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## CHAPTER 7

# POPULATION

Statistics in this chapter cover, in the main, the year 1967. More detailed figures will be found in the annual bulletin *Demography*, and current statistics are published in the *Monthly Review of Business Statistics*, the *Quarterly Summary of Australian Statistics*, and the mimeographed series *Australian Demographic Review* and *Overseas Arrivals and Departures*. The final detailed results of the various population censuses are published in a series of printed volumes and parts (see list at end of this Year Book, also the chapter Miscellaneous—Statistical and other official publications of Australia). Pending publication of the 1966 printed volumes a series of mimeographed bulletins are being issued containing the census results in summary form.

With the proclamation of the *Constitution Alteration (Aboriginals)* 1967 on 10 August 1967 the provision of the Constitution in Section 127 requiring the exclusion of Aborigines in reckoning the numbers of the people of the Commonwealth or of a State or other part of the Commonwealth, was repealed.\* Population statistics now include particulars of Aborigines, and population statistics for earlier periods starting with 30 June 1961 have been revised to include particulars of Aborigines. Rates based on population statistics have been revised accordingly. However, detailed analyses of population enumerated in the censuses of June 1961 and 1966 exclude full-blood Aborigines. Particulars of the Aboriginal population are given on page 150 in this chapter.

### Types of population statistics

Statistics of the population and its characteristics for Australia or the component States and Territories or other constituent areas at specific dates are divided in three main ways.

- (i) *Those ascertained by census enumeration.* The population censuses result in comprehensive statistics of characteristics of the population, such as age, sex, birthplace, etc.
- (ii) *Those ascertained by 'population counts'.* From time to time in specific areas there are additional enumerations of the population, which are known as population counts, because normally very little information other than number of persons and their sex is obtained.
- (iii) *Estimates of number and sex.* Estimates for dates subsequent to a census, for Australia as a whole, take account of natural increase and net overseas migration since the last census. Estimates for States and Territories are approximate, since complete records of interstate migration are not available. The population in each State and Territory is estimated by adding to the population ascertained at the census the natural increase and the recorded net gain to Australia from overseas migration for that State or Territory; gains and corresponding losses that result from movements between States and Territories in so far as they are recorded as transfers of residence under child endowment procedures or Commonwealth electoral procedures are also taken into account, supplemented by results of any special count or sample survey. Holiday, business, or other similar short-term movements between the States and Territories subsequent to the census are not taken into account.

Estimates carried forward in this way eventually reach the point when another census is taken, and the numbers so ascertained supersede those resulting from the estimates. In the light of the census results the estimates for the newly completed intercensal period are revised to adjust for the differences between the new census result and the population at the census date estimated on the basis of the previous census. This is to bring intercensal estimates into line with the two census results and thus effect adjustment for unrecorded or inaccurately recorded movement of population in the intercensal period. Such a revision is made when the preliminary (field count) results of a census become available. Further revision may be necessary when the final results of a census become available.

Final revised estimates become the permanent population estimates. A mean population for twelve month periods is required for certain purposes, and is calculated by the method described on page 130. As populations at specific dates are used in these calculations, consequential revisions are made to mean populations when the estimates for specific dates are revised as described above.

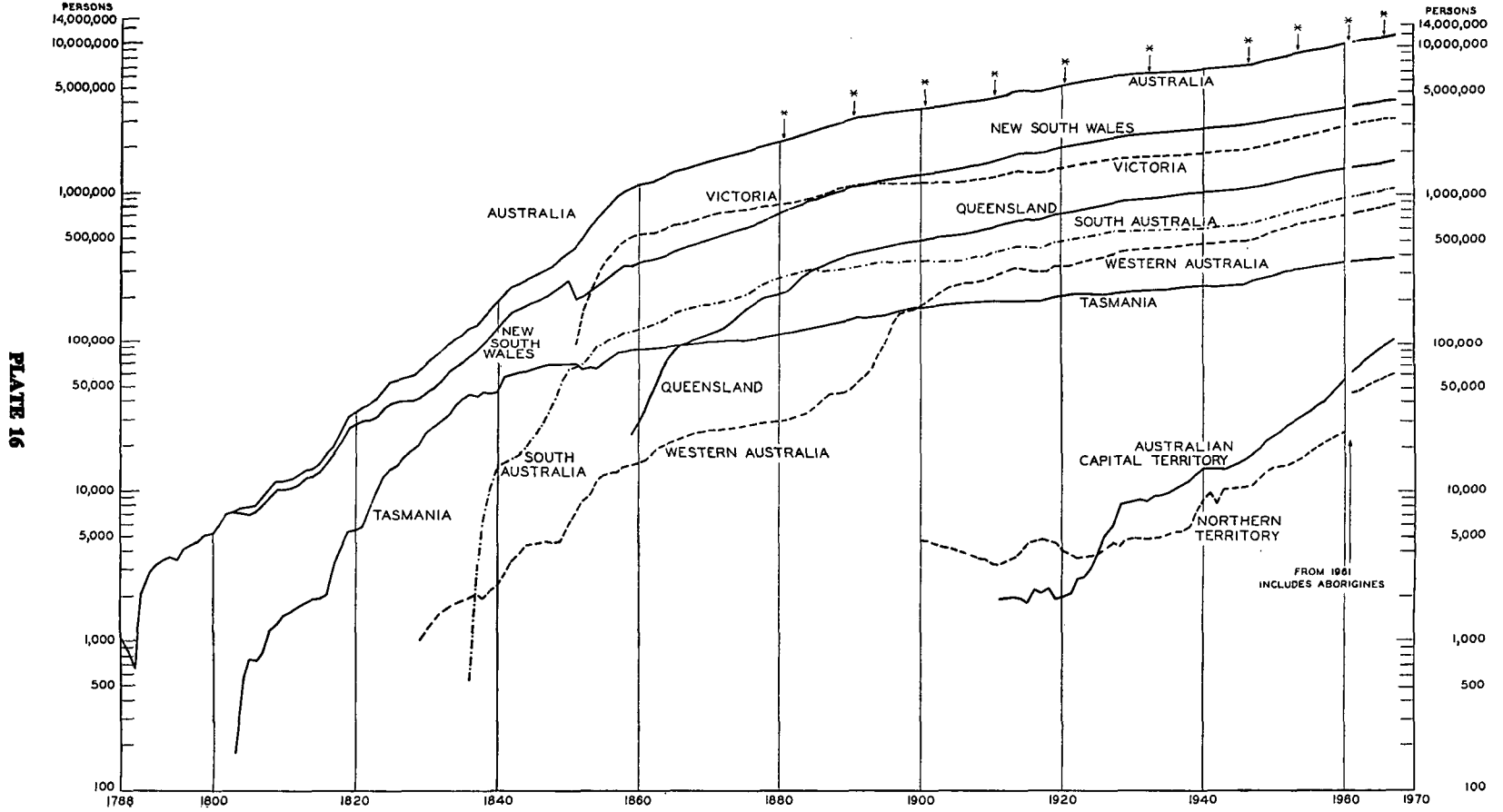
*The method used for estimating State and Territory populations, as described in (iii) above is different from that used prior to June 1961 (for particulars see Year Book No. 52, page 191). Population estimates subsequent to the 1961 Census are based on a method which excludes holiday, business or*

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\* For fuller particulars see page 66.

# POPULATION OF AUSTRALIA, 1788 TO 1967

## RATIO GRAPH



NOTE. THE VERTICAL SCALE IS LOGARITHMIC, AND THE CURVES RISE AND FALL ACCORDING TO THE RATE OF INCREASE OR DECREASE; ACTUAL NUMBERS ARE INDICATED BY THE SCALE.

\* AUSTRALIAN CENSUS

other similar short-term movements since the census between States and Territories. As a consequence, marked quarterly seasonal movements in some States due to interstate holiday movements are reflected in population figures prior to 1961 but not for subsequent years. This has some effect on the continuity of the series of mean population figures and should be borne in mind when making calculations which use mean populations as a basis (*see* page 130).

All population statistics shown in this issue of the Year Book for dates up to and including June 1966, and all mean populations for calendar years up to 1965 and financial years up to 1965-66, are final. Population statistics for dates or years subsequent to these will be revised in accordance with the results of the next census.

### The census

In Year Book No. 53 a special article was included outlining the history, purposes, legal basis, organisation, and publication of results of the population census in Australia (*see* pages 164 to 170 of that issue), but considerations of space preclude its repetition in this issue.

#### Early 'musters'

Although regular censuses were not instituted in the several colonies until the years specified in the table below, population returns in one form or another have existed from a very early period in the history of Australia. The earliest enumerations were known as 'musters', and although the actual results of very few of them have been preserved, it is probable that during the early days of colonisation they were of frequent occurrence. The first official 'muster' was taken in 1788 soon after the new settlement at Sydney Cove was formed, and in 1803 the first 'muster' of convicts in Van Dieman's Land (now Tasmania) was conducted.

#### Development of the census

The first regular census in Australia was taken in New South Wales in November 1828, and included the population of Moreton Bay (now Queensland) but not Van Dieman's Land (Tasmania). Particulars were asked concerning the names, ages and civil conditions of the inhabitants. The next census was taken in 1833, and was followed by another in 1836, when arrangements were made for the enumeration of the population of the newly-established settlement at Port Phillip (Victoria). The first censuses taken in Tasmania, Victoria and Queensland as separate colonies were in 1841, 1854 and 1861 respectively. The first regular census in South Australia was taken in 1844 and in Western Australia in 1848. The 1881 census was the first simultaneous census taken in Australia and formed part of the first simultaneous census of the British Empire.

The following table shows the total population recorded at each census conducted prior to 1891.

POPULATION ENUMERATED(a), CENSUSES IN AUSTRALIA, 1828 TO 1886

Date	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Aust.
1828- November . . .	36,598	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1833- 2 September . . .	60,794	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1836- 2 September . . .	77,096	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1841- 2 March . . .	130,856	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
27 September . . .	..	..	..	..	..	50,216	..	..	..
1844-26 February . . .	..	..	..	17,366	..	..	..	..	..
1846-26 February . . .	..	..	..	22,390	..	..	..	..	..
2 March . . .	189,609	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1847-31 December . . .	..	..	..	..	..	70,164	..	..	..
1848-10 October . . .	..	..	..	..	4,622	..	..	..	..
1851- 1 January . . .	..	..	..	63,700	..	..	..	..	..
1 March . . .	268,344	..	..	..	..	70,130	..	..	..
1854-26 April . . .	(b)234,298	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
30 September . . .	..	..	..	..	11,743	..	..	..	..
1855-31 March . . .	..	..	..	85,821	..	..	..	..	..
1856- 1 March . . .	269,722	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
1857-29 March . . .	..	408,998	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
31 March . . .	..	..	..	..	..	81,492	..	..	..
1859-31 December . . .	..	..	..	..	14,837	..	..	..	..
1861- 7 April . . .	350,860	538,628	(b)30,059	126,830	..	89,977	..	..	..
1864- 1 January . . .	..	..	61,467	..	..	..	..	..	..
1866-26 March . . .	..	..	..	163,452	..	..	..	..	..
1868- 2 March . . .	..	..	99,901	..	..	..	..	..	..
1870- 7 February . . .	..	..	..	..	..	99,328	..	..	..
31 March . . .	..	..	..	..	24,785	..	..	..	..
1871- 2 April . . .	502,998	730,198	..	185,626	..	..	..	..	..
1 September . . .	..	..	120,104	..	..	..	..	..	..
1876-26 March . . .	..	..	..	213,271	..	..	..	..	..
1 May . . .	..	..	173,283	..	..	..	..	..	..
1881- 3 April . . .	749,825	861,566	213,525	276,414	29,708	115,705	(c)3,451	..	2,250,194
1886- 1 May . . .	..	..	322,853	..	..	..	..	..	..

(a) Excludes full-blood Aborigines. (b) Previously included with New South Wales. (c) Included with South Australia for the censuses of 1866, 1871 and 1876. Actually Northern Territory was not transferred to the Commonwealth until 1 January 1911.

### Population recorded at censuses

State and Territorial populations recorded at the Australia-wide censuses taken over the period 1881 to 1966 are shown in the following table. The figures relate to the political boundaries of the several States (or Colonies) and Territories as they existed at the date of each census, except that the Northern Territory has been shown separately from South Australia for the censuses prior to its transfer from that State. The years of formation of the separate Colonies and transfer of the Territories are shown in the chapter Discovery, Colonisation and Federation of Australia (page 5).

#### POPULATION(a), BY SEX: AUSTRALIAN CENSUSES, STATES AND TERRITORIES 1881 TO 1966

Census	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T. (b)	Aust.
MALES									
3 April 1881	410,211	451,623	125,325	146,183	17,062	61,162	3,347	..	1,214,913
5 April 1891	609,666	598,222	223,779	162,241	29,807	77,560	4,560	..	1,705,835
31 March 1901	710,005	603,720	277,003	180,485	112,875	89,624	4,216	..	1,977,928
3 April 1911	857,698	655,591	329,506	207,358	161,565	97,591	2,734	992	2,313,035
4 April 1921	1,071,501	754,724	398,969	248,267	177,278	107,743	2,821	1,567	2,762,870
30 June 1933	1,318,471	903,244	497,217	290,962	233,937	115,097	3,378	4,805	3,367,111
30 June 1947	1,492,211	1,013,867	567,471	320,031	258,076	129,244	7,378	9,092	3,797,370
30 June 1954	1,720,860	1,231,099	676,252	403,903	330,358	157,129	10,288	16,229	4,546,118
30 June 1961	1,972,909	1,474,395	774,579	490,225	375,452	177,628	16,206	30,858	5,312,252
30 June 1966	2,124,462	1,613,904	843,897	548,530	426,691	187,390	21,508	49,977	5,816,359
FEMALES									
3 April 1881	339,614	409,943	88,200	130,231	12,646	54,543	104	..	1,035,281
5 April 1891	517,471	541,866	169,939	153,292	19,975	69,107	338	..	1,471,988
31 March 1901	644,841	597,350	221,126	177,861	71,249	82,851	595	..	1,795,873
3 April 1911	789,036	659,960	276,307	201,200	120,549	93,620	576	722	2,141,970
4 April 1921	1,028,870	776,556	357,003	246,893	155,454	106,037	1,046	1,005	2,672,864
30 June 1933	1,282,376	917,017	450,317	289,987	204,915	112,502	1,472	4,142	3,262,728
30 June 1947	1,492,627	1,040,834	538,944	326,042	244,404	127,834	3,490	7,813	3,781,988
30 June 1954	1,702,669	1,221,242	642,007	393,191	309,413	151,623	6,181	14,086	4,440,412
30 June 1961	1,944,104	1,455,718	744,249	479,115	361,177	172,712	10,889	27,970	5,195,934
30 June 1966	2,109,360	1,605,622	819,788	543,345	409,982	184,045	15,925	46,036	5,734,103
PERSONS									
3 April 1881	749,825	861,566	213,525	276,414	29,708	115,705	3,451	..	2,250,194
5 April 1891	1,127,137	1,140,088	393,718	315,533	49,782	146,667	4,898	..	3,177,823
31 March 1901	1,354,846	1,201,070	498,129	358,346	184,124	172,475	4,811	..	3,773,801
3 April 1911	1,646,734	1,315,551	605,813	408,558	282,114	191,211	3,310	1,714	4,455,005
4 April 1921	2,100,371	1,531,280	755,972	495,160	332,732	213,780	3,867	2,572	5,435,734
30 June 1933	2,600,847	1,820,261	947,534	580,949	438,852	227,599	4,850	8,947	6,629,839
30 June 1947	2,984,838	2,054,701	1,106,415	646,073	502,480	257,078	10,868	16,905	7,579,358
30 June 1954	3,423,529	2,452,341	1,318,259	797,094	639,771	308,752	16,469	30,315	8,986,530
30 June 1961	3,917,013	2,930,113	1,518,828	969,340	736,629	350,340	27,095	58,828	10,508,186
30 June 1966	4,233,822	3,219,526	1,663,685	1,091,875	836,673	371,435	37,433	96,013	11,550,462

(a) Excludes full-blood Aborigines. (b) Part of New South Wales prior to 1911.

#### Increase since 1901 census

The increases in the populations of the several States and Territories and of Australia as a whole during the last seven intercensal periods are shown in the following table, which distinguishes the numerical increases, the proportional increases (which do not allow for the differences in the length of the intercensal periods) and the average annual rates of increase.

POPULATION: INTERCENSAL INCREASES(a), STATES AND TERRITORIES  
1901 TO 1966

State or Territory	1901-1911 (10 years)	1911-1921 (10 years)	1921-1933 (12½ years)	1933-1947 (14 years)	1947-1954 (7 years)	1954-1961 (7 years)	1961-1966 (5 years)
NUMERICAL INCREASE							
New South Wales(b)	293,602	453,637	500,476	383,991	438,691	493,484	316,809
Victoria	114,481	215,729	288,981	234,440	397,640	477,772	289,413
Queensland	107,684	150,159	191,562	158,881	211,844	200,569	144,857
South Australia	50,212	86,602	85,789	65,124	151,021	172,246	122,535
Western Australia	97,990	50,618	106,120	63,628	137,291	96,858	100,044
Tasmania	18,736	22,569	13,819	29,479	51,674	41,588	21,095
Northern Territory	-1,501	557	983	6,018	5,601	10,626	10,338
A.C.T.(c)	..	858	6,375	7,958	13,410	28,513	37,185
Australia	681,204	980,729	1,194,105	949,519	1,407,172	1,521,656	1,042,276
PROPORTIONAL INCREASE—PER CENT							
New South Wales(b)	21.67	27.55	23.83	14.76	14.70	14.41	8.09
Victoria	9.53	16.40	18.87	12.88	19.35	19.48	9.88
Queensland	21.62	24.79	25.34	16.77	19.15	15.21	9.54
South Australia	14.01	21.20	17.33	11.21	23.38	21.61	12.64
Western Australia	53.22	17.94	31.89	14.50	27.32	15.14	13.58
Tasmania	10.86	11.80	6.46	12.95	20.10	13.47	6.02
Northern Territory	-31.20	16.83	25.42	124.08	51.54	64.52	38.15
A.C.T.(c)	..	50.06	247.86	88.95	79.33	94.06	63.21
Australia	18.05	22.01	21.97	14.32	18.57	16.93	9.92
AVERAGE ANNUAL RATE OF INCREASE—PER CENT							
New South Wales(b)	1.97	2.46	1.76	0.99	1.98	1.94	1.57
Victoria	0.91	1.53	1.42	0.87	2.56	2.58	1.90
Queensland	1.98	2.24	1.86	1.11	2.53	2.04	1.84
South Australia	1.32	1.94	1.31	0.76	3.05	2.83	2.41
Western Australia	4.36	1.66	2.29	0.97	3.51	2.03	2.58
Tasmania	1.04	1.12	0.51	0.87	2.65	1.82	1.18
Northern Territory	-3.67	1.57	1.87	5.93	6.12	7.37	6.68
A.C.T.(c)	..	4.14	10.71	4.65	8.70	9.93	10.29
Australia	1.67	2.01	1.63	0.96	2.46	2.26	1.91

(a) Excludes full-blood Aborigines.  
South Wales prior to 1911.

(b) Includes Australian Capital Territory prior to 1911.

(c) Part of New

Minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

## Growth and distribution of population

## Growth of population

The table which follows shows the growth in the population of each sex in the various States and Territories as measured by the estimated population at 31 December in 1900 and thereafter at decennial intervals to 1960, and for each year from 1963 to 1967.

ESTIMATED POPULATION(a), BY SEX: STATES AND TERRITORIES  
DECEMBER, 1900 TO 1967

31 Dec.—	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T. (b)	Aust.
MALES									
1900	716,047	601,773	274,684	180,349	110,088	89,763	4,288	..	1,976,992
1910	858,181	646,482	325,513	206,557	157,971	98,866	2,738	..	2,296,308
1920	1,067,945	753,803	396,555	245,300	176,895	107,259	2,911	1,062	2,751,730
1930	1,294,419	892,422	481,559	288,618	232,868	113,505	3,599	4,732	3,311,722
1940(c)	1,402,297	947,037	536,712	297,885	248,734	123,650	6,337	7,856	3,570,508
1950	1,627,618	1,114,497	620,329	364,705	294,758	147,103	9,414	13,021	4,191,445
1960	1,951,907	1,453,815	766,448	483,802	372,665	180,511	14,785	29,140	5,253,073
1963(d)	2,047,191	1,540,749	810,535	514,666	407,024	183,330	27,798	40,320	5,571,613
1964(d)	2,078,808	1,573,966	825,775	529,100	417,023	185,051	29,267	43,972	5,682,962
1965(d)	2,112,610	1,602,058	841,926	544,257	427,330	186,483	30,632	48,333	5,793,629
1966(d)	2,143,521	1,628,672	855,726	554,810	439,680	188,539	31,920	51,846	5,894,714
1967(d)	2,180,721	1,655,935	870,770	561,833	454,743	191,446	33,189	55,867	6,004,504

For footnotes see next page.

**ESTIMATED POPULATION(a), BY SEX: STATES AND TERRITORIES  
DECEMBER 1900 TO 1967—continued**

31 Dec.—	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T. (b)	Aust.
<b>FEMALES</b>									
1900	644,258	594,440	219,163	176,901	69,879	83,137	569	..	1,788,347
1910	785,674	654,926	273,503	200,311	118,861	94,937	563	..	2,128,775
1920	1,023,777	774,106	354,069	245,706	154,428	105,493	1,078	910	2,659,567
1930	1,251,934	900,183	435,177	285,849	198,742	111,792	1,365	3,987	3,189,029
1940(c)	1,388,651	967,881	494,740	301,171	225,342	120,352	2,637	6,304	3,507,078
1950	1,613,439	1,122,685	585,089	358,138	277,891	143,230	5,006	10,558	4,116,036
1960	1,925,354	1,434,475	735,838	473,220	358,368	175,458	10,002	26,132	5,138,847
1963(d)	2,030,552	1,530,297	784,911	507,721	391,871	179,469	22,093	36,955	5,483,869
1964(d)	2,063,313	1,563,955	800,750	522,854	401,098	181,457	23,487	40,553	5,597,467
1965(d)	2,098,439	1,593,802	817,497	538,701	410,918	183,125	24,832	44,465	5,711,779
1966(d)	2,129,786	1,621,198	832,156	549,780	423,005	185,366	26,179	48,203	5,815,673
1967(d)	2,166,588	1,647,696	847,496	556,644	438,020	188,182	27,450	52,309	5,924,385
<b>PERSONS</b>									
1900	1,360,305	1,196,213	493,847	357,250	179,967	172,900	4,857	..	3,765,339
1910	1,643,855	1,301,408	599,016	406,868	276,832	193,803	3,301	..	4,425,083
1920	2,091,722	1,527,909	750,624	491,006	331,323	212,752	3,989	1,972	5,411,297
1930	2,546,353	1,792,605	916,736	574,467	431,610	225,297	4,964	8,719	6,500,751
1940(c)	2,790,948	1,914,918	1,031,452	599,056	474,076	244,002	8,974	14,160	7,077,586
1950	3,241,057	2,237,182	1,205,418	722,843	572,649	290,333	14,420	23,579	8,307,481
1960	3,877,261	2,888,290	1,502,286	957,022	731,033	355,969	24,787	55,272	10,391,920
1963(d)	4,077,743	3,071,046	1,595,446	1,022,387	798,895	362,799	49,891	77,275	11,055,482
1964(d)	4,142,121	3,137,921	1,626,525	1,051,954	818,121	366,508	52,754	84,525	11,280,429
1965(d)	4,211,049	3,195,860	1,659,423	1,082,958	838,248	369,608	55,464	92,798	11,505,408
1966(d)	4,273,307	3,249,870	1,687,882	1,104,590	862,685	373,905	58,099	100,049	11,710,387
1967(d)	4,347,309	3,303,631	1,718,266	1,118,477	892,763	379,628	60,639	108,176	11,928,889

(a) Includes Aborigines from 1963. The results of the census of 30 June 1966 have been taken into account in the preparation of estimates for dates subsequent to the census of 30 June 1961. See text, page 117. (b) Part of New South Wales prior to 1911. (c) Includes all defence personnel enlisted in Australia irrespective of movement subsequent to enlistment. (d) Includes Aborigines.

The estimated population at 31 December each year from 1788 to 1946 is shown in *Demography*, Bulletin No. 67, 1949, and for the period 1886 to 1966 in *Demography*, Bulletin No. 84, 1966. A graph illustrating the growth of the population of Australia and of each State and Territory appears on plate 16, page 118.

**Proportions of area and of population, density and masculinity**

In the following table the proportions of the total area and of the total population represented by each State and Territory are given, together with the density and the masculinity of the population. Additional information regarding density and masculinity of population appears later in this chapter (see pages 134-5).

**PROPORTIONS OF AREA AND OF POPULATION(a); DENSITY AND MASCULINITY  
OF POPULATION(a); STATES AND TERRITORIES, 31 DECEMBER 1967**

State or Territory	Proportion of total area per cent	Proportion of population, 31 Dec. 1967 (per cent)			Density(b)	Masculinity(c)
		Males	Females	Persons		
New South Wales	10.43	36.32	36.57	36.44	14.05	100.65
Victoria	2.96	27.58	27.81	27.69	37.59	100.50
Queensland	22.47	14.50	14.31	14.40	2.58	102.75
South Australia	12.81	9.36	9.40	9.38	2.94	100.93
Western Australia	32.88	7.57	7.39	7.48	0.91	103.82
Tasmania	0.89	3.19	3.18	3.18	14.39	101.73
Northern Territory	17.53	0.55	0.46	0.51	0.12	120.91
Australian Capital Territory	0.03	0.93	0.88	0.91	115.20	106.80
<b>Australia</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>4.02</b>	<b>101.35</b>

(a) Includes Aborigines. (b) Number of persons per square mile. (c) Number of males per 100 females.

### Urban and rural distribution

In censuses before 1966 *metropolitan and other urban* boundaries were delineated without common criteria, but for the 1966 census a new uniform concept of *urban*, based on a minimum population density of 500 persons per square mile, was introduced. Other new criteria concerned land use, continuity of dwellings, enclaves, and unoccupied dwellings in holiday areas. No account was taken of administrative boundaries in delineating these urban centres.

Because of practical difficulties (notably lack of time to carry out an extensive examination of each area in order to re-design suitable collector's districts and the absence of suitable topographic boundaries around small towns) the new criteria were for the time being uniformly applied only to urban centres within the capital city statistical divisions and the statistical districts (*see below*), to other urban centres with a population of 30,000 or more, and to a few smaller centres (Katoomba-Wentworth Falls, Lawson-Hazelbrook, and urban centres in the Shires of Wyong and Gosford in New South Wales, Moe-Yallourn in Victoria, Cairns in Queensland, and Kalgoorlie in Western Australia). It is proposed to extend the application of the new criteria to smaller centres in future censuses.

Briefly the new criteria are as follows.

- (1) Population clusters of 1,000 or more persons having a minimum density of 500 persons per square mile shall be designated '*urban*'. This density shall be determined for each census collector's district (the smallest geographical area available). Additionally, some areas of lower population and/or density shall be classified as '*urban*' on other grounds (e.g. holiday areas, industrial areas).
- (2) Around each principal urban centre with a population of 75,000 or more *two* boundaries shall be drawn. The *outer* boundary shall circumscribe the area which is expected to be in close economic and social contact with the principal urban centre for the next two or three decades. These areas shall be designated STATISTICAL DIVISIONS (for State capital cities) or STATISTICAL DISTRICTS (for Canberra, Newcastle, Wollongong, and Geelong). The *inner* boundary shall delimit the principal urban centre itself. It shall be a *moving* boundary, which from census to census, as urbanisation proceeds, will move outwards to encompass peripheral development. For capital cities the principal urban centre encompassed by the inner boundary shall be designated the METROPOLITAN AREA.
- (3) Other urban centres shall be described by name as URBAN.

For urban centres *not* yet delimited by the new criteria, this procedure was used: urban centres were intensively examined on the most recent aerial photographs available and the boundaries set as closely as possible to the periphery of the built-up area without regard to local government boundaries. The greater availability of recent aerial photographs in 1966 than in 1961 enabled more meaningful boundaries to be delineated for many small urban centres.

Census field count statement No. 4, *Population, Principal Urban Centres of Australia* contains an appendix in which are expounded the full criteria now being applied.

*Rural* population comprises the inhabitants of the remaining portions of each State or Territory. The term *migratory* used in the following tables refers to persons not elsewhere enumerated who at midnight on 30 June 1966 were on ships in Australian waters or were travelling on long-distance trains, motor coaches or aircraft.

