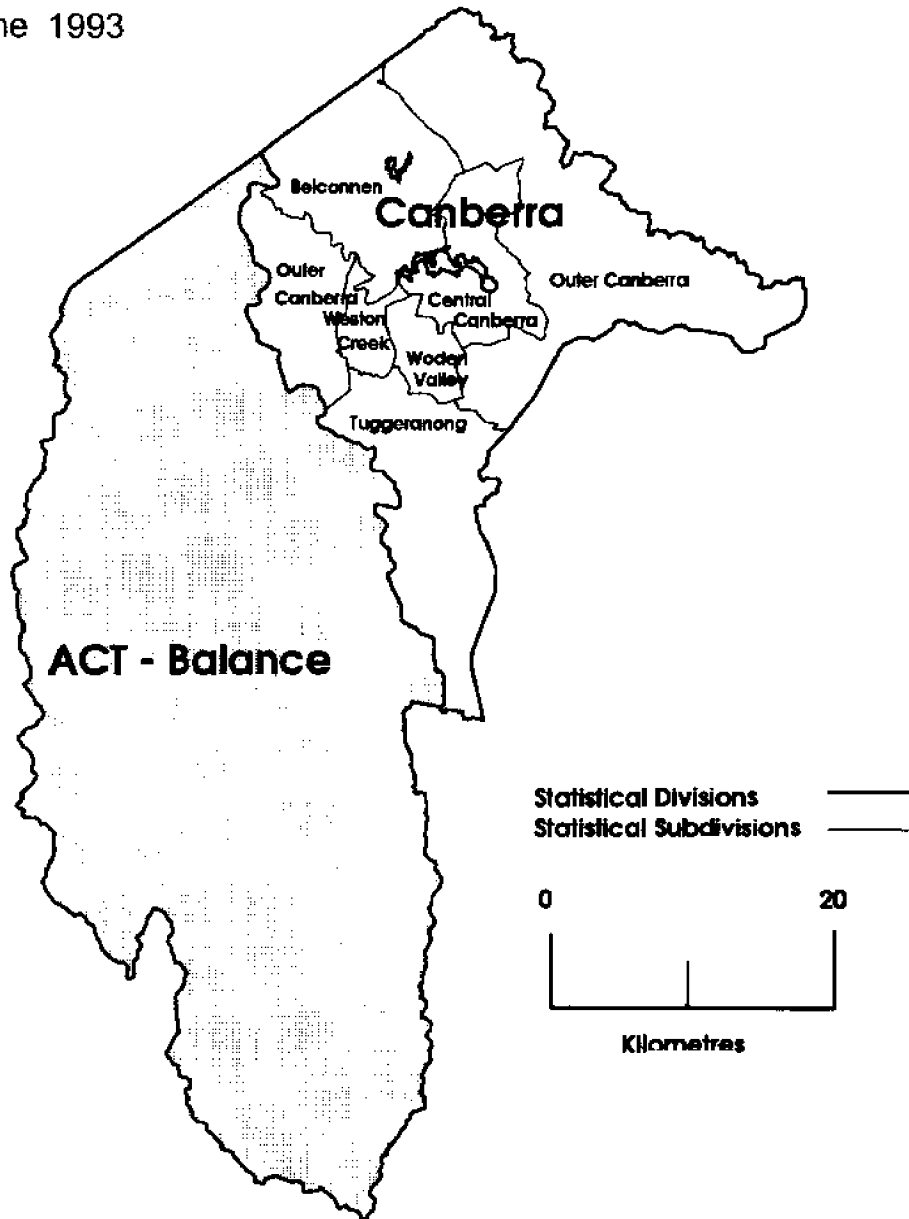
TABLE 7. OUTER CANBERRA SUBDIVISION—continued

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Kowen	Majura	Mitchell	Ngunnawal	Nicholls	Oaks Estate
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	78.04	93.11	3.34	4.10(c)	6.67(c)	0.40
CENSUS COUNT(d)								
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	48	340	6	(e)	(e)	302
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	12	59	3	(e)	(e)	184
4.	Median household income range	\$	40,001– 50,000	50,001– 60,000	30,001– 35,000	(e)	(e)	16,001– 20,000
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION								
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	47	349	5	(e)	(e)	338
6.	Males	No.	24	217	1	(e)	(e)	204
7.	Females	No.	23	132	4	(e)	(e)	134
8.	Age distribution: 0–4 years	No.	8	15	—	(e)	(e)	23
9.	5–14 years	No.	13	19	—	(e)	(e)	35
10.	15–19 years	No.	1	22	—	(e)	(e)	27
11.	20–54 years	No.	24	283	2	(e)	(e)	196
12.	55–64 years	No.	—	4	1	(e)	(e)	28
13.	65 years or more	No.	1	6	2	(e)	(e)	29
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	47	349	5	815	251	341
15.	Average annual rate of change, 1991 to 1994p(g)	%	–0.7	0.9	–5.6	(e)	(e)	30.0
VITAL STATISTICS								
16.	Births, 1993	No.	—	3	—	(e)	(e)	5
17.	Males	No.	—	3	—	(e)	(e)	2
18.	Females	No.	—	—	—	(e)	(e)	3
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	—	—	—	(e)	(e)	1
20.	Males	No.	—	—	—	(e)	(e)	1
21.	Females	No.	—	—	—	(e)	(e)	—
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	—	—	—	(e)	(e)	—
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	—	3	—	(e)	(e)	4
LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)								
24.	Labour force	No.	(e)	295	(e)	(e)	(e)	n.a
25.	Unemployment rate	%	(e)	9.2	(e)	(e)	(e)	n.a
BUILDING, 1994								
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	—	4	9	401	90	1
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	—	—	—	438	147	1
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	—	1,023	3,939	36,132	18,163	83
ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)								
29.	Persons killed	No.	—	—	—	(e)	(e)	—
30.	Persons injured	No.	—	—	1	(e)	(e)	—
PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(l)								
31.	Centres	No.	—	—	—	(e)	(e)	—
32.	Enrolments	No.	—	—	—	(e)	(e)	—
SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)								
Schools								
33.	Government	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
34.	Non-government	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Government students								
35.	Primary school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
36.	High school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non government students								
39.	Primary school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
40.	High school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)								
43.	Government	No.	—	16	3	46	46	10
44.	Non government	No.	2	2	1	27	18	7

TABLE 7. OUTER CANBERRA SUBDIVISION -continued

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Palmerston	Pialligo	Stramlo	Symonston	Total Outer Canberra	Proportion of Territory (%)
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	1.94	2.32	80.33	9.81	392.05	16.48
CENSUS COUNT(d)								
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	(e)	103	233	628	2,444	0.9
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	(e)	36	55	311	886	0.9
4.	Median household income range	\$	(e)	60,001-70,000	25,001-30,000	20,001-25,000	..	..
ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION								
6.	At 30 June 1993	No.	2,589	126	114	458	4,806	1.6
6.	Males	No.	1,361	74	66	262	2,651	1.8
7.	Females	No.	1,228	52	48	196	2,155	1.5
8.	Age distribution: 0-4 years	No.	369	4	10	14	536	2.4
9.	5-14 years	No.	354	12	14	27	563	1.3
10.	15-19 years	No.	64	15	8	40	259	1.0
11.	20-54 years	No.	1,784	70	67	287	3,176	1.9
12.	55-64 years	No.	1	12	9	63	140	0.7
13.	65 years or more	No.	17	13	6	27	132	0.7
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	4,090	128	105	458	7,310	2.4
15.	Average annual rate of change, 1991 to 1994p(g)	%	1,057.8	8.0	-19.7	9.1	49.7	..
VITAL STATISTICS								
16.	Births, 1993	No.	(h)	2	1	2	109	2.5
17.	Males	No.	(h)	—	—	—	59	2.6
18.	Females	No.	(h)	2	1	2	50	2.3
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	(h)	—	—	—	2	0.2
20.	Males	No.	(h)	—	—	—	2	0.3
21.	Females	No.	(h)	—	—	—	—	—
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	(h)	—	—	—	—	—
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	(h)	2	1	2	107	3.2
LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)								
24.	Labour force	No.	(e)	83	115	395	1,402	0.8
25.	Unemployment rate	%	(e)	9.6	6.1	12.7	8.5	..
BUILDING, 1994								
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	87	3	3	3	859	22.6
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	84	1	1	—	1,192	25.3
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	11,889	520	1,420	261	130,459	17.2
ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)								
29.	Persons killed	No.	1	—	—	—	1	8.3
30.	Persons injured	No.	2	—	—	1	5	3.2
PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1994(l)								
31.	Centres	No.	1	—	—	—	2	2.5
32.	Enrolments	No.	98	—	—	—	118	2.8
SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)								
Schools								
33.	Government	No.	1	—	—	—	2	2.0
34.	Non-government	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Government students								
35.	Primary school	No.	342	—	—	—	487	2.2
36.	High school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Non government students								
39.	Primary school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
40.	High school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	—	—	—
Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)								
43.	Government	No.	425	17	8	5	722	1.8
44.	Non-government	No.	251	9	—	2	402	2.1

Statistical Divisions and Subdivisions
 Australian Capital Territory
 as at 30 June 1993



ACT BALANCE STATISTICAL SUBDIVISION

- ACT Balance reported the highest rate of unemployment of all ACT subdivisions with 12.7 per cent in the December quarter 1994. This was an increase of 7.2 percentage points from the corresponding period of the previous year.
- The number of primary school students attending government schools in the ACT Balance subdivision dropped by 17.6 per cent in 1995 from the previous year. ACT Balance continues to account for 0.2 per cent of all primary school students attending government schools in the ACT.