### URBAN AND RURAL POPULATIONS(a): STATES AND TERRITORIES CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966

Division	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Aust.
PERSONS									
Urban—									
Metropolitan	2,446,345	2,110,168	718,822	727,916	499,969	119,469	..	92,308	6,714,997
Other	1,210,345	642,987	558,115	173,796	140,267	141,512	28,753	..	2,895,775
Rural	568,073	463,383	384,689	188,590	193,399	109,779	8,385	3,705	1,920,003
Migratory	9,059	2,988	2,059	1,573	3,038	675	295	..	19,687
Total	4,233,822	3,219,526	1,663,685	1,091,875	836,673	371,435	37,433	96,013	11,550,462
PERCENTAGES									
Urban—									
Metropolitan	57.78	65.54	43.21	66.67	59.76	32.16	..	96.14	58.14
Other	28.59	19.97	33.55	15.92	16.76	38.10	76.81	..	25.07
Rural	13.42	14.39	23.12	17.27	23.12	29.56	22.40	3.86	16.62
Migratory	0.21	0.09	0.12	0.14	0.36	0.18	0.79	..	0.17
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

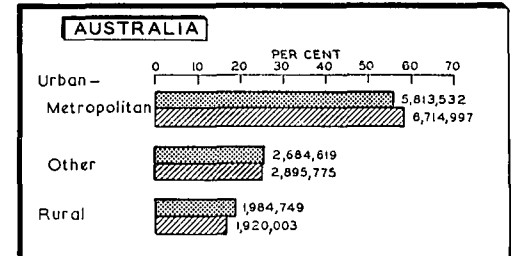
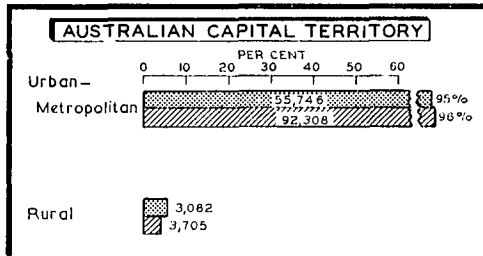
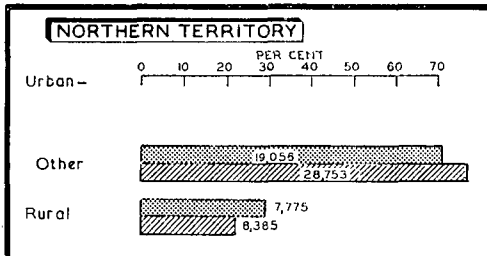
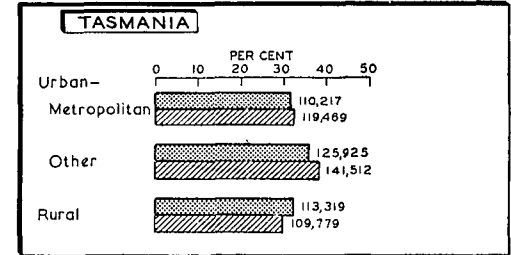
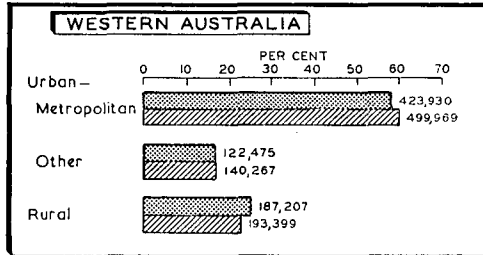
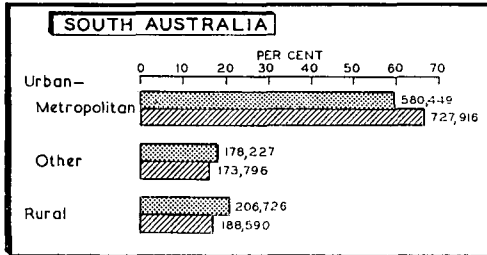
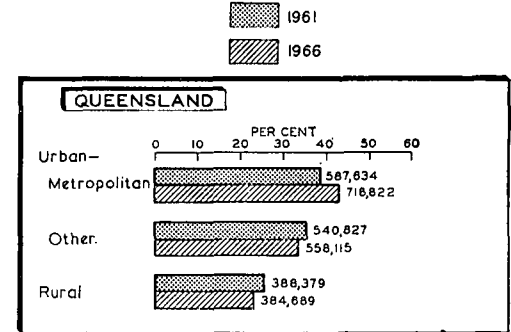
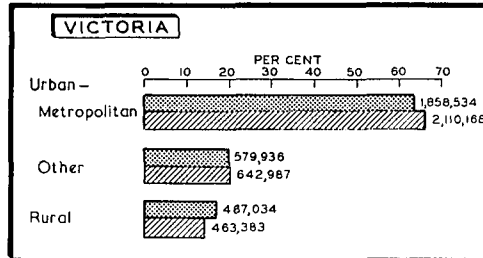
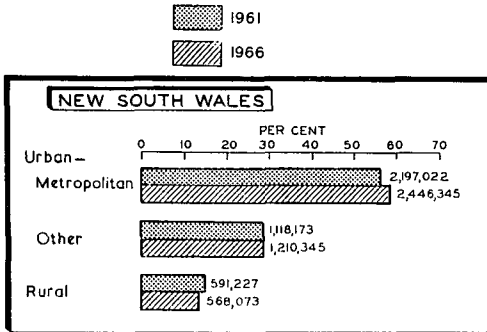
(a) Excludes full-blood Aborigines. *See* letterpress preceding this table for explanation of urban, rural, etc.



# URBAN AND RURAL POPULATION: AUSTRALIA

## CENSUSES 1961 AND 1966

### PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION



**NOTE.** THE PROPORTIONS OF URBAN AND RURAL POPULATIONS WITHIN EACH STATE ETC. ARE INDICATED BY THE LENGTH OF THE BARS; THE ACTUAL POPULATIONS WHICH CONSTITUTE THOSE PROPORTIONS ARE SHOWN BY THE RESPECTIVE FIGURES.

## Statistical divisions, statistical districts and principal urban centres

The following table shows the population of statistical divisions, statistical districts and principal urban centres with a population of 6,000 persons or more (as defined on page 123) in each State and Territory of Australia at 30 June 1966.

## POPULATION(a) OF STATISTICAL DIVISIONS, STATISTICAL DISTRICTS AND PRINCIPAL URBAN CENTRES: STATES AND TERRITORIES, CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966

Urban centre, etc.	Population (a)	Urban centre, etc.	Population (a)	Urban centre, etc.	Population (a)
<b>NEW SOUTH WALES</b>					
Sydney Statistical Division—		<b>VICTORIA</b>		<b>SOUTH AUSTRALIA</b>	
Metropolitan Area . . . . .	2,446,345	Melbourne Statistical Division—		Adelaide Statistical Division—	
Remainder . . . . .	94,962	Metropolitan Area . . . . .	2,110,168	Metropolitan Area . . . . .	727,916
<i>Total</i> . . . . .	<i>2,541,307</i>	Remainder . . . . .	120,412	Remainder . . . . .	43,259
		<i>Total</i> . . . . .	<i>2,230,580</i>	<i>Total</i> . . . . .	<i>771,175</i>
Newcastle Statistical District—		Geelong Statistical District—		Whyalla . . . . .	22,121
Urban Newcastle . . . . .	233,936	Urban Geelong . . . . .	105,059	Mount Gambier . . . . .	17,251
Remainder . . . . .	93,542	Remainder . . . . .	6,305	Port Pirie . . . . .	15,566
<i>Total</i> . . . . .	<i>327,478</i>	<i>Total</i> . . . . .	<i>111,364</i>	Reynella—Port Noarlunga (g) . . . . .	11,818
				Port Augusta . . . . .	10,103
Wollongong Statistical District—		Ballarat . . . . .	56,290	Port Lincoln . . . . .	8,888
Urban Wollongong . . . . .	162,153	Bendigo . . . . .	42,208	Gawler(g) . . . . .	6,645
Remainder . . . . .	15,279	Moe—Yallourn . . . . .	23,198		
<i>Total</i> . . . . .	<i>177,432</i>	Shepparton . . . . .	17,506	<b>WESTERN AUSTRALIA</b>	
		Warrnambool . . . . .	17,499	Perth Statistical Division—	
Albury—Wodonga(b) . . . . .	32,032	Morwell . . . . .	16,610	Metropolitan Area . . . . .	499,969
Broken Hill . . . . .	30,014	Wangaratta . . . . .	14,079	Remainder . . . . .	58,852
Wagga Wagga . . . . .	25,819	Traralgon . . . . .	14,079	<i>Total</i> . . . . .	<i>558,821</i>
Maitland(c) . . . . .	23,112	Mildura . . . . .	10,562	Kalgoorlie—Boulder . . . . .	19,908
Orange . . . . .	22,196	Horsham . . . . .	10,054	Bunbury . . . . .	15,459
Tamworth . . . . .	21,680	Hamilton . . . . .	9,935	Geraldton . . . . .	12,125
Goulburn . . . . .	20,871	Dromana—Sorrento . . . . .	9,498	Albany . . . . .	11,419
Lismore . . . . .	19,734	Colac . . . . .	8,640	Collie . . . . .	7,628
Bathurst . . . . .	17,222	Sale . . . . .	8,233	Northam . . . . .	7,400
Woy Woy—Umina . . . . .	16,287	Ararat . . . . .	8,228		
Grafton . . . . .	15,951	Werribee . . . . .	8,224	<b>TASMANIA</b>	
Dubbo . . . . .	15,561	Benalla . . . . .	8,010	Hobart Statistical Division—	
Cessnock—Bellbird(c) . . . . .	15,331	Echuca—Moama (f) . . . . .	7,785	Metropolitan Area . . . . .	119,469
Armidale . . . . .	14,984	Bairnsdale . . . . .	7,785	Remainder . . . . .	21,842
Glenbrook—Faulconbridge (d) . . . . .	13,731	Maryborough . . . . .	7,707	<i>Total</i> . . . . .	<i>141,311</i>
Lithgow . . . . .	13,165	Swan Hill . . . . .	7,381	Launceston . . . . .	60,456
Queanbeyan(e) . . . . .	12,515	Mornington—Balcombe . . . . .	7,349	Burnie—Somerset . . . . .	18,042
Kurri Kurri—Weston(c) . . . . .	11,567	Castlemaine . . . . .	7,103	Devonport . . . . .	14,874
Gosford . . . . .	11,310	Warragul . . . . .	6,846	Ulverstone . . . . .	6,842
Taree . . . . .	10,560	Portland . . . . .	6,690		
Katoomba—Wentworth Falls . . . . .	10,524	<b>QUEENSLAND</b>			
Richmond—Windsor(d) . . . . .	9,933	Brisbane Statistical Division—		<b>NORTHERN TERRITORY</b>	
Nowra—Bomaderry . . . . .	9,633	Metropolitan Area . . . . .	718,822	Darwin . . . . .	20,413
Griffith . . . . .	9,537	Remainder . . . . .	58,852	Alice Springs . . . . .	6,037
The Entrance . . . . .	9,131	<i>Total</i> . . . . .	<i>777,674</i>		
Cooma . . . . .	9,103			<b>AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY</b>	
Casino . . . . .	8,502	Townsville . . . . .	56,768	Canberra Statistical District—	
Parkes . . . . .	8,438	Gold Coast (f) . . . . .	53,183	Metropolitan Area . . . . .	92,308
Inverell . . . . .	8,413	Toowoomba . . . . .	52,139	Remainder . . . . .	14,827
Kempsey . . . . .	8,181	Rockhampton . . . . .	45,376	<i>Total</i> . . . . .	<i>107,135</i>
Moree . . . . .	8,031	Cairns . . . . .	29,326		
Coff 's Harbour . . . . .	7,667	Bundaberg . . . . .	25,402		
Gunnedah . . . . .	7,507	Mackay . . . . .	24,578		
Forbes . . . . .	7,369	Maryborough . . . . .	20,393		
Murwillumbah . . . . .	7,311	Mount Isa . . . . .	16,877		
Cowra . . . . .	7,076	Gladstone . . . . .	12,426		
Port Macquarie . . . . .	7,063	Gympie . . . . .	11,279		
Toukley—Gorokan—		Warwick . . . . .	10,065		
Budgewoi . . . . .	6,658	Dalby . . . . .	8,860		
Muswellbrook . . . . .	6,312	Ayr . . . . .	8,674		
Deniliquin . . . . .	6,239	Charters Towers . . . . .	7,602		
Cootamundra . . . . .	6,219	Innisfail . . . . .	7,432		
Singleton . . . . .	6,188	Nambour . . . . .	6,219		

(a) Excludes full-blood Aborigines.  
Statistical District—Remainder.  
Statistical District—Remainder.  
Statistical Division—Remainder.

(b) Includes part of urban centre in Victoria.  
(d) Included in Sydney Statistical Division—Remainder.  
(f) Includes part of urban centre in New South Wales.

(c) Included in Newcastle  
(e) Included in Canberra  
(g) Included in Adelaide

**Principal incorporated cities and towns**

The following table shows the population of the principal incorporated cities and towns with a population of 6,000 or more in each State and Territory of Australia at 30 June 1966. The figures relate to areas delimited for local government or other administrative purposes, and differ in some cases from figures shown in the table on page 125 which are based on the new census concept of 'urban' (see page 123).

**POPULATION<sup>(a)</sup> OF PRINCIPAL INCORPORATED CITIES AND TOWNS: STATES AND TERRITORIES, CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966**

<i>City or town</i>	<i>Population</i>	<i>City or town</i>	<i>Population</i>	<i>City or town</i>	<i>Population</i>
<b>NEW SOUTH WALES</b>		<b>VICTORIA</b>		<b>QUEENSLAND—continued</b>	
Sydney . . . . .	(b)	Melbourne . . . . .	(b)	Dalby . . . . .	8,860
Greater Wollongong . . . . .	149,506	Ballaarat . . . . .	41,639	Charters Towers . . . . .	7,602
Newcastle . . . . .	143,025	Bendigo . . . . .	30,806	<b>SOUTH AUSTRALIA</b>	
Greater Cessnock . . . . .	34,515	Geelong . . . . .	18,129	Adelaide . . . . .	(b)
Blue Mountains . . . . .	30,731	Geelong West . . . . .	17,538	Whyalla . . . . .	22,121
Broken Hill . . . . .	30,036	Warrnambool . . . . .	17,499	Mount Gambier . . . . .	17,251
Maitland . . . . .	28,428	Shepparton . . . . .	16,531	Port Pirie . . . . .	13,964
Wagga Wagga . . . . .	25,819	Moe . . . . .	15,175	Port Augusta . . . . .	10,103
Albury . . . . .	25,112	Wangaratta . . . . .	14,079	Port Lincoln . . . . .	8,888
Shellharbour . . . . .	22,061	Traralgon . . . . .	12,931	Renmark . . . . .	6,275
Tamworth . . . . .	21,680	Mildura . . . . .	11,700	<b>WESTERN AUSTRALIA</b>	
Orange . . . . .	20,995	Newtown and Chilwell . . . . .	10,562	Perth . . . . .	(b)
Goulburn . . . . .	20,871	Horsham . . . . .	10,562	Bunbury . . . . .	15,459
Lismore . . . . .	19,734	Hamilton . . . . .	10,054	Geraldton . . . . .	12,125
Bathurst . . . . .	17,222	Colac . . . . .	9,498	Albany . . . . .	11,419
Grafton . . . . .	15,951	Sale . . . . .	8,640	Kalgoorlie . . . . .	9,174
Dubbo . . . . .	15,561	Ararat . . . . .	8,233	Northam . . . . .	7,400
Armidale . . . . .	14,984	Benalla . . . . .	8,224	<b>TASMANIA</b>	
Windsor . . . . .	13,299	Maryborough . . . . .	7,707	Hobart . . . . .	(b)
Lithgow . . . . .	12,811	Swan Hill . . . . .	7,381	Launceston . . . . .	37,217
Queanbeyan . . . . .	12,515	Castlemaine . . . . .	7,103	<b>NORTHERN TERRITORY</b>	
Taree . . . . .	10,560	Echuca . . . . .	7,043	Darwin City . . . . .	18,042
Cooma . . . . .	9,103	Portland . . . . .	6,690	<b>AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY</b>	
Camden . . . . .	8,661	<b>QUEENSLAND</b>		Canberra City . . . . .	93,311
Casino . . . . .	8,502	Brisbane . . . . .	(b)		
Parkes . . . . .	8,438	Townsville . . . . .	58,847		
Inverell . . . . .	8,413	Toowoomba . . . . .	55,799		
Kempsey . . . . .	8,181	Gold Coast . . . . .	49,481		
Moree . . . . .	8,031	Rockhampton . . . . .	46,083		
Gunnedah . . . . .	7,507	Cairns . . . . .	26,696		
Forbes . . . . .	7,369	Bundaberg . . . . .	25,402		
Cowra . . . . .	7,076	Maryborough . . . . .	19,659		
Port Macquarie . . . . .	7,063	Mackay . . . . .	18,640		
Muswellbrook . . . . .	6,312	Gladstone . . . . .	12,426		
Deniliquin . . . . .	6,239	Gympie . . . . .	11,279		
Cootamundra . . . . .	6,219	Warwick . . . . .	10,065		
Singleton . . . . .	6,188				

(a) Excludes full-blood Aborigines.

(b) See table on page 125. The capital city (metropolitan area) population in each State comprises the populations of a number of separately incorporated local government areas and/or parts of local government areas.

**Classification of urban centres by size**

The following table classifies the urban centres in each State and Territory of Australia into grades of size of population at the census of 30 June 1966.

A table showing the aggregate urban population at the 1961 census of all cities and towns outside the metropolitan area of each State with 2,000 or more and 3,000 or more urban inhabitants was included in Year Book No. 51, page 267. A table showing similar data for the 1954 census was included in Year Book No. 47, page 295 and one for the 1947 census in Year Book No. 40, page 334. Comparisons between these various tables can be made only if allowance is made for changes in the status and structure of local government areas and for changes in the manner of determining urban population at each census.

## URBAN CENTRES: NUMBER AND POPULATION(a), BY SIZE, STATES AND TERRITORIES, CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966

Population size	New South Wales			Victoria			Queensland		
	No. of urban centres	Population	Percentage of State population	No. of urban centres	Population	Percentage of State population	No. of urban centres	Population	Percentage of State population
500,000 and over	1	2,446,345	57.78	1	2,110,168	65.54	1	718,822	43.21
100,000-499,999	2	396,089	9.36	1	105,059	3.26	..	..	..
75,000-99,999	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50,000-74,999	1	(b)3,829	0.09	1	56,290	1.75	3	(b)158,261	9.51
25,000-49,999	3	(c)79,212	1.87	2	(c)50,861	1.58	3	100,104	6.02
20,000-24,999	4	87,859	2.08	1	23,198	0.72	2	44,971	2.70
15,000-19,999	6	100,086	2.36	4	66,790	2.07	1	16,877	1.01
10,000-14,999	8	98,356	2.32	4	47,626	1.48	3	33,770	2.03
5,000-9,999	29	(d)205,146	4.85	16	(d)122,076	3.79	9	60,361	3.63
2,500-4,999	31	(e)104,922	2.47	26	(e)83,243	2.59	22	76,246	4.58
2,000-2,499	21	47,518	1.12	9	19,909	0.62	11	23,817	1.43
1,000-1,999	56	(f)80,280	1.90	46	(f)62,634	1.95	28	41,682	2.51
Less than 1,000(g)	10	7,048	0.17	7	5,301	0.16	3	2,026	0.12
500,000 and over	1	2,446,345	57.78	1	2,110,168	65.54	1	718,822	43.21
100,000 " " "	3	2,842,434	67.14	2	2,215,227	68.81	1	718,822	43.21
75,000 " " "	3	2,842,434	67.14	2	2,215,227	68.81	1	718,822	43.21
50,000 " " "	4	(b)2,846,263	67.23	3	2,271,517	70.55	4	(b)877,083	52.72
25,000 " " "	7	(c)2,925,475	69.10	5	(c)2,322,378	72.13	7	977,187	58.74
20,000 " " "	11	3,013,334	71.18	6	2,345,576	72.85	9	1,022,158	61.44
15,000 " " "	17	3,113,420	73.54	10	2,412,366	74.93	10	1,039,035	62.45
10,000 " " "	25	3,211,776	75.86	14	2,459,992	76.41	13	1,072,805	64.48
5,000 " " "	54	(d)3,416,922	80.71	30	(d)2,582,068	80.20	22	1,133,166	68.11
2,500 " " "	85	(e)3,521,844	83.18	56	(e)2,665,311	82.79	44	1,209,412	72.69
2,000 " " "	106	3,569,362	84.30	65	2,685,220	83.40	55	1,233,229	74.12
1,000 " " "	162	(f)3,649,642	86.20	111	(f)2,747,854	85.35	83	1,274,911	76.63
Total urban population	172	3,656,690	86.37	118	2,753,155	85.51	86	1,276,937	76.75
Population size	South Australia			Western Australia			Tasmania		
	No. of urban centres	Population	Percentage of State population	No. of urban centres	Population	Percentage of State population	No. of urban centres	Population	Percentage of State population
500,000 and over	1	727,916	66.67	..	..	..	..	..	..
100,000-499,999	..	..	..	1	499,969	59.76	1	119,469	32.16
75,000-99,999	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
50,000-74,999	..	..	..	..	..	..	1	60,456	16.28
25,000-49,999	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
20,000-24,999	1	22,121	2.03	..	..	..	..	..	..
15,000-19,999	2	32,817	3.01	2	35,367	4.23	1	18,042	4.86
10,000-14,999	2	21,921	2.01	2	23,544	2.81	1	14,874	4.00
5,000-9,999	3	21,490	1.97	2	15,028	1.80	2	12,612	3.40
2,500-4,999	8	30,464	2.79	12	42,223	5.05	5	17,697	4.76
2,000-2,499	5	10,819	0.99	1	2,066	0.25	2	4,390	1.18
1,000-1,999	23	32,089	2.94	15	21,058	2.52	8	11,652	3.14
Less than 1,000(g)	4	2,075	0.19	1	981	0.12	2	1,789	0.48
500,000 and over	1	727,916	66.67	..	..	..	..	..	..
100,000 " " "	1	727,916	66.67	1	499,969	59.76	1	119,469	32.16
75,000 " " "	1	727,916	66.67	1	499,969	59.76	1	119,469	32.16
50,000 " " "	1	727,916	66.67	1	499,969	59.76	2	179,925	48.44
25,000 " " "	1	727,916	66.67	1	499,969	59.76	2	179,925	48.44
20,000 " " "	2	750,037	68.69	1	499,969	59.76	2	179,925	48.44
15,000 " " "	4	782,854	71.70	3	535,336	63.98	3	197,967	53.30
10,000 " " "	6	804,775	73.71	5	558,880	66.80	4	212,841	57.30
5,000 " " "	9	826,265	75.67	7	573,908	68.59	6	225,453	60.70
2,500 " " "	17	856,729	78.46	19	616,131	73.64	11	243,150	65.46
2,000 " " "	22	867,548	79.45	20	618,197	73.89	13	247,540	66.64
1,000 " " "	45	899,637	82.39	35	639,255	76.40	21	259,192	69.78
Total urban population	49	901,712	82.58	36	640,236	76.52	23	260,981	70.26

For footnotes see next page.

URBAN CENTRES: NUMBER AND POPULATION(a), BY SIZE, STATES AND TERRITORIES, CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966—continued

Population size	Northern Territory			Australian Capital Territory			Australia		Percentage of Australian population
	No. of urban centres	Population	Percentage of Territory population	No. of urban centres	Population	Percentage of Territory population	No. of urban centres	Population	
500,000 and over . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	6,003,251	51.97
100,000-499,999 . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	1,120,586	9.70
75,000-99,999 . . . . .	..	..	..	1	92,308	96.14	1	92,308	0.80
50,000-74,999 . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	5	278,836	2.41
25,000-49,999 . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	7	230,177	1.99
20,000-24,999 . . . . .	1	20,413	54.53	..	..	..	9	198,562	1.72
15,000-19,999 . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	16	269,979	2.34
10,000-14,999 . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	20	240,091	2.08
5,000-9,999 . . . . .	1	6,037	16.13	..	..	..	61	442,750	3.83
2,500-4,999 . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	103	354,795	3.07
2,000-2,499 . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	49	108,519	0.94
1,000-1,999 . . . . .	2	2,303	6.15	..	..	..	177	251,698	2.18
Less than 1,000(g) . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	27	19,220	0.17
500,000 and over . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	4	6,003,251	51.97
100,000 " " " " . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	..	9	7,123,837	61.68
75,000 " " " " . . . . .	..	..	..	1	92,308	96.14	10	7,216,145	62.47
50,000 " " " " . . . . .	..	..	..	1	92,308	96.14	15	7,494,981	64.89
25,000 " " " " . . . . .	..	..	..	1	92,308	96.14	22	7,725,158	66.88
20,000 " " " " . . . . .	1	20,413	54.53	1	92,308	96.14	31	7,923,720	68.60
15,000 " " " " . . . . .	1	20,413	54.53	1	92,308	96.14	47	8,193,699	70.94
10,000 " " " " . . . . .	1	20,413	54.53	1	92,308	96.14	67	8,433,790	73.02
5,000 " " " " . . . . .	2	26,450	70.66	1	92,308	96.14	128	8,876,540	76.85
2,500 " " " " . . . . .	2	26,450	70.66	1	92,308	96.14	231	9,231,335	79.92
2,000 " " " " . . . . .	2	26,450	70.66	1	92,308	96.14	280	9,339,854	80.86
1,000 " " " " . . . . .	4	28,753	76.81	1	92,308	96.14	457	9,591,552	83.04
<b>Total urban population</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>28,753</b>	<b>76.81</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>92,308</b>	<b>96.14</b>	<b>484</b>	<b>9,610,772</b>	<b>83.21</b>

(a) Excludes full-blood Aborigines. (b) Includes that part of urban Gold Coast in this State. Total population of Gold Coast, 53,183. (c) Includes that part of urban Albury-Wodonga in this State. Total population of Albury-Wodonga 32,032. (d) Includes that part of urban Echuca-Moama in this State. Total population of Echuca-Moama, 8,010. (e) Includes that part of urban Yarrowonga-Mulwala in this State. Total population of Yarrowonga-Mulwala, 3,990. (f) Includes that part of urban Barham-Koondrook in this State. Total population of Barham-Koondrook, 1,743. (g) Urban centres so classified on grounds other than population and density.

In the foregoing table those parts of urban centres which are located in adjoining States are classified each according to its respective State, the particulars for each part being included opposite the size grade applicable to the whole area. The urban centres concerned are: Gold Coast (Queensland-New South Wales); and Albury-Wodonga, Echuca-Moama, Yarrowonga-Mulwala, and Barham-Koondrook (New South Wales-Victoria).

### Principal cities of the world

The following table shows the population of the world's largest cities at the latest available date. Since the way in which cities are delimited differs from country to country, the table shows data for the urban agglomeration, where available, as well as data for the so-called city proper. The urban agglomeration is defined in the United Nations *Demographic Yearbook* 1966 (page 24), from which most of the figures in the table have been taken, as including the suburban fringe or thickly settled territory lying outside of, but adjacent to, the city boundaries. (See also the Technical Notes on Statistical Tables and footnotes to the table in the *Demographic Yearbook*.)

## POPULATION OF THE WORLD'S LARGEST CITIES

City	Country	Year	Population ('000)	
			City proper	Urban agglomeration
New York	U.S.A.	1965	(a)7,943	(b)11,348
Tokyo	Japan	1965	8,893	10,870
London	England	1966	..	7,914
Paris	France	1962	2,790	7,369
Buenos Aires	Argentina	1960	2,967	7,000
Shanghai	China	1957	6,900	..
Los Angeles	U.S.A.	1965	..	(b)6,776
Chicago	U.S.A.	1965	..	(b)6,637
Moscow	U.S.S.R.	1966	6,395	6,463
Bombay	India	1966	4,784	..
Calcutta	India	1966	3,049	4,703
Philadelphia	U.S.A.	1965	(a)2,047	(a)(b)4,667
Cairo	United Arab Republic	1966	(a)4,197	..
Sao Paulo	Brazil	1966	4,098	..
Peking	China	1957	4,010	..
Detroit	U.S.A.	1965	..	(b)3,972
Rio de Janeiro	Brazil	1966	3,909	..
Seoul	Korea	1966	(a)3,800	..
Leningrad	U.S.S.R.	1966	3,261	3,665
Mexico City	Mexico	1966	3,287	..
Tientsin	China	1957	3,220	..
Boston	U.S.A.	1965	..	3,199
Osaka	Japan	1965	..	3,156
San Francisco	U.S.A.	1965	723	(b)2,935
Djakarta	Indonesia	1961	2,907	..
Delhi	India	1966	2,440	2,793
Madrid	Spain	1965	..	2,599
Sydney	Australia	1967	..	(c)2,592
Rome	Italy	1965	..	2,485
Manchester	England	1966	625	(d)2,457
Washington	U.S.A.	1965	802	(a)(b)2,413
Shenyang(e)	China	1957	2,411	..
Birmingham	England	1966	1,101	(d)2,393
Pittsburgh	U.S.A.	1965	..	(b)2,367
Montreal	Canada	1965	..	2,321
Teheran	Iran	1963	2,317	..
Melbourne	Australia	1967	..	(c)2,277
Santiago	Chile	1965	..	2,248
St Louis	U.S.A.	1965	699	(b)2,239
West Berlin(f)	Germany	1966	2,191	..
Wuhan	China	1957	2,146	..
Chungking	China	1957	2,121	..
Toronto	Canada	1965	..	2,066
Cleveland	U.S.A.	1965	811	(b)1,971
Budapest	Hungary	1965	1,944	..
Nagoya	Japan	1965	..	1,935
Singapore	Singapore	1966	1,914	..
Karachi	Pakistan	1961	1,913	..
Madras	India	1966	1,896	..
Hamburg	Germany	1965	1,857	..
Baltimore	U.S.A.	1965	(a)945	(a)(b)1,857
Athens	Greece	1961	628	1,853
Canton	China	1957	1,840	..
Newark	U.S.A.	1965	..	(a)(b)1,827

(a) Provisional. (b) 'Standard metropolitan statistical area'; see *U.N. Demographic Year Book* for exact areas included. (c) Statistical Division. (d) 1965. (e) Formerly Mukden. (f) East Berlin, 1965, population of city proper, 1,073,647.

## Mean population

Mean populations are calculated for twelve-month periods to provide a satisfactory average basis for calculations requiring allowance for the continuous change in population figures during such periods. From 1901 onwards the mean population for any year has been calculated by the formula:

$$\text{Mean population} = \frac{a + 4b + 2c + 4d + e}{12}$$

where *a*, *b*, *c*, *d*, and *e*, respectively, are the populations at the end of the quarter immediately preceding the year and at the end of each of the four succeeding quarters; e.g. in the case of a calendar year, 31 December of the preceding year, and 31 March, 30 June, 30 September and 31 December of the year under consideration. This formula gives a close approximation to the mean of a theoretical population progressing smoothly through the five values *a*, *b*, *c*, *d*, and *e*.