TABLE 8. ACT BALANCE SUBDIVISION

Item No.	Particulars	Unit	Remainder of ACT	Total ACT Balance	Proportion of Territory	Total Australian Capital Territory
1.	AREA at 30 June 1991(a)	sq km	1556.36	1556.36	65.74	2378.74
	CENSUS COUNT(d)				(%)	
2.	At 6 August 1991, census night	No.	418	418	0.1	279,322
3.	Dwellings, 1991 Census(f)	No.	128	128	0.1	98,530
4.	Median household income range	\$	30,001 35,000	30,001— 35,000	..	..
	ESTIMATED RESIDENT POPULATION					
5.	At 30 June 1993	No.	391	391	0.1	298,166
6.	Males	No.	220	220	0.1	149,685
7.	Females	No.	171	171	0.1	148,481
8.	Age distribution: 0-4 years	No.	33	33	0.1	22,701
9.	5-14 years	No.	66	66	0.1	44,516
10.	15-19 years	No.	26	26	0.1	25,687
11.	20-54 years	No.	210	210	0.1	166,720
12.	55-64 years	No.	32	32	0.2	18,714
13.	65 years or more	No.	24	24	0.1	19,828
14.	At 30 June 1994p	No.	391	391	0.1	300,912
15.	Average annual rate of change, 1991 to 1994p(g)	%	-2.2	-2.2	..	2.5
	VITAL STATISTICS					
16.	Births, 1993	No.	7	7	0.2	4,409
17.	Males	No.	3	3	0.1	2,234
18.	Females	No.	4	4	0.2	2,175
19.	Deaths, 1993	No.	2	2	0.2	1,105
20.	Males	No.	—	—	—	629
21.	Females	No.	2	2	0.4	476
22.	Infant deaths, 1993	No.	—	—	—	19
23.	Natural increase, 1993(i)	No.	5	5	0.2	3,304
	LABOUR MARKET, DECEMBER QUARTER, 1994(j)					
24.	Labour force	No.	395	395	0.2	166,318
25.	Unemployment rate	%	12.7	12.7	..	7.0
	BUILDING, 1994					
26.	Number of building approvals	No.	3	3	0.1	3,849
27.	Dwelling units created	No.	—	—	—	3,670
28.	Value of building approvals	\$'000	328	328	—	758,136
	ROAD TRAFFIC ACCIDENTS, 1993(k)					
29.	Persons killed	No.	2	2	16.7	12
30.	Persons injured	No.	12	12	7.6	157
	PRE-SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(l)					
31.	Centres	No.	2	2	2.5	80
32.	Enrolments	No.	21	21	0.5	4,282
	SCHOOLS, FEBRUARY 1995(m)					
	Schools					
33.	Government	No.	2	2	2.0	99
34.	Non-government	No.	—	—	—	42
	Government students					
35.	Primary school	No.	42	42	0.2	22,067
36.	High school	No.	—	—	—	11,108
37.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	6,878
38.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	415
	Non-government students					
39.	Primary school	No.	—	—	—	10,383
40.	High school	No.	—	—	—	8,145
41.	Secondary college	No.	—	—	—	2,665
42.	Special school	No.	—	—	—	5
	Home suburbs count, JULY 1994(n)					
43.	Government	No.	62	62	0.2	39,060
44.	Non-government	No.	20	20	0.1	19,503

FOOTNOTES

- (a) Source: 1991 Census of Population and Housing
- (b) Excludes rural areas.
- (c) Area as at 30 June 1994.
- (d) These figures are final data from the 1991 Census.
- (e) Not calculated due to new suburb or small size of initial population.
- (f) Includes occupied private dwellings, unoccupied private dwellings and occupied non-private dwellings (hotels, hospitals, etc).
- (g) Average annual rate of change is calculated using annual percentage changes from 1991 to 1994 inclusive. Caution should be used in the interpretation of these figures.
- (h) Separate figures for Palmerston unavailable. Balance of Gungahlin includes Palmerston.
- (i) Excess of births over deaths.
- (j) Source: Department of Employment, Education and Training. Care should be exercised in the interpretation of these figures, especially those SLAs which have labour forces less than 2,000 persons.
- (k) Source: Department of Urban Services.
- (l) Source: February 1995 ACT Public Preschool Census, ACT Department of Education and Training.
- (m) Source: Data File on ACT School Systems, February Update 1995, ACT Department of Education and Training. Figures for ACT Balance include Fairbairn and students not elsewhere classified.
- (n) See Explanatory notes, paragraph 49.