The following tables show the mean populations for the calendar and financial years 1958 to 1967.

MEAN POPULATION(a): CALENDAR YEARS, STATES AND TERRITORIES  
1958 TO 1967

Year ended 31 Dec.—	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Aust.
1958 . .	3,696,049	2,717,371	1,436,156	896,987	699,915	335,382	21,746	41,110	9,844,716
1959 . .	3,762,339	2,783,951	1,464,469	921,106	711,737	341,423	23,623	46,618	10,055,266
1960 . .	3,834,085	2,857,032	1,491,114	944,861	722,900	346,913	25,107	52,562	10,274,574
1961 . .	3,913,967	2,926,075	1,516,334	970,118	737,596	353,628	26,272	58,852	10,502,842
1962(b)	3,986,796	2,983,715	1,551,249	987,867	766,205	355,682	46,034	66,180	10,743,728
1963(b)	4,050,230	3,041,442	1,578,309	1,010,500	788,457	360,590	48,330	73,300	10,951,158
1964(b)	4,109,559	3,105,685	1,610,809	1,037,495	808,300	364,554	51,528	80,499	11,168,429
1965(b)	4,176,686	3,165,594	1,644,028	1,066,884	826,481	367,970	54,142	88,417	11,390,202
1966(b)	4,240,306	3,221,409	1,674,357	1,094,567	848,837	371,632	56,672	96,502	11,604,282
1967(b)	4,309,068	3,277,224	1,702,689	1,111,675	876,997	376,588	59,447	103,725	11,817,413

MEAN POPULATION(a): FINANCIAL YEARS, STATES AND TERRITORIES  
1957-58 TO 1966-67

Year ended 30 June—	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Aust.
1958 . .	3,660,738	2,687,115	1,422,349	886,021	693,568	332,046	21,239	39,283	9,742,359
1959 . .	3,729,030	2,749,994	1,450,535	908,354	705,869	338,628	22,507	43,429	9,948,346
1960 . .	3,796,452	2,819,650	1,478,129	933,619	717,316	344,111	24,573	50,013	10,163,863
1961 . .	3,875,921	2,893,417	1,503,703	957,136	729,770	350,077	25,673	55,232	10,390,929
1962(b)	3,952,259	2,956,769	1,539,634	979,241	755,770	353,175	45,282	62,674	10,644,804
1963(b)	4,020,774	3,011,833	1,563,347	998,510	777,413	358,180	46,960	69,557	10,846,574
1964(b)	4,078,917	3,073,384	1,594,993	1,023,448	798,824	362,758	50,010	76,966	11,059,300
1965(b)	4,142,568	3,136,319	1,626,935	1,052,098	817,157	366,366	52,793	84,400	11,278,636
1966(b)	4,209,710	3,194,035	1,660,076	1,081,864	837,290	369,600	55,418	92,624	11,500,617
1967(b)	4,272,703	3,249,913	1,688,078	1,103,973	862,130	373,916	58,081	99,925	11,708,719

(a) Includes Aborigines from year ended 30 June 1962. Population estimates subsequent to the 1961 census are based on a method which omits holiday, business or other short-term movements between States and Territories. As a consequence, marked quarterly seasonal movements in some States due to interstate holiday movements are reflected in the mean population figures for the States prior to 1962 (and 1961-62) but not in those for 1962 (1961-62) and subsequent years.

(b) Includes Aborigines.

## Elements of increase

The two factors which contribute to the growth of a population are 'natural increase', i.e. the excess of births over deaths, and 'net migration', i.e. the excess of arrivals over departures. The 'total increase' of the population is obtained by combining natural increase with the increase by net migration. However, comparison of the total increase so obtained with that derived by subtracting the population recorded at one census from that recorded at the next census reveals differences which can be attributed partly to differences in the coverage of the census enumerations, and partly to deficiencies in the records of the elements of increase.

## Elements of increase, 1941 to 1967

In the following table particulars are given of the elements of increase for each five-year period from 1941 to 1965 and for each of the years 1963 to 1967.

POPULATION(a): ELEMENTS OF INCREASE, BY SEX  
AUSTRALIA, 1941 TO 1967

Period	Natural increase (b)(c)	Net overseas migration gain (d)	Increase in total population (a)(e)
MALES			
1941-45 . . . . .	142,605	5,325	151,358
1946-50 . . . . .	255,335	217,728	469,579
1951-55 . . . . .	287,685	240,481	522,372
1956-60 . . . . .	328,616	214,210	539,256
1961-65 . . . . .	331,032	200,463 (a)	519,623
1963 . . . . .	67,924	36,219 (f)	101,573
1964 . . . . .	61,816	52,058 (f)	111,349
1965 . . . . .	58,696	54,511 (f)	110,667
1966 . . . . .	56,735	44,906 (f)	101,085
1967 . . . . . (f)	60,172	49,618 (f)	109,790
FEMALES			
1941-45 . . . . .	195,073	2,484	201,253
1946-50 . . . . .	274,112	135,356	407,705
1951-55 . . . . .	312,017	173,343	481,972
1956-60 . . . . .	351,241	190,812	540,839
1961-65 . . . . .	356,400	199,425 (a)	553,784
1963 . . . . .	72,871	35,426 (f)	107,850
1964 . . . . .	66,739	47,284 (f)	113,598
1965 . . . . .	64,443	50,345 (f)	114,312
1966 . . . . .	61,962	42,020 (f)	103,894
1967 . . . . . (f)	66,421	42,291 (f)	108,712
PERSONS			
1941-45 . . . . .	337,678	7,809	352,611
1946-50 . . . . .	529,447	353,084	877,284
1951-55 . . . . .	599,702	413,824	1,004,344
1956-60 . . . . .	679,857	405,022	1,080,095
1961-65 . . . . .	687,432	399,888 (a)	1,073,407
1963 . . . . .	140,795	71,645 (f)	209,423
1964 . . . . .	128,555	99,342 (f)	224,947
1965 . . . . .	123,139	104,856 (f)	224,979
1966 . . . . .	118,697	86,926 (f)	204,979
1967 . . . . . (f)	126,593	91,909 (f)	218,502

(a) Includes Aborigines from 30 June 1961. (b) Excess of births registered over deaths registered. From September 1939 to June 1947, deaths of defence personnel whether overseas or in Australia are included. (c) Includes Aborigines from 1 January 1967. (d) Excess of recorded overseas arrivals over recorded overseas departures. Excludes troop movements for the period September 1939 to June 1947. (e) Increase in total population as recorded at censuses or as estimated for intercensal periods. It includes, in addition to the recorded figures for natural increase and net overseas migration gain, adjustments for differences between the population as estimated and as recorded at census dates up to the census of 30 June 1966, and for the exclusion of Aboriginal births and deaths between 30 June 1961 and January 1967. (f) Includes Aborigines.



**Rate of population growth**

In the following two tables natural increase refers to the excess of births over deaths (including deaths of Australian defence personnel), net migration refers to excess of overseas arrivals over departures excluding overseas movement of defence personnel for the period September 1939 to June 1947, and total increase is the sum of natural increase and net migration together with differences disclosed by results of population censuses up to 30 June 1966.

Annual rates of natural increase, net migration and total increase, for single years, represent the increase during the year expressed as a proportion (per cent) of the population at the beginning of the year. These rates are slightly higher than those calculated as a proportion (per cent) of the mean population for the year.

Average annual rates of increase for periods greater than one year have been calculated in the following manner.

The average annual rate of total increase is computed by the formula:

$$P_t = P_0 (1 + r)^t$$

where  $P_0$  and  $P_t$  are the populations at the beginning and end respectively of a  $t$ -year period and  $r$  is the average annual rate of growth.

The average annual rate of natural increase and net migration is computed by dividing the average annual rate of total increase between its components in proportion to the fraction of total increase due to each component during the period. Differences between the sum of the rates of natural increase and of net migration and the rate of total increase are due to the intercensal adjustment.

**POPULATION(a): ANNUAL RATE OF GROWTH, AUSTRALIA  
1941 TO 1967  
(Per cent)**

<i>Period</i>	<i>Natural increase (b)</i>	<i>Net migration</i>	<i>Total increase (c)</i>
Average annual rate—			
1941-45 . . . . .	0.94	0.02	0.98
1946-50 . . . . .	1.36	0.91	2.26
1951-55 . . . . .	1.38	0.95	2.31
1956-60 . . . . .	1.40	0.83	2.22
1961-65 . . . . .	1.27	0.74	(c) 1.98
Annual rate—			
1963 . . . . .	1.30	0.66	(d) 1.93
1964 . . . . .	1.16	0.90	(d) 2.03
1965 . . . . .	1.09	0.93	(d) 1.99
1966 . . . . .	1.03	0.75	(d) 1.78
1967 . . . . .	(b) 1.08	0.79	(d) 1.87

(a) Population on which rates calculated includes Aborigines from 30 June 1961. (b) Includes Aborigines from 1 January 1967. (c) Includes Aborigines from 30 June 1961. (d) Includes Aborigines.

The average annual rate of population growth during the present century has been 1.72 per cent, but the results from year to year have deviated widely from this figure. In the following table the period 1 January 1901 to 31 December 1967 has been arranged into certain defined groups of years according to the occurrence of influences markedly affecting the growth of population.

POPULATION(a): PERIODIC RATES OF GROWTH, AUSTRALIA  
1901 TO 1967

Period	Interval (years)	Total increase ('000)	Average annual numerical increase ('000)	Average annual rate of population growth (per cent)		
				Natural increase	Net migration	Total
1901 to 1913 . . .	13	1,128	87	1.55	0.49	2.04
1914 to 1923 . . .	10	862	86	1.49	0.15	1.64
1924 to 1929 . . .	6	680	113	1.26	0.62	1.88
1930 to 1939 . . .	10	569	57	0.82	0.02	0.85
1940 to 1946 . . .	7	513	73	0.98	0.01	1.01
1947 to 1952 . . .	6	1,222	204	1.37	1.19	2.54
1953 to 1961 . . .	9	1,862	207	1.40	0.79	2.17
1962 to 1967 . . .	6	(b) 1,286	(b) 214	(c) 1.17	0.77	(b) 1.92

(a) Includes Aborigines from 1962. (b) Includes Aborigines. (c) Includes Aborigines from 1 January 1967.

Rates of population growth from 1886 are shown for each State and Territory of Australia in the annual bulletin, *Demography*. Estimated rates of growth of the population of Australia in comparison with those for other countries of the world for the years 1958-1966 are shown in the table on pages 173-4.

### Density

From certain aspects, population may be less significant in respect of its absolute amount than in its relation to the area of the country. Australia, with an area of 2,967,909 square miles and a population in December 1967 of 11,928,889, has a density of only 4.02 persons to the square mile, and is, therefore, one of the most sparsely populated countries of the world. For other continents and sub-continents, the densities in 1966 were approximately as follows: Europe (excluding U.S.S.R.), 236; Asia (excluding U.S.S.R.), 176; Latin America, 31; U.S.S.R., 26; Africa, 28; and Northern America, 26. The population density of Australia in 1966 was 3.91, about one-seventh of that of Northern America, of Africa and of the U.S.S.R.; about one-eighth of that of Latin America; about one-forty-fifth of that of Asia (excluding U.S.S.R.), and about one-sixtieth of that of Europe (excluding U.S.S.R.).

Because of the large area of Australia and the unsuitability for settlement of much of the country, the density of population must necessarily increase slowly. In Australia as a whole the figure has increased from 1.29 per square mile in 1901 to 4.02 in 1967. The rise in density from 1901 to 1967 in each State and Territory was: New South Wales 4.45 to 14.05, Victoria 13.77 to 37.59, Queensland 0.76 to 2.58, South Australia 0.95 to 2.94, Western Australia 0.20 to 0.91, Tasmania 6.68 to 14.39, Northern Territory 0.01 to 0.12, and Australian Capital Territory 2.05 (in 1911) to 115.20. When comparing the density of population of the several States, consideration should be given to the average annual rainfall distribution in each State as an indication of the climatic influence upon probable population numbers. The proportion of the area of Australia receiving an average of less than 10 inches of rainfall is 39 per cent; that of the various States is: New South Wales, 20 per cent; Victoria, nil; Queensland, 13 per cent; South Australia, 83 per cent; Western Australia, 58 per cent; and Tasmania, nil.

The number and density of population of the principal countries and continental groups of the world are shown in the tables on pages 172-4.

## Sex distribution

The number of males to each hundred females has been adopted as a measure of the 'masculinity' of the population. With the exception of some dislocation arising from the two World Wars, there was a continuous diminution of the masculinity of the population until 1945. This resulted from the increasing proportion of the population in the higher age groups, in which females preponderate owing to their greater longevity, and the general long-term fall in the birth rate. At the 1947 census the numbers of the sexes were practically equal, but during the following decade there was an increase in masculinity owing to the greater number of males as compared with females in net overseas migration, and the recovery of the birth rate in the post-war period from the low levels of the 1930s. In more recent years, however, the trend has declined again.

POPULATION(a): MASCULINITY, STATES AND TERRITORIES, DECEMBER 1900 TO 1967  
(Number of males per 100 females)

31 Dec.—	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Aust.
1900 . . .	111.14	101.23	125.33	101.95	157.54	107.97	753.60	(b)	110.55
1910 . . .	109.23	98.71	119.02	103.12	132.90	104.14	486.32	(b)	107.87
1920 . . .	104.31	97.38	112.00	99.83	114.55	101.67	270.04	116.70	103.47
1930 . . .	103.39	99.14	110.66	100.97	117.17	101.53	263.66	118.69	103.85
1940 . . .	100.98	97.85	108.48	98.91	110.38	102.74	240.31	124.62	101.81
1950 . . .	100.88	99.27	106.02	101.83	106.07	102.70	188.05	123.33	101.83
1960 . . .	101.38	101.35	104.16	102.24	103.99	102.88	147.82	111.51	102.22
1963(c) . . .	100.82	100.68	103.26	101.37	103.87	102.15	125.82	109.11	101.60
1964(c) . . .	100.75	100.64	103.13	101.19	103.97	101.98	124.61	108.43	101.53
1965(c) . . .	100.68	100.52	102.99	101.03	103.99	101.83	123.36	108.70	101.43
1966(c) . . .	100.64	100.46	102.83	100.91	103.94	101.71	121.93	107.56	101.36
1967(c) . . .	100.65	100.50	102.75	100.93	103.82	101.73	120.91	106.80	101.35

(a) Includes Aborigines from 1963. (b) Part of New South Wales prior to 1911. (c) Includes Aborigines.

The masculinity of the population in the principal countries of the world is shown in the table on pages 173-4.

## Age distribution

The next table shows the changes which have taken place in the age distribution of the population of Australia since 1871.

POPULATION(a): PROPORTIONAL AGE DISTRIBUTION, BY SEX, AUSTRALIA  
1871 TO 1966  
(Per cent)

Census	Males				Females				Persons			
	Under 15 years	15 years and under 65	65 years and over	Total	Under 15 years	15 years and under 65	65 years and over	Total	Under 15 years	15 years and under 65	65 years and over	Total
1871 . . .	38.84	59.11	2.05	100	46.02	52.60	1.38	100	42.09	56.17	1.74	100
1881 . . .	36.36	60.81	2.83	100	41.86	56.03	2.11	100	38.89	58.61	2.50	100
1891 . . .	34.80	62.01	3.19	100	39.38	58.09	2.53	100	36.92	60.19	2.89	100
1901 . . .	33.89	61.80	4.31	100	36.51	59.88	3.61	100	35.14	60.88	3.98	100
1911 . . .	30.84	64.82	4.34	100	32.52	63.28	4.20	100	31.65	64.08	4.27	100
1921 . . .	31.64	63.88	4.48	100	31.79	63.83	4.38	100	31.71	63.86	4.43	100
1933 . . .	27.53	66.09	6.38	100	27.42	65.99	6.59	100	27.48	66.04	6.48	100
1947 . . .	25.49	67.08	7.43	100	24.62	66.71	8.67	100	25.06	66.89	8.05	100
1954 . . .	28.81	63.82	7.37	100	28.23	62.52	9.25	100	28.52	63.18	8.30	100
1961 . . .	30.61	62.16	7.23	100	29.85	60.33	9.82	100	30.23	61.26	8.51	100
1966 . . .	29.88	63.03	7.09	100	28.86	61.13	10.01	100	29.37	62.09	8.54	100

(a) Excludes full-blood Aborigines.

### General characteristics of the population

Particulars of the characteristics of the population of Australia at the 1966 census compared with the 1961 census and for the individual States and Territories at the 1966 census are shown in this section. Information concerning the industry, occupational status, and occupations of the population as recorded at the 1966 census is given in the chapter Employment and Unemployment, and on dwellings in the chapter Housing and Building.

The characteristics dealt with in the following pages are: age; marital status; country of birth; period of residence in Australia of overseas born; nationality; religion. Further details are available in a series of mimeographed bulletins which are listed in the chapter Miscellaneous. All tables exclude particulars of full-blood Aborigines.

#### POPULATION: AGE (GROUPED AGES)(a), BY SEX, AUSTRALIA CENSUSES, 1961 AND 1966

Age last birthday (years)	Census, 30 June 1961			Census, 30 June 1966			Increase 1961-1966
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	
0-4 . . . . .	567,742	541,751	1,109,493	585,949	557,195	1,143,144	33,651
5-9 . . . . .	536,046	511,475	1,047,521	595,538	567,358	1,162,896	115,375
10-14 . . . . .	522,407	497,577	1,019,984	556,251	530,197	1,086,448	66,464
15-19 . . . . .	414,788	394,145	808,933	536,848	511,378	1,048,226	239,293
20-24 . . . . .	361,531	335,907	697,438	436,709	417,232	853,941	156,503
25-29 . . . . .	342,443	313,628	656,071	384,336	361,729	746,065	89,994
30-34 . . . . .	386,175	351,793	737,968	355,654	331,700	687,354	-50,614
35-39 . . . . .	395,247	372,669	767,916	397,463	367,099	764,562	-3,354
40-44 . . . . .	343,973	334,554	678,527	396,536	377,215	773,751	95,224
45-49 . . . . .	335,890	321,941	657,831	343,033	334,639	677,672	19,841
50-54 . . . . .	293,004	275,023	568,027	323,810	317,824	641,634	73,607
55-59 . . . . .	238,051	225,330	463,381	276,100	266,916	543,016	79,635
60-64 . . . . .	190,805	210,048	400,853	215,590	219,759	435,349	34,496
65-69 . . . . .	149,130	184,654	333,784	161,376	195,020	356,396	22,612
70-74 . . . . .	116,939	148,048	264,987	115,084	160,887	275,971	10,984
75-79 . . . . .	69,223	95,724	164,947	79,634	116,753	196,387	31,440
80-84 . . . . .	33,069	52,627	85,696	38,568	64,296	102,864	17,168
85 and over . . . . .	15,789	29,040	44,829	17,880	36,906	54,786	9,957
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>5,312,252</b>	<b>5,195,934</b>	<b>10,508,186</b>	<b>5,816,359</b>	<b>5,734,103</b>	<b>11,550,462</b>	<b>1,042,276</b>

(a) Recorded ages adjusted by the distribution of ages 'not stated'. Minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

A graph showing the number of males and females in each age group at the 1966 census appears on plate 18, over the page.

# POPULATION, BY AGE GROUP: AUSTRALIA

## CENSUS 1966

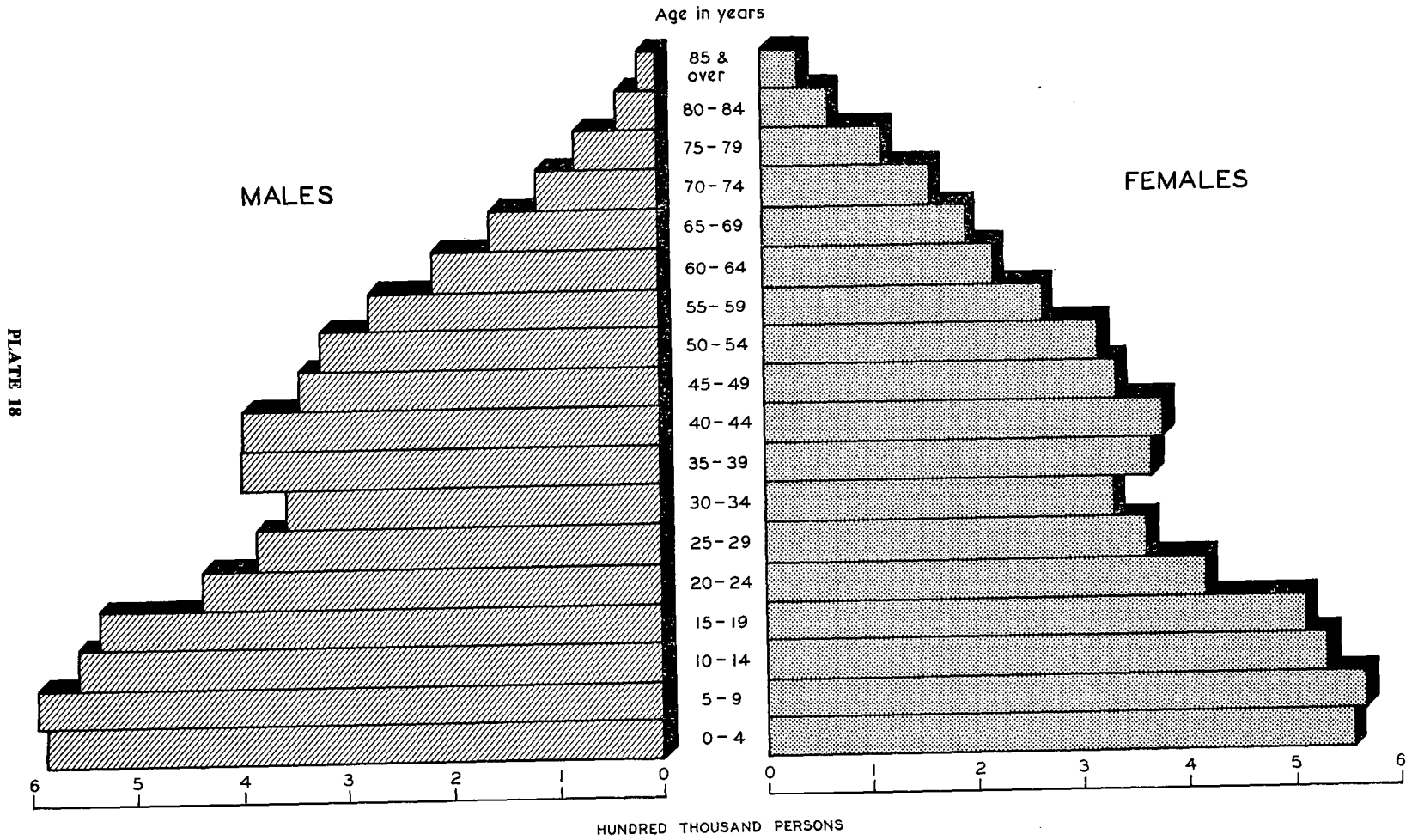


PLATE 18

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

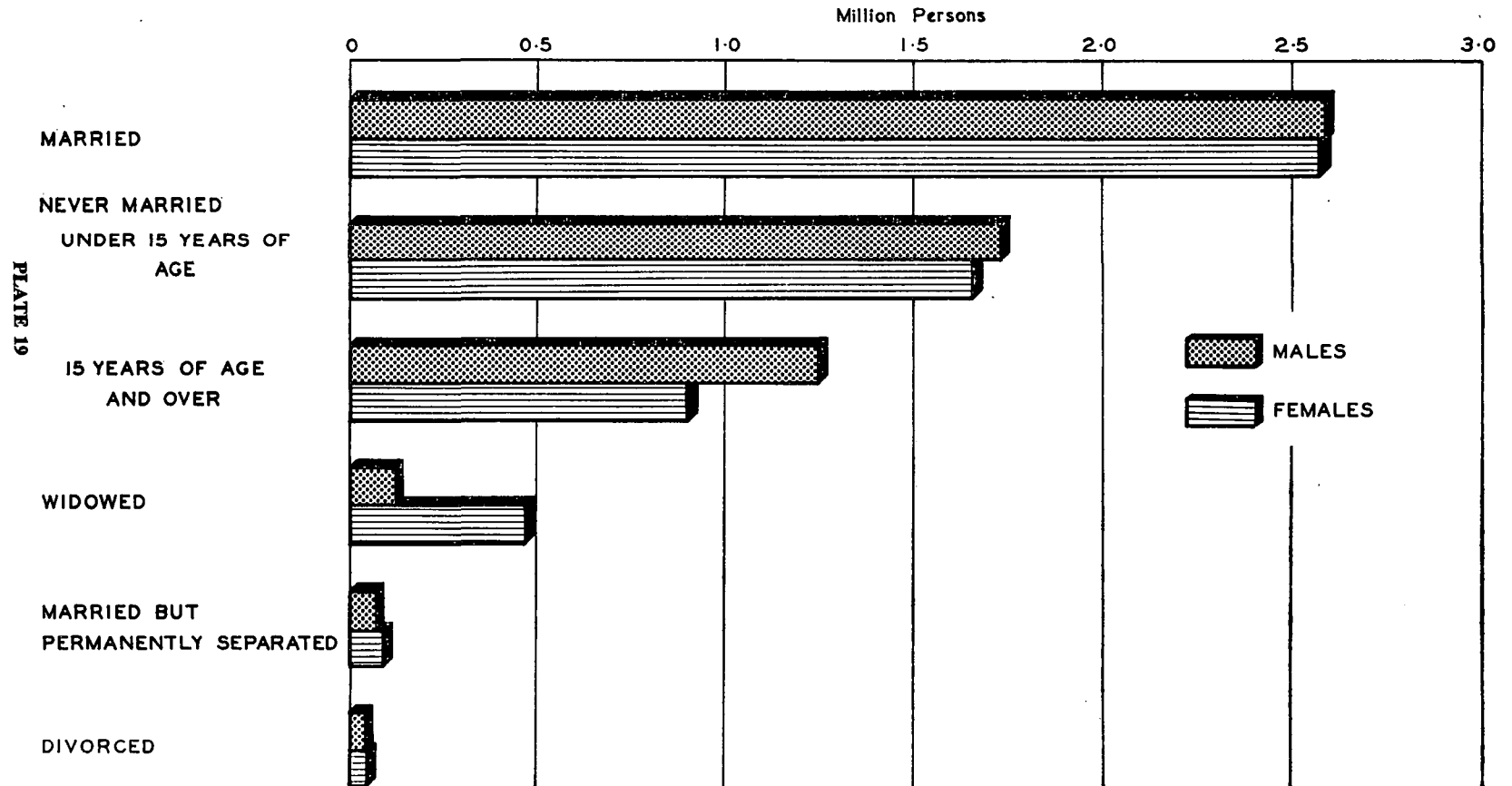
POPULATION: AGE (GROUPED AGES)(a), BY SEX, STATES AND TERRITORIES  
CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966

Age last birthday (years)	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Aust.
MALES									
0-4	206,643	164,283	87,400	55,233	43,524	20,496	2,462	5,908	585,949
5-9	209,902	164,216	88,546	57,933	45,791	21,338	2,045	5,767	595,538
10-14	195,459	153,220	82,926	55,045	44,022	19,562	1,407	4,610	556,251
15-19	193,411	147,914	77,905	52,779	40,714	17,674	1,386	5,065	536,848
20-24	162,734	120,447	62,831	39,564	31,032	12,958	2,564	4,579	436,709
25-29	142,848	107,745	53,016	33,684	28,135	11,980	2,627	4,301	384,336
30-34	132,878	100,508	48,339	31,879	25,488	10,936	1,925	3,701	355,654
35-39	148,178	112,493	53,150	37,644	28,204	11,986	1,943	3,865	397,463
40-44	147,939	111,196	54,096	38,248	27,700	12,001	1,511	3,815	396,536
45-49	129,423	94,051	48,902	33,167	22,907	10,661	1,054	2,868	343,033
50-54	121,365	88,808	46,696	30,973	22,747	10,321	874	2,026	323,810
55-59	102,843	76,214	40,792	24,961	20,634	8,543	658	1,455	276,100
60-64	78,580	60,411	32,034	19,221	17,462	6,571	463	848	215,590
65-69	58,797	44,600	26,341	14,023	12,023	4,759	309	524	161,376
70-74	42,383	32,010	18,727	10,633	7,513	3,329	145	344	115,084
75-79	29,984	21,117	13,097	7,761	5,020	2,404	65	186	79,634
80-84	14,619	9,923	6,221	3,988	2,481	1,235	26	75	38,368
85 and over	6,476	4,748	2,878	1,794	1,294	636	14	40	17,880
Under 21	839,931	655,694	349,978	229,385	180,202	81,746	7,663	22,327	2,366,926
21-64	1,132,272	845,812	426,655	280,946	218,158	93,281	13,286	26,481	3,036,891
65 and over	152,259	112,398	67,264	38,199	28,331	12,363	559	1,169	412,542
<b>Total males</b>	<b>2,124,462</b>	<b>1,613,904</b>	<b>843,897</b>	<b>548,530</b>	<b>426,691</b>	<b>187,390</b>	<b>21,508</b>	<b>49,977</b>	<b>5,816,359</b>
FEMALES									
0-4	196,456	156,298	83,251	52,255	41,286	19,610	2,374	5,665	557,195
5-9	200,318	156,371	83,892	55,704	43,428	20,349	1,912	5,384	567,358
10-14	187,027	145,505	78,602	52,295	42,129	18,809	1,356	4,474	530,197
15-19	182,904	141,802	74,820	50,428	38,580	17,211	1,155	4,478	511,378
20-24	155,196	117,449	58,843	38,424	28,476	12,703	1,938	4,203	417,232
25-29	135,261	101,986	49,324	32,388	25,912	11,304	1,683	3,871	361,729
30-34	123,340	93,874	45,546	30,219	23,930	10,224	1,254	3,313	331,700
35-39	137,283	103,804	49,769	34,800	25,986	10,983	1,074	3,400	367,099
40-44	141,860	106,657	50,690	36,640	25,535	11,524	900	3,409	377,215
45-49	127,512	92,074	47,725	31,769	22,142	10,323	712	2,382	334,639
50-54	120,698	88,037	45,205	29,669	22,103	9,777	535	1,800	317,824
55-59	101,483	74,603	37,883	24,517	18,848	8,003	395	1,184	266,916
60-64	82,352	62,578	31,768	19,696	15,732	6,513	278	842	219,759
65-69	73,603	55,726	29,124	17,461	12,652	5,616	190	648	195,020
70-74	60,620	46,650	23,082	15,565	9,709	4,704	95	462	160,887
75-79	45,040	33,357	16,428	11,253	6,895	3,440	46	294	116,753
80-84	24,731	18,155	8,756	6,622	3,986	1,875	20	151	64,296
85 and over	13,676	10,696	5,080	3,640	2,653	1,077	8	76	36,906
Under 21	799,395	625,144	333,190	219,045	171,055	78,667	7,110	20,853	2,254,459
21-64	1,092,295	815,894	404,128	269,759	203,032	88,666	8,456	23,552	2,905,782
65 and over	217,670	164,584	82,470	54,541	35,895	16,712	359	1,631	573,862
<b>Total females</b>	<b>2,109,360</b>	<b>1,605,622</b>	<b>819,788</b>	<b>543,345</b>	<b>409,982</b>	<b>184,045</b>	<b>15,925</b>	<b>46,036</b>	<b>5,734,103</b>
PERSONS									
0-4	403,099	320,581	170,651	107,488	84,810	40,106	4,836	11,573	1,143,144
5-9	410,220	320,587	172,438	113,637	89,219	41,687	3,957	11,151	1,162,896
10-14	382,486	298,725	161,528	107,340	86,151	38,371	2,763	9,084	1,086,448
15-19	376,315	289,716	152,725	103,207	79,294	34,885	2,541	9,543	1,048,226
20-24	317,930	237,896	121,674	77,988	59,508	25,661	4,502	8,782	853,941
25-29	278,109	209,731	102,340	66,072	54,047	23,284	4,310	8,172	746,065
30-34	256,218	194,382	93,885	62,098	49,418	21,160	3,179	7,014	687,354
35-39	285,461	216,297	102,919	72,444	54,190	22,969	3,017	7,265	764,562
40-44	289,799	217,853	104,786	74,888	53,235	23,525	2,441	7,224	773,751
45-49	256,935	186,125	96,627	64,936	45,049	20,984	1,766	5,250	677,672
50-54	242,063	176,845	91,901	60,642	44,850	20,098	1,409	3,826	641,634
55-59	204,326	150,817	78,675	49,478	39,482	16,546	1,053	2,639	543,016
60-64	160,932	122,989	63,802	38,917	33,194	13,084	741	1,690	435,349
65-69	132,400	100,326	55,465	31,484	24,675	10,375	499	1,172	356,996
70-74	103,003	78,660	41,809	26,198	17,222	8,033	240	806	275,971
75-79	75,024	54,474	29,525	19,014	11,915	5,844	111	480	196,387
80-84	39,350	28,078	14,977	10,610	6,467	3,110	46	226	102,864
85 and over	20,152	15,444	7,958	5,434	3,947	1,713	22	116	54,786
Under 21	1,639,326	1,280,838	683,168	448,430	351,257	160,413	14,773	43,180	4,621,385
21-64	2,224,567	1,661,706	830,783	550,705	421,190	181,947	21,742	50,033	5,942,673
65 and over	369,929	276,982	149,734	92,740	64,226	29,075	918	2,800	986,404
<b>Grand total</b>	<b>4,233,822</b>	<b>3,219,526</b>	<b>1,663,685</b>	<b>1,091,875</b>	<b>836,673</b>	<b>371,435</b>	<b>37,433</b>	<b>96,013</b>	<b>11,550,462</b>

(a) Recorded ages adjusted by the distribution of ages 'not stated'.