To avoid confusion, the letter 'p' has been excluded from the list of footnotes as it is used by the ABS to denote 'preliminary' figures.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

DEFINITION OF TERMS USED

Estimated Resident Population is the official population estimates series compiled according to the place of usual residence of the population.

2. The estimates of total persons in each statistical local area at 30 June 1993 are derived from estimates of the number of occupied dwellings and their occupancy ratios. For each suburb the number of occupied private dwellings is estimated by using domestic electricity connections and enumerations of the number of occupied dwellings supplied by A.C.T Administration. Historical housing occupancy trends derived from census counts are used to estimate occupancy rates for dwellings. These are applied to the number of occupied private dwellings to give an estimated population for each suburb. Births and student numbers are also used as indicators of population size.

3. **ABS Business Register.** This information has been extracted from the ABS Business Register. The prime purpose of the Register is to provide a comprehensive source of business names and addresses from which selections can be made for inclusion in ABS economic censuses and surveys. The businesses on the Register are classified according to their industry and employment size. It is therefore possible to use the Register to derive statistical information.

4. The term *business* is used in a wide sense to include companies, sole proprietorships, partnerships, professional services, community services, government agencies and departments, religious bodies, etc. However, the ABS Business Register only includes those businesses that employ **wage and salary earners** and so businesses operated **entirely** by sole proprietors, partners and unpaid family members are excluded from this data.

5. In the case of businesses involved in agriculture, however, the ABS Business Register includes all those that have agricultural operations with an estimated value in excess of \$5,000 regardless of whether they employ wage and salary earners.

6. The term *Legal Organisation* defines the business' legal structure, i.e. sole proprietor, partnership or government authority.

7. The information most readily available from the ABS Business Register is counts of business units (either management units or locations) classified by industry, geographic area and employment size although counts can be classified by other data items as well. Unlike most other ABS data sources, the ABS Business Register does not produce a regular publication showing information at a detailed level. However, *Profiles of Australian Business, 1992* (Catalogue no. 1322.0) shows the type of information that can be produced, at a broad level, from the Register.

8. If you would like to use ABS Business Register data, please contact Information Services in any ABS Office,

or, alternatively, phone the ABS Business Register Section directly on (06) 252 5911.

9. **Tourist accommodation establishments** include establishments provide predominantly short-term accommodation (i.e. for periods of less than two months) to the general public, including:

- (a) *Hotels, motels and guest houses, with facilities* being establishments which provide a bath (or shower) and toilet in most guest rooms and have breakfast available for guests.
- (b) *Holiday flats and units* which are self-contained in terms of cooking, bath (or shower) and toilet facilities and do not have breakfast available for their guests; and
- (c) *Caravan parks* (short-term and long-term) available to the general public which have powered sites for caravans and toilet, shower and laundry facilities for guests.

10. The number of establishments and their capacity in the 1994 calendar year relate to establishments which operated at any time during this period or which were temporarily closed for seasonal reasons. The room and bed occupancy rates and takings from accommodation relate to establishments which operated at any time during 1994.

11. Hotels, motels and guest houses and caravan parks within the scope of the survey which operated for any part of the survey period, or which closed temporarily for seasonal reasons were counted in the *number of establishments*.

12. For holiday flats and units, the number of owners, managers or real estate agents within the scope of the survey who operated for any part of the survey period were included in the *number of letting entities*.

13. Capacity in terms of *Guest rooms, Bed spaces, Holiday units or Caravan park sites, etc* is the maximum number available to accommodate paying guests during the survey period. Capacity closed temporarily for seasonal reasons is included.

14. *Bed spaces.* Three-quarter beds are counted as one bed space; double beds as two bed spaces. Cots are excluded.

15. Occupancy rates represent occupancy expressed as a percentage of total capacity available during the survey period. - e.g

$$\text{Room occupancy rate (\%)} \text{ for the period} = \frac{\text{Room nights occupied}}{(\text{Guest rooms}) \times (\text{No. days in the period})} \times 100$$

16. *Takings from accommodation* refers to the revenue received from the provision of accommodation. Takings from meals are excluded.
17. **Statistical areas of the ACT** are classified as follows:
- (a) *Statistical Local Areas (SLAs)* are the smallest types of spatial units in the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) for which data shown in this publication are presented. They correspond in the majority of the cases to the suburbs of Canberra.
 - (b) *Statistical Subdivisions (SSDs)*. These consist of one or more SLAs and form the intermediate size spatial unit for the presentation of regional data.
18. **Census.** This publication contains final data from the 1991 Census of Population and Housing. The counts are on a place-of-enumeration basis, which provides a count of people by their location on census night, 6 August 1991, which may not be where they usually live.
19. The purpose of the census was to count every person who spent census night in Australia. This included people in private dwellings, occupied non-private dwellings, camping out, on vessels in or between Australian ports and on board overnight transport. Diplomatic personnel and their families were excluded from the census, as were diplomatic residences.
20. Adjustments are randomly made to information obtained from the Census to protect the confidentiality of information about individuals. As a result, component cells may not add to their totals. These differences are statistically insignificant and do not impair the usefulness of the data.
21. *Dwellings* are classified as either private or non-private. Private dwellings are either occupied or unoccupied, and are further defined by structure (for example, separate house, townhouse, etc). Non-private dwellings include motels, gaols, welfare institutions, hospitals, retirement villages, boarding schools, etc. The total dwelling count includes private dwellings (occupied or unoccupied) and occupied non-private dwellings.
22. The publication series *Census Counts for Small Areas* (Catalogue no. 2730.1-8) include final 1991 Census data and 1986 Census data for each statistical local area. These data have been adjusted to allow for boundary changes which have taken place between the 1986 and 1991 Censuses.
23. **Vital Statistics.** *Births and Deaths* relate to all registrations of such events which occurred within Australia, irrespective of State of registration, where the usual residence was within the ACT. Births are allocated to a statistical local area of the territory according to the usual residence of the mother, and deaths are allocated according to the usual residence of the deceased (infant deaths are generally assigned to the usual residence of the mother).
24. **Labour Market Estimates.** The information on unemployment rates contained in this publication was produced by the Department of Employment, Education and Training (DEET).
25. The ABS does not publish unemployment data from the monthly labour force surveys for areas below Labour Force Dissemination Region because of high sampling errors at this level of disaggregation. More accurate estimates for small labour markets, namely Local Government Areas (LGAs), or SLAs where appropriate, can be obtained by combining the information on unemployment beneficiaries (UB) from the Department of Social Security (DSS), which are not subject to sampling errors and are available at postcode level, and the labour force estimates at Labour Force Dissemination Region level.
26. DEET has implemented a procedure for deriving small area unemployment estimates, based on the Structure Preserving Estimation (SPREE) methodology. This procedure involves the following steps:
- (a) The DSS data at postcode level are used to derive the number of beneficiaries in each LGA/SLA using postcode conversion weights.
 - (b) As the number of beneficiaries is generally lower than the number of unemployed persons, the SPREE procedure adjusts the UB numbers in each LGA/SLA to ensure that the total at Labour Force Dissemination Region level (by sex, marital status and age) is the same as from the monthly labour force surveys.
27. The reliability of these estimates compared with the census estimates has been found to vary with the size of the population in the LGA/SLA. Given the small size of SLAs in the ACT, these unemployment estimates should be treated with extreme caution. DEET advises that, wherever possible, it is preferable to use the estimates for the aggregated ACT regions, namely Canberra Central, Belconnen, Woden Valley, Weston Creek, Tuggeranong and Outer Canberra.
28. **Building Statistics.** The statistics were compiled on the basis of returns collected from builders and other individuals and organisations engaged in building activity. The survey consists of two components:
- (a) A sample survey of private sector jobs involving new house construction or alterations and additions valued at \$10,000 or more to houses;
 - (b) A complete enumeration of jobs involving construction of new residential buildings other than private sector houses, all alterations and additions to residential buildings (other than private sector houses) with an approval value of

\$10,000 or more, and all non-residential building jobs with an approval value of \$50,000 or more.

29. A *building* is defined as a rigid, fixed and permanent structure which has a roof. Its intended purpose is primarily to house people, plant, machinery, vehicles, goods or livestock. An integral feature of a building's design, to satisfy its intended use, is the provision of regular access by persons.

30. A *dwelling unit* is defined as a self-contained suite of rooms, including cooking and bathing facilities and intended for *long-term* residential use. Units (whether self-contained or not) within buildings offering institutional care, such as hospitals, or temporary accommodation such as motels, hostels and holiday apartments, are not defined as dwelling units. The value of units of this type is included in the appropriate category of non-residential building.