# POPULATION, BY MARITAL STATUS: AUSTRALIA

CENSUS 1966



## POPULATION: MARITAL STATUS, BY SEX, AUSTRALIA, CENSUSES, 1961 AND 1966

Marital status	Census, 30 June 1961			Census, 30 June 1966			Increase 1961-1966
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	
Never married—							
Under 15 years of age . . . . .	1,626,195	1,550,803	3,176,998	1,737,738	1,654,750	3,392,488	215,490
15 years of age and over . . . . .	1,098,450	770,048	1,868,498	1,246,214	899,354	2,145,568	277,070
<i>Total never married</i> . . . . .	<i>2,724,645</i>	<i>2,320,851</i>	<i>5,045,496</i>	<i>2,983,952</i>	<i>2,554,104</i>	<i>5,538,056</i>	<i>492,560</i>
Married . . . . .	2,364,710	2,344,754	4,709,464	2,592,236	2,578,488	5,170,724	461,260
Married but permanently separated . . . . .	68,172	78,367	146,539	75,149	87,218	162,367	15,828
Divorced . . . . .	38,640	43,339	81,979	42,885	51,143	94,028	12,049
Widowed . . . . .	116,085	408,623	524,708	122,137	463,150	585,287	60,579
<i>Grand total</i> . . . . .	<i>5,312,252</i>	<i>5,195,934</i>	<i>10,508,186</i>	<i>5,816,359</i>	<i>5,734,103</i>	<i>11,550,462</i>	<i>1,042,276</i>

## POPULATION: MARITAL STATUS, STATES AND TERRITORIES, CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966

Marital status	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Australia
MALES									
Never married—									
Under 15 years of age . . . . .	612,004	481,719	258,872	168,211	133,337	61,396	5,914	16,285	1,737,738
15 years of age and over . . . . .	457,700	344,297	187,210	110,592	91,188	37,078	6,525	11,624	1,246,214
<i>Total never married</i> . . . . .	<i>1,069,704</i>	<i>826,016</i>	<i>446,082</i>	<i>278,803</i>	<i>224,525</i>	<i>98,474</i>	<i>12,439</i>	<i>27,909</i>	<i>2,983,952</i>
Married . . . . .	960,219	725,320	361,792	249,048	185,239	81,811	7,986	20,821	2,592,236
Married but permanently separated(a) . . . . .	30,071	19,938	11,102	5,478	5,534	2,090	498	438	75,149
Divorced . . . . .	17,459	9,755	5,813	4,237	3,741	1,233	310	337	42,885
Widowed . . . . .	47,009	32,875	19,108	10,964	7,652	3,782	275	472	122,137
<i>Total males</i> . . . . .	<i>2,124,462</i>	<i>1,613,904</i>	<i>843,897</i>	<i>548,530</i>	<i>426,691</i>	<i>187,390</i>	<i>21,508</i>	<i>49,977</i>	<i>5,816,359</i>
FEMALES									
Never married—									
Under 15 years of age . . . . .	583,801	458,174	245,745	160,254	126,843	58,768	5,642	15,523	1,654,750
15 years of age and over . . . . .	330,621	260,301	129,239	81,731	60,192	27,287	2,563	7,420	899,354
<i>Total never married</i> . . . . .	<i>914,422</i>	<i>718,475</i>	<i>374,984</i>	<i>241,985</i>	<i>187,035</i>	<i>86,055</i>	<i>8,205</i>	<i>22,943</i>	<i>2,554,104</i>
Married . . . . .	954,624	722,266	361,189	248,731	183,053	81,320	6,806	20,499	2,578,488
Married but permanently separated(a) . . . . .	35,619	24,134	12,376	6,201	5,986	2,200	293	409	87,218
Divorced . . . . .	22,194	12,436	6,028	4,851	3,774	1,293	163	404	51,143
Widowed . . . . .	182,501	128,311	65,211	41,577	30,134	13,177	458	1,781	463,150
<i>Total females</i> . . . . .	<i>2,109,360</i>	<i>1,605,622</i>	<i>819,788</i>	<i>543,345</i>	<i>409,982</i>	<i>184,045</i>	<i>15,925</i>	<i>46,036</i>	<i>5,734,103</i>
PERSONS									
Never married—									
Under 15 years of age . . . . .	1,195,805	939,893	504,617	328,465	260,180	120,164	11,556	31,808	3,392,488
15 years of age and over . . . . .	788,321	604,598	316,449	192,323	151,380	64,365	9,088	19,044	2,145,568
<i>Total never married</i> . . . . .	<i>1,984,126</i>	<i>1,544,491</i>	<i>821,066</i>	<i>520,788</i>	<i>411,560</i>	<i>184,529</i>	<i>20,644</i>	<i>50,852</i>	<i>5,538,056</i>
Married . . . . .	1,914,843	1,447,586	722,981	497,779	368,292	163,131	14,792	41,320	5,170,724
Married but permanently separated(a) . . . . .	65,690	44,072	23,478	11,679	11,520	4,290	791	847	162,367
Divorced . . . . .	39,653	22,191	11,841	9,088	7,515	2,526	473	741	94,028
Widowed . . . . .	229,510	161,186	84,319	52,541	37,786	16,959	733	2,253	585,287
<i>Grand total</i> . . . . .	<i>4,233,822</i>	<i>3,219,526</i>	<i>1,663,685</i>	<i>1,091,875</i>	<i>836,673</i>	<i>371,435</i>	<i>37,433</i>	<i>96,013</i>	<i>11,550,462</i>

(a) Legally or otherwise.



**POPULATION: COUNTRY OF BIRTH, BY SEX, AUSTRALIA  
CENSUSES, 1961 AND 1966**

Country of birth	Census, 30 June 1961			Census, 30 June 1966			Increase 1961-1966
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	
Australia . . . . .	4,325,005	4,404,401	8,729,406	4,663,212	4,756,330	9,419,542	690,136
New Zealand . . . . .	23,377	23,634	47,011	26,174	26,311	52,485	5,474
Europe—							
United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland(a)	400,491	354,911	755,402	474,427	434,237	908,664	153,262
Germany . . . . .	57,579	51,736	109,315	55,799	52,910	108,709	- 606
Greece . . . . .	43,593	33,740	77,333	73,936	66,153	140,089	62,756
Italy . . . . .	134,624	93,672	228,296	150,138	117,187	267,325	39,029
Malta . . . . .	22,628	16,709	39,337	31,028	24,076	55,104	15,767
Netherlands . . . . .	56,811	45,272	102,083	55,189	44,360	99,549	- 2,534
Poland . . . . .	36,395	23,654	60,049	36,496	25,145	61,641	1,592
Other . . . . .	134,185	90,212	224,397	147,921	104,509	252,430	28,033
Total, Europe . . . . .	886,306	709,906	1,596,212	1,024,934	868,577	1,893,511	297,299
Other countries . . . . .	77,564	57,993	135,557	102,039	82,885	184,924	49,367
Total born outside Australia . . . . .	987,247	791,533	1,778,780	1,153,147	977,773	2,130,920	352,140
Grand total . . . . .	5,312,252	5,195,934	10,508,186	5,816,359	5,734,103	11,550,462	1,042,276

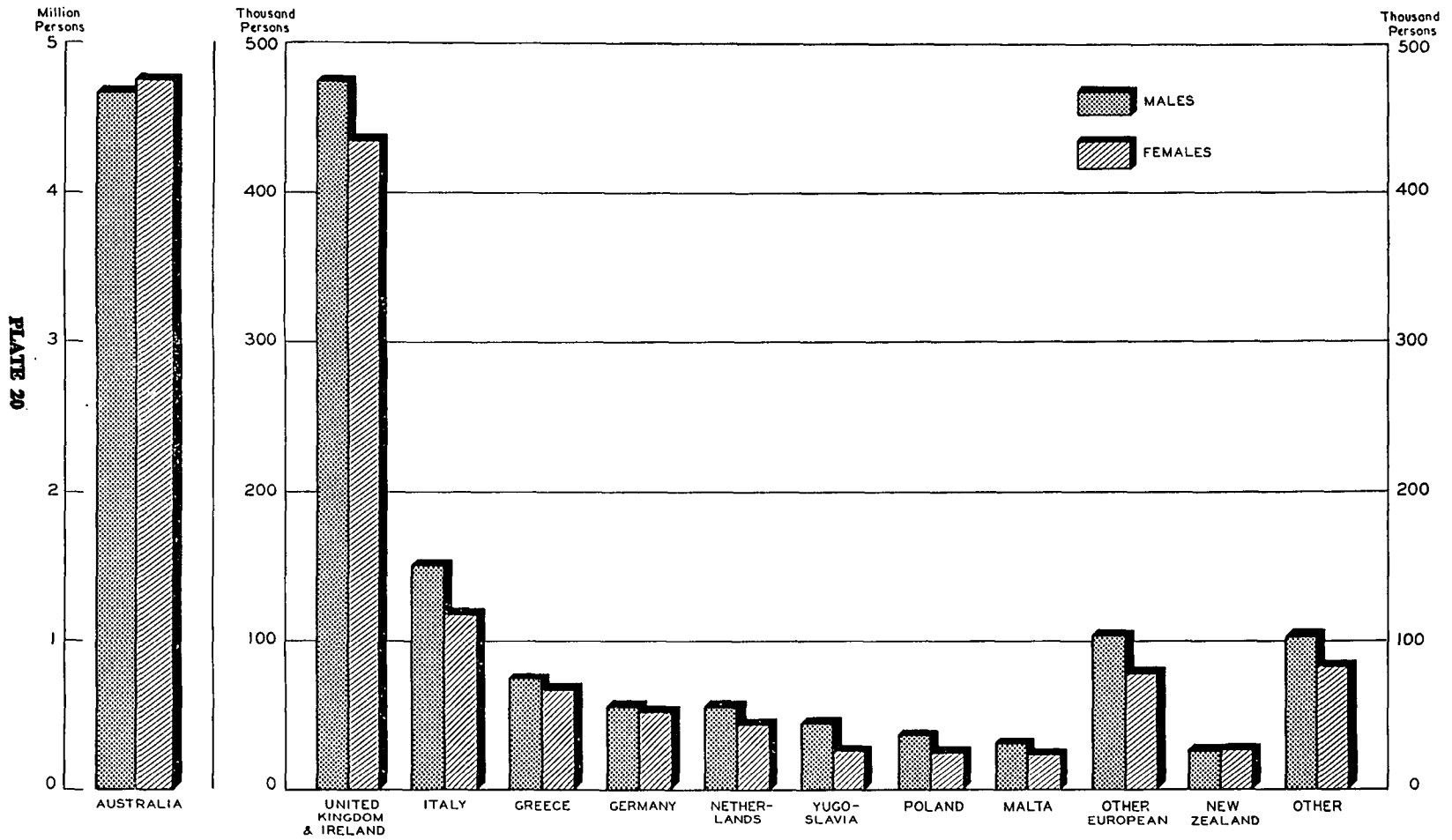
(a) Includes Ireland (undefined).  
Minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

**POPULATION: COUNTRY OF BIRTH, BY SEX, STATES AND TERRITORIES  
CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966**

Country of birth	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Aust.
<b>MALES</b>									
Australia . . . . .	1,727,351	1,249,368	731,943	416,965	318,198	167,531	15,896	35,960	4,663,212
New Zealand . . . . .	12,534	5,738	4,139	1,080	1,431	617	211	424	26,174
Europe—									
United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland(a)	159,307	124,415	55,938	62,756	54,932	9,911	1,939	5,229	474,427
Germany . . . . .	18,202	18,982	4,863	8,189	2,939	1,137	420	1,067	55,799
Greece . . . . .	25,792	32,884	2,546	7,834	3,113	451	798	518	73,936
Italy . . . . .	41,430	61,091	11,972	17,130	16,005	918	472	1,120	150,138
Malta . . . . .	12,919	14,804	1,315	1,276	476	56	19	163	31,028
Netherlands . . . . .	15,273	19,092	5,593	6,703	5,755	1,809	177	787	55,189
Poland . . . . .	11,197	13,986	2,394	4,519	2,775	1,064	70	491	36,496
Other countries in Europe . . . . .	57,837	45,656	11,864	15,855	10,657	2,374	808	2,870	147,921
Total, Europe . . . . .	341,957	330,910	96,485	124,262	96,652	17,720	4,703	12,245	1,024,934
Other countries . . . . .	42,620	27,888	11,330	6,223	10,410	1,522	698	1,348	102,039
Total born outside Australia . . . . .	397,111	364,536	111,954	131,565	108,493	19,859	5,612	14,017	1,153,147
Total males . . . . .	2,124,462	1,613,904	843,897	548,530	426,691	187,390	21,508	49,977	5,816,359
<b>FEMALES</b>									
Australia . . . . .	1,772,444	1,289,560	729,886	428,962	319,684	168,051	13,115	34,628	4,756,330
New Zealand . . . . .	13,437	5,945	3,469	1,108	1,237	620	144	351	26,311
Europe—									
United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland(a)	145,672	114,991	50,174	59,274	49,188	9,190	1,148	4,600	434,237
Germany . . . . .	17,409	18,288	4,163	8,024	2,996	879	167	984	52,910
Greece . . . . .	22,702	31,391	1,851	6,826	2,330	304	399	350	66,153
Italy . . . . .	31,445	50,128	8,300	13,718	12,136	530	174	756	117,187
Malta . . . . .	10,160	11,648	831	982	284	23	6	142	24,076
Netherlands . . . . .	11,848	15,554	4,275	5,740	4,614	1,558	88	683	44,360
Poland . . . . .	7,537	10,711	1,401	2,734	1,952	503	15	292	25,145
Other countries in Europe . . . . .	41,814	34,556	6,825	10,845	6,976	1,258	172	2,063	104,509
Total, Europe . . . . .	288,587	287,267	77,820	108,143	80,476	14,245	2,169	9,870	868,577
Other countries . . . . .	34,892	22,850	8,613	5,132	8,585	1,129	497	1,187	82,885
Total born outside Australia . . . . .	336,916	316,062	89,902	114,383	90,298	15,994	2,810	11,408	977,773
Total females . . . . .	2,109,360	1,605,622	819,788	543,345	409,982	184,045	15,925	46,036	5,734,103

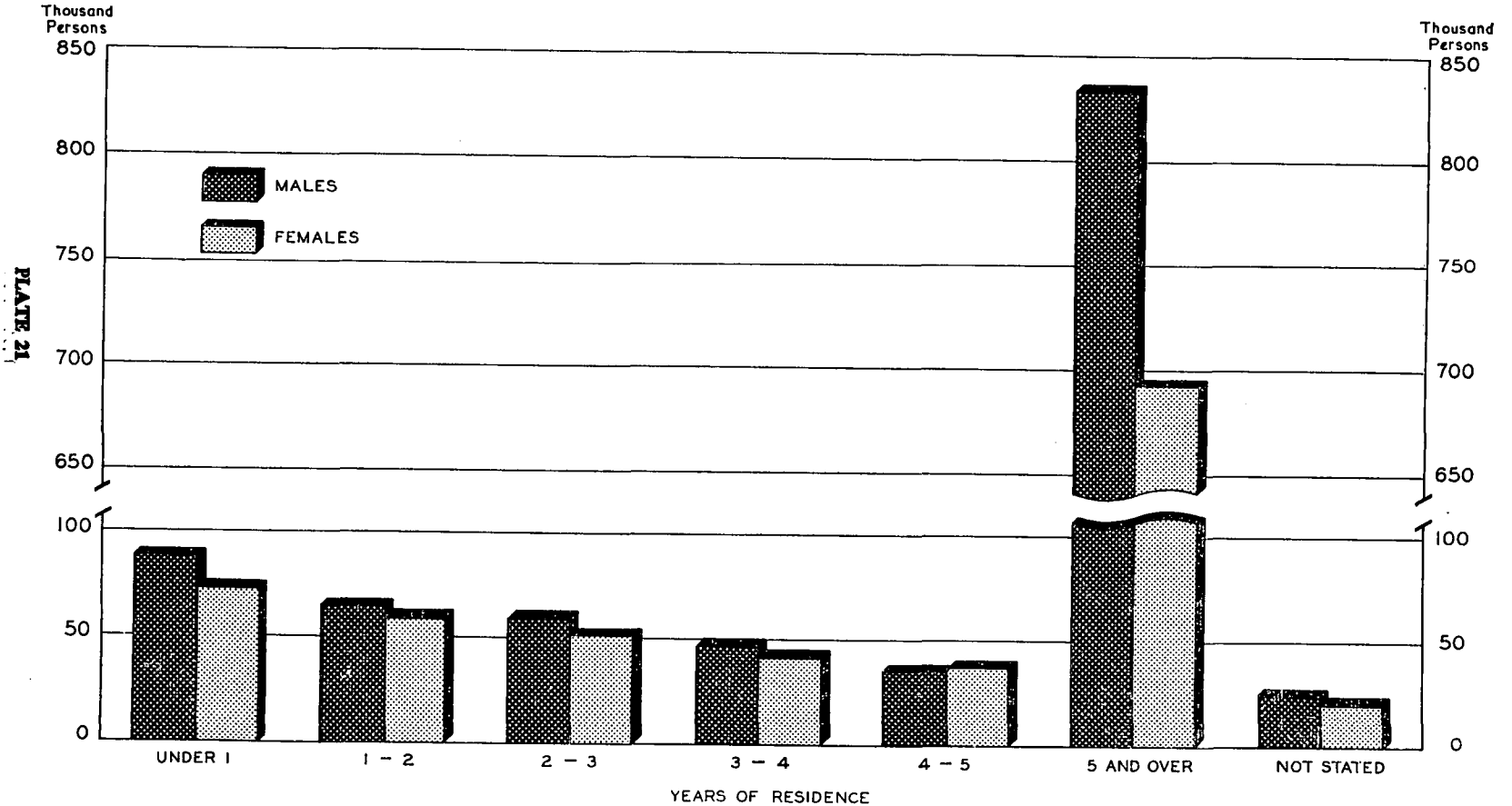
# POPULATION, BY BIRTHPLACE: AUSTRALIA

## CENSUS 1966



# OVERSEAS BORN POPULATION, BY PERIOD OF RESIDENCE IN AUSTRALIA

CENSUS 1966



POPULATION(a): COUNTRY OF BIRTH, BY SEX, STATES AND TERRITORIES  
CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966—continued

Country of birth	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Aust.
<b>PERSONS</b>									
Australia . . . . .	3,499,795	2,538,928	1,461,829	845,927	637,882	335,582	29,011	70,588	9,419,542
New Zealand . . . . .	25,971	11,683	7,608	2,188	2,668	1,237	355	775	52,485
Europe—									
United Kingdom and Republic of									
Ireland(a) . . . . .	304,979	239,406	106,112	122,030	104,120	19,101	3,087	9,829	908,664
Germany . . . . .	35,611	37,270	9,026	16,213	5,935	2,016	587	2,051	108,709
Greece . . . . .	48,494	64,275	4,397	14,660	5,443	755	1,197	868	140,089
Italy . . . . .	72,875	111,219	20,272	30,848	28,141	1,448	646	1,876	267,325
Malta . . . . .	23,079	26,452	2,146	2,258	760	79	25	305	55,104
Netherlands . . . . .	27,121	34,646	9,868	12,443	10,369	3,367	265	1,470	99,549
Poland . . . . .	18,734	24,697	3,795	7,253	4,727	1,567	85	783	61,641
Other countries in Europe . . . . .	99,651	80,212	18,689	26,700	17,633	3,632	980	4,933	252,430
Total, Europe . . . . .	630,544	618,177	174,305	232,405	177,128	31,965	6,872	22,115	1,893,511
Other countries . . . . .	77,512	50,738	19,943	11,355	18,995	2,651	1,195	2,535	184,924
Total born out- side Australia . . . . .	734,027	680,598	201,856	245,948	198,791	35,853	8,422	25,425	2,130,920
Grand total . . . . .	4,233,822	3,219,526	1,663,685	1,091,875	836,673	371,435	37,433	96,013	11,550,462

(a) Includes Ireland (undefined).

POPULATION: OVERSEAS BORN, BY PERIOD OF RESIDENCE IN AUSTRALIA, AND SEX  
CENSUSES, 1961 AND 1966

Period of residence (years)	Census, 30 June 1961			Census, 30 June 1966			Increase 1961-1966
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	
Under 1 . . . . .	72,162	51,169	123,331	88,608	73,252	161,860	38,529
1 and under 2 . . . . .	48,600	38,366	86,966	65,980	58,361	124,341	37,375
2 " " 3 . . . . .	47,126	42,901	90,027	58,366	51,963	110,329	20,302
3 " " 4 . . . . .	37,736	41,254	78,990	46,104	41,934	88,038	9,048
4 " " 5 . . . . .	42,600	41,284	83,884	35,623	37,279	72,902	-10,982
5 years and over . . . . .	717,961	560,573	1,278,534	833,170	693,902	1,527,072	248,538
Not stated . . . . .	21,062	15,986	37,048	25,296	21,082	46,378	9,330
Total . . . . .	987,247	791,533	1,778,780	1,153,147	977,773	2,130,920	352,140

Minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

**POPULATION: OVERSEAS-BORN, BY PERIOD OF RESIDENCE IN AUSTRALIA(a), AND SEX STATES AND TERRITORIES, CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966**

<i>Period of residence in Australia (years)</i>	<i>N.S.W.</i>	<i>Vic.</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>S.A.</i>	<i>W.A.</i>	<i>Tas.</i>	<i>N.T.</i>	<i>A.C.T.</i>	<i>Australia</i>
<b>MALES</b>									
Under 1 year . . . . .	30,942	24,474	7,846	12,235	9,872	1,488	553	1,198	88,608
1 and under 2 . . . . .	22,333	20,061	5,622	10,332	5,488	965	396	783	65,980
2 " " 3 . . . . .	18,920	19,153	4,874	8,834	4,625	782	396	782	58,366
3 " " 4 . . . . .	15,277	15,352	3,484	5,961	4,565	526	260	679	46,104
4 " " 5 . . . . .	12,700	11,349	2,829	4,349	3,096	505	261	534	35,623
5 years and over . . . . .	287,679	266,236	84,168	87,919	78,664	15,095	3,569	9,840	833,170
Not stated . . . . .	9,260	7,911	3,131	1,935	2,183	498	177	201	25,296
<b>Total males</b>	<b>397,111</b>	<b>364,536</b>	<b>111,954</b>	<b>131,565</b>	<b>108,493</b>	<b>19,859</b>	<b>5,612</b>	<b>14,017</b>	<b>1,153,147</b>
<b>FEMALES</b>									
Under 1 year . . . . .	24,837	21,213	6,205	11,062	7,563	1,078	288	1,006	73,252
1 and under 2 . . . . .	19,462	17,973	4,688	9,742	4,678	873	255	690	58,361
2 " " 3 . . . . .	16,321	17,784	3,908	8,262	4,007	712	237	732	51,963
3 " " 4 . . . . .	13,876	14,184	2,951	5,757	3,938	494	154	580	41,934
4 " " 5 . . . . .	13,287	12,884	2,561	4,441	2,902	488	177	539	37,279
5 years and over . . . . .	240,865	225,351	67,141	73,586	65,626	11,983	1,631	7,719	693,902
Not stated . . . . .	8,268	6,673	2,448	1,533	1,584	366	68	142	21,082
<b>Total females</b>	<b>336,916</b>	<b>316,062</b>	<b>89,902</b>	<b>114,383</b>	<b>90,298</b>	<b>15,994</b>	<b>2,810</b>	<b>11,408</b>	<b>977,773</b>
<b>PERSONS</b>									
Under 1 year . . . . .	55,779	45,687	14,051	23,297	17,435	2,566	841	2,204	161,860
1 and under 2 . . . . .	41,795	38,034	10,310	20,074	10,166	1,838	651	1,473	124,341
2 " " 3 . . . . .	35,241	36,937	8,782	17,096	8,632	1,494	633	1,514	110,329
3 " " 4 . . . . .	29,153	29,536	6,435	11,718	8,503	1,020	414	1,259	88,038
4 " " 5 . . . . .	25,987	24,233	5,390	8,790	5,998	993	438	1,073	72,902
5 years and over . . . . .	528,544	491,587	151,309	161,505	144,290	27,078	5,200	17,559	1,527,072
Not stated . . . . .	17,528	14,584	5,579	3,468	3,767	864	245	343	46,378
<b>Grand total</b>	<b>734,027</b>	<b>680,598</b>	<b>201,856</b>	<b>245,948</b>	<b>198,791</b>	<b>35,853</b>	<b>8,422</b>	<b>25,425</b>	<b>2,130,920</b>

(a) Period of residence in Australia and not the particular State of Territory in which persons were enumerated.

**POPULATION: NATIONALITY (i.e. ALLEGIANCE), BY SEX AUSTRALIA, CENSUSES, 1961 AND 1966**

<i>Nationality</i>	<i>Census, 30 June 1961</i>			<i>Census, 30 June 1966</i>			<i>Increase 1961-1966</i>
	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Persons</i>	<i>Males</i>	<i>Females</i>	<i>Persons</i>	
<b>British(a)—</b>							
Born in Australia . . . . .	4,325,005	4,404,401	8,729,406	4,663,212	4,756,330	9,419,542	690,136
Born outside Australia . . . . .	686,611	568,692	1,255,303	871,263	748,582	(b) 1,619,845	364,542
<b>Total British . . . . .</b>	<b>5,011,616</b>	<b>4,973,093</b>	<b>9,984,709</b>	<b>5,534,475</b>	<b>5,504,912</b>	<b>11,039,387</b>	<b>1,054,678</b>
<b>Foreign—</b>							
Dutch . . . . .	41,216	34,601	75,817	25,941	22,014	47,955	-27,862
German . . . . .	34,317	26,172	60,489	24,262	18,559	42,821	-17,668
Greek . . . . .	32,763	28,238	61,001	53,344	53,333	106,677	45,676
Hungarian . . . . .	8,210	5,816	14,026	3,411	2,353	5,764	-8,262
Italian . . . . .	86,941	67,068	154,009	81,632	71,781	153,413	-596
Latvian, Lithuanian and Estonian . . . . .	4,176	2,936	7,112	1,751	1,068	2,819	-4,293
Polish . . . . .	12,939	9,474	22,413	7,784	5,998	13,782	-8,631
Yugoslav . . . . .	17,745	9,637	27,382	24,024	14,229	38,253	10,871
Other (incl. Stateless) . . . . .	62,329	38,899	101,228	59,735	39,856	99,591	-1,637
<b>Total foreign . . . . .</b>	<b>300,636</b>	<b>222,841</b>	<b>523,477</b>	<b>281,884</b>	<b>229,191</b>	<b>(b) 511,075</b>	<b>-12,402</b>
<b>Grand total . . . . .</b>	<b>5,312,252</b>	<b>5,195,934</b>	<b>10,508,186</b>	<b>5,816,359</b>	<b>5,734,103</b>	<b>11,550,462</b>	<b>1,042,276</b>

(a) All persons of individual citizenship status who, by virtue of the *Nationality and Citizenship Act 1948-1966*, are deemed to be British subjects. Includes naturalised British. For purposes of this table Irish nationality is included with British.

(b) Figures differ slightly from those on the graph opposite because of revisions.

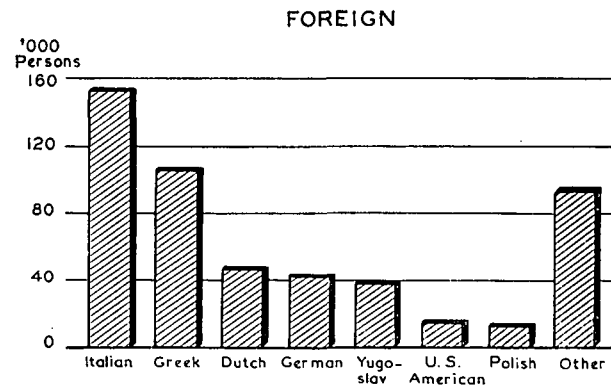
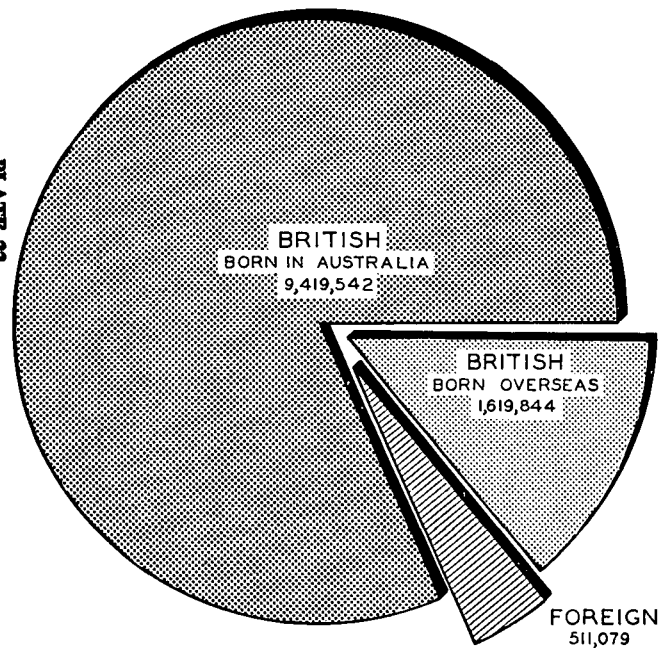
Minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

# POPULATION, BY NATIONALITY: AUSTRALIA

CENSUS 1966

(PERSONS)

PLATE 22



**POPULATION: NATIONALITY, BY SEX, STATES AND TERRITORIES  
CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966**

<i>Nationality</i>	<i>N.S.W.</i>	<i>Vic.</i>	<i>Qld</i>	<i>S.A.</i>	<i>W.A.</i>	<i>Tas.</i>	<i>N.T.</i>	<i>A.C.T.</i>	<i>Aust.</i>
<b>MALES</b>									
<b>British(a)—</b>									
Born in Australia	1,727,351	1,249,368	731,943	416,965	318,198	167,531	15,896	35,960	4,663,212
Born outside Australia	297,512	255,273	94,489	103,460	90,412	16,345	3,801	9,971	871,263
<i>Total British</i>	<i>2,024,863</i>	<i>1,504,641</i>	<i>826,432</i>	<i>520,425</i>	<i>408,610</i>	<i>183,876</i>	<i>19,697</i>	<i>45,931</i>	<i>5,534,475</i>
<b>Foreign—</b>									
Dutch	7,863	8,655	2,623	3,548	2,148	685	76	343	25,941
German	8,728	8,529	1,748	3,085	956	467	262	487	24,262
Greek	18,468	26,104	1,042	4,994	1,499	325	574	338	53,344
Hungarian	1,448	1,230	222	304	77	48	21	61	3,411
Italian	22,944	37,499	3,714	9,224	6,723	550	230	748	81,632
Latvian, Lithuanian and Estonian	592	555	126	243	152	48	6	29	1,751
Polish	2,477	2,838	510	934	560	257	17	191	7,784
Yugoslav	10,521	8,029	1,078	1,566	1,957	270	74	529	24,024
Other countries	26,558	15,824	6,402	4,207	4,009	864	551	1,320	59,735
<i>Total foreign</i>	<i>99,599</i>	<i>109,263</i>	<i>17,465</i>	<i>28,105</i>	<i>18,081</i>	<i>3,514</i>	<i>1,811</i>	<i>4,046</i>	<i>281,884</i>
<b>Total males</b>	<b>2,124,462</b>	<b>1,613,904</b>	<b>843,897</b>	<b>548,530</b>	<b>426,691</b>	<b>187,390</b>	<b>21,508</b>	<b>49,977</b>	<b>5,816,359</b>
<b>FEMALES</b>									
<b>British(a)—</b>									
Born in Australia	1,772,444	1,289,560	729,886	428,962	319,684	168,051	13,115	34,628	4,756,330
Born outside Australia	258,431	219,718	78,726	90,495	77,089	13,795	2,066	8,262	748,582
<i>Total British</i>	<i>2,030,875</i>	<i>1,509,278</i>	<i>808,612</i>	<i>519,457</i>	<i>396,773</i>	<i>181,846</i>	<i>15,181</i>	<i>42,890</i>	<i>5,504,912</i>
<b>Foreign—</b>									
Dutch	6,640	7,394	2,046	3,129	1,837	580	35	353	22,014
German	6,619	6,903	1,042	2,597	570	325	81	422	18,559
Greek	18,339	27,337	901	4,869	1,066	231	317	279	53,333
Hungarian	1,008	949	77	216	38	23	3	38	2,353
Italian	19,298	34,030	2,780	8,538	6,099	363	108	565	71,781
Latvian, Lithuanian and Estonian	389	342	69	148	80	24	..	16	1,068
Polish	1,905	2,414	305	677	400	160	4	133	5,998
Yugoslav	5,801	5,678	346	926	1,080	108	3	287	14,229
Other countries	18,491	11,297	3,610	2,788	2,039	385	193	1,053	39,856
<i>Total foreign</i>	<i>78,485</i>	<i>96,344</i>	<i>11,176</i>	<i>23,888</i>	<i>13,209</i>	<i>2,199</i>	<i>744</i>	<i>3,146</i>	<i>229,191</i>
<b>Total females</b>	<b>2,109,360</b>	<b>1,605,622</b>	<b>819,788</b>	<b>543,345</b>	<b>409,982</b>	<b>184,045</b>	<b>15,925</b>	<b>46,036</b>	<b>5,734,103</b>
<b>PERSONS</b>									
<b>British(a)—</b>									
Born in Australia	3,499,795	2,538,928	1,461,829	845,927	637,882	335,582	29,011	70,588	9,419,542
Born outside Australia	555,943	474,991	173,215	193,955	167,501	30,140	5,867	18,233	1,619,845
<i>Total British</i>	<i>4,055,738</i>	<i>3,013,919</i>	<i>1,635,044</i>	<i>1,039,882</i>	<i>805,383</i>	<i>365,722</i>	<i>34,878</i>	<i>88,821</i>	<i>11,039,387</i>
<b>Foreign—</b>									
Dutch	14,503	16,049	4,669	6,677	3,985	1,265	111	696	47,955
German	15,347	15,432	2,790	5,682	1,526	792	343	909	42,827
Greek	36,801	53,441	1,943	9,863	2,565	556	891	617	106,671
Hungarian	2,457	2,179	299	520	115	71	24	99	5,764
Italian	42,242	71,529	6,494	17,762	12,822	913	338	1,313	153,413
Latvian, Lithuanian and Estonian	981	897	195	391	232	72	6	45	2,819
Polish	4,382	5,252	815	1,611	960	417	21	324	13,782
Yugoslav	16,322	13,707	1,424	2,492	3,037	378	77	816	38,253
Other countries	45,049	27,121	10,012	6,995	6,048	1,249	744	2,373	99,591
<i>Total foreign</i>	<i>178,084</i>	<i>205,607</i>	<i>28,641</i>	<i>51,993</i>	<i>31,290</i>	<i>5,713</i>	<i>2,555</i>	<i>7,192</i>	<i>511,075</i>
<b>Grand total</b>	<b>4,233,822</b>	<b>3,219,526</b>	<b>1,663,685</b>	<b>1,091,875</b>	<b>836,673</b>	<b>371,435</b>	<b>37,433</b>	<b>96,013</b>	<b>11,550,462</b>

(a) All persons of individual citizenship status who, by virtue of the *Nationality and Citizenship Act 1948-1966*, are deemed to be British subjects. Includes naturalised British. For purposes of this table Irish nationality is included with British.

POPULATION: RELIGIOUS DENOMINATIONS, BY SEX, AUSTRALIA  
CENSUSES, 1961 AND 1966

Religious denomination	Census 30 June 1961			Census 30 June 1966			Increase 1961-1966
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	
Christian—							
Baptist . . . . .	70,990	78,638	149,628	78,053	87,434	165,487	15,859
Brethren . . . . .	7,265	8,228	15,493	7,434	8,082	15,516	23
Catholic, Roman(a) . . . . .	602,763	536,886	1,139,649	581,934	522,035	1,103,969	-35,680
Catholic(a) . . . . .	730,093	750,242	1,480,335	947,796	984,365	1,932,161	451,826
Churches of Christ . . . . .	45,115	50,518	95,633	48,207	54,338	102,545	6,912
Church of England . . . . .	1,834,732	1,834,208	3,668,940	1,929,663	1,947,810	3,877,473	208,533
Congregational . . . . .	34,679	38,847	73,526	35,911	40,677	76,588	3,062
Orthodox . . . . .	84,965	69,959	154,924	135,618	119,875	255,493	100,569
Lutheran . . . . .	82,453	77,729	160,182	90,019	87,305	177,324	17,142
Methodist . . . . .	528,003	548,392	1,076,395	548,392	575,918	1,124,310	47,915
Presbyterian . . . . .	482,503	494,218	976,721	511,993	531,577	1,043,570	66,849
Salvation Army . . . . .	24,379	26,735	51,114	27,078	29,423	56,501	5,387
Seventh-day Adventist . . . . .	14,313	17,320	31,633	16,948	20,669	37,617	5,984
Protestant (undefined) . . . . .	50,515	48,048	98,563	52,956	52,267	105,223	6,660
Other (including Christian undefined) . . . . .	48,626	52,779	101,405	63,769	67,492	131,261	29,856
<i>Total Christian</i> . . . . .	<i>4,641,394</i>	<i>4,632,747</i>	<i>9,274,141</i>	<i>5,075,771</i>	<i>5,129,267</i>	<i>10,205,038</i>	<i>930,897</i>
Non-Christian—							
Hebrew . . . . .	29,571	29,758	59,329	31,301	31,970	63,271	3,942
Other . . . . .	6,547	2,928	9,475	8,515	4,597	13,112	3,637
<i>Total non-Christian</i> . . . . .	<i>36,118</i>	<i>32,686</i>	<i>68,804</i>	<i>39,816</i>	<i>36,567</i>	<i>76,383</i>	<i>7,579</i>
Indefinite . . . . .	13,495	11,267	24,762	19,641	16,409	36,050	11,288
No religion . . . . .	25,206	12,344	37,550	60,524	33,567	94,091	56,541
No reply . . . . .	596,039	506,890	1,102,929	620,607	518,293	1,138,900	35,971
<i>Grand total</i> . . . . .	<i>5,312,252</i>	<i>5,195,934</i>	<i>10,508,186</i>	<i>5,816,359</i>	<i>5,734,103</i>	<i>11,550,462</i>	<i>1,042,276</i>

(a) So described in individual census schedules.  
Minus sign (-) denotes decrease.

POPULATION: RELIGIOUS DENOMINATIONS, BY SEX, STATES AND TERRITORIES  
CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966

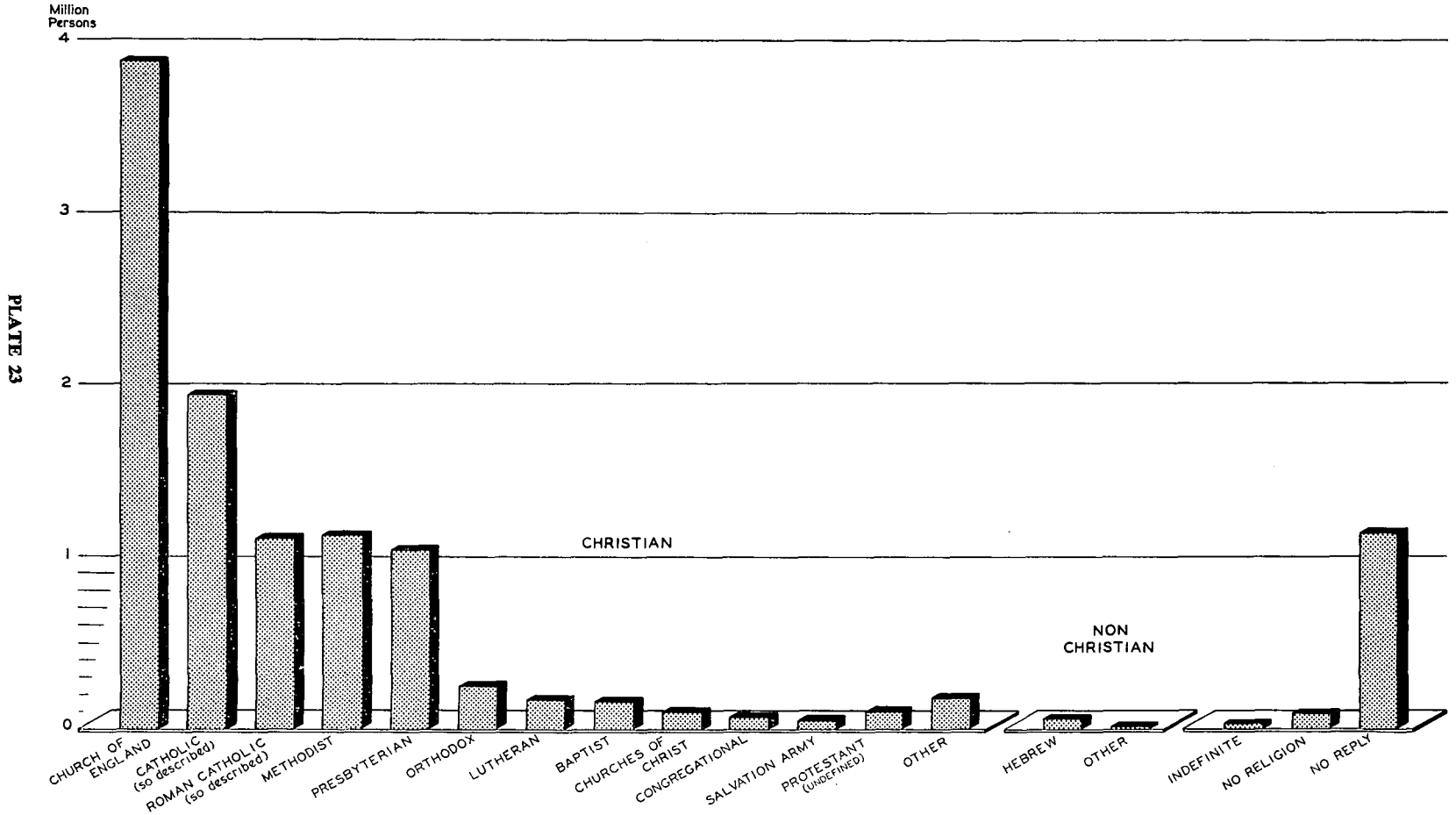
Religious denomination	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Aust.
<b>MALES</b>									
Christian—									
Baptist . . . . .	26,230	19,469	12,425	10,342	5,118	3,719	208	542	78,053
Brethren . . . . .	2,101	1,605	1,521	270	393	1,508	6	30	7,434
Catholic, Roman(a) . . . . .	233,111	134,108	88,219	40,016	60,705	16,309	3,599	5,867	581,934
Catholic(a) . . . . .	355,058	314,704	125,365	72,153	48,389	19,749	1,903	10,475	947,796
Churches of Christ . . . . .	6,452	18,560	4,217	11,884	5,369	1,328	85	312	48,207
Church of England . . . . .	804,794	455,772	263,810	141,408	159,309	83,101	5,736	15,733	1,929,663
Congregational . . . . .	10,720	5,394	4,751	8,561	4,016	2,145	90	234	35,911
Orthodox . . . . .	51,538	52,279	7,432	14,852	6,560	880	1,032	1,045	135,618
Lutheran . . . . .	15,434	19,052	20,721	29,487	2,640	922	499	1,264	90,019
Methodist . . . . .	149,199	135,296	88,239	110,976	39,423	20,994	1,610	2,655	548,392
Presbyterian . . . . .	173,208	188,067	93,169	21,286	22,080	8,648	1,164	4,371	511,993
Salvation Army . . . . .	8,313	6,954	4,358	3,542	2,388	1,288	116	119	27,078
Seventh-day Adventist . . . . .	6,457	3,220	3,242	1,339	1,927	663	26	74	16,948
Protestant (undefined) . . . . .	13,745	22,046	5,603	6,556	3,470	980	243	313	52,956
Other (including Christian undefined) . . . . .	17,602	16,554	13,132	6,863	5,818	2,584	746	470	63,769
<i>Total Christian</i> . . . . .	<i>1,873,962</i>	<i>1,393,080</i>	<i>736,204</i>	<i>479,535</i>	<i>367,605</i>	<i>164,818</i>	<i>17,063</i>	<i>43,504</i>	<i>5,075,771</i>
Non-Christian—									
Hebrew . . . . .	12,627	15,456	839	622	1,510	119	10	118	31,301
Other . . . . .	2,871	2,699	1,052	678	768	199	126	122	8,515
<i>Total non-Christian</i> . . . . .	<i>15,498</i>	<i>18,155</i>	<i>1,891</i>	<i>1,300</i>	<i>2,278</i>	<i>318</i>	<i>136</i>	<i>240</i>	<i>39,816</i>
Indefinite . . . . .	6,993	5,078	2,631	1,908	1,558	1,212	117	144	19,641
No religion . . . . .	21,384	17,569	7,422	5,379	5,060	1,345	481	1,884	60,524
No reply . . . . .	206,625	180,022	95,749	60,408	50,190	19,697	3,711	4,205	620,607
<i>Total males</i> . . . . .	<i>2,124,462</i>	<i>1,613,904</i>	<i>843,897</i>	<i>548,530</i>	<i>426,691</i>	<i>187,390</i>	<i>21,508</i>	<i>49,977</i>	<i>5,816,359</i>



# POPULATION, BY RELIGIOUS DENOMINATION: AUSTRALIA

CENSUS 1966

(PERSONS)



POPULATION: RELIGIOUS DENOMINATIONS, BY SEX, STATES AND TERRITORIES  
CENSUS, 30 JUNE 1966—continued

Religious denomination	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Aust.
<b>FEMALES</b>									
Christian—									
Baptist . . . . .	29,543	21,950	13,607	11,893	5,602	4,040	195	604	87,434
Brethren . . . . .	2,363	1,741	1,702	272	406	1,554	10	34	8,082
Catholic, Roman(a) . . . . .	213,187	119,839	78,339	34,952	53,836	14,526	2,471	4,885	522,035
Catholic(a) . . . . .	373,423	320,844	133,746	73,455	50,729	20,505	1,595	10,068	984,365
Churches of Christ . . . . .	7,488	20,703	4,770	13,460	6,127	1,373	77	340	54,338
Church of England . . . . .	817,272	467,306	258,730	144,746	156,844	82,927	4,561	15,424	1,947,810
Congregational . . . . .	12,297	6,426	5,198	9,727	4,359	2,385	88	197	40,677
Orthodox . . . . .	45,068	48,108	6,464	12,901	5,275	634	646	779	119,875
Lutheran . . . . .	14,585	18,585	19,516	29,794	2,513	820	342	1,150	87,305
Methodist . . . . .	156,534	144,004	91,352	116,507	41,417	22,090	1,436	2,578	575,918
Presbyterian . . . . .	179,876	199,041	95,323	21,401	21,975	8,850	878	4,233	531,577
Salvation Army . . . . .	9,055	7,796	4,686	3,762	2,534	1,373	100	117	29,423
Seventh-day Adventist . . . . .	7,980	3,929	3,715	1,660	2,430	834	28	93	20,669
Protestant (undefined) Other (including Christian undefined) . . . . .	13,495	22,410	5,354	6,420	3,209	944	171	264	52,267
18,784	17,339	13,763	7,456	6,346	2,659	703	442	67,492	
<i>Total Christian . . . . .</i>	<i>1,900,950</i>	<i>1,420,021</i>	<i>736,265</i>	<i>488,406</i>	<i>363,602</i>	<i>165,514</i>	<i>13,301</i>	<i>41,208</i>	<i>5,129,267</i>
Non-Christian—									
Hebrew . . . . .	13,286	15,602	790	627	1,486	88	6	85	31,970
Other . . . . .	1,583	1,491	601	413	298	79	68	64	4,597
<i>Total non-Christian . . . . .</i>	<i>14,869</i>	<i>17,093</i>	<i>1,391</i>	<i>1,040</i>	<i>1,784</i>	<i>167</i>	<i>74</i>	<i>149</i>	<i>36,567</i>
Indefinite . . . . .	5,907	4,400	2,026	1,593	1,216	1,063	90	114	16,409
No religion . . . . .	11,812	10,396	3,536	2,993	2,759	675	214	1,182	33,567
No reply . . . . .	175,822	153,712	76,570	49,313	40,621	16,626	2,246	3,383	518,293
<i>Total females . . . . .</i>	<i>2,109,360</i>	<i>1,605,622</i>	<i>819,788</i>	<i>543,345</i>	<i>409,982</i>	<i>184,045</i>	<i>15,925</i>	<i>46,036</i>	<i>5,734,103</i>
<b>PERSONS</b>									
Christian—									
Baptist . . . . .	55,773	41,419	26,032	22,235	10,720	7,759	403	1,146	165,487
Brethren . . . . .	4,464	3,346	3,223	542	799	3,062	16	64	15,516
Catholic, Roman(a) . . . . .	446,298	253,947	166,558	74,968	114,541	30,835	6,070	10,752	1,103,969
Catholic(a) . . . . .	728,481	635,548	259,111	145,608	99,118	40,254	3,498	20,543	1,932,161
Churches of Christ . . . . .	13,940	39,263	8,987	25,344	11,496	2,701	162	652	102,545
Church of England . . . . .	1,622,066	923,078	522,540	286,154	316,153	166,028	10,297	31,157	3,877,473
Congregational . . . . .	23,017	11,820	9,949	18,288	8,375	4,530	178	431	76,588
Orthodox . . . . .	96,606	100,387	13,896	27,753	11,835	1,514	1,678	1,824	255,493
Lutheran . . . . .	30,019	37,637	40,237	59,281	5,153	1,742	841	2,414	177,324
Methodist . . . . .	305,733	279,300	179,591	227,483	80,840	43,084	3,046	5,233	1,124,310
Presbyterian . . . . .	353,084	387,108	188,492	42,687	44,055	17,498	2,042	8,604	1,043,570
Salvation Army . . . . .	17,368	14,750	9,044	7,304	4,922	2,661	216	236	56,501
Seventh-day Adventist . . . . .	14,437	7,149	6,957	2,999	4,357	1,497	54	167	37,617
Protestant (undefined) Other (including Christian undefined) . . . . .	27,240	44,456	10,957	12,976	6,679	1,924	414	577	105,223
36,386	33,893	26,895	14,319	12,164	5,243	1,449	912	131,261	
<i>Total Christian . . . . .</i>	<i>3,774,912</i>	<i>2,813,101</i>	<i>1,472,469</i>	<i>967,941</i>	<i>731,207</i>	<i>330,332</i>	<i>30,364</i>	<i>84,712</i>	<i>10,205,038</i>
Non-Christian—									
Hebrew . . . . .	25,913	31,058	1,629	1,249	2,996	207	16	203	63,271
Other . . . . .	4,454	4,190	1,653	1,091	1,066	278	194	186	13,112
<i>Total non-Christian . . . . .</i>	<i>30,367</i>	<i>35,248</i>	<i>3,282</i>	<i>2,340</i>	<i>4,062</i>	<i>485</i>	<i>210</i>	<i>389</i>	<i>76,383</i>
Indefinite . . . . .	12,900	9,478	4,657	3,501	2,774	2,275	207	258	36,050
No religion . . . . .	33,196	27,965	10,958	8,372	7,819	2,020	695	3,066	94,091
No reply . . . . .	382,447	333,734	172,319	109,721	90,811	36,323	5,957	7,588	1,138,900
<i>Grand total . . . . .</i>	<i>4,233,822</i>	<i>3,219,526</i>	<i>1,663,685</i>	<i>1,091,875</i>	<i>836,673</i>	<i>371,435</i>	<i>37,433</i>	<i>96,013</i>	<i>11,550,462</i>

(a) So described in individual census schedules.

### The Aboriginal population of Australia

In Year Book No. 17, pages 951-61, a brief account was given of the Australian Aboriginal population, its origin, its numbers as estimated from time to time and the steps taken for its protection. On pages 914-16 of Year Book No. 22 particulars were shown for each of the States and Territories of Australia at successive periods, while a special article dealing with the estimated number and distribution of the native population at the date of first settlement of the white race in the continent appeared on pages 687-96 of Year Book No. 23.

Aborigines have been enumerated in all censuses of the Commonwealth, but the degree of coverage and information obtained has varied substantially since 1911. Since the census taken in 1933 the adequacy of the particulars obtained has improved progressively as a result of an increasing number of Aborigines coming into contact with more populated areas.

At the 1966 Census extensive arrangements were made to obtain as full a coverage of full-blood Aborigines as possible and to enumerate fully those Aborigines 'out of contact'. Throughout Australia the assistance of Aboriginal welfare bodies, mission superintendents, station owners, patrol officers, and police was sought in an effort to include all Aborigines and to obtain complete information about them, e.g. in the Northern Territory information was obtained from missions and settlements concerning Aborigines normally resident at such locations but who were absent at the time of the Census, and of Aborigines resident at such locations but who normally resided elsewhere. The two sets of information were then reconciled to produce what is considered to be a fairly complete and accurate coverage of Aborigines in the Territory.

The following table shows particulars of the Aboriginal population of Australia at the censuses of 30 June, 1954, 1961, and 1966. Because of some doubt about the accuracy of separate figures for full-blood and half-blood Aborigines as shown in previous issues of the Year Book, their separate publication has been discontinued.

ABORIGINAL POPULATION(a): STATES AND TERRITORIES  
CENSUSES, 1954, 1961 AND 1966

State or Territory	Census, 1954			Census, 1961			Census, 1966		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
New South Wales . . . . .	6,278	5,935	12,213	7,494	7,222	14,716	7,343	6,876	14,219
Victoria . . . . .	691	704	1,395	899	897	1,796	856	934	1,790
Queensland . . . . .	8,368	7,781	16,149	10,146	9,550	19,696	9,644	9,359	19,003
South Australia . . . . .	1,675	1,537	3,212	2,607	2,277	4,884	2,914	2,591	5,505
Western Australia . . . . .	6,564	6,135	12,699	8,351	7,925	16,276	9,505	8,934	18,439
Tasmania . . . . .	50	43	93	24	14	38	19	17	36
Northern Territory . . . . .	5,990	5,798	11,788	9,013	8,747	17,760	10,651	10,468	21,119
Australian Capital Territory . . . . .	100	73	173	78	65	143	52	44	96
<b>Australia . . . . .</b>	<b>29,716</b>	<b>28,006</b>	<b>57,722</b>	<b>38,612</b>	<b>36,697</b>	<b>75,309</b>	<b>40,984</b>	<b>39,223</b>	<b>80,207</b>

(a) Persons of 50 per cent or more Aboriginal blood. Enumerated population only (see below).

Prior to the 1966 census Aborigines 'out of contact' were not enumerated, and estimates of these were made by authorities responsible for native welfare. It is estimated that at the 1954 census 12,956 full-blood Aborigines (of which 2,311 were estimated to be in Queensland, 1,760 in South Australia, 3,516 in Western Australia, and 5,369 in the Northern Territory) were not contacted by census collectors and were not included in the census. Increasing numbers however, were coming into contact, and it is estimated that at the 1961 census 2,000 full-blood Aborigines in Western Australia and 1,944 in the Northern Territory were not contacted by census collectors. At the 1966 Census efforts were made to obtain complete coverage (see text above table).

Torres Strait Islanders are not included in the above table, but are included in the census figures shown elsewhere in this chapter. At the 1966 census they numbered 5,403 persons.

### Overseas arrivals and departures

In this section summary figures are given of the total movement of overseas passengers, and full details are given in respect of permanent arrivals and departures. For information on passengers in other categories, see Chapter 12, Transport, Communication and Travel.