31. **Road traffic Accidents.** Contains statistics of road traffic accidents which were reported to the police or other relevant authority in the ACT which meet the following conditions:

- (a) That the accident resulted in-
 - (i) the death of any person within a period of 30 days of the accident; or
 - (ii) personal injury to the extent that the injured person was admitted to hospital (particulars of injured persons who receive outpatient treatment at a hospital or who are detailed in casualty for observation are excluded).
- (b) That the accident involved one or more road vehicles, which at the time of the accident were in motion, including motor cars, station wagons, utilities, panel vans, motor cycles, trucks, buses, pedal cycles (excluding tricycles normally used on footpaths), and ridden animals.

32. Where the accident occurred on an intersection with a number of suburbs the statistics have been allocated to the lowest alphabetical suburb.

33. The data for government and non-government schools contained in this publication were collected by the ACT Department of Education and Training.

34. A *school* is an establishment whose major activity is the provision of full-time day primary, secondary, college and/or special education.

35. *Government schools* are operated by the Department of Education and the Arts.

36. *Non-Government schools* are operated by non-government organisations that have been certified as 'efficient' by the ACT Minister for Education.

37. Schools have been classified into:

Pre-school:	commences at the age of 4 (as of 1st April) and lasts one year;
Primary school:	consisting of kindergarten to year 6, generally for children aged between 5 and 11;
High school:	consisting of year 7 to year 10, generally for children aged between 12 and 15;
College:	consisting of year 11 to year 12, generally for students aged between 16 and 17; and
Special school:	providing education for children with special needs, for example, schools for the physically or intellectually handicapped, or emotionally disturbed children.

38. A *student* is a person enrolled or registered and active in a course of study at a school. All students, except those in special schools, have been classified by level of schooling (e.g. primary).

39. The *school* statistics by Statistical Local Areas are the location of the schools in the individual suburbs of the ACT.

40. *Home Suburbs Counts* are the number of students residing in each statistical local area who are attending school in the Australian Capital Territory.

RELATED PUBLICATIONS

41. This publication contains a selection of statistical series presented in related ABS publications together with some data supplied by the ACT Government Service.

42. Users may also wish to refer to other ABS products which give data on a small area level. These products are listed in the back of this publication. All current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the *Catalogue of Publications and Products* (1101.0). A *Release Advice* (1105.0) is issued on Tuesdays and Fridays which lists publications to be released in the next few days. These publications are available from any ABS office.

Symbols and other usages

n.a	Not available
n.p.	Not available for separate publication (but included in totals where applicable)
—	Nil or less than half the final digit shown
..	Not applicable
p	Preliminary

43. Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

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The ABS offers a variety of consultancy and information services which, in addition to its many printed and electronic publications and products, provide information and advice on a wide range of statistical needs. The consultancy services operates on a fee for service basis.