More detailed statistics of overseas arrivals and departures, covering country of residence, country of embarkation or disembarkation, mode of travel, month of arrival or departure, etc., are shown in the tables of Section II, Overseas Arrivals and Departures, of the annual bulletin *Demography*. Monthly and quarterly mimeographed bulletins, containing the latest available statistics of overseas arrivals and departures, are also issued.

**Overseas arrivals and departures since 1936**

Earlier issues of the Year Book contain, in summary form, tables showing the increase of population by net migration from 1861 to the latest date, while information for individual years from 1881 is published in the annual bulletin *Demography*. The following table shows, for Australia, arrivals and departures since 1936, and refers to total movement irrespective of length of stay. Air crews and ships' crews, persons passing through Australia on board the same ship or flight, and also persons on short pleasure cruises in the south-west Pacific commencing and finishing in Australia on ships not then engaged in regular voyages, are excluded from Australian statistics of overseas arrivals and departures. A graph showing arrivals and departures from 1946 to 1967 appears on plate 24, over the page.

**OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES, BY SEX: AUSTRALIA, 1936 TO 1967**

Period	Total arrivals			Total departures			Excess of arrivals over departures		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
1936-40(a)	161,774	159,538	321,312	140,901	137,283	278,184	20,873	22,255	43,128
1941-45(a)	35,422	28,503	63,925	30,097	26,019	56,116	5,325	2,484	7,809
1946-50(a)	398,507	303,413	701,920	180,779	168,057	348,836	217,728	135,356	353,084
1951-55	581,300	446,566	1,027,866	340,819	273,223	614,042	240,481	173,343	413,824
1956-60	695,445	568,652	1,264,097	481,235	377,840	859,075	214,210	190,812	405,022
1961-65	1,107,419	896,215	2,003,634	906,956	696,790	1,603,746	200,463	199,425	399,888
1963	211,430	169,297	380,727	175,211	133,871	309,082	36,219	35,426	71,645
1964	252,669	199,688	452,357	200,611	152,404	353,015	52,058	47,284	99,342
1965	292,184	232,952	525,136	237,673	182,607	420,280	54,511	50,345	104,856
1966	313,219	244,372	557,591	268,313	202,352	470,665	44,906	42,020	86,926
1967	361,345	275,825	637,170	311,727	233,534	545,261	49,618	42,291	91,909

(a) Excludes movements of defence personnel from September 1939 to June 1947.

**Excess of arrivals over departures**

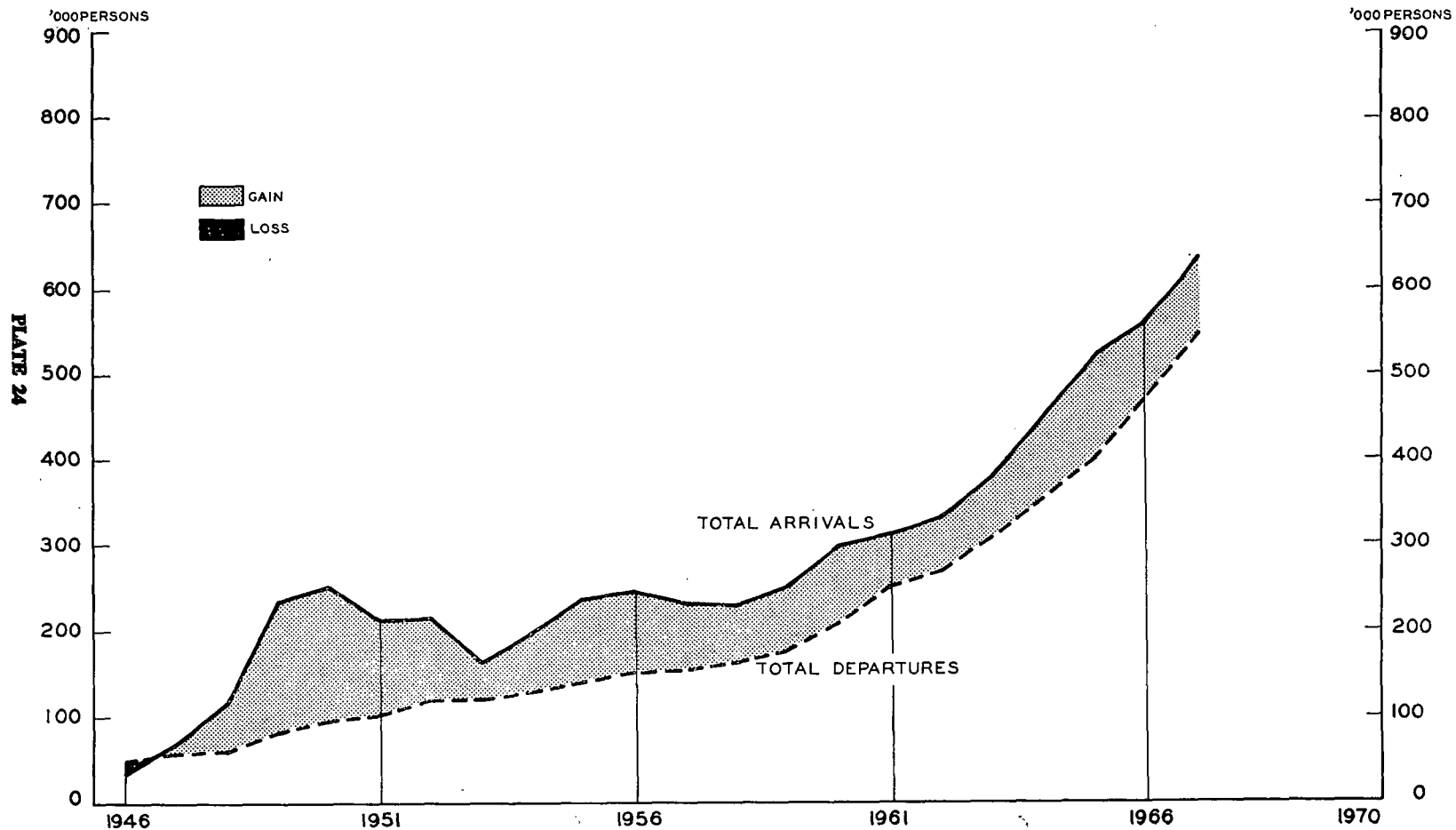
The excess of total overseas arrivals over departures is one of the elements of population increase taken into account in preparing the estimated population for other than census dates (*see* page 117 of this chapter). It is necessary to use statistics of total overseas arrivals and departures for this purpose, because Australian population statistics relate to the total population present in Australia at the date of the census or estimate, and not the population normally resident in Australia (which would include those temporarily overseas and exclude those temporarily visiting Australia). The two following tables give particulars of the net gain or loss of population due to overseas migration, according to age and marital status and according to country of birth.

**EXCESS OF ARRIVALS OVER DEPARTURES, BY SEX: AGE DISTRIBUTION AND MARITAL STATUS, AUSTRALIA, 1966 AND 1967**

Age and marital status	1966			1967		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
<b>AGE DISTRIBUTION</b>						
Age last birthday on arrival or departure—						
0-4	5,936	5,647	11,583	6,081	5,525	11,606
5-14	10,843	9,489	20,332	9,686	8,451	18,137
15-24	9,431	8,457	17,888	12,237	9,650	21,887
25-44	15,661	13,779	29,440	17,673	13,366	31,039
45-64	2,204	3,310	5,514	2,990	3,973	6,963
65 and over	831	1,338	2,169	951	1,326	2,277
<b>Total</b>	<b>44,906</b>	<b>42,020</b>	<b>86,926</b>	<b>49,618</b>	<b>42,291</b>	<b>91,909</b>
<b>MARITAL STATUS</b>						
Never married—						
Under 15 years of age	16,779	15,136	31,915	15,767	13,976	29,743
15 years of age and over	10,265	6,096	16,361	15,033	7,409	22,442
Married	17,369	18,877	36,246	18,108	19,126	37,234
Widowed	258	1,526	1,784	249	1,272	1,521
Divorced	235	385	620	461	508	969
<b>Total</b>	<b>44,906</b>	<b>42,020</b>	<b>86,926</b>	<b>49,618</b>	<b>42,291</b>	<b>91,909</b>

# OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES: AUSTRALIA

1946 TO 1967



EXCESS OF ARRIVALS OVER DEPARTURES, BY SEX: COUNTRY OF BIRTH  
AUSTRALIA, 1965 TO 1967

Country of birth	1965			1966			1967		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
<b>Africa—</b>									
Commonwealth countries . . . . .	471	443	914	723	583	1,306	963	854	1,817
South Africa . . . . .	142	182	324	98	134	232	127	186	313
Other . . . . .	645	629	1,274	817	594	1,411	798	673	1,471
<b>America—</b>									
Canada . . . . .	394	358	752	247	360	607	420	323	743
Other Commonwealth countries . . . . .	72	55	127	83	74	157	126	52	178
United States of America . . . . .	1,009	760	1,769	644	608	1,252	1,425	874	2,299
Other . . . . .	179	137	316	159	189	348	146	163	309
<b>Asia—</b>									
Ceylon, India, Pakistan . . . . .	647	598	1,245	956	1,010	1,966	1,188	1,042	2,230
Malaysia and Singapore . . . . .	140	213	353	326	382	708	573	521	1,094
Other Commonwealth countries . . . . .	164	272	436	347	438	785	333	485	818
China . . . . .	17	255	272	35	160	195	213	331	544
Other . . . . .	1,389	958	2,347	1,905	1,398	3,303	2,375	1,826	4,201
<b>Europe—</b>									
Malta . . . . .	2,527	2,241	4,768	296	728	1,024	256	513	769
United Kingdom and Ireland . . . . .	34,134	31,671	65,805	30,617	28,706	59,323	25,893	22,978	48,871
Other Commonwealth countries . . . . .	130	112	242	141	120	261	110	103	213
Austria . . . . .	322	237	559	170	141	311	127	87	214
Germany . . . . .	441	640	1,081	528	502	1,030	1,287	1,049	2,336
Greece . . . . .	7,867	7,612	15,479	4,899	4,646	9,545	1,971	2,302	4,273
Italy . . . . .	3,784	3,965	7,749	3,979	3,706	7,685	6,071	5,128	11,199
Netherlands . . . . .	295	268	563	210	246	456	370	254	624
Poland . . . . .	503	612	1,115	289	311	600	131	303	434
Spain . . . . .	277	212	489	212	176	388	346	237	583
Yugoslavia . . . . .	3,604	2,170	5,774	4,252	2,835	7,087	4,438	3,067	7,505
Other . . . . .	971	738	1,709	1,262	934	2,196	2,293	1,697	3,990
<b>Oceania—</b>									
Australia . . . . .	-7,881	-7,217	-15,098	-10,897	-9,349	-20,246	-7,096	-6,435	-13,531
New Zealand . . . . .	1,461	1,432	2,893	1,934	1,648	3,582	3,405	2,693	6,098
Papua and New Guinea . . . . .	377	301	678	156	256	412	456	322	778
Other Commonwealth countries . . . . .	-52	79	27	77	148	225	155	113	268
Other . . . . .	4	44	48	39	20	59	18	18	36
At sea or not stated . . . . .	478	368	846	402	316	718	700	532	1,232
<b>Grand total . . . . .</b>	<b>54,511</b>	<b>50,345</b>	<b>104,856</b>	<b>44,906</b>	<b>42,020</b>	<b>86,926</b>	<b>49,618</b>	<b>42,291</b>	<b>91,909</b>

Minus sign (-) indicates excess of departures over arrivals.

**Classification of travellers**

Since 1 July 1924 overseas travellers have been classified according to declared intention in regard to residence into two principal categories, distinguishing movements for short terms from movements for longer periods (including permanently). Prior to 1957 these categories were *temporary* and *permanent*. Thereafter the categories were entitled *short-term* and *permanent and long-term*, but the basis of classification was not changed and the figures are directly comparable for the whole period. For short-term movements overseas visitors and Australian residents were identified separately.

Revised questions for travellers were introduced in mid-1958, and these enabled the separation, from 1 January 1959, of permanent from other long-term movements and also the identification among the permanent departures of former settlers departing.

The principal categories of travellers are as follows.

*Permanent movement*—consists of persons arriving with stated intention of settling permanently in Australia (settlers), and Australian residents departing with stated intention of residing permanently abroad; the latter include *former settlers*, i.e. persons who, on departure from Australia, stated that they had come to Australia to settle, had stayed for a period of twelve months or more and were now departing permanently.

*Long-term movement*—consists of the arrival of visitors and the departure of residents with stated intention of staying (in Australia or in a country abroad respectively) for twelve months or more; and the departure of visitors and the return of Australian residents who have stayed (in Australia or in a country abroad respectively) for twelve months or more.

*Short-term movement*—consists of all other movements, including the movement of Australian troops irrespective of period of stay, and U.S. troops visiting Australia on rest and recreation leave.

This classification is based on statements made by the traveller on arrival in, or departure from, Australia. They represent the traveller's intention at that time. Many travellers subsequently change their intentions, and this must be borne in mind in interpreting the statistics.

The numbers so classified since 1 January 1941, on the basis of declared intention as to residence, and since 1 January 1961, on this basis supplemented by additional particulars as to stated purpose of journey, are as follows.

OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES: CLASSIFICATION OF TRAVELLERS  
AUSTRALIA, 1941 TO 1967

ARRIVALS

Period	Permanent and long-term movement				Short-term movement				Total arrivals
	Per- manent Settlers arriving	Long-term Residents returning	Overseas visitors arriving	Total permanent and long-term arrivals	Residents returning	Overseas visitors arriving			
						In transit	Other	Total	
1941-45 . . .	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	32,624	11,150	n.a.	n.a.	20,151	63,925
1946-50 . . .	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	457,988	108,736	n.a.	n.a.	135,196	701,920
1951-55 . . .	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	570,090	216,949	77,825	163,002	240,827	1,027,866
1956-60 . . .	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	615,767	309,611	84,206	254,513	338,719	1,264,097
1961-65 . . .	575,992	111,288	73,848	761,128	585,203	143,424	513,879	657,303	2,003,634
1963 . . .	108,150	22,205	13,813	144,168	111,182	27,348	98,029	125,377	380,727
1964 . . .	134,464	23,641	15,020	173,125	131,354	31,583	116,295	147,878	452,357
1965 . . .	147,507	26,260	17,497	191,264	160,544	34,071	139,257	173,328	525,136
1966 . . .	141,033	28,292	19,234	188,559	181,770	32,593	154,669	187,262	557,591
1967 . . .	135,019	35,655	21,637	192,311	223,038	36,299	185,522	221,821	637,170

DEPARTURES

Period	Permanent and long-term movement					Short-term movement				Total departures
	Permanent		Total per- manent depart- ures	Long-term		Total per- manent and long-term depart- ures	Residents departing	Overseas visitors departing		
	Former settlers departing	Other residents departing		Residents departing	Overseas visitors departing					
1941-45 . . .	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	22,399	9,163	24,554	56,116	
1946-50 . . .	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	105,968	101,787	141,081	348,836	
1951-55 . . .	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	155,509	212,978	245,555	614,042	
1956-60 . . .	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	210,807	306,118	342,150	859,075	
1961-65 . . .	48,491	33,989	82,480	189,526	63,593	335,599	593,119	675,028	1,603,746	
1963 . . .	9,102	7,176	16,278	38,317	12,729	67,324	112,427	129,331	309,082	
1964 . . .	7,828	7,255	15,083	40,958	13,085	69,126	133,248	150,641	353,015	
1965 . . .	14,803	6,110	20,913	46,313	12,429	79,655	161,692	178,933	420,280	
1966 . . .	18,343	7,965	26,308	54,321	11,999	92,628	183,161	194,876	470,665	
1967 . . .	22,302	8,502	30,804	52,148	12,801	95,753	217,746	231,762	545,261	

Permanent movement

In the following paragraphs particulars are given of the persons who on arrival in Australia stated that they came intending to settle, and of Australian residents who on their departure from Australia stated their intention of residing permanently abroad, classified according to country of birth, nationality, occupation, age, marital status, State or Territory of intended residence (arrivals) or of last residence (departures), and country of birth and of last residence (arrivals) or of intended residence (departures).

## Country of birth

**OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES—PERMANENT MOVEMENT  
COUNTRY OF BIRTH, AUSTRALIA, 1966 AND 1967  
(Persons)**

Country of birth	1966			Departures	1967			Departures
	Arrivals				Arrivals			
	Assisted (a)	Other	Total		Assisted (a)	Other	Total	
<b>Africa—</b>								
Commonwealth countries . . . . .	311	1,002	1,313	106	290	1,524	1,814	102
South Africa . . . . .	198	217	415	162	239	228	467	155
Other . . . . .	228	1,371	1,599	77	189	1,388	1,577	68
<b>America—</b>								
Commonwealth countries . . . . .	81	889	970	254	252	835	1,087	325
United States of America . . . . .	1,276	1,082	2,358	753	1,140	1,237	2,377	827
Other . . . . .	301	87	388	38	105	230	335	51
<b>Asia—</b>								
Ceylon, India, Pakistan . . . . .	392	1,598	1,990	126	387	1,838	2,225	113
Other Commonwealth countries . . . . .	284	1,076	1,360	268	253	1,354	1,607	244
Other . . . . .	177	3,229	3,406	370	317	4,080	4,397	301
<b>Europe—</b>								
Malta . . . . .	1,271	906	2,177	263	1,007	737	1,744	375
United Kingdom and Ireland . . . . .	68,685	6,821	75,506	11,806	59,488	7,096	66,584	15,340
Other Commonwealth countries . . . . .	263	33	296	21	219	34	253	61
Austria . . . . .	721	111	832	193	574	112	686	180
Belgium . . . . .	257	37	294	43	252	37	289	52
Germany . . . . .	3,035	576	3,611	926	3,227	708	3,935	818
Greece . . . . .	3,498	9,827	13,325	301	2,672	5,332	8,004	431
Italy . . . . .	885	10,559	11,444	436	1,370	13,223	14,593	530
Netherlands . . . . .	1,439	568	2,007	755	1,293	452	1,745	770
Poland . . . . .	185	805	990	190	199	497	696	157
Spain . . . . .	569	664	1,233	138	759	362	1,121	73
Yugoslavia . . . . .	2,580	5,434	8,014	299	3,434	5,126	8,560	396
Other . . . . .	2,562	1,183	3,745	815	3,953	1,389	5,342	827
<b>Oceania—</b>								
Australia . . . . .	356	315	671	6,812	305	231	536	7,516
New Zealand . . . . .	33	2,320	2,353	980	44	3,774	3,818	981
Other Commonwealth countries . . . . .	6	184	190	146	9	355	364	70
Other . . . . .		27	27	5	1	20	21	12
At sea or not stated . . . . .	150	369	519	25	269	573	842	29
<b>Total</b> . . . . .	<b>89,743</b>	<b>51,290</b>	<b>141,033</b>	<b>26,308</b>	<b>82,247</b>	<b>52,772</b>	<b>135,019</b>	<b>30,804</b>

(a) For details of assisted passage schemes see pages 159-64.

## Nationality

**OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES—PERMANENT MOVEMENT  
NATIONALITY, AUSTRALIA, 1966 AND 1967  
(Persons)**

Nationality	1966			Departures	1967			Departures
	Arrivals				Arrivals			
	Assisted (a)	Other	Total		Assisted (a)	Other	Total	
<b>British—</b>								
Country of citizenship—								
Australia . . . . .	233	638	871	6,810	223	1,109	1,332	8,470
Canada . . . . .	54	778	832	297	60	825	885	344
Ceylon, India, Pakistan . . . . .	3	1,224	1,227	47	2	1,498	1,500	35
Ireland(b) . . . . .	1,045	181	1,226	205	1,261	191	1,452	315
Malta . . . . .	1,170	869	2,039	246	909	730	1,639	365
New Zealand . . . . .	8	2,433	2,441	915	23	4,031	4,054	901
South Africa(b) . . . . .	104	131	235	119	135	159	294	106
United Kingdom and colonies . . . . .	66,785	8,018	74,803	10,533	58,025	8,553	66,578	13,835
Other countries . . . . .	45	843	888	271	87	730	817	212
Citizenship not stated . . . . .	3,449	637	4,086	1,942	2,498	700	3,198	1,599
<b>Total, British</b> . . . . .	<b>72,896</b>	<b>15,752</b>	<b>88,648</b>	<b>21,385</b>	<b>63,223</b>	<b>18,526</b>	<b>81,749</b>	<b>26,182</b>

For footnotes see next page.



OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES—PERMANENT MOVEMENT  
NATIONALITY, AUSTRALIA, 1966 AND 1967—*continued*  
(Persons)

Nationality	1966				1967			
	Arrivals			Departures	Arrivals			Departures
	Assisted (a)	Other	Total		Assisted (a)	Other	Total	
American (U.S.) . . . . .	1,322	1,166	2,488	908	1,193	1,309	2,502	942
Austrian . . . . .	710	101	811	186	591	102	693	162
Belgian . . . . .	255	33	288	38	215	30	245	40
Dutch . . . . .	1,503	646	2,149	787	1,359	511	1,870	713
German . . . . .	2,782	506	3,288	845	3,006	636	3,642	702
Greek . . . . .	3,498	10,090	13,588	295	2,693	5,488	8,181	357
Italian . . . . .	882	10,810	11,692	396	1,427	13,303	14,930	443
Lebanese . . . . .	2	1,742	1,744	17	7	2,066	2,073	17
Polish(c) . . . . .	56	757	813	102	86	456	542	86
Russian(d) . . . . .	2	120	122	16	1	100	101	29
Spanish . . . . .	578	646	1,224	142	804	383	1,187	68
Yugoslav . . . . .	2,327	5,439	7,766	213	3,237	5,203	8,440	256
Stateless(e) . . . . .	398	314	712	24	300	160	460	61
Other . . . . .	2,532	3,168	5,700	954	4,105	4,299	8,404	746
<b>Grand total . . . . .</b>	<b>89,743</b>	<b>51,290</b>	<b>141,033</b>	<b>26,308</b>	<b>82,247</b>	<b>52,772</b>	<b>135,019</b>	<b>30,804</b>

(a) For details of assisted passage schemes see pages 159-64. (b) Included with 'British nationality' for the purpose of this table. (c) Includes Stateless, who were formerly Polish. (d) Includes 'Stateless' who were formerly Russian. (e) Stateless, former nationality not stated, or other than Polish or Russian.

## Occupation

OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES—PERMANENT MOVEMENT  
OCCUPATION AND SEX, AUSTRALIA, 1966 AND 1967

Occupation group	1966				1967			
	Arrivals		Departures		Arrivals		Departures	
	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females	Males	Females
Professional, technical, and related workers . . . . .	4,229	2,438	1,530	964	4,236	2,456	1,671	1,026
Administrative, executive, and managerial workers . . . . .	2,250	278	624	61	2,214	288	669	86
Clerical workers . . . . .	2,159	4,806	624	1,328	2,349	4,879	684	1,632
Sales workers . . . . .	1,785	1,038	440	236	1,757	854	529	279
Farmers, fishermen, hunters, timber getters, and related workers . . . . .	2,871	193	213	3	2,275	60	271	10
Miners, quarrymen, and related workers . . . . .	527	..	68	..	340	..	79	..
Workers in transport and communication . . . . .	3,349	409	473	69	3,217	384	542	93
Craftsmen and production-process workers . . . . .	18,662	2,425	3,710	411	18,773	2,198	4,210	513
Labourers . . . . .	8,906	..	786	..	8,523	..	982	..
Service (protective and other), sport, and recreation workers . . . . .	1,948	5,258	378	343	1,886	4,349	420	448
Occupation inadequately described or not stated . . . . .	3,380	336	238	32	2,772	335	265	36
Persons not in work force—								
Children and students . . . . .	24,672	22,245	4,400	3,940	23,595	21,544	5,141	4,769
Others . . . . .	1,073	25,796	329	5,108	1,102	24,633	382	6,067
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>75,811</b>	<b>65,222</b>	<b>13,813</b>	<b>12,495</b>	<b>73,039</b>	<b>61,980</b>	<b>15,845</b>	<b>14,959</b>

## Age and marital status

OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES—PERMANENT MOVEMENT, BY SEX,  
AGE DISTRIBUTION, AND MARITAL STATUS, AUSTRALIA, 1967

Age last birthday at time of arrival or departure	Arrivals			Total	Departures			Total
	Never married	Married	Widowed or divorced		Never married	Married	Widowed or divorced	
<b>MALES</b>								
0-4	9,118	..	..	9,118	1,951	..	..	1,951
5-14	12,516	..	..	12,516	2,729	..	..	2,729
15-24	14,645	2,951	27	17,623	2,277	488	4	2,769
25-44	7,607	19,428	368	27,403	1,688	4,531	87	6,306
45-64	345	4,662	268	5,275	159	1,418	97	1,674
65 and over	39	799	266	1,104	21	279	116	416
Total	44,270	27,840	929	73,039	8,825	6,716	304	15,845
<b>FEMALES</b>								
0-4	8,472	..	..	8,472	1,779	..	..	1,779
5-14	11,621	..	..	11,621	2,637	..	..	2,637
15-24	7,924	6,652	38	14,614	1,507	1,273	13	2,793
25-44	2,525	16,981	462	19,968	810	4,320	158	5,288
45-64	293	3,856	1,452	5,601	143	1,214	432	1,789
65 and over	75	570	1,059	1,704	37	201	435	673
Total	30,910	28,059	3,011	61,980	6,913	7,008	1,038	14,959
<b>PERSONS</b>								
0-4	17,590	..	..	17,590	3,730	..	..	3,730
5-14	24,137	..	..	24,137	5,366	..	..	5,366
15-24	22,569	9,603	65	32,237	3,784	1,761	17	5,562
25-44	10,132	36,409	830	47,371	2,498	8,851	245	11,594
45-64	638	8,518	1,720	10,876	302	2,632	529	3,463
65 and over	114	1,369	1,325	2,808	58	480	551	1,089
Total	75,180	55,899	3,940	135,019	15,738	13,724	1,342	30,804

State or Territory of intended residence (arrivals) or last residence (departures). The following table shows the number of settlers arriving in Australia by State or Territory of intended residence and the number of Australian residents departing permanently by State or Territory of last residence, for the years 1965 to 1967. Settlers are asked, on or before arrival, the State or Territory of Australia in which they next intend to stay for twelve months or more. The statements represent the settlers' intentions at the time and may not be realised. The allocation to States and Territories in the table is based on these statements, except that settlers proceeding to the migrant reception centre, Bonegilla, Victoria, are allocated, as far as is practicable, to the State or Territory of their placement from the centre. Residents departing permanently are asked the State or Territory in which they last stayed for twelve months or more.

OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES—PERMANENT MOVEMENT  
SETTLERS ARRIVING AND RESIDENTS DEPARTING, BY STATE OR TERRITORY OF  
INTENDED RESIDENCE (ARRIVALS) OR LAST RESIDENCE (DEPARTURES), 1965 TO 1967  
(Persons)

State or Territory of intended residence (arrivals) or last residence (departures)	Settlers arriving			Residents departing		
	1965	1966	1967	1965	1966	1967
New South Wales	51,158	45,803	44,281	6,835	8,217	9,936
Victoria	43,636	39,372	37,735	5,043	5,997	6,920
Queensland	10,556	8,768	9,309	2,213	2,830	3,261
South Australia	22,567	21,116	14,331	2,422	3,437	4,265
Western Australia	11,612	16,694	18,379	1,581	2,020	2,309
Tasmania	1,787	1,899	1,878	349	458	462
Northern Territory	376	340	327	97	99	114
Australian Capital Territory	1,156	1,123	1,145	314	388	440
Not stated(a)	4,659	5,918	7,634	2,059	2,862	3,097
Total	147,507	141,033	135,019	20,913	26,308	30,804

(a) Includes also settlers passing through the migrant reception centre who were not placed in time for allocation to States.

*Country of birth and country of residence.* The principal countries of birth combined with the principal countries of last residence (arrivals) or intended residence (departures) are shown in the following table for the year 1967.

**OVERSEAS ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES—PERMANENT MOVEMENT  
SETTLERS ARRIVING AND RESIDENTS DEPARTING, BY COUNTRY OF BIRTH AND  
COUNTRY OF LAST RESIDENCE (ARRIVALS) OR  
OF INTENDED RESIDENCE (DEPARTURES), 1967**

Country of birth	Country of last residence (arrivals) or intended residence (departures)(a)										
	Canada	Malta	New Zealand	United Kingdom and Ireland	Germany	Greece	Italy	South Africa	U.S.A.	Yugoslavia	Other countries
<b>SETTLERS ARRIVING</b>											
Australia . . . . .	5	6	51	295	12	4	25	8	49	3	78
Canada . . . . .	627	..	36	105	9	..	1	7	42	..	47
Malta . . . . .	10	1,577	5	140	1	..	..	1	2	..	8
New Zealand . . . . .	9	5	3,621	102	5	..	2	1	15	..	58
United Kingdom and Ireland . . . . .	233	20	1,043	63,748	147	7	11	148	183	..	1,044
Other Commonwealth countries . . . . .	26	1	77	1,133	26	5	7	30	10	..	5,161
Germany . . . . .	23	..	13	266	3,347	11	21	25	46	3	180
Greece . . . . .	3	1	9	27	149	7,679	7	3	3	18	105
Italy . . . . .	18	1	9	156	293	..	13,698	4	16	5	393
Netherlands . . . . .	10	1	51	37	11	..	..	19	15	..	1,601
Yugoslavia . . . . .	11	..	11	43	537	8	198	5	10	5,512	2,225
Other European countries . . . . .	63	1	80	629	469	8	93	37	63	14	6,677
United States of America . . . . .	21	..	26	66	13	3	7	4	2,081	1	155
Other countries . . . . .	26	6	61	332	123	46	91	272	51	3	5,786
At sea or not stated . . . . .	1	2	5	71	45	14	216	5	4	137	342
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>1,086</b>	<b>1,621</b>	<b>5,098</b>	<b>67,150</b>	<b>5,187</b>	<b>7,785</b>	<b>14,377</b>	<b>569</b>	<b>2,590</b>	<b>5,696</b>	<b>23,860</b>
<b>AUSTRALIAN RESIDENTS DEPARTING PERMANENTLY</b>											
Australia . . . . .	718	82	1,910	1,591	124	45	93	73	656	11	2,213
Canada . . . . .	219	..	11	23	..	..	1	2	36	..	16
Malta . . . . .	12	318	4	30	..	..	5	..	4	..	2
New Zealand . . . . .	17	1	863	37	2	..	2	1	12	..	46
United Kingdom and Ireland . . . . .	238	6	1,608	12,765	5	..	7	171	197	..	343
Other Commonwealth countries . . . . .	22	1	34	118	2	2	5	32	18	..	373
Germany . . . . .	51	..	45	39	534	..	2	14	67	..	66
Greece . . . . .	63	..	8	4	2	262	..	1	81	1	9
Italy . . . . .	50	..	12	7	3	..	382	1	52	1	22
Netherlands . . . . .	34	..	63	11	5	..	..	44	40	..	573
Yugoslavia . . . . .	93	..	17	2	9	..	10	1	44	204	16
Other European countries . . . . .	136	1	64	66	30	1	18	9	155	..	809
United States of America . . . . .	8	..	1	11	1	..	..	8	736	..	62
Other countries . . . . .	39	..	24	49	2	7	10	106	61	..	289
At sea or not stated . . . . .	1	1	3	7	1	1	2	1	4	..	8
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>1,701</b>	<b>410</b>	<b>4,667</b>	<b>14,760</b>	<b>720</b>	<b>318</b>	<b>537</b>	<b>464</b>	<b>2,163</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>4,847</b>

(a) For a period of twelve months or more.

*Former settlers and other residents departing permanently—country of intended residence.* The principal countries of intended residence of persons departing permanently during the years 1966 and 1967 are shown in the following table for 'former settlers' departing permanently (see definition on page 153) and other residents departing permanently.

**OVERSEAS DEPARTURES—PERMANENT MOVEMENT  
COUNTRY OF INTENDED RESIDENCE<sup>(a)</sup>  
AUSTRALIA, 1966 AND 1967**

Country of intended residence <sup>(a)</sup>	1966			1967		
	Former settlers	Other residents	Total	Former settlers	Other residents	Total
Canada . . . . .	741	506	1,247	884	817	1,701
New Zealand . . . . .	2,861	2,522	5,383	2,601	2,066	4,667
Papua and New Guinea . . . . .	187	1,447	1,634	200	1,464	1,664
United Kingdom and Ireland . . . . .	9,362	1,283	10,645	13,050	1,710	14,760
Other Commonwealth countries . . . . .	514	562	1,076	731	656	1,387
<i>Total, Commonwealth countries</i>	<i>13,665</i>	<i>6,320</i>	<i>19,985</i>	<i>17,466</i>	<i>6,713</i>	<i>24,179</i>
Germany . . . . .	679	142	821	580	140	720
Italy . . . . .	345	112	457	422	115	537
Netherlands . . . . .	561	174	735	564	175	739
Other European countries . . . . .	1,230	237	1,467	1,239	264	1,503
United States of America . . . . .	1,128	683	1,811	1,357	806	2,163
Other countries . . . . .	735	297	1,032	674	289	963
<i>Total, foreign countries</i>	<i>4,678</i>	<i>1,645</i>	<i>6,323</i>	<i>4,836</i>	<i>1,789</i>	<i>6,625</i>
<b>Grand total</b>	<b>18,343</b>	<b>7,965</b>	<b>26,308</b>	<b>22,302</b>	<b>8,502</b>	<b>30,804</b>

(a) For a period of twelve months or more.

### Assisted migration into Australia

Detailed statistics of assisted migration into Australia are shown in *Australian Immigration: Consolidated Statistics* published by the Department of Immigration.

Immigration has always been a major factor in Australia's economic growth. Since the 1939-45 War immigration programmes have been pursued as a central feature of government policies for national development. Since 1945 successive Australian governments have borne a substantial part of the passage costs of selected migrants from overseas countries. This assistance has in some cases been matched or partly matched by contributions from the government of the emigration country and from international funds. The trend in recent years has been towards financial assistance by the Australian Government with a nominal personal contribution by the migrant. The basis of operation has varied from country to country—bilateral migration agreements have been negotiated with some countries, migration arrangements have been made through the Intergovernmental Committee for European Migration (ICEM) with other countries, and in other instances unilateral assistance has been given by the Australian Government. The following table shows the numbers of persons who were assisted to come to Australia by the Australian Government under all assisted passage schemes during the period 1946 to 1967.

#### ASSISTED MIGRATION: AUSTRALIA, 1946 TO 1967

Period	Nominated and selected (assisted) arrivals
1946-50 . . . . .	273,195
1951-55 . . . . .	275,241
1956-60 . . . . .	305,517
1961-65 . . . . .	337,132
1963 . . . . .	62,914
1964 . . . . .	79,604
1965 . . . . .	93,653
1966 . . . . .	89,743
1967 . . . . .	82,247

Details of the joint scheme of assisted immigration arrived at by agreement between the Commonwealth and State Governments, which operated from 1920 to 1939, were published in earlier issues of the Year Book (*see* No. 38, page 576). After the outbreak of hostilities in 1939 it was decided to discontinue the grant of assisted passages for the duration of the war.

### Migration from Britain

At the conclusion of the 1939-45 War two migration agreements were negotiated between the Australian and British Governments and signed on 5 March 1946. These agreements came into operation on 31 March 1947 and provided respectively for granting free passages to British ex-servicemen and their dependants and assisted passages to other residents of Britain wishing to settle permanently in Australia. The free passage agreement was terminated on 28 February 1955, but the assisted passage agreement has continued in operation by renewal from time to time. It is now valid until 31 May 1972.

*Assisted passages.* Under the present agreement the British Government contributes £Stg150,000 per annum towards the cost of the movement of migrants to Australia. Each migrant 19 years of age or over contributes £Stg10 towards his passage costs. Migrants under 19 years of age make no contribution. The Australian Government meets the balance of the overall transport costs.

Eligibility for consideration for assisted passages is confined generally to citizens of the United Kingdom and colonies, normally resident in Britain. Within those broad conditions of eligibility the following six categories of applicants may be granted assisted passages under current arrangements: *personal nominees*—persons sponsored by relatives or friends already established in Australia who provide accommodation for their nominees; *group nominees*—workers and their dependants sponsored or selected to meet labour requirements specifically notified by public and private employers; *Commonwealth nominees*—workers and their dependants selected to meet labour requirements within industry generally in Australia; *'bring out a Briton' nominees*—persons sponsored by special voluntary committees formed throughout Australia to stimulate the flow of British migrants through community effort; *single men and women and married couples without children*—persons with a minimum capital of £Stg25 each, selected without specific nomination, who are prepared to make their own accommodation arrangements upon arrival; *'nest-egg families'*—families with a minimum capital of £Stg1,000 and prepared to make their own accommodation arrangements on arrival.

Hostels are operated by the Australian Government and also by the State Governments to provide transit or temporary accommodation for certain groups of newly arrived migrants.

*Number of arrivals.* The numbers of British migrants who came to Australia under the Free and Assisted Passage Agreement during the period January 1947 to June 1967 are given in the following table according to the State or Territory of intended residence.

UNITED KINGDOM FREE AND ASSISTED PASSAGE AGREEMENT: NUMBER OF  
MIGRANTS(a), STATES AND TERRITORIES OF INTENDED RESIDENCE  
JANUARY 1947 TO JUNE 1967

Period	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	A.C.T. and N.T.	Cwth nomi- nees(b)	Total
January 1947 to June 1962	88,483	98,369	45,929	36,070	35,389	12,483	4,067	107,148	427,938
1962-63	8,093	6,118	2,980	4,512	5,294	677	271	13,755	41,700
1963-64	12,272	10,791	4,272	10,509	4,894	909	316	10,667	54,630
1964-65	18,353	12,737	4,997	11,155	5,259	1,166	336	16,685	70,688
1965-66	15,256	10,249	4,410	12,205	8,510	1,173	393	18,558	70,754
1966-67	13,894	9,652	4,040	9,330	12,040	1,209	395	20,010	70,570
<b>Total, January 1947 to June 1967</b>	<b>156,351</b>	<b>147,916</b>	<b>66,628</b>	<b>83,781</b>	<b>71,386</b>	<b>17,617</b>	<b>5,778</b>	<b>186,823</b>	<b>736,280</b>

(a) Includes child migrants as shown below.

(b) *See* text above for explanation.

### Child migration from Britain

The pre-war arrangements under which child migrants were brought to Australia under the sponsorship of various religious denominations and voluntary organisations were resumed in 1947. Under current arrangements these young migrants receive assisted passages and special maintenance provisions involving the British Government and the Australian and State Governments. From the beginning of 1947 to 30 June 1967 a total of 8,144 British child and youth migrants arrived under sponsorship, 5,730 to New South Wales, 1,375 to Western Australia, 584 to Victoria, and 455 to other States. These arrivals are included in the table above.

**Maltese migration**

The Australian Government and the Government of Malta entered into an agreement on 28 April 1965, under which financial assistance is granted jointly towards the movement to Australia of approved migrants from Malta. The agreement supersedes earlier ones signed in 1948 and 1956. ICEM (Intergovernmental Committee for European Migration—*see* page 163) is associated with the assisted migration arrangements under this agreement. Up to 30 June 1967 a total of 38,386 Maltese had arrived under the assisted passage scheme.

**Netherlands migration**

Details of early agreements between the Netherlands and Australia were given in Year Books No. 39, page 567, and No. 53, page 196. The Australia-Netherlands Migration and Settlement Agreement was signed on 1 June 1965. In accordance with Article II of that agreement an 'Australian-Netherlands Assisted Passage Migration Arrangement' was negotiated to come into force concurrently with the agreement. The agreement is for a basic period of five years but will then continue indefinitely subject to termination at one year's notice by either Party. The 'Arrangement' will normally run for the same period as the 'Agreement' but may be terminated at 180 days notice by either party. Passage costs are met by the Australian Government, the migrants and in certain circumstances the Netherlands Government. The Australian Government is responsible for the reception of assisted migrants and for general assistance towards their settlement in Australia. ICEM is associated with the assisted migration arrangements under this agreement. Up to 30 June 1967, 71,236 Dutch assisted migrants had arrived in Australia.

**Italian migration**

A migration agreement between Italy and Australia came into operation on 1 August 1951 and continued in operation under extensions until 31 January 1964. A new Migration and Settlement Agreement was signed on 26 September 1967, and an assisted migration arrangement was entered into in conjunction with this Agreement. This provides for the movement to Australia under assisted passage arrangements of selected Italian workers in categories and numbers as agreed between the Australian and Italian Governments. Dependants of selected workers are also moved under assisted passage arrangements. Provision is also made for movement as nominated dependants of the wives and dependent children of any selected workers who move in advance of their families; and of the unmarried sisters, unmarried daughters, fiancées and proxy wives of Australian residents. Passage costs are met by the migrant and the Australian Government. The Australian Government is responsible for the reception of assisted migrants and for general assistance towards their settlement in Australia. ICEM is associated with the assisted migration arrangements under this agreement. Up to 30 June 1967, 41,596 Italian assisted migrants had settled in Australia.

**German migration**

On 29 August 1952 a migration agreement was signed between the Federal Republic of Germany and Australia under which selected German workers and their dependants could receive assisted passages to Australia. The agreement was renewed for five years from 29 August 1957, but assisted migration under the terms of the 1957 agreement continued until a new agreement was signed on 21 June 1965, to run indefinitely subject to one year's notice of termination by either party. Passage costs are met by the migrant, the Australian Government, and in certain circumstances the German Government. The Australian Government is responsible for the reception of assisted migrants and for general assistance towards their settlement in Australia. ICEM is associated with the assisted migration arrangements under this agreement. Up to 30 June 1967, 81,869 German assisted migrants had settled in Australia.

**Austrian migration**

Late in 1952 arrangements were made between the Austrian Government, the Australian Government and ICEM under which selected Austrian workers and their dependants could receive assisted passages to Australia. These arrangements still apply. Contributions to passage costs are made by the migrant and the Australian Government. The Australian Government is responsible for the reception of assisted migrants and for general assistance towards their settlement in Australia. Up to 30 June 1967, 19,865 Austrian assisted migrants had settled in Australia.

**Greek migration**

Late in 1952 arrangements were made between the Greek Government, the Australian Government and ICEM under which selected Greek workers and their dependants could receive assisted passages to Australia. These arrangements still apply. Contributions to passage costs are made by the migrant

and the Greek and Australian Governments. The Australian Government is responsible for the reception of assisted migrants and for general assistance towards their settlement in Australia. Up to 30 June 1967, 45,309 Greek assisted migrants had settled in Australia.

#### **Spanish migration**

In 1958 arrangements were made between the Spanish Government, the Australian Government and ICEM under which selected Spanish workers and their dependants could receive assisted passages to Australia. At the request of the Spanish authorities these arrangements, so far as workers are concerned, were temporarily suspended in March 1963. Since then certain female dependants nominated by Spanish assisted migrants already in Australia have continued to arrive in Australia as assisted migrants. Negotiations with the Spanish Government have resulted in approval in principle of the resumption of worker movements on a limited scale. Dependants of selected workers will also be moved under assisted passage arrangements. The Australian Government is responsible for the reception of assisted migrants and for general assistance towards their settlement in Australia. Up to 30 June 1967, 8,168 Spanish assisted migrants had settled in Australia.

#### **Belgian migration**

On 1 February 1961 arrangements were made between the Belgian Government, the Australian Government and ICEM under which selected Belgian workers and their dependants could receive assisted passages to Australia. These arrangements still apply. Contributions to passage costs are made by the migrant and the Belgian and Australian Governments. The Australian Government is responsible for the reception of assisted migrants and for general assistance towards their settlement in Australia. Up to 30 June 1967, 2,062 Belgian assisted migrants had settled in Australia.

#### **Turkish migration**

An agreement with the Turkish Government was signed on 5 October 1967 to run indefinitely subject to termination at ninety days notice by either Government. This provides for the assisted passage movement to Australia of selected Turkish workers and their dependants. The numbers and categories of workers to be moved annually will be as agreed from time to time between the Australian and Turkish Governments. Passage costs are met by the Australian Government and the migrant. Transportation and reception arrangements are the responsibility of the Australian Government.

#### **Refugee migration**

By agreement with the International Refugee Organization, Geneva, on 21 July 1947, Australia undertook to provide resettlement opportunities for displaced persons. A total of 170,700 displaced persons arrived in Australia under this agreement in the following years. The International Refugee Organization was terminated in 1951 and refugee problems became the responsibility of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, whose office was created by the United Nations specifically for this purpose. At about the same time ICEM was established partly to provide arrangements for the actual resettlement overseas of refugees, particularly with regard to transport.

Australia has continued to provide resettlement opportunities for refugees from Europe and elsewhere. In the period from 1945 to 30 June 1967, 311,363 refugees had been resettled in Australia including the 170,700 displaced persons mentioned above. Of the total number of refugees received by Australia since the end of World War II up to 30 June 1967, 215,247 have received financial assistance from the Australian Government towards their passage costs.

#### **General Assisted Passage Scheme**

This scheme has operated since 10 September 1954 and provides for a contribution by Australia towards passage costs to be granted to selected British and non-British workers and their dependants from a number of countries. Australia provides for the reception of migrants accepted under this scheme and for general assistance towards their settlement in Australia. From 1 July 1966 a new assisted migration programme, the Special Passage Assistance Programme, has operated in Europe. As a result the General Assisted Passage Scheme now applies only to applicants resident outside Europe, e.g. the United States of America, South America and Africa. Up to 30 June 1967, 34,663 assisted migrants had settled in Australia under the General Assisted Passage Scheme.

#### **Special Passage Assistance Programme**

This programme has applied since 1 July 1966 to selected applicants residing in Britain, Ireland, continental Europe (excluding Luxembourg and Communist countries) and Malta. Persons in those countries who are already eligible under existing assisted passage schemes are not considered for the Special Passage Assistance Programme. Approved applicants may make their own travel arrangements

or travel by sea or air on bookings made by the Department of Immigration. For those persons who travel privately and are over nineteen years, a contribution of \$25 towards passage costs is required and the extent of assistance is up to \$335. Persons under nineteen years make no contribution and receive assistance up to \$360. Approved migrants who travel on departmentally arranged bookings make the same passage contribution, and the balance of movement costs from their place of residence overseas to the port of disembarkation in Australia is met by the Australian Government. Up to 30 June 1967, 4,603 assisted migrants had settled in Australia under the Programme.

#### The Intergovernmental Committee for European Migration (ICEM)

This Committee, like the office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees, was established to perform functions that had formerly been carried out by the International Refugee Organization. In addition to assuming responsibility for the resettlement of refugees, ICEM has been concerned also with the movements of national migrants from Europe. Australia was one of the sixteen foundation members of the Committee; there are now thirty-two member countries including the British Commonwealth countries of Australia, New Zealand, the United Kingdom and Malta.

The three main functions of ICEM are: the movement of national migrants and the provision of related services; the resettlement of refugees and the provision of related services; and developmental activities and technical co-operation (this includes activities such as language teaching, vocational and orientation training, and in particular measures to facilitate the acceptance of European migrants by Latin American countries).

Each member government is required to contribute an agreed percentage of the Committee's administrative expenditure. Contributions to its operational expenditure are voluntary and governments may stipulate the terms and conditions under which they are to be used.

Up to 30 June 1967 ICEM had moved 1,491,937 persons, of whom 473,055 (339,564 nationals and 133,491 refugees) had departed for Australia.

#### Summary of arrivals of assisted migrants

The following table shows the number of assisted migrants who arrived in Australia in each of the last five financial years and since January 1947. All arrivals included in this table have obtained some financial assistance from the Australian Government towards payment of their passage money. Transport to Australia for the migrants concerned has been arranged on ships under charter to the Department of Immigration, ships and aircraft under charter to the Intergovernmental Committee for European Migration, and normal commercial shipping and airlines. The arrivals under these schemes include a small number of nationals of countries other than those referred to, and stateless persons.

ARRIVALS UNDER ASSISTED MIGRATION SCHEMES: AUSTRALIA, JANUARY 1947  
TO JUNE 1967

Assisted migration scheme	January						January	
	1947 to June 1962	1962-63	1963-64	1964-65	1965-66	1966-67	1947 to June 1967	
Austrian . . . . .	16,750	372	594	769	824	556	19,865	
Belgian . . . . .	738	414	318	155	201	236	2,062	
General Assisted Passage(a) . . . . .	18,314	1,874	3,327	3,605	4,924	2,619	34,663	
German . . . . .	67,847	1,967	2,987	2,870	3,266	2,932	81,869	
Greek . . . . .	31,557	2,051	2,633	3,507	2,673	2,888	45,309	
Italian . . . . .	40,448	227	195	158	281	287	41,596	
Maltese . . . . .	27,443	1,501	2,665	3,655	2,368	754	38,386	
Netherlands . . . . .	63,713	1,352	1,585	1,551	1,652	1,383	71,236	
Refugee . . . . .	206,241	1,375	2,040	1,609	2,177	1,805	215,247	
Spanish . . . . .	3,554	4,326	78	49	70	91	8,168	
Special Passage Assist- ance Programme . . . . .	..	..	..	..	..	4,603	4,603	
United Kingdom . . . . .	427,938	41,700	54,630	70,688	70,754	70,570	736,280	
Other schemes . . . . .	28,682	..	..	..	..	..	28,682	
<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>933,225</b>	<b>57,159</b>	<b>71,052</b>	<b>88,616</b>	<b>89,190</b>	<b>88,724</b>	<b>1,327,966</b>	

(a) Mostly Scandinavians, U.S. Americans, and British nationals from countries other than the United Kingdom.



### Immigration Advisory, Planning and Publicity Councils

Three bodies have been established to advise the Minister for Immigration on the social, economic and publicity aspects of the immigration programme.

The *Immigration Advisory Council*, established in 1947, consists of representatives of major national organisations (e.g. the Australian Council of Trade Unions, the Returned Servicemen's League of Australia, and the National Youth Council) and advises the Minister on the social aspects of immigration. The *Immigration Planning Council*, established in 1949, consists of eminent persons chosen in their own right; it advises the Minister on the economic considerations affecting the immigration programme. The *Immigration Publicity Council*, established in 1962, advises on publicity and publications used in Australia and overseas. Its members represent the press (including the foreign language newspapers), radio and television interests.

### Professional migration

The Department of Immigration, working in close co-operation with the Department of Labour and National Service, provides a special service, including advisory staff in London, to encourage immigration of professionally qualified persons by giving advice and information on prospects in Australia and by putting such applicants in touch with Australian employers.

The number of professional applicants is growing (the majority come from the United Kingdom). Some difficulties being experienced in the recognition of foreign qualifications are yet to be resolved.

## The regulation of immigration into Australia

### Powers and legislation of the Commonwealth

Under section 51 (xix), (xxvii) and (xxviii) of the Commonwealth Constitution, the Parliament of the Commonwealth is empowered to make laws with respect to immigration, emigration, aliens and the influx of criminals. Immigration into Australia is regulated by the *Migration Act 1958-1966* which came into force on 1 June 1959.

Any immigrant entering Australia after the commencement of the Act without having been granted an 'entry permit' or who is not within an exempted class is a prohibited immigrant. Exempted persons include diplomatic, consular and trade representatives of other countries, and seamen who enter with leave while their ships are in Australian ports. For the purposes of the Migration Act an immigrant includes a person entering for temporary stay.

An entry permit is normally granted at the port of entry by means of a stamp in the traveller's passport or equivalent travel document. No form of application is involved. Temporary permits are granted to visitors and persons whose stay is to be of limited duration. For other persons permits are issued without limitation as to stay. A person who is refused an entry permit must not be permitted (by the carrier company) to enter Australia; otherwise the carrier company is liable to a fine of \$1,000.

The Act regulates the deportation of persons who enter Australia without an entry permit, who overstay their approved period of residence or who are convicted of crimes. It also contains provisions relating to the emigration of children and Aborigines.

The Act does *not* affect passport or visa requirements for travel to Australia. All persons who, prior to the 1958 Act, had been required before embarkation to obtain visas or other kinds of authority to proceed to Australia, are still required to obtain them. Likewise, persons who have not had to obtain prior authority to proceed to Australia are not now required to obtain such authority solely as a result of the Act. Persons previously allowed to enter without production of passports—notably British people arriving from New Zealand—are still able to do so.

The *Aliens Act 1947-1966* provides that a register of aliens shall be maintained for every State and mainland Territory of Australia. Unless exempted, aliens 16 years of age and over are required to register with the Department of Immigration and to notify the Department of their address, occupation, or employment during the month of September each year. They are required to notify marriage within thirty days of marriage taking place. The Act provides also that the consent of the Department must be obtained before an alien may change his surname.

The *Immigration (Guardianship of Children) Act* 1946–1966 provides that the Minister for Immigration becomes the legal guardian of every person under the age of 21 years who enters Australia (except for certain exempted groups) other than in the charge of, or for the purpose of living in the care of, a parent or adult relative. It is primarily administered through the child welfare authorities in each State and mainland Territory who, as the Minister's delegates under the Act, supervise the welfare of each 'immigrant child'.

#### Conditions of immigration into Australia

*Admission of non-Europeans.* Australia's immigration policy is based on the need to maintain a predominantly homogeneous population. It is fundamental to the policy that people coming to Australia for residence should be capable, both economically and socially, of ready integration into the community.

Australia does not exclude from residence persons of other than European origin. Immigration laws and policy permit the Minister to authorise their entry, taking into account the qualifications of persons wishing to settle here, their ability to integrate readily into the community, and other aspects including considerations of a humanitarian nature and broad national interest.

The present policy provides, *inter alia*, that:

non-Europeans, who are the spouses, unmarried minor children, aged parents or fiancées of Australian citizens, and of other British subjects already having resident status, or eligible to enter with such status, may be admitted for permanent residence (the non-European wife and unmarried minor children of a European alien in similar circumstances may also be admitted for residence);

non-Europeans who have already been admitted under temporary permit but with the expectation of indefinite stay may, after completing five years' residence, qualify to apply for resident status and subsequently for citizenship.

The following examples of persons may be considered for entry for settlement, accompanied by their wives and children, on the basis of their general suitability and possession of qualifications positively useful to Australia:

persons with specialised technical skills for appointments for which local residents are not available;

persons of high attainment in the arts and sciences, or of prominent achievement in other ways; persons nominated by responsible authorities or institutions for specific important professional appointments, which otherwise would remain unfilled;

executives, technicians, and other specialists who have spent substantial periods in Australia—for example, with the branches here of large Asian companies—and who have qualifications or experience in positive demand here;

businessmen who in their own countries have been engaged in substantial international trading and would be able to carry on such trade from Australia;

persons who have been of particular and lasting help to Australia's interest abroad in trade or in other ways;

persons who by former residence in Australia or by association with Australia have demonstrated an interest in or identification with Australia that should make their future residence here feasible.

In addition to visitors and students, provision exists also for the entry on a limited temporary residence basis of staffs of companies, professional, technical and specialist personnel, and of persons coming for medical treatment, religious training, or as sportsmen and entertainers, and in other miscellaneous categories.

*Private students.* Young people may enter Australia for the purpose of study, irrespective of their countries of origin. The greater proportion of such private students in Australia are from Asia, the Pacific area and, to a lesser extent, from the continent of Africa (there are at present more than 10,000 Asian and other non-European private students in Australia). The objective is to provide the opportunity for young people in these areas to come to Australia for advanced secondary, tertiary,

and other post-secondary study and training which will result in qualifications in demand and of use in their countries. The student, as well as meeting other requirements of entry, must have the capacity to undertake the course of study proposed and produce evidence of enrolment and assurances as to maintenance and accommodation. The student is admitted with temporary residence status and is required to acknowledge that he is obliged to return home on completing the approved course of study or training and that authority for stay and for extensions of stay as a student is dependent upon satisfactory academic progress.

*Persons of European race.* Maltese, Cypriots, and aliens of European race desiring to settle permanently in Australia are required to obtain authority for admission from the Department of Immigration or an Australian overseas post. Their admission under the present policy is subject to clearance on health, character, and security grounds, and depends on their suitability as settlers generally.

## Passports

Australian passports are issued under the *Passports Act 1938-1966* and Passport Regulations. Passports are obtainable on application at offices of the Commonwealth Department of Immigration in each State, the Northern Territory, and the Australian Capital Territory, from overseas offices of that Department, from any Australian diplomatic or consular mission abroad, or from the office of any Australian Government Trade Commissioner overseas. Applicants for passports must furnish evidence of their identity and nationality and pay a fee of four dollars. Approximately 95,000 Australian passports are issued each year in Australia and abroad.

## Citizenship and naturalisation

### Commonwealth legislation

Statistics of persons granted Australian citizenship are shown in *Australian Immigration: Consolidated Statistics* published by the Department of Immigration.

The *Nationality and Citizenship Act 1948-1967* commenced on Australia Day (26 January) 1949, and repealed all previous Commonwealth legislation on this subject. The most significant effect of the Act was the creation for the first time of the status of 'Australian Citizen'. In this respect the Act was complementary to citizenship legislation passed or about to be passed by other countries of the British Commonwealth. All Australian citizens, and the citizens of other countries of the British Commonwealth, are declared to be British subjects. The status of 'British subject' flows from the possession of citizenship of one of the Commonwealth countries. It could best be described as the connecting link between the citizenship of the countries of the British Commonwealth. Australian citizenship was automatically acquired as from 26 January 1949 by persons who were British subjects at that date and who either (a) were born in Australia or New Guinea; or (b) were naturalised in Australia; or (c) had been residing in Australia during the five years immediately preceding 26 January 1949; or (d) were born outside Australia of fathers to whom (a) or (b) above applied (provided the persons concerned had entered Australia without being placed under any immigration restriction); or (e) were women who had been married to men who became Australian citizens under the above headings (provided that the women concerned had entered Australia without being placed under immigration restriction). For the purposes of the Act, 'Australia' includes the Territories of the Commonwealth which are not Trust Territories. By an amendment of the Act in 1950 it was further provided that Nauru should be treated in the same manner as New Guinea.

Citizenship may be acquired in the following ways: (a) by birth in Australia; (b) by birth outside Australia, of a father who is an Australian citizen, provided that the birth is registered at an Australian Consulate; (c) by registration—Certificates of Registration as Australian citizens may be granted by the Minister to British subjects or Irish citizens who make application and satisfy the Minister that they can comply with specified requirements as to residence in Australia, good character and intention to reside permanently in Australia; (d) by naturalisation—Certificates of Naturalisation as Australian citizens may be granted by the Minister to aliens and protected persons who make application and can comply with requirements somewhat similar to those previously required under the *Nationality Act 1920-1946*. Requirements for naturalisation are: (i) as a rule five years residence

in Australia, but residence in other British countries or service under a British Government may be accepted (special concessions in the matter of residence qualifications are available to persons who have enlisted in the Australian armed forces; (ii) the applicants must have an adequate knowledge of the responsibilities and privileges of citizenship. Certificates do not take effect until the applicant takes the oath of allegiance. The oath is now taken, and citizenship is conferred, at public ceremonies held in the locality of the applicant's place of residence, and presided over by the mayor or equivalent head of the local government authority.

The declaration of intention to apply for naturalisation, which was introduced by the original Act of 1948, is no longer compulsory, although it can still be made if an intending applicant so desires. This change was made by the amending Acts of 1955 and 1959 under the provisions of which aliens may lodge applications on completing 4½ years residence, but may not be granted naturalisation until five years' residence has been completed.