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- Australian National Library (Parkes)
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- ACT Legislative Assembly Library (Level 2, Legislative Assembly Building, London Circuit, Canberra City ACT 2601)
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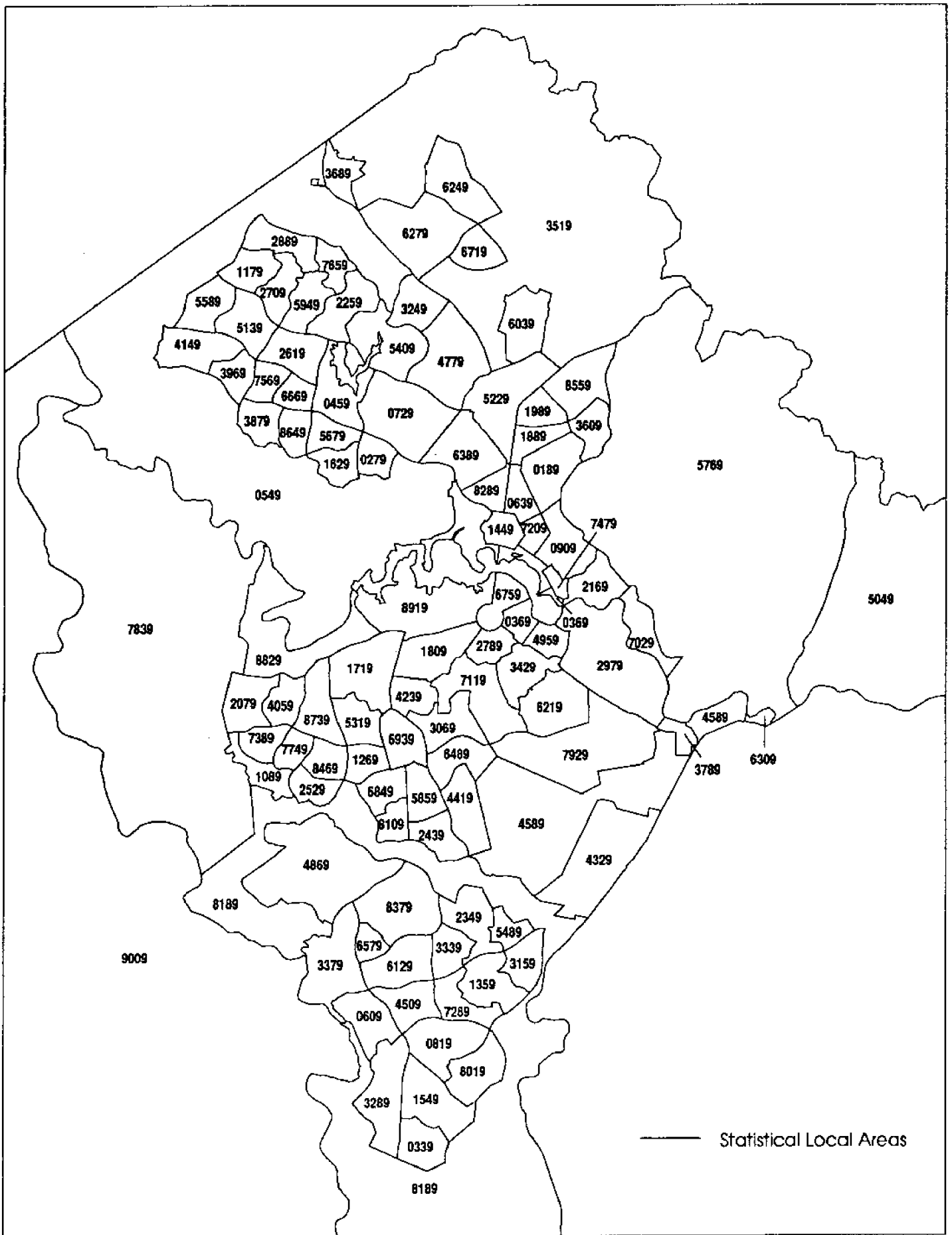
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Canberra City ACT 2601
(PO Box 10, Belconnen, ACT 2616)

For telephone inquiries please ring:
(06) 252 6627

Or fax your inquiries to:
(06) 207 0282

Statistical Local Areas, Australian Capital Territory



Note: These boundaries are interim and are yet to be finalised.
Names and codes of areas in this map are provided on page 37.

STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS

<i>SLA</i>	<i>Name</i>	<i>SLA</i>	<i>Name</i>
0089	Acton	4589	Jerrabomberra
0189	Ainslie	4779	Kaleen
0279	Aranda	4869	Kambah
0339	Banks	4959	Kingston
0369	Barton	5049	Kowen
0459	Belconnen Town Centre	5139	Latham
0549	Belconnen — SSD Balance	5229	Lynham
0609	Bonython	5319	Lyons
0639	Braddon	5409	McKellar
0729	Bruce	5489	Macarthur
0819	Calwell	5589	Macgregor
0909	Campbell	5679	Macquarie
1089	Chapman	5769	Majura
1179	Charnwood	5859	Mawson
1269	Chifley	5949	Melba
1359	Chisholm	6039	Mitchell
1449	City	6129	Monash
1549	Conder	6219	Narrabundah
1629	Cook	6249	Ngunnawal
1719	Curtin	6279	Nicholls
1809	Deakin	6309	Oaks Estate
1889	Dickson	6389	O'Connor
1989	Downer	6489	O'Malley
2079	Duffy	6579	Oxley
2169	Duntroon	6719	Palmerston
2259	Evatt	6669	Page
2349	Fadden	6759	Parkes
2439	Farrer	6849	Pearce
2529	Fisher	6939	Phillip
2619	Florey	7029	Pialligo
2709	Flynn	7119	Red Hill
2789	Forrest	7209	Reid
2889	Fraser	7289	Richardson
2979	Fyshwick	7389	Rivett
3069	Garran	7479	Russell
3159	Gilmore	7569	Scullin
3249	Giralang	7659	Spence
3289	Gordon	7749	Stirling
3339	Gowrie	7839	Stromlo
3379	Greenway	7929	Symonston
3429	Griffith	8019	Theodore
3519	Gungahlin	8109	Torrens
3609	Hackett	8189	Tuggeranong — SSD Balance
3689	Hall	8289	Turner
3789	Harman	8379	Wanniassa
3879	Hawker	8469	Waramanga
3969	Higgins	8559	Watson
4059	Holder	8649	Weetangera
4149	Holt	8739	Weston
4239	Hughes	8829	Weston Creek — SSD Balance
4329	Hume	8919	Yarralumla
4419	Isaacs	9009	Remainder of ACT
4509	Isabella Plains		

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Australian Capital Territory Business Indicators; (1303.8); 6 pp; \$7.50

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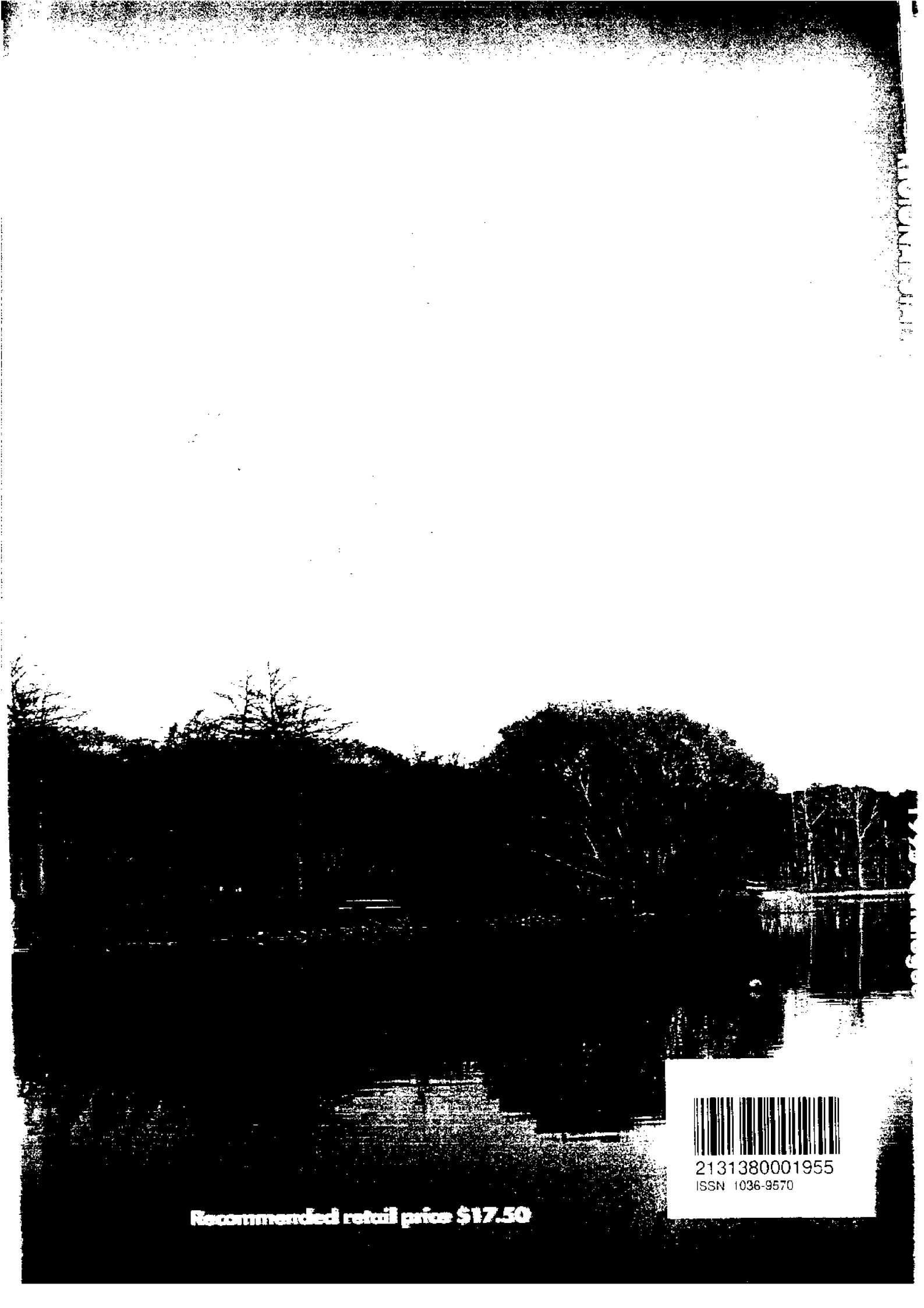
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