Under the Act the independence of married women in nationality matters is recognised, and British nationality was restored to those women who had lost it through marriage to aliens prior to 26 January 1949. Such women automatically became Australian citizens if they were born in Australia or had lived here for the five years prior to the commencement of the Act. Marriage does not affect a woman's nationality. Alien women who marry Australian citizens may, however, be naturalised under somewhat easier conditions than those which apply to other aliens.

#### Persons granted Australian citizenship by naturalisation and registration during 1966-67

The following tables show the previous nationalities and the countries in which persons were ordinarily resident immediately before entering Australia and New Guinea, of persons:

- (a) who became Australian citizens by reason of the grant of certificates of naturalisation; and  
(b) who became Australian citizens by reason of the grant of certificates of registration.

#### PERSONS GRANTED AUSTRALIAN CITIZENSHIP BY NATURALISATION, 1966-67

##### NATIONALITY

Albanian . . . . .	21	Italian . . . . .	11,100
Argentinian . . . . .	11	Japanese . . . . .	30
Australian protected person . . . . .	83	Jordanian . . . . .	17
Austrian . . . . .	674	Korean . . . . .	2
Belgian . . . . .	90	Latvian . . . . .	345
Brazilian . . . . .	3	Lebanese . . . . .	410
British protected person . . . . .	13	Lithuanian . . . . .	191
Bulgarian . . . . .	32	Norwegian . . . . .	49
Burmese . . . . .	20	Peruvian . . . . .	3
Byelorussian . . . . .	39	Polish . . . . .	2,398
Chilean . . . . .	4	Portuguese . . . . .	51
Chinese . . . . .	1,086	Romanian . . . . .	164
Colombian . . . . .	1	Russian . . . . .	949
Cuban . . . . .	2	Spanish . . . . .	145
Czechoslovak . . . . .	239	Stateless . . . . .	462
Danish . . . . .	196	Swedish . . . . .	56
Dutch . . . . .	4,597	Swiss . . . . .	158
Equadorian . . . . .	1	Syrian . . . . .	10
Estonian . . . . .	105	Thai . . . . .	11
Filipino . . . . .	20	Turkish . . . . .	33
Finnish . . . . .	311	Ukrainian . . . . .	425
French . . . . .	156	United Arab Republic . . . . .	78
German . . . . .	3,401	United States American . . . . .	151
Greek . . . . .	4,673	Uruguayan . . . . .	1
Honduran . . . . .	1	Venezuelan . . . . .	9
Hungarian . . . . .	1,502	Vietnamese . . . . .	1
Indonesian . . . . .	15	Western Samoan . . . . .	3
Iranian . . . . .	11	Yugoslav . . . . .	4,028
Iraqi . . . . .	4		
Israeli . . . . .	202	<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>38,793</b>

PERSONS GRANTED AUSTRALIAN CITIZENSHIP BY NATURALISATION, 1966-67  
*continued*

COUNTRIES IN WHICH THESE PERSONS ORDINARILY RESIDED IMMEDIATELY  
BEFORE ENTERING AUSTRALIA OR NEW GUINEA

Albania . . . . .	8	Macao . . . . .	6
Algeria . . . . .	6	Malaysia . . . . .	14
Argentina . . . . .	26	Malta . . . . .	1
Austria . . . . .	1,934	Monaco . . . . .	3
Bahrain . . . . .	1	Morocco . . . . .	3
Belgium . . . . .	172	Nauru . . . . .	2
Bermuda . . . . .	1	New Caledonia . . . . .	21
Brazil . . . . .	55	New Hebrides . . . . .	3
British Solomon Islands . . . . .	10	New Zealand . . . . .	49
Bulgaria . . . . .	11	Nigeria . . . . .	2
Burma . . . . .	28	Norway . . . . .	54
Canada . . . . .	47	Pakistan . . . . .	2
Chile . . . . .	9	Panama . . . . .	5
China . . . . .	1,075	Papua and New Guinea . . . . .	103
Colombia . . . . .	4	Paraguay . . . . .	1
Congo . . . . .	3	Peru . . . . .	5
Cuba . . . . .	2	Philippines . . . . .	41
Cyprus . . . . .	6	Poland . . . . .	893
Czechoslovakia . . . . .	70	Portugal . . . . .	33
Denmark . . . . .	210	Portuguese Timor . . . . .	3
Estonia . . . . .	17	Rhodesia . . . . .	7
Ethiopia . . . . .	14	Romania . . . . .	114
Fiji . . . . .	15	Saudi Arabia . . . . .	3
Finland . . . . .	290	Singapore . . . . .	17
France . . . . .	454	South Africa . . . . .	25
Germany . . . . .	6,103	Spain . . . . .	122
Ghana . . . . .	5	Sudan . . . . .	3
Gibraltar . . . . .	3	Sweden . . . . .	101
Greece . . . . .	4,306	Switzerland . . . . .	295
Guam . . . . .	1	Syria . . . . .	9
Honduras . . . . .	1	Tahiti . . . . .	2
Hong Kong . . . . .	882	Tanzania . . . . .	10
Hungary . . . . .	465	Thailand . . . . .	9
Iceland . . . . .	2	The Netherlands . . . . .	4,482
India . . . . .	16	Tonga . . . . .	2
Indonesia . . . . .	140	Tunisia . . . . .	3
Iran . . . . .	7	Turkey . . . . .	47
Iraq . . . . .	3	Ukraine . . . . .	19
Ireland . . . . .	2	Union of Soviet Socialist Republics . . . . .	61
Israel . . . . .	252	United Arab Republic . . . . .	499
Italy . . . . .	12,225	United Kingdom . . . . .	293
Japan . . . . .	37	United States of America . . . . .	185
Jordan . . . . .	20	Uruguay . . . . .	6
Kenya . . . . .	12	Venezuela . . . . .	37
Korea . . . . .	2	Vietnam . . . . .	3
Kuwait . . . . .	4	West Indies . . . . .	1
Latvia . . . . .	43	Western Samoa . . . . .	1
Lebanon . . . . .	405	Yugoslavia . . . . .	1,740
Libya . . . . .	20		
Lithuania . . . . .	29		
		<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>38,793</b>

The numbers of persons affected by certificates of naturalisation granted in 1966-67 according to State or Territory of residence were as follows: New South Wales, 13,887; Victoria, 14,699; Queensland, 2,754; South Australia, 4,252; Western Australia, 2,043; Tasmania, 431; Northern Territory, 92; Australian Capital Territory, 529; New Guinea, 106; Total, 38,793.

## PERSONS GRANTED AUSTRALIAN CITIZENSHIP BY REGISTRATION, 1966-67

## NATIONALITY

Citizens of—		Citizens of—	
Canada . . . . .	52	Rhodesia . . . . .	37
Ceylon . . . . .	322	Singapore . . . . .	16
Cyprus . . . . .	209	South Africa . . . . .	203
India . . . . .	331	Trinidad and Tobago . . . . .	2
Ireland . . . . .	105	United Kingdom and Colonies . . . . .	3,201
Malaysia . . . . .	101	British—country of citizenship other or not stated . . . . .	318
Malta . . . . .	340		
New Zealand . . . . .	86		
Pakistan . . . . .	36	Total . . . . .	5,359

## COUNTRIES IN WHICH THESE PERSONS ORDINARILY RESIDED IMMEDIATELY BEFORE ENTERING AUSTRALIA OR NEW GUINEA

Algeria . . . . .	1	Libya . . . . .	6
Argentina . . . . .	4	Macao . . . . .	2
Austria . . . . .	1	Malaysia . . . . .	162
Bahamas . . . . .	1	Malta . . . . .	340
Belgium . . . . .	6	Mauritius . . . . .	67
Brazil . . . . .	4	Mexico . . . . .	1
Burma . . . . .	63	Morocco . . . . .	1
Canada . . . . .	52	Nauru . . . . .	1
Ceylon . . . . .	338	New Hebrides . . . . .	2
Channel Islands . . . . .	2	New Zealand . . . . .	116
China . . . . .	18	Nigeria . . . . .	6
Cyprus . . . . .	209	Pakistan . . . . .	45
Czechoslovakia . . . . .	1	Papua and New Guinea . . . . .	7
Ethiopia . . . . .	3	Philippines . . . . .	2
Fiji . . . . .	93	Qatar . . . . .	4
Finland . . . . .	1	Rhodesia . . . . .	55
France . . . . .	7	Saudi Arabia . . . . .	4
Germany . . . . .	13	Seychelles . . . . .	3
Ghana . . . . .	6	Singapore . . . . .	121
Gibraltar . . . . .	1	South Africa . . . . .	205
Greece . . . . .	6	Spain . . . . .	2
Hong Kong . . . . .	163	Sweden . . . . .	2
Hungary . . . . .	1	Tanzania . . . . .	7
India . . . . .	479	The Netherlands . . . . .	13
Indonesia . . . . .	22	Trinidad . . . . .	2
Iran . . . . .	2	Tunisia . . . . .	3
Ireland . . . . .	70	Uganda . . . . .	1
Israel . . . . .	2	United Arab Republic . . . . .	155
Italy . . . . .	4	United Kingdom . . . . .	2,371
Japan . . . . .	1	United States of America . . . . .	16
Jordan . . . . .	1	Venezuela . . . . .	8
Kenya . . . . .	47	West Indies . . . . .	2
Kuwait . . . . .	1		
Lebanon . . . . .	4	Total . . . . .	5,359

## Persons granted Australian citizenship by naturalisation, 1945 to 1967

The numbers of persons granted Australian citizenship by naturalisation from January 1945 to June 1967, according to previous nationality, are shown in the following table.

**PERSONS GRANTED AUSTRALIAN CITIZENSHIP BY NATURALISATION  
JANUARY 1945 TO JUNE 1967**

<i>Former nationality</i>	<i>Persons granted citizenship</i>	<i>Former nationality</i>	<i>Persons granted citizenship</i>
Albanian . . . . .	1,100	Lebanese . . . . .	4,397
Austrian . . . . .	8,180	Lithuanian . . . . .	8,443
Belgian . . . . .	528	Norwegian . . . . .	1,175
Bulgarian . . . . .	1,239	Polish . . . . .	63,623
Chinese . . . . .	4,613	Portuguese . . . . .	422
Czechoslovak . . . . .	11,185	Romanian . . . . .	2,898
Danish . . . . .	2,190	Russian . . . . .	9,675
Dutch . . . . .	64,414	Spanish . . . . .	1,144
Estonian . . . . .	5,924	Stateless . . . . .	14,588
Finnish . . . . .	2,047	Swedish . . . . .	637
French . . . . .	2,009	Swiss . . . . .	1,665
German . . . . .	41,397	Syrian . . . . .	145
Greek . . . . .	45,815	Turkish . . . . .	286
Hungarian . . . . .	28,669	Ukrainian . . . . .	19,614
Indonesian . . . . .	162	United Arab Republic . . . . .	451
Israeli . . . . .	3,770	United States American . . . . .	1,180
Italian . . . . .	123,942	Yugoslav . . . . .	36,043
Japanese . . . . .	650	Others . . . . .	2,815
Latvian . . . . .	17,682	<b>Total . . . . .</b>	<b>534,717</b>

### **Migrant integration**

An integration programme operates to aid the social settlement of migrants into the Australian community. The programme includes the following activities.

English-language tuition is arranged by the Department of Immigration to assist migrants to overcome their language problems. The services provided include instruction in Europe, English-language classes on board ships travelling to Australia, and adult education classes within Australia which are also supplemented by radio and correspondence courses. A course of instruction on gramophone records which has been developed from the radio course is also available. Approximately 613,000 migrants have taken advantage of the English-language facilities. By 30 June 1967, 13,985 migrants had enrolled in 908 language classes throughout Australia and 6,927 students had enrolled to receive instruction through the correspondence lessons.

Field surveys are undertaken which embrace sociological research studies of migrant integration and furnish information on such questions as the habits and behaviour of migrants within the community, the practical difficulties they experience during the process of integration, their ability to understand and accept their obligations and responsibilities as members of the Australian community, and the attitude of the native-born to the migrant.

Qualified social workers are employed in each State Branch of the Department of Immigration and provide a social welfare counselling and referral service. Welfare Officers are also employed in several Branches as part of this service. Accommodation Advisory Officers are available to provide information to migrants in Melbourne and Sydney.

The Good Neighbour Movement operates as a voluntary organisation throughout Australia to assist in the integration of migrants. Membership of the movement is made up of hundreds of community organisations whose activities are co-ordinated by State Councils. The Commonwealth Government assists each Council financially through grants to cover administrative expenses.

*Citizenship Conventions.* The principal occasion for community and Government to meet together and discuss the major issues involved in the successful integration of the migrant population is provided by the Citizenship Conventions convened in Canberra from time to time by the Commonwealth Government. Delegates from a wide range of community organisations and from Commonwealth and State Governments participate. The subjects discussed relate not only to the integration of migrants but also to the concept of Australian citizenship and the role of immigration in Australia's development.

### Population of External Territories

Ordinances of the individual External Territories under the control of Australia provide for a census of the population to be taken on the day prescribed for the taking of a census in the Commonwealth of Australia. The following table shows the population of the Territories of Christmas Island, Cocos (Keeling) Islands, Norfolk Island, Papua, the Trust Territory of New Guinea and the Trust Territory of Nauru at the censuses of 30 June 1961 and 30 June 1966.

On 31 January 1968 Nauru became an independent State (*see* page 23, also the chapter The Territories of Australia).

#### POPULATION: EXTERNAL TERRITORIES, 30 JUNE 1961 AND 1966

Territory	Census 30 June 1961			Census 30 June 1966		
	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Christmas Island . . .	1,963	1,136	3,099	2,154	1,232	3,386
Cocos (Keeling) Islands . . .	333	273	606	375	309	684
Norfolk Island . . .	421	423	844	563	584	1,147
Papua—						
Indigenous population . . .	(a)	(a)	(a)	(b)310,153	(b)281,806	(b)591,959
Non-indigenous population . . .	5,490	4,304	9,794	8,307	6,070	14,377
<i>Total, Papua</i> . . .	<i>n.a.</i>	<i>n.a.</i>	<i>n.a.</i>	<i>318,460</i>	<i>287,876</i>	<i>606,336</i>
Trust Territory of New Guinea—						
Indigenous population . . .	(a)	(a)	(a)	(b)810,154	(b)748,209	(b)1,558,363
Non-indigenous population . . .	9,158	6,378	15,536	11,744	8,547	20,291
<i>Total, New Guinea</i> . . .	<i>n.a.</i>	<i>n.a.</i>	<i>n.a.</i>	<i>821,898</i>	<i>756,756</i>	<i>1,578,654</i>
Trust Territory of Nauru(c) . . .	3,019	1,594	4,613	3,701	2,354	6,055

(a) Not available. The indigenous population was estimated to be: Papua, 513,648; Trust Territory of New Guinea, 1,433,383. (b) The 1966 Census of Papua-New Guinea was the first to include the indigenous population, and was based upon a 10 per cent sample of rural villages in the two Territories. (c) Independent State, 31 January 1968.

Further particulars concerning the indigenous populations of the Territories are given in the chapter The Territories of Australia.

### International statistics of population

In the following tables the population, density, rate of growth, natural increase and masculinity are shown in respect of all countries which had an estimated population of at least one million persons in 1966, plus Papua. The source of these figures is the 1966 *Demographic Yearbook*, which is prepared and published by the Statistical Office of the United Nations. The tables include figures varying in reliability and accuracy, there being considerable variation in the quality of demographic statistics as between countries, but this information has been shown to provide some form of guide as to the magnitude and trend of population movements in overseas countries.

Where the information available to the Statistical Office of the United Nations relates to only part of the population of a country, the population characteristic (e.g. rate of growth), or vital statistics rate (e.g. marriages), has been omitted from the tables, and this is indicated by a footnote. For fuller particulars of the differences in the quality of the statistics and their reliability and for other qualifications, reference should be made to the detailed explanations contained in the *Demographic Yearbook* of the Statistical Office of the United Nations (*see* particularly Technical Notes on Statistical Tables and footnotes to the tables).



**Population, rate of growth and density: world, continents and regions**

The following table shows for the world, continents, and regions, estimated population in 1930, 1940, 1950, 1958, 1960, and 1966. The annual rate of increase (per cent), together with the average annual increase, during the period 1960-1966, is also shown. Population figures have been adjusted for under enumeration and errors in estimation. In preparing these figures, the Population Branch of the United Nations revises, from time to time, the estimates for previous years as new data become available, for example, from a census. The figures are estimates only, and as such are subject to a substantial margin of error.

**POPULATION, DENSITY, AND RATE OF INCREASE FOR THE WORLD AND CONTINENTS—SELECTED YEARS**

(Source: United Nations *Demographic Yearbook*, 1966)

Continent and region	Population						Annual rate of increase 1960-66 (per cent)	Average annual increase 1960-66 (millions)	Density (persons per square mile) 1966
	Estimates of mid-year population (millions)								
	1930	1940	1950	1958	1960	1966			
World total	2,070	2,295	2,517	2,904	3,005	3,356	1.9	58.5	65
<i>Africa</i>	164	191	222	265	278	318	2.3	6.7	28
Western Africa	48	58	67	84	88	100	2.3	2.0	41
Eastern Africa	46	54	63	73	76	88	2.4	2.0	36
Northern Africa	39	44	53	63	66	76	2.4	1.7	23
Middle Africa	21	23	25	28	30	33	1.9	0.5	13
Southern Africa	10	12	14	17	18	21	2.5	0.5	21
<i>America</i>	242	274	329	395	413	470	2.2	9.5	28
Northern America	134	144	166	192	199	217	1.5	3.0	26
Latin America	108	130	163	203	214	253	2.8	6.5	31
Tropical South America	55	67	84	107	113	135	2.9	3.7	26
Middle America	22	27	35	45	48	59	3.5	1.8	62
Temperate South America	19	22	27	31	33	36	1.8	0.5	23
Caribbean	12	14	17	20	20	23	2.4	0.5	256
<i>Asia</i>	1,120	1,244	1,381	1,604	1,659	1,868	2.0	34.8	176
East Asia	591	634	684	772	794	864	1.4	11.7	189
Mainland region	501	533	563	636	654	710	1.4	9.3	166
Japan	64	71	83	92	93	99	1.0	1.0	692
Other East Asia	26	30	38	44	47	55	2.8	1.3	554
South Asia	529	610	697	832	865	1,004	2.5	23.2	166
Middle South Asia	371	422	479	566	587	681	2.5	15.7	262
South East Asia	127	150	173	210	219	255	2.6	6.0	148
South West Asia	31	38	45	56	59	68	2.4	1.5	39
<i>Europe</i>	355	380	392	418	425	449	0.9	4.0	236
Western Europe	108	113	123	132	135	145	1.2	1.7	381
Southern Europe	93	103	108	116	117	124	0.8	1.2	243
Eastern Europe	89	96	88	95	97	101	0.6	0.7	264
Northern Europe	65	68	73	75	76	79	0.7	0.5	124
<i>Oceania</i>	10.0	11.1	12.7	15.0	15.7	17.9	2.1	0.37	5
Australia and New Zealand	8.0	8.7	10.1	12.1	12.6	14.3	2.0	0.28	5
Melanesia	1.6	1.8	1.9	2.1	2.2	2.5	2.4	0.05	13
Polynesia and Micronesia	0.4	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.1	3.0	0.03	93
<i>Union of Soviet Socialist Republics</i>	179	195	180	207	214	233	1.4	3.2	26

**Population, density, rate of growth, natural increase, and masculinity of selected countries**

Certain details of the population of the more populous countries within continental groups are shown in the following table. As explained above, reference should be made to the detailed comments contained in the United Nations *Demographic Yearbook*, 1966, regarding geographical units used, boundaries of areas, reliability of estimates, etc.

## POPULATION, DENSITY, RATE OF INCREASE, NATURAL INCREASE, AND MASCULINITY—SELECTED COUNTRIES

(Source: United Nations Demographic Yearbook, 1966)

Country	Population mid-year 1966 (thousands)	Density 1966 (persons per square mile)	Annual rate of increase 1958-66 (per cent)	Natural increase		Masculinity at latest census	
				Year	Rate (per thousand population)	Year	Rate (number of males per 100 females)
<b>Africa—</b>							
Nigeria	58,600	163	2.0	..	(a)	..	(a)
United Arab Republic, Egypt	30,147	78	2.5	..	(a)	..	(a)
Ethiopia	23,000	49	1.7	..	(a)	1960-61	89.1
South Africa	18,298	39	2.4	..	(a)	1960	101.1
Congo, Democratic Republic of	(b)15,986	18	2.2	1955-58	23.0	1955-58	(b)94.4
Sudan	13,940	16	2.8	1956	33.2	1956	102.2
Morocco	13,451	78	2.6	1962	27.4	1960	99.9
Algeria	12,150	13	2.0	..	(a)	..	(a)
<b>Tanzania—</b>							
Tanganyika	10,377	28	1.9	1957	21-22	1957	92.9
Zanzibar	340	334	1.6	..	(a)	1958	111.2
Kenya	9,643	44	2.9	1962	30.0	1962	98.1
Ghana	7,945	85	2.7	1960	23-28	1960	102.2
Uganda	7,740	85	2.5	1959	22.0	1959	100.9
Mozambique	7,040	23	1.3	..	(a)	1960	91.8
Madagascar	6,810	31	3.6	..	(a)	..	(a)
Angola	5,360	28	1.7	..	(a)	1960	103.7
Cameroon	5,350	28	2.2	1964-65	(c)24.2	..	(a)
Upper Volta	4,955	47	2.4	1960-61	18.0	1960-61	100.8
Mali	4,654	10	2.2	1960-61	31.0	..	(a)
Tunisia	4,470	70	1.2	1959	21.0	1966	103.6
Southern Rhodesia	4,400	28	3.2	1962	34.1	1962	(b)106.2
Malawi	4,035	88	2.4	..	(a)	1966	90.5
Ivory Coast	3,920	31	3.0	1961	22.8	..	(a)
Zambia	3,857	13	3.0	1963	31.8	1963	(b)98.4
Guinea	3,608	39	2.8	1955	22.0	1955	(b)90.8
Senegal	3,580	47	2.4	1960-61	26.6	1960-61	97.1
Niger	3,433	8	3.2	1959-60	25.0	1959-60	94.3
Burundi	3,274	306	2.0	1965	20.5	1965	97.5
Rwanda	(b)3,200	313	3.1	1957	38.3	..	(a)
Somalia	2,580	10	3.4	..	(a)	..	(a)
Dahomey	2,410	54	2.7	1961	28.0	1961	(b)96.1
Sierra Leone	2,403	85	1.2	..	(a)	1963	98.4
Togo	1,680	78	2.7	1961	26.0	1958-60	91.9
Libya	1,677	3	3.7	..	(a)	1964	108.3
Central African Republic	1,385	5	2.2	1959-60	18.0	1959-60	(b)91.5
<b>North America—</b>							
United States of America	196,920	54	1.5	1966	9.0	1960	97.1
Mexico	44,145	57	3.4	1960-65	34.0	1960	99.5
Canada	19,919	5	1.9	1966	12.2	1961	102.2
Cuba	7,833	176	2.3	1960-65	26-27	1953	105.0
Guatemala	4,575	109	3.1	1960-65	28.0	1964	102.7
Haiti	4,485	420	1.9	1960-65	25-26	1950	94.5
Dominican Republic	3,750	199	3.6	1960-65	31-32	1960	101.6
El Salvador	3,037	368	3.4	1960-65	33.0	1961	97.1
Puerto Rico	2,668	777	1.9	1965	23.5	1960	98.0
Honduras	2,363	54	3.3	1960-65	32-34	1961	99.3
Jamaica	1,839	435	2.0	1960-65	31.0	1960	92.5
Nicaragua	1,715	34	3.2	1960-65	33-34	1963	97.5
Costa Rica	1,486	75	4.1	1960-65	36-37	1963	100.2
<b>South America—</b>							
Brazil	84,679	26	3.0	1960-65	31.0	1960	99.7
Argentina	22,691	21	1.6	1960-65	14.0	1960	100.6
Colombia	18,650	41	3.2	1960-65	29-30	..	(a)
Peru	12,012	23	3.0	1960-65	31-32	1961	98.9
Venezuela	9,030	26	3.6	1960-65	37-38	1961	103.3
Chile	8,750	31	2.3	1960-65	23-24	1960	96.1
Ecuador	5,326	49	3.3	1960-65	34-35	1962	99.9
Bolivia	3,748	8	1.4	1960-65	23.0	1950	96.2
Uruguay	2,749	39	1.4	1960-65	15-16	1963	99.0
Paraguay	2,094	13	2.7	1960-65	30-31	1962	97.2

For footnotes see next page.

## POPULATION, DENSITY, RATE OF INCREASE, NATURAL INCREASE, AND MASCULINITY—SELECTED COUNTRIES—continued

Country	Population mid-year 1966 (thousands)	Density 1966 (persons per square mile)	Annual rate of increase 1958-66 (per cent)	Natural increase		Masculinity at latest census		
				Year	Rate (per thousand population)	Year	Rate (number of males per 100 females)	
<b>Asia—</b>								
China (mainland)	710,000	192	1.5	1957	23.0	1953	107.6	
India	498,680	422	2.4	1963-64	25.5	1961	106.2	
Indonesia	107,000	186	2.3	1962	21.6	1961	97.3	
Pakistan	105,044	287	2.1	1963	28.0	1961	111.1	
Japan	98,865	692	1.0	1966	6.9	1965	96.4	
Philippines	33,477	290	3.3		(a)	1960	101.8	
Thailand	31,508	158	3.0	1964	33.1	1960	100.4	
Turkey in Asia	29,170	101	2.6		(a)		(a)	
Korea, Republic of	29,086	764	2.8	1955-60	28.7	1966	101.3	
Iran	25,500	39	2.8		(a)	1966	107.0	
Burma	25,246	96	2.0	1955	15	1941	104.0	
Vietnam (North)	19,500	319	3.3		(a)	1960	93.4	
Vietnam, Republic of	16,543	251	3.1	1960	17		(a)	
Afghanistan	15,960	65	1.8		(a)		(a)	
China, Republic of (Formosa)	12,791	922	3.3	1966	27	1966	112.1	
Korea (North)	12,400	267	2.9		(a)		(a)	
Ceylon	11,500	453	2.6		(a)	1963	108.2	
Nepal	10,294	189	1.8	1961	20.3	1961	96.9	
Iraq	8,338	49	3.1		(a)	1965	103.7	
West Malaysia (Malaya)	8,297	163	3.1	1965	28.8	1957	106.5	
Saudi Arabia	6,870	8	1.7		(a)		(a)	
Cambodia	6,320	91	2.6	1959	21.7	1962	100.7	
Syria	5,450	75	3.0		(a)	1960	105.6	
Yemen	5,000	67	1.6		(a)		(a)	
Hong Kong	3,716	9,327	3.4	1966	19.9	1966	102.9	
Laos	2,700	28	2.5	1965	24		(a)	
Israel	2,629	329	3.5	1965	(d)16.2	1961	103.0	
Lebanon	2,460	614	2.6		(a)		(a)	
Jordan	2,040	54	3.2	1959-63	31.0	1961	103.5	
Singapore	1,914	8,529	3.0	1966	24.4	1957	111.7	
<b>Europe—</b>								
<b>Germany—</b>								
Federal Republic of	57,485	601	1.2	1965	6.7	1961	89.4	
Eastern	15,988	383	-0.2	1963	4.9	1964	84.1	
West Berlin	2,191	11,795	-0.2	1965	-6.2	1961	73.2	
East Berlin	1,079	6,936	-0.2	1963	0.6	1964	77.8	
United Kingdom	54,965	583	0.7	1966	6.1	1961	93.6	
Italy	51,859	445	0.7	1966	9.4	1961	94.0	
France	49,400	233	1.2	1966	6.8	1962	94.6	
Spain	31,871	163	0.8	1966	12.3	1960	94.2	
Poland	31,698	262	1.2	1966	9.4	1960	93.7	
Yugoslavia	19,756	199	1.2	1966	12.2	1961	95.1	
Romania	19,143	210	0.7	1966	6.1	1966	96.0	
Czechoslovakia	14,240	287	0.7	1966	5.6	1961	95.2	
Netherlands	12,455	961	1.4	1966	11.1	1960	99.2	
Hungary	10,179	282	0.4	1966	3.6	1960	93.2	
Belgium	9,528	808	0.6	1966	3.8	1961	95.8	
Portugal	9,218	259	0.7	1966	11.4	1960	91.9	
Greece	8,612	168	0.7	1966	10.2	1961	95.2	
Bulgaria	8,258	192	0.8	1966	6.6	1965	99.9	
Sweden	7,808	44	0.7	1966	5.8	1960	99.5	
Austria	7,290	225	0.5	1966	5.1	1961	87.3	
Switzerland	6,050	381	1.9	1966	8.8	1960	96.3	
Denmark	4,797	287	0.8	1966	8.1		(a)	
Finland	4,639	36	0.8	1966	7.3	1960	93.0	
Norway	3,753	31	0.8	1965	8.4	1960	99.3	
Ireland	2,885	106	0.1	1966	9.5	1966	101.1	
Turkey in Europe	2,710	298	3.1		(a)		(a)	
Albania	1,914	174	3.0	1966	25.4	1960	105.6	
<b>Oceania—</b>								
Australia	11,541	4	2.0	1966	10.3	1966	101.4	
New Zealand	2,676	26	2.0	1966	13.6	1966	100.8	
New Guinea (Trust Territory)	1,582	18	2.1		(a)	1966	108.9	
Papua	601	8	2.8		(a)	1966	111.3	
<b>U.S.S.R.—</b>								
Union of Socialist Soviet Republics	233,180	26	1.5	1966	10.9	1959	81.9	

(a) Not available or information relates to a segment of population only. (b) African population only. (c) West Cameroon. (d) Jewish population.